The COMPLETE WORKS OF

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE

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William Shakespeare

COMPRISING HIS PLAYS AND POEMS

With an introduction and glossary by B. Hodek



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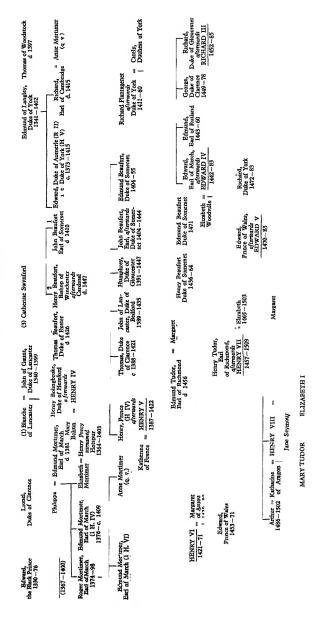
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GENEALOGICAL TABLE TO THE HISTORY PLAYS

EDWARD III Philipps of Hansunt



INTRODUCTION

It is not likely that the hand — of Vicar John Bretchgirdle presumably — trembled when it originally marked in the Stratford-upon-Avon Register that on April 26th, 1564 there was baptized the first son of John Shakespeare, William Shakespeare. Nobody could foresee that this would be the most famous entry in the whole register — and so the third child and first son of alderman Shakespeare and his wife Mary Arden, though doubly welcomed by his parents, was seemingly just one of the many whose birth meant something only to his family.

The records remain silent for several years about his life-story; but suddenly, more than eighteen years later, we find on November 27th, 1582 an entry in the Bishop of Worcester's Register which tells us about the issue that day of a special licence — only one reading of the banns — for the marriage of William Shakespeare and Anne Whateley

of Temple Grafton, a village five miles west of Stratford.

On the next day, November 28th, 1582, we find a bond-exempting the Bishop of Worcester from all responsibility should the marriage of "William Shagspere" and "Anne Hathwey" of Stratford prove not valid because of some previous contract of the two parties, or other lawful obstacle (consanguinity, affinity etc.). The sureties in this bond—because Shakespeare was still a minor — were Fulk Sandells and John Richardson, farmers of Stratford. Though we cannot now be sure, it seems most likely that Ann Whateley of Temple Grafton and Anne Hathaway of Stratford were one and the same girl, "Whateley" being merely a clerk's slip in copying names from an allegation.

Such a bond was normal procedure when it was necessary to perform the marriage ceremonies without delay; and the next record extant reveals us the probable reason why this was necessary. On May 26th, 1583, the Stratford parish church saw the christening of "Susanna, daughter to William Shakespeare". Nor was this the only child: two years later, on Candlemas Day, his next children "Hamnet & Judeth sonne and daughter to William Shakspere" were baptized in the same church, as the parish register informs us.

From now on, neither the Register nor any other record gives us a clue to Shakespeare's life for several years. The only exception is a mention of William Shakespeare's name in a suit of his parents against a distant relative, Edmund Lambert, in a property matter. This was in 1588. But, apart from this, Shakespeare's life at this time is wide open to conjecture: these are his "lost years".

Then, suddenly, in September 1592, Shakespeare's name appears in London. An impoverished poet and dramatist, Robert Greene, bitterly complaining and admonishing his colleagues, Christopher Marlowe and probably two others, George Peele, and either Thomas Nashe or Thomas Lodge, in his farewell book, Groatsworth of Wit, writes this passage containing an unmistakable pun upon Shakespeare's name and personal history:

"Base minded men all three of you, if by my misery you be not warned: for unto none of you (like me) sought those burrs to cleave: those Puppets (I mean) that spake from our mouths, those Antics garnished in our colours. Is it not strange, that I, to whom they all have been beholding: is it not like that you, to whom they all have been beholding, shall (were ye in that case as I am now) be both at once of them forsaken? Yes trust them not: for there is an upstart Crow, beautified with our feathers, that with his Tyger's heart wrapt in a Player's hide, supposes he is as well able to bombast out a blank verse as the best of you: and being an absolute Iohannes fac totum, is m his own conceit the only Shake-scene in a country."

There may be some differences in detailed interpretation of this passage, but it is clear that by autumn 1592 Shakespeare was both a player and a playwright.

Next year saw the publication of his first work, with the author's name still not on the title but as a signature on the dedication inside. It was the narrative poem, Venus and

Adonis, followed in 1594 by The Rape of Lucrece. Quite probably this growing popularity was the cause of a direct allusion to him and to his work included in anonymous commendatory verses to Willobie his Avisa (registered on September 3rd, 1594):

Though Collatine have dearly bought,
To high renown, a lasting life,
And found, that most in vain have sought,
To have a Fair, and Constant wife,
Yet Tarquin pluck'd his glistering grape,
And Shake-speare, paints poor Lucrece's rape.

Other allusions may be found at this time in the works of Michael Drayton, William Covell, and perhaps in the Epistle to Saint Peter's Complaint by Robert Southwell.

Quite clearly, the next record presents us Shakespeare as an actor in the Lord Chamberlain's company. "William Kempe William Shakespeare & Richarde Burbage seruantes to the Lord Chamberleyne" were payees for Court performances at Greenwich on December 26th and 27th, 1594.

Two years later, death touched the family of the young poet and actor. On August 11th, 1596 Hamnet, his son, was buried at Stratford, as the parish register informs us. Some time later, Shakespeare was living in the Parish of St Helen's, Bishopsgate; this is borne out by the report of "petty collectors" who next year tried in vain to collect from him arrears assessed in the previous October. Shakespeare's name appears on similar lists for four years.

On October 20th, 1596 the poet's father was granted a Coat of Arms, "viz. Gold, on a Bend Sables, a Speare of the first steeled argent. And for his crest or cognizance a falcon his wings displayed Argent standing on a wreath of his colours: suppo[rting] a Spear Gold steeled as aforesaid set upon a helmet with mantles & tassels as hath been accustomed and doth more plainly appear depicted on this margent." Thus we read in the College of Arms Vincent MS 157—and on the margin are executed the new arms and the crest of the Shakespeares. The motto Non sanz droiet appears at the head of this document.

This granting of arms is only one of several facts showing us that Shakespeare must have been a man of considerable property by now. But, observing strict chronology, before we can quote another significant example of Shakespeare's well-being, we must mention a strange document which gives us some reason to believe that by November 1596 Shakespeare was living on the south bank of the Thames, probably in the liberty of Clink, Bankside. The relevant document is a writ of attachment issued to the sheriff of Surrey on the instigation of one William Wayde, "who craved sureties of peace against William Shakespeare" and others "for fear of death, and so forth."

On May 4th, 1597 Shakespeare bought, from William Underhill, New Place, the second largest house in Stratford at the corner of Chapel Street and Chapel Lane — originally built a hundred years earlier by Sir Hugh Clopton. It is likely that some repairs had to be done to the house, because in the following year the Stratford Corporation paid to Shakespeare 10d for one load of stone — posisbly what was left after the repairs.

By this time Shakespeare was considered to be wealthy as we see from the only extant letters where his name is mentioned, the so-called Quiney correspondence, in which Shakespeare is asked by Richard Quiney for a loan of £ 30, and from the fact that the note of corn and malt taken on 4th of February, 1597 "in the xlth yeare of the raigne of our moste gracious Soveraigne Ladie Queen Elizabethe? lists William Shakespeare of Chapel Street as having 10 quarts of malt (?) although, because of dearth, it was necessary to economize in grain.

But Shakespeare had certainly other things on his mind: in September of this year he was cast in one of the principal parts of Ben Jonson's Every Man in his Humour, as we see from the list of actors printed after the text of the play in the First Folio of Ben Jonson's Works (1616). The same month Palladis Tamia: Wit's Treasury by Francis Meres was registered — a collection of apothegrus on philosophy and the arts containing in its

"Comparative discourse of our English Poets with the Greeke, Latine, and Italian Poets" an invaluable passage on Shakespeare's achievements:

"The English tongue is mightily enriched, and gorgeously invested in rare ornaments and resplendent abiliments by Sir Philip Sidney, Spencer, Daniel, Drayton, Warner, Shakespeare, Marlowe and Chapman...

"As the soul of Euphorbus was thought to live in Pythagoras: so the sweet witty soul of Ovid lives in mellifluous & honey-tongued Shakespeare, witness his Venus and Adonis,

his Lucrece, his sugared sonnets among his private friends, &c.

"As Plautus and Seneca are accounted the best for Comedy and Tragedy among the Latins: so Shakespeare among the English is the most excellent in both kinds for the stage; for Comedy, witness his Gentlemen of Verona, his Errors, his Love Labour's Lost, his Love Labour's Won, his Midsummer's Night Dream, & his Merchant of Venuce: for Tragedy his Richard the 2. Richard the 3. Henry the 4. King Iohn, Titus Andronicus and his Romeo and Juliet.

"As Epus Stolo said, that the Muses would speak with Plautus' tongue, if they would speak Latin: so I say that the Muses would speak with Shakespeare's fine filed phrase, if they would speak English..."

Further, Meres mentions Shakespeare among those who are "the best among our Poets", "our best for Tragedy", "the best for Comedy" and who "are the most passionate among us to bewail and bemoan the perplexities of Love".

In 1598 there was also published the first play by Shakespeare with his name on the title page, *Love's Labour's Lost*, though perhaps its original first edition, now lost, preceded this issue in this claim.

1599 saw the opening of the Globe Theatre and appropriately on February 21st, Shakespeare became one of the seven original housekeepers of the Globe with a one-tenth share. Six of these housekeepers were members of the Lord Chamberlain's Company. It is not clear whether Shakespeare held this share and a similar one acquired in the Blackfriars Theatre (on August 9th, 1608) to the end of his life; nor is it clear when he parted with them, if he ever did so. He was still holding them in 1612, however, as is proved by the mentioning of his name in the suit of Ostler v. Heminges (9th [?] October 1615).

On August 23rd, 1600 Shakespeare is for the first time mentioned in the Stationer's register when Andrew Wyse and William Aspley "Entred for their copies vader the handes of the wardens Two bookes, the one called Muche a Doo about nothinge... Wrytten by master Shakespere."

From now on the records tell us Shakespeare's prosperous life story in individual records of his transactions.

Next year, on March 25th, Thomas Whittington, husbandman of Shottery, mentions Anne Shakespeare, "wyf unto Mr Wyllyam Shaxpere", in his testament. She owed him 40s which he bequeathed to the poor of Stratford. The late summer of this year dealt a blow to the poet; his father John was buried on September 8th. Exactly eight years and a day after, funeral services were read over the body of Shakespeare's mother, "Mayry Shaxspere wydowe".

On May Day 1602, Shakespeare bought 127 (or 107?) acres of land in Old Stratford, an agricultural area to the north of the borough, for £ 320 from William and John Combe. On September 28th of the same year, Shakespeare became copyholder of a cottage in Chapel Lane, opposite New Place, which is mentioned later that year when a second fine was levied on it. The description in the relevant record lists two additional orchards and Shakespeare is titled "generosus" in it.

In 1603, Queen Elizabeth I died; when James I took over the Lord Chamberlain's company, the Royal Licence for the King's men names Shakespeare in the second place in the member's list of the company. Next year in March, they were all supplied with $4^{1}/_{2}$ yards of red cloth for liveries, as they took part in the coronation procession of the new king. By that time, however, Shakespeare seems to have ceased acting, as in the note

at the end of the Folio text of Ben Jonson's Sejanus Shakespeare's name is included in the list of "the principal Tragoedians" for the last time.

Shakespeare was still living in London in those days, with a Huguenot tire-maker (a manufacturer of women's headdresses), Christopher Mountjoy who lived at the corner of Silver and Monkwell Streets in Cripplegate ward. This is proved by Shakespeare's deposition in a law-suit, made in London on May 11th, 1612. This deposition is important as it contains the first of six known signatures of Shakespeare Late in 1604, Shakespeare himself was engaged in a law-suit; he brought an action for the recovery of £ 1.55 10d from a Stratford apothecary Phillip Rogers who bought from the poet several bushels of malt and later even borrowed money from him and paid only the first instalment of his debt.

On May 4th, 1605 Shakespeare's fellow-actor and one of the original housekeepers of the Globe, Augustme Phillips, made his will wherein he bequeathed the poet "thirty shillings peece in gould".

On July 24th of the same year, Shakespeare bought from one Ralph Huband "of Ippesley in the countrye of Warr. Esquier" for £ 440 "of lawfull Englishe money" his interest in a lease of tithers in Stratford, Old Stratford, Welcombe and Bishopton. Nevertheless, this purchase still did not make Shakespeare the principal tithe-owner in Stratford.

Next year, on August 1st, Shakespeare is marked in a survey of Rowington as being a tenant of the Chapel Lane Cottage.

5th June, 1607 saw the marriage of Shakespeare's daughter Susanna to John Hall, a well-known physician. Hall is said to have had puritanical leanings which contrasts strangely with the opinions voiced by Shakespeare in his plays. Shakespeare's first grandchild, Elizabeth, was baptized next year on February 21st.

On December 17th, 1608 Shakespeare took legal action against one John Addenbrook which was repeated later on March 15th, 1609. But in the meantime Addenbrook moved outside the jurisdiction of the Stratford Court of Record.

On September 9th of the same year, Shakespeare's mother was buried.

It is generally assumed that Shakespeare settled at Stratford, in New Place, about 1610 — that year he assured conveyance of the Old Stratford land acquired in 1602.

In 1611, probably, Shakespeare and Richard Lane, another holder of Stratford tithes, drafted a Bill of Complaint claiming that the other holders, particularly the Combes, were not paying their share so that they themselves were "usually dryven to pay the same for preservation of their estates".

An inventory of Robert Johnson's goods — he lived in Henley Street — made on October 11th, 1611 after his death, lists "A lease of a barne that he holdeth of Mr. Shaxper xxli" which is the only record of Shakespeare's Henley Street property made during the poer's life (apart from his will).

Next, Shakespeare is mentioned in the will of John Combe of January 28th, 1613

wherein he was bequeathed five pounds.

Quite possibly the next record is one the full significance of which has not been fully grasped: on March 10th of the same year, Shakespeare bought from Henry Walker, a "citizein and Minstrell of London" a gate-house close to the Blackfriars Theatre, for £ 140. The very next day, he mortgaged this house to Walker for £ 60, perhaps as security against the payment. The pertinent documents are signed by Shakespeare's own hand (2nd and 3rd signatures).

On 31st of the same month, Shakespeare was paid 44s for his share in designing the heraldic device of Francis Manners, 6th Earl of Rutland (1578-1632), for the tilt of March 24th. The star of Shakespeare's company, Richard Burbage, was paid likewise 44s "for paynting and making yt"

In September 1614 there started a long controversy about enclosure in Welcombe which affected Shakespeare as a landholder. His name is several times mentioned in "The Particulers of Olde Stratforde" which are the main source of our information. This controversy lasted till September 1615.

At Christmas of 1614, Shakespeare seems to have had a distinguished company, for the *Accounts* list "Item for one quart of sack and one quart of clarett winne geuen to a preacher at the newe place, xxd."

In the spring of the next year, Shakespeare and others issued a friendly Bill of Complaint against Matthias Bacon which enabled Bacon to surrender the tithe deeds of the Lodging of the Prior of Blackfriars. Shakespeare's Gatehouse was a part of this.

The poet's days were coming near to their final sunset: on February 10th, 1616 when Shakespeare's younger daughter Judith married Thomas Quiney, the poet had already drafted his will which was finally signed by him on March 25th.

On April 23rd, 1616, probably on his birthday, Shakespeare died and was buried two days later in the parish church.

These are the facts of Shakespeare's life, the story of official records and early contemporary allusions. They tell us that William Shakespeare of Stratford upon Avon, whose early life history is open to conjecture, became a successful dramatist and poet some time before 1592, that he was a leading member of the leading theatre-company of Elizabethan London, that he made money which he invested in property at Stratford and that he died in his native town.

Though these facts are interesting to the "general reader", he is nevertheless in the same position as one who wonders what Shakespeare really looked like. Shakespeare's life-story is known only in the outline — and it is filled in by more conjectures of varying certainty. These are based on detailed research of background, by drawing comparisons with other Elizabethans of similar origin and career and, finally, by explaining Shakespeare's verses as a direct echo of his personal experience. It is only natural that everybody who reconstructs Shakespeare's life to some extent projects his "ideal life of Shakespeare's into the established facts,

The rich variety of opinions which is to be found in Shakespeare's verses and the multicoloured experiences which seem to be mirrored in them give ample scope for all kinds of guesswork. It is not necessary to stress that these records which happen to be extant may in no way reflect the most important events in Shakespeare's life. You will have noticed that no mention of the poet's marriage was made till today no record was found, though there seems to be an interesting coincidence touching this subject in the registry of St Martin's: two leaves covering the crucial year 1582 had been cut out of it. At the same time we must remember that this marriage most probably took place at Temple Grafton, for which no register covering this period is extant. Thus we must be very cautious in our trying to take a journey into the full story of Shakespeare's life—the occasional mile-stones of the records, though never misleading in themselves, may seem to be giving us a completely wrong direction

Let us remember the cautionary words of Ben Jonson warning all who strive to know what Shakespeare really looked like: ".. loke / Not on his Picture, but his Booke."

If it were not for two of Shakespeare's colleagues, John Heminges and Henry Condell, the Complete Edition of Shakespeare's Works would include twenty-two less plays than we are accustomed to find in the canon. Heminges and Condell published in 1623 the first complete edition of Shakespeare's works in a one-volume folio edition (s. c. First Folio – F_1) where we find all the plays with the exception of *Pericles*. Not all of them were therein published for the first time, however.

Several of them have been published separately in Shakespeare's life-time or before the printing of F₁ without the poet's direct supervision. Professor Pollard divided these editions — the so-called Quartos — into "bad" and "good" according to the merits of their texts. Thus we have several texts for some of Shakespeare's plays; e. g. for Hamlet, where there are three unidentical texts.

You must remember that there is no Shakespeare's manuscript for any of the canon plays contained in this edition; but the critics are convinced that a part of Sir Thomas

More, a play counted to the "Shakespeare Apocrypha", is written in Shakespeare's own hand. Thus the editor's task is a very difficult one — he has to try to establish conjecturally the original Shakespearian text from printed versions of different reliability, full of misprints, gaps and almost indecipherable passages. What we are accustomed to read in our study or hear from the stage is in many cases a result of several generations' editorial work.

Nicholas Rowe, Alexander Pope, Lewis Theobald, Thomas Hanmer, William Warburton, Samuel Johnson, Edward Capell, George Steevens, Edmond Malone — these are the names of classical editorship. Though they often worked intuitively, projecting their own ideas of what Shakespeare should have written into the extant editions, not resorting or unable to resort to the original texts — still their work is invaluable: Rowe added uniform stage-directions and Dramatis Personae, Theobald, Capell and Malone laid the foundations of a really scholarly handling all kinds of Shakespearian problems, especially the textual ones.

This was in the eighteenth century. The nineteenth century brought new names to editorship: Nikolaus Delius (a German scholar), Alexander Dyce, William George Clark, John Glover, W. Aldis Wright (these three edited the Cambridge Shakespeare which has in the meantime become the s. c. accepted text), H. H. Furness, Israel Gollancz, C. H. Herford. This century's editions were taken care of by W. J. Craig and R. H. Case, W. L. Cross, C. F. T. Brooke, A. Quiller-Couch, John Dover Wilson, G. L. Kittredge and, most recently, G. B. Harrison, Peter Alexander, Charles Jasper Sisson and Una Ellis-Fernor with a galaxy of others who devote their efforts to same plays only. Some of the scholars do not belong to the main line of Shakespearian editorship, though the results of their work have added immensely to the editing of the poet, e. g. the palaeographer, Edward Maunde Thompson, who identified Shakespeare's handwriting in the play of Sir Thomas More, or the great names of Shakespearian scholarship, E. K. Chambers and W. W. Greg.

The following short introduction to the individual plays is the result of life-long studies of outstanding scholars — in short, it is the fragrance of "other people's flowers"

THE APPROXIMATE CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER OF THE PLAYS (opposed by some scholars)

1 Henry VI (1589-1590, later revised) 2 and 3 Henry VI (1590-91) Richard III (1592-93) The Comedy of Errors (1592-93) Titus Andronicus (1593-94) The Taming of the Shrew (1593-94) Two Gentlemen of Verona (1594-95) Love's Labour's Lost (1594-95) Romeo and Juliet (1595-96) Richard II (1595-96) A Midsummer Night's Dream (1596) King John (1596-97) The Merchant of Venice (1596-97) 1 and 2 Henry IV (1597-98) Much Ado about Nothing (1598-99) Henry V (1598-99) Julius Caesar (1599-1600) As You Like It (1596-1600) Twelfth Night (1599-1600) Hamlet (1599-1600) Merry Wives of Windsor (1597-1601?) Troilus and Cressida (1597-1602?) All's Well that Ends Well (1602-04)

Measure for Measure (1604-05)
Othello (1604-05)
King Lear (1605-60)
Macbeth (1605-60)
Antony and Cleopatra (1606-07)
Coriolanus (1607-8)
Timon of Athens (1607-8)
Pericles (1608-9)
Cymbeline (1609-10)
The Winter's Tale (1610-11)
The Tempest (1611, revised 1612-13)
Henry VIII (1612-13)

THE POEMS

Venus and Adonis (1592) Lucrece (1593-94) The Sonnets (1593-1600) The Phoenix and the Turtle (1601)

The plays are discussed in the order in which they are arranged in this edition.

THE TEMPEST

Written about 1611-1612, first published in F, from an edited transcription of the foul papers (i. e. the original Shakespeare's manuscript with corrections and additions, not the final "fair copy"), which were carefully prepared for stage-production (perhaps because, at that time, Shakespeare already did not supervise the production in person). It was performed on November 1st, 1611 at Whitehall. For the island and shipwrecking the sources are narratives describing the shipwreck of Sir George Somers, Sir Thomas Gates, William Strachey, Sylvester Jourdan and Richard Rich which took place at the Bermudas during their voyage to Virginia, on July 25th, 1609. These narratives consist of Rich's ballad of News from Virginia, Jourdan's A Discovery of the Barmudas, an official publication of the London Council of Virginia, A True Declaration of the Estate of the Colonie in Virginia, and Strachey's manuscript A True Reportory of the Wracke and Redemption of Sir Thomas Gates, Knight, not published till 1625. The actual plot of The Tempest resembles in many ways that of Li Tre Satirs, one of the four scenari for commedie dell'arte by Neri. Gonzalo's Utopian discourse is taken from the essay, Of the Cambales, in Giovanni Florio's translation of Montaigne. The Tempest is the only play by Shakespeare which conforms to the classical unities: the action takes place in one place and in one day. It is the second shortest play of Shakespeare.

TWO GENTLEMEN OF VERONA

Written 1594-1595, but the date can hardly be fixed with precision; not even the usually helpful allusions to "the wars" or to pestilence tell us anything in this play. It was first published in F₁, probably from a transcript of the theatre prompt-book. There is no record of performance before 1762. The only indisputable source is the story of Felix and Felismena in Jorge de Montemayor's Diana Enamorada, a Spanish prose romance. It had been translated into English by Bartholomew Yonge or earlier into French by Nicholas Collin. A play on its theme was performed at Court in 1585. It is noted by Campbell that many features of the Two Gentlemen are common in Italian comedies.

THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR

Written 1597-1601, but again the date of composition is open to conjecture. It was first published in 1602 with a very garbled text in a quarto edition (Q_1) : "A Most pleasaunt and excellent conceited Comedie, of Syr Iohn Falstaffe, and the merrie Wiues of Windsor. Entermixed with sundrie variable and pleasing humors, of Syr Hugh the Welch Knight, fustice Shallow, and his wise Cousin M. Slender. With the swaggering

vame of Auncient Pistoll, and Corporall Nym. By William Shakespeare. As it hath bene duerse times Acted by the right Honorable my Lord Chamberlaines seruants. Both before her Maiestie, and else-where." The text is a memorial reconstruction of a version very close to the one of the First Folio It has been reissued by the printer W. Jaggard in 1619 (\mathbb{Q}_2). The full text of the comedy was first printed in \mathbb{F}_1 , its basis being probably a transcript of the prompt-book. Though we may find in the play several topical allusions, no source for this comedy has been found yet; the plot is essentially Shakespeare's, the theme of a lover hidden by an unfaithful wife is common.

TWELFTH NIGHT OR WHAT YOU WILL

Written about 1599-1600. First printed — from foul papers or a transcript of these — in the Folio. There is no decisive evidence that it was performed before 1602. The immediate source of this play is the story of Apolomus and Silla in Barnabe Riche's Farewell to the Military Profession (1581). Shakespeare's debt, however, is not great. Several suggestions may have been taken form Giraldi Cintio's Hecatomnith, Sidney's Arcadia, the play of Sir Civomon and Clamydes, or Emanuel Forde's Parismus.

MEASURE FOR MEASURE

is one of the "problem plays" — or dark comedies, as they are sometimes called — about the composition and ethics of which critics do not agree. It was written probably 1604 and later expanded, and first published in the F₁ perhaps from a transcript of foul papers. There is a record of its performance in the Revels Account on December 26th, 1604: "By his Maiesties plaiers. On St Stuuens night in the Hall A play Caled Mesure for Mesur. Shaxberd." The substantial source of Measure for Measure was George Whetstone's two-part play, Promos and Cassandra, 1578, itself based upon Giraldi Cintio's Hecatommiths, which may have been written after a historical incident of 1547 near Milan. In this case Shakespeare's Duke would be Fernando Gonzaga, the governor of the province.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING

Written about 1598-1599, first published from foul papers in a quarto edition in 1600: "Much adoe about Nothing. As it hath been sundrie times publikely acted by the right honourable, the Lord Chamberlaine his servants. Written by William Shakespeare." This is one of the "good" quartos and it was used with some reference to the promptbook in the setting of the F_1 text. The main theme of this play may be traced back to the story of Timbreo and Fenicia from Matteo Bandello's Novelle (translated by F. de Belleforest in Histoires Tragiques) and to the story of Ariodante and Genevra in Arosto's Orlando Furioso. The latter was known to the Elizabethan public not only in Sir John Harington's translation, but also from several poetical and dramatical adaptations. The sub-plot of Beatrice and Benedick is Shakespeare's own, thought it might have been influenced by the wit-combats in Baldassare Castiglione's Il Cortegiano, translated in 1561 by Sir Thomas Hoby. Much Ado about Nothing is sometimes considered to be Meres' Loue Labours Wonne.

A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

Written about 1596. First published 1600 from foul papers in a quarto edition, Q_1 : "A Midsonmer nights dreame. As it hath beene sundry times publickely acted, by the Right honourable, the Lord Chamberlaine his seruants. Written by William Shake-speare." A new edition, Q_2 , appeared in 1619; it was set up from Q_1 . The Folio text was set up from Q_2 with some additional stage-directions. It is almost certain that this play was originally written for a wedding entertainment and perhaps two different endings (one, the fairy mask, for the original entertainment, the second, Puck's epilogue, for public performance) are printed in all texts one after the other. The whole fantasy seems to be Shakespeare's own, but the different components of this comedy are in some way indebted

to Plutarch's Life of Theseus, Chaucer's Knight's Tale, Ovid's Metamorphoses, Scot's Discovery of Witchcraft, and to Elizabethan folk-lore.

LOVE'S LABOUR'S LOST

Written about 1594-1595. First published 1598, presumably from foul papers, in a quarto edition (Q_1) : "A Pleasant Conceited Comedie Loues labors lost. As it was presented before her Highnes this last Christmas. Newly corrected and augmented By W Shakespeare." This title implies that Love's Labour's Lost had been already published before Q_1 , probably in a surreptitious quarto from which Q_1 was "newly corrected and augmented". Though the text in Q_1 is badly printed, it served as the copy for setting the play in F_1 . The plot seems to be Shakespeare's own: numerous topical allusions in the play — written rather for a courtly than a popular audience — make many lines hardly intelligible to the modern reader.

THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

Written about 1596-1597. First published 1600 (two years after its entry in the Stationers' Register) from foul papers in a quarto edition (Q₁): "The most excellent Historie of the Merchant of Venice. With the extreame crueltie of Shylocke the Iewe towards the sayd Merchant, in cutting a just pound of his flesh: and the obtayning of Portia by the choyse of three chests. As it hath beene druers times acted by the Lord Chamberlaine his Seruants. Written by William Shakespeare." This quarto, reprinted in 1619, served, perhaps with a prompt-book, as the Folio compositor's copy. The source of the bond-theme was Il Pecarone (The Simpleton), by Ser Giovanni Fiorentino, the idea of the caskets was from Richard Robinson's version of the Gesta Romanorum. The play also contains some parallels to Marlowe's Jew of Malta.

AS YOU LIKE IT

Written sometime between 1596-1600. First printed from a prompt-book or from a transcript of it in the First Folio. The only source is Thomas Lodge's Rosalynde, or Euphues' Golden Legacy. Shakespeare may have referred to the manuscript pseudo-Chaucerian Tale of Gamelyn, upon which Rosalynde was based. According to tradition, Shakespeare played Adam in this play.

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL

Written about 1602-1604. It is a very difficult play to date, because it is not homogeneous. It was first printed — probably from foul papers — in the Folio. The only source is Boccaccio's *Decameron*, the tale of *Giglietta di Nerbona*, as translated in William Painter's *Palace of Pleasure* (1566). This very difficult — though rewarding — play, one of the "dark comedies"; is sometimes considered to be Meres's *Loue Labours Wonne*.

THE TAMING OF THE SHREW

Written about 1593-94. First printed from foul papers in the First Folio. In 1594, however, there appeared in a quarto edition "A Pleasant Conceited Historie, called The taming of a Shrew. As it was sundry times acted by the Right honorable the Earle of Pembrook his seruants", of which there are, speaking broadly, three different opinions of scholars: a) that it was a source for The Taming of the Shrew; b) that it is a "bad" quarto of this play; and c) that it is a play independent from, but having common source with The Taming of the Shrew. The Christopher Sly scenes, though not identical with those of The Shrew, are in A Shrew complete in themselves. Both plays were confused in the publishing trade of the 16th century. If we do not take A Shrew into account no source for the Kate-Petruchio story is known; the Bianca sub-plot is based upon Ariosto's Suppositi or its translation by George Gascoigne, Supposes.

THE WINTER'S TALE

Written about 1610-1611. First printed — presumably from a transcript of foul papers — in the Folio. The main source was Greene's romance, Pandosto or The Triumph of Time (1588), reprinted as Dorastus and Fawnia (1607). Other hints were perhaps taken from Lyly's Woman in the Moon (1597) or Marston's Pygmalion's Image (1598).

THE COMEDY OF ERRORS

Written about 1592-1593, first published in F₁, perhaps from foul papers. There is a record of its performance on December 28th, 1594 at Gray's Inn; "By his Maiesties plarers. On Inosents night. The plaie of Errors. Shaxberd." The subject for this comedy is taken form Plautus's *Menaechmi*, and perhaps his *Amphitrus*. Shakespeare may have read these plays in the Latin original. *The Comedy of Errors* is Shakespeare's shortest play.

KING JOHN

Written about 1596-1597. First printed — from author's copy that had perhaps served as the prompt-book — in the Folio. The principal sources are "The Troublesome Raigne of Iohn King of England, with the discouerie of King Richards Cordelions Base sonne (rulgarly named, The Bastard Fawconbridge): also the death of King Iohn at Swinstead Abbey" — and "The Second part of the troublesome Raigne of King Iohn, conteining the death of Arthur Plantaginet, the landing of Lewes; and the poysning of King Iohn at Swinstead Abbey" — and anonymous two-part play, printed in 1591, "which is followed pretty closely as regards historical events, the selection of scenes, and even the logical run of many of the dialogues" (Chambers). Nevertheless it was entirely re-written; Shakespeare's play contains less comedy and the strong anti-papist sentument of The Troublesome Reign almost entirely disappeared.

RICHARD II

Written about 1595-1596. First published 1597 from foul papers in a quarto edition (Q_0) : "The Tragedie of King Richard the second. As it hath beene publikely acted by the right Honourable the Lorde Chamberlaine his seruants." This quarto was reprinted several times $(Q_2-1598;Q_3-1598;Q_4-1608;Q_5-1615)$, though not without changes or additional, previously censored, material, as we may see from the title page of Q_5 : "The Tragedie of King Richard the Second: With new additions of the Parliament Sceane, and the deposing of King Richard. As it hath been lately acted by the Kinges Maiesties seruants, at the Globe. William Shake-speare." When this play was printed in the Folio, it was set from Q_3 and Q_5 either used as a prompt-book or collated with it. The main source of Richard II was Raphael Holinshed's The Chronicles of England, Scotland and Ireland, first published in 1577, though its second enlarged edition of 1587 was used by Shakespeare.

HENRY IV, PART 1

Written about 1597-1598. First published 1598 from foul papers in a quarto edition (Q_1) : "The History of Henrie the Fourth; With the battell at Shrewsburie, betweene the King and Lord Henry Percy, surnamed Henrie Hotspur of the North. With the humorous conceits of Sir Iohn Falstaffe". This quarto was reprinted next year $(Q_2 - 1599)$ "...Newly corrected by W. Shake-speare" — and in 1604 (Q_3) , 1608 (Q_4) , 1613 (Q_5) and 1622 (Q_5) . From the 1613 Quarto with some literary editing the Folio text 1623 was set. The Folio title draws attention to the historical part of the subject not to the comical: "The First Part of Henry the Fourth, with the Life and Death of Henry Sirnamed Hotspur." The historical source of this play is Holinshed's Ohronicles; for the comic scenes Shakespeare probably took hints from an anonymous play, The Famous Victories of Henry the Fifth.

HENRY IV, PART 2

Written about 1597-1598. First printed 1600 from foul papers in a quarto edition: "The Second part of Henrie the fourth, continuing to his death, and coronation of Henrie the fift. With the humours of sir Iohn Falstaffe, and swaggering Pistoll. As it hath been sundrie times publikely acted by the right honourable, the Lord Chamberlaine his seruants. Written by William Shakespeare." No reprints of this quarto are known. The Folio text was set from Q collated perhaps with the prompt-book, as it contains lines omitted in Q leaving out some which are there. As in the First Part, the sources are Holinshed's Chronicles and The Famous Victories.

HENRY V

Written about 1598-1599. Last play of the s. c. "second tetralogy", beginning with $R\iota chard$ II. First printed 1600 in a very garbled version (reported text?) in a quarto edition (Q₁): "The Chronicle History of Henry the fift, With his battel fought at Agin Court in France. Togither with Auntient Pistoll. As it hath bene sundry times playd by the Right honorable the Lord Chamberlaine his seruants." This quarto was reprinted in 1602 (Q₂) and 1619 (Q₃) with the false date of 1608. The Folio text was set independently from foul papers. The sources are Holinshed's Chronicle and The Famous Victories (Wooing Scene).

HENRY VI, PART 1

Written about 1589-1590. First printed in the Folio, perhaps from the author's (or authors') fair copy; later revised. This play was registered by Blount and Jaggard before the printing as "The thirde parte of Henry ye Sixt". There is a record extant about "Harey the vij" having been performed on March.3rd, 1592: this may have been either this play, or its source. The main source is Holinshed's Chronicles, but hints were perhaps taken form Edward Halle's Chronicles, Robert Fabyans' New Chronicles of England and of France, and Chronicle by Richard Grafton.

HENRY VI, PART 2

Written about 1590-1591. First printed 1594 as a reported text in a quarto edition (Q_1) : "The First part of the Contention betwirt the two famous Houses of Yorke and Lancaster, with the death of the good Duke Humphrey: And the banishment and death of the Duke of Suffolke, and the Tragicall end of the proud Cardinall of Winchester, with the notable Rebellion of Iacke Cade: And the Duke of Yorkes first claime vitto the Crowne." This quarto was reprinted in 1600 (Q_0) . In 1619, there appeared a third Quarto of this play, together with its sequel: "The Whole Contention between the two Famous Houses, Lancaster and Yorke. With the Tragicall ends of the good Duke Humfrey, Richard Duke of Yorke, and King Henrie the sixt. Diuided into two Parts: And newly corrected and enlarged. Written by William Shakespeare, Gent." But an authoritative text was not printed until First Folio: it was set from fair copy originally used as prompt-book and later revised. Sources for this play were the usual ones: the Chronicles of Holinshed, Halle, Fabyan, and perhaps Grafton, and John Stow's Annalès, or a Generale Chronicle of England from Brute until the present yeare of Christ 1580.

HENRY VI. PART 3

Its history runs in similar lines to that of the Second Part. It was written about 1590-1591 and contains (I, iv, 137) the line parodied by Robert Greene in his Groatsworth of Wit, "Tiger's heart wrapp'd in a woman's hide" (see page IX). It was first printed 1595 in an octavo edition (called nevertheless Q_1): "The True Tragedie of Richarde Duke of Yorke, and the death of good king Henrie the sixt: With the whole contention betweene the two Houses, Lancaster and Yorke; as it was sundry times acted by the Right Honourable the Earle of Pembrooke his seruantes." This text was reprinted in 1600 (Q_2) and in 1619 (Q_3) as "The whole contention..." The authoritative text is the First Folio — with the same characteristics and sources as Henry VI, Part 2.

RICHARD III

Written about 1592-1594. First printed 1597 ("communal reconstruction for provincial prompt-book") in a quarto edition (Q1): "The Tragedy of King Richard the third. Containing, His treacherous Plots against his brother Clarence: the pittiefull murther of his iunocent nephews: his tyranicall vsurpation: with the whole course of his detested life, and most deserved death. As it hath beene lately Acted by the Right honourable the Lord Chamberlaine his servants." This text was reprinted in 1598 (Q_0) ; the title of this edition adds "By William Shake-speare." Next reprint of 1602 (Q3) assures the buyer that it is "Newly augmented" - but there are no additions. There were yet three other reprints of this play, in 1605 (Q1), in 1612 (Q5) and in 1622 (Q6). Each of the six quartos is printed from its predecessor, with the possible exception of Q₅. The Folio text was set from Q3 and Q6 collated with foul papers. Sources for this play, the last of the "first tetralogy", are Holinshed's and Hall's Chronicles, and Sir Thomas More's History of Richard III. It is very difficult to bring it in any distinct relation with an anonymous play (1590?), "The True Tragedie of Richard the Third: wherein is showne the death of Edward the fourth, with the smothering of the two young Princes in the Tower: With a lamentable ende of Shore's wife, an example for all wicked women. And lastly the conjuction and toyning of the two noble Houses, Lancaster and Yorke. As it was playd by the Queenes Maiesties Players", which was registered in 1594.

HENRY VIII

Written about 1612-1613. First printed in First Folio "from foul papers carefully prepared for production (or a transcript of them)". The text has elaborate stage-directions. Scholars agree that this play was written by two authors, Shakespeare and, most probably, John Fletcher. The sources for this play are Holinshed's Chronicles, Foxe's Book of Martyrs for the Cranmer episode, and possibly Samuel Rowley's play When you see me, You know me, Or the famous Chronicle Historie of King Henry the eight.

TROILUS AND CRESSIDA

Written about 1597-1620(?) First printed 1602, perhaps from a private transcript by the author, in a quarto edition First issue: "The Historie of Troylus and Cresseida. As it was acted by the Kings Maiesties seruants at the Globe. Written by William Shakespeare". Second issue: "The Famous Historie of Troylus and Cresseid. Excellently expressing the beginning of their loues, with the conceited wooing of Pandarus Prince of Licia. Written by William Shakespeare." The preface to the second issue begins: "Eternall reader, you have heere a new play, neuer stal'd with the Stage, neuer clapperclawd with the palms of the vulger... "which seems to suggest that Troilus and Cressida was never acted publicly, in direct contradiction to the assertions of the First Issue title-page. The Folio text was set from Quarto collated with foul papers. The sources for this play were Chaucer's Troilus and Crisevde, Lydgate's The Sege of Trove, or Caxton's Recuyell of the Historyes of Trove, Robert Henryson's Scottish Testament of Gresseid, and Homer (Chapman's translations, Seaven Bookes of the Iliades and Achilles Shield, and Arthur Hall's Ten Bookes of Homers Iliades). Parts of Troilus and Cressida are sometimes suspected to have been written by other authors: Dekker, Chettle, Chapman and Marston.

TIMON OF ATHENS

Written about 1607-1608. First printed in F_1 "from foul papers left unfinished". The text is not satisfactory. The sources were Plutarch's Lives of Antonius and Alcibiades, Paynter's Palace of Pleasure, Lucian's dialogue, Timon, or the Misanthrope, and an anonymous play, Timon, extant in manuscript only.

CORIOLANUS

Written about 1607-1608. First printed in F₁ "from foul papers carefully prepared for production". The sources are Plutarch's life of Coriolanus, probably in North's

translation, and possibly William Camden's Remaines of a greater Worke concerning Britaine.

JULIUS CAESAR

Written about 1599-1600. First printed in F_1 , perhaps from a transcript of the promptbook It is a good text, though it may have been cut. The only known source for this play is Plutarch's *Lives* of Brutus, Caesar and Antony, translated by Sir Thomas North from the French version by Jacques Amyot Shakespeare's possible debt to lost plays on this subject is only a matter of conjecture.

ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA

Written about 1606-1607. First printed in F_1 — though registered in 1608 — perhaps from foul papers, which were carefully prepared for production. The main source is North's translation of Plutarch's *Life of Antonius*: hints may have been taken from Appian's *Bella Civilia*, Samuel Daniel's *Cleopatra* (earlier version) or Lady Pembroke's *Antonius*.

CYMBELINE

Written about 1609-1610. First printed in F₁ from a prompt-book (which contained some foul papers) There are several probable sources for this play: Boccacio's Decameron (the story of Bernabo of Genoa) for the wager theme, Fairfax's translation of Tasso's Gerusalemme Liberata in Godfrey of Boulogne, or The Mirrour of Knighthood, or an anonymous play, The Rare Triumphs of Love and Fortune, for the Belarius theme, and finally, Holinshed's Chroncles, for historical material.

TITUS ANDRONICUS

Written about 1593-1594, first published 1594 from foul papers in a quarto edition (Q_1) : "The Most Lamentable Romaine Tragedie of Titus Andronicus: as it was Plaide by the Right Honourable the Earle of Darbie, Earle of Pembrooke, and Earle of Sussex their Seruants". This Quarto was reprinted (with several conjectural passages in place of damaged places in the printer's copy) in 1600 (Q_2) , and the latter's reprint appeared in 1611 (Q_3) . The Folio text was set from Q_3 which had been supplemented and used as a prompt-book. The themes of a revengeful Moor and of the love-relations between a Moor and a white lady were common; additional material was perhaps drawn from Seneca's Theystes and Troades (cannibalism and sacrifice in I, 1) and Ovid's Metamorphoses.

PERICLES (not included in the First Folio).

Written about 1608-1609. First printed 1609 in a Quarto edition (Q_1 — reported text): "The Late, And much admired Play, Called Pericles, Prince of Tyre. With the true Relation of the whole Historic, aduentures, and fortunes of the said Prince: As also, The no lesse strange, and worthy accidents, in the Birth and Life, of his Daughter Mariana. As it hath been duiers and sundry times acted by his Maiesties Seruants, at the Globe on the Banck-side By William Shakespeare." This quarto was reprinted in 1609 (Q_2), 1611 (Q_8), 1619 (Q_s) and in 1630 and 1635. The play was not included in F_1 either because the editors were convinced that Shakespeare's part in this play was not great enough to justify its inclusion in F_1 , or because they were unable to replace a "bad" quarto text by a good one. Pericles was included in Shakespearian canon in 1664, when it was added to F_3 . The conjectural collaborator in Pericles was perhaps George Wilkins, who in 1608 published a prose novel, The Painfull Aduentures of Pericles Prince of Tyre. Being the true History of the Play of Pericles, as it was lately presented by the worthy and ancient Poet Iohn Gower. The story of Apollonius of Tyre was widespread and it is included in Gower's Confessio Amantis.

KING LEAR

Written about 1605-1606(?). First printed 1608 in a quarto edition from a too careful transcript of foul papers or from shorthand notes (Q₁, the s. c. "Pied Bull Quarto"): "Mr. William Shak-speare: His True Chronicle Historie of the life and death of King Lear and his three Daughters. With the vnfortunate life of Edgar, sonne and heire to the Earle of Gloster, and his sullen and assumed humor of Tom of Bedlam: As it was played before the Kings Maiestie at Whitehall vpon S. Stephans night in Christmas Hollidayes By his Maiesties seruants playing vsually at the Gloabe on the Bancke-side." This Quarto was reprinted (with conjectural corrections) in 1619 (Q₂). The Folio text seems to have been set from Q₁ collated with the prompt-book. The main source was perhaps Holinshed's Chronicles, though it is further contained in the Mirrour for Magistrates (contributed by John Higgins) and Spencer's Faerie Queene. An outline of the Gloucester story is in Sidney's Arcadia. The relation of King Lear to an anonymous play, "The True Chronicle History of King Leir, and his three daughters, Gonorill, Ragan and Cordella. As it hath bene duers and sundry times lately acted", published in 1605, is a very complicated one.

ROMEO AND JULIET

Written about 1595-1596, first printed in a Quarto edition (Q_1) : presumably a reported text): "An Excellent conceited Tragedie of Romeo and Iuliet. As it hath been often (with great applause) plaid publiquely, by the right Honourable the L. of Hunsdon his Seruants." Another edition of this play appeared in 1599 (Q_2) , the basis of the text were foul papers and some use was made of Q_1): "The Most Excellent and Lamentable Tragedie, of Romeo and Iuliet. Newly corrected, augmented, and amended: As it hath bene sundry times publiquely acted, by the right Honourable the Lord Chamberlaine his Seruants." Before the appearance of F_1 , this text was reprinted twice (?): in 1609 (Q_3) and some time after 1612; we cannot be sure, because Q_1 bears no date at all. The Folio text was printed from Q_3 . There are many sources from which Shakespeare might have drawn: without doubt the most handy was Arthur Brooke's poem, The Tragicall Historye of Romeus and Juliet. There existed a play on this theme—this fact is mentioned by Brooke—but nothing more is known about it and the relation of Shakespeare's drama to this play is not clear.

MACBETH

Written about 1606-1607 First printed in F_1 from a prompt-book which shows signs of cuts and additional material (Hecate scenes by John Middleton?). The main sources for this play are Holinshed's Chronicles, Reginald Scot's Discoverie of Witchcraft, Newes from Scotland, Daemonologie, and William Stewart's Buik of the Croniclis of Scotland, which is a metrical and expanded version of Hector Boece's Croniclis of Scotland, translated by John Bellenden. Macbeth is the third shortest play of Shakespeare.

HAMLET

Written about 1599-1600. First printed 1603 in a quarto edition (Q_t) with text probably as reported by the actor who played Marcellus: "The Tragicall Historie of Hamlet Prince of Denmarke By William Shake-speare. As it hath beene diucres times acted by his Hignesse seruants in the cittle of London: as also in the two Vniuersities of Cambridge and Oxford, and else-where." Another quarto edition appeared in 1604 (Q_a) : this time it was a fairly reliable text of the foul papers with some use of Q_t : "The Tragicall Historie of Hamlet, Prince of Denmarke. By William Shakespeare. Newly imprinted and enlarged to almost as much againe as it was, according to the true and perfect Coppie." The F_1 text was printed from Q_a after it was collated with the prompt-book or its transcript. Thus the "accepted" text of Hamlet, by far the longest and most closely studied of Shakespeare's dramas, is a kind of compromise including all passages alternatively missing on Q_a and F_1 . The sources are P. de Belleforest's French Histories Tragicus based on Historiae Danicae by Saxo Grammaticus (12th century), and probably the s. c. Ur-Hamlet, a play perhaps by Thomas Kyd, now lost.

OTHELLO

Written about 1604-1605 First printed 1622 "from a private transcript of foul papers" in a quarto edition (Q_1) : "The Tragoedy of Othello, the Moore of Venice. As it hath beene diverse times acted at the Globe, and at the Black-Friers, by his Mauesties Seruants. Written by William Shakespeare." Second and third editions appeared only after F_1 , in 1630 (Q_2) and 1655 (Q_3) . The Folio text was set from Q_1 after collating with a prompt-book. The source for this play is a novella in Giraldi Cinthio's Hecatomnithi. Shakespeare seems to have read it in the original Italian, as no contemporary English version is known.

Over forty other plays have been ascribed to Shakespeare, of which 14 are the s. c. "Shakespeare Apocrypha": Arden of Feversham, Locrine, Edward III, Mucedorus, The First Part of Sir John Oldcastle, Thomas Lord Cromwell, The London Prodigal, The Puritan, A Yorkshire Tragedy, The Merry Devil of Edmonton, Fair Em, The Two Noble Kinsmen, The Birth of Merlin and Sir Thomas More.

THE POEMS

VENUS AND ADONIS

Written about 1592, first published 1593 in a quarto edition. It became immediately very popular, because it was reprinted at least fifteen times before 1640. Shakespeare calls it "the first heire of my inuention" — either because it his is first work to be written, or the first to be published. The theme is classical; the immediate sources may have been Thomas Lodge's Scillaes Metamorphosis and Ovid's Metamorphoses

THE RAPE OF LUCRECE

Written about 1593-1594. It may have been referred to by Shakespeare in the dedication to his *Venus and Adonis*, as the "graver labour". It was first published 1594 in a quarto edition: seven other editions were printed before 1640. Shakespeare perhaps knew several versions of the story, which is included in Ovid's *Fasti*, Livy's *Annals*, Chaucer's *The Legend of Good Women*, Painter's *Palace of Pleasure*, and other works.

THE SONNETS

Written about 1593-1600, first printed by Thomas Thorpe in 1609 There are many inter-related problems connected with these 154 sonnets, the main one being the authenticity of the order of the sonnets, the identity of "Mr. W. H.", of the "Rival Poet" and of the "Dark Lady". The identity of Mr. W. H. is further obscured by the ambiguity of the word "begetter".

A LOVER'S COMPLAINT

This poem, the authorship and date of origin of which is uncertain, was published in the same volume as Shakespeare's *Somets*: "A Louers complaint. By William Shakespeare." The only external evidence for Shakespeare's authorship is strongly gainsaid by the internal evidence.

THE PASSIONATE PILGRAM

A miscellany, published 1599 in an octavo edition under Shakespeare's name, probably because his poems sold well, with an inserted half-title, Sonnets To sundry Notes of Musicke, Only five of these poems are certainly Shakespeare's (1, 2, 3, 5, 17). Another edition appeared in 1612, though in the meantime there may have been another printing, now lost.

PHOENIX AND TURTLE

Written about 1601. One of the poems in Robert Chester's collection, "Loves Martyr, Or, Rosalins Complaint. Allegorically shadowing the truth of Loue, in the constant Fate of the Phoenix and Turtle...", which includes verses by Ben Jonson, John Marston, George Chapman, Shakespeare, and other anonymous poets. This collection was reprinted in 1611 under a new title, "The Anuals of great Brittaine..."

THE TEMPEST

PERSONS REPRESENTED

ALONSO, King of Naples. SEBASILAN, his brother. PROSPERO, the rightful Duke of Milan.

ANTONIO, his brother, the usurping Duke of Milan.

FERDINAND, son to the King of Naples. GONZALO, an honest old Counsellor of Naples

ADRIAN. Lords FRANCISCO,

CALIBAN, a savage and deformed Slave.

TRINCULO, a Jester.

STEPHANO, a drunken Butler.

Scene. - The Sea, with a Ship: afterwards an uninhabited Island.

ACT I.

Scene 1.-On a Ship at Sea.-A Storm. with Thunder and Lightning.

Enter a Shipmaster and a Boatswain.

Master. Boatswain, --

Boats. Here, master: what cheer? Master. Good: Speak to the mariners: fall to 't yarely, or we run ourselves aground; bestir, bestir. Exit.

Enter Mariners.

Boats. Heigh, my hearts; cheerly, cheerly, my hearts; yare, yare: take in the top-sail; Tend to the master's whistle. Blow till thou burst thy wind, if room enough!

Master of a Ship, Boatswain, and Mariners.

MIRANDA, daughter to PROSPERO.

ARIEL, an airy Spirit.

IRIS, CERES. Spirits. JUNO, Numbhs.

Reapers.

Other Spirits attending on Prospero.

Enter Alonso, Sebastian, Antonio, Ferdinand, Gonzalo, and others.

Alon. Good Boatswain, have care. Where's the master? Play the men.

Boats. I pray now, keep below.

Ant. Where is the master, Boatswain?

Boats. Do you not hear him? You mar our labour; keep your cabins: you do assist the storm.

Gon. Nay, good, be patient.

Boats. When the sea is. Hence! What

care these roarers for the name of king? To cabin. sılence: trouble us not.

Gon. Good; yet remember whom thou hast

Boats. None that I more love than myself.

You are a counsellor: if you can command these elements to silence, and work the peace of the present, we will not hand a rope more. use your authority. If you cannot, give thanks you have lived so long, and make yourself ready in your cabin for the mischance of the hour, if it so hap .- Cheerly, good hearts .-Out of our way, I say. Exit.

Gon. I have great comfort from this fellow. methinks he hath no drowning mark upon him; his complexion is perfect gallows. Stand fast, good fate, to his hanging! make the rope of his destiny our cable, for our own doth little advantage! If he be not born to be hanged, our case is miserable. Exeunt.

Re-enter Boatswain.

Boats. Down with the top-mast; yare; lower, lower; bring her to try with main-course. [A cry within.] A plague upon this howling! They are louder than the weather. They are louder than the weather, or our office .-

Re-enter SEBASTIAN, ANTONIO, and GONZALO Yet again? What do you here? Shall we give o'er, and drown? Have you a mind to sink? Seb. A pox o' your throat! you bawling, blasphemous, incharitable dog!

Boats. Work you, then.
Ant. Hang, cur, hang! you whoreson, in-

solent noise-maker, we are less afraid to be drowned than thou art.

Gon. I'll warrant him from drowning; though the ship were no stronger than a nutshell, and as leaky as an unstanch'd wench.

Boats. Lay her a-hold, a-hold: set her two courses; off to sea again, lay her off.

Enter Mariners, wet.

Mar. All lost! to prayers, to prayers! all lost! [Exeunt. Boats. What, must our mouths be cold? Gon. The king and prince at prayers! let us

assist them.

For our case is as theirs.

Seb. I am out of patience. [drunkards.— Ant. We are merely cheated of our lives by wide-chapp'd rascal;-Would This mightst lie drowning.

The washing of ten tides!

Gon. He'll be hanged yet; Though every drop of water swear against it,

And gape at wid'st to glut him. [A confused noise within.]-Mercy on us! We

split, we split!-Farewell, my wife and children! Farewell, brother!-We split, we split, we split!-

Exit. Ant. Let's all sink with the king. Seb. Let's take leave of him. Exit.

Now would I give a thousand furlongs of sea for an acre of barren ground; long heath, brown furze, any thing: The wills above be done! but I would fain die a dry death. [Exit.

Scene II .- The Island; before the Cell of PROSPERO.

Enter PROSPERO and MIRANDA.

Mira. If by your art, my dearest father, you have Put the wild waters in this roar, allay them:

The sky, it seems, would pour down stinking pitch.

But that the sea, mounting to the welkin's cheek,

Dashes the fire out. O, I have suffer'd With those that I saw suffer! a brave vessel. Who had, no doubt, some noble creatures in her, Dash'd all to pieces. O, the cry did knock Against my very heart! poor souls! they perish'd.

Had I been any god of power, I would Have sunk the sea within the earth, or e'er It should the good ship so have swallowed, and The freighting souls within her.

Be collected, Pro. No more amazement; tell your piteous heart,

There's no harm done. Mira.

O, woe the day! Pro. No harm. I have done nothing but in care of thee, (Of thee, my dear one thee, my daughter!) who Art ignorant of what thou art, nought knowing Of whence I am; nor that I am more better Than Prospero, master of a full poor cell,

And thy no greater father. Mira.

Mira.

Did never meddle with my thoughts.

'Tis time More to know

I should inform thee further. Lend thy hand, And pluck my magic garment from me. - So, Lays down his mantle.

Lie there my art .- Wipe thou thine eyes; have comfort.

The direful spectacle of the wreck, which touch'd The very virtue of compassion in thee, I have with such provision in mine ait So safely order'd, that there is no soul-No, not so much perdition as an hair, Betid to any creature in the vessel

Which thou heard'st cry, which thou saw'st sink. Sit down;

For thou must now know further.

You have often Begun to tell me what I am; but stopp'd, And left me to a bootless inquisition; Concluding, Stay, not yet. -

Pro. The hour's now come: The very minute bids thee ope thine ear: Obey, and be attentive. Canst thou remember A time before we came unto this cell? |not I do not think thou canst; for then thou wast Out three years old.

Mira. Certainly, sir, I can.

Pro. By what? by any other house, or person? Of any thing the image tell me, that

Hath kept with thy remembrance. Mıra.

'Tis far off: And rather like a dream than an assurance That my remembrance warrants: Had I not Four or five women once, that tended me?

Pro. Thou hadst, and more, Miranda: But how is it, That this lives in thy mind? What seest thou

In the dark backward and abysm of time? If thou remember'st aught, ere thou cam'st here, How thou cam'st here, thou mayst.

Mira. But that I do not. Pro. Twelve years since, Miranda, twelve

years since.

Thy father was the Duke of Milan, and

A prince of power.

Mira.

Sir, are not you my father? Pro. Thy mother was a piece of virtue, and She said—thou wast my daughter; and thy father

Was Duke of Milan; and his only heir A princess; no worse issued.

Mira. O, the heavens! What foul play had we that we came from thence: Or blessed was't, we did?

Both, both, my girl; By foul play as thou say'st, were we heaved thence;

But blessedly holp hither.

O, my heart bleeds Mıra. To think o' the teen that I have turn'd you to, Which is from my remembrance! Please, you,

My brother, and thy uncle, call'd Pro. Antonio-

I pray thee, mark me,—that a brother should Be so perfidious!—he whom, next thyself, Of all the world I loved, and to him put The manage of my state; as, at that time, Through all the signiories it was the first, And Prospero the prime duke; being so reputed In dignity, and, for the liberal arts, Without a parallel: those being all my study, The government I cast upon my brother, And to my state grew stranger, being transported And rapt in secret studies. Thy false uncle— Dost thou attend me? Sir, most heedfully.

Pro. Being once perfected how to grant suits, How to deny them; whom to advance, and whom

To trash for over-topping; new created The creatures that were mine; I say, or chang'd

Or else new form'd them; having both the key Of officer and office, set all hearts To what tune pleased his ear; that now he was The ivy, which had hid my princely trunk, And suck'd my verdure out on't .- Thou attend'st not:

I pray thee, mark me.

O good sir, I do. [dedicate Mira. I thus neglecting worldly ends, all Pro. To closeness, and the bettering of my mind With that, which, but by being so refired, O'er-prized all popular rate, in my false brother Awaked an evil nature: and my trust, Like a good parent, did beget of him A falsehood, in its contrary as great As my trust was; which had, indeed, no limit, A confidence sans bound. He being thus lorded,

Not only with what my revenue yielded, But what my power might else exact,-like one, Who having, unto truth, by telling of it, Made such a sinner of his memory To credit his own lie,—he did believe He was the duke; out of the substitution, And executing the outward face of royalty, With all prerogative:—Hence his ambition Growing,—Dost hear?
Mira. Your tale, sir, would cure deafness.

Pro. To have no screen between this part he

play'd

And him he play'd it for, he needs will be Absolute Milan: Me, poor man!-my librar Wasdukedomlargeenough; of temporal royalties He thinks me now incapable: confederates (So dry he was for sway) with the king of Naples, To give him annual tribute, do him homage; Subject his coronet to his crown, and bend The dukedom, yet unbowed, (alas, poor Milan!)
To most ignoble stooping.

O the heavens! Mira. Pro. Mark his condition, and the event; then If this might be a brother. [tell me, I should sin

To think but nobly of my grandmother:

Good wombs have borne bad sons. Pro.

Now the condition. This king of Naples being an enemy To me inveterate, hearkens my brother's suit; Which was that he in lieu o' the premises,-Of homage, and I know not how much tribute. Should presently extirpate me and mine Out of the dukedom; and confer fair Milan, With all the honours, on my brother: Whereon, A treacherous army levied, one midnight Fated to the purpose, did Antonio open The gates of Milan; and i' the dead of darkness, The ministers for the purpose hurried thence Me, and thy crying self.

Mira. Alack, for pity! I, not rememb'ring how I cried out then. Will cry it o'er again: it is a hint, That wrings mine eyes to 't.

Pro. Hear a little further. And then I'll bring thee to the present business Which now's upon us; without the whic. this Were most impertinent. Mira. Wherefore did they not,

That hour, destroy us?

Pro. Well demanded, wench; My tale provokes that question. Dear, they durst not:

(So dear the love my people bore me) nor set A mark so bloody on the business; but With colours fairer painted their foul ends. In few, they hurried us aboard a bark; Bore us some leagues to sea; where they prepar'd A rotten carcass of a boat, not rigg'd, Nor tackle, sail, nor mast; the very rats Instinctively had quitit: there they hoist us, To cry to the sea that roar'd to us; to sigh To the winds, whose pity, sighing back again, Did us but loving wrong.

Alack! what trouble Mira. Was I then to you!

Pro. O! a cherubim

Thou wast, that did preserve me! Thou didst smile,

Infused with a fortitude from heaven, When I have deck'd the sea with drops full salt; Under my burden groan'd; which raised in me An undergoing stomach, to bear up Against what should ensue.

Mira. How came we ashore?

Pro. By Providence divine. Some food we had, and some fresh water, that A noble Neapolitan, Gonzalo, Out of his charity, (who being then appointed

Master of this design,) did give us; with Rich garments, linens, stuffs, and necessaries, Which since have steaded much; so, of his gentleness, Knowing I loved my books, he furnish'd me,

From my own library, with volumes that I prize above my dukedom.

Mira. Would I might

But ever see that man!

Pro. Now I arise:-Sit still, and hear the last of our sea-sorrow. Here in this island we arrived; and here Have I, thy schoolmaster, made thee more profit Than other princes can, that have more time For vainer hours, and tutors not so careful.

Mira. Heavens thank you for't! And now,

I pray you, sir,

(For still 'tis beating in my mind,) your reason

For raising this sea-storm

Pro. Know thus far forth.-By accident most strange, bountiful Fortune, Now my dear lady, hath mine enemies Brought to this shore: and by my prescience I find my zenith doth depend upon A most auspicious star; whose influence If now I court not, but omit, my fortunes Will ever after droop.-Here cease more ques-

tions,
Thou art inclin'd to sleep; 'tis a good dulness, And give itway; - I know thou canst not choose. [MIRANDA sleeps.

Come away, servant, come: I am ready now; Approach, my Ariel; come.

Enter ARIEL.

fcome Ari. All hail, great master! grave sir, hail! I To answer thy best pleasure; be't to fly, To swim, to dive into the fire, to ride On the curl'd clouds; to thy strong bidding, task

Ariel and all his quality. Hast thou, spirit, Perform'd to point the tempest that I bade thee? Ari. To every article.

I boarded the king's ship; now on the beak, Now in the waist, the deck, in every cabin, I flamed amazement: Sometimes, I'd divide, And burn in many places; on the top-mast, The yards, and bowsprit, would I flame dis-

tinctly, Then meet and join: Jove's lightnings, the

precursors O' the dreadful thunder-claps, more momentary And sight-out-running were not: The fire, and

cracks Of sulphurous roaring, the most mighty Neptune Seem'd to besiege, and make his bold waves Yea, his dread trident shake. [tremble,

My brave spirit! Pro. Who was so firm, so constant, that this coil

Would not infect his reason? Not a soul.

But felt a fever of the mad, and play'd Some tricks of desperation: All, but mariners: Plung'd in the foaming brine, and quit the vessel, Then all afire with me: the king's son, Ferdinand, With hair up-staring (then like reeds, not hair), Was the first man that leap'd; cried, Hell is And all the devils are here! [empty,

Why, that's my spirit! Pro. But was not this nigh shore?

Ari.

Pro. But are they, Ariel, safe? Not a hair perish'd: Ari. On their sustaining garments not a blemish,

Butfresher than before: and, as thou bad'st me, In troops I have dispersed them 'bout the isle; The king's son have Ilanded by himself; Whom I left cooling of the air with sighs, In an odd angle of the isle, and sitting,

His arms in this sad knot.

Of the king's ship, The mariners, say, how thou hast disposed. And all the rest o' the fleet?

Ari. Safely in harbour Is the king's ship; in the deep nook, where once Thou call'dst me up at midnight to fetch dew From the still-vex'd Bermoothes, there she's hid: The mariners all under hatches stow'd;

Whom, with a charm join'd to their suffer'd labour,

I have left asleep: and for the rest o' the fleet, Which I dispersed, they all have met again: And are upon the Mediterranean flote, Bound sadly home for Naples;

Supposing that they saw the king's ship wreck'd, And his great person perish.

Ariel, thy charge Exactly is performed; but there's more work; What is the time o' the day?

Arı. Past the mid season. Pro.

At least two glasses: The time 'twixt six and now Must by us both be spent most preciously.

Arr. Is there more toil? Since thou dost give me pains,

Let me remember thee what thou hast promis'd, Which is not yet perform'd me.

Pro. How now? moody? What is't thou canst demand?

Arı. My liberty. Pro. Before the time be out? No more!

Arı. I pray thee Remember, I have done thee worthy service; Told thee no lies, made no mistakings, serv'd Without or grudge or grumblings: thou didst

promise To bate me a full year.

Pro. Dost thou forget

From what a torment I did free thee? Arı.

Pro. Thou dost; and think'st It much to tread the coze of the salt deep; To run upon the sharp wind of the north; To do me business in the veins o' the earth. When it is bak'd with frost.

I do not, sir. Ari.

Pro. Thou liest, malignant thing! Hast thou forgot [envy, The foul witch, Sycorax, who, with age and Was grown into a hoop? hast thou forgot her?

Arı. No, sir. Pro. Thou hast: Where was she

born? speak; tell me.

Ari. Sir, in Argier.

Pro. Oh, was she so? I must, Once in a month, recount what thou hast been, Which thou forget'st. This damn'd witch, Sycorax,

For mischiefs manifold, and sorceries terrible Close by, my master. To enter human hearing, from Argier,

Thou know'st, was banished; for one thing she did.

They would not take her life: Is not this true? Arr. Ay, sir.

This blear-eyed hag was hither brought

with child. slave, And here was left by the sailors: Thou, my As thou report'st thyself, wast then her servant: And, for thou wast a spirit too delicate To act her earthy and abhorr'd commands Refusing her grand 'hests, she did confine thee. By help of her more potent ministers, And in her most unmitigable rage, Into a cloven pine; within which rift Imprison'd, theu didst painfully remain A dozen years; within which space she died

And left thee there: where thou didst vent thy groans, As fast as mill-wheels strike: Then was this island,

(Save for the son that she did litter here A freckled whelp, hag-born.) not honour'd with A human shape.

Yes: Caliban her son. Ari.

Pro. Dull thing, I say so; he, that Caliban, Whom now I keepin service. Thou best know'st What torment I did find thee in: thy groans Did make wolves howl, and penetrate the breasts Of ever-angry bears; it was a torment To lay upon the damn'd, which Sycorax Could not again undo; it was mine art, When I arriv'd, and heard thee, that made gape The pine, and let thee out.

Ari.

I thank thee, master

Pro. If thou more murmur'st I will rend an And peg thee in his knotty entrails, till Thou hast howl'd away twelve winters.

Pardon, master: I will be correspondent to command. And do my spriting gently.

Do so; and after two days

I will discharge thee. That's my noble master! Ari. What shall I do? say what? what shall I do?

Go, make thyself like to a nymph o' the sea: Be subject to no sight but mine; invisible

To every eye-ball else. Go, take this shape And hither come in 't: hence, with diligence. Exit ARIFL. Awake, dear heart, awake! thou hast slept well:

Awake! Mira. The strangeness of your story put

Heaviness in mc.

Shake it off; Come on; We'll visit Caliban, my slave, who never Yields us kind answer.

'Tis a villam, sir, Mira. I do not love to look on.

But, as 'tis. We cannot miss him: he does make our fire, Fetch in our wood; and serves in offices That profit us. What ho! slave! Caliban! Thou earth, thou! speak.

Cal. [Within.] There's wood enough within. Pro. Come forth, I say; there's other business for thee:

Come forth, thou tortoise! when?

Re-enter ARIEL, the a water-nymph.

Fine apparition! My quaint Ariel, Hark in thine ear.

Ari. My lord, it shall be done. | Exit. Pro. Thou poisonous slave, got by the devil himself

Upon thy wicked dam, come forth!

Enter CALIBAN.

Cal. As wicked dew as e'er my mother brush'd

With raven's feather from unwholesome fen, Drop on you both! a south-west blow on ye, And blister you all o'er.

Pro. For this, be sure, to-night thou shalt have cramps,

Side-stitches that shall pen thy breath up; urchins

Shall, for that vast of night that they may work, All exercise on thee; thou shalt be pinch'd As thick as honey-combs, each pinch more stinging

Than bees that made them.

Cal. I must cat my dinner. This island's mine, by Sycorax my mother, Which thou tak'st from me. When thou

camest first, Thou strok'dst me, and mad'st much of me; wouldst give me

Water with berries in 't; and teach me how To name the bigger light, and how the less, That burn by day and night: and then I lov'd thee,

And shew'd thee all the qualities o' the isle, The fresh springs, brine pits, barren place, and fertile;

Cursed be I that did so!-All the charms Of Sycorax, toads, beetles, bats, light on youl For I am all the subjects that you have, Which first was mine own king; and here you

sty me In this hard rock, whiles you do keep from me The rest of the island.

Pro. Thou most lying slave, Whom stripes may move, not kindness: I have used thee, thee

Filth as thou art, with human care; and lodged In mine own cell, till thou didst seek to violate The honour of my child.

Cal. O ho, O ho!—would it had been done! Thou didst prevent me; I had peopled else This isle with Calibans.

Abhorred slave; Which any print of goodness will not take, Being capable of all ill! I pitied thee,

Took pains to make thee speak, taught thee each hour savage, One thing or other: when thou didst not,

Know thine own meaning, but wouldst gabble

A thing most brutish, I endow'd thy purposes With words that made them known: But thy [good natures vile race.

Though thou didst learn, had that in 't which Could not abide to be with therefore wast thou Deservedly confined into this rock,

Who hadst deserved more than a prison. You taught me language; and my Cal. profit on 't

Is, I know how to curse; the red plague rid you,

For learning me your language!

Pro. Hag-seed, hence!
Fetch us in fuel; and be quick, thou wert best, To answer other business. Shrug'st thou, malice?

If thou neglect'st, or dost unwillingly What I command, I'll rack thee with old cramps; Fill all thy bones with aches; make thee roar,

That beasts shall tremble at thy din. No, pray thee!-Cal. I must obey: his art is of such power, [Aside. It would control my dam's god, Setebos,

And make a vassal of him. Pro

So, slave; hence! Exit CALIBAN.

Re-enter ARIEL invisible, playing and singing; FERDINAND following him.

ARIEL'S SONG.

Come unto these yellow sands, And then take hands:

Court'sied when you have, and kiss'd, (The wild waves whist,) Foot it featly here and there:

And sweet sprites, the burden bear. Hark, hark! Dispersedly.

Bur, Bowgh, wowgh, The watch-dogs bark:

Bur, Bowgh, wowgh. Hark, hark! I hear [Dispersedly. The strain of strutting chanticlere Cry, Cock-a-doodle-doo.

Where should this music be? i' the air, or the earth?

It sounds no more:—and sure it waits upon Some god of the island. Sitting on a bank Weeping again the king my father's wreck, This music crept by me upon the waters; Allaying both their fury, and my passion, With its sweet air: thence I have follow'd it, Or it hath drawn me rather:-But 'tis gone. No, it begins again.

ARIEL sings.

Full fathom five thy father lies; Of his bones are coral made; Those are pearls that were his eyes: Nothing of him that doth fade, But doth suffer a sea-change Into something rich and strange Sea-nymphs hourly ring his knell:

[Burden, ding-dong. Hark! now I hear them, ding-dong bell.

The ditty does remember my drown'd Fex. father: This is no mortal business, nor no sound

That the earth owes:- I hear it now above me. Pro. The fringed curtains of thme eye advance.

And say, what thou seest youd'.

Mira. What is 't? a spirit? Lord, how it looks about! Believe me, sir, · It carries a brave form:-But 'tis a spirit.

No, wench; it eats and sleeps, and hath such senses seest. As we have, such: This gallant, which thou Was in the wreck: and but he's something call him stain'd

With grief, that's beauty's canker, thou might'st A goodly person: he hath lost his fellows, And strays about to find them

Mira.

A thing divine; for nothing natural

I ever saw so noble.

Pro. It goes on, Aside. As my soul prompts it:-Spirit, fine spirit! I'll free thee

Within two days for this.

Most sure the goddess Fer. On whom these airs attend!-Vouchsafe, my prayer

May know, if you remain upon this island; And that you will some good instruction give, How I may bear me here: My prime request, Which I do last pronounce, is, O you wonder! If you be maid or no?

Mira. No wonder, sir:

But certainly a maid.

My language! heavens!-Fer. I am the best of them that speak this speech. Were I but where 'tis spoken.

Pro. How! the best? What wert thou, if the king of Naples heard thee? Fer. A single thing, as I am now, that wonders To hear thee speak of Naples: He does hear me; And, that he does, I weep: myself am Naples; Who with mine eyes, ne'er since at ebb, beheld The king my father wreck'd.

Mira. Alack, for mercy! Yes, faith, and all his lords: the Duke of Fer. And his brave son, being twain.

The Duke of Milan, Pro. And his more braver daughter, could control thee, Aside.

If now 'twere fit to do't:-At the first sight They have changed eyes:-Delicate Ariel, I'll set thee free for this!-A word, good sir; I fear you have done yourself some wrong; a word.

Why speaks my father so ungently? This

Is the third man that e'er I saw: the first That e'er I sigh'd for: pity, move my father To be inclined my way!

O, if a virgin, And your affection not gone forth, I'll make you The queen of Naples.

Soft, sir; one word more.-Pro. They are both in either's powers; but this swift business

Imustuneasy make, lest too light winning [Aside. Make the prize light .- One word more; I charge thee.

That thou attend me: thou dost here usurp The name thou ow'st not: and hast put thyself Upon this island, as a spy, to win it From me, the lord on't.

Fer. No, as I am a man. There's nothing ill can dwell in such a Mıra. If the ill spirit have so fair an house, [temple: Good things will strive to dwell with't.

Follow me. To FERD.

Speak not you for him; he's a traitor. -- Come. I'll manacle thy neck and feet together: Sea-water shalt thou drink; thy food shall be The fresh-brook muscles, wither'd roots, and husks

Wherein the acorn cradled: Follow.

Fer. I will resist such entertainment, till I might call him Mine enemy has more power. He draws.

O dear father, Mira. Make not too rash a trial of him, for

He's gentle, and not fearful

Pro. What, I say, My foot my tutor! Put thy sword up, traitor; Who makest a show, but darest not strike, thy conscience

Is so possess'd with guilt: come from thy ward; For I can here disarm thee with this stick. And make thy weapon drop.

Mira. Hence: hang not on my garments. Pro. Sir, have pity; Mira.

I'll be his surety.

Silence! one word more Pro. Shall make me chide thee, if not hate thee. What!

An advocate for an imposter? hush!

Thou think'st there are no more such shapes wench!

Having seen but him and Caliban: Foolish To the most of men this is a Caliban,

And they to him are angels.

My affections Mira. Are then most humble; I have no ambition To see a goodlier man.

Pro. Come on; obey: [To FERD. Thy nerves are in their infancy again,

And have no vigour in them. So they are: My spirits, as in a dream, are all bound up.
My father's loss, the weakness which I feel,
The wreck of all my friends, or this man's

threats,

To whom I am subdued, are but light to me. Might I but through my prison once a day Behold this maid: all corners else o' the earth Let liberty make use of; space enough Have I, in such a prison.

Pro. It works:--Come on.-Thou hast done well, fine Ariel!-Follow me.-[To FERD. and Mir. Hark, what thou else shalt do me. [To ARIEL.

Mira. Be of comfort: My father's of a better nature, sir,

Than he appears by speech; this is unwonted, Which now came from him.

Thou shalt be as free As mountain winds: but then exactly do All points of my command.

To the syllable. Ari. Pro. Come, follow: speak not for him. Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I .- Another part of the Island.

Enter Alonso, Sebastian, Antonio, GONZALO, ADRIAN, FRANCISCO, and others.

Gon. Beseech you, sir, be merry: you have (So have we all) of joy; for our escape [cause Is much beyond our loss: Our hint of woe Is common; every day, some sailor's wife, The masters of some merchant, and the

merchant,

Have just our theme of woe: but for the miracle, I mean our preservation, few in millions Can speak like us: then wisely, good sir, weigh Our sorrow with our comfort.

Alon.

Seb. He receives comfort like cold porridge. Ant. The visitor will not give him o'er so. Seb. Look, he's winding up the watch of his

By and by it will strike. Gon. Sir,-

Seb, One,-Tell. offer'd. Gon. When every grief is entertain'd, that's Comes to the entertainer-

Seb. A dollar.

Gon. Dolour comes to him, indeed; you Beseech you, father! have spoken truer than you purposed. Seb. You have taken it wiselier than I meant

you should.

Gon. Therefore, my lord,

Fye, what a spendthrift is he of his Ant. tongue!

Alon. I pr'ythee spare.

Well, I have done: But yet-Gon.

Seb. He will be talking.

Which of them, he, or Adrian, for a Ant. good wager, first begins to crow? Seb.

The old cock. The cockrel. Ant.

Seb. Done: the wager? Ant. A laughter.

Seb. A match.

Adr. Though this island seem to be desert,-

Seb. Ha, ha, ha! Ant. So, you've paid. [sible,-

Adr. Uninhabitable, and almost inacces-Seb. Yet,-

Adr. Yet,-He could not miss it.

Ant. Adr. It must needs be of subtle, tender, and delicate temperance.

Temperance was a delicate wench. Ant. Seb. Ay, and a subtle; as he most learnedly

delivered. [sweetly. Adr. The air breathes upon us here most Seb. As if it had lungs, and rotten ones.

Or, as 'twere perfumed by a fen. Hereiseverything advantageous to life. Ant. Gon.

Ant. True; save means to live.

Seb. Of that there's none, or little. [green! Gon. Howlush and lusty the grass looks! how The ground, indeed, is tawny. Ant.

With an eye of green in 't. Seb. He misses not much. Ant.

Seb. No; he doth but mistake the truth totally. But the rarity of it is (which is indeed

almost beyond credit)-

Seb. As many vouch'd rarities are.
Gon. Thatourgarments, being, as they were, drenched in the sea, hold, notwithstanding, their freshness and glosses; being rather new dyed, than stained with salt water.

Ant. If but one of his pockets could speak,

would it not say, he lies?

Seb. Ay, or very falsely pocket up his report. Gon. Methinks, our garments are now as fresh as when we put them on first in Africk, at the marriage of the king's fair daughter Claribel to the king of Tunis.

Seb. 'Twas a sweet marriage, and we pros-

per well in our return.

Adr. Tunis was never graced before with such a paragon to their queen.

, good sir, weigh Gon. Not since widow Dido's time.

Ant. Widow? a pox o' that! How came
Pr'ythee, peace. that widow in? Widow Dido!

Seb. What if he had said, widower Æneas too? good lord, how you take it!

Ad. Widow Dido, said you? you make me study of that: She was of Carthage, not of Tunis. Gon. This Tunis, sir, was Carthage.

Adr. Carthage?

Gon. I assure you, Carthage. [harp. Ant. His word is more than the miraculous Seb. He hath raised the wall, and houses too. Ant. What impossible matter will he make

easy next?

Seb. I think he will carry this island home in his pocket, and give it his son for an apple.

Ant. And, sowing the kernels of it in the sea, bring forth more islands.

Gon. Ay?

Ant. Why, in good time.

Gon. Sir, we were talking, that our garments seem now as fresh as when we were at Tunis at the marriage of your daughter, who is now queen.

Ant. And the rarest that e'er came there.
Seb. 'Bate, I beseech you, widow Dido.
Ant. O, widow Dido; av. widow Dido.

Ant. O, widow Dido; ay, widow Dido.
Gon. Is not, sir, my doublet as fresh as the
first day I wore it? I mean, in a sort.
Ant. That sort was well fish'd for.

Gon. When I wore it at your daughter's

marnage? [against Alon. You cram these words into mine ears, The stomach of my sense: Would I had never Marned my daughter therel for, coming thence, My son is lost; and, in my rate, she too, Who is so far from Italy removed,

I ne'er again shall see her. O thou mine heir Of Naples and of Milan, what strange fish

Hath made his meal on thee! Fran.

I saw him beat the surges under him,
And ride upon their backs; he trod the water,
Whose enmity he flung aside, and breasted
The surge most swoln that met him; his bold

head
'Bove the contentious waves he kept, and oar'd
Himself with his good arms in lusty stroke
Tothe shore, thato'erhis wave-worn basis bow'd,
As stooping to relieve him; I not doubt
He came alive to land.

Alon. No, no, he's gone.

Seb. Sir, you may thank yourself for this great loss; [daughter, That would not bless our Europe with your

But rather lose her to an African; Where she, at least, is banish'd from your eye, Who hath cause to wet the grief on 't.

Alon. Pr'ythee, peace. Seb. You were kneel'd to, and importun'd

otherwise By all of us; and the fair soul herself

By all or us; and the fair soul herself Gon. No, I warrant you; I w Weigh'd, between lothness and obedience, at ture my discretion so weakly. Which end o' the beam she'd bow. We have me asleep, for I am very heavy? lost your son,

Ant. Go sleep. and hear us.

I fear, for ever: Milan and Naples have More widows in them of this business' making, Than we bring men to comfort them: the fault's Your own.

Alon. So is the dearest of the loss.

Gon. My lord Sebastian.

The truth you speak doth lack some gentleness, And time to speak it in; you rub the sore, When you should bring the plaster. eb. Very well.

Ant. And most chirurgeonly.

Gon. It is foul weather in us all, good sir,

When you are cloudy.

Seb. Foul weather?

Ant. Very foul.

Gon. Had I a plantation of this isle, my lord,—

Ant. He'd sow it with nettle-seed.

Ant. He'd sow it with nettle-seed.

Seb. Or docks, or mallows.

Gon. And were the king of it, what would I do? Seb. 'Scape being drunk, for want of wine. Gon. I' the commonwealth, I would by con-

Execute all things: for no kind of traffic [traries Would I admit, no name of magistrate. Letters should not be known; no use of service, Of riches, or of poverty; no contracts, Successings hound filed this wineward name.

Successions; bound of land, tilth, vineyard, none: No use of metal, corn, or wine, or oil; No occupation; all men idle, all;

And women too, but innocent and pure:

No sovereignty.

Seb. And yet he would be king on 't.

Ant. The latter end of his commonwealth
forgets the beginning. [duce

Gon. All things in common nature should pro-Without sweat or endeavour: treason, felony, Sword, pike, knife, gun, or need of any engine, Would I not have; but nature should bring forth, Of its own kind, all foison, all abundance,

To feed my innocent people.

Seb. No marrying 'mong his subjects' Ant. None, man; allidle; whores and knaves. Gon. I would with such perfection govern, sir. To excel the golden age.

Seb. Save his majesty.

Ant. Long live Gonzalo!

Gon. And, do you mark me, sir?—
Alon. Pr'ythee, no more: thou dost talk
nothing to me.

Gon. I do well believe your highness; and did to minister occasion to these gentlemen, who are of such sensible and nimble lungs, that they always use to laugh at nothing.

Ant. 'Twas you we laugh'd at.

Gon. Who, in this kind of merry fooling, am nothing to you: so you may continue, and laugh at nothing still.

Ant. What a blow was there given! Seb. An it had not fallen flat-long.

Gon. You are gentlemen of brave mettle; you would lift the moon out of her sphere, if she would continue in it five weeks without changing.

Enter ARIEL invisible, playing solemn music.

Seb. We would so, and then go a bat-fowling.

Ant. Nay, good my lord, be not angry.

Gon. No, I warrant you; I will not adventure my discretion so weakly. Will you laugh

Ant. Go sleep, and hear us.
[All sleep but ALON. SEB. and ANT.

Alon. What, all so soon asleep! I wish mine eyes [I find

Would, with themselves, shut up my thoughts: They are inclined to do so.

Seb.

Do not omit the heavy offer of it:
It seldom visits sorrow; when it doth,
It is a comforter.

We two, my lord, Ant. Will guardyour person, while you take your rest, And watch your safety.

Thank you: wondrous heavy -Alon. [ALONSO sleeps. Exit ARIEL.

What a strange drowsiness possesses Seb. them?

It is the quality o' the climate. Ant. Why Seb.

Doth it not then our eyelids sink! I find not Myself disposed to sleep.

Ant. Nor I; my spirits are nimble. They fell together all, as by consent;

They dropp'd, as by a thunder-stroke. might, more:what might?-No Worthy Sebastian?-O

And yet, methinks, I see it in thy face, What thou shouldst be: the occasion speaks thee, and

My strong imagination sees a crown

Dropping upon thy head. Seb. W

What, art thou waking? Ant. Do you not hear me speak?

Seb. I do; and, surely, It is a sleepy language; and thou speak'st Out of thy sleep: What is it thou didst say? This is a strange repose, to be asleep [ing, With eyes wide open, standing, speaking, mov-

And yet so fast asleep. Ant. Noble Sebastian, [wink'st Thou lett'st thy fortune sleep-die rather, Whiles thou art waking.

Seb. Thou dost snore distinctly: There's meaning in thy snores.

Ant. I am more serious than my custom: you Must be so too, if heed me, which to do Trebles thee o'er.

Well, I am standing water. Seb. Ant. I'll teach you how to flow.

Do so: to ebb. Hereditary sloth instructs me.

If you but knew, how you the purpose cherish, Whiles thus you mock it! how, in stripping it, You more invest it! Ebbing men, indeed, Most often do so near the bottom run, By their own fear, or sloth.

Pr'ythee, say on: Seb. The setting of thine eye, and cheek, proclaim A matter from thee; and a birth, indeed, Which throes thee much to yield.

Thus, sir: Although this lord of weak remembrance, this, Who shall be of as little memory When he is earth'd, hath here almost persuaded (For he's a spirit of persuasion only) The king, his son's alive: 'tis as impossible That he's undrown'd as he that sleeps here Seb. I have no hope swims That he's undrown'd.

O, out of that no hope, Ant. What great hope have you! no hope, that way, is Another way so high an hope, that even Ambition cannot pierce a wink beyond, But doubts discovery there. Will you grant, And I the king shall love thee. with me,

That Ferdinand is drown'd?

Seb. He's gone. Ant. Then, tell me, Who's the next heir of Naples?

Seb. Claribel. Ant. She that is queen of Tunus: she that dwells

Ten leagues beyond man's life, she that from Naples

Can have no note, unless the sun were post (The man i' the moon's too slow,) till new-born Be rough and razorable; she, from whom [chins We were all sea-swallow'd, though some cast again;

And, by that, destined to perform an act, Whereof what's past is prologue; what to come, In yours and my discharge.

Šeb. What stuff is this?-How say you? 'Tis true, my brother's daughter's queen of Tunis'

So is she herr of Naples; 'twixt which regions There is some space.

Ant.

A space whose every cubit Seems to cry out, How shall that Claribel Measure us back to Naples? - Keep in Tunis, And let Sebastian wake!—Say, this were death That now hath seized them; why, they were no worse

Than now they are: There be, that can rule Naples,

As well as he that sleeps; lords, that can prate As amply and unnecessarily As this Gonzalo; I myself could make A chough of as deep chat. O, that you bore The mind that I do! what a sleep were this

For your advancement! Do you understand me? Seb Methinks, I do. And how does your content Ant.

Tender your own good fortune?

Seb. I remember. You did supplant your brother Prospeso.

Ant. And, look, how well my garments sit upon me; Much feater than before: My brother's servants Were then my fellows, now they are my men. Seb. But, for your conscience-

Ant. Ay, sir; where lies that? if it were a kybe,

'Twould put me to my slipper: But I feel not This deity in my bosom; twenty consciences, That stand 'twixt me and Milan, candied be they, brother,

And melt, ere they molest! Here hes your No better than the earth he lies upon, If he were that which now he's like whom I, With this obedient steel, three inches of it, Can lay to bed for ever; whiles you, doing thus To the perpetual wink for aye might put This ancient morsel, this Sir Prudence, who Should not upbraid our course. For all the rest, They'll take suggestion, as a cat laps milk; They'll tell the clock to any business that We say befits the hour.

Seb. Thy case, dear friend, Shall be my precedent; as thou gott'st Milan, I'll come by Naples. Draw thy sword: one

Shall free thee from the tribute which thou

Ant. Draw together: And when I rear my hand, do you the like, To fall it on Gonzalo.

O, but one word. Seb. [They converse apart. Music. Re-enter ARIEL, invisible.

Ari. My master through his art forsees the danger forth,-That these his friends, are in; and sends me

For else his project dies,-to keep the living. Sings in GONZALO'S ear.

> While you here do snoring lie, Open-eyed conspiracy His time doth take: If of life you keep a care, Shake off slumber, and beware: Awake! Awake!

Ant. Then let us both be sudden. Gon. Now, good angels, preserve the king! They awake. Alon. Why, how now, ho! awake! Why

are you drawn? Wherefore this ghastly looking?

What's the matter? Gon. Seb. Whiles we stood here securing your

repose. Even now, we heard a hollow burst of bellowing Like bulls, or rather lions; did it not wake you?

It struck mine ear most terribly I heard nothing. Alon.Ant. O, 'twas a din to fright a monster's ear; To make an earthquake! sure it was the roar

Of a whole herd of lions.

Alon. Heard you this, Gonzalo? Gon. Upon mine honour, sir, I heard a humming,

And that a strange one too, which did awake I shaked you, sir, and cried; as mine eyes open'd,

I saw their weapon's drawn:-there was a noise, That's verity: 'Best stand upon our guard; Or that we quit this place: let's draw our

further search weapons. Alon: Lead off this ground; and let's make For my poor son.

Gon. Heavens keep him from these beasts! For he is, sure, i' the island.

ead away. Alon. Ari. Prospero my lord shall know what I have done: Aside.

So, king, go safely on to seek thy son. [Exeunt.

Scene II .- Another part of the Island.

Enter Caliban, with a burden of wood. A noise of thunder heard.

Cal. All the infections that the sun sucks up From bogs, fens, flats, on Prosper fall, and

make him By inch-meal a disease! His spirits hear me, And yet I needs must curse. But they'll nor

pinch, Fright me with urchin-shows, pitch me i' the · Nor lead me, like a firebrand, in the dark Out of my way, unless he bid them; but

For every trifle they are set upon me: Sometime like apes, that moe and chatter at me, And after, bite me; then like hedge-hogs, which Lie tumbling in my bare-foot way, and mount Their pricks at my foot-fall; sometime am I All wound with adders, who, with cloven

tongues, Do hiss me into madness:-Lo! now! lo!

Enter Trinculo.

Here comes a spirit of his; and to torment me. For bringing wood in slowly: I'll fall flat;

Perchance he will not mind me.

Trin. Here's neither bush nor shrub, to bear off any weather at all, and another storm brewing; I hear it sing i' the wind; youd same black cloud, youd huge one, looks like a foul bumbard that would shed his liquor. If it should thunder, as it did before, I know not where to hide my head: youd same cloud can-not choose but fall by pailfuls.—What have we here? a man or a fish? dead or alive? A fish: he smells like a fish: a very ancient and fish-like smell; a kind of, not of the newest, Poor-John. A strange fish! Were I in England now (as once I was), and had but this fish painted, not a holiday fool there but would give a piece of silver: there would this monster make a man; any strange beast there makes a man: when they will not give a doit to relieve a lame beggar, they will lay out ten to see a dead Indian. Legg'd like a man! and his fins dead Indian. Legg'd like a man! and his fins like arms! Warm, o' my troth! I do now let loose my opinion, hold it no longer; this is no fish, but an islander, that hath lately suffered by a thunder-bolt. [Thunder.] Alas! the storm is come again: my best way is to creep under his gaberdine; there is no other shelter hereabout: Misery acquaints a man with strange bedfellows. I will here shroud, till the dregs of the storm be past.

Enter Stephano singing; a bottle in his hand. Ste. I shall no more to sea, to sea,

Here shall I die ashore;

This is a very scurvy tune to sing at a man's funeral: Well, here's my comfort. | Drinks. '

The master, the swabber, the boatswain, and I,

The master, the swabber, the boatswam, and The gunner, and his mate, Lor'd Mall, Meg, and Marian, and Margery, But none of us car'd for Kate:

For she had a tongue with a tang, Would cry to a sailor, Go, hang;

She lov'd not the savour of tar nor of pitch,

Yet a tailor might scratch her where'er she did itch: Then to sea, boys, and let her go hang.

This is a scurvy tune too: But here's my comfort. Drinks.

Cal. Do not torment me: Oh! Sile. What's the matter? Have we devils here? Do you put tricks upon us with savages, and men of Inde? Ha! I have not 'scaped drowning, to be afeard now of your four legs; for it hath been said, As proper a man as ever went on four legs cannot make him give ground: and it shall be said so again, while Stephano breathes at nostrils.

Cal. The spirit torments me: Oh!

Ste. This is some monster of the isle, with four legs: who hath got, as I take it, an ague: Where the devil should he learn our language? I will give him some relief, if it be but for that: If I can recover him, and keep him tame, and get to Naples with him, he's a present for any

emperor that ever trod on neat's leather.

Cal. Do not forment me, prythee;

I'll bring my wood home faster.

Ste. He's in his fit now; and does not talk after the wisest. He shall taste of my bottle:

near to remove his fit. If I can recover him, and keep him tame, I will not take too much for him: he shall pay for him that hath him, and that soundly. wilt

Cal. Thou dost me yet but little hurt; thou Anon; I know it by thy trembling;

Now Prosper works upon thee.

Ste. Come on your ways; open your mouth: here is that which will give language to you, cat; open your mouth: this will shake your shaking, I can tell you, and that soundly: you cannot

tell who's your friend: open your chaps again.

Trm. I should know that voice: It should be—But he is drowned; and these are devils:

Oh! defend me!-

Ste. Four legs and two voices; a most delicate monster! His forward voice now is to speak well of his friend; his backward voice is to utter foul speeches, and to detract. If all the wine in my bottle will recover him, I will help his ague: Come-Amen! I will pour some in thy other mouth.

Trin. Stephano,

Ste. Doth thy other mouth call me? Mercy! mercy! This is a devil, and no monster: I

will leave him; I have no long spoon.

Trin. Stephano!-if thou beest Stephano, touch me, and speak to me; for I am Trinculo; -be not afeard,—thy good friend Trinculo.

Ste. If thou beest Trinculo, come forth; I'll

pull thee by the lesser legs: if any be Trinculo's legs, these are they. Thou art very Trinculo indeed: How cam'st thou to be the siege of this moon-calf? Can he vent Trinculos?

Trin. I took him to be killed with a thunderstroke:-But art thou not drowned, Stephano? I hope, now, thou art not drowned. storm over-blown? I hid me under the dead moon-calf's gaberdine for fear of the storm. And art thou living, Stephano? O Stephano, two Neapolitans 'scaped!

Ste. Pr'ythee, do not turn me about; my stomach is not constant. sprites,

Cal. These be fine things, and if they be not That's a brave god, and bears celestial liquor:

I will kneel to him.

Ste. How didst thou 'scape? how cam'st thou hither? swear by this bottle, how thou cam'st hither. I escaped upon a butt of sack, which the sailors heaved overboard, by this bottle! which I made of the bark of a tree, with mine own hands, since I was cast ashore.

Cal. I'll swear, upon that bottle, to be thy True subject; for the liquor is not earthly.

Ste. Here; swear then how thou escap'dst.

Trin. Swam ashore, man, like a duck; I can swim like a duck, I'll be sworn. kiss the book: Though thou Ste. Here,

canst swim like a duck, thou art made like a goose.

Trin. O Stephano, hast any more of this? Ste. The whole butt, man; my cellar is in a

rock by the sea-side, where my wine is hid. How now, moon-calf? how does thine ague?

Cal. Hast thou not dropped from heaven? Ste. Out o' the moon, I do assure thee: I was the man i' the moon, when time was.

Cal. I have seen thee in her, and I do adore thee;

if he have never drunk wine afore, it will go My mistress showed me thee, and thy dog and bush.

Ste. Come, swear to that; kiss the book: I will furnish it anon with new contents: swear.

Trin. By this good light, this is a very shallow monster:—I afeard of him? a very weak monster;-The man i' the moon!-a most poor credulous monster: Well drawn, monster, in good sooth.

Cal. I'll show thee every fertile inch o' the

And kiss thy foot: I pr'ythee, be my god.

Trin. By this light, a most perfidious and drunken monster; when his god's asleep, he'll rob his bottle.

Cal. I'll kiss thy foot: I'll swear myself thy subject.

Ste. Come on, then; down, and swear.

Trin. I shall laugh myself to death at this puppy-headed monster: a most scurvy monster! I could find in my heart to beat him,-

Ste. Come, kiss.

Trin. -but that the poor monster's in drink, An abominable monster!

Cal. I'll show thee the best springs; I'll pluck thee berries;

I'll fish for thee, and get thee wood enough. A plague upon the tyrant that I serve!

I'll bear him no more sticks, but follow thee,

Thou wondrous man. Trin. A most ridiculous monster! to make

a wonder of a poor drunkard.

Cal. I pr'ythee, let me bring thee where

crabs grow; And I with my long nails will dig thee pig-nuts, Show thee a jay's nest, and instruct thee how To snare the numble marmozet: I'll bring thee To clust'ring filberts, and sometimes I'll get thee

Young sea-mells from the rock: Wilt thou go with me?

Ste. I pr'ythee now lead the way, without any more talking.-Trinculo, the king and all our company else being drowned, we will inherit here.—Here; [To Cal.] bear my bottle. Fellow Trinculo, we'll fill him by and by again.

Cal. Farewell, master: farewell, farewell.

Sings drunkenly.

Trin. A howling monster; a drunken monster Cal. No more dams I'll make for fish; Nor fetch in firing

At requiring,

Nor scrape trencher, nor wash dish; 'Ban 'Ban, Ca—Caliban,

Has a new master—Get a new man. Freedom, hey-day! hey-day, freedom! freedom. hey-day, freedom!

Ste. O brave monster! lead the way [Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I .- Before Prospero's Cell.

Enter FERDINAND, bearing a log.

Fer. There be some sports are painful, and their labour

Delight in them sets off: some kinds of baseness Are nobly undergone; and most poor matters Point to rich gods. This my mean task would

be As heavy to me, as 'tis odious; but The mistress which I serve quickens what's Something too wildly, and my father's precepts dead

And makes my labours pleasures: Oh, she is Ten times more gentle than her father's crabbed:

And he's composed of harshness. Imustremove Some thousands of these logs, and pile them up, Upon a sore injunction. My sweet mistress Weeps when she sees me work; and says such

baseness Had never like executor. I forget: [labours, But these sweet thoughts do even refresh my Most busy, least when I do it.

Enter MIRANDA, and PROSPERO at a distance.

Alas, now! pray you, Work not so hard: I would the lightning had Burnt up those logs that you are enjoin'd to pile! Pray, set it down, and rest you: when this burns, 'Twill weep for having wearied you. My father Is hard at study; pray, now, rest yourself; He's safe for these three hours.

Fer. O most dear mistress, The sun will set before I shall discharge

What I must strive to do. Mira. If you'll sit down, I'll bear your logs the while: pray, give me that,

I'll carry it to the pile. No, precious creature: I had rather crack my sinews, break my back,

Than you should such dishonour undergo, While I sit lazy by.

It would become me As well as it does you: and I should do it With much more ease; for my good will is to it. And yours against.

Pro. [Aside.] Poor worm! thou art infected; This visitation shows it.

Mira. You look weardy. Fer. No, noble mistress; 'tis fresh morning

with me When you are by at night. I do beseech you, Chiefly that I might set in my prayers, What is your name?

Miranda:-O my father, Мига. I have broke your 'hest to say so!

Fer. Admır'd Miranda! Indeed the top of admiration; worth What's dearest to the world! Full many a lady I have eyed with best regard; and many a time The harmony of their tongues hathinto bondage Brought my too diligent ear: for several virtues Have I lik'd several women: never any With so full soul, but some defect in her Did quarrel with the noblest grace she owed, And put it to the foil: but you, O you, So perfect and so peerless, are created Of every creature's best.

I do not know One of my sex! no woman's face remember, Save, from my glass, mine own; nor have I seen More that I may call men, than you, good friend,

And my dear father: how features are abroad, I am skill-less of; but, by my modesty, The jewel in my dower,—I would not wish Any companion in the world but you: Nor can imagination form a shap Besides yourself, to like of. But I prattle

Therein forget.

I am, in my condition, Feт. A prince, Miranda; I do think, a king,-I would, not so!—and would no more endure This wooden slavery than I would suffer The flesh-fly blow my mouth. Hear my soul speak:

The very instant that I saw you, did My heart fly to your service; there resides. To make me slave to it; and for your sake Am I this patient log-man.

Do you love me? Mira. Fer. O heaven, O earth, bear witness to this sound.

And crown what I profess with kind event, If I speak true! if hollowly, invert What best is boded me to mischief! I Beyond all limit of what else i' the world, Do love, prize, honour you.

Mıra. I am a fool To weep at what I am glad of. Pro. [Aside.] Fair

Fair encounter Of two most rare affections! Heavens rain grace On that which breeds between them!

Wherefore weep you? Fer. Mira. At mine unworthmess, that dare not offer

What I desire to give; and much less take What I shall die to want. But this is trifling: And all the more it seeks to hide itself, [cunning; The bigger bulk it shows. Hence, bashful And prompt me, plain and holy innocence! I am your wife, if you will marry me; If not, I'll die your maid: to be your fellow You may deny me; but I'll be your servant

Whether you will or no. My mistress, dearest, Fer.

And I thus humble ever. Mira. My husband, then? Fer. Ay, with a heart as willing

As bondage e'er of freedom: here's my hand. Mira. And mine, with my heart in 't: and now farewell

Till half an hour hence.

A thousand! thousand! Fer. Exeunt FERD. and MIRA.

Pro. So glad of this as they I cannot be, Who are surprised withal; but my rejoicing At nothing can be more. I'll to my book; For yet, ere supper time, must I perform Much business appertaining. Exit.

Scene II.—Another part of the Island.

Enter Stephano and Trinculo; Caliban following with a bottle.

Ste. Tell not me; -when the butt is out, we will drink water; not a drop before: therefore bear up, and board 'em: Servant-monster, drink to me.

Trin. Servant-monster! the folly of this island! They say there's but five upon this isle: we are three of them; if the other two be brained like us, the state totters.

Ste. Drink, servant-monster, when I bid thee: thy eyes are almost set in thy head.

Trin. Where should they be set else? he were a brave monster indeed, if they were set in his tail.

tongue in sack: for my part, the sea cannot drown me: I swam, ere I could recover the shore, five-and-thirty leagues, off and on, by this light.-Thou shalt be my lieutenant, mon-

ster, or my standard. [standard. Trin. Your lieutenant, if you list; he's no Ste. We'll not run, monsieur-monster.

Trin. Nor go neither: but you'll lie, like dogs; and yet say nothing neither.

Ste. Moon-calf, speak once in thy life, if thou beest a good moon-calf.

Cal. How does thy honour? Let me lick

thy shoe.

I'll not serve him; he is not valiant.

Trin. Thou liest, most ignorant monster: I am in case to justle a constable. Why, thou deboshed fish thou, was there ever a man a coward that hath drunk so much sack as I today? Wilt thou tell a monstrous lie, being but half a fish and half a monster?

him, my lord?

Trin. Lord, quoth he!—that a monster should be such a natural!

Cal. Lo, lo again! bite him to death, I pr'ythee.

Ste. Trinculo, keep a good tongue in your head: if you prove a mutineer, the next tree.-The poor monster's my subject, and he shall not suffer indignity.

Cal. I thank my noble lord. Wilt thou be pleased to hearken once again to the suit I made thee?

Ste. Marry will I: kneel and repeat it; I will stand, and so shall Trinculo.

Enter ARIEL, invisible.

Cal. As I told thee before, I am subject to a tyrant; a sorcerer, that by his cunning hath cheated me of this island.

Thou liest.

Cal. Thou liest, thou jesting monkey, thou; I would my valiant master would destroy thee! I do not lie.

Ste. Trinculo, if you trouble him any more in his tale, by this hand, I will supplant some of your teeth.

Trin. Why, I said nothing.

Ste. Mum, then, and no more. - [To CALIBAN.] Proceed.

Cal. I say, by sorcery ho got this isle; From me he got it. If thy greatness will Revenge it on him-for I know thou dar'st. But this thing dare not.

That's most certain. Ste Cal. Thou shalt be lord of it, and I'll serve thee.

Ste. How now shall this be compassed? Canst thou bring me to the party? [asleep, Cal. Yea, yea my lord; I'll yield him thee

Where thou mayst knock a nail into his head. Ari. Thou liest; thou canst not. [patchl— Cal. What a pied ninny's this? Thou scurvy

I do beseech thy greatness, give him blows, And take his bottle from him: when that's gone He shall drink nought but brine; for I'll not show him

Where the quick freshes are.

Ste. Trinculo, run into no further danger! interrupt the monster one word further, and,

Ste. My man-monster hath drowned his by this hand, I'll turn my mercy out of doors, and make a stock-fish of thee.

Trin. Why, what did I? I did nothing. I'll go further off.

Ste. Didst thou not say, he lied?

Ari. Thou liest.

Ste. Do I so? take thou that. [Strikes him.] As you like this, give me the lie another time.

Trin. I did not give the lie.—Out o' your

wits and hearing too? ---- A pox o' your bottle! this can sack and drinking do .- A murrain on your monster, and the devil take your fingers!

Cal. Ha, ha, ha!

Ste. Now, forward with your tale. Pr'ythee, stand further off.

Cal. Beat him enough: after a little time. I'll beat him too.

Ste. Stand further.-Come, proceed. Cal. Why, as I told thee, 'tis a custom with him I' the afternoon to sleep: there thou mayst brain him,

Cal. Lo, how he mocks me! wilt thou let Having first seized his books; or with a log Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake Or cut his wezand with thy knife. Remember, First to possess his books; for without them He's but a sot, as I am, nor hath not

One spirit to command: they all do hate him As rootedly as I. Burn but his books. He has brave utensils,—for so he calls them,-Which, when he has a house, he'll deck withal.

And that most deeply to consider is The beauty of his daughter; he himself Calls her a nonpareil; I never saw woman, But only Sycorax my dam and she;

But she as far surpasseth Sycorax. As great'st does least.

Is it so brave a lass? Ste. Cal. Ay, lord; she will become thy bed, I war-

rant.

And bring thee forth brave brood.

Ste. Monster, I will kill this man: his daughter and I will be king and queen;—save our graces!-and Trinculo and thyself shall be viceroys .- Dost thou like the plot, Trinculo!

Trin. Excellent.

Ste. Give me thy hand; I am sorry I beat thee: but while thou livest, keep a good tongue in thy head.

Cal. Within this half hour will he be asleep; Wilt thou destroy him then?

Ste.
Ari. This will I tell my master. Ay, on mine honour.

Cal. Thou mak'st me merry: I am full of oleasure:

Let us be jocund: will you troll the catch You taught me but while-ere?

Ste. At thy request, monster, I will do reason, any reason. Come on, Trinculo, let us sing.

Flout 'em, and scout 'em; and scout 'em and flout 'em; Thought is free.

Cal. That's not the tune.

[ARIEL plays the tune on a tabor and pipe. Ste. What is this same?

Trin. This is the tune of our catch, played

by the picture of Nobody.

Ste. If thou beest a man, show thyself in thy likeness: if thou beest a devil, take 't as thou

Trin. O, forgive me my sins!

thee: Mercy upon us! Cal. Art thou afeard?

Ste. No, monster, not I.

Cal. Be not afeard; the isle is full of noises, Sounds, and sweet airs, that give delight and hurt not.

Sometimes a thousand twangling instruments Will humabout mine ears; and sometimes voices, That, if I then had waked after long sleep, Will make me sleep again; and then, in dreaming. riches

The clouds, methought, would open and show Ready to drop upon me: that, when I waked, I cried to dream again.

Ste. This will prove a brave kingdom to me. where I shall have my music for nothing.

Cal. When Prospero is destroyed. Ste. That shall be by and by: I remember

the story.

Trin. The sound is going away: let's follow

it, and after, do our work.

Ste. Lead, monster, we'll follow.—I would

I could see this taborer: he lays it on. Trin. Wilt come? I'll follow, Stephano. Exeunt.

SCENE III .- Another part of the Island.

Enter Alonzo, Sebastian, Antonio, GONZALO, ADRIAN, FRANCISCO, and others

Gon. By'r lakin. I can go no further, sir: My old bones ache: here's a maze trod, indeed, Through forth-rights and meanders! by your I needs must rest me. [patience.

Alon. Old lord, I cannot blame thee, Who am myself attach'd with weariness, To the dulling of my spirits: sit down, and rest. Even here I will put off my hope, and keep it No longer for my flatterer: he is drown'd Whom thus we stray to find: and the sea mocks Our frustrate search on land. Well, let him go.

Ant. I am right glad that he's so out of hope. Aside to SEB.

Do not, for one repulse, forego the purpose. That you resolved to effect. Seb. The next advantage

Will we take thoroughly. [Aside to ANT. Ant. [Aside to SEB.] Let it be tonight: For, now they are oppress'd with travel, they Will not, nor cannot, use such vigilance, As when they are fresh.

Seb. [Aside to ANT.] I say tonight; no more.

Solemn and strange music; and PROSPERO above, invisible. Enter several strange Shapes, bringing in a banquet; they dance about it with gentle actions of salutation, and inviting the King, &c., to eat, they depart.

Alon. What harmony is this? My good friends hark!

Marvellous sweet music! Gon. Alon. Give us kind keepers, heavens! What were these?

Seb. A living drollery: now I will believe, That there are unicorns; that, in Arabia There is one tree, the phoenix' throne; one (phoenix At this hour reigning there. I'll believe both; Ant.

Ste. He that dies, pays all debts: I defy And what does else want credit, come to me, And I'll be sworn 'tis true: travellers ne'er did he, Though fools at home condemn them.

Gon. If in Naples I should report this now, would they believe me? If I should say, I saw such islanders,

For, certes, these are people of the island,-Who, though they are of monstrous shape, yet,

note. Their manners are more gentle-kind than of Our human generation you shall find

Many, nay, almost any. Honest lord, Pro.

Thou hast said well; for some of you there present

Are worse than devils. Aside.

Alon. I cannot too much muse. Such shapes, such gesture, and such sound, expressing.

Although they want the use of tongue,—a kind Of excellent dumb discourse.

Praise in departing. [Aside. Pro. Fran. They vanish'd strangely.

Seb. No matter, since They have left their viands behind; for we have stomachs.-

Will't please you taste of what is here?

Not I. Alon. Gon. Faith, sir, you need not fear. When we were boys, feers.

Who would believe that there were mountain-Dew-lapp'd like bulls, whose throats had hanging at them

Wallets of flesh? or that there were such men. Whose heads stood in their breasts? which now we find,

Each putter-out of one for five, will bring us Good warrant of.

Alon. I will stand to, and feed, Although my last: no matter, since I feel, The best is past:—Brother, my lord the duke, Stand to, and do as we.

Thunder and lightning. Enter ARIEL like a harpy; claps his wings upon the table, and with a quaint device the banquet vanishes,

Ari. You are three men of sin, whom destiny,-That hath to instrument this lower world, And what is in 't,—the never-surfeited sea Hath caused to belch up; and on this island Where man doth not inhabit; you 'mongst men Being most unfit to live. I have made you mad; And even with such like valour, men hang and Their proper selves.

[ALON., SEB. &c., draw their swords. You fools! I and my fellows

Are ministers of fate; the elements, Of whom your swords are temper'd, may as well Wound the loud winds, or with bemock d-at stabs Kill the still-closing waters, as diminish One dowle that's in my plume; my fellow-

ministers Are like invulnerable; if you could hurt, Yourswords are now too massy for your strengths, And will not be uplifted. But, remember,-For that's my business to you,-that you three From Milan did supplant good Prospero Expos'd unto the sea, which hath requit it

Him, and his innocent child: for which foul deed The powers, delaying, not forgetting have

Incensed the seas and shores, yea, all the creatures.

Against your peace: Thee, of thy son, Alonzo, They have bereft; and do pronounce by me, Ling'ring perdition,—worse than any death Can be at once,—shall step by step attend You and your ways; whose wraths to guard you from,

Which here, in this most desolate isle; else falls Upon your heads,—is nothing but heart's sorrow, And a clear life ensuing,

He vanishes in thunder: then, to soft music, enter the Shapes again, and dance with mops and mows, and carry out the table.

Pro. [Aside.] Bravely the figure of this harpy hast thou

Perform'd, my Ariel; a grace it had devouring: Of my instruction hast thou nothing 'bated, In what thou hadst to say: so, with good life And observation strange, my meaner ministers Their several kinds have done: my high charms And these, mine enemies, are all knit up [work, In their distractions: they now are in my power, And in these fits I leave them, whilst I visit Young Ferdinand,—who they suppose is And his and my loved darling. [drown'd,--Exit Prospero from above.

Gon. I' the name of something holy, sir, why In this strange stare? stand you

O, it is monstrous! monstrous! Alon.Methought the billows spoke, and told me of it, The winds did sing it to me; and the thunder, That deep and dreadful organ-pipe, pronounced The name of Prosper; it did bass my trespass. Therefore my son i' the coze is bedded; and I'll seek him deeper than e'er plummet sounded. And with him there lie mudded. Exit. Seb. But one fiend at a time.

I'll fight their legions o'er.

I'll be thy second. Exeunt SEB. and ANT.

Gon All three of them are desperate; their great guilt,

Like poison given to work a great time after, Now 'gins to bite the spirits:-I do beseech you That are of suppler joints, follow them swiftly, And hinder them from what this ecstacy May now provoke them to.

Adr Follow, I pray you. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Before Prospero's Cell. Enter PROSPERO, FERDINAND, and MIRANDA

Pro. If I have too austerely punished you. Your compensation makes amends; for l Have given you here a thread of mine own life, Or that for which I live; who once again I tender to thy hand: all thy vexations Were but my trials of thy love, and thou Hast strangely stood the test: here, afore Heaven, I ratify this my rich gift. O Ferdinand, Do not smile at me, that I boast her off. For thou shalt find she will outstrap all praise, And make it halt behind her.

I do believe it. Fer. . Against an oracle.

Pro. Then, as my gift, and thine own acquisition

Worthily purchas'd, take my daughter: But If thou dost break her virgin knot before All sanctimonious ceremonies may With full and holy rite be minister'd No sweet aspersion shall the heavens let fall To make this contract grow: but barren hate, Sour-eyed disdain, and discord, shall bestrew The union of your bed with weeds so loathly, Tha you shall hate it both: therefore, take As Hymen's lamps shall light you. fheed, s I hope Fer.

For quiet days, fair issue, and long life, With such love as 'tis now, the murkiest den The most opportune place, the strong'st sugges-Our worser Gemus can, shall never melt [tion Mine honour into lust, to take away The edge of that day's celebration, [founder'd, When I shall think, or Phoebus' steeds are Or night kept chain'd below.

Pro. Fairly spoke: Sit, then, and talk with her, she is thine own .-What, Ariel; my industrious servant, Ariel!

Enter ARIEL.

Ari. What would, my potent master? here service

Pro. Thou and thy meaner fellows your last Did worthly perform; and I must use you In such another trick: go, bring the rabble, O'er whom I give thee power, here, to this place: Incite them to quick motion; for I must Bestow upon the eyes of this young couple Some vanity of mine art; it is my promise, Some vanity or mine ...,
And they expect it from me.

Presently?

Pro. Ay, with a twink. Ari. Before you can say, Come and go, And breathe twice; and cry, so, so; Each one, tripping on his toe,

Will be here with mop and mow: Do you love me, master? no? [approach Pro. Dearly, my delicate Ariel. Do not Till thou dost hear me call.

Well I conceive. Ari. Pro. Look thou be true: do not give dalliance Too much the rein: the strongest oaths are straw To the fire i' the blood: be more abstemious, Or else, good night your vow!

I warrant you, sir. The white cold virgin snow upon my heart Abates the ardour of my liver.

Well.-Now come, my Ariel: bring a corollary, Rather than want a spirit: appear, and pertly.-No tongue; all eyes; be silent. [Soft music.

A Masque. Enter IRIS.

Iris. Ceres, most bounteous lady, thy rich leas Of wheat, rye, barley, vetches, oats, and pease; Thy turfy mountains, where live nibbling sheep, Andflatmeads thatch' dwith stover, them to keep; Thy banks with peonied and lilied brims, Which spongy April at thy 'hest betrims, To make cold nymphs chaste crowns; and thy

broom groves, Whose shadow the dismissed bachelor loves, Being lass-lorn; thy pole-clipt vineyard; And thy sea-marge, sterile and rocky-hard, Where thou thyself dost air: The queen o' the sky Whose watery arch, and messenger, am I,

Bids thee leave these; and with her sovereign grace,

Here on this grass-plot, in this very place, To come and sport: her peacocks fly amain; Approach, rich Ceres, her to entertain.

Enter CERES.

Cer. Hail, many-colour'd messenger, that ne'er

Dost disobey the wife of Jupiter;
Who, with thy saffron wings, upon my flowers
Diffusest honey drops, refreshing showers;
And with each end of thy blue bow dost crown
My bosky acres, and my unshrubb'd down,
Rich scarf to my proud earth;—why hath thy
queen

Summon'd me hither, to this short-grass'd green?

Itis. A contract of true love to celebrate;

And some donation freely to estate

On the bless'd lovers.

Cer. Tell me, heavenly bow,
If Venus, or her son, as thou dost know,
Do now attend the queen? since they did plot
The means, that dusky Dis my daughter got,
Her and her blind boy's scandal'd company
I have forsworn.

Iris. Of her society
Be not afraid. I met her deity
Cutting the clouds towards Paphos; and her son
Dove-drawn with her; here thought they to have
done

Some wanton charm upon this man and maid, Whose vows are that no bed-rite shall be paid Till Hymen's torch be lighted; but in vain; Mars' hot minion is return'd again; Her waspish-headed son has broke his arrows, Swears he will shoot no more, but play with And be a boy right out.

Cer. Highest queen of state, Great Juno comes; I know her by her gait.

Enter JUNO.

Jun. How does my bounteous sister? Go with me,
To bless this twain, that they may prosperous be,
And honour'd in their issue.

SONG

Jun.—Honour, riches, marriage-blessing, Long continuance, and increasing, Hourly joys be still upon you! Juno sings her blessings on you.

Cer.—Earth's increase, and fosson plenty,
Barns and garners never empty;
Vines, with clust'ring bunches growing;
Plants, with goodly burden bowing;
Syring come to you, at the farthest,
In the very end of harvest!
Scarcity and want shall shun you
Ceres' blessing so is on you.

Fer. This is a most majestic vision, and Harmonious charmingly: May I be bold To think these spirits?

Pro. Spirits, which by mine art I have from their confines called to enact My present fancies.

Fer. Let me live here ever; So rare a wonder'd father, and a wise, Makes this place Paradise.

JUNO and CERES whisper, and send IRIS on employment.

Pro. Sweet now, silence; June and Ceres whisper seriously;

There's something else to do; hush, and be mute, Or else our spell is marr'd.

Iris. You nymphs, call'd Naiads, of the wind'ring brooks, [looks, With your sedged crowns. and ever harmless Leave your crisp channels, and on this green land Answer your summons: Juno does command. Come, temperate nymphs, and help to celebrate A contract of true love; be not too late.

Enter certain Nymphs.

You sun-burn'd sicklemen, of August weary, Come hither from the furrow, and be merry; Make holiday; your rye-straw hats put on, And these fresh nymphs encounter every one In country footing.

Enter certain Reapers, properly habited; they join with the Nymphs in a graceful dance; towards the end whereof PROSPERO starts suddenly, and speaks; after which, to a strange, hollow, and confused noise, they heavily vanish.

Pro. [Aside] I had forgot that foul conspiracy Of the beast Caliban and his confederates Against my life; the minute of their plot

Is almost come.—[To the Spirits.]Well done;
—avoid;—no more. [passion
Fer. This is strange; your father's in some

Fer. This is strange.

That works him strongly.

Never till this day,

Saw I him touch'd with anger so distemper'd. Pro. You do look, my son, in a moved sort, As if you were dismay'd: be cheerful, sir: Our revels now are ended: these our actors. As I foretold you, were all spirits, and Are melted into air, ınto thin air: And, like the baseless fabric of this vision The cloud-capp'd towers, the gorgeous palaces, The solemn temples, the great globe itself, Yea, all which it inherit, shall dissolve, And, like this insubstantial pageant faded, Leave not a rack behind: We are such stuff As dreams are made of, and our little life Is rounded with a sleep.—Sir, I am vex'd Bear with my weakness; my old brain is troubled, Be not disturb'd with my infirmity; If you be pleased, retire into my cell, And there repose; a turn or two I'll walk, To still my beating mind. Fer. Mira.

Fer. Mira. We wish your peace. [Exeunt.

Pro. Come, with a thought:—I thank you;
—Ariel, come.

Enter ARIEL.

Ari. Thy thoughts I cleave to: What's thy pleasure?

Pro. Spirit.

We must prepare to meet with Caliban.

Ari. Ay, my commander; when I presented
Ceres,

Ceres,
I thought to have told thee of it; but I fear'd
Lest I might anger thee. [varlets?

Pro. Say again, where didst thou leave these Ari. I told you, sir, they were red-hot with drinking:

So full of valour that they smote the air

For breathing in their faces; beat the ground For kissing of their feet; yet always bending Towards their project: Then I beat my tabor, At which, like unback'd colts, they prick'd their

Advanced their eyelids, lifted up their noses As they smelt music; so I charm'd their ears, That, calf-like, they my lowing follow'd through Tooth'd briers, sharp furzes, pricking goss, and

thorns. Which enter'd their frail shins: at last I left them I' the filthy mantled pool beyond your cell There dancing up to the chins, that the foul lake O'erstunk their feet.

This was well done, my bird; Pro. Thy shape invisible retain thou still:

The trumpery in my house, go, bring it hither, For stale to catch these thieves.

I go, I go. [Exit. Pro. A devil, a born devil, on whose nature Nurture can never stick; on whom my pains, Humanely taken, all, all lost, quite lost: And as, with age, his body uglier grows, So his mind cankers: I will plague them all,

Re-enter ARIEL, loaden with glistering apparel, &c.

Even to roaring: - Come, hang them on this line. PROSPERO and ARIEL remain invisible. CALIBAN, STEPHANO, and TRINCULO, all wet. Cal. Pray you, tread softly, that the blind

mole may not

Hear a footfall: we now are near his cell. Ste. Monster, your fairy, which you say is a harmless fairy, has done little better than played the Jack with us.

Trin. Monster, I do smell all horse-piss: at

which my nose is in great indignation. Ste. So is mine. Do you hear, monster? If I should take a displeasure against you; look you,-

Trin. Thou wert but a lost monster. Cal. Good, my lord, give me thy favour still: Be patient, for the prize I'll bring thee to

Shall hood-wink this mischance: therefore speak softly, All's hush'd as midnight yet.

Trin. Ay, but to lose our bottles in the pool— Ste. There is not only disgrace and dishonour in that, monster, but an infinite loss. Trin. That's more to me than my wetting:

yet this is your harmless fairy monster. Ste. I will fetch off my bottle, though I be

o'er ears for my labour.

Cal. Pr'ythee, my king, be quiet: Seest thou This is the mouth o' the cell: no noise, and enter. Do that good mischief, which may make this ısland

Thine own for ever, and I, thy Caliban, For aye thy foot-licker.

Ste. Give me thy hand: I do begin to have bloody thoughts.

Trin. O king Stephano! O peer! O worthy Stephano! look, what a wardrobe here is for thee.

Cal. Let it alone, thou fool; it is but trash. Trin. O, ho, monster; we know what belongs to a frippery .- O king Stephano!

Ste. Put off that gown, Trinculo; by this hand, I'll have that gown:

Thy grace shall have it. [mean, Cal The dropsy drown this fool! what do you

To dote thus on such luggage? Let's along, And do the murder first: if he awake, From toe to crown he'll fill our skins with

pinches; Make us strange stuff.

Ste. Be you quiet, monster.— Mistress line, is not this my jerkin? Now is the jerkin under the line: now, jerkin, you are like to lose your hair, and prove a bald jerkin.

Trin. Do, do: We steal by line and level.

ain't like your grace.

Ste. I thank thee for that jest: here's a garment for 't: wit shall not go unrewarded while I am king of this country: Steal by line and level, is an excellent pass of pate; there's another garment for 't.

Trin. Monster, come, put some lime upon your fingers, and away with the rest. [time, Cal. I will have none on't: we shall lose our

And all be turned to barnacles, or to apes

With foreheads villanous low.

Ste. Monster, lay to yourfingers; help to bear this away where my hogshead of wine is, or I'll turn you out of my kingdom: go to, carry this. Trin. And this.

Ste. Ay, and this.

A noise of hunters heard. Enter divers Spirits. in shape of hounds, and hunt them about. PROSPERO and ARIEL setting them on.

Pro. Hey, Mountain, hey!

Ari. Silver! there it goes, Silver! hark!

Pro. Fury, Fury! there, Tyrant, there! hark, [CAL., STE., and TRIN. are driven out. Go, charge my goblins that they grind their joints With dry convulsions; shorten up their sinews With aged cramps; and more pinch-spotted make Than pard or cat o'mountain. them, Hark, they roar. Arı.

Pro. Let them be hunted soundly: At this Lie at my mercy all mine enemies: Shortly shall all my labours end, and thou Shalt have the air at freedom: for a little

Follow, and do me service. Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I .- Before the Cell of PROSPERO.

Enter PROSPERO in his magic robes; and ARIEL.

Pro. Now does my project gather to a head: My charms crack not; my spirits obey; and time Goes upright with his carriage. How's the day? An. On the sixth hour; at which time, my You said our work should cease. flord.

I did say so, When first I raised the tempest. Say, my spirit,

How fares the king and 's followers? Ari. Confin'd together In the same fashion as you gave in charge;

Just as you left them, sir; all prisoners In the lime-grove which weather-fends your cell; They cannot budge till your release. The king. His brother, and yours, abide all three distracted, And the remainder mourning over them

Brimful of sorrow and dismay; but chiefly Him you termed, sir, The good old lord Gonzalo; His tears run down his beard, like winter's drops From eaves of reeds: your charm so strongly

works them.

That if you now beheld them, your affections Would become tender.

Dost thou think so, spirit? Ari. Mine would, sir, were I human. And mine shall.

Hast thou, which art but air, a touch, a feeling Of their afflictions? and shall not myself, One of their kind, that relish all as sharply Passion as they, be kindlier moved than thou art? Though with their high wrongs I am struck to

the quick, Yet, with my nobler reason, 'gainst my fury Do I take part: the rarer action is In virtue than in vengeance: they being penitent, The sole drift of my purpose doth extend Not a frown further. Go, release them, Ariel; My charms I'll break, their senses I'll restore, And they shall be themselves.

Ari. I'll fetch them, sir. Exit. Pro. Ye elves of hills, brooks, standing lakes,

and groves; And ye that on the sands with printless foot Do chase the ebbing Neptune, and do fly him When he comes back; you demi-puppets that By moonshine do the green sour ringlets make, Whereoftheewenotbites; and you whose pastime Is to make midnight mushrooms, that rejoice To hear the solemn curfew; by whose aid,— Weak masters though ye be, -I have bedimm'd Thencontidesun, call'dforththemutinous winds, And 'twixt the green sea and the azured vault Set rearing war: to the dread rattling thunder Have I given fire, and rifted Jove's stout oak With his own bolt: the strong-based promontory Have I made shake: and by the spurs pluck'd up The pine and cedar: graves, at my command, Have waked their sleepers, oped, and let them forth

By my so potent art. But this rough magic I here abjure: and, when I have required Some heavenly music,—which even now I do, To work mine end upon their senses, that This airy charm is for, I'll break my staff, Bury it certain fathoms in the earth, And deeper than did ever plummet sound I'll drown my book. Solemn music.

Re-enter ARIEL: after him Alonso, with a frantic gesture, attended by Gonzalo; Sebas-TIAN and ANTONIO in like manner, attended by · ADRIAN and FRANCISCO: they all enter the circle which PROSPERO had made, and there stand charmed; which PROSPERO observing, steaks.

A solemn air, and the best comforter To an unsettled fancy, cure thy brains, [stand, Now useless, boil'd within thy skull! There For you are spell-stopp'd. Holy Gonzalo, honourable man, Mine eyes, even sociable to the show of thine, Fallfellowly drops. - The charm dissolves apace; And as the morning steals upon the night, Melting the darkness, so their rising senses Begin to chase the ignorant fumes that mantle Their clearer reason.—O good Gonzalo, My true preserver, and a loyal sir To him thou follow'st; I will pay thy graces Home, both in word and deed .- Most cruelly Didst thou, Alonzo, use me and my daughter: Thy brother was a furtherer in the act;-

Thou'rt pinch'd for 't now, Sebastian, flesh and blood.-

You brother mine, that entertain ambition Expell'd remorse and nature; who, with Sebastian,-

Whose inward pinches therefore are most Would here have kill'd your king; I do forgive thee. Unnatural though thou art .- Their understand-

Begins to swell; and the approaching tide Will shortly fill the reasonable shore That now lies foul and muddy. Not one of them That yet looks on me, or would know me.—Ariel. Fetch me the hat and rapier in my cell;

Exit ARIEL. I will discase me, and myself present

As I was sometime Milan: quickly, spirit; Thou shalt ere long be free.

ARIEL re-enters, singing, and helps to attive PROSPERO.

Ari. Where the bee sucks, there suck I; In the cowslip's bell I lie: There I couch when owls do cry. On the bat's back I do fly After summer merrily: Merrily, merrily shall I live now, Under the blossom that hangs on the bough.

Pro. Why, that's my dainty Ariel: I shall miss thee; But yet thou shalt have freedom: so, so, so .-To the king's ship, invisible as thou art: There shalt thou find the mariners asleep

Under the hatches; the master and the boatswain Being awake, enforce them to this place: And presently, I pr'ythee.

An. I drink the air before me, and return

Or e'er your pulse twice beat. Exit ARIEL Gon. All torment, trouble, wonder, and amazement

Inhabits here. Some heavenly power guide us Out of this fearful country!

Behold, sir king, The wronged Duke of Milan, Prospero: For more assurance that a living prince Does now speak to thee, I embrace thy body; And to thee and thy company I bid A hearty welcome

Alon. Whether thou beest he or no. Or some enchanted trifle to abuse me, As late I have been, I not know: thy pulse Beats, as of flesh and blood; and, since I saw thee,

The affliction of my mind amends, with which, I fear, a madness held me: this must crave,-An if this be at all,—a most strange story. Thy dukedom I resign; and do entreat Thou pardon me my wrongs.—But how should Prospero

Be living and be here?

First, noble friend, Let me embrace thine age, whose honour cannot Be measured or confined. Whether this be

Gon.
Or be not, I'll not swear.
You do yet taste Some subtilties o' the isle, that will not let you Believe things certain—Welcome, my friends, [Aside to SEB. and ANT. all:-But you, my brace of lords, were I so minded, I here could pluck his highness' frown upon you, And justify you traitors; at this time I'll tell no tales.

Seb. The devil speaks in him. [Aside. No:-

For you, most wicked sir, whom to call brother Would even infect my mouth, I do forgive Thy rankest fault,-all of them; and require My dukedom of thee, which, perforce, I know Thou must restore.

If thou beest Prospero, Alon. Give us particulars of thy preservation:

How thou hast met us here, who three hours since Were wreck'd upon this shore; where I have lost-

How sharp the point of this remembrance is!--My dear son Ferdinand.

Pro. I am woe for 't, sir. Alon. Irreparable is the loss; and patience Says it is past her cure.

I rather think You have not sought her help; of whose soft grace For the like loss I have her sovereign aid,

And rest myself content.

Alon. You the like loss? Pro. As great to me as late; and, supportable Tomakethedearloss, have I means much weaker Than you may call to comfort you; for I

Have lost my daughter. Alon. A daughter!

O heavens, that they were living both in Naples, The king and queen there! that they were, I wish Myself were mudded in that oozy bed Where my son lies. When did you lose your

daughter? lords

Pro. In this last tempest. I perceive these At this encounter do so much admire That they devour their reason, and scarce think Their eyes do offices of truth, their words Are natural breath: but, howsoe'er you have Been justled from your senses, know for certain That I am Prospero, and that very duke Which was thrust forth of Milan; who most

llanded. strangely Upon this shore, where you were wreck'd, was To be the lord on't. No more yet of this; For 'tis a chronicle of day by day, Not a relation for a breakfast, nor Befitting this first meeting. Welcome, sir; This cell's my court: here have I few attendants, And subjects none abroad: pray you, look in.

My dukedom since you have given me again, I will requite you with as good a thing: At least bring forth a wonder, to content ye As much as me my dukedom.

The entrance of the Cell opens, and discovers FERDINAND and MIRANDA playing at chess.

Mira. Sweet lord, you play me false. Fer. No, my dearest love,

I would not for the world.

Mira. Yes, for a score of kingdoms you should And I would call it fair play. wrangle. If this prove Alon.

A vision of the island, one dear son Shall I twice lose.

A most high miracle? Seb. A most high miracier Fer. Though the seasthreaten, they are merci-I have cursed them without cause. [ful:

[FERD. kneels to ALON.

Now all the blessings Alon.Of a glad father compass thee about! Arise and say how thou cam'st here.

10

Mira. O, wonder! How many goodly creatures are there here! How beauteous mankind is! O brave new world. That hath such people in't!

'Tis new to thee. Рто. Alon. What is this maid, with whom thou

wast at play? Your eld'st acquaintance cannot be three hours:

Is she the goddess that hath sever'd us, And brought us thus together

Sir, she's mortal; But by immortal providence she's mine; I chose her when I could not ask my father For his advice, nor thought I had one: she Is daughter to this famous Duke of Milan, Of whom so often I have heard renown But never saw before; of whom I have Received a second life; and second father This lady makes him to me.

I am hers: But O, how oddly will it sound that I

Must ask my child forgiveness! Pro. There, sir, stop:

Let us not burden our remembrances With a heaviness that's gone.

I have inly wept, Or should have spoke ere this. Look down, you And on this couple drop a blessed crown; [gods, For it is you that have chalk'd forth the way Which brought us hither!

Alon. I say, Amen, Gonzalo! Gon. Was Milan thrust from Milan, that his

Should become kings of Naples? O, rejoice Beyond a common joy; and set it down With gold on lasting pillars: in one voyage Did Claribel her husband find at Tunis; And Ferdinand, her brother, found a wife Where he himself was lost; Prospero his duke-In a poor isle; and all of us ourselves When no man was his own.

Alon. Give me your hands: [To FERD. and MIR.

Let grief and sorrow still embrace his heart That doth not wish you joy!

Be 't so! Amen! Gon.

Re-enter ARIEL, with the Master and Boatswain amazedly following. O look, sir, look, sir; here are more of us!

I prophesied, if a gallows were on land, This fellow could not drown. Now, blasphemy, That swear'st grace o'erboard, not an oath on shore?

Hast thou no mouth by land? What is the news? Boats. The best news is, that we have safely found

Our king and company: the next, our ship, Which, but three glasses since, we gave out split, Is tight, and yare, and bravely rigg'd, as when We first put out to sea.

Sir, all this service Ari. Have I done since I went. Aside. Pro. My tricksy spirit!

Alon. These are not natural events; they strengthen From strange to stranger:—Say, how came you Boats. If I did think, sir, I were well awake, I'd strive to tell you. We were dead of sleep, And,—how, we know not,—all clapp'd under

hatches, [noises Where, but even now, with strange and several Of roaring, shrieking, howling, jingling chains, And more diversity of sounds, all horrible,

And more diversity of sounds, all horrible,
We were awaked; straightway, at liberty:
Where we, in all her trim, freshly beheld
Our royal, good, and gallant ship; our master
Capering to eye her: on a trice, so please you,
Even in a dream, were we divided from them,

And were brought moping hither.

Ari. Was't well done!

Pro. Bravely, my diligence. Thou shalt be free.

Aside.

Alor. This is as strange a maze as e'er men trod: And there is in this business more than nature Was ever conduct of: some oracle Must rectify our knowledge.

Pro.

Do not infest your mind with beating on Thestrangenessofthis business atpick' dieisure, Which shall be shortly, single I'll resolve you, Which to you shall seem probable,—of every These happen' daccidents: till when, be cheerful, And think of each thing well.—Come hither, spirit;

[Aside.

Set Caliban and his companions free.
Until the spell. [Exit ARIEL.] How fares
my gracious sir?

There are yet missing of your company Some few odd lads that you remember not.

Re-enter Ariel, driving in Caliban, Ste-PHANO, and Trinculo, in their stolen

Ste. Every man shift for all the rest, and let no man take care for himself; for all is but fortune —Coragio, bully-monster, coragio!

tune -- Coragio, bully-monster, coragio!

Trin. If these be true spies which I wear in

my head, here's a goodly sight.

Cal. O Setobos, these be brave spirits indeed!

How fine my master is! I am afraid

He will chastise me.

Seb. Ha, ha; What things are these, my lord Antonio! Will money buy them?

Ant. Very like; one of them

Is a plain fish, and, no doubt, marketable.

Pro. Mark but the badges of these men, my

lords,
Then say if they be true. This mis-shapen
His mother was a witch; and one so strong
That could control the moon, make flows and
ebbs,

And deal in her command, without her power: These three have robb'd me: and this demidevil,—

For he's a bastard one,—had plotted with them To take my life: two of these fellows you Must know and own; this thing of darkness I Acknowledge mine.

Cal. I shall be pinch'd to death.
Alon. Is notthis Stephano, mydrunken butler?
Seb. He is drunk now: where had he wine?
Alon. And Trinculo is reeling ripe: where
should they

Find this grand liquor that hath gilded them?— How cam'st thou in this pickle? Trin. I have been in such a pickle since I saw you last that, I fear me, will never out of my bones: I shall not fear fly-blowing.

Seb. Why, how now, Stephano? Ste. O, touch me not; I am not Stephano,

but a cramp.

Pro You'd be king of the icle cirreb!

Pro. You'd be king of the isle, sirrah!
Ste. I should have been a sore one then.
Alon. This is as strange a thing as e'er I look'd on. [Pointing to CALIBAN.

Pro. He is as disproportioned in his manners As in his shape.—Go, sirrah, to my cell; Take with you your companions; as you look To have my pardon, trim it handsomely.

Cal. Ay, that I will; and I'll be wise hereafter,

And seek for grace. What a thrice-double ass Was I to take this drunkard for a god, And worship this dull fool!

Pro. Go to; away!

Alon. Hence, and bestow your luggage
where you found it.

where you found it.

Seb. Or stole it, rather.

[Exeunt CAL., STE., and TRIN.

Pro. Sir Linvite your highness and your tra

Pro. Sir, I invite your highness and your train To my poor cell: where you shall take your rest For this one night; which (part of it) I'll waste With such discourse as, I not doubt, shall make it

Go quick away,—tho story of my life,
And the particular accidents gone by
Since I came to this isle: and in the morn
I'll bring you to your ship, and so to Naples,
Where I have hope to see the nuptial
Of these our dear-beloved solemniz'd;
And thence retire me to my Milan, where
Every third thought shall be my grave.

I long

To hear the story of your life, which must Take the ear strangely.

Pro.

EPILOGUE.

SPOKEN BY PROSPERO Now my charms are all o'erthrown, And what strength I have 's mine own,— Which is most faint: now 'tis true, I must be here confined by you, Or sent to Naples. Let me not, Since I have my dukedom got, And pardon'd the deceiver, dwell In this bare island by your spell; But release me from my bands With the help of your good hands. Gentle breath of yours my sails Must fill, or else my project fails, Which was to please. Now I want Spirits to enforce, art to enchant; And my ending is despair Unless I be relieved by prayer Which pierces so, that it assaults Mercy itself, and frees all faults. As you from crimes would pardon'd be, Let your indulgence set me free.

THE TWO GENTLEMEN OF VERONA

PERSONS REPRESENTED

DUKE OF MILAN, Father to SILVIA. VALENTINE, Gentlemen of Verona. PROTEUS, ANTONIO, Father to PROTEUS. THURIO, a foolish Rival to VALENTINE. EGLAMOUR, Agent for SILVIA in her escape. SPEED, a clownish Servant to VALENTINE. LAUNCE, Servant to PROTEUS. PANTHINO. Servant to ANTONIO.

Host, where JULIA lodges in Milan.

JULIA, a Lady of Verona, beloved by PROTRUS. SILVIA, the Duke's daughter, beloved by VALENTINE. LUCETTA, Waiting-woman to TULIA.

> Servants. Musicians.

Scene, -Sometimes in Verona; sometimes in Milan; and on the frontiers of Mantua,

ACT I.

SCENE I-An open place in VERONA.

Enter VALENTINE and PROTEUS.

Val. Cease to persuade, my loving Proteus; And yet you never swam to Hellespont. Home-keeping youth hath ever homely wits: War't not affection chains thy tender days To the sweet glances of thy honour'd love, I rather would entreat thy company To see the wonders of the world abroad, Than, living dully sluggardiz'd at home, Wear out thy youth with shapeless idleness. But since thou lov'st, love still, and thrive therein Even as I would, when I to love begin. [adicu! Pro. Wilt thou be gone? Sweet Valentine, Think on thy Proteus, when thou haply seest

Some rare noteworthy object in thy travel: Wish me partaker in thy happiness When thou dost meet good hap; and in thy danger,

If ever danger do environ thee, Commend thy grievance to my holy prayers, For I will be thy beadsman, Valentine.

Val. And on a love-book pray for my success.

Val. That's on some shallow story of deep love, How young Leander cross'd the Hellespont. Pro. That's a deep story of a deeper love; For he was more than over shoes in love.

Val. 'Tis true; for you are over boots in love,

Pro. Over the boots! nay, give me not the boots.

Val. No, I will not, for it boots thee not. What?

Val. To be in love, where scorn is bought with groans;

Coy looks with heart-sore sighs; one fading moment's mirth

With twenty watchful, weary, tedious nights: If haply won, perhaps a hapless gain; If lost, why then a grievous labour won; However, but a folly bought with wit,

Or else a wit by folly vanquished. fool. Pro. So, by your circumstance, you call me Val. So, by your circumstance, I fear you'll

prove.

Pro. 'Tis love you cavil at: I am not Love.

Val. Love is your master, for he masters you:

And he that is so yoked by a fool, Pro. Upon some book I love I'll pray for thee. Methinks should not be chronicled for wise.

The eating canker dwells, so eating love Inhabits in the finest wits of all. bud

Val. And writers say, As the most forward Is eaten by the canker ere it blow, Even so by love the young and tender wit Is turn'd to folly; blasting in the bud, Losing his verdure even in the prime, And all the fair effects of future hopes. But wherefore waste I time to counsel thee That art a votary to fond desire?

Once more adieu: my father at the road Expects my coming, there to see me shipp'd. Pro. And thither will I bring thee, Valentine. Val. Sweet Proteus, no; now let us take our

leave.

At Milan let me hear from thee by letters Of thy success in love, and what news else Betideth here in absence of thy friend; And I likewise will visit thee with mine.

Pro. All happiness bechance to thee in Milan! Val. As much to you at home! and so fare-Exit VALENTINE. well.

Pro. He after honour hunts, I after love: He leaves his friends to dignify them more; I leave myself, my friends, and all for love. Thou, Julia, thou hast metamorphos'd me; Made me neglect my studies, lose my time, War with good counsel, set the world at nought: Made wit with musing weak, heart sick with thought.

Enter Speed.

Speed. Sir Proteus, save you. Saw you my master?

Pro. But now he parted hence, to embark for Milan.

Speed. Twenty to one, then, he is shipp'd already

And I have play'd the sheep in losing him. Pro. Indeed a sheep doth very often stray An if the shepherd be awhile away.

Speed. You conclude that my master is a shepherd, then, and I a sheep?

Pro. I do.

Speed. Why, then, my horns are his horns whether I wake or sleep.

Pro. A silly answer, and fitting well a sheep. Speed. This proves me still a sheep. Pro. True; and thy master a shepherd.

Speed. Nay; that I can deny by a circumstance.

Pro. It shall go hard but I'll prove it by another.

Speed. The shepherd seeks the sheep, and not the sheep the shepherd; but I seek my master, and my master seeks not me: therefore, I am

no sheep.

Pro. The sheep for fodder follow the shepherd, the shepherd for food follows not the sheep; thou for wages followest thy master, thy master for wages follows not thee: therefore, thou art a sheep.

Speed. Such another proof will make me cry baa.

Pro. But dost thou hear? gav'st thou my letter to Julia?

Speed. Ay, sir; I, a lost mutton, gave your letter to her, a laced mutton; and she, a laced Wouldst thou then counsel me to fall in love?

Pro. Yet writers say, As in the sweetest bud mutton, gave me, a lost mutton, nothing for my labour!

Pro. Here's too small a pasture for such a store of muttons.

Speed. If the ground be overcharged you were best stick her?

Pro. Nay; in that you are astray; 'twere best pound you.

Speed. Nay, sir; less than a pound shall serve me for carrying your letter.

Pro. You mistake; I mean the pound, a pinfold.

Speed. From a pound to a pin? fold it over and over [your lover. 'Tis threefold too little for carrying a letter to

Pro. But what said she? did she nod?

Speed. [Nodding.] Ay.
Pro. Nod-Ay-why, that's noddy.

Speed. You mistook, sır; I say she did nod: and you ask me if she did nod; and I say, Ay.

Pro. And that set together is-noddy. Speed. Now you have taken the pains to set it together, take it for your pains.

Pro. No, no; you shall have it for bearing the letter.

Speed. Well, I perceive I must be fain to bear with you.

Pro. Why, sir, how do you bear with me? Speed. Marry, sir, the letter very orderly: having nothing but the word noddy for my

Pro. Beshrew me, but you have a quick wit. Speed. And yet it cannot overtake your slow purse.

Pro. Come, come; open the matter in brief: what said she?

Speed. Open your purse, that the money and the matter may be both at once delivered. Pro. Well, sir, here is for your pains: what

said she?

Speed. Truly, sir, I think you'll hardly win her.

Pro. Why, couldst thou perceive so much from her?

Speed. Sir, I could perceive nothing at all from her; no, not so much as a ducat for delivering your letter: and being so hard to me that brought your mind, I fear she'll prove as hard to you in telling her mind. Give her no token but stones; for she's as hard as steel.

Pro. What! said she nothing?

Speed. No, not so much as-Take this for thy pains. To testify your bounty, I thank you, you have testern'd me; in requital whereof, henceforth carry your letters yourself: and so,

sir, I'll commend you to my master. [wreck, _Pro. Go, go; begone, to save your ship from

Which cannot perish, having thee aboard, Being destined to a drier death on shore. I must go send some better messenger: I fear my Julia would not deign my lines,

Receiving them from such a worthless post.

Scene II .- The same. Garden of JULIA'S House.

Enter JULIA and LUCETTA.

Jul. But say, Lucetta, now we are alone,

Luc. Ay, madam, so you stumble not unheedfully.

Jul. Of all the fair resort of gentlemen That every day with parle encounter me, In thy opinion which is worthlest love?

Luc. Please you, repeat their names; I'll show my mind

According to my shallow simple skill.

Jul. What think'st thou of the fair Sir

Eglamour?

Luc. As of a knight well-speken, neat, and But were I you, he never should be mine.

Jul. What think'st thou of the rich Mercatio? Luc. Well of his wealth; but of himself, so so. Jul. What think'st thou of the gentle Proteus? Luc. Lord, lord! to see what folly reigns in us!

Jul. How now! what means this passion at

shame his name? Luc. Pardon, dear madam, 'tis a passing

That I, unworthy body as I am, Should censure thus on lovely gentlemen.

Jul. Why not on Proteus, as of all the rest?

Luc. Then thus: of many good I think him best. Jul. Your reason?

Luc. I have no other but a woman's reason, I think him so, because I think him so.

Jul. And wouldst thou have me cast my love on him? [away. Luc. Ay, if you thought your love not cast

Jul. Why, he of all the rest hath never moved me. [loves ye.

Luc. Yet he of all the rest, I think, best Jul. His little speaking shows his love but small.

Luc. Fire that is closest kept burns most of all. Jul. They do not love that do not show their love. Itheir love.

Luc. O, they love least that let men know Jul. I would I knew his mind.

Luc. Peruse this paper, madam.

Gives a letter.

Jul. |reads| 'To Julia,'-Say, from whom? Luc. That the contents will show.

Jul. Say, say; who gave it thee? Luc. Sir Valentine's page; and sent, I think,

from Proteus: the way, He would have given it you; but I, being in Did in your name receive it; pardon the fault, I ргау.

Jul. Now, by my modesty, a goodly broker! Dare you presume to harbour wanton lines? To whisper and conspire against my youth? Now, trust me, 'tis an office of great worth, And you an officer fit for the place. There, take the paper; see it be return'd;

Or else return no more into my sight.

Luc. To plead for love deserves more fee Luc. To plead for love Jul. Will you be gone? than hate. Luc. That you may ruminate.

Jul. And yet, I would I had o'erlook'd the It were a shame to call her back again, [letter. And pray her to a fault for which I chid her. What fool is she, that knows I am a maid, And would not force the letter to my view? Since maids, in modesty, say No to that Which they would have the profferer construe Ay. Fie, fie! how wayward is this foolish love, That, like a testy babe, will scratch the nurse, And presently, all humbled, kiss the rod!

How churlishly I chid Lucetta hence, When willingly I would have had her here! How angrily I taught my brow to frown, When inward joy enforced my heart to smile! My penance is to call Lucetta back, And ask remission for my folly past:-What, ho! Lucetta?

Re-enter Lucetta.

What would your ladyship? Luc. Jul. Is it near dinner time?

Luc.I would it were: That you might kill your stomach on your meat,

That you mignt and Joe And not upon your maid.
What is't you took up So gingerly?

Nothing. Luc

Jul. Why didst thou stoop then? Luc. To take a paper up that I let fall.

Jul. And is that paper nothing?

Luc. Nothing concerning me. Jul. Then let it lie for those that it concerns. Luc. Madam, it will not be where it concerns, Unless it have a false interpreter.

Jul. Some love of yours hath writ to you in

rhyme. Luc. That I might sing it, madam, to a tune:

Give me a note: your ladyship can set. Jul. As little by such toys as may be possible;

Best sing it to the tune of Light o' love. Luc. It is too heavy for so light a tune. Jul. Heavy! belike it hath some burden, then.

Luc. Ay; and melodious were it, would you sing it.

Jul. And why not you?

Luc. I cannot reach so high. Jul. Let's see your song.-How

fit out: minion? Luc. Keep tune there still, so you will sing And yet methinks I do not like this tune.

Jul. You do not?

Luc. No, madam; it is too sharp.

Jul. You, minion, are too saucy. Luc. Nay, now you are too flat,

And mar the concord with too harsh a descant, There wanteth but a mean to fill your song.

Jul. The mean is drown'd with your unruly base.

Luc. Indeed, I bid the base for Proteus. [me. Jul. This babble shall not henceforth trouble Here is a coil with protestation!-

[Tears the letter. Go, get you gone; and let the papers he:

You would be fingering them, to anger me. Luc, She makes it strange; but she would

be best pleased To be so anger'd with another letter.

Jul. Nay, would I were so anger'd with the same! O hateful hands, to tear such loving words!

Injurious wasps! to feed on such sweet honey, And kill the bees that yield it, with your stings! I'll kiss each several paper for amends. And here is writ-kind Julia, -unkind Julia! As in revenge of thy ingratitude,

I throw thy name against the bruising stones, Trampling contemptuously on thy disdain. Look, here is writ-love-wounded Proteus:-Poor wounded name! by bosom, as a bed,

heal'd;

And thus I search it with a sovereign kiss, But twice or thrice was Proteus written down: Be calm, good wind, blow not a word away Till I have found each letter in the letter, [bear Except mine own name; that some whirlwind Unto a ragged, fearful, hanging rock, And throw it thence into the raging sea! Lo, here in one line is his name twice writ,-Poor forlorn Proteus, passionate Proteus, To the sweet Julia; that I'll tear away; And yet I will not, sith so prettily He couples it to his complaining names. Thus will I fold them one upon another; Now kiss, embrace, contend, do what you will.

Re-enter Lucetta.

Luc. Madam, dinner's ready, and your father stays.

Jul. Well, let us go.

Luc. What! shall these papers lie like telltales here? lup.

Jul. If you respect them, best to take them Luc. Nay, I was taken up for laying them down;

Yet here they shall not lie for catching cold. Jul. I see you have a month's mind to them. Luc. Ay, madam, you may say what sights you see;

I see things too, although you judge I wink. Jul. Come, come; wilt please you go? Exeunt.

Scene III .- The same. A Room in ANTONIO'S House.

Enter ANTONIO and PANTHINO.

Ant. Tell me, Panthino, what sad talk was

Wherewith my brother held you in the closster? Pan. 'Twas of his nephew Proteus, your son.
Ant. Why, what of him?

He wonder'd that your lordship Pan. Would suffer him to spend his youth at home, While other men, of slender reputation, Put forth their sons to seek preferment out: Some to the wars, to try their fortune there; Some to discover islands far away; Some to the studious universities. For any, or for all these exercises, He said that Proteus, your son, was meet; And did request me to importune you To let him spend his time no more at home, Which would be great impeachment to his age, In having known no travel in his youth. [that

Ant. Nor need'st thou much importune me to Whereon this month I have been hammering. I have consider'd well his loss of time, And how he cannot be a perfect man, Not being tried and tutor d in the world: Expenence is by industry achieved, And perfected by the swift course of time: Then tell me, whither were I best to send him? Pan. I think your lordship is not ignorant

How his companion, youthful Valentine, Attends the emperor in his royal court.

Ant. I know it well. [him thither: Pan. 'Twere good, I think, your lordship sent There shall be practise tilts and tournaments,

Shall lodge thee till thy wound be thoroughly Hear sweet discourse, converse with noblemen. And be in eye of every exercise Worthy his youth and nobleness of birth.

Ant. I like thy counsel; well hast thou advised. And that thou may'st perceive how well I like it. The execution of it shall make known; Even with the speediest execution

I will dispatch him to the emperor's court. Pan. Tomorrow, may it please you, Don Al-With other gentlemen of good esteem, phonso, Are journeying to salute the emperor,

And to commend their service to his will. Ant. Good company; with them shall Proteus go. him.

And-in good time;-now will we break with Enter PROTEUS.

Pro. Sweet love! sweet hnes! sweet hfe! Here is her hand, the agent of her heart; Here is her oath for love, her honour's pawn: O that our fathers would applaud our loves, To seal our happiness with their consents! O heavenly Julia! [there?

Ant. How now? what letter are you reading Pro. May't please your lordship, 'tis a word or Of commendation sent from Valentine, Dehver'd by a friend that came from him.

Ant. Lend me the letter; let me see what news. Pro. There is no news, my lord; but that he

writes

How happily he lives, how well-beloved And daily graced by the emperor;

Wishing me with him, partner of his fortune.

Ant. And how stand you affected to his wish? Pro. As one relying on your lordship's will, And not depending on his friendly wish.

Ant. My will is something sorted with his wish.

Muse not that I thus suddenly proceed: For what I will, I will, and there an end. I am resolved that thou shalt spend some time With Valentinus in the emperor's court; What maintenance he from his friends receives, Like exhibition shalt thou have from me. Tomorrow be in readiness to go:

Excuse it not, for I am peremptory.

Pro. My lord, I cannot be so soon provided; Please you, deliberate a day or two. [after thee: Ant. Look, what thou want'st shall be sent No more of stay; to-morrow thou must go. Come on, Panthino; you shall be employ'd To hasten on his expedition.

Exeunt ANT. and PAN. Pro. Thus have I shunn'd the fire, for fear of drown'd: burning,

And drench'd me in the sea, where I am I fear'd to show my father Julia's letter, Lest he should take exceptions to my love; And with the vantage of mine own excuse Hath he excepted most against my love. O, how this spring of love resembleth The uncertain glory of an April day; Which now shows all the beauty of the sun, And by and by a cloud takes all away!

Re-enter Panthino.

Pan. Sir Proteus, your father calls for you; He is in haste; therefore, I pray you, go. Pro. Why, this it is! my heart accords thereto; And yet a thousand times it answers no.

Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I.—Milan. An apartment in the Duke's Palace.

Enter VALENTINE and SPEED.

Speed. [Picking up a glove.] Sir, your glove. Val. Not mine: my gloves are on.

Speed. Why, then, this may be yours; for this

is but one. [mine:— Val. Ha! let me see: ay, give it to me; it's Sweet ornament that decks a thing divine!

Ah, Silvia! Silvia! [Silvia! Speed. [Calling.] Madam Silvia! Madam

Val. How now, sirrah?

Speed. She is not within hearing, sir. Val. Why, sir, who bade you call her?

Val. Why, sir, who bade you call herr
Speed. Your worship, sir; or else I mistook.
Val. Well, you'll still be too forward.
Speed. And yet I was last chidden for being too

slow. [Stivia? Val. Go to, sir; tell me, do you know Madam Speed. She that your worship loves?

Val. Why, how know you that I am in love? Speed. Marry, by these special marks: first you have learned, like Sir Proteus; to wreath your arms like a mal-content; to relish a love-song, like a robin redbreast; to walk alone, like one that had the pestilence; to sigh, like a school-boy that had lost his A B C; to weep, like a young wench that had buried her grandam; to fast, like one that takes diet; to watch, like one that fears robbing; to speak puling, like a beggar at Hallowmas. You were wont, when you laughed, to row like a cock; when you walked, to walk like one of the lions; when you fasted, it was presently after dinner; when you loked sadly, it was for want of money: and now you are metamorphosed with a mistress, that, when I look on you, I can hardly think you my master.

you, I can hardly think you my master.

Val. Are all these things perceived in me?

Speed. They are all perceived without you.

Val. Without me? they cannot.

Speed. Without you? nay, that's certain; for, without you were so simple, none else would: but you are so without these follies, that these follies are within you, and shine through you like the water in a urnnal; that not an eye that sees you but is a physician to comment on your

malady.

Val. But tell me, dost thou know my lady

Silvia?

Speed. She that you gaze on so, as she sits at

supper?
Val. Hastthouobservedthat?evensheImean.

Speed. Why, sir, I know her not.
Val. Dost thou know her by my gazing on

her, and yet knowest her not?

Speed. Is she not hard favoured, sir?

Val. Not so fair, boy, as well favoured. Speed. Sir, I know that well enough. Val. What dost thou know?

Speed. That she is not so fair as (of you) well favoured.

Val. I mean that her beauty is exquisite, but her favour infinite.

Speed. That's because the one is painted and the other out of all count,

Val. How painted? and how out of count? Speed. Marry, sir, so painted, to make her fair, that no man counts of her beauty. Val. How esteemest thou me? I account of her beauty.

Speed. You never saw her since she was de-

Speed. You never saw her since she was deformed.

Val. How long hath she been deformed?

Speed. Ever since you loved her. Val. I have loved her ever since I saw her; and still I see her beautiful.

Speed. If you love her, you cannot see her.

Val. Why?

Speed. Because love is blind. O that you had mine eyes; or your own eyes had the lights they were wont to have when you chid at Sir Proteus for going ungartered!

Val: What should I see then?

Speed. Your own present folly and her passing deformity; for he, being in love, could not see to garter his hose; and you, being in love, cannot see to put on your hose.

Val. Belike, boy, then you are in love: for last morning you could not see to wipe my shoes. Speed. True, sir; I was in love with my bed; I thank you, you swinged me for my love, which makes me the bolder to chide you for yours.

Val. In conclusion, I stand affected to her. Speed. I would you were set; so your affec-

tion would cease.

Val. Last night she enjoined me to write some lines to one she loves.

Speed. And have you?

Val. I have.

Speed. Are they not lamely writ?

Val. No, boy, but as well as I can do them;— Peace; here she comes.

Speed. O excellent motion! O exceeding puppet! now will he interpret to her.

Enter SILVIA.

Val. Madam and mistress, a thousand goodmorrows.

Speed. O, give you good even!—Here's a million of manners.

[Aside. Sil. Sir Valentine and servant, to you two

thousand.

Speed. He should give her interest, and she gives it to him.

[Aside.

Val. As you enjoin'd me, I have writ your letter Unto the secret nameless friend of yours; Which I was much unwilling to proceed in

But for my duty to your ladyship.

Sil. I thank you, gentle servant; 'tis very clerkly done.

Val. Now trust me madam, it came hardly off;

For being ignorant to whom it goes
I writ at random, very doubtfully. [pains?

Sil. Perchance you think too much of so much Val. No, madam; so it stead you, I will write, Please you command, a thousand times as much: And yet:—

Sil. A pretty period! Well, I guess the se quel; And yet I will not name it:—and yet I care not;— And yet take this again;—and yet I thank you; Meaning henceforth to trouble you no more.

Speed. And yet you will; and yet another yet.

[Aside.

Val. What means your ladyship? do you not like it?

Sil. Yes, yes; the lines are very quaintly writ: But since unwillingly, take them sgain; Nay, take them. [Gives back the letter.

Val. Madam, they are for you. Sil. Ay, ay, you writthem, sir, at my request; But I will none of them; they are for you: I would have had them writ more movingly.

Val. Please you, I'll write your ladyship another. over;

Sil. And when it's writ, for my sake read it And if it please you, so; if not, why, so.

Val. If it please me, madam! what then? Sil. Why, if it please you, take it for your labour.

And so good morrow, servant. [Exit SILVIA. Speed. O jest unseen, inscrutable, invisible, As a nose on a man's face, or a weather-cock on a steeple!

My master sues to her; and she hath taught her suitor.

He being her pupil, to become her tutor. excellent device! was there ever heard a better? That my master, being scribe, to himself should write the etter?

Val. How now, sir? what are you reasoning with yourself?

Speed. Nay, I was rhyming: 'tis you that have the reason.

Val. To do what?

Speed. To be a spokesman from Madam Silvia? Val. To whom?

Speed. To yourself: why, she woos you by a figure.

Val. What figure?

Speed. By a letter, I should say.

Val. Why, she hath not writ to me? Speed. What need she when she hath made

you write to yourself? Why, do you not perceive Val. No, believe me. [the jest? Speed. No believing you indeed, sir. But did

you perceive her earnest?

Val. She gave me none except an angry word. Speed. Why, she hath given you a letter. Val. That's the letter I writ to her friend. Speed. And that letter hath she deliver'd, and there an end.

Val. I would it were no worse.

Speed. I'll warrant you 'tis as well. For often you have writ to her; and she, in

modesty, Or else for want of idle time, could not again

reply; Or fearing else some messenger that might her

mind discover, her lover .-Herself hath taught her love himself to write unto All this I speak in print, for in print I found it.-Why muse you, sir? 'tis dinner time.

Val. I have dined.

Speed. Ay, but hearken, sir; though the cameleon Love can feed on the air, I am one that am nourished by my victuals, and would fain have meat; O, be not like your mistress; be moved, be moved. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- VERONA. A Room in JULIA'S House.

Enter PROTEUS and JULIA.

Pro. Have patience, gentle Julia. Jul. I must, where is no remedy. Pro. When possibly I can I will return. Jul. If you turn not you will return the sooner; Keep this remembrance for thy Julia's sake. Givina a rina.

Pro. Why, then, we'll make exchange; here, take you this.

Jul. And seal the bargain with a holy kiss. Pro. Here is my hand for my true constancy; And when that hour o'erslips me in the day Wherein I sigh not, Julia, for thy sake The next ensuing hour some foul mischance Torment me for my love's forgetfulness! My father stays my coming; answer not: The tide is now: nay, not thy tide of tears That tide will stay me longer than I should: Exit JULIA

Julia, farewell.—What! gone without a word? Ay; so true love should do: it cannot speak; For truth hath better deeds than words to grace it. Enter PANTHINO.

Pan. Sir Proteus, you are stay'd for. Pro. Go; I come, I come:— Alas! this parting strikes poor lovers dumb. Exeunt.

Scene III .- The same. A Street.

Enter LAUNCE, leading a dog.

Laun. Nay, 'twill be this hour ere I have done weeping; all the kind of the Launces have this very fault: I have received my proportion, like the prodigious son, and am going with Sir Pro-teus to the Imperial's court. I think Crab my dog be the sourest-natured dog that lives: my mother weeping, my father wailing, my sister crying, our maid howling, our cat wringing her hands, and all our house in a great perplexity; yet did not this cruel-hearted cur shed one tear: he is a stone, a very pebble stone, and has no more pity in him than a dog: a Jew would have wept to have seen our parting; why, my grandam having no eyes, look you, wept herself blind at my parting. Nay, I'll show you the manner of it: this shoe is my father; -no, this left shoe is my father;-no, no, this left shoe is my mother; nay, that cannot be so neither; yes; it is so, it is so; it hath the worser sole. This shoe with the hole in it is my mother, and this my father. A vengeance on 't! there 'tis. Now, sir, this staff is my sister; for, look you, she is as white as a lily and as small as a wand; this hat is Nan our maid; I am the dog:—no, the dog is himself, and I am the dog,—O, the dog is me, and I am myself; ay, so, so. Now come I to my father; Father, your blessing; - now should not the shoe speak a word for weeping; now should I kiss my father; well, he weeps on: -now come I to my mother (O, that she could speak now!) like a wood woman;-well, I kiss her:--why there 'tis; here's my mother's breath up and down; now come I to my sister; mark the moan she makes: now the dog all this while sheds not a tear, nor speaks a word: but see how I lay the dust with my tears.

Enter PANTHING.

Pan. Launce, away, away aboard; thy master is shipped, and thou art to post after with oars. What's the matter! why weep'st thou, man? Away, ass; you will lose the tide if you tarry any longer.

Laun. It is no matter if the tied were lost;

for it is the unkindest tied that ever man tied. Pan. What's the unkindest tide? dog.

Laun. Why, he that's tied here: Crab, my Pan. Tut, man; I mean thou'lt lose the flood: and, in losing the flood, lose thy voyage; and, in losing thy voyage, lose thy master; and in losing thy master, lose thy service; and, in losing thy service, -- Why dost thou stop my mouth?

Laun. For fear thou shouldst lose thy tongue. Pan. Where should I lose my tongue?

Laun. In thy tale.

Pan. In thy tale?

Laun. Lose the tide, and the voyage, and the master, and the service? The tide! Why, man, if the river were dry, I am able to fill it with my tears; if the wind were down, I could drive the boat with my sighs.

Pan. Come, come away, man; I was sent

to call thee.

Laun. Sir, call me what thou darest.

Pan. Wilt thou go?

Laun. Well, I will go. Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- MILAN. An Apartment in the DUKE'S Palace.

VALENTINE, SILVIA, SPEED. THURIO, and

Sil. Servant-Val. Mistress?

Speed. Master, Sir Thurio frowns on you.

Val. Ay, boy, it's for love. Speed. Not of you.

Val. Of my mistress, then. Speed. 'Twere good you knocked him.

Sil. Servant, you are sad. Val. Indeed, madam, I seem so.

Thu. Seem you that you are not? Val. Haply I do.

Thu. So do counterfeits.

Val. So do you.

Thu. What seem I that I am not? Val. Wise.

Thu. What instance of the contrary?

Val. Your folly.

Thu. And how quote you my folly?
Val. I quote it in your jerkin.
Thu. My jerkin is a doublet.

Val. Well, then, I'll double your folly.

Thu. How?

Sil. What, angry, Sir Thurio? do you change

Val. Give him leave, madam: he is a kind of

cameleon. Thu. That hath more mind to feed on your

blood than live in your air.

Val. You have said, sir.

Thu. Ay, sir, and done too, for this time.

Val. I know it well, sir; you always end ere [quickly shot off. you begin.

Sil. A fine volley of words, gentlemen, and Val. 'Tis indeed, madam; we thank the giver. Sil. Who is that, servant?

Val. Yourself, sweet lady; for you gave the fire. Sir Thurio borrows his wit from your ladyship's looks, and spends what he borrows kindly in your company.

Thu. Sir, if you spend word for word with me, I shall make your wit bankrupt.

Val. I know it well, sir: you have an ex-

chequer of words, and, I think, no other treasure to give your followers; for it appears by their bare liveries that they live by your bare words.

Sil. No more, gentlemen, no more; here comes my father.

Enter DUKE.

Duke. Now, daughter Silvia, you are hard beset.

Sir Valentine, your father's in good health: What say you to a letter from your friends

Of much good news?

Val. My lord, I will be thankful To any happy messenger from thence.

Duke. Know you Don Antonio, your countryman

Val. Ay, my good lord; I know the gentle-To be of worth, and worthy estimation

And not without desert so well reputed. Duke. Hath he not a son? serves

Val. Ay, my good lord; a son that well de-The honour and regard of such a father.

Duke. You know him well?

Val. Iknewhimasmyself; for from our infancy We have conversed and spent our hours together: And though myself have been an idle truant, Omitting the sweet benefit of time

To clothe mine age with angel-like perfection. . Yet hath Sir Proteus-for that's his name-Made use and fair advantage of his days: His years but young, but his experience old; His head unmellow'd, but his judgment ripe;

And, in a word,—for far behind his worth Come all the praises that I now bestow,-

He is complete in feature and in mind, With all good grace to grace a gentleman.

Duke. Beshrew me, sir, but if he make this

He is as worthy for an empress' love As meet to be an emperor's counsellor. Well, sir: this gentleman is come to me, With commendation from great potentates

And here he means to spend his time awhile: I think 'tis no unwelcome news to you. Val. Should I have wished a thing it had been

Duke. Welcome him, then, according to his worth:

Silvia, I speak to you; and you, Sir Thurio;-For Valentine, I need not cite him to it: I'll send him hither to you presently.

Exit DUKE. Val. This is the gentleman I told your ladyship Had come along with me, but that his mistress Did hold his eyes lock'd in her crystal looks.

Sil. Belike that now she hath enfranchised Upon some other pawn for fealty.

Val. Nay, sure, I think she holds them

prisoners still. [blind, Sil. Nay, then, he should be blind; and, being How could he see his way to seek out you?

Val. Why, lady, love bath twenty pairs of eyes.

Thu. They say that love hath not an eye at all. Val. To see such lovers, Thurio, as yourself; Upon a homely object love can wink.

Enter PROTEUS.

Sil. Have done, have done; here comes the gentleman. seech you

Val. Welcome, dear Proteus!—Mistress, Ibe-Confirm his welcome with some special favour.

Sil. His worth is warrant for his welcome hither.

Pro.

If this be he you oft have wish'd to hear from. Val. Mistress, it is: sweet lady, entertain him To be my fellow-servant to your ladyship.

Sil. Too low a mistress for so high a servant. Pro. Notso, sweetlady; but too mean a servant To have a look of such a worthy mistress.

Val. Leave off discourse of disability:-Sweet lady, entertain him for your servant. Pro. My duty will I boast of, nothing else

Sil. And duty never yet did want his meed. Servant, you are welcome to a worthless mistress.

Pro. I'll die on him that says so but yourself. Sil. That you are welcome?

No; that you are worthless.

Enter Servant.

Ser. Madam, my lord your father would speak with you.

Sil. I'll wait upon his pleasure. [Exit Servant. Come, Sir Thurio. Go with me. - Once more, new servant, welcome.

I'll leave you to confer of home affairs; When you have done we look to hear from you. Pro. We'll both attend upon your ladyship.

[Execut Sil., Thu., and Speed. Val. Now, tell me, how do all from whence much commended. you came? Pro. Your friends are well, and have them

Val. And how do yours? Pro. I left them all in health.

Val. How does your lady? and how thrives your love?

Pro. My tales of love were wont to weary you: I know you joy not in a love discourse.

Val. Ay, Proteus; but that life is alter'd now:

I have done penance for contemning love Whose high imperious thoughts have punish'd me With bitter fasts, with penitential groans, With nightly tears, and daily heart-sore sighs: For, in revenge of my contempt of love, Love hath chased sleep from my enthralled eyes, And made them watchers of mine own heart's sorrow.

O, gentle Proteus, love's a mighty lord; And hath so humbled me, as I confess, There is no woe to his correction, Nor, to his service, no such joy on earth! Now no discourse, except it be of love; Now can I break my fast, dine, sup, and sleep, Upon the very naked name of love. Pro. Enough; I read your fortune in your eye:

Was this the idol that you worship so Val. Even she; and is she not a heavenly saint?

Pro. No; but she is an earthly paragon.

Val. Call her divine.

I will not flatter her. Val. O, flatter me; for love delights in praises. Pro. When I was sick you gave me bitter pills, And I must minister the like to you.

Val. Then speak the truth by her; if not divine,

Yet let her be a principality,
Sovereign to all the creatures on the earth.

Pro. Except my mistress.

Val. Sweet, except not any, Except thou wilt except against my love. Pro. Have I not reason to prefer mine own?

Val. And I will help thee to prefer her too: She shall be dignified with this high honour-To bear my lady's train, lest the base earth Should from her vesture chance to steal a kiss, And, of so great a favour growing proud, Disdain to root the summer-swelling flower.

And make rough winter everlastingly. [this? Pro. Why, Valentine, what braggardism is Val. Pardon me, Proteus: all I can is nothing To her whose worth makes other worthies She is alone. nothing;

Pro. Then let her alone. own; Val. Not for the world; why, man, she is mine And I as rich in having such a jewel As twenty seas, if all their sand were pearl, The water nectar, and the rocks pure gold. Forgive me that I do not dream on thee Because thou seest me dote upon my love. My foolish rival, that her father likes Only for his possessions are so huge, Is gone with her along; and I must after, For love, thou know'st is full of jealousy.

Pro. But she loves you?

Val. Ay, we are betroth'd: Nay, more; our marriage hour, With all the cunning manner of our flight, Determined of: how I must climb her window, The ladder made of cords; and all the means Plotted and 'greed on for my happiness. Good Proteus, go with me to my chamber.

In these affairs to aid me with thy counsel. Pro. Go on before; I shall inquire you forth: must unto the road to disembark Some necessaries that I needs must use; And then I'll presently attend you.

Val. Will you make haste?

Pro. I will.-Exit VAL. Even as one heat another heat expels. Or as one nail by strength drives out another, So the remembrance of my former love Is by a newer object quite forgotten. Is it mine eye, or Valentinus' praise, Her true perfection, or my false transgression. That makes me, reasonless, to reason thus? She's fair; and so is Julia that I love That I did love, for now my love is thaw'd; Which like a waxen image 'gainst a fire Bears no impression of the thing it was. Methinks my zeal to Valentine is cold. And that I love him not as I was wont: O! but I love his lady too, too much: And that's the reason I love him so little. How shall I dote on her with more advice. That thus without advice begin to love her? 'Tis but her picture I have yet beheld And that hath dazzled my reason's light; But when I look on her perfections, There is no reason but I shall be blind. If I can check my erring love, I will: If not, to compass her I'll use my skill. [Exit.

Scene V .- The same. A Street.

Enter Speed and LAUNCE.

Speed. Launce! by mine honesty, welcome to Milan.

Laun. Forswear not thyself, sweet youth; for I am not welcome. I reckon this always—that a man is never undone till he be hanged; nor never welcome to a place till some certain shot be paid and the hostess say, welcome.

Speed. Come on, you madcap; I'll to the ale-house with you presently; where, for one shot of fivepence, thou shalt have five thou-

sand welcomes. But, sirrah, how did thy master part with Madam Julia?

Laun. Marry, after they closed in earnest they parted very fairly in jest.

Speed. But shall she marry him?

Laun. No.

Speed. How, then? shall he marry her?

Laun. No, neither. Speed. What! are they broken?

Laun. No; they are both as whole as a fish. Speed. Why, then, how stands the matter with them?

Laun. Marry, thus; when it stands well with him it stands well with her.

Speed. What an ass art thou? I understand

Laun. What a block art thou, that thou canst not! My staff understands me.

Speed. What thou say'st?

Laun. Ay, and what I do, too; look thee, I'll but lean, and my staff understands me.

Speed. It stands under thee, indeed. [one. Laun. Why, stand under and understand is all Speed. But tell me true, will't be a match? Laun. Ask my dog: if he say ay, it will; if he say no, it will; if he shake his tail and say

nothing, it will.

Speed. The conclusion is, then, that it will.

Laun. Thou shalt never get such a secret

from me but by a parable.

Speed. 'Tis well that I get it so. But, Scene VII.-Verona. A Room in Julia's Launce, how say'st thou-that my master is become a notable lover?

Laun. I never knew him otherwise.

Speed. Then how?

Laun. A notable lubber as thou reportest him to be.

Speed. Why, thou whoreson ass, thou mistakest me.

Laun. Why, fool, I meant not thee, I meant thy master.

Speed. I tell thee, my master is become a hot lover.

Laun. Why, I tell thee I care not though he burn himself in love. If thou wilt go with me to the ale-house, so; if not, thou art an Hebrew, a Jew, and not worth the name of a Christian.

Speed. Why? Laun. Because thou hast not so much charity in thee as to go to the ale with a Christian.

Wilt thou go?

Speed. At thy service. [Exeunt.

Scene VI.—The same. An Apartment in the Palace.

Enter PROTEUS. Pro. To leave my Julia, shall I be forsworn; To love fair Silvia shall I be forsworn; To wrong my friend, I shall be much forsworn: And even that power which gave me first my oath Provokes me to this threefold perjury. Love bade me swear, and love bids me forswear; O sweet-suggesting love, if thou hast sinn'd, Teach me, thy tempted subject, to excuse it. At first I did adore a twinkling star, But now I worship a celestial sun. Unheedful vows may heedfully be broken; And he wants wit that wants resolved will To learn his wit to exchange the bad for better. Fie, fie, unreverend tongue! to call her bad,

Whose sovereignty so oft thou has preferr'd With twenty-thousand-soul-confirming oaths. I cannot leave to love, and yet I do: But there I leave to love where I should love. Julia I lose, and Valentine I lose: If I keep them, I needs must lose myself; If I lose them, thus find I by their loss, For Valentine, myself; for Julia, Silvia. I to myself am dearer than a friend: For love is still more precious in itself: [fair!-And Silvia-witness heaven, that made her Shows Juha but a swarthy Ethiope. I will forget that Julia is alive. Rememb'ring that my love to her is dead; And Valentine I'll hold an enemy, Aiming at Silvia as a sweeter friend. I cannot now prove constant to myself Without some treachery used to Valentine:-This night he meaneth with a corded ladder To climb celestial Silvia's chamber-window-Myself in counsel, his competitor: Now presently I'll give her father notice Of their disguising and pretended flight; Who, all enraged, will banish Valentine; For Thurio, he intends, shall wed his daughter: But, Valentine, being gone, I'll quickly cross, By some sly trick, blunt Thurio's dull proceeding. Love, lend me wings to make my purpose swift. As thou hast lent me wit to plot this drift! [Exit,

House.

Enter JULIA and LUCETTA.

Jul. Counsel, Lucettal gentle girl, assist mel And, even in kind love, I do conjure thee, Who art the table wherein all my thoughts Are visibly character'd and engraved, To lesson me; and tell me some good mean, How, with my honour, I may undertake A journey to my loving Proteus.

Luc. Alas! the way is wearisome and long. Jul. A true-devoted pilgrim is not weary To measure kingdoms with his feeble steps Much less shall she that hath love's wings to fly, And when the flight is made to one so dear, Of such divine perfection, as Sir Proteus.

Luc. Better forbear till Proteus make return. Jul. O, know'st thou not his looks are my soul's food?

Pity the dearth that I have pined in By longing for that food so long a time. Didst thou but know the inly touch of love. Thou wouldst as soon go kindle fire with snow As seek to quench the fire of love with words.

Luc. I do not seek to quench your love's hot But qualify the fire's extreme rage, fire: Lest it should burn above the bounds of reason.

Jul. The more thou damm'st it up, the more it burns: The current that with gentle murmur glides,

Thou know'st, being stopp'd, impatiently doth But when his fair course is not hindered

He makes sweet music with the enamell'd stones, Giving a gentle kiss to every sedge He overtaketh in his pilgrimage; And so by many winding nooks he strays, With willing sport, to the wild ocean. Then let me go, and hinder not my course:

I'll be as patient as a gentle stream, And make a pastime of each weary step, Till the last step have brought me to my love; And there I'll rest as, after much turmoil, A blessed soul doth in Elysium.

Luc. But in what habit will you go along? Jul. Not like a woman; for I would prevent The loose encounters of lascivious men; Gentle Lucetta, fit me with such weeds As may be seem some well-reputed page. [hair.

Luc. Why, then, your ladyship must cut your Jul. No, girl; I'll knit it up in silken strings, With twenty odd-conceited true-love knots: To be fantastic may become a youth

Of greater time than I shall show to be. Luc. What fashion, madam, shall I make

your breeches? lord, Jul. That fits as well as—" Tell me, good my What compass will you wear your farthingale?" Why, even that fashion thou best lik'st, Lucetta.

Luc. You must needs have them with a cod-

piece, madam.

Jul. Out, out, Lucetta! that will be ill-favour'd. Luc. A round hose, madam, now's not worth

Unless you have a cod-piece to stick pins on. Jul. Lucetta, as thou lov'st me, let me have What thou think'st meet, and is most mannerly: But tell me, wench, how will the world repute me For undertaking so unstaid a journey?

I fear me it will make me scandahz'd. [go not. Luc. If you think so, then stay at home, and Jul. Nay, that I will not.

Luc. Then never dream on infamy, but go. If Proteus like your journey when you come, No matter who's displeas'd when you are gone: I fear me he will scarce be pleased withal.

Jul. That is the least, Lucetta, of my fear: A thousand oaths, an ocean of his tears, And instances as infinite of love. Warrant me welcome to my Proteus.

Luc. All these are servante to deceitful men. Jul. Base men, that use them to so base effect! But truer stars did govern Proteus' birth: His words are bonds, his oaths are oracles; His love sincere, his thoughts immaculate; His tears pure messengers sent from his heart; His heart as far from fraud as heaven from earth.

Luc. Pray heaven he prove so when you come to him! [wrong,

Jul. Now, as thou lov'st me, do him not that To bear a hard opinion of his truth; Only deserve my love by loving him, And presently go with me to my chamber, To take a note of what I stand in need of To furnish me upon my longing journey. All that is mine I leave at thy dispose, My goods, my lands, my reputation; Only, in heu thereof, dispatch me hence: Come, answer not, but to it presently; I am impatient of my tarriance. Exeunt.

Scene I.-Milan. An Ante-room in the DUKE'S Palace.

Enter Duke, Thurio, and Proteus.

Duke. Sir Thurio, give us leave, I pray, awhile: We have some secrets to confer about.

Exit THURIO.

Now, tell me, Proteus, what's your will with

Pro. My gracious lord, that which I would [discover, The law of friendship bids me to conceal: But, when I call to mind your gracious favours Done to me, undeserving as I am, My duty pricks me on to utter that Which else no worldly good should draw from Know, worthy prince, Sir Valentine, my friend. This night intends to steal away your daughter; Myself am one made privy to the plot. I know you have determined to bestow her On Thurio, whom your gentle daughter hates; And should she thus be stolen away from you. It would be much vexation to your age. Thus, for my duty's sake, I rather chose To cross my friend in his intended drift, Than, by concealing it, heap on your head

A pack of sorrows, which would press you down, Being unprevented, to your timeless grave. Duke. Proteus, I thank thee for thine honest

care: Which to requite, command me while I live. This love of theirs myself have often seen Haply when they have judged me fast asleep: And oftentimes have purposed to forbid Sir Valentine her company and my court: But, fearing lest my jealous aim might err, And so, unworthily, disgrace the man, A rashness that I ever yet have shunn'd, I gave him gentle looks; thereby to find That which thyself hast now disclos'd to me. And, that thou may'st perceive my fear of this, Knowing that tender youth is soon suggested, I nightly lodge her in an upper tower, The key whereof myself have ever kept; And thence she cannot be conveyed away. [mean

Pro. Know, noble lord, they have devised a How he her chamber-window will ascend, And with a corded ladder fetch her down; For which the youthful lover now is gone. And this way comes he with it presently; Where, if it please you, you may intercept him. But, good my lord, do it so cunningly, That my discovery be not aimed at For love of you, not hate unto my friend. Hath made me publisher of this pretence.

Duke. Upon mine honour, he shall never know That I had any light from thee of this.

Pro. Adieu, my lord; Sir Valentine is coming. Exit.

Enter VALENTINE.

Duke. Sir Valentine, whither away so fast? Val. Please it your grace, there is a messenger That stays to bear my letters to my friends, And I am going to deliver them.

Duke. Be they of much import? Val. The tenor of them doth but signify My health and happy being at your court.

Duke. Nay, then, no matter; stay with me awhile; I am to break with thee of some affairs

That touch me near, wherein thou must be secret. 'Tis not unknown to thee that I have sought To match my friend, Sir Thurio, to my daughter. Val. I know it well, my lord; and, sure, the

match Were rich and honourable; besides, the gentleIs full of virtue, bounty, worth, and qualities Beseeming such a wife as your fair daughter: Cannot your grace win her to fancy him?

Duke. No, trust me; she is peevish, sullen,

froward, Proud, disobedient, stubborn, lacking duty; Neither regarding that she is my child Nor fearing me as if I were her father: And, may I say to thee, this pride of hers, Upon advice, hath drawn my love from her; And, where I thought the remnant of mine age Should have been cherished by her child-like duty,

I am now full resolved to take a wife, And turn her out to who will take her in: Then let her beauty be her wedding-dower; For me and my possession she esteems not,

Val. What would your grace have me to do in this?

Duke. There is a lady, sir, in Milan, here, Whom I affect; but she is nice, and coy, And nought esteems my aged eloquence: Now, therefore, would I have thee to mytutor,-For long agone I have forgot to court: Besides, the fashion of the time is chang'd;-How and which way I may bestow myself. To be regarded in her sun-bright eye.

Val. Winher with gifts, if she respect not words; Dumb jewels often, in their silent kind, More than quick words do move a woman's mind.

Duke. But she did scorn a present that I sent contents her:

Val. A woman sometimes scorns what best Send her another; never give her o'er; For scorn at first makes after-love the more. If she do frown, 'tis not in hate of you, But rather to beget more love in you: If she do chide, 'tis not to have you gone; For why, the fools are mad if left alone. Take no repulse whatever she doth say: For, get you gone, she doth not mean away: Flatter and praise, commend, extol their graces; Thoughne'erso black, saythey have angels' faces. That man that hath a tongue, I say, is no man, If with his tongue he cannot win a woman. Duke. But she I mean is promised by her

friends Unto a youthful gentleman of worth;

And kept severely from resort of men, That no man hath access by day to her. Val. Why, then, I would resort to her by night. Duke. Ay, but the doors be lock'd, and keys

kept safe, That no man hath recourse to her by night. Val. What lets but one may enter at her

[ground; Swohniw? Duke. Her chamber is aloft, far from the And built so shelving, that one cannot climb it

Without apparent hazard of his life. Val. Why, then, a ladder, quaintly made of To cast up with a pair of anchoring hooks, Would serve to scale another Hero's tower, So bold Leander would adventure it.

Duke. Now, as thou art a gentleman of blood, Advise me where I may have such a ladder. Val. When would you use it? pray, sir, tell me

Duke. This very night; for love is like a child, That longs for everything that he can come by. Val. By seven o'clock I'll get you such a ladder.

Duke. But, hark thee; I will go to her alone; How shall I best convey the ladder thither? Val. It will be light, my lord, that you may

bear it Under a cloak that is of any length.

Duke. A cloak as long as thine will serve the Val. Ay, my good lord.

Duke. Then let me see thy cloak:

I'll get me one of such another length. [lord. Val. Why, any cloak will serve the turn, my Duke. How shall I fashion me to wear a

I pray thee, let me feel thy cloak upon me.-What letter is this same? What's here?-To Silvia?

cloak?-

And here an engine fit for my proceeding! I'll be so bold to break the seal for once. [Reads. My thoughts do harbour with my Silvia nightly; And slaves they are to me, that send them flying. O, could their master come and go as lightly. Himself wouldlodge where senseless they are

lving. My herald thoughts in thy pure bosom rest them, While I, their king, that thither them importune, Do curse the grace that with such grace hath

bless'd them, Because myself do want my servants' fortune: I curse myself, for they are sent by me, That they should harbour where their lord

should be. What's here? Silvia, this night I will enfranchise thee: 'Tis so; and here's the ladder for the purpose Why, Phaeton,-for thou art Merops' son,-Wilt thou aspire to guide the heavenly car, And with thy daring folly burn the world? Wilt thou reach stars because they shine on thee? Go, base intruder! over-weening slave! Bestow thy fawning smiles on equal mates; And think my patience, more than thy desert, Is privilege for thy departure hence: Thank me for this, more than for all the favours Which, all too much, I have bestow'd on thee. But if thou linger in my territories Longer than swiftest expedition Will give thee time to leave our royal court, By heaven, my wrath shall far exceed the love I ever bore my daughter or thyself.

Begone, I will not hear thy vain excuse, But, as thou lov'st thy life, make speed from hence. Exit DUKE.

Val. And why not death, rather than living torment? To die is to be banish'd from myself;

And Silvia is myself: banish'd from her Is self from self: a deadly banishment! What light is light if Silvia be not seen? What joy is joy if Silvia be not by? Unless it be to think that she is by. And feed upon the shadow of perfection. Except I be by Silvia in the night There is no music in the nightingale; Unless I look on Silvia in the day There is no day for me to look upon: She is my essence; and I leave to be, If I be not by her fair influence Foster'd, illumined, cherish'd, kept alive. I fly not death to fly his deadly doom: Tarry I here I but attend on death; But fly I hence I fly away from life.

Enter PROTEUS and LAUNCE.

Pro. Run, boy, run, run, and seek him out. Laun. So-ho! so-ho!

Pro. What seest thou?

Laun. Him we go to find: there's not a hair on's head but 'tis a Valentine.

Pro. Valentine?

Val. No.

Pro. Who then? his spirit?

Val. Neither.

Pro. What then?

Val. Nothing. [strike? Laun. Can nothing speak? master, shall I Pro. Whom wouldst thou strike?

Laun. Nothing. Pro. Villain, forbear.

[you,-Laun. Why, sir, I'll strike nothing: I pray Pro. Sirrah, I say, forbear: Friend Valentine, [good news, a word.

Val. My ears are stopp'd, and cannot hear So much of bad already hath possess'd them. Pro. Then in dumb silence will I bury mine,

For they are harsh, untuneable, and bad.

Val. Is Silvia dead?

Pro. No, Valentine.
Val. No Valentine, indeed, for sacred Silvia!—

Hath she forsworn me?

Pro. No, Valentine. [mel-Val. No Valentine, if Silvia have forsworn What is your news?

Laun. Sir, there's a proclamation that you are vanish'd.

Pro. That thou art banished; O, that's the From hence, from Silvia, and from me thy fnend. Val. O, I have fed upon this woe already, And now excess of it will make me surfeit.

Doth Silvia know that I am banished? Pro. Ay, Ay; and she hath offer'd to the

doom,-Which, unreversed, stands in effectual force,-A sea of melting pearl, which some call tears: Those at her father's churlish feet she tender'd With them, upon her knees, her humble self; Wringing her hands, whose whiteness so be-

came them,

As if but now they waxed pale for woe: But neither bended knees, pure hands held up, Sad sighs, deep groans, norsilver-shedding tears, Could penetrate her uncompassionate sire; But Valentine, if he be ta'en, must die. Besides, her intercession chafed him so, When she for thy repeal was suppliant. That to close prison he commanded her, With many bitter threats of 'biding there.

Val. No more; unless the next word that

thou speak'st Have some malignant power upon my life: If so, I pray thee, breath it in mine ear,

As ending anthem of my endless dolour. [help. Pro. Cease to lament for that thou canst not And study help for that which thou lament'st. Time is the nurse and breeder of all good. Here if thou stay thou canst not see thy love; Besides, thy staying will abridge thy life. Hope is a lover's staff; walk hence with that, And manage it against despairing thoughts. Thy letters may be here though thou art hence: Which, being writ to me, shall be deliver'd Even in the milk-white bosom of thy love.

The time now serves not to expostulate: Come, I'll convey thee through the city gate; And, ere I part with thee, confer at large Of all that may concern thy love affairs: As thou lov'st Silvia, though not for thyself, Regard thy danger, and along with me.

Val. I pray thee, Launce, an if thou seest my boy, gate.

Bid him make haste and meet me at the north Pro. Go, sirrah, find him out. Come, Valentine.

Val. O my dear Silvia, hapless Valentine! Exeunt VAL, and PRO.

Laun. I am but a fool, look you; and yet I have the wit to think my master is a kind of knave: but that's all one if he be but one knave. He lives not now that knows me to be in love: yet I am in love; but a team of horse shall not pluck that from me; nor who 'tis I love, and vet 'tis a woman: but what woman I will not tell myself; and yet 'tis a milkmaid; yet 'tis not a maid, for she hath had gossips: yet 'tis a maid, for she is her master's maid, and serves for wages. She hath more qualities than a water-spaniel,—which is much in a bare Christian. Here is the cat-log [Pulling out a paper] of her conditions. Imprimis, She can fetch and carry. Why, a horse can do no more: nay, a horse cannot fetch, but only carry: therefore is she better than a jade. Item, She can milk; look you, a sweet virtue in a maid with clean hands.

Enter Speed.

Speed. How now, Signior Launce? what news with your mastership?

Laun. Withmy master's ship? why, it is at sea. Speed. Well, your old vice still; mistake the word

What news, then, in your paper? heard'st. Laun. The blackest news that ever thou Speed. Why, man, how black?
Laun. Why, as black as ink.

Speed. Let me read them.

read. Laun. Fie on thee, jolthead; thou canst not

Speed. Thou liest, I can.
Laun. I will try thee: Tell me this: Who begot thee?

Speed. Marry, the son of my grandfather. Laun. O illiterate loiterer! it was the son of thy grandmother: this proves that thou canst not read.

Speed. Come, fool, come: try me in thy paper. Laun. There; and St. Nicholas be thy speed! Speed. Imprimus, She can milk.

Laun. Ay, that she can.
Speed. Item, She brews good ale.
Laun. And thereof comes the proverb,— Blessing of your heart, you brew good ale.

Speed. Itom, She can sew.

Laun. That's as much as to say, can she so? Speed. Item, She can knit.

Laun. What need a man care for a stock with a wench, when she can knit him a stock. Speed. Item, She can wash and scour.

Laun. A special virtue; for then she need not be washed and scoured.

Speed. Item, She can spin. Laun. Then may I set the world on wheels, when she can spin for her living.

Speed. Item, She hath many nameless virtues. my letter. An unmannerly slave that will thrust Laun. That's as much as to say, bastard himself into secre virtues; that, indeed, know not their fathers, boy's correction. and therefore have no names.

Speed. Here follow her vices.

Laun. Close at the heels of her virtues. Speed. Item, She is not to be kissed fasting, in respect of her breath.

Laun. Well, that fault may be mended with a breakfast. Read on.

Speed. Item, She hath a sweet mouth. Laun. Thatmakesamendsforhersourbreath. Speed. Item, She doth talk in her sleep.

Laun. It's no matter for that, so she sleep not in her talk.

Speed. Item, She is slow in words.

Laun. O villain, that set this down among her vices! To be slow in words is a woman's only virtue: I pray thee, out with 't; and place it for her chief virtue.

Speed. Item, She is proud.

Laun. Out with that too; it was Eve's legacy, and cannot be ta'en from her.

Speed. Item, She hath no teeth.

Laun. I care not for that neither, because I love crusts.

Speed, Item, She is curst.
Laun. Well; the best is, she hath no teeth to bite.

Speed. Item, She will often praise her liquor. Laun. If her liquor be good, she shall: if she will not, I will; for good things should be praised.

speed. Item, She is too liberal.

Laun. Of her tongue she cannot: for that's writ down she is slow of: of her purse she shall not; for that I'll keep shut; now of another thing she may; and that I cannot help. Well, proceed.

Speed. Item, She hath more hair than wit, and more faults than hairs, and more wealth

than faults.

Laun. Stop there; I'll have her: she was mine, and not mine, twice or thrice in that last

article. Rehearse that once more.

Speed. Item, She hath more hair than wit, Laun. More hair than wit,-it may be; I'll prove it: The cover of the salt hides the salt, and therefore it is more than the salt; the hair that covers the wit is more than the wit; for the greater hides the less. What's next?

Speed.—And more faults than hairs,— Laun. That's monstrous: O, that that were

beed.—And more wealth than faults.

Laun. Why, that word makes the faults gracious. Well, I'll have her: and if it be a match, as nothing is impossible.

Speed. What then?

Laun. Why, then will I tell thee,—that thy

master stays for thee at the north gate.

Speed. For me?

Laun. For thee? ay: who art thou? he hath stay'd for a better man than thee.

Speed. And must I go to him?

Laun. Thou must run to him, for thou hast stay'd so long that going will scarce serve the turn. Speed. Why didst not tell me sooner? 'pox 'your love-letters! [Exit. of your love-letters!

Laun. Now will he be swinged for reading

himself into secrets!-I'll after, to rejoice in the

Scene II .- The same. A Room in the DUKE'S Palace.

Enter DUKE and THURIO; PROTEUS behind.

Duke. Sir Thurio, fear not but that she will love you

Now Valentine is banish'd from her sight.

Thu. Since his exile she hath despised me

Forsworn my company and rail'd at me, That I am desperate of obtaining her.

Duke. This weak impress of love is as a figure Trenched in ice; which with an hour's heat Dissolves to water and doth lose his form.

A little time will melt her frozen thoughts, And worthless Valentine shall be forgot. How now, Sir Proteus? Is your countryman,

According to our proclamation, gone?

Pro. Gone, my good lord.

Duke. My daughter takes his going grievously. Pro. A little time, my lord, will kill that grief. Duke. So I believe; but Thurio thinks not so.-

Proteus, the good conceit I hold of thee .-For thou hast shown some sign of good desert.-Makes me the better to confer with thee.

Pro. Longer than I prove loyal to your grace, Let me not live to look upon your grace. leffect Duke. Thou know'st, how willingly, I would The match between Sir Thurio and my daughter. Pro. I do, my lord.

Duke. And also I think, thou art not ignorant How she opposes her against my will.

Pro. She did, my lord, when Valentine was here.

Duke. Ay, and perversely she persevers so. What might we do to make the girl forget The love of Valentine and love Sir Thurio?

Pro. The best way is to slander Valentine With falsehood, cowardice, and poor descent; Three things that women highly hold in hate. Duke. Ay, but she'll think that it is spoke in

hate.

Pro. Ay, if his enemy deliver it: Therefore it must with circumstance, be spoken

By one whom she esteemeth as his friend. [him. Duke. Then you must undertake to slander

Pro. And that, my lord, I shall be loth to do: 'Tis an ill office for a gentleman;

Especially against his very friend. [tage him Duke. Where your good word cannot advan-Your slander never can endamage him;

Therefore, the office is indifferent, Being entreated to it by your friend. [it Pro. You have prevail'd, my lord: if I can do

By aught that I can speak in his dispraise, She shall not long continue love to him. But say this weed her love from Valentine, It follows not that she will love Sir Thurio.

Thu. Therefore, as you unwind her love from him.

Lest it should ravel, and be good to none, You must provide to bottom it on me: Which must be done by praising me as much As you in worth dispraise Sir Valentine.

Duke. And, Proteus, we dare trust you in

this kind:

Because we know, on Valentine's report, You are already love's firm votary, And cannot soon revolt and change your mind. Upon this warrant shall you have access. Where you with Silvia may confer at large; For she is lumpish, heavy, melancholy And, for your friend's sake, will be glad of you; Where you may temper her by your persuasion To hate young Valentine and love my friend.

Pro. As much as I can do I will effect: But you, Sir Thurio, are not sharp enough; You must lay lime to tangle her desires By wailful sonnets, whose composed rhymes Should be full fraught with serviceable vows.

Duke. Ay, much the force of heaven-bred poesy.

Pro. Say that upon the altar of her beauty You sacrifice your tears, your sighs, your heart; Write till your ink be dry; and with your tears Moist it again; and frame some feeling line That may discover such integrity:

For Orpheus' lute was strung with poets' sinews; Whose golden touch could soften steel and

stones. Make tigers tame and hugh leviathans Forsake unsounded deeps to dance on sands, After your dire lamenting elegies, Visit by night your lady's chamber-window With some sweet concert: to their instruments Tune a deploring dump; the night's dead silence Will well become such sweet complaining griev-

ance. This, or else nothing, will inherit her.

Duke. This discipline shows thou hast been in love. practice:

Thu. And thy advice this night I'll put in Therefore, sweet Proteus, my direction-giver, Let us into the city presently

To sort some gentlemen well skill'd in music: I have a sonnet that will serve the turn To give the onset to thy good advice.

Duke. About it, gentlemen. [supper: Pro. We'll wait upon your grace till after And afterward determine our proceedings. Duke. Even now about it; I will pardon you.

Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- A Forest near Mantua.

Enter certain Outlaws.

1. Out. Fellows, stand fast; I see a passenger. 2 Out. If there be ten, shrink not, but down with 'em.

Enter Valentine and Speed. 3 Out. Stand, sir, and throw us that you have about you;

If not, we'll make you sit, and rifle you.

Speed. Sir, we are undone! these are the villains

That all the travellers do fear so much.

Val. My friends,-

I Out. That's not so, sir; we are your enemies.

2 Out. Peace; we'll hear him.

3 Out. Ay, by my beard, will we;

For he's a proper man. lose; Val. Then know that I have little wealth to A man I am crossed with adversity;

My riches are these poor habiliments, Of which if you should here disfurnish me, You take the sum and substance that I have.

2 Out. Whither travel you?

Val. To Verona.

I Out. Whence came you?

Val. From Milan.

Out. Have you long sojourn'd there? Val. Some sixteen months; and longer might have stay'd

If crooked fortune had not thwarted me.

I Out. What! were you banish'd thence?

Val. I was.

2 Out. For what offence? Val. For that which now torments me to re-I kill'd a man, whose death I much repent;

But yet I slew him manfully in fight, Without false vantage or base treacher

I Out. Why, ne'er repent it, if it were done so. But were you banish'd for so small a fault?

Val. I was, and held me glad of such a doom.

2 Out. Have you the tongues? [happy; Val. My youthful travel therein made me Or else I often had been miserable. [friar,

3 Out. By the bare scalp of Robin Hood's fat This fellow were a king for our wild faction.

1 Out. We'll have him; sirs, a word. Speed. Master, be one of them;

It is an honourable kind of thievery. Val. Peace, villain! take to?

2 Out. Tell us this. Have you anything to Val. Nothing but my fortune. men;

3 Out. Know, then, that some of us are gentle-Such as the fury of ungovern'd youth

Thrust from the company of awful men: Myself was from Veiona banish'd For practising to steal away a lady,

An heir, and near allied unto the duke. 2 Out. And I from Mantua, for a gentleman,

Whom, in my mood, I stabb'd unto the heart. I Out. And I for such like petty crimes as these.

But to the purpose,-for we cite our faults That they may hold excused our lawless lives.-And, partly, seeing you are beautified With goodly shape, and by your own report A linguist, and a man of such perfection

As we do in our quality much want;—
2 Out. Indeed, because you are a banish'd man.

Therefore, above the rest, we parley to you. Are you content to be our general? To make a virtue of necessity

And live, as we do, in this wilderness?
3 Out. What say'st thou? wilt thou be of our

consort? Say ay, and be the captain of us all:

We'll do thee homage, and be ruled by thee, Love thee as our commander and our king.

I Out. But if thou scorn our courtesy thou diest. have offer'd.

2 Out. Thou shalt not live to brag what we Val. I take your offer, and will live with you,

Provided that you do no outrages On silly women or poor passengers.

3 Out. No; we detest such vile base practises. Come, go with us, we'll bring thee to our crews, And show thee all the treasure we have got; Which, with ourselves, all rest at thy dispose. Exeunt. Scene II .- Milan. Court of the Palace. Enter PROTEUS.

Pro. Already have I been false to Valentine, And now I must be as unjust to Thurio. Under the colour of commending him I have access my own love to prefer; But Silvia is too fair, too true, too holy, To be corrupted with my worthless gifts. When I protest true loyalty to her She twits me with my falsehood to my friend: When to her beauty I commend my vows She bids me think how I have been forsworn In breaking faith with Julia whom I loved: And, notwithstanding all her sudden quips, The least whereof would quell a lover's hope. Yet, spaniel-like, the more she spurns my love The more it grows, and fawneth on her still. But here comes Thurio: now must we to her window,

And give some evening music to her ear. Enter THURIO and Musicians.

Thu. How now, Sir Proteus? are you crept before us?

Pro. Ay, gentle Thurio; for you know that Will creep in service where it cannot go. [here. Thu. Ay, but I hope, sir, that you love not Pro. Sir, but I do; or else I would be hence. Thu. Whom? Silvia?

Pro. Ay, Silvia—for your sake. [men, Thu. I thank you for your own. Now, gentle-Let's tune, and to it lustily awhile.

Enter Host, at a distance; and Julia, in boy's clothes.

Host. Now, my young guest! methinks you're allycholly; I pray you, why is it?

Jul. Marry, mine host, because I cannot be

Host. Come, we'll have you merry: I'll bring

you where you shall hear music, and see the gentleman that you ask'd for. Jul. But shall I hear him speak?

Host. Ay, that you shall. Jul. That will be music. [Music plays. Host. Hark! hark! Jul. Is he among these?

Host. Ay; but peace, let's hear 'em.

Who is Silvia? what is she, That all our swains commend her? Holy, fair, and wise is she, The heavens such grace did lend her, That she might admired be. Is she kind as she is fair? For beauty lives with kindness: Love doth to her eyes repair, To help him of his blindness; And, being help'd, inhabits there. Then to Silvia, let us sing, That Silvia is excelling; She excels each mortal thing Upon the dull earth dwelling.

To her let us garlands bring. Host. How now? are you sadder than you were before?

How do you, man! the music likes you not. Jul. You mistake; the musician likes me not. Host. Why, my pretty youth? Jul. He plays false, father.

Host. How! out of tune on the strings?

Jul. Not so; but yet false that he grieves my very heart-strings.

Host. You have a quick ear.

Jul. Ay, I would I were deaf! it makes me have a slow heart.

Host. I perceive you delight not in music. Jul. Not a whit, when it jars so.

Host. Hark, what fine change is in the music. Jul. Ay; that change is the spite.

Host. You would have them always play but one thing? [thing. Jul. I would always have one play but one

But, host, doth this Sir Proteus, that we talk on, often resort unto this gentlewoman?

Host. I'll tell you what, Launce, his man, told me he loved her out of all nick.

Jul. Where is Launce?

Host. Gone to seek his dog; which, tomorrow, by his master's command, he must carry for a present to his lady.

Jul. Peace! stand aside! the company parts.

Pro. Sir Thurio, fear not you! I will so plead That you shall say my cunning drift excels.

Thu. Where meet we? Pro. At Saint Gregory's well.

Thu. Farewell.

Exeunt THURIO and Musicians.

SILVIA appears above, at her window.

Pro. Madam, good even to your ladyship. Sil. I thank you for your music, gentlemen:

Who is that that spake? Pro. One, lady, if you knew his pure heart's You'd quickly learn to know him by his voice

Sil. Sir Proteus, as I take it. Pro. Sir Proteus, gentle lady, and your ser-Sil. What is your will?

That I may compass yours. Sil. You have your wish; my will is even this,-That presently you hie you home to bed, Thou subtle, perjured, false, disloyal man!

Think'st thou I am so shallow, so conceitless, To be seduced by thy flattery, That hast deceived so many with thy vows? Return, return, and make thy love amends. For me, - by this pale queen of night I swear

I am so far from granting thy request That I despise thee for thy wrongful suit, And by and by intend to chide myself Even for this time, I spend in talking to thee.

Pro. I grant, sweet love, that I did love a But she is dead.

Jul. 'Twere false if I should speak it; '[lady;

Aside. For I am sure she is not buried. Sil. Say that she be; yet Valentine, thy friend Survives; to whom, thyself art witness, I am betrothed. And art thou not ashamed

To wrong him with thy importunacy? Pro. I likewise hear that Valentine is dead.

Sil. And so suppose am I: for in his grave Assure thyself my love is buried.

Pro. Sweet lady, let me rake it from the earth. Sil. Go to thy lady's grave, and call hers thence;

Or, at the least, in hers sepulchre thine.

Aside. Jul. He heard not that. Pro. Madam, if your heart be so obdurate, Vouchsafe me yet your picture for my love; The picture that is hanging in your chamber; To that I'll speak, to that I'll sigh and weep:

For, since the substance of your perfect self Is else devoted, I am but a shadow: And to your shadow I will make true love.

Jul. If 'twere a substance, you would, sure, deceive it,

And make it but a shadow, as I am. Sil. I am very loth to be your idol, sir; But, since your falsehood shall become you well To worship shadows and adore false shapes Send to me in the morning, and I'll send it: And so, good rest.

As wretches have o'er-night, That wait for execution in the morn.

[Exeunt Pro., and Sil., from above. Jul. Host, will you go? Host. By my hallidom, I was fast asleep. Jul. Pray you, where lies Sir Proteus? Host. Marry, at my house. Trust me, I think 'tis almost day.

Jul. Not so; but it hath been the longest night That e'er I watch'd, and the most heaviest. Exeunt.

SCENE III .- The same. Enter EGLAMOUR.

Eql. This is the hour that Madam Silvia Entreated me to call and know her mind; There's some great matter she'd employ me in. Madam, madam!

SILVIA appears above, at her window.

Sil. Who calls?

Eal. Your servant and your friend; One that attends your ladyship's command. Sil. Sir Eglamour, a thousand times good morrow.

Egl. As many, worthy lady, to yourself. According to your ladyship's impose, I am thus early come to know what service It is your pleasure to command me in.

Sil. O Eglamour, thou art a gentleman,-Think not I flatter, for I swear I do not, Valiant, wise, remorseful, well accomplish'd. Thou art not ignorant what dear good will I bear unto the banish'd Valentine: Nor how my father would enforce me marry Vain Thurso, whom my very soul abhorr'd. Thyself hast loved; and I have heard thee say No grief did ever come so near thy heart As when thy lady and thy true love died, Upon whose grave thou vow'dst pure chastity. Sir Eglamour, I would go to Valentine, To Mantua, where I hear, he makes abode; And, for the ways are dangerous to pass, I do desire thy worthy company Upon whose faith and honour I repose. Urge not my father's anger, Eglamour, But think upon my grief, a lady's grief; And on the justice of my flying hence, To keep me from a most unholy match. Which heaven and fortune still reward with I do desire thee, even from a heart [plagues. As full of sorrows as the sea of sands, To bear me company, and go with me: If not, to hide what I have said to thee, That I may venture to depart alone.

Egl. Madam, I pity much your grievances; Which, since I know they virtuously are placed, I give consent to go along with you; Recking as little what betideth me As much I wish all good befortune you.

When will you go? Sil.

This evening coming. Eal. Where shall I meet you? At Friar Patrick's cell, Sil. Where I intend holy confession.

Egl. I will not fail your ladyship: Good morrow, gentle lady.

Sil. Good morrow, kind Sir Eglamour. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- The same.

Enter LAUNCE, with his dog.

Laun. When a man's servant shall play the cur with him, look you, it goes hard: one that I brought up of a puppy; one that I saved from drowning, when three or four of his blind brothers and sisters went to it! I have taught him-even as one would say precisely, Thus I would teach a dog. I was sent to deliver him as a present to Mistress Silvia from my master: and I came no sooner into the dining-chamber but he steps me to her trencher and steals her capon's leg. O, 'tis a foul thing when a cur cannot keep himself in all companies! I would have, as one should say, one that takes upon him to be a dog indeed, to be, as it were, a dog at all things. If I had not had more wit than he, to take a fault upon me that he did, I think verily he had been hang'd for 't; sure as I live he had suffer'd for 't; you shall judge. He thrusts me himself into the company of three or four gentleman-like dogs under the duke's table: he had not been there-bless the mark a pissing while, but all the chamber smelt him. Out with the dog, says one; What cur is that? says another; Whip him out, says a third; Hang him up, says the duke. I, hav-ing been acquainted with the smell before, knew it was Crab; and goes me to the fellow that whips the dogs: Friend, quoth I, you mean to whip the dog? Ay, marry do I, quoth he. You do him the more wrong, quoth I; 'twas I did the thing you wot of. He makes me no more ado, but whips me out of the chamber. How many masters would do this for their servant? Nay, I'll be sworn, I have sat in the stocks for puddings he had stolen. otherwise he had been executed: I have stood on the pillory for geese he hath killed, other-wise he had suffer'd for 't: thou thinkest not of this now!-Nay, I remember the trick you served me when I took my leave of Madam Silvia; did not I bid thee still mark me and do as I do? When didst thou see me heave up my leg and make water against a gentle-woman's farthingale? didst thou ever see me do such a trick?

Enter PROTEUS and JULIA.

Pro. Sebastian is thy name? I like thee well, And will employ thee in some service presently. Jul. In what you please:-I will do what I

Pro. I hope thou wilt.—How now, you whoreson peasant? To LAUNCE. Where have you been these two days loitering?

Laun. Marry, sir, I carried Mistress Silvia the dog you bade me. Pro. And what says she to my little jewel?

Laun. Marry, she says your dog was a cur;

and tells you currish thanks is good enough for such a present.

ro. But she received my dog?

Laun. No, indeed, she did not; here have I brought him back again.

Pro. What! didst thou offer her this from me? Laun. Ay, sir; the other squirrel was stolen from me by the hangman's boys in the marketplace: and then I offer'd her mine own; who is a dog as big as ten of yours, and therefore the gift the greater.

Pro. Go, get thee hence and find my dog

again,

Or ne'er return again into my sight. Away, I say. Stay'st thou to vex me here? A slave, that still an end turns me to shame.

Exit LAUNCE. Sebastian, I have entertain'd thee, Partly that I have need of such a youth That can with some discretion do my business. For 'tis no trusting to youd foolish lout; But, chiefly, for thy face and thy behaviour. Which—if my augury deceive me not— Witness good bringing up, fortune, and truth: Therefore, know thou, for this I entertain thee. Go presently, and take this ring with thee, Deliver it to Madam Silvia: She loved me well deliver'd it to me.

Jul. It seems you loved not her, to leave her

Jul. It seems.
She's dead, belike.
Not so: I think she lives.

Jul. Alas! Pro. Why dost thou cry, Alas! Jul. I cannot choose but pity her.

Pro. Wherefore shouldst thou pity her?

Jul. Because, methinks, that she loved you as well

As you do love your lady Silvia:

She dreams on him that has forgot her love; You dote on her that cares not for your love. 'Tis pity love should be so contrary And thinking on it makes me cry, Alas!

Pro. Well, give her that ring, and there-withal This letter;—that's her chamber.—Tell my lady I claim the promise for her heavenly picture.
Your message done hie home unto my chamber.

Where thou shalt find me sad and solitary.

Exit PROTEUS.

Jul. How many women would do such a

message? Alas, poor Proteus! thou hast entertain'd A fox to be the shepherd of thy lambs; Alas, poor fool! why do I pity him That with his very heart despiseth me? Because he loves her, he despiseth me; Because I love him, I must pity him. This ring I gave him, when he parted from me, To bind him to remember my good will: And now am I—unhappy messenger To plead for that which I would not obtain; To carry that which I would have refused; To praise his faith, which I would have dispraised.

I am my master's true confirmed love. But cannot be true servant to my master Unless I prove false traitor to myself. Yet will I woo for him; but yet so coldly As, heaven it knows, I would not have him speed.

Enter SILVIA, attended.

Gentlewoman, good day! I pray you, be my mean

To bring me where to speak with Madam Silvia. Sil. What would you with her if that I be she? Jul. If you be she I do entreat your patience To hear me speak the message I am sent on.

Sil. From whom?

Jul. From my master, Sir Proteus, madam.

Sil. Oh!—he sends you for a picture? Jul. Ay, madam.

Sil. Ursula, bring my picture there.

Picture brought. Go, give your master this: tell him from me,

One Julia, that his changing thoughts forget, Would better fit his chamber than this shadow.

Jul. Madam, please you peruse this letter. Pardon me, madam; I have unadvised Delivered you a paper that I should not. This is the letter to your ladyship.

Sil. I pray thee, let me look on that again.
Jul. It may not be; good madam. pardon me.
Sil. There, hold.

I will not look upon your master's lines: I know they are stuff'd with protestations.

And full of new-found oaths; which he will break As easily as I do tear his paper.

Jul. Madam, he sends your ladyship this Sil. The more shame for him that he sends it me;

For I have heard him say a thousand times His Julia gave it him at his departure: Though his false finger have profaned the ring, Mine shall not do his Julia so much wrong.

Jul. She thanks you.
Sil. What say'st thou?
Jul. I thank you, madam, that you tender her: Poor gentlewoman! my master wrongs her

Sil. Dost thou know her?

Jul. Almost as well as I do know myself: To think upon her woes, I do protest

That I have wept an hundred several times. Sil. Belike she thinks that Proteus hath forsorrow. sook her.

Jul. I think she doth, and that's her cause of Sil. Is she not passing fair?

Jul. She hath been fairer, madam, than she is:

When she did think my master loved her well, She, in my judgment, was as fair as you; But since she did neglect her looking -glass, And threw her sun-expelling mask away, The air hath starv'd the roses in her cheeks, And pinch'd the lily-tuncture of her face, That now she is become as black as I.

Sil. How tall was she?

Jul. About my stature: for at Pentecost, When all our pageants of delight were play'd, Our youth got me to play the woman's part, And I was trimm'd in Madam Julia's gown; Which serv'd me as fit, by all men's judgment, As if the garment had been made for me: Therefore, I know she is about my height. And at that time I made her weep a-good. For I did play a lamentable part; Madam, 'twas Ariadne, passioning For Theseus' perjury and unjust flight;

Which I so lively acted with my tears That my poor mistress, moved therewithal, Wept bitterly; and would I might be dead If I in thought felt not her very sorrow!

Sil. She is beholden to thee, gentle youth!-Alas, poor lady! desolate and left!-I weep myself, to think upon thy words. Here, youth, there is my purse: I give thee this For thy sweet mistress' sake, because thou lov'st her.

Farewell. Exit STLVIA. Jul. And she shall thank you for 't if e'er you

know her. A virtuous gentlewoman, mild and beautiful. I hope my master's suit will be but cold, Since she respects my mistress' love so much Alas, how love can trifle with itself! Here is her picture. Let me see; I think, If I had such a tire, this face of mine Were full as lovely as is this of hers: And yet the painter flatter'd her a little, Unless I flatter with myself too much. Her hair is auburn, mine is perfect yellow: If that be all the difference in his love. I'll get me such a colour'd periwig. Her eyes are grey as glass; and so are mine: Ay, but her forehead's low, and mine's as high. What should it be that he respects in her But I can make respective in myself, If this fond love were not a blinded god? Come, shadow, come, and take this shadow up, For 'tis thy rival. O thou senseless form, Thou shalt be worshipp'd, kiss'd, lov'd, and ador'd;

And were there sense in his idolatry My substance should be statue in thy stead. I'll use thee kindly for thy mistress' sake, That used me so; or else, by Jove I vow, I should have scratch'd out your unseeing eyes, To make my master out of love with thee. Exit.

ACT V.

Scene I .- The same. An Abbey.

Enter EGLAMOUR.

Egl. The sun begins to gild the western sky: And now it is about the very hour That Silvia at Patrick's cell should meet me. She will not fail; for lovers break not hours, Unless it be to come before their time; So much they spur their expedition. Enter SILVIA.

See where she comes: Lady, a happy evening! Sil. Amen, amen! go on, good Eglamour! Out at the postern by the abbey wall; I fear I am attended by some spies.

Egl. Fear not: the forest is not three leagues If we recover that, we are sure enough Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same. An Apartment in the DUKE'S Palace.

Enter Thurio, Proteus, and Julia.

Thu. Sir Proteus, what says Silvia to my suit? Pro. O, sir, I find her milder than she was; And yet she takes exceptions at your person. Thu. What! that my leg is too long

Pro. No; that is it too little. frounder. Thu. I'll wear a boot to make it somewhat Be patient; we must bring you to our captain.

Pro. But love will not be spurr'd to what it loaths.

Thu. What says she to my face?

Pro. She says it is a fair one. black. Thu. Nay, then, the wanton lies; my face is Pro. But pearls are fair; and the old saying is Black men are pearls in beauteous ladies' eyes. Jul. 'Tis true, such pearls as put out ladies'

eves:

For I had rather wink than look on them. Aside.

Thu. How likes she my discourse?

Pro. Ill when you talk of war. [peace? Thu. But well when I discourse of love and Jul. But better, indeed, when you hold your

peace.
Thu. What says she to my valour? Pro. O, sir, she makes no doubt of that.

Jul. She needs not, when she knows it cowardice. Aside.

Thu. What says she to my birth?
Pro. That you are well derived.
Jul. True; from a gentleman to a fool. [Aside

Thu. Considers she my possessions?

Pro. O, ay; and pities them.

Thu. Wherefore?
Jul. That such an ass should owe them.

[Aside. Pro. That they are out by lease. Jul. Here comes the Duke.

Enter Duke. Duke. How now. Sir Proteus? how now.

Thurio? Which of you saw Sir Eglamour of late?

Thu. Not I. Nor I. Pro.

Duke. Saw you my daughter? Pro.

Neither. Duke. Why, then she's fled unto that peasant Valentine;

And Eglamour is in her company.
'Tis true; for Friar Lawrence met them both, As he in penance wander'd through the forest: Him he knew well, and guess'd that it was she; But, being mask'd, he was not sure of it: Besides, she did intend confession

At Patrick's cell this even; and there she was

These likelihoods confirm her flight from hence: Therefore, I pray you, stand not to discourse, But mount you presently; and meet with me Upon the rising of the mountain-foot That leads towards Mantua, whither they are

Dispatch, sweet gentlemen, and follow me Exit. Thu. Why, this it is to be a peevish girl,

That flies her fortune when it follows her: I'll after; more to be revenged on Eglamour Than for the love of reckless Silvia. Pro. And I will follow, more for Silvis's love Than hate of Eglamour that goes with her.

Jul. And I will follow, more to cross that love Than hate for Silvia, that is gone for love. [Exit. SCENE III .- Frontiers of MANTUA. The Forest.

Enter SILVIA, and Outlaws.

x Out. Come, come; Sil. A thousand more mischances than this O, 'tis the curse in love, and still approved, one

Have learn'd me how to brook this patiently.

2 Out. Come, bring her away.

1 Out. Where is the gentleman that was with

her? 2 Out. Being nimble-footed, he hath out-run But Moyses and Valerius follow him. Go thou with her to the west end of the wood; There is our captain: we'll follow him that's fled.

The thicket is beset; he cannot 'scape. I Out. Come, I must bring you to our cap-

tain's cave;

Fear not; he bears an honourable mind, And will not use a woman lawlessly.

Sil. O Valentine, this I endure for thee. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Another part of the Forest. Enter VALENTINE.

Val. How use doth breed a habit in a man! This shadowy desert, unfrequented woods, I better brook than flourishing peopled towns: Here can I sit alone, unseen of any, And to the nightingale's complaining notes Tune my distresses and record my woes. O thou that dost inhabit in my breast. Leave not the mansion so long tenantless, Lest, growing ruinous, the building fall, And leave no memory of what it was! Repair me with thy presence, Silvia; Thou gentle nymph, cherish thy forlorn swain!-What halloing and what stir is this to-day! [law, These are my mates, that make their wills their Have some unhappy passenger in chase: They love me well; yet I have much to do To keep them from uncivil outrages. Withdraw thee, Valentine; who's this comes Steps aside. here?

Enter Proteus, Silvia, and Julia.

Pro. Madam, this service I have done for doth. Though you respect not aught your servant

To hazard life, and rescue you from him [love. That would have forced your honour and your Vouchsafe me, for my meed, but one fair look; A smaller boon than this I cannot beg, And less than this, I am sure, you cannot give.

Val. How like a dream is this I see and hear! Love, lend me patience to forbear awhile.

Sil. O miserable, unhappy that I am! Pro. Unhappy were you, madam, ere I came; But, by my coming, I have made you happy. Sil. By thy approach thou makest me most

unhappy. Jul. And me, when he approacheth to your

Aside. presence. Sil. Had I been seized by a hungry lion, swould have been a breakfast to the beast, Rather than have false Proteus rescue me. O, heaven be judge how I love Valentine, Whose life's as tender to me as my soul; And full as much, - for more there cannot be, I do detest false, perjured Proteus: Therefore begone: solicit me no more.

Pro. What dangerous action, stood it next to

death, Would I not undergo for one calm look? When women cannot love where they're beloved.

Sil. When Proteus cannot love where he's Read over Julia's heart, thy first best love. For whose dear sake thou didst then rend thy faith Into a thousand oaths; and all those oaths Descended into perjury, to love me. Thou hast no faith left now, unless thou hadst And that's far worse than none; better have none Than plural faith, which is too much by one: Thou counterfeit to thy true friend!

Pro. In love,

Who respects friends? Sil.

All men but Proteus. Pro. Nay, if the gentle spirit of moving words Can no way change you to a milder form, I'll woo you like a soldier, at arms' end; [you. And love you 'gainst the nature of love-force Sil. O heaven!

Рто. I'll force thee yield to my desire. Val. Ruffian, let go that rude uncivil touch;

Thou friend of an ill fashion!

me.

Pro. Valentine! Val. Thou common friend, that's without faith or love.-

For such is a friend now; -- treacherous man! Thou hast beguil'd my hopes; nought but mine

Could have persuaded me. Now I dare not say I have one friend alive; thou wouldst disprove

Who should be trusted now, when one's right Is perjured to the bosom? Proteus, I am sorry I must never trust thee more, But count the world a stranger for thy sake. The private wound is deepest: O time, most curst! 'Mongstall foes, that a friend should be the worst.

Pro. My shame and guilt confound me.-Forgive me, Valentine: if hearty sorrow Be a sufficient ransom for offence, I'tender it here; I do as truly suffer As e'er I did commit.

Val. Then I am paid; And once again I do receive thee honest .-Who by repentance is not satisfied Is nor of heaven nor earth; for these are pleased; By penitence the Eternal's wrath's appeas'd:-And, that my love may appear plain and free, All that was mine in Silvia I give thee.

Faints. Jul. O, me, unhappy! Pro. Look to the boy. is the matter? Val. Why, boy! why, wag! how now? what

Look up; speak. Jul. O good sir, my master charged me To deliver a ring to Madam Silvia;

Which, out of my neglect, was never done. Pro. Where is that ring, boy?

Jul. Here 'tis: this is it. Gives a ring.

Pro. How! let me see: Why, this is the ring I gave to Julia.

Jul. O, cry you mercy, sir, I have mistook;

This is the ring you sent to Silvia. Shows another ring.

Pro. But how camest thou by this ring? at my depart

I gave this unto Julia. Jul. And Julia herself did give it me; And Julia herself hath brought it hither. Pro. How! Julia!

Jul. Behold her that gave aim to all thy oaths, And entertain'd them deeply in her heart: How oft hast thou with perjury cleft the root? O Proteus, let this habit make thee blush! Be thou asham'd that I have took upon me Such an immodest raiment; if shame live In a disguise of love: It is the lesser blot, modesty finds, minds.

Women to change their shapes, than men their

Pro. Than men their minds! 'tis true: O heaven! were man

But constant, he were perfect: that one error Fills him with faults; makes him run through all th' sins:

Inconstancy falls off ere it begins: What is in Silvia's face but I may spy More fresh in Tulia's with a constant eye? Val. Come, come, a hand from either: Let me be blest to make this happy close:

'Twere pity two such friends should be long foes. Pro. Bear witness, Heaven, I have my wish

for ever. Jul. And I have mine.

Enter OUTLAWS, with DUKE and THURIO.

A prize, a prize, a prize! Val. Forbear, I say; it is my lord the duke. Your grace is welcome to a man disgrac'd, Banished Valentine.

Duke. Sir Valentine!

Thu. Yonder is Silvia; and Silvia's mine. Val. Thurio, give back, or else embrace thy death:

Come not within the measure of my wrath: Do not name Silvia thine; if once again, Milan shall not behold thee. Here she stands, Take but possession of her with a touch:-I dare thee but to breathe upon my love.

Thu. Sir Valentine, I care not for her, I; I hold him but a fool that will endanger His body for a girl that loves him not: I claim her not, and therefore she is thine.

Duke. The more degenerate and base art thou. To make such means for her as thou hast done, And leave her on such slight conditions .-Now, by the honour of my ancestry, I do applaud thy spirit, Valentine, And think thee worthy of an empress' love. Know then, I here forget all former griefs. Cancel all grudge, repeal thee home again. Plead a new state in thy unrivall'd merit, To which I thus subscribe,—Sir Valentine, Thou art a gentleman, and well derived; Take thou thy Silvia, for thou hast deserv'd her.

Val. I thank your grace: the gift hath made me happy.

I now beseech you, for your daughter's sake, To grant one boon that I shall ask of you. Duke. I grant it for thine own, whate'er it be. Val. These banish'd men, that I have kent withal,

Are men endued with worthy qualities; Forgive them what they have committed here. And let them be recall'd from their exile: They are reform'd, civil, full of good,

And fit for great employment, worthy lord.

Duke. Thou hast prevail'd; I pardon them, and thee:

Dispose of them as thou know'st their deserts. Come, let us go; we will include all jars With triumphs, mirth, and rare solemnity

Val. And, as we walk along, I dare be bold With our discourse to make your grace to smule: What think you of this page, my lord?

Duke. I think the boy hath grace in him; he blushes. [than boy. Val. I warrant you, my lord; more grace

Duke. What mean you by that saying? Val. Please you, I'll tell you, as we pass along, That you will wonder what hath fortuned .-Come, Proteus: 'tis your penance, but to hear The story of your loves discovered:

That done, our day of marriage shall be yours; One feast, one house, one mutual happiness.

THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR

PERSONS REPRESENTED

SIR JOHN FALSTAFF. FENTON. SHALLOW, a Country Justice. SLENDER, Cousin to SHALLOW. MR. FORD, | two Gentlemen dwelling at MR. PAGE, | Windsor. WILLIAM PAGE, a boy, Son to MR. PAGE. SIR HUGH EVANS, a Welsh Parson. DR. CAIUS, a French Physician. Host of the Garter Inn. BARDOLPH, Followers of Falstaff. PISTOL, NYM.

ROBIN, Page to FALSTAFF. SIMPLE, Servant to SLENDER. RUGBY, Servant to DR. CAIUS.

MRS. FORD. MRS. PAGE. MRS. ANNE PAGE, her Daughter, in love with FENTON. MRS. QUICKLY, Servant to DR. CAIUS.

Servants to PAGE, FORD, &c.

Scene,-Windson; and the parts adjacent.

ACT I.

SCENE I .- WINDSOR. Before PAGE'S House. Enter Justice SHALLOW, SLENDER, and Sir HUGH EVANS.

Shal. Sir Hugh, persuade me not; I will make a Star-chamber matter of it; if he were twenty Sir John Falstaffs he shall not abuse Robert Shallow, esquire.

Slen. In the county of Gloster, justice of peace, and coram.

Shal. Ay, cousin Slender, and Custalorum. Slen. Ay, and Ratolorum too; and a gentleman born, master parson; who writes himself Armigero; in any bill, warrant, quittance, or

obligation,—Armigero!

Shal. Ay, that we do; and have done any time these three hundred years.

Slen. All his successors, gone before him, have done 't; and all his ancestors, that come after him, may: they may give the dozen white luces in their coat. Shal. It is an old coat.

Eva. The dozen white louses do become an old coat well; it agrees well, passant: it is a familiar beast to man, and signifies—love.

Shal. The luce is the fresh fish; the salt fish

is an old coat.

Slen. I may quarter, coz? Shal. You may, by marrying.

Eva. It is marring indeed, if he quarter it.

Shal. Not a whit.

Eva. Yes, py'r lady; if he has a quarter of your coat, there is but three skirts for yourself, in my simple conjectures: but this is all one. If Sir John Falstaff have committed disparagements unto you, I am of the church, and will be glad to do my benevolence to make atonements and compromises between you.

Shal. The Council shall hear it; it is a riot. Eva. It is not meet the Council hear a riot; there is no fear of Got in a riot; the Council, look you, shall desire to hear the fear of Got, and not to hear a riot; take your vizaments in that.

Shal. Ha! o' my life, if I were young again, the sword should end it.

Eva. It is petter that friends is the sword, and end it: and there is also another device in my prain, which, peradventure, prings goot discretions with it. There is Anne Page, which is daughter to Master George Page, which is pretty virginity.

Sien. Mistress Anne Page? She has brown

hair, and speaks small like a woman.

Eva. It is that fery person for all the 'orld, as just as you will desire; and seven hundred pounds of monies, and gold, and silver, is her grandsire, upon his death's bed, (Got deliver to a joyful resurrection!) give, when she is able to overtake seventeen years old: it were a goot motion if we leave our pribbles and prabbles and desire a marriage between Master Abraham and Mistress Anne Page.

Shal. Did her grandsire leave her seven [penny.

hundred pound?

Eva. Ay, and her father is make her a petter Shal. I know the young gentlewoman; she has good gifts.

Eva. Seven hundred pounds, and possibili-

ties, is goot gifts. Shal. Well, let us see honest Master Page.

Is Falstaff there? Eva. Shall I tell you a lie? I do despise a liar as I do despise one that is false; or, as I despise one that is not true. The knight, Sir John, is there; and, I beseech you, be ruled by your well-willers. I will peat the door [knocks] for Master Page. What, hoa! Got pless your house here!

Enter PAGE.

Page. Who's there?

Eva. Here is Got's plessing, and your friend, and Justice Shallow: and here young Master Slender; that, peradventures, shall tell you another tale, if matters grow to your likings.

Page. I am glad to see your worships well: I thank you for my venison, Master Shallow.

Shal. Master Page, I am glad to see you; much good do it your good heart! I wished your venison better; it was ill killed:—How doth good Mistress Page?—and I love you always with my heart, la; with my heart.

Page. Sir, I thank you.

Shal. Sir, I thank you; by yea and no, I do. Page. I am glad to see you, good Master Slender.

Slen. How does your fallow greyhound, sir? I heard say he was outrun on Cotsale.

Page. It could not be judged, sir.

Slen. You'll not confess; you'll not confess.

Shal. That he will not;—'tis your fault; 'tis your fault:- 'Tis a good dog.

Page. A cur, sir.

Shal. Sir, he's a good dog, and a fair dog. Can there be more said? he is good, and fair. Is Sir John Falstaff here?

Page. Sir, he is within; and I would I could

do a good office between you.

Eva. It is spoke as a Christians ought to speak. Shal. He hath wronged me, Master Page. Page. Sir, he doth in some sort confess it.

Shal. If it be confessed, it is not redressed; is not that so, Master Page? He hath wronged

me; indeed he hath; at a word he hath:believe me; Robert Shallow, esquire, saith he is wronged.

Page. Here comes Sir John.

Enter Sir John Falstaff, Bardolph, Nym and PISTOL.

Fal. Now, Master Shallow; you'll complain of me to the king?

Shal. Knight, you have beaten my men. killed my deer, and broke open my lodge.

Fal. But not kissed your keeper's daughter? Shal. Tut, a pin! this shall be answered.

Fal. I will answer it straight;-I have done all this:- That is now answered.

Shal. The Council shall know this.

Fal. 'Twere better for you if it were known in counsel: you'll be laughed at.

Eva. Pauca verba, Sir John, goot worts.

Fal. Good worts! good cabbage.—Slender, I broke your head; what matter have you against me?

Slen. Marry, sir, I have matter in my head against you; and against your coney-catching rascals, Bardolph, Nym, and Pistol. They carried me to the tavern, and made me drunk, and afterwards picked my pocket.

Bard. You Banbury cheese! Slen. Ay, it is no matter.

Pist. How now, Mephostophilus?

Slen. Ay, it is no matter.

Nym. Slice, I say! pauca, pauca; slice! that's my humour. [tell, cousin? Slen. Where's Simple, my man?-can you

Eva. Peace: I pray you! Now let us under-There is three umpires in this matter, stand. as I understand: that is—Master Page, fidelicit, Master Page; and there is myself, fidelicit, myself; and the three party is, lastly and finally, mine host of the Garter. tween them.

Page. We three to hear it, and end it be-Eva. Fery goot. I will make a prief of it in my note-book; and we will afterwards 'ork upon the cause, with as great discreetly as we can.

Fal. Pistol,—

Pist. He hears with ears.

Eva. The tevil and his tam! what phrase is this, He hears with ear? Why, it is affectations.

Fal. Pistol, did you pick Master Slender's purse?

Slen. Ay, by these gloves, did he, (or I would I might never come in mine own great chamber again else,) of seven groats in mill-sixpences, and two Edward shovel-boards, that cost me two shilling and two pence a-piece of Yead Miller, by these gloves

Fal. Is this true, Pistol?

Eva. No; it is false, if it is a pick-purse. Pist. Ha, thou mountain-foreigner!-Sir

John, and master mine. I combat challenge of this latten bilbo: Word of denial in thy labras here;

Word of denial: froth and scum, thou liest.

Slen. By these gloves, then, 'twas he.

Nym. Be advised, sir, and pass good humours: I will say, marry trap, with you, if you run the nuthook's humour on me: that is the very note of it.

Sien. By this hat, then, he in the red face had it: for though I cannot remember what I did when you made me drunk, yet I am not altogether an ass.

Fal. What say you, Scarlet and John? Bard. Why, sir, for my part, I say the gentle

Bard. And being fap, sir, was, as they say, cashiered, and so conclusions passed the careires.

Slen. Ay, you spake in Latin then too; but 'tis no matter: I'll ne'er be drunk whilst I live again, but in honest, civil, godly company, for this trick. If I be drunk, I'll be drunk with those that have the fear of God, and not with drunken knaves.

Eva. So Got'udge me, that is a virtuous mind. Fal. You hear all these matters denied, gen-

tlemen; you hear it. Enter Mrs. ANNE PAGE with wine, Mrs. FORD and Mrs. PAGE following.

Page. Nay, daughter, carry the wine in; we'll drink within. Exit Anne Page.

Slen. O heaven! this is Mistress Anne Page. Page. How now, Mistress Ford?

Fal. Mistress Ford, by my troth, you are very well met: by your leave, good mistress.

Kissing her. Page. Wife, bid these gentlemen welcome:-Come, we have a hot venison pasty to dinner; come, gentlemen, I hope we shall drink down

Exeunt all but SHAL., SLEN.,

and Evans. Slen. I had rather than forty shillings I had my Book of Songs and Sonnets here .-

Enter SIMPLE.

How now, Simple! Where have you been? I must wait on myself, must I? You have not The Book of Riddles about you, have you?

Sum. Book of Riddles! why, did you not lend it to Alice Shortcake upon All-hallowmas last,

a fortnight afore Michaelmas?

Shal. Come, coz; come, coz; we stay for you. A word with you, coz; marry this, coz; there is, as 'twere, a tender, a kind of tender, made afar as 'twee, a tenner, a kind of tender, made atar off by Sir Hugh here.—Do you understand me? Sien. Ay, sir, you shall find me reasonable; if it he so, I shall do that that is reason. Shal. Nay, but understand me. Sien. So I do, sir.

all unkindness.

Eva. Give ear to his motions, Master Slender: I will description the matter to you, if

you be capacity of it.

Slen. Nay, I will do as my cousin Shallow says: I pray you, pardon me; he's a justice of

peace in his country, simple though I stand here. Eva. But this is not the question; the ques-

tion is concerning your marriage.

Shal. Ay, there's the point, sir. Eva. Marry is it; the very point of it; to

Mistress Anne Page. Slen. Why, if it be so, I will marry her upon

any reasonable demands.

Eva. But can you affection the 'oman? Let us command to know that of your mouth, or of your lips; for divers philosophers hold that the lips, have seen Sackerson loose twenty times; and is parcel of the mouth.—Therefore, precisely, have taken him by the chain: but, I warrant can you carry your good will to the maid?

Shal. Cousin Abraham Slender, can you love her?

Sien. I hope, sir,—I will do as it shall be-come one that would do reason.

Eva. Nay, Got's lords and his ladies, you must speak possitable if you can carry her your desires towards her.

Shal. That you must. Will you, upon good

dowry, marry her?

Slen. I will do a greater thing than that upon your request, cousin, in any reason.

Shal. Nay, conceive me, conceive me, sweet coz; what I do is to pleasure you, coz. Can

you love the maid?

Slen. I will marry her, sir, at your request; but if there be no great love in the beginning, yet Heaven may decrease it upon better acquaintance, when we are married, and have more occasion to know one another. I hope, upon familiarity will grow more contempt: but if you say, marry her, I will marry her, that I am freely dissolved, and dissolutely.

Eva. It is a fery discretion answer; save, the faul' is in the 'ort dissolutely: the 'ortis, according to our meaning, resolutely;—his meaning is good.

Shal. Ay, I think my cousin meant well. [la Slen. Ay, or else I would I might be hanged,

Re-enter ANNE PAGE.

Shal. Here comes fair Mistress Anne. - Would I were young for your sake, Mistress Anne!

Anne. The dinner is on the table; my father desires your worships' company.

Shal. I will wait on him, fair Mistress Anne. Eva. Od's plessed will! I will not be absence

at the grace. Exeunt SHAL. and Sir H. EVANS. Anne Will't please your worship to come in,

am very well. Slen. No, I thank you, forsooth, heartly: I

Anne The dinner attends you, sir. Slen. I am not a-hungry, I thank you, for sooth. Go, sırrah, for all you are my man, go wait upon my cousin Shallow. [Exit SIMPLE.] A justice of peace sometime may be beholden to his friend for a man.—I keep but three men and a boy yet, till my mother be dead: but what though? yet I live like a poor gentleman born.

Anne I may not go in without your worship; they will not sit till you come.

Slen. I' faith, I'll eat nothing; I thank you as much as though I did.

Anne I pray you, sir, walk in.

Slen. I had rather walk here, I thank you; I bruised my shin the other day with playing at sword and dagger with a master of fence, three veneys for a dish of stewed prunes; and, by my troth, I cannot abide the smell of hot meat since. Why do your dogs bark so? be there bears i' the town? [talked of.

Anne I think there are, sir; I heard them Slen. Ilove the sport well; but I shall as soon quarrel at it as any man in England:-You are afraid, if you see the bear loose, are you not?

Anne Ay, indeed, sir.

Slen. That's meat and drink to me now. I you, the women have so cried and shricked at it that it passed:-but women, indeed, cannot abide em; they are very ill-favoured rough

Re-enter PAGE.

Page. Come, gentle Master Slender, come; we stay for you.

Slen. I'll eat nothing, I thank you, sir. Page. By cock and pye, you shall not choose

sir: come, come. Slen. Nay, pray you, lead the way.

Page. Come on, sir.

Slen. Mistress Anne, yourself shall go first.

Anne Not I, sir; pray you, keep on. Slen. Truly, I will not go first; truly, la: I will not do you that wrong.

Anne I pray you, sir.

Slen. I'll rather be unmannerly than troublesome: you do yourself wrong indeed, la. Exeunt.

Scene II .- The same.

Enter Sir Hugh Evans and SIMPLE.

Eva. Go your ways, and ask of Doctor Caius' house which is the way: and there dwells one Mistress Quickly, which is in the manner of his nurse, or his dry nurse, or his cook, or his laundry, his washer, and his wringer. Simp. Well, sir.

Eva. Nay, it is petter yet:—give her this letter; for it is a 'oman that altogether's acquaintance with Mistress Anne Page: and the letter is, to desire and require her to solicit your master's desires to Mistress Anne Page: I pray you, begone; I will make an end of my dinner; there's pippins and cheese to come.

SCENE IIL-A Room in the GARTER INN. Enter Falstaff, Host, Bardolph, Nym, Pistol, and Robin.

Fal. Mine host of the Garter,-

Host. What says my bully-rook? Speak scholarly and wisely.

Fal. Truly, mine host, I must turn away some of my followers. Host. Discard, bully Hercules; cashier: let

them wag; trot, trot.

Fal. I sit at ten pounds a-week.

Host. Thou'rt an emperor, Caesar, Keisar, and Pheezar. I will entertain Bardolph; he shall draw, he shall tap: said I well, bully Hector?

Fal. Do so, good mine host.

Host. I have spoke; let him follow. Let me see thee froth and lime: I am at a word: follow. Exit Host.

Fal. Bardolph, follow him: a tapster is a good trade: an old cloak makes a new jerkin; a withered servingman a fresh tapster. Go: adieu. Bard. It is a life that I have desired; I will

thrive. Exit BARDOLPH. Pist. O base Gongarian wight! wilt thou

the spigot wield? Nym. He was gotten in drink: is not the

humour conceited? His mind is not heroic, and there's the humour of it.

Fal. I am glad I am so acquit of this tinderbox; his thefts were too open; his fliching was like an unskilful singer; he kept not time.

Nym. The good humour is, to steal at a minute's rest.

Pist. Convey, the wise it call: Steal! foh; a fico for the phrase!

Fal. Well, sirs, I am almost out at heels.

Pist. Why, then, let kibes ensue.

Fal. There is no remedy; I must conevcatch; I must shift.

Pist. Young ravens must have food.
Fal. Which of you know Ford of this town? Pist. I ken the wight; he is of substance good. Fal. My honest lads, I will tell you what I am about.

Pist. Two yards, and more.
Fal. No quips now, Pistol. Indeed I am in the waist two yards about: but I am now about no waste; I am about thrift. Briefly, I do mean to make love to Ford's wife; I spy entertainment in her; she discourses, she carves, she gives the leer of invitation: I can construe the action of her familiar style; and the hardest voice of her behaviour, to be English'd rightly, is, I am Sir John Falstaff's.

Pist. He hath studied her well, and translated her well; out of honesty into English. [pass? Nym. The anchor is deep: will that humour Fal. Now, the report goes, she has all the rule

ofherhusband'spurse; she hath legions of angels. Pist. As many devils entertain; and, To her,

boy, say I.

Nym. The humour rises; it is good: humour me the angels.

Fal. I have writ me here a letter to her: and here another to Page's wife; who even now gave me good eyes too, examined my parts with most judicious eyliads: sometimes the beam of her view gilded my foot, sometimes my portly belly.

Pist. Then did the sun on dunghill shine.

Nym. I thank thee for that humour.

Fal. O, she did so course o'er my exteriors with such a greedy intention, that the appetite of her eye did seem to scorch me up like a burning-glass! Here's another letter to her: she bears the purse too; she is a region in Guiana, all gold and bounty. I will be cheater to them both, and they shall be exchequers to me; they shall be my East and West Indies, and I will trade to them both. Go, bear thou this letter to Mistress Page; and thou this to Mistress Ford; we will thrive, lads, we will thrive.

Pist. Shall I Sir Pandarus of Troy become, And by my side wear steel? then, Lucifer take all! Nym. I will run no base humour: here, take the humour letter; I will keep the 'haviour of fletters tightly; reputation.

Fal. Hold, sirrah, [to ROB.,] bear you these Sail like my pinnace to these golden shores.— Rogues, hence, avaunt! vanish like hailstones

[pack! Trudge, plod, away, o' the hoof; seek shelter, Falstaff will learn the humour of this age, French thrift, you rogues; myself, and skirted

Exeunt FAL, and ROB. page, Pist. Let vultures gripe thy guts! for gourd and fullam holds.

And high and low beguile the rich and poor; Tester I'll have in pouch when thou shalt lack, Base Phrygian Turk!

Nym. I have operations in my head, which

be humours of revenge.

Pist. Wilt thou revenge?

Nym. By welkin, and her star! Pist. With wit or steel?

Nym. With both the humours, I: I will discuss the humour of this love to Page. Pist. And I to Ford shall eke unfold,

How Falstaff, varlet vile. His dove will prove, his gold will hold,

And his soft couch defile. Nym. My humour shall not cool: I will incense Page to deal with poison; I will possess him with yellowness, for the revolt of mien is

dangerous: that is my true humour. Pist. Thou art the Mars of malcontents: I second thee; troop on.

Scene IV .- A Room in Dr. CARUS'S House. Enter Mrs. OUICKLY, SIMPLE, and RUGBY.

Outch. What: John Rugby!-I pray thee go to the casement and see if you can see my master, Master Doctor Caius, coming: if he do, i' faith, and find anybody in the house, here will be an old abusing of God's patience and the kıng's English.

Rug. I'll go watch. Exit RUGBY.

Quick. Go; and we'll have a posset for 't soon at night, in faith, at the latter end of a sea-coal fire. An honest, willing, kind fellow, as ever servant shall come in house withal; and I warrant you, no tell-tale, nor no breed-bate: his worst fault is that he is given to prayer; he is something peevish that way; but nobody but has his fault;—but let that pass. Peter Simple, you say your name is?

Sim. Ay, for fault of a better.

Quick. And Master Slender's your master?

Sim. Ay, forsooth.

Quick. Does he not wear a great round beard, like a glover's paring-knife?

Sim. No, forsooth: he hath but a little wee

face, with a little yellow beard; a Cain-coloured

Ough. A softly-sprighted man, is he not? Sim. Ay, forsooth: but he is as tall a man of his hands as any is between this and his head: he hath fought with a warrener.

Quick. How say you?-O, I should remember him. Does he not hold up his head, as it were? and strut in his gait?

Sim. Yes, indeed does he.

Quick. Well, heaven send Anne Page no worse fortune! Tell Master Parson Evans, I will do what I can for your master: Anne is a good girl, and I wish-

Re-enter Rugby.

Rug. Out, alas! here comes my master.

Quick. We shall all be shent. Run in here, good young man; go into this closet. [Shut's SIMPLE in the closet.] He will not stay long. What, John Rugby! John, what John, I say! Go, John, go inquire for my master; I doubt he be not well that he comes not home:down, down, adown-a, &c.

Enter DR. CAIUS.

Caius. Vat is you sing? I do not like dese toys. Pray you, go and vetch me in my closet un boitier verd; a box, a green-a box. Do intend vat I speak? a green-a box.

Quick. Ay, for sooth, I'll fetchit you. I am glad he went not in himself: if he had found the young man, he would have been horn-mad. an, he would have been horn-mad.] Aside. Caius. Fe, fe, fe, fe! ma foi, il fait fort chaud.

Je m'en vais à la Cour,—la grande affaire. Quick. Is it this, sir?

Čaius. Ouy; mette le au mon pocket:depeche,

quickly.—Vere is dat knave, Rugby? Quick. What, John Rugby! John? Rug. Here, sir.

Caius. You are John Rugby, and you are Jack Rugby. Come, take-a your rapier, and come after my heel to de court.

Rug. 'Tis ready, sir, here in the porch. Caius. By my trot, I tarry too long:-Od's me! Qu'ay j'oublié? dere is some simples in my closet

dat I vill not for the varld I shall leave behind. Quick. Ah me! he'll find the young man there, and be mad!

Caius. O diable, diable! vat is in my closet?-Villany! larron! [Pulling SIMPLE out.] Rugby, my rapier.

Quick. Good master, be content. Caius. Verefore shall I be content-a!

Quick. The young man is an honest man. Caius. Vatshall de honest man do in my closet?

dere is no honest man dat shall come in my closet. Quick. I beseech you, be not so phlegmatic; hear the truth of it. He came of an errand to me from Parson Hugh.

Caius. Vell?

Sim. Ay, forsooth, to desire her to— Quick. Peace, I pray you.

Caius. Peace-a your tongue:-Speak-a your Sim. To desire this honest gentlewoman,

your maid, to speak a good word to Mistress Anne Page for my master, in the way of marriage. Quick. This is all, indeed, la; but I'll ne'er

put my finger in the fire, and need not.

Carus. Sir Hugh send-a you?—Rugby, baillez me some paper. Tarry you a little-a while.

Outch. I am glad he is so quiet: if he had been thoroughly moved, you should have heard him so loud, and so melancholy;-but notwithstanding, man, I'll do your master what good I can: and the very yea and the no is, the French doctor, my master,-I may call him my master, look you, for I keep his house: and I wash, wring, brew, bake, scour, dress meat and drink, make the beds, and do all myself:-

Sim. 'Tis a great charge to come under one body's hand.

Quick. Are you avised o'that? you shall find it a great charge: and to be up early and down late;—but notwithstanding,—to tell you in your ear; I would have no words of it,—my master himself is in love with Mistress Anne Page: but notwithstanding that,-I know Anne's mind,—that's neither here nor there.

Caius. You jack'nape; give-a dis letter to Sir Hugh; by gar, it is a shallenge; I will cut his troat in de park; and I vill teach a scurvy-jacka-nape priest to meddle or make:--you may be gone; it is not good you tarry here:-by gar, I vill cut all his two stones; by gar, he shall not have a stone to trow at his dog.

Exit SIMPLE. Ouick. Alas, he speaks but for his friend. Caius. It is no matter-a for dat:-do not you tell-a me dat I shall have Anne Page for myself?—by gar, I will kill de Jack priest; and I have appointed mine host of de Jar terre to measure our weapon:-by gar, I vill myself have Anne Page.

Quick. Sir, the maid loves you, and all shall be well: we must give folks leave to prate.

What, the good-jer!

Caius. Rugby, come to de court vit me.-By gar, if I have not Anne Page, I shall turn your head out of my door:-follow my heels, Rugby. Exeunt CAIUS and RUGBY.

Outch. You shall have An fool's-head of your own. No, I know Anne's mind for that: never a woman in Windsor knows more of Anne's mind than I do; nor can do more than I do with her, I thank heaven.

Fent. [Within.] Who's within there? ho! Quick. Who's there, I trow? Come near the house, I pray you.

Enter Fenton.

Fent. How now, good woman; how dost thou? Quick. The better that it pleases your good worship to ask. Anne?

Fent. What news? How does pretty Mistress Quick. In truth, sir, and she is pretty, and honest, and gentle; and one that is your friend, I can tell you that by the way; I praise heaven [Shall I not lose my suit?

Fent. Shall I do any good, think's thou? Quick. Troth, sir, all is in his hands above: but notwithstanding, Master Fenton, Pll be sworn on a book she loves you:-Have not your

worship a wart above your eye?

Fent. Yes, marry, have I; what of that? Quick. Well, thereby hangs a tale; good faith, it is such another Nan;—but, I detest, an honest maid as ever broke bread. We had an hour's talk of that wart:-I shall never laugh but in that maid's company! But, indeed, she is given too much to allicholly and musing.

But for you-Well, go to.

Fent. Well, I shall see her to-day. Hold, there's money for thee; let me have thy voice in my behalf: if thou seest her before me, commend me-

Quick. Will I? i' faith, that we will; and I will tell your worship more of the wart the next time we have confidence; and of other wooers. Fent. Well, farewell; I am in great haste

Ouick. Farewell to your worship .- Truly, an honest gentleman; but Anne loves him not; for I know Anne's mind as well as another does: Out upon't! what have I forgot? Exit.

TIOW.

ACT II.

Scene I.—Before Page's House.

Enter Mrs. PAGE with a letter.

Mrs. Page. What! have I'scaped love-letters in the holiday time of my beauty, and am I now a subject for them? Let me see: Reads

Ask me no reason why I love you; for though love use reason for his precisian, he admits him not for his counsellor. You are not young; no more am I; go to then, there's sympathy; you are merry; so am I. Hai hat then there's more sympathy; you love sack, and so do I. Would you desire better sympathy? Let it suffice thee, Mistress Page, (at the least, if

the love of a soldier can suffice,) that I love thee. I will not say, pity me: 'tis not a soldier-like phrase: but I say, love me. By me.

Thine own true knight. By day or night, Or any kind of light With all his might,

For thee to fight, JOHN FALSTAFF.

What a Herod of Jewry is this?—O wicked. wicked world!-one that is well-nigh worn to pieces with age to show himself a young gallant! What an unweighed behaviour hath this Flemish drunkard picked (with the devil's name) out of my conversation, that he dares in this manner assay me? Why, he hath not been thrice in my company!—What should I say to him?—I was then frugal of my mirth:-heaven forgive me!-Why, I'll exhibit a bill in the parhament for the putting down of men. How shall I be revenged on him? for revenged I will be, as sure as his guts are made of puddings.

Enter Mrs. FORD.

Mrs. Ford. Mistress Page! trust me, I was going to your house!

Mrs. Page. And, trust me, I was coming to You look very ill.

Mrs. Ford. Nay, I'll ne'er believe that; I have to show to the contrary.

Mrs. Page. 'Raith, but you do, in my mind. Mrs. Ford. Well, I do, then; yet, I say, I could show you to the contrary. O, Mistress Page, give me some counsel!

Mrs. Page. What's the matter, woman? Mrs. Ford. O woman, if it were not for one

trifling respect, I could come to such honour! Mrs. Page. Hang the trifle, woman; take the What is it?-dispense with trifles;honour. what is it?

Mrs. Ford. If I would but go to hell for an

eternal moment, or so, I could be knighted.

Mrs. Page. What? thou liest!—Sir Alice Ford!-These knights will back; and so thou shouldst not alter the article of thy gentry.

Mrs. Ford. We burn day-light:—here, read, read;—perceive how I might be knighted.—I shall think the worse of fat men as long as I have an eye to make difference of men's liking. And yet he would not swear; praised women's modesty: and gave such orderly and well-behaved reproof to all uncomeliness, that I would have sworn his disposition would have gone to the truth of his words; but they do no more adhere and keep place together than the hundreth psalm to the tune of Green sleeves. What tempest, I trow, threw this whale, with so many tuns of oil in his belly, ashore at Windsor? How shall I be revenged on him? I think the best way were to entertain him with hope till the wicked fire of lust have melted him in his own grease. - Did you ever hear the like?

Mrs. Page. Letter for letter; but that the name of Page and Ford differs!—To thy great comfort in this mystery of all opinions, here's the twin-brother of thy letter: but let thine inherit first; for, I protest, mine never shall. I warrant he hath a thousand of these letters, writ with blank space for different names, (sure more,) and these are of the second edition. He will print them out of doubt; for he cares not what he puts into the press when he would put us two. I had rather be a giantess, and lie under Mount Pelion. Well, I will find you twenty lascivious turtles ere one chaste man.

Mrs. Ford. Why, this is the very same; the very hand, the very words. What doth he think

of us?

Mrs. Page. Nay, I know not; it makes me almost ready to wrangle with mine own honesty. I'll entertain myself like one that I am not acquainted withal; for, sure, unless he know some strain in me that I know not myself, he would never have boarded me in this fury.

Mrs. Ford. Boarding, call you it? I'll be

sure to keep him above deck.

Mrs. Page. So will I; if he come under my natches, I'll never to sea again. Let's be revenged on him: let's appoint him a meeting: give him a show of comfort in his suit; and lead him on with a fine basted delay, till he hath pawned his horses to mine host of the Garter.

Mrs. Ford. Nay, I will consent to act any villany against him that may not sully the chariness of our honesty. O, that my husband saw this letter! it would give eternal food to his

jealousy.

Mrs. Page. Why, look where he comes; and my good man too; he's as far from jealousy as I am from giving him cause; and that, I hope, is an unmeasurable distance.

Mrs. Ford. You are the happier woman. Mrs. Page. Let's consult together against this greasy knight: Come hither. They retire.

Enter FORD, PISTOL, PAGE, and NYM.

Ford. Well, I hope it be not so.

Pist. Hope is a curtail dog in some affairs:

Sir John affects thy wife.

Ford. Why, sir, my wife is not young. Pist. He woos both high and low, both rich

and poor

Both young and old, one with another, Ford; He loves thy gally-mawfry; Ford, perpend.

go thou, Ford. Love my wife?

Pist. With liver burning hot. Prevent, or Like Sir Actaeon he, with Ring-wood at thy O, odious is the name. Ford. What name, sir? heels:-

Pist. The horn, I say. Farewell.

Take heed; have open eye; for thieves do foot by night: do sing. Take heed, ere summer comes, or cuckoo birds Away, Sir Corporal Nym.

Believe it, Page; he speaks sense.

Exit PISTOL. Ford. I will be patient; I will find out this. Nym. And this is true [to PAGE]. I like not the humour of lying. He hath wronged me in some humours; I should have borne the humoured letter to her; but I have a sword, and it shall bite upon my necessity. He loves your wife; there's the short and the long. My name is Corporal Nym; I speak, and I avouch.
'Tis true:—my name is Nym, and Falstaff loves your wife.-Adieu! I love not the humour of bread and cheese; and there's the humour of it. Adieu. Exit NYM.

Page. The humour of it, quothal here's a fellow frights humour out of his wits

Ford. I will seek out Falstaff. ling rogue.

Page. I never heard such a drawling, affect-

Ford. If I do find it, well.

Page. I will not believe such a Cataian though the priest of the town commended him for a true man

Ford. 'Twas a good sensible fellow. Well.

Page. How now, Meg?
Mrs. Page. Whither go you, George?—Hark

Mrs. Ford. How now, sweet Frank? why

art thou melancholy? Ford. I melancholy! I am not melancholy.-

Get you home; go.

Mrs. Ford. 'Faith, thou hast some crotchets in thy head now.—Will you go, Mistress Page? Mrs. Page. Have with you. - You'll come to dinner, George? Look, who comes yonder: she shall be our messenger to this paltry knight. Aside to Mrs. FORD.

Enter Mrs. QUICKLY.

Mrs. Ford. Trust me, I thought on her: she'll fit it. [Anne? Mrs. Page. You are come to see my daughter

Quick. Ay, forsooth; and, I pray, how does good Mistress Anne?

Mrs. Page. Go in with us and see; we have an hour's talk with you.

Exeunt Mrs. PAGE, Mrs. FORD.

and Mrs. QUICKLY.

Page. How now, Master Ford? Ford. You heard what this knave told me; did you not?

Page. Yes; and you heard what the other told me?

Ford. Do you think there is truth in them? Page. Hang 'em slaves; I do not think the knight would offer it: but these that accuse him in his intent towards our wives are a yoke of his discarded men: very rogues, now they be

out of service. Ford. Were they his men?

Page. Marry, were they. Ford. I like it never the better for that.—

Does he lie at the Garter?

Page. Ay, marry, does he. If he should intend this voyage towards my wife, I would turn her loose to him; and what he gets of her more than sharp words, let it lie on my head.

Ford. I do not misdoubt my wife; but I would be loath to turn them together. may be too confident: I would have nothing lie on my head: I cannot be thus satisfied.

Page. Look where my ranting host of the Garter comes: there is either liquor in his pate or money in his purse when he looks so merrily-How now, mine host?

Enter HOST and SHALLOW.

Host. How now, bully-rook! thou'rt a gen-

tleman: cavalero-justice, I say.

Shal. I follow, mine host, I follow.—Good even, and twenty, good Master Page! Master Page, will you go with us? we have sport in hand.

Host. Tell him, cavalero-justice; tell him,

bully-rook. Shal. Sir. there is a fray to be fought be-

tween Sir Hugh the Welsh priest and Caius the French doctor. [with you. Ford. Good mine host o' the Garter, a word Host. What say'st thou, bully-rook?

They go aside. Shal. Will you [to PAGE] go with us to behold it? My merry host hath had the measuring of their weapons; and, I think, he hath appointed them contrary places: for, believe me, I hear the parson is no jester. will tell you what our sport shall be.

Host. Hast thou no suit against my knight,

my guest-cavalier.

Ford. None, I protest: but I'll give you a pottle of burnt sack to give me recourse to him, and tell him my name is Brook; only for a jest.

Host. My hand, bully: thou shalt have egress and regress; said I well? and thy name shall be Brook: it is a merry knight.-Will you go on, hearts?

Shal. Have with you, mine host.

Page. I have heard the Frenchman hath good

skill in his rapier.

Shal. Tut, sir, I could have told you more. In these times you stand on distance, your passes, stoccadoes, and I know not what: 'tis the heart, Master Page: 'tis here, 'tis here. I have seen the time with my long sword I would have made you four tall fellows skip like rats.

Host. Here, boys, here, here! shall we wag? Page. Have with you:-I had rather hear

them scold than fight.

[Exeunt HOST, SHAL., and PAGE Ford. Though Page be a secure fool, and stands so firmly on his wife's frailty, yet I cannot put off my opinion so easily. She was in his company at Page's house; and what they made there I know not. Well, I will look further into 't: and I have a disguise to sound Falstaff: if I find her honest, I lose not my labour; if she be otherwise, 'tis labour well bestowed. Exit.

Scene II .- A Room in the Garter Inn. Enter Falstaff and Pistol.

Fal. I will not lend thee a penny.

Pist. Why, then the world's mine oyster, Which I with sword will open.—

I will retort the sum in equipage.

Fal. Not a penny. I have been content, sir, you should lay my countenance to pawn: I have grated upon my good friends for three reprieves for you and your coach-fellow, Nym; or else you had looked through the grate, like a geminy of baboons. I am damned in hell for swearing to gentlemen my friends you were good soldiers and tall fellows: and when Mistress Bridget lost the handle of her fan, I took't upon mine honour thou hadst it not. fifteen pence?

Pist. Didst thou not share? hadst thou not Fal. Reason, you rogue, reason. Think'st thou I'll endanger my soul gratis? At a word, hang no more about me, I am no gibbet for you;-go.-A short knife and a throng;-to your manor of Pickthatch, go.-You'll not bear a letter for me, yourogue!—You stand upon your honour!—Why, thou unconfinable baseness, it is as much as I can do to keep the terms of my honour precise. I, I, I myself sometimes, leaving the fear of heaven on the left hand, and hiding mine honour in my necessity, am fain to shuffle, to hedge, and to lurch; and yet you rogue, will, ensconce your

phrases, and your bold-beating oaths, under the shelter of your honour! You will not do it, you?

Pist. I do relent. What wouldst thou more

Enter ROBIN.

Rob. Sir, here's a woman would speak with

Fal. Let her approach.

Enter Mrs. QUICKLY.

Ouick. Give your worship good-morrow. Fal. Good-morrow, good wife.

Quick. Not so, an't please your worship.

Fal. Good maid, then. Quick. I'll be sworn; as my mother was, the

first hour I was born. Fal. I do believe the swearer. What with me?

Quick Shall I vouchsafe your worship a word

or two? Fal. Two thousand, fair woman: and I'll

vouchsafe thee the hearing

Quick. There is one, Mistress Ford, sir:-I pray, come a little nearer this ways:-I myself dwell with Master Doctor Caius.

Fal. Well, on: Mistress Ford, you say,-Quick. Your worship says very true: I pray

your worship come a little nearer this ways Fal. I warrant thee nobody hears;-mine own people, mine own people.

Quick. Are they so? Heaven bless them, and

make them his servants! Fal. Well: Mistress Ford;—what of her? Quick. Why, sir, she's a good creature. Lord.

lord! your worship's a wanton. Well, heaven. forgive you, and all of us, I pray!

Fal. Mistress Ford;—come, Mistress Ford,— Quick. Marry, this is the short and the long of it; you have brought her into such a canaries as 'tis wonderful. The best courtier of them all, when the court lay at Windsor, could never have brought her to such a canary. Yet there has been knights, and lords, and gentlemen, with their coaches; I warrant you, coach after coach, letter after letter, gift after gift; smelling so sweetly, (all musk) and so rushling, I warrant you, in silk and gold; and in such alligant terms; and in such wine and sugar of the best, and the fairest, that would have won any woman's heart; and, I warrant you, they could never get an eye-wink of her .- I had myself twenty angels given me this morning; but I defy all angels, (in any such sort, as they say,) but in the way of honesty:-and, I warrant you, they could never get her so much as sip on a cup with the proudest of them all: and yet there has been earls, nay, which is more, pensioners; but, I warrant you, all is one with her.

Fal. But what says she to me? be brief, my

good she Mercury.

Quick. Marry, she hath received your letter; for the which she thanks you a thousand times; and she gives you to notify that her husband will be absence from his house between ten and eleven.

Fal. Ten and eleven?

Quick. Ay, forsooth; and then you may come and see the picture, she says, that you wet of;— Master Ford, her husband, will be from home. rags, your cat-a-mountain looks, your red lattice Alas! the sweet woman leads an ill life with him; he's a very jealous man: she leads a very liquor. Ah! ha! Mistress Ford and Mistress frampold life with him, good heart.

Fal. Ten and eleven. Woman, commend

me to her; I will not fail her.

Quick. Why, you say well: but I have another messenger to your worship. Mistress Page hath her hearty commendations to you too;—and let me tell you in your ear, she's as fartuous a civil, modest wife, and one (I tell you) that will not miss you morning nor evening prayer, as any is in Windsor, whoe'er be the other: and she bade me tell your worship that her husband is seldom from home; but she hopes there will come a time. I never knew a woman so dote upon a man; surely I think you have charms, la; yes, in truth.

Fal. Not I, I assure thee; setting the attraction of my good parts aside, I have no other charms. Quick. Blessing on your heart for 't!

Fal. But, I pray thee, tell me this: has Ford's wife and Page's wife acquainted each other how

they love me?

Quick. That were a jest indeed!—they have not so little grace, I hope:-that were a trick indeed! But Mistress Page would desire you to send her your little page, of all loves: her husband has a marvellous infection to the little page: and, truly, Master Page is an honest man. Never a wife in Windsor leads a better life than she does: do what she will, say what she will, take all, pay all, go to bed when she list, rise when she list, all is as she will; and, truly, she deserves it: for if there be a kind woman in Windsor, she is one. You must send her your page; no remedy.

Fal. Why, I will. Quick. Nay, but do so then: and, look you, he may come and go between you both; and in any case have a nay-word that you may know one another's mind, and the boy never need to understand any thing; for 'tis not good that children should know any wickedness: old folks you know, have discretion, as they say, and know the world.

Fal. Fare thee well: commend me to them both: there's my purse; I am yet thy debtor.-Boy, go along with this woman.—This news distracts me!

Exeunt QUICKLY and ROBIN. Pist. This punk is one of Cupid's carriers:-Clap on more sails; pursue; up with your fights; give fire; she is my prize, or ocean whelm them all! [Exit PISTOL. [Exit PISTOL.

Fal. Say'st thou so, old Jack! go thy ways; I'll make more of thy old body than I have Will they yet look after thee? Wilt thou, after the expense of so much money, be now a gainer? Good body, I thank thee. them say 'tis grossly done; so it be fairly done, no matter.

Enter BARDOLPH.

Bard. Sir John, there's one Master Brook below would fain speak with you, and be acquainted with you; and hath sent your worship a morning's draught of sack.

Fal. Brook is his name?

Bard. Ay, sir. Fall Call him in: [Exit BARDOLPH.] Such · Brooks are welcome to me that o'erflow such

Page, have I encompassed you? go to; vial

Re-enter BARDOLPH, with FORD disguised.

Ford. Bless you, sir.

Would you speak with Fal. And you, sir. Would you speak with Ford. I make bold to press with so little preparation upon you.

Fal. You're welcome; what's your will? Exit BARDOLPH. Give us leave, drawer. Ford. Sir, I am a gentleman that have spent

much; my name is Brook.

Fal. Good Master Brook, I desire more acquaintance of you.

Ford. Good Sir John, I sue for yours: not to charge you; for I must let you understand I think myself in better plight for a lender than . you are: the which has something emboldened me to this unseasoned intrusion: for they say if

money go before, all ways do lie open. [on. Fal. Money is a good soldier, sir, and will Ford. Troth, and I have a bag of money here troubles me; if you will help me to bear it, Sir John, take all or half for easing me of the carriage.

Fal. Sir, I know not how I may deserve to

be your porter. the hearing.

Ford. I will tell you, sir, if you will give me

Fal. Speak, good Master Brook; I shall be glad to be your servant.

Ford. Sir, I hear you are a scholar,-I will be brief with you,—and you have been a man long known to me, though I had never so good means as desire to make myself acquainted with you. I shall discover a thing to you, wherein I must very much lay open mine own imperfection: but, good Sir John, as you have one eye upon my follies, as you hear them unfolded, turn another into the register of your own; that I may pass with a reproof the easier, sith you yourself know how easy it is to be such an offender.

Fal. Very well, sir; proceed.
Ford. There is a gentlewoman in this town, her husband's name is Ford.

Fal. Well, sir.

Ford. I have long loved her, and I protest to you bestowed much on her; followed her with a doting observance; engrossed opportunities to meet her; fee'd every slight occasion that could but niggardly give me sight of her; not only bought many presents to give her, but have given largely to many to know what she would have given: briefly, I have pursued her as love hath pursued me; which hath been on the wing of all occasions. But whatsoever I have merited, either in my mind or in my means, meed, I am sure, I have received none; unless experience be a jewel; that I have purchased at an infinite rate; and that hath taught me to say

Love like a shadow flies, when substance love bursues:

Pursuing that that flies, and flying what pursues. Fal. Have you received no promise of satis-

faction at her hands? Ford. Never. [pose? Fal. Have you importuned her to such a pur-

Ford. Never.

Fal. Of what quality was your love, then?

man's ground; so that I have lost my edifice by mistaking the place where I erected it.

Fal. To what purpose have you unfolded this to me?

Ford. When I have told you that, I have told you all. Some say that though she appear honest to me, yet in other places she enlargeth her mirth so far that there is shrewd construction made of her. Now, Sir John, here is the heart of my purpose. You are a gentleman of excel-lent breeding, admirable discourse, of great admittance, authentic in your place and person, generally allowed for your many war-like, court-like, and learned preparations.

Fal. O, sir!

Ford. Believe it, for you know it:- There is money; spend it, spend it; spend more; spend all I have; only give me so much of your time in exchange of it as to lay an amuable siege to the honesty of this Ford's wife; use your art of wooing, win her to consent to you; if any man

may, you may as soon as any.

Fal. Would it apply well to the vehemency of your affection, that I should win what you would enjoy? Methinks you prescribe to your-

self very preposterously.

Ford. O, understand my drift! She dwells so securely on the excellency of her honour that the folly of my soul dares not present itself; she is too bright to be looked against. Now, could I come to her with any detection in my hand, my desires had instance and argument to commend themselves; I could drive her then from the ward of her purity, her reputation, her marriage vow, and a thousand other her defences, which now are too strongly embattled against

e. What say you to 't, Sir John? .
Fal. Master Brook, I will first make bold with your money; next, give me your hand: and last, as I am a gentleman, you shall, if you will,

enjoy Ford's wife. Ford. O good sir!

Fal. Master Brook, I say you shall.

Ford. Want no money, Sir John, you shall - want none.

Fal. Want no Mistress Ford, Master Brook, you shall want none. I shall be with her (I may tell you) by her own appointment: even as you came in to me her assistant, or go-between, parted from me: I say, I shall be with her between ten and eleven; for at that time the jealous rascally knave, her husband, will be forth. Come you to me at night; you shall know how I speed.

Ford. I am blest in your acquaintance.

you know Ford, sir?

Fal. Hang him, poor cuckoldly knave! I know him not:-yet I wrong him to call him poor; they say the jealous wittolly knave hath masses of money; for the which his wife seems to me well-favoured. I will use her as the key of the cuckoldly rogue's coffer; and there's my harvest-home.

Ford. I would you knew Ford, sir; that you

might avoid him if you saw him

Fal. Hang him, mechanical salt-butter rogue! I will stare him out of his wits; I will awe him with my cudgel: it shall hang like a meteor o'er

Ford. Like a fair house built upon another know, I will predominate o'er the peasant, and thou shalt he with his wife. - Come to me soon at night:-Ford's a knave, and I will aggravate his stile: thou, Master Brook, shalt know him for a knave and cuckold:-come to me soon at night.

Ford, What a damned Epicurean rascal is this!—My heart is ready to crack with impa-tience.—Who says this is improvident jealousy? My wife hath sent to him, the hour is fixed, the match is made. Would any man have thought this?-See the hell of having a false woman! my bed shall be abused, my coffers ransacked. my reputation gnawn at; and I shall not only receive this villanous wrong, but stand under the adoption of abominable terms, and by him that does me this wrong. Terms! names!-Amaimon sounds well; Lucifer, well; Barbason, well; yet theyare devils 'additions, the names of fiends: but cuckold! wittol-cuckold! the devilhimself hath not such a name. Page is an ass, a secure ass! he will trusthis wife; he will not be jealous! I will rather trust a Fleming with my butter, Parson Hugh the Welshman with my cheese. an Irishman with my aqua-vitae bottle, or a thief to walk my ambling gelding, than my wife with herself: then she plots, then she ruminates, then she devises: and what they think in their hearts they may effect, they will break their hearts but they will effect. Heaven be praised for my jealousy!-Eleven o'clock the hour:-I will prevent this, detect my wife, be revenged on Falstaff, and laugh at Page. I will about it; better three hours too soon than a minute too late. Fie, fie, fie, cuckold! cuckold! cuckold!

SCENE III .- Windsor Park.

Enter CAIUS and RUGBY.

Caius. Jack Rugby! Rug. Sir?

Caius. Vat is de clock, Jack?

Rug. 'Tis past the hour, sir, that Sir Hugh

promised to meet. Catus. By gar, he has save his soul, dat he is no come; he has pray his Pible vell, dat he is no come: by gar, Jack Rugby, he is dead already, if he be come.

Rug. He is wise, sir; he knew your worship

would kill him if he came.

Caius. By gar, de herring is no dead, so as I vill kill him. Take your rapier, Jack; I vili tell you how I vill kill him.

Rug. Alas, sir, I cannot fence. Caius. Villany, take your rapier. Rug. Forbear; here's company.

Enter Host, Shallow, Slender, and Page

Host. Bless thee, bully doctor. Shal. Save you, Master Doctor Caius.

Page. Now, good master doctor!

Slen. Give you good morrow, sir. Caius. Vat be all you, one, two, tree, four,

come for?

Host. To see thee fight, to see thee foin, to see thee traverse, to see thee here, to see thee there; to see thee pass thy punto, thy stock, thy reverse, thy distance, thy montant. Is he dead, my Ethiopian? is he dead, my Francisco? ha the cuckold's horns: Master Brook, thou shalt | bully! What says my Aesculapios? my Galen?

my heart of elder? ha! is he dead, bully Stale? is he dead?

Caius. By gar, he is de coward Jack priest of the vorld: he is not show his face.

Host. Thou art a Castilian King Urinal!

Hector of Greece, my boy!

Caius. I pray you, bear vitness that me have stay six, or seven, two, tree hours for him, and he is no come.

Shal. He is the wiser man, master doctor: he is a curer of souls, and you a curer of bodies; if you should fight, you go against the hair of your professions; is it not true, Master Page?

Page. Master Shallow, you have yourself been a great fighter, though now a man of peace.

Shal. Bodikins, Master Page, though I now be old, and of the peace, if I see a sword out my finger itches to make one: though we are justices, and doctors, and churchmen, Master Page, we have some salt of our youth in us; we are the sons of women, Master Page.

Page. 'Tis true, Master Shallow. Shal. It will be found so, Master Page. Master Doctor Caius, I am come to fetch you home. I am sworn of the peace; you have showed yourself a wise physician, and Sir Hugh hath shown himself a wise and patient churchman: you must go with me, master doctor.

Host. Pardon, guest justice:- A word, Mon-

sieur Muck-water.

Caius. Muck-vater! vat is dat?

Host. Muck-water, in our English tongue,

is valour, bully.

Caius. By gar, then I have as much muckvater as de Englishman:—Scurvy jack-dog

priest! by gar, me vill cut his ears. Host. He will clapperclaw thee tightly, bully.

Caius. Clapper-de-claw! vat is dat? Host. That is, he will make thee amends.

Caius. By gar, me do look he shall clapper-

de-claw me; for, by gar, me vill have it. Host. And I will provoke him to 't, or let him

Caius. Me tank you for dat. Host. And, moreover, bully,—But first, master guest, and Master Page, and eke Cavalero Slender, go you through the town to Frogmore. Aside to them.

Page. Sir Hugh is there, is he?

Host. He is there: see what humour he is in; and I will bring the doctor about by the fields. Will it do well? Shal. We will do it.

Page, Shal., and Slen. Adieu, good master Exeunt PAGE, SHAL., and SLEN.

Caus. By gar, me vill kill de priest: for he speak for a jack-an-ape to Anne Page.

Host. Let him die; but first sheathe thy impatience; throw cold water on thy choler; go about the fields with me through Frogmore: I will bring thee where Mistress Anne Page is, at a farm-house, a-feasting; and thou shalt woo her. Cryed game, said I well?

Caius. By gar, me tank you for dat: by gar, I love you; and I shall procure-a you de good guest, de earl, de knight, de lords, de gentle-

men, my patients.

Host. For the which I will be thy adversary towards Anne Page; said I well?

Caius. By gar, 'tis good: vell said.

Host. Let us wag, then.

Casus. Come to my heels, Tack Rugby. Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene L.—A Field near Frogmore.

Enter Sir Hugh Evans and Simple.

Eva. I pray you now, good Master Slender's serving-man, and friend Simple by your name, which way have you looked for Master Caius, that calls himself Doctor of Physick?

Sim. Marry, sir, the city-ward, the parkward, every way; old Windsor way, and every way but the town way. also look that way.

Eva. I most fehemently desire you, you will

Sim. I will, sir.

Eva. 'Pless my soul! how full of cholers ! am, and trempling of mind!—I shall be glad if he have deceived me:-how melancholies I am!—I will knog his urinals above his knave's costard when I have good opportunities for the 'ork-'pless my soul!

> To shallow rivers, to whose falls Melodious birds sing madrigals; There will we make our peds of roses, And a thousand fragrant posies. To shallow-

Mercy on me! I have a great disposition to cry.

Melodious birds sing madrigals-When as I sat in Pabylon-And a thousand vagram posies. To shallow

Sim. Yonder he is, coming this way, Sir Hugh. Eva. He's welcome:

To shallow rivers, to whose falls-

Heaven prosper the right!—What weapons is he?

Sim. No weapons, sir. There comes my master, Master Shallow, and another gentleman, from Frogmore, over the stile, this way. Eva. Pray you, give me my gown; or else keep it in your arms.

Enter Page, Shallow, and Slender.

Shal. How now, master parson? Good-morrow, good Sir Hugh. Keep a gamester from the dice, and a good student from his book, and it is wonderful.

Slen. Ah, sweet Anne Page! Page. Save you, good Sir Hugh!

Eva. 'Pless you from his mercy sake, all of you! Shal. What! the sword and the word! Do you study them both, master parson?

Page. And youthful still, in your doublet and hose, this raw rheumatic day?

Eva. There is reasons and causes for it.

Page. We are come to you to do a good office,

master parson.

Eva. Fery well: What is it?

Page. Yonder is a most reverend gentleman, who, belike having received wrong by some person, is at most odds with his own gravity and patience that ever you saw.

Shal. I have lived fourscore years and up-ward; I never heard a man of his place, gravity, and learning, so wide of his own respect.

Eva. What is he?

Page. I think you know him; Master Doctor Caius, the renowned French physician.

Eva. Got's will, and his passion of my heart! I had as lief you would tell me of a mess of porridge.

Page. Why?

Eva. He has no more knowledge in Hibocrates and Galen,—and he is a knave besides, a cowardly knave, as you would desires to be acquainted withal.

Page. I warrant you he's the man should

fight with him.

Slen. O, sweet Anne Page!

Shal. It appears so, by his weapons.—Keep them asunder; -here comes Doctor Caius.

Enter Host, Caius, and Rugby.

Page. Nay, good master parson, keep in your

weapon. Shal. So do you, good master doctor.

Host. Disarm them, and let them question; let them keep their limbs whole and hack our English.

Caius. I pray you, let-a me speak a word vit ur ear. Verefore vill you not meet-a me? your ear.

Eva. Pray you use your patience: in good time. Caius. By gar, you are de coward, de Jack

dog, John ape.

Eva. Pray you, let us not be laughing-stogs to other men's humours; I desire you in friendship, and I will one way or another make you amends:-I will knog your urinals about your knave's cogscomb, for missing your meetings and appointments.

Caius. Diable!-Jack Rugby,-mine Host . de Jarterre, have I not stay for him to kill him.

have I not, at de place I did appoint?

Eva. As I am a Christian soul, now, look you, this is the place appointed. I'll be judgment by mine host of the Garter.

Host. Peace, I say, Gallia and Gaul, French and Welsh; soul-curer and body-curer.

Caius. Ay, dat is very good! excellent!

Host. Peace, I say; hear mine host of the Garter. Am I politic? am I subtle? am I a Machiavel? Shall I lose my doctor? no; he gives me the potions and the motions. Shall I lose my parson? my priest? my Sir Hugh? no; he gives me the proverbs and the no-verbs. Give me thy hand, terrestrial; so:-Give me thy hand, celestial, so.—Boys of art, I have deceived you both; I have directed you to wrong places; your hearts are mighty, your skins are whole, and let burnt sack be the issue.—Come, lay their swords to pawn:-Follow me, lad of peace; follow, follow, follow.

Shal. Trust me, a mad host:-Follow gen-

tlemen, follow.

Slen. O. sweet Anne Page!

[Exeunt SHAL., SLEN., PAGE, and HOST. Caius. Hal' do I perceive dat? have you make-a de sot of us? ha, ha!

Eva. This is well; he has made us his vloutingstog,-I desire you that we may be friends; and let us knog our prains together, to be revenge on this same scall, scurvy, cogging companion, the host of the Garter.

Caius. By gar, vit all my heart; he promise to bring me vere is Anne Page; by gar, he de-

ceive me too.

Eva. Well, I will smite his noddles:-Pray you, follow. Exeunt.

Scene II.—The Street in Windsor.

Enter Mrs. PAGE and ROBIN.

Mrs. Page. Nay, keep your way, little gallant; you were wont to be a follower, but now you are a leader. Whether had you rather lead mine eyes or eye your master's heels?

Rob. I had rather, forsooth, go before you like a man than follow him like a dwarf.

Mrs. Page. O you are a flattering boy; now, I see, you'll be a courtier.

Enter FORD.

Ford. Well met, Mistress Page. Whither go you? she at home? Mrs. Page. Truly, sir, to see your wife. Is Ford. Ay; and as idle as she may hang toether, for want of company: I think, if your

husbands were dead, you two would marry. Mrs. Page. Be sure of that,-two other hushands.

[cock? Ford. Where had you this pretty weather-Mrs. Page. I cannot tell what the dickens his name is my husband had him off: do you call your knight's name, sirrah!
Rob. Sir John Falstaff.

Ford. Sir John Falstaff! Mrs. Page. He, he; I can never hit on's name. There is such a league between my good man and he!-Is your wife at home indeed?

Ford. Indeed she is.

Mrs. Page. By your leave, sir;—I am sick till I see her. [Exeunt Mrs. Page and Robin. Ford. Has Page any brains? hath he any eyes? hath he any thinking? Sure, they sleep; he hath no use of them. Why, this boy will carry a letter twenty miles as easy as a cannon will shoot pointblank twelve score. He pieces out his wife's inclination; he gives her folly motion and advantage: and now she's going to my wife, and Falstaff's boy with her. A man may hear this shower sing in the windl—and Falstaff's boy with her!—Good plots!—they are laid; and our revolted wives share damnation together. Well; I will take him, then torture my wife, pluck the borrowed veil of modesty from the so seeming Mistress Page, divulge Page himself for a secure and wilful Actaeon; and to these violent proceedings all my neighbours shall cry aim. [Clock strikes.] The clock gives me my

this than mocked; for it is as positive as the earth is firm that Falstaff is there. I will go. Enter Page, Shallow, Slender, Hos Sir Hugh Evans, Cajus, and Rugby. HOST.

cue, and my assurance bids me search; there I shall find Falstaff: I shall be rather praised for

Shal., Page, &c. Well met, Master Ford. Ford. Trust me, a good knot: I have good cheer at home; and, I pray you, all go with me. Shal. I must excuse myself, Master Ford.

Slen. And so must I, sir; we have appointed to dine with Mistress Anne, and I would not

break with her for more money than I'll speak of. Shal. We have lingered about a match between Anne Page and my cousin Slender, and this day we shall have our answer. Slen. I hope I have your good will, father

Page. You have, Master Slender; I stand wholly for you:-but my wife, master doctor, is for you altogether.

Caius. Ay, by gar; and de maid is love a-me; my nursh-a Quickly tell me so mush.

Host. What say you to young Master Fenton? he capers, he dances, he has eyes of youth, he writes verses, he speaks holiday, he smells April and May; he will carry 't, he will carry 't; 'tis in his buttons; he will carry 't.

Page. Not by my consent, I promise you. The gentleman is of no having: he kept company with the wild Prince and Poins; he is of too high a region, he knows too much. shall not knit a knot in his fortunes with the finger of my substance: if he take her, let him take her simply; the wealth I have waits on my consent, and my consent goes not that way.

Ford. I beseech you, heartily, some of you go home with me to dinner: besides your cheer, you shall have sport; I will show you a monster.—Master doctor, you shall go;—so shall you, Master Page;—and you, Sir Hugh.

Shal. Well, fare you well:—we shall have the freer wooing at Master Page's.

Exeunt SHAL, and SLEN.

Caius. Go home, John Rugby; I come anon. [Exit RUGBY. Host. Farewell, my hearts, I will to my

honest knight Falstaff, and drink canary with him. Exit HOST. Ford. [Aside.] I think I shall drink in pipe-

wine first with him; I'll make him dance. Will you go, gentles?

All. Have with you, to see this monster. Exeunt.

Scene III .- A Room in Ford's House. Enter Mrs. FORD and Mrs. PAGE.

Mrs. Ford. What, John! what, Robert! Mrs. Page. Quickly, quickly: Is the buck-

basket-Mrs. Ford. I warrant:-What, Robin, I say.

Enter Servants, with a basket.

Mrs. Page. Come, come, come.

Mrs. Ford. Here, set it down.

Mrs. Page. Give your men the charge; we must be brief.

Mrs. Ford. Marry, as I told you before, John, and Robert, be ready here hard by in the brewhouse; and when I suddenly call you, come forth, and, without any pause or staggering, take this basket on your shoulders: that done, trudge with it in all haste, and carry it among the whitsters in Datchet mead, and there empty it in the muddy ditch, close by the Thames side.

Mrs. Page. You will do it? Mrs. Ford. I have told them over and over; they lack no direction. Begone, and come when you are called. Exeunt Servants.

Mrs. Page. Here comes little Robin.

Enter ROBIN.

Mrs. Ford. How now, my eyas-musket? what news with you?

Rob. My master, Sir John, is come in at your back-door, Mistress Ford, and requests your company. been true to us?

Mrs. Page. You little Jack-a-lent, have you tattling woman.

Rob. Ay, I'll be sworn. My master knows not of your being here; and hath threatened to put me into everlasting liberty, if I tell you of it; for he swears he'll turn me away.

Mrs. Page. Thou'rt a good boy; this secrecy of thme shall be a tailor to thee, and shall make thee a new doublet and hose.—I'll go hide me. Mrs. Ford. Do so .- Go tell thy master I am alone. Mrs. Page, remember you your cue.

Exit Robin. Mrs. Page. I warrant thee; if I do not act it, hiss me. Exit MRS. PAGE.

Mrs. Ford. Go to then; we'll use this unwholesome humidity, this gross watery pum-pion,—we'll teach him to know turtles from jays.

Enter Falstaff.

Fal. Have I caught thee, my heavenly jewel? Why, now let me die, for I have lived long enough; this is the period of my ambition: O this blessed hour!

Mrs. Ford. O sweet Sir John! Fal. Mistress Ford, I cannot cog, I cannot prate, Mrs. Ford. Now shall I sin in my wish. I would thy husband were dead; I'll speak it before the best lord, I would make thee my lady.

Mrs. Ford. I your lady, Sir John! alas, I should be a pitiful lady.

Fal. Let the court of France show me such another; I see how thine eye would emulate the diamond: thou hast the right arched bent of the brow, that becomes the ship-tire, the tire-val-iant, or any tire of Venetian admittance.

Mrs. Ford. A plain kerchief, Sir John: my brows become nothing else; nor that well neither.

Fal. Thou art a traitor to say so: thou wouldst make an absolute courtier; and the firm fixture of thy foot would give an excellent motion to thy gait, in a semi-circled farthingale. I see what thou wert, if fortune thy foe were not; nature is thy friend. Come, thou canst not hide it. Mrs. Ford. Believe me, there's no such

thing in me. Fal. What made me love thee? let that persuade thee, there's something extraordinary in thee. Come, I cannot cog, and say thou art this and that, like a many of these lisping hawthorn buds that come like women in men's apparel,

and smell like Buckler's-bury in simple-time; I cannot: but I love thee; none but thee; and thou deservest it.

Mrs. Ford. Do not betray me, sir; I fear you love Mrs. Page. Fal. Thou mightst as well say I love to walk

by the counter-gate; which is as hateful to me as the reek of a lime-kiln. Mrs. Ford. Well, heaven knows how I love

you; and you shall one day find it.

Fal. Keep in that mind; I'll deserve it. Mrs. Ford. Nay, I must tell you, so you do, or else I could not be in that mind.

Rob. [Within.] Mistress Ford, Mistress Ford! here's Mrs. Page at the door, sweating, and blowing, and looking wildly, and would needs speak with you presently.

Fal. She shall not see me; I will ensconce me behind the arras.

Mrs. Ford. Pray you, do so: she's a very [FALSTAFF hides himself. Enter Mrs. PAGE and ROBIN.

What's the matter? how now?

Mrs. Page. O Mistress Ford, what have you done? You're shamed, you are overthrown, you are undone for ever.

Mrs. Ford. What's the matter, good Mistress

Mrs. Page. O well-a-day, Mistress Ford having an honest man to your husband, to give him such cause of suspicion!

Mrs. Ford. What cause of suspicion?

Mrs. Page. What cause of suspicion!-out

upon you! how am I mistook in you?

Mrs. Ford. Why, alas! what's the matter? Mrs. Page. Your husband's coming hither, woman, with all the officers in Windsor, to search for a gentleman, that, he says, is here now in the house, by your consent, to take an ill advantage of his absence: you are undone.

Mrs. Ford. Speak louder.—[Aside.]—'Tis not so, I hope.

Mrs. Page. Pray heaven it be not so, that you have such a man here; but 'tis more certain your husband's coming with half Windsor at his heels, to search for such a one. I come before to tell you; if you know yourself clear, why, I am glad of it; but if you have a friend here, convey, convey him out. Be not amazed; call all your senses to you; defend your reputation, or bid farewell to your good life for ever.

Mrs. Ford. What shall I do?-There is a gentleman, my dear friend; and I fear not mine own shame so much as his peril: I had rather than a thousand pounds he were out of the house.

Mrs. Page. For shame, never stand you had rather, and you had rather; your husband's here at hand, bethink you of some conveyance: in the house you cannot hide him.-O, how have you deceived me!-Look, here is a basket; if he be of any reasonable stature, he may creep in here; and throw foul linen upon him, as if it were going to bucking: or, it is whiting-time, send him by your two men to Datchet mead.

Mrs. Ford. He's too big to go in there.

What shall I do?

Re-enter Falstaff.

Fal. Let me see't, let me see't! O let me see't! I'll in, I'll in; follow your friend's counsel:-I'll in.

Mrs. Page. What! Sir John Falstaff! Are these your letters, knight?

Fal. I love thee, and none but thee: help me away: let me creep in here; I'll never-

[He goes into the basket; they cover him with foul linen.

Mrs. Page. Help to cover your master, boy. all your men, Mistress Ford:—You dis-

Call your men, sembling knight!

Mrs. Ford. What, John! Robert! John! [Exit ROBIN. Re-enter Servants.] Go take up these clothes here, quickly; where's the cowl-staff? look, how you drumble: carry them to the laundress in Datchet mead; quickly, come.

Enter FORD, PAGE, CAIUS, and Sir HUGH EVANS.

Ford. Pray you, come near: if I suspect without cause, why, then make sport at me,

then let me be your jest; I deserve it .- How now? whither bear you this?

Serv. To the laundress, forsooth.

Mrs. Ford. Why, what have you to do whither they bear it? You were best meddle with buck-washing.

Ford. Buck? I would I could wash myself of the buck! Buck, buck, buck? Ay, buck; I warrant you, buck; and of the season too; It shall appear. [Exeunt Servants with basket.] Gentlemen, I have dreamed to-night; I'll tell you my dream. Here, here, here be my keys: ascend my chambers, search, seek, find out: I'll warrant we'll unkennel the fox:-Let me stop this way first:—so, now uncape.

Page. Good Master Ford, be contented:

you wrong yourself too much.

Ford. True, Master Page.-Up, gentlemen; you shall see sport anon: follow me, gentlemen.

Eva. This is fery fantastical humours and jealousies.

Caius. By gar, 'tis no de fashion of France:

it is not jealous in France.

Page. Nay, follow him, gentlemen; see the

issue of his search. [Exeunt EVANS, PAGE, and CAIDS.

Mrs. Page. Is there not a double excellency in this? Mrs. Ford. I know not which pleases me

better, that my husband is deceived, or Sir Tohn. Mrs. Page. What a taking was he in when your husband asked who was in the basket! Mrs. Ford. I am half afraid he will have

need of washing; so throwing him into the water will do him a benefit. Mrs. Page. Hang him, dishonest rascal! I

would all of the same strain were in the same distress.

Mrs. Ford. I think my husband hath some special suspicion of Falstaff's being here; for I never saw him so gross in his jealousy till

Mrs. Page. I will lay a plot to try that: and we will yet have more tricks with Falstaff: his

dissolute disease will scarce obey this medicine. Mrs. Ford. Shall we send that foolish carrion. Mrs. Quickly, to him, and excuse his throwing into the water; and give him another hope, to

betray him to another punishment? Mrs. Page. We'll do it; let him be sent for to-morrow eight o'clock, to have amends.

Re-enter Ford, Page, Caius, and Sir Hugh EVANS.

Ford. I cannot find him: maybe the knave bragged of that he could not compass.

Mrs. Page. Heard you that?

Mrs. Ford. Ay, ay, peace:-You use me well, Master Ford, do you?

Ford. Ay, I do so. [your thoughts! Mrs. Ford. Heaven make you better than Ford. Amen. [Master Ford. Mrs. Page. You do yourself mighty wrong,

Ford. Ay, ay; I must bear it.
Eva. If there be any pody in the house, and in thechambers, and in the coffers, and in the presses, heaven forgive my sins at the day of judgment!

Caius. By gar, nor I too; dere is no-bodies. Fie, fie, Master Ford! are you not ashamed? What spirit, what devil suggests this Looks handsome in three hundred pounds aimagination? I would not have your distemper in this kind for the wealth of Windsor Castle.

Ford .'Tis my fault, Master Page: I suffer for it. Eva. You suffer for a pad conscience: your wife is as honest a 'omans as I will desires

among five thousand, and five hundred too.

Caius. By gar, I see 'tis an honest woman. Ford. Well;—I promised you a dinner:— Come, come, walk in the park: I pray you, pardon me; I will here aftermake known to you why I have done this .- Come, wife; -come, Mistress Page;

I pray you, pardon me; pray heartily, pardon me.

Page. Let's go in, gentlemen; but, trust me,
we'll mock him. I do invite you to-morrow morning to my house to breakfast; after, we'll a-birding together; I have a fine hawk for the bush. Shall it be so?

Ford. Any thing. Eva. If there is one, I shall make two in the Caius. If there be one or two, I shall make-a de turd.

Eva. In your teeth: for shame. Ford. Pray you go, Master Page.

Eva. I pray you now, remembrance tomorrow on the lousy knave, mine host.

Caius. Dat is good; by gar, vit all my heart. Eva. A lousy knave; to have his gibes and his mockeries. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- A Room in Page's House. Enter FENTON and Mrs. ANNE PAGE.

Fent. I see, I cannot get thy father's love; Therefore, no more turn me to him, sweet Nan. Anne. Alas! how then?

Why, thou must be thyself. He doth object I am too great of birth;

And that, my state being gall'd with my expense, I seek to heal it only by his wealth. Besides these, other bars he lays before me,-

My riots past, my wild societies; And tells me 'tis a thing impossible

I should love thee but as a property. Anne. Maybe he tells you true? [come! Fent. No; heaven so speed me in my time to [come!

Albeit, I will confess, thy father's wealth Was the first motive that I woo'd thee, Anne: Yet, wooing thee, I found thee of more value Than stamps in gold, or sums in sealed bags; And 'tis the very riches of thyself

That now I aim at.

Gentle Master Fenton, Anne. Yet seek my father's love; still seek it, sir: If opportunity and humblest suit Cannot attain it, why then.—Hark you hither.

They converse apart.

Enter SHALLOW, SLENDER, and Mrs. QUICKLY.

Shal. Break their talk, Mistress Quickly; my kinsman shall speak for himself. Slen. I'll make a shaft or a bolt on't; 'slid,

'tis but venturing.

Shal. Be not dismayed.

Slen. No; she shall not dismay me. I care not for that,-but that I am afeard.

Quick. Hark ye: Master Slender would schoice. speak a word with you. Anne. I come to him .- This is my father's

O, what a world of vile ill-favour'd faults.

year! Quick. And how does good Master Fenton?

Pray you, a word with you. Shal. She's coming; to her, coz. O boy,

thou hadst a father!

Slen. I had a father, Mistress Anne-my uncle can tell you good jests of him:-Pray you. uncle, tell Mistress Anne the jest, how my father stole two geese out of a pen, good uncle.

Shal. Mistress Anne, my cousin loves you. Slen. Ay, that I do; as well as I love any woman in Gloucestershire. woman.

Shal. He will maintain you like a gentle-Slen. Ay, that I will, come cut and long-tail,

under the degree of a 'squire.

Shal. He will make you a hundred and fifty pounds jointure. for himself. Anne. Good Master Shallow, let him woo

Shal. Marry, I thank you for it; I thank you for that good comfort. She calls you, coz; I'll leave you.

Anne. Now, Master Slender. Slen. Now, good Mistress Anne.

Anne. What is your will? Slen. My will? 'od's heartlings, that's a pretty jest indeed! I ne'er made my will yet, I thank heaven; I am not such a sickly creature, I give heaven praise. [you with me?

Anne. I mean, Master Slender, what would Slen. Truly, for nune own part I would little or nothing with you. Your father and my uncle have made motions: if it be my luck, so: if not, happy man be his dole! They can tell you how things go better than I can. You may ask your father; here he comes.

Enter PAGE and Mrs. PAGE.

Page. Now, Master Slender:-Love him, daughter Anne.-

Why, how now! what does Master Fenton here? You wrong me, sir, thus still to haunt my house: I told you, sir, my daughter is disposed of.

Fent. Nay, Master Page, be not impatient. Mrs. Page. Good Master Fenton, come not

to my child. Page. She is no match for you.

Fent. Sir, will you hear me?

Page. No, good Master Fenton. Come, Master Shallow; come, son Slender,

Knowing my mind, you wrong me, Master [Exeunt PAGE, SHAL., and SLEN.

Quick. Speak to Mrs. Page Fent. Good Mistress Page, for that I love

your daughter In such a righteous fashion as I do, Perforce, against all checks, rebukes, and man-

I must advance the colours of my love, And not retire. Let me have your good will. Anne. Good mother, do not marry me to

youd fool. better husband. Mrs. Page. I mean it not; I seek you a Quick. That's my Master, Master Doctor. Anne. Alas! I had rather be set quick i' the

And bowled to death with turnips.

Mrs. Page. Come, trouble not yourself. Good Master Fenton,

I will not be your friend, nor enemy: My daughter will I question how she loves you, And as I find her, so am I affected; Till then, farewell, sir:-She must needs go in;

Her father will be angry.

[Exeunt Mrs. Page and Anne. Fent. Farewell, gentle mistress; farewell, Nan.

Quick. This is my doing, now:-Nay, said I, will you cast away your child on a fool, and a physician? Look on Master Fenton:-this [to-night is my doing.

Fent. I thank thee; and I pray thee, once Give my sweet Nan this ring. There's for thy

pains. [Exit Quick. Now heaven send thee good fortune! A kind heart he hath: a woman would run through fire and water for such a kind heart. But yet I would my master had Mistress Anne: or I would Master Slender had her: or, in sooth, I would Master Fenton had her: I will do what I can for them all three; for so I have promised, and I'll be as good as my word; but speciously for Master Fenton. Well, I must of another errand to Sir John Falstaff from my two mistresses. What a beast am I to slack

Scene V .- A Room in the Garter Inn.

Enter Falstaff and Bardolph.

· Fal. Bardolph, I say,-

Bard. Here, sir.

Fal. Go fetch me a quart of sack; put a toast in 't. [Exit BARD.] Have I lived to be carried in a basket, like a barrow of butcher's offal; and to be thrown into the Thames? Well, if I be served such another trick, I'll have my brains ta'en out and butter'd, and give them to a dog for a new year's gift. The rogues slighted me into the river with as little remorse as they would have drowned a bitch's blind pupples, fifteen 1' the litter: and you may know by my size that I have a kind of alacrity in sinking; if the bottom were as deep as hell I should down. I had been drowned but that the shore was shelvy and shallow: a death that I abhor; for the water swells a man; and what a thing should I have been when I had been swelled! I should have been a mountain of mummy.

Re-enter BARDOLPH, with the wine.

· Bard. Here's Mistress Quickly, sir, to speak

Fal. Come, let me pour in some sack to the Thames water; for my belly's as cold as if I had swallowed snow-balls for pills to cool the reins. Call her in.

Bard. Come in, woman.

Enter Mrs. QUICKLY.

Quick. By your leave; I cry you mercy.

Give your worship good-morrow. Fal. Take away these chalices. Go, brew me a pottle of sack finely.

Bard. With eggs, sir?

Fal. Simple of itself; I'll no pullet-sperm in my brewage.—[Exit Bardolph.]—How now?

from Mistress Ford.

Fal. Mistress Ford! I have had ford enough: I was thrown into the ford: I have my belly full of ford.

Quick. Alas the day! good heart, that was not her fault: she does so take on with her men: they mistook their erection. [woman's promise.

Fal. So did I mine, to build upon a foolish Fal. So did I mile, to Cuick. Well, she laments, sir, for it, that it wild yearn your heart to see it. Her husband would yearn your heart to see it. goes this morning a-birding; she desires you once more to come to her between eight and nine; I must carry her word quickly: she'll make you amends, I warrant you.

Fal. Well, I will visit her. Tell her so; and

bid her think what a man is: let her consider his frailty, and then judge of my merit.

Quick. I will tell her. Fal. Do so. Between nine and ten, say'st

Quick. Eight and nine, sir. Fal. Well, begone: I will not miss her.

Ouick. Peace be with you, sir. Fal. I marvel I hear not of Master Brook: he sent me word to stay within: I like his money well. O, here he comes.

Enter FORD.

Ford. Bless you, sir!

Fal. Now, Master Brook? you come to know what hath passed between me and Ford's wife. Ford. That, indeed, Sir John, is my business.

Fal. Master Brook, I will not he to you; I was at her house the hour she appointed me.

Ford. And how sped you, sir?
Fal. Very Ill-favouredly, Master Brook.

Ford. How so, sir? Did she change her determination?

Fal. No, Master Brook; but the peaking cornuto her husband, Master Brook, dwelling in a continual 'larum of jealousy, comes me in the instant of our encounter, after we had embraced, kissed, protested, and, as it were, spoke the prologue of our comedy; and at his heels a rabble of his companions, thither provoked and instigated by his distemper, and forsooth, to search his house for his wife's love.

Ford. What! while you were there?
Fal. While I was there. [not: [not find you: Ford. And did he search for you and could Fal. You shall hear. As good luck would have it, comes in one Mistress Page; gives intelligence of Ford's approach; and, by her in-vention and Ford's wife's distraction, they con-

veyed me into a buck-basket.

Ford. A buck-basket! Fal. By the Lord, a buck-basket: rammed me in with foul shirts and smocks, socks, foul stockings, and greasy napkins; that, Master Brook, there was the rankest compound of villanous smell that ever offended nostril.

Ford. And how long lay you there?
Fal. Nay, you shall hear, Master Brook, what I have suffered to bring this woman to evil for your good. Being thus crammed in the basket, a couple of Ford's knaves, his hinds, were called forth by their mistress to carry me in the name of foul clothes to Datchet-lane: they took me on their shoulders; met the jealous knave their y brewage.—[Exit Bardolph.]—How now? master in the door; who asked them once or Quick. Marry, sir, I come to your worship, twice what they had in their basket: I quaked for fear lest the lunatic knave would have

searched it; but fate, ordaining he should be a cuckold, held his hand. Well: on went he for a search, and away went I for foul clothes. But mark the sequel, Master Brook; I suffered the pangs of three several deaths: first, an intolerable fright to be detected with a jealous rotten bell-wether: next, to be compassed, like a good bilbo, in the circumference of a peck, hilt to point, heel to head: and then, to be stopped in. like a strong distillation, with stinking clothes that fretted in their own grease: think of that,a man of my kidney,—think of that: that am as subject to heat as butter; a man of continual dissolution and thaw, it was a miracle to 'scape suffocation. And in the height of this bath, when I was more than half-stewed in grease, like a Dutch dish, to be thrown into the Thames, and cooled, glowing hot, in that surge, like a horse-shoe; think of that,—hissing hot, think of that, Master Brook.

Ford. In good sadness sir, I am sorry that for my sake you have suffered all this. My suit,

then, is desperate, you'll undertake her no more.
Fal. Master Brook, I will be thrown into
Etna, as I have been into Thames, ere I will leave her thus. Her husband is this morning gone a-birding: I have received from her another embassy of meeting; 'twixt eight and nine is the hour, Master Brook.

Ford. 'Tis past eight already, sir.

Fal. Is it? I will then address me to my appointment. Come to me at your convenient leisure, and you shall know how I speed; and the conclusion shall be crowned with your enjoying her. Adieu. You shall have her, Master Brook; Master Brook, you shall cuckold Ford. Exit.

Ford. Hum! ha! is this a vision? is this a dream? do I sleep? Master Ford, awake; awake, Master Ford, there's a hole made in your best coat, Master Ford. This 'tis to be married! this 'tis to have linen and buck-baskets!-Well, I will proclaim myself what I am: I will now take the lecher; he is at my house: he cannot 'scape me; 'tis impossible he should; he cannot creep into a halfpenny purse nor into a pepper box; but, lest the devil that guides him should aid him, I will search impossible places. what I am I cannot avoid, yet to be what I would not shall not make me tame; if I have horns to make one mad, let the proverb go with me, I'll be horn mad.

ACT IV.

SCENE I .- The Street.

Enter Mrs. PAGE, Mrs. QUICKLY, and William

Mrs. Page. Is he at Master Ford's already, think'st thou?

Quick. Sure he is by this; or will be presently; but truly he is very courageous mad about his throwing into the water. Mistress Ford desires you to come suddenly.

Mrs. Page. I'll be with her by and by; I'll but bring my young man here to school. Look, where his master comes; 'tis a playing day, I see.

Enter Sir HUGH EVANS

How now, Sir Hugh? no school to-day?

Eva. No; Master Slender is let the boys leave to play.

Quick. Blessing of his heart!

Mrs. Page. Sir Hugh, my husband says my son profits nothing in the world at his book; I pray you ask him some questions in his accidence.

Eva. Come hither, William; hold up your head; come.

Mrs. Page. Come on, sirrah: hold up your head; answer your master; be not afraid.

Eva. William, how many numbers is in nouns? Will. Two.

Quick. Truly, I thought there had been one number more; because they say od's nouns.

Eva. Peace your tattlings. What is fair, Wilham?

Will. Pulcher.

Quick. Polecats! there are fairer things than polecats, sure.

Eva. You are a very simplicity, 'oman; I ray you, peace. What is lapis, William? pray you, peace.
Will. A stone.

Eva. And what is a stone, William?

Will. A pebble.

Eva. No, it is lapis: I pray you remember in your prain.

Will. Lapis.
Eva. That is good, William. What is he, William, that does lend articles?

Will. Articles are borrowed of the pronoun; and be thus declined, Singulariter, nominativo,

hic, haec, hoc. Eva. Nominativo, hig, hag, hog;—pray you, mark: genitivo, hujus. Well, what is your accusative case?

Will. Accusativo, hinc.

Eva. I pray you, have your remembrance, child. Accusativo, hing, hang, hog. [rant you. Quick. Hang hog is Latin for bacon, I war-Eva. Leave your prabbles, 'oman. What is

the focative case, William?

Will. O-vocativo, O. Eva. Remember, William, focative is caret.

Quick. And that's a good root.

Eva. 'Oman, forbear. Mrs. Page. Peace.

Eva. What is your genitive case plural, William?

Will. Genitive case?

Eva. Ay.

Will. Genitive, -horum, harum, horum.

Quick. 'Vengeance of Jenny's case! fle on her!-never name her, child, if she be a whore.

Eva. For shame, 'oman.

Quick. You do ill to teach the child such words: he teaches him to hick and to hack which they'll do fast enough of themselves, and to call horum: fie upon you!

Eva. 'Oman, art thou lunatics? hast thou no understandings for thy cases, and the numbers of the genders? Thou art as foolish Christian creatures as I would desires

Mrs. Page. Pr'ythee, hold thy peace. Eva. Show me now, William, some declen-

sions of your pronouns.

Will. Forsooth, I have forgot.

Eva. It is ki, kae, cod; if you forget your kies, your kaes, and your cods, you must be preeches. Go your ways and play, go.

Exeunt.

Mrs. Page. He is a better scholar than I thought he was.

Eva. He is a good sprag memory. Fare-

well, Mistress Page. Mrs. Page. Adieu, good Sir Hugh. [Exit Sir Hugh. | Get you home, boy. Come, we

SCENE II .- A Room in FORD'S House.

Enter Falstaff and Mrs. FORD.

Fal. Mistress Ford, your sorrow hath eaten up my sufferance: I see you are obsequious in your love, and I profess requital to a hair's breadth; not only, Mistress Ford, in the simple office of love, but in all the accoutrement, complement, and ceremony of it. But are you sure of your husband now?

Mrs. Ford. He is a-birding, sweet Sir John. Mrs. Page. [Within.] What hoa, gossip

stay too long.

Ford, what hoa! Mrs. Ford. Step into the chamber, Sir John. Exit FALSTAFF.

Enter Mrs. PAGE.

Mrs. Page. How now, sweetheart? who's at

home beside yourself?

Mrs. Ford. Why, none but mine own people.

Mrs. Page. Indeed? Mrs. Ford. No. certainly:--Speak louder.

[Aside. Mrs. Page. Truly I am so glad you have

nobody here. Mrs. Ford. Why?

Mrs. Page. Why, woman, your husband is in his old lunes again: he so takes on yonder with my husband; so rails against all married mankind: so curses all Eve's daughters, of what complexion soever; and so buffets himself on the forehead, crying Peer-out, peer-out! that any madness I ever yet beheld seemed but tameness, civility, and patience, to this his distemper heis in now: I am glad the fat knight is not here.

Mrs. Ford. Why? does he talk of him?

Mrs. Page. Of none but him; and swears he was carried out, the last time he searched for him, in a basket: protests to my husband he is now here; and hath drawn him and the rest of their company from their sport to make another experiment of his suspicion; but I am glad the knight is not here; now he shall see his own foolery.

Mrs. Ford. How near is he. Mistress Page? Mrs. Page. Hard by; at street end; he will

be here anon. Mrs. Ford. I am undone!-The knight is

Mrs. Page. Why, then, you are utterly ashamed, and he's but a dead man. What a woman are you!-Away with him, away with him; better shame than murder.

Mrs. Ford. Which way should he go? How should I bestow him? Shall I put him into

the basket again?

Re-enter Falstaff.

Fal. No, I'll come no more i' the basket. May I not go out ere he come?

Mrs. Page. Alas! three of Master Ford's brothers watch the door with pistols, that none shall issue out: otherwise you might slip away ere he came. But what make you here?

Fal. What shall I do?-I'll creep up into the chimney.

Mrs.Ford.Theretheyalways used to discharge

their birding pieces. Creep into the kiln-hole.

Fal. Where is it?

Mrs. Ford. He will seek there, on my word. Neither press, coffer, chest, trunk, well, vault. but he hath an abstract for the remembrance of such places, and goes to them by his note. There is no hiding you in the house.

Fal. I'll go out then.

Mrs. Page. If you go out in your own semblance, you die, Sir John. Unless you go out disguised,-

Mrs. Ford. How might we disguise him?

Mrs. Page. Alas the day, I know not. There is no woman's gown big enough for him; otherwise he might put on a hat, a muffler, and a kerchief, and so escape.

Fal. Good hearts, devise something: any

extremity rather than a mischief.

Mrs. Ford. My maid's aunt, the fat woman of Brentford, has a gown above.

Mrs. Page. On my word, it will serve him: she's as big as he is: and there's her thrummed hat, and her muffle too. Run up, Sir John.

Mrs. Ford. Go, go, sweet Sir John. Mistress Page and I will look some linen for your head. Mrs. Page. Quick, quick; we'll come dress you straight: put on the gown the while.

Exit FALSTAFF.

Mrs. Ford. I would my husband would meet him in this shape: he cannot abide the old woman of Brentford; he swears she's a witch. forbade her my house, and hath threatened to beat her.

Mrs. Page. Heavenguidehimtothyhusband's cudgel; and the devil guide his cudgel afterwards !

Mrs. Ford. But is my husband coming? Mrs. Page. Ay, in good sadness is he; and he talks of the basket too, howsoever he hath

had intelligence Mrs. Ford. We'll try that; for I'll appoint my men to carry the basket again to meet him

at the door with it as they did last time. Mrs. Page. Nay, but he'll be here presently. let's go dress him like the witch of Brentford.

Mrs. Ford. I'll first direct my men what they shall do with the basket. Go up, I'll bring linen for him straight. Exit.

Mrs. Page. Hang him, dishonest variet! we cannot misuse him enough.

We'll leave a proof, by that which we will do, Wives may be merry and yet honest too: We do not act that often jest and laugh; We do not act that often jest and laugh,
'Tis old but true, Still swine eat all the draff.
[Exit.

Re-enter Mrs. FORD, with two Servants. Mrs. Ford. Go, sirs, take the basket again

on your shoulders: your master is hard at door; if he bid you set it down, obey him: quickly, despatch.

1 Serv. Come, come, take it up.

2 Serv. Pray heaven it be not full of the knight again. much lead.

I Serv. I hope not; I had as lief bear so Enter FORD, PAGE, SHALLOW, CAIUS, and Sir HUGH EVANS.

Ford. Ay, but if it prove true, Master Page,

have you any way then to unfool me again? -Set down the basket, villain:-Somebody call my wife .-- You, youth in a basket, come out here!-O, you panderly rascals! there's a knot, a gin, a pack, a conspiracy against me. Now shall the devil be shamed. What! wife, I say! come, come forth; behold what honest clothes you send forth to bleaching.

Page. Why, this passes! Master Ford, you are not to go loose any longer; you must be pinioned. Eva. Why, this is lunatics! this is mad as a

mad dog!

Shal. Indeed. Master Ford, this is not well: indeed.

Enter Mrs. FORD.

Ford. So say I too, sir.-Come hither, Mistress Ford; Mistress Ford, the honest woman, the modest wife, the virtuous creature, that hath the jealous fool to her husband!-I suspect without cause, mistress, do I?

Mrs. Ford. Heaven be my witness, you do,

if you suspect me in any dishonesty.

Ford. Well said, brazen-face; hold it out.—

Come forth, sirrah.

Pulls the clothes out of the basket. Page. This passes! fclothes alone.

Mrs. Ford. Are you not ashamed? Let the Ford. I shall find you anon.

Eva. 'Tis unreasonable! Will you take up your wife's clothes? Come away.

Ford. Empty the basket, I say. Mrs. Ford. Why, man, why,—

Ford. Master Page, as I am a man, there was one conveyed out of my house yesterday in this basket. Why may not he be there again? In my house I am sure he is: my intelligence is true: my jealousy is reasonable. Pluck me out all the linen.

Mrs Ford. If you find a man there he shall die a flea's death.

Page. Here's no man. Shal. By my fidelity, this is not well, Master

Ford; this wrongs you. Eva. Master Ford, you must pray, and not follow the imaginations of your own heart: this is jealousies.

Ford. Well, he's not here I seek for.

Page. No, nor no where else but in your brain.

Ford. Help to search my house this one time: if I find not what I seek, show no colour for my extremity; let me for ever be your table sport; let them say of me, As jealous as Ford. that searched a hollow walnut for his wife's leman. Satisfy me once more; once more search with me.

Mrs. Ford. What, hoa, Mistress Page! come you and the old woman down; my husband will come into the chamber.

Ford. Old woman! What old woman's that? Mrs. Ford. Why, it is my maid's aunt of Brentford.

Ford. A witch, a quean, an old cozening quean! Have I not forbid her my house? She comes of errands, does she? We are simple men; we do not know what's brought to pass under the profession of fortune telling. She works by charms, by spells, by the figure, and make them pay; I'll sauce them: they have had such daubery as this is; beyond our element: my houses a week at command; I have turned

we know nothing. -- Come down, you witch, you hag you, come down, I say.

Mrs. Ford. Nay, good, sweet husband;—good gentlemen, let him not strike the old

Enter FALSTAFF in women's clothes, led by MIS. PAGE.

Mrs. Page. Come, Mother Prat, come; give me your hand.

Ford. I'll prat her:----Out of my door, you witch, [beats him] you rag, you baggage, you polecat, you ronyon! out! out! I'll conjure Exit FALSTAFF. you. I'll fortune-tell you.

Mrs. Page. Are you not ashamed? I think you have killed the poor woman.

Mrs. Ford. Nav. he will do it:-- Tis a goodly credit for you.

Ford. Hang her, witch!
Eva. By yea and no, I think the 'oman is a
witch indeed: I like not when a'oman has a great

peard; I spy a great peard under her muffler.

Ford. Will you follow, gentlemen? I beseech you follow; see but the issue of my jealousy: if I cry out thus upon no trail, never trust me when I open again.

Page. Let's obey his humour a little farther.

Come, gentlemen.

Exeunt PAGE, FORD, SHAL., and EVANS-Mrs. Page. Trust me, he beat him most pitifully.

Mrs. Ford. Nay, by the mass, that he did not; he beat him most unpitifully methought.

Mrs. Page. I'll have the cudgel hallowed and hung o'er the altar; it hath done mentorious service.

Mrs. Ford. What think you? May we, with the warrant of womanhood and the witness of a good conscience, pursue him with any further revenge?

Mrs. Page. The spirit of wantonness is, sure, scared out of him; if the devil have him not in fee-simple, with fine and recovery, he will never I think, in the way of waste, attempt us again. Mrs. Ford. Shall we tell our husbands how

we have served him?

Mrs. Page. Yes, by all means; if it be but to scrape the figures out of your husband's brains. If they can find in their hearts the poor unvirtuous fat knight shall be any further afflicted, we two will still be the ministers.

Mrs. Ford. I'll warrant they'll have him publicly shamed: and methinks there would be no period to the jest should he not be publicly

shamed. Mrs. Page. Come, to the forge with it then, shape it: I would not have things cool. [Exeunt.

Scene III.—A Room in the Garter Inn.

Enter HOST and BARDOLPH.

Bard. Sir, the Germans desire to have three of your horses: the duke himself will be tomorrow atcourt, and they are going to meet him. Host. What duke should that be comes so se-

cretly? I hear not of him in the court. Let me speak with the gentlemen: they speak English. Bard. Ay, sir; I'll call them to you.

Host. They shall have my horses; but I'll

away my other guests: they must come off; I'll sauce them. Come. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- A Room in Ford's House. Enter PAGE, FORD, Mrs. PAGE, Mrs. FORD, and Sir Hugh Evans.

Eva. 'Tis one of the pest discretions of a 'oman as ever I did look upon.

Page. And did he send you both these letters at an instant?

Mrs. Page. Within a quarter of an hour. Ford. Pardon me, wife. Henceforth, do what thou wilt:

I rather will suspect the sun with cold Than thee with wantonness: now doth thy -honour stand.

In him that was of late an heretic,

As firm as faith.

'Tis well, 'tis well; no more. Page. Be not as extreme in submission

As in offence;

But let our plot go forward: let our wives Yet once again, to make us public sport, Appoint a meeting with this old fat fellow,

Where we may take him and disgrace him for it. Ford. There is no better way than that they spoke of.

Page. How! to send him word they'll meet him in the park at midnight; fie, fie; he'll never come.

Eva. You say he has been thrown into the rivers, and has been grievously peaten as an old 'oman; methinks there should be terrors in him that he should not come; methinks his flesh is punished, he shall have no desires.

Page. So think I too. [when he comes, Mrs. Ford. Devise but how you'll use him And let us two devise to bring him thither.

Mrs. Page. There is an old tale goes, that Herne the hunter, Sometime a keeper here in Windsor forest,

Doth all the winter time, at still midnight, Walk round about an oak, with great ragg'd horns:

And there he blasts the tree, and takes the cattle And makes milch-kine yield blood, and shakes a chain

In a most hideous and dreadful manner: [know You have heard of such a spirit; and well you The superstitious idle-headed eld Received, and did deliver to our age,

.This tale of Herne the hunter for a truth. [fear Page. Why, yet there want not many that do In deep of night to walk by this Herne's oak:

But what of this? Marry, this is our device; Mrs. Ford. That Falstaff at that oak shall meet with us, Disguised, like Herne, with huge horns on his

head. come, Page. Well, let it not be doubted but he'll And in this shape. When you have brought him thither.

What shall be done with him? what is your plot? Mrs. Page. That likewise have we thought upon, and thus:

Nan Page my daughter, and my little son, And three or four more of their growth, we'll dress (white.

Like urchins, ouphes, and fairies, green and With rounds of waxen tapers on their heads,

And rattles in their hands; upon a sudden, As Falstaff, she, and I, are newly met, Let them from forth a saw-pit rush at once With some diffused song; upon their sight We two in great amazedness will fly: Then let them all encircle him about, And farry-like, to pinch the unclean knight; And ask him why that hour of fairy revel In their so sacred paths he dares to tread In shape profane.

Mrs. Ford. And till he tell the truth, Let the supposed fairnes pinch him sound,

And burn him with their tapers.

The truth being known. Mrs. Page. We'll all present ourselves, dis-horn the spirit, And mock him home to Windsor.

Ford. The children must Be practised well to this or they'll ne'er do 't. Eva. I will teach the children their behaviours, and I will be like a jack-an-apes also, to

burn the knight with my taber.

Ford. That will be excellent. I'll go buy them vizards. fall the fairies.

Mrs. Page. My Nan shall be the queen of Finely attired in a robe of white. [time Page. That silk will I go buy, -and in that Shall Master Slender steal my Nan away. [Aside And marry her at Eton. Go, send to Fal-[Brook:

staff straight. Ford. Nay, I'll to him again, in name of He'll tell me all his purpose. Sure, he'll come. Mrs. Page. Fear not you that. Go, get us

properties. And tricking for our fairnes

Eva. Let us about it. It is admirable pleasures, and fery honest knaveries.

Exeunt PAGE, FORD, and EVANS,

Mrs. Page. Go, Mistress Ford, Send quickly to Sir John to know his mind. Exit Mrs. FORD.

I'll to the doctor; he hath my good-will, And none but he, to marry with Nan Page. That Slender, though well landed, is an idiot; And he my husband best of all affects: The doctor is well money'd, and his friends Potent at court; he, none but he, shall have her, Though twenty thousand worthier come to crave her. Exit.

Scene V .- A Room in the Garter Inn. Enter HOST and SIMPLE.

Host. What wouldst thou have, boor? what, thick-skin? speak, breathe, discuss; brief, short, quick, snap.

Sim. Marry, sir, I come to speak with Sir John Falstaff from Master Slender. Host. There's his chamber, his house, his castle, his standing-bed and truckle-bed; 'tis

painted about with the story of the Prodigal, fresh and new. Go, knock and call; he'll speak like an Anthropophaginian unto thee. Knock, I say.

Sim. There's an old woman, a fat woman, gone up into his chamber; I'll be so bold as stay, sir, till she come down; I come to speak

with her, indeed.

Host. Ha! a fat woman! the knight may be robbed: I'll call.—Bully knight! Bully Sir John! speak from thy lungs military. Art thou there? it is thine host, thine Ephesian, calls.

Fal. [Above]. How now, mine host?

Host. Here's a Bohemian-Tartar tarries the coming down of thy fat woman. Let her descend, bully, let her descend; my chambers are honourable. Fie! privacy? fie!

Enter FALSTAFF.

Fal. There was, mine host, an old fat woman even now with me; but she's gone.

Sim. Pray you, sir, was't not the wise woman

of Brentford? Fal. Ay, marry was it, muscle-shell. What would you with her?

Sim. My master, sir, my Master Slender, sent to her, seeing her go through the streets, to know, sir, whether one Nym, sir, that beguiled him of a chain had the chain or no.

Fal. I spake with the old woman about it.

Sim. And what says she, I pray, sir?
Fal. Marry, she says that the very same man that beguled Master Slender of his chain

cozened him of it. Sim. I would I could have spoken with the woman herself; I had other things to have

spoken with her too from him. Fal. What are they? let us know.

Host. Ay, come, quick.

Sim. I may not conceal them, sir.

Fal. Conceal them, or thou diest.

Sim. Why, sir, they were nothing but about Mistress Anne Page; to know if it were my master's fortune to have her or no.

Fal. 'Tis, 'tis his fortune.

Sim. What, sir? Fal. To have her,—or no. Go; say the woman told me so.

Sim. May I be so bold to say so, sir?

Fal. Ay, Sir Tike; who more bold?

Sim. I thank your worship: I shall make my master glad with these tidings. [Ex. SIMPLE. Thou art clerkly, thou art clerkly, Sir

Host. Thou art clerkly, thou are the shin. Was there a wise woman with thee shine host; one John. Fal. Ay, that there was, mine host; one that hath taught me more wit than ever I learned before in my life: and I paid nothing for it

Enter BARDOLPH.

neither, but was paid for my learning.

Bard. Out, alas, sir! cozenage! mere cozenage!

Host. Where be my horses? speak well of them, varletto.

Bard. Run away with the cozeners: for so soon as I came beyond Eton they threw me off from behind one of them in a slough of mire; and set spurs and away, like three German devils, three Doctor Faustuses.

Host. They are gone but to meet the duke, villain: do not say they be fled; Germans are honest men.

Enter Sir HUGH EVANS.

Eva. Where is mine host?

Host. What is the matter, sir? Eva. Have a care of your entertainments:

there is a friend of mine come to town tells me there is three couzin germans that has cozened all the hosts of Readings, of Maidenhead, of Colebrook, of horses and money. I tell you for good-will, look you: you are wise, and full of gibes and vlouting-stogs; and 'tis not con-

venient you should be cozened: fare you well. Exit.

Enter Dr. CATUS.

Caius. Vere is mine Host de Jarterre? Host. Here, master doctor, in perplexity and doubtful dilemma.

Caius. I cannot tell vat is dat: but it is tella me dat you make grand preparation for a duke de Jarmany: by my trot dere is no duke dat de court is know to come; I tell you for good-vill: adieu.

Host. Hue and cry, villain, go:-assist me, knight; I am undone: fly, run, hue and cry, villain! I am undone!

Exeunt HOST and BARD. Fal. I would all the world might be cozened: for I have been cozened and beaten too. should come to the ear of the court how I have been transformed, and how my transformation hath been washed and cudgelled, they would melt me out of my fat, drop by drop, and liquor fishermen's boots with me; I warrant they would whip me with their fine wits till I were as crest-fallen as a dried pear. I never prospered since I forswore myself at primero. Well, if my wind were but long enough to say my prayers, I would repent.-

Enter Mrs. QUICKLY.

Now! whence come you? Quick. From the two parties, forsooth.

Fal. The devil take one party and his dam the other, and so they shall be both bestowed! I have suffered more for their sakes, more than the villanous inconstancy of man's disposition is able to bear.

Quick. And have not they suffered? Yes. I warrant; speciously one of them; Mistress Ford, good heart, is beaten black and blue, that you cannot see a white spot about her.

Fal. What tell'st thou me of black and blue? I was beaten myself into all the colours of the rainbow; and I was like to be apprehended for the witch of Brentford; but that my admirable dexerity of wit, my counterfeiting the action of an old woman, delivered me, the knave constable had set me i' the stocks, i' the common stocks, for a witch.

Quick. Sir, let me speak with you in your chamber: you shall hear how things go; and, I warrant, to your content. Here is a letter will say somewhat. Good hearts, what ado here is to bring you together! Sure, one of you does not serve heaven well, that you are so crossed.

Fal. Come up into my chamber. Exeunt. Scene VI.—Another Room in the Garter Inn.

Enter Fenton and Host.

Host. Master Fenton, talk not to me; my mınd is heavy, I will give over all. purpose. Fent. Yet hear me speak. Assist me in my And, as I am a gentlemen, I'll give thee

A hundred pound in gold, more than your loss. Host. I will hear you, Master Fenton; and I will, at the least, keep your counsel.

Fent. From time to time I have acquainted **vou**

With the dear love I bear to fair Anne Page; Who, mutually, hath answer'd my affection, So far forth as herself might be her chooser,— Even to my wish: I have a letter from her Of such contents as you will wonder at; The mirth whereof so larded with my matter That neither, singly, can be manifested Without the show of both;—wherein fat Falstaff Hath a great scene: the image of the jest

Showing the letter. I'll show you here at large. Hark, good mine

one. host. To-night at Herne's oak, just 'twixt twelve and Must my sweet Nan present the fairy queen: The purpose why is here; in which disguise, While other jests are something rank on foot, Her father hath commanded her to slip Away with Slender, and with him at Eton Immediately to marry: she hath consented:

Her mother, ever strong against that match, And firm for Doctor Casus, hath appointed That he shall likewise shuffle her away While other sports are tasking of their minds, And at the deanery, where a priest attends, Straight marry her: to this her mother's plot She, seemingly obedient, likewise hath Made promise to the doctor:-Now thus it rests; Her father means she shall be all in white: And in that habit, when Slender sees his time To take her by the hand and bid her go, She shall go with him: her mother hath intended, The better to denote her to the doctor. For they must all be mask'd and vizarded, That, quaint in green, she shall be loose enrobed, With ribands pendant, flaring bout her head; And when the doctor spies his vantage ripe, To pinch her by the hand, and, on that token, The maid hath given consent to go with him.

Host. Which means she to deceive? father or mother?

Fent. Both, my good host, to go along with me:

And here it rests,—that you'll procure the vicar To stay for me at church, 'twixt twelve and one, And, in the lawful name of marrying, To give our hearts united ceremony. vicar:

Host. Well, husband your device; I'll to the Bring you the maid, you shall not lack a priest. Fent. So shall I evermore be bound to thee; Besides, I'll make a present recompense.

ACT V.

Exeunt.

Scene I .- A Room in the Garter Inn.

Enter Falstaff and Mrs. Quickly.

Fal. Pr'ythee, no more prattling:—go.——
1 hold. This is the third time; I hope good luck lies in odd numbers. Away, go; they say there is divinity in odd numbers, either in

nativity, chance, or death.—Away.

Quick. I'll provide you a chain: and I'll do what I can to get you a pair of horns.

Fal. Away, I say; time wears: hold up your head, and mince. Exit Mrs. QUICKLY.

Enter FORD.

How now, Master Brook? Master Brook, the mooked; if he be amazed he will every way be matter will be known to-night or never. Be you in the Park about midnight, at Herne's oak, and you shall see wonders.

Ford. Went you not to her yesterday, sir, as you told me you had appointed.

Fal. I went to her, Master Brook, as you see, like a poor old man; but I came from her, Master Brook, like a poor old woman. That same knave, Ford her husband, hath the finest mad devil of jealousy in him, Master Brook, that ever governed frenzy. I will tell you.— He beat me grievously, in the shape of a woman; for in the shape of man, Master Brook, I fear not Gohath with a weaver's beam; because I know also life is a shuttle. I am in haste; go along with me; I'll tell you all, Master Brook. Since I plucked geese, played truant, and whipped top, I knew not what it was to be beaten till lately. Follow

me: I'll tell you strange things of this knave Ford, on whom to-night I will be revenged, and I will deliver his wife into your hand .-Follow. Strange things in hand, Master Brook! follow. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Windsor Park.

Enter Page. Shallow and Slender.

Page. Come, come; we'll couch i' the castleditch till we see the light of our fairies .- Re-

member, son Slender, my daughter.

Slen. Ay, forsooth; I have spoke with her, and we have a nay-word how to know one another: I come to her in white and cry mum; she cries budget; and by that we know one another.

Shal. That's good too: but what needs either your mum or her budget? the white will decipher her well enough.-It hath struck ten o'clock.

Page. The night is dark; light and spirits will become it well. Heaven prosper our sport! No man means evil but the devil, and we shall know him by his horns. Let's away; Exeunt. follow me.

Scene III.—The Street in Windsor.

Enter Mrs. PAGE, Mrs. FORD, and Dr. CAIUS.

Mrs. Page. Master doctor, my daughter is in green: when you see your time, take her by the hand, away with her to the deanery, and dispatch it quickly. Go before into the park; we two must go together.

Catus. I know vat I have to do; adieu.

Mrs. Page. Fare you well, sir. CAIUS.] My husband will not rejoice so much at the abuse of Falstaff as he will chafe at the doctor's marrying my daughter: but 'tis no matter: better a little chiding than a great deal

of heart-break.

Mrs. Ford. Where is Nan now, and her troop of fairies? and the Welsh devil, Hugh? Mrs. Page. They are all couched in a pit hard by Herne's oak, with obscured lights; which, at the very instant of Falstaff's and our

meeting, they will at once display to the night.

Mrs. Ford. That cannot choose but amaze

Mrs. Page. If he be not amazed he will be mocked.

Mrs. Ford. We'll betray him finely. Mrs. Page. Against such lewdsters and their

lechery, Those that betray them do no treachery.

To the Mrs. Ford. The hour draws on. oak, to the oak! Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Windsor Park.

Enter Sir Hugh Evans, and Fairies.

Eva. Trib, trib, fairles; come; and remember your parts: be pold, I pray you; follow me into the pit; and when I give the watch-'ords, do as I pid you. Come, come; trib, trib. Exeunt.

Scene V.—Another bart of the Park.

Enter FALSTAFF disguised, with a buck's head on.

Fal. The Windsor bell hath struck twelve; the minute draws on. Now the hot-blooded gods assist me:—Remember, Jove, thou wast a bull for thy Europa; love set on thy horns. O powerful love! that in some respects makes a beast a man; in some other a man a beast.—You were also, Jupiter, a swan, for the love of Leda:-O omnipotent love! how near the god drew to the complexion of a goose?-A fault done first in the form of a beast:-O Tove, a beastly fault! and then another fault in the semblance of a fowl; think on 't, Jove; a foul fault.-When gods have hot backs what shall poor men do? For me, I am here a Windsor stag; and the fattest, I think, i' the forest. Send me a cool rut-time, Jove, or who can blame me to piss my tallow? Who comes here? my doe?

Enter Mrs. FORD and Mrs. PAGE.

Mrs. Ford. Sir John? art thou there, my

deer? my male deer?

Fal. My doe with the black scut?-Let the sky rain potatoes; let it thunder to the tune of Green Sleeves; hall kissing-comfits, and snow eringoes; let there come a tempest of provocation, I will shelter me here. Embracing her. Mrs. Ford. Mistress Page is come with me,

sweetheart.

Fal. Divide me like a bribe-buck, each a haunch: I will keep my sides to myself, my shoulders for the fellow of this walk, and my horns I bequeath your husbands. Am I a woodman? ha! Speak I like Herne the hunter?-Why, now is Cupid a child of conscience; he makes restitution. As I am a true Noise within. spirit, welcome!

Mrs. Page. Alas! what noise?
Mrs. Ford Heaven forgive our sins!

Fal. What should this be?

Mrs. Ford Away, away. [They run off. Mrs. Page.

Fal. I think the devil will not have me damned lest the oil that is in me should set hell on fire; he would never else cross me thus.

Enter Sir Hugh Evans, like a satyr; Mrs. QUICKLY and PISTOL; ANNE PAGE, as the Fairy Queen, attended by her brother and others, dressed like fairies, with waxen tapers on their heads.

Quick. Fairies, black, gray, green and white, You moonshine revellers and shades of night, You orphan-heirs of fixed destiny.

Attend your office and your quality. Crier Hobgoblin, make the fairy o-yes. Pist. Elves, list your names; silence, you airy

toys Cricket, to Windsor chimneys shalt thou leap: Where fires thou find'st unrak'd, and hearths

unswept, There pinch the maids as blue as bilberry:

Our radiant queen hates sluts and sluttery. Fal. They are fairies; he that speaks to them

shall die: [eye. I'll wink and couch: no man their works must

Lies down upon hıs face. Eva. Where's Pede?-Go you, and where you find a maid

That, ere she sleep, has thrice her prayers said, Raise up the organs of her fantasy, Sleep she as sound as careless infancy

But those as sleep and think not on their sins. Pinch them, arms, legs, backs, shoulders, sides, and shins.

Quick. About, about; Search Windsor castle, elves, within and out: Strew good luck, ouphes, on every sacred room; That it may stand till the perpetual doom, In state as wholesome as in state 'tis fit. Worthy the owner and the owner it. The several chairs of order look you scour With juice of balm and every precious flower; Each fair instalment, coat, and several crest, With loyal blazon evermore be blest! And nightly, meadow-fairies, look you sing, Like to the Garter's compass, in a ring: The expressure that it bears, green let it be. More fertile-fresh than all the field to see; And, Hony soit qui mal y pense write, In emerald tufts, flowers purple, blue and white Like sapphire, pearl, and rich embroidery, Buckled below fair knighthood's bending knee: Fairnes use flowers for their charactery. Away; disperse: but, 'tis one o'clock, Our dance of custom, round about the oak Of Herne the hunter, let us not forget.

Eva. Pray you, lock hand in hand; your-

selves in order set:

And twenty glow-worms shall our lanterns be To guide our measure round about the tree. But, stay: I smell a man of middle earth.

Fal. Heavens defend me from that Welsh fairy! lest he transform me to a piece of cheese! Pist. Vile worm, thou wast o'erlook'd even

in thy birth.

Ouick. With trial-fire touch me his finger end: If he be chaste, the flame will back descend And turn him to no pain; but if he start, It is the flesh of a corrupted heart.

Pist. A trial, come.

Eva. Come, will this wood take fire? [They burn him with their tapers.

Fal. Oh, oh, oh! Quick. Corrupt, corrupt, and tainted in desire!

About him, fairies; sing a scornful rhyme; And, as you trip, still pinch him to your time. Eva. It is right; indeed he is full of lecheries and iniquity.

SONG.

Fye on sinful fantasy! Fye on lust and luxury! st is but a bloody fire Kindled with unchaste desire, Fed in heart; whose flames aspire,

As thoughts do blow them, higher and higher-Pinch him, Fauries, mutually; Pinch him for his villany; Pinch him, and burn him, and turn him about,

·Till candles, and star-light, and moonshine be out.

During this song the fairies pinch FALSTAFF. Doctor CAIUS comes one way, and steals away a fairy in green; SLENDER another way, and takes off a fairy in white; and FENTON comes, and steals away Mrs. ANNE PAGE. A noise of hunting is made withm. All the fairies run away. FALSTAFF pulls off his buck's head and rises.

Enter PAGE, FORD, Mrs. PAGE, and Mrs. FORD. They lay hold on him.

Page. Nay, do not fly; I think we have watch'd you now:

Will none but Herne the hunter serve your turn? Mrs. Page. I pray you come; hold up the

jest no higher:-Now, good sir John, how like you Windsor wives? See you these, husband? do not these fair yokes Become the forest better than the town?

Ford. Now, sir, who's a cuckold now?— Master Brook, Falstaff's a knave, a cuckoldly knave; here are his horns, Master Brook: and, Master Brook he hath enjoyed nothing of Ford's but his buck-basket, his cudgel, and twenty pounds of money; which must be paid to Master Brook; his horses are arrested for it, Master Brook.

Mrs. Ford. Sir John, we have had ill luck; we could never meet. I will never take you for my love again, but I will always count you my deer.

Fal. I do begin to perceive that I am made

an ass

Ford. Ay, and an ox too; both the proofs

are extant.

Fal. And these are not fairies? I was three or four times in the thought they were not fairnes: and yet the guiltiness of my mind, the sudden surprise of my powers, drove the grossness of the foppery into a received belief, in despite of the teeth of all rhyme and reason, that they were fairies. See now how wit may be made a Jack-a-lent when 'tis upon ill employment.

Eva. Sir John Falstaff, serve Got and leave your desires, and fairies will not punse you.

Ford. Well said, fairy Hugh.

Eva. And leave you your jealousies too, I pray you.

Ford. I will never mistrust my wife again,

till thou art able to woo her in good English. Fal. Have I laid my brain in the sun, and dried it, that it wants matter to prevent so gross o'er-reaching as this? Am I ridden with a Page. Why, thi Welsh goat too? Shall I have a coxcomb of I tell you how yo irize? 'Tis time I were choked with a piece of by her garments? toasted cheese.

Eva. Seese is not good to give putter; your

pelly is all putter.

Fal. Seese and putter! have I lived to stand at the taunt of one that makes fritters of English? This is enough to be the decay of lust and late-walking through the realm.

Mrs. Page. Why, Sir John, do you think, though we would have thrust virtue out of our hearts by the head and shoulders, and have given ourselves without scruple to hell, that ever the devil could have made you our delight?

Ford. What! a hodge-pudding? a bag of flax?

Mrs. Page. A puffed man?
Page. Old, cold, withered, and of intolerable entrails?

Ford. And one that is as slanderous as Satan? Page. And as poor as Job?

Ford. And as wicked as his wife?

Eva. And given to fornications, and to taverns, and sack, and wine, and metheglins. and to drinkings, and swearings, and starings,

pribbles, and prabbles?
Fal. Well, I am your theme: you have the start of me. I am dejected; I am not able to answer the Welsh flannel: ignorance itself is a

plummet o'er me; use me as you will.

Ford. Marry, sir, we'll bring you to Windsor to one Master Brook, that you have cozened of money, to whom you should have been a pander: over and above that you have suffered, I think, to repay that money will be a biting affliction.

Mrs. Ford. Nay, husband, let that go to

make amends:

Forgive that sum, and so we'll all be friends. Ford. Well, here's my hand, all's forgiven

at last.

Page. Yet be cheerful, knight: thou shalt eat a posset to-night at my house, where I will desire thee to laugh at my wife, that now laughs at thee. Tell her Master Slender hath married her daughter.

Mrs. Page. Doctors doubt that: if Anne Page be my daughter, she is by this Doctor Caius' wife. A side.

Enter SLENDER.

Slen. Who-ho! ho! father Page!

Page. Son! how now? how now, son? have you dispatched?

Slen. Dispatched!-Pil make the best in Gloucestershire know on't; would I were hanged, la, else.

Page. Of what, son?

Slen. I came yonder at Eton to marry Mistress Anne Page, and she's a great lubberly boy. If it had not been i' the church I would have swinged him, or he should have swinged If I did not think it had been Anne Page, would I might never stir, and 'tis a postmaster's boy.

Page. Upon my life then you took the wrong. Slen. What need you tell me that? I think so, when I took a boy for a girl. If I had been marned to him, for all he was in woman's ap-

parel, I would not have had him.

Page. Why, this is your own folly. Did not I tell you how you should know my daughter

Hen. I went to her in white and cried mum, I she cried budget, as Anne and I had appointed; and yet it was not Anne, but a postmaster's boy.

Eva. Jeshu! Master Slender, cannot you see but marry boys?

Page. Oh, I am vexed at heart: what shall I do?

Mrs. Page. Good George, be not angry: I knew of your purpose; turned my daughter into green; and, indeed, she is now with the doctor at the deanery, and there married.

Enter CAIDS.

Caius. Vere is Mistress Page? By gar, I am cozened; I ha' married un garcon, a boy; un paisan, by gar, a boy; it is not Anne Page: by gar, I am cozened.

Mrs. Page. Why, did you take her in green?
Caius. Ay, by gar, and 'tis a boy: by gar,
I'il raise all Windsor.
[Exit Caius. Ford. This is strange. Who hath got the

right Anne? Master Fenton.

Enter FENTON and ANNE PAGE.

How now, Master Fenton?

Anne. Pardon, good father! good my mother,

not with Master Slender? Mrs. Page. Why went you not with master

doctor, maid? Fent. You do amaze her: Hear the truth of it. You would have married her most shamefully, Where there was no proportion held in love. The truth is, she and I, long since contracted,

Are now so sure that nothing can dissolve us. The offence is holy that she hath committed: And this deceit loses the name of craft,

Of disobedience, or unduteous title; Since therein she doth evitate and shun A thousand irreligious cursed hours, Which forced marriage would have brought upon

Ford. Stand not amazed: here is no remedy:-In love, the heavens themselves do guide the state:

Money buys lands, and wives are sold by fate.

Fal. I am glad, though you have ta'en a special stand to strike at me, that your arrow hath glanced.

Page. Well, what remedy? Fenton, heaven

give thee joy!

Page. My heart misgives me:—here comes What cannot be eschewed must be embraced. Fal. When night dogs run all sorts of deer are chased.

Eva. I will dance and eat plums at your

wedding.

Mrs. Page. Well, I will muse no further:—

pardon! Master Fenton,

Page. Now, Mistress, how chance you went Heaven give you many, many merry days!—. Good husband, let us every one go home, And laugh this sport o'er by a country fire, Sir John and all.

Ford. Let it be so:-Sir John, To Master Brook you yet shall hold your word; For he, to-night, shall lie with Mistress Ford. Exeunt-

TWELFTH NIGHT; OR, WHAT YOU WILL

PERSONS REPRESENTED

FABIAN, (

OLIVIA, a rich Countess.

MARIA, OLIVIA'S Woman.

SEBASTIAN, a young Gentleman, brother to MALVOLIA, Steward to OLIVIA. VIOLA. ANTONIC, a Sea Captain, friend to SEBASTIAN CLOWN, A SEA CAPTAIN, friend to VIOLA. VALENTINE, | Gentlemen attending on the VIOLA, in love with the Duke. CURIO, Duke. SIR TOBY BELCH, Uncle of OLIVIA. SIR ANDREW AGUE-CHEEK.

ORSINO, Duke of Illyria Scene,-A City in ILLYRIA, and the Sea-coast near it.

Scene I .- An Apartment in the Duke's Palace. Enter DUKE, CURIO, Lords; Musicians attending.

Duke. If music be the food of love, play on, Give me excess of it; that, surfeiting, The appetite may sicken and so die. That strain again; -it had a dying fall; O, it came o'er my ear like the sweet south, That breathes upon a bank of violets. Stealing, and giving odour.—Enough; no more; 'Tis not so sweet now as it was before. O spirit of love, how quick and fresh art thou! That, notwithstanding thy capacity Receiveth as the sea, nought enters there, Of what validity and pitch soever, But falls into abatement and low price Even in a minute! so full of shapes is fancy, That it alone is high-fantastical. Cur. Will you go hunt, my lord? Duke.

The hart. Duke. Why, so I do, the noblest that I have: O, when mine eyes did see Olivia first, Methought she purg'd the air of pestilence: That instant was I turn'd into a hart; And my desires, like fell and cruel hounds, E'er since pursue me.-How now? what news from her?

Servants to OLIVIA.

Lords, Priests, Sailors, Officers, Musicians, and other Attendants.

Enter VALENTINE.

Val. So please my lord, I might not be admitted. But from her handmaid do return this answer: The element itself, till seven years' heat, Shall not behold her face at ample view; But, like a clostress, she will veiled walk, And water once a-day her chamber round With eye-offending brine: all this to season Abrother's deadlove, which she would keep fresh And lasting in her sad remembrance. [frame. Duke. O, she that hath a heart of that fine To pay this debt of love but to a brother, What, Curio? How will she love when the rich golden shaft

Hath kill'd the flock of all affections else That live in her! when liver, brain, and heart, These sov'reign thrones, are all supplied and fill'd,

Her sweet perfections,-with one self king!-Away before me to sweet beds of flowers; ove-thoughts lie rich when canopied with bowers. Exeunt.

Scene II .- The Sea-coast.

Enter VIOLA, Captain, and Sailors.

Vio. What country, friends, is this?

Illyria, lady. Cap. Vio. And what should I do in Illyria?

My brother he is in Elysum. Perchance he is not drown'd:-What think

you, sailors? [sav'd. Cap. It is perchance that you yourself were

Vio. O my poor brother! and so perchance [with chance, may he be.

Cap. True, madam; and, to comfort you Assure yourself, after our ship did split, When you, and that poor number sav'd with you. Hung on our driving boat, I saw your brother, Most provident in peril, bind himself,-Courage and hope both teaching him the

practice.

To a strong mast that liv'd upon the sea; Where, like Arion on the dolphin's back. I saw him hold acquaintance with the waves So long as I could see.

For saying so, there's gold: Mine own escape unfoldeth to my hope,

Whereto thy speech serves for authority, The like of him. Know'st thou this country? Cap. Ay, madam, well; for I was bred and night here to be her wooer.

Not three hours' travel from this very place.

Vio. Who governs here? Cap. A noble duke, in nature

As in his name. Vio. What is his name?

Cab. Orsino.

Vio. Orsino! I have heard my father name him.

He was a bachelor then.

And so is now, Cap. Or was so very late: for but a month Ago I went from hence; and then 'twas fresh In murmur,—as you know, what great ones do, The less will prattle of,-that he did seek The love of fair Ohvia.

What's she?

Cap. A virtuous maid, the daughter of a count That died some twelvemonth since; then leaving her

In the protection of his son, her brother, Who shortly also died: for whose dear love, They say, she hath abjured the company And sight of men.

O that I served that lady! And might not be delivered to the world, Till I had made mine own occasion mellow What my estate is.

That were hard to compass: Because she will admit no kind of suit, No, not the duke's.

Vio. There is a fair behaviour in thee, captain; And though that nature with a beauteous wall Doth oft close in pollution, yet of thee

I will believe thou hast a mind that suits With this thy fair and outward character. I pray thee, and I'll pay thee bounteously, Conceal me what I am; and be my aid For such disguise as, haply, shall become The form of my intent. I'll serve this duke; Thou shalt present me as an eunuch to him; It may be worth thy pains; for I can sing, And speak to him in many sorts of music That will allow me very worth his service. What else may hap to time I will commit; Only shape thou thy silence to my wit.

Cap. Be you his eunuch and your mute I'll be; Whenmytongueblabs, thenlet mine eyes not see!

Vio. I thank thee. Lead me on.

Exeunt.

Scene III .- A Room in Olivia's House.

Enter Sir TOBY BELCH and MARIA.

Sir To. What a plague means my niece, to take the death of her brother thus? I am sure care's an enemy to life.

Mar. By my troth, Sir Toby, you must come in earlier o'nights; your cousin, my lady, takes

great exceptions to your ill hours.

Sir To. Why, let her except, before excepted. Mar. Ay, but you must confine yourself

within the modest limits of order. Sir To. Confine? I'll confine myself no finer than I am: these clothes are good enough to drink in, and so be these boots too; an they be

not, let them hang themselves in their own straps. Mar. That quaffing and drinking will undo you: I heard my lady talk of it yesterday; and of a foolish knight that you brought in one

Sir To. Who? Sir Andrew Ague-cheek?

Mar. Ay, he. Sir To. He's as tall a man as any's in Illyria.

Mar. What's that to the purpose? Sir To. Why, he has three thousand ducats

a-vear. Mar. Ay, but he'll have but a year in all

these ducats; he's a very fool, and a prodigal. Sir To. Fye, that you'll say so! he plays o' the viol-de-gambo, and speaks three or four languages word for word without book, and hath all the good gifts of nature.

Mar. He hath, indeed,-almost natural: tor, besides that he's a fool, he's a great quarreller; and, but that he hath the gift of a coward to allay the gust he hath in quarrelling, 'tis thought among the prudent he would quickly have the gift of a grave.

Sir To. By this hand, they are scoundrels and substractors that say so of him. Who are they? Mar. They that add, moreover, he's drunk

nightly in your company.

Sir To. With drinking healths to my niece; I'll drink to her as long as there is a passage in my throat and drink in Illyria. He's a coward and a coystril that will not drink to my mece till his brains turn o' the toe like a parish-top. What, wench? Castiliano-vulgo! for here comes Sir Andrew Ague-face.

Enter Sir Andrew Ague-cheek.

Sir And. Sir Toby Belch! how now, Sir Toby Belch?

Sir To. Sweet Sir Andrew?

Sir And. Bless you, fair shrew.

Mar. And you too, sir.

Sir To. Accost, Sir Andrew, accost.

Sir And. What's that?

Sir To. My niece's chamber-maid.

Sir And. Good Mistress Accost, I desire better acquaintance.

Mar. My name is Mary, sir.

Sir And. Good Mistress Mary Accost,—

Sir To. You mistake, knight: accost is,
front her, board her, woo her, assail her.

Sir And. By my troth, I would not undertake her in this company. Is that the meaning of accost?

Mar. Fare you well, gentlemen.

Sir To. An thou let part so, Sir Andrew, would thou mightst never draw sword again. Sir And. An you part so, mistress, I would I might never draw sword again. Fair lady, do you think you have fools in hand?

Mar. Sir, I have not you by the hand.

Sir And. Marry, but you shall have; and

here's my hand.

Mar. Now, sir, thought is free. I pray you, bring your hand to the buttery-bar and let it drınk.

Sir And. Wherefore, sweetheart? what's your metaphor?

Mar. It's dry, sir.

Sir And. Why, I think so; I am not such an ass but I can keep my hand dry. But what's your jest?

Mar. A dry jest, sir.

Sir And. Are you full of them?

Mar. Ay, sir; I have them at my fingers' ends: marry, now I let go your hand I am barren. Exit MARIA.

Sir To. O knight, thou lack'st a cup of canary: When did I see thee so put down?

Sir And. Never in your life, I think; unless you see canary put me down. Methinks sometimes I have no more wit than a Christian or an ordinary man has; but I am a great eater of beef, and, I believe, that does harm to my wit.

Sir To. No question.

Sir And. An I thought that, I'd forswear it.

I'll ride home to-morrow, Sir Toby.

Sir To. Pourquoy, my dear knight? Sir And. What is pourquoy? do or not do? I would I had bestowed that time in the tongues that I have in fencing, dancing, and bear-bait-O, had I but followed the arts!

Sir To. Then hadst thou had an excellent

head of hair.

Sir And. Why, would that have mended my Sir To. Past question; for thou seest it will

not curl by nature.

Sir And. But it becomes me well enough, does't not?

Sir To. Excellent; it hangs like flax on a distaff; and I hope to see a housewife take thee between her legs and spin it off.

Sir And. Faith, I'll home to-morrow, Sir Toby; your niece will not be seen; or, if she be, it's four to one she'll none of me; the count himself here hard by woos her.

Sir To. She'll none o' the count; she'll not match above her degree, neither in estate, years, nor wit: I have heard her swear it. there's life in 't, man.

Str And. I'll stay a month longer. I am a fellow o' the strangest mind i' the world; I delight in masques and revels sometimes altoknight? Sir To. Art thou good at these kick-shaws.

Sir And. As any man in Illyria, whatsoever he be, under the degree of my betters; and yet I will not compare with an old man.

Sir To. What is thy excellence in a galliard. knight?

Sir And. Faith, I can cut a caper. Sir To. And I can cut the mutton to 't.

Sir And. And, I think, I have the back-trick simply as strong as any man in Illyria.

Sir To. Wherefore are these things hid? wherefore have these gifts a curtain before them? are they like to take dust, like Mistress Mall's picture? why dost thou not go to church in a galliard and come home in a coranto? My very walk should be a pig; I would not so much as make water but in a sink-a-pace. What dost thou mean? is it a world to hide virtues in?

did think, by the excellent constitution of thy leg, it was formed under the star of a galliard. Sir And. Ay, 'us strong, and it does indifferent well in a flame-coloured stock. Shall we

set about some revels?

Sir To. What shall we do else? were we not

born under Taurus?
Sir And. Taurus? that's sides and heart.

Sir To. No, sır; it is legs and thighs. Let me see thee caper: ha! higher: ha, ha'-excellent! Exeunt.

Scene IV .- A Room in the Duke's Palace. Enter VALENTINE, and VIOLA, in man's attire.

Val. If the duke continue these favours towards you, Cesario, you are like to be much advanced; he hath known you but three days, and

already you are no stranger.

Vio. You either fear his humour or my negligence, that you call in question the continuance of his love. Is he inconstant, sir, in his favours?

Val. No, believe me.

Enter DUKE, CURIO, and Attendants.

Vio. I thank you. Here comes the count. Duke. Who saw Cesario, ho?

Vio. On your attendance, my lord; here. Duke. Stand you awhile aloof.—Cesario, Thou know'st no less but all; I have unclasp'd To thee the book even of my secret soul: Therefore, good youth, address thy gait unto her; Be not denied access, stand at her doors, And tell them there thy fixed foot shall grow Till thou have audience.

Sure, my noble lord, If she be so abandon'd to her sorrow

Duke. Be clamorous, and leap all civil bounds, Rather than make unprofited return.

As it is spoke, she never will admit me.

Vio. Say I do speak with her, my lord. What then?

Duke. O, then unfold the passion of my love, Surprise her with discourse of my dear faith: It shall become thee well to act my woes; She will attend it better in thy youth Than in a nuncio of more grave aspect.

Vio. I think not so, my lord.

Dear lad, believe it, Duke. For they shall yet belie thy happy years That say thou art a man: Diana's lip Is not more smooth and rubious; thy small pipe Is as the maiden's organ, shrill and sound, And all is semblative a woman's part. I know thy constellation is right apt For this affair:-Some four or five attend him: All, if you will; for I myself am best When least in company:-Prosper well in this And thou shalt live as freely as thy lord, To call his fortunes thine.

I'll do my best To woo your lady: yet, [aside] a barful strife! Who'er I woo, myself would be his wife.

Scene V .- A Room in Olivia's House.

Enter Maria and Clown.

Mar. Nay: either tell me where thou hast been, or I will not open my lips so wide as a bristle may enter in way of thy excuse: my lady will hang thee for thy absence.

Clo. Let her hang me: he that is well hanged

in this world needs to fear no colours.

Mar. Make that good.

Clo. He shall see none to fear.

Mar. A good lenten answer: I can tell thee where that saying was born, of, I fear no colours. Clo. Where, good Mistress Mary?

Mar. In the wars; and that may you be bold

to say in your foolery.

Clo. Well, God give them wisdom that have it; and those that are fools, let them use their talents.

Mar. Yet you will be hanged for being so long absent: or, to be turned away; is not

that as good as a hanging to you?

Clo. Many a good hanging prevents a bad marriage: and for turning away, let summer bear it out.

Mar. You are resolute, then?
Clo. Not so neither; but I am resolved on two points.

Mar. That, if one break, the other will hold; or, if both break, your gaskins fall.

Clo. Apt, in good faith; very apt! Well, go thy way; if Sir Toby would leave drinking, thou wert as witty a piece of Eve's flesh as any in

Mar. Peace, you rogue; no more o' that; here comes my lady: make your excuse wisely; Exit. you were best.

Enter Olivia and Malvolio.

Clo. Wit, and 't be thy will, put me into good fooling! Those wits that think they have thee, do very oft prove fools; and I, that am sure I lack thee, may pass for a wise man. For what says Quinapalus? Better a witty fool than a foolish wit. God bless thee, lady! Oli. Take the fool away. [the lady.

Clo. Do you not hear, fellows? Take away

Oli. Go to, you're a dry fool; I'll no more of

you: besides, you grow dishonest.

Clo. Two faults, madonna, that drink and good counsel will amend: for give the dry fool drink, then is the fool not dry; bid the dishonest man mend himself: if he mend, he is no longer dishonest; if he cannot, let the botcher

mend him. Anything that's mended is but patched; virtue that transgresses is but patched with sin; and sin that amends is but patched with virtue. If that this simple syllogism will serve, so; if it will not, what remedy? As there is no true cuckold but calamity, so beauty's a flower:-the lady bade take away the fool; therefore. I say again, take her away.

Oli. Sir, I bade them take away you

Clo. Mispnsion in the highest degree! - Lady, Cucullus non facit monachum; that's as much as to say, I wear not motley in my brain. Good madonna, give me leave to prove you a fool.

Oli. Can you do it?

Clo. Dexterously, good madonna.

Oli. Make your proof.

Clo. I must catechise you for it, madonna. Good my mouse of virtue, answer me.

Oli. Well, sir, for want of other idleness,

I'll 'bide your proof.

Clo. Good madonna, why mourn'st thou? Oli. Good fool, for my brother's death.

Clo. I think his soul is in hell, madonna.

Oli. I know his soul is in heaven, fool.

Clo. The more fool you, madonna, to mourn for your brother's soul being in heaven .- Take

away the fool, gentlemen.
Oli. What think you of this fool, Malvolio?

doth he not mend?

Mal. Yes; and shall do, till the pange of death shall shake him. Infirmity, that decays the wise, doth ever make the better fool,

Clo. God send you, sir, a speedy infirmity, for the better increasing your folly! Sir Toby will be sworn that I am no fox; but he will not pass his word for twopence that you are no fool.

Oli. How say you to that, Malvolio?

Mal. I marvel your ladyship takes delight in such a barren rascal; I saw him put down the other day with an ordinary fool that has no more brain than a stone. Look you now, he's out of his guard already; unless you laugh and minister occasion to him, he is gagged. I protest, I take these wise men, that crow so at these set kind of fools, no better than the fools' zanies.

Oli. O, you are sick of self-love, Malvolio, and taste with a distempered appetite. To be generous, guiltless, and of free disposition, is to take those things for bird-bolts that you deem cannon-bullets. There is no slander in an allowed fool, though he do nothing but rail; nor no railing in a known discreet man, though he do nothing but reprove.

Clo. Now mercury endue thee with leasing, for thou speakest well of fools!

Re-enter MARIA.

Mar. Madam, there is at the gate a young gentleman much desires to speak with you.

Oli. From the Count Orsino, is it?

Mar. I know not, madam: 'tis a fair young man, and well attended.

Oli. Who of my people hold him in delay? Mar. Sir Toby, madam, your kinsman.

Oli. Fetch him off, I pray you; he speaks nothing but madman. Fie on him! [Exit MARIA.] Go you, Malvolio; if it be a suit from the count, I am sick, or not at home; what you will to dismiss it. [Exit MALVOLIO.] Now you see, sir, how your fooling grows old,

and people dislike it.

Clo. Thou hast spoke for us, madonna, as if thy eldest son should be a fool: whose skull Jove cram with brains, for here he comes, one of thy kin, has a most weak pia mater.

Enter Sir Toby Belch.

Oli. By mine honour, half drunk.-What is he at the gate, cousin?

Sir To. A gentleman.

Oli. A gentleman? What gentleman? Sir To. 'Tis a gentleman here—A plague o' these pickle-herrings!-How now, sot?

Clo. Good Sir Toby,—
Oli. Cousin, cousin, how have you come so early by this lethargy?

Sir To. Lechery! I defy lechery. There's

one at the gate.

Oli. Ay, marry; what is he? Sir To. Let him be the devil an he will, I care not: give me faith, say I. Well, it's all

Oli. What's a drunken man like, fool?

Clo. Like a drowned man, a fool, and a madman: one draught above heat makes him a fool; the second mads him, and a third drowns him. Oli. Go thou and seek the coroner, and let

him sit o' my coz; for he is in the third degree of drink; he's drowned: go, look after him. Clo. He is but mad yet, madonna; and the fool shall look to the madman. [Exit Clown.

Re-enter MALVOLIO.

Mal. Madam, youd young fellow swears he will speak with you. I told him you were sick; he takes on him to understand so much, and therefore comes to speak with you; I told him you were asleep; he seems to have a foreknowledge of that too, and therefore comes to speak with you. What is to be said to him, lady? he's fortified against any denial.

Oli. Tell him, he shall not speak with me. Mal. He has been told so; and he says he'll stand at your door like a sheriff's post, and be the supporter of a bench, but he'll speak with you.

Oli. What kind of man is he?

Mal. Why, of mankind.
Oli. What manner of man?

Mal. Of very ill manner; he'll speak with you, will you or no.

Oli. Of what personage and years is he? Mal. Not yet old enough for a man, nor young enough for a boy; as a squash is before tis a peascod, or a codling, when its almost an apple: 'tis with him e'en standing water, between boy and man. He is very well-favoured. and he speaks very shrewishly; one would think his mothers milk were scarce out of him. Oli. Let him approach. Call in my gentle-

woman.

Mal. Gentlewoman, my lady calls. Exit.

Re-enter Maria.

Oli. Give me my veil: come, throw it o'er my face;

We'll once more hear Orsino's embassy.

Enter VIOLA.

Vio. The honourable lady of the house, which is she? Your will?

Oli. Speak to me, I shall answer for her.

Vio. Most radiant, exquisite, and unmatchable beauty,-I pray you, tell me if this be the lady of the house, for I never saw her: I would be loath to cast away my speech; for, besides that it is excellently well penned. I have taken great pains to con it. Good beauties, let me sustain no scorn; I am very comptible, even to the least sinister usage.

Oli. Whence came you, sir?

Vio. I can say little more than I have studied. and that question's out of my part. Good gentle one, give me modest assurance, if you be the lady of the house, that I may proceed in my speech.

Oli. Are you a comedian?

Vio. No, my profound heart: and yet, by the very fangs of malice, I swear I am not that Are you the lady of the house? I play. Are you the lady of the house Oli. If I do not usurp myself, I am.

Vio. Most certain, if you are she, you do usurp yourself; for what is yours to bestow is not yours to reserve. But this is from my commission: I will on with my speech in your praise, and then show you the heart of my message.

Oh. Come to what is important in 't: I for-

give you the praise.

Vio. Alas, I took great pains to study it,

and 'tis poetical,

Olt. It is the more like to be feigned; I pray you keep it in. I heard you were saucy at my gates; and allowed your approach, rather to wonder at you than to hear you. If you be not mad, be gone; if you have reason, be brief: 'tis not that time of moon with me to make one in so skipping a dialogue. [way.

Mar. Will you hoist sail, sir? here lies your Vio. No, good swabber; I am too hull here little longer.-Some mollification for your

giant, sweet lady.

Oh. Tell me your mind.

Vio. I am a messenger.

Oh. Sure, you have some hideous matter to deliver, when the courtesy of it is so fearful. Speak your office.

Vio. It alone concerns your ear. I bring no overture of war, no taxation of homage; I hold the olive in my hand; my words are as full of. peace as matter.

Oli. Yet you began rudely. What are you? what would you?

Vio. The rudeness that hath appeared in me have I learned from my entertainment. What I am and what I would are as sacred as maidenhead: to your ears, divinity; to any other's, profanation.

Oli. Give us the place alone: we will hear this divinity. [Exit MARIA.] Now, sir, what

is your text?

Vio. Most sweet lady,-

Oli. A comfortable doctrine, and much may be said of it. Where lies your text?

Vio. In Orsino's bosom.
Oli. In his bosom? In what chapter of his bosom?

Vio. To answer by the method, in the first of his heart.

Oli. O, I have read it; it is heresy. Have you no more to say?

Vio. Good madam, let me see your face.

Oli. Have you any commission from your lord to negotiate with my face? you are now out of your text: but we will draw the curtain and show you the picture. Look you, sir, such a one as I was this present. Is't not well done?

[Unveiling.

Vio. Excellently done, if God did all.

Oli. 'Tis in grain, sir; 'twill endure wind and weather. [white

Vio. 'Tis beauty truly blent, whose red and Nature's own sweet and cunning hand laid on: Lady, you are the cruel'st she alive, If you will lead these graces to the grave, And leave the world no copy.

Oli. O, sir, I will not be so hard-hearted; I will give out divers schedules of my beauty. It shall be inventored; and every particle and utensil labelled to my will: as, item, two lips indifferent red; item, two gray eyes with lids to them; item, one neck, one chin, and so forth. Were you sent hither to praise me? [proud;

Vio. I see you what you are: you are too But if you were the devil, you are fair. My lord and master loves you. O, such love Could be but recompens'd though you were

crown'd

The nonpareil of beauty!
Oli. How

How does he love me?

Vio. With adorations, with fertile tears, With groans that thunder love, with sighs of fire. Oli. Your lord does know my mind, I can-

not love him:
Yet I suppose him virtuous, know him noble,
Of great estate, of fresh and stanless youth;
In voices well divulged, free, learn'd and valiant,
And, in dimension and the shape of nature.
A gracious person: but yet I cannot love him,
He might have took his answer long ago.

Vio. If I did love you in my master's flame, With such a suffering, such a deadly life, In your denial I would find no sense,

I would not understand it.

Oli. Why, what would you? Vio. Make me a willow cabin at your gate, And call upon my soul within the house; Write loyal cantons of contemned love, And sing them loud, even in the dead of night; Holla your name to the reverberate hills, And make the babbling gossip of the air Cry out Olivia! O, you should not rest Between the elements of air and earth, But you should pity me. [parentage?

Oli. You might do much. What is your Vio. Above my forvunes, yet my state is well:

I am a gentleman.

Oli. Get you to your lord; I cannot love him: let him send no more; Unless, perchance, you come to me again, To tell me how he takes it. Fare you well: I thank you for your pains: spend this for me.

Vio. I am no fee'd post, lady; keep your purse; My master, not myself, lacks recompense. Love make his heart of flint that you shall love; And let your fervour, like my master's, be Placed in contempt! Fairwell, fair cruelty. Oli. What is your parentage?

Above my fortunes, yet my state is well: I am a gentleman.—I'll be sworn thou art;

Thy tongue, thy face, thy limbs, actions, and spirit, [soft! soft!]
Do give thee fivefold blazon. Not too fast:—
Unless the master were the man.—How new?

Do give thee fivefold blazon. Not too fast:— Unless the master were the man.—How now? Even so quickly may one catch the plague? Methinks I feel this youth's perfections With an invisible and subtle steath

To creep in at mine eyes. Well, let it be.—What, ho, Malvolio!—

Re-enter MALVOLIO.

Mal. Here, madam, at your service. Oli. Run after that same peevish messenger. The county's man: he left this ring behind him, Would I, or not; tell him I'll none of it. Desure him not to flatter with his lord,

Nor hold him up with hopes; I am not for him: If that the youth will come this way to-morrow. Fill give him reasons for 't- Hie thee, Malvolio. Mal. Madam, I will.

[Exit.

Oli. I do I know not what: and fear to find Mine eye too great a flatterer for my mind. Fate, show thy force. Ourselves we do not owe: What is decreed must be; and be this so! [Ext.

ACT II.

Scene I .- The Sea-coast.

Enter Antonio and Sebastian.

Ant. Will you stay no longer? nor will you not that I go with you?

Seb. By your patience, no: my stars shine darkly over me; the malignancy of my fate might, perhaps, distemper yours; therefor I shall crave of you your leave that I may bear my evils alone. It were a bad recompense for your love, to lay any of them on you.

Ant. Let me yet know of you whither you

are bound.

Seb. No, 'sooth, sir; my determinate voyage is mere extravagancy. But I perceive in you so excellent a touch of modesty, that you will not extort from me what I am willing to keep m; therefore it charges me in manners the rather to express myself. You must know of me then, Antonio, my name is Sebastian, which I called Rodorigo; my father was that Sebastian of Messaline whom I know you have heard of: he left behind him myself and a sister, both born in an hour. If the heavens have been pleased, would we had so ended! but you, sir, altered that; for some hours before you took me from the breach of the sea was my sister drowned.

Ant. Alas the day!

Seb. A lady, sir, though it was said she much resembled me, was yet of many accounted beautiful: but though I could not, with such estimable wonder, overfar believe that, yet thus far I will boldly publish her,—she bore a mind that envy could not but call fair. She is drowned already, sir, with sait water, though I seem to drown her remembrance again with more.

Ant. Pardon me, sir, your bad entertainment. Seb. O, good Antonio, forgive me your trouble.

y. Ant. If you will not murder me for my love, [Exit. let me be your servant.

Exit

Seb. If you will not undo what you have done that is, kill him whom you have recovereddesire it not. Fare ye well at once; my bosom is full of kindness; and I am yet so near the manners of my mother that, upon the least occasion more, mine eyes will tell tales of me. am bound to the Count Orsino's court: farewell.

Exit. Ant. The gentleness of all the gods go with thee!

I have many enemies in Orsino's court, Else would I very shortly see thee there: But come what may, I do adore thee so That danger shall seem sport, and I will go.

SCENE II .- A Street.

Enter Viola; Malvolio following.

Mal. Were not you even now with the Countess Olivia?

Vio. Even now, sir; on a moderate pace I have since arrived but hither.

Mal. She returns this ring to you, sir; you might have saved me my pains, to have taken it away yourself. She adds moreover, that you should put your lord into a desperate assurance she will none of him; and one thing more; that you be never so hardy to come again in his affairs, unless it be to report your lord's taking of this. Receive it so.

Vio. She took the ring of me: I'll none of it. Mal. Come, sir, you peevishly threw it to her; and her will is, it should be so returned. If it be worth stooping for, there it lies in your eye; if not, be it his that finds it. [Exit.

Vio. I left no ring with her. What means

this lady? Fortune forbid my outside have not charm'd her! She made good view of me; indeed, so much, That, sure methought her eyes had lost her

tongue, For she did speak in starts distractedly. She loves me, sure; the cunning of her passion Invites me in this churlish messenger. None of my lord's ring! why, he sent her none. I am the man;-if it be so,-as 'tis,-Poor lady, she were better love a dream. Disguise, I see, thou art a wickedness Wherein the pregnant enemy does much. How easy is it for the proper-false In women's waxen hearts to set their forms! Alas, our frailty is the cause, not we; For, such as we are made of, such we be. How will this fadge? My master loves her dearly,

And I, poor monster, fond as much on him; And she, mistaken, seems to dote on me. What will become of this? As I am man, My state is desperate for my master's love; As I am woman, now alas the day! What thriftless sighs shall poor Ohvia breathe? O time, thou must untangle this, not I; It is too hard a knot for me to untie. _ [Exit.

Scene III .- A Room in Olivia's House. Enter Sir Toby Belch and Sir Andrew AGUE-CHEEK.

Sir To. Approach, Sir Andrew: not to be a-bed after midnight is to be up betimes; and diluculo surgere, thou know'st.

Sir And. Nay; by my troth, I know not: but I know to be up late is to be up late.

Sir To. A false conclusion; I hate it as an unfilled can. To be up after midnight, and to go to bed then is early: so that to go to bed after midnight is to go to bed betimes. Do not our lives consist of the four elements?

Sir And. Faith, so they say; but I think it rather consists of eating and drinking.

Sir To. Thou art a scholar; let us therefore eat and drink.-Marian, I say!--- a stoop of

Enter CLOWN.

Sir And. Here comes the fool, i' faith.

Clo. How now, my hearts? Did you never see the picture of we three? catch.

Sir. To. Welcome, ass. Now let's have a Sir And. By my troth, the fool has an excellent breast. I had rather than forty shillings I had such a leg; and so sweet a breath to sing as the fool has. In sooth, thou wast in very gracious fooling last night when thou spokest of Pigrogromitus, of the Vapians passing the equi-noctial of Queubus; 'twas very good, i' faith. I sent thee sixpence for thy leman. Hadst it?

Clo. I did impeticos thy gratility; for Mal-voho's nose is no whipstock. My lady has a white hand, and the Myrmidons are no bottle-

ale houses.

Sir And. Excellent! Why, this is the best fooling, when all is done. Now, a song.

Sir To. Come on; there is sixpence for you:

et's have a song.

Sir And. There's a testril of me too: if one

of good life?
Sir To. A love-song, a love-song. Sir And. Ay, ay; I care not for good life.

SONG.

Clo. O, mistress mine, where are you roaming? O stay and hear; your true love's coming, That can sing both high and low: Trip no further, pretty sweeting; Journeys end in lovers' meeting, Every wise man's son doth know.

Sir And. Excellent good, i' faith. Sir To. Good, good.

Clo. What is love? 'tis not hereafter; Present mirth hath present laughter; What's to come is still unsure: In delay there hes no plenty; Then come kiss me, sweet and twenty, Youth's a stuff will not endure.

Sir And. A mellifluous voice, as I am true knight.

Sir To. A contagious breath. Sir And. Very sweet and contagious, i' faith. Sir To. To hear by the nose, it is dulcet in contagion. But shall we make the welkin dance indeed? Shall we rouse the night-owl in a catch that will draw three souls out of one weaver? shall we do that?

Sir And. An you love me, let's do 't: I am dog at a catch.

Clo. By 'r lady, sir, and some dogs will atch well.

Sir And. Most certain: let our catch be,

Thou knave.

Clo. Hold thy peace, thou knave, knight? I shall be constrained in 't to call thee knave,

Sir And. 'Tis not the first time I have constrained one to call me knave. Begin, fool; it begins Hold thy peace.

Clo. I shall never begin if I hold my peace. Sir And. Good, i' faith! Come begin. They sing a catch.

Enter MARIA.

Mar. What a caterwauling do you keep here! If my lady have not called up her steward, Malvolio, and bid him turn you out of doors, never

Sir To. My lady's a Cataian, we are politicians; Malvolio's a Peg-a-Ramsay, and Three merry men we be. Am not I consanguineous? am I not of her blood? Tilly-valley, lady! There dwelt a man in Babylon, lady, lady. Singing.

Clo. Beshrew me, the knight's in admirable fooling.

Sir And. Ay, he does well enough if he be disposed, and so do I too; he does it with a better grace, but I do it more natural.

Sir To. O, the twelfth day of December, Singing.

Mar. For the love o' God, peace. Enter MALVOLIO.

Mal. My masters, are you mad? or what are you? Have you no wit, manners, nor honesty, but to gabble like tinkers at this time of night? Do ye make an ale-house of my lady's house, that ye squeak out your coziers' catches without

any mitigation or remorse of voice? Is there no respect of place, persons, nor time, in you?

Sir To. We did keep time, sir, in our catches. Sneck up!

Mal. Sir Toby, I must be round with you. My lady bade me tell you that though she harbours you as her kinsman she's nothing allied to your disorders. If you can separate yourself and your misdemeanours, you are welcome to the house; if not, an it would please you to take leave of her, she is very willing to bid you farewell.

Sir To. Farewell, dear heart, since I must

needs be gone.

Mal. Nay, good Sir Toby. [done.

Clo. His eyes do show his days are almost Mal. Is 't even so?

Sir To. But I will never die.

Clo. Sir Toby, there you lie.

Mal. This is much credit to you. Sir To. Shall I bid him go? Singing.

Clo. What an if you do? Sir To. Shall I bid him go and spare not?

Clo. O no, no, no, no, you dare not. Sir To. Out o' tune? sir, ye lie.—Art any more than a steward? Dost thou think, because thou art virtuous, there shall be no more

cakes and ale? Clo. Yes, by Saint Anne; and ginger shall

be hot i' the mouth too.

Sir To. Thou'rt i' the right .- Go, sir, rub your chain with crumbs:—A stoop of wine, Maria!

Mal. Mistress Mary, if you prized my lady's favour at anything more than contempt, you would not give means for this uncivil rule; she shall know of it, by this hand.

Mar. Go shake your ears.

Sir And. 'Twere as good a deed as to drink when a man's a-hungry, to challenge him to the field, and then to break promise with him and make a fool of him.

Sir To. Do 't, knight; I'll write thee a challenge; or I'll deliver thy indignation to him by

word of mouth.

Mar. Sweet Sir Toby, be patient for to-night; since the youth of the count's was to-day with my lady she is much out of quiet. For Monsieur Malvolio, let me alone with him:if I do not gull him into a nayword, and make him a com-mon recreation, do not think I have wit enough to lie straight in my bed. I know I can do it.

Sir To. Possessus, possessus; tellus something of him. Mar. Marry, sir, sometimes he is a kind of

Puritan. Sir And. O, if I thought that, I'd beat him

like a dog.
Sir To. What, for being a Puritan? thy

exquisite reason, dear knight? Sir And. I have no exquisite reason for 't,

but I have reason good enough.

Mar. The devil a Puritan that he is, or anything constantly but a time pleaser: an affection'd ass that cons state without book and utters it by great swarths; the best persuaded of himself, so crammed, as he thinks, with excellences, that it is his ground of faith that all that look on him love him; and on that vice in him will my revenge find notable cause to work.

Sir To. What wilt thou do?

Mar. I will drop in his way some obscure epistles of love; wherein, by the colour of his beard, the shape of his leg, the manner of his gait, the expressure of his eye, forehead, and complexion, he shall find himself most feelingly personated. I can write very like my lady, your niece; on a forgotten matter we can hardly make distinction of our hands.

Sir To. Excellent! I smell a device.

Sir And. I have 't in my nose too.

Sir To. He shall think, by the letters that thou wilt drop, that they come from my niece, and that she is in love with him. colour.

Mar. My purpose is, indeed, a horse of that Sir And. And your horse now would make

him an ass.

Mar. Ass. I doubt not.

Sir And. O'twill be admirable.

Mar. Sport royal, I warrant you. I know my physic will work with him. I will plant you two, and let the fool make a third, where he shall find the letter; observe his construc-tion of it. For this night, to bed, and dream on the event. Farewell.

Sir To. Good-night, Penthesilea.

Sir And. Before me, she's a good wench.

Sir To. She's a beagle, true bred, and one that adores me. What o' that?

Sir And. I was adored once too.

Sir To. Let's to bed, knight.-Thou hadst need send for more money.

Sir. And. If I cannot recover your niece. am a foul way out.

Sir To. Send for money, knight; if thou hast Like the old age. her not i' the end, call me Cut. Clo. Are you re

Sir And. If I do not, never trust me; take it how you will.

Sir To. Come, come; I'll go burn some sack; 'tis too late to go to bed now: come, knight; come, knight. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- A Room in the Duke's Palace.

Enter DUKE, VIOLA, CURIO, and others. Duke, Give me some music:-Now, good

morrow, friends:-Now, good Cesario, but that piece of song, That old and antique song we heard last night; Methought it did relieve my passion much; More than light airs and recollected terms Of these most brisk and giddy-paced times:-

Come, but one verse. Cur. He is not here, so please your lordship,

that should sing it.

Duke. Who was it? Cur. Feste, the jester, my lord; a fool that the Lady Olivia's father took much delight in: he is about the house.

Duke. Seek him out, and play the tune the while. [Exit CURIO.—Music. Come hither boy. If ever thou shalt love, In the sweet pangs of it remember me: For, such as I am, all true lovers are; Unstaid and skittish in all motions else Save in the constant image of the creature

That is belov'd .- How dost thou like this tune? Vio. It gives a very echo to the seat

Where Love is throned.

Duke. Thou dost speak masterly: My life upon 't, young though thou art, thine eye Hath stayed upon some favour that it loves; Hath it not, boy?

A little, by your favour. Vio. Duke. What kind of woman is 't? Vio. Of your complexion. Duke. She is not worth thee, then. What

years, i' faith? Vio. About your years, my lord. Duke. Too old, by heaven. Let still the

woman take

An elder than herself; so wears she to him, So sways she level in her husband's heart. For, boy, however we do praise ourselves, Our fancies are more giddy and unfirm, More longing, wavering, sooner lost and worn Than women's are.

Vio. I think it well, my lord. Duke. Then let thy love be younger than thy-

Or thy affection cannot hold the bent: For women are as roses, whose fair flower, Being once displayed, doth fall that very hour.

Vio. And so they are: alas, that they are so; To die even when they to perfection grow! Re-enter CURIO and CLOWN.

Duke. O fellow, come, the song we had last night:-

Markit, Cesario; it is old and plain: The spinsters and the knitters in the sun And the free maids, that weave their thread with bones.

Do use to chant it: it is silly sooth, And dallies with the innocence of love

Clo. Are you ready, sir? Duke. Ay; pr'ythee, sing.

Music.

SONG.

Come away, come away, death.
And in sad cypress let me be laid;
Fly away, fly away, breath;
I am slan by a fair cruel maid.
My shroud of white, stuck all with yew. Clo. O prepare it; My part of death no one so true Did share it.

> Not a flower, not a flower sweet, On my black coffin let there be strown: Not a friend, not a friend greet My poor corpse where my bones shall be thrown: A thousand thousand sighs to save, Lay me, O, where Sad true lover never find my grave, To weep there.

Duke. There's for thy pains. Clo. No pains, sir; I take pleasure in singing, Duke. I'll pay thy pleasure, then. Clo. Truly, sir, and pleasure will be paid one

time or another.

Duke. Give me now leave to leave thee. Clo. Now, the melancholy god protect thee; and the tailor make thy doublet of changeable taffata, for thy mind is a very opal!- I would have men of such constancy put to sea, that their business might be everything, and their intent everywhere; for that's it that always makes a good voyage of nothing.-Farewell. Exit CLOWN.

Duke. Let all the rest give place. Exeunt CURIO and Attendants. Once more, Cesario,

Get thee to you same sovereign cruelty: Tell her my love, more noble than the world. Prizes not quantity of dirty lands; The parts that fortune hath bestow'd upon her Tell her, I hold as giddily as fortune; But 'tis that miracle and queen of gems That Nature pranks her in attracts my soul.

Vio. But if she cannot love you, sir? Duke. I cannot be so answer'd. 'Sooth, but you must. Vio. Say that some lady, as perhaps there is, Hath for your love as great a pang of heart As you have for Olivia: you cannot love her;

You tell her so. Must she not then be answer'd? Duke. There is no woman's sides Can bide the beating of so strong a passion As love doth give my heart: no woman's heart So big to hold so much; they lack retention. Alas, their love may be called appetite, No motion of the liver, but the palate, That suffer surfeit, cloyment, and revolt; But mine is all as hungry as the sea, And can digest as much: make no compare Between that love a woman can bear me

And that I owe Olivia. Vio. Ay, but I know,-Duke. What dost thou know? Vio. Too well what love women to men may In faith, they are as true of heart as we. My father had a daughter loved a man, As it might be, perhaps were I a woman, I should your lordship.

And what's her history? Duke. Vio. A blank, my lord. She never told her

love,

But let concealment, like a worm; i' the bud Feed on her damask cheek: she pined in thought; And, with a green and yellow melancholy, She sat like patience on a monument,

Smiling at grief. Was not this love, indeed? We men may say more, swear more; but, indeed, Our shows are more than will; for still we prove

Much in our vows, but little in our love.

Duke. But died thy sister of her love, my boy? Vio. I am all the daughters of my father's

house, And all the brothers too;—and yet I know not.-

Sir, shall I to this lady?

Duke. Ay, that's the theme. To her in haste: give her this jewel; say My love can give no place, bide no denay. Exeunt.

Scene V .- Olivia's Garden.

Enter Sir Toby Belch, Sir Andrew Ague-Cheek, and Fabian.

Sir To. Come thy ways, Signior Fabian. Fab. Nay, I'll come; if I lose a scruple of this

sport let me be boiled to death with melancholy. Sir To. Wouldst thou not be glad to have the niggardly rascally sheep-biter come by some notable shame?

Fab. I would exult, man: you know he brought me out o' favour with my lady about a

bear-baiting here.
Sir To. To anger him we'll have the bear again; and we will fool him black and blue:-Shall we not, Sir Andrew? Sir And. An we do not, it is pity of our lives.

Enter MARIA.

Sir To. Here comes the little villain:-How

now, my nettle of India?

Mar. Get ye all three into the box-tree: Malvolo's coming down this walk; he has been yonder i' the sun, practising behaviour to his own shadow this half-hour: observe him, for the love of mockery; for I know this letter will make a contemplative idiot of him. Close, in the name of jesting! [The men hide themselves.] Lie thou there; [throws down a letter] for here comes the trout that must be caught with tickling.

Exit MARIA.

Enter Malvolio.

Mal. 'Tis but fortune; all is fortune. Maria once told me she did affect me: and I have heard herself come thus near, that, should she fancy, it should be one of my complexion. Besides, she uses me with a more exalted respect than anyone else that follows her. should I think on't?

Sir To. Here's an overweening rogue!

Fab. O, peace! Contemplation makes a rare turkey-cock of him; how he jets under his advanced plumes!

Sir And. 'Slight, I could so beat the rogue:— Sir To. Peace, I say.

Mal. To be Count Malvolio;-Sir To. Ah, rogue!

Sir And. Pistol him, pistol him,

Sir To. Peace, peace.

Mal. There is example for 't; the lady of the Strachy married the yeoman of the wardrobe.

Sir And. Fie on him, Jezebel! Fab. O, peace! now he's deeply in; look how imagination blows him.

Mal. Having been three months married to

her, sitting in my state,— [eyel Sir To. O for a stone-bow to hit him in the

Mal. Calling my officers about me in my branched velvet gown; having come from a day-bed, where I have left Olivia sleeping.

Sir To. Fire and brimstone!

Fab. O, peace, peace.

Mal. And then to have the humour of state: and after a demure travel of regard,—telling them I know my place as I would they should do theirs,-to ask for my kinsman Toby.

Str To. Bolts and shackles!

Fab. O, peace, peace, peace! now, now.

Mal. Seven of my people, with an obedient
start, make out for him: I frown the while; and perchance, wind up my watch, or play with some rich jewel. Toby approaches; court sies

there to me: Sir To. Shall this fellow live?

Fab. Though our silence be drawn from us with cars, yet peace.

Mal. I extend my hand to him thus, quenching my familiar smile with an austere regard of control:

Sir To. And does not Toby take you a blow o' the lips then?

Mal. Saying, Cousin Toby, my fortunes hav-

ing cast me on your niece, give me this prerogative of speech:---Sir To. What, what?

Mal. You must amend your drunkenness. Sir To. Out, scab! of our plot.

Fab. Nay, patience, or we break the sinew Mal. Besides, you waste the treasure of your time with a foolish knight; Sir And. That's me, I warrant you.

Mal. One Sir Andrew:

Sir And. I knew 'twas I; for many do call me fool.

Mal. What employment have we here? [Taking up the letter.

Fab. Now is the woodcock near the gin.

Sir To. O, peace! and the spirit of humours intimate reading aloud to him!

Mal. By my life, this is my lady's hand: these be her very C's, her U's, and her T's; and thus makes she her great P's. It is in contempt of question, her hand.

Sir And. Her C's, her U's, and her T's. Why that?

Mal. [reads.] To the unknown beloved, this, and my good wishes: her very phrases!-By your leave, wax.—Soft!—and the impressure her Lucrece, with which she uses to seal: 'tis my lady. To whom should this be?

Fab. This wins him, liver and all. Mal. [reads.]

Jove knows I love. But who? Lips do not more. No man must know.

No man must know.-what follows? the this, that my lady loves me. She did commend numbers altered!-No man must know:-If this should be thee, Malvolio?

Sir To. Marry, hang thee, brock!

Mal. I may command where I adore: But silence, like a Lucrece knife With bloodless stroke my heart doth gore; M, O, A, I, doth sway my life.

Fab. A fustian riddle!

Sir To. Excellent wench, say I.

Mal. M, O, A, I, doth sway my life.—Nay, but first let me see,-let me see,-let me see. Fab. What a dish of poison hath she dressed

Str To. And with what wing the stannyel

checks at it!

Mal. I may command where I adore. Why, she may command me: I serve her, she is my lady. Why, this is evident to any formal capacity. There is no obstruction in this;—And the end,-What should that alphabetical position portend? If I could make that resemble something in me, -Softly!-M, O, A, I.-

Sir To. O, ay! make up that:-he is now

at a cold scent.

Fab. Sowter will cry upon't for all this,

though it be as rank as a fox.

Mal. M,-Malvolio;-M,-why, that begins

my name. Fab. Did I not say he would work it out?

the cur is excellent at faults. Mal. M,-But then there is no consonancy in the sequel; that suffers under probation: A should follow, but O does.

Fab. And O shall end, I hope. him cry O. Sir to. Ay, or I'll cudgel him, and make him

Mal. And then I comes behind. Fab. Ay, an you had an eye behind you, you

might see more detraction at your heels than

fortunes before you.

Mal. M, O, A, I;—This simulation is not as the former:-and yet, to crush this a little, it would bow to me, for every one of these letters are in my name. Soft; here follows prose.-If this fall into thy hand, revolve. In my stars I am above thee; but be not afraid of greatness. Some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them. Thy fates open their hands; let thy blood and spirit embrace them. And, to inure thyself to what thou art like to be, cast thy humble slough and appear fresh. Be opposite with a kinsman, surly with servants: let thy tongue tang argu-ments of state; put thyself into the trick of singularity: She thus advises thee that sighs for thee. Remember who commended thy yellow stockings, and wished to see thee ever cross-gartered. I say, remember. Go to; thou art made, if thou desirest to be so; if not, let me see thee a steward still, the fellow of servants, and not worthy to touch fortune's fingers. Fare-well. She that would alter services with thee,

The fortunate unhappy. Daylight and champian discovers not more: this is open. I will be proud, I will read politic authors, I will baffle Sir Toby, I will wash off gross acquaintance, I will be point-de-vice, the very man. I do not now fool myself to let imagination jade me: for every reason excites to

my yellow stockings of late, she did praise my leg being cross-gartered; and in this she manifests herself to my love, and, with a kind of injunction, drives me to these habits of her liking. I thank my stars I am happy. I will be strange, stout, in yellow stockings, and crossgartered, even with the swiftness of putting on. Jove and my stars be praised!—Here is yet a postscript. Thou canst not choose but know who I am. If thou entertainest my love, let it appear in thy smiling; thy smiles become thee well: therefore in my presence still smile, dear my sweet, I pr'ythee. Jove, I thank thee.—I will smile: I will do everything that thou wilt have me.

Fab. I will not give my part of this sport for a pension of thousands to be paid from the Sophy. Sir To. I could marry this wench for this

device:

Sir And. So could I too. Sir To. And ask no other dowry with her but such another iest.

Enter MARIA.

Sir And. Nor I neither.

Fab. Here comes my noble gull-catcher.

Sir To. Wilt thou set thy foot o' my neck? Sir And. Or o' mine either?

Sir To. Shall I play my freedom at traytrip, and become thy bond-slave?

Sir And. I' faith, or I either.
Sir To. Why, thou hast put him in such a dream, that, when the image of it leaves him, he must run mad.

Mar. Nay, but say true; does it work upon

him?

Sir To. Like aqua-vitae with a midwife.

Mar. If you will then see the fruits of the sport, mark his first approach before my lady: he will come to her in yellow stockings, and 'tis a colour she abhors; and cross-gartered, a fashion she detests; and he will smile upon her, which will now be so unsuitable to her disposition, being addicted to a melancholy as she is, that it cannot but turn him into a notable contempt: if you will see it, follow me.

Sir To. To the gates of Tartar, thou most

excellent devil of wit!

Sir And. I'll make one too.

Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I.—Olivia's Garden.

Enter VIOLA, and CLOWN with a tabor.

Vio. Save thee, friend, and thy music. Dost thou live by thy tabor?

Clo. No, sir, I live by the church.

Vio. Art thou a churchman?

Clo. No such matter, sir; I do live by the church; for I do live at my house, and my house doth stand by the church.

Vio. So thou mayst say, the king lies by a beggar, if a beggar dwell near him; or the church stands by thy tabor, if thy tabor stand by the church.

Clo. You have said, sir.—To see this age!-A sentence is but a cheveril glove to a good wit. How quickly the wrong side may be turnedoutward!

* Vio. Nay, that's certain; they that dally nicely with words may quickly make them wanton.

Clo. I would, therefore, my sister had had

no name, sir. Vio. Why, man?

dally with that word might make my sister wanton. But indeed, words are very rascals, since bonds disgraced them.

Vio. Thy reason, man?

Clo. Troth, sir, I can yield you none without words; and words are grown so false, I am loath to prove reason with them.

Vio. I warrant, thou art a merry fellow, and carest for nothing.

Clo. Not so, sir, I do care for something: but in my conscience, sir, I do not care for you; if that be to care for nothing, sir, I would it would make you invisible.

Vio. Art not thou the Lady Olivia's fool?

Clo. No, indeed, sir; the Lady Olivia has no folly: she will keep no fool, sir, till she be married; and fools are as like husbands as pilchards are to herrings, the husband's the bigger; I am, indeed, not her fool, but her corrupter of words.

Vio. I saw thee late at the Count Orsino's. Clo. Foolery, sir, does walk about the orb like the sun; it shines everywhere. I would be sorry, sir, but the fool should be as oft with your master as with my mistress: I think I saw your wisdom there.

Vio. Nay, an thou pass upon me, I'll no more with thee. Hold, there's expenses for thee. Clo. Now Jove, in his next commodity of

hair, send thee a beard!

Vio. By my troth, I'll tell thee, I am almost sick for one; though I would not have it grow on my chin. Is thy lady within?

Clo. Would not a pair of these have bred, sir? Vio. Yes, being kept together and put to use.

Clo. I would play Lord Pandarus of Phrygia,
sir, to bring a Cressida to this Troilus.

Vio. I understand you, sir; 'tis well begged. Clo. The matter, I hope, is not great, sir, begging but a beggar: Cressida was a beggar. My lady is within, sir. I will construe to them whence you come; who you are and what you would are out of my welkin: I might say element; but the word is overworn.

Vio. This fellow's wise enough to play the fool;

And, to do that well, craves a kind of wit: He must observe their mood on whom he jests,

The quality of persons, and the time; And, like the haggard, check at every feather That comes before his eye. This is a practice As full of labour as a wise man's art: For folly, that he wisely shows, is fit;

But wise men, folly-fallen, quite taint their wit.

Enter Sir Toby Belch, and Sir Andrew AGUE-CHEEK.

Sir To. Save you, gentleman. Vio. And you, sir.

Sir And. Dieu vous garde, monsieur.

Vio. Et vous aussi: votre serviteur.

Sir And. I hope sir, you are; and I am yours. Sir To. Will you encounter the house? my niece is desirous you should enter if your trade be to her.

Vio. I am bound to your niece, sir: I mean, she is the list of my voyage.

Sir To. Taste your legs, sir; put them to motion.

Vio. My legs do better understand me, sir, Clo. Why, sir, her name's a word; and to than I understand what you mean by bidding me taste my legs.

Sir To. I mean to go, sir, to enter.

Vio. I will answer you with gait and entrance: but we are prevented.

Enter OLIVIA and MARIA.

Most excellent accomplished lady, the heavens rain odours en you.

Sir And. That youth's a rare courtier! Rain odours! well.

Vio. My matter hath no voice, lady, but to your own most pregnant and vouchsafed ear. Sir And. Odours, pregnant, and vouch-safed:—I'll get 'em all three ready.

Oli. Let the garden door be shut, and leave

me to my hearing.

Exeunt Sir To., Sir AND., and MAR. Give me your hand, sir. service.

Vio. My duty, madam, and most humble Oli. What is your name? [princess.

Vio. Cesario is your servant's name, fair Oli. My servant, sur! 'Twas never merry world,

Since lowly feigning was call'd compliment:

You are servant to the Count Orsino, youth Vio. And he is yours, and his must needs be yours:

Your servant's servant is your servant, madam. Oli. For him, I think not on him: for his

thoughts, [me! Would they were blanks rather than fill'd with Vio. Madam I come to whet your gentle

On his behalf:-

Olı. O, by your leave, I pray you; I bade you never speak again of him: But, would you undertake another suit, I had rather hear you to solicit that Than music from the spheres.

Dear lady

Oli. Give me leave, I beseech you: I did send, After the last enchantment you did here, A ring in chase of you; so did I abuse Myself, my servant, and, I fear me, you: Under your hard construction must I sit; To force that on you, in a shameful cunning

Which you knew none of yours. What might you think? Have you not set mine honour at the stake,

And baited it with all the unmuzzl'd thoughts That tyrannous heart can think? To one of your receiving

Enough is shown; a cyprus, not a bosom, Hides my poor heart: so let me hear you speak. Vio. I pity you. Oli. That's a degree to love.

Vio. No, not a grise; for 'tis a vulgar proof That very oft we pity enemies.

Oli. Why, then, methinks 'tis time to smile O world, how apt the poor are to be proud! If one should be a prey, how much the better To fall before the lion than the wolf!

[Clock strikes.

The clock upbraids me with the waste of time.— Be not afraid, good youth, I will not have you: And yet, when wit and youth is come to

harvest, Your wife is like to reap a proper man. There lies your way due-west.

Vio. Then westward-ho Grace and good disposition 'tend your ladyship You'll nothing, madam, to my lord by me?
Oli. Stay:

I pr'ythee tell me what thou think'st of me.
Vio. That you do think you are not what you

Oli. If I think so, I think the same of you Vio. Then think you right; I am not what I am.

Oli. I would you were as I would have you be Vio. Would it be better, madam, that I am, I wish I might; for now I am your fool.

Olt. O what a deal of scorn looks beautiful In the contempt and anger of his lip! A murd'rous guilt shows not itself more soon Than love that would seem hid: love's night is

Cesario, by the roses of the spring,
By maidhood, honour, truth, and everything,
I love thee so that, maugre all thy pride,
Nor wit, nor reason, can my passion hide:
Do not extort thy reasons from this clause,
For, that I woo, thou therefore hast no cause:
But, rather, reason thus with reason fetter:
Love sought is good, but given unsought is

better.

TIOOTI.

Vio. By innocence I swear, and by my youth, I have one heart, one bosom, and one truth. And that no woman has; nor never none Shall mistress be of it, save I alone. And so adieu, good madam; never more Will I my master's tears to you deplore.

Oli. Yet come again: for thou, perhaps, mayst move That heart, which now abhors, to like his love.

Exeunt.

Scene II.—A Room in Olivia's House. Enter Sir Toby Belch, Sir Andrew Aguecheek, and Fabian.

Sir And. No, faith, I'll not stay a jot longer. Sir To. Thy reason, dear venom: give thy reason.

Fab. You must needs yield your reason, Sir Andrew.

Sir And. Marry, I saw your niece do more favours to the count's serving man than ever she bestowed upon me; I saw 'tı' the orchard. Sir To. Did she see thee the while, old boy? tell me that.

Sir And. As plain as I see you now.

Fab. This was a great argument of love in her toward you.

Sir And. 'Slight! will you make an ass o' me?

Fab. I will prove it legitimate, sir, upon the oaths of judgment and reason.

Sir To. And they have been grand jurymen since before Noah was a sailor.

Fab. She did show favour to the youth in your sight only to exasperate you, to awake your dormouse valour, to put fire in your heart and brimstone in your liver. You should then have accosted her; and with some excellent jests, firenew from the mint, you should have banged the youth into dumbness. This was looked for at your hand, and this was baulked: the double gilt of this opportunity you let time wash off, and you are now sailed into the north of my lady's opinion; where you will hang like an iccle on a Dutchman's beard, unless you do redeem it by some laudable attempt, either of vaiour or policy.

Sir And. And't be any way, it must be with valour: for policy I hate; I had as lief be a

Brownist as a politician.

Sir To. Why, then, build me thy fortunes upon the basis of valour. Challenge me the count's youth to fight with him; hurt him in eleven places; my niece shall take note of it, and assure thyself there is no love-broker in the world can more prevail in man's commendation with woman than report of valour.

Fab. There is no way but this, Sir Andrew. Sir And. Will either of you bear me a chal-

lenge to him?

Sir To Co. write it in a martial hand; be curst and brief, it is no matter how writy, so it be eloquent and full of invention; taunt him with the licence of ink: if thou thou's thim some thrice, it shall not be amiss; and as many lies as will he in thy sheet of paper, although the sheet were big enough for the bed of Ware in England, set 'em down; go about it. Let there be gall enough in thy ink; though thou write with a goose-pen, no matter. About it.

Sir And. Where shall I find you?

Sir To. We'll call thee at the cubiculo. Go. [Ent Sir Andrew.

Fab. This is a dear manikin to you, Sir Toby.
Sir To. I have been dear to him, lad, some
two thousand strong, or so.

Fab. We shall have a rare letter from him: but you'll not deliver it.

Sir To. Never trust me then; and by all means stir on the youth to an answer. I think oxen and wanropes cannot hale them together. For Andrew, if he were opened, and you find so much blood in his liver as will clog the foot of a flea, I'll eat the rest of the anatomy.

Fab. And his opposite, the youth, bears in his visage no great presage of cruelty.

Enter MARIA.

Sir To. Look where the youngest wren of nine comes.

Mar. If you desire the spleen, and will laugh yourselves into stitches, follow me: yon gull, Malvolio, is turned heathen, a very renegado; for there is no Christian, that means to be saved by believing rightly, can ever believe such impossible passages of grossness. He's in yellow Sir To, And cross-gartered? [stockings.

Mar. Most villanously; like a pedant that keeps a school i' the church.—I have dogged him like his murderer. He does obey ever point of the letter that I dropped to betray him. He does smile his face into more lines than are in the new map, with the augmentation of the Indies; you have not seen such a thing as 'tis,' I can hardly forbear hurling things at him. I know my lady will strike him; if she do, he'll smile, and take 't for a great favour.

Sir To. Come, bring us, bring us where he is. [Exeunt.

Scene III .- A Street.

Enter Antonio and Sebastian.

Seb. I would not by my will have troubled I speak too loud .-

But, since you make your pleasure of your pains,

I will no further chide you.

Ant. I could not stay behind you; my desire. More sharp than filed steel, did spur me forth; And not all love to see you,-though so much, As might have drawn one to a longer voyage, But jealousy what might befall your travel, Being skilless in these parts; which to a stranger, Unguided and unfriended, often prove Rough and unhospitable. My willing love, The rather by these arguments of fear, Set forth in your pursuit.

My kind Antonio. Seb. I can no other answer make but thanks, And thanks, and ever thanks. Often good turns Are shuffled off with such uncurrent pay; But were my worth, as is my conscience, firm, You should find better dealing. What's to do? Shall we go see the reliques of this town?

Ant. To-morrow, sir; best, first, go see your lodging.

Seb. I am not weary, and 'tis long to night; I pray you, let us satisfy our eyes With the memorials and the things of fame

That do renown this city.

Would you'd pardon me: Ant. I do not without danger walk these streets: Once, in a sea-fight, 'gainst the count, his galleys

I did some service; of such note, indeed, That were I ta'en here, it would scarce be

answered. [people. Seb. Belike you slew great number of his Ant. The offence is not of such a bloody

nature:

Albeit the quality of the time and quarrel Might well have given us bloody argument. It might have since been answered in repaying What we took from them; which, for traffic's sake.

Most of our city did: only myself stood out: For which, if I be lapsed in this place,

I shall pay dear.

Seb. Do not then walk too open. Ant. It doth not fit me. Hold, sir, here's my purse;

In the south suburbs, at the Elephant, Is best to lodge: I will bespeak our diet Whiles you beguile the time and feed your

knowledge me.

With viewing of the town; there shall you have stockings; Seb. Why I your purse? Ant. Haply your eye shall light upon some

You have desire to purchase; and your store. I think, is not for idle markets, sir. Seb. I'll be your purse-bearer, and leave you

for an hour.

Ant. To the Elephant.-

Seb.

I do remember. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- OLIVIA'S Garden. Enter OLIVIA and MARIA.

Oli. I have sent after him. He says he'll come;

How shall I feast him? what bestow on him? For youth is bought more oft than begged or borrowed.

Where is Malvolio?-he is sad and civil.

And suits well for a servant with my fortunes:-Where is Malvolio?

He's coming, madam: Mar.

But in strange manner. He is sure possessed. Oli. Why, what's the matter? does he rave?

Mar. No, madam. He does nothing but smile: your ladyship Were best have guard about you if he come;

For, sure, the man is tainted in his wits. Oli. Go call him hither.—I'm as mad as he If sad and merry madness equal be.—

Enter MALVOLIO.

How now, Malvolio?

Mal. Sweet lady, ho, ho.

Smiles fantastically.

Oli. Smil'st thou?

I sent for thee upon a sad occasion.

Mal. Sad, lady? I could be sad: this does make some obstruction in the blood, this crossgartering. But what of that; if it please the eye of one, it is with me as the very true sonnet

is: Please one and please all.
Oli. Why, how dost thou, man? what is the

matter with thee?

Mal. Not black in my mind, though yellow in my legs. It did come to his hands, and commands shall be executed. I think we do know the sweet Roman hand

Oli. Wilt thou go to bed, Malvolio?

Mal. To bed? ay, sweetheart; and I'll come to thee.

Oli. God comfort thee! Why dost thou smile on, and kiss thy hand so oft?

Mar. How do you, Malvoho?

Mal. At your request? Yes: nightingales answer daws. Mar. Why appear you with this ridiculous

boldness before my lady? Mal. Be not afraid of greatness:—'twas well

Oli. What meanest thou by that, Malvolio?

Mal. Some are born great. Oh. Ha?

Mal. Some achieve greatness.—

Oli. What say'st thou?

Mal. And some have greatness thrust upon

Oli. Heaven restore thee!

Mal. Remember who commended thy yellow

Oli. Thy yellow stockings?

Mal. And wished to see thee cross-gartered. Oli. Cross-gartered?

Mal. Go to: thou art made, if thou desirest to be so:

Oli. Am I made?

Mal. If not, let me see thee a servant still. Oli. Why, this is very midsummer madness.

Enter Servant.

Ser. Madam, the young gentleman of the Count Orsino's is returned; I could hardly entreat him back; he attends your ladyship's pleasure.

Exit Servant. Oli. I'll come to him. Good Maria, let this fellow be looked to. Where's my cousin Toby? Let some of my people have a special care of him; I would not have him miscarry for the half of my dowry.

Exeunt OLIVIA and MARIA. Mal. Oh, ho! do you come near me now? no worse than Sir Toby to look to me? This concurs directly with the letter: she sends him on surpose that I may appear stubborn to him; for she incites me to that in the letter. Cast thy humble slough, says she;—be opposite with a kinsman, surly with servants,—let thy tongue tang with arguments of state,—but thyself into the trick of singularity;—and, consequently, sets down the manner how; as, a sad face, a reverend carriage, a slow tongue, in the habit of some sir of note, and so forth. I have limed her; but it is Jove's doing, and Jove make me thankful! And, when she went away now, Let this fellow be tooked to: Fellow! not Malvolio, nor after my degree, but fellow. Why, everything adheres together; that no dram of a scruple, no scruple of a scruple, no obstacle, no incredulous or unsafe circumstance,—What can be said? Nothing, that can be, can come between me and the full prospect of my hopes. Well, Jove, not I, is the doer of this, and he is to be thanked.

Re-enter MARIA with Sir TOBY BELCH and FABIAN.

Sir To. Which way is he, in the name of sanctity? If all the devils of hell be drawn in little, and Legion himself possessed him, yet I'll speak to him.

Fab. Here he is, here he is:-How is 't with

you, sir? how is 't with you, man?

Mal. Go off; I discard you; let me enjoy

my private; go off.

Mar. Lo, how hollow the fiend speaks within him! did not I tell you?—Sir Toby, my lady prays you to have a care of him.

Mal. Ah, ah! does she so?

Sir To. Go to, go to; peace, peace, we must deal gently with him; let me alone. How do you, Malvolio? how is 't with you? What, man, defy the devil: consider, he's an enemy to mankind.

Mal. Do you know what you say?

Mar. La you, an you speak ill of the devil, how he takes it at heart! Pray God he be not bewitched. Fab. Carry his water to the wise woman.

Mar. Marry, and it shall be done to-morrow morning, if I live. My lady would not lose him for more than I'll say.

Mal. How now, mistress?

Mar. O lord!

Sir To. Pr'ythee, hold thy peace; this is not the way. Do you not see you move him? let me alone with him.

Fab. No way but gentleness; gently, gently: the fiend is rough, and will not be roughly used. Sir To. Why, how now, my bawock? how

dost thou, chuck. Mal. Sir?

Sir To. Ay, Biddy, come with me. What, man! 'tis not for gravity to play at cherry-pit with Satan. Hang him, foul collier!

Mar. Get him to say his prayers; good Sir Toby, get him to pray. Mal. My prayers, minx?

Mar. No. I warrant you, he will not hear of godliness.

Mal. Go, hang yourselves all! you are idle shallow things: I am not of your element; you shall know more hereafter.

Sir To. Is 't possible?

Fab. If this were played upon the stage now. I could condemn it as an improbable fiction. Sir To. His very genius hath taken the in-

fection of the device, man.

Mar. Nay, pursue him now; lest the device take air and taint.

Fab. Why, we shall make him mad indeed.

Mar. The house will be the quieter.

Sir To. Come, we'll have him in a dark room and bound. My niece is already in the belief that he is mad: we may carry it thus, for our pleasure and his penance, till our very pastime, tired out of breath, prompt us to have mercy on him: at which time we will bring the device to the bar, and crown thee for a finder of madmen. But see, but see.

Enter Sir Andrew Ague-cheek.

Fab. More matter for a May morning. Sir And. Here's the challenge, read it; I warrant there's vinegar and pepper in 't. Fab. Is 't so saucy?

Sir And. Ay 18 1t, I warrant him; do but read. Sir To. Give me. [Reads.] Youth, whatsoever thou art, thou art but a scurvy fellow.

Fab. Good and valiant. Sir To. Wonder not, nor admire not in thu mind, why I do call thee so, for I will show thee no reason for 't.

Fab. A good note: that keeps you from the blow of the law.

Sir To. Thou comest to the Lady Olivia, and in my sight she uses thee kindly: but thou liest in thy throat; that is not the matter I challenge thee for.

Fab. Very brief, and exceeding good sense-Sir To. I will waylay thee going home; where if it be thy chance to kill me,-

Fab. Good.

Sir To. Thou killest me like a rogue and a

Fab. Still you keep o' the windy side of the law. Good.

Sir To. Fare thee well; and God have mercy upon one of our souls! He may have mercy upon mine; but my hope is better, and so look to thyself. Thy friend, as thou usest him, and thy sworn enemy, ANDREW AGUE—CHEEK.

Sir To. If this letter move him not, his legs cannot: I'll give 't him.

"Mar. You may have very fit occasion for 't; he is now in some commerce with my lady, and will by and by depart.

Sir To. Go, Sir Andrew; scout me for him

at the corner of the orchard, like a bum-bailiff; so soon as ever thou seest him, draw; and, as thou drawest, swear horrible; for it comes to pass oft that a terrible oath, with a swaggering accent sharply twanged off, gives manhood more approbation than ever proof itself would have earned him. Away.

Sir And. Nay, let me alone for swearing.

Exit. Sir To. Now will not I deliver his letter: for the behaviour of the young gentleman gives him out to be of good capacity and breeding, his employment between his lord and my niece confirms no less; therefore this letter, being so excellently ignorant, will breed no terror in the youth: he will find it comes from a clodpole. But, sir, I will deliver his challenge by word of mouth, set upon Ague-cheek a notable report of valour, and drive the gentleman, -as I know his youth will aptly receive it,—into a most hideous opinion of his rage, skill, fury, and impetuosity. This will so fright them both that they will kill one another by the look, like cockatrices.

Enter OLIVIA and VIOLA

Fab. Here he comes with your niece; give them way till he take leave, and presently after

Sir To. I will meditate the while upon some

horrid message for a challenge.

[Exeunt Sir To., FAB., and MAR. Oli. I have said too much unto a heart of stone,

And laid mine honour too unchary on it: There's something in me that reproves my fault; But such a headstrong potent fault it is

That it but mocks reproof. bears

Vio. With the same 'haviour that your passion [picture; Go on my master's griefs. Oli. Here, wear this jewel for me, 'tis my Refuse it not, it hath no tongue to vex you:

And, I beseech you, come again to-morrow. What shall you ask of me that I'll deny,

That, honour saved, may upon asking give? Vio. Nothing but this, your true love for my

master. Oli. How with mine honour may I give him Which I have given you?

Vio. I will aquit you.

Oli. Well, come again tomorrow. Fare thee well;

A fiend like thee might bear my soul to hell. Re-enter Sir TOBY and FABIAN. [Exit.

Sir To. Gentleman, God save thee. Vio. And you, sir.

Sir To. That defence thou hast, betake thee to 't. Of what nature the wrongs are thou hast done him, I know not; but thy intercepter, full of despight, bloody as the hunter, attends thee at the orchard end: dismount thy tuck, be yare in thy preparation, for thy assailant is quick. skilful, and deadly.

Vio. You mistake, sir; I am sure no man hath any quarrel to me; my remembrance is very free and clear from any image of offence

done to any man.

Sir To. You'll find it otherwise, I assure you: therefore, if you hold your life at any price, betake you to your guard; for your opposite hath in him what youth, strength, skill, and wrath can furnish man withal.

Vio. I pray you, sir, what is he? Sir To. He is a knight, dubbed with unhacked rapier, and on carpet consideration; but he is a devil in private brawl; souls and bodies hath he divorced three; and his incensement at this moment is so implacable that his heels.

satisfaction can be none but by pangs of death and sepulchre: hob, nob, is his word; give 't or take 't.

Vio. I will return again into the house and desire some conduct of the lady. I am no fighter. I have heard of some kind of men that put quarrels purposely on others to taste their valour: belike this is a man of that quirk.

Sir To. Sir, no; his indignation derives itself out of a very competent injury; therefore, get you on, and give him his desire. Back you shall not to the house, unless you undertake that with me which with as much safety you might answer him: therefore on, or strip your sword stark naked; for meddle you must, that's certain, or forswear to wear iron about you. .

Vio. This is as uncivil as strange. I be seech you, do me this courteous office as to know of the knight what my offence to him 15; it is something of my negligence, nothing of my purpose.

Sir To. I will do so. Signior Fabian, stay you by this gentleman till my return.

[Exit Sir TOBY. Vio. Pray you, sir, do you know of this

matter Fab. I know the knight is incensed against you, even to a mortal arbitrement; but nothing

of the circumstance more. Vio. I beseech you, what manner of man is

he?

Fab. Nothing of that wonderful promise, to read him by his form, as you are like to find him in the proof of his valour. He is indeed, sir, the most skilful, bloody, and fatal opposite that you could possibly have found in any part of Illyria. Will you walk towards him? I

will make your peace with him if I can. Vio. I shall be much bound to you for 't. I am one that would rather go with sir priest than sir knight: I care not who knows so much of my mettle Exeunt.

Re-enter Sir Toby with Sir Andrew.

Sir To. Why, man, he's a very devil; I have not seen such a virago. I had a pass with him, rapier, scabbard, and all, and he gives me the stuck-in with such a mortal motion that it is inevitable; and on the answer, he pays you as surely as your feet hit the ground they step on. They say he has been fencer to the Sophy.

Sir And. Pox on 't,' Ill not meddle with him. Sir To. Ay, but he will not now be pacified:

Fabian can scarce hold him yonder.

Sir And. Plague on 't; an I thought he had been valiant, and so cunning in fence, I'd have seen him damned ere I'd challenged him. Let him let the matter slip and I'll give him my horse, gray Capilet.
Sir To. I'll make the motion. Stand here,

make a good show on 't; this shall end without the perdition of souls. Marry, I'll ride your horse as well as I ride you.

Re-enter Fabian and Viola.

I have his horse [to FAB.] to take up the quarrel; have persuaded him the youth's a devil.

Fab. He is as horribly conceited of him; and pants and looks pale, as if a bear were at

Sir To. There's no remedy, sir; he will fight with you for his oath sake: marry, he hath better bethought him of his quarrel, and he finds that now scarce to be worth talking of: therefore draw, for the supportance of his vow; he protests he will not hurt you.

Vio. Pray God defend me! A little thing would make me tell them how much I lack of Aside.

a man.

Fab. Give ground if you see him furious. Sir To. Come, Sir Andrew, there's no remedy; the gentleman will, for his honour's sake, have one bout with you: he cannot by the

duello avoid it; but he has promised me, as he is a gentleman and a soldier, he will not hurt you. Come on: to 't.

Sir And. Pray God, he keep his oath. Draws.

Enter ANTONIO.

Vio. I do assure you 'tis against my will. [Draws.

Ant. Put up your sword:--If this young gentleman

Have done offence, I take the fault on me; If you offend him I for him defy you.

Drawing. Sir To. You, sir? why, what are you? Ant. One, sir, that for his love dares yet do more

Than you have heard him brag to you he will. Sir To. Nay, if you be an undertaker I am for you. Draws.

Enter two Officers.

Fab. O good Sir Toby, hold; here come the officers.

Sir To. I'll be with you anon.

To ANTONIO. Vio. Pray, sir, put up your sword, if you To Sir Andrew.

Sir And. Marry, will I, sir; and, for that I promised you, I'll be as good as my word. He

will bear you easily and reins well.

1 Off. This is the man; do thy office.
2 Off. Antonio, I arrest thee at the suit Of Count Orsino.

You do mistake me, sir. Ant. I Off. No, sir, no jot; I know your favour

well fhead .-Though now you have no sea-cap on your

Take him away; he knows I know him well. Ant. I must obey .- This comes from seeking

But there's no remedy; I shall answer it. What will you do? Now my necessity fme Makes me to ask you for my purse. It grieves Much more for what I cannot do for you Than what befalls myself. You stand amazed;

ut be of comfort. 2 Off. Come, sir, away. [money. Ant. I must entreat of you some of that

Vio. What money, sir? For the fair kindness you have showed me here, Scene I .- The Street before Olivia's House.

And part being prompted by your present trouble,

Out of my lean and low ability [much; I'll lend you something; my having is not I'll make division of my present with you: Hold, there is half my coffer.

Will you deny me now? Ant. Is 't possible that my deserts to you Can lack persuasion? Do not tempt my misery Lest that it make me so unsound a man As to upbraid you with those kindnesses That I have done for you.

Vio. I know of none, Nor know I you by voice or any feature: I hate ingratitude more in a man Than lying, vainness, babbling, drunkenness, Or any taint of vice whose strong corruption

Inhabits our frail blood. O heavens themselves! Ant.

2 Off. Come, sir, I pray you go.

Ant. Let me speak a little. This youth that vou see here

I snatched one half out of the jaws of death, Relieved him with such sanctity of love, And to his image, which methought did promise Most venerable worth, did I devotion.

I Off. What's that to us? The time goes

by; away. Ant. But O how vile an idol proves this god! Thou hast, Sebastian, done good feature shame. In nature there's no blemish but the mind; None can be call'd deform'd but the unkind: Virtue is beauty; but the beauteous-evil Are empty trunks o'erflourish'd by the devil.

1 Off. The man grows mad; away with him. Come, come, sir.

Ant. Lead me on.

[Exeunt Officers with ANTONIO.

Vio. Methinks his words do from such passion fly That he believes himself; so do not I.

Prove true, imagination; O prove true, That I, dear brother, be now ta'en for you!

Sir To. Come hither, knight; come hither, Fabian; we'll whisper o'er a couple or two of most sage saws.

Vio. He named Sebastian; I my brother know Yet living in my glass; even such and so In favour was my brother; and he went Still in this fashion, colour, ornament, For him I imitate. O, if it prove,

Tempests are kind, and salt waves fresh in love! Exit.

Sir To. A very dishonest paltry boy, and more a coward than a hare: his dishonesty appears in leaving his friend here in necessity, and denying him; and for his cowardship, ask Fabian.

Fab. A coward, a most devout coward, religious in it.

Sir And. 'Slid, I'll after him again and beat Sir To. Do, cuff him soundly, but never draw thy sword.

Sir And. An' I do not,-Exit.

Fab. Come, let's see the event. Sir To. I dare lay any money 'twill be noth-[money. ing yet. -Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Enter Sebastian and Clown.

Clo. Will you make me believe that I am not sent for you?

Seb. Go to, go to, thou art a foolish fellow; Let me be clear of thee.

Clo. Well held out, i' faith! No, I do not Do not deny. Beshrew his soul for me, know you; nor am I not sent to you by my lady, to bid you come speak with her; nor your name is not Master Cesario; nor this is not my nose neither .- Nothing that is so is so. Seb. I pr'ythee, vent thy folly somewhere

Thou knowst me not. Clo. Vent my folly! he has heard that word of some great man, and now applies it to a fool. Vent my folly! I am afraid this great lubber, the world, will prove a cockney .- I pr'ythee now, ungird thy strangeness, and tell me what I shall vent to my lady. Shall I vent to her that thou art coming?

Seb. Ipr ythee, foolish Greek, departfromme; There's money for thee; if you tarry longer

I shall give worse paymant.

Clo. By my troth, thou hast an open hand: These wise men that give fools money get themselves a good report after fourteen years' purchase.

Enter Sir Andrew, Sir Toby, and Fabian.

Sir And. Now, sır, have I met you again? there's for you. Striking SEBASTIAN.

Seb. Why, there's for thee, and there and there.

Are all the people mad?

Beating Sir Andrew Sir To. Hold, sir, or I'll throw your dagger o'er the house.

Clo. This will I tell my lady straight. would not be in some of your coats for twopence. Exit CLOWN.

Sir To. Come on, sir; hold.

[Holding Sebastian. Sir And. Nay, let him alone; I'll go another way to work with him; I'll have an action of battery against him, if there be any law in Illyria: though I struck him first, yet it's no matter for that.

Seb. Let go thy hand.

Sir To. Come, sir, I will not let you go. Come, my young soldier, put up your iron: you are well fleshed; come on.

Seb. I will be free from thee. What wouldst

thou now?

If thou dar'st tempt me further, draw thy sword.

Sir To. What, what? Nay, then I must have an ounce or two of this malapert blood from you. [Draws.

Enter OLIVIA.

Oli. Hold, Toby; on thy life, I charge thee, hold.

Sir To. Madam?

Oh. Willit be everthus? Ungracious wretch, Fit for the mountains and the barbarous caves. Where manners ne'er were preach'd! Out of my sight!

Be not offended, dear Cesario!-

Rudesby, be gone!-I pr'ythee, gentle friend, Exeunt Sir To., Sir And., and FAB. Let thy fair wisdom, not thy passion, sway

In this uncivil and unjust extent

Against thy peace. Go with me to my house, And hear thou there how many fruitless pranks This ruffian hath botch'd up, that thou thereby Mayst smile at this: thou shalt not choose but go; of it in any constant question.

He started one poor heart of mine in thee.

Seb. Whatrelishisinthis?howrunsthestream? Or am I mad? or else this is a dream:-Let fancy still my sense in Lethe steep;

If it be thus to dream, still let me sleep! Oli. Nay, come, I pr'ythee. Would thou'dst be ruled by me!

Seb. Madam, I will.

Olı. O, say so, and so be! Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Room in Olivia's House. Enter Maria and Clown.

Mar. Nay, I pr'ythee, put on this gown and this beard; make him believe thou art Sir Topas the curate; do it quickly: I'll call Sir Toby the whilst. Exit MARIA.

Clo. Well, I'll put it on, and I will dissemble myself in 't; and I would I were the first that ever dissembled in such a gown. I am not fat enough to become the function well: nor lean enough to be thought a good student: but to be said, an honest man and a good housekeeper, goes as fairly as to say, a careful man and a great scholar. The competitors enter.

Enter Sir Toby Belch and Maria.

Sir To. Jove bless thee, master parson. Clo. Bonos dies, Sir Toby: for as the old hermit of Prague, that never saw pen and ink,

very wittily said to a niece of King Gorboduc, That that is, is: so I, being master parson, am master parson: for what is that but that? and is but is?

Sir To. To him, Sir Topas.

Clo. What, hoa, I say, -Peace in this prison! Sir To. The knave counterfeits well; a good [there? knave

Mal. In an inner chamber. Who calls Clo. Sir Topas the curate, who comes to

visit Malvolio the lunatic. Mal. Sir Topas, Sir Topas, good Sir Topas,

go to my lady. Clo. Out, hyperbolical fiend! how vexest thou this man? talkest thou nothing but of

ladies? Sir To. Well said, master parson.

Mal. Sir Topas, never was man thus wronged: good Sir Topas, do not think I am mad; they have laid me here in hideous darkness.

Clo. Fie, thou dishonest Sathan! I call thee by the most modest terms, for I am one of those gentle ones that will use the devil himself with courtesy. Say'st thou that house is dark?

Mal. As hell, Sir Topas.

Clo. Why, it hath bay-windows, transparent as barricadoes, and the clear storeys towards the south-north are as lustrous as ebony; and yet complainest thou of obstruction?

Mal. I am not mad, Sir Topas, I say to you

this house is dark.

Clo. Madman, thou errest. I say there is no darkness but ignorance; in which thou art more puzzled than the Egyptians in their fog.

Mal. I say this house is as dark as ignorance, though ignorance were as dark as hell, and I say there was never man thus abused. am no more mad than you are; make the trial Clo. What is the opinion of Pythagoras con

cerning wild-fowl?

Mal. That the soul of our grandam might haply inhabit a bird.

Clo. What thinkest thou of his opinion? Mal. I think nobly of the soul, and no way

approve of his opinion.

Clo. Fare thee well. Remain thou still in darkness: thou shalt hold the opinion o Pythagoras ere I will allow of thy wits; and fear to kill a woodcock lest thou dispossess the soul of thy grandam. Fare thee well.

Mal. Sir Topas, Sir Topas!

Sir To. My most exquisite Sir Topas! Clo. Nay, I am for all waters.

Mar. Thou mightst have done this without thy beard and gown; he sees thee not.

Sir To. To him in thine own voice, and bring me word how thou findest him: I would we were well rid of this knavery. If he may be conveniently delivered, I would he were; for I am now so far in offence with my niece that I cannot pursue with any safety this sport to the upshot. Come by and by to my chamber.

Exeunt Sir To. and MAR.

Hey, Robin, jolly Robin, Tell me how thy lady does. Clo.

[Singing.

Mal. Fool,-Clo. My lady is unkind, perdy. Mal. Fool,-

Clo. Alas, why is she so? Mal. Fool, I say;—

Clo. She loves another-Who calls. ha? Mal. Good fool, as ever thou wilt deserve

well at my hand, help me to a candle, and pen, ink, and paper; as I am a gentleman, I will live to be thankful to thee for 't.

Clo. Master Malvolio!

Mal. Ay, good fool. Clo. Alas, sir, how fell you besides your five

Mal. Fool, there was never man so notori-

ously abused; I am as well in my wits, fool, as thou art. Clo. But as well? then you are mad indeed,

if you be no better in your wits than a fool. Mal. They have here propertied me; keep me in darkness, send ministers to me, asses, and do all they can to face me out of my wits.

Clo. Advise you what you say; the minister is here.—Malvolio, Malvolio, thy wits the heavens restore! endeavour thyself to sleep, and leave thy vain bibble-babble.

Mal. Sir Topas,-

Clo. Maintain no words with him, good fellow. Who, I, sir? not I, sir. God b' wi' you, good Sir Topas.-Marry, amen.-I will, sir, I will.

r Topas.—Intarty, amount Mal. Fool, fool, fool, I say,— he natient. What say you,

I am shent for speaking to you. Mal. Good fool, help me to some light and some paper; I tell thee I am as well in my

wits as any man in Illyria. Clo. Well-a-day,—that you were, sir!

Mal. By this hand, I am: Good fool, some ink, paper, and light, and convey what I will set down to my lady; it shall advantage thee more than ever the bearing of letter did.

Clo. I will help you to 't. But tell me true, are you not mad indeed? or do you but counterfeit?

Mal. Believe me, I am not; I tell thee true. Clo. Nay, I'll ne'er believe a madman till I see his brains. I will fetch you light, and

paper, and ink.

Mal. Fool, I'll requite it in the highest de-

gree: I pr'ythee, be gone.

Clo. I am gone sir. And anon, sir. I'll be with you again, In a trice, Like to the old vice. Your need to sustain;

> Who with dagger of lath, In his rage and his wrath, Cries ah, ha! to the devil: Like a mad lad, Pare thy nails, dad, Adieu, goodman drivel.

[Exit.

SCENE III .- OLIVIA'S Garden. Enter SEBASTIAN.

Seb. This is the air; that is the glorious sun; This pearl she gave me, I do feel't, and see 't: And though 'tis wonder that enwraps me thus, Yet 'tis not madness. Where's Antonio, then? I could not find him at the Elephant: Yet there he was; and there I found this credit. That he did range the town to seek me out. His counsel now might do me golden service: For thou my soul disputes well with my sense. That this may be some error, but no madness, Yet doth this accident and flood of fortune o far exceed all instance, all discourse,

That I am ready to distrust mine eyes And wrangle with my reason, that persuades me To any other trust but that I am mad, Or else the lady's mad; yet if 'twere so, She could not sway her house, command her followers.

Take and give back affairs and their despatch With such a smooth, discreet, and stable bearing As I perceive she does: there's something in 't That is deceivable. But here comes the lady.

Enter OLIVIA and a Priest.

Oli. Blame not this haste of mine. If you mean well,

Now go with me and with this holy man Into the chantry by: there, before him And underneath the consecrated roof Plight me the full assurance of your faith, That my most jealous and too doubtful soul May live at peace. He shall conceal it Whiles you are willing it shall come to note; What time we will our celebration keep According to my birth.—What do you say?

Seb. I'll follow this good man, and go with you;

And, having sworn truth, ever will be true. Oli. Then lead the way, good father;-And heavens so shine That they may fairly note this act of mine!

[Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I .- The Street before Olivia's House.

Enter CLOWN and FABIAN.

Fab. Now, as thou lovest me, let me see his letter.

Clo. Good Master Fabian, grant me another request.

Fab. Anything.

Clo. Do not desire to see this letter.

Fab. That is to give a dog; and in recompense, desire my dog again.

Enter DUKE, VIOLA, and Attendants. Duke. Belong you to the Lady Olivia,

friends?

Clo. Ay, sir; we are some of her trappings. Duke. I know thee well. How dost thou, my good fellow?

Clo. Truly, sir, the better for my foes and the worse for my friends. Duke. Just the contrary; the better for thy

Clo. No, sir, the worse.

Duke. How can that be?

Clo. Marry, sir, they praise me, and make an ass of me; now my foes tell me plainly I am an ass: so that by my foes, sir, I profit in the knowledge of myself, and by my friends I am abused: so, that, conclusions to be as kisses, if your four negatives make your two affirmatives, why then, the worse for my friends and the better for my foes.

Duke. Why, this is excellent.

Clo. By my troth, sir, no; though it please you to be one of my friends.

Duke. Thou shalt not be the worse for me; there's gold.

Clo. But that it would be double-dealing, sir, I would you could make it another.

Duke. O, you give me ill counsel.

Clo. Put your grace in your pocket, sir, for this once, and let your flesh and blood obey it.

Duke. Well, I will be so much a sinner to be a double-dealer: there's another.

Clo. Primo, secundo, tertio, is a good play; and the old saying is, the third pays for all; the triplex, sir, is a good tripping measure; or the bells of St. Bennett, sir, may put you in mind;

One, two, three.

Duke. You can fool no more money out of me at this throw: if you will let your lady know I am here to speak with her, and bring her along with you, it may awake my bounty

further.

Clo. Marry, sir, lullaby to your bounty till I come again. I go, sir; but I would not have you to think that my desire of having is the sin of covetousness: but, as you say, sir, let your bounty take a nap, I will awake it anon.

Exit CLOWN.

Enter ANTONIO and Officers.

Vio. Here comes the man, sir, that did rescue me.

Duke. That face of his I do remember well: Yet, when I saw it last, it was besmeared As black as Vulcan in the smoke of war:.

A bawbling vessel was he captain of, For shallow draught and bulk unprizable; With which such scathful grapple did he make With the most noble bottom of our feet. That very envy and the tongue of loss Cried fame and honour on him.-What's the

I Off. Orsino, this is that Antonio [Candy: That took the Phoenix and her fraught from And this is he that did the Tiger board When your young ne phew Titus lost his leg: Herein the streets, desperate of shame and state, In private brabble did we apprehend him.

Vio. He did me kindness, sir; drew on my

side:

But, in conclusion, put strange speech upon me, I know not what 'twas, but distraction.

Duke. Notable pirate! thou salt-water thief! What foolish boldness brought thee to their mercies?

Whom thou, in terms so bloody and so dear, Hast made thine enemies?

Ant.

Orsino, noble sir, Be pleased that I shake off these names you give me;

Antonio never yet was thief or pirate, Though, I confess, on base and ground enough, Orsino's enemy. A witchcraft drew me hither: That most ingrateful boy there, by your side, From the rude sea's enraged and foamy mouth Did I redeem; a wreck past hope he was: His life I gave him, and did thereto add My love, without retention or restraint. All his in dedication: for his sake, Did I expose myself, pure for his love, Into the danger of this adverse town; Drew to defend him when he was beset: Not meaning to partake with me in danger,-Taught him to face me out of his acquaintance, And grew a twenty-years-removed thing While one would wink; denied me mine own purse,

Which I had recommended to his use

Not half an hour before. How canvihis be Duke. When came he to this town?

Both day and night did we keep company.

Ant. To-day, my lord; and for three months before. No interim, not a minute's vacancy,—

Enter OLIVIA and her Attendants.

Duke. Here comes the countess; heaven walks on earth.

But for thee, fellow, fellow, thy words are madness; Three months this youth hath tended upon

me

But more of that anon .--Take them aside. Oli. What would my lord, but that he may not have,

Wherein Olivia may seem serviceable!-Cesaria, you do not keep promise with me. Vio. Madam?

Duke. Gracious, Olivia,-Oli. What do you say, Cesario?my lord.-

Vio. My lord would speak, my duty hushes. Oh. If it be aught to the old tune, my lord, It is as fat and fulsome to mine ear As howling after music.

Still so cruel? Duke. Oli. Still so constant, lord.

Duke. What! to perverseness? you uncivil lady,

To whose ingrate and unauspicious altars My soul the faithfull'st offerings hath breathed

That e'er devotion tender'd! What shall I do? Oli. Even what it please my lord, that shall

become him. fto do it. Why should I not, had I the heart Like the Egyptian thief, at point of death, Kill what I love; a savage jealousy That sometime savours nobly?—But hear me Since you to non-regardance cast my faith, And that I partly know the instrument

That screws me from my true place in your favour,

Live you the marble-breasted tyrant still; But this your minion, whom I know you love, And whom, by heaven I swear, I tender dearly, Him will I tear out of that cruel eye Where he sits crowned in his master's sprite.

Come, boy, with me; my thoughts are ripe in mischief:

I'll sacrifice the lamb that I do love, To spite a raven's heart within a dove.

Going. Vio. And I, most jocund, apt, and willingly, To do you rest, a thousand deaths would die. [Following.

Oli. Where goes Cesario?

After him I love More than I love these eyes, more than my life, More, by all mores, than e'er I shall love wife; If I do feign, you witnesses above Punish my life for tainting of my love!

Oli. Ah me, detested! how am I beguiled? Vio. Who does beguile you? who does do you wrong?
Oli. Hast thou forgot thyself? [long?--

Is it so Call forth the holy father?

[Exit an Attendant. Duke. Come away. [To VIOLA. Oli. Whither, my lord? Cesario, husband, stay.

Duke. Husband?

Ay, husband, can he that deny? Oli. Duke. Her husband, sirrah?

Vio. No, my lord, not I. Oli. Alas, it is the baseness of thy fear That makes thee strangle thy propriety:

Fear not Cesario, take thy fortunes up; Be that thou know'st thou art, and then thou [father!

As great as that thou fear'st-O, welcome,

Re-enter Attendant and Priest.

Father, I charge thee, by thy reverence, Here to unfold,-though lately we intended To keep in darkness what occasion now Reveals before 'tis ripe,—what thou dost know Hath newly past between this youth and me.

Priest. A contract of eternal bond of love, Confirmed by mutual joinder of your hands, Attested by the holy close of lips, Strengthen'd by interchangement of your rings; And all the ceremony of this compact Sealed in my function, by my testimony: Since when, my watch hath told me, toward

my grave I have travelled but two hours.

Duke. O thou dissembling cub! what wilt When time hath sowed a grizzle on thy case? Or will not else thy craft so quickly grow That thine own trip shall be thine overthrow? Farewell, and take her; but direct thy feet

Where thou and I henceforth may never meet. Vio. My lord, I do protest,-

O, do not swear; Hold little faith, though thou hast too much fear.

Enter Sir Andrew Ague-cheek with his head broke.

Sir And. For the love of God, a surgeon; send one presently to Sir Toby.

Oli. What's the matter? Sir And. He has broke my head across, and has given Sir Toby a bloody coxcomb too: for

the love of God, your help: I had rather than forty pound I were at home. Oli. Who has done this, Sir Andrew?

Sir And. The count's gentleman, Cesario: we took him for a coward, but he's the very devil incardinate.

Duke. My gentleman, Cesario?

a bloody coxcomb.

Sir And. Od's lifelings, here he is:-You broke my head for nothing; and that that I did I was set on to do 't by Sir Toby. [hurt you: Vio. Why do you speak to me? I never You drew your sword upon me without cause;

But I bespake you fair and hurt you not. Sir And. If a bloody coxcomb be a hurt, you have hurt me; I think you set nothing by

Enter Sir Toby Belch drunk, led by the CLOWN.

Here comes Sir Toby halting; you shall hear more: but if he had not been in drink he would have tickled you othergates than he did. wi Duke. How now, gentleman? how is 't with

you? Sir To. That's all one; he has hurt me, and there's the end on't.—Sot, didst see Dick surgeon, sot?

Clo. O he's drunk, Sir Toby, an hour agone;

his eyes were set at eight i' the morning. Sir To. Then he's a rogue. After a passy-

measure, or a pavin, I hate a drunken rogue. Oli. Away with him. Who hath made this havoc with them?

Sir And. I'll help you, Sir Toby, because we'll be dressed together.

Sir To. Will you help an ass-head, and a coxcomb, and a knave? a thin-faced knave, a gull? Oli. Get him to bed, and let his hurt be looked to.

[Exeunt CLOWN, Sir To., and Sir AND.

Enter SEBASTIAN. Seb. I am sorry, madam, I have hurt your kinsman;

But, had it been the brother of my blood, I must have done no less, with wit and safety. You throw a strange regard upon me, and By that I do perceive it hath offended you; Pardon me, sweet one, even for the vows We made each other but so late ago.

Duke. One face, one voice, one habit, and two persons;

[thou be, A natural perspective, that is, and is not.

Seb. Antonio, O my dear Antonio! How have the hours rack'd and tortur'd me Since I have lost thee.

Ant. Sebastian are you?

Fear'st thou that, Antonio? Seb. Ant. How have you made division of yourself?-

An apple, cleft in two, is no more twin Than these two creatures. Which is Sebastian?

Oli. Most wonderful!

Seb. Do I stand there? I never had a brother: Nor can there be that deity in my nature Of here and everywhere. I had a sister Whom the blind waves and surges have devoured:

Of charity, what kin are you to me? [To Viola. What countryman? what name? what parentage? Vio. Of Messaline: Sebastian was my father;

Such a Sebastian was my brother too; So went he suited to his watery tomb: If spirits can assume both form and suit, You come to fright us.

A spirit I am indeed: But am in that dimension grossly clad, Which from the womb I did participate. Were you a woman, as the rest goes even, I should my tears let fall upon your cheek,

And say-Thrice welcome, drowned Viola! Vio. My father had a mole upon his brow.

Seb. And so had mine.

Vio. And died that day when Viola from her birth

Had numbered thirteen years.

Seb. O, that record is lively in my soul! He finished, indeed, his mortal act That day that made my sister thirteen years.

Vio. If nothing lets to make us happy both But this my masculine usurp'd attire, Do not embrace me till each circumstance Of place, time, fortune, do cohere, and jump That I am Viola: which to confirm, I'll bring you to a captain in this town, [help Where he my maiden's weeds; by whose gentle I was preserv'd to serve this noble count; All the occurrence of my fortune since Hath been between this lady and this lord.

Seb So comes it, lady, you have been mistook: To OLIVIA.

But nature to her bias drew in that. You would have been contracted to a maid; Nor are you therein, by my life, deceived; You are betroth'd both to a maid and man.

Duke. Be not amazed; right noble is his blood .-

If this be so, as yet the glass seems true, I shall have share in this most happy wreck: Boy, thou hast said to me a thousand times, [To VIOLA.

Thou never shouldst love woman like to me. Vio. And all those sayings will I over-swear; And all those swearings keep as true in soul As doth that orbed continent the fire

That severs day from night.

Duke. And let me see thee in thy woman's weeds. Vio. The captain that did bring me first on Notorious wrong. shore faction. Hath my maid's garments: he, upon some

Is now in durance, at Malvolio's suit: A gentleman and follower of my lady's.

Oli. He shall enlarge him:-Fetch Malvelio hither:-And yet, alas, now I remember me.

They say, poor gentleman, he's much distract.

Re-enter CLOWN with a letter.

A most extracting frenzy of mine own From my remembrance clearly banished his.-

How does he, sirrah?

Clo. Truly, madam, he holds Beelzebub at the stave's end as well as a man in his case may do: he has here writ a letter to you; I should have given it you to-day morning; but as a madman's epistles are no gospels, so it skills

not much when they are delivered. Oli. Open it, and read it.

Clo. Look then to be well edified when the fool delivers the madman:-By the Lord, madam

Oli. How now! art thou mad?

Clo. No, madam, I do but read madness: an your ladyship will have it as it ought to be, you must allow vox.

Oli. Pr'ythee, read i' thy right wits.

Clo. So I do, madonna; but to read his right wits is to read thus: therefore perpend, my princess, and give ear.

Oli. Read it you, sirrah. [To Fabian. Fab. [reads.] By the Lord, madam, you wrong me, and the world shall know it: though you have put me into darkness and given your drunken cousin rule over me, yet have I the benefit of my senses as well as your ladyship. have your own letter that induced me to the semblance I but on; with the which I doubt not but to do myself much right or you much shame. Think of me as you please. I leave my duty a little unthought of, and speak out of my injury.
The madly used MALVOLIO.

Oli. Did he write this?

Clo. Ay, madam.

Duke. This savours not much of distraction. Oli. See him delivered, Fabian: bring him hither. Exit FABIAN.

My lord, so please you, these things further thought on,

To think me as well a sister as a wife. One day shall crown the alliance on't, so please

you Here at my house, and at my proper cost.

Duke. Madam, I am most apt to embrace your offer .your offer.— [service done him, Your master quits you; [to VIOLA] and, for your So much against the metal of your sex,

So far beneath your soft and tender breeding, And since you called me master for so long, Here is my hand; you shall from this time be Your master's mistress.

Oli. A sister?—you are she.

Re-enter Fabian with Malvolio.

Duke. Is this the madman?

Oli. Ay, my lord, this same; Give me thy hand; How now, Malvolio?

Mal. Madam, you have done me wrong,

Oli. Have I. Malvolio? no. Mal. Lady, you have. Pray you, peruse that letter:

You must not now deny it is your hand,

Write from it, if you can, in hand or phrase; Or say, 'its not your seal, nor your invention: You can say none of this. Well, grant it then, And tell me, in the modesty of honour, Why you have given me such clear lights of

favour;
Bade me come smiling and cross-garter'd to you;
To put on yellow stockings, and to frown
Upon Sir Toby and the lighter people:
And, acting this in an obedient hope,
Why have you suffer'd me to be imprison'd,
Keptin a dark house, visited by the priest,

And made the most notorious geck and gull.
That e'er invention play'd on? fell me why.
Oli. Alas, Malvolio, this is not my writing,
Though, I confess, much like the character:

But, out of question, 'tis Maria's hand. And now I do bethink me, it was she First told me thou wast mad; then cam'st in

smiling,
And in such forms which here were presuppos'd
Upon thee in the letter. Pr'ythee, be content:
This practice has most shrewdly pass'd upon

thee: But, when we know the grounds and authors

of it, Thou shalt be both the plaintiff and the judge

Of thine own cause.

Fab. Good madam, hear me speak;
And let no quarrel, nor no brawl to come,
Taint the condition of this present hour,
Which I have wonder'd at. In hope it shall not,
Most freely, I confess, myself and Toby
Set this device against Malvoho here,
Upon some stubborn and uncourteous parts
We had conceived against him. Maria writ
The letter, at Sir Toby's great importance;
In recompense whereof he hath married her.
How with a sportful malice it was follow'd
May rather pluck on laughter than revenge,
If that the injuries be justly weigh'd.

Oli. Alas, poor fool! how have they baffled thee!

Clo. Why, some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrown upon them. I was one, sir, in this interlude; one Sir Topas, sir; but that's all one:—By the Lord, fool, I am not mad;—But do you remember? Madam, why laugh you at such a barren rascal? an you smile not he's gagged. And thus the whillied of time bring in his reverse.

whirligig of time brings in his revenges.

Mal. I'll be revenged on the whole pack of you.

[Exit.

Oli. He hath been notoriously abused.

Duke. Pursue him, and entreat him to a
peace:—

He hath not told us of the captain yet;
When that is known, and golden time convents,
A solemn combination shall be made
Of our dear souls.—Meantime, sweet sister,
We will not part from hence.—Cesario,
come:

For so you shall be while you are a man; But, when in other habits you are seen, Orsino's mistress, and his fancy's queen. [Exeunt.

SONG.

Clo. When that I was and a little tmy boy, With hey, ho, the wind and the rain, A foolish thing was but a toy, For the rain it rameth every day.

But when I came to man's estate, With hey, ho, the wind and the rain, 'Gainst knave and thief men shut their gate, For the rain it raineth eyery day.

But when I came, alas! to wive, With hey, ho, the wind and the rain, By swaggring could I never thrive, For the rain it raineth every day.

But when I came unto my bed, With hey, ho, the wind and the ram, With toss-pots still had drunken head, For the ram it raineth every day.

A great while ago the world began,
With hey, ho, the wind and the rain,
But that's all one, our play is done,
And we'll strive to please you every day.

[Exit.

MEASURE FOR MEASURE

PERSONS REPRESENTED

VINCENTIO, Duke of Vienna. ANGELO, Lord Deputy in the Duke's absence.

Escalus, an ancient Lord, joined with AN-GELO in the Deputation.

CLAUDIO, a young Gentleman.

LUCIO, A Fantastic.

Two other like Gentlemen.

VARRIUS, a Gentleman, Servant to the Duke. PROVOST.

THOMAS, two Friars. PETER,

A TUSTICE.

ELBOW, a simple Constable.

FROTH, a foolish Gentleman. CLOWN, Servant to Mrs. OVERDONE. ABHORSON, an Executioner. BARNARDINE, a dissolute Prisoner.

ISABELLA, Sister to CLAUDIO. MARIANA, betrothed to ANGELO.

JULIET, beloved by CLAUDIO. FRANCISCA, a Nun.

MISTRESS OVERDONE, a Bawd.

Call hither,

Lords, Gentlemen, Guards, Officers, and other Attendants.

That we remember. There is our commission. From which we would not have you warp .-

Exit an Attendant.

SCENE,-VIENNA.

ACT I.

SCENE I.—An Apartment in the DUKE'S Palace,

Enter Duke, Escalus, Lords, and Attendants.

Duke. Escalus,—
Escal. My lord.
Duke. Of government the properties to unfold, Would seem in me to affect speech and discourse; Since I am put to know that your own science Exceeds, in that, the lists of all advice My strength can give you: then no more remains But that to your sufficiency, as your worth is able, And let them work. The nature of our people, Our city's institutions, and the terms

For common justice, you are as pregnant in

And given his deputation all the organs Of our own power: what think you of it? Escal. If any in Vienna be of worth To undergo such ample grace and honour,

What figure of us think you he will bear? For you must know we have with special soul

Elected him our absence to supply; Lent him our terror, drest him with our love,

As art and practice hath enriched any

I say, bid come before us Angelo .-

It is Lord Angelo.

Enter ANGELO.

Duke. Look where he comes.

Ang. Always obedient to your grace's will. I come to know your pleasure.

Duke. Angelo. There is a kind of character in thy life, That to the observer doth thy history Fully unfold. Thyself and thy belongings Are not thine own so proper as to waste Thyself upon thy virtues, they on thee. Heaven doth with us as we with torches do, Not light them for themselves: for if our virtues Did not go forth of us, 'twere all alike As if we had them not. Spirits are not finely

touch'd But to fine issues: nor nature never lends The smallest scruple of her excellence But, like a thrifty goddess, she determines Herself the glory of a creditor, Both thanks and use. But I do bend my speech To one that can my part in him advertise; Hold, therefore, Angelo;

In our remove be thou at full ourself: Mortality and mercy in Vienna Live in thy tongue and heart! Old Escalus,

Though first in question, is thy secondary: Take thy commission.

Now, good my lord, Ang. Let there be some more test made of my metal, Before so noble and so great a figure

Be stamped upon it.

Duke. No more evasion: We have with a leaven'd and prepared choice Proceeded to you; therefore take your honours. Our haste from hence is of so quick condition That it prefers itself, and leaves unquestion'd Matters of needful value. We shall write to you As time and our concernings shall importune How it goes with us; and do look to know What doth befall you here. So, fare you well: To the hopeful execution do I leave you Of your commissions.

Yet, give leave, my lord, Ang. That we may bring you something on the way. Duke. My haste may not admit it; Nor need you, on mine honour, have to do With any scruple: your scope is as mine own: So to enforce or qualify the laws As to your soul seems good. Give me your hand; I'll privily away: I love the people, But do not like to stage me to their eyes: Though it do well, I do not relish well Their loud applause and aves vehement: Nor do I think the man of safe discretion

That does affect it. Once more, fare you well. Ang. The heavens give safety to your pur-

poses! [happiness. Escal. Lead forth and bring you back in Duke. I thank you. Fare you well. [Exit. Escal. I shall desire you, sir, to give me leave To have free speech with you; and it concerns me

To look into the bottom of my place: A power I have, but of what strength and nature, I am not yet instructed. together. Ang. 'Tis so with me.-Let us withdraw

And we may soon our satisfaction have Touching that point.

I'll wait upon your honour. Escal. Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Street.

Enter Lucio and two Gentlemen.

Lucio. If the duke, with the other dukes come not to composition with the King of Hungary, why, then, all the dukes fall upon the king. [the King of Hungary's!

I Gent. Heaven grant us its peace, but not

2 Gent. Amen. Lucio. Thou concludest like the sanctimonious pirate that went to sea with the ten commandments, but scraped one out of the table.

2 Gent. Thou shalt not steal?

Lusio. Ay, that he razed.

I Gent. Why, 'twas a commandment to command the captain and all the rest from their functions; they put forth to steal. There's not a soldier of us all that, in the thanksgiving before meat, doth relish the petition well that prays for peace.

2 Gent. I never heard any soldier dislike it. Lucio. I believe thee; for I think thou never

wast where grace was said.

2 Gent. No? a dozen times at least. I Gent. What? in metre?

Lucio. In any proportion or in any language.

r Gent. I think, or in any religion.

Lucio. Ay! why not? Grace is grace, despite of all controversy. As for example;thou thyself art a wicked villain, despite of all grace.

I Gent. Well, there went but a pair of shears between us.

Lucio. I grant; as there may between the lists and the velvet. Thou art the list.

I Gent. And thou the velvet: thou art good velvet; thou art a three-piled piece, I warrant thee: I had as lief be a list of an English Rersey as be piled, as thou art piled, for a French velvet. Do I speak feelingly now?

Lucio. I think thou dost; and, indeed, with

most painful feeling of thy speech. I will, out of thine own confession, learn to begin thy health; but, whilst I live, forget to drink after

r Gent. I think I have done myself wrong; have I not?

2 Gent. Yes, that thou hast; whether thou art tainted or free.

Lucio. Behold, behold, where Madam Miti-cation comes! I have purchased as many diseases under her roof as come to-

2 Gent. To what, I pray?

2 Gent. Judge.
2 Gent. To three thousand dollars a-year.
I Gent. Ay, and more.

Lucio. A French crown more.

I Gent. Thou art always figuring diseases in me, but thou art full of error; I am sound.

Lucio. Nay, not as one would say, healthy; but so sound as things that are hollow: thy bones are hollow: implety has made a feast of

Enter BAWD.

I Gent. How now! which of your hips has the most profound sciatica?

Bawd. Well, well; there's one yonder ar-

rested and carried to prison was worth five thousand of you all.

I Gent. Who's that, I pray thee?

Bawd. Marry, sir, that's Claudio, Signior The words of heaven; on whom it will, it will; Claudio.

I Gent. Claudio to prison! 'tis not so.

Bawd. Nay, but I know 'tis so: I saw him arrested; saw him carried away; and, which is more, within these three days his head's to be chopped off.

Lucio. But, after all this fooling, I would not have it so. Art thou sure of this?

Bawd. I am too sure of it: and it is for

getting Madam Julietta with child. Lucto. Believe me, this may be: he promised to meet me two hours since; and he was

ever precise in promise-keeping.

2 Gent. Besides, you know, it draws something near to the speech we had to such a purpose. proclamation.

I Gent. But most of all agreeing with the Lucio. Away; let's go learn the truth of it. Exeunt Lucio and Gentlemen.

Bawd. Thus, what with the war, what with the sweat, what with the gallows, and what with poverty, I am custom-shrunk. How now! what's the news with you?

Enter CLOWN.

Clo. Yonder man is carried to prison. Bawd. Well: what has he done?

Clo. A woman.

Bawd. But what's his offence?

Clo. Groping for trouts in a peculiar river. Bawd. What! is there a maid with child by him?

Clo. No; but there's a woman with maid by him. You have not heard of the proclamation, have you?

Bawd. What proclamation, man?

Clo. All houses in the suburbs of Vienna must be plucked down.

Bawd. And what shall become of those in Clo. They shall stand for seed: they had one down too, but that a wise burgher put in

for them. Bawd. But shall all our houses of resort in

the suburbs be pulled down?

Clo. To the ground, mistress.

Bawd. Why, here's a change indeed in the commonwealth! What shall become of me? Clo. Come; fear not you: good counsellors

lack no clients: though you change your place you need not change your trade; I'll be your tapster still. Courage; there will be pity taken on you: you that have worn your eyes almost out in the service, you will be considered.

Bawd. What's to do here, Thomas Tapster? Let's withdraw.

Clo. Here comes Signior Claudio, led by the provost to prison: and there's Madam Tuliet. Exeunt.

SCENE III .- The same.

Enter Provost, Claudio, Juliet, and Officers: Lucio and two Gentlemen.

Claud. Fellow, why dost thou show me thus to the world.

Bear me to prison, where I am committed. Prov. I do it not in evil disposition. But from Lord Angelo by special charge.

Claud. Thus can the demi-god Authority Make us pay down for our offence by weight. On whom it will not, so; yet still 'tis just. Lucio. Why, how now, Claudio? whence

comes this restraint? Claud. From too much liberty, my Lucio,

liberty:

As surfeit is the father of much fast, So every scope by the immoderate use

Turns to restraint. Our natures do pursue,-Like rats that ravin down their proper bane,-

A thirsty evil; and when we drink we die.

Lucio. If I could speak so wisely under an arrest, I would send for certain of my creditors; and yet, to say the truth, I had as lief have the foppery of freedom as the morality of imprisonment.-What's thy offence, Claudio?

Claud. What but to speak of would offend

again.

Lucio. What, is it murder?

Claud. No.

Lucio. Lechery? Claud. Call it so.

Prov. Away, sir; you must go.

Claud. One word, good friend:-Lucio, a

word with you. [Takes him aside. Lucio. A hundred, if they'll do you any good. Is lechery so looked after?

Claud. Thus it stands with me:—Upon a

true contract

I got possession of Julietta's bed: You know the lady; she is fast my wife, Save that we do the denunciation lack Of outward order: this we came not to Only for propagation of a dower Remaining in the coffer of her friends; From whom we thought it meet to hide our love Till time had made them for us. But it chances The stealth of our most mutual entertainment.

With character too gross, is writ on Juliet. Lucio. With child, perhaps? Claud. Unhappily, even so.

And the new deputy now for the duke,-Whether it be the fault and glimpse of newness,

Or whether that the body public be A horse whereon the governor doth ride, Who, newly in the seat, that it may know

He can command, lets it straight feel the spur Whether the tyranny be in his place, Or in his eminence that fills it up,

I stagger in.—But this new governor Awakes me all the enrolled penalties Which have, like unscour'd armour, hung by

the wall So long that nineteen zodiacs have gone round And none of them been worn; and, for a name, Now puts the drowsy and neglected act Freshly on me;-'the surely for a name.

Lucio. I warrant it is: and thy head stands so tickle on thy shoulders that a milkmaid, if she be in love, may sigh it off. Send after the duke, and appeal to him.

Claud. I have done so, but he's not to be I pr'ythee, Lucio, do me this kind service: This day my sister should the closter enter, And there receive her approbation: Acquaint her with the danger of my state; Implore her, in my voice, that she make friends

To the strict deputy; bid herself assay him; I have great hope in that: for in her youth There is a prone and speechless dialect

Such as moves men; beside, she hath prosperous art

When she will play with reason and discourse,

And well she can persuade. Lucio. I pray she may; as well for the encouragement of the like, which else would stand under grievous imposition, as for the enjoying of thy life, who I would be sorry should be thus foolishly lost at a game of tick-tack. I'll to her.

Claud. I thank you, good friend Lucio. Lucio. Within two hours,—

Claud. Come, officer, away. [Exeunt.

Scene IV.—A Monastery.

Enter DUKE and Friar THOMAS.

Duke. No; holy father; throw away that thought;

Believe not that the dribbling dart of love Can pierce a complete bosom: why I desire thee To give me secret harbour hath a purpose More grave and wrinkled than the aims and ends Of burning youth.

Fri. May your grace speak of it?

Duke. My holy sir, none better knows than

you

How I have ever lov'd the life remov'd,
And held in idle price to haunt assemblies
Whereyouth, and cost, and witless bravery keeps.
I have deliver'd to Lord Angelo,—
A man of stricture and firm abstinence,—
My absolute power and place here in Vienna
And he supposes me travell'd to Poland;
For so I have strew'd it in the common ear,
And so it is received. Now, pious sir,
You will demand of me why I do this?
Fri. Gladly, my lord. [laws,—

Duke. We have strict statutes and most biting
The needful bits and curbs for headstrong
steeds.—

Which for these fourteen years we have let sleep, Even like an o'ergrown hon in a cave, That goes not out to prey. Now, as fond

fathers,
Having bound up the threat'ning twigs of birch,
Only to stick it in their children's sight
For terror, not to use, in time the rod
Becomesmoremock'dthanfear'd isoourdecrees,
Dead to infliction, to themselves are dead;
And liberty plucks justice by the nose;
The baby beats the nurse, and quite athwart

Goes all decorum.

Fr. It rested in your grace
To unloose this tied-up justice when you pleas'd:
And it in you more dreadful would have seem'd
Than in Lord Angelo.

Duke.

I do fear, too dreadful:
Sith 'twas my fault to give the people scope,
'Twould be my tyranny to strike and gall them
For what I bid them do: for we bid this be done
When evil deeds have their permissive pass
And not the punishment. Therefore, indeed,
my father,

I have on Angelo impos'd the office;
Whomay, in the ambush of myname, strike home,
And yet my nature never in the fight,
To do it slander. And to behold his sway,
I will, as 'twere a brother of your order,
Visit both prince and people: therefore, I
pr'ythee,

Supply me with the habit, and instruct me How I may formally in person bear me Like a true friar. More reasons for this action At our more leisure shall I render you; Only, this one:—Lord Angelo is precise; Stands at a guard with envy; scarce confesses That his blood flows, or that his appetite Is more to bread than stone; hence shall we see, If power change purpose, what our seemers be. [Exeunt.

Scene V .- A Nunnery.

Enter ISABELLA and FRANCISCA.

Isab. And have you muns no further pnvileges? Fran. Are not these large enough? Isab. Yes, truly: I speak not as desiring more, But rather wishing a more strict restraint Upon the sisterhood, the votaries of St. Clare,

pon the sisternood, the votaties of St. Clare. Lucio. Ho! Peace be in this place! [Within. Isab. Who's that which calls? Fran. It is a man's voice. Gentle Isabella,

Turn your key, and know his business of him; You may, I may not; you are yet unsworn: When you have vow'd, you must not speak with

men
But in the presence of the prioress; [face;
Then, if you speak, you must not show your
Or, if you show your face, you must not speak,
He calls again; I pray you answer him.

[Exit Francisca.

Isab. Peace and prosperity! Who is 't that calls?

Enter Lucio.

Lucio. Hail, virgin, if you be; as those cheek roses Proclaim you are no less! Can you so stead me As bring me the sight of Isabella,

A novice of this place, and the fair sister To her unhappy brother Claudio?

Isab. Why her unhappy brother? let me ask? The rather, for I now must make you know I am that Isabella, and his sister.

Lucio. Gentle and fair, your brother kindly greets you:

Not to be weary with you, he's in prison.

Isab. Woe me! For what?

Lucio. For that which, if myself might be his judge,

He shall receive his punishment in thanks: He hath got his friend with child.

Isab. Sir, make me not your story.
Lucio.
I would not—though 'tis my familiar sin

With maids to seem the lapwing, and to jest Tongue far from heart—play with all virgins so: I hold you as a thing ensky'd and sainted; By your renouncement an immortal spirit; And to be talk'd with in sincerity. As with a saint. [me, as with a saint.

Isab. You do blaspheme the good in mocking Lucio. Do not believe it. Fewness and

truth, 'tis thus:
Your brother and his lover have embraced:
As those that feed grow full: as blossoming time,
That from the seedness the bare fallow brings
To teeming foison; even so her plenteeous womb
Expresseth his full tith and husbandry.

Isab. Some one with child by him?—My cousin Juliet?

Lucio. Is she your cousin?

Isab. Adoptedly; as schoolmaids change Whom I believe to be most strait in virtue,their names

By vain though apt affection

Lucio. She it is.

Isab. O, let him marry her!

Lucio. This is the point. The duke is very strangely gone from hence; Bore many gentlemen, myself being one, In hand, and hope of action: but we do learn By those that know the very nerves of state, His givings out were of an infinite distance From his true-meant design. Upon his place And with full line of his authority. Governs Lord Angelo: a man whose blood Is very snow-broth; one who never feels

The wanton stungs and motions of the sense. But doth rebate and blunt his natural edge With profits of the mind, study, and fast. He,-to give fear to use and libert

Which have for long run by the hideous law, As mice by lions,—hath pick'd out an act, Under whose heavy sense your brother's life Falls into forfeit: he arrests him on it; And follows close the rigour of the statute

To make him an example; all hope is gone. Unless you have the grace by your fair prayer To soften Angelo: and that's my pith Of business 'twixt you and your poor brother.

Isab. Doth he so seek his life? Lucio. Has censur'd him Already; and, as I hear, the provost hath

A warrant for his execution. Isab. Alas! what poor ability's in me

To do him good.

Lucio. Assay the power you have. Isab. My power! alas, I doubt,

Lucio. Our doubts are traitors, And make us lose the good we oft might win By fearing to attempt. Go to Lord Angelo, And let him learn to know, when maidens sue, Men give like gods; but when they weep and kneel.

All their petitions are as freely theirs As they themselves would owe them.

Isab. I'll see what I can do.

But speedily. Lucio. Isab. I will about it straight:

No longer staying but to give the mother Notice of my affair. I humbly thank you: Commend me to my brother: soon at night I'll send him certain word of my success. Lucio. I take my leave of you.

Isab. Good sir, adieu. Exeunt.

ACT II. Scene I .- A Hall in Angelo's Houses

Enter Angelo, Escalus, a Justice, Pro-VOST, Officers, and other Attendants.

Ang. We must not make a scarecrow of the law,

Setting it up to fear the birds of prey, And let it keep one shape till custom make it Their perch, and not their terror.

Ay, but yet Let us be keen, and rather cut a little Than fall and bruise to death. Alas! this

gentleman, Whom I would save, had a most noble father. Let but your honour know,-

That, in the working of your own affections. Had time coher'd with place, or place with wishing,

Or that the resolute acting of your blood Could have attain'd the effect of your own purpose,

Whether you had not sometime in your life Err'd in this point which now you censure him, And pull'd the law upon you.

Ang. 'Tis one thing to be tempted, Escalus, Another thing to fall. I not deny.

The jury, passing on the prisoner's life, May, in the sworn twelve, have a thief or two Guiltier than him they try. What's open made to justice

That justice seizes. What know the laws That thieves do pass on thieves? 'Tis very pregnant,

The jewel that we find, we stoop and take it, Because we see it; but what we do not see We tread upon, and never think of it. You may not so extenuate his offence For I have had such faults; but rather tell me,

When I, that censure him, do so oftend, Let mine own judgment pattern out my death, And nothing come in partial. Sir, he must die. Escal. Be it as your wisdom will.

Where is the provost?

Prov. Here, if it like your honour.

See that Claudio Be executed by nine to-morrow morning: Bring him his confessor; let him be prepared; For that's the utmost of his pilgrimage.

Exit PROVOST. Escal. Well, heaven forgive him! and for-

give us all! Some rise by sin and some by virtue fall: Some run from brakes of vice, and answer none; And some condemned for a fault alone.

Enter Elbow, Froth, Clown, Officers, &c.

Elb. Come, bring them away: if these be good people in a commonweal that do nothing but use their abuses in common houses, I know no law; bring them away.

What's your name? Ang. How now, sir! and what's the matter?

Elb. If it please your honour, I am the poor duke's constable, and my name is Elbow; I do lean upon justice, sir, and do bring in here be-ore your good honour two notonous beneactors.

Ang. Benefactors! Well; what benefactors are they? are they not malefactors?

Elb. If it please your honour, I know not well what they are: but precise villains they are, that I am sure of; and void of all profanation in the world that good Christians ought to have. officer.

Escal. This comes off well; here's a wise Ang. Go to:-what quality are they of? Elbow is your name? Why dost thou not speak, Elbow?

Clo. He cannot, sir; he's out at elbow.

Ang. What are you, sir?

Elb. He, sir? a tapster, sir; parcel-bawd; one that serves a bad woman; whose house, sir, was, as they say, plucked down in the suburbs; and now she professes a hot-house, which, I think, is a very ill house too.

Escal. How know you that?

Elb. My wife, sir, whom I detest before heaven and your honour,—

Escal. How! thy wife!

Elb. Ay, sir; who, I thank heaven, is an honest woman,

Escal. Dost thou detest her therefore?

Elb. I say, sir, I will detest myself also, as well as she, that this house, if it be not a bawd's house, it is pity of her life, for it is a naughty house.

Escal. How dost thou know that, constable?

Elb. Marry, sir, by my wife; who, if she had been a woman cardinally given, might have been accused in fornication, adultery, and all uncleanliness there.

Escal. By the woman's means?

Elb. Ay, sir, by Mistress Overdone's means: but as she spit in his face, so she defied him.

Clo. Sir, if it please your honour, this is not so. Elb. Prove it before these variets here, thou

honourable man, prove it.

Escal. Do you hear how he misplaces?

To ANGELO.

Clo. Sir, she came in great with child; and longing-saving your honour's reverence-for stewed prunes, sir; we had but two in the house, which at that very distant time stood, as it were, in a fruit-dish, a dish of some threepence; your honours have seen such dishes; they are not China dishes, but very good dishes. sur.

Escal. Go to, go to; no matter for the dish, Clo. No, indeed, sir, not of a pin; you are therein in the right; but to the point. As I say, this Mistress Elbow, being, as I say, with child, and being great-bellied, and longing, as I said for prunes; and having but two in the dish, as I said, Master Froth here, this very man, having eaten the rest, as I said, and, as I say, paying for them very honestly;—for, as you know, Master Froth, I could not give you threepence again,

Froth. No, indeed.

Clo. Very well: you being then, if you be remembered, cracking the stones of the aforesaid prunes.

Froth. Ay, so I did, indeed.

Clo. Why, very well: I telling you then, if you be remembered, that such a one and such a one were past cure of the thing you wot of, unless they kept very good diet, as I told you,-Froth. All this is true.

Clo. Why, very well then.

Escal. Come, you are a tedious fool: to the purpose.—What was done to Elbow's wife that he hath cause to complain of? Come me to what was done to her.

Clo. Sir, your honour cannot come to that yet. Escal. No. sir, nor I mean it not.

Clo. Sir, but you shall come to it, by your honour's leave. And I beseech you, look into Master Froth, here, sir; a man of fourscore pound a-year; whose father died at Hallowmas:-was 't not at Hallowmas, Master Froth?

Froth. All-hallond eve.

Clo. Why, very well, I hope here be truths: He, sir, sitting, as I say, in a lower chair, sir;
—'twas in the Bunch of Grapes, where, indeed. you have a delight to sit, have you not?-

Froth. I have so; because it is an open room, and good for winter.

truths. Clo. Why, very well then;-I hope here be Ang. This will last out a night in Russia, When nights are longest there: I'll take my leave.

And leave you to the hearing of the cause: Hoping you'll find good cause to whip them all.

Escal. I think no less. Good morrow to your lordship. Exit ANGELO. Now, sir, come on: what was done to Elbow's

wife, once more? Clo. Once, sir? there was nothing done to

her once. Elb. I beseech you, sir, ask him what this man did to my wife.

Clo. I beseech your honour, ask me.

Escal. Well, sir: what did this gentleman

to her?

Clo. I beseech you, sir, look in this gentleman's face.-Good Master Froth, look upon his honour; 'tis for a good purpose.- Doth your honour mark his face?

Escal. Ay, sir, very well.

Clo. Nay, I beseech you, mark it well.

Escal. Well, I do so.

Clo. Dothyourhonourseeanyharminhisface? Escal. Why, no.

Clo. I'll be supposed upon a book, his face is the worst thing about him. Good then; if his face be the worst thing about him, how

could Master Froth do the constable's wife any harm? I would know that of your honour.

Escal. He's in the right.—Constable, what

say you to it?

Elb. First, an it like you, the house is a respected house; next, this is a respected fellow: and his mistress is a respected woman.

Clo. By this hand, sir, his wife is a more respected person than any of us all.

Elb. Varlet, thou liest; thou hest, wicked

variet: the time is yet to come that she was ever respected with man, woman, or child. Clo. Sir, she was respected with him before

he married with her. Escal. Which is the wiser here? Justice or

Iniquity?—Is this true?

Elb. O thou caitiff! O thou varlet! O thou wicked Hannibal! I respected with her before I was married to her? If ever I was respected with her, or she with me, let not your worship think me the poor duke's officer. Prove this, thou wicked Hannibal, or I'll have mine action of battery on thee.

Escal. If he took you a box o' th' ear, you

might have your action of slander too.

Elb. Marry, I thank your good worship for What is 't your worship's pleasure I should do with this wicked cartiff?

Escal. Truly, officer, because he hath some offences in him that thou wouldst discover if thou couldst, let him continue in his courses till thou knowest what they are.

Elb. Marry, I thank your worship for it.-Thou seest, thou wicked variet, now, what's come upon thee; thou art to continue now, thou variet; thou art to continue.

Escal. Where were you born, friend? [To FROTH.

Froth. Here in Vienna, sir.

Escal. Are you of fourscore pounds a-year? Froth. Yes, an 't please you, sir. Escal. So.—What trade are you of, sir?

To the CLOWN.

Clo. A tapster; a poor widow's tapster.

Escal. Your mistress's name? Clo. Mistress Overdone.

Escal. Hath she had any more than one husband?

Clo. Nine, sir; Overdone by the last.

Escal. Nine!—Come hither to me, Master
Froth. Master Froth, I would not have you acquainted with tapsters: they will draw you, Master Froth, and you will hang them. Get you gone, and let me hear no more of you.

Froth. I thank your worship. For mine own part, I never come into any room in a tap-

house but I am drawn in.

Escal. Well; no more of it, Master Froth: farewell. [Exit FROTH.]-Come you hither to me, master tapster; what's your name, master tapster?

Clo. Pompey. Escal. What else?

Clo. Bum, sir.

Escal. 'Troth, and your bum is the greatest thing about you; so that, in the beastliest sense, you are Pompey the great. Pompey, you are partly a bawd, Pompey, howsoever you colour it in being a tapster. Are you not? come, tell me true; it shall be the better for you.

Clo. Truly, sir, I am a poor fellow that would live

Escal. How would you live, Pompey? by being a bawd? What do you think of the trade, Pompey? is it a lawful trade?

Clo. If the law would allow it, sir.

Escal. But the law will not allow it, Pompey: nor it shall not be allowed in Vienna. Clo. Does your worship mean to geld and

splay all the youth in the city?

Escal. No. Pompey.

Clo. Truly, sir, in my poor opinion, they will to 't then. If your worship will take order for the drabs and the knaves, you need not to fear the bawds.

Escal. There are pretty orders beginning, I can tell you. It is but heading and hanging.

Clo. If you head and hang all that offend that way but for ten year together, you'll be glad to give out a commission for more heads. If this law hold in Vienna ten year, I'll rent the fairest house in it, after threepence a bay. If you live to see this come to pass, say Pom-

pey told you so.

Escal. Thank you, good Pompey: and, in requital of your prophecy, hark you,—I advise you, let me not find you before me again upon any complaint whatsoever, no, not for dwelling where you do; if I do, Pompey, I shall beat you to your tent, and prove a shrewd Caesar to you; in plain dealing, Pompey, I shall have you whipt: so for this time, Pompey, fare you well.

Clo. I thank your worship for your good counsel; but I shall follow it as the flesh and fortune shall better determine.

Whip me? No, no; let carman whip his jade: The valiant heart's not whipt out of his trade.

Escal. Come hither to me, Master Elbow; come hither, Master Constable. How long have you been in this place of constable?

Elb. Seven year and a half, sir.

Escal. I thought, by your readiness in the office, you had continued in it some time. You say seven years together?

Elb. And a half, sir.

Escal. Alas! it hath been great pains to you!-They do you wrong to put you so oft upon 't. Are there not men in your ward sufficient to serve it?

Elb. Faith, sir, few of any wit in such matters; as they are chosen, they are glad to choose me for them; I do it for some piece of money, and go through with all.

Escal. Look you, bring me in the names of some six or seven, the most sufficient of your

parish.

Come, sir.

To die for it!

Elb. To your worship's house, sir? Escal. To my house. Fare you well. [Exit Elbow.] What's o'clock, think you?

Just. Eleven, sir.

Escal. I pray you home to dinner with me. Just. I humbly thank you.

Escal. It grieves me for the death of Claudio; But there's no remedy.

Just. Lord Angelo is severe.

Escal. It is but needful: Mercy is not itself, that oft looks so; Pardon is still the nurse of second woe: But vet .-- Poor Claudio!-- There's no remedy. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Another Room in the same.

Enter PROVOST and a Servant.

Serv. He's hearing of a cause; he will come straight.

I'll tell him of you. Prov. Pray you do. [Exit Servant.] I'll His pleasure; may be he will relent. He hath but as offended in a dream! All sects, all ages, smack of this vice; and he

Enter ANGELO.

Now, what's the matter, provost? Ang. Prov. Is it your will Claudio shall die tomorrow?

Ang. Did I not tell thee yea? hadst thou not order?

Why dost thou ask again?

Prov. Lest I might be too rash: Under your good correction, I have seen When, after execution, judgment hath Repented o'er his doom.

Āng. Go to; let that be mine: Do you your office, or give up your place, And you shall well be spared.

Prov. I crave your honour's pardon: What shall be done, sir, with the groaning Juliet? She's very near her hour.

Dispose of her To some more fitter place; and that with speed.

Re-enter Servant.

Serv. Here is the sister of the man condemned Desires access to you.

Ang. Hath he a sister? Prov. Ay, my good lord; a very virtuous maid, And to be shortly of a sisterhood, If not already.

Ang. Well, let her be admitted. Exit Servant.

See you the fornicatress be remov'd; Let her have needful but not lavish means; There shall be order for it.

Enter Lucio and Isabella.

Prov. Save your honour! [Offering to retire.

Ang. Stay a little while.—[To ISAB.] You are welcome. What's your will?

Isab. I am a woeful suitor to your honour,

Please but your honour hear me.

Well; what's your suit? Isab. There is a vice that most I do abhor, And most desire should meet the blow of justice, For which I would not plead, but that I must; For which I must plead, but that I am At war 'twixt will and will not.

Well; the matter? Ang. Isab. I have a brother is condemn'd to die; I do beseech you, let it be his fault,

And not my brother.

Heaven give thee moving graces. Ana. Condemn the fault and not the actor of it! Why, every fault's condemn'd ere it be done; Mine were the very cipher of a function, To find the fault whose fine stands in record, And let go by the actor.

O just but severe law! Isab. I had a brother, then.—Heaven keep your hon-our! [Returns.

our!

Lucio. [To ISAB.] Give 't not o'er so: to him again, entreat him;

Kneel down before him, hang upon his gown; You are too cold, if you should need a pin You could not with more tame a tongue desire it: To him, I say.

Isab. Must he needs die?

Ang. Maiden, no remedy. Isab. Yes: I do think that you might pardon him,

And neither heaven nor man grieve at the mercy. Ang. I will not do 't.

Isab. But can you, if you would? Ang. Look, what I will not, that I cannot do. Isab. But might you do 't, and do the world no wrong,

If so your heart were touch'd with that remorse As mine is to him.

He's sentenc'd; 'tis too late. Lucio. You are too cold. To ISABELLA Isab. Too late? why, no; I, that do speak a word,

May call it back again. Well, believe this No ceremony that to great ones 'longs, Not the king's crown nor the deputed sword. The marshal's truncheon nor the judge's robe, Become them with one half so good a grace As mercy does. If he had been as you, And you as he, you would have slipp'd like him; But he, like you, would not have been so stern. Ang. Pray you, be gone.

Isab. I would to heaven I had your potency. And you were Isabel! should it then be thus? No; I would tell what 'twere to be a judge And what a prisoner.

Lucio. Ay, touch him; there's the vein. Aside.

Ang. Your brother is a forfeit of the law, And you but waste your words.

Isab. Alas! alas! Why, all the souls that were forfeit once; And He that might the vantage best have took Found out the remedy. How would you be If He, which is the top of judgment, should But judge you as you are? O, think on that; And mercy then will breathe within your lips. Like man new made.

Be you content, fair maid: Ang. It is the law, not I, condemns your brother: Were he my kinsman, brother, or my son, It should be thus with him;—he must die to-

morrow. [him, spare him! Isab. To-morrow! O that's sudden! Spare He's not prepared for death. Even for our kitchens

We kill the fowl of season: shall we serve heaven With less respect than we do minister [you: To our gross selves? Good, good my lord, bethink Who is it that hath died for this offence? There's many have committed it.

Lucio. Ay, well said.

Ang. The law hath not been dead, though it hath slept:

Those many had not dared to do that evil If the first man that did the edict infringe Had answer'd for his deed: now 'tis awake; Takes note of what is done, and, like a prophet, Looks in a glass that shows what future evils. Either now, or by remissness new-conceiv'd. And so in progress to be hatch'd and born,-Are now to have no successive degrees. But, where they live, to end.

Isab. Yet show some pity. Ang. I show it most of all when I show justice: For then I pity those I do not know, Which a dismiss'd offence would after gall, And do him right that, answering one foul wrong, Lives not to act another. Be satisfied: Your brother dies to-morrow: be content.

Isab. So you must be the first that gives this

sentence; And he that suffers. O, it is excellent To have a giant's strength; but it is tyrannous To use it like a giant.

That's well said. Lucio. Isab. Could great men thunder As Jove himself does, Jove would ne'er be quiet,

For every pelting petty officer

Would use his heaven for thunder: nothing but thunder.

Merciful heaven!

Thou rather, with thy sharp and sulphurous bolt. Splitt'st the unwedgeable and gnarled oak Than the soft myrtle; -but man, proud man! Dress'd in a little brief authority,

Most ignorant of what he's most assured.

His glassy essence,—like an angry ape Plays such fantastic tricks before high heaven As make the angels weep; who, with our spleens, Would all themselves laugh mortal.

Lucio. O, to him, to him, wench: he will re-He's coming; I perceive 't. Prov. Pray heaven she win him! Isab. We cannot weigh our brother with our-

self:

Great men may jest with saints: 'tis wit in With saintsdost bait thy hook! Most dangerous But, in the less, foul profanation. [them: Lucio. Thou'rt in the right, girl; more o' that.

Isab. That in the captain's but a choleric word

Which in the soldier is flat blasphemy.

Lucio. Art advised o' that? more on 't. Ang. Why do you put these sayings upon me? Isab. Because authority, though it err like

others, Hath yet a kind of medicine in itself That skins the vice o' the top. Go to your bosom; Knock there; and ask your heart what it doth

know. That's like my brother's fault; if it confess A natural guiltiness such as is his, Let it not sound a thought upon your tongue

Against my brother's life. She speaks, and 'tis Ang. Such sense that my sense breeds with it .-

Fare you well. Isab. Gentle, my lord, turn back.

Ang. I will bethink me:-Come again to-[lord, turn back. morrow. Isab. Hark how I'll bribe you. Good, my

Ang. How! bribe me? Isab. Ay, with such gifts that heaven shall

share with you.

Lucio. You had marr'd all else.

Isab. Not with fond shekels of the tested gold, Or stones, whose rates are either rich or poor As fancy values them: but with true prayers, That shall be up at heaven, and enter there, Ere sunrise: prayers from preserved souls, From fasting maids, whose minds are dedicate

To nothing temporal. Well; come to me Ana.

To-morrow.

Lucio. Go to; it is well; away.

[Aside to ISABELLA Isab. Heaven keep your honour safe!

Amen: for I [Aside. Am that way going to temptation, Where prayers cross.

At what hour to-morrow Isah. Shall I attend your lordship?

Ang. At any time 'fore noon. Isab. Save your honour!

Exeunt Lucio, ISAB., and Prov. From thee; even from thy virtue!-Ana. What's this? what's this? Is this her fault or mine?

The tempter or the tempted, who sins most? Not she; nor doth she tempt; but it is I That, lying by the violet, in the sun Do, as the carrion does, not as the flower, Corrupt with virtuous season. Can it be That modesty may more betray our sense Than woman's lightness? Having w Having waste ground enough,

Shall we desire to raze the sanctuary And pitch our evils there? O, fie, fie, fie! What dost thou? or what art thou, Angelo? Dost thou desire her foully for those things That make her good? O, let her brother live; Thieves for their robbery have authority When judges steal themselves. What! do I

love her, That I desire to hear her speak again [on? And feast upon her eyes? Whatis't I dream Is still a dying horror! O.cunning enemy, that, to catch a saint,

Is that temptation that doth goad us on To sin in loving virtue: never could the strumpet, With all her double vigour, art, and nature Once sur my temper; but this virtuous maid Subdues me quite.—Ever till now,

When men were fond, I smil'd and wonder'd how. Exit.

Scene III.—A Room in a Prison. Enter DUKE, habited like a Friar, and

PROVOST. Duke. Hail to you, provost! so I think you good friar? are.

Prov. I am the provost. What's your will Duke. Bound by my charity and my bless'd order.

I come to visit the afflicted spirits

Here in the prison: do me the common right To let me see them, and to make me know The nature of their crimes, that I may minister To them accordingly. were needful. Prov. I would do more than that, if more

Enter JULIET.

Look, here comes one; a gentlewoman of mine, Who, falling in the flames of her own youth Hath blister'd her report. She is with child; And he that got it, sentenc'd: a young man; More fit to do another such offence Than die for this.

Duke. When must he die? Prov. As I do think, to-morrow, I have provided for you; stay awhile

[To JULIET. And you shall be conducted. [carry? Duke. Repent you, fair one, of the sin you. Juliet. I do; and bear the shame most

patiently.

Duke. I'll teach you how you shall arraign your conscience.

And try your penitence, if it be sound And try you.
Or hollowly put on.
I'll gladly learn.

Duke. Love you the man that wrong'd you? Juliet. Yes, as I love the woman that wrong'd him. [act Duke. So then, it seems, your most offenceful

Was mutually committed?

Juliet. Mutually. [than his. Duke. Then was your sin of heavier kind Juliet. I do confess it, and repent it, father. Duke. 'Tis meet so, daughter: but lest you

do repent shame.-As that the sin hath brought you to this Which sorrow is always toward ourselves, not

heaven, Showing we would not spare heaven as we But as we stand in fear,-

Juliet. I do repent me as it is an evil, And take the shame with joy.

There rest.

Your partner, as I hear, must die to-morrow, And I am going with instruction to him.—

Juliet. Grace go with you! Duke. Benedicite!

Juliet. Must die to-morrow! O, injurious law.

That respites me a life whose very comfort Prov. 'Tis pity of him! [Exeunt. Scene IV .- A Room in Angelo's House. Enter ANGELO.

Ang. When I would pray and think, I think [words: and pray

To several subjects. Heaven hath my empty Whilst my invention, hearing not my tongue, Anchors on Isabel: Heaven in my mouth, As if I did but only chew his name; And in my heart the strong and swelling evil

Of my conception. The state whereon I studied, Is like a good thing, being often read, Grown sear'd and tedious; yea, my gravity

Wherein-let no man hear me-I take pride, Could I with boot change for an idle plume, Which the air beats for vain. O place! form!

How often dost thou with thy case, thy habit Wrench awe from fools, and the the wiser souls To thy false seeming? Blood, thou still art blood:

Let's write good angel on the devil's horn, 'Tis not the devil's crest.

Enter Servant.

How now, who's there?

One Isabel, a sister. Serv.

Desires access to you. Teach her the way. [Exit Serv. Ang. O heavens! Why does my blood thus muster to my heart, Making both it unable for itself

And dispossessing all the other parts swoons; Of necessary fitness? So play the foolish throngs with one that Come all to help me, and so stop the air By which he should revive: and even so

The general, subject to a well-wished king Quit their own part, and in obsequious fondness Crowd to his presence, where their untaught love Must needs appear offence.

Enter ISABELLA.

How now, fair maid?

I am come to know your pleasure. Isah. Ang. That you might know it, would much better please me not live. Than to demand what 'tis. Your brother can-Isab. Even so?-Heaven keep your honour!

[Retiring. Ang. Yet may be live awhile: and, it may be, As long as you or I: yet he must die.

Isab. Under your sentence?

Ang. Yea.

Isab. When, I beseech you? that in his re-Longer or shorter, he may be so fitted

That his soul sicken not. as good Ang. Ha! Fie, these filthy vices! It were To pardon him that hath from nature stolen A man already made, as to remit Their saucy sweetness that do coin heaven's In stamps that are forbid; 'tis all as easy

Falsely to take away a life true made As to put metal in restrained means To make a false one.

[earth-Isab. 'Tis set down so in heaven, but not in Ang. Say you so? then I shall poze you

quickly. Which had you rather,—that the most just law Now took your brother's life; or, to redeem him Give up your body to such sweet uncleanness As she that he hath stain'd?

Sir, believe this. I had rather give my body than my soul.

Ang. I talk not for your soul; our compell'd sins

Stand more for number than accompt.

Isab. How say you? Ang. Nay, I'll not warrant that; for I can speak

Against the thing I say. Answer to this;-I, now the voice of the recorded law, Pronounce a sentence on your brother's life: Might there not be a charity in sin, To save this brother's life?

Please you to do 't, Isab.

I'll take it as a peril to my soul It is no sin at all, but charity.

Ang. Pleas'd you to do't at peril of your soul. Were equal poise of sin and charity.

Isab. That I do beg his life, if it be a sin, Heaven let me bear it! you granting of my suit, If that be sin, I'll make it my morn prayer To have it added to the faults of mine, And nothing of your answer.

Nav. but hear me: Your sense pursues not mine: either you are

ignorant

Or seem so, craftily; and that's not good. Isab. Let me be ignorant, and in nothing good

But graciously to know I am no better. Ang. Thus wisdom wishes to appear most

bright When it doth tax itself: as these black masks Proclaim an enshield beauty ten times louder Than beauty could, displayed.—But mark me; To be received plain, I'll speak more gross:

Your brother is to die. Isab. So.

Ang. And his offence is so, as it appears Accountant to the law upon that pain.

Isab. True.

Ang. Admit no other way to save his life,-As I subscribe not that, nor any other, But in the loss of question, -that you, his sister, Finding yourself desir'd of such a person, Whose credit with the judge, or own great place, Could fetch your brother from the manacles Of the all-binding law; and that there were No earthly mean to save him but that either You must lay down the treasures of your body To this suppos'd, or else let him suffer; What would you do?

Isab. As much for my poor brother as myself: That is, were I under the terms of death, The impression of keen whips I'd wear as rubies. And strip myself to death, as to a bed That longing I have been sick for, ere I'd yield

My body up to shame.

Ang. Then must your brother die. Isab. And 'twere the cheaper way: Better it were a brother died at once Than that a sister, by redeeming him

Should die forever. Ang. Were not you, then, as cruel as the

That you have slandered so? Isab. Ignominy in ransom and free pardon Are of two houses; lawful mercy is

Nothing akin to foul redemption. Ang. You seem'd of late to make the law a and rather prov'd the sliding of your brother

A merriment than a vice.

Isab. O, pardon me, my lord; it oft falls out, To have what we would have, we speak not what we mean:

I something do excuse the thing I hate, For his advantage that I dearly love. Ang. We are all frail.

Else let my brother die, Isab. If not a feodary, but only he,

Owe, and succeed by weakness.

Ang. Nay, women are frail too. Isab. Ay, as the glasses where they view themselves;

Which are as easy broke as they make forms. Women!-Help heaven! men their creation mar In profiting by them. Nay, call us ten times frail:

For we are soft as our complexions are,

And credulous to false prints.

I think it well: And from this testimony of your own sex,-Since, I suppose, we are made to be no stronger Than faults may shake our frames,-let me be bold;

I do arrest your words. Be that you are, That is, a woman; if you be more, you're none; If you be one, -as you are well express'd By all external warrants,—show it now By putting on the destin'd livery.

Isab. I have no tongue but one: gentle, my Let me entreat you, speak the former language.

Ang. Plainly conceive, I love you.

Isab. My brother did love Juliet; and you tell me

That he shall die for it.

Ang. He shall not, Isabel, if you give me love. Isab. I know your virtue hath a license in 't, Which seems a little fouler than it is, To pluck on others.

Ang. Believe me, on mine honour, My words express my purpose.

Isab. Ha! little honour to be much believed, And most pernicious purpose!-Seeming, seeming!-

I will proclaim thee, Angelo; took for 't: Sign me a present pardon for my brother Or, with an outstretch'd throat, I'll tell the world

Aloud what man thou art.

Ang. Who will believe thee, Isabel? My unsoil'd name, the austereness of my life, My vouch against you, and my place i' the state Will so your accusation overweigh That you shall stifle in your own report, And smell of calumny. I have begun; And now I give my sensual race the rein: Fit thy consent to my sharp appetite: Lay by all nicety and prolixious blushes That banish what they sue for: redeem thy brother

By yielding up thy body to my will; Or else he must not only die the death. But thy unkindness shall his death draw out To lingering sufferance: answer me to-morrow, Or, by the affection that now guides me most, 'll prove a tyrant to him. As for you, Say what you can, my false o'erweighs your true. Exit.

Isab. To whom shall I complain? Did I tell thus,

Who would believe me? O perilous mouths. That bear in them one and the self-same tongue

Either of condemnation or approof! Bidding the law make court'sy to their will: Hooking both right and wrong to the appetite. To follow as it draws! I'll to my brother: Though he hath fallen by prompture of the blood, Yet hath he in him such a mind of honour That, had he twenty heads to tender down On twenty bloody blocks, he'd yield them up Before his sister should her body stoop To such abhorr'd pollution.

Then, Isabel, live chaste, and, brother, die: More than our brother is our chastity. I'll tell him yet of Angelo's request,

And fit his mind to death for his soul's rest. Exit.

ACT III.

Scene I .- A Room in the Prison.

Enter Duke, CLAUDIO, and PROVOST. Duke. So, then you hope of pardon from

Lord Angelo? Claud. The miserable have no other medicine

But only hope: I have hope to live, and am prepar'd to die.

Duke. Be absolute for death; either death or lıfe with life,-Shall thereby be the sweeter. Reason thus

If I do lose thee, I do lose a thing That none but fools would keep: a breath thou Servile to all the skiey influences

That dost this habitation, where thou keep'st, Hourly afflict; merely, thou art death's fool; For him thou labour'st by thy flight to shun, And yet runn'st toward him still. Thou art not noble:

For all the accommodations that thou bear'st Are nurs'd by baseness. Thou art by no means valiant:

For thou dost fear the soft and tender fork Of a poor worm. Thy best of rest is sleep, And that thou oft provok'st; yet grossly fear'st Thy death, which is no more. Thou art not thyself:

For thou exist'st on many a thousand grains That issue out of dust. Happy thou art not: For what thou hast not, still thou striv'st to get; And what thou hast, forgett'st. Thou art not certain;

For thy complexion shifts to strange effects, After the moon. If thou art rich, thou art poor; For, like an ass whose back withingots bows. Thou bear'st thy heavy riches but a journey, And death unloads thee. Friend hast thou none;

For thine own bowels, which do call thee sire, The mere effusion of thy proper loins, Do curse the gout, serpigo, and the rheum, For ending thee no sooner. Thou hast nor youth nor age,

But, as it were, an after-dinner's sleep, Dreaming on both: for all thy blessed youth Becomes as aged, and doth beg the alms Of palsied eld; and when thou art old and rich Thou hast neither heat, affection, limb, nor beauty,

To make thy riches pleasant. What's yet in That bears the name of life? Yet in this life What's yet in Lie hid more thousand deaths: yet death we fear,

That makes these odds all even.

Claud. I humbly thank you. To sue to live, I find I seek to die; And, seeking death, find life. Let it come on. Isab. [Within.] What, ho! Peace here;

Isab. [Within.]

grace and good company!

Prov. Who's there? come in: the wish de-

serves a welcome. Duke. Dear sir, ere long I'll visit you again. Claud. Most holy sir, I thank you.

Enter ISABELLA.

Isab. My business is a word or two with Claudio. (here's your sister. Prov. And very welcome. Look, signior, Duke. Provost, a word with you.

'As many as you please. Duke. Bring me to hear them speak where

I may be conceal'd.

Exeunt DUKE and PROVOST. Now, sister, what's the comfort? Isab. Why, as all comforts are; most good in deed:

Lord Angelo, having affairs to heaven. Intends you for his swift embassador, Where you shall be an everlasting lieger: Therefore, your best appointment make with

To-morrow you set on.

Claud. Is there no remedy? Isab. None, but such remedy as, to save a head, To cleave a heart in twain.

But is there any? Isab. Yes, brother, you may live: There is a devilish mercy in the judge, If you'll implore it, that will free your life, But fetter you till death.

Perpetual durance? Isab. Ay, just perpetual durance; a restraint, Though all the world's vastidity you had.

To a determin'd scope.

Claud. But in what nature? Isab. In such a one as, you consenting to 't, Would bark your honour from that trunk you bear,

And leave you naked.

Let me know the point. Isab. O, I do fear thee, Claudio; and I quake, Lest thou a feverous life shouldst entertain, And six or seven winters more respect Than a perpetual honour. Dar'st thou die? The sense of death is most in apprehension; And the poor beetle that we tread upon, In corporal sufferance finds a pang as great As when a giant dies.

Claud. Why give you me this shame? Think you I can a resolution fetch From flowery tenderness? If I must die I will encounter darkness as a bride, [father's grave And hug it in mine arms.

Isab. There spake my brother; there my Did utter forth a voice! Yes, thou must die: Thou art too noble to conserve a life In base appliances. This outward-sainted de-

puty,— Whose settled visage and deliberate word Nips youth i' the head, and follies doth emmew As falcon doth the fowl,—is yet a devil; His filth within being cast, he would appear A pond as deep as hell. Claud.

The princely Angelo?

Isab. O, 'tis the cunning livery of hell. The damned'st body to invest and cover In princely guards! Dost thou think, Claudio, If I would yield him my virginity Thou might'st be freed?

Claud. O, heavens! it cannot be. Isab. Yes, he would give it thee, from this rank offence

So to offend him still. This night's the time That I should do what I abhor to name. Or else thou diest to-morrow.

Thou shalt not do 't. Claud. Isab. O, were it but my life.

I'd throw it down for your deliverance

Isob. Be ready, Claudio, for your death tomorrow Claud. Yes .- Has he affections in him

That thus can make him bite the law by the nose When he would force it? Sure it is no sin: Or of the deadly seven it is the least. Isab. Which is the least?

Claud. If it were damnable, he, being so wise, Why would he for the momentary trick

Be perdurably fined?-O Isabell Isab. What says my brother?

Death is a fearful thing. Claud. Isab. And shamed life a hateful. Claud. Ay, but to die, and go we know not

where; To lie in cold obstruction, and to rot; This sensible warm motion to become A kneaded clod; and the delighted spirit To bathe in fiery floods or to reside In thrilling regions of thick-ribbed ice To be imprison'd in the viewless winds, And blown with restless violence round about The pendent world; or to be worse than worst Of those that lawless and incertain thoughts Imagine howling!—'tis too horrible! The weariest and most loathed worldly life That age, ache, penury, and imprisonment Can lay on nature is a paradise To what we fear of death.

Isab. Alas! alas!

Claud. Sweet sister, let me live: What sin you do to save a brother's life Nature dispenses with the deed so far That it becomes a virtue.

O you beast! O faithless coward! O dishonest wretch! Wilt thou be made a man out of my vice? Is 't not a kind of incest to take life [I think? From thine own sister's shame. What should Heaven shield my mother play'd my father fair!

For such a warped slip of wilderness Ne'er issued from his blood. Take my defiance: Die; perish! might but my bending down Reprieve thee from thy fate, it should proceed: I'll pray a thousand prayers for thy death,-No word to save thee.

Claud. Nay, hear me, Isabel.

Isab. O fie, fie, fie! Thy sin's not accidental, but a trade: Mercy to thee would prove itself a bawd Tis best that thou diest quickly. Going. Claud. O hear me, Isabella.

Re-enter DUKE:

Duke. Vouchsafe a word, young sister, but one word.

Isab. What is your will?

Duke. Might you dispense with your leisure I would by and by have some speech with you: the satisfaction I would require is likewise

your own benefit.

Isab. I have no superfluous leisure; my stay must be stolen out of other affairs: but I will

attend you awhile.

Duke. [To CLAUDIO aside.] Son, I have overheard what hath passed between you and your sister. Angelo had never the purpose to corrupt her; only he hath made an essay of her virtue to practise his judgment with the disposition of natures; she, having the truth of honour in her, hath made him that gracious denial which he is most glad to receive: I am confessor to Angelo, and I know this to be true; therefore prepare yourself to death. Do not satisfy your resolution with hopes that are fallible: to-morrow you must die; go to your knees and make ready.

Claud. Let me ask my sister pardon. I am so out of love with life that I will sue to be rid

Duke. Hold you there. Farewell. Exit CLAUDIO.

Re-enter PROVOST.

Provost, a word with you.

Prov. What's your will, father?

Duke. That, now you are come, you will be gone. Leave me a while with the maid; my mind promises with my habit no loss shall

touch her by my company.

Prov. In good time. Exit PROVOST. Duke. The hand that hath made you fair hath made you good: the goodness that is cheap in beauty makes beauty brief in good-ness: but grace, being the soul of your com-plexion, should keep the body of it ever fair. The assault that Angelo hath made to you, fortune hath conveyed to my understanding and, but that frailty hath examples for his falling, I should wonder at Angelo. How will you do to content this substitute, and to save your brother?

Isab. I am now going to resolve him; I had rather my brother die by the law than my son should be unlawfully born. But O, how much is the good duke deceived in Angelo! If ever he return, and I can speak to him, I will open my lips in vain, or discover his government.

Duke. That shall not be much amiss: yet, as

the matter now stands, he will avoid your accusation; he made trial of you only. Therefore fasten your ear on my advisings; to the love I have in doing good a remedy presents itself. I do make myself believe that you may most uprighteously do a poor wronged lady a merited benefit; redeem your brother from the angry law; do not stain to your own gracious person; and much please the absent duke if, peradventure, he shall ever return to have hearing of this business.

Isab. Let me hear you speak further; I have pirit to do anything that appears not foul in

the truth of my spirit.

Duke. Virtue is bold, and goodness never fearful. Have you not heard speak of Mariana, the sister of Frederick the great soldier who miscarried at sea?

Isab. I have heard of the lady, and good

words went with her name.

Duke. Her should this Angelo have married: was affianced to her by oath, and the nuptial appointed: between which time of the contract and limit of the solemnity her brother Frederick was wrecked at sea, having in that perished vessel the dowry of his sister. But mark how heavily this befell to the poor gentlewoman: there she lost a noble and renowned brother, in his love toward her ever most kind and natural; with him the portion and sinew of her fortune, her marriage-dowry; with both, her combinate husband, this well-seeming Angelo.

Isab. Can this be so? Did Angelo so leave her?

Duke. Left her in her tears, and dried not one of them with his comfort; swallowed his vows whole, pretending, in her, discoveries of dishonour; in few, bestowed her on her own lamentation, which she yet wears for his sake; and he, a marble to her tears, is washed with them, but relents not.

Isab. What a merit were it in death to take this poor maid from the world! What corruption in this life that it will let this man live!-

But how out of this can she avail?

Duke. It is a rupture that you may easily heal, and the cure of it not only saves your brother, but keeps you from dishonour in doing

Isab. Show me how, good father.

Duke. This forenamed maid hath yet in her the continuance of her first affection; his unjust unkindness, that in all reason should have quenched her love, hath, like an impediment in the current, made it more violent and unruly. Go you to Angelo; answer his requiring with a plausible obedience; agree with his demands to the point: only refer yourself to this advantage, first, that your stay with him may not be long; that the time may have all shadow and silence in it; and the place answer to convenience: this being granted in course, now follows all. We shall advise this wronged maid to stead up your appointment, go in your place; if the encounter acknowledge itself hereafter, it may compel him to her recompense: and here, by this, is your brother saved, your honour untainted, the poor Mariana advantaged, and the corrupt deputy scaled. The maid will I frame and make fit for his attempt. If you think well to carry this as you may, the doubleness of the benefit de-fends the deceit from reproof. What think What think you of it?

Isab. The image of it gives me content already: and I trust it will grow to a most prosperous

perfection.

Duke. It lies much in your holding up. Haste you speedily to Angelo: if for this night he entreat you to his bed, give him promise of satisfaction. I will presently to St. Luke's; there, at the mosted grange, resides this de-jected Mariana. At that place call upon me; and despatch with Angelo, that it may be quickly.

Isab. I thank you for this comfort. Fare you well, good father. Exeunt severally.

Scene II.—The Street before the Prison.

Enter DUKE, as a Friar; to him ELBOW, CLOWN, and Officers.

Elb. Nay, if there be no remedy for it, but that you will needs buy and sell men and women like beasts, we shall have all the world drink brown and white bastard.

Duke. O heavens! what stuff is here?

Clo. 'Twas never merry world since, of two usuries, the merriest was put down, and the worser allowed by order of law a furred gown to keep him warm; and furred with fox and lamb-skins, too, to signify that craft, being richer than innocency, stands for the facing.

Elb. Come your way, sir.-Bless you, good

father friar.

And you, good brother father. Duke. What offence hath this man made you, sir?

Elb. Marry, sir, he hath offended the law;

and, sir, we take him to be a thief too, sir, for we have found upon him, sir, a strange picklock: which we have sent to the deputy. Duke. Fie, sirrah; a bawd, a wicked bawd!

The evil that thou causest to be done, That is thy means to live. Do thou but think What 'tis to cram a maw or clothe a back From such a filthy vice: say to thyself,— From their abominable and beastly touches

I drink, I eat, array myself, and live. Canst thou believe thy living is a life,

So stinkingly depending? Go mend, go mend. Clo. Indeed, it does stink in some sort, sir; but yet, sir, I would prove-

Duke. Nay, if the devil have given thee proofs for sin,

Thou wilt prove his. Take him to prison, officer;

Correction and instruction must both work Ere this rude beast will profit.

Elb. He must before the deputy, sir; he has given him warning: the deputy cannot abide a whoremaster: if he be a whoremonger, and comes before him, he were as good go a mile on his errand.

Duke. That we were all, as some would seem to be,

Free from our faults, as faults from seeming

Elb. His neck will come to your waist, a

cord, sir. Clo. I spy comfort; I cry bail! Here's a gentleman, and a friend of mine.

Enter Lucio.

Lucio. How now, noble Pompey? What, at the heels of Caesar! Art thou led in triumph? What, is there none of Pygmakon's images, newly made woman, to be had now, for putting the hand in the pocket and extracting it clutched? What reply, ha? What say'st thou to this tune, matter, and method? Is 't not drowned i' the last rain, ha? What say'st thou to 't? Is the world as it was, man? Which is the way? Is it sad, and few words? or how? The trick of it?

Duke. Still thus, and thus! still worse! Lucio. How doth my dear morsel, thy mis-

tress? Procures she still, ha?

Clo. Troth, sir, she hath eaten up all her beef, and she is herself in the tub.

Lucio. Why, 'tis good: it is the right of it: it must be so: ever your fresh whore and your powdered bawd: an unshunned consequence; it must be so. Art going to prison, Pompey?

Clo. Yes, faith, sir.

Lucio. Why, 'tis not amiss, Pompey. Farewell; go, say I sent thee thither. For debt, Pompey? or how?

Elb. For being a bawd, for being a bawd.

Lucio. Well, then, imprison him: if imprisonment be the due of a bawd, why, 'tis his right; bawd is he doubtless, and of antiquity, too: bawd-born. Farewell, good Pompey. Com-mend me to the prison, Pompey. You will turn good husband now, Pompey; you will keep the house.

Clo. I hope, sir, your good worship will be my bail.

Lucio. No, indeed, will I not, Pompey: it is not the wear. I will pray, Pompey, to increase your bondage: if you take it not patiently, why, your mettle is the more. Adieu, trusty Pompey.-Bless you, friar.

Duke. And you.
Lucao. Does Bridget paint still, Pompey, ha?
Elb. Come your ways, sir; come.
Clo. You will not bail me then, sir?

Lucio. Then, Pompey, nor now.--What news abroad, friar? what news?

Elb. Come your ways, sir; come. Lucio. Go,—to kennel, Pompey, go:

[Exeunt ELBOW, CLOWN, and Officers.

What news, friar, of the duke?

Duke. I know none. Can you tell me of

Lucio. Some say he is with the Emperor of Russia; other some, he is in Rome: but where is he, you think?

Duke. I know not where; but wheresoever, Iwish him well.

Lucio. It was a mad fantastical trick of him to steal from the state and usurp the beggary he was never born to. Lord Angelo dukes it well in his absence; he puts transgression to 't.

Duke. He does well in 't.

Lucio. A little more lenity to lechery would do no harm in him; something too crabbed that way, friar.

Duke. It is too general a vice, and severity

must cure it.

Lucio. Yes, in good sooth, the vice is of a great kindred; it is well allied; but it is impossible to extirp it quite, friar, till eating and drinking be put down. They say this Angelo was not made by man and woman after the downright way of creation: is it true think you?

Duke. How should he be made, then? Lucio. Some report a sea-maid spawned him; some, that he was begot between two stockfishes.—But it is certain that, when he makes water, his urine is congealed ice; that I know to be true: and he is a motion ungenerative; that's infallible.

Duke. You are pleasant, sir, and speak apace. Lucio. Why, what a ruthless thing is this in him, for the rebellion of a cod-piece to take away the life of a man? Would the duke that is absent have done this? Ere he would have tards, he would have paid for the nursing a He had some feeling of the sport; thousand. he knew the service, and that instructed him to mercy.

Duke. I never heard the absent duke much detected for women; he was not inclined that

Lucio. O, sir, you are deceived.

Duke. 'Tis not possible.

Lucio. Who, not the duke? yes, your beggar of fifty;-and his use was to put a ducat in her clack-dish: the duke had crotchets in him. He would be drunk too: that let me inform you.

Duke. You do him wrong, surely.

Lucio. Sir, I was an inward of his. A shy fellow was the duke: and I believe I know the cause of his withdrawing.

Duke. What, I pr'ythee, might be the cause? Lucio. No,—pardon;—'tis a secret must be locked within the teeth and the lips: but this I can let you understand,—the greater file of the subject held the duke to be wise.

Duke. Wise? why, no question but he was. Lucio. A very superficial, ignorant, un-

weighing fellow.

Duke. Either this is envy in you, folly, or mistaking; the very stream of his life, and the business he hath helmed, must, upon a warranted need, give him a better proclamation. Let him be but testimonied in his own bringings forth, and he shall appear to the envious a scholar, a statesman, and a soldier. Therefore you speak unskilfully; or, if your knowledge be more, it is much darkened in your malice.

Lucio. Sir, I know him, and I love him. Duke. Love talks with better knowledge. and knowledge with dearer love.

Lucio. Come, sır, I know what I know.

Duke. I can hardly believe that, since you know not what you speak. But, if ever the duke return,—as our prayers are he may,—let me desire you to make your answer before him. If it be honest you have spoke, you have courage to maintain it: I am bound to call upon you; and, I pray you, your name?

Lucio. Sir. my name is Lucio: well known

to the duke.

Duke. He shall know you better, sir, if I may live to report you.

Lucio. I fear you not.

Duke. O, you hope the duke will return no more; or you imagine me too unhurtful an opposite. But, indeed, I can do you little harm: you'll forswear this again.

Lucio. I'll be hanged first! thou art deceived in me, friar. But no more of this. Canst thou

tell if Claudio die to-morrow or no? Duke. Why should he die, sir?

Lucio. Why, for filling a bottle with a tun-dish. I would the duke we talk of were returned again: this ungenitured agent will unpeople the province with continency; sparrows must not build in his house-eaves because they are lecherous. The duke yet would have dark deeds darkly answered; he would never bring them to light: would he were returned! Marry, this Claudio is condemned for untrussing. Farewell, good friar: I pr'ythee, pray for me. The duke, I say to thee again, would visitation.

hanged a man for the getting a hundred bas- eat mutton on Fridays. He's now past it; yet, and I say to thee, he would mouth with a beggar though she smelt brown bread and garlic: say that I said so .- Farewell. Exit.

> Duke. No might nor greatness in mortality Can censure 'scape; back-wounding calumny The whitest virtue strikes. What king so strong Can tie the gall up in the slanderous tongue? But who comes here?

> Enter Escalus, Provost, Bawd, and Officers

Escal. Go, away with her to prison.

Bawd. Good my lord, be good to me; your honour is accounted a merciful man; good my

Escal. Double and treble admonition, and still forfeit in the same kind? This would make mercy swear and play the tyrant.

Prov. A bawd of eleven years' continuance,

may it please your honour.

Bawd. My lord, this is one Lucio's information against me: Mistress Kate Keepdown was with child by him in the duke's time; he promised her marriage; his child is a year and a quarter old come Philip and Jacob: I have kept it myself; and see how he goes about to abuse me.

Escal. That fellow is a fellow of much licence:-let him be called before us.-Away with her to prison. Go to; no more words. [Exeunt BAWD and Officers.] Provost, my brother Angelo will not be altered, Claudio must die to-morrow: let him be furnished with divines, and have all charitable preparation: if my brother wrought by my pity it should not be so with him.

Prov. So please you, this friar hath been with him, and advised him for the entertain-

ment of death.

Escal. Good even, good father. Duke. Bliss and goodness on you!

Escal. Of whence are you?

Duke. Not of this country, though my chance is now

To use it for my time: I am a brother Of gracious order, late come from the see In special business from his holiness.

Escal. What news abroad i' the world? Duke. None, but that there is so great a fever on goodness, that the dissolution of it must cure it: novelty is only in request; and it is as dangerous to be aged in any kind of course as it is virtuous to be constant in any undertaking. There is scarce truth enough alive to make societies secure; but security enough to make fellowships accursed: much upon this riddle runs the wisdom of the world. This news is old enough, yet it is every day's news. I pray you, sir, of what disposition was the duke?

Escal. One that, above all other strifes, con-

tended especially to know himself.

Duke. What pleasure was he given to? Escal. Rather rejoicing to see another merry, than merry at anything which professed to make him rejoice: a gentleman of all temperance. But leave we him to his events, with a prayer they may prove prosperous; and let me desire to know how you find Claudio prepared. I am made to understand that you have lent him

Duke. He professes to have received no sinister measure from his judge, but most willingly humbles himself to the determination of justice: yet had he framed to himself, by the in struction of his frailty, many deceiving promises of life: which I, by my good leisure, have discredited to him, and how is he resolved to die

Escal. You have paid the heavens your function and the prisoner the very debt of your calling. I have laboured for the poor gentleman to the extremest shore of my modesty; but my brother justice have I found so severe that he hath forced me to tell him he is indeed-justice.

Duke. If his own life answer the straitness of his proceeding, it shall become him well wherein if he chance to fail, he hath sentenced himself.

Escal. I am going to visit the prisoner. Fare you well.

Duke. Peace be with you!

[Exeunt ESCAL., and PROV. He who the sword of heaven will bear Should be as holy as severe; Pattern in himself to know, Grace to stand, and virtue go: More nor less to others paying Than by self-offences weighing Shame to him whose cruel striking Kills for faults of his own liking! Twice treble shame on Angelo, To weed my vice and let his grow! O, what may man within him hide, Though angel on the outward side! How may likenesses, made in crimes, Making practice on the times, Draw with idle spiders' strings Most pond'rous and substantial things! Craft against vice I must apply; With Angelo to-night shall lie His old betrothed but despis'd: So disguise shall, by the disguis'd, Pay with falsehood false exacting, And perform an old contracting.

ACT IV.

SCENE I .- A Room in MARIANA'S House.

MARIANA discovered sitting; a Boy singing.

SONG.

Take. O take those hps away. Take, O take those the same, That so sweetly were foreworn; And those eyes, the break of day, Lights that do mislead the morn; But my kisses bring again, Bring again; Seals of love, but seal'd in vain Sealed in vain.

Mari. Break off thy song, and haste thee quick away: Here comes a man of comfort, whose advice Hath often still'd my brawling discontent. Exit Boy.

Enter DUKE.

I cry you mercy, sir; and well could wish You had not found me here so musical: Let me excuse me, and believe me so, [woe, My mirth it much displeas'd, but pleas'd my Duke. 'Tis good: though music oft hath such a charm

To make bad good and good provoke to harm. I pray you, tell me, hath anybody inquired for me here to-day? much upon this time have I promised here to meet.

Mari. You have not been inquired after: I

have sat here all day.

Enter ISABELLA.

Duke. I do constantly believe you,—The time is come even now. I shall crave your forbearance a little: may be I will call upon you anon, for some advantage to yourself.

Exit.

Mars. I am always bound to you.

Duke. Very well met, and welcome.

What is the news from this good deputy?

Isab. He hath a garden circummur'd with brick, Whose western side is with a vineyard back'd:

And to that vineyard is a planched gate That makes his opening with this bigger key: This other doth command a little door Which from the vineyard to the garden leads: There have I made my promise to call on him Upon the heavy middle of the night.

Duke. But shall you on your knowledge find

this way?

Isab. I have ta'en a due and wary note upon 't; With whispering and most guilty diligence, In action all of precept, he did show me The way twice o'er.

Duke. Are there no other tokens Between you 'greed concerning her observance? Isab. No, none, but only a repair i' the dark; And that I have possess'd him my most stay Can be but brief: for I have made him know I have a servant comes with me along, That stays upon me; whose persuasion is I come about my brother.

'Tis well borne up. Duke. I have not yet made known to Mariana. A word of this.-What, ho! within! come forth.

Re-enter MARIANA.

[Exit. I pray you be acquainted with this maid;

I pray you be acquired to so you good.
I'do desire the like. Duke. Do you persuade yourself that I re-

spect you? Mari. Good friar, I know you do, and I

have found it. the hand. Duke. Take, then, this your companion by Who hath a story ready for your ear: I shall attend your leisure; but make haste;

The vaporous night approaches. Will 't please you walk aside? [Exeunt MARI. and ISAB. Mari.

Duke. O place and greatness, millions of false eves

Are stuck upon thee! volumes of report Run with these false and most contrarious quests Upon thy doings! thousand 'scapes of wit Make thee the father of their idle dream, And rack thee in their fancies!-Welcome!

How agreed?

Re-enter Mariana and Isabella.

Isab. She'll take the enterprise upon her, father. If you advise it.

Duke. It is not my consent, But my entreaty too.

Little have you to say, Isab. When you depart from him, but, soft and low, Remember now my brother.

Fear me not. Mari.

Duke. Nor, gentle daughter, fear you not at your axe to-morrow four o'clock. all:

He is your husband on a pre-contract: To bring you thus together 'tis no sin, Sith that the justice of your title to him Doth flourish the deceit. Come, let us go; Our corn's to reap, for yet our tilth's to sow. [Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Room in the Prison.

Enter Provost and Clown.

Prov. Come hither, sirrah. Can you cut off

a man's head? Clo. If the man be a bachelor, sir, I can: but if he be a married man, he is his wife's head,

and I can never cut off a woman's head. Prov. Come, sir, leave me your snatches and yield me a direct answer. To-morrow morning are to die Claudio and Barnardine. Here is in our prison a common executioner,

who in his office lacks a helper; if you will take it on you to assist him, it shall redeem you from your gyves; if not, you shall have your full time of imprisonment, and your deliverance with an unpitied whipping; for you have been a no-

torious bawd.

Clo. Sir, I have been an unlawful bawd time out of mind; but yet I will be content to be a I would be glad to receive lawful hangman. some instruction from my fellow-partner.

Prov. What ho, Abhorson! Where's Ab-

horson, there?

Enter ABHORSON.

Abhor. Do you call, sir? Prov. Sirrah, here's a fellow will help you If you think it to-morrow in your execution. meet, compound with him by the year, and let him abide here with you; if not, use him for the present, and dismiss him. He cannot plead his estimation with you; he hath been a bawd.

Abhor. A bawd, sir? Fie upon him; he will

discredit our mystery.

Prov. Go to, sir; you weigh equally; a feather will turn the scale." [Exit. Clo. Pray, sir, by your good favour, for, surely, sir, a good favour you have, but that you

have a hanging look,-do you call, sir, your occupation a mystery?

Abhor. Ay, sir; a mystery.

Clo. Painting, sir, I have heard say, is a mystery; and your whores, sir, being members of my occupation, using painting, do prove my occupation a mystery: but what mystery there should be in hanging, if I should be hanged, I cannot imagine.

Abhor. Sir, it is a mystery.

Clo. Proof.

Abhor: Every true man's apparel fits your thief: if it be too little for your thief, your true man thinks it big enough; if it be too big for your thief, your thief thinks it little enough: so every true man's apparel fits your thief.

Re-enter Provost.

· Prov. Are you agreed?

Clo. Sir, I will serve him; for I do find your hangman is a more penitent trade than your bawd; he doth oftener ask forgiveness.

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Prov. You, sirrah, provide your block and

Abhor. Come on, bawd; I will instruct thee in my trade; follow.

Clo. I do desire to learn, sir; and I hope, if you have occasion to use me for your own turn, you shall find me yare: for, truly, sir, for your kindness I owe you a good turn.

Prov. Call hither Barnardine and Claudio. Exeunt CLO. and ABHOR.

One has my pity; not a jot the other,

Being a murderer, though he were my brother. Enter CLAUDIO.

Look, here's the warrant, Claudio, for thy death: 'Tis now dead midnight, and by eight to-morrow Thou must be made immortal. Where's Bar-Thou must be made immortal. nardine? labour

Claud. As fast lock'd up in sleep as guiltless When it lies starkly in the traveller's bones:

He will not wake.

Prov. Who can do good on him? Well, go, prepare yourself. But, hark! what Knocking within. noise?

Heaven give your spirits comfort! [Exit CLAUDIO.

By and by!--

I hope it is some pardon or reprieve For the most gentle Claudio .- Welcome, father.

Enter DUKE.

Duke. The best and wholesomest spirits of the night of late? Envelop you, good provost! Who call'd here

Prov. None, since the curfew rung. Not Isabel? Duke.

Prov. No.

Duke. They will, then, ere 't be long. Prov. What comfort is for Claudio?

Duke.There's some in hope.

Prov. It is a bitter deputy Duke. Not so, not so; his life is parallel'd Even with the stroke and line of his great justice;

He doth with holy abstinence subdue That in himself which he spurs on his power

To qualify in others: were he meal'd With that which he corrects, then were he

tyrannous; But this being so, he's just .- Now are they come.

[Knocking within .- PROVOST goes out. This is a gentle provost: seldom when

The steeled gaoler is the friend of men. How now? what noise? That spirit's possess'd

with haste strokes. That wounds the unsisting postern with these

PROVOST returns, speaking to one at the door. Prov. There he must stay until the officer

Arise to let him in; he is call'd up. Duke. Have you no countermand for Claudio But he must die to-morrow?

None, sir, none. Prov.

Duke. As near the dawning, Provost, as it is, You shall hear more ere morning

Happily Prov. You something know; I believe there comes No countermand; no such example have we:

Besides, upon the very siege of justice,

Lord Angelo hath to the public ear Profess'd the contrary.

Enter a Messenger.

Duke. This is his lordship's man.

Prov. And here comes Claudio's pardon. Mess. My lord hath sent you this note; and by me this further charge, that you swerve not

from the smallest article of it, neither in time, matter, or other circumstance. Good-morrow; for as I take it, it is almost day.

Prov. I shall obey him. [Exit Messenger. Duke. This is his pardon; purchas'd by such Aside.

For which the pardoner himself is in: Hence hath offence his quick celerity

When it is borne in high authority: When vice makes mercy, mercy's so extended Thatforthefault'slove is the offender friended. Now, sir, what news?

Prov. I told you: Lord Angelo, belike thinking me remiss in mine office, awakens me with this unwonted putting on; methinks strangely, for he hath not used it before.

Duke. Pray you, let's hear.

Prov. [Reads.] Whatsoever you may hear to the contrary, let Claudio be executed by four of the clock; and, in the afternoon, Barnardine: for my better satisfaction, let me have Claudio's head sent me by five. Let this be duly per-formed; with a thought that more depends on it than we must yet deliver. Thus fail not to do your office, as you will answer it at your peril. What say you to this, sir?

Duke. What is that Barnardine who is to be

executed in the afternoon?

Prov. A Bohemian born; but here nursed up and bred: one that is a prisoner nine years old. Duke. How came it that the absent duke had not either delivered him to his liberty or executed him? I have heard it was ever his manner to do so.

Prov. His friends still wrought reprieves for him: and, indeed, his fact, till now in the government of Lord Angelo, came not to an un-

doubtful proof.

Duke. Is it now apparent?

Prov. Most manifest, and not denied by himself.

Duke. Hath he borne himself penitently in prison? How seems he to be touched?

Prov. A man that apprehends death no more dreadfully but as a drunken sleep; careless, reckless, and fearless of what's past, present, or to come; insensibly of mortality and desperately mortal.

Duke. He wants advice.

Prov. He will hear none; he hath evermore had the liberty of the prison; give him leave to escape hence, he would not: drunk many times a-day, if not many days entirely drunk. have very often awaked him, as if to carry him to execution, and showed him a seeming warrant for it: it hath not moved him at all.

Duke. More of him anon. There is written in your brow, Provost, honesty and constancy: if I read it not truly, my ancient skill beguiles me; but in the boldness of my cunning I will lay myself in hazard. Claudio, whom here you to the law than Angelo who hath sentenced him. To make you understand this in a mani-fested effect, I crave but four days' respite; for the which you are to do me both a present and a dangerous courtesy.

Prov. Pray, sir, in what?

Duke. In the delaying death.

Prov. Alack! how may I do it? having the hour limited; and an express command, under penalty, to deliver his head in the view of Angelo? I may make my case as Claudio's I may make my case as Claudio's. to cross this in the smallest.

Duke. By the vow of mine order, I warrant you, if my instructions may be your guide. Let this Barnardine be this morning executed. and his head borne to Angelo.

Prov. Angelo hath seen them both, and will

discover the favour.

Duke. O, death's a gread disguiser: and you may add to it. Shave the head and tie the beard; and say it was the desire of the penitent to be so bared before his death. You know the course is common. If anything fall to you upon this, more than thanks and good fortune, by the saint whom I profess, I will plead against it with my life.

Prov. Pardon me, good father; it is against

my oath.

Duke. Were you sworn to the duke, or to the deputy?

Prov. To him and his substitutes.

Duke. You will think you have made no offence if the duke avouch the justice of your dealing?

Prov. But what likelihood is in that?

Duke. Not a resemblance, but a certainty. Yet since I see yu fearful that neither my coat, integrity, nor my persuasion can with ease attempt you, I will go further than I meant, to pluck all fears out of you. Look you, sir, here is the hand and seal of the duke. You know the character, I doubt not; and the signet is not strange to you.

Prov. I know them both.

Duke. The contents of this is the return of the duke; you shall anon over-read it at your pleasure; where you shall find, within these two days he will be here. This is a thing that Angelo knows not: for he this very day receives letters of strange tenor: perchance the duke's death; perchance entering into some monastery; but, by chance, nothing of what is writ. the unfolding star calls up the shepherd. Put not yourself into amazement how these things should be: all difficulties are but easy when they are known. Call your executioner, and off with Barnardine's head: I will give him a present shrift, and advise him for a better place. Yet you are amazed: but this shall absolutely resolve you. Come away; it is almost clear dawn.

Scene III .- Another Room in the same. Enter CLOWN.

Clo. I am as well acquainted here as I was in our house of profession: one would think it were Mistress Overdone's own house, for here be many of her old customers. First, here's young Master Rash; he's in for a commodity have a warrant to execute, is no greater forfeit of brown paper and old ginger, ninescore and

seventeen pounds; of which he made five marks, ready money: marry, then, ginger, was not much in request, for the old women were all dead. Then is there here one Master Caper, at the suit of Master Threepile the mercer, for some four suits of peach-coloured satin, which now peaches him a beggar. Then have we here young Dizy, and young Master Deepvow, and Master Copperspur, and Master Starvelackey the rapier and dagger-man, and young Dropher that killed lusty Pudding, and Master Forthright the tilter, and brave Master Shoetie the great traveller, and wild Halfcan that stabbed Pots, and, I think, forty more; all great doers in our trade, and are now "for the Lord's sake."

Enter ABHORSON

Abhor. Sirrah, bring Barnardine hither.

Clo. Master Barnardine! you must rise and be hanged, Master Barnardine!

Abhor. What, ho, Barnardine!

Barnar. [Within.] A pox o' your throats! Who makes that noise there? What are you? Clo. Your friend, sir; the hangman.

must be so good, sir, to rise and be put to death.

Barnar. [Within.] Away, you rogue, away;

I am sleepy.

Abhor. Tell him he must awake, and that quickly too.

Clo. Pray, Master Barnardine, awake till you are executed, and sleep afterwards.

Abhor. Go in to him, and fetch him out. Clo. He is coming, sir, he is coming; I hear his straw rustle.

Enter BARNARDINE.

Abhor. Is the axe upon the block, sirrah?

Clo. Very ready, sir. Barnar. How now, Abhorson? what's the

news with you? Abhor. Truly, sir, I would desire you to clap into your prayers; for, look you, the warrant's

Barnar. You rogue, I have been drinking all night; I am not fitted for 't.

Clo. O, the better, sir; for he that drinks all night and is hanged betimes in the morning may sleep the sounder all the next day.

Enter DUKE.

Abhor. Look you, sir, here comes your ghostly father. Do we jest now, think you?

Duke. Sir, induced by my charity, and hearing how hastily you are to depart, I am come to

advise you, comfort you, and pray with you.

Barnar. Friar, not I; I have been drinking hard all night, and I will have more time to prepare me, or they shall beat out my brains with billets: I will not consent to die this day, that's certain.

Duke. O, sir, you must; and therefore, I beseech you,

Look forward on the journey you shall go.

Barnar. I swear I will not die to-day for

any man's persuasion. Duke. But hear you,

Barnar. Not a word; if you have anything to say to me, come to my ward; for thence will not I to-day. [Exit.

Duke. Unfit to live or die. O gravel heart!-After him, fellows; bring him to the block. [Exeunt ABHOR. and CLOWN.

Enter PROVOST.

Prov. Now, sir, how do you find the prisoner? Duke. A creature unprepar'd, unmeet for death;

And to transport him in the mind he is Were damnable.

Prov. Here in the prison, father, There died this morning of a cruel fever One Ragozine, a most notorious pirate, A man of Claudio's years; his beard and head Just of his colour. What if we do omit This reprobate till he were well inclined; And satisfy the deputy with the visage Of Ragozine, more like to Claudio?

Duke. O, 'tis an accident that Heaven pro-

vides!

Despatch it presently; the hour draws on Prefix'd by Angelo: see this be done, And sent according to command; whiles I Persuade this rude wretch willingly to die.

Prov. This shall be done, good father, pressently. But Barnardine must die this afternoon:

And how shall we continue Claudio. To save me from the danger that might come If he were known alive?

Let this be done;-Duke. Put them in secret holds; both Barnardine and Claudio.

Ere twice the sun hath made his journal greet-To the under generation, you shall find Your safety manifested.

Prov. I am your free dependent. Duke. Quick, despatch,

And send the head to Angelo. Exit PROVOST. Now will I write letters to Angelo,tents The provost, he shall bear them, -whose con-Shall witness to him I am near at home. And that, by great injunctions, I am bound

To enter publicly: him I'll desire To meet me at the consecrated fount, A league below the city; and from thence, By cold gradation and weal-balanced form, We shall proceed with Angelo.

Re-enter Provost.

Prov. Here is the head; I'll carry it myself. Duke. Convenient 1s.1t. Make a swift return; For I would commune with you of such things That want no ear but yours.

Prov. Exit. I'll make all speed. Isab. [Within.] Peace, ho, be here! Duke. The tongue of Isabel.—She's come

to know If yet her brother's pardon be come hither: But I will keep her ignorant of her good, To make her heavenly comforts of despair When it is least expected.

Enter ISABELLA.

Isab. Ho, by your leave! Duke. Good morning to you, fair and gracious daughter.

Isab. The better, given me by so holy a man. Hath yet the deputy sent my brother's pardon? Duke. He hath released him, Isabel, from the world:

His head is off and sent to Angelo. Isab. Nay, but it is not so.

It is no other:

Show your wisdom, daughter, in your close patience.

Isab. O, I will to him and pluck out his eyes. Duke. You shall not be admitted to his sight. Isab. Unhappy Claudio! Wretched Isabel! Injurious world! Most damned Angelo!

Duke. This nor hurts him nor profits you a

Forbearit, therefore; give your cause to Heaven. Mark what I say; which you shall find

By every syllable a faithful verity: The duke comes home to-morrow; -nay, dry

your eyes; One of our convent, and his confessor, Gives me this instance. Already he hath carried

Notice to Escalus and Angelo, Who do prepare to meet him at the gates,

There to give up their power. If you can, pace your wisdom

In that good path that I would wish it go, And you shall have your bosom on this wretch, Grace of the duke, revenges to your heart, And general honour. I am directed by you.

Isab. Duke. This letter, then, to Fnar Peter give; 'Tis that he sent me of the duke's return: Say, by this token, I desire his company At Mariana's house to-night. Her cause and

yours I'll perfect him withal; and he shall bring you Before the duke; and to the head of Angelo Accuse him home, and home. For my poor self,

I am combined by a sacred vow, And shall be absent. Wend you with this letter. Command these fretting waters from your eyes With a light heart; trust not my holy order If I pervert your course.-Who's here?

Enter Lucio.

Lucio. Good even.

Friar; where is the provost? Duke. Not within, sir.

Lucio. O, pretty Isabella, I am pale at mine heart to see thine eyes so red: thou must be patient: I am fain to dine and sup with water and bran; I dare not for my head fill my belly one fruitful meal would set me to 't. But they say the duke will be here to-morrow. By my troth, Isabel, I loved thy brother. If the old fantastical duke of dark corners had been at home, he had lived. Exit ISABELLA.

Duke. Sir, the duke is marvellous little beholding to your reports; but the best is, he

lives not in them.

Lucio. Friar, thou knowest not the duke so well as I do: he's a better woodman than thou takest him for.

kest him for. [Fare ye well.

Duke. Well, you'll answer this one day.

Lucio. Nay, tarry; I'll go along with thee; I can tell thee pretty tales of the duke.

Duke. You have told me too many of him already, sir, if they be true: if not true, none were enough.

Lucio. I was once before him for getting a wench with child.

Duke. Did you such a thing?

Lucio. Yes, marry, did I: but was fain to forswear it; they would else have married me to the rotten medlar.

Duke. Sir, your company is fairer than honest. Rest you well.

Lucio. By my troth, I'll go with thee to the lane's end. If bawdy talk offend you, we'll have very little of it. Nay, friar, I am a kind of burr; I shall stick. Exeunt.

Scene IV .-- A Room in Angelo's House.

Enter ANGELO and ESCALUS.

Escal. Every letter he hath writ hath disvouched other.

Ang. In most uneven and distracted manner. His actions show much like to madness; pray heaven his wisdom be not tainted! And why meet him at the gates, and re-deliver our authorities there?

Escal. I guess not.

Ang. And why should we proclaim it in an hour before his entering, that if any crave redress of injustice, they should exhibit their petitions in the street?

Escal. He shows his reason for that: to have a despatch of complaints; and to deliver us from devices hereafter, which shall then have no power to stand against us.

Ang. Well, I beseech you, let it be pro-

claimed:

Betimes i' the morn I'll call you at your house: Give notice to such men of sort and suit As are to meet him.

Escal. I shall, sir: fare you well. Exit. Ang. Good night.nant. This deed unshapes me quite, makes me unpreg-And dull to all proceedings. A deflower'd maid!

And by an eminent body that enforced The law against it!-But that her tender shame Will not proclaim against her maiden loss,

How might she tongue me? Yet reason dares her-no;

For my authority bears a credent bulk, That no particular scandal once can touch

But it confounds the breather. He should have liv'd, Save that his riotous youth, with dangerous

Might in the times to come have ta'en revenge, By so receiving a dishonour'd life

Would yet he With ransom of such shame. had liv'd!

Alack, when once our grace we have forgot, Nothing goes right; we would, and we would Exit.

Scene V .- Fields without the Town.

Enter DUKE in his own habit, and Friar PETER.

Duke. These letters at fit time deliver me.

Giving letters. The provost knows our purpose and our plot. The matter being afoot, keep your instruction

And hold you ever to our special drift; Though sometimes you do blench from this to house, that

As cause doth minister. Go, call at Flavius And tell him where I stay: give the like notice. To Valentinus, Rowland, and to Crassus,

Exeunt.

And bid them bring the trumpets to the gate; O worthy prince, dishonour not your eye But send me Flavius first. It shall be speeded well.

F. Peter.

Exit FRIAR.

Enter VARRIUS.

Duke. I thank thee, Varrius; thou hast made good haste: [friends Come, we will walk. There's other of our Will greet us here anon, my gentle Varrius.

SCENE VI.-Street near the City Gate. Enter ISABELLA and MARIANA

Isab. To speak so indirectly I am loath: I would say the truth; but to accuse him so, That is your part: yet i'm advis'd to do it; He says, to 'vailfull purpose.

Be ruled by him. Mari. Isab. Besides, he tells me that, if peradven-

He speak against me on the adverse side, I should not think it strange; for 'tis a physic

That's bitter to sweet end.

Mari. I would friar Peter.

Isab. O, peace; the friar is come. Enter Friar PETER

F. Peter. Come, I have found you out a stand most fit.

Where you may have such vantage on the duke He shall not pass you. Twice have the trumpets sounded;

The generous and gravest citizens Have hent the gates, and very near upon The duke is entering; therefore, hence, away.

[Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I .- A public Place near the City Gate.

MARIANA (veiled), ISABELLA, and PETER, at a distance. Enter at opposite doors DUKE, VARRIUS, Lords; ANGELO, ESCALUS, LUCIO, PROVOST, Officers, and Citizens.

Duke. My very worthy cousin, fairly met;-Our old and faithful friend, we are glad to see [royal grace!

Ang. and Escal. Happy return be to your Duke. Many and hearty thankings to you both. We have made inquiry of you; and we hear Such goodness of your justice that our soul Cannot but yield you forth to public thanks, Forerunning more requital.

You make my bonds still greater. Ang. Duke. O, your desert speaks loud; and I should wrong it

To lock it in the wards of covert bosom. When it deserves, with characters of brass. A forted residence 'gainst the tooth of time And rasure of oblivion. Give me your hand, And let the subject see, to make them know That outward courtesies would fain proclaim Favours that keep within.—Come, Escalus; You must walk by us on our other hand: And good supporters are you.

PETER and ISABELLE come forward.

F. Peter. Now is your time; speak loud and kneel before him. [regard Isab. Justice, O royal duke! Vail you Upon'a wrong'd, I'd fain have said, a maid! Vail your

By throwing it on any other object Till you have heard me in my true complaint, And give me justice, justice, justice, justice

Duke. Relate your wrongs. In what? By whom? Be brief:

Here is Lord Angelo shall give you justice. Reveal yourself to him.

O, worthy duke, Isab. You bid me seek redemption of the devil: Hear me yourself; for that which I must speak Must either punish me, not being bekey'd, Or wring redress from you; hear me, O, hear me here.

Ang. My lord, her wits, I fear me, are not She hath been a suitor to me for her brother, Cut off by course of justice.

Isab. By course of justice! Ang. And she will speak most bitterly and strange. I speak:

Isab. Most strange, but yet most truly, will That Angelo's forsworn, is it not strange? That Angelo's a murderer, is 't not strange? That Angelo is an adulterous thief, An hypocrite, a virgin-violator, Is it not strange and strange?

Duke. Nay, it is ten times strange. Isab. It is not truer he is Angelo Than this is all as true as it is strange:

Nay, it is ten times true; for truth is truth To the end of reckoning.

Duke. Away with her!—Poor soul, She speaks this in the infirmity of sense. Isab. O prince, I conjure thee, as thou believ'st

There is another comfort than this world. That thou neglect me not with that opinion That I am touch'd with madness: make not impossible

That which but seems unlike: 'tis not impos-But one, the wicked'st caitiff on the ground May seem as shy, as grave, as just, as absolute As Angelo; even so may Angelo. In all his dressings, characts, titles, forms, Be an arch-villain; believe it, royal prince, If he be less, he's nothing; but he's more,

By mine honesty, Duke. If she be mad, as I believe no other, Her madness hath the oddest frame of sense, Such a dependency of thing on thing,

Had I more name for badness.

As e'er I heard in madness. Isab. O gracious duke. Harp not on that: nor do not banish reason For inequality; but let your reason serve To make the truth appear where it seems hid And hide the false seems true.

Duke. Many that are not mad: Have, sure, more lack of reason.—What would you say?

Isab. I am the sister of one Claudio, Condemn'd upon the act of fornication To lose his head; condemn'd by Angelo: I, in probation of a sisterhood, Was sent to by my brother: one Lucio As then the messenger:

Lucio. That's I, an't like your grace: I came to her from Claudio, and desir'd her To try her gracious fortune with Lord Angelo For her poor brother's pardon.

Isab. That's he, indeed. Duke. You were not bid to speak.

Lucio. No, my good lord

Nor wish'd to hold my peace.

Duke. I wish you now, then Pray you, take note of it: and when you have A business for yourself, pray Heaven you then Be perfect.

Lucio. I warrant your honour. [to it. Duke. The warrant's for yourself; take heed Isab. This gentleman told somewhat of my tale.

Lucio. Right. [wrong Duke. It may be right; but you are in the To speak before your time.—Proceed. I went

To this pernicious caitiff deputy.

Duke. That's somewhat madly spoken.

Isab. Pardon it;

The phrase is to the matter.

Duke. Mended again. The matter;—proceed.

Isab. In brief,—to set the needless process by, How I persuaded, how I pray'd, and kneel'd; How he refell'd me, and how I replied,— For this was of much length,—the vile conclusion

I now begin with grief and shame to utter: He would not, but by gift of my chaste body To his concupisable intemperate lust, Release my brother; and, after much debatement.

My sisterly remorse confutes mine honour, And I did yield to him. But the next morn

betimes, His purpose surfeiting, he sends a warrant For my poor brother's head.

Duke. This is most likely.

Isab. O, that it were as like as it is true!

Duke. By heaven, fond wretch, thou know'st

not what thou speak'st, Or else thou art suborn'd against his honour In hateful practice. First, his integrity Stands without blemish:—next, it imports no

That with such vehemency he should pursue Faults proper to himself: if he had so offended, He would have weigh'd thy brother by himself, And not have cut him off. Some one hath set

you on; Confess the truth, and say by whose advice Thou cam'st here to complain.

Isab.
And is this all?
Then Do you blessed ministers above,
Keep me in patience; and, with ripen'd time,
Unfold the evil which is here wrapt up
In countenance!—Heaven shield your grace
from woe,

As I, thus wrong'd, hence unbelieved go!

Duke. I know you'd fain be gone.—An

officer!

To prison with her!—Shall we thus permit A blasting and a scandalous breath to fall On him so near us? This needs must be a practice.

Who knew of your intent and coming hither?

Isab. One that I would were here, friar
Lodowick.

Duke. A ghostly father, belike. Who knows that Lodowick?

Lucio. My lord, I know him; 'tis a meddling friar. [lord

I do not like the man: had he been lay, my For certain words he spake against your grace In your retirement, I had swing'd him soundly. Duke. Words against me? This a good

friar, belike! And to set on this wretched woman here

Against our substitute!—Let this friar be found.

Lucio. But yesternight, my lord, she and that
friar

I saw them at the prison: a saucy friar, A very scurvy fellow.

F. Peter. Bless'd be your royal grace! I have stood by, my lord, and I have heard Your royal ear abus'd. First, hath this woman Most wrongfully accus'd your substitute; Who is as free from touch or soil with her As she from one ungot.

Duke. We did believe no less.

Know you that friar Lodowick that she speaks
of? [holy;

F. Peter. I know him for a man divine and Not scurvy, nor a temporary meddler, As he's reported by this gentleman; And, on my trust, a man that never yet Did, as he vouches, misreport your grace.

Lucio. My lord, most villanously; believe it.

F. Peter. Well, he in time may come to clear himself;

But at this instant he is sick, my lord,
Of a strange fever Upon his mere request,—
Being come to knowledge that there was complaint

Intended gainst Lord Angelo,—came I hither To speak, as from his mouth, what he doth know

Is true and false; and what he, with his oath And all probation, will make up full clear, Whensoever he's convented. First, for this woman—

To justify this worthy nobleman, So vulgarly and personally accus'd,— Her shall you hear disproved to her eyes, Till she herself confess it.

Duke. Good friar, let's hear it.
[ISABELLA is carried off, guarded; and
Mariana comes forward.

Do you not smile at this, Lord Angelo?— O heaven! the vanity of wretched fools! Give us some seats.—Come, cousin Angelo; In this I'll be impartial; be you judge Of your own cause.—Is this the winess, friar?

First, let her show her face, and after speak.

Mari. Pardon, my lord; I will not show my
Until my husband bid me.
face

Duke. What! are you married? Mari. No, my lord.

Duke. Are you a maid?
Mari. No, my lord.
Duke. A widow, then?

Duke. A widow, then:
Mari. Neither, my lord.
Duke. Why, you

Are nothing then:—neither maid, widow, nor wife?

Lucio. My lord, she may be a punk; for many if them are neither maid, widow, nor wife.

Duke. Silence that fellow: I would he had

some cause To prattle for himself. Lucio. Well, my lord. [married; Mari. My lord, I do confess I ne'er was And I confess, besides, I am no maid:

I have known my husband; yet my husband knows not

That ever he knew me.

Lucio. He was drunk, then, my lord; it can be no better.

Duke. For the benefit of silence, would thou wert so too.

Lucio. Well, my lord.

Duke. This is no witness for Lord Angelo.

Mari. Now I come to 't, my lord:

She that accuses him of fornication.

In self-same manner doth accuse my husband; And charges him, my lord, with such a time When I'll depose I had him in mine arms, With all the effect of love.

Ang. Charges she more than me?

Mari. Not that I know.

Duke. No? you say, your husband. Mari. Why, just, my lord, and that is Angelo. Who thinks he knows that he ne'er knew my body,

But knows he thinks that he knows Isabel's. Ang. This is a strange abuse.-Let's see thy mask.

Mari. My husband bids me; now I will un-Unveiling.

This is that face, thou cruel Angelo, [on: Which once thou swor'st was worth the looking This is the hand which, with a vow'd contract. Was fast belock'd in thine: this is the body That took away the match from Isabel. And did supply thee at thy garden-house

In her imagin'd person.

Duke. Know you this woman? Lucio. Carnally, she says.

Duke. Sirrah, no more.

Lucio. Enough, my lord. [woman; Ang. My lord, I must confess I know this And five years since there was some speech of

marriage Betwixt myself and her; which was broke off

Partly for that her promis'd proportions Came short of composition; but in chief For that her reputation was disvalued In levity: since which time of five years [her, I never spake with her, saw her, nor heard from Upon my faith and honour.

Mari. Noble prince, As there comes light from heaven and words from breath.

As there is sense in truth and truth in virtue. I am affianc'd this man's wife as strongly As words could make up vows: and, my good

lord. shouse, But Tuesday night last gone, in his garden-He knew me as a wife. As this is true. Let me in safety raise me from my knees,

Or else for ever be confixed here, A marble monument!

Ang.I did but smile till now: Now, good my lord, give me the scope of justice:

My patience here is touch'd. I do perceive These poor informal women are no more But instruments of some more mightiermember To find this practice out.

Dube. Ay, with my heart: And punish them unto your height of pleasure.-Thou foolish friar, and thou pernicious woman, Compact with her that's gone, thinkst thou thy oaths, saint,

Though they would swear down each particular Were testimonies against his worth and credit, That's seal'd in approbation?-You, Lord Escalus.

Sit with my cousin; lend him your kind pains To find out this abuse, whence 'tis deriv'd .-

There is another friar that set them on; he indeed Let him be sent for. F. Peter. Would he were here, my lord; for

Hath set the women on this complaint: Your provost knows the place where he abides,

And he may fetch him.

Duke. Go, do it instantly .- [Exit Provost. And you, my noble and well-warranted cousin, Whom it concerns to hear this matter forth,

Do with your injuries as seems you best In any chastisement. I for awhile Will leave you, but stir not you till you have Determined upon these slanderers.

Escal. My lord, we'll do it thoroughly. [Exit DUKE.]—Signior Lucio, did not you say you knew that friar Lodowick to be a dishonest person?

Lucio, Cucullus non facit monachum: honest in nothing but in his clothes; and one that hath spoke most villainous speeches of the duke.

Escal. We shall entreat you to abide here till he come, and enforce them against him: we shall find this friar a notable fellow.

Lucio. As any in Vienna, on my word. Escal. Call that same Isabel here once again [to an Attendant]; I would speak with her. Pray you, my lord, give me leave to question; you shall see how I handle her.

Lucio. Not better than he, by her own report. Escal. Say you?

Lucio. Marry, sir, I think if you handled her privately she would sooner confess: perchance, publicly, she'll be ashamed.

Re-enter Officers, with Isabella.

Escal. I will go darkly to work with her. Lucio. That's the way; for women are light at midnight.

Escal. Come on, mistress [to ISABELLA]: here's a gentlewoman denies all that you have said.

Re-enter the DUKE, in the Friers' habit, and PROVOST.

Lucio. My lord, here comes the rascal I spoke of; here with the provost.

Escal. In very good time:—speak not you to

him till we call upon you.

Lucio. Mum.

Escal. Come, sir: did you set these women on to slander Lord Angelo? they have confessed you did.

Duke. 'Tis false.

Escal. How! know you where you are?

Duke. Respect to your great place! and let the devil

Be sometime honour'd for his burning throne!-That sets them on. Let me have way, my lord, Where is the duke? 'tis he should hear me speak.

Look you speak justly.

Duke. Boldly, at least. But, O, poor souls, Come you to seek the lamb here of the fox, Good night to your redress! Is the duke gone! Thenis your cause gone too. The duke's unjust Thus to retort your manifest appeal,

And put your trial in the villain's mouth

Which here you come to accuse.

Lucio. This is the rascal; this is he I spoke Escal. Why, thou unreverend and unhal-low'd friar!

Is 't not enough thou hast suborn'd these women To accuse this worthy man, but, in foul mouth, And in the witness of his proper ear,

To call him villain?

And then to glance from him to the duke himself.

To tax him with injustice? Take him hence; To the rack with him.-We'll touze you joint by joint,

But we will know this purpose.-What! unjust?

Duke. Be not so hot; the duke Dare no more stretch this finger of mine than he Dare rack his own; his subject am I not,

Nor here provincial. My business in this state Made me a looker-on here in Vienna, Where I have seen corruption boil and bubble

Till it o'errun the stew: laws for all faults, Butfaults so countenanc'd that the strong statutes Stand like the forfeits in a barber's shop.

As much in mock as mark. Escal. Slander to the state! Away with him

to prison!

Ang. What can you vouch against him, Signior Lucio?

Is this the man that you did tell us of?

Lucio. 'Tis he, my lord. Come hither, goodman bald-pate. Do you know me? Duke. I remember you, sir, by the sound of

your voice. I met you at the prison, in the absence of the duke.

Lucio. O did you so? And do you remember what you said of the duke?

Duke. Most notedly, sir.

Lucio. Do you so, sir? And was the duke a fleshmonger, a fool, and a coward, as you then reported him to be?

Duke. You must, sir, change persons with me ere you make that my report: you, indeed, spoke so of him; and much more, much worse. Lucio. O thou damnable fellow! Did not I

pluck thee by the nose for thy speeches? Duke. I protest I love the duke as I love

myself. Ang. Hark how the villain would gloze now,

after his treasonable abuses!

Escal. Such a fellow is not to be talked withal. Away with him to prison!-Where is the provost? -Away with him to prison! lay bolts enough upon him: let him speak no more.—Away with those giglots too, and with the other confederate companion!

The Provost laus hands on the DUKE.

Duke. Stay, sir; stay awhile.

Ang. What! resists he?-Help him, Lucio. Lucio. Come, sir; come, sir! come, sir; foh, sir. Why, you bald-pated, lying rascall you must be hooded, must you? Show your knave's Whose salt imagination yet hath wrong'd

Escal. The duke's in us; and we will hear visage, with a pox to you! show your sheep-biting face, and be hanged an hour! Will 't not off?

[Pulls off the Friar's hood, and discovers the DUKE.

Duke. Thou art the first knave that e'er made a duke.

First, Provost, let me bail these gentle three:-Sneak not away, sir [to LUCIO]; for the friar and

Must have a word anon:-Lay hold on him.

Lucio. This may prove worse than hanging. Duke. What you have spoke I pardon; sit you down .-To ESCALUS.

We'll borrow place of him .- Sir, by your leave: To ANGELO.

Hast thou or word, or wit, or impudence That yet can do thee office? If thou hast, Rely upon it till my tale be heard. And hold no longer out.

O my dread lord, Ana. I should be guiltier than my guiltiness, To think I can be undiscernible, When I perceive your grace, like power divine, Hathlooked upon my passes. Then, good prince, No longer session hold upon my shame, But let my trial be mine own confession:

Immediate sentence then, and sequent death, Immediate source I beg.
Is all the grace I beg.
Come hither, Mariana:—

Say, wast thou e'er contracted to this woman? Ang. I was, my lord

Duke. Go, take her hence and marry her instantly.

Do you the office, friar; which consummate, Return him here again. -Go with him, Provost, Exeunt Ang., MARI., PET., and PROV.

Escal. My lord, I am more amazed at his dishonour

Than at the strangeness of it.

Come hither, Isabel: Duke. Your friar is now your prince. As I was then Advertising and holy to your business, Not changing heart with habit, I am still

Attorney'd at your service. Isab. O give me pardon, That I, your vassal, have employ'd and pain'd

Your unknown sovereignty.

Duke.You are pardon'd, Isabel. And now, dear maid, be you as free to us. Your brother's death, I know, sits at your heart; And you may marvel why I obscur'd myself, Labouring to save his life, and would not rather Make rash remonstrance of my hidden power Than let him so be lost. O most kind maid. It was the switt celerity of his death,

Which I did think with slower foot came on, That brain'd my purpose. But peace be with himl

That life is better life, past fearing death, Than that which lives to fear: make it your comfort,

So happy is your brother.

I do, my lord. Isab.

Re-enter Angelo, Mariana, Peter, and PROVOST.

Duke. For this new-married man approaching here,

Your well-defended honour, you must pardon Provost, how came it Claudio was beheaded For Mariana's sake: but as he adjudg'd your At an unusual hour? brother.

Being criminal, in double violation Of sacred chastity and of promise-breach Thereon dependent, for your brother's life,-The very mercy of the law cries out Most audible, even from his proper tongue, An Angelo for Claudio, death for death. Haste still pays haste, and leisure answers leisure:

Like doth quit like, and measure still for measure.

Then, Angelo, thy fault thus manifested,-Which though thou wouldst deny, denies thee vantage.

We do condemn thee to the very block Where Claudio stoop'd to death, and with like haste.-

Away with him.

Mari. O my most gracious lord, I hope you will not mock me with a husband! Duke. It is your husband mock'd you with a husband.

Consenting to the safeguard of your honour, I thought your marriage fit; else imputation For that he knew you, might reproach your life, And choke your good to come: for his possessions,

Although by confiscation they are ours, We do instate and widow you withal, To buy you a better husband.

Mari. O my dear lord, I crave no other, nor no better man.

Duke. Never crave him; we are definite.

Mari. Gentle my liege,— [Kneel Kneeling. You do but lose your labour. Duke.Away with him to death.-Now, sir [to Lucio],

to you. [my part; Mari. O my good lord!-Sweet Isabel, take Lend me your knees, and all my life to come I'll lend you all my life to do you service.

Duke. Against all sense you do importune her: Should she kneel down, in mercy of this fact, Her brother's ghost his paved bed would break, And take her hence in horror.

Mari. Sweet Isabel, do yet but kneel by me; Hold up your hands, say nothing,-I'll speak all. They say, best men are moulded out of faults; And, for the most, become much more the better For being a little bad: so may my husband

O Isabel, will you not lend a knee? Duke. He dies for Claudio's death.

Most bounteous sir, [Kneeling. Look, if it please you, on this man condemn'd, As if my brother liv'd: I partly think A due sincerity govern'd his deeds Till he did look on me; since it is so, Let him not die. My brother had but justice, In that he did the thing for which he died: For Angelo,

His act did not o'ertake his bad intent, And must be buried but as an intent jects; That perish'd by the way: thoughts are no sub-

Intents but merely thoughts. Mari.

Merely, my lord. Duke. Your suit's unprofitable; stand up, I

I have bethought of another fault .--

Prov. It was commanded so. Duke. Had you a special warrant for the deed?

Prov. No, my good lord; it was by private message.

Duke. For which I do discharge you of your office:

Give up your keys. Prov. Pardon me, noble lord: I thought it was a fault, but knew it not: Yet did repent me, after more advice: For testimony whereof, one in the prison, That should by private order else have died,

I have reserved abve. What's he? Duke Prov. His name is Barnardine.

Duke. I would thou hadst done so by Claudio. Go fetch him hither; let me look upon him.

Exit PROVOST. Escal. I am sorry one so learned and so wise As you, Lord Angelo, have still appear'd

Should slip so grossly, both in the heat of blood And lack of temper'd judgment afterward. Ang. I am sorry that such sorrow I procure:

And so deep sticks it in my penitent heart That I crave death more willingly than mercy; 'Tis my deserving, and I do entreat it.

Re-enter PROVOST, with BARNARDINE, CLAUDIO, (muffled), and JULIET.

Duke. Which is that Barnardine?

This, my lord. Prov. Duke. There was a friar told me of this man:

Sirrah, thou art said to have a stubborn soul, That apprehends no further than this world. And squar'st thy life according. Thou'rt condemn'd:

But, for those earthly faults, I quit them all, And pray thee take this mercy to provide For better times to come:—Friar, advise him; I leave him to your hand.—What muffled fellow's that?

Prov. This is another prisoner that I sav'd, Who should have died when Claudio lost his head;

As like almost to Claudio as himself.

[Unmuffles CLAUDIO: Duke. If he be like your brother,

ISABELLA], for his sake Is he pardon'd; and, for your lovely sake, Give me your hand, and say you will be mine; He is my brother too: but fitter time for that. By this Lord Angelo perceives he's safe; Methinks I see a quick'ning in his eye.

Well, Angelo, your evil quits you well: Look that you love your wife; her worth worth yours.

I find an apt remission in myself; And yet here's one in place I cannot pardon.— You, sirrah [to Lucio], that knew me for a

fool, a coward, One all of luxury, an ass, a madman; Wherein have I so deserved of you That you extol me thus?

Lucio. 'Faith, my lord, I spoke it but according to the trick. If you will hang me for it, you may; but I had rather it would please you I might be whipped.

Duke. Whipp'd first, sir, and hang'd after .--Proclaim it, Provost, round about the city, If any woman's wrong'd by this lewd fellow,-As I have heard him swear himself there's one Whom he begot with child,-let her appear, And he shall marry her: the nuptial finish'd, Let him be whim'd and hang'd.

Lucio. I beseech your highness, do not marry me to a whore! Your highness said even now I made you a duke; good my lord, do not recompense me in making me a cuckold.

Duke. Upon mine honour, thou shalt marry her.

Thy slanders I forgive; and therewithal Remit thy other forfeits .- Take him to prison; And see our pleasure herein executed.

ing to death, whipping, and hanging.

Duke. Slandering a prince deserves it .-Exeunt Officers with Lucio.

She, Claudio, that you wrong'd, look you restore.

Joy to you, Mariana!-Love her, Angelo; I have confess'd her, and I know her virtue .--Thanks, good friend Escalus, for thy much goodness

There's more behind that is more gratulate. Thanks, Provost, for thy care and secrecy; We shall employ thee in a worthier place.-Forgive him, Angelo, that brought you home The head of Ragozine for Claudio's: The offence pardons itself.—Dear Isabel, I have a motion much imports your good; Whereto if you'll a willing ear incline,

What's mine is yours, and what is yours is mine:~

So, bring us to our palace; where we'll show Lucio. Marrying a punk, my lord, is press- What's yet behind that's meet you all should know.

MUCH ADO ABOUT **NOTHING**

PERSONS REPRESENTED

DON PEDRO, Prince of Arragon. DON JOHN, his bastard Brother.

CLAUDIO, a young Lord of Florence, favourite to DON PEDRO.

Benedick, a young Lord of Padua, favourite likewise of DON PEDRO.

LEONATO, Governor of Messina

ANTONIO, his Brother.

BALTHAZAR, Servant to DON PEDRO.

BORACHIO,

CONRADE, DOGBERRY. VERGES,

Followers of DON JOHN.

two foolish Officers.

A SEXTON. A FRIAR.

A Boy.

HERO, Daughter to LEONATO.

BEATRICE, Niece to LEONATO.

MARGARET, Gentlewomen attending on Hero.

Messengers, Watch, and Attendants.

Scene,-Messina.

ACT I.

Scene I .- Before Leonato's House. Enter LEONATO, HERO, BEATRICE, and others with a Messenger.

Leon. I learn in this letter that Don Pedro of Arragon comes this night to Messina. Mess. He is very near by this; he was not

three leagues off when I left him. Leon. How many gentlemen have you lost

in this action?

Mess. But few of any sort, and none of name. Leon. A victory is twice itself when the achiever brings home full numbers. I find here that Don Pedro hath bestowed much honour on a young Florentine called Claudio.

Mess. Much deserved on his part, and equally remembered by Don Pedro. He hath borne himself beyond the promise of his age; doing, in the figure of a lamb, the feats of a

lion: he hath, indeed, better bettered expectation than you must expect of me to tell you how.

Leon. He hath an uncle here in Messina will be very glad of it.

Mess. I have already delivered him letters, and there appears much joy in him; even so much that joy could not show itself modest enough without a badge of bitterness.

Leon. Did he break out into tears? Mess. In a great measure.

Leon. A kind overflow of kindness. There are no faces truer than those that are so washed. How much better is it to weep at joy than to joy at weeping?

Beat. I pray you, is Signior Montanto returned from the wars or no?

Mess. I know none of that name, lady; there

was none such in the army of any sort. Leon. What is he that you ask for, niece? Heto. My cousin means Signior Benedick of

Mess. O, he is returned, and as pleasant as ever he was.

Beat. He set up his bills here in Messina, and challenged Cupid at the flight: and my uncle's fool, reading the challenge, subscribed for Cupid, and challenged him at the bird-bolt. -I pray you, how many hath he killed and eaten in these wars? But how many hath he killed? for, indeed, I promised to eat all of his

Leon. Faith, niece, you tax Signior Benedick too much; but he'll be meet with you, I doubt it not. these wars.

Mess. He hath done good service, lady, in Beat. You had musty victual, and he hath holp to eat it: he is a very valiant trencherman; he hath an excellent stomach.

Mess. And a good soldier too, lady.

Beat. And a good soldier to a lady: but

what is he to a lord? Mess. A lord to a lord, a man to a man;

stuffed with all honourable virtues. Beat. It is so, indeed: he is no less than a

stuffed man: but for the stuffing-well, we are all mortal. Leon. You must not, sir, mistake my niece:

there is a kind of merry war betwixt Signior Benedick and her: they never meet but there is a skirmish of wit between them-

Beat. Alas, he gets nothing by that. In our last conflict four of his five wits went halting off, and now is the old man governed with one; so that if he have wit enough to keep himself warm, let him bear it for a difference between himself and his horse; for it is all the wealth that he hath left, to be known a reason able creature.-Who is his companion now? He hath every month a new sworn brother.

Mess. Is it possible?

Beat. Very easily possible: he wears his faith but as the fashion of his hat; it ever changes with the next block.

Mess. I see, lady, the gentleman is not in

your books.

right noble Claudio.

Beat. No: an he were I would burn my study. But, I pray you, who is his companion? Is there no young squarer, now, that will make

a voyage with him to the devil? Mess. He is most in the company of the

Beat. O Lord! he will hang upon him like a disease: he is sooner caught than the pestilence, and the taker runs presently mad. God help the noble Claudio! if he have caught the Benedick, it will cost him a thousand pound ere he be cured.

Mess. I will hold friends with you, lady.

Beat. Do, good friend.

Leon. You will never run mad, niece. Beat. No, not till a hot January. Mess. Don Pedro is approached.

Enter Don PEDRO, attended by BALTHAZAR and others, Don JOHN, CLAUDIO, and BENE-

D. Pedro. Good Signior Leonato, you are come to meet your trouble: the fashion of the world is to avoid cost, and you encounter it.

Leon. Never came trouble to my house in the likeness of your grace; for trouble being gone, comfort should remain; but when you depart from me, sorrow abides, and happiness takes his leave.

D. Pedro. You embrace your charge too willingly .- I think this is your daughter.

Leon. Her mother hath many times told me

Bene. Were you in doubt, sir, that you asked Leon. Signior Benedick, no; for then were you a child.

D. Pedro. You have it full, Benedick: we may guess by this what you are, being a man. Truly, the lady fathers herself.—Be happy, lady! for you are like an honourable father.

Bene. If Signior Leonato be her father, she would not have his head on her shoulders for all Messina, as like him as she is.

Beat. I wonder that you will still be talking. Signior Benedick; nobody marks you.

Bene. What, my dear lady Disdain! are you

yet living? Beat. Is it possible disdain should die while

she hath such meet food to feed it as Signior Benedick? Courtesy itself must convert to disdain if you come in her presence.

Bene. Then is courtesy a turn-coat.-But it is certain I am loved of all ladies, only you excepted: and I would I could find in my heart that I had not a hard heart: for, truly, I love

Beat. A dear happiness to women; they would else have been troubled with a pernicious suitor. I thank God, and my cold blood, I am of your humour for that: I had rather hear my dog bark at a crow than a man swear he loves

Bene. God keep your ladyship still in that mind! so some gentleman or other shall 'scape a predestinate scratched face.

Beat. Scratching could not make it worse an 'twere such a face as yours were.

Bene. Well, you are a rare parrot-teacher. Beat. A bird of my tongue is better than a

beast of yours. Bene. I would my horse had the speed of

your tongue, and so good a continuer. But keep your way o' God's name; I have done.

Beat. You always end with a jade's trick; I

know you of old.

D. Pedro. This is the sum of all: Leonato,
—Signior Claudio, and Signior Benedick,—my dear friend Leonato hath invited you all. tell him we shall stay here at the least a month; and he heartily prays some occasion may de-tain us longer: I date swear he is no hypocrite, but prays from his heart.

Leon. If you swear, my lord, you shall not be forsworn.—Let me bid you welcome, my lord: being reconciled to the prince your

brother, I owe you all duty.

D. John. I thank you: I am not of many words, but I thank you.

Leon. Please it your grace lead on? D. Pedro. Your hand, Leonato; we will go together.

[Exeunt all but BENE., and CLAUD. Claud. Benedick, didst thou note the daughter of Signior Leonato?

Bene. I noted her not, but I looked on her.

Claud. Is she not a modest young lady? Bene. Do you question me, as an honest man should do, for my simple true judgment; or would you have me speak after my custom. as being a professed tyrant to their sex?

Claud. No, I pray thee, speak in sober judgment.

Bene. Why, i' faith, methinks she is too low for a high praise, too brown for a fair praise, and too little for a great praise: only this commendation I can afford her; that were she other than she is, she were unhandsome; and being no other but as she is, I do not like her.

Claud. Thou thinkest I am in sport: I pray thee, tell me truly how thou likest her.

Bene. Would you buy her, that you inquire after her?

Claud. Can the world buy such a jewel? Bene. Yea, and a case to put it into. But speak you this with a sad brow? or do you play the flouting Jack, to tell us Cupid is a good hare-finder, and Vulcan a rare carpenter? Come, in what key shall a man take you to go in the

Claud. In mine eye, she is the sweetest lady

that ever I looked on.

Bene. I can see yet without spectacles, and I see no such matter: there's her cousin, an she were not possessed with a fury, exceeds her as much in beauty as the first of May doth the last of December. But I hope you have no intent to turn husband, have you?

Claud. I would scarce trust myself, though I had sworn the contrary, if Hero would be my

Bene. Is it come to this, i' faith? Hath not the world one man but he will wear his cap with suspicion? Shall I never see a bachelor of threescore again? Go to, i' faith; an thou will needs thrust thy neck into a yoke, wear the print of it, and sigh away Sundays. Look, Don Pedro is returned to seek you.

Re-enter Don PEDRO.

D. Pedro. What secret hath held you here, that you followed not to Leonato's?

Bene. I would your grace would constrain

me to tell.

D. Pedro. I charge thee on thy allegiance. Bene. You hear, Count Claudio: I can be secret as a dumb man,-I would have you think so; but on my allegiance,—mark you this,— on my allegiance:—He is in love. With who? Now that is your grace's part.—Mark how short his answer is:-With Hero, Leonato's short daughter.

Claud. If this were so, so were it uttered. Bene. Like the old tale, my lord: "It is not so, nor 'twas not so; but, indeed, God forbid

it should be so." Claud. If my passion change not shortly,

God forbid it should be otherwise. D. Pedro. Amen, if you love her; for the

lady is very well worthy. Claud. You speak this to fetch me in, my D. Pedro. By my troth, I speak my thought.

Claud. And, in faith, my lord, I spoke mine. Bene. And, by my two faiths and troths, my lord, I spoke mine.

Claud. That I love her, I feel.

D. Pedro. That she is worthy, I know.

Bene. That I neither feel how she should be loved, nor know how she should be worthy, is the opinion that fire cannot melt out of me: I will die in it at the stake.

D. Pedro. Thou wast ever an obstinate heretic in the despite of beauty.

Claud. And never could maintain his part but in the force of his will.

Bene. That a woman conceive me, I thank her; that she brought me up, I likewise give her most humble thanks; but that I will have a recheat winded in my forehead, or hang my bugle in an invisible baldrick, all women shall pardon me. Because I will not do them the wrong to mistrust any, I will do myself the right to trust none; and the fine is,—for the which I may go the finer,—I will live a bachelor.

D. Pedro. I shall see thee, ere I die, look

pale with love.

Bene. With anger, with sickness, or with hunger, my lord; not with love; prove that ever I lose more blood with love than I will get again with drinking, pick out mine eyes with a ballad-maker's pen, and hang me up at the door of a brothel-house, for the sign of blind Cupid.

D. Pedro. Well, if ever thou dost fall from this faith, thou wilt prove a notable argument.

Bene. If I do, hang me in a bottle like a cat. and shoot at me; and he that hits me, let him be clapped on the shoulder and called Adam.

D. Pedro. Well, as time shall try: In time the savage bull doth bear the yoke.

Bene. The savage bull may; but if ever the sensible Benedick bear it, pluck off the bull's horns and set them in my forehead: and let me be vilely painted; and in such great letters as they write Here is good horse to hire, let them signify under my sign,—Here you may see Benedick the married man.

Claua. If this should ever happen, thou wouldst be horn-mad.

D. Pedro. Nay, if Cupid have not spent all his quiver in Venice, thou wilt quake for this shortly.

Bene. I look for an earthquake too, then.

D. Pedro. Well, you will temporise with the hours. In the meantime, good Signior Benedick, repair to Leonato's; commend me to him, and tell him I will not fail him at supper; for, indeed, he hath made great preparation.

Bene. I have almost matter enough in me for such an embassage; and so I commit you-Claud. To the tuition of God: From my

house,-if I had it-

D. Pedro. The sixth of July. Your loving

friend, Benedick.

Bene. Nay, mock not, mock not. The body of your discourse is sometime guarded with fragments, and the guards are but slightly basted on neither: ere you flout old ends any further, examine your conscience; and so I Exit BENEDICK. leave you.

Claud. My liege, your highness now may do

me good.

D. Pedro. My love is thine to teach; teach it but how,

And thou shalt see how apt it is to learn Any hard lesson that may do thee good.

Claud. Hath Leonato any son, my lord?

D. Pedro. No child but Hero, she's his only heir:

Dost thou affect her, Claudio?

Claud. O my lord, When you went onward on this ended action, I looked upon her with a soldier's eye, That liked, but had a rougher task in hand Than to drive liking to the name of love: But now I am return'd, and that war-thoughts Have left their places vacant, in their rooms Come thronging soft and delicate desires, All prompting me how fair young Hero is, Saying, I liked her ere I went to wars.

D. Pedro. Thou wilt be like a lover presently, And thre the hearer with a book of words: If thou dost love fair Hero, cherish it; And I will break with her, and with her father, And thou shalt have her. Was't not to this end That thou began'st to twist so fine a story?

Claud. How sweetly do you minister to love,
That know love's grief by his complexion!
But lest my liking might too sudden seem,
I would have salv'd it with a longer treatise.
D. Pedro. What need the bridge much

broader than the flood!
The fairest grant is the necessity.
Look, what will serve is fit: 'tis once, thou lov'st;
And I will fit thee with the remedy.
I know we shall have revelling to-night;
I will assume thy part in some disguise,
And tell fair Hero I am Claudio;
And in her bosom I'll unclasp my heart,
And take her hearing prisoner with the force
And strong encounter of my amourous tale:
Then, after, to her father will I break;
And the conclusion is, she shall be thine.
In practice let us put it presently.

[Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Room in Leonato's House.

Enter, severally, LEONATO and ANTONIO.

Leon. How now, brother! Where is my cousin, your son? Hath he provided this music?

Ant. He is very busy about it. But brother, I can tell you strange news that you yet dreamed not of.

Leon. Are they good?

Ant. As the event stamps them; but they have a good cover; they show well outward. The prince and Count Claudio, walking in a thick-pleached siley in my orchard, were thus much overheard by a man of mine: the prince discovered to Claudio that he loved my niece your daughter, and meant to acknowledge it this night in a dance; and, if he found her accordant, he meant to take the present time by the top, and instantly break with you of it.

Leon. Hath the fellow any wit that told you this?

Ant. A good sharp fellow; I will send for

him, and question him yourself.

Leon. No, no; we will hold it as a dream, till it appear itself:—but I will acquaint my daughter withal, that she may be the better prepared for an answer, if peradventure this be true. Go you and tell her of it. [Several persons cross the stage.] Cousins, you know what you have to do.—O, I cry you mercy, friend; you

go with me, and I will use your skill.—Good cousin, have a care this busy time. [Exeunt. Scene III.—Another Room in Leonato's

Scene III.—Another Room in Leonato's House.

Enter Don JOHN and CONRADE.

Con. What the good-year, my lord! why are you thus out of measure sad?

D. John. There is no measure in the occasion that breeds it; therefore the sadness is without limit.

Con. You should hear reason.

D. John. And when I have heard it, what blessing bringeth it? [sufferance. Con. If not a present remedy, yet a patient

D. John. I wonder that thou, being—as thou say'st thou art—born under Saturn, goest about to apply a moral medicine to a mortifying mischief. I cannot hide what I am: I must be sad when I have cause, and smile at no man's jests; eat when I have stomach, and wait for no man's leisure; sleep when I am drowsy, and 'tend to no man's business; laugh when I am merry, and claw no man in his humour.

Con. Yea, but you must not make the full show of this till you may do it without controlment. You have of late stood out against your brother, and he hath ta'en you newly into his grace; where it is impossible you should take true root but by the fair weather that you make yourself: it is needful that you frame the

season for your own harvest.

D. John. I had rather be a canker in a hedge than a rose in his grace; and it better fits my blood to be disdained of all than to fashion a carriage to rob love from any: in this, though I cannot be said to be a flattering honest man, it must not be denied that I am a plain-dealing villain. I am trusted with a muzzle and enfranchised with a clog: therefore I have decreed not to sing in my cage. If I had my mouth I would bite; if I had my liberty I would do my liking: in the meantime let me be that I am, and seek not to alter me.

Con. Can you make no use of your discontent?

D. John. I make all use of it, for I use it only. Who comes here? What news, Borachio?

Enter Borachio.

Bora. I came yonder from a great supper: the prince, your brother, is royally entertained by Leonato; and I can give you intelligence of an intended marriage.

D. John. Will it serve for any model to build mischief on? What is he for a fool that

betroths himself to unquietness?

Bora. Marry, it is your brother's right hand. D. John. Who! the most exquisite Claudio? Bora. Even he.

D. John. A proper squire! And who, and

who? which way looks he?

Bora. Marry, on Hero, the daughter and

heir of Leonato.

D. John. A very forward March-chick!

How came you to this?

Bora. Being entertained for a perfumer, as I was smoking a musty room, comes me the prince and Claudio hand in hand, in sad conference. I whipt me behind the arras, and

may prove food to my displeasure: that young start-up hath all the glory of my overthrow. If I can cross him in any way, I bless myself every way. You are both sure, and will assist me?

Con. To the death, my lord.

D. John. Let us to the great supper: their cheer is the greater that I am subdued. Would the cook were of my mind?-Shall we go prove what's to be done?

Bora. We'll wait upon your lordship.

Exeunt. ACT II.

Scene I .- A Hall in Leonato's House.

Enter LEONATO, ANTONIO, HERO, BEATRICE and others.

Leon. Was not Count John here at supper? Ant. I saw him not.

Beat. How tartly that gentleman looks! I never can see him but I am heart-burned an hour after.

Hero. He is of a very melancholy dispostion. Beat. He were an excellent man that were made just in the mid-way between him and Benedick: the one is too like an image, and says nothing; and the other too like my lady's eldest son, evermore tattling.

Leon. Then half Signior Benedick's tongue

in Count John's mouth, and half Count John's melancholy in Signior Benedick's face,

Beat. With a good leg and a good foot, uncle, and money enough in his purse, such a man would win any woman in the world,-if he could get her good-will.

Leon. By my troth, niece, thou wilt never get thee a husband if thou be so shrewd of thy tongue.

Ant. In faith, she is too curst.

Beat. Too curst is more than curst. I shall lessen God's sending that way: for it is said, God sends a curst cow short horns; but to a cow too curst he sends none.

Leon. So, by being too curst, God will send you no horns.

Beat. Just if he send me no husband; for the which blessing I am at him upon my knees every morning and evening. Lord! I could not endure a husband with a beard on his face: I had rather lie in the woollen.

Beat. What should I do with him? dress him in my apparel, and make him my waiting gentlewoman? He that hath a beard is more than a youth; and he that hath no beard is less than a man: and he that is more than a youth is not for me; and he that is less than a man I am not for him: therefore I will even take sixpence in earnest of the bear-ward, and lead his apec into bell.

Leon. Well then, go you into hell?

Beat. No; but to the gate; and there will the devil meet me, like an old cuckold, with horns on his head, and say, Get you to heaven, Beatrice; get you to heaven: here's no place for you

there heard it agreed upon that the prince maids: so deliver I up my apes and away to should woo Hero for himself, and, having Saint Peter for the heavens; he shows me where obtained her, give her to Count Claudio.

D. John. Come, come, let us thither; this the day is long.

the day is long.

Ant. Well, niece [to Hero], I trust you will

be ruled by your father.

Beat. Yes, faith; it's my cousin's duty to make courtesy, and say, Father, as it please you: -but yet for all that, cousin, let him be a handsome fellow, or else make another courtesy, and say, Father, as it please me.

Leon. Well, niece, I hope to see you one day

fitted with a husband.

Beat. Not till God make men of some other metal than earth. Would it not grieve a woman to be over-mastered with a piece of valiant dust! to make an account of her life to a clod of wayward marl? No, uncle, I'll none: Adam's sons are my brethren; and truly, I hold it a sin to match in my kindred.

Leon. Daughter, remember what I told you: if the prince do solicit you in that kind, you

know your answer.

Beat. The fault will be in the music, cousin, if you be not wooed in good time: if the prince be too important, tell him there is measure in everything, and so dance out the answer. For hear me, Hero, wooing, wedding, and repenting is as a Scotch jig, a measure, and a cinque-pace: the first suit is hot and hasty, like a Scotch jig, and full as fantastical; the wedding, mannerly modest as a measure, full of state and ancientry; and then comes repentance, and, with his bad legs, falls into the cinque-pace faster and faster, till he sink into his grave.

Leon. Cousin, apprehend you shrewdly.

Beat. I have a good eye, uncle; I can see a

church by daylight. Leon. The revellers are entering, brother; make good room.

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Bal-Thazar; Don John, Borachio, Margaret URSULA, and others, masked.

D. Pedro. Lady, will you walk about with your friend?

Hero. So you walk softly, and look sweetly, and say nothing, I am yours for the walk; and, especially, when I walk away.

D. Pedro. With me in your company?

Hero. I may say so, when I please.

D. Pedro. And when please you to say so? Hero. When I like your favour; for God de-Leon. You may light upon a husband that fend the lute should be like the casel hath no beard.

D. Pedro. My visor is Philemon's roof; within the house is Jove.

Why, then, your visor should be Hero. thatched.

D. Pedro. Speak low, if you speak love.

Takes her aside. Balth. Well, I would you did like me.

Marg. So would not I, for your own sake; for I have many ill qualities.

Balth. Which is one?

Marg. I say my prayers aloud. Balth. I love you the better; the hearers may cry Amen.

Marg. God match me with a good dancer! Balth. Amen.

Balth. No more words; the clerk is answered. Urs. I know you well enough; you are Signior Antonio.

Ant. At a word, I am not.

Urs. I know you by the waggling of your head.

Ant. To tell you true, I counterfeit him.

Urs. You could never do him so ill-well unless you were the very man. Here's his dry hand up and down: you are he; you are he.

Ant. At a word, I am not.
Urs. Come, come; do you think I do not know you by your excellent wit? Can virtue hide itself? Go to; mum; you are he: graces will appear, and there's an end.

Beat. Will you not tell me who told you so?

Bene. No, you shall pardon me.

Beat. Nor will you not tell me who you are?

Bene. Not now.

Beat. That I was disdainful!—and that I had my good wit out of the *Hundred Merry Tales!*-Well, this was Signior Benedick that said so.

Bene. What's he? Beat. I am sure you know him well enough.

Bene. Not I, believe me. Beat. Did he never make you laugh?

Bene. I pray you, what is he? Beat. Why, he is the prince's jester: a very dull fool; only his gift is in devising impossible slanders: none but libertines delight in him; and the commendation is not in his wit but in his villainy; for he both pleaseth men and angers them, and then they laugh at him and beat him. I am sure he is in the fleet: I would he had boarded me.

Bene. When I know the gentleman I'll tell

him what you say.

Beat. Do, do: he'll but break a comparison or two on me: which, peradventure, not marked, or not laughed at, strikes him into melancholy; and then there's a partridge wing saved, for the fool will eat no supper that night. [Music within.] We must follow the leaders.

Bene. In every good thing. Beat. Nay, if they lead to any ill, I will leave them at the next turning.

[Dance. Then exeunt all but Don JOHN, BORACHIO, and CLAUDIO.

D. John. Sure, my brother is amorous on Hero, and hath withdrawn her father to break with him about it. The ladies follow her, and but one visor remains. his bearing. Bora. And that is Claudio. I know him by

D John. Are not you Signior Benedick?

Claud. You know me well; I am he. D. John. Signor, you are very near my

brother in his love: he is enamoured on Hero; I pray you dissuade him from her; she is no equal for his birth: you may do the part of an honest man in it.

Claud. How know you he loves her?

D. John. I heard him swear his affection. Bora. So did I too; and he swore he would marry her to-night.

D. John. Come, let us to the banquet.

Exeunt Don JOHN and BORACHIO.

Claud. Thus answer I in name of Benedick. But hear these ill news with the ears of Claudio.

Marg. And God keep him out of my sight 'Tis certain so:—the prince woos for himself, when the dance is done!—Answer, clerk. 'Friendship is constant in all other things. Save in the office and affairs of love:

Therefore, all hearts in love use their own tongues:

Let every eye negotiate for itself,

And trust no agent: for beauty is a witch, Against whose charms faith melteth into blood. This is an accident of hourly proof, Hero! Which I mistrusted not: farewell, therefore,

Re-enter BENEDICK.

Bene. Count Claudio? Claud. Yea, the same.

Bene. Come, will you go with me?

Claud. Whither?

Bene. Even to the next willow, about your own business, count. What fashion will you wear the garland of? About your neck, like an usurer's chain? or under your arm like a lieutenant's scarf? You must wear it one way, for the prince hath got your Hero.

Claud. I wish him joy of her.

Bene. Why, that's spoken like an honest drover; so they sell bullocks. But did you think the prince would have served you thus? Claud. I pray you, leave me.

Bene. Ho! now you strike like the blind man; 'twas the boy that stole your meat, and you'll

beat the post.

Claud. If it will not be, I'll leave you. [Exit.

Bene. Alas, poor hurt fow!! Now will he

Best that nu Lady Beatrice should know me, and not know me! The prince's fool!—Ha, it may be I go under that title because I am merry .- Yea, but so I am apt to do myself wrong: I am not so reputed: it is the base, the bitter disposition of Beatrice that puts the world into her person, and so gives me out. Well, I'll be revenged as I may.

Re-enter Don PEDRO.

D. Pedro. Now, signior, where's the count? Did you see him?

Bene. Troth, my lord, I have played the part of Lady Fame. I found him here as melancholy as a lodge in a warren; I told him, and I think I told him true, that your grace had got the good-will of this young lady; and I offered him my company to a willow tree, either to make him a garland, as being forsaken, or to bind him up a rod, as being worthy to be whipped.

D. Pedro. To be whipped! What's his fault? Bene. The flat trangression of a school-boy, who, being overjoyed with finding a bird's nest. shows it his companion, and he steals it.

D. Pedro. Wilt thou make a trust a transgression? The transgression is in the stealer.

Bene. Yet it had not been amiss the rod had been made, and the garlands too: for the garland he might have worn himself; and the rod he might have bestowed on you, who, as I take it, have stolen his bird's nest.

D. Pedro. I will but teach them to sing, and restore them to the owner.

Bene. If their singing answer your saying, by my faith, you say honestly.

to you; the gentleman that danced with her

told her she is much wronged by you.

Bene. O, she misused me past the endurance of a block; an oak but with one green leaf on it would have answered her; my very visor began to assume life and scold with her: she told me,not thinking I had been myself,-that I was the prince's jester; that I was duller than a great thaw; huddling jest upon jest with such impossible conveyance upon me, that I stood like a man at a mark, with a whole army shooting at me. She speaks poniards, and every word stabs: if her breath were as terrible as her terminations, there were no living near her; she would infect to the north star. I would not marry her though she were endowed with all that Adam had left him before he transgressed: she would have made Hercules have turned spit; yea, and have cleft his club to make the fire too. Come, talk not of her: you shall find her the infernal Ate in good apparel. I would to God some scholar would conjure her; for certainly, while she is here, a man may live as quiet in hell as in a sanctuary; and people sin upon purpose, because they would go thither: so, indeed, all disquiet, horror, and perturbation follows her.

D. Pedro. Look, here she comes.

Re-enter CLAUDIO and BEATRICE, LEONATO and HERO.

Bene. Will your grace command me any service to the world's end? I will go on the slighest errand now to the antipodes that you can devise to send me on; I will fetch you a toothpicker now from the farthest inch of Asia; bring you the length of Prester John's foot; fetch you a hair off the great Cham's beard; do you any embassage to the Pigmies;—rather than hold three words' conference with this harpy. You have no employment for me?
D. Pedro. None, but to desire your good

company.

Bene. O God, sir, here's a dish I love not; I cannot endure my Lady Tongue. Exit. D. Pedro. Come, lady, come; you have lost the heart of Signior Benedick.

Beat. Indeed, my lord, he lent it me awhile: and I gave him use for it,—a double heart for his single one: marry, once before he won it of me with false dice, therefore your grace may well say I have lost it.

D. Pedro. You have put him down, lady,

yoù have put him down.

Beat. So I would not he should do me, my lord, lest I should prove the mother of fools. I have brought Count Claudio, whom you sent me to seek. [fore are you sad?

D. Pedro. Why, how now, count! where-

Claud. Not sad, my lord.

D. Pedro. How then? Sick?

Claud. Neither, my lord.

Beat. The count is neither sad, nor sick, nor merry, nor well: but civil, count; civil as an orange, and something of that jealous com-

D. Pedro. I' faith, lady, I think your blazon to be true; though I'll be sworn, if he be so, his conceit is false. Here, Claudio, I have

D. Pedro. The Lady Beatrice hath a quarrel wooed in thy name, and fair Hero is won. have broke with her father, and his good-will obtained: name the day of marriage, and God give thee joy!

Leon. Count, take of me my daughter, and with her my fortunes; his grace hath made the

match, and all grace say Amen to it! Beat. Speak, count, 'tis your cue.

Claud. Silence is the perfectest herald of joy: I were but little happy if I could say how much. -Lady, as you are mine, I am yours: I give away myself for you, and dote upon the exchange.

Beat. Speak, cousin; or, if you cannot, stop his mouth with a kiss, and let not him speak heart.

neither.

D. Pedro. In faith, lady, you have a merry Beat. Yea, my lord; I thank it, poor fool, it keeps on the windy side of care. - My cousin tells him in his ear that he is in her heart.

Claud. And so she doth, cousin.

Beat. Good lord, for alliance!-Thus goes every one to the world but I, and I am sunburnt; I may sit in a corner and cry heighho! for a husband.

D. Pedro. Lady Beatrice, I will get you one. Beat. I would rather have one of your father's getting. Hath your grace neer a brown, wou? Your father got excellent husbands, if a you?

maid could come by them.

D. Pedro. Will you have me, lady? Beat. No, my lord, unless I might have another for working-days; your grace is too costly to wear every day. But, I beseech your grace, pardon me; I was born to speak all

mirth and no matter. D. Pedro. Your silence most offends me, and to be merry best becomes you; for, out of question, you were born in a merry hour.

Beat. No, sure, my lord, my mother cried; but then there was a star danced, and under that was I born. Cousins, God give you joy! Leon. Niece, will you look to those things I told you of?

Beat. I cry you mercy, uncle.-By your Exit BEATRICE. grace's pardon.

D. Pedro. By my troth, a pleasant-spirited

lady. Leon. There's little of the melancholy element in her, my lord: she is never sad but when she sleeps; and not ever sad then; for I have heard my daughter say she hath often dreamed of unhappiness, and waked herself

with laughing.

D. Pedro. She cannot endure to hear tell of

a husband.

Leon. O, by no means; she mocks all her [Benedick. wooers out of suit.

D. Pedro. She were an excellent wife for Leon. O Lord, my lord, if they were but a week married, they would talk themselves mad. D. Pedro. Count Claudio, when mean you to

go to church? Claud. Tomorrow, my lord. Time goes on

crutches till love have all his rites. Leon. Not till Monday, my dear son, which is hence a just seven-night; and a time too brief

too, to have all things answer my mind. D. Pedro. Come, you shake the head at so

long a breathing; but I warrant thee, Claudio,

interim undertake one of Hercules' labours; which is, to bring Signior Benedick and the Lady Beatrice into a mountain of affection the one with the other. I would fain have it a match, and I doubt not but to fashion it if you three will but minister such assistance as I shall give you direction.

Leon. My lord, I am for you, though it cost me ten nights' watchings.

Claud. And I, my lord.

D. Pedro. And you too, gentle Hero?

Hero, I will do any modest office, my lord.

to help my cousin to a good husband.

D. Pedro. And Benedick is not the unhopefullest husband that I know: thus far can I praise him; he is of a noble strain, of approved valour, and confirmed honesty. I will teach you how to humour your cousin that she shall fall in love with Benedick:-and I, with your two helps, will so practise on Benedick, that, in despite of his quick wit and his queasy stomach, he shall fall in love with Beatrice. If we can do this, Cupid is no longer an archer; his glory shall be ours, for we are the only lovegods. Go in with me, and I will tell you my drıft. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Another Room in Leonato's House.

Enter Don JOHN and BORACHIO.

D. John. It is so: the Count Claudio shall

marry the daughter of Leonato.

Bora. Yea, my lord, but I can cross it. D. John. Any bar, any cross, any impediment will be medicinal to me; I am sick in displeasure to him; and whatsoever comes athwart his affection ranges evenly with mine. How canst thou cross this marriage?

Bora. Not honestly, my lord; but so covertly

that no dishonesty shall appear in me.

D. John. Show me briefly how.

Bora. I think I told your lordship a year since how much I am in the favour of Margaret, the waiting-gentlewoman to Hero.

D. John. I remember.

Bora. I can at any unseasonable instant of the night appoint her to look out at her lady's chamber-window.

D. John. What life is in that, to be the death

of this marriage?

Bora. The poison of that lies in you to temper. Go you to the prince your brother; spare not to tell him that he hath wronged his honour in marrying the renowned Claudio-whose estimation do you mightily hold up-to a contaminated stale, such a one as Hero.

D. John. What proof shall I make of that? Bora. Proof enough to misuse the prince, to vex Claudio, to undo Hero, and kill Leonato.

Look you for any other issue?

D. John. Only to despite them I will en-

deavour anything.

Bora. Go, then; find me a meet hour to draw Don Pedro and the Count Claudio alone: tell them that you know that Hero loves me; intend a kind of zeal both to the prince and Claudio, as,-in love of your brother's honour, who hath made this match, and his friend's reputation, who is thus like to be cozened with the sem-

the time shall not go dully by us. I will in the blance of a maid,—that you have discovered interim undertake one of Hercules' labours; thus. They will scarcely believe this without trial: offer them instances; which shall bear no less likelihood than to see me at her chamberwindow; hear me call Margaret Hero; hear Margaret term me Borachio; and bring them to see this the very night before the intended wedding: for, in the meantime I will so fashion the matter that Hero shall be absent; and there shall appear such seeming truth of Hero's disloyalty that jealousy shall be called assurance. and all the preparation overthrown.

D. John. Grow this to what adverse issue it can, I will put in practice. Be cunning in the working this, and thy fee is a thousand ducats.

Bora. Be you constant in the accusation, and my cunning shall not shame me.

D. John. I will presently go learn their day of marriage. Exeunt.

> Scene III .- Leonato's Garden. Enter BENEDICK and a Boy.

Bene. Boy.-

Boy. Sigmor.

Bene. In my chamber-window lies a book: bring it hither to me in the orchard.

Boy. I am here already, sir.

Bene. I know that, but I would have thee hence and here again. [Exit Boy.] I do much wonder that one man, seeing how much another man is a fool, when he dedicates his behaviours to love, will, after he hath laughed at such shallow follies in others, become the argument of his own scorn by falling in love. And such a man is Claudio. I have known when there was no music in him but the drum and fife; and now had he rather hear the tabor and the pipe: I have known when he would have walked ten mile afoot to see a good armour; and now will he lie ten nights awake carving the fashion of a new doublet. He was wont to speak plain and to the purpose, like an honest man and a soldier; and now is he turned orthographer; his words are a very fantastical banquet, just so many strange dishes. May I be so converted, and see with these eyes? I cannot tell: I think not: I will not be sworn but Love may transform me to an oyster; but I'll take my oath on it, till he have made an oyster of me he shall never make me such a fool. One woman is fair; yet I am well: another is wise; yet I am well: another virtuous; yet I am well: but till all graces be in one woman, one woman shall not come in my grace. Rich she shall be, that's certain; wise, or I'll none; virtuous, or I'll never cheapen her; fair, or I'll never look on her; mild, or come not near me; noble, or not I for an angel; of good discourse, an excellent musician, and her hair shall be of what colour it please God. the prince and Monsieur Love! I will hide me in the arbour. Withdraws.

Enter DON PEDRO, LEONATO, and CLAUDIO D. Pedro. Come, shall we hear this music? Claud. Yea, my good lord.—How still the evening is,

As hushed on purpose to grace harmony! D. Pedro. See you where Benedick hath hid himself?

Claud. O, very well, my lord: the music We'll fit the kid-fox with a pennyworth. [ended.

Enter BALTHAZAR, with Music.

D. Pedro. Come, Balthazar, we'll hear that song again. fvoice Balth, O, good my lord, tax not so bad a

To slander music any more than once. D. Pedro. It is the witness still of excellency To put a strange face on his own perfection: I pray thee, sing, and let me woo no more.

Balth. Because you talk of wooing, I will sing:

Since many a wooer doth commence his suit To her he thinks not worthy; yet he woos; Yet will he swear he loves.

D. Pedro. Nay, pray thee, come: Or, if thou wilt hold longer argument,

Do it in notes.

Note this before my notes Balth. There's not a note of mine that's worth the noting. he speaks,

D. Pedro. Why, these are very crotchets that Note notes, forsooth, and noting! Music. Bene. Now, divine air! now is his soul ravished! Is it not strange that sheeps' guts should hale souls out of men's bodies?—Well, a horn for my money, when all's done.

BALTHAZAR sings.

Sigh no more, ladies, sigh no more; Men were deceivers ever, One foot in sea and one on shore, To one thing constant never; Then sigh not so, But let them go, And be you blithe and bonny;

Converting all your sounds of woe Into Hey nonny, nonny.

Sing no more ditties, sing no mo Of dumps so dull and heavy; The fraud of men was ever so Since summer first was leavy. Then sigh not so, &c.

D. Pedro. By my troth, a good song. Balth. And an ill singer, my lord. Claud. Ha, no; no, faith; thou singest well

enough for a shift.

Bene. [Aside.] An he had been a dog that should have howled thus they would have hanged him: and I pray God his bad voice bode no mischief! I had as lief have heard the night-rayen, come what plague could have come after it.

D. Pedro. Yea, marry [to CLAUDIO] .- Dost thou hear, Balthazar! I pray thee get us some excellent music; for to-morrow night we would

have it at the lady Hero's chamber-window. Balth. The best I can, my lord.

D. Pedro. Do so: farewell. [Exeunt Bal-THAZAR and Music.] Come hither, Leonato. What was it you told me of to-day, -that your niece Beatrice was in love with Signior Benedick?

Claud. O ay:-stalk on, stalk on; the fowl sits aside to PEDRO. I did never think that lady would have loved any man.

Leon. No, nor I neither; but most wonderful that she should so dote on Signior Benedick, whom she hath in all outward behaviours seemed even to abhor.

Bene. Is 't possible? Sits the wind in that

[Aside. corner? Leon. By my troth, my lord, I cannot tell what to think of it; but that she loves him with an enraged affection,-it is past the infinite of thought.

D. Pedro. May be she doth but counterfeit.

Claud. 'Faith, like enough.

Leon. O God! counterfeit! There was never counterfeit of passion came so near the life of passion as she discovers it.

D. Pedro. Why, what effects of passion shows she?

Claud. Bait the hook well; this fish will bite. Aside. Leon. What effects, my lord! She will sit

you,-You heard my daughter tell you how.

Claud. She did, indeed.

D. Pedro. How, how, I pray you? You amaze me: I would have thought her spirit had been invincible against all assaults of affection. Leon. I would have sworn it had, my lord; especially against Benedick.

Bene. [Aside.] I should think this a gull, but that the white-bearded fellow speaks it: knav-

ery cannot, sure, hide itself in such reverence. Claud. He hath ta'en the infection; hold it

D. Pedro. Hath she made her affection known to Benedick.

Leon. No; and swears she never will: that's her torment.

Claud. 'Tis true, indeed; so your daughter says: Shall I, says she, that have so oft encountered him with scorn, write to him that I love him?

Leon. This says she now, when she is beginning to write to him: for she'll be up twenty times a night: and there will she sit in her smock till she have writ a sheet of paper:-my daughter tells us all.

Claud. Now you talk of a sheet of paper, I remember a pretty jest your daughter told us of. Leon. O!-When she had writ it, and was reading it over, she found Benedick, and Beat-

nce between the sheet?--

Claud. That.
Leon. Ol she tore the letter into a thousand halfpence; railed at herself that she should be so immodest to write to one that she knew would flout her. I measure him, says she, by my own sprit; for I shall flout him if he writ to me; yea, though I love him, I should. Claud. Then down upon her knees she falls,

weeps, sobs, beats her heart, tears her hair, prays, curses;-O sweet Benedich! God give

me patience!

Leon. She doth indeed; my daughter says so; and the ecstasy hath so much overborne her that my daughter is sometime afraid she will do a desperate outrage to herself. It is very true.

D. Pedro. It were good that Benedick knew of it by some other, if she will not discover it. Claud. To what end? He would but make a sport of it, and torment the poor lady worse. D. Pedro. An he should, it were an alms to seems her affections have their full bent. Love hang him. She's an excellent sweet lady; mel why, it must be required. I hear how I and, out of all suspicion, she is virtuous.

Claud. And she is exceeding wise. dick. D. Pedro. In everything but in loving Bene-

Leon. O my lord, wisdom and blood combating in so tender a body, we have ten proofs to one that blood hath the victory. I am sorry for her, as I have just cause, being her uncle and her guardian.

D. Pedro. I would she had bestowed this dotage on me: I would have daffed all other respects and made her half myself. I pray you, tell Benedick of it, and hear what he will say.

Leon. Were it good, think you?

Claud. Hero thinks surely she will die; for she says she will die if he love her not; and she will die ere she makes her love known: and she will die if he woo her, rather than she will bate one breath of her accustomed crossness.

D. Pedro. She doth well; if she should make tender of her love, 'tis very possible, he'll scorn it: for the man, as you know all, hath a contemptible spirit.

Claud. He is a very proper man.

happiness.

Claud. 'Fore God, and in my mind, very wise. D. Pedro. He doth, indeed, show some sparks that are like wit.

Leon. And I take him to be valiant.

D. Pedro. As Hector, I assure you: and in the managing of quarrels you may say he is wise; for either he avoids them with great discretion, or undertakes them with a most Christian-like fear.

Leon. If he do fear God, he must necessarily keep peace; if he break the peace, he ought to enter into a quarrel with fear and trembling.

D. Pedro. And so will he do; for the man doth fear God, howseever it seems not in him by some large jests he will make. Well, I am sorry for your niece. Shall we go see Benedick, and tell him of her love?

Claud. Never tell him, my lord; let her wear it out with good counsel.

Leon. Nay, that's impossible; she may wear her heart out first.

D. Pedro. Well, we'll hear further of it by your daughter: let it cool the while. I love Benedick well: and I could wish he would modestly examine himself, to see how much he is unworthy to have so good a lady.

Leon. My lord, will you walk? dinner is ready.

Claud. If he do not dote on her upon this, I will never trust my expectation. [Aside.

D. Pedro. Let there be the same net spread for her: and that must your daughter and her gentlewoman carry. The sport will be when they hold one an opinion of another's dotage, and no such matter; that's the scene that I would see, which will be merely a dumb show. Let us send her to call him in to dinner. [Aside. [Excunt Don Pedro, Claudio, and Leonato.

BENEDICK advances from the arbour.

Bene. This can be no trick. The conference was sadly borne.-They have the truth of this from Hero. They seem to pity the lady; it presently.

me! why, it must be requited. I hear how I am censured: they say I will bear myself proudly if I perceive the love come from her; they say, too, that she will rather die than give any sign of affection.-I did never think to marry-I must not seem proud.-Happy are they that hear their detractions and can put them to mending. They say the lady is fair: tis a truth, I can bear them witness: and virtuous-'tis so, I cannot reprove it; and wise, but for loving me. - By my troth, it is no addition, to her wit;—nor no great argument of her folly, for I will be horribly in love with her.— I may chance have some odd quirks and remnants of wit broken on me because I have railed so long against marriage; but doth not the appetite alter? A man loves the meat in his youth that he cannot endure in his age. Shall quips, and sentences, and these paper bullets of the brain awe a man from the career of his humour? No: the world must be peopled. When I said I would die a bachelor I did not think I should live till I were married. -Here comes Beatrice. By this day, she's a D. Pedro. He hath, indeed, a good outward fair lady: I do spy some marks of love in her.

Enter BEATRICE.

Beat. Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner. pains.

Bene. Fair Beatrice, I thank you for your Beat. I took no more pains for those thanks than you take pains to thank me; if it had been painful I would not have come. [sage? Bene. You take pleasure, then, in the mes-

Beat. Yea, just so much as you may take upon a knife's point, and choke a daw withal, -You have no stomach, signior; fare you well.

Bene. Ha! Against my will I am sent to bid you come to dinner-there's a double meaning in that. I took no more pains for those thanks than you took pains to thank me-that's as much as to say, Any pains that I take for you is as easy as thanks.—If I do not take pity on her, I am a villain; if I do not love her, I am a Yew: I will go get her picture.

ACT III.

Scene I .- Leonato's Garden.

Enter HERO, MARGARET and URSULA. Hero. Good Margaret, run thee into the

parlour;

There shalt thou find my cousin Beatrice Proposing with the prince and Claudio: Whisper her ear, and tell her I and Ursula Walk in the orchard, and our whole discourse Is all of her; say that thou overheard'st us; And bid her steal into the pleached bower, Where honeysuckles, ripen'd by the sun, Forbid the sun to enter;—like favourites, Made proud by princes, that advance their pride Against that power that bred it:—there will she hide her.

This is thy office. To listen to our purpose. Bear thee well in it, and leave us alone.

Marg. I'll make her come, I warrant you, Exit.

Hero, Now, Ursula, when Beatrice doth come She'd mock me into air; O, she would laugh As we do trace this alley up and down, Our talk must only be of Benedick: When I do name him, let it be thy part To praise him more than ever man did merit: My talk to thee must be how Benedick Is sick in love with Beatrice. Of this matter Is little Cupid's crafty arrow made, That only wounds by hearsay. Now begin;

Enter BEATRICE, behind,

For look where Beatrice, like a lapwing, runs Close by the ground, to hear our conference.

Urs. The pleasant'st angling is to see the fish

Cut with her golden oars the silver stream, And greedily devour the treacherous bait. So angle we for Beatrice; who even now Is couched in the woodbine overture: Fear you not my part of the dialogue.

Hero. Then go we near her, that her ear lose nothing

Of the false sweet bait that we lay for it .-[They advance to the bower. No, truly, Ursula, she is too disdainful;

I know her spirits are as coy and wild As haggards of the rock.

But are you sure Urs. That Benedick loves Beatrice so entirely?

Hero. So says the prince and my new-trothed lard madam?

Urs. And did they bid you tell her of it, Hero. They did entreat me to acquaint her of it

But I persuaded them, if they lov'd Benedick, To wish him wrestle with affection, And never to let Beatrice know of it. man

Urs. Why did you so? Doth not the gentle-Deserve as full, as fortunate a bed As ever Beatrice shall couch upon?

Hero. O God of love! I know he doth de-As much as may be yielded to a man: But nature never framed a woman's heart Of prouder stuff than that of Beatrice: Disdain and scorn ride sparkling in her eyes, Misprizing what they look on; and her wit Values itself so highly, that to her All else seems weak: she cannot love Nor take no shape nor project of affection, She is so self-endeared.

Sure, I think so; And therefore, certainly, it were not good She knew his love, lest she make sport at it. Hero. Why, you speak truth: I never yet saw man, featured.

How wise, how noble, young, how rarely But she would spell him backward: if fair-faced, how rarely She'd swear the gentleman should be her sister; If black, why, Nature, drawing of an antic, Made a foul blot; if tall, a lance ill-headed; If low, an agate very vilely cut: If speaking, why, a vane blown with all winds; If silent, why, a block moved with none. So turns she every man the wrong side out; And never gives to truth and virtue that Which simpleness and merit purchaseth.

Urs. Sure, sure, such carping is not commendable. fashions

Hero. No: not to be so odd and from all As Beatrice is, cannot be commendable: But who dare tell her so? If I should speak,

Out of myself, press me to death with wit. Therefore let Benedick, like covered fire, Consume away in sighs, waste inwardly: It were a better death than die with mocks: Which is as bad as die with tickling.

Urs. Yet tell her of it; hear what she will Hero. No; rather I will go to Benedick And counsel him to fight against his passion: And, truly, I'll devise some honest slanders To stain my cousin with. One doth not know How much an ill word may empoison liking.

Urs. O, do not do your cousin such a wrong. She cannot be so much without true judgment,-Having so swift and excellent a wit As she is priz'd to have,—as to refuse

So rare a gentleman as Signior Benedick.

Hero. He is the only man of Italy, Always excepted my dear Claudio.

Urs. I pray you be not angry with me, madam. Speaking my fancy; Signior Benedick, For shape, for bearing, argument, and valour, Goes foremost in report through Italy.

Hero. Indeed, he hath an excellent good name. lit.-

Urs. His excellence did earn it ere he had When are you married, madam? [go in; Hero. Why, every day;—to-morrow. Come, I'll show thee some attires, and have thy counsel Which is the best to furnish me to-morrow.

Urs. [Aside.] She's lim'd, I warrant you; we have caught her, madam.

Hero. If it prove so, then loving goes by haps Some Cupid kills with arrows, some with traps.

Exeunt HERO and URSULA.

BEATRICE advances.

Beat. What fire is in mine ears? Can this be true? much?

Stand I condemn'd for pride, and scorn so Contempt, farewell! and maiden pride, adieu!
No glory lives behind the back of such. And, Benedick, love on; I will requite thee;

Taming my wild heart to thy loving hand: If thou dost love, my kindness shall incite thee To bind our loves up in a holy band: For others say thou dost deserve, and I

Believe it better than reportingly. Exit.

Scene II .- A Room in Leonato's House.

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, and LEONATO.

D. Pedro. I do but stay till your marriage be consummate, and then I go toward Arragon.

Claud. I'll bring you thither, my lord, if you'll vouchsafe me.

D. Pedro. Nay, that would be as great a soil in the new gloss of your marriage as to show a child his new coat, and forbid him to wear it. I will only be bold with Benedick for his company; for, from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, he is all mirth; he hath twice or thrice cut Cupid's bow-string, and the little hangman dare not shoot at him: he hath a heart as sound as a bell, and his tongue is the clapper; for what his heart thinks his tongue speaks.

Bene. Gallants, I am not as I have been.

Leon. So say I; methinks you are sadder.

Claud. I hope he be in love.

D. Pedro. Hang him, truant; there's no true drop of blood in him to be truly touched with love: if he be sad he wants money.

Bene. I have the toothache.

D. Pedro. Draw it

Bene. Hang itl

Claud. You must hang it first and draw it afterwards.

D. Pedro. What, sigh for the toothache! Leon. Where is but a humour or a worm! Bene. Well, every one can master a grief but

he that has it.

Claud. Yet, say I, he is in love.

D. Pedro. There is no appearance of fancy in him, unless it be a fancy that he hath to strange disguises; as, to be a Dutchman to-day, a Frenchman to-morrow, or in the shape of two countries at once, as a German from the waist downward, all slops, and a Spaniard from the hip upward, no doublet. Unless he have a fancy to this foolery, as it appears he hath, he is no fool for fancy, as you would have it appear

Claud. If he be not in love with some woman there is no believing old signs: he brushes his hat o'mornings: what should that bode?

D. Pedro. Hath any man seen him at the

barber's?

Claud. No, but the barber's man hath been seen with him; and the old ornament of his cheek hath already stuffed tennis-balls.

Leon. Indeed, he looks younger than he did, by the loss of a beard.

D. Pedro. Nay, he rubs himself with civet. Can you smell him out by that?

Claud. That's as much as to say the sweet youth's in love.

D. Pedro. The greatest note of it is his

[face? melancholy. Claud. And when was he wont to wash his D. Pedro. Yea, or to paint himself? for the

which I hear what they say of him. Claud. Nay, but his jesting spirit; which is

now crept into a lute-string, and now governed by stops. D. Pedro. Indeed, that tells a heavy tale for

him: conclude, conclude, he is in love. Claud. Nay, but I know who loves him. D. Pedro. That would I know too; I war-

rant one that knows him not.

Claud. Yes, and his ill conditions; and, in despite of all, dies for him. lupwards. D. Pedro. She shall be buried with her face

Bene. Yet is this no charm for the toothache. Old signior, walk aside with me; I have studied eight or nine wise words to speak to you, which these hobby-horses must not hear. Exeunt BENEDICK and LEONATO.

D. Pedro. For my life, to break with him

about Beatrice.

Claud. 'Tis even so: Hero and Margaret have by this played their parts with Beatrice; and then the two bears will not bite one another when they meet.

Enter Don JOHN.

D. John. My lord and brother, God save you. D. Pedro. Good den, brother.

D. John. If your leisure served, I would speak with you.

D. Pedro. In private?

D. John. If it please you; yet Count Claudio may hear; for what I would speak of concerns him.

D. Pedro. What's the matter?
D. John. Means your lordship to be married to-morrow? [To CLAUDIO. D. Pedro. You know he does.

D. John. I know not that, when he knows

what I know. Claud. If there be any impediment, I pray

von discover it.

D. John. You may think I love you not: let that appear hereafter, and aim better at me by that I now will manifest. For my brother, I think he holds you well, and in dearness of heart hath holp to effect your ensuing marriage; surely suit ill spent, and labour ill bestowed!

D. Pedro. Why, what's the matter? D. John. I came bither to tell you: and,

circumstances shortened,-for she hath been too long a-talking of,—the lady is disloyal. Claud. Who? Hero?

D. John. Even she; Leonato's Hero, your Hero, every man's Hero.

Claud. Disloyal?

D. John. The word is too good to paint out her wickedness; I could say she were worse: think you of a worse title and I will fit her to it. Wonder not till further warrant: go but with me to-night, you shall see her chamber-window entered, even the night before her weddingday: if you love her then, to-morrow wed her: but it would better fit your honour to change your mind.

Claud. May this be so?

D. Pedro. I will not think it.

D. John. If you dare not trust that you see confess not that you know: if you will follow me I will show you enough; and when you have seen more, and heard more, proceed accordingly

Claud. If I see anything to-night why I should not marry her to-morrow, in the congregation where I should wed, there will I

shame her.

D. Pedro. And, as I wooed for thee to obtain her, I will join with thee to disgrace her.

D. John. I will disparage her no farther till you are my witnesses: bear it coldly but till midnight, and let the issue show itself.

D. Pedro. O day untowardly turned! Claud. O mischief strangely thwarting!

D. John. O plague right well prevented! So will you say when you have seen the sequel. Exeunt.

Scene III .- A Street.

Enter Dogberry and Verges, with the Watch.

Dogb. Are you good men and true?

Verg. Yea, or else it were pity but they should suffer salvation, body and soul.

Dogb. Nay, that were a punishment too good for them, if they should have any allegiance in them, being chosen for the prince's watch.

Verg. Well, give them their charge, neigh-

bour Dogberry.

Aside.

Dogb. First, who think you the most desertless man to be constable?

r Watch. Hugh Oatcake, sir, or George

Seacoal; for they can write and read.

Dogb. Come hither, neighbor Seacoal: God hath blessed you with a good name: to be a well-favoured man is the gift of fortune: but to

write and read comes by nature.

2 Watch. Both which, master constable,-Dogb. You have; I knew it would be your Well, for your favour, sir, why, give God thanks, and make no boast of it; and for your writing and reading, let that appear when there is no need of such vanity. You are thought here to be the most senseless and fit man for the constable of the watch; therefore bear you the lantern. This is your charge;— you shall comprehend all vagrom men; you are to bid any man stand, in the prince's name. 2 Watch. How if'a will not stand?

Dogb. Why, then, take no note of him, but let him go; and presently call the rest of the watch together, and thank God you are rid of a knave.

Verg. If he will not stand when he is bidden,

he is none of the prince's subjects.

Dogb. True, and they are to meddle with none but the prince's subjects .- You shall also make no noise in the streets; for, for the watch to babble and talk is most tolerable and not to be endured.

2 Watch. We will rather sleep than talk;

we know what belongs to a watch.

Dogb. Why, you speak like an ancient and most quiet watchman; for I cannot see how sleeping should offend; only, have a care that your bills be not stolen.—Well, you are to call at all the ale-houses, and bid them that are drunk get them to bed.

2 Watch. How if they will not?

Dogb. Why, then, let them alone till they are sober; if they make you not then the better answer, you may say they are not the men you took them for.

2 Watch. Well, sir.

Dogb. If you meet a thief, you may suspect him, by virtue of your office, to be no true man: and, for such kind of men, the less you meddle or make with them, why, the more is for your

2 Watch. If we know him to be a thief,

shall we not lay hands on him?

Dogb. Truly, by your office you may; but I think they that touch pitch will be defiled: the most peaceable way for you, if you do take a thief, is to let him show himself what he is, and steal out of your company.

Verg. You have been always called a merci-

ful man, partner.

Dogb. Truly, I would not hang a dog by my will; much more a man who hath any honesty in him.

Verg. If you hear a child cry in the night you must call to the nurse and bid her still it.

2 Watch. How if the nurse be asleep and

will not hear us?

Dogb. Why, then, depart in peace, and let the child wake her with crying: for the ewe that will not hear her lamb when it bass will never answer a calf when he bleats.

Verg. 'Tis very true.

Dogb. This is the end of the charge. You, constable, are to present the prince's own person; if you meet the prince in the night you may stay him.

Verg. Nay, by'r lady, that I think 'a cannot. Dogby. Five shillings to one on 't, with any man that knows the statutes, he may stay him: marry, not without the prince be willing: for, indeed, the watch ought to offend no man; and it is an offence to stay a man against his will.

Verg. By'r lady, I think it be so.

Dogb. Ha, ha, ha! Well, masters, good night: an there be any matter of weight chances, call up me: keep your fellows' counsels and your own, and good night.— Come, neighbour. 2 Watch. Well,

2 Watch. Well, masters, we hear our charge: let us go sit here upon the church-

bench till two, and then all to bed.

Dogb. One word more, honest neighbours: I pray you, watch about Signior Leonato's door; for the wedding being there to-morrow, there is a great coil to-night. Adieu, be vigilant, I beseech you.

(Exeunt Dogberry and Verges.

Enter BORACHIO and CONRADE.

Bora. What, Conrade!-

Watch. Peace, stir not.

Bora. Conrade, I say!

Con. Here, man, I am at thy elbow.

Bora. Mass, and my elbow itched; I thought there would a scab follow.

Con. I will owe thee an answer for that; and

now forward with thy tale.

Bora. Stand thee close then under this penthouse, for it drizzles rain; and I will, like a true drunkard, utter all to thee.

Watch. [Aside.] Some treason,

yet stand close.

Borg. Therefore know, I have earned of Don John a thousand ducats. Con. Is it possible that any villainy should be

Bora. Thou shouldst rather ask if it were possible any villainy should be so rich; for when rich villains have need of poor ones, poor ones may make what price they will.

Con. I wonder at it.

Bora. That shows thou art unconfirmed. Thou knowest that the fashion of a doublet, or a hat, or a cloak is nothing to a man.

Con. Yes, it is apparel.

Bora. I mean the fashion.

Con. Yes, the fashion is the fashion.

Bora. Tush! I may as well say the fool's the But seest thou not what a deformed thief this fashion is?

Watch. I know that Deformed; 'a has been a vile thief this seven year; 'a goes up and down like a gentleman: I remember his name. Bora. Didst thou not hear somebody?

Con. No: 'twas the vane on the house.

Bora. Seest thou not, I say, what a deformed thief this fashion is? how giddily he turns about all the hot bloods between fourteen and fiveand-thirty? sometimes fashioning them like Pharaoh's soldiers in the reechy painting; sometimes like god Bel's priests in the old church window; sometimes like the shaven Hercules

in the smirched worm-eaten tapestry, where his cod-piece seems as massy as his club?

Con. All this I see; and see that the fashion wears out more apparel than the man. But art not thou thyself giddy with the fashion too, that thou hast shifted out of thy tale into telling me of the fashion?

Bora. Not so neither; but know that I have to-night wooed Margaret, the Lady Here's gentlewoman, by the name of Hero; she leans me out at her mistress's chamber-window, bids me a thousand times good night,—I tell this tale vilely:—I should first tell thee, how the prince, Claudio, and my master, planted and placed and possessed by my master Don John, saw afar off in the orchard this amiable encounter.

Con. And thought they Margaret was Hero? Bora. Two of them did, the prince and Claudio; but the devil my master knew she was Margaret; and partly by his oaths, which first possessed them, partly by the dark of night, which did deceive them, but chiefly by my villany, which did confirm any slander that Don John had made, away went Claudio enraged: swore he would meet her, as he was appointed, next morning at the temple, and there, before the whole congregation, shame her with what he saw over-night, and send her home again without a husband.

I Watch. We charge you in the prince's

name, stand.

2 Watch. Call up the right master constable: we have here recovered the most dangerous piece of lechery that ever was known in the commonwealth.

I Watch. And one Deformed is one of them; I know him, 'a wears a lock.

Con. Masters, masters! 2 Watch, You'll be made bring Deformed forth, I warrant you.

Con. Masters,

I Watch. Never speak: we charge you, let

us obey you to go with us.

Bora. We are like to prove a goodly commo-

dity, being taken up of these men's bills. Con. A commodity in question, I warrant Exeunt. you. Come, we'll obey you.

SCENE IV .- A Room in LEONATO'S House.

Enter Hero, Margaret, and Ursula.

Hero. Good Ursula, wake my cousin Beat- long have you professed apprehension? rice, and desire her to rise.

Urs. I will, lady.

Hero. And bid her come hither.

Urs. Well.

Exit URSULA. Marg. Troth, I think your other rabato were [thus.

Hero. No, pray thee, good Meg, I'll wear Marg. By my troth, it's not so good; and I warrant your cousin will say so.

Hero. My cousin's a fool, and thou art an-

other: I'll wear none but this.

Marg. I like the new tire within excellently. if the hair were a thought browner: and your gown's a most rare fashion, i' faith. I saw the Duchess of Milan's gown that they praise so. " Hero. O. that exceeds, they say.

Marg. By my troth, it's but a night-gown in respect of yours. Cloth of gold, and cuts, and laced with silver; set with pearls, down-sleeves, side-sleeves, and skirts round, underborne with a blueish tinsel: but for a fine, quaint, graceful, and excellent fashion, yours is worth ten on 't.

Hero. God give me joy to wear it, for my

heart is exceeding heavy!

Marg. 'Twill be heavier soon, by the weight of a man.

Hero. Fie upon thee! art not ashamed?

Marg. Of what, lady? of speaking honour-Is not marriage honourable in a beggar? Is not your lord honourable without marriage? I think, you would have me say, saving your reverence,-a husband: an bad thinking do not wrest true speaking I'll offend nobody. Is there any harm in-the heavier for a husband? None, I think, an it be the right husband and the right wife; otherwise 'tis light, and not heavy. Ask my Lady Beatrice else,-here she comes.

Enter BEATRICE.

Hero. Good morrow, coz.

Beat. Good morrow, sweet Hero.

Hero. Why, how now! do you speak in the sick tune?

Beat. I am out of all other tune, methinks. Marg. Clap's into Light o' love; that goes without a burden: do you sing it and I'll dance

Beat. Yes, Light o' love, with your heels!then if your husband have stables enough, you'll

see he shall lack no barns. Marg. O illegitimate construction! I scorn

that with my heels.

Beat. 'Tis almost five o'clock, cousin; 'tis time you were ready. By my troth, I am exceeding ill:-hey-ho!

Marg. For a hawk, a horse, or a husband? Beat. For the letter that begins them all, H. Marg. Well, an you be not turned Turk, there's no more sailing by the star.

Beat. What means the fool, trow?

Marg. Nothing I; but God send every one their heart's desire! Hero. These gloves the count sent me; they

are an excellent perfume.

Beat. I am stuffed, cousin, I cannot smell. Marg. A maid and stuffed! there's goodly

catching of cold.

Beat. O, God help me! God help me! how

Marg. Ever since you left it:-doth not my

wit become me rarely? Beat. It is not seen enough; you should wear

it in your cap .- By my troth, I am sick. Marg. Get you some of this distilled Carduus

Benedictus and lay it to your heart; it is the

only thing for a qualm.

Hero. There thou prick'st her with a thistle.

Beat. Benedictus! why Benedictus? you have some moral in this Benedictus,

Marg. Moral? no, by my troth, I have no moral meaning; I meant plain holy-thistle. You may think, perchance, that I think you are in love: nay, by'r lady, I am not such a fool to think what I list; nor I list not to think what I can; nor, indeed, I cannot think, if I would

think my heart out of thinking, that you are in love, or that you will be in love, or that you can be in love: yet Benedick was such another, and now is he become a man: he swore he would never marry; and yet now, in despite of his heart, he eats his meat without grudging: and how you may be converted I know not; but methinks you look with your eyes as other women do.

Beat. What pace is this that thy tongue Marg. Not a false gallop.

Re-enter Ursula.

Urs. Madam, withdraw; the prince, the count, Signior Benedick, Don John, and all the gallants of the town are come to fetch you

Hero. Help to dress me, good coz, good Meg. good Ursula. [Exeunt.

SCENE V .- Another Room in LEONATO'S House.

Leon. What would you with me, honest neighbor?

Dogb. Marry, sir, I would have some confidence with you that discerns you nearly.

Leon. Brief, I pray you; for you see 'tis a

busy time with me.

Dogb. Marry, this it is, sir.

Verg. Yes, in truth it is, sir. Leon. What is it, my good friends? Dogb. Goodman Verges, sir, speaks a little off the matter: an old man, sir, and his wits are not so blunt as, God help, I would desire they were: but, in faith, honest as the skin between his brows.

Verg. Yes, I thank God I am as honest as any man living that is an old man and no honester than I.

Dogb. Comparisons are odorous: palabras,

neighbour Verges.

Leon. Neighbours, you are tedious.

Dogb. It pleases your worship to say so, but we are the poor duke's officers: but, truly, for mine own part, if I were as tedious as a king, I could find in my heart to bestow it all of your worship.

Leon. All thy tediousness on me! ha!

Dogb. Yea, and 'twere a thousand times more than 'tis: for I hear as good exclamation on your worship as of any man in the city; and though I be but a poor man, I am glad to hear

Verg. And so am I.

Leon. I would fain know what you have to Verg. Marry, sir, our watch to-night, excepting your worship's presence, have ta'en a couple of as arrant knaves as any in Messina.

Dogb. A good old man, sir; he will be talking; as they say, When the age is in the wit is out; God help us! it is a world to see!-Well said, i' faith, neighbour Verges:-well, God's a good man; an two men ride of a horse, one must ride behind .- An honest soul, i' faith, sir; by my troth he is, as ever broke bread: but God is to be worshipped. All men are not alike,-alas, good neighbour! [of you of you.

Leon. Indeed, neighbour, he comes too short Dogb. Gifts that God gives.

Leon. I must leave you.

Dogb. One word, sir: our watch, sir, have indeed comprehended two auspicious persons. and we would have them this morning examined before your worship.

Leon. Take their examination yourself, and bring it me; I am now in great haste, as it may

appear unto you.

Dogb. It shall be suffigance. Leon. Drink some wine ere you go: fare you

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, they stay for you to give your daughter to her husband.

Leon. I will wait upon them: I am ready. [Exeunt LEON. and Messenger.

Dogb. Go, good partner, go, get you to Francis Seacoal; bid him bring his pen and inkhorn to the gaol: we are now to examination these men.

Verg. And we must do it wisely.

Dogb. We will spare for no wit, I warrant, you; here's that [touching his forehead] shall drive some of them to a non com: only get the learned writer to set down our excommunication, and meet me at the gaol. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- The inside of a Church.

Enter Don Pedro, Don John, Leonato, Friar, Claudio, Benedick, Hero, and BEATRICE, &c.

Leon. Come, Friar Francis, be brief: only to the plain form of marriage, and you shall re-

count their particular duties afterwards. Friar. You come hither, my lord, to marry this lady?

Claud. No. [to marry her. Leon. To be married to her, friar; you come Friar. Lady, you come hither to be married

to this count?

Hero. I do. Friar. If either of you, know any inward impediment why you should not be conjoined I charge you, on your souls, to utter it.

Claud. Know you any, Hero? Hero. None, my lord.

Friar. Know you any, count?

Leon. I dare make his answer, none.

Claud. O, what men dare do! what men may do! what men daily do! not knowing what they do!

Bene. How now! Interjections? Why.

then, some be laughing, as, ha! ha! he! Claud. Stand thee by, friar:—Father, by your leave;

Will you with free and unconstrained soul Give me this maid, your daughter?

Leon. As freely, son, as God did give her me. Claud. And what have I to give you back, whose worth

May counterpoise this rich and precious gift? D. Pedro. Nothing, unless you render her

[thankfulness.again. Claud. Sweet prince, you learn me noble There, Leonato, take her back again;

Give not this rotten orange to your friend; She's but the sign and semblance of her

honour.---

Behold, how like a maid she blushes here! O, what authority and show of truth Can cunning sin cover itself withal! Comes not that blood as modest evidence To witness simple virtue? Would you not swear, All you that see her, that she were a maid, By these exterior shows? But she is none: She knows the heat of a luxurious bed: Her blush is guiltiness, not modesty

Leon. What do you mean, my lord? Not to be married, Claud. Not to knit my soul to an approved wanton. Leon. Dear, my lord, if you, in your own

proof Have vanguish'd the resistance of her youth,

And made defeat of her virginity,

Claud. I know what you would say: If I have known her, You'll say, she did embrace me as a husband, And so extenuate the 'forehand sin:

No, Leonato,

I never tempted her with word too large; But, as a brother to his sister, show'd Bashful sincerity and comely love.

Hero. And seem'd I ever otherwise to you? Claud. Out on thy seeming! I will write āgainst it:

You seem to me as Dian in her orb; As chaste as is the bud ere it be blown; But you are more intemperate in your blood Than Venus, or those pamper'd animals [so wide? That rage in savage sensuality.

Hero. Is my lord well, that he doth speak Claud. Sweet prince, why speak not you? D. Pedro. What should I speak? I stand dishonour'd, that have gone about

To link my dear friend to a common stale. Leon. Are these things spoken? or do I but

dream? D. John. Sir, they are spoken, and these

things are true.

Bene. This looks not like a nuptial. True!-O God! Hero. [brother? Claud. Leonato, stand I here? Is this the prince? Is this the prince's Is this face Hero's? Are our eyes our own?

Leon. All this is so; but what of this, my lord? your daughter; Claud. Let me but move one question to

And, by that fatherly and kindly power That you have in her, bid her answer truly. Leon. I charge thee do so, as thou art my

child. Hero. O God defend me! how am I beset!-What kind of catechising call you this?

Claud. To make you answer truly to your name. Hero. Is it not Hero? Who can blot that

With any just reproach? Marry, that can Hero;

Hero itself can blot out Hero's virtue. What man was he talk'd with you yesternight Out at your window, betwixt twelve and one? Now, if you are a maid, answer to this.

Hero. I talk'd with no man at that hour, my lord. [Leonato.

D. Pedro. Why, then are you no maiden. I am sorry you must hear: upon mine honour, Myself, my brother, and this grieved count, Did see her, hear her, at that hour last night,

Talk with a ruffian at her chamber-window; Who hath, indeed, most like a liberal villain, Confess'd the vile encounters they have had A thousand times in secret.

D. John. Fie, fie! they are Not to be named, my lord, not to be spoke of; There is not chastity enough in language, Without offence, to utter them. Thus, pretty

lady,

I am sorry for thy much misgovernment. Claud O Hero! what a Hero hadst thou

If half thy outward graces had been placed About thy thoughts and counsels of thy heart! But fare thee well, most foul, most fair! farewell.

Thou pure impiety and impious purity! For thee I'll lock up all the gates of love. And on my eyelids shall conjecture hang, To turn all beauty into thoughts of harm, And never shall it be more gracious.

Leon. Hath no man's dagger here a point for me? HERO swoons. Beat. Why, how now, cousin? wherefore sink you down?

D. John. Come, let us go: these things, come thus to light,

Smother her spirits up.

Exeunt D. PEDRO, D. JOHN, and CLAUDIO Bene. How doth the lady?

Beat. Dead, I think; -help, uncle; -Hero! why, Hero!-Uncle!-Signior Benedick!-friar!

Leon. O fate, take not away thy heavy hand! Death is the fairest cover for her shame That may be wish'd for.

How now, cousin Hero? Beat. Friar. Have comfort, lady.

Leon. Dost thou look up? Friar. Yea; wherefore should she not? Leon. Wherefore! Why, doth not every

earthly thing Cry shame upon her? Could she here deny The story that is printed in her blood?-Do not live, Hero; do not ope thine eyes: For did I think thou wouldst not quickly die, Thought I thy spirits were stronger than thy

shames, Myself would, on the rearward of reproaches, Strike at thy life. Griev'd I I had but one? Chid I for that at frugal nature's frame? O, one too much by thee! Why had I one? Why ever wast thou lovely in my eyes? Why had I not, with charitable hand, Took up a beggar's issue at my gates; Who, smirched thus and mir'd with infamy, I might have said, No part of it is mine; This shame derives itself from unknown loins? But mine, and mine I lov'd, and mine I prais'd, And mine that I was proud on; mine so much That I myself was to myself not mine Valuing of her; why, she—O, she is fallen Into a pit of ink, that the wide sea Hath drops too few to wash her clean again, And salt too little, which may season give

To her foul tainted flesh! Bene. Sir, sir, be patient: For my part, I am so attir'd in wonder I know not what to say.

Beat. O, on my soul, my cousin is belied!

Bene. Lady, were you her bedfellow last Hang mournful epitaphs, and do all rites night? night.

Beat. No, truly not: although, until last I have this twelvemonth been her bedfellow. Leon. Confirm'd, confirm'd! O, that is stronger made

Which was before barr'd up with ribs of iron! Would the two princes he? and Claudio he, Who lov'd her so that, speaking of her foulness, Wash'd it with tears? Hence from her! let her die.

Friar. Hear me a little: For I have only been silent so long, And given way unto this course of fortune, By noting of the lady: I have mark'd A thousand blushing apparitions start Into her face; a thousand innocent shames In angel whiteness bear away those blushes; And in her eye there hath appear'd a fire To burn the errors that these princes hold Against her maiden truth. Call me a fool; Trust not my reading, nor my observation, Which with experimental seal doth warrant The tenor of my book; trust not my age, My reverence, calling, nor divinity, If this sweet lady lie not guiltless here Under some biting error.

Friar, it cannot be: Leon. Thou seest that all the grace that she hath left Is that she will not add to her damnation A sin of perjury; she not denies it:
Why seek'st thou then to cover with excuses That which appears in proper nakedness?

Friar. Lady, what man is he you are accused of?

Hero. They know that do accuse me; I know none: If I know more of any man alive

Than that which maiden modesty doth warrant, Let all my sins lack mercy!—O my father. Prove you that any man with me convers'd At hours unmeet, or that I yesternight Maintained the change of words with any creature.

Refuse me, hate me, torture me to death! Friar. There is some strange misprision in the princes. [honour;

Bene. Two of them have the very bent of And if their wisdoms be misled in this, The practice of it lives in John the bastard, Whose spirits toil in frame of villainies. Leon. I know not. If they speak but truth

of her. These hands shall tear her; if they wrong her The proudest of them shall well hear of it. Time hath not yet so dried this blood of mine, Nor age so eat up my invention, Nor fortune made such havoc of my means, Nor my bad life reft me so much of friends.

But they shall find, awak'd in such a kind, Both strength of limb and policy of mind, Ability in means and choice of friends, To quit me of them thoroughly.

Friar. Pause awhile, And let my counsel sway you in this case. Your daughter here the princes left for dead; Let her awhile be secretly kept in, And publish it that she is dead indeed: Maintain a mourning ostentation, And on your family's old monument

That appertain unto a burial. Leon. What shall become of this?

will this do? behalf Friar. Marry, this, well carried, shall on her Change slander to remorse; that is some good, But not for that dream I on this strange course. But on this travail look or greater birth. She dying, as it must be so maintain'd. Upon the instant that she was accus'd Shall be lamented, pitted, and excus'd Of every hearer: for it so falls out That what we have we prize not to the worth Whiles we enjoy it; but being lack'd and lost, Why, then we rack the value; then we find The virtue that possession would not show us Whiles it was ours. So will it fare with Claudio: When he shall hear she died upon his words, The idea of her life shall sweetly creep Into his study of imagination; And every lovely organ of her life Shall come apparell'd in more precious habit, More moving delicate, and full of life, Into the eye and prospect of his soul, Than when she liv'd indeed:-then shall he

mourn,-If ever love had interest in his liver .-And wish he had not so accused her: No, though he thought his accusation true. Let this be so, and doubt not but success Will fashion the event in better shape Than I can lay it down in likelihood But if all aim but this be levell'd false. The supposition of the lady's death Will quench the wonder of her infamy: And, if it sort not well, you may conceal her -As best befits her wounded reputation,-In some reclusive and religious life,

Out of all eyes, tongues, minds, and injuries. Bene. Signior Leonato, let the friar advise you;

And though you know my inwardness and love. Is very much unto the prince and Claudio, Yet, by mine honour, I will deal in this As secretly and justly as your soul Should with your body

Leon. Being that I flow in grief The smallest twine may lead me.

Friar. 'Tis well consented; presently away; For to strange sores strangely they strain the cure.

Come, lady, die to live: this wedding-day Perhaps is but prolonged; have patience, and endure.

[Exeunt Friar, Hero, and Leon. Bene. Lady Beatrice, have you wept all this

while? Beat. Yea, and I will weep a while longer. Bene. I will not desire that.

Beat. You have no reason; I do it freely. Bene. Surely, I do believe your fair cousin

is wrong'd. Beat. Ah, how much might the man deserve of me that would right her!

Bene. Is there any way to show such friend-Beat. A very even way, but no such friend. Bene. May a man do it? Beat. It is a man's office, but not yours.

Bene. I do love nothing in the world so well as you. Is not that strange?

Beat. As strange as the thing I know not. . It were as possible for me to say I loved nothing so well as you: but believe me not; and yet I he not; I confess nothing, nor I deny nothing .- I am sorry for my cousin.

Bene. By my sword, Beatrice, thou lovest me.

Beat. Do not swear by it and eat it.
Bene. I will swear by it that you love me;

and I will make him eat it that says I love not

Beat. Will you not eat your word? [you. Bene. With no sauce that can be devised to it: I protest I love thee.

Beat. Why, then, God forgive me!

Bene. What offence, sweet Beatrice?

Beat. You have stayed me in a happy hour: I was about to protest I loved you.

Bene. And do it with all thy heart?

Beat. I love you with so much of my heart that none is left to protest.

Bene. Come, bid me do anything for thee.

Beat. Kill Claudio.

Bene. Ha! not for the wide world. Beat. You kill me to deny it. Farewell.

Bene. Tarry, sweet Beatrice.

Beat. I am gone though I am here; -there is no love in you:-nay, I pray you, let me go. Bene. Beatrice,

Beat. In faith, I will go.

Bene. We'll be friends first.
Beat. You dare easier be friends with me than fight with mine enemy.

Bene. Is Claudio thine enemy?

Beat. Is he not approved in the height a villain that hath slandered, scorned, dishonoured my kinswoman?-O that I were a man!-What! bear her in hand until they come to take hands. and then with public accusation, uncovered slander, unmitigated rancour,—O God, that I were a man! I would eat his heart in the market-place!

Bene. Hear me, Beatrice;—
Beat. Talk with a man out at a window!—a proper saying!

Bene. Nay but, Beatrice;-

Beat. Sweet Hero!-she is wronged, she is slandered, she is undone.

Bene. Beat—

Beat. Princes and counties! Surely, princely testimony, a goodly count-confect; a sweet gallant, surely! O that I were a man for his sake! or that I had any friend would be a man for my sake! But manhood is melted into courtesies, valour into compliment, and men are only turned into tongue, and trim ones too: he is now as valiant as Hercules that only tells a lie and swears it.—I cannot be a man with wishing, therefore I will die a woman with grieving. [I love thee.

Bene. Tarry, good Beatrice, By this hand, Beat. Use it for my love some other way

than swearing by it.

Bene. Think you in your soul the Count Claudio hath wronged Hero?

Beat. Yea, as sure as I have a thought or a Bene. Enough, I am engaged; I will chal-lenge him; I will kiss your hand and so leave you. By this hand, Claudio shall render me a dear account. As you hear of me, so think of into everlasting redemption for this. me. Go, comfort your cousin: I must say she is dead; and so, farewell. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- A Prison.

Enter Dogberry, Verges, and Sexton, in gowns; and the Watch, with Conrade and BORACHIO.

Dogb. Is our whole dissembly appeared? Verg. O, a stool and a cushion for the

sexton!

Sexton. Which be the malefactors?

Dogb. Marry, that am I and my partner: Verg. Nay, that's certain; we have the ex-

hibition to examine.

Sexton. But which are the offenders that are to be examined? let them come before master constable.

Dogb. Yea, marry, let them come before me.

What is your name, friend?

Bora. Borachio.

Dogb. Pray write down-Borachio.-Yours, sirrah?

Con. I am a gentleman, sir, and my name is Conrade.

Dogb. Write down-master gentleman Conrade. - Masters, do you serve God?

Con. Yea, sir, we hope.

Bora. 🤇 Write down-that they hope they Doab. serve God:-and write God first; for God defend but God should go before such villains!-Masters, it is proved already that you are little better than false knaves; and it will go near to be thought so shortly. How answer you for yourselves?

Con. Marry, sir, we say we are none.

Dogb. A marvellous witty fellow, I assure you; but I will go about with him.—Come you hither, sirrah: a word in your ear, sir; I say to you, it is thought you are false knaves.

Bora. Sir, I say to you, we are none.

Dogb. Well, stand aside.- 'Fore God, they are both in a tale. Have you writ down-that they are none?

Sexton. Master constable, you go not the way to examine; you must call forth the Watch

that are their accusers. Dogb. Yea, marry, that's the eftest way.— Let the Watch come forth.—Masters, I charge

you in the prince's name, accuse these men.

I Watch. This man said, sir, that Don John,

the prince's brother, was a villain. Dogb. Write down-Prince John a villain.-

Why, this is flat perjury, to call a prince's brother villain.

Borg. Master constable,-

Dogb. Pray thee, fellow, peace; I do not like thy look, I promise thee

Sexton. What heard you him say else?

2 Watch. Marry, that he had received a thousand ducats off Don John for accusing the Lady Hero wrongfully.

Dogb. Flat burglary as ever was committed. Verg. Yea, by the mass, that it is.

Sexton. What else, fellow?

I Watch. And that Count Claudio did mean, upon his words, to disgrace Hero before the

whole assembly, and not marry her. Dogb. O villain! thou wilt be condemned

Sexton. What else? 2 Watch. This is all. Sexton. And this is more, masters, than you can deny. Prince John is this morning secretly stolen away; Hero was in this manner accused, in this very manner refused, and upon the grief this suddenly died.—Master constable, let of this suddenly died.—Master constable, let of this suddenly died.—Master constable, I will go before and show him their examination.

[Ext.]

Dogb. Come, let them be opinioned.

Verg. Let them be in band.

Con. Off, coxcomb!

Dogb. God's my life! where's the sexton? let him write down—the prince's officer, coxcomb.—Come, bind them.—Thou naughty

variet!

Con. Awayl you are an ass, you are an ass. Dogb. Dost thou not suspect my place? Dost thou not suspect my place? Dost thou not suspect my pears?—O that he were here to write me down an ass! but, masters, remember, that I am an ass; though it be not written down, yet forget not that I am an ass.—No, thou villain, thou art full of piety, as shall be proved upon thee by good witness. I am a wise fellow; and, which is more, an officer; and, which is more, a householder; and, which is more, as pretty a piece of flesh as any in Messina: and one that knows the law, go to; and a rich fellow enough, go to; and a fellow that hath had losses; and one that hath two gowns, and everything handsome about him.—Bring him away. O that I had been writ down an ass! [Excunt.

ACT V.

Scene I .- Before Leonato's House.

Enter LEONATO and ANTONIO.

Ant. If you go on thus you will kill yourself; And 'tis not wisdom thus to second grief

Against yourself. I pray thee, cease thy counsel, Which falls into mine ears as profitless As water in a sieve: give not me counsel; Nor let no comforter delight mine ear But such a one whose wrongs do suit with mine. Bring me a father that so lov'd his child, Whose joy of her is overwhelm'd like mine, And bid him speak of patience; Measure his woe the length and breadth of And let it answer every strain for strain; As thus for thus, and such a grief for such, In every lineament, branch, shape, and form: If such a one will smile, and stroke his beard, Cry—sorrow, wag! and hem when he should groan Patch grief with proverbs, make misfortune With candle-wasters,-bring him yet to me, And I of him will gather patience.

With candle-wasters,—bring him yet to me, and I of him will gather patience. But there is no such man: for, brother, men Can counsel and speak comfort to that grief. Which they themselves not feel; but, tasting it, Their counsel turns to passion, which before Would give preceptial medicine to rage, Fetter strong madness in a silken thread, Charm ache with air and agony with words: No, no; 'tis all men's office to speak patience To those that wring under the load of sorrow; But no man's virtue nor sufficiency

To be so moral when he shall endure [sel: The like himself: therefore, give me no coun-My griefs cry louder than advertisement.

Ant. Therein do men from children nothing differ.

Leon. I pray thee, peace; I will be flesh and

blood:
For there was never yet philosopher
That could endure the toothache patiently,
However they have writ the style of gods.

And make a pish at chance and sufferance.

Ant. Yet bend not all the harm upon your-

Ant. Yet bend not all the harm upon yourself; Make those that do offend you suffer too.

Leon. There thou speak'st reason: nay, I will do so.

My soul doth tell me Hero is belied; And that shall Claudio know; so shall the prince,

And all of them that thus dishonour her.

Ant. Here comes the prince and Claudio hastily.

Enter Don PEDRO and CLAUDIO.

D. Pedro. Good den, good den. Claud. Good day to both of you. Leon. Hear you, my lords,—

D. Pedro. We have some haste, Leonato, Leon, Some haste, my lord!—well, fare you well, my lord:—

Are you so hasty now?—well, all is one.

D. Pedro. Nay, do not quarrel with us, good old man. [ling,

Ant. If he could right himself with quarrel-Some of us would lie low. Claud. Who wrongs him?

Claud. Who wrongs him?
Leon. Marry, thou dost wrong me: thou dissembler, thou:—

Nay, never lay thy hand upon thy sword—

I fear thee not.

Claud.

Marry, beshrew my hand,
If it should give your age such cause of fear:
In faith, my hand meant nothing to my sword.

Leon. Tush, tush, man; never fleer and jest at me;

I speak not like a dotard nor a fool;
As, under privilege of age, to brag [do
What I have done being young, or what would
Were I not old. Know, Claudio, to thy head,
Thou hast so wrong'd mine innocent child and
me

That I am forc'd to lay my reverence by, And with gray hairs and bruise of many days, Do challenge thee to trial of a man. I say thou hast belied mine innocent child; Thy slander hath gone through and through her

heart, And she lies buried with her ancestors,— Ol in a tomb where never scandal slept, Save this of hers fram'd by the villains

Save this of hers, fram'd by thy villainy.

Claud. My villainy!

Leon. Thine, Claudio; thine, I say

D. Pedro. You say not right, old man. Leon. My lord, my lord, I'll prove it on his body if he dare, Despite his nice fence and his active practice,

His May of youth and bloom of lustihood.

Claud. Away! I will not have to do with

you.

Leon. Canst thou so daff me? Thou hast kill'd my child;

If thou kill'st me, boy, thou shalt kill a man Ant. He shall kill two of us, and men indeed, But that's no matter; let him kill one first,-Win me and wear me,—let him answer me.— Come, follow me, boy, come, boy, follow me-Sir boy, I'll whip you from your foining fence; Nay, as I am a gentleman, I will.

Leon. Brother,-

Ant. Content yourself. God knows I lov'd my niece:

And she is dead, slander'd to death by villains, That dare as well answer a man, indeed, As I dare take a serpent by the tongue: Boys, apes, braggarts, Jacks, milksops!-

Leon. Brother Antony,-Ant. Hold you content. What, man! I

know them, yea, scruple, -And what they weigh, even to the utmost Scambling, out-facing, fashion-mong ring boys, That he, and cog, and flout, deprave and

slander, Go anticly, and show outward hideousness, And speak off half a dozen dangerous words, How they might hurt their enemies, if they durst;

And this is all.

Leon. But, brother Antony,---

Come, 'tis no matter:

Do not you meddle, let me deal in this. D. Pedro. Gentlemen both, we will not wake your patience.

My heart is sorry for your daughter's death; But, on my honour, she was charg'd with nothing

But what was true, and very full of proof.

Leon. My lord, my lord,

I will not hear you. D. Pedro. Leon.

Come, brother, away .- I will be heard;-And shall. Ant. Or some of us will smart for it.

Exeunt LEON, and ANT. D. Pedro. See, see; here comes the man we

went to seek.

Enter BENEDICK.

Claud. Now, sigmor! what news? Bene. Good day, my lord.

D. Pedro. Welcome, sigmor: you are almost come to part almost a fray.

Claud. We had like to have had our two noses snapped off with two old men without teeth.

D. Pedro. Leonato and his brother. What think'st thou? Had we fought, I doubt we should have been too young for them.

Benc. In a false quarrel there is no true valour. I came to seek you both.

Claud. We have been up and down to seek

thee; for we are high proof melancholy, and would fain have it beaten away. Wilt thou use

Bene. It is in my scabbard: shall I draw it? D. Pedro. Dost thou wear thy wit by thy side?

Claud. Never any did so, though very many have been beside their wit.—I will bid thee draw, as we do the minstrels; draw, to pleasure

D. Pedio. As I am an honest man, he looks pale - Art thou sick or angry?

Claud. What' courage, man' What though care killed a cat, thou hast mettle enough in thee to kill care.

Bene Sir, I shall meet your wit in the career. an you charge it against me .- I pray you, choose another subject

Claud. Nay, then, give him another staff: this last was broke cross.

D. Pedro. By this light, he changes more

and more; I think he be angry indeed.

Claud. If he be, he knows how to turn his

girdle. Bene. Shall I speak a word in your ear?

Claud. God bless me from a challenge! Bene. You are a villain,--I jest not:--I will

make it good how you dare, with what you dare, and when you dare.—Do me right, or I will protest your cowardice. You have killed a sweet lady, and her death shall fall heavy on you. Let me hear from you.

Claud. Well, I will meet you, so I may have good cheer.

D. Pedro. What, a feast? a feast?

Claud. I' faith, I thank him, he hath bid me to a calf's head and a capon, the which if I do not carve most curiously, say my knife's naught. Shall I not find a woodcock too?

Bene. Sir, your wit ambles well; it goes

easily.

D. Pedro. I'll tell thee how Beatrice praised thy wit the other day: I said thou hadst a fine wit; True, says she, a fine little one. No, said I, a great wit, Right, says she, a great gross one. Nay, said I, a good wit. Just, said she, it hurts nobody. Nay said I, the gentleman is wise. Certain, said she, a wise gentleman. Nay, said I, he hath the tongues. That I believe, said she, for he swore a thing to me on Monday night which he forswore on Tuesday morning; there's a double tongue; there's two tongues. Thus did she, an hour together, trans-shape thy particular virtues; yet, at last, she concluded, with a sigh, thou wast the properest man in Italy.

Claud. For the which she went heartily, and

said she cared not.

D. Pedro. Yea, that she did, but yet, for all that, an if she did not hate him deadly, she would love him dearly: the old man's daughter told us all.

Claud. All, all; and moreover, God saw him

when he was hid in the garden.

D. Pedro. But when shall we set the savage bull's horns on the sensible Benedick's head? Claud. Yea, and text underneath, Here dwells Benedich the married man?

Bene. Fare you well, boy; you know my mind. I will leave you now to your gossiplike humour: you break jests as braggarts do their blades, which, God be thanked, hurt not. -My lord, for your many courtesies I thank you: I must discontinue your company: your brother the bastard is fled from Messina: you have among you killed a sweet and innocent lady. For my Lord Lackbeard there, he and I shall meet; and till then, peace be with him. Exit BENEDICK.

D. Pedro. He is in earnest.

Claud. In most profound earnest; and I'll warrant you for the love of Beatrice.

D. Pedro. And hath challenged thee?

Claud. Most sincerely.

D. Pedro. What a pretty thing man 1s when he goes in his doublet and hose, and leaves off his wit!

Claud. He is then a giant to an ape: but then is an ape a doctor to such a man.

D. Pedro. But, soft, you, let be, pluck up, my heart, and be sad! Did he not say my brother was fled?

Enter Dogberry, Verges, and the Watch, with CONRADE and BORACHIO.

Dogb. Come, you, sir, if justice cannot tame you, she shall ne'er weigh more reasons in her balance; nay, an you be a cursing hypocrite once, you must be looked to.

D Pedro. How now! two of my brother's men bound! Borachio one!

Claud. Hearken after their offence, my lord. D. Pedro. Officers, what offence hath these men done?

Doab. Marry, sir, they have committed false report; moreover, they have spoken untruths: secondarily, they are slanders, sixth and lastly, they have belied a lady; thirdly, they have verified unjust things, and, to conclude, they

are lying knaves.

D. Pedro. First, I ask thee what they have done; thirdly, I ask thee what's their offence; sixth and lastly, why they are committed, and, to conclude, what you lay to their charge?

Claud. Rightly reasoned, and in his own division; and, by my troth, there's one mean-

ing well suited.

D. Pedro. Whom have you offended, masters, that you are thus bound to your answer? this learned constable is too cunning to be un-derstood. What's your offence?

Bora. Sweet prince, let me go no further to mine answer; do your hear me, and let this count kill me. I have deceived even your very eyes: what your wisdoms could not discover these shallow fools have brought to light; who, in the night, overheard me confessing to this man how Don John your brother incensed me to slander the Lady Hero, how you were brought into the orchard, and saw me court Margaret in Hero's garments; how you dis-graced her, when you should marry her: my villainy they have upon record, which I had rather seal with my death than repeat over to my The lady is dead upon mine and my master's false accusation; and, briefly, I desire nothing but the reward of a villain.

D. Pedro. Runs not this speech like iron

through your blood? Claud. I have drunk poison whiles he uttered

D. Pedro. But did my brother set thee on to this? Bora. Yea, and paid me richly for the prac-

tice of it.

D. Pedro. He is compos'd and fram'd of treachery:

And fled he is upon this villainy. appear Claud. Sweet Hero! now thy image doth In the rare semblance that I lov'd it first.

Dogb. Come, bring away the plaintiffs; by this time our sexton hath reformed Signior Leonato of the matter: and, masters, do not forget to specify, when time and place shall serve, that I am an ass.

Verg. Here, here comes master Sigmor Leonato and the sexton too.

Re-enter LEONATO and ANTONIO, with the SEXTON.

Leon. Which is the villain? let me see his eyes,

That when I note another man like him I may avoid him: which of these is he? Bora. If you would know your wronger, look

on me. Leon. Art thou the slave that with thy breath hast kill'd

Mine innocent child?

Bora. Yea. even I alone. Leon. No, not so, villain; thou bely'st thyself: Here stand a pair of honourable men-A third is fled—that had a hand in it.--I thank you, princes, for my daughter's death; Record it with your high and worthy deeds:

'Twas bravely done, if you bethink you of it. Claud. I know not how to pray your patience, Yet I must speak. Choose your revenge your-

self; Impose me to what penance your invention Can lay upon my sin. yet sinned I not

But in mistaking. D. Pedro. By my soul, nor I: And yet, to satisfy this good old man,

I would bend under any heavy weight That he'll enjoin me to. Leon. I cannot bid you bid my daughter live-That were impossible; but, I pray you both, Possess the people in Messina here

How innocent she died; and, if your love Can labour aught in sad invention, Hang her an epitaph upon her tomb. And sing it to her bones; sing it tonight:-To-morrow morning come you to my house; And since you could not be my son-in-law, Be yet my nephew: my brother hath a daughter, Almost the copy of my child that's dead. And she alone is heir to both of us;

Give her the right you should have given her cousin,

And so dies my revenge.

O, noble sir, Claud. Your overkindness doth wring tears from me! I do embrace your offer; and dispose For henceforth of poor Claudio

Leon. To-morrow, then, I will expect your coming;

To-night I take my leave. - This naughty man Shall face to face be brought to Margaret, Who. I believe, was pack'd in all this wrong, Hir'd to it by your brother.

No, by my soul, she was not; Вота. Nor knew not what she did when she spoke to

But always hath been just and virtuous In anything that I do know by her.

Dogb. Moreover, sir,- Which, indeed, is not under white and black,-this plaintiff here, the offender, did call me ass: I beseech you, let it be remembered in his punishment. And also, the Watch heard them talk of one Deformed: smoothly in the even road of a blank verse they say he wears a key in his ear and a lock hanging by it, and borrows money in God's name; the which he hath used so long, and never paid, that now men grow hard-hearted, and will lend nothing for God's sake: pray you, examine him upon that point.

Leon. I thank thee for thy care and honest

DAIRS.

Dogb. Your worship speaks like a most thankful and reverend youth, and I praise God for you. Leon. There's for thy pains.

Dogb. God save the foundation!

Leon. Go; I discharge thee of thy prisoner,

and I thank thee. Dogb. I leave an arrant knave with your worship; which I beseech your worship to correct

yourself, for the example of others. God keep your worship; I wish your worship well; God restore you to health; I humbly give you leave to depart; and if a merry meeting may be wished, God prohibit it .- Come, neighbour.

[Exeunt Dogs., VERG., and Watch. Leon. Until to-morrow morning, lords, fare-

well. to-morrow. Ant. Farewell, my lords; we look for you

D. Pedro. We will not fail. Claud. To-night I'll mourn with Hero.

Exeunt D. PEDRO and CLAUD. Leon. Bring you these fellows on: we'll talk

with Margaret How her acquaintance grew with this lewd fellow. Exeunt.

Scene II.-Leonato's Garden.

Enter BENEDICK and MARGARET, meeting.

Bene. Pray thee, sweet Mistress Margaret, deserve well at my hands by helping me to the speech of Beatrice.

Marg. Will you then write me a sonnet in

praise of my beauty?

Bene. In so high a style, Margaret, that no man living shall come over it; for, in most comely truth, thou deservest it.

Marg. To have no man come over me? why, shall I always keep below stairs?

Bene. Thy wit is as quick as the greyhound's

mouth; it catches. Marg. And yours as blunt as the fencer's

foils, which hit, but hurt not. Bene. A most manly wit, Margaret; it will not hurt a woman; and so, I pray thee, call

Beatrice: I give thee the bucklers. Marg. Give us the swords; we have bucklers

of our own. Bene. If you use them, Margaret, you must

put in the pikes with a vice; and they are dangerous weapons for maids.

Marg. Well, I will call Beatrice to you, who,

I think, hath legs. Exit MARGARET. Bene. And therefore will come. [Singing.

> The god of love, That sits above, And knows me, and knows me, How pitiful I deserve,-

I mean in singing; but in loving—Leander the good swimmer, Troilus the first employer of panders, and a whole book full of these quonwhy, they were never so truly turned over and over as my poor self in love. Marry, I cannot show it in rhyme; I have tried, I can find out no rhyme to lady but baby-an innocent rhyme, for scorn, horn-a hard rhyme, for school, fool -a babbling rhyme; very ominous endings. No, I was not born under a rhyming planet, nor I cannot woo in festival terms.

Enter BEATRICE.

Sweet Beatrice, wouldst thou come when I called thee?

Beat. Yea, signior, and depart when you bid

Bene. O, stay but till then!

Beat. Then is spoken; fare you well now:and yet, ere I go, let me go with that I came for, which is, knowing what hath passed between you and Claudie.

Bene. Only foul words; and thereupon I

will kiss thee.

Beat. Foul words is but foul wind and foul wind is but foul breath, and foul breath is noisome; therefore I will depart unkissed.

Bene. Thou hast frighted the word out of his right sense, so forcible is thy wit. But, I must tell thee plainly, Claudio undergoes my chal-lenge; and either I must shortly hear from him, or I will subscribe him a coward. And, I pray thee now, tell me, for which of my bad parts didst thou first fall in love with me?

Beat. For them all together, which maintained so politic a state of evil that they will not admit any good part to intermingle with them. But for which of my good parts did you

first suffer love for me?

Bene. Suffer love, a good epithet! I do suffer love, indeed, for I love thee against my will.

Beat. In spite of your heart, I think, alas! poor heart! If you spite it for my sake, I will spite it for yours; for I will never love that which my friend hates. ably.

Bene. Thou and I are too wise to woo peace-Beat. It appears not in this confession: there's not one wise man among twenty that

will praise hımself.

Bene. An old, an old instance, Beatrice, that lived in the time of good neighbours' if a man do not erect in this age his own tomb ere he dies, he shall live no longer in monument than the bell rings and the widow weeps.

Beat. And how long is that, think you? Bene. Question:—why, an hour in clamour, and a quarter in rheum: therefore it is most expedient for the wise (if Don Worm, his conscience, find no impediment to the contrary) to be the trumpet of his own virtues, as I am to myself. So much for praising myself, who, I myself will bear witness, is praiseworthy, and

now tell me, how doth your cousin? Beat. Very 111.

Bene. And how do you? Beat. Very ill too.

Bene. Serve God, love me, and mend: there will I leave you too, for here comes one in haste.

Enter URSULA.

Urs. Madam, you must come to your uncle. Yonder's old coil at home: it is proved my dam carpet-mongers, whose names yet run Lidy Hero hath been falsely accused the prince and Claudio mightily abused; and Don John is the author of all, who is fied and gone. Will you come presently?

Beat. Will you go hear this news, signior?

Beat. Will you go hear this news, signior?

Bene. I will live in thy heart, die in thy lap,
and be buried in thy eyes; and, moreover, I will
go with thee to thy uncle's.

[Exeunt.

Scene III .- The inside of a Church.

Enter Don PEDRO, CLAUDIO, and Attendants with music and tapers.

Claud. Is this the monument of Leonato? Atten. It is, my lord. Claud. [reads from a scroll.]

Done to death by slanderous tongues
Was the Hero that here less:
Death in guerdon of her wrongs,
Gives her fame which never dies:
So the life, that died with shame,
Lives in death with glorious fame.
Hang thou there upon the tomb, [affixing il.
Praising her when I am dumb.—

Now, music, sound, and sing your solemn hymn.

SONG.

Pardon, Goddess of the night,
Those that slew thy virgin knight;
For the which, with songs of woe,
Round about her tomb they go.
Midnight, assist our moan!
Help us to sigh and groan,
Heavily, heavily;
Graves, yawn, and yield your dead,
Till death be uttered,
Heavily, heavily.

Claud. Now unto thy bones good night: Yearly will I do this rite.

D. Pedro. Good morrow, masters; put your torches out:

The wolves have prey'd; and look the gentle day, Before the wheels of Phoebus, round about

Before the wheels of Phoebus, round about
Dapples the drowsy east with spots of gray.
Thanks to you all, and leave us: fare you well.
Claud. Good morrow, masters; each his
several way.
[Other weeds;
D. Pedro. Come, let us hence, and put on
And then to Leonatch we will an speeds

And then to Leonato's we will go. [speeds Claud. And Hyman now with luckier issue Than this, for whom we render'd up this woel

Scene IV .-- A Room in Leonato's House.

Enter Leonato, Antonio, Benedick, Beatrice, Margaret, Ursula, Friar, and Hero.

Friar. Did I not tell you she was innocent? Leon. So are the prince and Claudio, who accus'd her

Upon the error that you heard debated: But Margaret was in some fault for this, Although against her will, as it appears In the true course of all the question.

Ant. Well, I am glad that all things sort so well.

Bene. And so am I, being else by faith

To call young Claudio to a reckoning for it.

Leon. Well, daughter, and you rentlewomen all,

Withdraw into a chamber by yourselves; And when I send for you, come hither mask'd: The prince and Claudio proms'd by this hour To visit me.—You know your office, brother; You must be father to your brother's daughter, And give her to young Claudio.

[Exeunt Ladies.

Ant. Which I will do with confirm'd countenance. [think.

Bene. Friar, I must entreat your pains, I

Friar. To do what, signior?

Bene. To bind me, or undo me, one of them.—

Signior Leonato, truth it is, good signior,

Your niece regards me with an eye of fayour.

Leon. That eye my daughter lent her. 'Tis most true.

Bene. And I do with an eye of love requite her.

Leon. The sight whereof, I think, you had
from me, [your will?
From Claudio, and the prince. But what's

Bene. Your answer, sir, is enigmatical: But, for my will, my will is your good-will May stand with ours, this day to be conjoin'd In the estate of honourable marriage:—

In which, good friar, I shall desire your help.

Leon. My heart is with your liking.

Friar. And my help.—
Here come the prince and Claudio.

Enter Don PEDRO and CLAUDIO, with Attend-

D. Pedro. Good morrow to this fair assembly.

Leon. Good morrow, prince; good morrow,
Claudio;

We here attend you. Are you yet determin'd To-day to marry with my brother's daughter? Claud. I'll hold my mind were she an Ethiope. Leon. Call her forth, brother; here's the friar ready. [Exit ANTONIO.

D. Pedro. Good morrow, Benedick. Why, what's the matter,

That you have such a February face, So full of frost, of storm, and cloudiness?

Claud. Ithink he thinks upon the savage bull.— Tush, fear not, man; we'll tip thy horns with gold,

And all Europa shall rejoice at thee, As once Europa did at lusty Jove,

When he would play the noble beast in love. Bene. Bull Jove, sir, had an amiable low; And some such strange bull leap'd your father's

cow,
And got a calf in that same noble feat
Much like to you, for you have just his bleat.

Re-enter ANTONIO, with the Ladies masked.

Claud. For this I owe you: here come other

reckonings.
Which is the lady I must seize upon?

Ant. This same is she, and I do give you her. Claud. Why, then, she's mine. Sweet, let me see your face. [hand Leon. No, that you shall not, till you take her

Before this friar, and swear to marry her.

Claud. Give me your hand before this holy
friar;

I am your husband if you like of me.

Hero. And when I lived I was your other wife:

Unmaskina.

And when you lov'd you were my other hushand.

Claud. Another Hero?

Hero. Nothing certainer: One Hero died defil'd; but I do live, And, surely as I live, I am a maid.

dead! D. Pedro. The former Hero! Hero that is Leon. She died, my lord, but whiles her slander liv'd.

Friar. All this amazement can I qualify: When, after that the holy rites are ended, I'll tell you largely of fair Hero's death: Meantime let wonder seem familiar, And to the chapel let us presently.

Bene. Soft and fair, friar .- Which is Beatrice? Beat. I answer to that name; [Unmasking. What is your will?

Bene. Do not you love me?

No, no more than reason. Beat. Bene. Why, then your uncle, and the prince, and Claudio

Have been deceived; for they swore you did. Beat. Do not you love me?

Bene. No, no more than reason. Beat. Why, then my cousin, Margaret, and Ursula.

Are much deceived; for they did swear you did. Bene. They swore that you were almost sick

[dead for me. for me. Beat. They swore that you were well-nigh not love me?

Beat. No, truly, but in friendly recompense. Leon. Come, cousin, I am sure you love the

gentieman. get thee a wife: there is no Claud. And I'll be sworn upon't that he than one tipped with horn. loves her;

For here's a paper written in his hand-A halting sonnet of his own pure brain, Fashion'd to Beatrice.

And here's another. Hero. Writ in my cousin's hand, stolen from her pocket, Containing her affection unto Benedick.

Bene. A miracle!—here's our own hands against our hearts!—Come, I will have thee; but, by this light, I take thee for pity.

Beat. I would not deny you; -but, by this good day, I yield upon great persuasion; and partly to save your life, for I was told you were in a consumption.

Bene. Peace; I will stop your mouth.

Kissing her.

D. Pedro. How dost thou, Benedick the married man?

Bene. I'll tell thee what, prince; a college of wit-crackers cannot flout me out of my humour. Dost thou think I care for a saure, or an epigram? No: if a man will be heaten with brains, he shall wear nothing handsome about him. In brief, since I do purpose to marry, I will think nothing to any purpose that the world can say against it; and therefore never flout at me for what I have said against it; for man is a giddy thing, and this is my conclusion.—For thy part, Claudio, I did think to have beaten thee; but in that thou art like to be my kinsman, live unbruised, and love my cousin.

Claud. I had well hoped thou wouldst have denied Beatrice, that I might have cudgelled thee out of thy single life, to make thee a double dealer; which, out of question thou wilt be if my cousin do not look exceeding narrowly to thee.

Bene. Come, come, we are friends:-let's have a dance ere we are married, that we may Bene. 'Tis no such matter.-Then you do lighten our own hearts and our wives' heels.

Leon. We'll have dancing afterwards.

Bene. First, o' my word; therefore, play,
music.—Prince, thou art sad; get thee a wife;
get thee a wife; there is no staff more reverend

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, your brother, John is ta'en in flight,

And brought with arm'd men back to Messina. Bene. Think not on him till to-morrow: I'll devise thee brave punishments for him .-Strike up, pipers. Dance. Exeunt.

A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

PERSONS REPRESENTED

THESEUS, Duke of Athens. EGEUS, Father to HERMIA. TITANIA, Queen of the Fairies. Puck, or Robin Goodfellow, a Fairy. LYSANDER. in love with HERMIA. DEMETRIUS, PHILOSTRATE, Master of the Revels to THESEUS. QUINCE, the Carpenter. Мотн, SNUG, the Joiner. BOTTOM, the Weaver.
FLUTE, the Bellows-mender.
SNOUT, the Tinker. PYRAMUS, STARVELING, the Tailor.

HIPPOLYTA, Queen of the Amazons, betrothed LION, to THESEUS. HERMIA, Daughter to EGEUS, in love with Other Fairies attending their King and Queen. LYSANDER.

HELENA, in love with DEMETRIUS.

Attendants on THESEUS and HIPPOLYTA.

Characters in

Fairies.

the Interlude

performed by the Clowns.

OBERON, King of the Fairies.

PEASBLOSSOM.

MUSTARDSEED.

COBWEB,

THISBE, WALL,

MOONSHINE.

Scene,-Athens, and a Wood not far from it.

ACT I.

SCENE I .- ATHENS. A Room in the Palace of THESEUS.

Enter THESEUS, HIPPOLYTA, PHILOSTRATE, and Attendants.

The. Now, fair Hippolyta, our nuptial hour Draws on apace; four happy days bring in Another moon: but, oh, methinks, how slow This old moon wanes! she lingers my desires, Like to a step-dame or a dowager,

Long withering out a young man's revenue.

Hip. Four days will quickly steep themselves

in nights;

Four nights will quickly dream away the time; And then the moon, like to a sliver bow New bent in heaven, shall behold the night Of our solemnities.

Go, Philostrate, Stir up the Athenian youth to merriments; Awake the pert and nimble spirit of mirth; Turn melancholy forth to funerals— The pale companion is not for our pomp .--Exit PHILOSTRATE.

Hippolyta, I woo'd thee with my sword, And won thy love doing thee injuries; But I will wed thee in another key, With pomp with triumph, and with revelling. Enter, EGEUS, HERMA, LYSANDER and DEMETRIUS

Ege. Happy be Theseus, our renowned dukel
The. Thanks, good Egeus: what's the news
with thee?

Ege. Full of veration come I, with complaint Against my child, my daughter Hermia.— Stand forth, Demetrus.—My noble lord, This man hath my consent to marry her:— Stand forth, Lysander;—and, my gracious duke, This hath bewitch'd the bosom of my child. Thou, thou, Lysander, thou hast given her rhymes.

And interchang'd love-tokens with my child:
Thou hast by moonlight at her window sung,
With feigning voice, verses of feigning love,
And stol'n the impression of her fantasy
With bracelets of thy hair, rings, gawds, conceits, [sengers,

ceits,
Knacks, trifles, nosegays, sweatmeets,—mesOf strong prevailment in unharden'd youth;—
With cunning hast thou filch'd my daughter's
heart:

Turned her obedience, which is due to me,
To stubborn harshness.—And, my gracious
duke,

Be it so she will not here before your grace Consent to marry with Demetrius, Le beg the ancient privilege of Athens,—As she is mine I may dispose of her: Which shall be either to this gentleman Or to her death; according to our law Immediately provided in that case.

The. What say you, Hermia? be advis'd, fair maid:

To you your father should be as a god; One that compos'd your beauties; yea, and one To whom you are but as a form in wax, By him imprinted, and within his power To leave the figure, or disfigure it. Demetrius is a worthy gentleman.

Her. So is Lysander.

The. In himself he is: But, in this kind, wanting your father's voice, The other must be held the worthier. [eyes. Her. I would my father look'd but with my The. Rather your eyes must with his indg-

ment look.

Her. I do entreat your grace to pardon me. I know not by what power I am made bold, Nor how it may concern my modesty In such a presence here to plead my thoughts: But I beseech your grace that I may know The worst that may befall me in this case If I refuse to wed Demetrius.

The. Either to due the death, or to abjure For ever the society of men. Therefore, fair Hermia, question your desires, Know of your youth, examine well your blood, Whether, if you yield not to your father's choice, You can endure the livery of a nun; For aye to be in shady cloister mew'd, To live a barren sister all your life, Chanting faint hymns to the cold, fruitless moon. Thrice blessed they that master so their blood To undergo such maiden pilgrimage: But earthlier happy is the rose distill'd, Than that which, withering on the virgin thorn, Grows, lives, and dies in single blessedness.

Her. So will I grow, so live, so die, my lord, Ere I will yield my virgin patent up Unto his lordship, whose unwished yoke My soul consents not to give sovereignty.

My soul consents not to give sovereignty.

The. Take time to pause; and by the next

new moon,—
The sealing-day betwixt my love and me,
For everlasting bond of fellowship,—
Upon that day either prepare to die
For disobedience to your father's will;
Or else to wed Demetrus, as he would;
Or on Diana's altar to protest

For aye austerity and single life. [der, yield Dem. Relent, sweet Hermia;—and, Lysan-Thy crazed title to my certain right.

Lys. You have her father's love, Demetrius; Let me have Hermia's: do you marry him. Ege. Scornful Lysander! true, he hath my

love; And what is mine my love shall render him; And she is mine; and all my right of her

I do estate unto Demetrius.

Lys. I am, my lord, as well deriv'd as he, As well possess'd; my love is more than his; My fortunes every way as fairly rank'd, If not with vantage, as Demetrius's; And, which is more than all these boasts can be, I am belov'd of beauteous Hermia: Why should not I then prosecute my right? Demetrius, I'll avouch it to his head, Made love to Nedar's daughter, Helena, And won her soul; and she, sweet lady, dotes, Devoutly dotes, dotes in idolatry, Upon this spotted and inconstant man.

The. Imust confess that I have heard so much, And with Demetrius thought to have spoke

thereof;
But, being over-full of self-affairs,
My mind did lose it.—But, Demetrius, come;
And come, Egeus; you shall go with me;
I have some private schooling for you both.—
For you, fair Hermia, look you arm yourself
To fit your fancies to your father's will,
Or else the law of Athens yields you up,—
Which by no means we may extenuate,—
To death, or to a vow of single life.—
Come, my Hippolyta: what cheer, my love?
Demetrius, and Egeus, go along:
I must employ you in some business
Against our nuptial, and confer with you
Of something nearly that concerns yourselves.

Ege. With duty and desire we follow you.

[Exeunt Thes., HP., Ege., Dem., and Train.

Lys. How now, my love! why is your cheek
so pale?

How chance the roses there do fade so fast?

Her. Belike for want of rain, which I could

Between them from the tempest of mine eyes.

Lys. Ah me! for aught that ever I could read,
Could ever hear by tale or history,

The course of true love never did run smooth: But either it was different in blood,—— [low! Her. O cross! too high to be enthrall'd too

Lys. Or else misgraffed in respect of years;—
Her. O spitel too old to be engag'd to young!
Lys. Or else it stood upon the choice of
friends:

Her. O hell! to choose love by another's eye!

Lus. Or, if there were a sympathy in choice, War, death, or sickness, did lay siege to it, Making it momentary as a sound Swift as a shadow, short as any dream; Brief as the lightning in the collied night That, in a spleen, unfolds both heaven and earth, And ere a man hath power to say, Behold! The jaws of darkness do devour it up: So quick bright things come to confusion.

Her. If, then, true lovers have been ever cross'd.

It stands as an edict in destiny: Then let us teach our trial patience. Because it is a customary cross; [sighs, As due to love as thoughts, and dreams, and Wishes, and tears, poor fancy's followers.

Lys. A good persuasion; therefore, hear me, Hermia.

I have a widow aunt, a dowager Of great revenue, and she hath no child: From Athens is her house remote seven leagues; And she respects me as her only son. There, gentle Hermia, may I marry thee; And to that place the sharp Athenian law Cannot pursue us. If thou lov'st me, then Steal forth thy father's house to-morrow night; And in the wood a league without the town, Where I did meet thee once with Helena, To do observance to a morn of May, There will I stay for thee.

My good Lysander! Her. I swear to thee by Cupid's strongest bow, By his best arrow with the golden head, By the simplicity of Venus's doves, By that which knitteth souls and prospers loves, And by that fire which burn'd the Carthage queen,

When the false Trojan under sail was seen,-By all the vows that ever men have broke, In number more than ever woman spoke, In that same place thou hast appointed me, To-morrow truly will I meet with thee.

Lys. Keep promise, love. Look, here comes Helena. Enter HELENA.

Her. God speed fair Helena! Whither away? Hel. Call you me fair? that fair again unsay. Demetrius loves your fair. O happy fair! Your eyes are lode-stars; and your tongue's sweet air

More tuneable than lark to shepherd's ear, When wheat is green, when hawthorn buds

appear. Sickness is catching: O, were favour so, Yours would I catch, fair Hermia, ere I go; My ear should catch your voice, my eye your eye, melody.

My tongue should catch your tongue's sweet Were the world mine, Demetrius being bated, The rest I'll give to be to you translated. O, teach me how you look; and with what art You sway the motion of Demetrius' heart.

Her. I frown upon him, yet he loves me still. Hel. O that your frowns would teach my

smiles such skill!

Her. I give him curses, yet he gives me love. Hel. O that my prayers could such affection me.

Her. The more I hate, the more he follows

Hel. The morel love, the more he hateth me. Her. His folly, Helena, is no fault of mine. Hel. None, but your beauty: would that fault were mine!

Her. Take comfort; he no more shall see my Lysander and myself will fly this place .-Before the time I did Lysander see, Seem'd Athens like a paradise to me: O, then, what graces in my love do dwell. That he hath turn'd a heaven unto hell!

Lys. Helen, to you our minds we will unfold: To-morrow night, when Phoebe doth behold Her silver visage in the watery glass Decking with liquid pearl the bladed grass,-A time that lovers' flights doth still conceal,-Through Athens' gates have we devis'd to steal.

Her. And in the wood where often you and I Upon faint primrose beds were wont to lie, Emptying our bosoms of their counsel sweet, There my Lysander and myself shall meet: And thence from Athens turn away our eyes, To seek new friends and stranger companies, Farewell, sweet playfellow: pray thou for us, And good luck grant thee thy Demetrius!-Keep word, Lysander: we must starve our sight From lovers' food, till morrow deep midnight.

Lys. I will, my Hermia. Exit HERMIA. Helena adieu:

As you on him, Demetrius dote on you!

Exit Lys. Hel. How happy some o'er other some can be! Through Athens I am thought as fair as she. But what of that? Demetrius thinks not so; He will not know what all but he do know. And as he errs, doting on Hermia's eyes, So I, admiring of his qualities. Things base and vile, holding no quantity, Love can transpose to form and dignity. Love looks not with the eyes, but with the mind; And therefore is wing'd Cupid painted blind. Nor hath love's mind of any judgment taste; Wings and no eyes figure unheedy haste: And therefore is love said to be a child, Because in choice he is so oft beguil'd. As waggish boys in game themselves forswear, So the boy Love is perjur'd everywhere: For ere Demetrius look'd on Hermia's eyne, He hail'd down oaths that he was only mine; And when this hail some heat from Hermia felt. So he dissolv'd, and showers of oaths did melt. I will go tell him of fair Hermia's flight; Then to the wood will he to-morrow night Pursue her; and for this intelligence If I have thanks, it is a dear expense: But herein mean I to enrich my pain, To have his sight thither and back again.

Scene II.—The Same. A Room in a Cottage. Enter SNUG, BOTTOM, FLUTE, SNOUT, QUINCE, and STARVELING.

Exit.

Quin. Is all our company here? Bot. You were best to call them generally,

man by man, according to the scrip. Quin. Here is the scroll of every man's name, which is thought fit, through all Athens, to play in our interlude before the duke and duchess on his wedding-day at night.

Bot. First, good Peter Ouince, say what the

play treats on: then read the names of the have no more discretion but to hang us: but I actors; and so grow to a point.

Qum. Marry, our play is -The most lamentable comedy, and most cruel death of Pyramus

and Thisby.

Bot. A very good piece of work, I assure you, and a merry.—Now, good Peter Quince, call forth your actors by the scroll .- Masters, spread the weaver. yourselves.

Quin. Answer, as I call you.—Nick Bottom, Bot. Ready. Name what part I am for, and Pyramus.

proceed.

Quin. You, Nick Bottom, are set down for Bot. What is Pyramus? a lover, or a tyrant? Quin. A lover, that kills himself most gal-

lantly for love.

Bot. That will ask some tears in the true per-If I do it, let the audience look forming of it. to their eyes; I will move storms; I will condole in some measure. To the rest:-yet my chief humour is for a tyrant: I could play Ercles rarely, or a part to tear a cat in, to make all

The raging rocks,
With shivering shocks,
Shall sheak the locks
Shall break the locks
And make and mar The foolish Fates. Of prison gates:

This was lofty!-Now, name the rest of the players.—This is Ercles' vein, a tyrant's vein; a lover is more condoling.

Quin. Francis Flute, the bellows-mender.

Flu. Here, Peter Quince.

Quin. You must take Thisby on you. Flu. What is Thisby? a wandering knight? Quin. It is the lady that Pyramus must love. Flu. Nay, faith, let me not play a woman;

I have a beard coming. Quin. That's all one; you shall play it in a

mask, and you may speak as small as you will. Bot. An I may hide my face, let me play Thisby too: I'll speak in a monstrous little voice; — Thisne, Thisne. — Ah, Pyramus, my lover dear; thy Thisby dear! and lady dear!

Quin. No, no, you must play Pyramus; and,

Flute, you Thisby.

Bot. Well, proceed.

Quin. Robin Starveling, the tailor.

Star. Here, Peter Quince.

Quin. Robin Starveling, you must play Thisby's mother.-Tom Snout, the tinker.

Snout. Here, Peter Quince. Quin. You, Pyramus's father; myself. Thisby's father; Snug, the joiner, you, the lion's part:—and, I hope, here is a play fitted. Snug. Have you the lion's part written? pray

you, if it be, give it me, for I am slow of study.

Quin. You may do it extempore, for it is

nothing but roaring.

Bot. Let me play the lion too: I will roar, that I will do any man's heart good to hear me; I will roar, that I will make the duke say, Let him roar again, let him roar again.

Quin. An you should do it too terribly you would fright the duchess and the ladies, that they would shrick; and that were enough to hang us all.

All. That would hang us every mother's son. Bot. I grant you, friends, if that you should fright the ladies out of their wits, they would

will aggravate my voice so that I will roar you as gently as any sucking dove; I will roar you an 'twere any nightingale.

Quin. You can play no part but Pyramus: for Pyramus is a sweet-faced man; a proper man, as one shall see on a summer's day; a most lovely, gentleman-like man; therefore you must needs play Pyramus.

Bot. Well, I will undertake it. What beard

were I best to play it in?

Quin. Why, what you will. Bot. I will discharge it in either your strawcoloured beard, your orange-tawny beard, your purple-in-grain beard, or your French-crowncolour beard, your perfect yellow.

Quin. Some of your French crowns have no hair at all, and then you will play barefaced. But, masters, here are your parts: and I am to entreat you, request you, and desire you, to con them by to-morrow night; and meet me in the palace wood, a mile without the town, by moonlight: there will we rehearse: for if we meet in the city, we shall be dogg'd with com-pany, and our devices known. In the meantime I will draw a bill of properties, such as our play wants. I pray you, fail me not.

Bot. We will meet; and there we may re-

hearse more obscenely and courageously. Take

pains; be perfect; adieu.

Quin. At the duke's oan we meetings.

Bot. Enough; hold, or cut bow-strings.

[Execunt. Quin. At the duke's oak we meet.

ACT II.

Scene I .- A Wood near Athens.

Enter a Fairy at one door, and Puck at another.

Puck. How now, spirit! whither wander you? Fai. Over hill, over dale,

Through bush, through brier, Over park, over pale,

Through flood, thorough fire, I do wander everywhere, Swifter than the moon's sphere; And I serve the fairy queen, To dew her orbs upon the green. The cowslips tall her pensioners be: In their gold coats spots you see; Those be rubies, fairy favours,

In those freckles hive their savours: I must go seek some dew-drops here, And hang a pearl in every cowslip's ear. Farewell, thou lob of spirits; I'll be gone:

Our queen and all our elves come here anon. Puck. The king doth keep his revels here to-

night; Take heed the queen come not within his sight. For Oberon is passing fell and wrath. Because that she, as her attendant, hath A lovely boy, stol'n from an Indian king; She never had so sweet a changeling: And jealous Oberon would have the child Knight of his train, to trace the forests wild:

But she perforce withholds the loved boy, Crowns him with flowers, and makes him all

her joy: And now they never meet in grove or green. By fountain clear or spangled starlight sheen, But they do square; that all their elves, for fear, But with thy brawls thou hast disturb'd our Creep into acorn cups, and hide them there.

Fat. Either I mistake your shape and making quite,

Or else you are that shrewd and knavish sprite Call'd Robin Goodfellow: are you not he That frights the maidens of the villagery; Skim milk, and sometimes labour in the quern, And bootless make the breathless housewife

And sometime make the drink to bear no barm; Misleadnight-wanderers, laughing at their harm? Those that Hobgoblin call you, and sweet Puck, You do their work, and they shall have good luck:

Are not you he?

Thou speak'st aright; Puck. I am that merry wanderer of the night. I jest to Oberon, and make him smile, When I a fat and bean-fed horse beguile, Neighing in likeness of a filly foal: And sometime lurk I in a gossip's bowl, In very likeness of a roasted crab; And, when she drinks, against her lips I bob, And on her wither'd dew-lap pour the ale. The wisest aunt, telling the saddest tale, Sometime for three-foot stool mistaketh me; Then slip I from her bum, down topples she, And tailor cries, and falls into a cough And then the whole quire hold their hips and loffe,

And waxen in their mirth, and neeze, and swear A merrier hour was never wasted there.-But room, fairy, here comes Oberon.

Fat. And here my mistress.—Would that he

were gone!

· SCENE II.

Enter OBERON at one door, with his Train, and TITANIA, at another, with hers.

Obe. Ill met by moonlight, proud Titania. Tita. What, jealous Oberon! Fairies, skip

I have forsworn his bed and company. Obe. Tarry, rash wanton: am not I thy lord?

Tita. Then I must be thy lady: but I know When thou hast stol'n away from fairy-land, And in the shape of Corn sat all day, Playing on pipes of corn, and versing love To amorous Phillida. Why art thou here, Come from the farthest steep of India? But that, forscoth, the bouncing Amazon, Your buskin'd mistress and your warrior love, To theseus must be wedded; and you come

To give their bed joy and prosperity.

Obe. How can'st thou thus, for shame,

Titania,

Glance at my credit with Hippolyta, Knowing I know thy love to Theseus? Didst thou not lead him through the glimmering night

From Perigenia, whom he ravish'd? And make him with fair Aegle break his faith, With Ariadne and Antiopa?

Tita. These are the forgeries of jealousy: And never, since the middle summer's spring, Met we on hill, in dale, forest, or mead, By paved fountain, or by rushy brook, Or on the beached margent of the sea, To dance our ringlets to the whistling wind,

sport.

Therefore the winds, piping to us in vain, As in revenge, have suck'd up from the sea Contagious fogs; which, falling in the land, Have every pelting river made so proud That they have overborne their continents: The ox hath therefore stretch'd his yoke in vain, The ploughman lost his sweat; and the green corn

Hath rotted ere his youth attain'd a beard: The fold stands empty in the drowned field. And crows are fatted with the murrain flock; The nine men's morris is fill'd up with mud; And the quaint mazes in the wanton green, For lack of tread, are undistinguishable: The human mortals want their winter here; No night is now with hymn or carol blest:-Therefore the moon, the governess of floods, Pale in her anger, washes all the air. That rheumatic diseases do abound: And through this distemperature we see The seasons alter: hoary-headed frosts Fall in the fresh lap of the crimson rose; And on old Hyem's chin and icy crown An odorous chaplet of sweet summer buds Is, as in mockery, set: the spring, the summer, The childing autumn, angry winter, change. Their wonted liveries; and the maz'd world, By their increase, now knows not which is which:

And this same progeny of evils comes From our debate, from our dissension: We are their parents and original.

Obe. Do you amend it, then: it lies in you: Why should Titania cross her Oberon? I do but beg a little changeling boy To be my henchman.

Set your heart at rest; Tita. The fairy-land buys not the child of me. His mother was a vot'ress of my order: And, in the spiced Indian air, by night, Full often hath she gossip'd by my side; And sat with me on Neptune's yellow sands, Marking the embarked traders on the flood; When we have laugh'd to see the sails conceive, And grow big-bellied with the wanton wind: Which she, with pretty and with swimming gait, Following,-her womb then rich with my young squire,-

Would imitate; and sail upon the land, To fetch me trifles, and return again, As from a voyage, rich with merchandise. But she, being mortal, of that boy did die; And for her sake I do rear up her boy: And for her sake I will not part with him.

Obe. How long within this wood intend you day. stay? Tita. Perchance till after Theseus' wedding-

If you will patiently dance in our round, And see our moonlight revels, go with us;

If not, shun me, and I will spare your haunts.

Obe. Give me that boy and I will go with thee. Tita. Not for thy fairy kingdom. Fairies, away

We shall chide downright if I longer stay Exit TITANIA and her Train.

Obe. Well, go thy way: thou shalt not from this grove

Till I torment thee for this injury .-

My gentle Puck, come hither: thou remember'st What worser place can I beg in your love. Since once I sat upon a promontory, And heard a mermaid, on a dolphin's back, Uttering such dulcet and harmonious breath, That the rude sea grew civil at her song, And certain stars shot madly from their spheres To hear the sea-maid's music.

Puck.

I remember. Obe. That very time I saw,-but thou

couldst not. Flying between the cold moon and the earth, Cupid all arm'd: a certain aim he took At a fair vestal, throned by the west: And loos'd his love-shaft smartly from his bow, As it should pierce a hundred thousand hearts: But I might see young Cupid's fiery shaft Ouench'd in the chaste beams of the watery moon:

And the imperial votaress passed on, In maiden meditation, fancy-free. Yet mark'd I where the bolt of Cupid fell: It fell upon a little western flower, Before milk-white, now purple with love's And leave thee to the mercy of wild beasts. wound,-

And maidens call it love-in-idleness. Fetch me that flower; the herb I show'd thee

once: The juice of it on sleeping eyelids laid Will make or man or woman madly dote Upon the next live creature that it sees. Fetch me this herb: and be thou here again Ere the leviathan can swim a league.

Puck. I'll put a girdle round about the earth In forty minutes. Exit Puck.

Obe. Having once this juice. I'll watch Titania when she is asleep, And drop the liquor of it in her eyes: The next thing then she waking looks upon,-Be it on lion, bear, or wolf, or bull, On meddling monkey, or on busy ape, She shall pursue it with the soul of love And ere I take this charm off from her sight, As I can take it with another herb, I'll make her render up her page to me. But who comes here? I am invisible; And I will overhear their conference.

Enter Demetrius, Helena following him.

Dem. I love thee not, therefore pursue me

Where is Lysander and fair Hermia? The one I'll slay, the other slayeth me. Thou told'st me they were stol'n into this wood, And here am I, and wood within this wood, Because I cannot meet with Hermia.

Hence, get thee gone, and follow me no more. Hel. You draw me, you hard-hearted adamant:

But yet you draw not iron, for my heart Is true as steel. Leave you your power to draw. And I shall have no power to follow you.

Dem. Do I entice you? Do I speak you fair? Or, rather, do I not in plainest truth Tell you I do not, nor I cannot love you?

Hel. And even for that do I love you the more. I am your spaniel; and, Demetrius, The more you beat me, I will fawn on you: Use me but as your spaniel, spurn me, strike me, Neglect me, lose me; only give me leave, Unworthy as I am, to follow you.

And yet a place of high respect with me,-Than to be used as you use your dog?

Dem. Tempt not too much the hatred of my spirit;

For I am sick when I do look on thee.

Hel. I am sick when I look not on you. Dem. You do impeach your modesty too much, To leave the city, and commit yourself Into the hands of one that loves you not: To trust the opportunity of night And the ill counsel of a desert place With the rich worth of your virginity.

Hel. Your virtue is my privilege for that. It is not night when I do see your face, Therefore I think I am not in the night: Nor doth this wood lack worlds of company; For you, in my respect, are all the world: Then how can it be said I am alone When all the world is here to look on me?

Dem. I'll run from thee, and hide me in the

brakes, Hel. The wildest hath not such a heart as you. Run when you will, the story shall be chang'd; Apollo flies, and Daphne holds the chase: The dove pursues the griffin; the mild hind Makes speed to catch the tiger, -bootless speed,

When cowardice pursues and valour flies. Dem. I will not stay thy questions; let me go: Or, if thou follow me, do not believe But I shall do thee mischief in the wood Hel. Ay, in the temple, in the town, the field, You do me mischief. Fie, Demetrius!

Your wrongs do set a scandal on my sex: We cannot fight for love as men may do: We should be woo'd, and were not made to woo. I'll follow thee, and make a heaven of hell, To die upon the hand I love so well.

Exeunt DEM. and HEL. Obe. Fare thee well, nymph: ere he do leave this grove, Thou shalt fly him, and he shall seek thy love .-

Re-enter Puck.

Hastthoutheflowerthere? Welcome, wanderer. Puck. Ay, there it is.

Obe. I pray thee, give it me. I know a bank whereon the wild thyme blows, Where ox-lips and the nodding violet grows: Quite over-canopied with lush woodbine, With sweet musk roses, and with eglantine: There sleeps Titania sometime of the night, Lulled in these flowers with dances and delight; And there the snake throws her enamell'd skin, Weed wide enough to wrap a fairy in: And with the juice of this I'll streak her eyes, And make her full of hateful fantasies. Take thou some of it, and seek through this grove, A sweet Athenian lady is in love With a disdainful youth: anoint his eyes; But do it when the next thing he espies May be the lady: thou shalt know the man the Athenian garments he hath on.

fect it with some care, that he may prove More fond on her than she upon her love: And look thou meet me ere the first cock crow. Puck. Fear not, my lord, your servant shall

[Exeunt. do so.

SCENE III .- Another part of the Wood. Enter TITANIA, with her Train.

Tita. Come, now, a roundel and a fairy song; Then, for the third part of a minute, hence: Some to kill cankers in the musk-rose buds: Some war with rere-mice for their leathern wings, To make my small elves coats; and some keep [wonders back

The elamorous owl, that nightly hoots and At our quaint spirits. Sing me now asleep; Then to your offices, and let me rest.

SONG.

I.

r Fai. You spotted snakes, with double tongue Thorny hedgehogs, be not seen; Newts and blind-worms do not wrong: Come not near our farry queen:

CHORUS.

Philomel, with melody, Sing in our sweet lullaby: Lulla, lulla, lullaby; lulla, lulla, lullaby: Never harm, nor spell, nor charm, Come our lovely lady nigh; So, good-night, with lullaby;

2 Fai. Weaving spiders, come not here; Hence, you long-legg'd spinners, hence; Beetles black, approach not near; Worm nor snail do no offence.

CHORUS.

Philomel, with melody, &c.

1 Fai. Hence, away; now all is well: One, aloof, stand sentinel.

Exeunt Fairies. TITANIA sleeps.

Exit.

Enter OBERON.

Obe. What thou seest, when thou dost wake. Squeezes the flower on TITANIA'S eyelids. Do it for thy true-love take: Love and languish for his sake: Be it ounce, or cat, or bear, Pard, or boar with bristled hair, In thy eye that shall appear When thou wak'st, it is thy dear;

Enter LYSANDER and HERMIA.

Wake when some vile thing is near.

Lys. Fair love, you faint with wandering in the wood:

And, to speak troth, I have forgot our way; We'll rest us, Hermia, if you think it good, And tarry for the comfort of the day.

Her. Be it so, Lysander: find you out a bed. For I upon this bank will rest my head.

Lys. One turf shall serve as pillow for us both: One heart, one bed, two bosoms, and one troth. Her. Nay, good Lysander; for my sake, my dear,

Lie farther off yet, do not lie so near. Lys. O, take the sense, sweet, of my innocence; Love takes the meaning in love's conference. I mean, that my heart unto yours is knit; So that but one heart we can make of it: Two bosoms interchained with an oath; So then two bosoms and a single troth. Then by your side no bed-room me deny; For lying so, Hermia, I do not lie.

Her. Lysander riddles very prettily:-Now much beshrew my manners and my pride If Hermia meant to say Lysander lied. But, gentle friend, for love and courtesy Lie farther off; in human modesty, Such separation as may well be said Becomes a virtuous bachelor and a maid: So far be distant; and, good night, sweet friend: Thy love ne'er alter till thy sweet life end!

Lys. Amen, amen, to that fair prayer, say I; And then end life when I end loyalty! Here is my bed: Sleep give thee all his rest!

Her. With half that wish the wisher's eyes be pressed! They sleep.

Enter Puck.

Puck. Through the forest have I come, But Athenian found I none, On whose eyes I might approve This flower's force in stirring love. Night and silence! who is here? Weeds of Athens he doth wear: This is he, my master said Despised the Athenian maid; And here the maiden, sleeping sound, On the dank and dirty ground. Pretty soul! she durst not lie Near this lack-love, this kill-courtesy. Churl, upon thy eyes I throw All the power this charm doth owe; When thou wak'st let love forbid Sleep his seat on thy eyelid: So awake when I am gone; For I must now to Oberon. Exit.

Enter DEMETRIUS and HELENA, running.

Hel. Stay, though thou kill me, sweet Demetring.

Dem. I charge thee, hence, and do not haunt me thus.

Hel. O, wilt thou darkling leave me? do not so. Dem. Stay on thy peril; I alone will go.

Exit DEMETRIUS. Hel. O, I am out of breath in this fond chase! The more my prayer the lesser is my grace. Happy is Hermia, wheresoe'er she lies. For she hath blessed and attractive eyes. Howcamehereyessobright? Notwithsalttears: If so, my eyes are oftener wash'd than hers. No, no, I am as ugly as a bear; For beasts that meet me run away for fear: Therefore no marvel though Demetrius Do, as a monster, fly my presence thus. What wicked and dissembling glass of mine Mademe compare with Hermia's sphery eyne?-But who is here?—Lysander! on the ground! Dead? or asleep? I see no blood, no wound. Lysander, if you live, good sir, awake.

Lys. And run through fire I will for thy sweet sake. Waking. Transparent Helena! Nature here shows art, That through thy bosom makes me see thy heart. Where is Demetrius? O, how fit a word

Is that vile name to perish on my sword! Hel. Do not say so, Lysander; say not so: What though he love your Hermia? Lord, what though?

Yet Hermia still loves you: then be content. Lys. Content with Hermia? No: I do repent The tedious minutes I with her have spent.

Not Hermia but Helena I love: Who will not change a raven for a dove? The will of man is by his reason sway'd; And reason says you are the worther maid. Things growing are not ripe until their season; So I, being young, till now mpe not to reason; And touching now the point of human skill, Reason becomes the marshal to my will, And leads me to your eyes, where I o'erlook

Love's stories, written in love's richest book. Hel. Wherefore was I to this keen mockery born?

When at your hands did I deserve this scorn? Is't not enough, is't not enough, young man, That I did never, no, nor never can Deserve a sweet look from Demetrius' eye, But you must flout my insufficiency? Good troth, you do me wrong,-good sooth,

you do-In such disdainful manner me to woo. But fare you well: perforce I must confess, I thought you lord of more true gentleness. O, that a lady of one man refus'd Should of another therefore be abus'd! [Exit.

Lys. She sees not Hermia:-Hermia, sleep

thou there:

And never mayst thou come Lysander near! For, as a surfeit of the sweetest things The deepest loathing to the stomach brings; Or, as the heresies that men do leave Are hated most of those they did deceive; So thou, my surfest and my heresy, Of all be hated, and the most of me! And, all my powers, address your love and might To honour Helen, and to be her knight! [Exit. Her. [Startling.] Help me, Lysander, help

me! do thy best To pluck this crawling serpent from my breast! An me, for pity!—what a dream was here! Lysander, look how I do quake with fear! Methought a serpent eat my heart away, And you sat smiling at his cruel prey. Lysander! what, removed? Lysander! lord! What, out of hearing? gone? no sound, no word? Alack, where are you? speak, an if you hear; Speak, of all loves! I swoon almost with fear. No?—then I will perceive you are not nigh:

ACT III.

Either death or you I'll find immediately.

SCENE I .- The Wood. The Queen of Fairies lying asleep.

Enter Quince, Snug, Bottom, Flute, SNOUT and STARVELING.

Bot. Are we well met?

Quin. Pat, pat, and here is a marvellous convenient place for our rehearsal. This green plot shall be our stage, this hawthorn brake our tiring-house; and we will do it in action, as we will do it before the duke.

Bot. Peter Quince,

Oun. What say'st thou, bully Bottom? Bot. There are things in this comedy of Pyramus and Thisby that will never please. First, Pyramus must draw a sword to kill himself; which the ladies cannot abide. How answer you that?

Snout. By'r lakin, a parlous fear.

Star. I believe you must leave the killing out, when all is done.

Bot. Not a whit: I have a device to make all well. Write me a prologue; and let the prologue seem to say, we will do no harm with our swords, and that Pyramus is not killed indeed: and for the more better assurance, tell them that I Pyramus am not Pyramus, but Bottom the weaver: this will put them out of fear.

Quin. Well, we will have such a prologue; and it shall be written in eigh and six.

Bot. No, make it two more; let it be written in eight and eight. [lion?

Snout. Will not the ladies be afeared of the

Star. I fear it, I promise you.

Bot. Masters, you ought to consider with yourselves: to bring in, God shield us! a lion among ladies is a most dreadful thing: for there is not a more fearful wild-fowl than your lion living; and we ought to look to it.

Snout. Therefore another prologue must tell

he is not a lion.

Bot. Nay, you must name his name, and half his face must be seen through the lion's neck; and he himself must speak through, saying thus, or to the same defect,-"Ladies," or "Fair Ladies! I would wish you, or, I would request you, or, I would entreat you, not to fear, not to tremble: my life for yours. If you think I come hither as a hon, it were pity of my life. No, I am no such thing; I am a man as other men are:"—and, there, indeed, let him name his name, and tell them plainly he is Snug the miner.

Quin. Well, it shall be so. But there is two hard things; that is, to bring the moonlight into a chamber: for, you know, Pyramus and Thisby meet by moonlight.

Snug. Doth the moon shine that night we

play our play?

Bot. A calendar, a calendar! look in the almanack; find out moonshine, find out moon-

Bot. Why, then you may leave a casement of the great chamber-window, where we play, open; and the moon may shine in at the casement.

Quin. Ay; or else one must come in with a bush of thorns and a lantern, and say he comes to disfigure or to present the person of moon-shine. Then there is another thing: we must have a wall in the great chamber; for Pyramus and Thisby, says the story, did talk through the chink of a wall.

Snug. You never can bring in a wall.—What say you, Bottom?

Bot. Some man or other must present wall:

and let him have some plaster, or some loam, or some rough-cast about him, to signify wall; or let him hold his fingers thus, and through that cranny shall Pyramus and Thisby whisper.

Quin. If that may be, then all is well. Come, sit down, every mother's son, and rehearse your parts. Pyramus, you begin: when you have spoken your speech, enter into that brake; and so every one according to his cue.

Enter Puck behind.

Puck. What hempen homespuns have we swaggering here,

So near the cradle of the fairy queen? What, a play toward! I'll be an auditor: An actor too, perhaps, if I see cause.

Quin. Speak, Pyramus.—Thisby, stand forth.

Pyr. Thisby, the flowers of odious savours sweet,

Quin. Odours, odours.

—odours savours sweet:

So doth thy breath, my dearest Thisby dear .-But hark, a voice! stay thou but here awhile, And by and by I will to thee appear. [Exil. Puck. A stranger Pyramus than e'er played here! [Aside.—Exit.

This. Must I speak now?

Quin. Ay, marry, must you: for you must understand he goes but to see a noise that he heard, and is to come again.

This. Most radiant Pyramus, most lily white

of hue,

Of colour like the red rose on triumphant brier, Most brisky juvenal, and eke most lovely Jew, As true as truest horse, that yet would never

I'll meet thee, Pyramus, at Ninny's tomb.

Ouin. Ninus' tomb, man: why, you must not speak that yet: that you answer to Pyramus. You speak all your part at once, cues and all. Pyramus enter: your cue is past; it is, never

Re-enter PUCK, and BOTTOM, with an ass's head This. O,—As true as truest horse, that yet would never tire.

Pyr. If I were fair, Thisby, I were only thine:-

Quin. O monstrous! O strange! we are haunted. Pray, masters! fly, masters!—Help!

Exeunt Clowns. Puck. I'll follow you; I'll lead you about a round, [through brier;

Through bog, through bush, through brake, Sometime a horse I'll be, sometime a hound, A hog, a headless bear, sometime a fire;

And neigh, and bark, and grunt, and roar, and

Like horse, hound, hog, bear, fire, at every turn.

Bot. Why do they run away? this is a knavery of them to make me afeared.

Re-enter SNOUT.

Snout. O Bottom, thou art hanged! what do I see on thee?

Bot. What do you see? you see an ass-head of your own, do you?

Re-enter OUINCE.

Quin. Bless thee, Bottom! bless thee! thou art translated.

Bot. I see their knavery; this is to make an ass of me; to fright me, if they could. But I will not stir from this place, do what they can: I will walk up and down here, and I will sing, that they shall hear I am not afraid. [Sings.

> The ousel-cock, so black of hue, With orange-tawny bill, The throstle with his note so true, The wren with little quill,

Tita. What angel wakes me from my flowery Waking.

Bot. . The finch, the sparrow, and the lark, The plain-song cuckoo gray, Whose note full many a man doth mark, And dares not answer nav:-

for, indeed, who would set his wit to so foolish a bird? who would give a bird the lie, though he cry cuckoo never so?

Tita. I pray thee, gentle mortal, sing again: Mine ear is much enamour'd of thy note. So is mine eye enthralled to thy shape; [me, And thy fair virtue's force perforce doth move

On the first view, to say, to swear, I love thee. Bot. Methinks, mistress, you should have little reason for that: and yet, to say the truth, reason and love keep little company together now-a-days: the more the pity that some honest neighbours will not make them friends. Nay, I can gleek upon occasion.

Tita. Thou art as wise as thou art beautiful. Bot. Not so, neither: but if I had wit enough to get out of this wood, I have enough to serve

mine own turn.

Tita. Out of this wood do not desire to go; Thou shalt remain here whether thou wilt or no. I am a spirit of no common rate. The summer still doth tend upon my state; And I do love thee: therefore, go with me.

I'll give thee fairies to attend thee; And they shall fetch thee jewels from the deep, And sing, while thou on pressed flowers dost sleep:

And I will purge thy mortal grossness so That thou shalt like an airy spirit go. Cobweb! Moth! and Mus-Peasblossom! tardseed!

Enter Four Fairies.

I Fai. Ready. And I. 2 Fai.

3 Fa1. And I.

4 Fai. Where shalt we go? Tita. Be kind and courteous to this gentle-

Hop in his walks and gambol in his eyes; Feed him with apricocks and dewberries. With purple grapes, green figs, and mulberries; The honey bags steal from the humble-bees, And, for night-tapers, crop their waxen thighs, And light them at the fiery glow-worm's eyes, To have my love to bed and to arise; And pluck the wings from painted butterflies, To fan the moonbeams from his sleeping eyes: Nod to him, elves, and do him courtesies.

1 Fai. Hail, mortal! 2 Fai. Hail!

3 Fai. Hail! A Fai. Hail!

Bot. I cry your worship's mercy heartily.—I beseech your worship's name. Cob. Cobweb.

Bot. I shall desire you of more acquaintance, good Master Cobweb. If I cut my finger I shall make bold with you .- Your name, honest gentleman?

Peas. Peasblossom.

Bot. I pray you, commend me to Mistress Squash, your mother, and to Master Peascod, your father. Good Master Peasblossom, shall desire you of more acquaintance too.— Your name, I beseech you, sir?

Mus. Mustardseed.

Bot. Good Master Mustardseed, I know your patience well: that same cowardly giant-like ox-beef hath devoured many a gentleman of your house: I promise you, your kindred hath made my eyes water ere now. I desire you more acquaintance, good Master Mustardseed.

Tita. Come, wait upon him; lead him to my bower.

The moon, methinks, looks with a watery eye Andwhensheweeps, weepseverylittleflower, Lamenting some enforced chastity. Tie up my love's tongue, bring him silently.

Exeunt.

Scene II .- Another part of the Wood.

Enter OBERON.

Obe. I wonder if Titania be awak'd; Then what it was that next came in her eye, Which she must dote on in extremity.

Enter Puck.

Here comes my messenger .- How now, mad

spirit?

What night-rule now about this haunted grove? Puck. My mistress with a monster is in love. Near to her close and consecrated bower. While she was in her dull and sleeping hour. A crew of patches, rude mechanicals, That work for bread upon Athenian stalls. Were met together to rehearse a play Intended for great Theseus' nuptial day. The shallowest thickskin of that barren sort Who Pyramus presented in their sport, Forsook his scene and enter'd in a brake: When I did him at this advantage take, An ass's now! I fixed on his head; Anon, his Thisbe must be answered, And forth my mimic comes. When they him As wild geese that the creeping fowler eye, Or russet-pated choughs, many in sort, Rising and cawing at the gun's report. Sever themselves, and madly sweep the sky, So at his sight away his fellows fly: And at our stamp here o'er and o'er one falls: He murder cries, and help from Athens calls. Their sense, thus weak, lost with their fears. thus strong,

Made senseless things begin to do them wrong: For briers and thorns at their apparel snatch: Some sleeves, some hats: from yielders all

things catch.

I led them on in this distracted fear, And left sweet Pyramus translated there: When in that moment,—so it came to pass,-Titania wak'd, and straightway lov'd an ass. Obe. This falls out better than I could devise.

But hast thou yet latch'd the Athenian's eyes With the love-juice, as I did bid thee do? Puck. I took him sleeping,—that is finish'd

too. And the Athenian woman by his side: That, when he wak'd, of force she must be ey'd.

Enter DEMETRIUS and HERMIA.

Obe. Stand close; this is the same Athenian. And Helena of Athens look thou find:

Puck. This is the woman, but not this the Dem. O, why rebuke you him that loves you

Lay breath so bitter on your bitter foe.

Her. Now I but chide, but I should use thee worse;

For thou, I fear, hast given me cause to curse. If thou hast slain Lysander in his sleep, Being o'er shoes in blood, plunge in the deep, And kill me too.

The sun was not so true unto the day As he to me: would he have stol'n away From sleeping Hermia? I'll believe as soon This whole earth may be bor'd; and that the

May through the centre creep, and so displease Her brother's noontide with the antipodes.

It cannot be but thou hast murder'd him; So should a murderer look; so dead, so grim. Dem. So should the murder'd look; and so

should I, Pierc'd through the heart with your stern

cruelty: Yet you, the murderer, look as bright, as clear,

As yonder Venus in her glummering sphere. Her. What's this to my Lysander? where is he?

Ah, good Demetrius, wilt thou give him me? Dem. I had rather give his carcass to my hounds.

Her. Out, dog! out, cur! thou driv'st me past the bounds

Of maiden's patience. Hast thou slain him. Henceforth be never number'd among men! Oh! once tell true, tell true, even for my sake; Durst thou have look'd upon him, being awake, And hast thou kill'd him sleeping? O brave touch!

Could not a worm, an adder, do so much? An adder did it; for with doubler tongue Than thine, thou serpent, never adder stung, Dem. You spend your passion on a mispris'd

mood: I am not guilty of Lysander's blood; Nor is he dead, for aught that I can tell. Her. I pray thee, tell me, then, that he is well. Dem. An if I could, what should I get there-

Her. A privilege never to see me more.-See me no more whether he be dead or no. Exit.

fore?

Dem. There is no following her in this fierce vein:

Here, therefore, for awhile I will remain. So sorrow's heaviness doth heavier grow For debt that bankrupt sleep doth sorrow owe; Which now in some light measure it will pay, If for his tender here I make some stay.

[Lies down. Obe. What hast thou done? thou hast mistaken quite. sight: And laid the love-juice on some true-love's

Of thy misprision must perforce ensue Some true-love turn'd, and not a false turn'd [holding troth, Puck. Then fate o'er-rules, that, one man

A million fail, confounding oath on oath. Obe. About the wood go, swifter than the

All fancy-sick she is 'and pale of cheer. With sighs of love, that cost the fresh blood dear.

By some illusion see thou bring her here; I'll charm his eyes against she do appear. Puck. I go, I go; look how I go, Swifter than arrow from the Tartar's bow.

Obe. Flower of this purple dye, Hit with Cupid's archery, Sink in apple of his eye! When his love he doth espy, Let her shine as gloriously As the Venus of the sky.— When thou wak'st, if she be by, Beg of her for remedy.

Re-enter Puck.

Puck. Captain of our fairy band, Helena is here at hand, And the youth mistook me Pleading for a lover's fee; Shall we their fond pageant see? Lord, what fools these mortals be! Obe. Stand aside: the noise we make Will cause Demetrius to awake. Puck. Then will two at once woo one,-That must needs be sport alone; And those things do best please me

Enter LYSANDER and HELENA.

That befall preposterously.

Lys. Why should you think that I should woo in scorn?

Scorn and derision never come in tears. Look, when I vow, I weep; and vows so born, In their nativity all truth appears.

How can these things in me seem scorn to you Bearing the badge of faith, to prove them true? Hel. You do advance your cunning more and more.

When truth kills truth, O develish-holy fray! These vows are Hermia's: will you give her o'er?

Weigh oath with oath and you will nothing weigh:

Your vows to her and me, put in two scales, Will even weigh; and both as light as tales.

Lys. I had no judgment when to her I swore. Hel. Nor none, in my mind, now you give her o'er. you.

Lys. Demetrius loves her, and he loves not Dem. [Awakening.] O Helen, goddess, nymph, perfect, divine!

To what, my love, shall I compare thine eyne? Crystal is muddy. O, how ripe in show Thy lips, those kissing cherries, tempting grow! That pure congealed white, high Taurus' snow, Fann'd with the eastern wind, turns to a crow When thou hold'st up thy hand: O let me kiss This princess of pure white, this seal of bliss!

Hel. O spite! O hell! I see you all are bent To set against me for your merriment. If you were civil, and knew courtesy, You would not do me thus much injury. Can you not hate me, as I know you do But you must join in souls to mock me too? If you were men, as men you are in show, You would not use a gentle lady so; To vow, and swear, and superpraise my parts,

When I am sure you hate me with your hearts. You both are rivals, and love Hermia; And now both rivals, to mock Helena: A trim exploit, a manly enterprise, To conjure tears up in a poor maid's eyes With your dension! None of noble sort Would so offend a virgin, and extort [Exit. A poor soul's patience, all to make you sport.

Lys. You are unkind. Demetrius; be not so; For you love Hermia: this you know I know: And here, with all good will, with all my heart, In Hermia's love I yield you up my part; And yours of Helena to me bequeath

Whom I do love, and will do to my death.

Hel. Never did mockers waste more idle breath.

Dem. Lysander, keep thy Hermia; I will If e'er I lov'd her, all that love is gone. My heart with her but as guest-wise sojourn'd: And now to Helen is it home return'd, There to remain.

Lys. Helen, it is not so.

Dem. Disparage not the faith thou dost not know.

Lest, to thy peril, thou aby it dear .-Look where thy love comes; yonder is thy dear.

Enter HERMIA.

Her. Dark night, that from the eye his function takes,

The ear more quick of apprehension makes; Wherein it doth impair the seeing sense, It pays the hearing double recompense:— Thou art not by mine eye, Lysander, found; Mine ear, I thank it, brought me to thy sound. But why unkindly didst thou leave me so?

Lys. Why should he stay whom love doth

press to go? Her. What love could press Lysander from my side?

Lys. Lysander's love, that would not let him Fair Helena,-who more engilds the night Than all you fiery oes and eyes of light. Why seek'st thou me? could not this make thee know

The hate I bare thee made me leave thee so? Her. You speak not as you think; it cannot

Hel. Lo, she is one of this confederacy! Now I perceive they have conjoin'd all three To fashion this false sport in spite of me. Injurious Hermia! most ungrateful maid! Have you conspir'd, have you with these contriv'd

To bait me with this foul derision? Is all the counsel that we two have shar'd, The sisters' vows, the hours we have spent, When we have chid the hasty-footed time For parting us,-O, is all forgot? Allschool-days'friendship, childhoodinnocence? We, Hermia, like two artificial gods, Have with our neelds created both one flower Both on one sampler, sitting on one cushion, Both warbling of one song, both in one key; As if our hands, our sides, voices, and minds Had been incorporate. So we grew together, Like to a double cherry, seeming parted; But yet a union in partition, Two lovely berries moulded on one stem:

So, with two seeming bodies, but one heart,

Two of the first, like coats in heraldry, Due but to one, and crowned with one crest. And will you rent our ancient love asunder, To join with men in scorning your poor friend? It is not friendly, 'tis not maidenly: Our sex, as well as I, may chide you for it, Though I alone do feel the injury.

Her. I am amazed at your passionate words: I scorn you not; it seems that you scorn me.

Hel. Have you not sent Lysander, as in scorn, To follow me, and praise my eyes and face? And made your other love, Demetrius, Who even but now did spurn me with his foot, To call me goddess, nymph, divine, and rare, Precious, celestial? Wherefore speaks he this To her he hates? and wherefore doth Lysander Deny your love, so rich within his soul, And tender me, forsooth, affection, But by your setting on, by your consent? What though I be not so in grace as you, So hung upon with love, so fortunate; But miserable most, to love unlov'd?

This you should pity, rather than despise.

Her. I understand not what you mean by

Hel. Ay, do persever, counterfeit sad looks, Make mows upon me when I turn my back; Wink at each other; hold the sweet jest up: This sport, well carried, shall be chronicled. If you have any pity, grace, or manners, You would not make me such an argument. But, fare ye well: 'tis partly mine own fault; Which death, or absence, soon shall remedy. Lys. Stay, gentle Helena; hear my excuse; My love, my life, my soul, fair Helena!

Hel. O excellent!

Her.

Sweet, do not scorn her so. Dem. If she cannot entreat, I can compel Lys. Thou canst compel no more than she entreat:

Thy threats have no more strength than her

weak prayers.— Helen, I love thee; by my life I do; I swear by that which I will lose for thee To prove him false that says I love thee not. Dem. I say I love thee more than he can do. Lys. If thou say so, withdraw, and prove it

too. Dem. Quick, come,-

Her. Lysander, whereto tends all this?

Lys. Away, you Ethiope!

Dem. No, no, sir:-he will Seem to break loose, take on as you would follow:

But yet come not. You are a tame man; go!

Lys. Hang off, thou cat, thou burr: vile thing, let loose,

Or I will shake thee from me like a serpent. Her. Why are you grown so rude? what change is this,

Sweet love?

Thy love? out, tawny Tartar, out! Out. loath'd medicine! hated potion, hence! Her. Do you not jest?

Yes, 'sooth; and so do you. Lys. Demetrius, I will keep my word with thee.

Dem. I would I had your bond; for I perceive A weak bond holds you; I'll not trust your word.

Lys. What! should I hurt her, strike her. kill her dead? Although I hate her I'll not harm her so.

Her. What! can you do me greater harm than hate?

Hate me! wherefore? O me! what news, my Am not I Hermia? Are not you Lysander? I am as fair now as I was erewhile. |left me: Since night you lov'd me; yet since night you Why, then, you left me, -O, the gods forbid!-In earnest, shall I say?

Ay, by my life;

And nover did desire to see thee more Therefore be out of hope, of question, doubt, Be certain, nothing truer; 'tis no jest That I do hate thee and love Helena.

Her. O me! you juggler! you cankerblossom! night. You thief of love! What! have you come by And stol'n my love's heart from him?

Fine, i' faith! Have you no modesty, no maiden shame, No touch of bashfulness? What! will you tear Impatient answers from my gentle tongue?

Fie, fiel you counterfeit, you puppet, you!

Her. Puppet! why so? Ay, that way goes

the game.

That I can match her.

Now I perceive that she hath made compare Between our statures; she hath urg'd her height: And with her personage, her tall personage Her height, forsooth, she hath prevail'd with

him. And are you grown so high in his esteem Because I am so dwarfish and so low? How low am I, thou painted maypole? speak; How low am I? I am not yet so low

But that my nails can reach unto thine eyes. Hel. I pray you, though you mock me, gentle-

Let her not hurt me. I was never curst, I have no gift at all in shrewishness; I am a right maid for my cowardice; Let her not strike me. You perhaps may think Because she's something lower than myself.

Her. Lower! hark, again. Hel. Good Hermia, do not be so bitter with me. I evermore did love you, Hermia; Did ever keep your counsels; never wrong'd you; Save that, in love unto Demetrius, I told him of your stealth unto this wood: He follow'd you; for love I follow'd him; But he hath chid me hence, and threaten'd me To strike me, spurn me, nay, to kill me too:

And now, so you will let me quiet go, To Athens will I bear my folly back, And follow you no farther. Let me go: You see how simple and how fond I am.

Her. Why, get you gone: who is't that hinders you?

Hel. A foolish heart that I leave here behind. Her. What! with Lysander?

Hel. With Demetrius: Lys. Be not afraid: she shall not harm thee,

Helena. Dem. No, sir, she shall not, though you take her part.

Hel. O, when she's angry, she is keen and She was a vixen when she went to school: And, though she be but little, she is fierce.

Exit OBE.

Her. Little again! nothing but low and little— Why will you suffer her to flout me thus? Let me come to her.

Lys. Get you gone, you dwarf; You minimus, of hind'ring knot-grass made; You bead, you acorn.

Dem. You are too officious In her behalf that scorns your services. Let her alone: speak not of Helena; Take not her part, for if thou dost intend Never so little show of love to her, Thou shalt aby it.

Lys. Now she holds me not; Now follow, if thou dar'st, to try whose right, Or thine or mine, is most in Helena.

Dem. Follow! nay. I'll go with thee, cheek by jole. [Excunt Lys. and DEM. Her. You, mistress, all this coil is 'long of you: Yay. go not back.

Nay, go not back.

Hel.

I will not trust you, I;

Nor longer stay in your curst company.

Your hands than mine are quicker for a fray;

My legs are longer though, to run away.

[Exit. Her. I am amaz'd, and know not what to say. | Exit, pursuing HELENA.
Obe. This is thy negligence: still thou mis-

tak'st, Or else commut'st thy knaveries wilfully.

Puck. Believe me, king of shadows, I mistook. Did not you tell me I should know the man By the Athenian garments he had on? And so far blameless proves my enterprise, That I have 'nointed an Athenian's eyes: And so tar am I glad it so did sort, As this their jangling I esteem a sport.

Obe. Thou seest these lovers seek a place to

fight: Hie therefore, Robin, overcast the night; The starry welkin cover thou anon With drooping fog, as black as Acheron And lead these testy rivals so astray, As one come not within another's way. Like to Lysander sometime frame thy tongue, Then stir Demetrius up with bitter wrong; And sometime rail thou like Demetrius; And from each other look thou lead them thus, Till o'er their brows death-counterfeiting sleep With leaden legs and batty wings doth creep: Then crush this herb into Lysander's eye; Whose liquor hath this virtuous property, To take from thence all error with his might And make his eveballs roll with wonted sight. When they next wake, all this derision Shall seem a dream and fruitless vision: And back to Athens shall the lovers wend. [end With league whose date till death shall never Whiles I in this affair do thee employ I'll to my queen, and beg her Indian boy; And then I will her charmed eve release From monster's view, and all things shall be peace.

Puck. My fairy lord, this must be done with haste,

For night's swift dragons cut the clouds full fast And yonder shines Aurora's harbinger, At whose approach ghosts, wandering here and

there,

Troop home to churchyards: damned spirits all, That in cross-ways and floods have burial.

Already to their wormy beds are gone; For fear lest day should look their shames upon They wilfully exile themselves from light, And must for aye consort with black-brow'd might.

Obe. But we are spirits of another sort. I with the morning's love have oft made sport; And, like a forester, the groves may tread Even till the eastern gate, all fiery-red, Opening on Neptune with fair blessed beams, Turns into yellow gold his salt-green streams. But, notwithstanding, haste; make no delay: We may effect this business yet ere day.

Puck. Up and down, up and down; I willlead them up and down: I am fear'd in field and town; Goblin, lead them up and down. Here comes one.

Enter Lysander.

Lys. Where artthou, proud Demetrius? speak thou now. [art thou? Puck. Here, villain; drawn and ready. Where Lys. I will be with thee straight. Puck. Follow me, then,

To plainer ground.

Exit LYS, as following the voice.

Enter DEMETRIUS.

Dem. Lysander! speak again.
Thou runaway, thou coward, art thou fied?
Speak. In some bush? where dost thou hide
thy head? [stars,

Puck. Thou coward, art thou bragging to the Telling the bushes that thou look'st for wars, And wilt not come? Come, recreant; come, thou child;

I'll whip thee with a rod: he is defiled That draws a sword on thee.

Dem. Yea, art thou there?

Puck. Follow my voice; we'll try no manhood here. [Execunt.

Re-enter LYSANDER.

Lys. He goes before me, and still dares me on; When I come where he calls, then he is gone. The villain is much lighter heeled than I: I follow'd fast, but faster he did fly; That fallen am I in dark uneven way,

And here will rest me. Come, thou gentle day!

[Lies down.

For if but once thou show me thy gray light, I'lifind Demetrius, and revenge this spite.
[Sleeps.

Re-enter PUCK and DEMETRIUS.

Puck. He, he! he, he! Coward, why com'st thou not?

Dem. Abide me if thou dar'st; for well I wot Thou runn'st before me, shifting every place; And dar'st not stand, nor look me in the face. Where art thou?

Puck. Come hither; I am here.

Dem. Nay, then, thou mock'st me. Thou shalt buy this dear,

If ever I thy face by daylight see:

Now, go thy way. Faintness constraineth me To measure out my length on this cold bed.— By day's approach look to be visited.

. [Lies down and sleeps.

Enter HELENA.

Hel. O weary night, O long and tedious night. Abate thy hours! Shine comforts from the east. That I may back to Athens by daylight, From these that my poor company detest. And sleep, that sometimes shuts up sorrow's eye, Steal me awhile from mine own company. Sleeps.

Puck. Yet but three? Come one more, Two of both kinds makes up four. Here she comes, curst and sad:-Cupid is a knavish lad, Thus to make poor females mad.

Enter HERMIA.

Her. Never so weary, never so in woe, Bedabbled with the dew, and torn with briers; I can no farther crawl, no farther go;

My legs can keep no pace with my desires. Here will I rest me till the break of day. Heaven shield Lysander, if they mean a fray! [Lies down.

Puck. On the ground Sleep sound: I'll apply To your eye,

Gentle lover, remedy. [Squeezing the juice on LYSANDER'S eye. When thou wak'st, Thou tak'st

True delight In the sight Of thy former lady's eye:

And the country proverb known, That every man should take his own, In your waking shall be shown: Tack shall have Iill:

Nought shall go ill; be well. The man shall have his mare again, and all shall Exit PUCK .- DEM .. HEL .. &c. sleep.

ACT IV.

SCENE I .- The Wood.

Enter TITANIA and BOTTOM, Fairies attending; OBERON behind, unseen,

Tita. Come, sit thee down upon this flowery bed.

While I thy amiable cheeks do coy, And stick musk-roses in thy sleek smooth head, And kiss thy fair large ears, my gentle joy. Bot. Where's Peasblossom?

Peas. Ready. Bot. Scratch my head, Peasblossom .-Where's Monsieur Cobweb?

Cob. Ready. Bot. Monsieur Cobweb; good monsieur, get your weapons in your hand and kill me a redhipped humble-bee on the top of a thistle; and, good monsieur, bring me the honey-bag. Do not fret yourself too much in the action, monsieur, and, good monsieur, have a care the honey-bag break not; I would be loath to have you over-flown with a honey-bag, signior. Where's Monsieur Mustardseed?

Must. Ready. [seed. Bot. Give me your neif, Monsieur Mustard-

Pray you, leave your courtesy, good monsieur.

Must. What's your will?

Bot. Nothing, good monsieur, but to help Cavelero Cobweb to scratch. I must to the barber's monsieur; for methinks I am marvellous hairy about the face: and I am such a tender ass, if my hair do but tickle me I must scratch.

Tita. What, wilt thou hear some music, my sweet love?

Bot. I have a reasonable good ear in music; let us have the tongs and the bones.

Tita. Or say, sweet love, what thou desir'st to Bot. Truly, a peck of provender; I could munch your good dry oats. Methinks I have a great desire to a bottle of hay: good hay, sweet hay, hath no fellow.

Tita. I have a venturous fairy that shall seek The squirrel's hoard, and fetch thee new nuts. Bot. I had rather have a handful or two or dried peas. But, I pray you, let none of your people stir me, I have an exposition of sleep

come upon me. Tita. Sleep thou, and I will wind thee in my Fairies, be gone, and be all ways away. So doth the woodbine the sweet honeysuckle Gently entwist,-the female avy so Enrings the barky fingers of the elm. O. how I love thee! how I dote on thee!

They sleep.

OBERON advances. Enter Puck.

Obe. Welcome, good Robin. Seest thou this sweet sight?

Her dotage now I do begin to pity. For, meeting her of late behind the wood. Seeking sweet savours for this hateful fool, did upbraid her, and fall out with her. For she his hairy temples then had rounded With coronet of fresh and fragrant flowers: And that same dew, which sometime on the buds Was wont to swell like round and orient pearls, Stood now within the pretty flow'rets' eyes, Like tears that did their own disgrace bewail. When I had, at my pleasure, taunted her, And she, in mild terms, begg'd my patience, I then did ask of her her changeling child; Which straight she gave me, and her fairy sent To bear him to my bower in fairy-land. And now I have the boy, I will undo This hateful imperfection of her eyes. And, gentle Puck, take this transformed scalp From off the head of this Athenian swain: That he awaking when the other do. May all to Athens back again repair, And think no more of this night's accidents But as the fierce vexation of a dream. But first I will release the fairy queen.

Be as thou wast wont to be, [Touching her eyes with an herb. See as thou wast wont to see: Dian's bud o'er Cupid's flower Hath such force and blessed power.

Now, my Titania; wake you, my sweet queen.
Tita. My Oberon! what visions have I seen! Methought I was enamour'd of an ass. Obe. There hes your love.

Tita. How came these things to pass? O, how mine eyes do loathe his visage now! Obe. Silence awhile .- Robin, take off this head.

Titania, music call; and strike more dead Than common sleep, of all these five, the sense. Tita. Music, ho! music; such as charmeth sleep.

Puck. Now, when thou wak'st, with thine Begin these wood-birds but to couple now? own fool's eyes peep.

Obe. Sound, music. [Still music.] Come, my queen, take hands with me, And rock the ground whereon these sleepers be. Now thou and I are new in amity, And will to-morrow midnight solemnly Dance in Duke Theseus' house triumphantly, And bless it to all fair posterity: There shall the pairs of faithful lovers be

Wedded, with Theseus, all in jollity. Puck. Fairy king, attend and mark; I do hear the morning lark. Obe. Then, my queen, in silence sad, Trip we after the night's shade: We the globe can compass soon, Swifter than the wand'ring moon. Tita. Come, my lord; and in our flight, Tell me how it came this night That I sleeping here was found With these mortals on the ground.

Exeunt. Horns sound within.

Enter THESEUS, HIPPOLYTA, EGEUS, and Train

The. Go, one of you, find out the forester;-For now our observation is perform'd; And since we have the vaward of the day My love shall hear the music of my hounds, Uncouple in the western valley; go:-Despatch, I say, and find the forester .-We will, fair queen, up to the mountain's top, And mark the musical confusion Of hounds and echo in conjunction.

Hip. I was with Hercules and Cadmus once, When in a wood of Crete they bay'd the bear With hounds of Sparta: never did I hear Such gallant chiding; for, besides the groves, The skies, the fountains, every region near Seem'd all one mutual cry: I never heard So musical a discord, such sweet thunder.

The. My hounds are bred out of the Spartan

kind,

So flew'd, so sanded; and their heads are hung With ears that sweep away the morning dew; Crook-kneed and dew-lap'd like Thessalian bulls;

Slow in pursuit, but match'd in mouth like bells, Each under each. A cry more tuneable Was never holla'd to, nor cheer'd with horn, In Crete, in Sparta, nor in Thessaly: Judge when you hear.—But, soft, what nymphs are these? [asleep;

Ege. My lord, this is my daughter here And this is Lysander; this Demetrius is; This Helena, old Nedar's Helena: I wonder of their being here together.

The. No doubt, they rose up early to observe The rite of May; and, hearing our intent, Came here in grace of our solemnity. But speak Egeus; is not this the day That Hermia should give answer of her choice?

Ege. It is, my lord. The. Go, bid the huntsmen wake them with their horns.

[Horns, and shout within. DEM., LYS., HER., and HEL., awake and start up. The. Good-morrow, friends. Saint Valentine is past;

[He and the rest kneel to THESEUS.

Lys. Pardon, my lord.

The. I pray you all, stand up. I know you two are rival enemies; How comes this gentle concord in the world, That hatred is so far from jealousy To sleep by hate, and fear no enmity?

Lys. My lord, I shall reply amazedly, Half 'sleep, half waking: but as yet, I swear, I cannot truly say how I came here: But, as I think,—for truly would I speak-And now I do bethink me, so it is, I came with Hermia hither: our intent Was to be gone from Athens, where we might

Without the peril of the Athenian law. Ege. Enough, enough, my lord; you have

enough;

I beg the law, the law upon his head.-They would have stol'n away, they would, Demetrius

Thereby to have defeated you and me: You of your wife, and me of my consent, Of my consent that she should be your wife:

Dem. My lord, fair Helen told me of their stealth, Of this their purpose hither to this wood; And I in fury hither follow'd them, Fair Helena in fancy following me. But, my good lord, I wot not by what power,-

But by some power it is,—my love to Hermia Melted as doth the snow—seems to me now As the remembrance of an idle gawd Which in my childhood I did dote upon: And all the faith, the virtue of my heart, The object and the pleasure of mine eye, Is only Helena. To her, my lord, Was I betroth'd ere I saw Hermia: But, like in sickness, did I loathe this food; But, as in health, come to my natural taste, Now do I wish it, love it, long for it,

The. Fair lovers, you are fortunately met: Of this discourse we more will hear anon. Egeus, I will overbear your will; For in the temple, by and by with us, These couples shall eternally be knit. And, for the morning now is something worn, Our purpos'd hunting shall be set aside.-Away with us to Athens three and three, We'll hold a feast in great solemnity.—

And will for evermore be true to it.

Come, Hippolyta.
[Exeunt THE., HIP., EGE., and Train. Dem. These things seem small and undistinguishable.

Like far-off mountains turned into clouds. Her. Methinks I see these things with parted

When everything seems double. So methinks:

And I have found Demetrius like a jewel. Mine own, and not mine own.

It seems to me Dem. That yet we sleep, we dream.-Do you not think

The duke was here, and bid us follow him?

Her. Yea, and my father.

Hel. And Hippolyta.

Lys, And he did bid us follow to the temple.

Dem. Why, then, we are awake: let's follow
him:

And by the way let us recount our dreams.

[Exeunt.

As they go out, BOTTOM awakes.

Bot. When my cue comes, call me, and I will answer:—my next is, Most fair Pyramus.— Heigh-ho!—Peter Quince! Flute, the bellowsmender! Snout, the tinker! Starveling! God's my life, stolen hence, and left me asleep! have had a most rare vision. I have had a dream-past the wit of man to say what dream it was .-- Man is but an ass as if he go about to expound this dream. Methought I was-there is no man can tell what. Methought I was, and methought I had, - But man is but apatched fool, if he will offer to say what methought I had. The eye of man hath not heard, the ear of man hath not seen, man's hand is not able to taste, his tongue to conceive, nor his heart to report what my dream was. I will get Peter Quince to write a ballad of this dream; it shall be called Bottom's Dream, because it hath no bottom; and I will sing it in the latter end of a play, before the duke: peradventure, to make it the more gracious, I shall sing it at her Exit. death.

Scene II.—Athens. A Room in Quince's House.

Enter QUINCE, FLUTE, SNOUT, and STARVE-LING.

Quin. Have you sent to Bottom's house? is he come home yet?

Star. He cannot be heard of. Out of doubt,

he is transported.

Flu. If he come not, then the play is marred; it goes not forward, doth it?

Quin. It is not possible: you have not a man in all Athens able to discharge Pyramus but he. Flu. No; he hath simply the best wit of any handicraft man in Athens.

Quin. Yea, and the best person too: and he is a very paramour for a sweet voice

Flu. You must say paragon: a paramour is, God bless us, a thing of naught.

Enter SNUG.

Snug. Masters, the duke is coming from the temple; and there is two or three lords and ladies more marned: if our sport had gone forward we had all been made men.

File. O sweet bully Bottom! Thus hath he lost sixpence a-day during his life; he could not have 'scaped sixpence a-day; an the duke had not given him sixpence a-day for playing Pyramus, I'll be hanged; he would have deserved it: sixpence a-day in Pyramus, or nothing.

Enter BOTTOM.

Bot. Where are these lads? where are these hearts?

Quin. Bottom!-O most courageous day!
O most happy hour!

Bot. Masters, I am to discourse wonders: but ask me not what; for if I tell you, I am no

true Athenian. I will tell you everything, right as it fell out.

Quin. Let us hear, sweet Bottom.

Bot. Not a word of me. All that I will tell
you is, that the duke hath dined. Get your
apparel together; good strings to your beards,
new ribbons to your pumps; meet presently at
the palace; every man look over his part; for,
the short and the long is, our play is preferred.
In any case, let Thisby have clean linen; and
let not him that plays the lion pare his nails, for
they shall hang out for the lon's claws. And,
most dear actors, eat no onions nor garlick; for
we are to utter sweet breath; and I do not
doubt but to hear them say its a sweet comedy.
No more words: away! go; away! [Exeunt.

ACT V

Scene I.—Athens. An Apartment in the Palace of Theseus.

Enter THESEUS, HIPPOLYTA, PHILOSTRATE, Lords and Attendants.

Hip. 'Tis strange, my Theseus, that these lovers speak of.

The. More strange than true. I never may believe

These antique fables, nor these fairy toys. Lovers and madmen have such seething brains, Such shaping fantasies, that apprehend More than cool reason ever comprehends. The lunatic, the lover, and the poet Are of imagination all compatt: One sees more devils than vast hell can hold; That is the madman: the lover, all as frantic, Sees Helen's beauty in a brow of Egypt:

The poet's eye, in a fine frenzy rolling,
Doth glance from heaven to earth, from earth
to heaven,

And, as imagination bodies forth
The forms of things unknown, the poet's pen
Turns them to shapes, and gives to airy nothing
A local habitation and a name.
Such tricks hath strong imagination,
That, if it would but anyechend some joy.

That, if it would but apprehend some joy, It comprehends some bringer of that joy; Or in the night, imagining some fear, How easy is a bush supposed a bear?

Hip. But all the story of the night told over, And all their minds transfigur'd so together, More witnesseth than fancy's images, And grows to something of great constancy; But, howsoever, strange and admirable.

Enter Lysander, Demetrius, Hermia, and Helena.

The. Here come the lovers, full of joy and mirth. —

Joy, gentle friends! joy and fresh days of love Accompany your hearts!

Lys. More than to us!
Wait on your royal walks, your board, your bed!
The. Come now; what masques, what dances

shall we have,
To wear away this long age of three hours
Between our after-supper and bed-time?
Where is our usual manager of mirth?
What revels are in hand? Is there no play:

To ease the anguish of a torturing hour? Call Philostrate.

Here, mighty Theseus. Philost. The. Say, what abridgment have you for this evening

What masque? what music? How shall we beguile

The lazy time, if not with some delight? Philost. There is a brief how many sports are ripe;

Make choice of which your highness will see Giving a paper. first. The. [reads.] The battle with the Centaurs.

to be sung By an Athenian eunuch to the harb. We'll none of that: that I have told my love, In glory of my kinsman Hercules.

The riot of the tipsy Bacchanals, Tearing the Thracian singer in their rage. That is an old device, and it was play'd When I from Thebes came last a conqueror. The thrice-three Muses mourning for the death

Of learning, late deceas'd in beggary. That is some sature, keen and critical Not sorting with a nuptial ceremony.

A tedious brief scene of young Pyramus. And his love Thisbe; very tragical mirth. Merry and tragical! tedious and brief! That is, hot ice and wondrous strange snow. How shall we find the concord of this discord? Philost. A play there is, my lord, some ten

words long, Which is as brief as I have known a play; But by ten words, my lord, it is too long. Which makes it tedious: for in all the play There is not one word apt, one player fitted: And tragical, my noble lord, it is; For Pyramus therein doth kill himself: Which when I saw rehears'd, I must confess, Made mine eyes water; but more merry tears The passion of loud laughter never shed.

The. What are they that do play it? Philost. Hard-handed men that work in next? Athens here

Which never labour'd in their minds till now; And now have toil'd their unbreath'd memories With this same play against your nuptial.

The. And we will hear it.

Philost. No, my noble lord, It is not for you: I have heard it over, And it is nothing, nothing in the world; Unless you can find sport in their intents Extremely stretch'd, and conn'd with cruel pain,

To do you service. The. I will hear that play; For never anything can be amiss When simpleness and duty tender it.

Go, bring them in: and take your places, ladies. [Exit Philostrate.

Hip. I love not to see wretchedness o'ercharged,

And duty in his service perishing. [thing. The. Why, gentle sweet, you shall see no such Hip. He says they can do nothing in this kind. The. The kinder we, to give them thanks for nothing.

Our sport shall be to take what they mistake: And what poor duty cannot do, Noble respect takes it in might, not merit. Where I have come, great clerks have purposed

To greet me with premeditated welcomes: Where I have seen them shiver and look pale, Make periods in the midst of sentences. Throttle their practis'd accent in their fears, And, in conclusion, dumbly have broke off, Not paying me a welcome. Trust me, sweet, Out of this silence yet I pick'd a welcome And in the modesty of fearful duty I read as much as from the rattling tongue Of saucy and audacious eloquence. Love, therefore, and tongue-tied simplicity In least speak most to my capacity.

Enter PHILOSTRATE.

Philost. So please your grace, the prologue is address'd. The. Let him approach.

[Flourish of Trumpets.

Enter Prologue.

Prol. If we offend, it is with our good will. That you should think we come not to offend But with good will. To show our simple skill, That is the true beginning of our end.

Consider, then, we come but in despite. We do not come as minding to content you. Our true intent is. All for your delight

We are not here. That you should here repent you.

The actors are at hand: and, by their show, You shall know all that you are like to know.

The. This fellow doth not stand upon points. Lys. He hath rid his prologue like a rough colt: he knows not the stop. A good moral, my lord: it is not enough to speak, but to speak true.

Hip. Indeed he hath played on this prologue like a child on a recorder; a sound, but not in government.

The. His speech was like a tangled chain; nothing impaired, but all disordered. Who is

Enter Pyramus and Thisbe, Wall, Moon-SHINE, and LION, as in dumb show.

Prol. Gentles, perchance you wonder at this show;

But wonder on, till truth make all things This man is Pyramus, if you would know; This beauteous lady Thisby is, certain.

This man, with lime and rough-cast, doth present sunder: Wall, that vile Wall which did these lovers And through Wall's chink, poor souls, they are

content To whisper, at the which let no man wonder. This man, with lantern, dog, and bush of thorn, Presenteth Moonshine: for, if you will know,

By moonshine did these lovers think no scorn To meet at Ninus' tomb, there, there to woo. This grisly beast, which by name Lion hight, The trusty Thusby, coming first by night, Did scare away, or rather did affright:

And as she fled, her mantle she did fall; Which Lion vile with bloody mouth did stain: Anon comes Pyramus, sweet youth, and tall, And finds his trusty Thisby's mantle slain; Whereat with blade, with bloody blameful blade,

He bravely broach'd his boiling bloody breast;

And Thisby, tarrying in mulberry shade,

His dagger drew, and died. For all the rest, Let Lion, Moonshine, Wall, and lovers twain At large discourse while here they do remain.

Exeunt PROL., THIS., LION, and MOON.
The. I wonder if the lion be to speak,

Dem. No wonder, my lord: one lion may,

when many asses do.

Wall. In this same interlude it doth befall That I, one Snout by name, present a wall: And such a wall as I would have you think That had in it a crannied hole or chink, Through which the lovers, Pyramus and Thisby, Did whisper often very secretly. show This loam, this rough-cast, and this stone doth That I am the same wall; the truth is so: And this the cranny is, right and smister,

Through which the fearful lovers are to whisper. The. Would you desire lime and hair to

speak better?

Dem. It is the wittiest partition that ever I heard discourse, my lord.

The. Pyramus draws near the wall: silence!

Enter PYRAMUS.

hue so black!

O night, which ever art when day is not! O night, O night, alack, alack, alack, I fear my Thisby's promise is forgot!

And thou, O wall, O sweet, O lovely wall, That stand'st between her father's ground

and mine:

Thou wall, O wall, O sweet and lovely wall, Show me thy chink, to blink through with mine eyne.

[WALL holds up his fingers. Thanks, courteous wall: Jove shield thee well

for this! But what see I? No Thisby do I see.

O wicked wall, through whom I see no bliss; Curst be thy stones for thus deceiving me! The. The wall, methinks, being sensible,

should curse again.

Pyr. No, in truth, sir, he should not. Deceiving me in Thisby's cue: she is to enter now, and I am to spy her through the wall. shall see it will fall pat as I told you .- Youder she comes.

Enter THISBE.

This. O wall, full often hast thou heard my moans,

For parting my fair Pyramus and me:

My cherry lips have often kiss'd thy stones: Thy stones with lime and hair knit up in thee. Pyr. I see a voice; now will I to the chink,

To spy an I can hear my Thisby's face. Thisby

This. My love! thou art my love, I think. Pyr. Think what thou wilt, I am thy lover's grace:

And like Limander am I trusty still.

This. And I like Helen, till the fates me kill. Pyr. Not Shafalus to Procrus was so true. This: As Shafalus to Procrus, I to you.

Pyr. O, kiss me through the hole of this vile wall.

This. I kass the wall's hole, not your lips at all. Pyr. Wilt thou at Ninny's tomb meet me straightway?

This. 'Tide life, 'tide death, I come without delay.

Wall. Thus have I, wall, my part discharged

And, being done, thus wall away doth go.

Exeunt WALL, PYR., and THIS. The. Now is the mural down between the two neighbours.

Dem. No remedy, my lord, when walls are so wilful to hear without warning.

Hip. This is the silliest stuff that ever I heard. The: The best in this kind are but shadows; and the worst are no worse, if imagination amend them. not theirs.

Hip. It must be your imagination then, and The. If we imagine no worse of them than they of themselves, they may pass for excellent men. Here come two noble beasts in, a moon and a lion.

Enter LION and MOONSHINE

Lion. You, ladies, you, whose gentle hearts do fear floor,

The smallest monstrous mouse that creeps on Pyr. O grim-look'd night! O night with May now, perchance, both quake and tremble here,

When hon rough in wildest rage doth roar. Then know that I, one Snug, the joiner, am A hon fell, nor else no lion's dam:

For if I should as hon come in strife Into this place, 'twere pity of my life.

The. A very gentle beast, and of a good conscience.

e'er I saw. Dem. The very best at a beast, my lord, that Lys. This hon is a very fox for his valour.
The. True; and a goose for his discretion.

Dem. Not so, my lord; for his valour cannot carry his discretion; and the fox carries

the goose. The. His discretion, I am sure, cannot carry his valour; for the goose carries not the fox. It is well: leave it to his discretion, and let us

listen to the moon. Moon. This lantern doth the horned moon present: head.

Dem. He should have worn the horns on his The. He is no crescent, and his horns are invisible within the circumference.

Moon. This lantern doth the horned moon

present; Myself the man 'i the moon do seem to be.

The. This is the greatest error of all the rest: the man should be put into the lantern. How is it else the man i"the moon?

Dem. He dares not come there for the can-

dle: for, you see, it is already in snuff.

Hip. I am weary of this moon: would he

would change! The. It appears, by his small light of discre-tion, that he is in the wane: but yet, in courtesy, in all reason, we must stay the time.

Lys. Proceed, moon.

Moon. All that I have to say, is to tell you that the lantern is the moon; I, the man in the moon; this thorn-bush, my thorn-bush; and

this dog, my dog.

Dem. Why, all these should be in the lantern: for all these are in the moon. But, silence; here comes Thisbe.

Enter THISBE.

This. This is old Ninny's tomb. Where is my love?

Lion. Oh!

[The LION roars.—THISBE runs off. Dem. Well roared, lion.
The. Well run, Thisbe.
Htp. Well shone, moon.—Truly, the moon

shines with a good grace.

The. Well moused, lion.

[The LION tears THISBE's mantle and exit.

Dem. And so comes Pyramus. Lys. And then the lion vanishes.

Enter PYRAMUS.

Pyr. Sweet moon, I thank thee for thy sunny beams: |bright: I thank thee, moon, for shining now so For, by thy gracious, golden, glittering streams, I trust to taste of truest Thisby's sight.

But stay;—O spite! But mark,—poor knight, What dreadful dole is here! Eyes, do you see? How can it be? O dainty duck! O dear! Thy mantle good, What! stained with blood? Approach, ye furies fell! O fates! come, come; Cut thread and thrum;

Quail, rush, conclude, and quell! The. This passion, and the death of a dear friend, would go near to make a man look sad. Hip. Beshrew my heart, but I pity the man. Pyr. O wherefore, nature, didst thou hons frame?

Since lion vile hath here deflower'd my dear: Which is—no, no—which was the fairest dame That liv'd, that lov'd, that lik'd, that look'd

with cheer. Come, tears, confound; Out, sword, and wound The pap of Pyramus:

Ay, that left pap, Where heart doth hop:— Thus die I, thus, thus, thus. Now am I dead,

Now am I fled; My soul is in the sky: Tongue, lose thy light! Moon, take thy flight!

Now die, die, die, die, die.

[Dies.—Exit MOONSHINE. Dem. No die, but an ace, for him; for he is at one. [he is nothing.

Lys. Less than an ace, man; for he is dead;

The. With the help of a surgeon he might but one.

yet recover and prove an ass. Hip. How chance moonshine is gone before Thisbe comes back and finds her lover?

The. She will find him by starlight.—Here she comes; and her passion ends the play.

Enter THISBE.

Hip. Methinks she should not use a long one for such a Pyramus: I hope she will be brief.

Dem. A mote will turn the balance, which Pyramus, which Thisbe, is the better.

Lys. She hath spied him already with those sweet eyes.

Dem. And thus she moans, videlicet .-

Asleep, my love? What, dead, my dove? This. O Pyramus, arise, Speak, speak. Quite dumb? Dead, dead? A tomb Must cover thy sweet eyes. These lily brows,

This cherry nose, These yellow cowslip cheeks. Are gone, are gone:

Lovers, make moan! His eyes were green as leeks. O Sisters Three,

Come, come to me, With hands as pale as milk; Lay them in gore,

Since you have shore With shears his thread of silk. Tongue, not a word:-Come, trusty sword;

Come, blade, my breast imbrue: And farewell, friends:— Thus Thisby ends:

Adieu, adieu, adieu. Dies. The. Moonshine and lion are left to bury

the dead. Dem. Ay, and wall too,

Bot. No, I assure you; the wall is down that parted their fathers. Will it please you to see the epilogue, or to hear a Bergomask dance

between two of our company.

The. No epilogue, I pray you; for your play needs no excuse. Never excuse; for when the players are all dead there need none to be blamed. Marry, if he that writ it had played Pyramus, and hanged himself in Thisbe's garter, it would have been a fine tragedy: and so it is, truly; and very notably discharged. But come, your Bergomask: let your epilogue Here a dance of CLOWNS. alone. The iron tongue of midnight hath told twelve:— Lovers, to bed; 'tis almost fairy time. I fear we shall out-sleep the coming morn, As much as we this night have overwatch'd. This palpable-gross play hath well beguil'd The heavy gait of night.—Sweet friends, to bed.— A fortnight hold we this solemnty, [Exeunt. In nightly revels and new jollity.

SCENE II.

Enter Puck.

Puck. Now the hungry lion roars, And the wolf behowls the moon; Whilst the heavy ploughman snores, All with weary task fordone. Now the wasted brands do glow Whilst the scritch-owl, scritching loud Puts the wretch that lies in woe In remembrance of a shroud. Now it is the time of night That the graves, all gaping wide, Every one lets forth its sprite, In the church-way paths to glide: And we fairies, that do run

By the triple Hecate's team,

Exit

From the presence of the sun Following darkness like a dream, Now are frolic; not a mouse Shall disturb this hallow'd house: I am sent with broom before, To sweep the dust behind the door.

Enter OBERON and TITANIA, with their Train.

Obe. Through this house give glimmering light,
By the dead and drowsy fire:
Every elf and farry sprite
Hop as light as bird from brier:
And this ditty, after me,
Sing and dance it trippingly.
Tita. First, rehearse your song by rote,
To each word a warbling note,
Hand in hand, with fairy grace,
Will we sing, and bless this place.

SONG AND DANCE.

Obe. Now, until the break of day,
Through this house each fairy stray,
To the best bride-bed will we,
Which by us shall blessed be;
And the issue there create
Ever shall be fortunate
So shall all the couples three
Ever true in loving be,
And the blots of Nature's hand

Shall not in their issue stand: Never mole, hare-lip, nor scar, Nor mark prodigious, such as are Despised in nativity, Shall upon their children be.— With this field-dew consecrate, Every fairy take his gate; And each several chamber bless. Through this palace, with sweet peace; E'er shall it in safety rest, And the owner of it blest. Trip away: Make no stay: Meet me all by break of day. [Exeunt OBE., TITA., and Train. Puck. If we shadows have offended. Think but this-and all is mended-That you have but slumber'd here While these visions did appear. And this weak and idle theme. No more yielding but a dream. Gentles, do not reprehend; If you pardon, we will mend. And, as I'm an honest Puck, If we have unearned luck Now to 'scape the serpent's tongue, We will make amends ere long; Else the Puck a liar call: So, good night unto you all.

Give me your hands, if we be friends.

And Robin shall restore amends.

LOVE'S LABOUR'S LOST

PERSONS REPRESENTED

FERDINAND, King of Navarre. LONGAVILLE, Lords attending on the KING.

BOYET, Lords attending on the PRINCESS MERCADE. OF FRANCE. DON ADRIANO DE ARMADO, a Fantastical

Spaniard. SIR NATHANIEL, a Curate.

HOLOFERNES, a Schoolmaster. DULL, a Constable.

COSTARD, a Clown. MOTH, Page to ARMADO.

A Forester.

PRINCESS OF FRANCE. ROSALINE. Ladies attending on the MARIA,

PRINCESS. KATHARINE,

JAQUENETTA, a Country Wench. Officers and Others, Attendants on the KING

and PRINCESS.

SCENE.-NAVARRE.

ACT I. Scene I .- NAVARRE. A Park. with a Palace in ıt.

Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and Dumain.

- King. Let fame, that all hunt after in their lives.

Live register'd upon our brazen tombs, And then grace us in the disgrace of death; When, spite of cormorant devouring time, The endeavor of this present breath may buy That honour which shall bate his scythe's keen

edge, And make us heirs of all eterpity. Therefore, brave conquerors, -for so you are, That war against your own affections, And the huge army of the world's desires,-Our late edict shall strongly stand in force:

Navarre shall be the wonder of the world; Our court shall be a little Academe. Still and contemplative in living art. You three, Biron, Dumain, and Longaville, Have sworn for three years' term to live with

My fellow-scholars, and to keep those statutes That are recorded in this schedule here: Your oaths are pass'd; and now subscribe your names,

That his own hand may strike his honour down That violates the smallest branch herein: If you are arm'd to do as sworn to do,

Subscribe to your deep oaths, and keep it too. Long. I am resolv'd; 'tis but a three years'

fast: The mind shall banquet though the body pine: Fat paunches have lean pates; and dainty bits Make rich the ribs, but bankrupt quite the wits. Dum. My loving lord, Dumain is mortified: The grosser manner of these world's delights He throws upon the gross world's baser slaves: To love, to wealth, to pomp. I pine and die; With all these living in philosophy.

Biron. I can but say their protestation over; So much, dear liege, I have already sworn, That is, to live and study here three years. But there are other strict observances; As, not to see a woman in that term; Which I hope well is not enrolled there: And one day in a week to touch no food, And but one meal on every day beside; The which I hope is not enrolled there: And then, to sleep but three hours in the night, And not be seen to wink of all the day, When I was wont to think no harm all night, And make a dark night too of half the day,-Which I hope well is not enrolled there: O, these are barren tasks, too hard to keep; Not to see ladies-study-fast-not sleep.

King. Your oath is pass'd to pass away from these.

Biron. Let me say no, my liege, an if you please;

I only swore to study with your grace, And stay here in your court for three years'

Long. You swore to that, Biron, and to the rest. [jest.—

Biron. By yea and nay, sir, then I swore in What is the end of study? let me know.

King. Why, that to know which else we should not know.

Biron. Things hid and barr'd, you mean, from common sense?

King. Ay, that is study's god-like recompense.

Biron. Come on, then, I will swear to study so,

To know the thing I am forbid to know; As thus,—to study where I well may dine, When I to feast expressly am forbid; Or study where to meet some mistress fine,

When mistresses from common sense are hid:

Or, having sworn too-hard-a-keeping oath, Study to break it, and not break my troth. If study's gain be thus, and this be so, Study knows that which yet it doth not know: Swear me to this, and I will ne'er say no.

King. These be the stops that hinder study quite,

And train our intellects to vain delight.

Biron. Why, all delights are vain; but that most vain

Which, with pain purchas'd, doth inherit pain: As painfully to pore upon a book [while To seek the light of truth; while truth the Doth falsely blind the eyesight of his look;

Light, seeking light, doth light of light beguile. So, ere you find where light in darkness lies, Your light grows dark by losing of your eyes. Study me how to please the eye indeed,

By fixing it upon a fairer eye;

Who dazzling so, that eye shall be his heed, And give him light that it was blinded by. Study is like the heaven's glorious sun,

That will not be deep-search'd with saucy looks;

Dum. My loving lord, Dumain is mortified: Small have continual plodders ever won.

Save base authority from others' books, These earthly godiathers of heaven's lights, That give a name to every fixed star,

Have no more profit of their shining nights Than those that walk and wot not what they

are. Too much to know is to know naught but fame;

And every godfather can give a name.

King. How well he's read, to reason against

reading!

Dum. Proceeded well, to stop all good proceeding!

Long. He weeds the corn, and still lets grow the weeding. Biron. The spring is near, when green geese

are a-breeding.

Dum. How follows that?

Biron. Fit in his place and time.

Dum. In reason nothing.

Biron. Something then in rhyme.

Long. Biron is like an envious sneaping frost,
That bites the first-born infants of the spring.

Biron. Well, say I am; why should proud summer boast

Before the birds have any cause to sing? Why should I joy in an abortive birth? At Christmas I no more desire a rose Than wish a snow in May'snew-fangled shows; But like of each thing that in season grows. So you, to study now it is too late.

Climb o'er the house to unlock the little gate.

King. Well, sit you out: go home, Biron;
adieu. [stay with you;

Biron. No, my good lord; I have sworn to And, though I have for barbarism spoke more Than for that angel knowledge you can say Yet confident I'll keep what I have swore,

And bide the penance of each three years' day.

Give me the paper, let me read the same; And to the strict'st decrees I'll write my name.

King. How well this yielding rescues thee from shame!

Biron. [reads.] Item, That no woman shall come within a mile of my court.—
And hath this been proclaim'd?

Long. Four days ago.
Biron. Let's see the penalty.

[Reads.]—On pain of losing her tongue.
Who devis'd this?

Long. Marry, that did I.

Biron. Sweet lord, and why? [penaity.

Long. To fright them hence with that dread

Biron. A dangerous law against gentility.

[Reads.] Item, If any man be seen to talk with a woman within the term of three years, he shall endure such public shame as the rest of the court can possibly devise.—

This article, my liege, yourself must break; For well you know here comes in embassy The French king's daughter, with yourself to

speak,— A maid of grace and complete majesty,— About surrender-up of Aquitain

To her decrepit, sick, and bed-rid father: Therefore this article is made in vain,

Or vainly comes the admired princess hither. King. What say you, lords? why, this was quite forgot.

Biron. So study evermore is over-shot; While it doth study to have what it would, It doth forget to do the thing it should: And when it hath the thing it hunteth most, 'Tis won as towns with fire,—so won, so lost.

King. We must, of force, dispense with this

decree:

She must he here on mere necessity.

Biron Necessity will make us all forsworn Three thousand times within this three years' space,

For every man with his affects is born; Not by might master'd but by special grace: tion? If I break faith, this word shall speak for me, I am forsworn on mere necessity, So to the laws at large I write my name:

Subscribes. And he that breaks them in the least degree Stands in attainder of eternal shame.

Suggestions are to others as to me: But I believe, although I seem so loath; I am the last that will last keep his oath. But is there no quick recreation granted?

King. Ah, that there is: our court, you know, is haunted

With a refined traveller of Spain;

A man in all the world's new fashion planted, That hath a mint of phrases in his brain: One whom the music of his own vain tongue

Doth ravish, like enchanting harmony; A man of complements, whom right and wrong Have chose as umpire of their mutiny:

This child of fancy, that Armado hight, For interim to our studies, shall relate,

In high-born words, the worth of many a knight From tawny Spain, lost in the world's debate. How you delight, my lords, I know not, I: But, I protest, I love to hear him lie,

And I will use him for my minstrelsy. Biron Armado is a most illustricus wight. A man of fire-new words, fashion's own knight. Long. Costard, the swain, and he shall be

And so to study-three years is but short.

Enter Dull with a letter, and Costard.

Dull. Which is the Duke's own person?

Biron. This, fellow; what wouldst? Dull I myself reprehend his own person for I am his grace's tharborough: but I would see his own person in flesh and blood.

Biron This is he.

our sport;

Dull. Signior Arme—Arme—commends you. There's villany abroad: this letter will tell you

Cost. Sir, the contempts thereof are as touching me.

King. A letter from the magnificent Armado. Biron How long soever the matter, I hope in God for high words.

Long. A high hope for a low heaven: God

grant us patience!

Biron. To hear? or forbear laughing?

Long. To hear meekly, sir, and to laugh

moderately; or to forbear both. Biron. Well, sir, be it as the style shall give us cause to climb in the merriness.

Cost. The matter is to me, sir, as concerning Jaquenetta. The manner of it is, I was taken with the manner.

Biron. In what manner?

Cost. In manner and form following, sir, all those three: I was seen with her in the manor house, sitting with her upon the form, and taken following her into the park, which, put together, is in manner and form following. Now, sir, for the manner,-it is the manner of a man to

speak to a woman: for the form,—in some form.

Buon. For the following, sir? Cost. As it shall follow in my correction; and

God defend the right!

King. Will you hear this letter with atten-

Biron. As we would hear an oracle.

Cost. Such is the simplicity of man to hearken after the flesh.

King. [reads.] Great deputy, the welkin's vicegerent and sole dominator of Navarre, my soul's earth's God and body's fostering patron,-Cost. Not a word of Costard yet.

King. [reads] So it is,-

Cost. It may be so: but if he say it is so, he is, in telling true, but so so.

King. Peace!

Cost —be to me, and every man that dares not fight!

King. No words!

Cost. -of other men's secrets, I beseech you.

King. [reads.] So it is, besieged with sablecoloured melancholy, I did recommend the black-oppressing humour to the most wholesome physic of thy health-giving air; and, as I am a gentleman, betook myself to walk. The time when? About the sixth hour; when beasts most graze, birds best peck, and men sit down to that nourishment which is called supper: so much for the time when. Now for the ground which; which, I mean, I walked upon: it is ycleped thy park. Then for the place where; I mean, I did encounter that obscene and most preposterous event that draweth from my snowwhite pen the ebon-coloured ink, which here thou viewest, beholdest, surveyest, or seest: but to the place where,-it standeth northnorth-east and by-east from the west corner of thy curious-knotted garden. There did I see that low-spirited swain, that base minnow of thy mirth,

Cost Me. fsoul. King. -that unlettered small-knowing Cost. Me.

King. -that shallow vassal,-

Cost. Still me.

tard,----which, as I remember, hight Cos-Kına. Cost. O. me.

King. · -sorted and consorted, contrary to thy established proclaimed educt and continent canon, with-with,-O, with-but with this I passion to say wherewith,-

Cost. With a wench.

King. —with a child of our grandmother Eve, a female; or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman. Him, -I as my ever esteemed duty pricks me on,-have sent to thee, to receive the meed of punishment, by thy sweet grace's officer, Antony Dull, a man of good repute, carriage, bearing, and estimation.

Dull. Me, an't shall please you; I am

Antony Dull.

King. [reads.] For Jaquenetta,-so is the weaker vessel called, which I apprehended with the aforesaid swain,—I keep her as a vessel of thy law's fury; and shall, at the least of thy sweet notice, bring her to trial. Thine, in all compliments of devoted and heart-burning

heat of duty, Don Adriano de Armado.

Biron. This is not so well as I looked for,

but the best that ever I heard.

King. Ay, the best for the worst. sirrah, what say you to this?

Cost. Sir, I confess the wench.

King. Did you hear the proclamation? Cost. I do confess much of the hearing it, but little of the marking of it.

King. It was proclaimed a year's imprisonment, to be taken with a wench.

Cost. I was taken with none, sir; I was

taken with a damosel.

King. Well, it was proclaimed damosel. Cost. This was no damosel neither, sir; she virgin. was a virgin.

King. It so varied too; for it was proclaimed Cost. If it were, I deny her virginity; I was

taken with a maid King. This maid will not serve your turn, sir.

Cost. This maid will serve my turn, sir. King. Sir, I will pronounce your sentence: you shall fast a week with bran and water.

Cost. I had rather pray a month with mutton and porridge.

King. And Don Armado shall be your keeper.-

My Lord Biron, see him delivered over .-And go we, lords, to put in practice that

Which each to other hath so strongly sworn .-Exeunt King, Long., and Dum. Biron. I'll lay my head to any good man's

hat. These oaths and laws will prove an idle

scorn.-Sirrah, come on. Cost. I suffer for the truth, sir: for true it is,

I was taken with Jaquenetta, and Jaquenetta is a true girl; and therefore, Welcome the sour cup of prosperity! Affliction may one day smile again, and till then, Sit thee down, sorrow!

Exeunt.

Scene II.—Another part of the Park.

Enter ARMADO and MOTH.

Arm. Boy, what sign is it when a man of great spirit grows melancholy?

Moth. A great sign, sir, that he will look sad. Arm. Why, sadness is one and the self-same

thing, dear imp.

Moth. No, no; O lord, sir, no. Arm. How canst thou part sadness and melancholy, my tender juvenal?

Moth. By a familiar demonstration of the

working, my tough senior.

Arm. Why tough senior? why tough senior?

Moth. Why tender juvenal? why tender

Arm. I spoke it, tender juvenal, as a congruent epitheton appertaining to thy young days, which we may nominate tender.

Moth. And I, tough senior, as an appertinent title to your old time, which we may name tough.

Arm. Pretty, and apt.

Moth. How mean you, sir; I pretty, and my saying apt? or I apt, and my saying pretty?

Arm. Thou pretty, because little.

Moth. Little pretty, because little.

Where-Arm. And therefore apt, because quick.

Moth. Speak you this in my praise, master? Arm. In thy condign praise.

Moth. I will praise an eel with the same praise.

Arm. What, that an eel is ingenious?

Moth. That an eel is quick.

Arm. I do say thou art quick in answers: thou heatest my blood.

Moth. I am answered, sir.

Arm. I love not to be crossed.

Moth. He speaks the mere contrary; crosses love not him. Arm. I have promised to study three years

with the duke. Moth. You may do it in an hour, sir. Arm. Impossible.

Moth. How many is one thrice told?

Arm. I am ill at reckoning; it fitteth the spirit of a tapster. Sir.

Moth. You are a gentleman and a gamester, Arm. I confess both,-they are both the varnish of a complete man.

Moth. Then, I am sure, you know how much the gross sum of deuce-ace amounts to.

Arm. It doth amount to one more than two. Moth. Which the base vulgar do call three. Arm. True.

Moth. Why, sir, is this such a piece of study? Now here is three studied ere you'll thrice wink: and how easy it is to put years to the word three, and study three years in two words, the dancing horse will tell you.

Arm. A most fine figure!

Moth. To prove you a cipher. Arm. I will hereupon confess I am in love: and as it is base for a soldier to love, so am I in love with a base wench. If drawing my sword against the humour of affection would deliver me from the reprobate thought of it, I would take desire prisoner, and ransom him to any French courier for a new devised courtesy. think scorn to sigh; methinks I should outswear Cupid. Comfort me, boy: what great men have been in love?

Moth. Hercules, master. Arm. Most sweet Hercules!--More authority, dear boy, name more; and, sweet my child,

let them be men of good repute and carriage. Moth. Samson, master; he was a man of good carriage, great carriage,—for he carried

the towngates on his back like a porter: and he was in love. Arm. O well-knit Samson! strong-jointed

Samson! I do excel thee in my rapier as much as thou didst me in carrying gates. I am in love too:-who was Samson's love, my dear Moth?

Moth. A woman, master.

Arm. Of what complexion?

Moth. Of all the four, or the three, or the two; or one of the four.

Arm. Tell me precisely of what complexion. Moth. Of the sea-water green, sir.

Arm. Is that one of the four complexions? Moth. As I have read, sir; and the best of

Arm. Green, indeed, is the colour of overs; but to have a love of that colour, methinks Samson had small reason for it. He surely affected her for her wit.

Moth. It was so, sir; for she had a green wit. Arm. My love is most immaculate white and

red.

Moth. Most maculate thoughts, master, are masked under such colours.

Arm. Define, define, well-educated infant. Moth. My father's wit and my mother's tongue, assist me!

Arm. Sweet invocation of a child; most

pretty, and pathetical!

Moth. If she be made of white and red, Her faults will ne'er be known; For blushing cheeks by faults are bred. And fears by pale white shown:

Then if she fear, or be to blame, By this you shall not know;

For still her cheeks possess the same Which native she doth owe. A dangerous rhyme, master, against the reason

of white and red. Arm. Is there not a ballad, boy, of the King

and the Beggar.

Moth. The world was very guilty of such a ballad some three ages since; but, I think, now 'tis not to be found; or, if it were, it would neither serve for the writing nor the tune.

Arm. I will have the subject newly writ o'er, that I may example my digression by some mighty precedent. Boy, I do love that country girl that I took in the park with the rational hind Costard: she deserves well.

Moth. To be whipped: and yet a better love than my master.

Arm. Sing, boy; my spirit grows heavy in

light wench.

Arm. I say, sing. Moth. Forbear till this company be past.

Enter Dull, Costard, and Jaquenetta.

Dull. Sir, the duke's pleasure is, that you keep Costard safe: and you must let him take no delight nor no penance; but 'a must fast three days a-week. For this damsel, I must keep her at the park: she is allowed for the day-woman. Fare you well. [Maid. [Maid.

Arm. I do betray myself with blushing .-

Jaq. Man.

Arm. I will visit thee at the lodge.

Jaq. That's here by.

Arm. I know where it is situate.

Jaq. Lord, how wise you are!

Arm. I will tell thee wonders. Jag. With that face?

Arm. I love thee.

Jag. So I heard you say.

Arm. And so farewell.

Jag. Fair weather after you!

Dull. Come, Jaquenetta, away

Arm. Villain thou shalt fast for thy offenses ere thou be pardoned.

Cost. Well, sir, I hope, when I do it I shall do it on a full stomach.

Arm. Thou shalt be heavily punished. Cost. I am more bound to you than your

fellows, for they are but lightly rewarded. Arm. Take away this villain; shut him up. Moth. Come, you transgressing slave: away.

Cost. Let me not be pent up, sir; I will fast, being loose.

Moth. No, sir; that were fast and loose: thou

shalt to prison.

Cost. Well, if ever I do see the merry days of desolation that I have seen, some shall see-

Moth. What shall some see?

Cost. Nay, nothing, Master Moth, but what they look upon. It is not for prisoners to be too silent in their words: and therefore I will say nothing: I thank God I have as little patience as another man; and therefore I can be quiet. Exeunt MOTH and COSTARD.

Arm. I do affect the very ground, which is base, where her shoe, which is baser, guided by her foot, which is basest, doth tread. I shall be forsworn,—which is a great argument of false-hood,—if I love. And how can that be true love which is falsely attempted? Love is a familiar; love is a devil: there is no evil angel but love. Yet Samson was so tempted, -and he had an excellent strength: yet was Solomon so seduced,—and he had a very good wit. Cupid's butt-shaft is too hard for Hercules' club, and therefore too much odds for a Spaniard's rapier. The first and second cause will not serve my turn; the passado he respects not, the duello he regards not; his disgrace is to be called boy; but his glory is to subdue men. Adieu, valour! rust, rapier! be still, drum! for your manager is in love; yea, he loveth. Assist me, some extemporal god of rhyme, for I am sure I shall turn sonneteer. Devise, wit; Moth. And that's great marvel, loving a write, pen; for I am for whole volumes in folio. Exit.

ACT II.

Scene I .- Another part of the park. A Pavilion and Tents at a distance.

Enter the Princess of France, Rosaline, Maria, Katharine, Boyet, Loids, and other Attendants.

Boyet. Now, madam, summon up your dearest spirits:

Consider who the king your father sends; To whom he sends; and what's his embassy: Yourself, held precious in the world's esteem, To parley with the sole inheritor Of all perfections that a man may owe, Matchless Navarre; the plea of no less weight Than Aquitain,—a dowry for a queen. Be now as prodigal of all dear grace As nature was in making graces dear When she did starve the general world beside, And prodigally gave them all to you.

Prin. Good Lord Boyet, my beauty, though

but mean.

Needs not the painted flourish of your praise; Beauty is bought by judgment of the eye, Exeunt Dull and JAQUENETTA. Not utter'd by base sale of chapmen's tongues:

I am less proud to hear you tell of my worth Than you much willing to be counted wise In spending your wit in the praise of mine. But now to task the tasker:—good Boyet, You are not ignorant, all-telling fame Doth noise abroad, Navarre hath made a vow. Till painful study shall out-wear three years No woman may approach his silent court: Therefore to us seemeth it a needful course, Before we enter his forbidden gates, To know his pleasure; and in that behalf, Bold of your worthiness, we single you As our best-moving fair solicitor Tell him the daughter of the King of France, On serious business, craving quick despatch, Importunes personal conference with his grace. Haste, signify so much; while we attend, Like humbly-visag'd suitors, his high will.

Boyet. Proud of employment, willingly I go. Prin. All pride is willing pride, and yours is Exit BOYET.

Who are the votaries, my loving lords, That are vow-fellows with this virtuous duke?

Lord. Longaville is one. Know you the man?

Mar. Iknowhim, madam; at a marriage feast, Between Lord Perigort and the beauteous heir Of Jaques Falconbridge, solemnized In Normandy, saw I this Longaville: A man of sovereign parts he is esteem'd; Well fitted in the arts, glorious in arms: Nothing becomes him ill that he would well. The only soil of his fair virtue's gloss, If virtue's gloss will stain with any soil Is a sharp wit matched with too blunt a will; Whose edge hath power to cut, whose will still wills

It should none spare that come within his power. Prin. Some merry mocking lord, belike; 1s't so?

Mar. They say so most that most his humours know. grow.

Prin. Such short-liv'd wits do wither as they Who are the rest?

Kath. Theyoung Dumain, a well-accomplish'd youth,

Of all that virtue love for virtue lov'd: Most power to do most harm, least knowing ill; For he hath wit to make an ill shape good, And shape to win grace though he had no wit. I saw him at the Duke Alencon's once; And much too little of that good I saw

Is my report to his great worthiness.

Ros. Another of these students at that time Was there with him; if I have heard a truth, Biron they call him; but a merrier man, Within the limit of becoming mirth, I never spent an hour's talk withal; His eye begets occasion for his wit; For every object that the one doth catch. The other turns to a mirth-moving jest: Which his fair tongue—conceit's expositor-Delivers in such apt and gracious words That aged ears play truant at his tales, And younger hearings are quite ravished; So sweet and voluble is his discourse.

Prin. God bless my ladies! are they all in love.

That every one her own hath garnished With such bedecking ornaments of praise? Mar. Here comes Boyet.

Re-enter BOYET.

Now, what admittance, lord? Prin. Boyet. Navarre had notice of your fair approach;

And he and his competitors in oath Were all address'd to meet you gentle lady, Before Icame. Marry, thusmuch lhave learnt,— He rather means to lodge you in the field, Like one that comes here to besiege his court, Than seek a dispensation for his oath, To let you enter his unpeopled house.

[The Ladies mask. Here comes Navarre.

Enter King, Longaville, Dumain, Biron. and Attendants.

King. Fair princess, welcome to the court of Navarre.

Prin. Fair, I give you back again; and welcome I have not yet; the roof of this court is too high to be yours; and welcome to the wide fields too base to be mine.

King. You shall be welcome, madam, to my Prin. I will be welcome, then; conduct me thither.

King. Hear me, dear lady,—I have sworn an Prin. Our lady help my lord! he'll be forsworn.

King. Not for the world, fair madam, by my will.

Prin. Why, will shall break it; will, and nothing else.

Your ladyship is ignorant what it is. King. Prin. Were my lord so, his ignorance were

Where now his knowledge must prove ignorance. I hear your grace hath sworn-out housekeeping: 'Tis deadly sin to keep that oath, my lord, And sin to break it;

But pardon me, I am too sudden bold; To teach a teacher ill beseemeth me. Vouchsafe to read the purpose of my coming, And suddenly resolve me in my suit.

Gives a paper. King. Madam, I will, if suddenly I may. Prin. You will the sooner that I were away; For you'll prove perjur'd if you make me stay. Biron. Did not I dance with you in Brabant

once? Ros. Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?

Biron. I know you did.

Ros.How needless was it then To ask the question

Biron. You must not be so quick. Ros. 'Tis 'long of you, that spur me with such questions.

Biron. Your wit's too hot, it speeds too fast, 'twill tire.

Ros. Not till it leave the rider in the mire. Biron. What time o' day?

Ros. The hour that fools should ask. Biron. Now fair befall your mask! Ros. Fair fall the face it covers!

Biron. And send you many lovers! Ros. Amen, so you be none. Biron. Nay, then will I be gone.

King. Madam, your father here doth intimate

The payment of a hundred thousand crowns; Being but the one-half of an entire sum Disbursed by my father in his wars. But say that he or we, -as neither have,-Receiv'd that sum, yet there remains unpaid A hundred thousand more; in surety of the which.

One part of Aquitain is bound to us Although not valued to the money's worth. If, then, the king your father will restore But that one-half which is unsatisfied, We will give up our right in Aquitain And hold fair friendship with his majesty. But that, it seems, he little purposeth, For here he doth demand to have repaid An hundred thousand crowns; and not demands. On payment of a hundred thousand crowns. To have his title live in Aquitain; Which we much rather had depart withal, And have the money by our father lent. Than Aquitain so gelded as it is. Dear princess, were not his requests so far From reason's yielding, your fair self should make

A yielding, 'gainst some reason, in my breast, And go well satisfied to France again. Prin. You do the king my father too much

wrong, And wrong the reputation of your name, In so unseeming to confess receipt Of that which hath so faithfully been paid. King. I do protest I never heard of it; And if you prove it, I'll repay it back, Or yield up Aquitain.

We arrest your word:-Boyet, you can produce acquittances. For such a sum from special officers Of Charles his father.

King. Satisfy me so. [come, Bouet. So please your grace, the packet is not Where that and other specialties are bound; To-morrow you shall have a sight of them.

King. It shall suffice me; at which interview All liberal reason I will yield unto. Meantime receive such welcome at my hand As honour, without breach of honour, may Make tender of to thy true worthiness: You may not come, fair princess, in my gates; But here without you shall be so receiv'd As you shall deem yourself lodg'd in my heart, Though so denied fair harbour in my house. Your own good thoughts excuse me, and farewell:

To-morrow shall we visit you again. Prin. Sweet health and fair desires consort [place! your grace!

King. Thy own wish wish I thee in every Exeunt KING and his Train. Biron. Lady, I will commend you to my own

heart. Ros. Pray you, do my commendations: I would be glad to see it.

Biron. I would you heard it groan. Ros. Is the fool sick? Biron. Sick at heart. Ros. Alack, let it blood. Biron. Would that do it good? Ros. My physic says ay.

Biron. Will you prick't with your eye? Ros. No pount, with my knife.

Biron. Now, God save thy life! Ros. And yours from long living! Biron. I cannot stay thanksgiving.

Retiring. Dum. Sir, I pray you, a word! what lady is that same?

Boyet. The heir of Alencon, Katharine her name.

Dum. A gallant lady! Monsieur, fare you well. Exit.

Long. I beseech you a word; what is she in the white? [the light. Boyet. Awoman sometimes, and you sawher in

Long. Perchance, light in the light. I desire her name.

Boyet. She hath but one for herself; to desire that were a shame.

Long. Pray you, sir, whose daughter? Boyet. Her mother's, I have heard. Long. God's blessing on your beard! Boyet. Good sir, be not offended:

She is an heir of Falconbridge. Long. Nay, my choler is ended. She is a most sweet ladv.

Boyet. Not unlike, sir: that may be. Exit LONG.

Biron. What's her name in the cap? Boyet. Rosaline, by good hap. Biron. Is she wedded or no?

Boyet. To her will, sir, or so. Buron. You are welcome, sir: adieu! [you. Boyet. Farewell to me, sir and welcome to Exit BIRON .- Ladies unmask. Mar. That last is Biron, the merry mad-cap

lord;

Not a word with him but a jest. Boyet. And every jest but a word. Prin. It is well done of you to take him at his word. to board.

Boyet. I was as willing to grapple as he was Mar. Two hot sheeps, marry!

Boyet. And wherefore not ships? No sheep, sweet lamb, unless we feed on your lips. finish the jest? Mar. You sheep and I pasture; shall that

Boyet. So you grant pasture for me. Offering to kiss her.

Not so, gentle beast; Mar. My lips are no common, though several they be. Boyet. Belonging to whom?

Mar. To my fortunes and me. Prin. Good wits will be jangling: but, gentles, agree:

The civil war of wits were much better used On Navarre and his book-men; for here 'tis

abus'd. dom lies,-Boyet. If my observation, - which very sel-By the heart's still rhetoric disclos'd with eyes, Deceive me not now, Navarre is infected.

Prin. With what? [affected. Boyet. With that which we lovers entitle Prin. Your reason? [retire. Boyet. Why, all his behaviours did make their

To the court of his eye, peeping through desire: His heart, like an agate, with your print im-

press'd, Proud with his form, in his eye pride express'd:

His tongue, all impatient to speak and not see, Did stumble with haste in his eye-sight to be;

All senses to that sense did make their repair, To feel only looking on fairest of fair:

Methought all his senses were lock'd in his eye, As jewels in crystal for some prince to buy; Who, tend'ring their own worth from where

they were glass'd,

Did point you to buy them, along as you pass'd. His face's own margent did quote such amazes That all eyes saw his eyes enchanted with gazes: I'll give you Aquitain, and all that is his, An you give him for my sake but one loving kiss.

Prin. Come to our pavilion: Boyet is dis-[eye hath disclos'd: pos'd-

Boyet. But to speak that in words which his I only have made a mouth of his eye,

By adding a tongue which I know will not lie. Ros. Thou art an old love-monger, and news of him. speak'st skulfully. Mar. He is Cupid's grandfather, and learns

Ros. Then was Venus like her mother; for her father is but grim.

Bouet. Do you hear, my mad wenches? Mar.

What, then; do you see? Bouet. Ros. Ay, our way to be gone. Rouet.

You are too hard for me. [Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I .- A part of the Park.

Enter ARMADO and MOTH.

Arm. Warble, child; make passionate my sense of hearing.

Moth. Concolinel-[Singing. Arm. Sweet air!-Go, tenderness of years! take this key, give enlargement to the swain, bring him festinately hither; I must employ him in a letter to my love.

Moth. Master, will you win your love with a French brawl?

Arm. How mean'st thou? brawling in French? Moth. No, my complete master: but to jig off a tune at the tongue's end, canary to it with your feet, humour it with turning up your eyelids; sigh a note and sing a note; sometime through the throat, as if you swallowed love with singing love; sometime through the nose, as if you snuffed up love by smelling love; with your hat penthouse like, o'er the shop of your eyes; with your arms crossed on your thin bellydoublet, like a rabbit on a spit; or your hands in your pocket, like a man after the old painting; and keep not too long in one tune, but a snip and away. These are complements, these are humours; these betray nice wenches—that would be betrayed without these; and make them men of note,-do you note me?-that most are affected to these. fence?

Arm. How nast thou purchased this expen-Moth. By my penny of observation.

Arm. But O, -but O-

Moth. -the hobby-horse is forgot. Arm. Callest thou my love hobby-horse?

Moth. No, master; the hobby-horse is but a colt, and your love perhaps a hackney. But have you forgot your love?

Arm. Almost I had.

Moth. Negligent student! learn her by heart. Arm. By heart and in heart, boy.

Moth. And out of heart, master; all those three I will prove.

Arm. What wilt thou prove?

Moth. A man, if I live; and this, by, in, and without, upon the instant: by heart you love her, because your heart cannot come by her; in heart you love her, because you heart is in love with her; and out of heart you love her, being out of heart that you cannot enjoy her.

Arm. I am all these three.

Moth. And three times as much more, and yet nothing at all. Arm. Fetch hither the swain: he must carry

me a letter.

Moth. A message well sympathized: a horse

to be ambassador for an ass! Arm. Ha, ha! what sayest thou?

Moth. Marry sir, you must send the ass upon the horse, for he is very slow-gasted. But I go. Arm. The way is but short: away.

Moth As swift as lead, sir.

Arm. Thy meaning, pretty ingenious?

Is not lead a metal heavy, dull and slow?

Moth. Minime, honest master; or rather,

master, no. Arm. I say lead is slow.

Moth. You are too swift, sir, to say so: Is that lead slow which is fired from a gun?

Arm. Sweet smoke of rhetoric! [he: -He reputes me a cannon; and the bullet, that's I shoot thee at the swain.

Moth. Thump, then, and I flee. Exit.

Arm. A most acute juvenal; voluble and free of grace! [face: By thy favour, sweet welkin, I must sigh in thy Most rude melancholy, valour gives thee place. My herald is return'd.

Re-enter MOTH with COSTARD.

Moth. A wonder, master; here's a Costard broken in a shin.

Arm. Some enigma, some riddle: come,— thy l'envoy;—begin.

Cost. No egma, no riddle, no l'envoy;-no salve in the mail, sir: O, sir, plantain, a plain plantain; no l'envoy, no l'envoy, no salve, sir,

Arm. By virtue thou enforcest laughter; thy silly thought, my spleen; the heaving of my lungs provokes me to ridiculous smiling: O, pardon me, my stars! Doth the inconsiderate take salve for l'envoy, and the word l'envoy for a salve? [l'envoy a salve?

Moth. Do the wise think them other? is not Arm. No, page: it is an epilogue or discourse, to make plain sain.

Some obscure precedence that hath tofore been I will example it:

but a plantain!

The fox, the ape, and the humble-bee Were still at odds, being but three.

There's the moral. Now the l'envoy. [again. Moth. I will add the l'envoy. Say the moral Arm. The fox, the ape, and the humble-bee

Were still at odds, being but three; Moth. Until the goose came out of door.

And stay'd the odds by adding four. Now will I begin your moral, and do you follow with my l'envoy.

The fox, the ape, and the humble-bee, Were still at odds, being but three: Arm. Until the goose came out of door,

Staying the odds by adding four. Moth. A good l'envoy, ending in the goose;

Would you desire more?

Cost. The boy hath sold him a bargain, a goose, that's flat:-Sir, your pennyworth is good, an your goose be

To sell a bargain well is as cunning as fast and loose:

Let me see a fat l'envoy; ay, that's a fat goose. Arm. Come hither, come hither. How did this argument begin?

Moth. By saying that a Costard was broken in a shin.

Then call'd you for the l'envoy.

Cost. True, and I for a plantain: thus came your argument in: bought: Then the boy's fat l'envoy, the goose that you

And he ended the market. Arm. But tell me; how was there a Costard

broken in a shin?

Moth. I will tell you sensibly. Cost. Thou has no feeling of it, Moth; I

will speak that l'envoy. I, Costard, running out, that was safely within, Fell over the threshold and broke my shin.

Arm. We will talk no more of this matter. Cost. Till there be more matter in the shin. Arm. Sirrah, Costard, I will enfranchise thee. Cost. O, marry me to one Frances;-I smell some l'envoy, some goose in this.

Arm. By my sweet soul, I mean setting thee at liberty, enfreedoming thy person; thou wert immured, restrained, captivated, bound.

Cost. True, true; and now you will be my purgation, and let me loose.

Arm. I give thee thy liberty, set thee from durance: and in lieu thereof, impose on thee nothing but this:-bear this significant to the country maid Jaquenetta: there is remuneration [giving him money]; for the best ward of mine honour is rewarding my dependents. Moth. Exit.

Moth. Like the sequel, I .- Signior Costard,

Cost. My sweet ounce of man's flesh! my in-Exit MOTH.

cony Jew! Now will I look to his remuneration. Remuneration! O, that's the Latin word for three farthings: three farthings—remuneration.— What's the price of this inkle!-A penny .-No, Pll give you a remuneration: why, it carries it.—Remuneration!—why, it is a fairer name than French crown. I will never buy and sell out of this word.

Enter BIRON.

Biron. O, my good knave Costard! exceedingly well met.

Cost. Pray you, sir, how much carnation ribbon may a man buy for a remuneration? Biron. What is a remuneration?

Cost. Marry, sir, halfpenny farthing. [silk. Biron. O, why then, three-farthings-worth of Cost. I thank your worship; God be with you!

Biron. O. stav. slave: I must employ thee: As thou wilt win my favour, good my knave,

Do one thing for me that I shall entreat. Cost. When would you have it done, sir? Biron. O, this afternoon. Cost. Well, I will do it, sir: fare you well. Biron. O, thou knowest not what it is. Cost. I shall know, sir, when I have done it. Biron. Why, villain, thou must know first. Cost. I will come to your worship to-morrow morning.

Biron. It must be done this afternoon. Hark, slave, it is but this; The princess comes to hunt here in the park,

And in her train there is a gentle lady; When tongues speak sweetly, then they name her name,

And Rosaline they call her; ask for her; And to her white hand see thou do commend This seal'd-up counsel. There's thy guerdon; Gives him money.

Cost. Gardon, -O sweet gardon! better than remuneration; elevenpence farthing better: most sweet gardon!—I will do it, sir, in print. -Gardon-remuneration. Biron. O!-and I, forsooth, in love! I, that

have been love's whip; A very beadle to a humorous sigh; A critic; nay, a night-watch constable; A domineering pedant o'er the boy. Than whom no mortal so magnificent! This wimpled, whining, purblind, wayward boy; This senior-junior, giant-dwarf, Dan Cupid: Regent of love-rhymes, lord of folded arms, The anointed sovereign of sighs and groans, Liege of all loiterers and malcontents, Dread prince of plackets, king of codpieces. Sole imperator, and great general Of trotting paritors: O my little heart! And I to be a corporal of his field, And wear his colours like a tumbler's hoop! What! I! I love! I sue! I seek a wife! A woman, that is like a German clock, Still a-repairing; ever out of frame; And never going aright, being a watch, But being watch'd that it still may go right! Nay, to be perjur'd, which is worst of all; And, among three, to love the worst of all; A whitely wanton with a velvet brow, With two pitch balls stuck in her face for eyes; Ay, and, by heaven, one that will do the deed. Though Argus were her eunuch and her guard: And I to sigh for her! to watch for her! To pray for her! Go to; it is a plague That Cupid will impose for my neglect

Of his almighty dreadful little might. Well, I will love, write, sigh, pray, sue, watch, groan: Some men must love my lady, and some Joan.

ACT IV.

Exit.

Scene I .- A part of the Park.

Enter the Princess, ROSALINE. MARIA. KATHARINE, BOYET, Lords, Attendants, and a Forester.

Prin. Was that the king that spurr'd his horse so hard

Against the steep uprising of the hill? Boyet. I know not; but I think it was not he. Prin. Whoe'er he was, he show'd a mounting mind.

Well, lords, to-day we shall have our despatch; On Saturday we will return to France.-

Then, forester, my friend, where is the bush That we must stand and play the murderer in? For. Here by, upon the edge of yonder cop-

pice;

A stand where you may make the fairest shoot. Prin. I thank my beauty, I am fair that shoot, And thereupon thou speak'st the fairest shoot. For. Pardon me, madam, for I meant not so. Prin. What, what? first praise me, and again say no?

O short-liv'd pride! Not fair? alack for woe!

For. Yes, madam, fair.

Nay, never paint me now; Prin. Where fair is not, praise cannot mend the brow. Here, good my glass, take this for telling true: Giving him money.

Fair payment for foul words is more than due. For. Nothing but fair is that which you in-

Prin. See, see, my beauty will be sav'd by O heresy in fair, fit for these days! [praise.-A giving hand, though foul, shall have fair But come, the bow:-now mercy goes to kill,

And shooting well is then accounted ill. Thus will I save my credit in the shoot: Not wounding, pity would not let me do it;

If wounding, then it was to show my skill, That more for praise than purpose meant to kill. And, out of question, so it is sometimes, Glory grows guilty of detested crimes; [] [part, When, for fame's sake, for praise, an outward We bend to that the working of the heart:

As I, for praise alone, now seek to spill [ill. The poor deer's blood, that my heart means no Boyet. Do not curst wives hold that self-

sovereignty

Only for praise' sake, when they strive to be Lords o'er their lords? [afford Prin. Only for praise: and praise we may To any lady that subdues a lord.

Here comes a member of the commonwealth.

Enter Costard.

Cost. God dig-you-den all! Pray you, which is the head-lady.

Prin. Thou shalt know her, fellow, by the rest that have no heads.

Cost. Which is the greatest lady, the highest? Prin. The thickest and the tallest.

Cost. The thickest and the tallest! it is so; truth is truth. [wit,

An your waist, mistress, were as slender as my One of these maids' girdles for your waist should be fit.

Are not you the chief woman? you are the thickest here.

Prin. What's your will, sir? what's your will? one Lady Rosaline. Cost. I have a letter from Monsieur Biron, to Prin. O, thy letter, thy letter; he's a good Here, sweet, put up this; 'twill be thine another friend of mine:

[carve: Stand aside, good bearer.—Boyet, you can Break up this capon.

Boyet. I am bound to serve. This letter is mistook, it importeth none here; It is writ to Jaquenetta.

Prin. We will read it, I swear: Break the neck of the wax, and every one give

Boyet. [reads] By heaven, that thou art fair is most infallible; true that thou are beauteous; truth itself that thou art lovely. More fairer than fair, beautiful than beauteous, truer than truth itself; have commiseration on thy heroical vassal! The magnanimous and most illustrious king Cophetua set eye upon the permicious and indubitate beggar Zenelophon; and he it was that might rightly say, veni, vidi, vici; which to anatomize in the vulgar, —O base and obscure vulgar!-videlicet, he came, saw and overcame: he came one; saw two; overcame three. Who came? the king: why did he come? to see: why did he see? to overcome: to whom came he? to the beggar: what saw he? the beggar: who overcame he? the beggar. The conclusion is victory; on whose side? the king's: the captain is enriched; on whose side? the beggar's: the catastrophe is a nuptial; on whose side? the king's?-no on both in one, or one in both. I am the king; for so stands the comparison: thou the beggar; for so witnesseth thy lowliness. Shall I command thy love? I may: shall I enforce thy love? I could: shall I entreat thy love? I will. What shalt thou exchange for rags? robes: for tittles? titles: for thyself? me. Thus, expecting thy reply, I profane my has on thy foot, my eyes on thy picture, and my heart on thy every part.

Thine in the dearest design of industry,

Don Adriano de Armado Thus dost thou hear the Nemean lion roar

'Gainst thee, thou lamb, that standest as his prey; Submissive fall his princely feet before.

And he from forage will inclue to play: But if thou strive, poor soul, what art thou then? Food for his rage, repasture for his den.

Prin. What plume of feathers is he that indited this letter?

What vane? what weather-cock? did you ever hear better?

Boyet. I am much deceiv'd but I remember the style. [erewhile. Prin. Else your memory is bad, going o'er it

Boyet. This Armado is a Spaniard, that keeps here in court; A phantasm, a Monarcho, and one that makes

To the prince and his book-mates. Prin. Thou fellow, a word:

Who gave thee this letter?

Cost. I told you; my lord. Prin. To whom shouldst thou give it?

From my lord to my lady. Cost. Prin. From which lord to which lady?

Cost. From my Lord Biron, a good master of mine.

To a lady of France that he call'd Rosaline. Thou hast mistaken this letter. Come.

Prin. lords, away.

day. [Exeunt PRINCESS and Train.
Boyet. Whoisthe shooter? who is the shooter?
Ros. Shall I teach you to know?

Boyet. Ay, my continent of beauty.

Why, she that bears the bow. Ros. Finely put off!

Boyet. My lady goes to kill horns; but, if eth like a jewel in the ear of coelo, - the sky, thou marry,

Hang me by the neck if horns that year miscarry.

Finely put on!
Ros. Well then, I am the shooter.

And who is your deer? Bouet. Ros. If we choose by the horns, yourself:

come near. Finely put on indeed! -

Mar. You still wrangle with her, Boyet, and she strikes at the brow. her now? Boyet. But she herself is hit lower have I hit

Ros. Shall I come upon thee with an old sayng, that was a man when King Pepin of France was a little boy, as touching the hit it?

Boyet So I may answer thee with one as old. hat was a woman when Queen Guinever of Britain was a little wench, as touching the hit it. Singing.

Thou canst not hit it, hit it, hit it, Thou canst not hit it, my good man

Boyet. An I cannot, cannot, cannot, An I cannot, another can.

Exeunt Ros. and KATH. Cost. By my troth, most pleasant! how both

did fit it! both did hit it. Mar. A mark marvellous well shot; for they Boyet. A mark! O, mark but that mark? A mark, says my lady! fit may be

Let the mark have a prick in't, to mete at, if Mar. Wide o' the bow-hand! I' faith your

hand is out.

Cost. Indeed, 'a must shoot nearer, or he'll ne'er hit the clout.

Boyet. And if my hand be out, then belike your hand is in. [the pin.

Cost. Then will she get the upshot by cleaving Mar. Come, come, you talk greasily, your lips grow foul.

Cost. She's too hard for you at pricks, sir, challenge her to bowl.

Boyet. I fear too much rubbing; good-night, my good owl.

Exeunt BOYET and MARIA. Cost. By my soul, a swain! a most simple [down! clown!

Lord, lord! how the ladies and I have put him O' my troth, most sweet jests' most incony vulgar wit!

When it comes so smoothly off, so obscenely, as it were, so fit.

Armador o' the one side. - O, a most dainty [fan!

To see him walk before a lady and to bear her To see him kiss his hand! and how most sweetly 'a will swear!-

And his page o' t'other side, that handful of wit' Ah, heavens, it is a most pathetical nit! Shouting within.

Sola, sola!

Exit Costard running.

Scene II.—Another part of the Park.

Enter Holofernes, Sir Nathaniel, and DITT.I.

Nath. Very reverend sport, truly; and done in the testimony of a good conscience.

Hol. The deer was, as you know, sanguis,in blood; ripe as a pomewater, who now hang-

the welkin, the heaven; and anon falleth like a crab on the face of terra, -the soil, the land, the earth.

Nath. Truly, Master Holofernes, the epithets are sweetly varied, like a scholar at the least; but, sir, I assure ye it was a buck of the first head.

Hol. Sir Nathaniel, haud credo.

Dull. 'Twas not a haud credo; 'twas a pricket.

Hol. Most barbarous intimation! yet a kind of insinuation, as it were, in via, in way, of explication; facere, as it were, replication, or, rather, ostentare, to show as it were, his inclination,-after his undressed, unpolished, uneducated, unpruned, untrained, or, rather, unlettered, or, ratherest, unconfirmed fashion. to insert again my haud credo for a deer.

Dull. I said the deer was not a haud credo:

'twas a pricket.

Hol. Twice sod simplicity, bis coctus!— O thou monster Ignorance, how deformed dost thou look!

Nath. Sir, he hath never fed of the dainties that are bred in a book;

He hath not eat paper, as it were; he hath not drunk ink; his intellect is not replemshed; he is only an animal, only sensible in the duller parts;

And such barren plants are set before us that we thankful should be,-

Which we of taste and feeling are.—for those parts that do fructify in us more than he. For as it would ill become me to be vain, indiscreet, or a fool,

So, were there a patch set on learning, to see him in a school:

But, omne bene, say I; being of an old father's mind, Many can brook the weather that love not the

Dull. You two are book-men; can you tell by your wit

What was a month old at Cain's birth that's not five weeks old as yet?

Hol. Dixtynna, good man Dull; Dictynna, good man Dull.

Dull. What is Dictynna?

Nath. A title to Phoebe, to Luna, to the moon.

Hol. The moon was a month old when Adam was no more, five-score.

And raught not to five weeks when he came to The allusion holds in the exchange.

Dull. 'Tis true indeed; the collusion holds in the exchange.

Hol. God comfort thy capacity! I say the allusion holds in the exchange.

Dull. And I say the pollusion holds in the exchange; for the moon is never but a month old; and I say beside, that 'twas a pricket that the princess killed.

Hol. Sir Nathaniel, will you hear an extemporal epitaph on the death of the deer? and, to humour the ignorant, I have called the deer the princess killed a pricket.

Nath. Perge, good Master Holofernes, perge so it shall please you to abrogate scurrility.

Hol. I will something affect the letter; for it argues facility.

The praiseful princess pierc'd and prick'd a pretty pleasing pricket;

Some say a sore; but not a sore, till now made sore with shooting.

The dogs did yell; put I to sore, then sorel jumps from thicket;

Or pricket, sore, or else sorel; the people fall a-hooting.

If sore be sore, then I to sore makes fifty sores; [one more I. O sore I! Of one sore I an hundred make by adding but

Nath. A rare talent! Dull. If a talent be a claw, look how he

claws him with a talent.

Hol. This is a gift that I have, simple, simple; a foolish extravagant spirit, full of forms, figures, shapes, objects, ideas, apprehensions, motions, revolutions: these are begot in the ventricle of memory, nourished in the womb of pia mater, and delivered upon the mellowing of occasion. But the gift is good in those in whom it is acute, and I am thankful for it.

Nath. Sir, I praise the Lord for you; and so may my parishioners; for their sons are well tutored by you, and their daughters profit very greatly under you: you are a good member of the commonwealth.

Hol. Mehercle, if their sons be ingenious, they shall want no instruction: if their daughters be capable, I will put it to them: but, vir sapi qui pauca loquitur: a soul feminine saluteth

Enter JAOUENETTA and COSTARD.

Jag. God give you good-morrow, master person.

Hol. Master person,—quasi pers-on. A if one should be pierced, which is the one? Cost. Marry, master schoolmaster, he that is

likest to a hogshead. Hol. Of piercing a hogshead! a good lustre of conceit in a turf of earth; fire enough for a flint, pearl enough for a swine; 'tis pretty; it is well.

Jaq. Good master person, be so good as read me this letter; it was given me by Costard, and sent me from Don Armado: I beseech you. read it.

Hol. Fauste, precor gelida quando pecus omne sub umbra [Mantuan! Ruminat,-and so forth. Ah. good old I may speak of thee as the traveller doth of Venice:

Vinegia, Vinegia.

Chi non te vede, ei non te pregia. Old Mantuan! old Mantuan! who understandeth thee not, loves thee not?-Ut, re, sol, la, mi, fa.-Under pardon, sir, what are the contents? or rather, as Horace says in his-What, my soul, verses?

Nath. Ay, sir, and very learned. Hol. Let me hear a staff, a stanza, a verse; Lege, domine.

Nath. [reads.] If love make me forsworn, how shall I swear to love? [vow'd! Ah, never faith could hold if not to beauty Though to myself forsworn, to thee I'll faithful prove;

. Those thoughts to me were oaks; to thee like osiers bow'd.

Study his bias leaves, and makes his book thine eyes:

Where all those pleasures live that art would comprehend:

If knowledge be the mark, to know thee [thee commend: shall suffice; Well learned is that tongue that well can All ignorant that soul that sees thee without wonder,-

Which is to me some praise that I thy parts admire.-

Thy eye Jove's lightning bears, thy voice his dreadful thunder, [sweet fire. Which, not to anger bent, is music and

Celestial as thou art, O pardon, love, this

wrong, That sings heaven's praise with such an earthly tongue.

Hol. You find not the apostrophes, and so miss the accent: let me supervise the canzonet. Here are only numbers ratified; but, for the elegancy, facility, and golden cadence of poesy, caret. Ovidius Naso was the man: and why, indeed, Naso; but for smelling out the oderiferous flowers of fancy, the jerks of invention? Imitari is nothing: so doth the hound his master, the ape his keeper, the tired horse his But damosella virgin, was this directed rider. to you?

Jag. Ay, sir, from one Monsieur Biron, one of the strange queen's lords.

Hol. I will overglance the superscript.

To the snow-white hand of the most beauteous Lady Rósaline.

I will look again on the intellect of the letter. for the nomination of the party writing to the person written unto:

Your Ladyship's in all desired employment,

Sir Nathaniel, this Biron is one of the votarles with the king; and here he hath framed a letter to a sequent of the stranger queen's, which accidentally, or by the way of progression, hath muscarried.—Trip and go, my sweet; deliver this paper into the royal hand of the king; it may concern much. Stay not thy compliment; I forgive thy duty: adieu.

Jag. Good Costard, go with me. - Sir. God. save your life!

Cost. Have with thee, my girl.

Exeunt Cost. and Jag. Nath. Sir, you have done this in the fear of God, very religiously; and, as a certain father saith-

Hol. Sir, tell me of the father; I do fear colourable colours. But to return to the verses: did they please you, Sir Nathaniel?

Nath. Marvellous well for the pen.

Hol. I do dine today at the father's of a certain pupil of mine; where if, before repast, it shall please you to gratify the table with a grace, I will, on my privilege I have with the parents of the foresaid child or pupil, undertake your ben venuto; where I will prove those verses to be very unlearned, neither savouring of poetry, wit, nor invention: I beseech your society.

Nath. And thank you too: for society, saith the text, is the happiness of life.

Hol. And certes, the text most infallibly concludes it. -Sir [to DULL], I do invite you too; you shall not say me nay: pauca verba. Away; the gentles are at their game, and we will to our recreation. Exeunt.

Scene III.—Another part of the Park. Enter Biron, with a paper.

Biron. The king he is hunting the deer; I am coursing myself: they have pitched a toil; I am toiling in a pitch,—pitch that defiles: defile! a foul word. Well, sit thee down, sorrow! for so they say the fool said, and so say I, and I the fool. Well proved, wit! By the Lord, this love is as mad as Ajax: it kills sheep; it kills me, I a sheep: well proved again on my side! I will not love: if I do, hang me; i' faith, I will not. O, but her eye, by this light, but for her eye I would not love her; yes, for her two eyes. Well, I do nothing in the world but lie, and lie in my throat. By heaven, I do love: and it hath taught me to rhyme, and to be melancholy; and here is part of my rhyme, and here my melancholy. Well, she hath one o' my sonnets already; the clown bore it, the fool sent it, and the lady hath it: sweet clown, sweeter fool, sweetest lady! By the world, I would not care a pin if the other three were in. Here comes one with a paper; God give him grace to Gets up into a tree. groan.

Enter the KING, with a paper.

King. Ah me!

Biron. [aside.] Shot, by heaven!-Proceed, sweet Cupid: thou hast thumped him with thy bird-bolt under the left pap; -I' faith, secrets-King. [reads.] So sweet a kiss the golden sun gives not

To those fresh morning drops upon the rose, As thy eyebeams, when their fresh rays have smote [flows: The night of dew that on my cheeks down

Nor shines the silver moon one half so bright Through the transparent bosom of the deep, As doth thy face through tears of mine give light: Thou shin'st in every tear that I do weep;

No drop but as a coach doth carry thee: So ridest thou triumphing in my woe.

Do but behold the tears that swell in me And they thy glory through my grief will show: But do not love thyself; then thou wilt keep My tears for glasses, and still make me weep. O queer of queens, how far dost thou excel! No thought can think nor tongue of mortal tell.

How shall she know my griefs? I'll drop the paper;

Sweet leaves, shade folly. Who is he comes Steps aside. here?

Enter Longaville with a paper.

What, Longaville; and reading! listen, ear. Biron. Now, in thy likeness, one more fool, appear! Aside.

Long. Ah me! I am forsworn. Biron. Why, he comes in like a perjure,

wearing papers. [Aside. King. In love, I hope: sweet fellowship in shamei Aside.

Biron. One drunkard loves another of the name. [Aside. Long. Am I the first that have been perjur'd

so? Biron. [aside.] I could put thee in comfort;

not by two that I know: Thou mak'st the triumviry, the corner cap of

society,
The shape of Love's Tyburn that hangs up

simplicity. Long. I fear these stubborn lines lack power

to move:-

O sweet Maria, empress of my love! These numbers will I tear and write in prose. Biron. [aside.] O, rhymes are guards on wanton Cupid's hose:

Disfigure not his slop. Long. This same shall go.-

He reads the sonnet. Did not the heavenly rhetoric of thine eye,-'Gainst whom the world cannot hold argument,-

Persuade my heart to this false perjury?

Vows for thee broke deserve not punishment. woman I forswore: but I will prove, Thou being a goddess. I forswore not thee:

My vow was earthly, thou a heavenly love; Thy grace being gain'd cures all disgrace in me.

Vows are but breath, and breath a vapour is. Then, thou, fair sun, which on my earth dost shine,

Exhal'st this vapour vow; in thee it is: If broken, then it is no fault of mine: If by me broke, what fool is not so wise To lose an oath to win a paradise?

Biron. [aside.] This is the liver vein, which makes flesh a deity,

A green goose a goddess: pure, pure idolatry. God amend us, God amend! we are much out o' the way.

Long. By whom shall I send this?-Company! stay. Stepping aside. Biron. [aside.] All hid, all hid, an old infant

play. Like a demi-god here sit I in the sky, And wretched fools' secrets heedfully o'er-eye. More sacks to the mill! O heavens, I have my wish!

Enter DUMAIN, with a paper.

Dumain transform'd: four woodcocks in a dish! Dum. O most divine Kate!

Biron. O most profane coxcomb!

[Aside. Dum. By heaven, the wonder of a mortal

Biron. By earth, she is but corporal: there vou lie. [Aside.

Dum. Her amber hairs for foul have amber quoted.

Biron. An amber-colour'd raven was well noted. Aside. Dum. As upright as the cedar.

Stoop, I say; Biron.

Her shoulder is with child. Aside. As fair as day. Dum.

Biron. Ay, as some days; but then no sun must shine. Aside.

Dum. O that I had my wish!

And I had mine Long. Aside

King. And I mine too, good Lord! [Aside. Biron. Amen, so I had mine: is not that a [Aside good word?

Dum. I would forget her; but a fever she Reigns in my blood, and will remember'd be. Biron. A fever in your blood? why, then incision

Would let her out in saucers: sweet misprision [Aside.

Dum. Once more I'll read the ode that I have writ.

Biron. Once more I'll mark how love can Aside. vary wit.

Dum. [reads.] On a day,—alack the day! Love, whose month is ever May Spied a blossom passing fair Playing in the wanton air: Through the velvet leaves the wind All unseen, can passage find; That the lover, sick to death, Wish'd himself the heaven's breath. Air, quoth he, thy cheeks may blow: Air, would I might triumph so! But, alack, my hand is sworn Ne'er to pluck thee from thy thorn: Vow, alack, for youth unmeet; Youth so apt to pluck a sweet. Do not call it sin in me That I am forsworn for thee: Thou for whom even Jove would swear Juno but an Ethiope were; And deny himself for Jove, Turning mortal for thy love.

This will I send; and something else more plain, That shall express my true love's fasting pain. O, would the King, Biron, and Longaville, Were lovers too! Ill, to example ill, Would from my forehead wipe a perjur'd note; For none offend where all alike do dote. Long. Dumain [advancing], thy love is far from charity.

That in love's grief desir'st society: You may look pale, but I should blush, I know,

To be o'erheard and taken napping so.

King. Come sir [advancing], you blush; as his your case is such;

You chide at him offending twice as much: You do not love Maria; Longaville Did never sonnet for her sake compile; Nor never lay his wreathed arms athwart His loving bosom, to keep down his heart. I have been closely shrouded in this bush, And mark'd you both, and for you both did

blush. fashion: I heard your guilty rhymes, observ'd your Saw sighs reek from you noted well your passion: Ah mel says one; O Jove! the other cries One her hairs were gold, crystal the other's eyes; You would for paradise break faith and troth;

[To Long. And Jove for your love would infringe an oath. [To DUMAIN.

What will Biron say when that he shall hear A faith infring'd which such a zeal did swear? How will he scorn! how will he spend his wit! How will he triumph, leap, and laugh at it! For all the wealth that ever I did see I would not have him know so much by me.

Biron. Now step I forth to whip hypocrisy .-Descends from the tree. Ah, good my liege, I pray thee pardon me.

Good heart, what grace hast thou, thus to reprove

These worms for loving, that art most in love? Your eyes do make no coaches; in your tears There is no certain princess that appears: You'll not be perjur'd 'tis a hateful thing: Tush, none but minstrels like of sonneting, But are you not asham'd? nay, are you not, All three of you, to be thus much o'ershot? You found his mote; the king your mote did see; But I a beam do find in each of three. O, what a scene of foolery I have seen. Of sighs, of groans, of sorrow, and of teen! O me, with what strict patience have I sat To see a king transformed to a gnat! To see great Hercules whipping a gig, And profound Solomon tuning a jig, And Nestor play at push-pin with the boys, And critic Timon laugh at idle toys! Where lies thy grief, O, tell me, good Dumain? And, gentle Longaville, where lies thy pain? And where my liege's? all about the breast:— A caudle, ho! King. Too bitter is thy jest.

Are we betray'd thus to thy over-view? Biron. Not you to me, but I betray'd by you: , that am honest; I, that hold it sin To break the vow I am engaged in; I am betray'd by keeping company With moon-like men of strange inconstancy, When shall you see me write a thing in rhyme? Or groan for Joan? or spend a minute's time In pruning me? When shall you hear that I Will praise a hand, a foot, a face, an eye, A gait, a state, a brow, a breast, a waist, A leg, a limb?-

King. Soft! whither away so fast? A true man or a thief that gallops so? Biron. I post from love; good lover, let me

Enter JAQUENETTA and COSTARD.

Jag. God bless the king!

King. What present hast thou there? Cost. Some certain treason.

Kına.

What makes treason here? Cost. Nay, it makes nothing, sir.

King. If it mar nothing neither, The treason and you go in peace away together. Jaq. I beseech your grace, let this letter be

read: Our parson misdoubts it: 'twas treason he said. King. Biron, read it over.

[Giving him the letter.

Where hadst thou it? Jaq. Of Costard.

King. Where hadst thou it? Cost. Of Dun Adramadio, Dun Adramadio. King. How now! what is in you? why dost thou tear it?

Biron. A toy, my liege, a toy; your grace

needs not fear it.

Long. It did move him to passion, and therefore let's hear it.

Dum. It is Biron's writing, and here is his. · name. [Picks up the pieces.

Biron. Ah, you whoreson loggerhead [to COSTARD], you were born to do me shame,-

Guilty, my lord, guilty; I confess, I confess. King. What?

Biron. That you three fools lack'd me fool to make up the mess:

He, he, and you, my liege, and I Are pick-purses in love, and we deserve to die.

O. dismiss this audience, and I shall tell you more.

Dum. Now the number is even.

Biron. True, true; we are four:-Will these turtles be gone?

King. Hence, sirs, away. Cost. Walk aside the true folk, and let the traitors stay.

Exeunt Cost. and JAO.

Biron, Sweet lords, sweet lovers, O let us embrace!

As true we are as flesh and blood can be; The sea will ebb and flow, heaven show his face; Young blood will not obey an old decree: We cannot cross the cause why we were born; Therefore of all hands must we be forsworn. King. What! did these rent lines show some love of thine?

Biron. Did they, quoth you? Who sees the heavenly Rosaline That, like a rude and savage man of Inde At the first opening of the gorgeous east Bows not his vassal head; and, strucken blind, Kisses the base ground with obedient breast. What peremptory eagle-sighted eye Dares look upon the heaven of her brow, That is not blinded by her majesty?

King. What zeal, what fury hath inspir'd thee now?

My love, her mistress, is a gracious moon, She an attending star, scarce seen a light. Biron. My eyes are then no eyes, nor I Biron: O, but for my love, day would turn to night! Of all complexions the cull'd sovereignty Do meet, as at a fair, in her fair cheeks; Where several worthies make one dignity Where nothing wants that want itself doth

seek. Lend me the flourish of all gentle tongues,-Fie, painted rhetoric! O, she needs it not; To things of sale a seller's praise belongs;

She passes praise: then praise too short doth blot.

A wither'd hermit, five-score winters worn, Might shake off fifty, looking in her eye: Beauty doth varnish age, as if new-born, And gives the crutch the cradle's infancy

O, 'tis the sun, that maketh all things shine! King. By heaven, thy love is black as ebony. Biron. Is ebony like her? O wood divine! A wife of such wood were felicity.

O, who can give an oath? where is a book? That I may swear beauty doth beauty lack If that she learn not of her eye to look: No face is fair that is not full so black.

King. O paradox! Black is the badge of hell, The hue of dungeons, and the scowl of night; And beauty's crest becomes the heavens well. Biron. Devils soonest tempt, resembling spirits of light.

O, if in black my lady's brow be deckt, It mourns that painting and ursurping hair

Should ravish doters with a false aspect And therefore is she born to make black fair. Her favour turns the fashion of the days;

For native blood is counted painting now And therefore red, that would avoid dispraise,

Paints itself black, to imitate her brow. Dum. To look like her are chimney-sweepers

black. bright. Long. And, since hertime, are colliers counted King. And Ethiopes of their sweet complex-

ion crack. Dum. Dark needs no candles now, for dark

is light. Biron. Your mistresses dare never come in rain.

For fear their colours should be washed away. King. 'Twere good yours did; for, sir, to tell you plain,

I'll find a fairer face not wash'd to-day.

Biron. I'll prove her fair, or talk till doomsday here.

King. No devil will fright thee then so much as she. Dum. I never knew man hold vile stuff so Long. Look, here's thy love: my foot and

[Showing his shoe. her face see. Biron. O, if the streets were paved with

thine eyes Her feet were much too dainty for such tread?

Dum. O vile! then, as she goes, what upward lies The street should see as she walk'd over head.

King. But what of this? are we not all in love? Biron. O, nothing so sure; and thereby all

forsworn. King. Then leave this chat; and, good

Biron, now prove Our loving lawful, and our faith not torn.

Dum. Ay, marry, there; -some flattery for this evil. Long. O, some authority how to proceed;

Some tricks, some quillets, how to cheat the devil.

Dum. Some slave for perjury. O, 'tis more than need!-Biron. Have you, then, affection's men-at-arms: Consider what you first did swear unto;-To fast —to study,—and to see no woman; Flat treason 'gainst the kingly state of youth. Say, can you fast? your stomachs are too young, And abstinence engenders maladies. And where that you have vow'd to study, lords, In that each of you hath forsworn his book. Can you still dream, and pore, and thereon look? Why, universal plodding prisons up The nimble spirits in the arteries, As motion and long-during action tires The sinewy vigour of the traveller. Now, for not looking on a woman's face, You have in that forsworn the use of eyes, And study, too, the causer of your vow: For when would you, my liege, or you, or you, In leaden contemplation, have found out Such flery numbers as the prompting eyes Of beauteous tutors have enrich'd you with? Other slow arts entirely keep the brain, And therefore, finding barren practisers,

Scarce show a harvest of their heavy toil; But love, first learned in a lady's eyes, Lives not alone immured in the brain. But, with the motion of all elements, Courses as swift as thought in every power, And gives to every power a double power Above their functions and their offices. It adds a precious seeing to the eye: A lover's eyes will gaze an eagle blind; A lover's ear will hear the lowest sound, When the suspicious head of theft is stopp'd; Love's feeling is more soft and sensible Than are the tender horns of cockled snails; Love's tongue proves dainty Bacchus gross in taste:

For valour, is not love a Hercules Still chmbing trees in the Hesperides? Subtle as sphinx; as sweet and musical As bright Apollo's lute, strung with his hair? And when love speaks, the voice of all the gods Makes heaven drowsy with the harmony. Never durst poet touch a pen to write Until his ink were temper'd with love's sighs O, then his lines would ravish savage ears, And plant in tyrants mild humility. From women's eyes this doctrine I derive: They sparkle still the right Promethean fire; They are the books, the arts, the academes, That show, contain, and nourish all the world, Else none at all in aught proves excellent. Then fools you were these women to forswear; Or, keeping what is sworn, you will prove fools. For wisdom's sake—a word that all men love, Or for love's sake-a word that loves all men. Or for men's sake, the authors of these women, Or women's sake, by whom we men are men, Let us once lose our oaths to find ourselves Or else we lose ourselves to keep our oaths! It is religion to be thus forsworn; For charity itself fulfils the law,

And who can sever love from charity? King. Saint Cupid, then! and, soldiers, to the field!

Biron. Advance your standards, and upon them, lords;

Pell-mell, down with them! but be first advis'd In conflict that you get the sun of them. Long. Now to plain-dealing; lay these glozes

Shall we resolve to woo these girls of France? King. And win them too; therefore let us

Some entertainment for them in their tents. Biron. First, from the park let us conduct are easier swallowed than a flap-dragon. them thither;

Then homeward every man attach the hand Of his fair mistress: in the afternoon We will with some strange pastime solace them Such as the shortness of the time can shape; For revels, dances, masks, and merry hours, Forerun fair Love, strewing her way with flowers.

King. Away, away! no time shall be omitted. That will be time, and may by us be fitted.

Biron. Allons! Allons!-Sow'd cockle reap'd no corn;

And justice always whirls in equal measure: Light wenches may prove plagues to men forsworn:

If so, our copper buys no better treasure.

ACT V.

Scene I .- Another part of the Park.

Enter Holofernes, Sir Nathaniel, and Dint.r..

Hol. Satis quod sufficit.

Nath. I praise God for you sir: your reasons at dinner have been sharp and sententious: pleasant without scurrility, witty without affection, audacious without impudency, learned without opinion, and strange without heresy. I did converse this quondam day with a companion of the king's, who is intituled, nominated, or called, Don Adriano de Armado.

Hol. Novi hominen tanquam te: his humour is lofty, his discourse peremptory, his tongue filed, his eye ambitious, his gait majestical, and his general behaviour vain, ridiculous, and thrasonical. He is too picked, too spruce, too affected, too odd, as it were, too peregrinate,

as I may call it.

Nath. A most singular and choice epithet. Takes out his table-book.

Hol. He draweth out the thread of his verbosity finer than the staple of his argument. abhor such fanatical fantasms, such insociable and point-devise companions; such rackers of orthography, as to speak dout, fine, when he should say doubt; det, when he should pronounce debt, d, e, b, t, not d, e, t: he clepeth a calf, cauf; half, hauf; neighbour vocatur nebour; neigh abbreviated ne. This is abhominable (which he would call abominable), it insinuateth me of insanie: Ne intelligis, domine? 'o make frantic, lunatic.

Nath. Laus Deo, bone intelligo. Hol. Bone! --- bone for bene: Priscian a little scratched; 'twill serve.

Nath. Videsne quis venit? Hol. Video, et gaudeo.

Enter ARMADO, MOTH, and COSTARD.

Arm. Chirra! Hol. Quare Chirra, not sirrah?

Arm. Men of peace, well encountered.

Hol. Most military sir, salutation.

Moth. They have been at a great feast of languages and stolen the scraps.

To COSTARD, aside

Cost. O, they have lived long on the almsasket of words! I marvel thy master hath not eaten thee for a word; for thou art not so long. w the head as honorificabilitudinitatibus: thou

Moth. Peace; the peal begins. [tered? Arm. Monsieur [to Hol.], are you not let-Moth. Yes, yes; he teaches boys the horn-book;—What is a, b, spelt backward with the 10rn on his head.

Hol. Ba, pueritia, with a horn added.

Moth. Ba, most silly sheep, with a horn .-You hear his learning.

Hol. Quis, quis, thou consonant?

Moth. The third of the five vowels, if you repeat them; or the fifth, if I.

Hol. I will repeat them, a, e, i .-Moth. The sheep; the other two concludes

t; o, u. Arm. Now, by the salt wave of the Mediter-

[Exeunt. raneum, a sweet touch, a quick venew of wit:

snip, snap, quick and home; it rejoiceth my intellect: true wit. [which is wit-old. Moth. Offered by a child to an old man;

Hol. What is the figure? what is the figure? Moth. Horns. [thy gig.

Hol. Thou disputest like an infant: go, whip Moth. Lend me your horn to make one, and I will whip about your infamy circum circa; a

gig of a cuckold's horn!

Cost. An I had but one penny in the world thou shouldst have it to buy gingerbread: hold, there is the very remuneration I had of thy master, thou halfpenny purse of wit, thou pig-eon-egg of discretion. O, an the heavens were so pleased that thou wert but my bastard, what a joyful father wouldst thou make me! Go to: thou hast it ad dunghill, at the fingers' ends, as they say.

Hol. O. I smell false Latin; dunghill for

ипаиет. Arm. Arts-man, praeambula; we will be

singled from the barbarous. Do you not educate youth at the charge-house on the top of the mountain? Itain.

Hol. Or mons, the hill.

Arm. At your sweet pleasure, for the moun-Hol. I do, sans question.

Arm. Sir, it is the king's most sweet pleasure and affection to congratulate the princess at her pavilion, in the posteriors of this day; which the rude multitude call the afternoon.

Hol. The posterior of the day, most generous sir, is liable, congruent, and measurable for the afternoon: the word is well culled, choice; sweet and apt, I do assure you, sir, I do assure.

Arm. Sir, the king is a noble gentleman, and my familiar, I do assure you, very good friend: For what is inward between us, let it pass:-I do beseech thee, remember thy courtesy:-I beseech thee, apparel thy head; and among other importunate and most serious designs,and of great import indeed too;—but let that pass;—for I must tell thee, it will please his grace, by the world, sometime to lean upon my poor shoulder; and with his royal finger, thus, dally with my excrement, with my mustachio: but sweet heart, let that pass. By the world, I recount no fable; some certain special honours it pleaseth his greatness to impart to Armado, a soldier, a man of travel, that hath seen the world: but let that pass.—The very all of all is, -but, sweet heart, I do implore secrecy, -that the king would have me present the princess, sweet chuck, with some delightful ostentation, or show, or pageant, or antic, or fire-work. Now, understanding that the curate and your sweet self are good at such eruptions and sudden breaking out of mirth, as it were, I have acquainted you withal, to the end to crave your assistance.

Hol. Sir, you shall present before her the nine worthies.-Sir Nathaniel, as concerning some entertainment of time, some show in the posterior of this day, to be rendered by our assistance,—the king's command, and this most gallant, illustrate, and learned gentleman,before the princess; I say, none so fit as to present the nine worthies.

Nath. Where will you find men worthy enough to present them?

Hol. Joshua, yourself; myself, or this gallant gentleman, Judas Maccabaeus; this swain, because of his great limb or joint, shall pass Pompey the Great; the page, Hercules.

Arm. Pardon, sir; error: he is not quantity enough for that worthy's thumb: he is not so

big as the end of his club.

Hol. Shall I have audience? he shall present Hercules in minority: his enter and exit shall be strangling a snake; and I will have an apology for that purpose.

Moth. An excellent device! so, if any of the audience hiss, you may cry: Well done, Hercules! now thou crushest the snake! that is the way to make an offence gracious, though

few have the grace to do it.

Arm. For the rest of the worthies?— Hol. I will play three myself. Moth. Thrice-worthy gentleman! Arm. Shall I tell you a thing?

Hol. We attend.

Arm. We will have, if this fadge not, an antic. I beseech you, follow.

Hol. Via, goodman Dull! thou hast spoken no word all this while.

Dull. Nor understood none neither, sir,

Hol. Allons! we will employ thee.

Dull. I'll make one in a dance, or so; or I will play on the tabor to the worthies, and let them dance the hav.

Hol. Most dull, honest Dull!-to our sport, away. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Another part of the Park. Before the Princess's Pavilion.

Enter the Princess, Katharine, Rosaline and Maria.

Prin. Sweet hearts, we shall be rich ere we depart.

If fairings come thus plentifully in: A lady wall'd about with diamonds!

Look you what I have from the loving king.

Ros. Madam, came nothing else along with in rhyme Prin. Nothing but this? yes, as much love As would be cramm'd up in a sheet of paper, Writ on both sides the leaf, margent and all;

That he was fain to seal on Cupid's name. Ros. That was the way to make his godhead

wax; For he hath been five thousand years a boy.

Kath. Ay, and a shrewd unhappy gallows too. You'll ne'er be friends with him; he

kill'd your sister. heavy; Kath. He made her melancholy, sad, and And so she died: had she been light, like you,

Of such a merry, nimble stirring spirit She might have been a grandam ere she died:

And so may you; for a light heart lives long. Ros. What's your dark meaning, mouse, of

this light word? Kath. A light condition in a beauty dark.

Ros. We need more light to find your meaning out. Kath. You'll mar the light by taking it in

Therefore, I'll darkly end the argument Ros. Look what you do, you do it still i' the

dark. Kath. So do not you; for you are a light Ros. Indeed, I weigh not you; and therefore light.

Kath. You weigh me not!-O, that's you care not for me. care. Ros. Great reason; for, Past cure is still past Prin. Well bandied both; a set of wit well

play'd.

But, Rosaline, you have a favour too: Who sent it? and what is it?

Ros. I would you knew! An if my face were but as fair as yours,

My favour were as great; be witness this. Nay, I have verses too, I thank Biron: The numbers true; and, were the numb'ring too,

I were the fairest goddess on the ground: I am compar'd to twenty thousand fairs.

O, he hath drawn my picture in his letter!

Prin. Anything like?

Ros. Much in the letters; nothing in the praise. Prin. Beauteous as ink; a good conclusion.

Kath. Fair as a text B in a copy-book. Ros. 'Ware pencils, ho! let me not die your debtor.

My rod dominical, my golden letter: O that your face were not so full of O's!

Kath. A pox of that jest! and beshrew all from fair Dumain? shrows!

Prin. But, Katharine, what was sent to you Kath. Madam, this glove.

Prin. Did he not send you twain?

Kath. Yes, madam; and, moreover, Some thousand verses of a faithful lover;

A huge translation of hypocrisy, Vilely compil'd, profound simplicity.

Mar. This, and these pearls, to me sent Longaville;

The letter is too long by half a mile. Prin. I think no less. Dost thou not wish in The chain were longer and the letter short?

Mar. Ay, or I would these hands might never part.

Prin. We are wise girls to mock our lovers so. Ros. They are worse fools to purchase mocking so,

That same Biron I'll torture ere I go, O that I knew he were but in by the week! How I would make him fawn, and beg, and seek,

And wait the season, and observe the times, And spend his prodigal wits in bootless rhymes, And shape his service wholly to my 'hests, And make him proud to make me proud that jests!

So portent-like would I o'ersway his s'ate That he should be my fool and I his fate. Prin. None are so surely caught, when they

are catch'd As wit turn'd fool: folly, in wisdom hatch'd Hath wisdom's warrant, and the help of school, And wit's own grace to grace a learned fool.

Ros. The blood of youth burns not with such excess

As gravity's revolt to wantonness.

Mar. Folly in fools bears not so strong a note As foolery in the wise, when wit doth dote, Since all the power thereof it doth apply To prove, by wit, worth in simplicity. [face. Prin. Here comes Boyet, and mirth is in his

Enter BOYET.

Boyet. O, I am stabb'd with laughter! Where's her grace?

Prin. Thy news, Boyet?

Rouet. Prepare, madam, prepare!—. Arm, wenches, arm! encounters mounted are Against your peace: Love doth approach disguis'd,

Armed in arguments; you'll be surpris'd: Muster your wits: stand in your own defence; Or hide your heads like cowards, and fly hence.

Prin. Saint Dennis to Saint Cupid! What are they

That charge their breath against us? say, scout. Boyet. Under the cool shade of a sycamore I thought to close mine eyes some half an hour; When, lo! to interrupt my purpos'd rest, Toward that shade I might behold addrest The king and his companions: warily I stole into a neighbour thicket by, And overheard what you shall overhear, That, by and by, disguis'd they will be here. Their herald is a pretty knavish page, That well by heart hath conn'd his embassage: Action and accent did they teach him there; Thus must thou speak and thus thy body bear: And ever and anon they made a doubt Presence majestical would put him out; For, quoth the king, an angel shall thou see; Yet fear not thou, but speak audaciously. The boy reply'd, An angel is not evil; I should have fear'd her had she been a devil. With that all laugh'd, and clapp'd him on the shoulder,

Making the bold wag by their praises bolder. One rubb'd his elbow, thus, and fleer'd, and swore

A better speech was never spoke before: Another with his finger and his thumb Cried, Via, we will do 't, come what will come: The third he caper'd, and cried, All goes well. The fourth turn'd on the toe, and down he fell With that they all did tumble on the ground, With such a zealous laughter, so profound, That in this spleen ridiculous appears, To check their folly, passion's solemn tears.

Prin. But what, but what, come they to visit us? fthus.-Boyet. They do, they do; and are apparel'd

Like Muscovites, or Russians, as I guess; Their purpose is to parle, to court, and dance; And every one his love-suit will advance Unto his several mistress; which they'll know By favours several which they did bestow.

Prin. And will they so? the gallants shall be task'd:-

For, ladies, we will every one be mask'd; And not a man of them shall have the grace, Despite of suit, to see a lady's face. Hold, Rosaline, this favour thou shalt wear; And then the king will court thee for his dear; Hold, take thou this, my sweet, and give me thine;

So shall Biron take me for Rosaline.— And change your favours too; so shall your loves

Woo contrary, deceiv'd by these removes. Ros. Come on, then; wear the favours most in sight.

Kath. But, in this changing, what is your intent?

Prin. The effect of my intent is to cross theirs:

They do it but in mocking merriment; And mock for mock is only my intent. Their several counsels they unbosom shall To loves mistock; and so be mock'd withal Upon the next occasion that we meet With visages display'd to talk and greet.

Ros. But shall we dance if they desire us to 't? [foot:

Prin. No: to the death we will not move a Nor to their penn'd speech render we no grace: But while 'tis spoke, each turn away her face. Boyet. Why, that contempt will kill the speaker's heart,

And quite divorce his memory from his part.

Prin. Therefore I do it; and I make no doubt The rest will ne'er come in if he be out. There's no such sport as sport by sport o'er thrown;

To make theirs ours, and ours none but our own:

So shall we stay, mocking intended game; And they, well mock'd, depart away with

shame. [Trumpets sound within.

Boyet. The trumpet sounds; be mask'd; the
maskers come. [The Ladies mask.

Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and Dumain, in Russian habits and masked; Moth, Musicians, and Attendants.

Moth. All hail the richest beauties on the earth!

Boyet. Beauties no richer than rich taffeta.

Moth. A holy parcel of the fairest dames!

[The Ladies turn their backs to him.

That ever turn'd their—backs—to mortal views!

Biron. Their eyes, villian, their eyes.

Moth. That ever turn'd their eyes to mortal views!

Out—
Boyet. True; out indeed. [vouchsafe
Moth. Out of your favours, heavenly spirits
Not to behold—

Biron. Once to behold, rogue.

Moth. Once to behold with your sun-beamed eyes,—with your sun-beamed eyes—

Boyet. They will not answer to that epithet; You were best call it daughter-beamed eyes. Moth. They do not mark me, and that brings me out.

Biron. Is this your perfectness? be gone, you rogue. [Exit Moth. Ros. What would these strangers? Know

Ros. What would these strangers? Know their minds, Boyet:

If they do speak our language, 'tis our will That some plain man recount our purposes: Know what they would.

Boyet. What would you with the princess?

Biron. Nothing but peace and gentle visitation.

Ros. What would they, say they? [tion. Boyet. Nothing but peace and gentle visita-Ros. Why, that they have; and bid them so

be gone. [gone. Boyef. She says you have it, and you may be

King. Say to her we have measured many miles

To tread a measure with her on this grass.

Boyet. They say that they have measured many a mile.

To tread a measure with you on this grass.

Ros. It is not so. Ask them how many inches

Is in one mile: if they have measur'd many, The measure, then, of one is easily told.

Boyet. If to come hither you have measur'd miles,

And many miles, the princess bids you tell How many inches do fill up one mile. [steps. Biron. Tell her we measure them by weary Boyet. She hears herself.

Ros. How many weary steps,
Of the many weary miles you have o'ergone,
Are numbered in the travel of one mile?

Are number'd in the travel of one mile?

Biron. We number nothing that we spend for you;

Our duty is so rich, so infinite,

That we may do it still without accompt. Vouchsafe to show the sunshine of your face, That we, like savages, may worship it.

Ros. My face is but a moon, and clouded too.

King. Blessed are clouds, to do as such

clouds do! Vouchsafe, bright moon, and these thy stars, to shine,—

Those clouds removed,—upon our wat'ry eyne.

Ros. O vain petitioner! beg a greater matter;
Thou now request'st but moonshine in the
water.

King. Then, in our measure do but vouchsafe one change:

Thou bid'st me beg; this begging is not strange.

Ros. Play music, then: nay, you must do it soon.

[Music plays.

Not yet;—no dance:—thus change I like the

Ming. Will you not dance? How come you

thus estrang'd?

Ros. You took the moon at full; but now

she's chang'd. [man. King. Yet still she is the moon and I the The music plays; vouchsafe some motion to it. Ros. Our ears vouchsafe it.

King. But your legs should do it.

Ros. Since you are strangers, and come here
by chance, [dance.

We'll not be nice; take hands;—we will not King. Why take we hands, then? Ros. Only to part friends;—

Court'sy sweet hearts; and so the measure ends. [nica. King. More measure of this measure; be not

King. Prize you yourselves: what buys your company?

Ros. Your absence only.
King. That can never be.

Ros. Then cannot we be bought: and so adieu;

Twice to your visor and half once to you!

King. If you deny to dance, let's hold more chat.

Ros. In private then.

King. I am best pleas'd with that.

[They converse apart.

Biron. White-handed mistress, one sweet word with thee. [three

Prin. Honey, and milk, and sugar; there i.

Biron. Nay, then, two treys,—an if you
grow so nice,—
[dice

Metheglin, wort, and malmsey;—well run, There's half a dozen sweets.

Seventh sweet adieu Since you can cog, I'll play no more with you. Biron. One word in secret.

Let it not be sweet.

Biron. Thou griev'st my gall. Gall? bitter. Prin.

Riron. Therefore meet. [They converse apart

Dum. Will you vouchsafe with me to change a word?

Mar. Name it.

Fair lady,-Dum. Say you so? Fair lord .-Mar.

Mar.
Take that for your fair lady.
Please it you,

As much in private, and I'll bid adieu. [They converse apart.

Kath. What, was your visard made without a tongue?

Long. I know the reason, lady, why you ask. Kath. O for your reason! quickly, sir; I long. your mask,

Long You have a double tongue within And would afford my speechless visard half. Kath. Veal, quoth the Dutchman;-is not

veal a calf?

Long. A calf, fair lady!

Kath. Long. Let's part the word.

Kath. Take all, and wean it; it may prove an ox. Long. Look how you butt yourself in these

sharp mocks!

Will you give horns, chaste lady? do not so.

Kath. Then die a calf, before your horns do

Long. One word in private with you ere I die. Kath. Bleat softly, then; the butcher hears you cry. [They converse apart. The tongues of mocking wenches are

As is the razor's edge invisible, [as keen Cutting a smaller hair than may be seen;

Above the sense of sense; so sensible Seemeth their conference; their conceits have

wings, [swifter things. Fleeter than arrows, bullets, wind, thought, Ros. Not one word more, my maids; break off, break off. [scoff!

Biron. By heaven, all dry-beaten with pure King. Farewell, mad wenches; you have simple wits.

Exeunt KING, LORDS, Music, and Attendants. Prin. Twenty adieus, my frozen Musco-

Are these the breed of wits so wonder'd at? Boyet. Tapers they are, with your sweet

breaths puffed out. Ros. Well-liking wits they have; gross, gross; fat, fat.

Prin. O poverty in wit, kingly-poor flout! Will they not, think you, hang themselves tonight?

Or ever, but in visards, show their faces?

This pert Biron was out of countenance quite. Ros. O, they were all in lamentable cases!

The king was weeping-ripe for a good word.

Prin. Biron did swear himself out of all suit. Mar. Dumain was at my service, and his

No point, quoth I; my servant straight was Kath. Lord Longaville said I came o'er his heart:

And trow you what he called me?

Qualm, perhaps. Prin. Kath. Yes in good faith.

Prin. Go, sickness as thou art!
Ros. Well, better wits have worn plain

statue-caps. But will you hear? the king is my love sworn. Prin. And quick Biron hath plighted faith

to me. Kath. And Longaville was for my service Mar. Dumain is mine, as sure as bark on

Boyet. Madam, and pretty mistresses, give

Immediately they will again be here In their own shapes; for it can never be They will digest this harsh indignity.

Prin. Will they return?

Boyet. They will, they will, God knows, And leap for joy, though they are lame with blows; [repair, Therefore, change favours; and, when they

Blow like sweet roses in this summer air. Prin. How blow? how blow? speak to be

understood. bud: Boyet. Fair ladies mask'd are roses in their

No, a fair lord calf. Dismask'd, their damask sweet commixture shown.

No, I'll not be your half: Are angels vailing clouds, or roses blown.

t; it may prove an ox. Prin. Avaunt, perplexity! What shall we do
ou butt yourself in these If they return in their own shapes to woo?

Ros. Good madam, if by me you'll be advis'd, Let's mock them still, as well known as disguis'd:

Let us complain to them what fools were here, Disguis'd like Muscovites, in shapeless gear; And wonder what they were, and to what end Their shallow shows and prologue vilely penn'd, And their rough carriage so ridiculous, Should be presented at our tent to us.

Boyet. Ladies, withdraw; the gallants are at Prin. Whip to our tents, as roes run over land

[Exeunt Prin., Ros., Kath., and Mar. Re-enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and DUMAIN, in their proper habits.

King. Fair sir, God save you! Where is the princess? [majesty Boyet. Gone to her tent. Please it your

Command me any service to her thither? King. That she vouchsafe me audience for

one word. Boyet. I will; and so will she, I know, my Exit. lord.

Biron. This fellow pecks up wit as pigeons

And utters it again when God doth please: He is wit's pedlar, and retails his wares At wakes, and wassels, meetings, markets, fairs; And we that sell by gross, the Lord doth know, Have not the grace to grace it with such show. This gallant pins the wenches on his sleeve,- Had he been Adam, he had tempted Eve:
He can carve too, and lisp: why this is he
That, kiss'd away his hand in courtesy;
This is the ape of form, monsieur the nice,
That, when he plays at tables, chides the dice
In honourable terms; nay, he can sing
A mean most meanly; and in ushering,
Mend him who can: the ladies call him sweet;
The stairs, as he treads on them, kiss his feet:
This is the flower that smiles on every one,
To show his teeth as white as whale's bone:
And consciences that will not die in debt
Pay him the due of honey-tongu'd Boyet.

King. A blister on his sweet tongue, with my heart,

That put Armado's page out of his part!

Biton. See where it comes!—Behaviour,
what wert thou

Till this man show'd thee? and what art thou

Re-enter the Princess, ushered by Boyet; Rosaline, Maria, Katharine, and At-

King. All hail, sweet madam, and fair time

Prin. Fair, in all hail, is foul, as I conceive. King. Construe my speeches better, if you may.

Prin. Then wish me better, I will give you leave.

King. We came to visit you; and purpose now To lead you to our court: vouchsafe it then. Prin. This field shall hold me: and so hold your vow:

Nor God, nor I, delight in perjur'd men.

King. Rebuke me not for that which you
proyoke;

The virtue of your eye must break my oath.

Prin. You nickname virtue: vice you should have spoke;

For virtue's office never breaks men's troth.

Now, by my maiden honour, yet as pure

As the unsullied lily: I protest

As the unsullied lily; I protest, A world of torments though I should endure, I would not yield to be your house's guest: So much I hate a breaking cause to be Of heavenly oaths, yow'd with integrity.

King. O, you have liv'd in desolation here, Unseen, unvisited, much to our shame. Prin. Not so, my lord; it is not so, I swear; We have had pastime here, and pleasant

game;
A mess of Russians left us but of late.
King. How, madam! Russians!

Prin.
Ay, in truth, my lord;
Trim gallants, full of courtship and of state.
Ros. Madam, speak true.—It is not so, my lord;

My lady,—to the manner of the days,— In courtesy, gives undeserving praise. We four, indeed, confronted here with four In Russian habit; here they stay'd an hour And talk'd apace; and in that hour, my lord, They did not bless us with one happy word. I dare not call them fools; but this I think, When they are thirsty, fools would fain have

drink. [sweet, Biron. This jest is dry to me.—Fair, gentle Your wit makes wise things foolish; when we greet

With eyes best seeing heaven's fiery eye, By light we lose light: your capacity Is of that nature, that to your huge store Wise things seem foolish and rich things but

poor. [my eye,— Ros. This proves you wise and rich, for in Biron. I am a fool, and full of poverty.

Ros. But that you take what doth to you belong,

It were a fault to snatch words from my tongue.

Biron. O, I am yours, and all that I possess.

Ros. All the fool mine?

Biron. I cannot give you less.
Ros. Which of the visards was it that you wore?

Biron. Where? when? what visard? why demand you this? | ous case

Ros. There, then, that visard; that superflu-That hid the worse and show'd the better face. King. We are described: they'll mock us now

downright.

Dum. Let us confess, and turn it to a jest.

Prin. Amaz'd, my lord? why looks your high-

ness sad?

Ros. Help. hold his brows! he'll swoon!

Ros. Help, hold his brows! he'll swoon!
Why look you pale?—
Sea-sick, I think, coming from Muscovy.

Sea-sick, I think, coming from Muscovy.

Biron. Thus pour the stars down plagues for
perjury.

Can any face of brass hold longer out?—

Here stand I, lady: dart thy skill at me;
Bruise me with scorn, confound me with a
flout;

Thrust thy sharp wit quite through my ignorance;

Cut me to pieces with thy keen conceit; And I will wish thee never more to dance, Nor never more in Russian habit wait.

O, never will I trust to speeches penn'd, Nor to the motion of a school-boy's tongue; Nor never come in visard to my friend;

Nor woo in rhyme, like a blind harper's song: Taffeta phrases, silken terms precise,

Three-pil'd hyperboles, spruce affectation, Figures pendantical: these summer-flies Have blown me full of maggot ostentation; I do forswear them: and I here protest,

By this white glove,—how white the hand.
God knows!—

Henceforth my wooing mind shall be express'd In russet yeas, and honest kersey noes: And, to begin, wench,—so God help me, la!— My love to thee is sound, sans crack or flaw. Ros. Sans sans, I pray you.

Biron.

Yet I have a trick Of the old rage:—bear with me, I am sick; Fill leave it by degrees. Soft, let us see;—Write, Lord have mercy on us, on those three; They are infected; in their hearts it lies: They have the plague, and caught it of your

eyes:
These lords are visited; you are not free,

For the Lord's tokens on you do I see.

Prin. No, they are free that gave these tokens to us.

[undo us.]

Biron. Our states are forfeit: seek not to Ros. It is not so; for how can this be true, That you stand forfeit, being those that sue? Biron. Peace; for I will not have to do with

you.

Ros. Nor shall not, if I do as I intend. end. [transgression

King. Teach us, sweet madam, for our rude Some fair excuse.

The fairest is confession.

Were you not here but even now, disguis'd? King. Madam, I was. And were you well advis'd?

King. I was, fair madam.

Prin. When you then were here, What did you whisper in your lady's ear? King. That more than all the world I did re-

spect her. freject her. Prin. When she shall challenge this you will

King. Upon mine honour, no. Prin. Peace, peace, forbear;

Your oath once broke, you force not to for-

King. Despise me when I break this oath of mine.

Prin. I will; and therefore keep it:-Rosaline,

What did the Russian whisper in your ear? Ros. Madam, he swore that he did hold me

As precious eyesight; and did value me Above this world: adding thereto, moreover, That he would wed me, or else die my lover. Prin. God give thee joy of him! the noble lord

Most honourably doth uphold his word. King. What mean you, madam? by my life,

my troth I never swore this lady such an oath. [plain; Ros. By heaven you did; and, to confirm it

You gave me this: but take it, sir, again. King. My faith and this the princess I did give;

I knew her by this jewel on her sleeve. Prin. Pardon me sir; this jewel she did wear; And Lord Biron, I thank him, is my dear:-What; will you have me, or your pearl again?

Biron. Neither of either; I remit both

twain.-I see the trick on't; -here was a consent, Knowing aforehand of our merriment, To dash it like a Christmas comedy: Some carry-tale, some please-man, some slight Some mumble-news, some trencher-knight,

trick some Dick, That smiles his cheek in years, and knows the To make my lady laugh when she's dispos'd,-Told our intents before: which once disclos'd. The ladies did change favours; and then we, Following the signs, woo'd but the sign of she. Now, to our perjury to add more terror,

We are again forsworn, -in will and error. Much upon this it is:-and might not you

Forestal our sport, to make us thus untrue? Do not you know my lady's foot by the squire, And laugh upon the apple of her eye? And stand between her back, sir, and the fire, Holding a trencher, jesting merrily?

[To BOYET.

You put our page out: go, you are allow'd; Die when you will, a smock shall be your shroud.

You leer upon me, do you? there's an eve Wounds like a leaden sword.

Boyet. Full merrily Biron. Speak for yourselves; my wit is at an Hath this brave manage, this career, been run. Biron. Lo, he is tilting straight! Peace; I have done.

Enter Costard.

Welcome, pure wit! thou partest a fair fray.

Cost. O Lord, sir, they would know

Whether the three worthies shall come in or no. Biron. What, are there but three?

Cost. No, sir; but it is vara fine. For every one pursents three.

Biron. And three times thrice is nine. Cost. Not so, sir; under correction, sir; I hope it is not so:

You cannot beg us, sir, I can assure you, sir: we know what we know:

I hope, sir, three times thrice, sir,

Is not nine. Cost. Under correction, sir, we know whereuntil it doth amount. for nine.

Biron. By Jove, I always took three threes Cost. O Lord, sir, it were pity you should get your living by reckoning, sir.

Biron. How much is it?

Cost. O Lord, sir, the parties themselves, the actors, sir, will show whereuntil it doth amount; for my own part, I am, as they say, but to parfect one man in one poor man; Pompion the Great, sir.

Biron. Art thou one of the worthies?

Cost. It pleased them to think me worthy of Pompion the Great; for mine own part, I know not the degree of the worthy; but I am to stand for him.

stand for him.

Biron. Go, bid them prepare.

Cost. We will turn it finely off sir; we will

[Exit COSTARD King. Biron, they will shame us; let them

not approach. Biron. We are shame-proof, my lord: and 'tis some policy

To have one show worse than the king's and his company.

King. I say they shall not come. Prin. Nay, my good lord, let me o'errule you That sport best pleases that doth least know

Where zeal strives to content, and the contents Die in the zeal of them which it presents, Their form confounded makes most form in

mirth, When great things labouring perish in their birth.

Biron. A right description of our sport, my lord.

Enter ARMADO.

Arm. Anointed, I implore so much expense of thy royal sweet breath as will utter a brace of [ARMADO converses with the KING words. and delivers him a paper.

Prin. Doth this man serve God? Biron. Why ask you? Prin. He speaks not like a man of God's Arm. That's all one, my fair, sweet, honey monarch: for, I protest, the schoolmaster is exceeding fantastical; too, too vain; too, too vain: but we will put it, as they say, to fortuna della guerra. I wish you the peace of mind, most royal couplement! Exit ARMADO.

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King. Here is like to be a good presence of worthies. He presents Hector of Troy; the swain, Pompey the Great; the parish curate, Alexander; Armado's page, Hercules; the pedant, Judas Maccabaeus.

And if these four worthes in their first show thrive. other five.

These four will change habits and present the

Biron. There is five in the first show. King. You are deceived, 'tis not so. Biron. The pedant, the braggart, the hedge-

priest, the fooi, and the boy; [again Abate throw at novum; and the whole world Cannot prick out five such, take each one in his

vein. [comes amain. King. The ship is under sail, and here she [Seats brought for the King, Prin., &c.

Pageant of the Nine Worthies. Enter COSTARD, armed, for Pompey,

Cost. I Pompey am-Boyet. You lie, you are not he.

Cost. I Pompey am—
Boyet. With libbard's head on knee. Boyet. With libbard's head on knee. Biron. Well said, old mocker; I must needs be friends with thee. [Big -

Cost. I Pompey am, Pompey surnamed the

Dum. The Great.
Cost. It is Great, sir;—Pompey surnamed the Great,

That of tin field, with targe and shield, did make my foe to sweat; [chance, And traveling along this coast, There am come by

And lay my arms before the legs of this sweet lass of France. had done. If your ladyship would say, Thanks, Pompey, I

Prin. Great thanks, great Pompey.

Cost. 'Tis not so much worth; but I hope I was parfect: I made a little fault in Great.

Biron. My hat to a halfpenny, Pompey proves the best worthy.

Enter Sir NATHANIEL, armed, for Alexander.
Nath. When in the world I liv'd, I was the

world's commander; By east, west, north, and south I spread my conquering might:

My'scutcheon plain declares that I am Alisander.

Boyet. Your nose says, no, you are not; for it stands too right.

Biron. Your nose smells no in this, most tender-smelling knight.

Prin. The conqueror is dismay'd .- Proceed,

good Alexander.

Nath. When in the world I liv'd, I was the

Boyet. Most true, 'tis right; you were so, Ali-Biron. Pompey the Great, Cost. Your servant, and Costard.

world's commander:-

Biron. Take away the conqueror, take away Alisander.

Cost. O, sir [to NATH.], you have overthrown Alisander the conqueror! You will be scraped out of the painted cloth for this: your lion, that holds his poll-ax sitting on a close stool, will be given to Ajax: he will be the ninth worthy. conqueror and afeard to speak! run away for shame, Alisander. [Sir NATH. retires.] There, an't shall please you; a foolish mild man; an honest man, look you, and soon dashed! he is a marvellous good neighbour, insooth; and a very

good bowler: but, for Alisander, -alas, you see, how 'tis,-a little o'erparted.-But there are worthies a-coming will speak their mind in some other sort.

Prin. Stand aside, good Pompey.

Enter Holofennes, armed, for Judas; and MOTH, armed, for Hercules.

Hol. Great Hercules is presented by this imp, Whose club kil'd Cerberus, that three-headed canus;

And when he was a babe, a child, a shrimp, Thus did he strangle serpents in his manus: Quoniam he seemeth in minority.

Ergo I come with this apology.

Keep some state in thy exit, and vanish. MOTH retires.

Judas I am,-

Dum. A Judas!
Hol. Not Iscariot, sir,—
Judas I am, yelped Maccabaeus.
Dum. Judas Maccabaeus cliptis plain Judas.

Biron. A kissing traitor. How art thou proved Judas? Hol. Judas I am,—

Dum. The more sname 10.

Hol. What mean you, sir? The more shame for you, Judas.

Boyet. To make Judas hang himself. Hol. Begin, sır; you are my elder. Biron. Well followed: Judas was hanged on

an elder. Hol. I will not be put out of countenance.

Biron. Because thou hast no face. Hol. What is this?

Boyet. A cittern head. Dum. The head of a bodkin.

Biron. A death's face in a ring. Seen. Long. The face of an old Roman coin, scarce

Boyet. The pummel of Caesar's faulchion. Dum. The carv'd-bone face on a flask. Biron, St. George's half-cheek in a brooch. Dum. Ay, and in a brooch of lead.

Biron. Ay, and worn in the cap of a toothdrawer;

And now, forward; for we have put thee in countenance.

Hol. You have put me out of countenance. Biron. False: we have given thee faces.

Hol. But you have outfaced them all. Biron. An thou wert a lion we would do so. Boyet. Therefore, as he is an ass, let him go.

And so adieu, sweet Jude! nay, why dost thou stay?

Dum. For the latter end of his name. Biron. For the ass to the Jude; give it him:-

Jud-as, away. Hol. This is not generous, not gentle, not

been humble. Boyet. A light for Monsieur Judas! it grows

dark, he may stumble.

Prin. Alas, poor Maccabaeus, how hath he been baited!

Enter ARMADO, armed, for Hector.

Biron. Hide thy head, Achilles: here comes Hector in arms.

Dum. Though my mocks come home by me, will now be merry. King. Hector was but a Trojan in respect of Boyet. But is this Hector?

Dum. I think Hector was not so cleantimbered.

Long. His leg is too big for Hector.

Dum. More calf, certain.

Boyet. No; he is best indued in the small. [faces Biron. This cannot be Hector.

Dum. He's a god or a painter, for he make: Arm. The armipotent Mars, of lances the al Gave Hector a gift,-[mighty

Dum. A gilt nutmeg. Biron. A lemon.

Long. Stuck with cloves.

Dum. No, cloven. Arm. Peace!

The armipotent Mars, of lances the almighty, Gave Hector a gift, the heir of Ilion; [yea A man so breath'd, that certain he would fight From morn till night, out of his pavilion. I am that flower,

Dum. That mint.

Long.

That columbine. Arm. Sweet Lord Longaville, rein thy

Long. I must rather give it the rein, for it runs against Hector.

Dum. Ay, and Hector's a greyhound.

Arm. The sweet war-man is dead and rotten; sweet chucks, beat not the bones of the buried: when he breathed, he was a man .- But I will forward with my device. Sweet royalty [to the PRINCESS], bestow on me the sense of hearing.

BIRON whispers COSTARD. Prin. Speak, brave Hector: we are much de-

Arm. I do adore thy sweet grace's slipper.

Boyet. Loves her by the foot.

Dum. He may not by the yard. bal,-Arm. This Hector far surmounted Hanni-Cost. The party is gone, fellow Hector: she is gone: she is two months on her way.

Arm. What meanest thou?

Cost. Faith, unless you play the honest
Trojan, the poor wench is cast away: she's
quick; the child brags in her belly already; 'tis yours.

Arm. Dost thou infamonize me among potentates? thou shalt die.

Cost. Then shall Hector be whipped for Jaquenetta that is quick by him, and hanged for Pompey that is dead by him.

Dum. Most rare Pompey!

Boyet. Renowned Pompey!

Biron. Greater than great, great, great, great Pompey! Pompey the Huge! Dum. Hector trembles.

Biron. Pompey is mov'd .- More Ates, more

Ates! stir them on! stir them on! Dum. Hector will challenge him.

Biron. Ay, if he have no more man's blood

in's belly than will sup a flea.

Arm. By the north pole, I do challenge thee. Cost. I will not fight with a pole, like a northern man: I'll slash; I'll do it by the sword .-- I pray you, let me borrow my arms again.

Dum. Room for the incensed worthies.

Cost. I'll do it in my shirt.

Dum. Most resolute Pompey!

Moth. Master, let me take you a button hole lower. Do you not see Pompey is uncasing for the combat? What mean you? you will lose your reputation. Arm. Gentlemen and soldiers, pardon me: I

will not combat in my shirt.

Dum. You may not deny it: Pompey hath made the challenge.

Arm. Sweet bloods, I both may and will.

Buron. What reason have you for't?

Arm. The naked truth of it is, I have no shirt; I go woolward for penance.

Boyet. True, and it was enjoined him in Rome for want of linen; since when, I'll be sworn, he wore none but a dish-clout of Jaquenetta's; and that'a wears next his heart for a favour.

Enter MERCADE.

Mer. God save you, madam! Prin. Welcome, Mercade;

But that thou interrupt'st our merriment.

Mer. I am sorry, madam; for the news I bring

Is heavy in my tongue. The king your father,-Prin. Dead, for my life!

Mer. Even so; my tale is told. Biron. Worthiese, away; the scene begins to
Arm. For mine own part, I breathe free
breath: I have seen the day of wrong through the little hole of discretion, and I will right myself like a soldier. (Exeunt Worthies.

King. How fares your Majesty?
Prin. Boyet, prepare; I will away to-night. King. Madam, not so; I do beseech you,

Prin. Prepare, I say. - I thank you, gracious For all your fair endeavours; and entreat Out of a new-sad soul, that you vouchsafe, In your rich wisdom, to excuse or hide The liberal opposition of our spirits; If over-boldly we have borne ourselves In the converse of breath, your gentleness Was guilty of it.—Farewell, worthy lord; A heavy heart bears not a nimble tongue: Excuse me so, coming so short of thanks

King. The extreme parts of time extremely All causes to the purpose of his speed; And often, at his very loose, decides That which long process could not arbitrate: And though the mourning brow of progeny Forbid the smiling courtesy of love The holy suit which fam it would convince, Yet, since love's argument was first on foot, Let not the cloud of sorrow justle it

For my great suit so easily obtain'd.

From what it purpos'd: since to wail friends lost Is not by much so wholesome-profitable As to rejoice at friends but newly found.

Prin. I understand you not: my griefs are dull.

Biron. Honest plain words best pierce the ear of grief;-

And by these badges understand the king. For your fair sakes have we neglected time. Play'd foul play with our oaths; your beauty, ladies

Hath much deform'd us, fashioning our humours Even to the opposed end of our intents: And what in us hath seem'd ridiculous, As love is full of unbelieving strains,-All wanton as a child, skipping, and vain;

Form'd by the eye, and therefore, like the eye, Full of strange shapes, of habits, and of forms, Varying in subjects as the eye doth roll To every varied object in his glance: Which party-coated presence of loose love Put on by us, if in your heavenly eyes Have misbecom'd our oaths and gravities, Those heavenly eyes that look into these faults Suggested us to make. Therefore, ladies, Our love being yours, the error that love makes Is likewise yours: we to ourselves prove false, By being once false, for ever to be true To those that make us both—fair ladies, you! And even that falsehood, in itself a sin, Thus purifies itself and turns to grace.

Prin. We have receiv'd your letter, full of Your favours, the ambassadors of love; And, in our maiden council, rated them At courtship, pleasant jest, and courtesy, As bombast, and as lining to the time: But more devout than this in our respects Have we not been; and therefore met your

In their own fashion, like a merriment. Dum. Our letters, madam, show'd much

more than jest. Long. So did our looks.

We did not quote them so. Ros. King. Now, at the latest minute of the hour,

Grant us your loves. A time, methinks, too short To make a world-without-end bargain in. No, no, my lord, your grace is perjur'd much, Full of dear guiltiness; and therefore this,— If for my love—as there is no such cause-You will do aught, this shall you do for me: Your oath I will not trust; but go with speed To some forlorn and naked hermitage, Remote from all the pleasures of the world; There stay until the twelve celestial signs Have brought about their annual reckoning. If this austere insociable life Change not your offer, made in heat of blood; If frosts and fasts, hard lodging and thin weeds, Nip not the gaudy blossoms of your love, But that it bear this trial, and last love, Then, at the expiration of the year, Come, challenge, challenge me by these de-

And, by this virgin palm now kissing thine, I will be thine; and, till that instant, shut My woeful self up in a mournful house, Raining the tears of lamentation For the remembrance of my father's death. If this thou do deny, let our hands part, Neither intitled in the other's heart. King. If this, or more than this, I would deny,

To flatter up these powers of mine with rest, The sudden hand of death close up mine eye! Hence ever, then, my heart is in thy breast. Biron. And what to me, my love? and what to me?

rank: You are attaint with faults and perjury; Therefore, if you my favour mean to get, A twelvemonth shall you spend, and never rest, But seek the weary beds of people sick.

Dum. But what to me, my love? but what

to me?

Kath. A wife!-A beard, fair health, and honesty;

With threefold love I wish you all these three. Dum. O, shall I say I thank you, gentle wife?

Kath. Not so, my lord:—a twelvementh and a day

I'll mark no words that smooth-fac'd wooers Come when the king doth to my lady come, Then, if I have much love I'll give you some.

Dum. I'll serve thee true and faithfully till then.

Kath. Yet swear not, lest you be forsworn again.

Long. What says Maria?

Mar. At the twelvemonth's end Pil change my black gown for a faithful friend.

Long. I'll stay with patience; but the time is long.

Mar. The liker you; few taller are so young. Biron. Studies my lady? mistress, look on

Behold the window of my heart, mine eye, What humble suit attends thy answer there!

Impose some service on me for thy love. Ros. Oft have I heard of you, my Lord Biron,

Before I saw you: and the world's large tongue Proclaims you for a man replete with mocks, Full of comparisons and wounding flouts, Which you on all estates will execute That lie within the mercy of your wit.

To weed this wormwood from your fruitful brain,

And therewithal to win me, if you please,-Without the which I am not to be won,-You shall this twelvemonth term from day to day

Visit the speechless sick, and still converse With groaning wretches; and your task shall be, With all the fierce endeavor of your wit To enforce the painted impotent to smile.

Biron. To move wild laughter in the throat of death!

It cannot be; it is impossible:

Mirth cannot move a soul in agony.

Ros. Why, that's the way to choke a gibing spirit.

Whose influence is begot of that loose grace Which shallow laughing hearers give to fools: A jest's prosperity lies in the ear Of him that hears it, never in the tongue Of him that makes it: then, if sickly ears, Deaf'd with the clamours of their own dear groans.

Will hear your idle scorns, continue them, And I will have you and that fault withal; But if they will not, throw away that spirit, And I shall find you empty of that fault, Right joyful of your reformation.

Biron. A twelvemonth! well, befall what will befall.

Ros. You must be purged too; your sins are I'll jest a twelvemonth in an hospital

Prin. Ay, sweet my lord; and so I take my leave. To the KING.

King. No, madam: we will bring you on

your way. [play;
Biron. Our wooing doth not end like an old
Jack hath not Jill: these ladies' courtesy Might well have made our sport a comedy.

King. Come, sir, it wants a twelvemonth and a day.

And then 'twill end.

Biron.

That's too long for a play.

Enter ARMADO.

Arm. Sweet majesty, vouchsafe me,— Prin. Was not that Hector? Dum. The worthy knight of Troy.

Arm. I will kiss thy royal finger, and take leave: I am a votary; I have vowed to Jaquenetta to hold the plough for her sweet love three years. But, most esteemed greatness, will you hear the dialogue that the two learned men have compiled in praise of the owl and the cuckoo? it should have followed in the end of our show.

King. Call them forth quickly, we will do so. Arm. Holla! approach.

Enter Holofernes, Nathaniel, Moth, Costard, and others.

This side is Hiems, Winter—this Ver, the Spring; the one maintained by the owl, the other by the cuckoo. Ver, begin.

SONG.

Spring. When daisies pied, and violets blue,
And lady smocks all silver-white,
And cuckoo-buds of yellow hue,
Do paint the meadows with delight,
The cuckoo then, on every tree,
Mocks married men, for thus sings he—
Cuckoo;

Cuckoo, cuckoo,—O word of fear, Unpleasing to a married ear!

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When shepherds pipe on oaten straws, And merry jarks are ploughmen's clocks, When turtles tread, and rooks and daws, And maidens bleach their summer smocks, The cuckoo then, on every tree, Mocks married men, for thus sings he—Cuckoo, Cuckoo,—O word of fear, Unpleasing to a married ear!

TTT

Winter. When icicles hang by the wall,
And Duck the shepherd blows his nail,
And Tom bears logs into the hall,
And milk comes frozen home in pail,
When blood is upp'd and ways be foul,
Then nightly sings the staring owl—
To-who;

Tu-whit, to-who, a merry note, While greasy Joan doth keel the pot.

TV.

When all aloud the wind doth blow,
And coughing drowns the parson's saw,
And birds sit brooding in the snow,
And Marion's nose looks red and raw,
When roasted crabs huss in the bowl,
Then nightly sings the staring owl—
To-who;
Tu-whit, to-who, a metry note,
While greasy Joan doth keel the pot.

Arm. The words of Mercury are harsh after the songs of Apollo. You that way; we this way. Exeunt.

THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

PERSONS REPRESENTED

DUKE OF VENICE.
PRINCE OF MOROCO,
PRINCE OF ARRAGON,
ANTONIO, the Merchant of Venice.
BASSANIO, his Friend.
SOLANIO,
SALARINO,
GRATIANO,
GRATIANO,
LORENZO, in love with JESSICA.
SHYLOCK, a Jew.
TUBAL, a Jew, his Friend.
LAUNCELOT GOBBO, a Clown, Servant to
SHYLOCK.

OLD GOBBO, Father to LAUNCELOT. SALERIO, a Messenger from Venice. LEONARDO, Servant to BASSANIO. BALTHAZAR STEPHANO, Servants to PORTIA.

PORTIA, a rich Heiress. NERISSA, her Waiting-maid. JESSICA, Daughter to SHYLOCK.

Magnificoes of Venice, Officers of the Court of Justice, Gaoler, Servants, and other Attendants.

Scene.—Partly at Venice, and partly at Belmont, the seat of Portia, on the Continent.

ACT I.

SCENE I .- VENICE. A Street.

Enter Antonio, Salarino, and Solanio,

Ant. In sooth, I know not why I am so sad: It wearies me; you say it wearies you. But how I caught it, found it, or came by it, What stuff 'tis made of, whereof it is born, I am to learn:

And such a want-wit sadness makes of me That I have much ado to know myself.

Salar. Your mind is tossing on the ocean, There, where your argosies, with portly sail, Like signiors and rich burghers of the flood, Or, as it were, the pageants of the sea,—Do overpeer the petty traffickers That curt'sy to them, do them reverence, As they fly by them with their woven wings.

Solan. Believe me, sir, had I such venture forth,

The better part of my affections would Be with my hopes abroad. I should be still Plucking the grass, to know where sits the wind:

Peering in maps for ports, and piers, and roads; And every object that might make me fear Misfortune to my ventures, out of doubt Would make me sad.

Salar. My wind, cooling my broth, Would blow me to an ague when I thought What harm a wind too great might do at sea. I should not see the sandy hour-glass run But I should think of shallows and of flats, And see my wealthy Andrew dock'd in sand, Vailing her high-top lower than her ribs, To kiss her burial. Should I go to church, And see the holy edifice of stone,

And not bethink me straight of dangerous Sit like his grandsire cut in alabaster? rocks.

Which, touching but my gentle vessel's side, Would scatter all her spices on the stream, Enrobe the roaring waters with my silks, And, in a word, but even now worth this, And now worth nothing? Shall I have the thought

To think on this; and shall I lack the thought That such a thing bechanc'd would make me

sad? But tell not me; I know Antonio

Is sad to think upon his merchandize. Ant. Believe me, no: I thank my fortune for My ventures are not in one bottom trusted, Nor to one place; nor is my whole estate Upon the fortune of this present year:

Therefore my merchandize makes me not sad. Solan. Why, then you are in love. Fie, fiel

Solan. Not in love neither? Then let's say you are sad

Because you are not merry: and 'twere as easy For you to laugh, and leap, and say you are Tanus. merry,

Because you are not sad. Now, by two-headed Nature hath framed strange fellows in her time: Some that will evermore peep through their

eyes, And laugh, like parrots, at a bag-piper: And other of such vinegar aspect That they'll not show their teeth in way of

smile. Though Nestor swear the jest be laughable. Here comes Bassanio, your most noble kinsman, Gratiano and Lorenzo. Fare ye well; We leave you now with better company

Salar. I would have stay'd till I had made

you merry

If worthier friends had not prevented me. Ant. Your worth is very dear in my regard. I take it your own business calls on you. And you embrace the occasion to depart.

Enter Bassanio, Lorenzo, and Gratiano.

Salar. Good-morrow, my good lords. Bass. Good signiors both, when shall we laugh? say, when?

You grow exceeding strange: must it be so? Salar. We'll make our leisures to attend on yours. [Exeunt Salar. and Solan. Lor. My Lord Bassanio, since you have

found Antonic, We two will leave you; but at dinner-time, I pray you, have in mind where we must meet.

Bass. I will not fail you. Gra. You look not well, Signior Antonio; You have too much respect upon the world: They lose it that do buy it with much care.

Believe me, you are marvellously chang'd. Ant. I hold the world but as the world, Gratiano-

A stage, where every man must play a part, And mine a sad one.

Gra. Let me play the fool: With mirth and laughter let old wrinkles come; And let my liver rather heat with wine Than my heart cool with mortifying groans. Why should a man, whose blood is warm within.

Sleep when he wakes? and creep into the jaundice

By being peevish? I tell thee what, Antonio.-I love thee, and it is my love that speaks.-There are a sort of men whose visages Do cream and mantle like a standing pond. And do a willful stillness entertain, With purpose to be dress'd in an opinion Of wisdom, gravity, profound conceit; As who should say, I am Sir Oracle, And, when I ope my lips, let no dog bark! O, my Antonio, I do know of these, That therefore are only reputed wise For saying nothing; who, I am very sure, If they should speak, would almost damn those ears

Which, hearing them, would call their brothers I'll tell thee more of this another time: But fish not, with this melancholy bait, For this fool's gudgeon, this opinion. Come, good Lorenzo. - Fare ye well awhile:

I'll end my exhortation after dinner. Lor. Well, we will leave you then till dinner-I must be one of these same dumb wise men. For Gratiano never lets me speak. more,

Gra. Well, keep me company but two years Thou shalt not know the sound of thine own tongue.

Ant. Farewell: I'll grow a talker for this gear. Gra. Thanks, i'faith; for silence is only commendable

In a neat's tongue dried and a maid not ven-Exeunt GRA. and LOR.

Ant. Is that anything now? Bass. Gratiano speaks an infinite deal of nothing, more than any man in all Venice. His reasons are as two grains of wheat hid in two bushels of chaff: you shall seek all day ere you find them; and when you have them, they are not worth the search. Ant. Well; tell me now, what lady is this

To whom you swore a secret pilgrimage, That you to-day promis'd to tell me of?

Bass. 'Tis not unknown to you, Antonio, How much I have disabled mine estate By something showing a more swelling port Than my faint means would grant continuance: Nor do I now make moan to be abridg'd From such a noble rate; but my chief care Is to come fairly off from the great debts Wherein my time, something too prodigal, Hath left me gag'd. To you, Antonio, I owe the most, in money and in love: And from your love I have a warranty To unburthen all my plots and purposes How to get clear of all the debts I owe.

Ant. I pray you, good Bassanio, let me know And if it stand, as you yourself still do, Within the eye of honour, be assur'd

My purse, my person, my extremest means Lie all unlock'd to your occasions. [shaft, Bass. In my school-days, when I had lost one I shot his fellow of the self-same flight The self-same way, with more advised watch, To find the other forth; and by advent'ring both I oft found both: I urge this childhood proof, Because what follows is pure innocence. I owe you much; and, like a wilful youth, That which I owe is lost: but if you please

To shoot another arrow that self-way Which you did shoot the first, I do not doubt, As I will watch the aim, or to find both Or bring your latter hazard back again,

And thankfully rest debtor for the first. [time

Ant. You know me well, and herein spent but To wind about my love with circumstance; And out of doubt you do me now more wrong, In making question of my uttermost, Than if you had made waste of all I have. Then do but say to me what I should do. That in your knowledge may by me be done, And I am press'd unto it: therefore, speak.

Bass. In Belmont is a lady richly left, And she is fair, and fairer than that word, Of wondrous virtues: sometimes from her eyes I did receive fair speechless messages: Her name is Portia; nothing undervalued To Cato's daughter, Brutus' Portia. Nor is the wide world ignorant of her worth: For the four winds blow in from every coast Renowned suitors, and her sunny locks Hang on her temples like a golden fleece; Which makes her seat of Belmont Colchos' strand.

And many Jasons come in quest of her. O my Antonio, had I but the means To hold a rival place with one of them, I have a mind presage me such thrift That I should questionless be fortunate. [sea;

Ant. Thou know'st that all my fortunes are at Neither have I money nor commodity To raise a present sum: therefore go forth; Try what my credit can in Venice do: That shall be rack'd, even to the uttermost, To furnish thee to Belmont, to fair Portia. Go, presently inquire, and so will I, Where money is; and I no question make To have it of my trust or for my sake.

Exeunt.

SCENE II .- BELMONT. A Room in PORTIA'S

Enter PORTIA and NERISSA.

Por. By my troth, Nerissa, my little body is

a-weary of this great world.

Ner. You would be, sweet madam, if your miseries were in the same abundance as your good fortunes are: and yet for aught I see, they are as sick as that surfeit with too much as they that starve with nothing. It is no mean happiness, therefore, to be seated in the mean: superfluity comes sooner by white hairs, but competency lives longer.

Por. Good sentences, and well pronounced. Ner. They would be better if well followed. Por. If to do were as easy as to know what were good to do, chapels had been churches, and poor men's cottages princes' palaces. It is a good divine that follows his own instructions: I can easier teach twenty what were good to be done, than be one of the twenty to follow mine own teaching. The brain may devise laws for the blood, but a hot temper leaps over a cold decree; such a hare is madness, the youth, to skip o'er the meshes of good council, the cripple. But this reasoning is not in the fashion to choose me a husband .- O me, the word choose! I may neither choose whom I would nor refuse

whom I dislike; so is the will of a living daughter curbed by the will of a dead father .-Is it not hard, Nerissa, that I cannot choose

one, nor refuse none?

Ner. Your father was ever virtuous; and holy men, at their death, have good inspirations; therefore, the lottery that he hath devised in these three chests of gold, silver, and lead, whereof who chooses his meaning chooses you, -will, no doubt, never be chosen by any rightly but one who you shall rightly love. But what warmth is there in your affection towards any of these princely suitors that are already come?

Por. I pray thee, over-name them; and as thou namest them, I will describe them; and according to my description, level at my affec-

tion.

Ner. First, there is the Neapolitan prince. Por. Ay, that's a colt indeed, for he doth

nothing but talk of his horse; and he makes it a great appropriation to his own good parts that he can shoe him himself: I am much afraid my lady his mother played false with a smith.

Ner. Then is there the County Palatine. Por. He doth nothing but frown: as who should say, An if you will not have me, choose: he hears merry tales and smiles not: I fear he will prove the weeping philosopher when he grows old, being so full of unmannerly sadness in his youth. I had rather he married to a death's head with a bone in his mouth than to either of these. God defend me from these two!

Ner. How say you by the French lord, Monsieur Le Bon?

Por. God made him, and therefore let him pass for a man. In truth, I know it is a sin to be a mocker: but, he! why, he hath a horse better than the Neapolitan's; a better bad habit of frowning than the Count Palatine: he is every man and no man; if a throstle sing he falls straight a-capering; he will fence with his own shadow: if I should marry him I should marry twenty husbands. If he would despise me I would forgive him; for if he love me to madness I shall never requite him.

Ner. What say you then to Falconbridge, the young baron of England?

Por. You know I say nothing to him; for he understands not me, nor I him: he hath neither Latin, French, nor Italian: and you will come into the court and swear that I have a poor pennyworth in the English. He is a proper man's picture; but, alas! who can converse with a dumb show? How oddly he is suited! I think, he bought his doublet in Italy, his round hose in France, his bonnet in Germany, and his behaviour everywhere.

Ner. What think you of the Scottish lord,

his neighbour?

Por. That he hath a neighbourly charity in him; for he borrowed a box of the ear of the Englishman, and swore he would pay him again when he was able: I think the Frenchman became his surety, and sealed under for another.

Ner. How like you the young German, the

Duke of Saxony's nephew?

Por. Very vilely in the morning when he is sober; and most vilely in the afternoon when he is drunk; when he is best he is a little worse than a man; and when he is worst, he is little better than a beast. An the worst fall that ever fell, I hope I shall make shift to go without him.

Ner. If he should offer to choose, and choose the right casket, you should refuse to perform your father's will if you should refuse to accept

Por. Therefore, for fear of the worst, I pray thee set a deep glass of Rhenish wine on the contrary casket: for, if the devil be within and that temptation without, I know he will choose it. I will do anything, Nerissa, ere I will be

married to a sponge.

Ner. You need not fear, lady, the having any of these lords; they have acquainted me with their determinations; which is indeed, to return to their home, and to trouble you with no more suit, unless you may be won by some other sort than your father's imposition, depending on the caskets.

Por. If I live to be as old as Sibylla, I will die as chaste as Diana, unless I be obtained by the manner of my father's will. I am glad this parcel of wooers are so reasonable: for there is not one among them but I dote on his very absence, and I pray God grant them a fair departure.

Ner. Do you not remember, lady, in your father's time, a Venetian, a scholar and a soldier, that came hither in company of the

Marquis of Montferrat?

Por Yes, yes, it was Bassanio; as I think, so was he called.

Ner. True, madam; he, of all the men that ever my foolish eyes looked upon, was the best deserving a fair lady.

Por. I remember him well; and I remember him worthy of thy praise .-

Enter a Servant.

How now! what news?

Serv. The four strangers seek for you, madam, to take their leave; and there is a forerunner come from a fifth, the prince of Morocco, who brings word, the prince his master will be here to-night.

Por. If I could bid the fifth welcome with so good heart as I can bid the other four farewell, I should be glad of his approach: if he have the condition of a saint and the complexion of a devil, I had rather he should shrive me than wive me

Come, Nerissa.—Sirrah, go before.—

Whiles we shut the gate upon one wooer, another knocks at the door. [Exeunt.

Scene III.—Venice. A Public Place.

Enter Bassanio and Shylock.

Shy. Three thousand ducats .- well. Bass. Ay, sir, for three months.

Shy. For three months, -well.

Bass. For the which, as I told you, Antonio shall be bound. Shy. Antonio shall become bound,-well.

Bass. May you stead me? Will you pleasure me? Shall I know your answer?

Shy. Three thousand ducats for three months, and Antonio bound.

Bass. Your answer to that.

. Shy. Antonio is a good man.

Bass. Have you heard any imputation to the

contrary?

Shy. Ho, no, no; no, no; -my meaning, in saying he is a good man, is to have you understand me that he is sufficient: yet his means are in supposition: he hath an argosy bound to Tripolis, another to the Indies; I understand, moreover, upon the Rialto, he hath a third at Mexico, a fourth for England, and other ventures he hath, squandered abroad. But ships are but boards, sailors but men: there be land-rats and water-rats, water-thieves and land-thieves; I mean pirates; and then there is the peril of waters, winds, and rocks. The man is, notwithstanding, sufficient;—three thousand ducats:—I think I may take his bond.

Bass. Be assured you may. Shy. I will be assured I may; and, that I may be assured, I will bethink me. May I

speak with Antonio?

Bass. If it please you to dine with us. Shy. Yes, to smell pork; to eat of the habitation which your prophet, the Nazarite, conjured the devil into; I will buy with you, sell with you, talk with you, walk with you, and so following; but I will not eat with you, drink with you, nor pray with you.—What news on the Rialto?—Who is he comes here?

Enter ANTONIO.

Bass. This is Signior Antonio. Shy. [Aside.] How like a fawning publican he looks!

I hate him for he is a Christian: But more for that, in low simplicity, He lends out money gratis, and brings down The rate of usance here with us in Venice. If I can catch him once upon the hip, I will feed fat the ancient grudge I bear him. He hates our sacred nation; and he rails. Eventhere where merchants most do congregate, On me, my bargains, and my well-won thrift, Which he calls interest. Cursed be my tribe If I forgive him!

Shylock, do you hear? Shy. I am debating of my present store: And, by the near guess of my memory, I cannot instantly raise up the gross Of full three thousand ducats. What of that? Tubal, a wealthy Hebrew of my tribe.

Will furnish me. But soft! how many months Do you desire?—Rest you fair, good signior:

To ANTONIO. Your worship was the last man in our mouths. Ant. Shylock, albeit I neither lend nor borrow,

By taking nor by giving of excess, Yet, to supply the ripe wants of my friend, I'll break a custom.—Is he yet possess'd. How much he would?

Shy. Ay, ay, three thousand ducats. Ant. And for three months. Shy. I had forgot,-three months; you told Well then, your bond; and, let me see,-

But hear you: Methought you said you neither lend nor borrow Upon advantage.

I do never use it. Ant.

Shy. When Jacob graz'd his uncle Laban's sheep,-

This Jacob from our holy Abraham As his wise mother wrought in his behalf—
The third possessor; ay, he was the third,—
Ant. And what of him? did he take interest?
Shy. No, not take interest; not, as you

would say,

Directly interest: mark what Jacob did. When Laban and himself were compromis'd That all the eanlings which were streak'd and

pied [rank, Should fall as Jacob's hire; the ewes, being In end of autumn turned to the rams: And when the work of generation was Between these wooly breeders in the act, The skilful shepherds peel'd me certain wands, And, in the doing of the deed of kind, He stuck them up before the fulsome ewes, Who, then conceiving, did in eaning time Fall party-colour'd lambs, and those were Jacob's.

This was a way to thrive, and he was blest; And thrift is blessing if men steal it not. Ant. This was a venture, sir, that Jacob

serv'd for;

A thing not in his power to bring to pass, But sway'd and fashion'd by the hand of heaven. Was this inserted to make interest good? Or is your gold and silver ewes and rams? Shy. I cannot tell; I make it breed as fast:—

But note me, signior.

Ant. Mark you this, Bassanio, The devil can cite scripture for his purpose. An evil soul producing holy witness Is like a villain with a smiling cheek— A goodly apple rotten at the heart: O, what a goodly outside falsehood hath! Shy. Three thousand ducats,—tis a good

round sum. [rate. Three months from twelve, then let me see the

Ant. Well, Shylock, shall we be beholden

to you? Shy. Signior Antonio, many a time and oft, In the Rialto, you have rated me About my moneys and my usances: Still have I borne it with a patient shrug; For sufferance is the badge of all our tribe: You call me misbeliever, cut-throat dog, And spit upon my Jewish gaberdine, And all for use of that which is mine own. Well, then, it now appears you need my help: Go to, then; you come to me, and you say, Shylock, we would have moneys:-you say so; You, that did void your rheum upon my beard, And foot me as you spurn a stranger cur Over your threshold: moneys is your suit. What should I say to you? Should I not say, Hath a dog money? is it possible A cur can lend three thousand ducats? or Shall I bend low, and in a bondman's key, With 'bated breath and whispering humbleness,

Fair sir, you spit on me on Wednesday last. You spurn'd me such a day; another time You call'd me dog; and for these courtesies Pil lend you thus much moneys.

Ant. I am as like to call thee so again. To spit on thee again, to spurn thee too. If thou wilt lend this money, lend it not As to thy friends, (for when did friendship take A breed for barren metal of his friend?)

But lend it rather to thine enemy, Who if he break, thou mayst with better face Exact the penalty.

Shy. Why, look you, how you storm! I would be friends with you, and have your love, Forget the shames that you have stain'd me with,

Supply your present wants, and take no doit Of usance for my moneys, and you'll not hear me:

This is kind I offer.

Bass. This were kindness.

Shy.

Go with me to a notary, seal me there Your single bond; and, in a merry sport, If you repay me not on such a day, In such a place, such a sum or sums as are Express'd in the condition, let the forfeit Be nominated for an equal pound of your fair flesh, to be cut off and taken In what part of your body pleaseth me. [bond, Ant. Content, in faith: Fil seal to such a And say there is much kindness in the Jew.

Bass. You shall not seal to such a bond for me:

I'll rather dwell in my necessity. [it; Ant. Why fear not, man; I will not forfeit Within these two months—that's a month before This bond expires—I do expect return

Of thrice three times the value of this bond. Shy. O father Abraham, what these Chris-

tians are, Whose own hard dealings teaches them suspect

The thoughts of others! Pray you, tell me this; If he should break his day, what should I gain By the exaction of the forfeiture? A pound of man's flesh, taken from a man, Is not so estimable, profitable neither, As flesh of muttons, beefs, or goats. I say, To buy his favour I extend this friendship; If he will take it, so; if not, adieu; And for my love, I pray you wrong me not.

Ant. Yes, Shylock, I will seal unto this bond.
Shy. Then meet me forthwith at the notary's;
Give him direction for this merry bond,
And I will go and purse the ducats straight,
See to my house, left in the fearful guard
Of an unthrifty knave, and presently
I will be with you.

Ant. Hie thee, gentle Jew;

This Hebrew will turn Christian: he grows kind.

Bass. I like not fair terms and a villain's

Ant. Come on; in this there can be no dismay;

My ships come home a month before the day.

[Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I.—Belmont. A Room in Portia's House.

Flourish of Cornets. Enter the PRINCE OF MOROCCO and his Train; PORTIA, NERISSA and other of her Attendants.

Mor. Mislike me not for my complexion, The shadow'd livery of the burnish'd sun, To whom I am a neighbour, and near bred. Bring me the fairest creature northward bern, my father did something smack, something Where Phoebus' fire scarce thaws the icicles, And let us make incision for your love, To prove whose blood is reddest, his or mine. I tell thee lady, this aspect of mine Hath fear'd the valiant; by my love, I swear, The best-regarded virgins of our clime Have lov'd it too: I would not change this hue Except to steal your thoughts, my gentle queen.

Por. In terms of choice I am not solely led By nice direction of a maiden's eyes: Besides, the lottery of my destiny Bars me the right of voluntary choosing But, if my father had not scanted me, And hedg'd me by his wit, to yield myself His wife who wins me by that means I told you, Yourself, renowned prince, then stood as fair As any comer I have look'd on yet For my affection.

Mor. Even for that I thank you; Therefore, I pray you, lead me to the caskets, To try my fortune. By this scimitar,-That slew the Sophy, and a Persian prince That won three fields of Sultan Solyman,-I would out-stare the sternest eyes that look, Out-brave the heart most daring on the earth, Pluck the young sucking cubs from the she-bear, Yea, mock the lion when he roars for prey, To win thee, lady. But, alas the while! If Hercules and Lichas play at dice Which is the better man, the greater throw May turn by fortune from the weaker hand: So is Alcides beaten by his page: And so may I, blind fortune leading me, Miss that which one unworthier may attain, And die with grieving.

Por. You must take your chance: And either not attempt to choose at all, Or swear before you choose, if you choose wrong, Never to speak to lady afterward In way of marriage; therefore be advis'd.

Mor. Nor will not; come, bring me unto my chance.

Por. First, forward to the temple: after dinner

Your hazard shall be made. Good fortune then! To make me blest or cursed'st among men.

SCENE II .- VENICE. A Street.

Cornets and exeunt.

Enter LAUNCELOT GOBBO.

Laun. Certainly my conscience will serve me to run from this Jew, my master. The fiend is at mine elbow, and tempts me, saying to me, Gobbo, Launcelot Gobbo, good Launcelot, or good Gobbo, or good Launcelot Gobbo, use your legs, take the start, run away. My conscience says, -No; take heed, honest Launcelot; take heed, honest Gobbo: or as aforesaid, honest Launcelot Gobbo; do not run, scorn run-ning with thy heels. Well, the most courageous fiend bids me pack: Via! says the fiend; away! says the fiend, for the heavens; rouse up a brave mind, says the fiend, and run. Well, my conscience, hanging about the neck of my heart, says very wisely to me, My honest friend, Launcelot, being an honest man's son, or rather an honest woman's son;-for indeed,

grow to, he had a kind of taste; -well, my conscience says, Launcelot, budge not. Budge, says the fiend. Budge not, says my conscience. Conscience, say I, you counsel well; fiend, say L you counsel well: to be ruled by my conscience, I should stay with the Jew, my master, who, (God bless the mark!) is a kind of devil: and, to run away from the Jew, I should be ruled by the fiend, who, saving your reverence, is the devil himself. Certainly the Jew is the very devil incarnation: and, in my conscience, my conscience is but a kind of hard conscience, to offer to counsel me to stay with the Jew. The fiend gives the more friendly counsel: I will run, fiend; my heels are at your commandment; I will run.

Enter Old GOBBO, with a basket.

Gob. Master young man, you, I pray you, which is the way to master Jew's?

Laun. [Aside.] O heavens, this is my true
begotten father! who, being more than sandblind, high-gravel blind, knows me not:—I

will try confusions with him.

Gob. Master young gentleman, I pray you, which is the way to Master Jew's?

Laun. Turn up on your right hand at the next turning, but, at the next turning of all, on your left; marry, at the very next turning, turn of no hand, but turn down indirectly to the Jew's house.

By God's sonties, 'twill be a hard way Gob. to hit. Can you tell me whether one Launcelot, that dwells with him, dwell with him or no? Laun. Talk you of young Master Launcelot? [Aside.] Mark me now; now will I raise the waters.—Talk you of young Master Launcelot?

Gob. No master, sir, but a poor man's son: his fatner, though I say it, is an honest exceeding poor man, and, God be thanked, well to live.

Laun. Well, let his father be what 'a will,

we talk of young Master Launcelot. Gob. Your worship's friend, and Launcelot. Laun. But I pray you, ergo, old man, ergo, I beseech you, talk you of young Master Launce-

lot?

Gob. Of Launcelot, an't please your master-Laun. Ergo, Master Launcelot. Talk not of Master Launcelot, father; for the young gentleman,—according to Fates and Destinies, and such odd sayings, the Sisters Three, and such branches of learning,—is indeed deceased; or as, you would say in plain terms, gone to heaven.

Gob. Marry, God forbid! the boy was the very staff of my age, my very prop

Laun. Do I look like a cudgel or a hovelpost, a staff or a prop?-Do you know me, father?

Gob. Alack the day, I know you not, young gentleman: but, I pray you, tell me, is my boy (God rest his soul!) alive or dead? Laun. Do you not know me, father?

Gob. Alack, sir, I am sand-blind, I know you not.

Laun. Nay, indeed, if you had your eyes you might fail of the knowing me: it is a wise father that knows his own child. Well, old man I will tell you news of your son. Give me your

blessing; truth will come to light; murder cannot be hid long: a man's son may; but, in the end, truth will out.

Gob. Pray you, sir, stand up; I am sure you

are not Launcelot, my boy.

Laun. Pray you, let's have no more fooling about it, but give me your blessing; I am Launcelot, your boy that was, your son that is, your child that shall be.

Gob. I cannot think you are my son.

Laun. I know not what I shall think of that: but I am Launcelot, the Jew's man; and I am sure Margery your wife is my mother.

Gob. Her name is Margery, indeed: I'll be sworn, if thou be Launcelot, thou art mine own flesh and blood. Lord worshipped might he bel what a beard hast thou got! thou hast got more hair on thy chin than Dobbin my thillhorse has on his tail.

Laun. It should seem, then, that Dobbin's tail grows backward; I am sure he had more hair of his tail than I have of my face when I

last saw him.

Gob. Lord, how art thou changed! How dost thou and thy master agree? I have brought him a present. How 'gree you now?

Laun. Well, well; but, for mine own part, as I have set up my rest to run away, so I will not rest till I have run some ground. My master's a very Jew: give him a present! give him a halter: I am famished in his service; you may tell every finger I have with my ribs. Father, I am glad you are come; give me your present to one Master Bassanio, who indeed gives rare new liveries: if I serve not him, I will run as far as God has any ground .- O rare fortune! here comes the man; -- to him, father; for I am a Jew if I serve the Jew any longer.

Enter Bassanio, with Leonardo, and other Followers.

Bass. You may do so; -but let it be so hasted that supper be ready at the farthest by five of the clock. See these letters delivered; put the liveries to making; and desire Gratiano to come anon to my lodging. [E Laun. To him, father. Gob. God bless your worship! Exit a Servant.

Bass. Gramercy: wouldst thou aught with Gob. Here's my son, sir, a poor boy

Laun. Not a poor boy, sir, but the rich Jew's man, that would, sir, as my father shall specify,— Gob. He hath a great infection, sir, as one

would say, to serve, Laun. Indeed, the short and the long is, I

serve the Jew, and have a desire, as my father shall specify,-Gob. His master and he,—saving your worhip's reverence,-are scarce cater-cousins,

Laun. To be brief, the very truth is, that the Jew having done me wrong, doth cause me, as my father, being I hope an old man, shall frutify unto you,-

Gob. I have here a dish of doves that I would

bestow upon your worship; and my suit is,-Laun. In very brief, the suit is impertinent to myself, as your worship shall know by this honest old man; and, though I say it, though old man, yet, poor man, my father.

Bass. One speak for both.—What would you?

Laun. Serve you, sir.

Gob. That is the very defect of the matter, sir. Bass. I know thee well; thou hast obtain'd thy suit:

Shylock, thy master, spoke with me this day, And hath preferr'd thee-if it be preferment

To leave a nch Jew's service, to become The follower of so poor a gentleman

Laun. The old proverb is very well parted between my master, Shylock, and you, sir; you have the grace of God, sir, and he hath enough. Bass. Thou speak'st it well. Go, father,

with thy son. Take leave of thy old master, and inquire

My lodging out.-Give him a livery

[To his Followers. More guarded than his fellow's: see it done.

Laun. Father, in.-I cannot get a service, no:—I have ne'er a tongue in my head.— Well; [looking on his palm] if any man in Italy have a fairer table which doth offer to swear upon a book, I shall have good fortune!-Go to, here's a simple line of life! here's a small trifle of wives: alas, fifteen wives is nothing, eleven widows and nine maids is a simple coming in for one man! and then to 'scape drowning thrice, and to be in peril of my life with the edge of a feather-bed;—here are simple 'scapes! Well, if Fortune be a woman, she's good wench for this gear .- Father, come: I'll take my leave of the Jew in the twinkling of an eye. [Exeunt LAUN, and Old GOB.

Bass. I pray thee, good Leonardo, think on this:

These things being bought and orderly be-Return in haste, for I do feast to-night. My best esteem'd acquaintance: hie thee, go.

Leon. My best endeavours shall be done herein.

Enter GRATIANO.

Gra. Where is your master?

Leon. Youder, sir, he walks. [Exit.

Gra. Signior Bassanio,-Bass. Gratiano!

Gra. I have a suit to you.

Bass. You have obtain'd it. Gra. You must not deny me: I must go [Gratiano; with you to Belmont.

Bass. Why, then you must.—But hear thee, Thou art too wild, too rude, and bold of voice;— Parts that become thee happily enough

And in such eyes as ours appear not faults; But where thou art not known, why, there they show

Something too liberal. Pray thee, take pain To allay with some cold drops of modesty Thy skipping spirit; lest, through thy wild behaviour,

I be misconstrued in the place I go to,

And lose my hopes. Signior Bassanio, hear me; Gra.

If I do not put on a sober habit, Talk with respect, and swear but now and then, Wear prayer-books in my pocket, look demurely, Nay more, while grace is saying, hood mine eyes Thus with my hat, and sigh, and say amen,

Use all the observance of civility, Like one well studied in a sad ostent

To please his grandam, never trust me more.

Bass. Well, we shall see your bearing. Gra. Nay, but I bar to-night; you shall not gage me

By what we do to-night.

Bass. No, that were pity; I would entreat you rather to put on Your boldest suit of mirth, for we have friends That purpose merriment. But fare you well: I have some business.

Gra. And I must to Lorenzo and the rest; But we will visit you at supper-time. Exeunt.

Scene III .- The same. A Room in SHY-LOCK'S House.

Enter JESSICA and LAUNCELOT.

Jes. I am sorry thou wilt leave my father so: Our house is hell; and thou, a merry devil, Didst rob it of some taste of tediousness. But fare thee well; there is a ducat for thee; And, Launcelot, soon at supper shalt thou see Lorenzo, who is thy new master's quest: Give him this letter; do it secretly;-And so farewell: I would not have my father See me in talk with thee.

Laun. Adieu!-tears exhibit my tongue. Most beautiful pagan, most sweet Jew! if a Christian did not play the knave, and get thee, I am much deceived. But, adieu! these foolish drops do somewhat drown my manly spirit;

Jes. Farewell, good Launcelot. Alack, what heinous sin is it in me To be asham'd to be my father's child! But though I am a daughter to his blood, I am not to his manners. O Lorenzo, If thou keep promise, I shall end this strife, Become a Christian, and thy loving wife. Exit.

Scene IV .- The same. A Street.

Enter Gratiano, Lorenzo, Salarino, and could do nothing without bidding.

Lor. Nay, we will slink away in supper-time; Disguise us at my lodging, and return All in an hour.

Gra. We have not made good preparation. Salar. We have not spoke as yet of torchbearers. [order'd;

Solan. 'Tis vile, unless it may be quaintly And better, in my mind, not undertook.

Lor. 'Tis now but four o'clock; we have two hours To furnish us;--

Enter LAUNCELOT, with a letter.

Friend Launcelot, what's the news? Laun. An it shall please you to break up this, it shall seem to signify. Lor. I know the hand: in faith, 'tis a fair

hand:

And whiter than the paper it writ on Is the fair hand that writ.

Gra. Love-news, in faith.

Laun. By your leave, sir. Lor. Whither goest thou?

Laun. Marry, sir, to bid my old master, the Jew, to sup to-night with my new master, the Christian.

Lor. Hold here, take this:-tell gentle Jessica

I will not fail her; - speak it privately; go .-Exit LAUNCELOT. Gentlemen, Will you prepare you for this masque to-night? I am provided of a torch-bearer.

Salar. Ay, marry, I'll be gone about it straight.

Solan. And so will I.

Meet me and Gratiano Lor. At Gratiano's lodging some hour hence.

Salar. 'Tis good we do so.

Exeunt SALAR. and SOLAN. Gra. Was not that letter from fair Jessica? Lor. I must needs tell thee all. She hath directed

How I shall take her from her father's house: What gold and jewels she is furnish'd with; What page's suit she hath in readiness. If e'er the Jew her father come to heaven. It will be for his gentle daughter's sake: And never dare misfortune cross her foot, Unless she do it under this excuse,-That she is issue to a faithless Jew. Come, go with me; peruse this as thou goest: Fair Jessica shall be my torch-bearer. Exeunt.

Scene V .- The same. Before Shylock's

House. Enter SHYLOCK and LAUNCELOT.

Shy. Well, thou shalt see; thy eyes shall be thy judge.

The difference of old Shylock and Bassanio:-What, Jessica!—thou shalt not gormandize As thou hast done with me;—What, Jessica!-And sleep and snore, and rend apparel out;-Why, Jessica, I say!

Laun. Why, Jessica! [call. Shy. Who bids thee call? I do not bid thee Laun. Your worship was wont to tell me I

Enter JESSICA.

Jes. Call you? what is your will? Shy. I am bid forth to support Jessica: There are my keys .- But wherefore should I go? I am not bid for love; they flatter me: But yet I'll go in hate, to feed upon The prodigal Christian.-Jessica, my girl, Look to my house.—I am right loath to go; There is some ill a-brewing towards my rest, For I did dream of money-bags to-night. Laun. I beseech you, sir, go; my young

master doth expect your reproach.

Shy. So do I his.

Laun. And they have conspired together,-I will not say you shall see a masque; but if you do, then it was not for nothing that my nose fell a-bleeding on Black-Monday last at six o'clock i' the morning, falling out that year on Ash-Wednesday was four year in the afternoon.

Shy. What! are there masques? Hear you me, Jessica:

Lock up my doors; and when you hear the drum And the vile squeaking of the wry-neck'd fife, Clamber not you up to the casements then, Nor thrust your head into the public street

To gaze on Christian fools with varnish'd faces: But stop my house's ears,—I mean my casements:

Let not the sound of shallow foppery enter My sober house.—By Jacob's staff, I swear I have no mund of feasting forth to-night:
But I will go,—Go you before me, sirrah;
Say I will come.

Laun. I will go before, sir.—

Laun. I will go before, sir.— Mistress, look out at window for all this; There will come a Christian by

Will be worth a Jewess' eye. [Exit Shy. What says that fool of Hagar's off-spring, ha? [nothing else. Jes. His words were, Farewell, mistress; Shy. The patch is kind enough, but a huge

Snail-slow in profit, and he sleeps by day [me; More than the wild cat: drones hive not with Therefore I part with him; and part with him To one that I would have him help to waste His borrow'd purse.—Well, Jessica, go in:

Perhaps I will return immediately: Do as I bid you;

feeder.

Shut doers after you; fast bind, fast find—
A proverb never stale in thrifty mind. [Exit

Jes. Farewell; and if my fortune be not

cross'd,

I have a father, you a daughter, lost. [Exit

SCENE VI .- The same.

Enter GRATIANO and SALARINO, masked.

Gra. This is the pent-house under which Lorenzo

Desir'd us to make stand.

Salar. His hour is almost past. Gra. And it is marvel he out-dwells his hour, For lovers ever run before the clock.

Salar. O, ten times faster Venus' pigeons fly To seal love's bonds new made, than they are

wont

To keep obliged faith unforfeited! [feast Gra. That ever holds; who niseth from a With that keen appetite that he sits down? Where is the horse that doth untread again. His tedious measures with the unbated fire That he did pace them first? All things that are, Are with more spirit chased than enjoy'd. How like a yonker or a prodigal. The scarfed bark puts from her native bay, Hugg'd and embraced by the strumpet wind! How like the prodigal doth she return, With over-weather'd ribs and ragged sails,

Lean, rent, and beggar'd by the strumpet wind! Salar. Here comes Lorenzo;—more of this hereafter.

Enter LORENZO.

Lor. Sweet friends, your patience for my long abode;

Not I, but my affairs, have made you wait: When you shall please to play the thieves for wives

I'll watch as long for you then.—Approach; Here dwells my father Jew.—Ho! who's within? Enter INSSIGN: above in hou's clothes

Enter JESSICA; above, in boy's clothes Jes. Who are you? Tell me, for more certainty.

Albeit I'll swear that I do know your tongue.

Lor. Lorenzo, and thy love.

Jes. Lorenzo, certain; and my love indeed; For who love I so much? and now who knows But you, Lorenzo, whether I am yours?

ut you, Lorenzo, whether I am yours?

Lor. Heaven and thy thoughts are witness
that thou art. [pains.

Jes. Here, catch this casket; it is worth the I am glad 'tis night, you do not look on me, For I am much asham'd of my exchange: But love is blind, and lovers cannot see The pretty follies that themselves commit; For if they could, Cupid himself would blush To see me thus transformed to a boy.

Lor. Descend, for you must be my torchbearer. [shames? Jes. What! must I hold a candle to my

Jes. What! must I hold a candle to my They in themselves, good sooth, are too, too light.

Why 'tis an office of discovery, love; And I should be obscur'd.

Lor. So are you, sweet, Even in the lovely garnish of a boy. But come at once;
For the close night doth play the runaway,

And we are stay'd for at Bassanio's feast.

Jes. I will make fast the doors, and gild myself

With some more ducats, and be with you straight. [Exit, above.

Gra. Now, by my hood, a Gentile, and no Jew.

Lor. Beshrew me, but I love her heartily:

Roy she is wise if I can indee of her:

For she is wise, if I can judge of her; And fair she is, if that mine eyes be true; And true she is, as she hath prov'd herself; And therefore, like herself, wise, fair, and true. Shall she be placed in my constant soul.

Enter JESSICA, below.

What, art thou come?—On, gentlemen, away; Our masquing mates by this time for us stay. [Exit, with JES. and SALAR.

Enter ANTONIO.

Ant. Who's there?

Gra. Signior Antonio!

Ant. Fie, fie, Gratiano! where are all the rest?

'Tis nine o'clock: our friends all stay for you:—

No mask to-night: the wind is come about; Bassanio presently will go aboard: I have sent twenty out to seek for you.

Gra. I am glad on't; I desire no more delight.

Than to be under sail, and gone to-night.

[Exeunt.

Scene VII.—Belmont. A Room in Portia's House.

Flourish of Cornets. Enter PORTIA, with the PRINCE OF MOROCCO, and their Trains.

Por. Go draw aside the curtains, and discover

The several caskets to this noble prince.— Now make your choice.

Mor. The first of gold, who this inscription bears;-

Who chooseth me shall gain what many men desire.

The second, silver, which this promise carries; Who chooseth me shall get as much as he de-

This third, dull lead, with warning all as blunt;-Who chooseth me must give and hazard all he hath.

How shall I know if I do choose the right? Por. The one of them contains my picture, prince;

If you choose that, then I am yours withal. Mor. Some god direct my judgment! Let

me see. I will survey the inscriptions back again: What says this leaden casket?-(hath. Who chooseth me must give and hazard all he Must give-for what? for lead? hazard for lead? This casket threatens: men that hazard all Do it in hope of fair advantages: A golden mind stoops not to shows of dross: I'll then nor give nor hazard aught for lead. What says the silver with her virgin hue? Who chooseth meshall get as much as he deserves. Asmuchashedeserves!-Pausethere, Morocco, And weigh thy value with an even hand; If thou be'st rated by thy estimation, Thou dost deserve enough; and yet enough May not extend so far as to the lady; And yet to be afeard of my deserving Were but a weak disabling of myself.

As much as I deserve!—Why, that's the lady: I do in birth deserve her, and in fortunes, In graces, and in qualities of breeding; But more than these, in love I do deserve. What if I stray'd no further, but chose here?-Let's see once more this saying grav'd in gold. Who chooseth me shall gain what many men

destre. Why, that's the lady: all the world desires From the four corners of the earth they come, To kiss this shrine, this mortal breathing saint. The Hyrcanian deserts and the vasty wilds Of wide Arabia are as throughfares now For princes to come view fair Portia: The wat'ry kingdom, whose ambitious head Spits in the face of heaven, is no bar To stop the foreign spirits; but they come, As o'er a brook, to see fair Portia. One of these three contains her heavenly picture.

Is't like that lead contains her? 'Twere dam-

To think so base a thought: it were too gross To rid her cerecloth in the obscure grave. Or shall I think in silver she's immur'd Being ten times undervalued to tried gold? O sinful thought! Never so rich a gem [land Was set in worse than gold. They have in Eng-A coin that bears the figure of an angel Stamped in gold; but that's insculp'd upon; But here an angel in a golden bed Lies all within. Deliver me the key; Here do I choose, and thrive I as I may!

Por. There, take it, prince; and if my form lie there, Then I am yours. [He opens the golden casket.

Mor. O hell! what have we here? A carrion Death, within whose empty eye There is a written scroll! I'll read the writing. Of his return; he answer'd-Do not so;

All that glisters is not gold,— Often have you heard that told; Many a man his life hath sold But my outside to behold; Gilded tombs do worms infold. Had you been as wise as bold, Young in limbs, in judgment old, Your answer had not been inscroll'd Fare you well; your suit is cold.

Cold indeed, and labour lost: Then, farewell heat; and, welcome frost.— Portia, adieu! I have too griev'd a heart To take a tedious leave: thus losers part.
[Exit with his Train.

Por. A gentle riddance.--Draw the curtains, go.

Let all of his complexion choose me so. Exeunt.

Scene VIII .- Venice. A Street.

Enter Salarino and Solanio.

Salar. Why, man, I saw Bassanio under sail: With him is Gratiano gone along;

And in their ship I am sure Lorenzo is not. Solan. The villain Jew with outcries rais'd the duke.

Who went with him to search Bassanio's ship, Salar. He came too late, the ship was under

But there the duke was given to understand That in a gondola were seen together Lorenzo and his amorous Jessica: Besides, Antonio certify'd the duke They were not with Bassanio in his ship. Solan. I never heard a passion so confused, So strange, outrageous, and so variable As the dog Jew did utter in the streets:

My daughter! - O my ducats! - O my daughter! Fled with a Christian!-O my Christian ducats!-

Justice' the law! my ducats and my daughter! A sealed bag, two sealed bags of ducats Of double ducats, stolen from me by my daughter!

And jewels, -two stones, two rich and precious stones,

Stolen by my daughter! -- Justice! find the girl! She hath the stones upon her and the ducats! Salar. Why, all the boys in Venice follow him, [ducats.

Crying,—his stones, his daughter, and his Solan. Let good Antonio look he keep his day,

Or he shall pay for this.

Salar. Marry, well remember'd; I reason'd with a Frenchman yesterday, Who told me, -in the narrow seas that part The French and English, there miscarried A vessel of our country richly fraught: I thought upon Antonio when he told me And wish'd in silence that it were not his Solan. You were best to tell Antonio what you hear;

Yet do not suddenly, for it may grieve him. Salar. A kinder gentleman treads not the earth.

I saw Bassanio and Antonio part: Bassanio told him he would make some speed Slubber not business for my sake, Bassanio, But stay the very riping of the time; And for the Jew's bond which he hath of me, Let it not enter in your mind of love: Be merry; and employ your chiefest thoughts To courtship, and such fair ostents of love As shall conveniently become you there. And even there, his eye being big with tears, Turning his face, he put his hand behind him, And with affection wondrous sensible.

e wrung Bassanio's hand; and so they parted.

Solan. I think he only loves the world for him.

I pray thee, let us go and find him out, And quicken his embraced heaviness With some delight or other.

Salar. Do we so. [Exeunt.

Scene IX.—Belmont. A Room in Portia's House

Enter NERISSA, with a Servant.

Ner. Quick, quick, I pray thee; draw the curtain straight:

The Prince of Arragon hath ta'en his oath, And comes to his election presently.

Flourish of Cornets. Enter the PRINCE OF ARRAGON, PORTIA, and their Trains.

Por. Behold, there stand the caskets, noble prince.

If you choose that wherein I am contain'd, Straight shall our nuptial rites be solemniz'd: But if you fail, without more speech, my lord, You must be gone from hence immediately.

Ar. I am enjoin'd by oath to observe three things:

First, never to unfold to any one Which casket 'twas I chose; next, if I fail Of the right casket, never in my life To woo a maid in way of marriage; lastly, If I do fail in fortune of my choice, Immediately to leave you and be gone. Por. To these injunctions every one doth

Por. To these injunctions every one doth swear

That comes to hazard for my worthless self.

Ar. And so have I address'd me. Fortune
now [lead.

To my heart's hope!—Gold, silver, and base Who chooseth me must give and hazard all he hath:

You shall look fairer ere I give or hazard.
What says the golden chest? ha! let me see:—
Who chooseth me shall gain what many men
desire. [meant

What many men desire.—That many may be by the fool multitude, that choose by show, Not learning more than the fond eye doth teach; Which pries not to the interior, but, like the martlet,

Builds in the weather on the outward wall, Even in the force and road of casualty. I will not choose what many men desire, Because I will not jump with common spirits, And rank me with the barbarous multitudes. Why, then, to thee, thou silver treasure-house; Tell me once more what title thou dost bear: Who chooseth me shall get as much as he deserves:

And well said too; for who shall go about

To cozen fortune, and be honourable [sume Without the stamp of merit! Let none pre-To wear an undeserved dignity.

O, that estates, degrees, and offices, Were not deriv'd corruptly! and that clear

honour
Were purchas'd by the merit of the wearer!
How many then should cover that stand bare!
How many be commanded that command!
How much low peasantry would then be

glean'd [honour From the true seed of honour and how much Pick'd from the chaff and ruin of the times, To be new varnish'd! Well, but to my choice. Who chooseth me shall get as much as he

deserves:

I will assume desert.—Give me a key for this,

And instantly unlock my fortunes here.
[He opens the silver casket.
Por. Too long a pause for that which you

find there. [idlot

Ar. What's here? the portrait of a blinking
Presenting me a schedule! I will read it.
How much unlike art thou to Portial

How much unlike my hopes and my deservings!
Who chooseth me shall have as much as he
deserves.

Did I deserve no more than a fool's head? Is that my prize? are my deserts no better? Por. To offend and judge are distinct offices

And of opposed natures.

Ar. What is here?

The fire seven times tried thus; Seven times tried that judgment is That did never choose amiss; Some there be that shadows kiss; Such have but a shadow's biiss: There be fools alive, I wis, Silver'd o'er; and so was this. Take what wife you will to bed, I will ever be your head: So be gone: you are sped.

Still more fool I shall appear By the time I linger here: With one fool's head I came to woo, But I go away with two.— Sweet, adien! I'll keep my oath, Patiently to bear mywoth.

[Exit with his Train.

Por. Thus hath the candle singed the moth.
O these deliberate fools! when they do choose,
They have the wisdom by their wit to lose.

Ner. The ancient saying is no heresy,—
Hanging and wiving goes by destiny.

Por. Come, draw the curtain, Nerissa.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. Where is my lady?

Por. Here; what would my lord?

Serv. Madam, there is alighted at your gate
A young Venetian, one that comes before
To signify the approaching of his lord:
From whom he bringeth sensible regrets;
To wit, besides commends and courteous
breath,

Gifts of rich value. Yet I have not seen So likely an ambassador of love:
A day in April never came so sweet,
To show how costly summer was at hand,
And this forespurrer comes before his lord.

Por. No more, I pray thee; I am half afeard Thou wilt say anon he is some kin to thee, Thou spend'st such high-day wit in praising

him.-Come, come, Nerissa; for I long to see Quick Cupid's post, that comes so mannerly. Ner. Bassanio, lord Love, if thy will it be!

[Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE L.-VENICE. A Street

Enter Solanio and Salarino.

Solan. Now, what news on the Rialto? Salar. Why, yet it lives there unchecked, that Antonio hath a ship of rich lading wrecked on the narrow seas; the Goodwins I think they call the place; a very dangerous flat and fatal, where the carcases of many a tall ship he buried, as they say, if my gossip report be an honest woman of her word.

Solan. I would she were as lying a gossip in that as ever knapped ginger or made her neighbours believe she wept for the death of a third husband. But it is true, -without any slips of prolixity or crossing the plain highway of talk.

that the good Antonio, the honest Antonio, O that I had a title good enough to keep his name company!-

Solar. Come, the full stop.

Solan. Ha, -what sayest thou? - Why the end is, he hath lost a ship.

Salar. I would it might prove the end of his

Solan. Let me say amen betimes, lest the devil cross my prayer; for here he comes in the likeness of a Jew.

Enter SHYLOCK.

How now, Shylock? what news among the merchants?

Shy. You knew, none so well, none so well but cannot find her. as you, of my daughter's flight.

Salar. That's certain: I, for my part, knew the tailor that made the wings she flew withal. Solan. And Shylock, for his own part, knew the bird was fledg'd; and then it is the com-plexion of them all to leave the dam.

Shy. She is damned for it. Salar. That's certain, if the devil may be her

 My own flesh and blood to rebel! Out upon it, old carrion! rebels it at

these years? Shy. I say my daughter is my flesh and blood.

Salar. There is more difference between thy flesh and hers than between jet and ivory; more between your bloods than there is between red wine and Rhenish.—But tell us, do you hear whether Antonio have had any loss at sea or To?

Shy. There I have another bad match: a bankrupt, a prodigal, who dare scarce show his head on the Rialto; -a beggar, that was used to come so smug upon the mart:-let him look to his bond! he was wont to call me usurer;let him look to his bond! he was wont to lend money for a Christian courtesy;-let him look to his bond.

Salar. Why, I am sure if he forfeit thou wilt not take his flesh. What's that good for?

Shy. To bait fish withal: if it will feed nothing else it will feed my revenge. He hath disgraced me and hindered me of half a million: laughed at my losses, mocked at my gains, scorned my nation, thwarted my bargains, cooled my friends, heated mine enemies! and what's his reason? I am a Jew! Hath not a Jew eyes? hath not a Jew hands, organs, dimensions, senses, affections, passions? fed with the same food, hurt with the same weapons, subject to the same diseases, healed by the same means, warmed and cooled by the same winter and summer as a Christian is? If you prick us, do we not bleed? if you tickle us, do we not laugh? if you poison us, do we not die? and if you wrong us, shall we not revenge? If we are like you in the rest, we will resemble you in that.-If a Jew wrong a Christian, what is his humility? revenge. If a Christian wrongs a Jew, what should his sufferance be by Christian example? why, revenge. The villany you teach me I will execute; and it shall go hard but I will better the instruction.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. Gentlemen, my master Antonio is at his house, and desires to speak with you both. Salar. We have been up and down to seek him.

Solan. Here comes another of the tribe: a third cannot be matched unless the devil himself turn Jew

Exeunt Solan., Salar., and Serv.

Enter TUBAL.

Shy. How now, Tubal, what news from Genoa? hast thou found my daughter? Tub. I often came where I did hear of her,

Shy. Why there, there, there! a diamond gone, cost me two thousand ducats in Frankfort! The curse never fell upon our nation till now; I never felt it till now:--two thousand ducats in that; and other precious, precious jewels.—I would my daughter were dead at my foot, and the jewels in her ear! would she were hearsed at my foot, and the ducats in her coffin! No news of them?-Why, so:-and I know not what's spent in the search. Why, thou loss upon loss! the thief gone with so much, and so much to find the thief; and no satisfaction, no revenge: nor no ill luck stirring but what lights o'my shoulders; no sighs but o' my breathing; no tears but o' my shedding.

Tub. Yes, other men have ill luck too; Antonio, as I heard in Genoa,—

Shy. What, what, what? ill luck, ill luck? Tub. —hath an argosy cast away coming from Tripolis.

Shy. I thank God, I thank God.—Is it true?

is it true?

Tub. I spoke with some of the sailors that escaped the wreck.

Shy. I thank thee, good Tubal.—Good news, good news: ha! ha!—Where? in Genoa?

Tub. Your daughter spent in Genoa, as Iheard one night, fourscore ducats.

Shy. Thou stick'st a dagger in me:-I shall never see my gold again. Fourscore ducats at a sitting! fourscore ducats!

Tub. There came divers of Antonio's creditor's in my company to Venice that swear he cannot choose but break.

Shy. I am very glad of it: I'll plague him; I'll torture him: I am glad of it.

Tub. One of them showed me a ring that he

had of your daughter for a monkey.

Shy. Out upon her! Thou torturest me, Tubal. It was my turquoise: I had it of Leah when I was a bachelor: I would not have given

it for a wilderness of monkeys.

Tub. But Antonio is certainly undone. Shy. Nay, that's true: that's very true. Tubal, fee me an officer; bespeak him a fortnight before. I will have the heart of him if he forfeit; for, were he out of Venice, I can make what merchandize I will. Go, go, Tubal, and meet me at our synagogue: go, good Tubal; at our synagogue, Tubal. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- BELMONT. A Room in PORTIA'S House.

Enter Bassanio, Portia, Gratiano,

NERISSA, and Attendants. Por. I pray you, tarry: pause a day or two Before you hazard; for, in choosing wrong, I lose your company; therefore forbear awhile: There's something tells me, -but it is not love, I would not lose you: and you know yourself Hate counsels not in such a quality: But lest you should not understand me well, And yet a maiden hath no tongue but thought-I would detain you here some month or two Before you venture for me. I could teach you AII. How to chose right, but then I am forsworn; So will I never be; so may you miss me: But if you do, you'll make me wish a sin, That I had been forsworn. Beshrew your eyes, They have o'erlook'd me and divided me; One half of me is yours, the other half yours, Mine own, I would say; but if mine, then yours, And so all yours. O! these naughty times Put bars between the owners and their rights; And so, though yours, not yours.—Prove it so, Let fortune go to hell for it,—not I. I speak too long; but 'tis to peise the time, To eke it, and to draw it out in length, To stay you from election.

Let me choose;

For, as I am, I live upon the rack. Por. Upon the rack, Bassanio? then confess What treason there is mingled with your love. Bass. None but that ugly treason of mistrust, Which make's me fear the enjoying of my love: There may as well be amity and life

'Tween snow and fire, as treason and my love. Por. Ay, but I fear you speak upon the rack,

Where men, enforced, do speak anything. Bass. Promise me life, and I'll confess the

truth. Por. Well, then, confess and live. Rass. Confess and love Had been the very sum of my confession: O happy torment, when my torturer Doth teach me answers for deliverance! But let me to my fortune and the caskets.

Por. Away, then. I am lock'd in one of them;

If you do love me you will find me out.-Nerissa and the rest, stand all aloof.-Let music sound while he doth make his choice: Then, if he lose, he makes a swan-like end. Fading in music: that the comparison [stream May stand more proper, my eye shall be the And wat'ry death-bed for him. He may win, And what is music then? then music is Even as the flourish when true subjects bow To a new-crowned monarch: such it is Are those dulcet sounds in break of day That creep into the dreaming bridegroom's ear And summon him to marriage. Now he goes, With no less presence but with much more love Than young Alcides when he did redeem The virgin tribute paid by howling Troy To the sea-monster. I stand for sacrifice; The rest aloof are the Dardanian wives, With bleared visages, come forth to view The issue of the exploit. Go, Hercules! Live thou, I live.—With much, much more dismay

I view the fight than thou that mak'st the fray.

Music and the following Song whilst BASSANIO comments on the caskets to himself.

> Tell me, where is fancy bred, Or in the heart, or in the head? Or in the heart, or in the head flow begot, how nourished? Reply, reply. It is engender'd in the eyes, With gazing fed; and fancy dies in the cradle where it lies: Let us all ring fancy's knell; I'll begin it,—Dung, dong, bell. Ding, dong, bell.

Bass. So may the outward shows be least themselves;

The world is still deceiv'd with ornament. In law, what plea so tainted and corrupt But, being season'd with a gracious voice, Obscures the show of evil? In religion, What damned error but some sober brow Will bless it, and approve it with a text, Hiding the grossness with fair ornament? There is no vice so simple but assumes Some mark of virtue on his outward parts. How many cowards, whose hearts are all as false

As stairs of sand, wear yet upon their chins The beards of Hercules and frowning Mars; Who, inward search'd, have livers white as milk!

And these assume but valour's excrement To render them redoubted. Look on beauty And you shall see 'tis purchas'd by the weight Which therein works a miracle in nature Making them lightest that wear most of it: So are those crisped snaky golden locks, Which make such wanton gambols with the wind.

Upon supposed fairness, often known To be the dowry of a second head-The skull that bred them in the sepulchre. Thus ornament is but the guilded shore To a most dangerous sea; the beauteous scarf Veiling an Indian beauty; in a word, Curtain drawn from before the caskets. The seeming truth which cunning times put on To entrap the wisest. Therefore, thou gaudy gold,
Hard food for Midas, I will none of thee:

Hard food for Midas, I will none of thee:

She is not bred so dull but she can

Hard food for Midas, I will none of thee:
Nor none of thee, thou pale and common drudge
'Tween man and man: but thou, thou meagre
lead.

[aught,

Which rather threat'nest than dost promise Thy plainness moves me more than eloquence, And here choose I. Joy be the consequence! Por. How all the other passions fleet to air,

As doubtful thoughts, and rash-embrac'd despair,

And shudd'ring fear, and green-ey'd jealousy! O love, be moderate, allay thy ecstacy, In measure rain thy joy, scant this excess; I feel too much thy blessing; make it less, For fear I surfeit!

Bass. What find I here?
[Opening the leaden casket.
Fair Portia's counterfeit! What demi-god
Hath come so near creation? Move these eyes?
Or whether, riding on the balls of mine,
Seem they in motion? Here are sever'd lips,
Parted with sugar breath; so sweet a bar [hairs
Should sunder such sweet friends. Here in her
The painter plays the spider, and hath woven
A golden mesh to entrap the hearts of men,
Faster than gnats in cobwebs. But her eyes!—
How could he see to do them? having made one,
Methnits it should have power to steal both
hits.

And leave itself unfurnish'd. Yet look how far The substance of my praise doth wrong this shadow

In underprizing it, so far this shadow [scroll, Doth limp behind the substance.—Here's the The continent and summary of my fortune.

You that choose not by the view, Chance as fair and choose as true! Since this fortune falls to you, Be content and seek no new. If you be well pleased with this, And hold your fortune for your bliss, Turn you where your lady is, And claim her with a loving kiss.

A gentle scroll.—Fair lady, by your leave:

I come by note, to give and to receive.

Like one of two contending in a prize,
That thinks he hath done well in people's eyes,
Hearing applause and universal shout,
Giddy in spirit, still gazing, in a doubt
Whether those peals of praise be his or no,
So, thrice, fair lady, stand I even so;
As doubtful whether what I see be true,
Until confirm'd, sign'd, ratified by you.

ntil confirm'd, sign'd, ratified by you.

Por. You see me, Lord Bassanio, where I

stand.

Such as I am' though for myself alone I would not be ambitious in my wish To wish myself much better; yet for you I would be trebled twenty times myself; A thousand times more fair, ten thousand times More rich:

That only to stand high in your account I might in virtues, beauties, livings, friends, Exceed account: but the full sum of me Is sum of something, which, to term in gross, Is an unlesson'd with unschool'd, unpractis'd:

Happy in this, she is not yet so old
But she may learn; and happier than this,
She is not bred so dull but she can learn;
Happiest of all is, that her gentle spirit
Commits itself to yours to be directed,
As from her lord, her governor, her king.
Myself, and what is mune, to you and yours
Is now converted: but now I was the lord
Of this fair mansion, master of my servants,
Queen o'er myself; and even now, but now
This house, these servants, and this same myself

Are yours, my lord; I give them with this ring, Which when you part from, lose, or give away, Let it presage the rum of your love, And be my vantage to exclaim on you.

Bass. Madam, you have bereft me of all words:

Only my blood speaks to you in my veins:
And there is such confusion in my powers,
As, after some oration fairly spoke
By a beloved prince, there doth appear
Among the buzzing pleased multitude,
Where every something, being blent together,
Turns to a wild of nothing, save of joy, [ring
Express'd, and not express'd. But when this
Parts from this finger, then parts life from
hence;

O, then, be bold to say Bassanio's dead.

Ner. My lord and lady, it is now our time
That have stood by and seen our wishes prosper
To cry good by. Good joy, my lord and lady!

To cry, good joy. Good joy, my lord and lady! Gra. My Lord Bassanio, and my gentle lady, I wish you all the joy that you can wish; For I am sure you can wish none from me: And, when your honours mean to solemnize The bargain of your faith, I do beseech you. Even at that time I may be married too.

Bass. With all my heart, so thou canst get a wife.

Gra. I thank your lordship; you have got me one.

My eyes, my lord, can look as swift as yours: You saw the mistress, I beheld the maid; You lov'd, I lov'd; for intermussion
No more pertains to me, my lord, than you. Your fortune stood upon the caskets there,
And so did mine too, as the matter falls:
For wooing here until I sweat again,
And swearing till my very roof was dry
With oaths of love, at last,—if promise last,—
I got a promise of this fair one here,
To have her love provided that your fortune
Achiev'd her mistress.

Por. Is this true, Nerissa?

Ner. Madam, it is, so you stand pleas'd withal.

Bass. And do you, Gratiano, mean good faith?

Gra. Yes, faith, my lord.

Bass. Our feast shall be much honour'd in your marriage.

Gra. We'll play with them, the first boy for a thousand ducats.

Ner. What, and stake down?

Gra. No; we shall ne'er win at that sport, and stake down.—

Is sum of something, which, to term in gross, But who comes here? Lorenzo and his infidel? Is an unlesson'd girl, unschool'd, unpractis'd: What, and my old Venetian friend, Solanio!

Enter LORENZO, JESSICA, and SOLANIO.

Bass. Lorenzo and Solanio, welcome hither, If that the youth of my new interest here Have power to bid you welcome.-By your leave,

I bid my very friends and countrymen, Sweet Portia, welcome.

Por. So do I, my lord; lord, They are entirely welcome.

Lor. I thank your honour .- For my part, my My purpose was not to have seen you here; But meeting with Solanio by the way, He did entreat me past all saying nay, To come with him along

I did, my lord, Solan. And I have reason for it. Signior Antonio Commends him to you.

Gives Bassanio a letter. Ere I ope his letter, T pray you, tell me how my good friend doth. Solan. Not sick, my lord, unless it be in mind:

Nor well, unless in mind: his letter there Will show you his estate.

Bass, reads the letter. Gra. Nerissa, cheer youd stranger; bid her welcome. [Venice? Your hand, Solanio: what's the news from

How doth that royal merchant, good Antomo? I know he will be glad of our success:

We are the Jasons; we have won the fleece.

Solan. Would you had won the fleece that
he hath lost! [same paper,

Por. There are some shrewd contents in youd That steal the colour from Bassanio's cheek; Some dear friend dead; else nothing in the world

Could turn so much the constitution [worse?-Of any constant man. What, worse and With leave, Bassanio; I am half yourself, And I must freely have the half of anything That this same paper brings you.

Bass. O sweet Portia, Here are a few of the unpleasant'st words That ever blotted paper! Gentle lady, When I did first impart my love to you I freely told you all the wealth I had Ran in my veins-I was a gentleman; And then I told you true: and yet, dear lady, Rating myself at nothing, you shall see How much I was a braggart. When I told you My state was nothing, I should then have told 7011

That I was worse than nothing; for, indeed, I have engag'd myself to a dear friend, Engag'd my friend to his mere enemy, To feed my means. Here is a letter, lady, The paper as the body of my friend, And every word in it a gaping wound Issuing life-blood. But is it true, Solamo? Have all his ventures fail'd? What! not one

From Tripolis, from Mexico, and England; From Lisbon, Barbary, and India? And not one vessel 'scape the dreadful touch Enter SHYLOCK, SALARINO, ANTONIO, and Of merchant-marring rocks? Solan. Not one, my lord.

Besides, it should appear that if he had The present money to discharge the Jew He would not take it. Never did I know A creature that did bear the shape of man So keen and greedy to confound a man: He plies the duke at morning and at night, And doth impeach the freedom of the state If they deny him justice: twenty merchants, The duke himself, and the magnificoes Of greatest port have all persuaded with him; But none can drive him from the envious plea Of forfeiture, of justice, and his bond.

Jes. When I was with him I have heard him SWEAT

To Tubal and to Chus, his countrymen, That he would rather have Antonio's flesh Than twenty times the value of the sum That he did owe him; and I know my lord, If law, authority, and power deny not. It will go hard with poor Antonio.

Por. Is it your dear friend that is thus in trouble?

Bass. The dearest friend to me, the kindest man The best condition'd and unwearied spirit

In doing courtesies; and one in whom The ancient Roman honour more appears Than any that draws breath in Italy. Por. What sum owes he the Jew?

Bass. For me, three thousand ducats. What! no more? Por. Pay him six thousand, and deface the bond; Double six thousand, and then treble that, Before a friend of this description Shall lose a hair through Bassamo's fault. First, go with me to church, and call me wife, And then away to Venice to your friend; For never shall you he by Portia's side With an unquiet soul. You shall have gold To pay the petty debt twenty times over; When it is paid bring your true friend along: My maid Nerissa and myself, meanume, Will live as maids and widows. Come away For you shall hence upon your wedding-day: Bid your friends welcome, show a merry cheer: Since you are dear bought, I will love you dear.

But let me hear the letter of your friend.

Bass. [Reads.] Sweet Bassamo, my ships have all miscarried, my creditors grow cruel, my estate is very low, my bond to the Jew is forfeit; and since, in paying it, it is impossible I should live, all debts are cleared between you and I, if I might but see you at my death: notwithstanding, use your pleasure; if your love do not persuade you to come, let not my letter.

Por. O love, despatch all business, and be gone.

Bass. Since I have your good leave to go

away

I will make haste: but, till I come again, No bed shall e'er be guilty of my stay, No rest be interposer 'twixt us twain. [Exeunt.

SCENE III .- VENICE. A Street.

Shy. Gaoler, look to him Tell not me of mercy;---

This is the fool that lent out money gratis .-Gaoler, look to him.

Hear me yet, good Shylock. Ant. Shy. I'll have my bond: speak not against my bond.

I have sworn an oath that I will have my bond. Thou call'dst me dog before thou hadst a cause: But, since I am a dog, beware my fangs: The duke shall grant me justice.—I do wonder, Thou naughty gaoler, that thou art so fond To come abroad with him at his request.

Ant. I pray thee, hear me speak. Shy. I'll have my bond; I will not hear

thee speak: I'll have my bond; and therefore speak no

more. I'll not be made a soft and dull-ey'd fool,

To shake the head, relent, and sigh, and yield To Christian intercessors. Follow not: I'll have no speaking: I will have my bond. Exit.

Salar. It is the most impenetrable cur That ever kept with men.

Let him alone: Ant. I'll follow him no more with bootless prayers. He seeks my life; his reason well I know: I oft deliver'd from his forfeitures Many that have at times made moan to me: Therefore he hates me. Salar. I am sure the duke

Will never grant this forfeiture to hold. Ant. The duke cannot deny the course of law;

For the commodity that strangers have With us in Venice, if it be denied Will much impeach the justice of the state; Since that the trade and profit of the city Consisteth of all nations. Therefore, go: These griefs and losses have so 'bated me That I shall hardly spare a pound of flesh To-morrow to my bloody creditor. Well, gaoler, on.-Pray God, Bassanio come To see me pay his debt, and then I care not!

Scene IV.—Belmont. A Room in Portia's House.

Enter Portia, Nerissa, Lorenzo, Jessica and BALTHAZAR.

Lor. Madam, although I speak it in your presence,

You have a noble and true conceit Of god-like amity, which appears most strongly In bearing thus the absence of your lord. But if you knew to whom you show this honour, How true a gentleman you send relief, How dear a lover of my lord your husband, I know you would be prouder of the work Than customary bounty can enforce you.

Por. I never did repent for doing good, Nor shall not now: for in companions That do converse and waste the time together. Whose souls do bear an equal yoke of love, There must be needs a like proportion Of hneaments, of manners, and of spirit, Which makes me think that this Antonio. Being the bosom lover of my lord Must needs be like my lord. If it be so, How little is the cost I have bestow'd In purchasing the semblance of my soul

From out the state of hellish cruelty! This comes too near the praising of myself; Therefore, no more of it: hear other things.-Lorenzo, I commit into your hands The husbandry and manage of my house Until my lord's return; for mine own part. I have toward heaven breath'd a secret vow To live in prayer and contemplation, Only attended by Nerissa here Until her husband and my lord's return: There is a monastery two miles off, And there we will abide. I do desire you Not to deny this imposition. The which my love and some necessity Now lays upon you.

Madam, with all my heart Lor. I shall obey you in all fair commands.

Por. My people do already know my mind, And will acknowledge you and Jessica In place of Lord Bassanio and myself. So fare you well till we shall meet again.

Lor. Fair thoughts and happy hours attend on you?

Jes. I wish your ladyship all heart's content. Por. I thank you for your wish, and am well pleas'd

To wish it back on you: fare you well, Jessica.— Exeunt JESSICA and LORENZO. Now, Balthazar

As I have ever found thee honest, true, So let me find thee still. Take this same letter, And use thou all the endeavour of a man In speed to Padua; see thou render this Into my cousin's hand, Doctor Bellario; And, look, what notes and garments he doth give thee

Bring them, I pray thee, with imagin'd speed Unto the tranect, to the common ferry [words, Which trades to Venice:-waste no time in But get thee gone; I shall be there before thee. Balth. Madam, I go with all convenient

speed. Por. Come on, Nerissa; I have work in hand

That you yet know not of: we'll see our husbands Before they think of us.

Ner. Shall they see us?

Por. They shall, Nerissa: but in such a habit That they shall think we are accomplished With that we lack. I'll hold thee any wager, When we are both accouter'd like young men, I'll prove the prettier fellow of the two, And wear my dagger with the braver grace; And speak, between the change of man and boy, With a reed voice; and turn two mincing steps Into a manly stride; and speak of frays Like a fine bragging youth: and tell quaint lies, How honourable ladies sought my love, Which I denying, they fell sick and died; I could not do withal: then I'll repent, And wish, for all that, that I had not kill'd

them: And twenty of these puny lies I'll tell, That men shall swear I have discontinued

school Above a twelvemonth.-I have within my mind A thousand raw tricks of these bragging Jacks Which I will practise.

Ner. Why, shall we turn to men?

Por. Fie! what a question's that If thou wert ne'er a lewd interpreter? But come, I'll tell thee all my whole device When I am in my coach, which stays for us At the park-gate; and, therefore, haste away, For we must measure twenty miles to-day. Exeunt.

Scene V .- The same. A Garden.

Enter LAUNCELOT and JESSICA.

Laun. Yes. truly; -for, look you, the sins of the father are to be laid upon the children; therefore, I promise you, I fear you. I was always plain with you, and so now I speak my agitation of the matter: therefore, be of good cheer; for, truly, I think you are damned. There is but one hope in it that can do you any good; and that is but a kind of bastard hope neither.

Jes. And what hope is that, I pray thee? Laun. Marry, you may partly hope that your father got you not,-that you are not the Jew's

Jes. That were a kind of bastard hope, in-deed; so the sins of my mother should be

visited upon me.

Laun. Truly then I fear you are damned both by father and mother: thus when I shun Scylla, your father, I fall into Charybdis, your mother; well, you are gone both ways.

Jes. I shall be saved by my husband; he hath

made me a Christian.

Laun. Truly, the more to blame he: we were Christians enow before; e'en as many as could well live, one by another. This making of Christians will raise the price of hogs; if we grow all to be pork eaters we shall not shortly have a rasher on the coals for money.

Jes. I'll tell my husband, Launcelot, what

you say: here he comes.

Enter LORENZO.

Lor. I shall grow jealous of you shortly, Launcelot, if you thus get my wife into corners. Jes. Nay, you need not fear for us, Lorenzo; Launcelot and I are out: he tells me flatly there is no mercy for me in heaven, because I am a Jew's daughter: and he says you are no good member of the commonwealth; for, in converting Jews to Christians, you raise the price of pork.

Lor. I shall answer that better to the commonwealth than you can the getting up of the negro's belly; the Moor is with child by you,

Launcelot.

Laun. It is much that the Moor should be more than reason: but if she be less than an honest woman, she is indeed more than I took

her for.

Lor. How every fool can play upon the word! I think the best grace of wit will shortly turn into silence, and discourse grow commendable in none only but parrots.—Go, in, sirrah;

bid them prepare for dinner.

Laun. That is done, sir; they have all

stomachs.

Lor. Goodly lord, what a wit-snapper are you! then bid them prepare dinner.

Laun. That is done too, sir: only, cover is the word.

Lor. Will you cover, then, sir?

Laun. Not so, sir, neither; I know my duty. Lor. Yet more quarrelling with occasion! Wilt thou show the whole wealth of thy wit in an instant? I pray thee, understand a plain man in his plain meaning: go to thy fellows; bid them cover the table, serve in the meat, and we will come in to dinner.

Laun. For the table, sir, it shall be served in; for the meat, sir, it shall be covered; for your coming in to dinner, sir, why, let it be as humours and conceits shall govern.

Lor. O dear discretion, how his words are

suited!

The fool hath planted in his memory An army of good words; and I do know A many fools that stand in better place, Garnish'd like him, that for a tricksy word Defy the matter. How cheer'st thou, Jessica? And now, good sweet, say thy opinion,—
How dost thou like the Lord Bassanio's wife?

Jes. Past all expressing. It is very meet The Lord Bassanio live an upright hie; For, having such a blessing in his lady, He finds the joys of heaven here on earth; And, if on earth he do not mean it, then In reason he should never come to heaven. Why, if two gods should play some heavenly

match, And on the wager lay two earthly women, And Portia one, there must be something else

Pawn'd with the other; for the poor rude world Hath not her fellow.

Even such a husband Lor. Hast thou of me as she is for a wife.

Jes. Nay, but ask my opinion too of that. Lor. I will anon; first let us go to dinner. Jes. Nay, let me praise you while I have a stomach.

Lor. No, pray thee, let it serve for table-talk; Then, howsoe'er thou speak'st, 'mong other things I shall digest it.

Jes. Well, I'll set you forth. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Venice. A Court of Justice.

Enter the DUKE, the Magnificoes: ANTONIO BASSANIO, GRATIANO, SALARINO, SOLANIO and others.

Duke. What, is Antonio here? Ant. Ready, so please your grace. Duke. I am sorry for thee; thou art come to answer

A stony adversary, an inhuman wretch Uncapable of pity, void and empty From any dram of mercy.

Ant. I have heard Your grace hath ta'en great pains to qualify His rigorous course; but since he stands obdurate,

And that no lawful means can carry me Out of his envy's reach, I do oppose My patience to his fury, and am arm'd To suffer, with a quietness of spirit, The very tyranny and rage of his.

Duke. Go one, and call the Jew into the my lord. Solan. He's ready at the door: he comes,

Enter SHYLOCK.

Duke. Make room, and let him stand before our face.

Shylock, the world thinks, and I think so too, That thou but lead'st this fashion of thy malice To the last hour of act; and then, 'tis thought, Thou'lt show thy mercy and remorse, more strange

Than is thy strange apparent cruelty: And where thou now exact'st the penalty,-Which is a pound of this poor merchant's flesh,-

Thou wilt not only lose the forfeiture, But, touch'd with human gentleness and love, Forgive a moiety of the principal, Glancing an eye of pity on his losses That have of late so huddled on his back; Enough to press a royal merchant down, And pluck commiseration of his state From brassy bosoms and rough hearts of funt, From stubborn Turks and Tartars, never train'd To offices of tender courtesy.

We all expect a gentle answer, Jew.

Shy. I have possess'd your grace of what I

purpose; And by our holy Sabbath have I sworn To have the due and forfeit of my bond. If you deny it, let the danger light Upon your charter and your city's freedom. You'll ask me why I rather choose to have A weight of carrion flesh than to receive Three thousand ducats: I'll not answer that: But say, it is my humour. Is it answered? What if my house be troubled with a rat, And I be pleas'd to give ten thousand ducats To have it baned? What, are you answer'd yet? Some men there are love not a gaping pig; Some that are mad if they behold a cat; And others, when the bagpipe sings i' the nose Cannot contain their urine; for affection, Master of passion, sways it to the mood Of what it likes or loathes. Now, for your answer,

As there is no firm reason to be render'd Why he cannot abide a gaping pig; Why he, a harmless necessary cat; Why he, a swollen bagpipe, but of force Must yield to such inevitable shame As to offend, himself being offended: So can I give no reason, nor I will not, More than a lodg'd hate and a certain loathing I bear Antonio, that I follow thus A losing suit against him. Are you answer'd?

Bass. This is no answer, thou unfeeling man, To excuse the current of thy cruelty.

Shy. I am not bound to please thee with my answer. Bass. Do all men kill the thing they do not Shy. Has any man the thing he would not kill?

Bass. Every offence is not a hate at first. Shy. What! wouldst thou have a serpent sting thee twice? Ithe Jew: Ant. I pray you, think you question with

You may as well go stand upon the beach And bid the main-flood bait his usual height; You may as well use question with the wolf Why he hath made the ewe bleat for the lamb; You may as well forbid the mountain pines To wag their high tops, and to make no noise, When they are fretted with the gusts of heaven; You may as well do anything most hard As seek to soften that,-than which what's

harder?-His Jewish heart.—Therefore, I do beseech Make no more offers, use no further means, But, with all brief and plain conveniency,

Let me have judgment and the Jew his will. Bass. For thy three thousand ducats here is

Shy. If every ducat in six thousand duc ts Were in six parts, and every part a ducat,

I would not draw them; I would have my bond. Duke. How shalt thou hope for mercy, rend'ring none? no wrong?

Shy. What judgment shall I dread, doing You have among you many a purchas'd slave, Which, like your asses, and your dogs, and mules,

You use in abject and in slavish parts, Because you bought them .- Shall I say to you. Let them be free, marry them to your heirs? Why sweat they under burdens? let their bed Be made as soft as yours, and let their palates Be season'd with such viands? You will answer,

The slaves are ours:-So do I answer you; The pound of flesh which I demand of him Is dearly bought, is mine, and I will have it: If you deny me, fie upon your law! There is no force in the decrees of Venice .-

I stand for judgment: answer; shall I have it? Duke. Upon my power I may dismiss this court,

Unless Bellario, a learned doctor, Whom I have sent for to determine this.

Come here to-day.

Salan

My lord, here stays without New come from Padua. senger.

Duke. Bring us the letters;-call the mes-Bass. Good cheer, Antonio! What, man, courage yet! [and all, The Jew shall have my flesh, blood, bones,

Ere thou shalt lose for me one drop of blood. Ant. I am a tainted wether of the flock. Meetest for death: the weakest kind of fruit Drops earliest to the ground, and so let me: You cannot better be employ'd, Bassanio,

Than to live still, and write mine epitaph. Enter Nerissa, dressed like a lawyer's clerk

Duke. Came you forth Padua, from Bellario? Ner. From both, my lord: Bellario greets Presents a letter. your grace.

Why dost thou whet thy knife so Bass. earnestly? [rupt there. Shy. To cut the forfeiture from the bank-Gra. Not on thy sole, but on thy soul, harsh

Thou mak'st thy knife keen: but no metal can, No, not the hangman's axe, bear half the keenness

Of thy sharp envy. Can no prayers pierce Shy. No; none that thou hast wit enough to make.

Gra. O, be thou damn'd, inexorable dog!
And for thy life let justice be accus'd.
Thou almost mak'st me waver in my faith,
To hold opinion with Pythagoras,
That souls of animals infuse themselves
Into the trunks of men: thy currish spirit
Govern'd a wolf, who, hang'd for human
slaughter.

Even from the gallows did his fell soul fleet, And, whilst thou lay'st in thy unhallow'd dam, Infus'd itself in thee; for thy desires Are wolfish bloody stary'd and revenous

Are wolfish, bloody, starv'd, and ravenous.

Shy. Till thou canst rail the seal from off
my bond

Thou but offend'st thy lungs to speak so loud: Repair thy wit, good youth, or it will fall To cureless ruin.—I stand here for law.

Duke. This letter from Bellario doth commend

A young and learned doctor to our court.— Where is he?

Ner. He attendeth here hard by To know your answer, whether you'll adent him.

Duke. With all my heart:—some three or four of you

Go give him courteous conduct to this place.— Meantime, the court shall hear Bellario's letter.

Clerks reads, Your grace shall understand that, at the receipt of your letter, I am very suck; but in the instant that your messenger came, in loving visitation was with me a young doctor of Rome; his name is Balthazar; I acquanted him with the cause in controversy between the Jew and Antonio the merchant: we turned o'er many books together: he is furnish'd with my opinion, which, better'd with his own learning (the greatness whereof I cannot enough commend), comes with him, at my importunity to fill up your grace's request in my stead. I beseech you, let his lack of years be no impediment to let him lack a reverend estimation; for I never knew so young a body with so old a head. I leave him to your gracious acceptance, whose trial shall better publish his commendation.

Duke. You hear the learn'd Bellario, what he writes.

And here, I take it, is the doctor come .--

Enter PORTIA, dressed like a doctor of laws.

Give me your hand: came you from old Bellario?

Bellario?

Por. I did, my lord. [place.

Duke. You are welcome: take your Are you acquainted with the difference That holds this present question in the cot rt?

Por. I am informed thoroughly of the cause. Which is the merchant here, and which the Jew? [forth. Duke. Antonio and old Shylock, both stand

Duke. Antonio and old Shylock, both stand Por. Is your name Shylock?

Shy. Shylock is my name.

Por. Of a strange nature is the suit you follow:

Yet in such rule, that the Venetian law Cannot impugn you as you do proceed.—
You stand within his danger, do you not?

[To Antonio.

Ant. Ay, so he says.

Por. Do you confess the bond?

Ant. I do.

Por. Then must the Jew be merciful.

Shy. On what compulsion must I? tell me that.

Por. The quality of mercy is not strain'd, It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven Upon the place beneath: it is twice bless'd; It blesseth him that gives and him that takes: 'Tis mightest in the mightest; it becomes The throned monarch better than his crown; His sceptre shows the force of temporal power, The attribute to awe and majesty, Wherein doth sit the dread and fear of kings, But mercy is above this scepter'd sway,—It is enthroned in the heart of kings,' It is enthroned in the heart of kings,' it is enthroned in the heart of kings,'

It is enthroned in the heart of kings,"
It is an attribute to God himself;
And earthly power doth then show likest God's
When mercy seasons justice. Therefore, Jew,
Though justice be thy plea consider this—
That in the course of justice none of us
Should see salvation; we do pray for mercy,
Ana that same prayer doth teach us all to render
The deeds of mercy. I have spoke thus much
To mingate the justice of thy plea;

Which if thou follow, this strict court of Venice Must needs give sentence 'gainst the merchant there. [law, Shy My deeds upon my head! I crave the

The penalty and forfest of my bond.

Por. Is he not able to discharge the money?

Bass. Yes; here I tender it for him in the court:

Yea, twice the sum: if that will not suffice I will be bound to pay it ten times o'er, On forfeit of my hands, my head, my heart: If this will not suffice, it must appear [you, That malice bears down truth. And I beseech Wrest once the law to your authority: To do a great right do a little wrong,

And curb this cruel devil of his will. [Venice Por. It must not be; there is no power in Can alter a decree established:
'Twill be recorded for a precedent,

And many an error, by the same example, Will rush into state: it cannot be.

Shy. A Daniel come to judgment! yea, a Dame!

O wise young judge! how I do honour thee! Por. I pray you, let me look upon the bond. Shy. Here 'tis, most reverend doctor: here it is.

Por. Shylock, there's thrice thy money offered thee. [heaven: Shy. An oath, an oath; I have an oath in

Shall I lay perjury upon my soul? No, not for Venuce.

Por. Why, this bond is forfeit; And lawfully by this the Jew may claim A pound of flesh, to be by him cut off Nearest the merchant's heart.—Be merciful!

Take thrice thy money; bid me tear the bond.

Shy. When it is paid according to the tenor.—

It doth appear you are a worthy judge;

You know the law; your exposition

Hath been most sound: I charge you by the law,
Whereof you are a well-deserving pillar,

Proceed to judgment: by my soul I swear There is no power in the tongue of man To alter me.—I stay here on my bond. Ant. Most hearthy I do beseech the court

To give the judgment.

K

Por. Why then, thus it is.
You must prepare your bosom for his knife:
Shy. O noble judge! O excellent young man

Por. For the intent and purpose of the law Hath full relation to the penalty,

Which here appeareth due upon the bond. Shy. 'Tis very true: O wise and upright judge,

How much more elder art thou than thy looks! Por. Therefore, lay bare your bosom.

Shy. As breast:
So says the bond;—doth it not, noble judge?—
Nearest his heart: those are the very words.
Por. It is so. Are there balance here to weigh

The flesh?

Shy. I have them ready.

Por. Have by some surgeon, Shylock, on

your charge,
To stop his wounds, lest he do bleed to death.
Shy. Is it so nominated in the bond?

Por. It is not so express'd; but what of that? 'Twere good you do so much for charity.

Shy. I cannot find it; 'tis not in the bond.

Por. Come, merchant, have you anything to say? [par'd.—
Ant. But httle; I am arm'd and well pre-

Ant. But fittle; I am and and well pre-Give me your hand, Bassamo; fare you well Grieve not that I am fallen to this for you; For herein fortune shows herself more kind Than is her custom; it is still her use To let the wretched man out-live his wealth, To view with hollow eye and wrinkled brow An age of poverty; from which lingering pen-

Of such misery doth she cut me off.
Commend me to your honourable wife:
Tell her the process of Antonio's end;
Say how I lov'd you; speak me fair in death;
And, when the tale is told, bid her be judge
Whether Bassanio had not once a love.
Repent not you that you shall lose your friend.
And he repents not that he pays your debt;
For, if the Jew do cut but deep enough,
PII pay it instantly with all my heart.

Bass. Antonio, I am married to a wife Which is as dear to me as life itself; But life itself, my wife, and all the world Are not with me esteem'd above thy life; I would lose all, ay, sacrifice them all Here to this devil, to deliver you.

Por. Your wife would give you little thanks for that.

If she were by to hear you make the offer.

Gra. I have a wife whom, I protest, I love;
I would she were in heaven, so she could

Entreat some power to change this currish Jew.
Ner. 'Tis well you offer it behind her back;
The wish would make else an unquiet house.
Shy. These be the Christian husbands: I

have a daughter; Would any of the stock of Barrabas Had been her husband, rather than a Christian!

We trifle time;—I pray thee, pursue sentence.

Por. A pound of that same merchant's flesh is thine:

The court awards it and the law doth give it. Shy. Most rightful judge! [his breast; Por. And you must cut this flesh from off The law allows it and the court awards it. Shy. Most learned judge!—A sentence; come prepare. [else.—

Por. Tarry a little,—there is something This bond doth give thee here no jot of blood; The words expressly are a pound of flesh: Take then thy bond, take thou thy pound of flesh:

But, in the cutting, if thou dost shed One drop of Christian blood, thy lands and goods

Are, by the laws of Venice, confiscate
Unto the state of Venice. [learned judge!

Gra. O upright judge!—Mark, Jew;—O Shy. Is that the law?

Por. Thyself shall see the act:

For, as thou urgest justice, be assur'd
Thou shalt have justice, more than thou desir'st.

Gra O learned judge!—Mark, Jew;—a learned judge! [thrice, Shy. I take this offer then,—pay the bond

Shy. I take this offer then,—pay the bone And let the Christian go.

Bass. Here is the money.

Por. Soft; [haste:—
The Jew shall have all justice:—soft;—no
He shall have nothing but the penalty.

Ie shall have nothing but the penalty.

Gra. O Jew! an upright judge, a learned

judge! [flesh. Por. Therefore, prepare thee to cut off the Shed thou no blood; nor cut thou less nor more But just a pound of flesh: if thou tak'st more Or less than a just pound,—be it but so much As makes it light or heavy in the substance, Or the division of the twentieth part Of one poor scruple: nay, if the scale do turn But in the estimation of a hair,—

Thou diest, and all thy goods are confiscate.

Gra. A second Daniel, a Daniel, Jew!

Now, infidel, I have thee on the hip.

Por. Why doth the Jew pause? take thy forfeiture.

Shy. Give me my principal, and let me go. Bass. I have it ready for thee; here it is. Por. He hath refus'd it in the open court; He shall have merely justice, and his bond. Gra. A Daniel, still say II a second Daniel!—

I thank thee, Jew, for teaching me that word. Shy. Shall I not have barely my principal? Por. Thou shalt have nothing but the forfeiture

To be so taken at thy peril, Jew.

Shy. Why, then the devil give him good of it!

I'll stay no longer question. Por. Tarry, Jew; The law hath yet another hold on you. It is enacted in the laws of Venice,-If it be prov'd against an alien, That by direct or indirect attempts He seek the life of any citizen, The party 'gainst the which he doth contrive Shall seize one half his goods; the other half Comes to the privy coffer of the state; And the offender's life lies in the mercy Of the duke only, 'gainst all other voice. In which predicament, I say, thou stand'st; For it appears by manifest proceeding, That indirectly, and directly too, Thou hast contriv'd against the very life Of the defendant; and thou hast incurr'd

Of the defendant; and thou hast incurr'd The danger formerly by me rehears'd. Down, therefore, and beg mercy of the duke. Gra. Beg that thou mayst have leave to hang My mind was never yet more mercenary, thyself:

And yet, thy wealth being forfeit to the state, Thou hast not left the value of a cord; Therefore, thou must be hang'd at the state's

charge.

Duke. That thou shalt see the difference of our I pardon thee thy life before thou ask it: For half thy wealth, it is Antomo's: The other half comes to the general state, Which humbleness may drive unto a fine

Por. Ay, for the state; not for Antonio. Shy. Nay, take my life and all, pardon not that:

You take my house when you do take the prop That doth sustain my house; you take my life When you do take the means whereby I live.

Por. Whatmercycanyourenderhim, Antomo? Gra. A halter gratis; nothing else; for God's sake.

Ant. So please my lord the duke, and all the court.

To quit the fine for one half of his goods; I am content, so he will let me have The other half in use, to render it, Upon his death, unto the gentleman That lately stole his daughter: Two things provided more, —that for this favour, He presently become a Christian The other, that he do record a gift, Here in the court, of all he dies possess'd Unto his son Lorenzo and his daughter.

Duke. He shall do this; or else I do recant The pardon that I late pronounced here. Por. Art thou contented, Jew? what dost

thou say? Shy. I am content.

Por. Clerk, draw a deed of gift. Shy. I pray you, give me leave to go from hence:

I am not well; send the deed after me And I will sign it.

Get thee gone, but do it. Duke. Gra. In christening, thou shalt have two godfathers:

Had I been judge, thou shouldst have had ten more,

To bring thee to the gallows, not the font. [Exit SHYLOCK.

Duke. Sir, I entreat you home with me to dinner.

Por. I humbly do desire your grace of par-I must away this night toward Padua; And it is meet I presently set forth.

Duke. I am sorry that your leisure serves you not.

Antonio, gratify this gentleman; For, in my mind, you are much bound to him.

[Exeunt DUKE, Magnificoes, and Train. Bass. Most worthy gentleman, I and my friend

Have by your wisdom been this day acquitted Of grievous penalties; in lieu whereof Three thousand ducats, due unto the Jew, We freely cope your courteous pains withal.

Ant. And stand indebted, over and above In love and service to you evermore.

Por. He is well paid that is well satisfied

And I, delivering you, am satisfied And therein do account myself well paid: I pray you, know me when we meet again; I wish you well, and so I take my leave.

Bass. Dear sir, of force I must attempt you further:

Take some remembrance of us, as a tribute. Not as a fee: grant me two things, I pray you, Not to deny me, and to pardon me.

Por. You press me far, and therefore I will yield.

Give me your gloves, I'll wear them for your

sake; And, for your love, I'll take this ring from

Do not draw back your hand; I'll take no more:

And you in love shall not deny me this. Bass. This ring, good sir, -alas, it is a trifle; I will not shame myself to give you this.

Por. I will have nothing else but only this: And now, methinks, I have a mind to it.

Bass. There's more depends on this than on the value.

The dearest ring in Venice will I give you. And find it out by proclamation; Only for this, I pray you, pardon me.

Por. I see, sir, you are liberal in offers: You taught me first to beg; and now, methinks You teach me how a beggar should be answer'd. Bass. Good sir, this ring was given me by my wife;

And, when she put it on, she made me vow That I should neither sell, nor give, not lose it. Por. That 'scuse serves many men to save their gifts.

An if your wife be not a mad woman, And know how well I have deserv'd this ring. She would not hold out enemy for ever, For giving it to me. Well, peace be with you!

Exeunt PORTIA and NERISSA. Ant. My Lord Bassanio, let him have the ring:

Let his deservings, and my love withal, Be valued 'gainst your wife's commandment. Bass. Go, Gratiano, run and overtake him, Give him the ring; and bring him, if thou canst, Unto Antonio's house;—away, make haste.
[Exit Gratiano.

Come, you and I will thither presently; And in the morning early will we both Fly toward Belmont. Come, Antonio.

Exeunt.

Scene II .- The same. A Street.

Enter Portia and Nerissa.

Por. Inquire the Jew's house out, give him this deed. And let him sign it; we'll away to-night, And be a day before our husbands home.

This deed will be well welcome to Lorenzo.

Enter GRATIANO.

Gra. Fair sir, you are well overta'en: My Lor. Bassanio, upon more advice, Hath sent you here this ring; and doth entreat Your company at dinner.

Por. That cannot be: His ring I do accept most thankfully.

And so, I pray you, tell him. Furthermore, I pray you, show my youth old Shylock's house. Gra. That will I do.

Gra. That will I do.

Ner. Sir, I would speak with you:—
I'll see if I can get my husband's ring,

[To PORTIA.

Which I did make him swear to keep for ever.

Por. Thou mayst, I warrant. We shall have

old swearing
That they did give the rings away to men;
But we'll outface them, and outswear them too.
Away, make haste; thou know'st where I will

Ner. Come, good sir, will you show me to this house? [Exeunt.

ACT. V.

Scene I.—Belmont. Pleasure grounds of Portia's House.

Enter LORENZO and JESSICA.

Lor. The moon shines bright!—In such a night as this,

When the sweet wind did gently kiss the trees, And they did make no noise; in such a night, Troilus, methinks, mounted the Trojan walls, And sigh'd his soul toward the Grecian tents, Where Cressid lay that night.

Jes. In such a night Did Thisbe fearfully o'ertrip the dew, And saw the lion's shadow ere himself,

And ran dismay'd away.

Lor. In such a night
Stood Dido with a willow in her hand
Upon the wild sea-banks, and wav'd her love
To come again to Carthage.

Jes. In such a night Medea gather'd the enchanted herbs That did renew old Aeson.

Lor. In such a night
Did Jessica steal from the wealthy Jew
And, with an unthrift love, did run from Venice
As far as Belmont.

Jes. In such a night
Did young Lorenzo swear he lov'd her well—
Stealing her soul with many vows of faith,
And ne'er a true one.

Lor. In such a night
Did pretty Jessica, like a little shrew,
Slander her love, and he forgave it her.

Jes. I would out-night you, did nobody come: But, hark, I hear the footing of a man.

Enter STEPHANO.

Lor. Who comes so fast in silence of the night?

Steph. A friend.

Lor. A friend! what friend? your name, I pray you, friend?

Steph. Stephano is my name; and I bring

My mistress will before the break of day Be here at Belmont; she doth stray about By holy crosses, where she kneels and prays For happy wedlock hours.

Lor. Who comes with her: Steph. None but a holy hermit and her maid I pray you, is my master yet return'd?

Lor. He is not, nor we have not heard from

But go we in, I pray thee, Jessica, And ceremoniously let us prepare Some welcome for the mistress of the house.

Enter LAUNCELOT.

Laun Sola, sola, wo ha, ho, sola, sola! Lor. Who calls?

Laun. Sola! did you see Master Lorenzo and Mistress Lorenzo? sola, sola!

Lor. Leave hollaing, man: here. Laun. Sola! where? where? Lor. Here.

Laun. Tell him there's a post come from my master with his horn full of good news; my master will be here ere morning.

[Exit.

Lor. Sweet soul, let's in, and there expect their coming.

And yet no matter,—why should we go in? My friend Stephano, signify, I pray you, Within the house, your mistress is at hand: And bring your music forth into the air.— Exit STEPHANO.

How sweet the moonlight sleeps upon this

bank!
Here will we sit, and let the sounds of music Creep in our ears; soft stillness and the night Become the touches of sweet harmouy.
Sit, Jessica. Look how the floor of heaven is thick inlaid with patines of bright gold;
There's not the smallest orb which thou be-

hold'st
But in his motion like an angel sings,
Still quiring to the young ey'd cherubims:
Such harmony is in immortal souls;
But, whilst this muddy vesture of decay
Doth grossly close it in, we cannot hear it.—

Enter Musicians.

Come, ho, and wake Diana with a hymn; With sweetest touches pierce your mistress' ear,

And draw her home with music. [Music. Jes. I am never merry when I hear sweet music.

Lor. The reason is, your spirits are attentive:

For do but note a wild and wanton herd, Or race of youthful and unhandled colts, Fetching mad bounds, bellowing, and neighing loud,

Which is the hot condition of their blood—
If they but hear perchance a trumpet sound,
Or any air of music touch their ears,
You shall perceive them make a mutual stand,
Their savage eyes turn'd to a modest gaze
By the sweet power of music: therefore the
poet

Did feign that Orpheus drew trees, stones, and floods;

Since naught so stockish, hard, and full of rage But music for the time doth change his nature. The man that hath no music in himself, Nor is not mov'd with concord of sweet sounds, ls aft for treasons, stratagems, and spoils; The motions of his spirit are dull as night, And his affections dark as Erebus:
Let no such man be trusted.—Mark the music,

Enter Portia and Nerissa, at a distance.

Por. That the light we see is burning in mg

How far that little candle throws his beams! So shines a good deed in a naughty world.

Ner. When the moon shone we did not see the candle.

Por. So doth the greater glory dim the less: A substitute shines brightly as a king Until a king be by; and then his state Empties itself, as doth an inland brook Into the main of waters. Music! hark!

Ner. It is your music, madam, of the house. Por. Nothing is good, I see, without respect; Methinks it sounds much sweeter than by

day. Ner. Silence bestows that virtue on it, madam.

Por. The crow doth sing as sweetly as the lark

When neither is attended; and, I think, The nightingale, if she should sing by day, When every goose is cackling, would be thought

No better a musician than the wren. How many things by season season'd are To their right praise and true perfection!-Peace, ho! the moon sleeps with Endymion, And would not be awaked! Music ceases. Lor. That is the voice,

Or I am much deceived, of Portia.

Por. He knows me, as the blind man knows the cuckoo. By the bad voice.

Dear lady, welcome home. Lor. Por. We have been praying for our husbands

welfare, Which speed, we hope, the better for our words. Are they return'd?

Madam, they are not yet; Lor. But there is come a messenger before,

To signify their coming. Go in, Nerissa. Give order to my servants that they take

No note at all of our being absent hence;-Nor you, Lorenzo;-Jessica, nor you. A tucket sounds.

Lor. Your husband is at hand, I hear his trumpet:

We are no tell-tales, madam; fear you not. Por. This night methinks is but the daylight sick-

It looks a little paler; 'tis a day Such as the day is when the sun is hid.

Enter Bassanio, Antonio, Gratiano, and their followers.

Bass. We should hold day with the Antipodes If you would walk in absence of the sun. Por. Let me give light, but let me not be light;

For a light wife doth make a heavy husband, And never be Bassanio so for me: But God sort all!-you are welcome home, my

Bass. I thank you, madam; give welcome to my friend .-This is the man; this is Antonio,

To whom I am so infinitely bound. fhim. Por. You should in all sense be much bound to For, as I hear, he was much bound for you. Ant. Nor more than I am well acquitted of.

Por. Sir, you are very welcome to our house: It must appear in other ways than words,

Therefore, I scant this breathing courtesy. [GRA. and NER. seem to talk apart. Gra. By yonder moon, I swear you do me

wrong; In faith, I gave it to the judge's clerk: Would he were gelt that had it, for my part. Since you do take it, love, so much at heart.

Por. A quarrel, ho, already? What's the matter?

Gra. About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring That she did give me; whose posy was,

For all the world, like cutler's poetry Upon a knife, Love me, and leave me not. Ner. What, talk you of the posy, or the value?

You swore to me, when I did give it you, That you would wear it till your hour of death: And that it should lie with you in your grave: Though not for me, yet for your vehement oaths You should have been respective, and have kept it.

Gave it a judge's clerk!-no, God's my judge, The clerk will ne'er wear hair on's face that

had it.

Gra. He will, an if he live to be a man. Ner. Ay, if a woman live to be a man. Gra. Now, by this hand, I gave it to a vouth.

A kind of boy; a little scrubbed boy No higher than thyself, the judge's clerk; A prating boy that begg'd it as a fee; I could not for my heart deny it him.

Por. You were to blame. I must be plain with you,

To part so slightly with your wife's first gift; A thing stuck on with oaths upon your finger, And so riveted with faith unto your flesh. I gave my love a ring, and made him swear Never to part with it, and here he stands; I dare be sworn for him, he would not leave it Nor pluck it from his finger for the wealth That the world masters. Now, in faith

Gratiano, You give your wife too unkind a cause of grief; An 'twere to me, I should be mad at it. [off, Bass. Why, I were best to cut my left hand And swear I lost the ring defending it. [Aside. Cra. My Lord Bassanio gave his ring away Unto the judge that begg'd it, and, indeed, Deserv'd it too; and then the boy, his clerk, That took some pains in writing, he begg'd

And neither man nor master would take aught

But the two rings.

What ring gave you, my lord?

What ring gave you, my lord? Not that, I hope, which you receiv'd of me. Bass. If I could add a he unto a fault

I would deny it; but you see my finger Hath not the ring upon it; it is gone.

Por. Even so void is your false heart of truth. By heaven, I will ne'er come in your bed

Until I see the ring. Nor I in yours Ner.

Till I again see mine. Bass. Sweet Portia. If you did know to whom I gave the ring, If you did know for whom I gave the ring,

And would conceive for what I gave the ring, And how unwillingly I left the ring,

When naught would be accepted but the ring, You would abate the strength of your displeasure.

Por. If you had known the virtue of the ring, Or half her worthiness that gave the ring, Or your own honour to contain the ring, You would not then have parted with the ring. What man is there so much unreasonable, If you had pleas'd to have defended it With any terms of zeal, wanted the modesty To urge the thing held as a ceremony? Nenssa teaches me what to believe; I'll die for't, but some woman had the ring.

Bass. No, by mine honour, madam, by my soul,

No woman had it, but a civil doctor, Which did refuse three thousand ducats of me, And begg'd the ring; the which I did deny him, And suffer'd him to go displeas'd away; Even he that had held up the very life Of my dear friend. What should I say, sweet lady?

I was enforc'd to send it after him; I was beset with shame and courtesy: My honour would not let ingratitude So much besmear it. Pardon me, good lady; For by these blessed candles of the night, Had you been there, I think you would have begg'd

The ring of me to give the worthy doctor Por. Let not that doctor e'er come near my

house: Since he hath got the jewel that I lov'd, And that which you did swear to keep for me, I will become as liberal as you; I'll not deny him anything I have No, not my body, nor my husband's bed: Know him I shall, I am well sure of it: Lie not a night from home; watch me like Argus:

If you do not, if I be left alone, Now, by mine honour, which is yet mine own, I'll have that doctor for my bedfellow.

Ner. And I his clerk: therefore be well advis'd

How you do leave me to mine own protection. Gra. Well, do you so: let not me take him

For, if I do, I'll mar the young clerk's pen. Ant. I am the unhappy subject of these

ouarrels. Por. Sir, grieve not you; you are welcome notwithstanding.

Bass. Portia, forgive me this enforced wrong; And, in the hearing of these many friends, I swear to thee, even by thine own fair eyes. Wherein I see myself,

Por. Mark you but that! In both my eyes he doubly sees himself: In each eye one:—swear by your double self, And there's an oath of credit.

Bass. Nay, but hear me: Pardon this fault, and by my soul I swear, I never more will break an oath with thee. Ant. I once did lend my body for his wealth; Which, but for him that had your husband's

ring, Had quite miscarried: I dare be bound again, My soul upon the forfeit, that your lord Will never more break faith advisedly.

Por. Then you shall be his surety give him this

And bid him keep it better than the other. Ant. Here, Lord Bassamo; swear to keep

this ring. Bass. By heaven, it is the same I gave the Por. I had it of him: pardon me, Bassanio;

For by this ring the doctor lay with me. Ner. And pardon me, my gentle Gratiano: For that same scrubbed boy, the doctor's clerk,

In heu of this, last night did he with me. Gra. Why, this is like the mending of highwavs

In summer, where the ways are fair enough: What! are we cuckolds ere we have deserved it? Por. Speak not so grossly .- You are all amaz'd:

Here is a letter, read it at your lessure; It comes from Padua, from Bellario There you shall find that Portia was the doctor; Nenssa there, her clerk: Lorenzo here Shall witness I set forth as soon as you, And but even now return'd; I have not yet Enter'd my house. - Antomo, you are welcome; And I have better news in store for you Than you expect: unseal this letter soon: There you shall find three of your argosies Are richly come to harbour suddenly: You shall not know by what strange accident I chanced on this letter.

I am dumb. Ant.

Eass. Were you the doctor; and I knew you [cuckold? Gra. Were you the clerk that is to make me

Ner. Ay, but the clerk that never means to

Unless he hve until he be a man [fellow; Bass. Sweet doctor, you shall be my bed-When I am absent, then he with my wife.

Ant. Sweet lady, you have given me life and living;

For here I read for certain that my ships Are safely come to road. Por.

How now, Lorenzo? My clerk hath some good comforts too for you. Ner. Ay, and I'll give them him without a fee.-

There do I give to you and Jessica, From the rich Jew, a special deed of gift, After his death, of all he dies possess'd of. Lor. Fair ladies, you drop manna in the way

Of starved people.

Por. It is almost morning And yet, I am sure, you are not satisfied Of these events at full. Let us go in; And charge us there upon inter'gatories, And we will answer all things faithfully.

Gra. Let it be so:-the first inter'gatory That my Nerissa shall be sworn on is. Whether till the next night she had rather

Or go to bed now, being two hours to day: But were the day come, I should wish it dark, That I were couching with the doctor's clerk. Well, while I live, I'll fear no other thing So sore as keeping safe Nerissa's ring Exeunt.

AS YOU LIKE IT

PERSONS REPRESENTED

DUKE, living in exile.

FREDERICK, Brother to the DUKE, and Usurper of his Dominions.

AMIENS. Lords attending upon the DUKE in

his Banishment. JAQUES, LE BEAU, a Courtier attending upon FRE-DERICK.

CHARLES, his Wrestler.

OLIVER. JAQUES

Sons of SIR ROWLAND DE BOIS. ORLANDO. ADAM.

DENNIS, Servants to OLIVER.

TOUCHSTONE, a Clown.

SIR OLIVER MARTEKT, a Vicar.

CORIN. Shepherds. SILVIUS.

WILLIAM, a Country Fellow, in love with AUDREY.

A Person representing HYMEN.

ROSALIND, Daughter of the banished DUKE.

CELIA, Daughter to FREDERICK.

PHEBE, a Shebherdess.

AUDREY, a Country Wench.

Lords belonging to the two Dukes: Pages. foresters, and other Attendants.

The Scene lies first near Oliver's House; afterwards partly in the Usurper's Court and partly in the Forest of ARDEN.

ACT L

Orl. As I remember, Adam, it was upon this fashion,-bequeathed me by will but poor a thousand crowns, and, as thou say'st, charged my brother, on his blessing, to breed me well: and there begins my sadness. My brother Jaques he keeps at school, and report speaks goldenly of his profit: for my part, he keeps me rustracily at home, or, to speak more pro-perly, stays me here at home unkept: for call

horses are bred better; for, besides that they Scene I.—An Orchard near Oliver's House. are fair with their feeding, they are taught their manage, and to that end riders dearly hired: but I, his brother, gain nothing under him but growth; for the which his animals on his dunghills are as much bound to him as I. Besides this nothing that he so plentifully gives me, the something that nature gave me, his countenance seems to take from me: he lets me feed with his hinds, bars me the place of a brother, and as much as in him lies, mines my me rustically at home, or, to speak more properly, stays me here at home unkept; for call that grieves me; and the spirit of my father, you that keeping for a gentleman of my birth which I think is within me, begins to mutiny that differs not from the stalling of an ox? His against this servitude: I will no longer endure

Adam. Yonder comes my master, your brother.

Orl. Go apart, Adam, and thou shalt hear how he will shake me up. [ADAM retires.

Enter OLIVER.

Oli. Now, sir! what make you here?

Orl. Nothing: I am not taught to make anything.

Oli. What mar you then, sir?

Orl. Marry, sir, I am helping you to mar that which God made, a poor unworthy brother of yours, with idleness.

Oh. Marry, sir, be better employed, and be

naught awhile.

Orl. Shall I keep your hogs, and eat husks with them? What produgal portion have I spent that I should come to such penury?

Oli. Know you where you are, sir? Orl. O, sir, very well: here in your orchard.

Olt. Know you before whom, sir?

Orl. Ay, better than him I am before knows me. I know you are my eldest brother: and in the gentle condition of blood you should so know me. The courtesy of nations allows you my better, in that you are the first-born; but the same tradition takes not away my blood, were there twenty brothers betwixt us: I have as much of my father in me as you; albeit, I confess, your coming before me is nearer to his reverence.

Oli. What, boy!

Orl. Come, come, elder brother, you are too young in this.

Oli. Wilt thou lay hands on me, villain?
Orl. I am no villain: I am the youngest son of Sir Rowland de Bois: he was my father; and he is thrice a villain that says such a father begot villains. Wert thou not my brother I would not take this hand from thy throat till this other had pulled out thy tongue for saying so: thou hast railed on thyself.

Adam. [Coming forward.] Sweet masters, be patient; for your father's remembrance, be at accord.

Oli. Let me go, I say.

Orl. I will not, till I please: you shall hear me. My father charged you in his will to give me good education: you have trained me like a peasant, obscuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities: the spirit of my father grows strong in me, and I will no longer en-dure it: therefore, allow me such exercises as may become a gentleman, or give me the poor allottery my father left me by testament; with that I will go buy my fortunes.

Oli. And what wilt thou do? beg, when that is spent? Well, sir, get you in: I will not long be troubled with you: you shall have some part of your will: I pray you, leave me.

comes me for my good.

Oli. Get you with him, you old dog

Adam. Is old dog my reward? Most true, I have lost my teeth in your service.—God be with my old master! he would not have spoke such a word. Exeunt ORLANDO and ADAM.

it, though yet I know no wise remedy how to me? I will physic your rankness, and yet give no thousand crowns neither. Holla, Dennis.

Enter DENNIS.

Den. Calls your worship? Oli. Was not Charles, the duke's wrestler, here to speak with me?

Den. So please you, he is here at the door.

and importunes access to you.

Oh. Call him in. [Exit DENNIS.]-'Twill be a good way; and to-morrow the wrestling

Enter CHARLES.

Cha. Good morrow to your worship.

Oli. Good Monsieur Charles'-what's the

new news at the new court?

Cha. There's no news at the court, sir, but the old news; that is, the old duke is banished by his younger brother the new duke, and three or four loving lords have put themselves into voluntary exile with him, whose lands and revenues enrich the new duke, therefore he gives them good leave to wander.

Oli. Can you tell Rosalind, the duke's

daughter be banished with her father? Cha. O no; for the duke's daughter, her cousin, so loves her,—being ever from their cradles bred together,—that she would have followed her exile, or have died to stay behind her. She is at the court, and no less beloved of her uncle than his own daughter, and never two ladies loved as they do.

Oli. Where will the old duke live?

Cha. They say he is already in the forest of Arden, and a many merry men with him; and there they live like the old Robin Hood of England: they say many young gentlemen flock to him every day, and fleet the time care-Oli. What, you wrestle to-morrow before the new duke?

Cha. Marry, do I, sir; and I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am given, sir, secretly to understand that your younger brother, Orlando, hath a disposition to come in disguis'd against me to try a fall. morrow, sir, I wrestle for my credit; and he that escapes me without some broken limb shall acquit him well. Your brother is but young and tender; and, for your love, I would be loath to foil him, as I must, for my own honour, if he come in: therefore, out of my love to you, I came hither to acquaint you withal; that either you might stay him from his intendment. or brook such disgrace well as he shall run into; in that it is a thing of his own search, and altogether against my will.

Ols. Charles, I thank thee for thy love to me, which thou shalt find I will most kindly requite. I had myself notice of my brother's purpose herein, and have by underhand means laboured to dissuade him from it; but he is Orl. I will no further offend you than be- resolute. I'll tell thee, Charles, it is the stubbornest young fellow of France; full of ambition, an envious emulator of every man's good parts, a secret and villanous contriver against me his natural brother; therefore use thy discretion: I had as lief thou didst break his neck as his finger. And thou wert best Oli. Is it even so? begin you to grow upon look to 't; for if thou dost him any slight disgrace, or if he do not mightily grace himself on blind woman doth most mistake in her gifts to thee, he will practise against thee by poison, women. entrap thee by some treacherous device, and never leave thee till he hath ta'en thy life by some indirect means or other: for, I assure thee, and almost with tears I speak it, there is not one so young and so villanous this day I speak but brotherly of him; but should I anatomize him to thee as he is, I must blush and weep, and thou must look pale and wonder.

Cha. I am heartily glad I came hither to you. If he come to-morrow I'll give him his payment. If ever he go alone I'll never wrestle for prize more: and so, God keep Exit.

your worship!

Oli. Farewell, good Charles .- Now will I stir this gamester: I hope I shall see an end of him; for my soul, yet I know not why, hates nothing more than he. Yet he's gentle; never schooled and yet learned; full of noble device; of all sorts enchantingly beloved; and, indeed, so much in the heart of the world, and especially of my own people, who best know him, that I am altogether misprised: but it shall not be so long; this wrestler shall clear all: nothing remains but that I kindle the boy thither, which now I'll go about. Exit.

Scene II .- A Lawn before the Duke's Palace.

Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Cel. I pray thee. Rosalind, sweet my coz, be

Ros. Dear Celia, I show more mirth than I am mistress of; and would you yet I were merrier? Unless you could teach me to forget a banished father, you must not learn me how to remember any extraordinary pleasure.

Cel. Herein I see thou lovest me not with the full weight that I love thee; if thy uncle, thy banished father, had banished thy uncle the duke my father, so thou hadst been still with me. I could have taught my love to take thy father for mine; so wouldst thou, if the truth of thy love to me were so righteously tempered as mine is to thee.

Ros. Well, I will forget the condition of my

estate, to rejoice in yours.

Cel. You know my father hath no child but I, nor none is like to have; and, truly, when he dies thou shalt be his heir: for what he hath taken away from thy father perforce, I will render thee again in affection: by mine honour. I will; and when I break that oath, let me turn monster; therefore, my sweet Rose, my dear Rose, be merry.

Ros. From henceforth I will, coz, and devise sports: let me see; what think you of falling in

love?

Cel. Marry, I pr'ythee, do, to make sport withal: but love no man in good earnest; nor no further in sport than with safety of a pure blush thou mayst in honour come off again.

Ros. What shall be our sport, then? Cel. Let us sit and mock the good housewife Fortune from her wheel, that her gifts may

henceforth be bestowed equally.

Ros. I would we could do so; for her benefits are mightily misplaced: and the bountiful

Cel. 'Tis true: for those that she makes fair she scarce makes honest; and those that she makes honest she makes very ill-favouredly.

Ros. Nay; now thou goest from fortune's office to nature's: fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of nature.

Cel. No; when nature hath made a fair creature may she not by fortune fall into the fire?-Though nature hath given us wit to flout at fortune, hath not fortune sent in this fool to cut off the argument?

Enter Touchstone.

Ros. Indeed, there is fortune too hard for nature, when fortune makes nature's natural the cutter off of nature's wit.

Cel. Peradventure this is not fortune's work neither, but nature's, who perceiveth our natural wits too dull to reason of such goddesses, and hath sent this natural for our whetstone: for always the dulness of the fool is the whetstone of the wits .- How now, wit? whither wander you?

Touch. Mistress, you must come away to

your father.

Cel. Were you made the messenger?

Touch. No, by mine honour; but I was bid

to come for you

Ros. Where learned you that oath, fool? Touch. Of a certain knight that swore by his honour they were good pancakes, and swore by his honour the mustard was naught: now, I'll stand to it, the pancakes were naught and the mustard was good: and yet was not the knight forsworn.

Ros. Ay, marry, now unmuzzle your wisdom. Touch. Stand you both forth now; stroke your chins, and swear by your beards that I am a

knave

Cel. By our beards, if we had them, thou art. Touch. By my knavery, if I had it, then I were: but if you swear by that that is not, you are not forsworn: no more was this knight, swearing by his honour, for he never had any or if he had, he had sworn it away before ever he saw those pancakes or that mustard.

Cel. Pr'ythee, who is't that thou mean'st? Touch. One that old Frederick, your father,

loves

Cel. My father's love is enough to honour him enough: speak no more of him: you'll be whipp'd for taxation one of these days.

Touch. The more pity that fools may not speak wisely what wise men do foolishly.

Cel. By my troth, that say'st true: for since the little wit that fools have was silenced, the little foolery that wise men have makes a great

show. Here comes Monsieur Le Beau.

Ros. With his mouth full of news.

Cel. Which he will put on us as pigeons feed

their young.

Ros. Then shall we be news-crammed.

Cel. All the better; we shall be the more marketable.

Enter LE BEAU.

Bon jour, Monsieur Le Beau. What's the news? Le Beau. Fair princess, you have lost much good sport.

Cel. Sport' of what colour?

Le Beau. What colour, madam? How shall I answer you?

Ros. As wit and fortune will.
Cel. Well said, that was laid on with a trowel. Touch. Nay, if I keep not my rank.

Ros Thou loosest thy old smell.

Le Beau. You amaze me, ladies: I would have told you of good wresting, which you have lost the sight of.

Ros. Yet tell us the manner of the wrestling Le Beau. I will tell you the beginning, and, if it please your ladyships, you may see the end, for the best is yet to do, and here, where you

are, they are coming to perform it. Cel. Well,-the beginning, that is dead and

hursed.

Le Beau. There comes an old man and his three sons,-

Cal. I could match this beginning with an

old tale.

Le Beau Three proper young men, of excellent growth and presence, with bills on their

Ros. Be it known unto all men by these pre-

sents,-

Le Beau The eldest of the three wrestled with Charles, the duke's wrestler; which Charles in a moment threw him, and bloke three of his ribs, that there is little hope of life in him: so he served the second, and so the third. Yonder they lie, the poor old man, their father, making such pitiful dole over them that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

Ros. Alas!

Touch. But what is the sport, monsieur, that the ladies have lost?

Le Beau. Why, this that I speak of.

Touch. Thus men may grow wiser every day! It is the first time that ever I heard breaking of ribs was sport for ladies.

Cel. Or I, I promise thee.

Ros. But is there any else longs to see this broken music in his sides? is there yet another dotes upon rib-breaking?-Shall we see this wrestling, cousin?

Le Beau. You must, if you stay here: for here is the place appointed for the wrestling, and

they are ready to perform it.

Cel. Yonder, sure, they are coming: let us now stay and see it.

Flourish. Enter DUKE FREDERICK, Lords, ORLANDO, CHARLES, and Attendants.

Duke F. Come on, since the youth will not be entreated, his own peril on his forwardness. Ros. Is yonder the man?

Le Beau. Even he, madam.

Cel. Alas, he is too young: yet he looks successfully

Duke F. How now, daughter, and cousin? are you crept hither to see the wrestling?

Ros. Ay, my liege: so please you give us leave. Duke F. You will take little delight in it, I can tell you, there is such odds in the men. pity of the challenger's youth I would fain dissuade him, but he will not be entreated. Speak to him, ladies; see if you can move him.

Cel. Call him hither, good Monsieur Le Beau.

Duke F. Do so; I'll not be by.

DUKE F. goes apart.

Le Beau. Monsieur the challenger, the princesses call for you.

Orl. I attend them with all respect and duty. Ros. Youngman, have you challenged Charles the wrestler?

Orl. No, fair princess; he is the general challenger. I come but in, as others do, to try with him the strength of my youth.

Cel Young gentleman, your spirits are too bold for your years. You have seen cruel proof of this man's strength: if you saw yourself with your eyes, or knew yourself with your judgment the fear of your adventure would counsel you to a more equal enterprise. We pray you, for your own sake, to embrace your own safety, and give over this attempt.

Ros. Do, young sir; your reputation shall not therefore be misprised we will make it our suit to the duke that the wrestling might not go forward.

Orl. I beseech you, punish me not with your hard thoughts: wherein I confess me much guilty, to deny so fair and excellent ladies anything But let your fair eyes and gentle wishes go with me to my trial. wherein if I be foiled. there is but one shamed that was never gracious; if killed, but one dead that is willing to be so: I shall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament me the world no injury. for m it I have nothing, only in the world I fill up a place, which may be better supplied when I have made it empty.

Ros. The little strength that I have, I would it were with you.

Cel. And mine to eke out hers.

Ros. Fare you well. Pray heaven, I be deceived in you! Cel. Your heart's desires be with you.

Cha. Come, where is this young gallant that is so desirous to lie with his mother earth?

Orl. Ready, sir; but his will hath in it a more modest working.

Duke F. You shall try but one fall.

Cha. No; I warrant your grace, you shall not entreat him to a second, that have so mightily persuaded him from a first.

Orl. You mean to mock me after; you should not have mocked me before: but come your ways.

Ros. Now, Hercules be thy speed, young man! Cel. I would I were invisible, to catch the strong fellow by the leg.

CHARLES and ORLANDO wrestle. Ros. O excellent young man! Cel. If I had a thunderbolt in mine eye, I can

tell who should down.

[CHARLES is thrown. Shout.

Duke F. No more, no more. Orl. Yes, I beseech your grace; I am not yet

well breathed. Duke F. How dost thou, Charles?

Le Beau. He cannot speak, my lord. Duke F. Bear him away.

[CHARLES is borne out.

What is thy name, young man?

Orl. Orlando, my hege; the youngest son of Sir Rowland de Bois.

Duke F. I would thou hadst been son to some Hath ta'en displeasure 'gainst his gentle niece, man else.

The world esteem'd thy father honourable, But I did find him still mine enemy: Ideed Thou shouldst have better pleas'd me with this Hadst thou descended from another house. But fare thee well, thou art a gallant youth; I would thou hadst told me of another father.

Exeunt DUKE F, Train, and LE BEAU. Cel. Were I my father, coz, would I do this? Orl. I am more proud to be Sir Rowland's calling

His voungest son; - and would not change that To be adopted heir to Frederick.

Ros. My tather loved Sir Rowland as his soul, And all the world was of my father's mind: Had I before known this young man his son, I should have given him tears unto entreaties, Ere he should thus have ventur'd.

Cel. Gentle cousin, Let us go thank him, and encourage him: My father's rough and envious disposition Sticks me at heart.—Sir, you have well deserv'd: If you do keep your promises in love But justly, as you have exceeded promise,

Your mistress shall be happy.

Gentleman, Giving him a chain from her neck Wear this for me; one out of suits with fortune, That could give more, but that her hand lacks means,-

Shall we go, coz?

Cel. Ay,-Fare you well, fair gentleman. Orl. Can I not say, I thank you? My better stands up Are all thrown down; and that which here Is but a quintain, a mere lifeless block.

Ros. He calls us back: my pride fell with my

fortunes:

I'll ask him what he would .- Did you call, sir?-Sir, you have wrestled well, and overthrown Sir, you nave with the More than your enemies.

Will you go, coz?

Ros. Have with you .- Fare you well.

Exeunt ROSALIND and CELIA. Orl. What passion hangs these weights upon my tongue?

I cannot speak to her, yet she urg'd conference. O poor Orlando! thou art overthrown: Or Charles, or something weaker, masters thee.

Re-enter LE BEAU.

Le Beau. Good sir, I do in friendship counsel

To leave this place. Albeit you have deserv'd High commendation, true applause, and love, Yet such is now the duke's condition, That he misconstrues all that you have done. The duke is humorous; what he is, indeed

More suits you to conceive than I to speak of. Orl. Ithank you, sir: and pray you, tell me this; Which of the two was daughter of the duke That here was at the wrestling? [manne

Le Beau. Neither his daughter, if we judge by But yet, indeed, the smaller is his daughter: The other is daughter to the banish'd duke, And here detain'd by her usurping uncle, To keep his daughter company; whose loves Are dearer than the natural bond of sisters. But I can tell you that of late this duke

Grounded upon no other argument

But that the people praise her for her virtues And pity her for her good father's sake; And, on my life, his malice 'gainst the lady

Will suddenly break forth.—Sir, fare you well! Hereafter, in a better world than this,

I shall desire more love and knowledge of you. Orl. I rest much bounden to you: fare you Exit LE BEAU. well!

Thus must I from the smoke into the smother; From tyrant duke unto a tyrant brother:-But heavenly Rosalind! Exit.

Scene III.—A Room in the Palace.

Enter CELIA and ROSALIND.

Cel. Why, cousin; why, Rosalind;-Cupid have mercy!-Not a word?

Ros. Not one to throw at a dog.

Cel. No, thy words are too precious to be cast away upon curs, throw some of them at me; come, lame me with reasons.

Ros. Then there were two cousins laid up; when the one should be lamed with reasons

and the other mad without any.

Cel. But is all this for your father:

Ros. No, some of it is for my father's child O, how full of briers is this working-day world! Cel. They are but burs, cousin, thrown upon thee in holiday foolery; if we walk not in the

trodden paths our very petticoats will catch them. Ros. I could shake them off my coat: these

burs are in my heart.

Cel. Hem them away. [have him. Ros. I would cry, if I could cry hem and Cel. Come, come, wrestle with thy affections. Ros. O, they take the part of a better

wrestler than myself.

Cel. O, a good wish upon youl you will try in time, in despite of a fall.—But, turning these jests out of service, let us talk in good earnest: is it possible, on such a sudden, you should fall into so strong a liking with old Sir Rowland's youngest son? dearly.

Ros. The duke my father loved his father Cel. Doth it therefore ensue that you should love his son dearly? By this kind of chase I should hate him, for my father hated his father

dearly; yet I hate not Orlando.

Ros. No, 'faith, hate him not, for my sake. Cel. Why should I not? doth he not deserve

Ros. Let me love him for that; and do you love him because I do .- Look, here comes the duke.

Cel. With his eyes full of anger.

Enter Duke Frederick, with Lords.

Duke F. Mistress, despatch you with your safest haste,

And get you from our court. Me, uncle? Ros.

You, cousin: Duke F. Within these ten days if that thou be'st found So near our public court as twenty miles, Thou diest for it.

I do beseech your grace, Ros. Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with me; If with myself I hold intelligence,

Or have acquaintance with mine own desires; If that I do not dream, or be not frantic,-As I do trust I am not,—then, dear uncle, Never so much as in a thought unborn

Did I offend your highness.

Dubo F. Thus do all traitors; If their purgation did consist in words, They are as innocent as grace itself: Let it suffice thee that I trust thee not.

Ros. Yet your mistrust cannot make me a traitor:

Tell me whereon the likelihood depends. Duke F. Thou art thy father's daughter; there's enough.

Ros. So was I when your highness took his dukedom;

So was I when your highness banish'd him: Treason is not inherited, my lord: Or, if we did derive it from our friends, What's that to me? my father was no traitor! Then, good my hege, mistake me not so much To think my poverty is treacherous.

Cel. Dear sovereign, hear me speak. [sake, Duke F. Ay, Celia: we stay'd her for your Else had she with her father rang'd along. Cel. I did not then entreat to have her stay:

It was your pleasure, and your own remorse: I was too young that time to value her; But now I know her: if she be a traitor Why so am I: we still have slept together, Rose at an instant, learn'd, play'd, eat together; And wheresoe'er we went, like Juno's swans, Still we went coupled and inseparable.

Duke F. She is too subtle for thee; and her smoothness

Her very silence, and her patience Speak to the people, and they pity her. Thou art a fool: she robs thee of thy name; And thou wilt show more bright and seem more virtuous

When she is gone: then open not thy lips; Firm and irrevocable is my doom Which I have pass'd upon her;—she is banish'd.

Cel. Pronounce that sentence, then, on me, my hege:

I cannot live out of her company. [yourself: Duke F. You are a fool .- You, niece, provide If you outstay the time, upon mine honour, And in the greatness of my word, you die.

[Exeunt DUKE F. and Lords.

Cel. O my poor Rosalind! whither wilt thou

Wilt thou change fathers? I will give thee mine. I charge thee, be not thou more griev'd than I

Ros. I have more cause.

Thou hast not, cousin; Pr'ythee, be cheerful; know'st thou not the duke

Hath banish'd me, his daughter?

That he hath not. Cel. No! hath not? Rosalind lacks, then, the

Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one: Shall we be sunder'd? shall we part, sweet girl? No; let my father seek another heir. Therefore devise with me how we may fly, Whither to go, and what to bear with us: And do not seek to take your change upon you, To bear your griefs yourself, and leave me out; For, by this heaven, now at our sorrows pale, Say what thou canst, I'll go along with thee.

Ros. Why, whither shall we go? Cel. To seek my uncle in the forest of Arden. Ros. Alas! what danger will it be to us.

Maids as we are, to travel forth so far?

Beauty provoketh thieves sooner than gold.

Cel. I'll put myself in poor and mean attire, And with a kind of umber smirch my face;

The like do you: so shall we pass along, And never stir assaulants.

Were it not better, Ros. Because that I am more than common tall.

That I did suit me all points like a man? A gallant curtle-axe upon my thigh, A boar spear in my hand; and,—in my heart Lie there what hidden woman's fear there will. We'll have a swashing and a martial outside, As many other mannish cowards have That do outface it with their semblances.

Cel. What shall I call thee when thou art a man? own page,

Ros. I'll have no worse a name than Jove's And, therefore, look you call me Ganymede. But what will you be call'd? state:

Cel. Something that hath a reference to my No longer Celia, but Ahena.

Ros. But, cousin, what if we assay'd to steal

The clownish fool out of your father's court? Would he not be a comfort to our travel?

Cel. He'll go along o'er the wide world with me;

Leave me alone to woo him. Let's away And get our jewels and our wealth together: Devise the fittest time and safest way To hide us from pursuit that will be made After my flight. Now go we in content To liberty, and not in banishment. Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I .- The Forest of Arden.

Enter DUKE Senior, AMIENS, and other Lords. in the dress of Foresters.

Duke S. Now, my co-mates and brothers in exile,

Hath not old custom made this life more sweet Than that of painted pomp? Are not these

woods More free from peril than the envious court? Here feel we but the penalty of Adam,— The seasons' difference: as the icy fang And churlish chiding of the winter's wind Which when it bites and blows upon my body, Even till I shrink with cold, I smile and say, This is no flattery: these are counsellors That feelingly persuade me what I am. Sweet are the uses of adversity; Which, like the toad, ugly and venemous, Wears yet a precious jewel in his head; And this our life, exempt from public haunt, Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks.

Sermons in stones, and good in everything. I would not change it.

Ami. Happy is your grace,

That can translate the stubbornness of fortune Into so quiet and so sweet a style. Duke S. Come, shall we go and kill us veni-And yet it irks me, the poor dappled fools,

Being native burghers of this desert city, Should, in their own confines, with forked heads Have their round haunches gor'd.

Indeed, my lord, The melancholy Jaques grieves at that; And, in that kind, swears you do more usurp Than doth your brother, that hath banish'd you. To-day my lord of Amiens and myself Did steal behind him as he lay along Under an oak, whose antique root peeps cut Upon the brook that brawls along this wood: To the which place a poor sequester'd stag, That from the hunters' aim had ta'en a hurt, Did come to languish; and, indeed, my lord, The wretched animal heav'd forth such greans, That their discharge did stretch his leathern coat Almost to bursting; and the big round tears Cours'd one another down his innocent nose In piteous chase: and thus the hairy foel, Much marked of the melancholy Jaques, Stood on the extremest verge of the swift brook, Augmenting it with tears.

Duke S. But what said Jaques? Did he not moralize the spectacle?

I Lord. O, yes, into a thousand similies. First, for his weeping into the needless stream; Poor deer, quoth he, thou mak'st a testament As worldlings do, giving thy sum of more To that which had too much: then, being there

alone,
Left and abandon'd of his velvet friends;
'Tis right, quoth he; thus misery doth part
The flux of company: anon, a careless herd,
Full of the pasture, jumps along by him,
And never stays to greet hum; Ay, quoth

Jaques,
Sweep on, you fat and greasy citizens;
'Tis just the fashion: wherefore do you look
Upon that poor and broken bankrupt there?
Thus most invectively he pierceth through
The body of the country, city, court,
Yea, and of this our life: swearing that we
Are mere usurpers, tryants, and what's worse,
To fright the animals, and to kill them up
In their assign'd and native dwelling-place.
Duke S. And did you leave him in this con-

templation? [menting 2 Lord. We did, my lord, weeping and com-

2 Lora. We did, my lord, weeping and com Upon the sobbing deer.

Duke S. Show me the place: I love to cope him in these sullen fits, For then he's full of matter.

2 Lord. I'll bring you to him straight. [Execunt.

SCENE II .- A Room in the Palace.

Enter Duke Frederick, Lords, and Attendants.

Duke F. Can it be possible that no man saw them?

It cannot be: some villains of my court Are of consent and sufferance in this.

r Lord. I cannot hear of any that did see her. The ladies, her attendants of her chamber, Saw her a-bed; and in the morning early They found the bed untreasur'd of their mistress. [50 oft

2 Lord. My lord, the roynish clown, at whom Your grace was wont to laugh, is also missing. Yea, providently caters for the spacrow,

Hesperia, the princess' gentlewoman, Confesses that she secretly o'erheard Your daughter and her cousin much commend The parts and graces of the wrestler That did but lately foil the sinewy Charles And she believes, wherever they are gone, That youth is surely in their company.

Duke F. Send to his brother; fetch that gallant hither:

If he be absent, bring his brother to me, I'll make him find him: do this suddenly; And let not search and inquisition quail To bring again these foolish runaways.

Exeunt.

Scene III .- Before Oliver's House.

Enter ORLANDO and ADAM, meeting.

Orl. Who's there?

Adam. What! my young master?—O, my gentle master!

O, my sweet master! O you memory Of old Sir Rowland! why, what make you here? Why are you virtuous? why do people love you? And wherefore are you gentle, strong, and valuant?

Why would you be so fond to overcome
The bony prizer of the humorous duke?
Your praise is come too swrifty home before you.
Know you not, master, to some kind of men
Their graces serve them but as enemies?
No more do yours; your virtues, gentle master,
Are sanctified and holy traitors to you.
O, what a world is this, when what is comely
Envenoms him that bears it!

Orl. Why, what's the matter?

Adam.

O unhappy youth,
Come not within these doors; within this roof
The enemy of all your graces lives:
Your brother,—no, no brother; yet the son—
Yet not the son; I will not call him son—
Of him I was about to call his father,—
Hath heard your praises; and this night he
means

To burn the lodging where you used to lie. And you within it: if he fail of that, He will have other means to cut you off; I overheard him and his practices. This is no place; this house is but a butchery: Abhor it, fear it, do not enter it. [me go? Ot.] Why, whither Adem, wouldst thou have

Orl. Why, whither, Adam, wouldst thou have Adam. No matter whither, so you come not here.

Orl. What, wouldst thou have me go and beg my food?

Or with a base and boisterous sword enforce A thievish living on the common road? This I must do, or know not what to do: Yet this I will not do, do how I can: I rather will subject me to the malice Of a diverted blood and bloody brother.

Adam. But do not so. I have five hundred crowns.

The thrifty hre I sav'd under your father, Which I did store to be my foster-nurse When service should in my old lumbs lie lame And unregarded age in corners thrown; Take that: and He that doth the ravens feed, Yea, providently caters for the sparrow,

Be comfort to my age! Here is the gold; All this I give you. Let me be your servant; Though I look old, yet I am strong and lusty: For in my youth I never did apply Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood; Nor did not with unbashful forehead woo The means of weakness and debility; Therefore my age is as a lusty winter, Frosty, but kindly: let me go with you; I'll do the service of a younger man In all your business and necessities. pears

Ork O good old man; how well in thee ap-The constant service of the antique world, When service sweat for duty, not for meed! Thou art not for the fashion of these times, Where none will sweat but for promotion; And having that, do choke their service up Even with the having: it is not so with thee. But, poor old man, thou prun'st a rotten tree, That cannot so much as a blossom yield In lieu of all thy pains and husbandry. But come thy ways, we'll go along together; And ere we have thy youthful wages spent We'll light upon some settled low content.

Adam. Master, go on; and I will follow thee To the last gasp, with truth and loyalty .-From seventeen years till now almost forescore Here lived I, but now live here no more. And seventeen years many their fortunes seek, But at fourscore it is too ate a week: Yet fortune cannot recompense me better Than to die well, and not my master's debtor. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- The Forest of Arden.

Enter ROSALIND in boy's clothes, CELIA dressed like a shepherdess, and Touchstone

Ros. O Jupiter! how weary are my spirits! Touch. I care not for my spirits if my legs

were not weary

Ros. I could find in my heart to disgrace my man's apparel, and to cry like a woman: but I must comfort the weaker vessel, as doublet and hose ought to show itself courageous to petucoat: therefore, courage, good Aliena.

Cel. I pray you, bear with me; I can go no

farther.

Touch. For my part, I had rather bear with you than bear you: yet I should bear no cross if I did bear you: for, I think, you have no money in your purse.

Ros. Well, this is the forest of Arden.

Touch. Ay, now am I in Arden: the more fool I; when I was at home I was in a better place; but travellers must be content.

Ros. Ay, be so, good Touchstone.—Look you, who comes here? a young man and an old in solemn talk.

Enter CORIN and SILVIUS.

Cor. That is the way to make her scorn you [love her! Sil. O Conn, that thou knew'st how I do Cor. I partly guess; for I have lov'd ere now. Sil. No, Corin, being old, thou canst not

guess; Though in thy youth thou wast as true a lover As ever sigh'd upon a midnight pillow:

But if thy love were ever like to mine,-

As sure I think did never man love so,-How many actions most ridiculous Hast thou been drawn to by thy fantasy?

Cor. Into a thousand that I have forgotten. Sil. O, thou didst then ne'er love so heartily: If thou remember'st not the slightest folly That ever love did make thee run into, Thou hast not lov'd:

Or if thou hast not sat as I do now, Wearying thy hearer in thy mistress' praise. Thou hast not lov'd:

Or if thou hast not broke from company Abruptly, as my passion now makes me,
Thou hast not lov'd: O Phebe, Phebe,

[Exit Silvius.

Ros. Alas, poor shepherd! searching of thy wound I have by hard adventure found mine own.

Touch. And I mine. I remember, when I was in love, I broke my sword upon a stone. and bid him take that for coming a-night to Jane Smile: and I remember the kissing of her batlet, and the cow's dugs that her pretty chapp'd hands had milk'd: and I remember the wooing of a peascod instead of her; from whom I took two cods, and, giving her them again, said with weeping tears, Wear these for my sake. We that are true lovers run into

strange capers; but as all .. mortal in nature so is all nature in love mortal in folly. of. Ros. Thou speak'st wiser than thou art 'ware Touch. Nay, I shall ne'er be 'ware of mine

own wit till I break my shins against it. Ros. Jove, Jove! this shepherd's passion Is much upon my fashion. stale with me.

Touch. And mine, but it grows something Cel. I pray you, one of you question youd man If he for gold will give us any food:

I faint almost to death. Touch. Holia, you clown!

Ros. Peace, fool; he's not thy kinsman. Cor. Who calls? Touch. Your betters, sir.

Cor Else are they very wretched. Ros. Peace, I sav.-

Good even to you, friend. Cor. And to you, gentle sir, and to you all. Ros. I pr'ythee, shepherd, if that love or gold Can in this desert place buy entertainment, Bring us where we may rest ourselves and feed: Here's a young maid with travel much op-

press'd. And faints for succor.

Cor. Fair, sir, I pity her. And wish, for her sake more than for mine own, My fortunes were more able to relieve her: But I am shepherd to another man, And do not shear the fleeces that I graze: My master is of churlish disposition, And little recks to find the way to heaven By doing deeds of hospitality: Besides, his cote, his flocks, and bounds of feed Are now on sale; and at our sheepcote now, By reason of his absence, there is nothing That you will feed on; but what is, come see,

And in my voice most welcome shall you be. Ros. What is he that shall buy his flock and pasture? [but erewhile, Cor. That young swain that you saw here

That little cares for buying anything.

Ros. I pray thee, if it stand with honesty, Buy thou the cottage, pasture, and the flock, And thou shalt have to pay for it of us.

Cel. And we will mend thy wages. I like this place,

And willingly could waste my time in it. Cor. Assuredly the thing is to be sold: Go with me: if you like, upon report The soil, the profit, and this kind of life, I will your very faithful feeder be, And buy it with your gold right suddenly. Exeunt.

Scene V .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter AMIENS, JAQUES, and others.

SONG.

Ami. Under the greenwood tree, Who loves to he with me, And tune his merry note
Unto the sweet bird's throat. Come hither, come hither, come hither; Here shall he see No enemy, But winter and rough weather.

Jaq. More, more, I pr'ythee, more. Ami. It will make you melancholy, Monsieur Jaques.

Jaq. I thank it. More. I pr'ythee, more. I can suck melancholy out of a song, as a weasel sucks eggs. More, I pr'ythee, more. Amı. My voice is ragged; I know I cannot

please you. Jag. I do not desire you to please me, I do desire you to sing. Come, more: another stanza: call you them stanzas?

Ami. What you will, Monsieur Jaques. Jaq. Nay, I care not for their names; they owe me nothing. Will you sing? [myself. myself.

Ami. More at your request than to please Jag. Well then, if ever I thank any man, I'll thank you: but that they call compliment is like the encounter of two dog-apes; and when a man thanks me heartily, methinks I have given him a penny, and he renders me the beggarly thanks. Come, sing; and you that

will not, hold your tongues.

Ami. Well, I'll end the song.—Sirs, cover the while: the duke will drink under this tree: -he hath been all this day to look you.

Jaq. And I have been all this day to avoid him. He is too disputable for my company: I think of as many matters as he; but I give heaven thanks, and make no boast of them. Come, warble, come.

SONG.

Who doth ambition shun, [All together here. And loves to live 1' the sun, Seeking the food he eats, And pleas'd with what he gets, Come hither, come hither, come hither; Here shall he see No enemy, But winter and rough weather.

Jaq. I'll give you a verse to this note, that I made yesterday in despite of my invention. Ami. And I'll sing it.

Jaq. Thus it goes:

If it do come to pass That any man turn ass Leaving his wealth and ease A stubborn will to please, Ducdame, ducdame, ducdame; Here shall he see Gross fools as he, An if he will come to Ami.

Ami. What's that ducdame? Jaq. 'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a circle. I'll go sleep, if I can; if I can-not, I'll rail against all the first-born of Egypt. Ami. And I'll go seek the duke; his ban-Exeunt severally. quet is prepared.

Scene VI.—Another part of the Forest.

Enter Orlando and Adam.

Adam. Dear master, I can go no farther: O,

I die for food! Here he I down, and measure out my grave. Farewell, kind master.

Orl. Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart in thee? Live a little; comfort a little; cheer thyself a little. If this uncouth forest yield anything savage, I will either be food for it or bring it for food to thee. Thy conceit is nearer death than thy powers. For my sake be comfortable: hold death awhile at the arm's end: I will here be with thee presently; and if I bring thee not something to eat, I'll give thee leave to die: but if thou diest before I come, thou art a mocker of my labour. Well said! thou look'st cheerily: and I'll be with thee quickly.- Yet thou liest in the bleak air: come, I will bear thee to some shelter; and thou shalt not die for lack of a dinner if there live anything in this desert. Cheerily, good Adam! Exeunt.

Scene VII .- Another part of the Forest. A Table set.

Enter DUKE Senior, AMIENS, and others.

Duke S. I think he be transform'd into a beast: For I can nowhere find him like a man.

I Lord. My lord, he is but even now gone hence;

Here was he merry, hearing of a song. Duke S. If he, compact of jars, grow musical, We shall have shortly discord in the spheres. Go, seek him; tell him I would speak with him.

I Lord. He saves my labour by his own approach.

Enter JAQUES.

Duke S. Why, how now, monsieur! what a life is this,

That your poor friends must woo your company? What! you look merrily.

Jaq. A fool, a fool!-I met a fool i' the forest, A motley fool;—a miserable world!— As I do live by food, I met a fcol, Who laid him down and bask'd him in the sun, And rail'd on Lady Fortune in good terms, In good set terms,—and yet a motley fool.

Good-morrow, fool, quoth I: No, sir, quoth he,
Call me not fool till heaven hath sent me fortune. And then he drew a dial from his poke, And, looking on it with lack-lustre eye, Says very wisely, It is ten o'clock: Thus may we see, quoth he, how the world wags. 'Tis but an hour ago since it was nine;
And after one hour more 'twill be eleven;
And so, from hour to hour, we ripe and ripe,
And then, from hour to hour, we rot and rot;
And thereby hangs a tale. When I did hear
The motley fool thus moral on the time,
My lungs began to crow like chanticleer,
That fools should be so deep contemplative;
And I did laugh, sans intermission,
An hour by his dial.—O noble fool!
A worthy fool!—Motley's the only wear.

Duke S. What fool is this?

Jaq. O worthy fool!—One that hath been a
courtier.

And says, if ladies be but young and fair, They have the gift to know it: and in his brain, Which is as dry as the remainder biscuit After avoyage,—he hath strange places cramm'd With observation, the which he vents In mangled forms.—O that I were a fool! I am ambitious for a motiley coat.

Duke S. Thou shalf have one.

Jag. It is my only suit, Provided that you weed your better judgments Of all opinion that grows rank in them That I am wise. I must have liberty Withal, as large a charter as the wind, To blow on whom I please; for so fools have: And they that are most galled with my folly, They most must laugh. And why, sir, must

they so?
The why is plain as way to parish church:
He that a fool doth very wisely hit
Doth very foolshly, although he smart,
Not to seem senseless of the bob, if not,
The wise man's folly is anatomiz'd
Even by the squandering glances of the fool.
Livest me in my motley; give me leave
To speak my mind, and I will through and through
Cleanse the foul body of the infected world,
If they will patiently receive my medicine.
Duke S. Fie on thee! I can tell what thou

wouldst do.

Jaq. What, for a counter, would I do but good?

Duke S. Most muschievous foul sin, in chid-

ing sin:
For thou thyself hast been a libertine,
As sensual as the brutish sting itself;
And all the embossed sores and headed evils
That thou with license of free foot hast cau

Jaq. Why, who cries out on gride,
That can therein tax any private party?
Doth it not flow as hugely as the sea,
Till that the weary very means do ebb?
What woman in the city do I name
When that I say, The city-woman bears
The cost of princes on unworthy shoulders?
Who can come in and say that I mean her,
When such a one as she, such is her neighbour?
Or what is he of basest function,
That says his bravery is not on my cost,—
Thinking that I mean him,—but therein suits
His folly to the metal of my speech?
There then; how then? what then? Let me see
wherein

My tongue hath wrong'd him: if it do him right, Then he hath wrong'd himself; if he be free, Why then, my taxing like a wild goose flies, Unclaim'd of any man.—But who comes here? Enter ORLANDO, with his sword drawn.

Orl. Forbear, and eat no more.

Jag. Why, I have eat none yet.

Orl. Nor shalt not, till necessity be serv'd.

Jaq. Of what kind should this cock come of?

Duke S. Art thou thus bolden'd, man, by
thy distress:

Or else a rude despiser of good manners, That in civility thou seem'st so empty? [point Orl. You rouch'd my vein at first: the thorny Of bare distress hath ta'en from me the show Of smooth civility; yet am I inland bred, And know some nurture. But forbear, I say; He dies that touches any of this fruit Till I and my affairs are answered.

Jaq. An you will not be answered with reason, I must die.

Duke S. What would you have? your gentleness shall force

More than your force move us to gentleness.

Orl. I almost die for food, and let me have it.

Duke S. Sit down and feed, and welcome to

our table. [you:
Orl. Speak you so gently? Pardon me, I pray
I thought that all things had been savage here,
And therefore put I on the countenance
Of stern commandment. But whate'er you are
That in this desert inaccessible,
Under the shade of melancholy boughs,
Lose and neglect the creeping hours of time;
If ever you have look'd on better days,
If ever you have look'd on better days,
If ever set at any good man's feast,
If ever from your eyelids wip'd a tear,
And know what 'tis to pity and be pitied,
Let gentleness my strong enforcement be:
In the which hope I blush, and hide my sword.

Duke S. True is it that we have seen better days,

And have with holy bell been knoll'd to church, And satat good men's feasts, and wip'd our eyes Of drops that sacred pity hath engender'd: And therefore sit you down in gentleness, And take upon command what help we have, That to your wanting may be minister'd.

Orl. Then but for bear your food a little while, Whiles, like a doe, I go to find my fawn, And give it food. There is an old poor man, Who after me hath many a weary step Limp'd in pure love: till he be first suffic'd,—Oppress'd with two weak evils, age and hunger,—I will not touch a bit.

Duke S.

Go find him out.

And we will nothing waste till your return.

Orl. I thank ye; and be bless'd for your good comfort!

[Exit.

Duke S. Thou seest we are not all alone unhappy;

This wide and universal theatre Presents more woeful pageants than the scene Wherein we play in.

Jag. All the world's a stage, And all the men and women merely players; They have their exits and their entrances; And one man in his time plays many parts, His acts being seven ages. At first the infant, Mewling and puking in the nurse's arms; Then the whining school-boy, with his satchel And shining morning face, creeping like snail

Unwillingly to school. And then the lover, Sighing like furnace, with a woeful ballad Made to his mistress' eyebrow. Then a soldier, Full of strange oaths, and bearded like the pard, Jealous in honour, sudden and quick in quarrel, Seeking the bubble reputation.

Even in the cannon's mouth. And then the

justice,
In fair round belly with good capon lin'd,
With eyes severe and beard of formal cut,
Full of wise saws and modern instances;
And so he plays his part. The sixth age shifts
Into the lean and slipper'd pantaloon,
With spectacles on nose and pouch on side;
His youthful hose, well saw'd, a world too wide
For his shrunk shank; and his big manly voice,
Turning again toward childish treble, pipes
And whistles in his sound. Last scene of all,

Sansteeth, sanseyes, sanstaste, sanseverything. Re-enter Orlando with Adam.

That ends this strange eventful history,

Is second childishness and mere oblivion;

Duke S. Welcome. Set down your venerable | And let my officers of such a nature burden.

And let him feed.

Orl. I thank you most for him.
Adam. So had you need:
I scarce can speak to thank you for myself.
Duke S. Welcome; fall to: I will not trouble

As yet, to question you about your fortunes.—Give us some music; and, good cousin, sing.

AMIENS sings.

SONG.

Blow, blow, thou winter wind,
Thou art not so unkind
As man's ingratitude;
Thy tooth is not so keen,
Because thou art not seen,
Although thy breath be rude.
Heigh-hol sing, heigh-hol unto the green holly:
Most friendship is feiguing, most loving mere folly:
Then, heigh-ho, the holly!
This life is most jolly.

п.

Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky,
That dost not bite so nigh
As benefits forgot:
Though thou the waters warp,
Thy sting is not so sharp
As friend remember'd not.
Heigh-ho! Sc. sing, heigh-ho! &c.

Duke S. If that you were the good Sir Rowland's son,—

As you have whisper'd faithfully you were, And as mine eye doth his effigies witness Most truly limi'd and living in your face,— Be truly welcome hither: I am the duke That lov'd your father. The residue of your fortune,

Go to my cave and tell me.—Good old man, Thou art right welcome as thy master is; Support him by the arm.—Give me your hand, And let me all your fortunes understand.

Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I .- A Room in the Palace.

Enter Duke Frederick, Oliver, Lords, and Attendants.

Duke F. Not seen him since? Sir, sir, that cannot be:

But were I not the better part made mercy, I should not seek an absent argument Off my revenge, thou present. But look to it: Find out thy brother wheresoe'er he is: Seek him with candle; bring him dead or living With this twelvemonth, or turn thou no more To seek a hving in our territory. Thy lands, and all things that thou dost call thine Worth seizure, do we seize into our hands, Till thou canst quit thee by thy brother's mouth Of what we think against thee.

Oli. O that your highness knew my heart in this!

I never lov'd my brother in my life.

Duke F. More villain thou.—Well, push him out of doors,

And let my officers of such a nature
Make an extent upon his house and lands:
Do this expediently, and turn him going.

(Exeun

Scene II.—The Forest of Arden.

Enter Orlando, with a paper.

Orl. Hang there, my verse, in witness of my love; [vey

And thou, thrice-crowned queen of night, surwith thy chaste eye, from thy pale sphere above, Thy huntress' name, that my full life doth sway. O Rosalind! these trees shall be my books, And in their barks my thoughts I'll character,

That every eye which in this forest looks
Shall see thy virtue witness'd everywhere.
Run, run, Orlando; carve on every tree.

The fair, the chaste, and unexpressive she. [Exit.

Enter CORIN and TOUCHSTONE.

Cor. And how like you this shepherd's life, Master Touchstone?

Touch. Truly, shepherd, in respect of itself, it is a good life; but in respect that it is a shepherd's life, it is naught. In respect that it is solitary, I like it very well; but in respect that it is private, it is a very vile life. Now in respect it is in the fields, it pleasethme well; but in respect it is not in the court, it is tedious. As it is a spare life, look you, it fix my humour well; but as there is no more plenty in it, it goes much against my stomach. Hast any philosophy in thee, shepherd?

scorn. No more but that I know the more one sickens the worse at ease he is; and that he that wants money, means, and content, is without three good friends; that the property of rain is to wet, and fire to burn; that good pasture makes fat sheep; and that a great cause of the night is lack of the sun; that he that hath learned no wit by nature nor art may complain of good breeding, or comes of a very dull kindred.

Touch. Such a one is a natural philosopher. Wast ever in court, shepherd?

Cor. No, truly. Touch. Then thou art damned.

Cor. Nay, I hope,

Touch. Truly, thou art damned; like an illroasted egg, all on one side.

Cor. For not being at court? Your reason. Touch. Why, if thou never wast at court thou never saw'st good manners; if thou never saw'st good manners, then thy manners must be wicked; and wickedness is sin, and sin is damnation. Thou art in a parlous state, shepherd.

Cor. Not a whit, Touchstone: those that are good manners at the court are as ridiculous in the country as the behaviour of the country is most mockable at the court. You told me you salute not at the court, but you kiss your hands; that courtesy would be uncleanly if courtiers were shepherds.

Touch. Instance, briefly; come, instance. Cor. Why, we are still handling our ewes; and their fells, you know, are greasy.

Touch. Why, do not your courtier's hands sweat? and is not the grease of a mutton as wholesome as the sweat of a man? Shallow, shallow: a better instance, I say; come.

Cor. Besides, our hands are hard.

Touch. Your lips will feel them the sooner. Shallow again: a more sounder instance; come.

Cor. And they are often tarred over with the surgery of our sheep; and would you have us kiss tar? The courtier's hands are perfumed with civet.

Touch. Most shallow man! thou wormsmeat, in respect of a good piece of flesh, indeed!-Learn of the wise, and perpend: civet is of a baser birth than tar,—the very uncleanly flux of a cat. Mend the instance, shepherd.

Cor. You have too courtly a wit for me: I'll rest.

Touch. Wilt thou rest damned? God help thee, shallow man! God make incision in thee! thou art raw.

Cor. Sir, I am a true labourer: I earn that I eat, get that I wear; owe no man hate, envy no man's happiness; glad of other men's good, content with my harm; and the greatest of my pride is, to see my ewes graze and my lambs suck.

Touch. That is another simple sin in you; to bring the ewes and the rams together, and to offer to get your living by the copulation of cattle: to be bawd to a bell-wether; and to betray a she-lamb of a twelvemonth to a crooked-pated, old, cuckoldly ram, out of all reasonable match. If thou be'st not damned for this, the devil himself will have no shep-herds; I cannot see else how thou shouldst scape.

Cor. Here comes young Master Ganymede. my new mistress' brother.

Enter ROSALIND, reading a paper.

Ros. From the east to western Ind,
No jewel is like Rosalind.
Her worth, being mounted on the wind,
Through all the world bears Rosalind.
All the pictures fairest lin'd.
Are but black to Rosalind.

Let no face be kept in mind But the fair of Rosalind.

Touch. I'll rhyme you so eight years to-gether, dinners, and suppers, and sleeping hours excepted: It is the right butter-woman's rank to market.

Ros. Out, fool! Touch. For a taste:-

> If a hart do lack a hind, Let him seek out Rosalind. If the cat will after kind. So, be sure, will Rosalind Winter garments must be lin'd, So must slender Rosalind. They that reap must sheaf and bind,-Then to cart with Rosalind. Sweetest nut hath sourcet rind, Such a nut is Rosalind. He that sweetest rose will find Must find love's prick, and Rosalind.

This is the very false gallop of verses; why do you infect yourself with them?

Ros. Peace, you dull fool! I found them on

Touch. Truly, the tree yields bad fruit. Ros. I'll graff it with you, and then I shall graff it with a mediar: then it will be the earliest fruit in the country: for you'll be rotten ere you be half ripe, and that's the right virtue of the medlar.

Touch. You have said; but whether wisely or no, let the forest judge.

Enter CELIA, reading a paper.

Ros. Peace! Here comes my sister, reading: stand aside!

Cel. Why should this a desert be?
For it is unpeopled? No; Tongues I'll hang on every tree, That shall civil sayings show: Some, how brief the life of man Runs his erring pilgrimage, That the stretching of a span Buckles in his sum of age. Some, of violated vows 'Twixt the souls of friend and friend: But upon the fairest boughs, Or at every sentence end, Will I Rosalinda write, Teaching all that read to know The quintessence of every sprite Heaven would in little show. Therefore heaven nature charg'd That one body should be fill With all graces wide enlarg'd; Nature presently distill'd Helen's cheek, but not her heart; Cleopatra's majesty; Atalanta's better part;
Sad Lucretia's modesty.
Thus Rosalind of many parts By heavenly synod was devis'd, Of many faces, eyes, and hearts, To have the touches dearest priz'd. Heaven would that she these gifts should have,

Ros. O most gentle Jupiter!—what tedious homily of love have you wearied your parishioners withal, and never cried, Have patience,

And I to live and die her slave.

good people! Cel. How now! back, friends;—shepherd, go off a little:-go with him, sirrah.

Touch. Come, shepherd, let us make an honourable retreat; though not with bag and baggage, yet with scrip and scrippage.

Exeunt CORIN and TOUCH.

Cel. Didst thou hear these verses? Ros. O yes, I heard them all, and more too;

for some of them had in them more feet than the verses would bear.

Cel. That's no matter; the feet might bear

Ros. Ay, but the feet were lame, and could not bear themselves without the verse, and therefore stood lamely in the verse.

Cel. But didst thou hear without wondering how thy name should be hanged and carved

upon these trees?

Ros. I was seven of the nine days out of the wonder before you came, for look here what I found on a palm tree: I was never so berhymed since Pythagoras' time, that I was an Irish rat, which I can hardly remember.

Cel. Trow you who hath done this?

Ros. Is it a man?

Cel. And a chain, that you once wore, about his neck. Change you colour?

Ros. I pray thee, who?

Cel. O lord, lord! it is a hard matter for friends to meet; but mountains may be removed with earthquakes, and so encounter.

Ros. Nay, but who is it?

Cel. Is it possible?

Ros. Nay, I pr'ythee now, with most petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is.

Cel. O wonderful, wonderful, and most wonderful wonderful! and yet again wonderful, and after that, out of all whooping!

Ros. Good my complexion! dost thou think, though I am caparisoned like a man, I have a doublet and hose in my disposition? One inch of delay more is a South-sea of discovery. pr'ythee, tell me, who is it? quickly, and speak apace. I would thou couldst stammer, that thou mightst pour this concealed man out of thy mouth, as wine comes out of a narrowmouthed bottle; either too much at once or none at all. I pr'ythee take the cork out of thy mouth, that I may drink thy tidings.

Cel. So you may put a man in your belly.

Ros. Is he of God's making? What manner

of man? Is his head worth a hat or his chin worth a beard?

Cel. Nay, he hath but a little beard.

Ros. Why, God will send more if the man will be thankful let me stay the growth of his beard if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin.

Cel. It is young Orlando, that tripped up the wrestler's heels and your heart both in an in-

Ros. Nay, but the devil take mocking: speak sad brow and true maid.

Cel. I' faith, coz, 'tis he.

Ros. Orlando?

Cel. Orlando.

Ros. Alas the day! what shall I do with my doublet and hose?-What did he when thou saw'st him? What said he? How look'd he? Wherein went he? What makes he here? Did he ask for me? Where remains he? How

parted he with thee? and when shalt thou see

him again? Answer me in one word.

Cel. You must borrow me Gargantua's mouth first: 'tis a word too great for any mouth of this age's size. To say ay and no to these particulars is more than to answer in a catechism.

Ros. But doth he know that I am in this forest, and in man's apparel? Looks he as freshly as he did the day he wrestled?

Cel. It is as easy to count atomies as to resolve the propositions of a lover:-but take a taste of my finding him, and relish it with good observance. I found him under a tree, like a dropped acorn.

Ros. It may well be called Jove's tree,

when it drops forth such fruit.

Cel. Give me audience, good madam.

Ros. Proceed.

Cel. There lay he, stretched along like a wounded knight.

Ros. Though it be pity to see such a sight,

it well becomes the ground. Cel. Cry, holla! to thy tongue, I pr'ythee; it curvets unseasonably. He was furnished

like a hunter. Ros. O, ominous! he comes to kill my heart. Cel. I would sing my song without a bur-

den: thou bring'st me out of tune. Res. Do you not know I am a woman? when

I think, I must speak. Sweet, say on.

Cel. You bring me out.—Soft! comes he not here?

Ros. 'Tis he: slink by, and note him. [CELIA and ROSALIND retire.

Enter Orlando and Jaques.

Jag. I thank you for your company; but, good faith, I had as hef have been myself alone. Orl. And so had I; but yet, for fashion's sake, I thank you too for your society. [as we can.

Jaq. God be with you: let's meet as little Orl. I do desire we may be better strangers. Jaq. I pray you, mar no more trees with

writing love-songs in their barks. Orl. I pray you, mar no more of my verses

with reading them ill-favouredly.

Jaq. Rosalind is your love's name? Orl. Yes, just.

Jag. I do not like her name.

Orl. There was no thought of pleasing you when she was christened?

Jaq. What stature is she of? Orl. Just as high as my heart.

Jag. You are full of pretty answers. Have you not been acquainted with goldsmiths'

wives, and conned them out of rings?

Orl. Not so; but I answer you right painted cloth, from whence you have studied your

questions.

Jaq. You have a nimble wit: I think it was made of Atalanta's heels. Will you sit down with me? and we two will rail against our mistress the world, and all our misery.

Orl. I will chide no breather in the world but myself, against whom I know most faults. Jaq. The worst fault you have is to be in

Orl. 'Tis a fault I will not change for your best virtue. I am weary of you.

Jaq. By my troth, I was seeking for a fool when I found you.

Orl. He is drowned in the brook; look but in, and you shall see him.

Jaq. There I shall see mine own figure.

Jag. There I shall see mine own ngure.
Orl. Which I take to be either a fool or a

Jag. Pll tarry no longer with you: farewell,

good Signior Love.

Orl. I am glad of your departure: adieu, good Monsieur Melancholy.

Exit JAQ .- CEL. and ROS. come forward. Ros. I will speak to him like a saucy lacquey, and under that habit play the knave with him.-Do you hear, forester?

Orl. Very well: what would you?

Ros. I pray you, what is't o'clock?

Orl. You should ask me what time o'day;

there's no clock in the forest. Ros. Then there's no true lover in the forest,

else sighing every minute and groaning every hour would detect the lazy foot of time as well as a clock.

Orl. And why not the swift foot of time? had

not that been as proper?

Ros. By no means, sir. Time travels in divers paces with divers persons. I will tell you who time ambles withal, who time trots withal, who time gallops withal, and who he stands still withal.

Orl. I pr'ythee, who doth he trot withal?

Ros. Marry, he trots hard with a young maid between the contract of her marriage and the day it is solemnized; if the interim be but a se'nnight, time's pace is so hard that it seems the length of seven years.
Orl. Who ambles time withal?

Ros. With a priest that lacks Latin and a rich man that hath not the gout: for the one sleeps easily, because he cannot study; and the other lives merrily, because he feels no pain; the one lacking the burden of lean and wasteful learning; the other knowing no burden of heavy tedious penury. These time ambles withal.
Orl. Who doth he gallop withal?

Ros. With a thief to the gallows; for though he go as softly as foot can fall, he thinks himself too soon there.

Orl. Who stays it still withal?

Ros. With lawyers in the vacation; for they sleep between term and term, and then they perceive not how time moves.

Orl. Where dwell you, pretty youth?

Ros. With this shepherdess, my sister; here in the skirts of the forest, like fringe upon a petticoat.

Orl. Are you a native of this place?

Ros. As the coney, that you see dwell where she is kindled.

Orl. Your accent is something finer than you could purchase in so removed a dwelling.

Ros. I have been told so of many: but indeed an old religious uncle of mine taught me to speak, who was in his youth an inland man; one that knew courtship too well, for there he fell in love. I have heard him read many lectures against it; and I thank God I am not a woman, to be touched with so many giddy offences as he hath generally taxed their whole sex withal.

Orl. Can you remember any of the principal evils that he laid to the charge of women?

Ros. There were none principal; they were all like one another as halfpence are; every one fault seeming monstrous till his fellow fault came to match it.

Orl. I pr'ythee, recount some of them. Ros. No; I will not cast away my physic but on those that are sick. There is a man haunts the forest that abuses our young plants with carving Rosalind on their barks; hangs odes upon hawthorns, and elegies on brambles; all, forsooth, deifying the name of Rosalind: if I could meet that fancymonger I would give him some good counsel, for he seems to have the quotidian of love upon him.

Orl. I am he that is so love-shaked: I pray

you, tell me your remedy.

Ros. There is none of my uncle's marks upon you; he taught me how to know a man in love: in which cage of rushes I am sure you are not prisoner.

Orl. What were his marks?

Ros. A lean cheek; which you have not: a blue eye and sunken; which you have not: an unquestionable spirit; which you have not; a beard neglected; which you have not: but I pardon you for that; for simply your having in beard is a younger brother's revenue:-then your hose should be ungartered, your bonnet unbanded, your sleeve unbuttoned, your shoe untied, and everything about you demonstrating a careless desolation. But you are no such man; you are rather point-device in your accoutrements; as loving yourself than seeming the lover of any other.

Orl. Fair youth, I would I could make thee believe I love.

Ros. Me believe it! you may as soon make her that you love believe it; which, I warrant, she is apter to do than to confess she does: that is one of the points in the which women still give the lie to their consciences. But, in good sooth, are you he that hangs the verses on the trees, wherein Rosalind is so admired?

Orl. I swear to thee, youth, by the

white hand of Rosalind, I am that he, that unfortunate he.

Ros. But are you so much in love as your rhymes speak? Orl. Neither rhyme nor reason can express

how much.

Ros. Love is merely a madness; and, I tell you, deserves as well a dark house and a whip as madmen do: and the reason why they are not so punished and cured is, that the lunacy is so ordinary that the whippers are in love too. Yet 1 profess curing it by counsel

Orl. Did you ever cure any so?

Ros. Yes, one; and in this manner. He was to imagine me his love, his mistress; and I set him every day to woo me: at which time would I, being but a moonish youth, grieve, be effeminate, changeable, longing, and liking; proud fantastical, apish, shallow, in constant, full of tears, full of smiles; for every passion something, and for no passion truly anything, as boys and women are for the most part cattle of this colour: would now like him, now loath him; then entertain him, then forswear him; now

my suitor from his mad humour of love to a loving humour of madness; which was, to forswear the full stream of the world, and to live in a nook nearly monastic. And thus I cured him; and this way will I take upon me to wash your liver as clean as a sound sheep's heart, that there shall not be one spot of love in't.

Orl. I would not be cured, youth.

Ros. I would cure you if you would but call me Rosalind, and come every day to my cote and woo me.

Orl. Now, by the faith of my love, I will:

tell me where it is.

Ros. Go with me to it, and I'll show it you: and, by the way, you shall tell me where in the forest you live. Will you go? forest you live.

Orl. With all my heart, good youth.

Ros. Nay, you must call me Rosalind .-Come, sister, will you go? [Exeunt.

Scene III .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter Touchstone and Audrey; Jaques at a distance observing them.

Touch. Come apace, good Audrey; I will fetch up your goats, Audrey. And how, Audrey? am I the man yet? Doth my simple feature content you?

Aud. Your features! Lord warrant us! what

features?

Touch. I am here with thee and thy goats, as the most capricious poet, honest Ovid, was among the Goths.

Jaq. O knowledge ill-inhabited! worse than Jove in a thatch'd house. Aside.

Touch. When a man's verses cannot be un-

derstood, nor a man's good wit seconded with the forward child understanding, it strikes a man more dead than a grest reckoning in a little room.—Truly, I would the gods had made thee poetical.

Aud. I do not know what poetical is: is it honest in deed and word? is it a true thing?

Touch. No, truly: for the truest poetry is the most feigning; and lovers are given to poetry; and what they swear in poetry may be said, as lovers, they do feign.

Aud. Do you wish, then, that the gods had

made me poetical?

Touch. I do, truly, for thou swear'st to me thou art honest; now, if thou wert a poet I might have some hope thou didst feign.

Aud. Would you not have me honest?

Touch. No, truly, unless thou wert hardfavoured; for honesty coupled to beauty is to have honey a sauce to sugar.

Jaq. A material fool! Aside.

Aud. Well, I am not fair; and therefore I pray the gods make me honest! Touch. Truly, and to cast away honesty upon

a foul slut were to put good meat into an unclean Aud. I am not a slut, though I thank the

gods I am foul.

Touch. Well, praised be the gods for thy foulness! sluttishness may come hereafter. But be it as it may be, I will marry thee and to that end I have been with Sir Oliver Martext, the vicar of the next village; who hath promised to

weep for him, then spit at him; that I drave meet me in this place of the forest, and to couple us.

Jaq. I would fain see this meeting. [Aside. Aud. Well, the gods give us joy!

Touch. Amen. A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, stagger in this attempt; for here we have no temple but the wood, no assembly but horn-beasts. But what though? Courage! As horns are odious, they are necessary. It is said. - Many a man knows no end of his goods: right; many a man has good horns and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowry of his wife; 'tis none of his own getting. Horns? Ever to poor men alone?—No, no; the noblest deer hath them as huge as the rascal. Is the single man therefore blessed? No: as a walled town is more worther than a village, so is the forehead of a married man more honourable than the bare brow of a bachelor: and by how much defence is better than no skill, by so much is a horn more precious than to want. Here comes Sir Oliver.

Enter SIR OLIVER MARTEXT.

Sir Oliver Martext, you are well met. Will you despatch us here under this tree, or shall we go with you to your chapel? (woman?

Sir Oli. Is there none here to give the Touch. I will not take her on gift of any man. Sir Oli. Truly, she must be given, or the

marriage is not lawful.

Jaq. [Discovering himself.] Proceed, proceed; I'll give her.

Touch. Good even, good Master What-ye-call't: how do you, sur? You are very well met: God 'ild you for your last company: I am very glad to see you:—even a toy in hand here, sir:—nay; pray be covered.

Jaq. Will you be married, motley?

Touch. As the ox hath his bow, sir, the horse his curb, and the falcon her bells, so man hath his desires; and as pigeons bill, so wedlock would be nibbling.

Jaq. And will you, being a man of your breeding, be married under a bush, hike a beggar? Get you to church and have a good priest that can tell you what marriage is: this fellow will but join you together as they join wainscot: then one of you will prove a shrunk panel, and like green timber, warp warp.

Touch. I am not in the mind but I were better to be married of him than of another: for he is not like to marry me well; and not being well married, it will be a good excuse for me hereafter to leave my wife. Aside.

Jag. Go thou with me, and let me counsel thee.

Touch. Come, sweet Audrey;

We must be married or we must live in bawdry. Farewell, good master Ohver!-Not,-

> O sweet Oliver, O brave Oliver. Leave me not behind thee;

But.-

Wind away,-Begone I say I will not to wedding with thee.

[Exeunt Jaq., Touch., and Aud.

Sir Oli. 'Tis no matter; ne'er a fantastical knave of them all shall flout me out of my call-Exit.

Scene IV .- Another part of the Forest. Before a Cottage.

Enter ROSALIND and CELIA. -

Ros. Never talk to me; I will weep. Cel. Do, I pr'ythee; but yet have the grace

to consider that tears do not become a man. Ros. But have I not cause to weep?

Cel. As good cause as one would desire; therefore weep.

Ros. His very hair is of the dissembling colour. Cel. Something browner than Judas's: marry, his kisses are Judas's own children.

Ros. I' faith, his hair is of a good colour. Cel. An excellent colour: your chestnut was ever the only colour.

Ros. And his kissing is as full of sanctity as

the touch of holy bread.

Cel. He hath bought a pair of cast lips of Diana: a nun of winter's sisterhood kisses not more religiously; the very ice of chastity is in them.

Ros. But why did he swear he would come this morning, and comes not?

Cel. Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him. Ros. Do you think so? Cel. Yes; I think he is not a pickpurse nor

a horse-stealer; but for his verity in love, I do think him as concave as a covered goblet or a worm-eaten nut.

Ros. Not true in love? [in. Cel. Yes, when he is in; but I think he is not Ros. You have heard him swear downright

Cel. Was is not is: besides, the oath of a lover is no stronger than the word of a tapster; they are both the confirmers of false reckonings. .. He attends here in the forest on the duke, your father.

Ros. I met the duke yesterday, and had much question with him. He asked me of what parentage I was; I told him, of as good as he; so he laughed and let me go. But what talk we of fathers when there is such a man as

Orlando?

Cel. O, that's a brave man! he writes brave verses, speaks brave words, swears brave oaths, and breaks them bravely, quite traverse, athwart the heart of his lover; as a puny tilter, that spurs his horse but on one side, breaks his staff like a noble goose: but all's brave that youth mounts and folly guides .- Who comes here?

Enter CORIN.

Cor. Mistress and master, you have oft in-

After the shepherd that complain'd of love, Who you saw sitting by me on the turf, Praising the proud disdainful shepherdess

Praising the process.

That was his mistress.

Well, and what of him? Cor. If you will see a pageant truly play'd, Between the pale complexion of true love And the red glow of scorn and proud disdain, Go hence a little, and I shall conduct you, If you will mark it.

Ros. O, come, let us remove: The sight of lovers feedeth those in love. Bring us unto this sight, and you shall say I'll prove a busy actor in their play. [Exeunt. Scene V .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter SILVIUS and PHEBE.

Sil. Sweet Phebe, do not scorn me; do not. Phebe:

Say that you love me not; but say not so In bitterness. The common executioner, Whose heart the accustom'd sight of death makes hard,

Falls not the axe upon the humbled neck But first begs pardon. Will you sterner be Than he that dies and lives by bloody drops?

Enter ROSALIND, CELIA, and CORIN, at a distance.

Phe. I would not be thy executioner: I fly thee, for I would not injure thee. Thou tell'st me there is murder in mine eye: 'Tis pretty, sure, and very probable, That eyes, -that are the frail'st and softest thing Who shut their coward gates on atomies,— Should be called tyrants, butchers, murderers! Now do I frown on thee with all my heart; And if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill

thee: Now counterfeit to swoon; why, now fall down; Or, if thou canst not, O, for shame, for shame, Lie not, to say mine eyes are murderers. Now show the wound mine eye hath made in thee: Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remains Some scar of it; lean but upon a rush, The cicatrice and capable impressure Thy palm some moment keeps; but now mine Which I have darted at thee, hurt thee not; Nor, I am sure, there is no force in eves That can do hurt.

Sil. O dear Phebe, If ever,-as that ever may be near,-You meet in some fresh cheek the power of fancy, Then shall you know the wounds invisible That love's keen arrows make.

Phe. But till that time Come not thou near me; and when that time

comes Afflict me with thy mocks, pity me not; As till that time I shall not pity thee.

Ros. [Advancing.] And why, I pray you? Who might be your mother

That you insult, exult, and all at once, Over the wretched? What though you have no beauty.

As, by my faith, I see no more in you Than without candle may go dark to bed,-Must you be therefore proud and pitiless? Why, what means this? Why do you look on me? I see no more in you than in the ordinary Of nature's sale-work:-Od's my little life, I think she means to tangle my eyes too!-No, faith, proud mistress, hope not after it; 'Tis not your inky brows, your black silk hair, Your bugle eyeballs, nor your cheek of cream, That can entame my spirits to your worship.— You foolish shepherd, wherefore do you follow her.

Like foggy south, puffing with wind and rain?

You are a thousand times a properer man Than she a woman. 'Tis such fools as you That make the world full of ill-favour'd children: Tis not her glass, but you that flatters her, And out of you she sees herself more proper Than any of her lineaments can show her,-But, mistress, know yourself; down on your knees,

And thank heaven, fasting, for a good man's love: For I must tell you friendly in your ear,-Sell when you can; you are not for all markets: Cry the man mercy; love him; take his offer. Foul is most foul, being foul to be a scoffer. So take her to thee, shepherd; - fare you well.

Phe. Sweet youth, I pray you chide a year together:

I had rather hear you chide than this man woo. Ros. He's fallen in love with her foulness, and she'll fall in love with my anger. If it be so, as fast as she answers thee with frowning looks, I'll sauce her with bitter words.—Why look you so upon me?

Phe. For no ill-will I bear you.

Ros. I pray you, do not fall in love with me, For I am falser than vows made in wine: Besides, I like you not .- If you will know my

house 'Tis at the tuft of olives here hard by.-Will you go, sister?-Shepherd, ply her hard .-Come, sister.—Shepherdess, look on him better, And be not proud; though all the world could

None could be so abus'd in sight as he. Come to our flock.

[Exeunt Ros., CEL., and COR. Phe. Dead shepherd! now I find thy saw of might,

Who ever lov'd that lov'd not at first sight?

Sil. Sweet Phebe,-Phe.

Ha! what say'st thou, Silvius? Sil. Sweet Phebe, pity me.

Phe. Why, I am sorry for thee, gentle Silvius. Sil. Wherever sorrow is, relief would be: If you do sorrow at my grief in love, By giving love, your sorrow and my grief

Were both extermin'd. [bourly? Phe. Thou hast my love: is not that neigh-

Sil. I would have you.

Why, that were covetousness. Silvius, the time was that I hated thee: And yet it is not that I bear thee love: But since that thou canst talk of love so well. Thy company, which erst was irksome to me, I will endure; and I'll employ thee too: But do not look for further recompense Than thine own gladness that thou art employ'd.

Sil. So holy and so perfect is my love And I in such a poverty of grace, That I shall think it a most plenteous crop To glean the broken ears after the man That the main harvest reaps: lose now and then A scatter'd smile, and that I'll live upon.

Phe. Know'st thou the youth that spoke to

me erewhile?

Sil. Not very well; but I have met him oft; And he hath bought the cottage and the bounds That the old carlot once was master of. [him; Phe. Think not I love him, though I ask for

'Tis but a peevish boy:-yet he talks well;-But what care I for words? yet words do well

Whenhethatspeaksthempleasesthosethathear. It is a pretty youth:-not very pretty:- [him: But, sure, he's proud; and yet his pride becomes He'll make a proper man: the best thing in him Is his complexion; and faster than his tongue Did make offence, his eye did heal it up. He is not tall; yet for his years he's tall; His legis but so-so; and yet 'tis well: There was a pretty redness in his lip; A little riper and more lusty red Than that mix'd in his cheek; 'twas just the

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difference Betwixt the constant red and mingled damask. There be, some women, Silvius, had they mark'd

hım

In parcels as I did, would have gone near To fall in love with him: but, for my part, I love him not, nor hate him not; and yet I have more cause to hate him than to love him: For what had he to do to chide at me? He said mine eyes were black, and my hair black And, now I am remember'd, scorn'd at me: I marvel why I answer'd not again: But that's all one; omittance is not quittance. I'll write to him a very taunting letter, And thou shalt bear it: wilt thou, Silvius? Sil. Phebe, with all my heart.

Phe. I'll write it straight, The matter's in my head and in my heart: I will be bitter with him, and passing short. Go with me, Silvius. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Forest of Arden.

Enter ROSALIND, CELIA, and JAQUES.

Jaq. I pr'ythee, pretty youth, let me be better acquainted with thee.

Ros. They say you are a melancholy fellow. Jaq. I am so; I do love it better than laughing. Ros. Those that are in extremity of either are abominable fellows, and betray themselves to every modern censure worse than drunkards.

Jaq. Why, 'tis good to be sad and say nothing. Ros. Why, then, 'tis good to be a post.

Jaq. I have neither the scholar's melancholy which is emulation; nor the musician's, which is fantastical; nor the courtier's, which is proud; nor the soldiers, which is ambitious; nor the lawyer's which is politic; nor the lady's, which is nice; nor the lover's, which is all these: but it is a melancholy of mine own, compounded of many simples, extracted from many objects: and, indeed, the sundry contemplation of my travels, in which my often rumination wraps me in a most humorous sadness.

Ros. A traveller! By myfaith, you have great reason to be sad: I fear you have sold your own lands to see other men's; then, to have seen much, and to have nothing, is to have rich eyes

and poor hands.

Jaq. Yes, I have gained my experience.

Ros. And your experience makes you sad: I had rather have a fool to make me merry than experience to make me sad; and to travel for it too.

Enter ORLANDO.

Orl. Good day, and happiness, dear Rosalind! Jaq. Nay, then, God be wi' you, an you talk in blank verse.

lisp and wear strange suits; disable all the benefits of your own country; be out of love with your nativity, and almost chide God for making you that countenance you are; or I will scarce think you have swam in a gondola. [Exit. Jaques.] Why, how now, Orlandol where have you been all this while? You a lover!— An you serve me such another trick, never come in my sight more.

Orl. My fair Rosalind, I come within an hour

of my promise.

Ros. Break an hour's promise in love! He that will divide a minute into a thousand parts, and break but a part of a thousandth part of a minute in the affairs of love, it may be said of him that Cupid hath clapped him o' the shoulder, but I warrant him heart-whole.

Orl. Pardon me, dear Rosalind.

Ros. Nay, an you be so tardy, come no more in my sight: I had as hef be woo'd of a snail.

Orl. Of a snail!

Ros. Ay, of a snail; for though he comes slowly, he carries his house on his head; a better jointure, I think, than you can make a woman: besides, he brings his destiny with him.

Orl. What's that?

Ros. Why, horns, which such as you are fain to be beholden to your wives for: but he comes armed in his fortune, and prevents the slander of his wife.

Orl. Virtue is no horn-maker; and my Rosa-

lind is virtuous.

Ros. And I am your Rosalind. Cel. It pleases him to call you so; but he hath a Rosalind of a better leer than you.

Ros. Come, woo me, woo me, for now I am in a holiday humour, and like enough to consent.-What would you say to me now, an I were your very very Rosalind?
Orl. I would kiss before I spoke.

Ros. Nay, you were better speak first; and when you were gravelled for lack of matter, you might take occasion to kiss. Very good orators, when they are out, they will spit; and for lovers lacking,-God warn us!-matter, the cleanliest shift is to kiss.

Orl. How if the kiss be denied?

Ros. Then she puts you to entreaty, and there begins new matter.
Orl. Who could be out, being before his be-

loved mistress? Ros. Marry, that should you, if I were your mistress; or I should think my honesty ranker

than my wit. Orl. What, of my suit?

Ros. Not out of your apparel, and yet out of your suit. Am not I your Rosalind?

Orl. I take some joy to say you are, because I would be talking of her.

Ros. Well, in her person, I say, I will not have

Orl. Then, in mine own person, I die.

Ros. No, faith, die by attorney. The poor world is almost six thousand years old, and in all this time there was not any man died in his own person, videlicet, in a love-cause. Troilus had his brains dashed out with a Grecian club; yet he did what he could to die before; and he

Ros. Farewell, monsieur traveller: look you is one of the patterns of love. Leander, he would have lived many a fair year, though Hero had turned nun, if it had not been for a hot midsummer-night; for, good youth, he went but forth to wash him in the Hellespont, and, being taken with the cramp, was drowned; and the foolish chroniclers of that age found it was Hero of Sestos. But these are all lies; men have died from time to time, and worms have eaten them, but not for love.

Orl. I would not have my right Rosalind of this mind; for, I protest, her frown might kill

Ros. By this hand, it will not kill a fly. But come, now I will be your Rosalind in a more coming-on disposition; and ask me what you will, I will grant it.

Orl. Then love me, Rosalind.

Ros. Yes, faith will I Fridays and Saturdays, and all.

Orl. And wilt thou have me? Ros. Ay, and twenty such. Orl. What say'st thou?

Ros. Are you not good? Orl. I hope so.

Ros. Why, then, can one desire too much of a good thing? - Come, sister, you shall be the priest, and marry us .- Give me your hand. Orlando:-- What do you say, sister?

Orl. Pray thee, marry us.

Cel. I cannot say the words. Ros. You must begin .- Will you, Or-

lando,-

Cel. Go to:---Will you, Orlando, have to wife this Rosalind? Orl. I will.

Ros. Then you must say,-I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.

Orl. I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.

Ros. I might ask you for your commission; but,—I do take thee, Orlando, for my husband: there's a girl goes before the priest; and, certainly, a woman's thoughts run before her actions.

Orl. So do all thoughts; they are winged. Ros. Now tell me how long you would have

her, after you have possessed her.

Orl. For ever and a day. Ros. Say a day, without the ever. No, no, Orlando; men are April when they woo, December when they wed: maids are May when they are maids, but the sky changes when they are wives. I will be more jealous of thee than a Barbary cock-pigeon over his hen; more clamorous than a parrot against rain; more new-fangled than an ape; more giddy in my desires than a monkey: will weep for nothing, like Diana in the fountain, and I will do that when you are disposed to be merry; I will laugh like a hyen, and that when thou art inclined to sleep.

Orl. But will my Rosalind do so?

Ros. By my life, she will do as I do.

Orl. O, but she is wise.

Ros. Or else she could not have the wit to do this: the wiser, the waywarder: make the doors upon a woman's wit, and it will out at the casement; shut that, and it will out at the

keyhole; stop that, 'twill fly with the smoke out at the chimney.

Orl. A man that had a wife with such a wit. he might say,-Wit, whither wilt?

Ros. Nay, you might keep that check for it, till you met your wife's wit going to your neighbour's bed. fthat?

Orl. And what wit could wit have to excuse Ros. Marry, to say, -- he came to seek you there. You shall never take her without her answer, unless you take her without her tongue. O, that woman that cannot make her fault her husband's occasion, let her never nurse her child herself, for she will breed it like a fool.

Orl. For these two hours, Rosalind, I will

leave thee.

Ros. Alas, dear love, I cannot lack thee two hours!

Orl. I must attend the duke at dinner: by two o'clock I will be with thee again.

Ros. Ay, go your ways, go your ways; I knew what you would prove; my friends told me as much, and I thought no less:—that flattering tongue of yours won me:-'tis but one cast away, and so,-come, death!-Two o'clock is your hour?

Orl. Ay, sweet Rosalind.

Ros. By my troth, and in good earnest, and so God mend me, and by all pretty oaths that are not dangerous, if you break one jot of your promise, or come one minute behind your hour, I will think you the most pathetical break-promise, and the most hollow lover, and the most unworthy of her you call Rosalind, that may be chosen out of the gross band of the unfaithful: therefore beware my censure, and keep your promise.

Orl. With no less religion than if thou wert

indeed my Rosalind: so, adie u!

Ros. Well, time is the old justice that examines all such offenders, and let time try: Exit ORLANDO. adieu!

Cel. You have simply misus'd our sex in your love-prate: we must have your doublet and hose plucked over your head, and show the world what the bird hath done to her own nest.

Ros. O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou didst know how many fathom deep I am in love! But it cannot be sounded: my affection hath an unknown bottom, like the bay of Portugal.

Cel. Or rather, bottomless; that as fast as

you pour affection in, it runs out.

Ros. No; that same wicked bastard of Venus, that was begot of thought, conceived of spleen, and born of madness; that blind rascally boy, that abuses every one's eyes, because his own are out, let him be judge how deep I am in love:—I'll tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of the sight of Orlando: I'll go find a shadow, and sigh till he come.

Cel. And I'll sleep. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Another part of the Forest. Enter JAQUES and Lords, in the habit of Foresters.

Jag. Which is he that killed the deer? 1 Lord. Sir, it was I.

Jaq. Let's present him to the duke, like a Roman conqueror; and it would do well to set the deer's horns upon his head for a branch of victory.-Have you no song, forester, for this purpose?

2 Lord. Yes, sir.

Jaq. Sing it; 'tis no matter how it be in tune, so it make noise enough.

What shall he have that kill'd the deer? His leather skin and horns to wear.

Then sing him home: [The rest shall bear this burden.

Take thou no scorn to wear the horn; It was a crest ere thou wast born.

1. Thy father's father wore it; 2. And thy father bore it:

All. The horn, the horn, the lusty horn, Is not a thing to laugh to scorn. Exeunt.

Scene III .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Ros. How say you now? Is it not past two o'clock? And here much Orlando! Cel. I warrant you, with pure love and

troubled brain, he hath ta'en his bow and arrows, and is gone forth-to sleep. Look, who comes here.

Enter SILVIUS.

Sil. My errand is to you, fair youth;-My gentle Phebe bid me give you this: Giving a letter.

I know not the contents; but, as I guess By the stern brow and waspish action Which she did use as she was writing of it. It bears an angry tenor: pardon me,

I am but as a guiltless messenger. letter. Ros. Patience herself-would startle at this And play the swaggerer; bear this, bear all:

She says I am not fair; that I lack manners; She calls me proud, and that she could not love me,

Were man as rare as Phoenix. Od's my will! Her love is not the hare that I do hunt: Why writes she so to me?-Well, shepherd, well, This is a letter of your own device.

Sil. No, I protest, I know not the contents: Phebe did write it.

Ros. Come, come, you are a fool, And turn'd into the extremity of love. I saw her hand: she has a leathern hand,

A freestone-colour'd hand: I verily did think That her old gloves were on, but 'twas her hands:

She has a huswife's hand: but that's no matter: I say she never did invent this letter: This is a man's invention, and his hand.

Sil. Sure, it is hers.

Ros. Why, 'tis a boisterous and a cruel style; A style for challengers: why, she defies me, Like Turk to Christian: woman's gentle brain Could not drop forth such giant-rude invention, Such Ethiop words, blacker in their effect Than in their countenance. Will you hear the

letter? Sil. So please you, for I never heard it yet;

Yet heard too much of Phebe's cruelty.

Ros. She Phebes me: mark how the tyrant He left a promise to return again writes. [Reads.]

Art thou god to shepherd turn'd, That a maiden's heart hath burn'd?

Can a woman rail thus?

Sil. Call you this railing?

Ros. Why, thy godhead laid apart, Warr'st thou with a woman's heart? Did you ever hear such railing?

> Whiles the eye of man did woo me, That could do no vengeance to me .-

Meaning me a beast.-

If the scorn of your bright eyne Have power to raise such love in mine , in me what strange effect Would they work in mild aspect? Whiles you chid me I did love; How then might your prayers move? He that brings this love to thee Little knows this love in me: And by him seal up thy mind; Whether that thy youth and kind Will the faithful offer take Of me, and all that I can make; Or else by him my love deny, And then I'll study how to die.

Sil. Call you this chiding? Cel. Alas, poor shepherd!

Ros. Do you pity him? no, he deserves no pity.—Wilt thou love such a woman?—What, to make thee an instrument, and play false strains upon thee! Not to be endured!—Well, go your way to her,—for I see love hath made thee a tame snake,—and say this to her;—that if she love me, I charge her to love thee: if she will not, I will never have her, unless thou entreat for her .- If you be a true lover, hence, and not a word; for here comes more company. Exit SILVIUS.

Enter OLIVER.

Oli. Good-morrow, fair ones: pray you, if vou know

Where in the purlieus of this forest stands A sheep-cote fenc'd about with olive trees?

Cel. West of this place, down in the neighbour bottom:

The rank of osiers, by the murmuring stream, Left on your right hand, brings you to the place. But at this hour the house doth keep itself; There's none within.

Oli. If that an eye may profit by a tongue, Then should I know you by description; Such garments, and such years. The boy is fair, Of female favour, and bestows himself Like a ripe sister: the woman low,

And browner than her brother. Are not you The owner of the house I did inquire for?

Cel. It is no boast, being ask'd, to say we are. Oli. Orlando doth commend him to you both; And to that youth he calls his Rosalind He sends this bloody napkin are you he? Ros. I am: what must we understand by

this? Oli. Some of my shame; if you will know of

What man I am, and how, and why, and where

This handkerchief was stain'd. Cel. I pray you, tell it.

Oli. When last the young Orlando parted

from you,

Within an hour, and, pacing through the forest, Chewing the food of sweet and bitter fancy, Lo, what befell! he threw his eye aside. And, mark, what object did present itself! Under an oak, whose boughs were moss'd with age,

And high top bald with dry antiquity, A wretched ragged man, o'ergrown with hair, Lay sleeping on his back: about his neck A green and gilded snake had wreath'd itself. Who, with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd

The opening of his mouth; but suddenly, Seeing Orlando, it unlink'd itself. And with indented glides did slip away Into a bush: under which bush's shade A lioness, with udders all drawn dry, Lay couching, head on ground, with cat-like watch, Ptis

When that the sleeping man should stir; for The royal disposition of that beast To prey on nothing that doth seem as dead: This seen, Orlando did approach the man, And found it was his brother, his elder brother.

Cel. O, I have heard him speak of that same brother;

And he did render him the most unnatural That liv'd 'mongst men.

And well he might so do. For well I know he was unnatural.

Ros. But. to Orlando:-did he leave him there, Food to the suck'd and hungry lioness?

Oli. Twice did he turn his back, and purpos'd so;

But kindness, nobler ever than revenge And nature, stronger than his just occasion, Made him give battle to the lioness, Who quickly fell before him, in which hurtling From miserable slumber I awak'd.

Cel. Are you his brother?

Ros. Was it you he rescued? Cel. Was't you that did so oft contrive to kill him?

Oli. 'Twas I; but 'tis not I: I do not shame To tell you what I was, since my conversion So sweetly tastes, being the thing I am.

Ros. But, for the bloody napkin?-Oli. When from the first to last, betwixt us two,

Tears our recountments had most kindly bath'd. As, how I came into that desert place;-In brief, he led me to the gentle duke, Who gave me fresh array and entertainment. Committing me unto my brother's love.

Who led me instantly unto his cave, There stripp'd himself, and here upon his arm The lioness had torn some flesh away,

Which all this while had bled; and now he fainted,

And cried, in fainting, upon Rosalind. Brief, I recover'd him, bound up his wound, And, after some small space, being strong at

He sent me hither, stranger as I am, To tell this story, that you might excuse His broken promise, and to give this napkin, Dy'd in his blood, unto the shepherd-youth That he in sport doth call his Rosalind.

Cel. Why, how now, Ganymede' sweet Ganymede!

Oli. Many will swoon when they do look on blood.

Cel. There is more in it:-Cousin-Ganymede!

Oli. Look, he recovers.

Ros. I would I were at home. Cel. We'll lead you thither:-

I pray you, will you take him by the arm?

Oli. Be of good cheer, youth: -you a man? --You lack a man's heart.

Ros. I do so, I confess it. Ah, sir, a body would think this was well counterfeited. I pray you, tell your brother how well I counterfeited. Heigh-ho!-

Oli. This was not counterfeit, there is too great testimony in your complexion that it was a passion of earnest.

Ros. Counterfeit, I assure you. Oli. Well, then, take a good heart, and counterfeit to be a man.

Ros. So I do: but, i' faith, I should have

been a woman by right. Cel. Come you look paler and paler: pray you, draw homewards,-Good sir, go with us. Oli. That will I, for I must bear answer back

How you excuse my brother, Rosalind. Ros. I shall devise something: but, I pray you, commend my counterfeiting to him.-Will Exeunt. you go?

ACT V.

Scene I .- The Forest of Arden.

Enter Touchstone and Audrey.

Touch. We shall find a time, Audrey;

patience, gentle Audrey.

Aud. Faith, the priest was good enough, for

all the old gentleman's saying

Touch. A most wicked Sir Oliver, Audrey, a most vile Martext. But, Audrey, there is a youth here in the forest lays claim to you.

Aud. Ay, I know who 'tis: he hath no interest in me in the world: here comes the man you mean.

Enter WILLIAM.

Touch. It is meat and drink to me to see a clown: By my troth, we that have good wits have much to answer for; we shall be flouting; we cannot hold.

Will. Good even, Audrey

Aud. God ye good even, William.

Will. And good even to you, sir.

Touch. Good even, gentle friend. Cover thy head, cover thy head; nay, pr'ythee, be covered. How old are you, friend?

Will. Five-and-twenty, sir.

Touch. A ripe age. Is thy name William?

Will. William, sir. Touch. A fair name. Wast born i' the forest

Will. Ay, sir, I thank God. frich?

Touch. Thank God; -- a good answer. Art Will. Faith, sir, so-so.

Touch. So-so is good, very good, very excellent good -and yet it is not; it is but so-so. Art thou wise?

Will. Ay, sir, I have a pretty wit.

Touch. Why, thou say'st well. I do now re-[ROSALIND faints. member a saying, The fool doth think he is wise, but the wise man knows himself to be a fool.

The heathen philosopher, when he had a desire to eat a grape, would open his lips when he put it into his mouth, meaning thereby that grapes were made to eat and hips to open. You do love this maid?

Will. I do, sir.

Touch. Give meyour hand. Artthoulearned? Will. No, sır.

Touch. Then learn this of me:-to have is to have; for it is a figure in rhetoric that drink. being poured out of a cupinto a glass, by filling the one doth empty the other; for all your writers do consent that ipse is he, now, you are

not ipse, for I am he. Will. Which he, sir?

Touch. He, sir, that must marry this woman. Therefore, you clown, abandon,—which is in the vulgar, leave,—the society,—which in the boorish is company, -of this female, -which in the common is woman,—which together is abandon the society of this female; or, clown, thou perishest; or, to thy better understanding, diest; or, to wit, I kill thee, make thee away, translate thy life into death, thy liberty into bondage: I will deal in poison with thee, or in bastinado, or in steel; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will o'er-run thee with policy; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty ways; therefore tremble, and depart.

Aud. Do, good William. Will. God rest you merry, sir. Exit.

Enter CORIN.

Cor. Our master and mistress seek you;

come away, away! Touch. Trip, Audrey, trip, Audrey,-I attend, I attend. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter ORLANDO and OLIVER.

Orl. Is't possible that, on so little acquaintance, you should like her? that, but seeing, you should love her? and, loving, woo? and, wooing, she should grant? and will you per-

sever to enjoy her?

Oli. Neither call the giddiness of it in question, the poverty of her, the small acquaintance, my sudden wooing, nor her sudden consenting; but say with me, I love Aliena; say, with her, that she loves me; consent with both, that we may enjoy each other: it shall be to your good; for my father's house, and all the revenue that was old Sir Rowland's, will I estate upon you, and here live and die a shepherd.

Orl. You have my consent. Let your wedding be to-morrow: thither will I invite the duke and all his contented followers. Go you and prepare Ahena, for, look you, here comes my Rosalind.

Enter ROSALIND.

Ros. God save you, brother.

Oli. And you, fair sister. Exit. Ros. O, my dear Orlando, how it grieves me to see thee wear thy heart in a scarf.

Orl. It is my arm.

Ros. I thought thy heart had been wounded with the claws of a hon.

Orl. Wounded it is, but with the eyes of a

Ros. Did your brother tell you how I counterfeited to swoon when he show'd me your handkercher.

Orl. Ay, and greater wonders than that. Ros. O, I know where you are:—nay, 'tis true: there was never anything so sudden but the fight of two rams and Caesar's thrasonical brag of-I came, saw, and overcame: for your brother and my sister no sooner met, but they looked; no sooner looked, but they loved; no sooner loved, but they sighed; no sooner sighed, but they asked one another the reason; no sooner knew the reason, but they sought the remedy: and in these degrees have they made a pair of stairs to marriage, which they will climb incontinent, or else be incontinent before marriage: they are in the very wrath of love, and they will together: clubs cannot part them.

Orl. They shall be married to-morrow; and I will bid the duke to the nuptial. But O, how bitter a thing it is to look into happiness through another man's eyes! By so much the more shall I to-morrow be at the height of heart-heaviness, by how much I shall think my brother happy

in having what he wishes for.

Ros. Why, then, to-morrow I cannot serve

your turn for Rosalind?

Orl. I can live no longer by thinking.

Ros. I will weary you, then, no longer with idle talking. Know of me, then,—for now I speak to some purpose,-that I know you are a gentleman of good conceit: I speak not this that you should bear a good opinion of my knowledge, insomuch I say I know you are; neither do I labour for a greater esteem than may in some little measure draw a belief from you, to do yourself good, and not to grace me. Believe, then, if you please, that I can do strange things: I have, since I was three year old, conversed with a magician, most profound in his art, and yet not damnable. If you do love Rosalind so near the heart as your gesture cries it out, when your brother marries Aliena, shall you marry her:-I know into what straits of fortune she is driven; and it is not impossible to me, if it appear not inconvenient to you, to set her before your eyes to-morrow, human as she is, and without any danger.

Orl. Speak'st thou in sober meanings?

Ros. By my life, I do; which I tender dearly, though I say I am a magician. Therefore, put you in your best array, bid your friends; for if you will be married to-morrow, you shall; and to Rosalind, if you will. Look, here comes a lover of mine, and a lover of hers.

Enter SILVIUS and PHEBE.

Phe. Youth, you have done me much ungentleness,

To show the letter that I writ to you. Ros. I care not, if I have: it is my study To seem despiteful and ungentle to you: You are there follow'd by a faithful shepherd; Look upon him, love him; he worships you.

Phe. Good shepherd, tell this youth what 'tis to love.

Sil. It is to be all made of sighs and tears:

And so am I for Phebe.

Phe. And I for Ganymede.

Orl. And I for Rosalind. Ros. And I for no woman

Sil. It is to be all made of faith and service:-And so am I for Phebe.

Phe. And I for Ganymede. Orl. And I for Rosalind.

Ros. And I for no woman.
Sil. It is to be all made of fantasy All made of passion, and all made of wishes;

All adoration, duty, and obedience, All humbleness, all patience, and impatience, All purity, all trial, all observance;— And so am I for Phebe.

Phe. And so am I for Ganymede. Orl. And so am I for Rosalind. Ros. And so am I for no woman.

Phe. If this be so, why blame you me to love you? [To ROSALIND.

Sil. If this be so, why blame you me to love you? To PHEBE.

Orl. If this be so, why blame you me to love you? Ros. Why do you speak too, - Why blame

you me to love you? [hear. Orl. To her that is not here, nor doth not Ros. Pray you, no more of this; 'tis like the howling of Irish wolves against the moon.-I will help you [to SILVIUS] if I can:—I would love you [to PHEBE] if I could.—To-morrow meet me all together .- I will marry you [to PHEBE] if ever I marry woman, and I'll be married to-morrow:-I will satisfy you [to OR-LANDO] if ever I satisfied man, and you shall be married to-morrow:- I will content you [to SILVIUS] if what pleases you contents you, and you shall be married to-morrow.--As you Ito ORLANDO] love Rosalind, meet;—as you [to Silvius] love Phebe, meet; and as I love no woman, I'll meet.—So, fare you well; I have

left you commands. Sil. I'll not fail, if I live.

Phe. Orl.

Nor I. Nor I. [Exeunt.

Scene III .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.

Touch. To-morrow is the joyful day, Audrey; to-morrow will we be married.

Aud. I do desire it with all my heart: and I hope it is no dishonest desire to desire to be a woman of the world. Here come two of the banished duke's pages.

Enter two Pages.

I Page. Well met, honest gentleman.
Touch. By my troth, well met. Come sit,

sit, and a song.

2 Page. We are for you: sit i' the middle. I Page. Shall we clap into't roundly, without hawking, or spitting, or saying we are hourse, which are the only prologues to a bad voice?

2 Page. I' faith, i' faith; and both in a tune. like two gypsies on a horse.

SONG.

It was a lover and his lass, With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino, That o'er the green corn-field did pass

In the spring time, the only pretty ring time, When birds do sing, hey ding a ding, ding: Sweet lovers love the spring.

Between the acres of the rye, With a hey, and a ho, and a hey uonino, These pretty country folks would he, In the spring time, &c.

III.

This carol they began that hour, With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino, How that a life was out a flower In the spring time, &c.

And therefore take the present time, With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino, For love is crowned with the prime In the spring time, Bc.

Touch. Truly, young gentlemen, though there was no great matter in the ditty, yet the note was very untimeable.

r Page. You are deceived, sir; we kept time, we lost not our time.

Touch. By my troth, yes; I count it but time lost to hear such a foolish song. God be with you; and God mend your voices! Come, Audrey. Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter DUKE Senior, AMIENS, TAQUES, OR-LANDO, OLIVER, and CELIA.

Duke S. Dost thou believe, Orlando, that the boy

Can do all this that he hath promised?

Orl. I sometimes do believe and sometimes fear. do not:

As those that fear they hope, and know they

Enter ROSALIND, SILVIUS, and PHEBE.

Ros. Patience once more, whiles our compact is urg'd: --

You say, if I bring in your Rosalind,

[To the DUKE.

You will bestow her on Orlando here? Duke S. That would I, had I kingdoms to

give with her. Ros. And you say you will have her, when I bring her? [To ORLANDO.

Orl. That would I, were I of all kingdoms king.

Ros. You say you'll marry me if I be willing? such dulcet diseases. To PHEBE. Phe. That will I, should I die the hour after. you find the quarrel on the seventh cause?

Ros. But if you do refuse to marry me, herd?

Phe. So is the bargain.

will?

Sil. Though to have her and death were both one thing.

23 I

Ros. I have promis'd to make all this matter even.

Keep you your word, O duke, to give your daughter;-

You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter;-Keep you your word, Phebe, that you'll

marry me; Or else, refusing me, to wed this shepherd:— Keep your word, Silvius, that you'll marry her

If she refuse me: -and from hence I go, To make these doubts all even.

[Exeunt ROSALIND and CELIA. Duke S. I do remember in this shepherdboy

Some lively touches of my daughter's favour. Orl. My lord, the first time that I ever saw him,

Methought he was a brother to your daughter: But, my good lord, this boy is forest-born, And hath been tutor'd in the rudiments Of many desperate studies by his uncle, Whom he reports to be a great magician, Obscured in the circle of this forest.

Jaq. There is, sure, another flood toward, and these couples are coming to the ark. Here comes a pair of very strange beasts, which in all tongues are called fools.

Enter Touchstone and Audrey.

Touch. Salutation and greeting to you all! Jaq. Good my lord, bid him welcome. This is the motley-minded gentleman that I have so often met in the forest: he hath been a courtier, he swears.

Touch. If any man doubt that, let him put me to my purgation. I have trod a measure, I have flattered a lady; I have been politic with my friend, smooth with mine enemy; I have undone three tailors; I have had four quarrels, and like to have fought one.

Jaq. And how was that ta'en up?

Touch. Faith, we met, and found the quarrel was upon the seventh cause.

Jaq. How seventh cause? Good my lord, like this fellow.

Duke S. I like him very well.

Touch. God 'ild you, sir; I desire you of the like. I press in here, sir, amongst the rest of the country copulatives, to swear and to forswear; according as marriage binds and blood breaks:-A poor virgin, sir, an ill-favoured thing, sir, but mine own; a poor humour of mine, sir, to take that that no man else will: rich honesty dwells like a miser, sir, in a poorhouse; as your pearl in your foul oyster.

Duke S. By my faith, he is very swift and sententious.

Touch. According to the fool's bolt, sir, and

Jag. But, for the seventh cause; how did

Touch. Upon a lie seven times removed;-You'll give yourself to this most faithful shepher your body more seeming, Audrey:—as thus, sir, I did dislike the cut of a certain courtier's beard; he sent me word, if I said his Ros. You say that you'll have Phebe, if she beard was not cut well, he was in the mind it [To Silvius. was; this is called the Retort courteous. If I

sent him word again, it was not well cut, he would send me word he cutit to please himself this is called the *Quip modest*. If again, it was not well cut, he disabled my judgment: this is called the Reply churlish. If again, it was no well cut, he would answer, I spake not true this is called the Reproof valuant. If again, i was not well cut, he would say, I he: this is called the Countercheck quarrelsome: and so to the Lie circumstantial, and the Lie direct.

Jaq. And how oft did you say his beard was

not well cut?

Touch. I durst go no farther than the Lie circumstantial, nor he durst not give me the Lie direct; and so we measured swords and

Jag. Can you nominate in order now the de-

grees of the lie?

Touch. O, sir, we quarrel in print by the book, as you have books for good manners:I will name you the degrees. The first, the Retort courteous; the second, the Quip modest; the third, the Reply churlish; the fourth, the Reproof valuant; the fifth, the Countercheck quarrelsome; the sixth, the Lie with circumstance; the seventh, the Lie direct. All these you may avoid but the lie direct; and you may avoid that too with an If. I knew when seven justices could not take up a quarrel; but when the parties were met themselves, one of them thought but of an If, as If you said so, then I said so; and they shook hands, and swore brothers. Your If is the only peace-maker: much virtue in If.

Jaq. Is not this a rare fellow, my lord? he's as good as anything, and yet a fool.

Duke S. He uses his folly like a stalking-

horse, and under the presentation of that he shoots his wit.

Enter Hymen leading Rosalind in woman's clothes; and CELIA.

Still Music.

Hym. Then is there mirth in heaven, When earthly things made even Atone together. Good duke, receive thy daughter: Hymen from heaven brought her, Yea, brought her hither, That thou mightst join her hand with his, Whose heart within her bosom is.

Ros. To you I give myself, for I am yours. To DUKE S. To you I give myself, for I am yours.

Duke S. If there be truth in sight, you are my daughter.

[To ORLANDO.

Orl. If there be truth in sight, you are my Rosalind.

Phe. If sight and shape be true, Why, then, my love, adieu!

Ros. I'll have no father, if you be not he:—

To DUKE S. I'll have no husband, if you be not he:-

To ORLANDO. Nor e'er wed woman, if you be not she. To PHEBE.

Hym. Peace, ho! I bar confusion: 'Tis I must make conclusion Of these most strange events:

Here's eight that must take hands. To join in Hymen's bands, If truth holds true contents. You and you no cross shall part. [To ORLANDO and ROSALIND. You and you are heart in heart:

ACT V.

To OLIVER and CELIA. You to his love must accord, [To PHEBE.

Or have a woman to your lord: You and you are sure together, To Touchstone and Audrey.

As the winter to foul weather. Whiles a wedlock-hymn we sing, Feed yourselves with questioning That reason wonder may diminish, How thus we met, and these things finish.

SONG.

Wedding is great Jung's crown;
O blessed bond of board and bed! 'Tis Hymen peoples every town; High wedlock, then, he honoured; Honour, high honour and renown, To Hymen, god of every town!

Duke S. O my dear niece, welcome thou art to me!

Even daughter, welcome in no less degree. Phe. I will not eat my word, now thou art mine;

Thy faith my fancy to thee doth combine. [To SILVIUS,

Enter JAQUES DE BOIS.

Jaq. de B. Let me have audience for a wordor two;

I am the second son of old Sir Rowland That bring these tidings to this fair assembly: Duke Frederick, hearing how that every day Men of great worth resorted to this forest, Address'd a mighty power; which were on

foot. In his own conduct, purposely to take His brother here, and put him to the sword: And to the skirts of this wild wood he came: Where, meeting with an old religious man, After some question with him, was converted Both from his enterprise and from the world; His crown bequeathing to his banish'd brother,

And all their lands restored to them again That were with him exil'd. This to be true I do engage my life.

Duke S. Welcome, young man: Thou offer'st fairly to thy brother's wedding: To one, his lands withheld, and to the other, A land itself at large, a potent dukedom. First, in this forest, let us do those ends That here were well begun and well begot: And after, every of this happy number, That have endur'd shrewd days and nights with

Shall share the good of our returned fortune. According to the measure of their states. Meantime, forget this new-fall'n dignity, And fall into our rustic revelry.-Play, music!—and you, brides and bridegrooms With measure heap'd enjoy, to the measures [rightly, fall.

Jaq. Sir, by your patience. If I heard you The duke hath put on a religious life, And thrown into neglect the pompous court?

Jaq. de B. He hath.

Jag. To him will I: out of these convertites There is much matter to be heard and learn'd .-You to your former honour I bequeath; To DUKE S.

Your patience and your virtue well deserves 1t:-

You [to ORLANDO] to a love that your true faith doth ment:-

You [to OLIVER] to your land, and love, and great allies:-You [to Silvius] to a long and well-deserved

bed:thy loving voyage

Is but for two months victual'd .- So to your pleasures; I am for other than for dancing measures.

have

I'll stay to know at your abandon'd cave. Duke S. Proceed, proceed, we will begin

these rites, As we do trust they'll end, in true delights. A dance.

EPILOGUE.

Ros. It is not the fashion to see the lady the epilogue; but it is no more unhandsome than to see the lord the prologue. If it be true that good wine needs no bush, 'tis true that a good play needs no epilogue. Yet to good wine they do use good bushes; and good plays prove the better by the help of good epilogues. What a case am I in, then, that am neither a good epilogue nor cannot insinuate with you in the behalf of a good play! I am not furnished like a beggar; therefore to beg will not become me: my way is to conjure you; and I'll begin with And you [to Touchstone] to wranging; for the women. I charge you, O women, for the love you bear to men, to like as much of this play as please you: and I charge you, O men, for the love you bear to women,—as I perceive by your simpering, none of you hates them,-Duke S. Stay, Jaques, stay. that between you and the women the play may Jaq. To see no pastime I: what you would please. If I were a woman, I would kiss as many of you as had beards that pleased me, complexions that liked me, and breaths that I defied not: and, I am sure, as many as have good beards, or good faces, or sweet breaths, will, for my kind offer, when I make curtsy, bid me farewell.

[Exeunt.

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL

PERSONS REPRESENTED

King of France.
Duke of Florence.
Bertram, Count of Rousillon.
Lafeu, an old Lord.
Parolles, a Follower of Bertram.
Several young French Lords, that serve with
Bertram in the Florentine War.

Steward, Clown, A Page, SILLON.

Countess of Rousillon, Mother to Ber-

HELENA, a Gentlewoman protected by the COUNTESS.

An old Widow of Florence.

DIANA, Daughter to the Widow.

VIOLENTA, Neighbours and Friends to the MARIANA, Widow.

Lords attending on the KING; Officers, Soldiers, &c., French and Florentine.

Scene,-Partly in France, and partly in Tuscany.

ACT I.

SCENE I.—ROUSILLON. A Room in the COUNTESS' Palace.

Enter BERTRAM, the COUNTESS OF ROUSIL-LON, HELENA, and LAFEU, in mourning.

Count. In delivering my son from me, I bury a second husband.

Ber. And I, in going, madam, weep o'er my father's death anew: but I must attend his majesty's command, to whom I am now in ward, evermore in subjection.

Laf. You shall find of the king a husband, madam;—you, sir, a father: he that so generally is at all times good, must of necessity hold his virtue to you; whose worthiness would stir it up where it wanted, rather than lack it where there is such abundance.

Count. What hope is there of his majesty's amendment?

Laf. He hath abandoned his physicians, madam; under whose practices he hath persecuted time with hope; and finds no other advantage in the process but only the losing of hope by time.

Count. This young gentlewoman had a father—O, that had! how sad a passage 'tis!—whose skill was almost as great as his honesty; had it stretched so far, would have made nature immortal, and death should have play for lack of work. Would, for the king's sake, he were living! I think it would be the death of the

king's disease.

Laf. How called you the man you speak of,

Count. He was famous, sir, in his profession, and it was his great right to be so,—Gerard de Narbon.

Laf. He was excellent, indeed, madam: the king very lately spoke of him admiringly and mourningly: he was skilful enough to have lived still, if knowledge could be set up against mortality.

Ber. What is it, my good lord, the king lan-

guishes of?

Laf. A fistula, my lord.

Ber. I heard not of it before.

Laf. I would it were not notorious.—Was this gentlewoman the daughter of Gerard de

Count. His sole child, my lord; and bequeathed to my overlooking. I have those hopes of her good that her education promises: her dispositions she inherits, which make fair gifts fairer; for where an unclean mind carries virtuous qualities, there commendations go with pity,-they are virtues and traitors too: in her they are the better for their simpleness; she derives her honesty, and achieves her goodness.

Laf. Your commendations, madam, get from

her tears.

Count. 'Tis the best brine a maiden can season her praise in. The remembrance of her father never approaches her heart but the tyranny of her sorrows takes all livelihood from her cheek. No more of this, Helena, -go to, no more; lest it be rather thought you affect a sorrow than to have.

Hel. I do affect a sorrow indeed; but I have

Laf. Moderate lamentation is the right of the dead; excessive grief the enemy to the living.

Count. If the living be enemy to the grief, the excess makes it soon mortal

Ber. Madam, I desire your holy wishes. Laf. How understand we that?

Count. Be thou blest, Bertram! and succeed

thy father In manners, as in shape! thy blood and virtue Contend for empire in thee, and thy goodness Share with thy birthright! Love all, trust a few, Do wrong to none: be able for thine enemy Rather in power than use; and keep thy friend Under thy own life's key: be check'd for silence, But never tax'd for speech. What heaven more

That thee may furnish and my prayers pluck Fall on thy head! Farewell.—My lord, 'Tis an unseason'd courtier; good my lord,

Advise him. He cannot want the best

That shall attend his love.

Count. Heaven bless him!—Farewell. Ber-[Exit COUNTESS. tram.

Ber. The best wishes that can be forged in your thoughts [to HELENA] be servants to you! Be comfortable to my mother, your mistress, and make much of her.

Laf. Farewell, pretty lady: you must hold the credit of your father.

Exeunt BER. and LAF. Hel. O, were that all!—I think not on my father: [more

And these great tears grace his remembrance | Than those I shed for him. What was he like? I have forgot him; my imagination

Carries no favour in't but Bertram's. I am undone: there is no hving, none, If Bertram be away. It were all one That I should love a bright particular star, And think to wed it, he is so above me: In his bright radiance and collateral light Must I be comforted, not in his sphere. The ambition in my love thus plagues itself: The hind that would be mated by the lion Must die for love. 'Twas pretty, though a plague,

To see him every hour; to sit and draw His arched brows, his hawking eye, his curls, In our heart's table,—heart too capable Of every line and trick of his sweet favour: But now he's gone, and my idolatrous fancy Must sanctify his relics. Who comes here? One that goes with him: I love him for his sake:

And yet I know him a notorious liar, Think him a great way fool, solely a coward. Yet these fix'd evils sit so fit in him That they take place when virtue's steely bones Look bleak i' the cold wind: withal, full oft we see

Cold wisdom waiting on superfluous folly.

Enter Parolles.

Par. Save you, fair queen!

Hel. And you, monarch!

Par. No. Hel. And no.

Par. Are you meditating on virginity? Hel. Ay. You have some stain of soldier in

you: let me ask you a question. Man is enemy to virginity; how may we barricado it against him?

Par. Keep him out.

Hel. But he assails; and our virginity, though valuant in the defence, yet is weak: unfold to us some warlike resistance.

Par. There is none: man, sitting down before you, will undermine you, and blow you up, Hel. Bless our poor virginity from underminers and blowers-up!-Is there no multary policy how virgins might blow up men?

Par. Virginity being blown down, man will quicklier be blown up: marry, in blowing him down again, with the breach yourselves made, you lose your city. It is not politic in the commonwealth of nature to preserve virginity. Loss of virginity is rational increase; and there was never virgin got till virginity was first lost. That you were made of is metal to make virgins. Virginity, by being once lost, may be ten times found; by being ever kept, it is ever lost: 'tis

too cold a companion; away with it!

Hel. I will stand for't a little, though there-

fore I die a virgin.

Par. There's little can be said in't, 'tis against the rule of nature. To speak on the part of virginity is to accuse your mothers; which is most infallible disobedience. He that hangs himself is a virgin: virginity murders itself; and should be buried in highways, out of all sanctified limit, as a desperate offendress against nature. Virginity breeds mites, much like a cheese; consumes itself to the very paring, and so dies with feeding his own stomach. Besides, virginity is peevish, proud, idle, made of self-love; which is the most inhibited sin in tier; in the which my instruction shall serve to the canon. Keep it not; you cannot choose but lose by't: out with't' within ten years it will make itself ten, which is a goodly increase; and the principal itself not much the worse: away with 1t!

Hel. How might one do, sir, to lose it to her

own liking?

Par. Let me see: marry ill, to like him that ne'er it likes. 'Tis a commodity will lose the gloss with lying; the longer kept, the less worth: off with't while 'tis vendible: answer the time of request. Virginity, like an old courtier, wears her cap out of fashion; richly suited, but unsuitable: just like the brooch and the toothpick which wear not now. Your date is better in your pie and your porridge than in your cheek. And your virginity, your old virginity, is like one of our French withered pears; it looks ill, it eats drily; marry, 'tis a withered pear; it was formerly better; marry, yet 'tis a withered pear. Will you anything with it?

Hel. Not my virginity yet. There shall your master have a thousand loves, A mother, and a mistress, and a friend, A phoenix, captain, and an enemy, A guide, a goddess, and a sovereign, A counsellor, a traitress, and a dear: His humble ambition, proud humility His jarring concord, and his discord dulcet. His faith, his sweet disaster; with a world Of pretty, fond, adoptious christendoms, That blinking Cupid gossips. Now shall he

I know not what he shall:-God send him well!-

The court's a learning-place; -- and he is one, --Par. What one, if fath?

Hel. That I wish well.—'Tis pity—
Par. What's pity?

Hel. That wishing well had not a body in't Which might be felt; that we, the poorer born, Whose baser stars do shut us up in wishes, Might with effects of them follow our friends, And show what we alone must think; which never

Returns us thanks.

Enter a Page.

Page. Monsieur Parolles, my lord calls for Exit Page. Par. Little Helen, farewell: if I can remem-

ber thee, I will think of thee at court.

Hel. Monsieur Parolles, you were born under

a charitable star.

Par. Under Mars, I.

Hel. I especially think, under Mars.

Par. Why under Mars?

Hel. The wars have so kept you under that you must needs be born under Mars.

Par. When he was predominant. Hel. When he was retrograde, I think, rather.

Par. Why think you so?

Hel. You go so much backward when you Par. That's for advantage.

Hel. So is running away, when fear proposes the safety: but the composition that your valour and fear makes in you is a virtue of a good wing, and I like the wear well.

Par. I am so full of businesses I cannot answer thee acutely. I will return perfect cour-

naturalize thee, so thou wilt be capable of a courtier's counsel, and understand what advice shall thrust upon thee, else thou diest in thine unthankfulness, and thine ignorance makes thee away: farewell. When thou hast leisure, say thy prayers; when thou hast none, remember thy friends: get thee a good husband, and use him as he uses thee: so, farewell.

Hel. Our remedies oft in ourselves do lie, Which we ascribe to heaven: the fated sky Gives us free scope; only doth backward pull Our slow designs when we ourselves are dull. What power is it which mounts my love so

high -

That makes me see, and cannot feed mine eye? The mightiest space in fortune nature brings To join like likes, and kiss like native things. Impossible be strange attempts to those That weigh their pains in sense, and do suppose What hath been cannot be: who ever strove To show her merit that did miss her love? [me. The king's disease,—my project may deceive But my intents are fix'd, and will not leave me.

Scene II.—Paris. A Room in the King's Palace.

Flourish of cornets. Enter the King of FRANCE, with Letters; Lords and others attending.

King. The Florentines and Senoys are by the ears;

Have fought with equal fortune, and continue

A braving war.

So 'tis reported, sir. 1 Lord. King. Nay, 'tis most credible; we here re-A certainty, vouch'd from our cousin Austria. With caution that the Florentine will move us For speedy aid; wherein our dearest friend Prejudicates the business, and would seem To have us make denial.

His love and wisdom, I Lord. Approv'd so to your majesty, may plead

For amplest credence.

Kina. He hath arm'd our answer. And Florence is demed before he comes: Yet, for our gentlemen that mean to see The Tuscan service, freely have they leave To stand on either past.

2 Lord. It well may serve A nursery to our gentry, who are sick For breathing and exploit.

King.What's he comes here?

Enter Bertram, Lapeu, and Parolles.

I Lord. It is the Count Rousillon, my good lord,

Young Bertram.

King. Youth, thou bear'st thy father's face; Frank nature, rather eurious than in haste, Hath well compos'd thee. Thy father's moral parts

Mayst thou inherit too! Welcome to Paris. Ber. My thanks and duty are your majesty's. King. I would I had that corporal soundness

now, As when thy father and myself in friendship First tried our soldiership! He did look far Into the service of the time, and was Discipled of the bravest: he lasted long: But on us both did haggish age steal on, And wore us out of act. It much repairs me To talk of your good father. In his youth He had the wit which I can well observe To-day in our young lords, but they may jest Till their own scorn return to them unnoted, Ere they can hide their levity in honour So like a courtier: contempt nor bitterness Were in his pride or sharpness; if they were, His equal had awak'd them; and his honour, Clock to itself, knew the true minute when Exception bid him speak, and at this time His tongue obey'd his hand: who were below hım

He us'd as creatures of another place; And bow'd his eminent top to their low ranks, Making them proud of his humility, In their poor praise he humbled. Such a man Might be a copy to these younger times; [now Which, follow'd well, would demonstrate them But goers backward.

His good remembrance, sir, Lies richer in your thoughts than on his tomb;

So in approof lives not his epitaph

As in your royal speech. [always say, King. Would I were with him! He would Methinks I hear him now; his plausive words He scatter'd not in ears, but grafted them, To grow there, and to bear,—Let me not live, Thus his good melancholy oft began On the catastrophe and heel of pastime, When it was out,-Let me not live, quoth he, After my flame lacks oil, to be the snuff f younger spirits, whose apprehensive senses All but new things disdain; whose judgments

[stancies Mere fathers of their garments; whose con-Expire before their fashions:—This he wish'd: I, after him, do after him wish too, Since I nor wax nor honey can bring home, I quickly were dissolv'd from my hive,

To give some labourers room. You are lov'd, sir: 2 Lord. They that least lend it you shall lack you first. King. I fill a place, I know't.-How long

is't, count, Since the physician at your father's died?

He was much fam'd. Some six months since, my lord. King. If he were hving I would try him yet:-Lend me an arm;—the rest have worn me out With several applications:—nature and sickness Debate it at their leisure. Welcome, count: My son's no dearer.

Thank your majesty. Ber. Exeunt. Flourish. truth the next way:

Scene III.—Rousillon. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Countess, Steward, and Clown.

Count. I will now hear: what say you of this gentlewoman?

Stew. Madam, the care I have had to even your content, I wish might be found in the calendar of my past endeavours; for then we wound our modesty, and make foul the clearness of our deservings, when of ourselves we

publish them.

Count. What does this knave here? Get you gone, sirrah: the complaints I have heard of you I do not at all believe, 'tis my slowness that I do not, for I know you lack not folly to commit them, and have ability enough to make such knaveries yours.

Clo. 'Tis not unknown to you, madam, I am a poor fellow.

Count. Well, sir.

Clo. No, madam, 'tis not so well that I am poor; though many of the rich are damned: but if I may have your ladyship's good will to go to the world, Isbel the woman and I will do as we may.

Count. Wilt thou needs be a beggar?

Clo. I do beg your good will in this case. Count. In what case?

Clo. In Isbel's case and mine own. Service is no heritage: and I think I shall never have the blessing of God till I have issue of my body; for they say bairns are blessings.

Count. Tell me thy reason why thou wilt Clo. My poor body, madam, requires it: I am driven on by the flesh; and he must needs go that the devil drives.

Count. Is this all your worship's reason? Clo. Faith, madam, I have other holy reasons, such as they are.

Count. May the world know them?

Clo. I have been, madam, a wicked creature, as you and all flesh and blood are; and, indeed, I do marry that I may repent.

Count. Thy marriage, sooner than thy wickedness.

Clo. I am out of friends, madam, and I hope to have friends for my wife's sake.

Count. Such friends are thine enemies, knave. Clo. You are shallow, madam, in great friends: for the knaves come to do that for me which I am a-weary of. He that ears my land spares my team, and gives me leave to unn the crop: if I be his cuckold, he's my drudge: he that comforts my wife is the cherisher of my flesh and blood; he that cherishes my flesh and blood loves my flesh and blood; he that loves my flesh and blood is my friend; ergo, he that kisses my wife is my friend. If men could be contented to be what they are, there were no fear in marriage; for young Charbon the puritan and old Poysam the papist, howsome'er their hearts are severed in religion. their heads are both one; they may joll horns together like any deer i' the herd.

Count. Wilt thou ever be a foul-mouthed and calumnious knave?

Clo. A prophet I, madam; and I speak the

For I the ballad will repeat, Which men full true shall find; Your marriage comes by destiny, Your cuckoo sings by kind.

Count. Get you gone, sir; I'll talk with you more anon.

Stew. May it please you, madam, that he bid Helen come to you; of her I am to speak. Count. Sirrah, tell my gentlewoman I would speak with her; Helen I mean.

she, Why the Grecians sacked Troy? Fond done, done fond, Was this King Priam's joy? With that she sighed as she stood, With that she sighed as she stood, And gave this sentence then Among nine bad if one be good, Among nine bad if one be good, There's yet one good in ten.

Count. What, one good in ten? you corrupt I am a mother to you.

e song, sirrah.

Hel. Mine honourable mistress. the song, sirrah.

Clo. One good woman in ten, madam, which is a purifying o' the song: would God would serve the world so all the year! we'd find no fault with the tithe-woman if I were the parson: one in ten, quoth a'! an we might have a good woman born but for every blazing star, or at an earthquake, 'twould mend the lottery well: a man may draw his heart out ere he pluck one.

Count. You'll be gone, sir knave, and do as

I command you!

Clo. That man should be at woman's command, and yet no hurt done !- Though honesty be no puritan, yet it will do no hurt; it will wear the surplice of humility over the black gown of a big heart .- I am going, forsooth: the busincss is for Helen to come hither.

Exit.

Count. Well, now.

Stew. I know, madam, you love your gentle-

woman entirely.

Count. Faith, I do: her father bequeathed her to me, and she herself, without other advantage, may lawfully make title to as much love as she finds: there is more owing her than is paid, and more shall be paid her than she'll demand.

Stew. Madam, I was very late more near her than I think she wished me: alone she was, and did communicate to herself her own words to her own ears; she thought, I dare vow for her, they touched not any stranger sense. Her matter was, she loved your son: Fortune, she said, was no goddess, that had put such difference betwixt their two estates; Love no god, that would not extend his might only where qualities were level. Diana no queen of virgins, that would suffer her poor knight surprise, without rescue in the first assault, or ransom afterward. This she delivered in the most bitter touch of sorrow that e'er I heard virgin ex-claim in: which I held my duty speedily to acquaint you withal; sithence, in the loss that may happen, it concerns you something to know

Count. You have discharged this honestly keep it to yourself: many likelihoods informed me of this before, which hung so tottering in the balance that I could neither believe not misdoubt. Pray you, leave me: stall this in your bosom; and I thank you for your honest care: I will speak with you further anon.

Exit Steward. Count. Even so it was with me when I was young: (thorn

If ever we are nature's, these are ours; this Doth to our rose of youth rightly belong; Our blood to us, this to our blood is born:

It is the show and seal of nature's truth,

Clo [Singing [Was this fair face the cause, quoth Where love's strong passion is impress'd in youth:

By our remembrances of days foregone, Such were our faults:-or then we thought

Enter HELENA.

Her eye is sick on't;-I observe her now. Hel. What is your pleasure, madam? You know, Helen, Count.

Count. Nay, a mother: Why not a mother? When I said a mother, Methought you saw a serpent: what's in mother,

That you start at it? I say I am your mother: And put you in the catalogue of those That were emwombed mine. 'Tis often seen Adoption strives with nature; and choice breeds A native slip to us from foreign seeds: You ne'er oppress'd me with a mother's groan, Yet I express to you a mother's care:-God's mercy, maiden! does it curd thy blood To say I am thy mother? What's the matter, That this distemper'd messenger of wet, The many-colour'd iris, rounds thine eye?

Why,—that you are my daughter? Hel. That I am not. Count. I say, I am your mother.

Hel. Pardon, madam; The Count Rousillon cannot be my brother: I am from humble, he from honour'd name: No note upon my parents, his all noble; My master, my dear lord he is; and I His servant live, and will his vassal die:

He must not be my brother. Count. Nor I your mother? Hel. You are my mother, madam; would

you were,-So that my lord your son were not my brother,-Indeed my mother!-or were you both our mothers.

I care no more for than I do for heaven, So I were not his sister. Can't no other,

But, I your daughter, he must be my brother?

Count. Yes, Helen, you might be my daughter-in-law: mother God shield you mean it not! daughter and So strive upon your pulse. What! pale again? My fear hath catch'd your fondness: now I see The mystery of your loneliness, and find Your salt tears' head. Now to all sense 'tis

You love my son; invention is asham'd, Against the proclamation of thy passion, To say thou dost not: therefore tell me true; But tell me then, 'tis so;-for, look, thy cheeks Confess it, one to the other, and thine eyes See it so grossly shown in thy behaviours, That in their kind they speak it; only sin [so? And hellish obstinacy tie thy tongue, [so? That truth should be suspected. Speak, is't If it be so, you have wound a goodly clue, If it be not, forswear't: howe'er, I charge thee, As heaven shall work in me for thine avail, To tell me truly.

Good madam, pardon me! Hel. Count. Do you love my son? Your pardon, noble mistress! Hel.

Count. Love you my son?

Do not you love him, madam? Hel.Count. Go not about; my love hath in't a bond, disclose

Whereof the world takes note: come, come, The state of your affection; for your passions

Have to the full appeach'd. Then I confess, Hel. Here on my knee, before high heaven and you.

That before you, and next unto high heaven, I love your son:-My friends were poor, but honest; so's my love: Be not offended; for it hurts not him That he is lov'd of me: I follow him not By any token of presumptuous suit; Nor would I have him till I do deserve him; Yet never know how that desert should be. I know I love in vain, strive against hope; Yet in this captious and intenible sieve I still pour in the waters of my love, And lack not to lose still: thus, Indian-like, Religious in mine error, I adore The sun, that looks upon his worshipper, But knows of him no more. My dearest

madam, Let not your hate encounter with my love, For loving where you do; but, if yourself Whose aged honours cites a virtuous youth, Did ever, in so true a frame of liking. Wish chastely, and love dearly, that your Dian Was both herself and love; O, then, give pity To her whose state is such that cannot choose But lend and give where she is sure to lose; That seeks not to find that her search implies, But, riddle-like, lives sweetly where she dies! Count. Had you not lately an intent.-speak

truly,-

To go to Paris? Hel.

Madam, I had. Wherefore? tell true. Count. Hel. I will tell truth; by grace itself I swear. You know my father left me some prescriptions Of rare and prov'd effects, such as his reading And manifest experience had collected For general sovereignty; and that he will'd me In heedfulest reservation to bestow them, As notes whose faculties inclusive were More than they were in note: amongst the rest There is a remedy, approv'd, set down, To cure the desperate languishings whereof The king is render'd lost.

This was your motive Count. For Paris, was it? speak. [this;

Hel. My lord your son made me to think of Else Paris, and the medicine, and the king, Had from the conversation of my thoughts Haply been absent then.

But think you, Helen, Count. If you should tender your suppos'd aid, He would receive it? He and his physicians Are of a mind; he, that they cannot help him, They, that they cannot help: how shall they

credit A poor unlearned virgin, when the schools, Embowell'd of their doctrine, have left off The danger to itself?

Hel. There's something in't More than my father's skill, which was the greatest

Of his profession, that his good receipt

Shall, for my legacy, be sanctified By the luckiest stars in heaven: and, would your honour

But give me leave to try success, I'd venture The well-lost life of mine on his grace's cure By such a day and hour.

Count. Dost thou believe't? Hel. Ay, madam, knowingly.

Count. Why, Helen, thou shalt have my leave, and love.

Means, and attendants, and my loving greetings To those of mine in court: I'll stay at home, And pray God's blessings into thy attempt: Be gone to-morrow; and be sure of this, What I can help thee to thou shalt not miss.

ACT II.

Scene I.—Paris. A Room in the KING'S Palace.

Flourish. Enter King, with young Lords taking leave for the Florentine war; BER-TRAM, PAROLLES, and Attendants.

King. Farewell, young lord; these warlike principles farewell:-Do not throw from you:—and you, my lord, Share the advice betwixt you; if both gain all, The gift doth stretch itself as 'tis received, And is enough for both.

I Lord. It is our hope, sir, After well-enter'd soldiers, to return

And find your grace in health.

King. No, no, it cannot be; and yet my heart Will not confess he owes the malady

Thatdothmylifebesiege. Farewell, younglords; Whether I live or die, be you the sons Of worthy Frenchmen; let higher Italy,-Those bated that inherit but the fall Of the last monarchy,—see that you come Not to woo honour, but to wed it; when The bravest questant shrinks, find what you

seek. That fame may cry you loud: I say, farewell. 2 Lord. Health, at your bidding, serve your majesty!

King. Those girls of Italy, take heed of them: They say our French lack language to deny, If they demand: beware of being captives Before you serve.

Both. Our hearts receive your warnings. King. Farewell.-Come hither to me.

[The King retires to a couch. z Lord. O my sweet lord, that you will stay behind us!

Par. 'Tis not his tault; the spark-2 Lord. O, 'tis brave wars!

Par. Most admirable: I have seen those

Ber. I am commanded here, and kept a coil Too young, and the next year, and 'tis too early. Par. An thy mind stand to it, boy, steal away bravely.

Ber. I shall stay here the foreherse to a Creaking my shoes on the plain masonry, Till honour be bought up, and no sword worn But one to dance with! By heaven, I'll steal

I Lord. There's honour in the theft. Par. Commit it, count. 2 Lord. I am your accessory; and so fareftured body. well.

Ber. I grow to you, and our parting is a tor-

I Lord. Farewell, captain.

2 Lord. Sweet Monsieur Parolles! Par. Noble heroes, my sword and yours are kin. Good sparks and lustrous, a word, good metals .- You shall find in the regiment of the Spinii one Captain Spurio, with his cicatrice, an emblem of war, here on his sinister cheek; it

was this very sword entrenched it: say to him I live; and observe his reports for me.

2 Lord. We shall, noble captain.

Par. Mars dote on you for his novices!

[Exeunt Lords.] What will ye do?

Ber. Stay; the king-

Par. Use a more spacious ceremony to the noble lords; you have restrained yourself within the list of too cold an adieu: be more expressive to them; for they wear themselves in the cap of the time, there do muster true gait, eat, speak, and move under the influence of the most received star; and though the devil lead the measure, such are to be followed: after them, and take a more dilated farewell.

Ber. And I will do so.

Par. Worthy fellows, and like to prove most

sinewy sword-men. [Exeunt BERTRAM and PAROLLES.

Enter LAFEU.

Laf. Pardon, my lord [kneeling], for me and for my tidings

King. Ill fee thee to stand up.

Laf. Then here's a man stands that has bought his pardon. mercy; I would you had kneel'd, my lord, to ask me And that, at my bidding, you could so stand up.

King. I would I had; so I had broke thy

pate,

And ask'd thee mercy for't.

Good faith, across; Laf. But, my good lord, 'tis thus: Will you be cured Of your infirmity?

King. No. Laf. O, will you eat
No grapes, my royal fox? yes, but you will My noble grapes, and if my royal fox Could reach them: I have seen a medicine That's able to breathe life into a stone. Quicken a rock, and make you dance canary With spritely fire and motion; whose simple touch

Is powerful to araise King Pipin, nay, To give great Charlemain a pen in his hand And write to her a love-line.

King. What her is that Laf. Why, doctor she: my lord, there's one What her is that? arriv'd, honour.

If you will see her .- now, by my faith and If seriously I may convey my thoughts In this my light deliverance, I have spoke With one that in her sex, her years, profession, Wisdom, and constancy hath amaz'd me more Than I dare blame my weakness: will you see

her, ness? For that is her demand,—and know her busi-

That done, laugh well at me.

Now, good Lafeu, King. Bring in the admiration; that we with thee

May spend our wonder too, or take off thine By wondering how thou took'st it.

Laf. Nay, I'll fit you, And not be all day neither. Exit LAFEU. King. Thus he his special nothing ever pro-

logues.

Re-enter Lafeu with Helena.

Laf. Nay, come your ways. King. This haste hath wings indeed. Laf. Nay, come your ways;

This is his majesty: say your mind to him: A traitor you do look like; but such traitors

His majesty seldom fears: I am Cressid's uncle, That dare leave two together: fare you well. Exit.

King. Now, fair one, does your business follow us? Was Hel. Ay, my good lord. Gerard de Narbon My father, in what he did profess well found.

King. I knew him.

Hel. The rather will I spare my praises towards him.

Knowing him is enough. On his bed of death Many receipts he gave me; chiefly one, Which, as the dearest issue of this practice. And of his old experience the only darling, He bade me store up as a triple eye, Safer than mine own two, more dear: I have And, hearing your high majesty is touch'd With that malignant cause wherein the honour Of my dear father's gift stands chief in power. I come to tender it, and my appliance,

With all bound humbleness.

King. We thank you, maiden: But may not be so credulous of cure,-When our most learned doctors leave us, and The congregated college have concluded That labouring art can never ransom nature From her inaidable estate, -I say we must not So stain our judgment, or corrupt our hope, To prostitute our past-cure malady To empirics; or, to dissever so Our great self and our credit, to esteem A senseless help, when help past sense we deem.

Hel. My duty, then, shall pay me for my pains: I will no more enforce mine office on you

Humbly entreating from your royal thoughts A modest one to bear me back again. King. I cannot give thee less, to be call'd

grateful. Thou thought'st to help me, and such thanks As one near death to those that wish him live: But what at full I know, thou know'st no part:

I knowing all my peral, thou no art. Hel. What I can do can do no hurt to try, Since you set up your rest 'gainst remedy. He that of greatest works is finisher Oft does them by the weakest minister:

So holy writ in babes hath judgment shown, When judges have been babes. Great floods have flown

From simple sources; and great seas have dried When miracles have by the greatest been denied. Oft expectation fails, and most oft there Where most it promises; and oft it hits Where hope is coldest, and despair most fits.

King. I must not hear thee: fare thee well,

kind maid;

Thy pains, not used, must by thyself be paid: Proffers, not took, reap thanks for their reward.

Hel. Inspired merit so by breath is barred: It is not so with Him that all things knows, As 'tis with us that square our guess by shows: But most it is presumption in us when The help of heaven we count the act of men. Dear sir, to my endeavours give consent: Of heaven, not me, make an experiment. I am not an imposter, that proclaim Myself against the level of mine aim: But know I think, and think I know most sure, My art is not past power nor you past cure.

King. Art thou so confident? Within what

space

Hop'st thou my cure?

Hel. The greatest grace lending grace, Ere twice the horses of the sun shall bring Their fiery torcher his diurnal ring Ere twice in murk and occidental damp Moist Hesperus hath quench'd his sleepy lamp; Or four-and-twenty times the pilot's glass Hath told the thievish minutes how they pass; What is infirm from your sound parts shall

fly, Health shall live free, and sickness freely die. King. Upon thy certainty and confidence,

What dar'st thou venture?

Hel. Tax of impudence,-A strumpet's boldness, a divulged shame,-Traduc'd by odious ballads; my maiden's name Sear'd otherwise; ne worse of worst extended, With vilest torture let my life be ended.

King. Methinks in thee some blessed spirit doth speak;

His powerful sound within an organ weak:

And what impossibility would slay In common sense, sense saves another way. Thy life is dear; for all that life can rate Worth name of life in thee hath estimate: Youth, beauty, wisdom, courage, all That happiness in prime can happy call; Thou this to hazard needs must intimate Skill infinite, or monstrous desperate. Sweet practiser, thy physic I will try: That ministers thine own death if I die.

Hel. If I break time, or flinch in property Of what I spoke, unpitied let me die; And well deserv'd. Not helping death's my fee;

But, if I help, what do you promise me? King. Make thy demand.

Hel.But will you make it even? King. Ay, by my sceptre and my hopes of

Hel. Then shalt thou give me, with thy kingly What husband in thy power I will command: Exempted be from me the arrogance To choose from forth the royal blood of France, My low and humble name to propagate With any branch or image of thy state: But such a one, thy vassal, whom I know Is free for me to ask, thee to bestow.

King. Here is my hand; the premises observ'd,

Thy will by my performance shall be serv'd; So make the choice of thy own time, for I, Thy resolv'd patient, on thee still rely. More should I question thee, and more I must,-

Though more to know could not be more to trust,-

From whence thou cam'st, how tended on .but rest

Unquestion'd welcome and undoubted blest .-Give me some help here, ho!—If thou proceed As high as word, my deed shall match thy deed. [Flourish. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- ROUSILLON. A Room in the COUNTESS'S Palace.

Enter Countess and Clown.

Count. Come on, sir; I shall now put you to the height of your breeding.

Clo. I will show myself highly fed and lowly taught: I know my business is but to the court. Count. To the court! why, what place make you special, when you put off that with such contempt? But to the court!

Clo. Truly, madam, if God have lent a man any manners, he may easily put it off at court: he that cannot make a leg, put off's cap, kiss his hand, and say nothing, has neither leg, hands, lip, nor cap; and, indeed, such a fellow, to say precisely, were not for the court: but, for me, I have an answer will serve all men.

Count. Marry, that's a bountiful answer that

fits all questions.

Clo. Ît is like a barber's chair, that fits all buttocks,-the pin-buttock, the quatch-buttock, the brawn-buttock, or any buttock.

Count. Will your answer serve fit to all

questions?

Clo. As fit as ten groats is for the hand of an attorney, as your French crown for your taffeta punk, as Tib's rush for Tom's forefinger, as a pancake for Shrove-Tuesday, a morns for Mayday, as the nail to his hole, the cuckold to his horn, as a scolding quean to a wrangling knave, as the nun's lip to the friar's mouth; nay, as the pudding to his skin.

Count. Have you, I say, an answer of such

fitness for all questions?

Clo. From below your duke to beneath your

constable, it will fit any question.

Count. It must be an answer of most monstrous size that must fit all demands.

Clo. But a trifle neither, in good faith, if the learned should speak truth of it: here it is, and all that belongs to't. Ask me if I am a courtier: it shall do you no harm to learn.

Count. To be young again, if we could: I will be a fool in question, hoping to be the wiser by your answer. I pray you, sir, are you a

courtier?

Clo. O Lord, sir!—There's a simple putting more, more, a hundred of them.

Count. Sir, I am a poor friend of yours, that loves you.

Clo. O Lord, sir!-Thick, thick; spare not Count. I think, sir, you can eat none of this

homely meat. Clo. O Lord, sir!-Nay, put me to't, I warrant you.

Count. You were lately whipped, sir, as I think.

Clo. O Lord, sir!-spare not me.

Count. Do you cry, O Lord, sir! at your whipping, and spare not me? Indeed, your O Lord, sir! is very sequent to your whipping you would answer very well to a whipping, if you were but bound to't.

Clo. I ne'er had worse luck in my life in my ! -O Lord, sir! I see things may serve long, but not serve ever.

Count. I play the noble housewife with the time, to entertain it so merrily with a fool.

Clo. O Lord, sir!--Why, there't serves well again.

Count. An end, sir, to your business. Give Helen this,

And urge her to a present answer back: Commend me to my kinsmen and my son: This is not much.

Clo. Not much commendation to them. Count. Not much employment for you: you

understand me? Clo. Most fruitfully: I am there before my Count. Haste you again. [Exeunt severally.

A Room in the KING'S SCENE III.—PARIS Palace.

Enter BERTRAM, LAFEU, and PAROLLES.

Laf. They say miracles are past; and we have our philosophical persons to make modern and familiar things supernatural and causeless. Hence is it that we make trifles of terrors, ensconcing ourselves into seeming knowledge when we should submit ourselves to an unknown fear.

Par. Why, 'tis the rarest argument of wonder that hath shot out in our latter times.

Ber. And so 'tis.

Laf. To be relinquish'd of the artists,-

Par. So I say, both of Galen and Paracelsus. Laf. Of all the learned and authentic fellows,-

Par. Right; so I say.

Laf. That gave him out incurable,-

Par. Why, there 'tis; so say I too. Laf. Not to be helped,—

Par. Right; as 'twere a man assured of a, Laf. Uncertain life and sure death. said. Par. Just; you say well: so would I have

Lcf. I may truly say, it is a novelty to the world.

Par. It is indeed: if you will have it in showing, you shall read it in,-What do you call there?-

Laf. A showing of a heavenly effect in an

earthly actor. same.

Par. That's it I would have said; the very Laf. Why, your dolphin is not lustier: 'fore

me. I speak in respect .-

Par. Nay, 'tis strange, 'tis very strange; that is the brief and the tedious of it; and he is of a most facinorous spirit that will not acknowledge it to be the,-

Laf. Very hand of heaven.

Par. Ay; so I say. Laf. In a most weak

Par. And debile minister, great power, great transcendence: which should, indeed, give us a further use to be made than alone the recovery of the king, as to be.

Laf. Generally thankful.

Par. I would have said it; you say well. Here comes the king.

Enter KING, HELENA, and Attendants.

Laf. Lustic, as the Dutchman says: I'll like a maid the better, whilst I have a tooth in my head: why, he's able to lead her a coranto.

Par. Mort du Vinaigre! is not this Helen?

Laf. 'Fore God, I think so. King. Go, call before me all the lords in COURT. Exit an Attendant.

Sit, my preserver, by thy patient's side; And with this healthful hand, whose banish'd sense

Thou hast repeal'd, a second time receive The confirmation of my promis'd gift, Which but attends thy naming.

Enter several Lords.

Fair maid, send forth thine eye: this youthful parcel

Of noble bachelors stand at my bestowing O'er whom both sovereign power and father's voice

I have to use: thy frank election make:

Thou hast power to choose, and they none to forsake. mistress Hel. To each of you one fair and virtuous

Fall, when love please!-marry, to each, but one! Laf. I'd give bay Curtal, and his furniture,

My mouth no more were broken than these boys'. And writ as little beard. Peruse them well:

King. Not one of those but had a noble father.

Hel. Gentlemen,

Heaven hath, through me, restor'd the king to health.

All. We understand it, and thank heaven for Hel. I am a simple maid, and therein wealthiest

That I protest I simply am a maid .-

Please it, your majesty, I have done already: The blushes in my cheeks thus whisper me-We blush that thou shouldst choose; but, be refus'd.

Let the white death sit on thy cheek for ever; We'll ne'er come there again.

Make choice; and, see, King. Who shuns thy love shuns all his love in me.

Hel. Now, Dian, from thy altar do I fly, And to imperial Love, that god most high

Do my sighs stream.-Sir, will you hear my suit?

I Lord. And grant it.

Thanks, sir; all the rest is mute. Hel. Laf. I had rather be in this choice than throw ames-ace for my life. leves.

Hel. The honour, sir, that flames in your fair Before I speak, too threateningly replies:

Love make your fortunes twenty times above Her that so wishes, and her humble love!

2 Lord. No better, if you please. Hel. My wish receive, Which great Love grant! and so I take my

leave. Laf. Do all they deny her? An they were sons of mine I'd have them whipped; or I would sent them to the Turk to make eunuchs

Hel. [To third Lord.] Be not afraid that I your hand should take;

I'll never do you wrong for your own sake: Blessing upon your vows! and in your bed Find fairer fortune, if you ever wed!

Laf. These boys are boys of ice; they'll none have her: sure, they are bastards to the English; the French ne'er got them. [good

Hel. You are too young, too happy, and too To make yourself a son out of my blood.

4 Lord. Fair one, I think not so.

Laf. There's one grape yet,—I am sure thy father drank wine.—But if thou beest not an ass, I am a youth of fourteen; I have known thee already.

Hel. [To BERTRAM.] I dare not say I take

you; but I give

Me and my service, ever whilst I live, Into your guiding power.-This is the man.

King. Why, then, young Bertram, take her; she's thy wife.

Ber. My wife, my liege! I shall beseech your highness.

In such a business give me leave to use The help of mine own eyes.

King. Know'st thou not. Bertram. What she has done for me?

Yes, my good lord: But never hope to know why I should marry her.

King. Thou know'st she has rais'd me from my sickly bed.

Ber. But follows it, my lord, to bring me down

Must answer for your raising? I know her well; She had her breeding at my father's charge:

A poor physician's daughter my wife!—Disdain Rather corrupt me ever! [the which

King. 'Tis only title thou disdain'st in her, I can build up. Strange is it that our bloods, Of colour, weight, and heat, pour'd all together, Would quite confound distinction, yet stand off In differences so mighty. If she be All that is virtuous,—save what thou dislik'st, A poor physician's daughter,—thou dislik'st Of virtue for the name: but do not so: From lowest place when virtuous things proceed, The place is dignified by the doer's deed: Where great additions swell's, and virtue none, It is a dropsied honour: good alone Is good without a name; vileness is so: The property by what it is should go, Not by the title. She is young, wise, fair; In these to nature she's immediate heir; And these breed honour: that is honour's scorn Which challenges itself as honour's born, And is not like the sire: honours thrive When rather from our acts we them derive Than our fore-goers: the mere word's a slave, Debauch'd on every tomb; on every grave A lying trophy; and as oft is dumb Where dost and damn'd oblivion is the tomb Of honour'd bones indeed. What should be

said? If thou canst like this creature as a maid, I can create the rest: virtue and she Is her own dower; honour and wealth from me.

Ber. I cannot love her, nor will strive to do't. King. Thou wrong'st thyself, if thou shouldst. [am glad: strive to choose.

Hel. That you are well restor'd, my lord, I Let the rest go.

King. My honour's at the stake; which to defeat. I must produce my power. Here, take her

Proud scornful boy, unworthy this good gift; That dost in vile misprision shackle up My love and her desert; that canst not dream

We, poising us in her defective scale, Shall weigh thee to the beam; that wilt not know

It is in us to plant thine honour where We please to have it grow. Check thy contempt:

Obey our will, which travails in thy good: Believe not thy disdain, but presently Do thine own fortunes that obedient right Which both thy duty owes and our power claims Or I will throw thee from my care for ever Into the staggers and the careless lapse [hate Of youth and ignorance; both my revenge and Loosing upon thee in the name of justice, Without all terms of pity. Speak!-thine

answer! Ber. Pardon, my gracious lord; for I submit My fancy to your eyes, when I consider What great creation, and what dole of honour

Flies where you bid it, I find that she, which late

Was in my nobler thoughts most base, is now The praised of the king; who, so ennobled, Is as 'twere born so.

Take her by the hand, King. And tell her she is thine: to whom I promise A counterpoise; if not to thy estate,

A balance more replete.

I take her hand. King. Good fortune and the favour of the king Smile upon this contract; whose ceremony Shall seem expedient on the now-born brief And be perform'd to-night: the solemn feast Shall more attend upon the coming space. Expecting absent friends. As thou lov'st her, Thy love's to me religious; else, does err.

[Exeunt KING, BER., HEL., Lords, and Attendants.

Laf. Do you hear, monsieur? a word with Vou-

Par. Your pleasure, sir?
Laf. Your lord and master did well to make his recantation.

Par. Recantation!—My lord! my master. Laf. Ay; is it not a language I speak?

Par. A most harsh one, and not to be understood without bloody succeeding. My master! Laf. Are you companion to the Count Rousillon? lis man.

Par. To any count; to all counts; to what Laf. To what is count's man: count's master

is of another style.

Par. You are too old sir; let it satisfy you, you are too old. Laf. I must tell thee, sirrah, I write man;

to which title age cannot bring thee.

Par. What I dare too well do, I dare not do.

Laf. I did think thee, for two ordinaries, to
be a pretty wise fellow; thou didst make tolerable vent of thy travel; it might pass: yet the scarfs and the bannerets about thee did manifoldly dissuade me from believing thee a vessel of too great a burden. I have now found thee; when Mose thee again I care not: yet art thou good for nothing but taking up; and that thou art scarce worth.

Par. Hadst thou not the privilege of antiquity

upon thee,-

Laf. Do not plunge thyself too far in anger, lest thou hasten thy trial; which if-Lord have mercy on thee for a hen! So, my good window of lattice, fare thee well: thy casement I need not open, for I look through thee. Give me findignity. thy hand.

Par. My lord, you give me most egregious Laf. Ay, with all my heart; and thou art

worthy of it.

Par. I have not, my lord, deserved it.

Laf. Yes, good faith, every dram of it: and I will not bate thee a scruple.

Par. Well, I shall be wiser. Laf. E'en as soon as thou canst, for thou hast to pull at a smack o' the contrary. If ever thou beest bound in thy scarf and beaten, thou shalt find what it is to be proud of thy bondage. I have a desire to hold my acquaintance with thee, or rather my knowledge, that I may say, in the default, he is a man I know.

Par. My lord, you do me most insupportable

vexation.

Laf. I would it were hell-pains for thy sake, and my poor doing eternal: for doing I am past; as I will by thee, in what motion age will give me leave

Par. Well, thou hast a son shall take this disgrace off me; scurvy, old, filthy, scurvy lord! - - Well, I must be patient; there is no fettering of authority. I'll beat him, by my life, if I can meet him with any convenience, an he were double and double a lord. I'll have no more pity of his age than I would have of -I'll beat him, an if I could but meet him again.

Re-enter LAFEU.

Laf. Sirrah, your lord and master's married, there's news for you; you have a new mistress. Par. I most unfeignedly beseech your lord-

ship to make some reservation of your wrongs: he is my good lord: whom I serve above is my

master.

Laf. Who? God?

Par. Ay, sir.

Laf. The devil it is that's thy master. Why dost thou garter up thy arms o' this fashion? dost make hose of thy sleeves? do other servants so? Thou wert best set thy lower part where thy nose stands. By mine honour, if I were but two hours younger I'd beat thee: nethink'st thou art a general offence, and every man should beat thee. I think thou wast created for men to breathe themselves upon thee.

Par. This is hard and undeserved measure,

my lord.

Laf. Go to, sir; you were beaten in Italy for picking a kernel out of a pomegranate; you are a vagabond, and no true traveller: you are more saucy with lords and honourable personages than the heraldry of your birth and virtue gives you commission. You are not worth another word, else I'd call you knave. I leave you. Exit.

Good, Par. Good, very good; it is so then. very good; let it be concealed awhile.

Enter BERTRAM.

Ber. Undone, and forfeited to cares for ever! Par. What is the matter, sweet heart?

Ber. Although before the solemn priest I have sworn,

I will not bed her.

Par. What, what, sweet heart?
Ber. O my Parolles, they have married me!-I'll to the Tuscan wars, and never bed her.

Par. France is a dog-hole, and it no more ments

The tread of a man's foot:-to the wars!

Ber. There's letters from my mother: what the import is

I know not yet.

Par. Ay, that would be known. To the wars. my boy, to the wars!

He wears his honour in a box unseen That hugs his kicksy-wicksy here at home. Spending his manly marrow in her arms. Which should sustain the bound and high curvet

Of Mars's fiery steed. To other regions! France is a stable; we, that dwell in't, jades Therefore, to the war! house.

Ber. It shall be so; I'll send her to my Acquaint my mother with my hate to her, And wherefore I am fled; write to the king That which I durst not speak: his present gift Shall furnish me to those Italian fields Where noble fellows strike: war is no strife

To the dark house and the detested wife. Par. Will this caprichio hold in thee, art

sure? me. Ber. Go with me to my chamber and advise I'll send her straight away: to-morrow

I'll to the wars, she to her single sorrow. Par. Why, these balls bound, there's noise

'Tis hard, ın ıt A young man married is a man that's marr'd. Therefore away, and leave her bravely; go:

The king has done you wrong: but, hush! 'tis

Scene IV .- The same. Another Room in the same.

Enter HELENA and Clown.

Hel. My mother greets me kindly: is she

Clo. She is not well; but yet she has her health; she's very merry; but yet she is not well: but thanks be given, she's very well, and wants nothing i' the world; but yet she is not

Hel. If she be very well, what does she ail.

that she's not very well? Clo. Truly, she's very well indeed, but for

two things. Hel. What two things?

Clo. One, that she's not in heaven, whither God send her quickly! the other, that she's in earth, from whence God send her quickly!

Enter PAROLLES.

Par. Bless you, my fortunate lady! Hel. I hope, sir, I have your good will to have mine own good fortunes.

Par. You had my prayers to lead them on, and to keep them on, have them still. O, my knave,-how does my old lady?

Clo. So that you had her wrinkles and I her money, I would she did as you say.

Par. Why, I say nothing.

Clo. Marry, you are the wiser man; for many

a man's tongue shakes out his master's undoing: to say nothing, to do nothing, to know nothing, and to have nothing, is to be a great part of your title; which is within a very little of nothing.

Par. Away! thou'rt a knave.

Clo. You should have said, sir, before a knave thou art a knave; that is, before me thou

art a knave: this had been truth, sir. Par. Go to, thou art a witty fool: I have

found thee.

Clo. Did you find me in yourself, sir? or were you taught to find me? The search, sir, was profitable; and much fool may you find in you, even to the world's pleasure and the increase of laughter.

Par. A good knave, i' faith, and well fed .-Madam, my lord will go away to-night: A very serious business calls on him. The great prerogative and right of love, Which, as your due, time claims, he does ac-

knowledge;

But puts it off to a compell'd restraint; Whose want and whose delay is strew'd with

sweets:

Which they distil now in the curbed time, To make the coming hour o'erflow with joy, And pleasure drown the brim.

What's his will else? Hel. Par. That you will take your instant leave o'

the king, And make this haste as your own good proceed-Strengthen'd with what apology you think May make it probable need.

Hel. What more commands he? Par. That, having this obtain'd, you pres-

ently Attend his further pleasure.

Hel. In everything I wait upon his will.

Par. I shall report it so.

Hel. I pray you.—Come, sirrah. Exeunt.

Scene V .- Another Room in the same.

Enter LAFEU and BERTRAM.

Laf. But I hope your lordship thinks not him a soldier.

Ber. Yes, my lord, and of very valiant ap-Laf. You have it from his own deliverance.

Ber. And by other warranted testimony.

Laf. Then my dial goes not true: I took this

lark for a bunting.

Ber. I do assure you, my lord, he is very great in knowledge, and accordingly valiant.

Laf. I have, then, sinned against his experience and transgressed against his valour; and my state that way is dangerous, since I cannot yet find in my heart to repent. Here he comes: I pray you, make us friends; I will pursue the amity.

Enter PAROLLES.

Par. These things shall be done, sir. [To BER.

Laf. Pray you, sir, who's his tailor? Par. Sir!

Laf. O, I know him well, I, sir; he, sir, is a good workman, a very good tailor.

Ber. Is she gone to the king? [Aside to PAR.

Par. She is.

Ber. Will she away to-night?

Par. As you'll have her. Itreasure, Ber. I have writ my letters, casketed my

Given order for our horses; and to-might When I should take possession of the bride,

End ere I do begin.

Laf. A good traveller is something at the latter end of a dinner; but one that lies threethirds and uses a known truth to pass a thousand nothings with, should be once heard and thrice beaten .- God save you, captain.

Ber. Is there any unkindness between my

lord and you, monsieur?

Par. I know not how I have deserved to run into my lord's displeasure.

Laf. You have made shift to run into 't. boots and spurs and all, like him that leaped into the custard; and out of it you'll run again, rather than suffer question for your residence. [lord.

Ber. It may be you have mistaken him, my Laf. And shall do so ever, though I took him at his prayers. Fare you well, my lord; and believe this of me, there can be no kernel in this light nut; the soul of this man is his clothes: trust him not in matter of heavy consequence; I have kept of them tame, and know their natures.-Farewell, monsieur: I have spoken better of you than you have or will deserve at my hand; but we must do good against evil.

Par. An idle lord, I swear.

Ber. I think so.

Par. Why, do you not know him? [speech Ber. Yes, I do know him well; and common Gives him a worthy pass. Here comes my clog.

Enter HELENA.

Hel. I have, sir, as I was commanded from

Spoke with the king, and have procur'd his

For present parting; only, he desires

Some private speech with you. I shall obey his will. You must not marvel, Helen, at my course.

Which holds not colour with the time, nor does The ministration and required office

On my particular. Prepared I was not For such a business; therefore am I found So much unsettled: this drives me to entreat

That presently you take your way for home, And rather muse than ask why I entreat you: For my respects are better than they seem: And my appointments have in them a need Greater than shows itself at the first view

To you that know them not. This to my mother: [Giving a letter.

'Twill be two days ere I shall see you; so I leave you to your wisdom.

Hel. Sir, I can nothing say But that I am your most obedient servant.

Ber. Come, come, no more of that. Hel. And ever shall

With true observance seek to eke out that Wherein toward me my homely stars have fail'd To equal my great fortune.

Ber. Let that go: My haste is very great. Farewell; hie home. Hel. Pray, sir, your pardon.

Ber. Well, what would you say?

Hel. I am not worthy of the wealth I owe, Nor dare I say 'tis mine, and yet it is, [steal But, like a timorous thief, most fain would What law does youch mine own.

Ber. What would you have?
Hel. Something; and scarce so much.—nothing, indeed.— isath, yes—
I would not tell you what I would, my lord.—
Strangers and foes do sunder and not kiss.—

Ber. I pray you, stay not, but in haste to horse. [my lord.

Hel. I shall not break your bidding, good Ber. Where are my other men, monsieur?—
Farewell, Exit HELENA.

Go thou toward home, where I will never come Whilst I can shake my sword or hear the grum:—

Away, and for our flight.

Par. Bravely, coragio! [Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I.—Florence. A Room in the Duke's Palace.

Flourish. Enter the DUKE OF FLORENCE, attended; two French Lords, and Soldiers.

Duke. So that, from point to point, now have you heard

The fundamental reasons of this war; Whose great decision hath much blood let forth, And more thirsts after.

r Lord. Holy seems the quarrel Upon your grace's part; black and fearful

On the opposer. [France Duke Therefore we marvel much our cousin Would, in so just a business, shut his bosom Against our borrowing prayers.

I Lord.

The reasons of our state I cannot yield,
But like a common and an outward man
That the great figure of a council frames
By self-unable motion; therefore dare not
Say what I think of it, since I have found
Myself in my uncertain grounds to fail

As often as I guess'd.

Duke. Be it his pleasure.

2 Lord. But I am sure the younger of our nature,

That surfeit on their ease, will day by day Come here for physic.

Duke.

Melcome shall they be,
And all the honours that can fly from us
Shall on them settle. You know your places
well,

When better fall, for your avails they fell: To-morrow to the field. [Flourish. Exeunt.

Scene II.—Rousillon. A Room in the Countess's Palace.

Enter Countess and Clown.

Count. It hath happened all as I would have had it, save that he comes not along with her. Clo. By my troth, I take my young lord to be a very melancholy man.

Count. By what observance, I pray you?

Clo. Why, he wull look upon his boot and sing, mend the ruff and sing, ask questions and sing; pick his teeth and sing. I know a man that had this trick of melancholy sold a goodly manor for a song.

Count. Let me see what he writes, and when he means to come. [Opening a letter.

Clo. I have no mind to Isbel, since I was at court our old ling and our Isbels o' the country are nothing like your old ling and your Isbels o' the court: the brains of my Cupid's knocked out; and I begin to love, as an old man loves money, with no stomach.

Count. What have we here?

Clo. E'en that you have there. [Exit. Count. [Reads.] I have sent you a daughter-in-law she hath recovered the king and undone me. I have wedded her, not bedded her; and sworn to make the not eternal. You shall hear I am run away: know it before the report come. If there be breadth enough in the world I will hold a long distance. My duty to you. Your unfortunate son,

BERTRAM.

This is not well, rash and unbridled boy, To fly the favours of so good a king; To pluck his indignation on thy head By the misprizing of a maid too virtuous For the contempt of empire.

Re-enter Clown.

Clo. O madam, yonder is heavy news within, between two soldiers and my young lady.

Count. What is the matter?

Clo. Nay, there is some comfort in the news, some comfort; your son will not be killed so soon as I thought he would.

Count. Why should he be killed?

Clo. So say I, madam, if he run away, as I hear he does: the danger is in standing to't, that's the loss of men, though it be the getting of children. Here they come will tell you more: for my part, I only hear your son was run away.

[Exit.

Enter HELENA and two Gentlemen.

I Gent. Save you, good madam.

Hel. Madam, my lord is gone, for ever gone.
2 Gent. Do not say so. [gentlemen,—
Count. Think upon patience.—Pray you,
I have felt so many quirks of joy and grief
That the first face of neither, on the start,

That the first face of neither, on the start, Can woman me unto't.—Where is my son, I

pray you? [of Florence: 2 Gent. Madam, he's gone to serve the duke We met him thitherward; for thence we came, And, after some despatch in hand at court,

Thither we bend again. [passport. Hel. Look on his letter, madan; here's my Reads.] When thou canst get the ring upon my finger, which never shall come off, and show me a child begotten of thy body that I am father to, then call me husband; but in such a then I write a never.

This is a dreadful sentence.

Count. Brought you this letter, gentlemen?
r Gent. Ay, madam;
And, for the contents' sake, are sorry for our
pains.

Count. I pr'ythee, lady, have a better cheer; If thou engrossest all the griefs are thine, Thou robb'st me of a moiety. He was my son: But I do wash his name out of my blood, And thou art all my child .- Towards Florence is he?

2 Gent. Ay, madam.

Count. And to be a soldier? 2 Gent. Such is his noble purpose: and, be-

heve't,

The duke will lay upon him all the honour That good convenience claims.

Return you thither? Count. I Gent. Ay, madam, with the swiftest wing of speed.

Hel. [Reads.] Till I have no wife, I have nothing in France.

'Tis bitter.

Count. Find you that there?

Ay, madam.

I Gent. 'Tis but the boldness of his hand, haply,

Which his heart was not consenting to. Count. Nothing in France until he have no

There's nothing here that is too good for him But only she; and she deserves a lord That twenty such rude boys might tend upon And call her hourly mistress. Who was with him?

I Gent. A servant only, and a gentleman Which I have sometime known.

Parolles, was't not? I Gent. Ay, my good lady, he. Count. A very tainted fellow, and full of

wickedness. My son corrupts a well-derived nature

With his inducement.

I Gent. Indeed, good lady, The fellow has a deal of that too much, Which holds him much to have.

Count. You are welcome, gentlemen, I will entreat you, when you see my son, To tell him that his sword can never win The honour that he loses: more I'll entreat you Written to bear along.

We serve you, madam, 2 Gent. In that and all your worthiest affairs. [tesies. Count. Not so, but as we change our cour-Will you draw near?

Exeunt Count. and Gentlemen. Hel. Till I have no wife, I have nothing in France.

Nothing in France until he has no wife! Thou shalt have none, Rousillon, none in France; Then hast thou all again. Poor lord! is't I That chase thee from thy country, and expose Those tender limbs of thine to the event Of the none-sparing war? and is it I That drive thee from the sportive court, where Wast shot at with fair eyes, to be the mark Of smoky muskets? O you leaden messengers, That ride upon the violent speed of fire, Fly with false aim: move the still-peering air That sings with piercing; do not touch my lord! Whoever shoots at him, I set him there; Whoever charges on his forward breast, I am the caitiff that do hold him to it; And, though I kill him not, I am the cause His death was so effected: better 'twere

I met the ravin hon when he roar'd With sharp constraint of hunger; better 'twere That all the miseries which nature owes Were mine at once. No; come thou home, Rousillon.

Whence honour but of danger wins a scar, As oft it loses all. I will be gone: My being here it is that holds thee hence: Shall I stay here to do't? no, no, although The air of paradise did fan the house, And angels offic'd all: I will be gone, That pinful rumour may report my flight,
To consolate thine ear. Come, night; end, day!
For with the dark, poor thief, I'll steal away. Exit.

SCENE III .- FLORENCE. Before the DUKE's Palace.

Flourish. Enter the DUKE OF FLORENCE, BERTRAM, PAROLLES, Lords, Officers, Soldiers, and others.

Duke. The general of our horse thou art; and we.

Great in our hope, lay our best love and credence Upon thy promising fortune. Ber.

A charge too heavy for my strength, but yet We'll strive to bear it, for your worthy sake, To the extreme edge of hazard.

Duke. Then go thou forth; And fortune play upon thy prosperous helm, As thy auspicious mistress!

Ber. This very day, Great Mars, I put myself into thy file; Make me but like my thoughts, and I shall prove A lover of thy drum, hater of love. Exeunt.

Scene IV.—Rousillon. A Room in the COUNTESS'S Palace.

Enter Countess and Steward.

Count. Alas! and would you take the letter of her? fdone.

Might you not know she would do as she has By sending me a letter? Read it again.

Stew. [Reads.] I am St. Jaques' pilgrim,

thither gone: Ambitious love hath so in me offended That barefoot plod I the cold ground upon

With sainted vow my faults to have amended. Write, write, that from the bloody course of war My dearest master, your dear son, may hie: Bless him at home in peace, whilst I from far

His name with zealous fervour sanctify: His taken labours bid him me forgive;

I, his despiteful Juno, sent him forth From courtly friends, with camping foes to live, Where death and danger dog the heels of

He is too good and fair for death and me; Whom I myself embrace, to set him free.

Count. Ah, what sharp stings are in her mildest words!—

Rinaldo, you did never lack advice so much As letting her pass so; had I spoke with her, I could have well diverted her intents. Which thus she hath prevented. Stew. Pardon me, madam:

If I had given you this at over-night,

She might have been o'erta'en; and yet she writes.

Pursuit would be but vain.

What angel shall Bless this unworthy husband? he cannot thrive, Unless her prayers, whom heaven delights to

And loves to grant, reprieve him from the wrath, Of greatest justice.-Write, write, Rinaldo, To this unworthy husband of his wife: Let every word weigh heavy of her worth,

That he does weigh too light: my greatest

grief, Though little he do feel it, set down sharply. Despatch the most convenient messenger:-When, haply, he shall hear that she is gone He will return; and hope I may that she, Hearing so much, will speed her foot again. Led hither by pure love: which of them both Is dearest to me I have us skill in sense ger:-To make distinction:-provide this messen-My heart is heavy, and mine age is weak; Grief would have tears, and sorrow bids me Exeunt. speak.

Scene V.—Without the Walls of Florence. Enter an old Widow of Florence, DIANA, VIO-LENTA, MARIANA, and other Citizens.

Wid. Nay, come; for if they do approach

the city we shall lose all the sight.

Dia. They say the French count has done

most honourable service.

Wid. It is reported that he has taken their reatest commander; and that with his own hand he slew the duke's brother. [A tucket afar off. We have lost our labour; they are gone a contrary way: hark! you may know by their trumpets.

Mar. Come, let's return again, and suffice ourselves with the report of it. Well, Diana, take heed of this French earl: the honour of a naid is her name; and no legacy is so rich as 'Tis a hard bondage to become the wife

honesty.

Wid. I have told my neighbour how you have been solicited by a gentleman his companion. Mar. I know that knave; hang him! one Parolles: a filthy officer he is in those suggestions for the young earl.—Beware of them, Diana; their promises, enticements, oaths, tokens, and all these engines of lust, are not the things they go under: many a maid hath been seduced by them; and the misery is, example, that so terrible shows in the wreck of maidenhood, cannot for all that dissuade succession, but that they are limed with the twigs that threaten them. I hope I need not to advise you further; but I hope your own grace will keep you where you are, though there were no further danger known but the modesty which is so lost.

Dia. You shall not need to fear me.

Wid. I hope so .- Look, here comes a pilrim: I know she will he at my house: thither they send one another; I'll question her .-

Enter Helena, in the dress of a pilgrim.

God save you, pilgrim! Whither are you bound? Hel. To Saint Jaques-le-Grand. Where do the palmers lodge, I do beseech you? Wid. At the Saint Francis here, beside the port.

Hel. Is this the way?

Wid. Ay, marry, is it.-Hark you! They come this way. A march afar off. If you will tarry, holy pilgrim,

But till the troops come by,

I will conduct you where you shall be lodg'd; The rather for I think I know your hostess As ample as myself.

Hel. Is it yourself?

Wid. If you shall please so, pilgrim. Hel. I thank you, and will stay upon your

leisure.

Wid. You came, I think, from France? Hel.

Wid. Here you shall see a countryman of yours

That has done worthy service.

His name, I pray you. Hel. Dia. The Count Rousillon: know you such a one? of him:

Hel. But by the ear, that hears most nobly His face I know not.

Dia. Whatsoe'er he is,

He's bravely taken here. He stole from France

As 'tis reported, for the king had married him

Against his liking: think you it is so? Hel. Ay, surely, mere the truth; I his lady. count

Dia. There is a gentleman that serves the

Reports but coarsely of her. What's his name?

Dia. Monsieur Parolles.

O, I believe with him, Hel. In argument of praise, or to the worth Of the great count himself, she is too mean To have her name repeated; all her deserving Is a reserved honesty, and that

I have not heard examin'd Dia. Alas, poor lady!

Of a detesting lord.

Wid. Ay, right; good creature, wheresoe'er she is

Her heart weighs sadly: this young maid might do her

A shrewd turn if she pleas'd.

Hel. How do you mean? May be, the amorous count solicits her In the unlawful purpose.

Wid. He does, indeed;

And brokes with all that can in such a suit Corrupt the tender honour of a maid; But she is arm'd for him, and keeps her guard In honestest defence.

Mar. The gods forbid else!

Wid. So, now they come:-

Enter with a drum and colours, a party of the Florentine army, BERTRAM, and PAROLLES.

That is Antonio, the duke's eldest son: That, Escalus.

Hel. Which is the Frenchman?

Dia. He:

That with the plume: 'tis a most gallant fellow. I would he lov'd his wife: if he were honester He were much goodlier:-is't not a handsome gentleman?

Hel. I like him well.

Dia. 'Tis pity he is not honest?' yond's that That leads him to these places; were I his lady I'd poison that vile rascal.

Ĥel. Which is he?

Dia. The jack-an-apes with scarfs. Why is he melancholy?

Hel. Perchance he's hurt i' the battle.

Par. Lose our drum! well.

Mar. He's shrewdly vexed at something: look, he has spied us.

Wid. Marry, hang you!

Mar. And your courtesy, for a ring-carrier! Exeunt BER., PAR., Officers, and Soldiers. Wid. The troop is past. Come, pilgrim, I

will bring you

Where you shall host: of enjoin'd penitents There's four or five, to great Saint Jacques bound,

Already at my house.

I humbly thank you: Please it this matron and this gentle maid To eat with us to-night; the charge and thanking Shall be for me: and, to requite you further, I will bestow some precepts on this virgin, Worthy the note.

We'll take your offer kindly. Both. (Exeunt.

Scene VI.—Camb before Florence.

Enter BERTRAM, and the two French Lords.

r Lord. Nay, good my lord, put him to't; let him have his way.

a Lord. If your lordship find him not a hilding, hold me no more in your respect.

I Lord. On my life, my lord, a bubble. Ber. Do you think I am so far deceived in

- him? I Lord. Believe it, my lord, in mine own direct knowledge, without any malice, but to speak of him as my kinsman, he's a most notable coward, an infinite and endless har, an hourly promise-breaker, the owner of no one good quality worthy your lordship's entertainment.
- 2 Lord. It were fit you knew him; lest, reosing too far in his virtue, which he hath not, he might, at some great and trusty business, in a main danger, fail you.

Ber. I would I knew in what particular action to try him.

2 Lord. None better than to let him fetch off his drum, which you hear him so confidently undertake to do.

I Lord. I, with a troop of Florentines, will suddenly surprise him; such I will have, whom I am sure he knows not from the enemy: we will bind and hoodwink him so that he shall suppose no other but that he is carried into the leaguer of the adversaries when we bring him to our tents. Be but your lordship present at his examination: if he do not, for the promise of his life, and in the highest compulsion of base fear, offer to betray you, and deliver all the intelligence in his power against you, and at with the divine forfeit of his soul upon him out, you have him ever after.

th, never trust my judgment in anything.

Z bord. O, for the love of laughter, let him deed at all of this, that so seriously he does that with the divine forfeit of his soul upon oath, never trust my judgment in anything.

fetch off his drum; he says he has a stratagem address himself unto?

[same knave for't: when your lordship sees the bottom of his success in't, and to what metal this counterfeit lump of ore will be melted, if you give him not John Drum's entertainment, your inclining cannot be removed. Here he comes.

I Lord. O, for the love of laughter, hinder not the humour of his design: let him fetch off his drum in any hand.

Enter PAROLLES.

Ber. How now, monsieur? this drum sticks sorely in your disposition.

2 Lord. A pox on't; let it go; 'tis but a

Par. But a drum! Is't but a drum? A drum so lost!—There was an excellent command! to charge in with our horse upon our own wings, and to rend our own soldiers.

2 Lord. That was not to be blamed in the

command of the service; it was a disaster of war that Caesar himself could not have prevented, if he had been there to command. Ber. Well, we cannot greatly condemn our

success: some dishonour we had in the loss of that drum; but it is not to be recovered.

Par. It might have been recovered.

Ber. It might, but it is not now. Par. It is to be recovered: but that the

ment of service is seldom attributed to the true and exact performer, I would have that drum or another, or hic jacet.

Ber. Why, if you have a stomach to't, monsieur, if you think your mystery in stratagem can bring this instrument of honour again into his native quarter, be magnanimous in the enterprise, and go on; I will grace the attempt for a worthy exploit; if you speed well in it the duke shall both speak of it, and extend to you what further becomes his greatness, even to the utmost syllable of your worthiness.

Par. By the hand of a soldier, I will undertake it.

Ber. But you must not now slumber in it.

Par. I'll about it this evening: and I will presently pen down my dilemmas, encourage myself in my certainty, put myself into my mortal preparation, and, by midnight, look to hear further from me.

Ber. May I be bold to acquaint his grace you are gone about it?

Par. I know not what the success will be.

my lord, but the attempt I vow.

Ber. I know thou art valuant; and, to the possibility of thy soldiership, will subscribe for

thee. Farewell.

Par. I love not many words.

I Lord. No more than a fish loves water.-Is not this a strange fellow, my lord? that so confidently seems to undertake this business, which he knows is not to be done; damns himself to do, and dares better be damned than to do't.

2 Lord. You do not know him, my lord, as we do: certain it is that he will steal himself into a man's favour, and for a week escape, a great deal of discoveries; but when you find

I Lord. None in the world; but return with an invention, and clap upon you two or three probable lies: but we have almost embossed him,-you shall see his fall to-night: for indeed he is not for your lordship's respect.

2 Lord. We'll make you some sport with the fox ere we case him. He was first smoked by the old Lord Lafeu: when his disguise and he is parted, tell me what a sprat you shall find him; which you shall see this very night.

I Lord. I must go look my twigs; he shall

be caught.

Ber. Your brother, he shall go along with me. I Lord. As't please your lordship: I'll leave Exit.

Ber. Now will I lead you to the house, and show you

The lass I spoke of.

2 Lord. But you say she's honest. Ber. That's all the fault: I spoke with her but once. And found her wondrous cold; but I sent to By this same coxcomb that we have i' the wind,

Tokens and letters which she did re-send; And this is all I have done. She's a fair creature:

Will you go see her?

2 Lord. With all my heart, my lord. Exeunt.

SCENE VII .- FLORENCE. A Room in the Widow's House.

Enter HELENA and Widow.

Hel. If you misdoubt me that I am not she. I know not how I shall assure you further, But I shall lose the grounds I work upon.

Wid. Though my estate be fallen, I was

well born,

Nothing acquainted with these businesses: And would not put my reputation now

In any staining act.

Nor would I wish you. First give me trust, the count he is my husband, And what to your sworn counsel I have spoken Is so from word to word; and then you cannot, By the good aid that I of you shall borrow, Err in bestowing it.

I should believe you; Wid. For you have show'd me that which well

approves

You're great in fortune.

Hel. Take this purse of gold, And let me buy your friendly help thus far, Which I will over-pay, and pay again, When I have found it. The count he wooes your daughter,

Lays down his wanton siege before her beauty, Resolv'd to carry her: let her, in fine, consent, As we'll direct her how 'tis best to bear it, Now his important blood will naught deny That she'll demand: a ring the county wears, That downward hath succeeded in his house From son to son, some four or five descents Since the first father wore it: this ring he holds In most rich choice; yet, in his idle fire, To buy his will, it would not seem too dear. Howe'er repented after.

Now I see Wid. The bottom of your purpose.

Hel. You see it lawful then: it is no more But that your daughter, ere she seems as won. Desires this ring; appoints him an encounter; In fine, delivers me to fill the time, Herself most chastely absent; after this,

To marry her, I'll add three thousand crowns

To what is past already. Wid.

I have yielded: Instruct my daughter how she shall persever. The time and place, with this deceit so lawful May prove coherent. Every night he comes With musics of all sorts, and songs compos'd To her unworthiness: it nothing steads us To chide him from our eaves; for he persists. As if his life lay on't.

Why, then, to-night Hel. Let us assay our plot; which, if it speed, Is wicked meaning in a lawful deed, And lawful meaning in a lawful act Where both not sin, and yet a sinful fact: But let's about it. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE I .- Without the FLORENTINE Camp. Enter first Lord, with five or six Soldiers in ambush.

I Lord. He can come no other way but by this hedge-corner. When you sally upon him. speak what terrible language you will, though you understand it not yourselves, no matter: for we must not seem to understand him, unless some one among us, whom we must produce for an interpreter.

r Sold. Good captain, let me be the interpreter.

1 Lord. Art not acquainted with him? knows

he not thy voice?

1 Sold. No, sir, I warrant you.
1 Lord. But what linsey-woolsey hast thou to speak to us again?

I Sold. Even such as you speak to me.

I Lord. He must think us some band of strangers i' the adversary's entertainment. Now he hath a smack of all neighbouring languages; therefore we must every one be a man of his own fancy, not to know what we speak to one another; so we seem to know, is to know straight our purpose: chough's language, gabble enough, and good enough. As for you, interpreter, you must seem very politic. But couch, ho! here he comes; to beguile two hours in a sleep, and then to return and swear the lies he forges.

Enter PAROLLES.

Par. Ten o'clock: within these three hours 'twill be time enough to go home. What shall I say I have done? It must be a very plausive invention that carries it: they begin to smoke me: and disgraces have of late knocked too often at my door. I find my tongue is too foolhardy; but my heart hath the fear of Mars before it, and of his creatures, not daring the reports of my tongue.

I Lord. This is the first truth that e'er thine

own tongue was guilty of.

Par. What the devil should move me to undertake the recovery of this drum; being not gnorant of the impossibility, and knowing I had no such purpose? I must give myself some hurts, and say I got them in exploit; yet slight ones will not carry it: they will say, Came you off with so little? and great ones I dare not give. Wherefore, what's the instance? Tongue I must put you into a butter-woman's mouth, and buy myself another of Bajazet's mule, if you prattle me into these penils.

I Lord. Is it possible he should know what he is, and be that he is? Aside.

Par. I would the cutting of my garments would serve the turn, or the breaking of my Spanish sword.

I Lord. We cannot afford you so. [Aside. Par. Or the baring of my beard; and to say it was in stratagem.

I Lord. 'Twould not do.

Aside. Par. Or to drown my clothes, and say I was stripped.

I Lord. Hardly serve.

[Aside. Par. Though I swore I leaped from the window of the citadel,— i Lord. How deep?

Aside. Par. Thirty fathom. I Lord. Three great oaths would scarce make that be believed. [Aside.

Par. I would I had any drum of the enemy's: I would swear I recovered it.

I Lord. You shall hear one anon. [Aside. Par. A drum now of the enemy's!

[Alarum within 1 Lord. Throca movousus, cargo, cargo, cargo. All. Cargo, cargo, cargo, villianda par corbo, cargo.

Par. O! ransom, ransom:-Do not hide They seize and blindfold him. mine eyes. I Sold. Boskos thromuldo boskos.

Par. I know you are the Musko's regiment, And I shall lose my life for want of language: If there be here German or Dane, low Dutch, Italian, or French, let him speak to me;

I will discover that which will undo The Florentine.

2 Sold. Boskos vauvado:-I understand thee, and can speak thy tongue:-Kerelybonto:--Śir.

Betake thee to thy faith, for seventeen poniards Are at thy bosom.

Par.

I Sold. O, pray, pray, pray,-Manka revania dulche.

Oscorbi dulchos volivorco I Sold. The general is content to spare thee

And, hoodwink'd as thou art, will lead thee on

To gather from thee: haply thou mayst inform Something to save thy life.

O, let me live. And all the secrets of our camp I'll show, Their force, their purposes: nay, I'll speak that

Which you will wonder at. But wilt thou faithfully? I Sold.

Par. If I do not, damn me. I Sold. Acordo linta.-

Come on: thou art granted space. Exit, with PAROLLES guarded.

r Lord. Go, tell the Count Rousillon and my brother

We have caught the woodcock, and will keep him muffled

Till we do hear from them. 2 Sold. Captain, I will.

I Lord. He will betray us all unto ourselves;-Inform 'em that.

2 Sold. So I will, sir,

I Lord. Till then I'll keep him dark, and safely lock'd. Exeunt.

Scene II.-Florence. A Room in the Widow's House.

Enter BERTRAM and DIANA

Ber. They told me that your name was Fontibell.

Dia. No, my good lord, Diana. Ber.

Titled goddess; And worth it, with addition! But, fair soul, In you fine frame hath love no quality? If the quick fire of youth light not your mind You are no maiden, but a monument; When you are dead, you should be such a one

As you are now, for you are cold and stern; And now you should be as your mother was

When your sweet self was got.

Dia. She then was honest.

So should you be. Вет. Dia.

My mother did but duty; such, my lord, As you owe to your wife.

Ber. No more of that! I pr'ythee, do not strive against my vows:

I was compell'd to her, but I love thee By love's own sweet constraint, and will for ever Do thee all rights of service.

Dıa. Ay, so you serve us Till we serve you: but when you have our roses You barely leave our thorns to prick ourselves. And mock us with our bareness.

Ber. How have I sworn? Dia. 'Tis not the many oaths that make the truth,

But the plain single vow that is vow'd true.

What is not holy, that we swear not by, But take the Highest to witness: then, pray

you, tell me, If I should swear by Jove's great attributes I lov'd you dearly, would you believe my oaths, When I did love you ill? this has no holding, To swear by him whom I protest to love, That I will work against him: therefore your

oaths Are words and poor conditions; but unseal'd,-

At least in my opinion. Change it, change it; Ber.

Be not so holy-cruel: love is holy; And my integrity ne'er knew the crafts That you do charge men with. Stand no more But give thyself unto my sick desires,

Who then recover: say thou art mine, and ever My love as it begins shall so persever. [case, Dia. I see that men make hopes, in such a

That we'll lorsake ourselves. Give me that ring. Ber. I'll lend it thee, my dear, but have no

power To give it from me.

Will you not, my lord? Dia.

Ber. It is an honour 'longing to our house, Bequeathed down from many ancestors: Which were the greatest obloquy i' the world In me to lose.

Mine honour's such a ring: Dia. My chastity's the jewel of our house, Bequeathed down from many ancestors; Which were the greatest obloquy i' the world In me to lose. Thus your own proper wisdom Brings in the champion honour on my part, Against your vain assault.

Here, take my ring: My house, mine honour, yea, my life be thine,

And I'll be bid by thee.

Dia. When midnight comes knock at my

chamber-window;

I'll order take my mother shall not hear. Now will I charge you in the band of truth. When you have conquer'd my yet maiden-bed. Remain there but an hour, nor speak to me: My reasons are most strong; and you shall

know them When back again this ring shall be deliver'd; And on your finger, in the night, I'll put Another ring, that what in time proceeds May token to the future our past deeds.

You have won Adieu till then; then fail not. A wife of me, though there my hope be done. Ber. A heaven on earth I have won by woo-

Exit. ing thee. Dig. For which live long to thank both

heaven and me!

You may so in the end. My mother told me just how he would woo, As if she sat in his heart; she says all men Have the like oaths he hath sworn to marry me When his wife's dead; therefore I'll lie with him When I am buried. Since Frenchmem are so braid,

Marry that will, I'll live and die a maid: Only, in this disguise, I think't no sin To cozen him that would unjustly win.

Scene III.—The Florentine Camp.

Enter the two French Lords, and two or three Soldiers.

I Lord. You have not given him his mother's letter?

2 Lord. I have delivered it an hour since: there is something in't that stings his nature; for, on the reading it, he changed almost into another man.

I Lord. He has much worthy blame laid upon him for shaking off so good a wife and so sweet

a lady.

- 2 Lord. Especially he hath incurred the everlasting displeasure of the king, who had even tuned his bounty to sing happiness to him. will tell you a thing, but you shall let it dwell darkly with you.
- I Lord. When you have spoken it, 'tis dead, and I am the grave of it.
- 2 Lord. He hath perverted a young gentlewoman here in Florence, of a most chaste renown; and this night he fleshes his will in the spoil of her honour: he hath given her his monumental ring, and thinks himself made in the unchaste composition.

r Lord. Now, God delay our rebellion: as we are ourselves, what things are we!

2 Lord. Merely our own traitors. And as in the common course of all treasons, we still see them reveal themselves, till they attain to their abhorred ends; so he that in this action contrives against his own nobility, in his proper stream o'erflows himself.

I Lord. Is it not meant damnable in us to be trumpeters of our unlawful intents?

not then have his company to-night?

2 Lord. Not till after midnight; for he is dieted to his hour.

- I Lord. That approaches apace: I would gladly have him see his company anatomized, that he might take a measure of his own judgments, wherein so curiously he had set this counterfeit.
- 2 Lord. We will not meddle with him till he come; for his presence must be the whip of the other.
- I Lord. In the meantime, what hear you of these wars?
- 2 Lord. I hear there is an overture of peace. I Lord. Nay, I assure you, a peace concluded.
- 2 Lord. What will Count Rousillon do then? will he travel higher, or return again into France?
- I Lord. I perceive, by this demand, you are not altogether of his council.

2 Lord. Let it be forbid, sir; so should I be a great deal of his act.

I Lord. Sir, his wife, some two months since, fled from his house: her pretence is a pilgrimage to St Jaques-le-Grand; which holy undertaking, with most austere sanctimony, she accomplished; and, there residing, the tenderness of her nature became as a prey to her grief; in fine, made a groan of her last breath; and now she sings in heaven.

2 Lord. How is this justified?
I Lord. The stronger part of it by her own letters, which make her story true even to the point of her death; her death itself which could not be her office to say is come, was faithfully confirmed by the rector of the place.

2 Lord. Hath the count all this intelligence? I Lord. Ay, and the particular confirmations, point from point, to the full arming of the verity.

2 Lord. I am heartily sorry that he'll be glad of this

I Lord. How mightily, sometimes, we make

us comforts of our losses! 2 Lord. And how mightily, some other times, we drown our gain in tears! The great dignity that his valour hath here acquired for him shall

at home be encountered with a shame as ample. I Lord. The web of our life is of a mingled yarn, good and ill together: our virtues would be proud if our faults whipped them not; and our crimes would despair if they were not cherished by our virtues .-

Enter a Servant.

How now? where's your master?

Serv. He met the duke in the street, sir; of whom he hath taken a solemn leave: his lordship will next morning for France. The duke

hath offered him letters of commendations to the king.

2 Lord. They shall be no more than needful there, if they were more than they can commend.

I Lord. They cannot be too sweet for the king's tartness. Here's his lordship now.

Enter BERTRAM.

How now, my lord, 1s't not after midnight? Ber. I have to-night despatched sixteen businesses, a months' length a-piece, by an abstract of success: I have conge'd with the duke, done my adieu with his nearest; buried a wife, mourned for her; writ to my lady-mother I am returning; entertained my convoy; and, between these main parcels of despatch, effected many nicer needs: the last was the greatest, but that I have not ended yet.

2 Lord. If the business be of any difficulty, and this morning your departure hence, it re-

quires haste of your lordship.

Ber. I mean, the business is not ended, as fearing to hear of it hereafter. But shall we have this dialogue between the fool and the soldier? --- Come, bring forth this counterfeit model: has deceived me like a double-meaning prophesier.

2 Lord. Bring him forth. [Exeunt Soldiers. Has sat in the stocks all night, poor gallant knave.

Ber. No matter; his heels have deserved it, in usurping his spurs so long. How does he carry himself?

I Lord. I have told your lordship already; the stocks carry him. But to answer you as you would be understood; he weeps like a wench that had shed her milk: he hath confessed himself to Morgan, whom he supposes to be a friar, from the time of his remembrance

to this very instant disaster of his setting i' the

stocks: and what think you he hath confessed? Ber. Nothing of me, has he?

2 Lord. His confession is taken, and it shall be read to his face: if your lordship be in't, as I believe you are, you must have the patience to hear it.

Re-enter Soldiers, with PAROLLES.

Ber. A plague upon him! muffled! he can say nothing to me; hush, hush!

I Lord. Hoodman comes! Porto tartarossa.

I Sold. He calls for the tortures: what will you say without 'em?

Par. I will confess what I know without constraint; if ye pinch me like a pasty I can say no more.

I Sold. Bosko chimurco.

I Lord. Boblibindo chicurmurco.

I Sold. You are a merciful general:-Our general bids you answer to what I shall ask you out of a note.

Par. And truly, as I hope to live.

1 Sold. First demand of him how many horse the duke is strong. What say you to that?

Par. Five or six thousand; but very weak and unserviceable: the troops are all scattered, and the commanders very poor rogues, upon my reputation and credit, and as I hope to live.

I Sold. Shall I set down your answer so?

Par. Do; I'll take the sacrament on't, how and which way you will.

Ber. All's one to him. What a past-saving

slave is this!

I Lord. You are deceived, my lord; this is Monsieur Parolles, the gallant militarist (that was his own phrase), that had the whole theoric of war in the knot of his scarf, and the practice in the chape of his dagger.

2 Lord. I will never trust a man again for keeping his sword clean; nor believe he can have everything in him by wearing his apparel

neatly.

I Sold. Well, that's set down.

Par. Five or six thousand horse, I said,-I will say true, -or thereabouts, set down, -for I'll speak truth.

I Lord. He's very near the truth in this.

Ber. But I con him no thanks for't in the nature he delivers it.

Par. Poor rogues, I pray you say.

I Sold. Well, that's set down.

Par. I humbly thank you, sir: a truth's a truth, the rogues are marvellous poor.

I Sold. Demand of him of what strength they are a-foot. What say you to that?

Par. By my troth, sir, if I were to live this resent hour I will tell true. Let me see: Spurio a hundred and fifty, Sebastian so many, Corambus so many, Jacques so many; Guiltian Cosmo, Lodowick, and Gratii, two hundred fifty each: mine own company, Chitopher, Vaumond, Bentii, two hundred fifty each: so that the muster-file, rotten and sound, upon my life, amounts not to fifteen thousand poll; half of the which dare not shake the snow from off their cassocks lest they shake themselves to pieces.

Ber. What shall be done to him?

I Lord. Nothing, but let him have thanks. Demand of him my condition, and what credit

I have with the duke.

I Sold. Well, that's set down. You shall demand of him whether one Captain Dumain be i' the camp, a Frenchman; what his reputation is with the duke, what his valour, honesty, expertness in wars; or whether he thinks it were not possible, with well-weighing sums of gold, to corrupt him to a revolt.

What say you to this? what do you know of it? Par. I beseech you, let me answer to the

particular of the inter'gatories: demand them singly.

I Sold. Do you know this Captain Dumain? Par. I know him: he was a botcher's 'prentice in Paris, from whence he was whipped for getting the shrieve's fool with child; a dumb innocent that could not say him nay.

[I Lord lifts up his hand in anger. Ber. Nav. by your leave, hold your hands; though I know his brains are forfeit to the next

tile that falls.

I Sold. Well, is this captain in the Duke of Florence's camp?

Par. Upon my knowledge, he is, and lousy. I Lord. Nay, look not so upon me; we shall hear of your lordship anon.

I Sold. What is his reputation with the duke? Par. The duke knows him for no other but a poor officer of mine; and writ to me this other day to turn him out o' the band: I think I have his letter in my pocket.

1 Sold. Marry, we'll search.

Par. In good sadness, I do not know; either it is there or it is upon a file, with the duke's other letters, in my tent.

I Sold. Here 'tis; here's a paper. Shall I

read it to you?

Par. I do not know if it be it or no.

Ber. Our interpreter does it well.

1 Lord. Excellently.

1 Sold. [Reads.] Dian, the Count's a fool, and full of gold,

Par. That is not the duke's letter, sir; that is an advertisement to a proper maid in Florence, one Diana, to take heed of the allurement of one Count Rousillon, a foolish, idle boy, but, for all that, very ruttish: I pray you, sir, put it

up again.
r Sold. Nay, I'll read it first, by your favour. Par. My meaning in't, I protest, was very honest in the behalf of the maid, for I knew the young count to be a dangerous and lascivious boy, who is a whale to virginity, and devours up all the fry it finds.

Ber. Damnable! both sides rogue!

1. Sold. [Reads [When he swears oaths, bid him drop gold, and take it

After he scores, he never pays the score: Half won is match well made; match, and well

make it;
He ne'er pays after-debts, take it before;
And say a soldier, Dian, told thee this,
Men are to mell with, boys are not to kiss; For count of this, the count's a fool, I know it,
Who pays before, but not when he does owe it.
Thine, as he vow'd to thee in thine ear.
PAROLLES.

Ber. He shall be whipped through the army with this rhyme in his forehead.

2 Lord. This is your devoted friend sir, the manifold linguist, and the armipotent soldier.

Ber. I could endure anything before but a cat, and now he's a cat to me.

I Sold. I perceive, sir, by our general's looks we shall be fain to hang you.

Par. My life, sir, in any case: not that I am afraid to die, but that, my offences being many, I would repent out the remainder of nature: let me live, sir, in a dungeon, i' the stocks, or anywhere, so I may live.
I Sold. We'll see what may be done, so you

confess freely; therefore, once more to this Captain Dumain: you have answered to his reputation with the duke, and to his valour: what

is his honesty?

Par. He will steal, sir, an egg out of a cloister; for rapes and ravishments he parallels Nessus. He professes not keeping of oaths; in breaking them he is stronger than Hercules. He will lie, sir, with such volubility that you would think truth were a fool: drunkenness is his best virtue, for he will be swine-drunk; and in his sleep he does little harm, save to his bedclothes about him; but they know his conditions and lay him in straw. I have but little more to say, sir, of his honesty; he has everything that an honest man should not have; what an honest man should have he has nothing.

I Lord. I begin to love him for this.

Ber. For this description of thine honesty? A pox upon him for me; he is more and more a cat.

I Sold. What say you to his expertness in war?

Par. Faith, sir, has led the drum before the English tragedians, to belie him I will not, and more of his soldiership I know not, except in that country he had the honour to be the officer at a place there called Mile-end, to instruct for the doubling of files: I would do the man what honour I can, but of this I am not certain.

1 Lord. He hath out-villamied villainy so far that the rarity redeems him.

Ber. A pox on him! he's a cat still.

I Sold. His qualities being at this poor price, I need not to ask you if gold will corrupt him to revolt.

Par. Sir, for a quart d'ecu he will sell the fee-simple of his salvation, the inheritance of it, and cut the entail from all remainders, and a perpetual succession for it perpetually.

I Sold. What's his brother, the other Cap-

tain Dumain?

2 Lord. Why does he ask him of me? I Sold. What's he?

Par. E'en a crow of the same nest; not altogether so great as the first in goodness, but greater a great deal in evil. He excels his brother for a coward, yet his brother is reputed one of the best that is: in a retreat he outruns any lackey; marry, in coming on he has the

I Sold. If your life be saved, will you undertake to betray the Florentine?

Par. Ay, and the captain of his horse, Count Rousillon.

I Sold. I'll whisper with the general, and know his pleasure.

Par. I'll no more drumming; a plague of all drums! Only to seem to deserve well, and to beguile the supposition of that lascivious young boy, the count, have I run into this danger: yet who would have suspected an ambush where I was taken?

I Sold. There is no remedy, sir, but you must die: the general says, you that have so traitorously discovered the secrets of your army, and mad such pestiferous reports of men very nobly held, can serve the world for no honest use; therefore you must die. Come, heads-man, off with his head.

Par. O Lord! sir, let me live, or let me see

my death.
I Sold. That shall you, and take your leave of all your friends. [Unmuffling him. So look about you: know you any here?

Ber. Good morrow, noble captain.

2 Lord. God bless you, Captain Parolles. 1 Lord. God save you, noble captain.

2 Lord. Captain, what greeting will you to my Lord Lafeu? I am for France.

r Lord. Good captain, will you give me a copy of the sonnet you writ to Diana in behalf of the Count Rousillon? an I were not a very coward I'd compel it of you; but fare you well. [Exeunt BERTRAM, Lords, & c.

I Sold. You are undone, captain: all but your scarf; that has a knot on't yet.

Par. Who cannot be crushed with a plot?

r Sold. If you could find out a country where but women were that had received so much shame, you might begin an impudent nation. Fare you well, sir; I am for France too: we shall speak of you there. Exit.

Par. Yet I am thankful: if my heart were

great, 'Twould burst at this. Captain I'll be no more;

But I will eat and drink, and sleep as soft As captain shall: simply the thing I am
Shall make me live. Who knows himself a Shall make me live. braggart,

Let him fear this; for it will come to pass That every braggart shall be found an ass. Rust, sword! cool, blushes! and, Parolles, live Safest in shame! being fool'd, by foolery thrive! There's place and means for every man ahve. I'll after them.

SCENE IV .- FLORENCE. A Room in the Widow's House.

Enter Helena, Widow, and Diana.

Hel. That you may well perceive I have not wrong'd you,

One of the greatest in the Christian world Shall be my surety; 'fore whose throne 'tis needful,

Ere I can perfect mine intents, to kneel: Time was I did him a desired office. Dear almost as his life, which gratitude Through flinty Tartar's bosom would peep forth, And answer, thanks: I duly am informed His grace is at Marseilles; to which place We have convenient convoy. You must know I am supposed dead: the army breaking, My husband hies him home; where, heaven aiding,

And by the leave of my good lord the kind, We'll be before our welcome.

Wid.Gentle madam, You never had a servant to whose trust

Your business was more welcome. Nor you, mistress, Ever a friend whose thoughts more truly labour To recompense your love: doubt not but heaven

Hath brought me up to be your daughter's dower, As it hath fated her to be my motive And helper to a husband. But, O strange men! That can such sweet use make of what they

hate, When saucy trusting of the cozen'd thoughts Defiles the pitchy night! so lust doth play With what it loathes, for that which is away: But more of this hereafter .- You, Diana, Under my poor instructions yet must suffer Something in my behalf.

Let death and honesty Go with your impositions, I am yours Upon your will to suffer.

Yet, I pray you: Hel. But with the word the time will bring on summer.

When briers shall have leaves as well as thorns, And be as sweet as sharp. We must away; Our waggon is prepar'd, and time revives us:

All's well that ends well: still the fine's the crown:

Whate'er the course, the end is the renown. Exeunt.

Scene V .- ROUSILLON. A Room in the COUNTESS'S Palace.

Enter Countess, Lafeu, and Clown.

Laf. No, no, no, your son was misled with a snipt-taffeta fellow there, whose villanous saffron would have made all the unbaked and doughy youth of a nation in his colour: your daughter-in-law had been alive at this hour, and your son here at home, more advanced by the king than by that red-tailed humble-bee I speak of.

Count. I would I had not known him! it was the death of the most virtuous gentlewoman that ever nature had praise for creating: if she had partaken of my flesh, and cost me the dearest groans of a mother, I could not have owed her a more rooted love.

Laf. 'Twas a good lady, 'twas a good lady: we may pick a thousand salads ere we light on

such another herb.

Clo. Indeed, sir, she was the sweet marjoram of the salad, or rather, the herb of grace. Laf. They are not salad-herbs, you knave; they are nose-herbs.

Clo. I am no great Nebuchadnezzar, sir; I have not much skill in grass.

Laf. Whether dost thou profess thyself,—a knave or a fool?

Clo. A fool, sir, at a woman's service, and a knave at a man's.

Laf. Your distinction? Clo. I would cozen the man of his wife, and Ideed. do his service. Laf. So you were a knave at his service, in-

Clo. And I would give his wife my bauble, sir, to do her service.

Laf. I will subscribe for thee; thou art both

knave and fool.

Clo. At your service.

Laf. No, no, no. Clo. Why, sir, if I cannot serve you, I can serve as great a prince as you are.

Laf. Who's that? a Frenchman?

Clo. Faith, sir, 'a has an English name; but his phisnomy is more hotter in France than there.

Laf. What prince is that?

Clo. The black prince, sir; alias, the prince

of darkness; alias, the devil.

Laf. Hold thee, there's my purse: I give thee not this to suggest thee from thy master thou talkest of; serve him still.

Clo. I am a woodland fellow, sir, that always loved a great fire; and the master I speak of ever keeps a good fire. But, sure, he is the prince of the world; let his nobility remain in his court. I am for the house with the narrow gate, which I take to be too little for pomp to enter: some that humble themselves may; but the many will be too chill and tender; and they'll be for the flow'ry way that leads to the broad gate and the great fire.

Laf. Go thy ways, I begin to be a-weary of thee; and I tell thee so before, because I would not fall out with thee. Go thy ways; let my horses be well looked to, without any tricks.

Clo. If I put any tricks upon 'em, sir they shall be jades' tricks; which are their own right by the law of nature. [Exit.

Laf. A shrewd knave, and an unhappy. Count. So he is. Mylord that's gone made himself much sport out of him: by his authority he remains here, which he thinks is a patent for his sauciness, and, indeed, he has no pace, but runs where he will.

Laf. I like him well; 'tis not amiss. And I was about to tell you, since I heard of the good lady's death, and that my lord your son was upon his return home, I moved the king my master to speak in the behalf of my daughter: which, in the minority of them both, his majesty, out of a self-gracious remembrance, did first propose: his highness hath promised me to do it: and, to stop up the displeasure he hath conceived against your son, there is no fitter matter. How does your ladyship like it?

Count. With very much content, my lord;

and I wish it happily effected.

Laf. His highness comes post from Marseilles, of as able body as when he numbered thirty; he will be here to-morrow, or I am de-ceived by him that in such intelligence hath seldom failed.

Count. It rejoices me that I hope I shall see him ere I die. I have letters that my son will be here to-night: I shall beseech your lordship to remain with me till they meet together.

Laf. Madam, I was thinking with what

manners I might safely be admitted. Count. You need but plead your honourable privilege.

Laf. Lady, of that I have made a bold charter; but, I thank my God, it holds yet.

Re-enter Clown.

Clo. O madam, yonder's my lord your son with a patch of velvet on's face; whether there be a scar under it or no, the velvet knows; but 'tis a goodly patch of velvet: his left cheek is a cheek of two pile and a half, but his right cheek is worn bare.

Laf. A scar nobly got, or a noble scar, is a good livery of honour; so belike is that.

Clo. But it is your carbonadoed face.

Laf. Let us go see your son, I pray you; I long to talk with the young noble soldier. Clo. Faith, there's a dozen of 'em, with

deheate fine hats, and most courteous feathers, which bow the head and nod at every man. Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I .- Marseilles. A Street

Enter Helena, Widow, and Diana, with iwo Attendants.

Hel. But this exceeding posting day and

Must wear your spirits low: we cannot help it: But since you have made the days and nights as one,

To wear your gentle limbs in my affairs.

Enter a Gentleman.

This man may help me to his majesty's ear. If he would spend his power.-God save you,

Gent. And you. Hel. Sir, I have seen you in the court of

Gent. I have been sometimes there. [fallen Hel. I do presume, sir, that you are not From the report that goes upon your goodness: And therefore, goaded with most sharp occasions, Which lay nice manners by, I put you to

The use of your own virtues, for the which I shall continue thankful.

Gent. What's your will? Hel. That it will please you

To give this poor petition to the king; And aid me with that store of power you have To come into his presence.

Gent. The king's not here. Hel. Not here, sir?

Gent. Not indeed: He hence remov'd last night, and with more

haste

Than is his use.

Lord, how we lose our pains!

Though time seem so adverse and means unfit. -I do beseech you, whither is he gone?

Gent. Marry, as I take it, to Rousillon;

Gent. Watta,, Whither I am going,

I do beseech you, sir, Since you are like to see the king before me. Commend the paper to his gracious hand; Which I presume shall render you no blame. But rather make you thank your pains for it: I will come after you, with what good speed Our means will make us means.

Gent. This I'll do for you. Hel. And you shall find yourself to be well

thank'd,

Whate'erfalls more.—We must to horse again;— Go, go, provide. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- ROUSILLON. The inner Court of the COUNTESS'S Palace.

Enter Clown and PAROLLES.

Par. Good Monsieur Lavatch, give my Lord Lafeu this letter: I have ere now, sir, been better known to you, when I have held famili-arity with fresher clothes; but I am now, sir, muddled in fortune's mood, and smell somewhat strong of her strong displeasure.

Clo. Truly, fortune's displeasure is but sluttish if it smell so strongly as thou speakest of: I will henceforth eat no fish for fortune's butter-

ing. Pr'ythee, allow the wind.

Par. Nay, you need not to stop your nose, sir; I spake but by a metaphor.

Clo. Indeed, sir, if your metaphor stink, I will stop my nose; or against any man's metaphor. Pr'ythee, get thee further.

Par. Pray you, sir, deliver me this paper.

Clo. Foh, pr'ythee, stand away: a paper from fortune's close-stool to give to a nobleman! Look, here he comes himself.

Enter LAFEU.

Be bold you do so grow in my requital

As nothing can unroot you. In happy time;— tune's cat (but not a musk-cat), that has fallen

into the unclean fishpond of her displeasure, and, as he says, is muddled withal: pray you, sir, use the carp as you may; for he looks like a poor, decayed, ingenious, foolish, rascally knave. I do pity his distress in my smiles of comfort, and leave him to your lordship. Exit.

Par. My lord, I am a man whom fortune

hath cruelly scratched.

Laf. And what would you have me to do? 'tis too late to pare her nails now. Wherein have you played the knave with fortune, that she should scratch you, who of herself is a good. lady, and would not have knaves thrive long under her? There's a quart d'ecu for you: let the justices make you and fortune friends; I am for other business.

Par. I beseech your honour to hear me one single word.

Laf. You beg a single penny more: come, you shall ha't: save your word.

Par. My name, my good lord, is Parolles. Laf. You beg more than one word then.-Cox' my passion! give me your hand:-how

does your drum? Par. O my good lord, you were the first

that found me. Laf. Was I, in sooth? and I was the first

that lost thee. Par. It has in you, my lord, to bring me in

some grace, for you did bring me out. Laf. Out upon thee, knave! dost thou put upon me at once both the office of God and the devil? one brings thee in grace, and the other brings thee out. [Trumpets sound.] The king's coming; I know by his trumpets. Sirrah, inquire further after me; I had talk of you last night: though you are a fool and a knave, you shall eat: go to; follow.

Par. I praise God for you. Exeunt.

Scene III.—The same. A Room in the COUNTESS'S Palace.

Flourish. Enter King, Countess, Lafeu, Lords, Gentlemen, Guards, &c.

King. We lost a jewel of her; and our esteem Was made much poorer by it: but your son, As mad in folly, lack'd the sense to know Her estimation home.

'Tis past, my liege: Count. And I beseech your majesty to make it Natural rebellion, done i' the blaze of youth, When oil and fire, too strong for reason's force, O'erbears it, and burns on

My honeur'd lady, I have forgiven and forgotten all; Though my revenges were high bent upon him,

And watch'd the time to shoot.

Laf. This I must say. But first, I beg my pardon,—the young lord Did to his maresty, his mother, and his lady, Offence of mighty note; but to himself The greatest wrong of all: he lost a wife Whose beauty did astonish the survey Of richest eyes; whose words all ears took captive:

Whose dear perfection hearts that scorn'd to serve

Humbly call'd mistress.

King.Praising what is lost Makes the remembrance dear .- Well, call him hither .-

We are reconcil'd, and the first view shall kill All repetition:-let him not ask our pardon; The nature of his great offence is dead, And deeper than oblivion do we bury The incensing relics of it; let him approach. A stranger, no offender; and inform him,

So 'tis our will he should. Gent. I shall, my hege. Exit Gentleman.

King. What says he to your daughter? have you spoke?

Lcf. All that he is hath reference to your highness.

King. Then shall we have a match. I have letters sent me

That set him high in fame.

Enter BERTRAM.

Laf. He looks well on't. King. I am not a day of season, For thou mayst see a sunshine and a hail In me at once: but to the brightest beams Distracted clouds give way, so stand thou forth, The time is fair again.

Ber. My high-repented blames, Dear sovereign, pardon to me.

King.All is whole: Not one word more of the consumed time. Let's take the instant by the forward top, For we are old, and on our quick'st decrees The inaudible and noiseless foot of time Steals ere we can effect them. You remember The daughter of this lord?

Ber. Adminingly, my liege: at first I stuck my choice upon her, ere my heart Durst make too bold a herald of my tongue: Where the impression of mine eye infixing, Contempt his scornful perspective did lend me, Which warp'd the line of every other favour; Scorned a fair colour, or express'd it stolen; Extended or contracted all proportions To a most hideous object, thence it came That she whom all men prais'd, and whom

myself, Since I have lost, have lov'd, was in mine eye The dust that did offend it.

Well excus'd: Kına. That thou didst love her, strikes some scores away

From the great compt: but love that comes too Like a remorseful pardon slowly carried, To the great sender turns a sour offence, Crying, That's good that's gone. Our rash

faults

Make trivial price of serious things we have, Not knowing them until we know their grave: Oft our displeasures, to ourselves unjust, Destroy our friends, and after weep their dust: Our own love waking cries to see what's done, While shameful hate sleeps out the afternoon. Be this sweet Helen's knell, and now forget her. Send forth your amorous token for fair Maudlin: The main consents are had; and here we'll stay To see our widower's second marriage-day.

Count. Which better than the first, O dear heaven, bless!

Or, ere they meet, in me, O nature, cesse!

name

Must be digested, give a favour from you, To sparkle in the spirits of my daughter,

That she may quickly come.-BERTRAM gives a ring to LAFEU.

By my old beard And every hair that's on't, Helen, that's dead, Was a sweet creature: such a ring as this, The last that e'er I took her leave at court, I saw upon her finger.

Her's it was not. Ber. King. Now, pray you, let me see it; for

mine eye, While I was speaking, oft was fasten'd to it.-This ring was mine, and when I gave it Helen I bade her, if her fortunes ever stood Necessitated to help, that by this token

I would relieve her. Had you that craft to reave her'

Of what should stead her most? My gracious sovereign, Ber. Howe'er it pleases you to take it so,

The ring was never hers.

Son, on my life, I have seen her wear it; and she reckon'd it At her life's rate.

I'm sure I saw her wear it. Laf. Ber. You are deceiv'd, my lord; she never saw it:

In Florence was it from a casement thrown me, Wrapp'd in a paper, which contain'd the name Of her that threw it: noble she was, and thought

I stood engag'd: but when I had subscrib'd To mine own fortune, and inform'd her fully I could not answer in that course of honour As she had made the overture, she ceas'd, In heavy satisfaction, and would never Receive the ring again.

Plutus himself. King. That knows the tinct and multiplying medicine, Hath not in nature's mystery more science Than I have in this ring: 'twas mine, 'twas Helen's,

Whoever gave it you. Then, if you know That you are well acquainted with yourself, Confess 'twas hers, and by what rough enforcement

You got it from her: she call'd the saints to surety

That she would never put it from her finger Unless she gave it to yourself in bed,-Where you have never come,—or sent it us Upon her great disaster.

She never saw it. Ber. King. Thou speak'st it falsely, as I love mine honour;

And mak'st conjectural fears to come into me Which I would fain shut out. If it should prove That thou art so inhuman,-'twill not prove

deadly:

And she is dead; which nothing, but to close Her eyes myself, could win me to believe More than to see this ring.—Take him away.

[Guards seize BERTRAM My fore-past proofs, howe'er the matter fall, Shall tax my fears of little vanity,

Laf. Come on, my son, in whom my house's Having vainly fear'd too little.-Away with him:-

We'll sift this matter further.

If you shall prove This ring was ever hers, you shall as easy Prove that I husbanded her bed in Florence Where yet she never was. [Exit, guarded.

King. I am wrapp'd in dismal thinkings.

Enter a Gentleman.

Gracious sovereign, Gent. Whether I have been to blame or no, I know

Here's a petition from a Florentine, Who hath, for four or five removes, come short To tender it herself. I undertook it. Vanquish'd thereto by the fair grace and speech Of the poor suppliant, who by this, I know, Is here attending: her business looks in her With an importing visage; and she told me, In a sweet verbal brief, it did concern

Your highness with herself.

King. [Reads.] Upon his many protestations to marry me, when his wife was dead, I blush to say it, he won me. Now is the Count Rousillon a widower; his vows are forfeited to me, and my honour's paid to him. He stole from Florence, taking no leave, and I follow him to his country for justice: grant it me, O king; in you it best lies; otherwise a seducer flourishes, and a poor maid is undone.

DIANA CAPULET.

Laf. I will buy me a son-in-law in a fair. and toll this: I'll none of him.

King. The heaven's have thought well on thee, Lafeu,

To bring forth this discovery .- Seek these suitors:

Go speedily, and bring again the count. Exeunt Gentleman, and some Attendants. I am afeared the life of Helen, lady,

Was foully snatch'd. Now, justice on the doers! Count.

Enter Bertram, guarded.

Kmg. I wonder, sir, since wives are monsters to you

And that you fly them as you swear the lordship, Yet you desire to marry. - What woman's that?

Re-enter Gentleman, with Widow and Diana. Dia. I am, my lord, a wretched Florentine, Derived from the ancient Capulet;

My suit, as I do understand, you know And therefore know how far I may be pitied.

Wid. I am her mother, sir, whose age and honour Both suffer under this complaint we bring,

And both shall cease, without your remedy. King. Come hither, count; do you know these women?

Ber. My lord, I neither can nor will deny And yet I know not:-thou didst hate her But that I know them: do they charge me

further? wife. Dia. Why do you look so strange upon your

Ber. She's none of mine, my lord. If you shall marry, You give away this hand, and that is mine; You give away heaven's vows, and those are

mine:

You give away myself, which is known mine; For I by yow am so embodied yours That she which marries you must marry me.

Either both or none. Laf. [To BERTRAM.] Your reputation comes too short for my daughter; you are no husband

Ber. My lord, this is a fond and desperate

for her.

creature Whom sometimes I have laugh'd with: let your

highness Lav a more noble thought upon mine honour Than for to think that I would sink it here.

King. Sir, for my thoughts, you have them ill to friend

Till your deeds gain them: fairer prove your honour

That in my thought it lies!

Good, my lord, Ask him upon his oath, if he does think He had not my virginity.

King. What say'st thou to her? She's impudent, my lord; And was a common gamester to the camp. Dia. He does me wrong, my lord; if I were

50

He might have bought me at a common price: Do not believe him. O, behold this ring, Whose high respect and rich validity Did lack a parallel; yet, for all that, He gave it to a commoner o' the camp, If I be one.

He blushes, and 'tis it: Count. Of six preceding ancestors, that gem, Conferr'd by testament to the sequent issue, Hath it been ow'd and worn. This is his wife;

That ring's a thousand proofs.

King. Methought you said You saw one here in court could witness it.

Dia. I did, my lord, but loath am to produce So bad an instrument; his name's Parolles. Laf. I saw the man to-day, if man he be.

King. Find him, and bring him hither. [Exit an Attendant.

What of him? Rer. He's quoted for a most perfidious slave. With all the spots o' the world tax'd and de-

bosh'd: Whose nature sickens but to speak a truth: Am I or that or this for what he'll utter,

That will speak anything? King. She hath that ring of yours. Ber. I think she has: certain it is I lik'd

her And boarded her i' the wanton way of youth: She knew her distance, and did angle for me, Madding my eagerness with her restraint, As all impediments in fancy's course Are motives of more fancy; and, in fine, Her infinite coming with her modern grace, Subdued me to her rate: she got the ring; And I had that which any inferior might At market-price have bought.

I must be patient: You that have turn'd off a first so noble wife May justly diet me. I pray you yet, Since you lack virtue, I will lose a husband, Send for your ring, I will return it home, And give me mine again.

Вет. I have it not.

King. What ring was yours, I pray you? Dia. Sir, much like

The same upon your finger.

King. Know you this ring? this ring was his of late.

Dia. And this was it I gave him, being a-bed King. The story, then, goes false you threw ıt hım

Out of a casement.

Dia. I have spoke the truth.

Ber. My lord, I do confess the ring was hers. King. You boggle shrewdly; every feather starts you.—

Re-enter Attendant, with PAROLLES.

Is this the man you speak of?

Dια. Ay, my lord. King. Tell me sirrah, but tell me true, I

charge you,

Not fearing the displeasure of your master,-Which, on your just proceeding, I'll keep off,-By him and by this woman here what know you?

Par. So please your majesty, my master hath been an honourable gentleman; tricks he hath had in him, which gentlemen have.

King. Come, come, to the purpose: did he love this woman?

Par. Faith, sir, he did love her; but how? King. How, I pray you?

Par. He did love her, sir, as a gentleman loves a woman.

King. How is that?

Par. He loved her, sir, and loved her not. King. As thou art a knave and no knave.-What an equivocal companion is this!

Par. I am a poor man, and at your majesty's command.

Laf. He's a good drum, my lord, but a naughty orator.

Dia. Do you know he promised me marriage? Par. Faith, I know more than I'll speak. King. But wilt thou not speak all thou

know'st?

Par. Yes, so please your majesty; I did go between them, as I said; but more than that, he loved her,—for, indeed, he was mad for her, and talked of Satan, and of limbo, and of furies, and I know not what: yet I was in that credit with them at that time that I knew of their going to bed; and of other motions, as promising her marriage, and things which would derive me ill-will to speak of; therefore I will not speak what I know.

King. Thou hast spoken all already, unless thou canst say they are married: but thou art too fine in thy evidence; therefore stand aside .-

This ring, you say, was yours?

Dia. Ay, my good lord. King. Where did you buy it? or who gave it you?

Dia. It was not given me, nor I did not buy King. Who lent it you?

Dia. It was not lent me neither. King. Where did you find it then?

Dia. I found it not. King. If it were yours by none of all these

WAVS. How could you give it him?

Dia. I never gave it him. Laf. This woman's an easy glove, my lord; 'Tis but the shadow of a wife you see she goes off and on at pleasure.

King. This ring was mine, I gave it his first wife. know.

Dia. It might be yours or hers, for aught I King. Take her away, I do not like her now; To prison with her: and away with him.— Unless thou tell'st me where thou hadst this ring,

Thou diest within this hour.

I'll never tell you. Dia.

Dia.
King. Take her away.
I'll put in bail, my liege. King. I think thee now some common customer.

Dia. By Jove, if ever I knew man, 'twas you. King. Wherefore hast thou accus'd him all this while?

Dia. Because he's guilty, and he is not guilty: He knows I am no maid, and he'll swear to't: I'll swear I am a maid, and he knows not. Great king, I am no strumpet, by my life; I am either maid, or else this old man's wife.

Pointing to LAFEU. King. She does abuse our ears; to prison with her. sır:

Dia. Good mother, fetch my bail, -Stay, royal Exit Widow.

The jeweller that owes the ring is sent for, And he shall surety me. But for this lord, Who hath abus'd me, as he knows himself, Though yet he never harm'd me, here I quit him:

He knows himself my bed he hath defil'd; And at that time he got his wife with child. Dead though she be, she feels her young one

So there's my riddle—One that's dead is quick; And now behold the meaning.

Re-enter Widow with HELENA.

King. Is there no exorcist Beguiles the truer office of mine eyes? Is't real that I see?

Hel. No, my good lord; The name, and not the thing.

Both, both; O, pardon Ber. Hel. O, my good lord, when I was like this maid;

I found you wondrous kind. There is your ring, And, look you, here's your letter. This it says,

When from my finger you can get this ring, And are by me with child, &c.—This is done:

Will you be mine, now you are doubly won? Ber. If she, my liege, can make me know

this clearly, I'll love her dearly, ever, ever dearly.

Hel. If it appear not plain, and prove untrue. Deadly divorce step between me and you!-O, my dear mother, do I see you living?

Laf. Mine eyes smell onions; I shall weep anon:—Good Tom Drum [to PAROLLES], lend me a handkercher: so, I thank thee; wait on me home, I'll make sport with thee: let thy courtesies alone, they are scurvy ones.

King. Let us from point to point this story know,

To make the even truth in pleasure flow:-If thou be'st yet a fresh uncropped flower, To DIANA.

Choose thou thy husband, and I'll pay thy dower:

For I can guess that, by thy honest aid, Thou kept'st a wife herself, thyself a maid.— Of that and all the progress, more and less, Resolvedly more leisure shall express: All yet seems well; and if it end so meet. The bitter past, more welcome is the sweet. [Flourish.

The king's a beggar, now tne play is done: All is well-ended if this suit be won, That you express content; which we will pay, With strife to please you, day exceeding day: Ours be your patience then, and yours our parts;
Your gentle hands lend us, and take our hearts.

THE TAMING OF THE SHREW

PERSONS REPRESENTED

A Lord.
CHRISTOPHER SLY, a drunken
Tinker.
Hostess, Page, Players, Hunstmen,
and Servants.

Persons
in the
Induction

Baptista, a rich Gentleman of Padua. Vincentio, an old Gentleman of Pisa.

LUCENTIO, Son to VINCENTIO, in love with BIANCA.

PETRUCHIO, a Gentleman of Verona, a Suitor to Katharina.

GREMIO, Suitors to BIANCA.

TRANIO, BIONDELLO, Servants to LUCENTIO.

GRUMIO, | Servants to PETRUCHIO.

Pedant, an old fellow set up to personate VIN-CENTIO.

KATHARINA, the Shrew, Daughters to BAP-BIANCA, Widow. TISTA.

Tailor, Haberdasher, and Servants attending on Baptista and Petruchic.

Scene, -Sometimes in Padua, and sometimes in Petruchio's House in the Country.

INDUCTION.

Scene I.—Before an Alehouse on a Heath.

Enter Hostess and SLY.

Sly. I'll pheeze you, in faith.

Host. A pair of stocks, you rogue!

Sly. Y'are a baggage: the Slys are no rogues; look in the chronicles; we came in with Richard Conqueror. Therefore, paucas pallabris; let the world slide: sessa!

Host. You will not pay for the glasses you have burst?

Sly. No, not a denier. Go by, Saint Jeronimy,—go to thy cold bed and warm thee.

Host. I know my remedy; I must go fetch the thirdborough. [Exit.

Sly. Third, or fourth, or fifth borough, I'll answer him by law: I'll not budge an inch, boy: let him come, and kindly.

[Lies down on the ground and falls asleep.

Horns winded. Enter a Lord from hunting, with Huntsmen and Servants.

Lord. Huntsman, I charge thee, tender well my hounds:

Brach Merriman,—the poor cur is emboss'd, And couple Clowder with the deep-mouth'd brach.

Saw'st thou not, boy, how Silver made it good At the hedge-corner, in the coldest fault? I would not lose the dog for twenty pound.

I Hun. Why, Belman is as good as he, my lord;

He cried upon it at the merest loss, And twice to-day pick'd out the dullest scent: Trust me, I take him for the better dog.

Lord. Thou art a fool: if Echo were as fleet, I would esteem him worth a dozen such. But sup them well, and look unto them all: To-morrow I intend to hunt again.

r Hun. I will, my lord.

Lord. What's here? one dead, or drunk? See, doth he breathe?

2 Hun. He breathes, my lord. Were ne not warm'd with ale.

This were a bed but cold to sleep so soundly. Lord. O monstrous beast! how like a swine he lies. [ımage! Grim death, how foul and loathsome is thine

Sirs, I will practise on this drunken man. What think you, if he were convey'd to bed, Wrapp'd in sweet clothes, rangs put upon his

fingers,

A most delicious banquet by his bed, And brave attendants near him when he wakes, Would not the beggar then forget himself? I Hun. Believe me, lord, I think he cannot

choose.

2 Hun. It would seem strange unto him when he wak'd. [less fancy. Lord. Even as a flattering dream or worth-Then take him up, and manage well the jest:-Carry him gently to my fairest chamber.

And hang it round with all my wanton pictures: Balm his foul head in warm distilled waters And burn sweet wood to make the lodging

Procure me music ready when he wakes, To make a dulcet and a heavenly sound; And if he chance to speak, be ready straight, And, with a low, submissive reverence, Say,-What is it your honour will command? Let one attend him with a silver basin Full of rose-water and bestrew'd with flowers; Another bear the ewer, the third a diaper, And say,—Will't please your lordship cool your hands?

Some one be ready with a costly suit, And ask him what apparel he will wear; Another tell him of his hounds and horse, And that his lady mourns at his disease: Persuade him that he hath been lunatic; And, when he says he is, say that he dreams, For he is nothing but a mighty lord. This do, and do it kindly, gentle sirs: It will be pastime passing excellent,

If it be husbanded with modesty. [our part, I Hun. My lord, I warrant you, we'll play As he shall think, by our true diligence, He is no less than what we say he is.

Lord. Take him up gently, and to bed with And each one to his office when he wakes. Some bear out SLY. A trumpet sounds.

Sirrah, go see what trumpet 'tis that sounds:-Exit Servant.

Belike, some noble gentleman, that means, Travelling some journey, to repose him here.

Re-enter a Servant.

How now! who is it?

Serv. An it please your honour, Players that offer service to your lordship. Lord. Bid them come near.

Enter Players.

Now, fellows, you are welcome. I Play. We thank your honour.

Lord. Do you intend to stay with me tonight?

2 Play. So please your lordship to accept our

duty. [member, Lord. With all my heart.—This fellow I re-Since once he play'd a farmer's eldest son:-'Twas where you woo'd the gentlewoman so

well: I have forgot your name; but, sure, that part Was aptly fitted and naturally perform'd.

I Play. I think 'twas Soto that your honour means.

Lord. 'Tis very true: thou didst it excellent .-Well, you are come to me in happy time: The rather for I have some sport in hand Wherein your cunning can assist me much. There is a lord will hear you play to-night. But I am doubtful of your modesties; Lest, over-eying of his odd behaviour,-For yet his honour never heard a play,-You break into some merry passion. And so offend him; for I tell you, sirs If you should smile, he grows impatient.

I Play. Fear not, my lord; we can contain ourselves,

Were he the veriest antic in the world. Lord. Go, sirrah, take them to the buttery, And give them friendly welcome every one: Let them want nothing that my house affords.

Exeunt Servant and Players. Sirrah, go vou to Barthol'mew my page To a Servant.

And see him dress'd in all suits like a lady: That dore, conduct him to the drunkard's chamber:

And call him madam, do him obeisance. Tell him from me, -as he will win my love,-He bear himself with honourable action, Such as he hath observ'd in noble ladies Unto their lords, by them accomplished: Such duty to the drunkard let him do. With soft low tongue and lowly courtesy: And say,-What is't your honour will com-

mand, Wherein your lady and your humble wife May show her duty and make known her love? And then,-with kind embracements, tempting kisses,

And with declining head into his bosom,-Bid him shed tears, as being overjoy'd To see her noble lord restor'd to health Who for this seven years hath esteemed him No better than a poor and loathsome beggar: And if the boy have not a woman's gift. To rain a shower of commanded tears, An onion will do well for such a shift; Which in a napkin being close conveyed. Shall in despite enforce a watery eye. [canst; See this despatch'd with all the haste thou Anon I'll give thee more instructions. [Exit Servant.

I know the boy will well usurp the grace, Voice, gart, and action of a gentlewoman: I long to hear him call the drunkard husband; And how my men will stay themselves from laughter

When they do homage to this simple peasant.

I'll in to counsel them: haply my presence May well abate the over-merry spleen, Which otherwise would grow into extremes.

Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Bedchamber in the Lord's House

SLY is discovered in a rich nightgown, with Attendants: some with apparel, others with basin, ewer, and other appurtenances. Enter Lord, dressed like a Servant.

Sly. For God's sake, a pot of small ale. I Serv. Will't please your lordship drink a cup of sack? (these conserves?

2 Serv. Will't please your honour taste of 3 Serv. What raiment will your honour wear to-day?

Sly. I am Christophero Sly; call not me honour nor lordship: I ne'er drank sack in my life; and if you give me any conserves, give me conserves of beef: ne'er ask me what raiment I'll wear; for I have no more doublets than backs, no more stockings than legs, nor no more shoes than feet, -nay, sometime more feet than shoes, or such shoes as my toes look through the overleather. honour!

Lord. Heaven cease this idle humour in your O, that a mighty man, of such descent, Of such possessions, and so high esteem Should be infused with so foul a spirit!

Siy. What, would you make me mad? Am not I Christopher Siy, old Siy's son of Burton-heath; by birth a pedler, by education a card-maker, by transmutation a bear-herd, and now by present profession a tinker? Ask Marian Hacket, the fat ale-wife of Wincot, if she know me not: if she say I am not fourteen-pence on the score for sheer ale, score me up for the lyingest knave in Christendom. What! I am not bestraught: here's-[mourn!

I Serv. O, this it is that makes your lady 2 Serv. O, this it is that makes your servants

droop! your house, Lord. Hence comes it that your kindred shuns

As beaten hence by your strange lunacy. O noble lord, bethink thee of thy birth! Call home thy ancient thoughts from banishment,

And banish hence these abject lowly dreams. Look how thy servants do attend on thee, Each in his office ready at thy beck. Wilt thou have music? hark! Apollo plays.

Music. And twenty caged nightingales do sing: Or wilt thou sleep? we'll have thee to a couch Softer and sweeter than the lustful bed On purpose trimm'd up for Semiramis. Say thou wilt walk; we will bestrew the ground: Or wilt thou ride? thy horses shall be trapp'd. Their harness studded all with gold and pearl. Dost thou love hawking? thou hast hawks will

Above the morning lark: or wilt thou hunt? Thy hounds shall make the welkin answer them

And fetch shrill echoes from the hollow earth. I Serv. Say thou wilt course; thy greyhounds are as swift

2 Serv. Dost thou love pictures: we will fetch thee straight

Adonis painted by a running brook, And Cytherea all in sedges hid, breath. Which seem to move and wanton with her

Even as the waving sedges play with wind. Lord. We'll show thee Io as she was a maid, And how she was beguiled and surpris'd,

As lively painted as the deed was done. 3 Serv. Or Daphne roaming through

thorny wood, Scratching her legs, that one shall swear she

bleeds: And at that sight shall sad Apollo weep,

So workmanly the blood and tears are drawn. Lord. Thou art a lord, and nothing but a lord:

Thou hast a lady far more beautiful Than any woman in this waning age. [for thee, I Serv. And, till the tears that she hath shed Like envious floods, o'er-run her lovely face, She was the fairest creature in the world; And yet she is inferior to none.

Sly. Am I a lord? and have I such a lady? Or do I dream? or have I dream'd till now? I do not sleep: I see, I hear, I speak; I smelt sweet savours, and I feel soft things:— Upon my life, I am a lord indeed; And not a tinker, nor Christophero Sly.-Well, bring our lady hither to our sight, And once again, a pot of the smallest ale.

2 Serv. Will't please your mightiness to wash your hands?

[Servants present a ewer, basin, and napkin. O, how we joy to see your wit restor'd! O, that once more you knew but what you are! These fifteen years you have been in a dream; Or, when you wak'd, so wak'd as if you slept.

Sly. These fifteen years! by my fay, a goodly nap. But did I never speak of all that time?

I Serv. O yes, my lord; but very idle words: For though you lay here in this goodly chamber, Yet would you say, ye were beaten out of door: And rail upon the hostess of the house; And say, you would present her at the leet, Because she brought stone jugs and no seal'd quarts:

Sometimes you would call out for Cicely Hacket. Sly. Ay, the woman's maid of the house. 3 Serv. Why, sir, you know no house, nor no such maid:

Nor no such men as you have reckon'd up,— As Stephen Sly, and old John Naps of Greece, And Peter Turf, and Henry Pimpernell; And twenty more such names and men as these.

Which never were, nor no man ever saw.

Sly. Now, Lord be thanked for my good

amends. All. Amen.

Sly. I thank thee: thou shalt not lose by it. Enter the Page as a lady, with Attendants.

Page. How fares my noble lord? [enough Page. How fares my noble lord? [enough. Sly. Marry, I fare well; for here is cheer Where is my wife?

Page. Here, noble lord: what is thy will with her?

Sly. Are you my wife, and will not call me husband? My men should call me lord: I am your good-

As breathed stags; ay, fleeter than the roe.

Page. My husband and my lord, my lord And therefore, Tranio, for the time I study, and husband; Virtue and that part of philosophy

I am your wife in all obedience.

Sly. I know it well.—What must I call her? Lord. Madam.

Sly. Al'ce madam, or Joan madam?

Lord. Madam, and nothing else so lords call ladies. [dream'd, Sly. Madam wife, they say that I have

And slept above some fifteen year or more.

Page. Ay, and the time seems thirty unto me,

Reing all this time abandoned from your bed. Sly. 'Tis much.—Servants, leave me and her alone.—

Madam, undress you, and come now to bed.

Page. Thrice noble lord, let me entreat of
you

To pardon me yet for a night or two: Or, if not so, until the sun be set: For your physicians have expressly charg'd, In penl to incur your former malady, That I should yet absent me from your bed: I hope this reason stands for my excuse.

Sly. Ay, it stands so, that I may hardly tarry so long. But I would be loath to fall into my dreams again: I will therefore tarry, in despite of the flesh and the blood.

Enter a Servant. Serv. Your honour's players, hearing your

amendment,
Are come to play a pleasant comedy;
For so your doctors hold it very meet,

Seeing too much sadness hath congeal'd your blood.

And melancholy is the nurse of frenzy: Therefore they thought it good you hear a play, And frame your mind to murth and merriment Which bars a thousand harms and lengthens life.

Sly. Marry, I will; let them play it. Is not a commonty a Christmas gambol or a tumbling-trick? [Stuff. Page No my good lord; it is more playing

Page. No, my good lord; it is more pleasing Sly. What, household stuff?

Page. It is a kind of history.

Sly. Well, we'll see't. Come, madam wife, sit by my side, and let the world slip: we shall ne'er be younger. [They sit down.

ACT I

SCENE I .- PADUA. A public Place.

Enter Lucentio and Tranio.

Luc. Tranio, since, for the great desire I had To see fair Padua, nursery of arts, I am arriv'd for fruitful Lombardy, The pleasant garden of great Italy; And, by my father's love and leave, am arm'd With his good-will and thy good company, My trusty servant, well approv'd in all; Here let us breathe, and haply institute A course of learning and ingenious studies. Pisa, renowned for grave citizens, Gave me my being, and my father first, A merchant of great traffic through the world, Vincentio, come of the Bentivolii. Vincentio's son, brought up in Florence, It shall become, to serve all hopes conceiv'd. To deck his fortune with his virtuous deeds:

And therefore, Tranio, for the time I study, Virtue and that part of philosophy Will I apply that treats of happiness By virtue specially to be achiev'd. Tell me thy mind; for I have Pisa left, And am to Padua come, as he that leaves A shallow plash to plunge him in the deep, And with satiety seeks to quench his thirst.

Tra. Mi perdonate, gentic master mine, I am in all affected as yourself; Glad that you thus continue your resolve To suck the sweets of sweet philosophy. Only, good master, while we do admire This virtue and this moral discipline, Let's be no stores nor no stocks, I pray; Or so devote to Aristotle's ethics As Ovid be an outcast quite abjur'd: Balk logic with acquaintance that you have, And practise rhetoric in your common talk; Music and poesy use to quicken you; The mathematics and the metaphysics, Fall to them as you find your stomach serves

No profit grows where is no pleasure ta'en: In brief, sir, study what you most affect. Luc. Gramercies, Tramo, well dost thou

advise.
If Biondello now were come ashore
We could at once put us in readiness,
And take a lodging fit to entertain

Such friends as time in Padua shall beget. But stay awhile: what company is this? Tra. Master, some show, to welcome us to

town.

Enter Baptista, Katharina, Bianca, Gremio, and Hortensio Lucentio and Tranio stand aside.

Bap. Gentlemen, importune me no further. For how I firmly am resolv'd you know; That is, not to bestow my youngest daughter Before I have a husband for the elder: If either of you both love Katharina, Because I know you well, and love you well, Leave shall you have to court her at your

pleasure.

Gre. To cart her rather: she's too rough
There, there, Hortensio, will you any wife?

Kath. [To Bap.] I pray you sir, is it your

To make a stale of me amongst these mates?

Hor. Mates, maid! how mean you that? no mates for you,

Unless you were of gentler, milder mould.

Kath. I' faith, sir, you shall never need to fear;

I wis it is not half-way to her heart, But if it were, doubt not her care should be To comb your noddle with a three-legg'd stool, And paint your face, and use you like a fool.

nd paint your face, and use you like a fool.

Hor. From all such devils, good Lord dehver us!

Gre. And me too, good Lord!

Tra. Hush, master! here is some good pastime toward;

That wench is stark mad, or wonderful froward.

Luc. But in the other's silence do I see

Maid's mild behaviour and sobriety.

Peace, Tranio! [your fill. Tra. Well said, master; mum! and gaze

Bap. Gentlemen, that I may soon make good What I have said, -Bianca, get you in: And let it not displease thee, good Bianca; For I will love thee ne'er the less, my girl.

Kath. A pretty peat! it is best

Put a finger in the eye, -an she knew why. Bian. Sister, content you in my discontent. Sir, to your pleasure humbly I subscribe: My books and instruments shall be my company.

On them to look, and practise by myself. Luc. Hark, Tramo! thou mayst hear Minerva speak. [Aside.

Hor. Signior Baptista, will you be so strange? Sorry am I that our good-will effects Bianca's grief.

Why will you mew her up. Gre. Signior Baptista, for this fiend of hell, And make her bear the penance of her tongue?

Bap. Gentlemen, content ye; I am resolv'd: Exit BIANCA. Go in, Bianca:-And for I know she taketh most delight In music, instruments, and poetry, Schoolmasters will I keep within my house, Fit to instruct her youth.—If you, Hortensio,-

Or, Signior Gremio, you,-know any such, Prefer them hither; for to cunning men I will be very kind, and liberal To mine own children in good bringing-up:

And so, farewell. Katharina, you may stay; For I have more to commune with Bianca.

Kath. Why, and I trust I may go too, may I not? behke, What! shall I be appointed hours; as though, I knew not what to take and what to leave?

Ha! [Exit. Gre. You may go to the devil's dam; your gifts are so good here is none will hold you. Their love is not so great, Hortensio, but we may blow our nails together, and fast it fairly out; our cake's dough on both sides. Farewell;—yet, for the love I bear my sweet Bianca, if I can by any means light on a fit man to teach her that wherein she delights, I will wish him to her father.

Hor. So will I, Signior Gremio; but a word, I pray. Though the nature of our quarrel yet never brooked parle, know now, upon advice, it toucheth us both—that we may yet again have access to our fair mistress, and be happy rivals in Bianca's love-to labour and

effect one thing specially.

Gre. What's that, I pray? sister. Hor. Marry, sir, to get a husband for her Gre. A husband! a devil.

Hor. I say, a husband.

Gre. I say, a devil. Thinkest thou, Hortensio, though her father be very rich, any man is so very a fool to be married to hell?

Hor. Tush, Gremio, though it pass your patience and mine to endure her loud alarums, why, man, there be good fellows in the world, an a man could light on them, would take her with all faults and money enough.

Gre. I cannot tell; but I had as lief take her dowry with this condition,—to be whipped at

the high-cross every morning.

Hor. Faith, as you say, there's small choice in rotten apples. But, come; since this bar in

law makes us friends, it shall be so far forth friendly maintained, till, by helping Baptista's eldest daughter to a husband, we set his youngest free for a husband, and then have to't afresh.—Sweet Bianca!—Happy man be his dole! He that runs fastest gets the ring. How say you, Sigmor Gremio?

Gre. I am agreed: and would I had given him the best horse in Padua to begin his wooing, that would thoroughly woo her, wed her, and bed her, and rid the house of her. Come

Exeunt GRE. and HOR. Tra. [Advancing.] I pray, sir, tell me,-is

it possible That love should of a sudden take such hold? Luc. O Transo, till I found it to be true, I never thought it possible or likely: But see! while idly I stood looking on I found the effect of love in idleness: And now in planness do confess to thee,-That art to me as secret and as dear As Anna to the Queen of Carthage was, Tranio, I burn, I pine, I perish, Tranio, If I achieve not this young modest girl: Counsel me, Tramo, for I know thou canst; Assist me, Tramo, for I know thou wilt.

Tra. Master, it is no time to chide you now: Affection is not rated from the heart; [so, If love have touch'd you, nought remains but Redime te captum quam queas minimo.

Luc. Gramercies, lad; go forward; this con-

The rest will comfort, for thy counsel's sound. Tra. Master, you look'd so longly on the maid.

Perhaps you mark'd not what's the pith of all. Luc. O yes, I saw sweet beauty in her face. Such as the daughter of Agenor had, [hand, That made great Jove to humble him to her When with his knees he kiss'd the Cretan strand.

Tra. Saw you no more? mark'd you not how her sister Began to scold, and raise up such a storm,

That mortal ears might hardly endure the din? Luc. Transo, I saw her coral lips to move, And with her breath she did perfume the air; Sacred and sweet was all I saw in her.

Tra. Nay, then, 'tis time to stir him from his trance.
I pray, awake, sir. If you love the maid,
Thus, and wits to achieve her. Thus

it stands:-Her eldest sister is so curst and shrewd

That, till the father rid his hands of her, Master, your love must live a maid at home; And therefore has he closely mew'd her up, Because she will not be annoy'd with suitors.

Luc. Ah, Tranio, what a cruel father's he! But art thou not advis'd he took some care To get her cunning schoolmasters to instruct

[plotted. her?

Tra. Ay, marry, am I, sir; and now 'tis Luc. I have it, Tranio. Master, for my hand,

Tra. Both our inventions meet and jump in one. Luc. Tell me thine first.

Tra. You will be schoolmaster, And undertake the teaching of the maid:

That's your device. Luc. It is: may it be done? Tra. Not possible; for who shall bear your part,

And be in Padua here Vincentio's son; Keep house, and ply his book; welcome his friends;

Visit his countrymen and banquet them? Luc. Basta; content thee; for I have it full. We have not yet been seen in any house; Nor can we be distinguished by our faces For man or master: then it follows thus:—Thou shalt be master, Tranuo, in my stead, Keep house, and port, and servants, as I should: I will some other be; some Florentine, Some Neapolitan, or meaner man of Pisa.
'The hatch'd, and shall be so:—Tranio, at once Incase thee; take my colour'd hat and closk:

'Als natch'd, and shall be so:—Iranio, at once Uncase thee; take my colour'd hat and cloak: When Biondello comes he waits on thee; But I will charm him first to keep his tongue. Tra. So you had need.

In brief, then, sir, sith it your pleasure is,
And I am tied to be obedient,—
For so your father charg'd me at our parting;
Be serviceable to my son, quoth he,
Although, I think, 'twas in another sense,—
I am content to be Lucentio,

Because so well I love Lucentio.

Luc. Tranio, be so, because Lucentio loves: And let me be a slave, to achieve that maid Whose sudden sight hath thrall'd my wounded eye.

Here comes the rogue.

Enter BIONDELLO.

Sirrah, where have you been?

Bion. Where have I been? Nay, how now! where are you?

Master, has my fellow Tranio stolen your clothes?
Or you stolen his? or both? pray, what's the Luc. Surah, come hither; 'its no time to jest, And therefore frame your manners to the time. Your fellow Tranio here, to save my life, Puts my apparel and my countenance on, And I for my escape have put on his;

For in a quarrel, since I came ashore, I lall'd a man, and fear I was descried. Wait you on him, I charge you, as becomes, While I make way from hence to save my life: You understand me?

Bion. I, sir! ne'er a whit.

Luc. And not a jot of Tranio in your mouth;

Tranio is chang'd into Lucentio. [too!

Bion. The better for him; would I were so Tra. So could I, faith, boy, to have the next wish after,—
That Lucentio indeed had Baptista's youngest But, sirrah.—not for my sake, but your masters

I advise [companies: You use your manners discreetly in all kind of When I am alone, why, then I am Tranio:

When I am alone, why, then I am Tranio; But in all places else, your master Lucentio. Luc. Trano, let's go:—

One thing more rests, that thyself execute,—
To make one among those wooers. If thou ask
me why,—

Sufficeth, my reasons are both good and
weighty.

[Exeunt.
I Serv. My lord you not you do not wind

I Serv. My lord, you nod; you do not mind the play. Sly. Yes, by Saint Anne do I. A good matter, surely; comes there any more of it?

Page. My lord, 'ts but begun.
Sly. 'Tis a very excellent piece of work madam lady; would 'twere done!

Luc. Basta; content thee; for I have it full. Scene II.—The same. Before Hortensio's e have not yet been seen in any house;

House.

Enter PETRUCHIO and GRUMIO.

Pet. Verona, for awhile I take my leave, To see my friends in Padua; but, of all My best beloved and approved friend, Hortensic; and, I trow, this is his house:— Here, sirrah Grumio; knock I say.

Gru. Knock, sir! whom should I knock? is there any man has rebused your worship?

Pet. Villam, I say, knock me here sound!

Pet. Villam, I say, knock me here soundly. Gru. Knock, you here, sir? why, sir, what am I sir, that I should knock you here, sir? Pet. Villain, I say, knock me at this gate, And rap me well, or I'll knock your knave's

pate.

Gru. My master is grown quarrelsome: I

Gru. My master is grown quarrelsome: I should knock you first,

And then I know after who comes by the worst.

Pet. Will it not be?
Faith, sirrah, an you'll not knock I'll wring it:
I'll try how you can sol, fa, and sing it.

[He wrings GRUMIO by the ears. Gru. Help, masters, help! my master is mad. Pet. Now, knock when I bid you; sirrah villain!

Enter Hortensio.

Hor. How now! what's the matter?—My old friend Grumio! and my good friend Petruchio!—How do you all at Verona?

Pet. Signior Hortensio, come you to part the fray? Con futto il core bene trovato, may I say. Hor. Alla nostra casa bene venuto, molto honorato Signor mio Petruchio.

Rise, Grumio, rise; we will compound this guarrel.

Gru. Nay 'tis no matter, sir, what he 'leges in Latin.—If this be not a lawful cause for me to leave his service,—look you, sir,—he bid me knock him, and rap him soundly, sir: well was it fit for a servant to use his master so; being perhaps,—for ought I see,—two and thirty,—a pip out?

Whom would to God I had well knock'd at first, Then had not Grumio come by the worst.

Pet. A senseless villain!—Good Hortensio, I bade the rascal knock upon your gate, And could not get him for my heart to do it. Gru. Knock at the gate!—O heavens!

Spake you not these words plain,—Sirrah,
knock me here, [soundly?
Rap me here, knock me well, and knock me
And come you now with—knocking at the gate
Pet. Sirrah, be gone, or talk not, I advise

you. [pledge: Hor. Petruchio, patience; I am Grumo's Why, this' a heavy chance 'twixt him and you, Your ancient, trusty, pleasant servant Grumio. And tell me now, sweet friend, what happy gale Blows you to Padua here from old Verona?

Pet. Such wind as scatters young men through the world.

To seek their fortunes further than at home Where small experience grows. But, in a few, Signior Hortensio, thus it stands with me:-Antonio, my father, is deceas'd; And I have thrust myself into this maze, Haply to wive and thrive as best I may: Crowns in my purse I have, and goods at home, And so am come abroad to see the world.

Hor. Petruchio, shall I then come roundly to thee, And wish thee to a shrewd ill-favour'd wife?

Thou'dst thank me but a little for my counsel And yet I'll promise thee she shall be rich, And very rich:-but thou'rt too much my friend,

And I'll not wish thee to her.

Pet. Sigmor Hortensio, 'twixt such friends as Few words suffice; and, therefore, if thou know One rich enough to be Petruchio's wife,-As wealth is burden of my wooing dance,-Be she as foul as was Florentius' love, As old as Sibyl, and as curst and shrewd As Socrates' Xantippe, or a worse, She moves me not, or not removes, at least, Affection's edge in me—were she as rough As are the swelling Adrianc seas: I come to wive it wealthily in Padua; If wealthily, then happily in Padua.

Gru Nay, look you, sir, he tells you flatly what his mind is: why, give him gold enough and marry him to a puppet or an aglet-baby, or an old trot with ne'er a tooth in her head, though she have as many diseases as two and fifty horses, why, nothing comes amiss, so money comes withal.

Hor. Petruchio, since we have stepp'd thus I will continue that I broach'd in jest. I can, Petruchio, help thee to a wife With wealth enough, and young and beauteous;

Brought up as best becomes a gentlewoman; Her only fault, -and that is faults enough,-Is-that she is intolerably curst,

And shrewd, and forward, so beyond all measure,

That, were my state far worser than it is, I would not wed her for a mine of gold. Pet. Hortensio, peace! thou know'st not

gold's effect:-Tell me her father's name, and 'tis enough;

For I will board her though she chide as loud As thunder, when the clouds in autumn crack. Hor. Her father is Baptista Minola, An affable and courteous gentleman: Her name is Katharina Minola,

Renown'd in Padua for her scolding tongue. Pet. I know her father, though I know not her:

And he knew my deceased father well: I will not sleep, Hortensio, till I see her; And therefore let me be thus bold with you, To give you over at this first encounter, Unless you will accompany me thather.

Gru. I pray you, sir, let him go while the humour lasts. O' my word, an she knew him as well as I do, she would think scolding would do little good upon him. She may, perhaps, call him half a score knaves, or so: why, that's nothing; an he begin once, he'll rail in his rope-I'll tell you what, sir,—an she stand him but a little, he will throw a figure in her And other books, -good ones, I warrant you.

face, and so disfigure her with it that she shall have no more eyes to see withal than a cat. You know him not, sir.

Hor. Tarry, Petruchio, I must go with thee; For in Baptista's keep my treasure is: He hath the jewel of my life in hold, His youngest daughter, beautiful Bianca; And her withholds from me, and other more, Suitors to her and rivals in my love: Supposing it a thing impossible,—
For those defects I have before rehears'd,— That ever Katharina will be woo'd, Therefore this order hath Baptista ta'en; That none shall have access unto Bianca Till Katharine the curst have got a husband. Gru. Katharine the curst!

A title for a maid, of all titles the worst. Hor. Now shall my friend Petruchio do me

grace; And offer me disguis'd in sober robes To old Baptista as a schoolmaster Well seen in music, to instruct Bianca: That so I may, by this device, at least Have leave and leisure to make love to her,

And, unsuspected, court her by herself. Gru [Aside] Here's no knavery! See, to beguile the old folks, how the young folks lay their heads together!

Enter GREMIO; with him LUCENTIO disaused, with books under his arm.

Master, master, look about you: who goes there, ha?

Hor. Peace, Grumio! 'tis the rival of my love. Petruchio, stand by awhile. Gru. A proper stripling, and an amorous!

[They retire.

Gre. O, very well: I have perused the note. Hark you, sir; I'll have them very fairly bound: All books of love, see that at any hand:

And see you read no other lectures to her: You understand me:-over and besides Sigmor Baptista's liberality, I'll mend it with a largess:-take your papers

too, And let me have them very well perfum'd;

For she is sweeter than perfume itself, [her? To whom they go to. What will you read to Luc. Whate'er I read to her I'll plead for you

As for my patron,-stand you so assur'd,-As firmly as yourself were still in place: Yea, and perhaps with more successful words Than you, unless you were a scholar, sir.

Gre. O this learning! what a thing it is! Gru O this woodcock! what an ass it is! Pet. Peace, sirrah!

Hor. Grumio, mum!-[Coming forward.] God save you, Signior Gremio! Gre. And you're well met, Signior Hortensio.

Trow you whither I am going?-To Baptista Minola.

I promis'd to inquire carefully About a schoolmaster for the fair Bianca: And, by good fortune, I have lighted well On this young man, for learning and behaviour Fit for her turn; well read in poetry

Hor. 'Tis well: and I have met a gentleman Hath promis'd me to help me to another, A fine musician to instruct our mistress; So shall I no whit be behind in duty

To fair Bianca, so belov'd of me.

Gre. Belov'd of me, -and that my deeds shall

Gru. And that his bags shall prove. [Aside.

Hor. Gremio, 'tis now no time to vent our love: Listen to me, and if you speak me fair

I'll tell you news indifferent good for either. Here is a gentleman, whom by chance I met, Upon agreement from us to his liking, Will undertake to woo curst Katharine; Yea, and to marry her, if her dowry please.

Gre. So said, so done, is well: Hortensio, have you told him all her faults?

Pet. I know she is an irksome brawling scold:

If that be all, masters, I hear no harm. Gre. No, say'st me so, friend? What

countryman?

Pet. Born in Verona, old Antonio's son: My father dead, my fortune lives for me; And I do hope good days and long to see.

Gre. O, sir, such a life, with such a wife, were strange:

But if you have a stomach, to't o' God's name You shall have me assisting you in all. But will you woo this wild-cat?

Will I live? Pet.

Gru. Will he woo her? ay, or I'll hang her. Pet. Why came I hither but to that intent? Think you a little din can daunt mine ears? Have I not in my time heard lions roar? Have I not heard the sea, puff'd up with winds, Rage like an angry boar chafed with sweat? Have I not heard great ordnance in the field, And heaven's artillery thunder in the skies? Have I not in a pitched battle heard Loud 'larums, neighing steeds, and trumpets And do you tell me of a woman's tongue; That gives not half so great a blow to hear, As will a chestnut in a farmer's fire? Tush! tush! fear boys with bugs.

For he fears none. Gru.

Gre. Hortensio, hark:

This gentleman is happily arriv'd,

My mind presumes, for his own good and ours. Hor. I promis'd we would be contributors, And bear his charge of wooing, whatsoe'er.

Gre. And so we will—provided that he win

Gru. I would I were as sure of a good dinner.

Enter TRANIO, bravely apparelled, and BIONDELLO.

Tra. Gentlemen, God save you! If I may be bold, Tell me, I beseech you, which is the readiest To the house of Signior Baptista Minola?

Bion. He that has the two fair daughters:is't [aside to Tranto] he you mean?

Tra. Even he, Biondello!

Gre. Hark you, sir; you mean not her to,— Tra. Perhaps, him and her, sir; what have

you to do? [pray. Pet. Not her that chides, sir, at any hand, I Tra. I love no chiders, sir; Biondello, let's away.

Luc. Well begun, Tranio. Aside. Hor. Sir, a word ere you go;-

Are you a suitor to the maid you talk of, yea or no?

Tra. An if I be, sir, is it any offence?

Gre. No; if without more words you will get you hence.

Tra. Why, sir, I pray, are not the streets as free.

For me as for you?

But so is not she. Gre. Tra. For what reason, I beseech you?

Gre. For this reason, if you'll know,-That she's the choice love of Signior Gremio.

Hor. That she's the chosen of Sigmor Hortensio.

Tra. Softly, my masters! if you be gentlemen

Do me this right,—hear me with patience. Baptista is a noble gentleman, To whom my father is not all unknown. And, were his daughter fairer than she is. She may more suitors have, and me for one. Fair Leda's daughter had a thousand wooers; Then well one more may fair Bianca have: And so she shall; Lucentio shall make one. Though Paris came in hope to speed alone

Gre. What! this gentleman will out-talk us ali.

Luc. Sir, give him head; I know he'll prove a Pet. Hortensio, to what end are all these words?

Hor. Sir, let me be so bold as ask you, Did you ever see Baptista's daughter?

Tra. No, sir; but hear I do that he hath two: The one as famous for a scolding tongue

As is the other for beauteous modesty. Pet. Sir, sir, the first's for me; let her go by.

Gre. Yea, leave that labour to great Hercules; And let it be more than Alcides' twelve.

Pet. Sir, understand you this of me, in sooth: The youngest daughter, whom you hearken for, Her father keeps from all access of suitors, And will not promise her to any man Until the elder sister first be wed? The younger then is free, and not before.

Tra. If it be so, sir, that you are the man Must stead us all, and me amongst the rest; And if you break the ice, and do this feat,-Achieve the elder, set the younger free For our access,-whose hap shall be to have Will not so graceless be to be ingrate.

Hor. Sir, you say well, and well you do conceive;

And since you do profess to be a suitor, You must, as we do, gratify this gentleman,

To whom we all rest generally beholding. [of. Tra. Sir, I shall not be slack: in sign where-Please ye we may contrive this afternoon, And quaff carouses to our mistress' health; And do as adversaries do in law,-

Strive mightily, but eat and drink as friends. Gru. Bion. O excellent motion! Fellows, let's be gone. So:-

Hor. The motion's good indeed, and be it Petruchio, I shall be your ben venuto.

Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I .- The same. A Room in Bap-TISTA'S House.

Enter KATHARINA and BIANCA.

Bian. Good sister, wrong me not, nor wrong yourself.

To make a bondmaid and a slave of me; That I disdain: but for these other gawds, Unbind my hands, I'll pull them off myself, Yea, all my raiment, to my petticoat; Or what you will command me will I do, So well I know my duty to my elders.

Kath. Of all thy suitors, here I charge thee, tell

Whom thou lov'st best: see thou dissemble not. Bian. Believe me, sister, of all the men alive. I never yet beheld that special face

Which I could fancy more than any other.

Kath. Minion, thou hest; is't not Hortensio? Bian. If you affect him, sister, here I swear I'll plead for you myself, but you shall have him.

Kath. O then, belike, you fancy riches more; You will have Gremio to keep you fair. Bian. Is it for him you do envy me so? Nay, then you jest; and now I well perceive You have but jested with me all this while: I pr'ythee, sister Kate, untie my hands.

Kath. If that be jest, then all the rest was so.

Strikes her.

Enter Baptista.

Bap. Why, how now, dame! whence grows this insolence?-

Bianca, stand aside; -- poor girl! she weeps:-Go ply thy needle; meddle not with her.-For shame, thou hilding of a deviksh spirit, Why dost thou wrong her that did ne'er wrong thee?

When did she cross thee with a bitter word? Kath. Her silence flouts me, and I'll be reveng'd. Flies after Blanca.

Bap. What, in my sight?—Bianca, get thee in. [Exit Bianca.

Kath. What, will you not suffer me? Nay, now I see

She is your treasure, she must have a husband; I must dance bare-foot on her wedding-day, And for your love to her lead ares in hell. Talk not to me; I will go sit and weep, Till I can find occasion of revenge.

Exit KATHARINA Bap. Was ever gentleman thus griev'd as I? But who comes here?

Enter GREMIO, with LUCENTIO in the habit of a mean man; PETRUCHIO, with HOR-TENSIO as a musician; and TRANIO, with BIONDELLO bearing a lute and books.

Gre. Good-morrow, neighbour Baptista. Bap. Good-morrow, neighbour Gremio: God save you, gentlemen! a daughter Pet. And you, good sir! Pray, have you not

Call'd Katharina, fair and virtuous? Bap. I have a daughter, sir, call'd Katharina. Gre. You are too blunt: go to it orderly.

Pet. You wrong me, Signior Gremio: give me leave. ---

I am a gentleman of Verona, sir. That,—hearing of her beauty and her wit, Her affability and bashful modesty, Her wondrous qualities and mild behaviour,— An bold to show myself a forward guest Within your house, to make mine eyes the witness

Of that report which I so oft have heard. And, for an entrance to my entertainment, I do present you with a man of mine.

Presenting HORTENSIO. Cunning in music and the mathematics, To instruct her fully in those sciences. Whereof I know she is not ignorant: Accept of him, or else you do me wrong: His name is Licio, born in Mantua.

Bap. You're welcome, sir; and he for your good sake; But for my daughter Katharine,-this I know,

She is not for your turn, the more my grief. Pet. I see you do not mean to part with her;

Or else you like not of my company.

Bap. Mistake me not, I speak but as I find. Whence are you, sir? what may I call your

name? Pet. Petruchio is my name; Antonio's son, A man well known throughout all Italy.

Bap. I know him well: you are welcome for his sake.

Gre. Saving your tale, Petruchio, I pray, Let us, that are poor petitioners, speak too: Baccare! you are marvellous forward.

Pet. O, pardon me, Signior Gremio; I would fain be doing.

Gre. I doubt it not, sir; but you will curse

your wooing.

Neighbour, this is a gift very grateful, I am sure of it. To express the like kindness myself, that have been more kindly beholding to you than any, I freely give unto you this young scholar [presenting LUCENTIO], that hath been long studying at Rheims; as cunning in Greek, Latin, and other languages, as the other in music and mathematics: his name is Cambio; pray, accept his service.

Bap. A thousand thanks, Signior Gremio: welcome, good Cambio.—But, gentle sir [to Tranio], methinks you walk like a stranger. May I be so bold to know the cause of your coming?

Tra. Pardon me, sir, the boldness is mine That, being a stranger in this city here, Do make myself a suitor to your daughter, Unto Bianca, fair and virtuous. Nor is your firm resolve unknown to me, In the preferment of the eldest sister. This liberty is all that I request, That, upon knowledge of my parentage, I may have welcome 'mongst the rest that woo. And free access and favour as the rest. And, toward the education of your daughters,

I here bestow a simple instrument, And this small packet of Greek and Latin books:

If you accept them, then their worth is great, Bap. Lucentio is your name? of whence, I pray?

Tra. Of Pisa, sir; son to Vincentio. Bab. A mighty man of Pisa: by report I know him well: you are very welcome, sir .- Take you [to Hor.] the lute, and you [to Luc.] And twangling Jack, with twenty such vile the set of books;

You shall go see your pupils presently. Holla, within!

Enter a Servant.

Sirrah, lead these gentlemen To my daughters; and tell them both,

These are their tutors; bid them use them well. [Exit Serv., with Hor., Luc., and Bion. We will go walk a little in the orchard, And then to dinner. You are passing welcome,

And so I pray you all to think yourselves. Pet. Signior Baptista, my business asketh

haste, And every day I cannot come to woo. You knew my father well; and in him, me, Left solely heir to all his lands and goods, Which I have better'd rather than decreas'd: Then tell me,—if I get your daughter's love, What dowry shall I have with her to wife?

Bap. After my death, the one half of my lands

And, in possession, twenty thousand crowns. Pet. And for that dowry, I'll assure her of Her widowhood, -be it that she survive me,-In all my lands and leases whatsoever: Let specialties be therefore drawn between us, That covenants may be kept on either hand. Bap. Ay, when the special thing is well obtain'd,

That is, her love; for that is all in all. Pet. Why, that is nothing; for I tell you,

I am as peremptory as she proud-minded; And where two raging fires meet together, They do consume the thing that feeds their

fury: Though little fire grows great with little wind, Yet extreme gusts will blow out the fire and all: So I to her, and so she yields to me: For I am rough, and woo not like a babe.

Bap. Well mayst thou woo, and happy be thy speed!

But be thou arm'd for some unhappy words. Pet. Ay, to the proof; as mountains are for winds.

That shake not though they blow perpetually. Re-enter HORTENSIO, with his head broken. Bap. How now, my friend! why dost thou

look so pale? Hor. For fear, I promise you, if I look pale. Bap. What, will my daughter prove a good

musician? Hor. I think she'll sooner prove a soldier: Iron may hold with her, but never lutes.

Bap. Why, then thou canst not break her to the lute?

Hor. Why, no; for she hath broke the lute to me.

I did but tell her she mistook her frets. And bow'd her hand to teach her fingering, When, with a most impatient devilish spirit, Frets, call you these? quoth she; I'll fume with them:

And, with that word, she struck me on the head, And through the instrument my pate made way; And there I stood amazed for awhile, As on a pillory, looking through the lute,

While she did call me rascal fiddler

terms.

As she had studied to misuse me so.

Pet. Now, by the world, it is a lusty wench: I love her ten times more than e'er I did: O, how I long to have some chat with her!

Bap. Well, go with me, and be not so discomfited:

Proceed in practice with my younger daughter: She's apt to learn, and thankful for good turns.-

Sigmor Petruchio, will you go with us,

Or shall I send my daughter Kate to you? Pet. I pray you do; I will attend her here, Exeunt Bap., GRE., TRA., and HOR. And woo her with some spirit when she comes. Say that she rail; why, then I'll tell her plain She sings as sweetly as a nightingale: Say that she frown; I'll say she looks as clear

As morning roses newly washed with dew: Say she be mute, and will not speak a word: Then I'll commend her volubility,

And say she uttereth piercing eloquence: If she do bid me pack, I'll give her thanks, As though she bid me stay by her a week: If she deny to wed, I'll crave the day When I shall ask the banns, and when be

married.-But here she comes; and now, Petruchio, speak.

Enier KATHARINA.

Good-morrow, Kate; for that's your name, I hear.

Kath. Well have you heard, but something hard of hearing:

They call me Katharine that do talk of me. Pet. You he, in faith; for you are call'd plain

Kate, And bonny Kate, and sometimes Kate the curst But, Kate, the prettiest Kate in Christendom, Kate of Kate-Hall, my super-dainty Kate For dainties are all cates; and therefore, Kate, Take this of me, Kate of my consolation;-Hearing thy mildness prais'd in every town, Thy virtues spoke of, and thy beauty sounded,-Yet not so deeply as to thee belongs,-Myself am mov'd to woo thee for my wife.

Kath. Mov'd! in good time: let him that mov'd you hither Remove you hence: I knew you at the first

You were a movable. Why, what's a movable? Pet.

Kath. A joint-stool. Pet. Thou hast hit it: come, sit on me. Kath. Asses are made to bear, and so are

Pet. Women are made to bear, and so are Kath. No such jade as bear you, if me you

mean. Pet. Alas, good Kate, I will not burden thee! For, knowing thee to be but young and light,

Kath. Too light for such a swain as you to catch:

And yet as heavy as my weight should be. Pet. Should be! should buzz.

Kath. Well ta'en, and like a buzzard. Pet. O, slow-wing'd turtle! shall a buzzard take thee?

Kath. Ay, for a turtle,—as he takes a buz-79TÅ.

Pet. Come, come, you wasp; i' faith, you are too angry.

Kath. If I be waspish, best beware my

Pet. My remedy is then, to pluck it out. Kath. Ay, if the fool could find it where it [wear his sting? lies.

Pet Who knows not where a wasp doth In his tail.

Kath. In his tongue.

Whose tongue? Pet. Kath. Yours, if you talk of tails; and so farewell.

[come again. Pet. What, with my tongue in your tail? nay, Good Kate; I am a gentleman. That I'll try.

Striking him. Pet. I swear I'll cuff you, if you strike again. Kath. So may you lose your arms: If you strike me, you are no gentleman;

And if no gentleman, why then no arms. Pet. A herald, Kate? O, put me in thy I must and will have Katharine to my wife. books!

Kath. What is your crest? a coxcomb? Pet. A combless cock, so Kate will be my hen.

Kath. No cock of mine; you crow too like you with my daughter? a craven. [look so sour. Pet. Nay, come, Kate, come; you must not Kath. It is my fashion, when I see a crab.

Pet. Why, here's no crab; and therefore look not sour.

Kath. There is, there is. Pet. Then show it me.

Kath. Had I a glass I would.

Pet. What, you mean my face?

Kath. Well aim'd of such a young one.

Pet. Now, by Saint George, I am too young for you.

Kath. Yet you are wither'd.

'Tis with cares. Pet. Kath. I care not. Pet. Nay, hear you, Kate: in sooth, you 'scape not so.

Kath. I chafe you, if I tarry; let me go. Pet. No, not a whit: I find you passing gentle.

'Twas told me you were rough, and coy, and sullen,

And now I find report a very liar; For thou art pleasant, gamesome, passing cour-But slow in speech, yet sweet as spring-time

flowers: Thou canst not frown, thou canst not look askance,

Nor bite the hp, as angry wenches will; Nor hast thou pleasure to be cross in talk; But thou with mildness entertain'st thy wooers, With gentle conference, soft and affable. Why does the world report that Kate doth limp? O slanderous world! Kate, like the hazel-twig, Is straight and slender; and as brown in hue As hazel-nuts, and sweeter than the kernels. O, let me see thee walk: thou dost not halt. Kath. Go. fool, and whom thou keep'st com-

mand.

Pet. Did ever Dian so become a grove As Kate this chamber with her princely gait? O, be thou Dian, and let her be Kate; And then let Kate be chaste, and Dian sportful! I will be sure my Katharine shall be fine.

Kath. Where did you study all this goodly speech?

Pet. It is extempore, from my mother-wit. Kath. A witty mother! witless else her son. Pet. Am I not wise?

Kath. Yes; keep you warm.
Pet. Marry, so I mean, sweet Katharine, in thy bed:

And therefore, setting all this chat aside Thus in plain terms:-Your father hath consented [on; That you shall be my wife; your dowry 'greed

And, will you, nill you, I will marry you. Now, Kate, I am a husband for your turn; For, by this light, whereby I see thy beauty, Thy beauty that doth make me like thee well-Thou must be married to no man but me; For I am he am born to tame you, Kate; And bring you from a wild Kate to a Kate Conformable, as other household Kates. Here comes your father; never make denial;

Re-enter Baptista, Gremio, and Tranio.

Bap. Now, Signior Petruchio, how speed

Pet. How but well, sir? how but well? It were impossible I should speed amiss.

Bap. Why, how now, daughter Katharine! in your dumps?

Kath. Call you me daughter? now, I promise You have show'd a tender fatherly regard To wish me wed to one half lunatic; A mad-cap ruffian and a swearing Jack,

That thinks with oaths to face the matter out. Pet. Father, tis thus:-yourself and all the world,

That talked of her, hath talk'd amiss of her; If she be curst, it is for policy; For she's not froward, but modest as the dove: She is not hot, but temperate as the morn; For patience she will prove a second Grissel, And Roman Lucrece for her chastity:

And to conclude, we have 'greed so well together. That upon Sunday is the wedding-day.

Kath. I'll see thee hang'd on Sunday first.

Gre. Hark, Petruchio; she says she'll see thee hang'd first.

Tra. Is this your speeding? nay, then, goodnight our part!

Pet. Be patient, gentlemen; I choose her for myself;

If she and I be pleas'd, what's that to you? 'Tis bargaın'd 'twixt us twain, being alone, That she shall still be curst in company. I tell you, 'tis incredible to believe How much she loves me. O, the kindest Kate!-She hung about my neck, and kiss on kiss She vied so fast, protesting oath on oath, That in a twink she won me to her love. O. you are novices! 'tis a world to see. How tame, when men and women are alone, A meacock wretch can make the curstest

shrew.-Give me thy hand, Kate: I will unto Venice, To buy apparel 'gainst the wedding day .-Provide the feast, father, and bid the guests; Bap. I know not what to sav: but give me your hands;

God send you joy, Petruchio! 'tis a match. Gre. Tra. Amen, say we; we will be witnesses.

Pet. Father, and wife, and gentlemen, adieu: I will to Venice; Sunday comes apace:-We will have rings, and things, and fine array; And, kiss me, Kate, we will be married o' Sunday.

Exeunt PET. and KATH., severally. Gre. Was ever match clapp'd up so suddenly? Bap. Faith, gentlemen, now I play a merchant's part,

And venture madly on a desperate mart. Tra. 'Twas a commodity lay fretting by you; 'Twil' bring you gain, or perish on the seas.

Bap. The gain I seek is quiet in the match.

Gre. No doubt but he hath got a quiet catch.

But now, Baptista, to your younger daughter, -Now is the day we long have looked for; I am your neighbor, and was suitor first.

Tra. And I am one that loves Bianca more Than words can witness or your thoughts can guess.

Gre. Youngling! thou canst not love so dear Tra. Graybeard! thy love doth freeze. Gre. But thine doth fry.

Skipper, stand back, 'tis age that nourisheth. Tra. But youth in ladies' eyes that flourisheth. [this strife:

Bap. Content you, gentlemen; I'll compound 'Tis deeds must win the prize; and he, of both, That can assure my daughter greatest dower Shall have Bianca's love .-

Say, Signior Gremio, what can you assure her? Gre. First, as you know, my house within

the city Is richly furnished with plate and gold; Basins and ewers, to lave her dainty hands; My hangings all of Tyrian tapestry: In ivory coffers I have stuff'd my crowns; In cypress chests my arras counterpoints, Costly apparel, tents, and canopies, Fine linen, Turkey cushions boss'd with pearl, Valance of Venice gold in needle-work, Pewter and brass, and all things that belong To house or housekeeping: then, at my farm, I have a hundred mulch-kine to the pail, Six score fat oxen standing in my stalls, And all things answerable to this portion. Myself am struck in years, I must confess; And, if I die to-morrow this is hers: If, whilst I live, she will be only mine. fme: Tra That only came well in. -Sir, list to I am my father's heir and only son: If I may have your daughter to my wife, I'll leave her houses three or four as good, Within rich Pisa's walls, as any one · Old Signior Gremio has in Padua; Besides two thousand ducats by the year Of fruitful land, all which shall be her joinfire.

What, have I pinch'd you, Signior Gremio?

Gre. Two thousand ducats by the year of land!

. My land amounts not to so much in all: That she shall have; besides an argosy, That now is lying in Marseilles' road:-What, have I chok'd you with an argosy? Tra. Gremio, 'tis known my father hath no

Than three great argosies; besides two galhasses

And twelve tight galleys: these I will assure her.

And twice as much, whate'er thou offer'st next. Gre. Nay, I have offer'd all,-I have no more;

And she can have no more than all I have:-If you like me, she shall have me and mine.

Tra. Why, then the maid is mine from all the world By your firm promise: Gremio is out-vied.

Bap. I must confess your offer is the best; And, let your father make her the assurance. She is your own; else, you must pardon me: If you should die before him, where's her dower?

Tra. That's but a cavil; he is old, I young. Gre. And may not young men die as well as old?

Bap. Well, gentlemen, I am thus resolv'd:—On Sunday next you know [as I | My daughter Katharine is to be married: Now, on the Sunday following shall Bianca Be bride to you, if you make this assurance; If not, to Signior Gremio:

> And so I take my leave, and thank you both. Gre. Adieu, good neighbour .-

> Exit BAPTISTA. Now I fear thee not: Sirrah, young gamester, your father were a fool

To give thee all, and in his waning age Set foot under thy table. Tut! a toy! And old Italian fox is not so kind, my boy

Tra. A vengeance on your crafty wither'd hide!

Yet I have faced it with a card of ten. 'Tis in my head to do my master good:-I see no reason but suppos'd Lucentio Must get a father, call'd-suppos'd Vincentio: And that's a wonder: fathers commonly Do get their children; but in this case of wooing,

A child shall get a sire, if I fail not of my cunning. Exit.

ACT III.

SCENE I.—PADUA. A Room in BAPTISTA'S House.

Enter Lucentio, Hortensio, and Bianca.

Luc. Fiddler, forbear; you grow too forward, sir:

Have you so soon forgot the entertainment Her sister Katharine welcom'd you withai? Hor. But, wrangling pedant, this is The patroness of heavenly harmony:

Then give me leave to have prerogative; And when in music we have spent an hour, Your lecture shall have leisure for as much. Luc. Preposterous ass! that never read so

far To know the cause why music was ordain'd! Was it not to refresh the mind of man After his studies or his usual pain?

Then give me leave to read philosophy, And while I pause serve in your harmony. Hor. Sirrah, I will not bear these braves of

thine.

Bian. Why, gentlemen, you do me double wrong,

To strive for that which resteth in my choice: I am no breeching scholar in the schools: I'll not be tied to hours nor 'pointed times, But learn my lessons as I please myself. And, to cut off all strife, here sit we down:-Take you your instrument, play you the whiles; His lecture will be done ere you have tun'd.

Hor. You'll leave his lecture when I am in tune?

[To BIANCA. HORTENSIO retires. Luc. That will be never:-tune your instru-

Bian. Where left we last?

Luc. Here, madam:-

Hac ibat Simois, hic est Sigeia tellus; Hic stetarat Priami regia celsa senis.

Bian. Construe them.

Luc. Hac ibat, as I told you before, -Simois, I am Lucentio, -hic est, son unto Vincentio of Pisa,-Sigeia tellus, disguised thus to get your love;—Hic steterat, and that Lucentio that comes a-wooing,—Priami, is my man Tranio, —regia, bearing my port,—celsa senis, that we might beguile the old pantaloon.

Hor. [Coming forward.] Madam, my instrument's in tune.

Bian. Let's hear .-

HORTENSIO blaus.

O fiel the treble jars.

Luc. Spit in the hole, man, and tune again. Bian. Now let me see if I can construe it: -Hac ibat Simois, I know you not,-hic est Sigeia tellus, I trust you not;-Hic steterat Priami, take heed he hear us not,-regia, presume not,-celsa senis, despair not. Hor. Madam, 'tis now in tune

All but the base. Luc.

Hor. The base is right; 'tis the base knave that jars.

How fiery and forward our pedant is! Now, for my life, the knave doth court my love: [Aside. Pedascule, I'll watch you better yet.

Bian. In time I may believe, yet I mistrust. Luc. Mistrust it not; for, sure, Aeacides Was Ajax, -call'd so from his grandfather.

Bian. I must believe my master; else I

promise you,
I should be arguing still upon that doubt: But let it rest .- Now, Licio, to you:-Good masters, take it not unkindly, pray,

That I have been thus pleasant with you both. Hor. You may go walk [to LUCENTIO], and

give me leave awhile: My lessons make no music in three parts.

Luc. Are you so formal, sir? well, I must wait.

And watch withal; for, but I be deceiv'd Our fine musician groweth amorous. Aside. Hor. Madam, before you touch the instrument,

To learn the order of my fingering, I must begin with rudiments of art; To teach you gamut in a briefer sort, More pleasant, pithy, and effectual,

Than hath been taught by any of my trade: And there it is in writing, fairly drawn.

Bian. Why, I am past my gamut long ago. Hor. Yet read the gamut of Hortensio. Bian. [Reads.] Gamut I am, the ground of all accord,

A re, to plead Hortensio's passion; B mi, Bianca, take him for thy lord, C fa ut, that loves with all affection:

D sol re, one cliff, two notes have I; E la mi, show pity, or I die. Call you this gamut? tut, I like it not:

Old fashions please me best; I am not so nice To change true rules for odd inventions. Enter a Servant.

Serv. Mistress, your father prays you leave your books,

And help to dress your sister's chamber up: You know to-morrow is the wedding-day. Bian. Farewell, sweet masters, both; I must

be gone!

[Exeunt Blanca and Servant. Luc. Faith, mistress, then I have no cause to stay. [Exit.

Hor. But I have cause to pry into this pedant; Methinks he looks as though he were in love:— Yet if thy thoughts, Bianca, be so humble, To cast thy wand'ring eyes on every stale, Seize thee that list: if once I find thee ranging, Hortensio will be quit with thee by changing.

SCENE II .- The same. Before BAPTISTA'S House.

Enter Baptista, Gremio, Tranio, Kathar-INA. BIANCA. LUCENTIO, and Attendants.

Bap. Signior Lucentio [to TRANIO,] this is the 'pointed day. married. That Katharine and Petruchio should be And yet we hear not of our son-in-law: What will be said? what mockery will it be, To want the bridegroom when the priest attends

To speak the ceremonial rites of marriage? What says Lucentio to this shame of ours? Kath. No shame but mine: I must, forsooth,

be forc'd To give my hand, oppos'd against my heart, Unto a mad-brain rudesby, full of spleen; Who woo'd in haste, and means to wed at

leisure. I told you, I, he was a frantic fool, Hiding his bitter jests in blunt behaviour: And, to be noted for a merry man,

He'll woo a thousand, 'point the day marriage,

Make friends, invite them, and proclaim the banns;

Yet never means to wed where he hath woo'd. Now must the world point at poor Katharine, And say, Lo, there is mad Petruchio's wife, If it would please him come and marry her?

Tra. Patience, good Katharine, and Baptista too.

Upon my life, Petruchio means but well! Whatever fortune stays him from his word: Though he be blunt, I know him passing wise; Though he be merry, yet withal he's honest.

Kath. Would Katharine had never seen him though!

[Exit, weeping, followed by BIANCA and others.

Bap. Go, girl; I cannot blame thee now to weep;

For such an injury would vex a very saint, Much more a shrew of thy impatient humour.

Enter BIONDELLO.

Bion. Master, master! old news, and such news as you never heard of! [be?

Bap. Is it new and old too? how may that Bion. Why, is it not news to hear of Petruchio's coming?

Bap. Is he come? Bion. Why, no, sir.
Bap. What then?
Bion. He is coming.
Bap. When will he be here?

Bion. When he stands where I am, and sees you there.

Tra. But, say, what to thine old news?

Bion. Why, Petruchio is coming, in a new hat and an old jerkin; a pair of old breeches thrice turn'd; a pair of boots that have been candle-cases, one buckled, another laced; an old rusty sword ta'en out of the town armoury, with a broken hilt, and chapeless; with two broken points: his horse hipped with an old mothy saddle, and stirrups of no kindred; besides, possessed with the glanders, and like to mose in the chine; troubled with the lampass, infected with the fashions, full of wind-galls, sped with spavins, rayed with the yellows, past cure of the fives, stark spoiled with the staggers, begnawn with the bots, swayed in the back, and shoulder-shotten; ne'er legged before, and with a half-checked bit, and a head-stall of sheep's leather, which, being restrained to keep him from stumbling, hath been often burst, and now repaired with knots; one girth six times pieced, and a woman's crupper of velure, which hath two letters for her name, fairly set down in studs, and here and there pieced with packthread.

Bap. Who comes with him?

Bion. O, sir, his lackey, for all the world caparisoned like the horse; with a linen stock on one leg and a kersey boot-hose on the other gartered with a red and blue list; an old hat, and The humour of forty fancies pricked in 't for a feather: a monster, a very monster in apparel; and not like a Christian footboy or a fthis fashion: gentleman's lackey.

Tra. 'Tis some odd humour pricks him to Yet oftentimes he goes but mean apparell'd.

Bap. I am glad he is come, howsoe'er he

comes. Bion. Why, sir, he comes not. Bab. Didst thou not say he comes?

Bion. Who? that Petruchio came?

Bap. Ay, that Petruchio came. Bion. No, sir; I say his horse comes with him on his back.

Bap. Why, that's all one. Bion. Nay, by saint Jamy, I hold you a penny, A horse and a man Is more than one, And yet not many.

Enter PETRUCHIO and GRUMIO.

Pet. Come, where be these gallants? who's at home?

Bap. You are welcome, sir. Pei.

And yet I come not well. Bap. And yet you halt not.

Not so well apparell'd Tra.

As I wish you were.

Pet. Were it better, I should rush in thus. But where is Kate? where is my lovely bride? How does my father?-Gentles, methinks you frown:

And wherefore gaze this goodly company As if they saw some wondrous monument, Some comet or unusual prodigy?

Bap. Why, sir, you know this is your wed-

ding-day: First were we sad, fearing you would not come; Now sadder, that you come so unprovided. Fie. doff this habit, shame to your estate, An eye-sore to our solemn festival!

Tra. And tell us, what occasion of import Hath all so long detain'd you from your wife, And sent you hither so unlike yourself? Pet. Tedious it were to tell, and harsh to

hear: Sufficeth, I am come to keep my word, Though in some part enforced to digress: Which, at more leisure, I will so excuse As you shall well be satisfied withal. But where is Kate? I stay too long from her: The morning wears, 'tis time we were at church.

Tra. See not your bride in these unreverent robes:

Go to my chamber, put on clothes of mine. Pet. Not I, believe me: thus I'll visit her. Bap. But thus, I trust, you will not marry her. Pet. Good sooth, even thus; therefore ha' done with words:

To me she's married, not unto my clothes Could I repair what she will wear in me, As I can change these poor accoutrements 'Twere well for Kate, and better for myself. But what a fool am I to chat with you, When I should bid good-morrow to my bride. And seal the title with a lovely kiss!

Exeunt PETRUCHIO and GRUMIO Tra. He hath some meaning in his mad

We will persuade him, be it possible, To put on better ere he go to church.

Bap. I'll after him, and see the event of this. [Exeunt Bap., GREM., and BION.

Tra. But, sir, to her love concerneth us to add

Her father's liking: which to bring to pass, As I before imparted to your worship, I am to get a man,—whate'er he be, It skills not much; we'll fit him to our turn,— And he shall be Vincentio of Pisa; And make assurance, here in Padua Of greater sums than I have promised. So shall you quietly enjoy your hope, And marry sweet Bianca with consent.

Luc. Were it not that my fellow-schoolmaster Doth watch Bianca's steps so narrowly, 'Twere good, methinks, to steal our marriage; Which once perform'd, let all the world say no, I'll keep mine own, despite of all the world.

Tra. That by degrees we mean to look into, And watch our vantage in this business: We'll over-reach the graybeard, Gremio, The narrow-prying father, Minola; The quaint musician, amorous Licio; All for my master's sake, Lucentio.

Re-enter GREMIO.

Signior Gremio,-came you from the church? Gre. As willingly as e'er I came from school. Tra. And is the bride and bridegroom coming home?

Gre. A bridegroom, say you? 'tis a groom indeed,

A grumbling groom, and that the girl shall find. Tra. Curster than she? why, 'tis impossible. Gre. Why, he's a devil, a devil, a very fiend. Tra. Why, she's a devil, a devil, the devil's

dam.

Gre. Tut, she's a lamb, a dove, a fool to him! I'll tell you, Sir Lucentio: when the priest Should ask, if Katharine should be his wife, Ay, by gogs-wouns, quoth he; and swore so loud

That, all amaz'd, the priest let fall the book; And, as he stoop'd again to take it up, The mad-brain'd bridegroom took him such a

cuff That down fell priest and book, and book and priest:

Now take them up, quoth he, if any list.

Tra. What said the wench, when he arose

Gre. Trembled and shook; for why, he stamp'd and swore.

As if the vicar meant to cozen him. But after many ceremonies done, He calls for wine: A health' quoth he; as if He had been aboard, carousing to his mates After a storm: quaff'd off the muscadel. And threw the sops all in the sexton's face; Having no other reason

But that his beard grew thin and hungerly, And seem'd to ask him sops as he was drinking. This done, he took the bride about the neck, And kiss'd her lips with such a clamorous

smack

That, at the parting, all the church did echo. I, seeing this, came thence for very shame; And after me, I know, the rout is coming. Such a mad marriage never was before: Hark, hark! I hear the minstrels play.

Music.

Enter PETRUCHIO, KATHARINA. BIANCA, BAPTISTA, HORTENSIO, GRUMIO, and Train

Pet. Gentlemen and friends, I thank you for your pains: I know you think to dine with me to-day.

And have prepar'd great store of wedding cheer; But so it is, my haste doth call me hence,

And therefore here I mean to take my leave.

Bap. Is't possible you will away to-night? Pet. I must away to-day, before night come: Make it no wonder; if you knew my business, You would entreat me rather go than stay. And, honest company, I thank you all, That have beheld me give away myself

To this most patient, sweet, and virtuous wife: Dine with my father, drink a health to me; For I must hence; and farewell to you all.

Tra. Let us entreat you stay till after dinner. Pet. It may not be.

Let me entreat you. Gre.

Pet. It cannot be. Let me entreat you. Kath.

Pet. I am content. Kath. Are you content to stay?

Pet. I am content you shall entreat me stay; But yet not stay, entreat me how you can. Kath. Now, if you love me, stay.

Pet. Grumio, my horse. Gru. Ay, sir, they be ready: the oats have

eaten the horses. Kath. Nay, thu,

Do what thou canst, I will not go to-day; No, nor to-morrow, nor till I please myself. The door is open, sir; there hes your way; You may be jogging whiles your boots are

green; For me, I'll not be gone till I please myself. 'Tis hke you'll prove a jolly surly groom, That take it on you at the first so roundly.

Pet. O Kate, content thee; pr'ythee, be not angr

Kath. I will be angry; what hast thou to do?-

Father, be quiet: he shall stay my leisure. Gie. Ay, marry, sir, now it begins to work. Kath. Gentlemen, forward to the bridal dinner:

I see a woman may be made a fool

If she had not a spirit to resist.

Pet. They shall go forward, Kate, at thy command.

Obey the bride, you that attend on her; Go to the feast, revel and domineer, Carouse full measure to her maidenhead: Be mad and merry,—or go hang yourselves: But for my bonny Kate, she must with me. Nay, look not big, nor stamp, nor stare, nor fret:

I will be master of what is mine own; She is my goods, my chattels; she is my house, My household stuff, my field, my barn, My horse, my ox, my ass, my anything; And here she stands, touch her whoever dare; I'll bring mine action on the proudest he That stops my way in Padua.—Grumio, Draw forth thy weapon, we are beset with thieves

Rescue thy mistress, if thou be a man.-Fear not, sweet wench, they shall not touch thee, Kate;

I'll buckler thee against a million.

[Exeunt PET., KATH., and GRU. Bap. Nay, let them go, a couple of quiet ones. Gre. Went they not quickly, I should die with laughing.

Tra. Of all mad matches, never was the like! Luc. Mistress, what's your opinion of your [mated. sister?

Bian. That, being mad herself, she's madly Gre. I warrant him, Petruchio is Kated.

Bap. Neighbours and friends, though bride and bridegroom wants,

For to supply the places at the table, You know there wants no junkets at the feast.— Lucentio, you shall supply the bridegroom's place:

And let Bianca take her sister's room. Tra. Shall sweet Bianca practise how to bride

Tra. Shall sweet Dizinca practice.—Come, gentle-Bap. She shall, Lucentio.—Come, gentle-men let's go. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene L-A Hall in Petruchio's Country House.

Enter GRUMIO.

Gru. Fie, fie on all tired jades, on all mad masters, and all foul ways! Was ever man so beaten? was ever man so rayed? was ever man so weary? I am sent before to make a fire, and they are coming after to warm them. Now, were not I a little pot, and soon hot, my very lips might freeze to my teeth, my tongue to the roof of my mouth, my heart in my belly, ere I should come by a fire to thaw me:-but I, with blowing the fire, shall warm myself; for, considering the weather, a taller man than I will take cold .- Holla, ho! Curtis!

Enter CURTIS.

Curt. Who is that calls so coldly?

Gru. A piece of ice: if thou doubt it, thou mayst slide from my shoulder to my heel with no greater a run but my head and my neck. A fire, good Curtis.

Curt. Is my master and his wife coming. Grumio.

Gru. O, ay, Curtis, ay: and therefore fire,

fire; cast on no water. Curt, Is she so hot a shrew as she's re-

ported? Gru. She was, good Curtis, before this frost; but, thou knowest, winter tames man, woman, and beast; for it hath tamed my old master, and my new mistress, and myself, fellow Curtis.

Curt. Away, you three-inch fool! I am no beast.

Gru. Am I but three inches? why, thy horn is a foot; and so long am I, at the least. But wilt thou make a fire, or shall I complain on thee to our mistress, whose hand,-she being now at hand, -thou shalt soon feel, to thy cold comfort, for being slow in thy hot office?

Curt. I pr'ythee, good Grumo, tell me, how goes the world?

Gru. A cold world, Curtis, in every office but thine; and, therefore, fire: do thy duty, and have thy duty; for my master and mistress are almost frozen to death.

Curt. There's fire ready; and, therefore,

good Grumio, the news?

Gru. Why, Jack boy! ho, boy! and as much news as thou wilt.

Curt. Come, you are so full of coney-catch-Gru. Why, therefore, fire; for I have caught extreme cold. Where's the cook? is supper ready, the house trimmed, rushes strewed, cobwebs swept; the serving-men in their new fustian, their white stockings, and every officer his wedding-garment on? Be the jacks fair ms wedning-gament on without, the carpets laid, and everything in order? [news?

Curt. All ready; and, therefore, I pray thee, I hear my master.

Gru. First, know, my horse is tired; my master and mistress fallen out.

Curt. How? Gru Out of their saddles into the dirt; and thereby hangs a tale.

Curt. Let's ha't, good Grumio.

Gru. Lend thine ear.

Curt. Here. Gru. There.

Striking him.

Curt. This is to feel a tale, not to hear a tale. Gru. And therefore 'tis called a sensible tale: and this cuff was but to knock at your ear, and beseech listening. Now I begin: Imprimis, we came down a foul hill, my master riding behind my mistress:-

Curt. Both of end horse?
Gru. What's that to thee?
Curt. Why, a horse.
Gru. Tell thou the tale:—but hadst thou not crossed me, thou shouldst have heard now her horse fell, and she under her horse; thou shouldst have heard, in how miry a place; how she was bemoiled; how he left her with the horse upon her; how he beat me because her horse stumbled; how she waded through the dirt to pluck him off me; how he swore; how she prayed-that never pray'd before, how I cried; how the horses ran away; how her bridle was burst; how I lost my crupper; with many things of worthy memory; which now shall die in oblivior, and thou return unexperienced to

thy grave. Curt. By this reckoning, he is more shrew

than she.

Gru. Ay; and that thou and the proudest of you all shall find when he comes home. But what talk I of this?-Call forth Nathaniel, Joseph, Nicholas, Philip, Walter, Sugarsop, and the rest: let their heads be sleekly combed, their blue coats brushed, and their garters of an indifferent knit: let them curtsy with their left legs; and not presume to touch a hair of my master's horse-tail till they kiss their hands. Are they all ready?

Curt. They are.

Gru. Call them forth.

Curt. Do you hear, ho? you must meet my master, to countenance my mistress.

Gru. Why, she hath a face of her own.

Curt. Who knows not that? Gru. Thou, it seems, that callest for com-

pany to countenance her.

Curt. I call them forth to credit her.

Gru. Why, she comes to borrow nothing of them.

Enter several Servants.

Nath. Welcome home, Grumio! Phil. How now, Grumio! Jos. What, Grumio!

Nich. Fellow Grumio!

Nath. How now, old lad? Gru. Welcome, you;—how now, you; what you; -fellow, you; -and thus much for greeting. Now, my spruce companions, is all ready, and all things neat?

Nath. All things is ready. How near is our master?

Gru. E'en at hand, alighted by this; -and therefore be not,-Cock's passion, silence!-

Enter PETRUCHIO and KATHARINA.

Pet. Where be these knaves? What, no man at door

To hold my stirrup nor to take my horse! Where is Nathaniel, Gregory, Philip?— All Serv. Here, here, sir; here, sir.

Pet. Here, sir! here, sir! here, sir! here, sir!-You logger-headed and unpolish'd grooms! What, no attendance? no regard? no duty?— Where is the foolish knave I sent before?

Gru. Here, sir; as foolish as I was before.

Pet. You peasant swain! you whoreson malt-

horse drudge! Did I not bid thee meet me in the park,

And bring along these rascal knaves with thee?

Gru. Nathaniel's coat, sir, was not fully

made, [the heel; And Gabriel's pumps were all unpink'd i' There was no link to colour Peter's hat,

And Waiter's dagger was not come from
sheathing: [Gregory,
There were none fine but Adam, Ralph, and
The rest were ragged, old, and beggarly,
Yet, as they are, here are they come to meet

уоц

Pet. Go, rascals, go, and fetch my supper in.— [Exeunt some of the Servants.]

Where is the life that late I led— [Sings. Where are those—Sit down, Kate, and wel-

Where are those—Sit down, Kate, and welcome. Soud, soud, soud!

De autou Camanto a

Re-enter Servants with supper.

Why, when, I say?—Nay, good sweet Kate, be merry. [when? Off with my boots, you rogues! you villians,

It was the frar of orders gray; As he forth walked on his way:— [Sings.

Out, you rogue! you pluck my foot awry:

Take that, and mend the plucking off the
other.— [Strikes him.

Be merry, Kate.—Some water, here; what,
ho!— [hence,

ho!— [hence, Where's my spaniel Troilus?—Sirrah, get you And bid my cousin Ferdmand come hither:—

One, Kate, that you must kiss, and be acquainted with.— [water?]
Where are my slippers?—Shall I have some

[A bason is presented to him.
Come, Kate, and wash, and welcome hearthly.—
[Servant lets the ever fall

[Servant lets the ewer fall. You whoreson villain! will you let it fall?

[Strikes him. Kath. Patience, I pray you; 'twas a fault unwilling. [knave!

Pet. A whoreson, beetle-headed, flap-ear'd Come, Kate sit down; I know you have a stomach. [shall I?— Will you give thanks, sweet Kate; or else

What's this? mutton?

r Serv. Ay. Pet. Who brought it?

I Serv.
Pet. 'Tis burnt; and so is all the meat.
What dogs are these?—Where is the rascal
cook? [dresser,

How durst you, villains, bring it from the

And serve it thus to me that love it not?
There, take it to you, trenchers, cups, and all:
(Throws the meat, &c, about the stage.
You heedless joltheads and unmanner'd slaves!
What, do you grumble? I'll be with you
straight.

Kath. I pray you, husband, be not so disquiet;

The meat was well, if you were so contented.

Pet. I tell thee, Kate, 'twas burnt and dried away;

And I expressly am forbid to touch it.
For it engenders choler, planteth anger;
And better 'twere that both of us did fast,—
Since, of ourselves, ourselves are cholenc,—
Than feed it with such over-roasted flesh.
Be patient; to-morrow't shall be mended,
And, for this night, we'll fast for company:—
Come, I will bring thee to thy bridal chamber.

[Exeunt PET., KATH., and CURT.

Nath. Peter, didst ever see the like? Peter. He kills her in her own humour.

Re-enter CURTIS.

Gru. Where is he?
Curt. In her chamber,
Making a sermon of continency to her, [soul,

And rails, and swears, and rates, that she, poor Knows not which way to stand, to look, to speak, And sits as one new-risen from a dream. Away, away! for he is coming hither.

[Exeunt.

Re-enter PETRUCHIO.

Pet. Thus have I politicly begun my reign,
And 'its my hope to end successfully.
My falcon now is sharp, and passing empty;
And, till she stoop, she must not be full-gorg'd,
For then she never looks upon her lure.
Another way I have to man my haggard,
To make her come, and know her keeper's call,
That is, to watch her, as we watch these kites
That bate, and beat, and will not be obedient.
She eat no meat to-day, nor none shall eat;
Last might she slept not, nor to-night she shall
not;

As with the meat, some undeserved fault I'll find about the making of the bed; And here I'll fing the pillow, there the bolster, This way the coverlet, another way the sheets:—Ay, and amid this hurly, I untend That all is done in reverend care of her; And, in conclusion, she shall watch all night: And, if she chance to nod, I'll rail and brawi, And with the clamour keep her still awake. This is a way to kill a wife with kindness: And thus I'll curb her mad and headstrong

humour. He that knows better how to tame a shrew, Now let him speak; 'tis charity to show.

Scene II.—Padua., Before Baptista's

House. Enter Tranio and Hortensio.

Tra. Is't possible, friend Licio, that Bianca Doth fancy any other but Lucentio?

I tell you, sir, she bears me fair in hand.

Hor. Sir, to satisfy you in what I have said,
Stand by, and mark the manner of his teaching.

[They stand aside.

Enter Blanca and Lucentio.

Luc. Now, mistress, profit you in what you read?

Bian. What, master, read you? first resolve me that.

Luc. I read that I profess, the Art to Love. Bian. And may you prove, sir, master of

your art! Luc. While you, sweet dear, prove mistress of my heart. They retire. Hor. Quick proceeders, marry! Now, tell me, I pray,

You that durst swear that your Mistress Bianca Lov'd none in the world so well as Lucentio. Tra. O despiteful love! unconstant woman-

kand!~

I tell thee, Licio, this is wonderful. Hor. Mistake no more: I am not Licio, Nor a musician, as I seem to be; But one that scorn to live in this disguise, For such a one as leaves a gentleman, And makes a god of such a cullion: Know, sir, that I am call'd Hortensio.

Tra. Signior Hortensio, I have often heard Of your entire affection to Bianca; And since mine eyes are witness of her lightness,

I will with you, -if you be so contented,-Forswear Bianca and her love for ever. Hor. See, how they kiss and court!-Sig-

mor Lucentio, Here is my hand, and here I firmly vow Never to woo her more; but do forswear her, As one unworthy all the former favours

That I have fondly flatter'd her withal. Tra. And here I take the like unfeigned oath, Never to marry with her though she would en-

treat: Fie on her! see, how beastly she doth court Hor. Would all the world but he had quite

forsworn! For me, that I may surely keep mine oath, I will be married to a wealthy widow Ere three days pass, which hath as long lov'd

As I have lov'd this proud disdainful haggard: And so farewell, Signior Lucentio .-Kindness in women, not their beauteous looks, Shall win my love: and so I take my leave, In resolution as I swore before.

Exit Hor .- Luc. and Bian. advance. Tra. Mistress Bianca, bless you with such grace

As 'longeth to a lover's blessed case! Nay, I have ta'en you napping, gentle love; And have forsworn you with Hortensio.

Bian. Tranio, you jest; but have you both forsworn me?

Tra. Mistress, we have.
Luc. Then we are rid of Licio. Tra. I' faith, he'll have a lusty widow now, That shall be woo'd and wedded in a day.

Bian. God give him joy! Tra. Ay, and he'll tame her.

He says so, Tranio. Tra. Faith, he is gone unto the taming-school. Bian. The taming-school! what, is there such a place? master:

Tra. Ay, mistress, and Petruchio is the

That teacheth tricks eleven and twenty long. To tame a shrew and charm her chattering tongue.

Enter BIONDELLO.

Bion. O master, master, I have watch'd so long That I'm dog-weary; but at last I spied

An ancient angel coming down the hill, Will serve the turn.

What is he, Brondello? Tra Bion. Master, a mercatante, or a pedant, I know not what; but formal in apparel, In gait and countenance surely like a father.

Luc. And what of him, Tranio?
Tra. If he be credulous, and trust my tale, I'll make him glad to seem Vincentio, And give assurance to Baptista Minola, As if he were the right Vincentio. Take in your love, and then let me alone.

Exeunt LUCENTIO and BIANCA.

Enter a Pedant.

Ped. God save you, sir! Tra. And you, sir! you are welcome. Travel you far on, or are you at the furthest?

Ped. Sir, at the furthest for a week or two: But then up further, and as far as Rome And so to Tripoli, if God lend me life.

Tra. What countryman, I pray?

Of Mantua. Tra. Of Mantua, sir?-marry, God forbid!

And come to Padua, careless of your life? [hard. Ped. My life, sir! how, I pray? for that goes Tra. 'Tis death for any one in Mantua To come to Padua. Know you not the cause? Your ships are stay'd at Venice; and the duke.— For private quarrel 'twixt your duke and him,-Hath publish'd and proclaim'd it openly: 'Tis marvel, but that you are but newly come,

You might have heard it else proclaim'd about. Ped. Alas, sir, it is worse for me than so! For I have bills for money by exchange

From Florence, and must here deliver them. Tra. Well, sir, to do you courtesy, This will I do, and this I will advise you: First, tell me, have you ever been at Pisa?

Ped. Ay, sir, in Pisa have I often been: Pisa, renowned for grave citizens.

Tra. Among them know you one Vincentio? Ped. I know him not, but I have heard of him;

A merchant of incomparable wealth.

Tra. He is my father, sir; and, sooth to say, In countenance somewhat doth resemble you. Bion. As much as an apple doth an oyster, and all one. Aside.

Tra. To save your life in this extremity, This favour will I do for you for his sake; And think it not the worst of all your fortunes That you are like to Sir Vincentio.

His name and credit shall you undertake And in my house you shall be friendly lodg'd:-Look that you take upon you as you should; You understand me, sir:—so shall you stay Till you have done your business in the city:

If this be courtesy, sir, accept of it. Ped. O, sir, I do; and will repute you ever The patron of my life and liberty.

Tra. Then go with me, to make the matter

good
This, by the way, I let you understand;-My father is here look'd for every day, To pass assurance of a dower in marriage 'Twixt me and one Baptista's daughter here: In all these circumstances I'll instruct you: Go with me, sir, to clothe you as becomes you.

Exeunt.

Scene III .- A Room in Petruchio's House. Enter Katharina and Grumio.

Gru. No, no, for sooth; I dare not, for my life. Kath. The more my wrong, the more his spite appears:

What, did he marry me to famish me? Beggars, that come unto my father's door, Upon entreaty have a present alms; If not, elsewhere they meet with charity: But I .- who never knew how to entreat, Nor never needed that I should entreat,-Am starved for meat, giddy for lack of sleep; With oaths kept waking, and with brawling fed: And that which spites me more than all these wants,

He does it under name of perfect love; As who would say, if I should sleep or eat, 'Twere deadly sickness or else present death.-I pr'ythee go, and get me some repast; I care not what, so it be wholesome food.

Gru. What say you to a neat's foot? lit. Kath. 'Tis passing good; I pr'ytheelet me have Gru. I fear it is too cholenc a meat:

How say you to a fat tripe, finely broil'd? [me. Kath. I like it well: good Grumio, fetch it Gru. I cannot tell; I fear 'tis choleric.

What say you to a piece of beef and mustard? Kath. A dish that I do love to feed upon. Gru. Ay, but the mustard is too hot a little. Kath. Why, then the beef, and let the mus-[the mustard, tard rest.

Gru. Nay, then I will not; you shall have Or else you get no beef of Grumio. Kath. Then both, or one, or anything thou

wilt. beef. Gru. Why, then the mustard without the Kath. Go, get thee gone, thou false deluding

[Beats him. slave, That feed'st me with the very name of meat: Sorrow on thee, and all the pack of you,

That triumph thus upon my misery! Go, get thee gone, I say.

Enter Petruchio with a dish of meat; and HORTENSIO.

Pet. How fares my Kate? What, sweeting, all amort?

Hor. Mistress, what cheer?

Kath. Faith, as cold as can be. Pet. Pluck up thy spirits, look cheerfully upon me.

Here, love; thou see'st how diligent I am To dress thy meat myself, and bring it thee:

Sets the dish on a table. I am sure, sweet Kate, this kindness ments thanks. not: What! not a word? Nay, then thou lov'st it

And all my pains is sorted to no proof .-Here, take away this dish.

Kath. I pray you, let it stand. Pet. The poorest service is repaid with thanks; And so shall mine, before you touch the meat. Kath. I thank you, sir.

Hor. Signior Petruchio, fie! you are to blame! Come, Mistress Kate, I'll bear you company. Pet. Eat it up all, Hortensio, if thou lov'st Aside.

Much good do it unto thy gentle heart! Kate, eat apace: - and now, my honey-love, Will we return unto thy father's house, And revel it as bravely as the best,

With silken coats, and caps, and golden rings, With ruffs, and cuffs, and farthingales, and things:

With scarfs, and fans, and double change of bravery,

With amber bracelets beads, and all this knavery. What, hast thou din'd? The tailor stays thy

leisure,

To deck thy body with his ruffling treasure.

Enter Tailor.

Come, tailor, let us see these ornaments: Lay forth the gown.

Enter Haberdasher.

What news with you, sir? Hab. Here is the cap your worship did be-

speak. Pet. Why, this was moulded on a porringer; A velvet dish: - fie, fie! 'tis lewd and filthy: Why, 'tis a cockle or a walnut-shell, A knack, a toy, a trick, a baby's cap:

Away with it! come, let me have a bigger. Kath. I'll have no bigger; this doth fit the time,

And gentlewoman wear such caps as these. Pet. When you are gentle, you shall have one too.

And not till then.

Hor. That will not be in haste. [Aside. Kath. Why, sir, I trust I may have leave to

And speak I will. I am no child, no babe: Your betters have endur'd me say my mind; And if you cannot, best you stop your ears. My tongue will tell the anger of my heart: Or else my heart, concealing it, will break: And rather than it shall, I will be free Even to the uttermost, as I please, in words. Pet. Why, thou say'st true, it is a paltry cap,

A custard-coffin, a bauble, a silken pie: I love thee well, in that thou lik'st it not.

Kath. Love me or love me not, I like the cap; And it I will have, or I will have none.

Pet. Thy gown? why, ay;—Come, tailor,

let us see't.

O mercy, God! what masquing stuff is here? What's this? a sleeve? 'tis like a demi-cannon What, up and down, carv'd like an apple-tart? Here's snip, and mp, and cut, and shish, and slash.

Like to a censer in a barber's shop: - [this? Why, what, o' devil's name, tailor, call'st thou Hor. I see she's like to have neither cap nor gown. Aside

Tai. You bid me make it orderly and well, According to the fashion and the time.

Pet. Marry, and did; but if you be remember'd,

I did not bid you mar it to the time. Go, hop me over every kennel home, For you shall hop without my custom, sir: I'll none of it: hence! make your best of it.

Kath. I never saw a better-fashion'd gown, More quaint, more pleasing, nor more com-

mendable:

Belike you mean to make a puppet of me. Pet. Why, true; he means to make a puppet

of thee. [a puppet of her. Tai. She says your worship means to make Pet. O monstrous arrogance! Thou hest,

thou thread, Thou thimble, [nail, Thou yard, three-quarters, half-yard, quarter, Thou flea, thou mt, thou-winter-cricket thou!

Brav'd in mine own house with a skein of thread? Away, thou rag, thou quantity, thou remnant; Or I shall so be-mete thee with thy yard,

As thou shalt think on prating whilst thou hv'st!

I tell thee, I, that thou hast marr'd her gown. Tai. Your worship is deceiv'd; the gown is made

Tust as my master had direction:

Grumio gave order how it should be done. Gru. I gave him no order; I gave him the

[made? stuff. Tai. But how did you desire it should be Gru. Marry, sir, with needle and thread.

Tai. But did you not request to have it cut?

Gru. Thou hast faced many things.

Tai. I have.

Gru. Face not me: thou hast braved many men; brave not me; I will neither be faced nor braved. I say unto thee, I bid thy master cut out the gown, but I did not bid him cut it to [testify. pieces: ergo, thou liest.

Tai. Why, here is the note of the fashion to Pet. Read it. [said so.

Gru. The note lies in his throat, if he say I Tai. Imprimis, a loose-bodied gown:

Gru. Master, if ever I said loose-bodied gown, sew me in the skirts of it, and beat me to death with a bottom of brown thread: I said a gown.

Pet. Proceed.

Tai. With a small compassed cape:

Gru. I confess the cape. Tai. With a trunk sleeve:

Gru. I confess two sleeves.

Tai. The sleeves curiously cut. Pet. Ay, there's the villany.

Gru. Error i' the bill, sir; error i' the bill. I commanded the sleeves should be cut out, and sewed up again; and that I'll prove upon thee, though thy little finger be armed in a thimble.

Tai. This is true that I say: an I had thee in place where, thou shouldst know it.

Gru. I am for thee straight: take thou the bill, give me thy mete-yard, and spare not me. Hor. God-a-mercy, Grumio! then he shall have no odds.

Pet. Well, sir, in brief, the gown is not for Gru. You are i' the right, sir; 'tis for my mistress.

Pet. Go, take it up unto thy master's use. Gru. Villain, not for thy life! Take up my mistress' gown for thy master's use!

Pet. Why, sir, what's your conceit in that?

Gru. O, sir, the concert is deeper than you think for:

Take up my mistress' gown to his master's use! O fie, fie, fie!

Pet. Hortensio, say thou wilt see the tailor paid.-

Go take it hence; be gone, and say no more. Hor. Tailor, I'll pay thee for thy gown to-

morrow. Take no unkindness of his hasty words: Away, I say! commend me to thy master.

[Exeunt Tailor and Haberdasher. Pet. Well, come, my Kate; we will unto your father's

Even in these honest mean habiliments: Our purses shall be proud, our garments poor: For 'tis the mind that makes the body rich; And as the sun breaks through the darkest

clouds. So honour peereth in the meanest habit. What, is the jay more precious than the lark Because his feathers are more beautiful? Or is the adder better than the eel, Because his painted skin contents the eye? O no, good Kate; neither art thou the worse For this poor furniture and mean array. If thou account'st it shame, lay it on me; And therefore frolic: we will hence forthwith. To feast and sport us at thy father's house .-Go, call my men, and let us straight to him; And bring our horses unto Long-lane end; There will we mount, and thither walk on foot.-

Let's see; I think 'tis now some seven o'clock. And well we may come there by dinner-time. Kath. I dare assure you, sir, 'tis almost two;

And 'twill be supper-time ere you come there. Pet. It shall be seven ere I go to horse: Look, what I speak, or do, or think to do, You are still crossing it.—Sirs, let't alone: I will not go to-day; and ere I do, It shall be what o'clock I say it is.

Hor. Why, so, this gallant will command the Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Padua. Before Baptista's House.

Enter TRANIO, and the Pedant dressed like VINCENTIO.

Tra. Sir, this is the house: please it you that I call?

Ped. Ay, what else? and, but I be deceived, Signior Baptista may remember me,

Near twenty years ago, in Genoa, where We were lodgers at the Pegasus. case. Tra. 'Tis well; and hold your own, in any

With such austerity as 'longeth to a father.

Ped. I warrant you. But, sir, here comes your boy;

'Twere good he were school'd.

Enter BIONDELLO.

Tra. Fear you not him .- Sirrah Biondello, Now do your duty throughly, I advise you: Imagine 'twere the right Vincentio.

Bion. Tut! fear not me. [tista? Tra. But hast thou done thy errand to Ban-Bion. I told him that your father was at

Venice;

And that you look'd for him this day in Padua. Tra. Thou'rt a tall fellow: hold thee that

to drink. Sir.-Here comes Baptista:-set your countenance,

Enter Baptista and Lucentio.

Signior Baptista, you are happily met.— Sir [to the Pedant], this is the gentleman I told

I pray you, stand good father to me now, Give me Bianca for my patrimony.

Ped. Soft, son!-

Sir, by your leave having come to Padua To gather in some debts, my son Lucentio Made me acquainted with a weighty cause Of love between your daughter and himself: And,-for the good report I hear of you; And for the love he beareth to your daughter, And she to him,—to stay him not too long, I am content, in a good father's care, To have him match'd; and,-if you please to like

No worse than I,-upon some agreement, Me shall you find ready and willing With one consent to have her so bestow'd: For curious I cannot be with you,

Signior Baptista, of whom I hear so well. Bap. Sir, pardon me in what I have to say: Your plainness and your shortness please me well

Right true it is, your son Lucentio here Doth love my daughter, and she loveth him, Or both dissemble deeply their affections: And therefore, if you say no more than this, That like a father you will deal with him, And pass my daughter a sufficient dower, The match is made, and all is done: Your son shall have my daughter with consent.

Tra. I thank you, sir. Where, then, do you know best

We be affied, and such assurance ta'en As shall with either part's agreement stand?

Bap. Not in my house, Lucentio; for, you

know, Pitchers have ears, and I have many servants: Besides, old Gremio is heark'ning still;

And, haply, we might be interrupted.

Tra. Then at my lodging, an it like you: There doth my father lie; and there, this night, We'll pass the business privately and well: Send for your daughter by your servant here; My boy shall fetch the scrivener presently. The worst is this,—that, at so slender warning, You are like to have a thin and slender pittance. Bap. It likes me well.—Cambio, hie you

home, And bid Bianca make her ready straight, And, if you will, tell what hath happened,-Lucentio's father is arriv'd in Padua.

And how she's like to be Lucentio's wife. Luc. I pray the gods she may, with all my

heart. gone. Tra. Dally not with the gods, but get thee Signior Baptista, shall I lead the way? Welcome! one mess is like to be your cheer: . Come, sir; we'll better it in Pisa.

Bap. I follow you.

[Excunt TRA., PED., and BAP.

Bion. Cambio. Luc. What sayst thou, Biondello?

Bion. You saw my master wink and laugh upon you?

Luc. Biondello, what of that?

Bion. Faith, nothing; but has left me here behind, to expound the meaning or moral of his signs and tokens.

Luc. I pray thee, moralize them.

Bion. Then thus. Baptista is safe, talking with the deceiving father of a deceitful don.

Luc. And what of him? Bion. His daughter is to be brought by you

to the supper.

Luc. And then!—
Bion. The old priest at St. Luke's church is at your command at all hours

Luc. And what of all this?

Bion. I cannot tell; expect they are busied about a counterfest assurance. Take you assurance of her, cum privilegio ad imprimendum solum: to the church;—take the priest, clerk, and some sufficient honest witnesses:

If this be not that you look for, I have no more

to say, But bid Bianca farewell for ever and a day.

Going. Luc. Hear'st thou, Biondello?

Bion. I cannot tarry: I knew a wench married in an afternoon as she went to the garden for parsley to stuff a rabbit; and so may you, sir; and so adieu, sir. My master hath appointed me to go to Saint Luke's, to bid the priest be ready to come against you come with your appendix. [Ext. Luc. I may, and will, if she be so contented:

She will be pleas'd; then wherefore should I doubt?

Hap what hap may, I'll roundly go about her; It shall go hard if Cambio go without her. Exit.

Scene V .- A public Road.

Enter PETRUCHIO, KATHARINA, and HORTENSIO.

Pet. Come on, o' God's name; once more

toward our father's. Good Lord, how bright and goodly shines the

moon! light now. Kath. The moon! the sun: it is not moon-Pet. I say it is the moon that shines so bright. Kath. I know it is the sun that shines so

bright. Pet. Now, by my mother's son, and that's myself.

It shall be moon, or star, or what I list, Or ere I journey to your father's house.-Go one, and fetch our horses back again .-Evermore cross'd and cross'd; nothing but

cross'd! Hor. Say as he says, or we shall never go. Kath. Forward, I pray, since we have come so far.

And be it moon, or sun, or what you please: And if you please to call it a rush-candle, Henceforth I vow it shall be so for me. Pet. I say it is the moon.

Kath. I know it is the moon.
Pet. Nay, then you lie: it is the blessed sun.
Kath. Then, God be blessed, it is the
blessed sun:

But sun it is not, when you say it is not; And the moon changes even as your mind. What you will have it nam'd, even that it is; And so, it shall be so for Katherine.

Hor. Petruchio, go thy ways; the field is won.

Pet. Well, forward, forward! thus the bowl
should run,

And not unluckily against the bias.— But, soft! company is coming here.

Enter VINCENTIO, in a travelling dress.

Good-morrow, gentle mistress: where away?—
[To VINCENTIO

Tell me, sweet Kate, and tell me truly too, Hast thou beheld a fresher gentlewoman? Such war of white and red within her cheeks What stars do spangle heaven with such beauty As those two eyes become that heavenly face?—Fair lovely maid, once more good-day to thee:—Street Kate ambases her for her heat trip sage.

Sweet Kate, embrace her for her beauty's sake.

Hor. 'A will make the man mad, to make a
woman of him.

Kath. Young budding virgin, fair and fresh and sweet.

Whither away; or where is thy abode? Happy the parents of so fair a child; Happier the man who favourable stars Allot thee for his lovely bed-fellow!

Pet. Why, how now, Kate! I hope thou art not mad:

This is a man, old, wrinkled, faded, wither'd; And not a maiden, as thou sayst he is. Kath. Pardon, old father, my mistaking eyes,

Kath. Pardon, old father, my mistaking eyes, That have been so bedazzled with the sun, That everything I look on seemeth green: Now I perceive thou art a reverend father; Pardon, I pray thee, for my mad mistaking. Pet. Do, good old grandsire; and withal

Pet. Do, good old grandsire; and withs

Which way thou travell'st: if along with us, We shall be joyful of thy company.

Vin. Fair sir, and you my merry mistress, That with your strange encounter much amaz'd me,

My name is call'd Vincentio; my dwelling Pisa; And bound I am to Padua; there to visit A son of mine, which long I have not seen.

Pet. What is his name?
Vin. Lucentio, gentle sir.

Pet. Happily met; the happier for thy son. And now by law, as well as reverend age, I may entitle thee my loving father: The sister to my wife, this gentlewoman, Thy son by this hath married. Wonder not, Nor be not griev'd: she is of good esteem, Her dowry wealthy, and of worthy birth; Beside, so qualified as may beseem The spouse of any noble gentleman. Let me embrace with old Vincentio: And wander we to see thy honest son, Who will of thy arrival be full joyous. [sure,

Vin. But is this true? or is it else your plea-Like pleasant travellers, to break a jest Upon the company you overtake?

Hor. I do assure thee, father, so it is.

Pet. Come, go along, and see the truth hereof,

For our first merriment hath made thee jealous.

[Execunt Pet., Kath., and Vin.

Hor. Well. Petruchio, this hath put me in

Hor. Well, Petruchio, this hath put me in heart.

Have to my widow; and if she be forward,
Then hast thou taught Hortensio to be untoward.

[Exit.

ACT V.

Scene L.—Padua. Before Lucentio's House.

Enter on one side Biondello, Lucentio, and Bianca; Gremio walking on the other side.

Bion. Softly and swiftly, sir; for the priest is ready.

Luc. I fly, Biondello: but they may chance to need thee at home, therefore leave us.

Bion. Nay, faith, I'll see the church o' your back; and then come back to my master as soon as I can.

[Exeunt Luc., Bian., and Bion. Gre. I marvel Cambio comes not all this while.

Enter Petruchio, Katharina, Vincentio, Grumio, and Attendants.

Pet. Sir, here's the door; this is Lucentio's house: [place;

My father's bears more toward the market-Thither must I, and here I leave you, sir. Vin. You shall not choose but drink before

you go: I think I shall command your welcome here, And, by all likelihood, some cheer is toward.

Gre. They're busy within; you were best knock louder.

Enter Pedant above, at a window.

Ped. What's he that knocks as he would beat down the gate?

Vin. Is Signior Lucentio within, sir?

Ped. He's within, sir, but not to be spoken withal.

Vin. What if a man bring him a hundred

pound or two, to make merry withal?

Ped. Keep your hundred pounds to yourself: he shall need none so long as I live.

Pet. Nay, I told you your son was well beloved in Padus.—Do you hear, sir?—to leave frivolous circumstances,—I pray you, tell Signior Lucentio that his father is come from Pisa, and is here at the door to speak with him.

Ped. Thou liest: his father is come from Pisa, and here looking out at the window.

Vin. Art thou his father? [believe her. Ped. Ay, sir; so his mother says, if I may Pet. Why, how now, gentieman [to Vincen.] hy, this is flat knavery, to take upon you another man's name.

Ped. Lay hands on the villain: I believe 'a means to cozen somebody in this city under my ountenance.

Re-enter BIONDELLO.

Bion. I have seen them in the church together: God send 'em good shipping!-But who

is here? mine old master, Vincentio! now we are undone, and brought to nothing.

Vin. Come hither, crack-hemp.
[Seeing BIONDELLO.

Bion. I hope I may choose, sir.

Vin. Come hither, you rogue. What! have

you forgot me?

Bion. Forgot you! no, sir: I could not forget you, for I never saw you before in all my

Vin. What, you notorious villain, didst thou

never see thy master's father, Vincentio? Bion. What, my old worshipful old master? yes, marry, sir: see where he looks out of the window.

Vin. Is't so, indeed? [Beats BIONDELLO. Bion. Help, help, help! here's a madman will murder me. [Exit.

Ped. Help, son! help, Signior Baptista!

[Exit from the window. Pet. Pr'ythee, Kate, let's stand aside, and see the end of this controversy. [They retire.

Re-enter Pedant below; and Baptista, Tranio, and Servants.

Tra. Sir, what are you, that offer to beat my

Vin. What am I, sir! nay, what are you, sir?—O immortal gods! O fine villain! A silken doublet! a velvet hose! a scarlet cloak! and a copatain hat!—O, I am undone! I am undone! while I play the good husband at home, my son and my servant spend all at the university.

Tra. How now! what's the matter?

Bap. What, is the man lunatic?

Tra. Sir, you seem a sober ancient gentleman by your habit, but your words show you a madman. Why, sir, what concerns it you if I wear pearl and gold? I thank my good father I am able to maintain it.

Vin. Thy father! O villain! he is a sail-

maker in Bergamo.

Bap. You mistake, sir; you mistake, sir. Pray, what do you think is his name?

Vin. His name! as if I knew not his name! I have brought him up ever since he was three years old, and his name is Tranio.

Ped. Away, away, mad ass! his name is Lucentio; and he is mine only son, and heir to the

lands of me, Signior Vincentio.

Vin. Lucentio! O, he hath murdered his master!—Lay hold on him, I charge you, in the duke's name.—O, my son, my son!—tell me, thou villain, where is my son, Lucentio?

Tra. Call forth an officer.

Enter one with an Officer.

Carry this mad knave to the gaol.—Father Baptista, I charge you see that he be forthcoming.

Vin. Carry me to the gaol!

Gre. Stay, officer; he shall not go to prison.

Bap. Talk not, Signior Gremo; I say he shall go to prison.

Gre. Take heed, Signior Baptista, lest yoube coney-catched in this business: I dare swear this is the right Vincentio.

Ped. Swear, if thou darest. Gre. Nay. I dare not swear it. Tra. Then thou wert best say that I am not Lucentio.

Gre. Yes, I know thee to be Signior Lucentio.

Bap. Away with the dotard! to the gao! with him!

Vm. Thus strangers may be haled and abus'd.—O monstrous villain!

Re-enter BIONDELLO, with LUCENTIO and BIANCA.

Bion. O, we are spoiled! and yonder he is: deny him, forswear him, or else we are all undone.

Luc. Pardon, sweet father. [Kneeling. Vm. Lives my sweet son?

[Bion., Tra., and Ped. run out.

Bian. Pardon, dear father. [Kneeling.

Bap. How hast thou offended?—

Where is Lucentio?

Luc. Here's Lucentio,

Right son to the right Vincentio; [mine, That hath by marriage made thy daughter While counterfeit supposes blear'd thine eyne. Gre. Here's packing, with a witness, to de-

ceive us all!

Vin. Where is that damned villain, Tranio,
That fac'd and brav'd me in this matter so?

Bap. Why, tell me, is not this my Cambio? Bian. Cambio is chang'd into Lucentio. Luc. Love wrought these miracles. Bianca's

Made me exchange my state with Tranio, While he did bear my countenance in the town; And happily I have arrived at the last Unto the wished-for haven of my bliss.

What Tranio did, myself enforc'd him to; Then pardon him, sweet father, for my sake.

Vin. I'll slit the villain's nose, that would have sent me to the gaol.

Bap. But do you hear, sir? [to LUCENTIO]

Have you married my daughter without asking my good-will? [go to: Vin. Fear not. Bantists: we will content you.

Vin. Fear not, Baptista; we will content you, But I will in, to be revenged for this villany! (Exif.

Bap. And I, to sound the depth of this knavery. [Exit.

Luc. Look not pale, Bianca; thy father will not frown. [Exeunt Luc. and Blan. Gre. My cake is dough: but Pil in among the rest;

Out of hope of all but my share of the feast.

PETRUCHIO and KATHARINA advance.

Kath. Husband, let's follow, to see the end of this ado.

Pet. First kiss me, Kate, and we will. Kath. What, in the midst of the street?

Pet. What, art thou ashamed of me? [kiss. Kath. No, sir; God forbid; but ashamed to Pet. Why, then, let's home again.—Come, sirrah, let's away.

Kath. Nay, I will give thee a kiss: now, pray thee, love, stay.

Pet. Is not this well?—Come, my sweet Kate;

Better once than never, for never too late. [Exeunt. · Scene II .- A Room in Lucentio's House.

A Banquet set out. Enter Baptista, Vincentio, Gremio, the Pedant, Lucentio BIANCA, PETRUCHIO, KATHARINA, HOR-TENSIO, and Widow. TRANIO, BIONDELLO GRUMIO, and others, attending.

Luc. At last, though long, our jarring notes agree:

And time it is, when raging war is done, To smile at 'scapes and perils overblown.-My fair Bianca, bid my father welcome, While I with self-same kindness welcome

thine .-

Brother Petruchio, -sister Katharina, -And thou, Hortensio, with thy loving widow,-Feast with the best, and welcome to my house: My banquet is to close our stomachs up, After our great good cheer. Pray you, sit down;

For now we sit to chat, as well as eat.

[They sit at table. Pet. Nothing but sit and sit, and eat and eat! Bap. Padua affords this kindness, son Pet-

ruchio. Pet. Padua affords nothing but what is kind. Hor. For both our sakes I would that word

were true. Pet. Now, for my life, Hortensio fears his widow.

Wid. Then never trust me if I be afeard. Pet. You are very sensible, and yet you miss

my sense: I mean Hortensio is afeard of you. fround. Wid. He that is giddy thinks the world turns

Pet. Roundly replied. Wid. Thus I conceive by him. Mistress, how mean you that?

Pet. Conceives by me!-How likes Hortensio that?

Hor. My widow says thus she conceives her tale.

Pet. Very well mended.—Kiss him for that, good widow.

Kath. He that is giddy thinks the world turns round:

I pray you, tell me what you meant by that. Wid. Your husband, being troubled with a self. shrew,

Measures my husband's sorrow by his woe: And now you know my meaning.

Kath. A very mean meaning.

Wid. Right, I mean you. Kath. And I am mean, indeed, respecting you.

· Pet. To her, Kate!

Hor. To her, widow! fdown. Pet. A hundred marks, my Kate does put her Hor. That's my office.

Pet. Spoke like an officer:-ha' to thee, lad. Drinks to HORTENSIO. Bap. How likes Gremio these quick-witted

Gre. Believe me, sir, they butt together well. Bian. Head and butt! an hasty-witted body Would say your head and butt were head and

horn. [you? Vin. Ay, mistress bride, hath that awaken'd Bian. Ay, but not frighted me; therefore I'll sleep again.

Pet. Nay, that you shall not; since you have begun.

Have at you for a bitter jest or two. [bush, Bian. Am I your bird? I mean to shift my and then pursue me as you draw your bow. You are welcome all.

[Exeunt BIAN., KATH., and WID. Pet. She hath prevented me.-Here, Signior Tranio.

This bird you aim'd at, though you hit her not: Therefore a health to all that shot and miss'd. Tra. O, sir, Lucentio slipp'd me like his

greyhound, Which runs himself, and catches for his master. Pet. A good swift simile, but something currish.

Tra. 'Tis well, sir, that you hunted for your-'Tis thought your deer does hold you at a bay. Bap. O ho, Petruchio, Tranio hits you now. Luc. I thank thee for that girl, good Tranio. Hor. Confess, confess, hath he not hit you here?

Pet. 'A has a little gall'd me, I confess; And, as the jest did glance away from me,

'Tis ten to one it maim'd you two outright. Bap. Now, in good sadness, son Petruchio, I think thou hast the veriest shrew of all.

Pet. Well, I say no: and therefore, for assurance,

Let's each one send unto his wife; And he whose wife is most obedient

To come at first when he doth send for her, Shall win the wager which we will propose.

Hor. Content. What is the wager?
The Twenty crowns. Pet. Twenty crowns!

I'll venture so much on my hawk or hound, But twenty times so much upon my wife.

Luc. A hundred then

Hor. Content. A match! 'tis done. Pet.

Hor. Who shall begin? Luc. That will I.—

Go, Biondello, bid your mistress come to me. Bion. I go.

Bap. Son, I will be your half, Bianca comes. Luc. I'll have no halves: I'll bear it all my-

Re-enter BIONDELLO.

How now! what news?

Sir, my mistress sends you word Bion. That she is busy, and she cannot come.

Pet. How! she is busy, and she cannot come! Is that an answer?

Gre. Ay, and a kind one too: Pray God, sir, your wife send you not a worse.

Pet. I hope better. Hor. Sırrah, Biondello, go and entreat my

wife. To come to me forthwith. [Exit BIONDELLO. Pet. Oh, ho! entreat her!

Nay, then she must needs come. Hor. I am afraid, sir,

Do what you can, yours will not be entreated.

Re-enter BIONDELLO.

Now, where's my wife?

Bion. She says you have some goodly jest in hand:

She will not come; she bids you come to her.

Pet. Worse and worse; she will not come! O vile,

Intolerable, not to be endur'd!-Sirrah Grumio, go to your mistress; Say I command her come to me.

Exit GRUMIO.

Hor. I know her answer. Pet. What?

Hor. She will not come. Pet. The fouler fortune mine, and there an

Bap. Now, by my holidame, here comes Katharina!

Enter KATHARINA.

Kath. What is your will, sir, that you send for me? (wife?

Pet. Where is your sister, and Hortensio's Kath. They sit conferring by the parlour fire. Pet. Go, fetch them buther: if they deny to

Swinge me them soundly forth unto their husbands:

Away, I say, and bring them hither straight. Exit KATHARINA.

Luc. Here is a wonder, if you talk of a wonder. Hor. And so it is: I wonder what it bodes.

Pet. Marry, peace it bodes, and love, and quiet life, An awful rule, and right supremacy; [happy,

And, to be short, what not, that's sweet and Bap. Now fair befall thee, good Petruchio! The wager thou hast won; and I will add Unto their losses twenty thousand crowns; Another dowry to another daughter, For she is chang'd, as she had never been.

Pet. Nay, I will win my wager better yet; And show more sign of her obedience, Her new-built virtue and obedience. See where she comes, and brings your froward wives

As prisoners to her womanly persuasion.

Re-enter KATHARINA, with BIANCA and Widow

Katharine, that cap of yours becomes you not:

Off with that bauble, throw it underfoot. KATH. pulls off her cap and throws it down. Wid. Lord, let me never have a cause to sigh,

Till I be brought to such a silly pass! Bian. Fie! what a foolish duty call you this? Luc. I would your duty were as foolish too;

The wisdom of your duty, fair Bianca, [time. Hath cost me an hundred crowns since supper-Bian. The more fool you, for laying on my duty.

Pet. Katharine, I charge thee, tell these headstrong women

What duty they do owe their lords and husbands.

Wid. Come, come, you're mocking: we will [her. have no telling. Pet. Come on, I say; and first begin with Wid. She shall not. her.

Pet. I say she shall;-and first begin with

Kath. Fie, fie! unknit that threat'ning unkind brow:

And dart not scornful glances from those eyes. To wound thy lord, thy king, thy governor: It blots thy beauty, as frosts do bite the meads; Confounds thy fame, as whirlwinds shake fair buds;

And in no sense is meet or amiable. A woman mov'd is like a fountain troubled-Muddy, ill-seeming, thick, bereft of beauty; And while it is so, none so dry or thirsty Will deign to sip or touch one drop of it. Thy husband is thy lord, thy life, thy keeper. Thy head, thy sovereign; one that cares for thee And for thy maintenance; commits his body To painful labour both by sea and land, To watch the night in storms, the day in cold, Whilst thou liest warm at home, secure and

safe; And craves no other tribute at thy hands But love, fair looks, and true obedience,— Too little payment for so great a debt! Such duty as the subject owes the prince Even such a woman oweth to her husband; And when she is froward, peevish, sullen, sour, And not obedient to his honest will, What is she but a foul contending rebel. And graceless traitor to her loving lord?— I am asham'd that women are so simple To offer war where they should kneel for peace. Or seek for rule, supremacy, and sway, When they are bound to serve, love, and obey, Why are our bodies soft and weak, and smooth. Unant to toil and trouble in the world, But that our soft conditions and our hearts Should well agree with our external parts? Come, come, you froward and unable worms! My mind hath been as big as one of yours, My heart as great; my reason, haply, more, To bandy word for word and frown for frown: But now I see our lances are but straws; Our strength as weak, our weakness past compare,fleast are.

That seeming to be most, which we indeed Then vail your stomachs, for it is no boot, . And place your hands below your husband's foot:

In token of which duty, if he please, My hand is ready, may it do him ease.

Pet. Why, there's a wench!-Come on, and kiss me, Kate.

Luc. Well, go thy ways, old lad; for thou shalt ha't. Vin. 'Tis a good hearing when children are

toward. froward. Luc. But a harsh hearing when women are

Pet. Come, Kate, we'll to bed .-We three are married, but you two are sped. 'Twas I won the wager, though you hit the

To LUCENTIO. white: And, being a winner, God give you good-night! Exeunt PET. and KATH.

Hor. Now go thy ways; thou hast tam'd a curst shrew.

Luc. 'Tis a wonder, by your leave, she will be tam'd so. Exeunt.

THE WINTER'S TALE

PERSONS REPRESENTED

LEONTES, King of Sicilia. MAMILLIUS, his Son. CAMILLO. ANTIGONUS. Sicilian Lords. CLEOMENES. DION, Other Sicilian Lords. Sicilian Gentlemen. Officers of a Court of Judicature. POLIXENES, King of Bohemia. FLORIZEL, his Son. ARCHIDAMUS, a Bohemian Lord. A Mariner. Gaoler An Old Shepherd, reputed father of PERDITA. Clown, his Son.

Servant to the Old Shepherd. AUTOLYCUS, a Rogue. Time, as Chorus.

HERMIONE, Queen to LEONTES and HER-MIONE.

PAULINA, Wife to ANTIGONUS.

EMILIA, a Lady, attending the QUEEN.

Other Ladies, Jattenaing the (MOPSA, DORCAS, Shepherdesses.

Lords, Ladies, and Attendants; Satyrs for a Dance; Shepherds, Shepherdesses, Guards, &c.

Scene, -- Sometimes in Sicilia; sometimes in Bohemia.

ACT I.

Scene I.—Sichia. An Antechamber in Leontes' Palace.

Enter CAMILLO and ARCHIDAMUS.

Arch. If you shall chance, Camillo, to visit Bohemia, on the like occasion whereon my services are now on foot, you shall see, as I have said, great difference betwirt our Bohemia and your Stotlia.

Cam. I think this coming summer the King of Sicilia means to pay Bohemia the visitation which he justly owes him.

Arch. Wherein our entertainment shall shame us we will be justified in our loves; for, indeed.—

Cam. Beseech you,-

Arch. Verily, I speak it in the freedom of my knowledge: we cannot with such magnificance—in so rare—I know not what to say.—We will give you sleepy drinks, that your senses, unintelligent of our insufficience, may, though they cannot praise us, as little accuse us.

Cam. You pay a great deal too dear for what's given freely.

Arch. Believe me, I speak as my understanding instructs me, and as mine honesty puts it to utterance.

Cam. Stellae cannot show himself overfland to Bohemia. They were trained together in their childhoods; and there rooted betwirt them then such an affection which cannot choose but branch now. Since their more mature dignities

society, their encounters, though not personal. have been royally attorneyed, with interchange of gifts, letters, loving embassies; that they have seemed to be together, though absent: shook hands, as over a vast; and embraced, as it were, from the ends of opposed winds. The heavens continue their loves!

Arch. I think there is not in the world either malice or matter to alter it. You have an unspeakable comfort of your young Prince Mamillius: it is a gentleman of the greatest promise that ever came into my note.

Cam. I very well agree with you in the hopes of him. It is a gallant child; one that, indeed, physics the subject, makes old hearts fresh: they that went on crutches ere he was born desire yet their life to see him a man.

Arch. Would they else be content to die? Cam. Yes; if there were no other excuse

why they should desire to live.

Arch. If the king had no son they would desire to live on crutches till he had one.

Exeunt. Scene II .- The same. A Room of State in the Palace.

nter Leontes, Polixenes, Hermione, Mamillius, Camillo, and Attendants. Enter LEONTES,

Pol. Nine changes of the watery star have

The shepherd's note since we have left our Without a burden: time as long again Would be fill'd up, my brother, with our thanks; And yet we should, for perpetuity, Go hence in debt: and therefore, like a cipher,

Yet standing in rich place, I multiply With one we-thank-you many thousands more

That go before it. Stay your thanks awhile, Leon.

And pay them when you part.

Sir, that's to-morrow. I am question'd by my fears, of what may chance Or breed upon our absence; that may blow No sneaping winds at home, to make us say, This is put forth too truly. Besides, I have stay'd

To tire your royalty.

We are tougher, brother, Than you can put us to't.

No longer stay. Pol.

Leon. One seven-night longer.

Pol. Very sooth, to-morrow. Leon. We'll part the time between's then: and in that

I'll no gainsaying.

Pol. Press me not, beseech you, so. There is no tongue that moves, none, none i' the world

So soon as yours, could win me: so it should Were there necessity in your request, although 'Twere needful I denied it. My affairs Do even drag me homeward: which to hinder, Were, in your love, a whip to me; my stay, To you a charge and trouble: to save both, Farewell, our brother.

Leon. Tongue-ued, our queen? Speak you.

Her. I had thought, sir, to have held my

peace until

and royal necessities made separation of their You had drawn oaths from him not to stay. You, sir,

Charge him too coldly. Tell him, you are sure All in Bohemia's well: this satisfaction The by-gone day proclaimed: say this to him, He's beat from his best ward.

Leon. Well said, Hermione. Her. To tell he longs to see his son, were

strong:

But let him say so then, and let him go; But let him swear so, and he shall not stay, We'll thwack him hence with distaffs .-Yet of your royal presence [to POLIXENES] I'll

adventure

The borrow of a week. When at Bohemia You take my lord, I'll give him my commission To let him there a month behind the gest Prefix'dforhisparting.—yet,gooddeed, Leontes, I love thee not a jar of the clock behind What lady she her lord .- You'll stay?

Pol. No, madam. Her. Nay, but you will?

Pol. I may not, verily.

Her. Verily!

You put me off with limber vows; but I, Though you would seek to unsphere the stars with oaths,

Should yet say, Sir, no going. Verily, You shall not go, a lady's verily is As potent as a lord's. Will you go yet? Force me to keep you as a prisoner, Not like a guest: so you shall pay your fees When you depart, and save your thanks. How

say you? My prisoner or my guest? by your dread verily,

One of them you shall be.

Your guest, then, madam: Pol. To be your prisoner should import offending, Which is for me less easy to commit Than you to punish.

Not your gaoler, then, Her. But your kind hostess. Come, I'll question

Of my lord's tricks and yours when you were You were pretty lordlings then.

Pol.

We were, fair queen,

Two lads that thought there were no more behind But such a day to-morrow as to-day, And to be boy eternal. [two?

Her. Was not my lord the vener wag o' the Pol. We were as twinn'd lambs that did

frisk i' the sun And bleat the one at the other. What we chang'd

Was innocence for innocence; we knew not The doctrine of ill-doing, nor dream'd

That any did. Had we pursu'd that life, And our weak spirits ne'er been higher rear'd With stronger blood, we should have answer'd heaven

Boldly, Not guilty; the imposition clear'd

Hereditary ours.

By this we gather You have tripp'd since.

O my most sacred lady Temptations have since then been born to's! for

In those unfledg'd days was my wife a girl; Your precious self had then not cross'd the eyes Of my young play-fellow.

Grace to boot! Of this make no conclusion, lest you say Your queen and I are devils: yet, go on; The offences we have made you do we'll answer; If you first sinn'd with us, and that with us You did continue fault, and that you slipp'd not With any but with us.

Is he won yet? Leon.

Her. He'll stay, my lord.

At my request he would not. Hermione, my dearest, thou never spok'st To better purpose.

Never? Her.

Never but once. Leon. Her. What! have I twice said well? when [make's was't before?

I pr'ythee, tell me: cram's with praise, and As fat as tame things: one good deed dying

tongueless

Slaughters a thousand waiting upon that. Our praises are our wages: you may ride's With one soft kiss a thousand furlongs ere With spur we heat an acre. But to the goal:-My last good deed was to entreat his stay; What was my first? it has an elder sister, Or I mistake you: O, would her name were

Grace! But once before I spoke to the purpose: when?

But once Desort 1 Spanish Nay, let me have't; I long.
Why, that was when Three crabbed months had sour'd themselves to death

Ere I could make thee open thy white hand, And clap thyself my love; then didst thou utter

I am yours forever. It is Grace indeed .-Her.

Why, lo you now, I have spoke to the purpose twice;

The one for ever earn'd a royal husband: The other for some while a friend.

[Giving her hand to POLIXENES. Too hot, too hot! [Aside. Leon. To mingle friendship far in mingling bloods. I have tremor cords on me,—my heart dances; But not for joy,—not joy.—This entertainment May a free face put on; derive a liberty From heartiness, from bounty, fertile bosom, And well become the agent: 't may, I grant: But to be paddling palms and pinching fingers, As now they are; and making practis'd smiles, As in a looking-glass, and then to sigh, as 'twere The mort o' the deer; O, that is entertainment My bosom likes not, nor my brows, - Mamillius, Art thou my boy?

Mam. Ay, my good lord.

I' fecks! Leon. Why, that's my bawcock. What! hast smutch'd thy nose?-

They say it's a copy out of mine. Come. captain,

We must be neat; -not neat, but cleanly,

captain: And yet the steer, the heifer, and the calf, Are all call'd neat .- Still virginalling

Observing Pol. and HER -How now, you wanton calf! Upon his palm?-Art thou my calf?

Mam. Yes, if you will, my lord. Leon. Thou want'st a rough pash, and the shoots that I have,

To be full like me:-yet they say we are Almost as like as eggs; women say so, That will say anything: but were they false As o'erdyed blacks, as wind, as waters, -false As dice are to be wish'd by one that fixes No bourn 'twixt his and mine; yet were it true To say this boy were like me.—Come, sir page, Look on me with your welkin-eye: sweet villain! Most dear'st! my collop!-Can, thy dam?may't be?

Affection! thy intention stabs the centre: Thou dost make possible things not so held. Communicat'st with dreams;-how can this be?-

With what's unreal thou co-active art, And fellow'st nothing: then 'tis very credent Thou mayst co-join with something; and thou dost,-

And that beyond commission; and I find it,-And that to the infection of my brains

And hardening of my brows. Pol. What means Sicilia?

Her. Something seems unsettled. Pol. How! my lord!

What cheer! how is't with you, best brother? You look Her.

As if you held a brow of much distraction: Are you mov'd, my lord?

Leon. No, in good earnest .-How sometimes nature will betray its folly, Its tenderness, and make itself a pastime To harder bosoms! Looking on the lines Of my boy's face, methoughts I did recoil Twenty-three years; and saw myself unbreech'd. In my green velvet coat; my dagger muzzled, Lest it should bite its master, and so prove, As ornaments oft do, too dangerous. How like, methought, I then was to this kernel,

This quash, this gentleman.-Mine honest friend, Will you take eggs for money?

Mam. No, my lord, I'll fight.

Leon. You will? why, happy man be's dole! -My brother,

Are you so fond of your young prince as we Do seem to be of ours?

If at home, sir, Pol. He's all my exercise, my mirth, my matter: Now my sworn friend, and then mine enemy; My parasite, my soldier, statesman, all: He makes a July's day short as December; And with his varying childness cures in me Thoughts that would thick my blood.

So stands this squire Leon. Offic'd with me. We two will walk, my lord, And leave you to your graver steps.—Hermione How thou lov'st us show in our brother's welcome

Let what is dear in Sicily be cheap:

Next to thyself and my young rover, he's Apparent to my heart.

If you would seek us, We are your's i' the garden: shall's attend you there? be found,

Leon. To your own bents dispose you: you'll Be you beneath the sky. [Aside.] I am angling now.

Though you perceive me not how I give line. Observing Pol. and HER. Go to, go to! How she holds up the neb, the bill to him!

And arms her with the boldness of a wife To her allowing husband! Gone already!

[Exeunt Pol., Her., and Attendants. Inch-thick, knee-deep, o'er head and ears a

fork'd one!-

Go, play, boy, play:—thy mother plays, and I Play too; but so disgrac'd a part, whose issue Will hiss me to my grave: contempt and clamour [have been, Well be my knell.—Go, play, boy, play.—There

Well be my knell.—Go, play, boy, play.—There Or I am much deceiv'd, cuckolds ere now; And many a man there is, even at this present, Now while I speak this, holds his wife by the

arm, [absence, That little thinks she has been sluic'd in his And his pond fish'd by his next neighbour, by Sir Smile, his neighbour: nay, there's comfort

in't, [open'd, Whiles other men have gates, and those gates As mine, against their will: should all despair That have revolted wives, the tenth of mankind

Would hang themselves. Physic for't there is none;
It is a bawdy planet, that will strike [it, Where 'tis predominant; and 'tis powerful, think From east, west north, and south: be it con-

cluded, No barricado for a belly; know't; It will let in and out the enemy

With bag and baggage: many a thousand of us Have the disease, and feel't not.—How now, boy!

Mam. I am like you, they say.

Leon. Why, that's some comfort.— What! Camillo there?

what: Camillo there? Cam. Ay, my good lord. Leon. Go play, Mamillius; thou'rt an honest

man.— [Exit MAMILLIUS.
Camillo, this great sir will yet stay longer.
Cam. You had much ado to make his anchor hold:

When you cast out, it still came home.

Leon. Didst note it?

Cam. He would not stay at your petitions;

His business more material.

Leon. Didst perceive it?—
They're here with me already; whispering, rounding,

Sicilia is a so-forth: 'tis far gone
When I shall gust it last.—How came't, Camillo,
That he did stay?

Cam. At the good queen's entreaty.

Leon. At the queen's be't: good should be pertinent;

But so it is, it is not. Was this taken By any understanding pate but thine? For thy conceit is soaking, will draw in More than the common blocks:—not noted, is't, But of the finer natures? by some severals Of head-piece extraordinary? lower messes, Perchance are to this business purblind? say.

Perchance are to this business purblind? say.

Cam. Business, my lord! I think most understand

Bohemia stays here longer.

Leon. Ha!

Cam. Stays here longer. Leon. Ay, but why? [treaties Cam. To satisfy your highness, and the en-Of our most gracious mistress.

Leon. Satisfy
The entreaties of your mistress!—satisfy!—
Let that suffice. I have trusted thee, Camillo,
With all the nearest things to my heart, as well
My chamber-councils, wherein, priest-like, thou
Hast cleans'd my bosm; I from thee departed
Thy penitent reform'd: but we have been
Deceiv'd in thy integrity, deceiv'd
In that which seems so.

Cam. Be it forbid, my lord!
Leon. To bide upon't,—thou art not honest;

If thou inclin'st that way, thou art a coward,
Which hoxes honesty behind, restraining
From course requir'd; or else thou must be
counted

A servant grafted in my serious trust, And therein negligent, or else a fool, That seest a game play'd home, the rich stake drawn,

And tak'st it all for jest.

Com. My gracious lord, I may be negligent, foolish, and fearful; In every one of these no man is free, But that his negligence, his folly, fear, Amongst the infinite doings of the world, Sometimes puts forth: in your affairs, my lord, If ever I were wilful-negligent, It was my folly; if industriously I play'd the fool, it was my negligence, Not weighing well the end; if ever fearful To do a thing, where I the issue doubted. Whereof the execution did cry out Against the non-performance, 'twas a fear Which oft affects the wisest: these, my lord, Are such allow'd infirmities that honesty Is never free of. But, beseech your grace, Be plainer with me; let me know my trespass By its own visage: if I then deny it, 'Tis none of mine.

Leon. Have you not seen, Camillo,— But that's past doubt: you have, or your eyeglass

Is theker than a cuckold's horn,—or heard,—
For, to a vision so apparent, rumour
Cannot be mute,—or thought,—for cogitation
Resides not in that man that does not think
it,—

My wife is slippery? If thou wilt confess,— Or else be impudently negative, To have nor eyes nor ears nor thought,—then say My wife's a hobbyhorse; deserves a name As rank as any flax-wench that puts to Before her troth-plight: say't and justify't.

Cam. I would not be a stander-by to hear My sovereign mistress clouded so, without My present vengeance taken: 'shrew my heart, You never spoke what did become you less Than this; which to reiterate were sin As deep as that, though true.

That would unseen be wicked?—is this nothing? Why, then the world and all that's in't is nothing;

The covering sky is nothing; Bohemia nothing; My wife is nothing; nor nothing have these nothings,

If this be nothing.

Good my lord, be cur'd Cam. Of this diseas'd opinion, and betimes; For 'tis most dangerous.

Say it be, 'tis true. Leon. Cam. No, no, my lord!

Leon. It is; you lie, you lie: I say thou liest, Camillo, and I hate thee; Pronounce thee a gross lout, a mindless slave; Or else a hovering temporizer, that Canst with thine eyes at once see good and evil, Inclining to them both.—Were my wife's liver Infected as her life, she would not live The running of one glass.

What does infect her? Cam. Leon. Why, he that wears her like her medal, hanging

About his neck, Bohemia: who-if I Had servants true about me, that bare eyes To see alike mine honour as their profits, Their own particular thrifts,-they would do that

Which should undo more doing: ay, and thou, His cupbearer,-whom I from meaner form Have bench'd and rear'd to worship; who

mayst see heaven, Plainly, as heaven sees earth, and earth sees How I am galled,-mightst bespice a cup, To give mine enemy a lasting wink; Which draught to me were cordial

Sir, my lord. I could do this; and, that with no rash potion, But with a ling'ring dram, that should not work Maliciously like poison: but I cannot Believe this crack to be in my dead mistress, So sovereignly being honourable. I have lov'd thee,

Leon. Make that thy question, and go to rot! Dost think I am so muddy, so unsettled, To appoint myself in this vexation; sully The purity and whiteness of my sheets, Which to preserve is sleep; which being spotted Is goads, thorns, nettles, tails of wasps; Give scandal to the blood o' the prince my son,-Who I do think is mine, and love as mine,— Without ripe moving to't?—Would I do this? Could man so blench?

I must believe you, sir: I do: and will fetch off Bohemia for't; Provided that, when he's remov'd, your high-Will take again your queen as yours at first, Even for your son's sake; and thereby for sealing

The injury of tongues in courts and kingdoms Known and allied to yours.

Thou dost advise me Even so as I mine own course have set down: I'll give no blemish to her honour, none.

Cam. My lord, Go then; and with a countenance as clear As friendship wears at feasts, keep with Bohemia And with your queen: I am his cupbearer. If from me he have wholesome beverage Account me not your servant.

Leon. This is all: Do't and thou hast the one-half of my heart: Do't not, thou splitt'st thine own.

Cam. I'll do't, my lord. Leon. I will seem friendly, as thou hast advis'd me.

Cam. O miserable lady!-But, for me, What case stand I in? I must be the poisoner Of good Polixenes: and my ground to do't Is he obedience to a master; one Who, in rebellion with himself, will have All that are his so too .- To do this deed. Promotion follows: if I could find example Of thousands that had struck anointed kings, And flourish'd after, I'd not do't; but since Nor brass, nor stone, nor parchment, bears not one,

Let villany itself forswear't. I must Forsake the court: to do't, or no, is certain To me a break-neck. Happy star, reign now! Here comes Bohemia.

Enter POLIXENES.

This is strange! methinks My favour here begins to warp. Not speak?-Good-day, Camillo.

Cam. Hail, most royal si Pol. What is the news i' the court? Hail, most royal sır! Cam.

None rare, my lord. Pol. The king hath on him such a countenance

As he had lost some province, and a region Lov'd as he loves himself: even now I met hım

With customary compliment; when he, Wafting his eyes to the contrary, and falling A lip of much contempt, speeds from me; and So leaves me, to consider what is breeding That changes thus his manners.

Cam. I dare not know, my lord. Pol. How! dare not! do not. Do you know, and dare not

Be intelligent to me? 'Tis thereabouts: For, to yourself, what you do know, you must, And cannot say, you dare not. Good Camillo, Your changed complexions are to me a mirror, Which shows me mine chang'd too; for I must

be A party in this alteration, finding, Myself thus alter'd with it.

Cam. There is a sickness Which puts some of us in distemper; but I cannot name the disease; and it is caught Of you that yet are well.

Pol. How! caught of me! Make me not sighted like the basilisk:

I have look'd on thousands, who have sped the better By my regard, but kill'd none so. Camillo,-

As you are certainly a gentleman; thereto Clerk-like, experienc'd, which no less adorns Our gentry that our parents' noble names, In whose success we are gentle, - I be seech you, If you know aught which does behove my knowledge

Therefore to be inform'd, imprison't not

In ignorant concealment.

Cam. I may not answer. Pol. A sickness caught of me, and yet I well! I must be answer'd.—Dost thou hear, Camillo, I conjure thee, by all the parts of man, Which honour does acknowledge, -whereof the

least Is not this suit of mine, that thou declare What incidency thou dost guess of harm Is creeping toward me; how far off, how near; Which way to be prevented, if to be; If not, how best to bear it.

Sir, I will tell you; Cam. Since I am charg'd in honour, and by him That I think honourable: therefore mark my counsel,

Which must be even as swiftly follow'd as I mean to utter it, or both yourself and me Cry lost, and so good-night!

On, good Camillo. Pol. Cam. I am appointed him to murder you. Pol. By whom, Camillo?

By the king. Cam. Pol. For what?

Cam. He thinks, nav. with all confidence he

As he had seen't or been an instrument To vice you to't, that you have touch'd his queen Forbiddingly.

Pol. O, then my best blood turn To an infected jelly, and my name Be yok'd with his that did betray the best! Turn then my freshest reputation to A sayour that may strike the dullest nostril Where I arrive, and my approach be shunn'd, Nay, hated too, worse than the great'st infection That e'er was heard or read!

Swear his thought over Cam. By each particular star in heaven and By all their influences, you may as well Forbid the sea for to obey the moon, Ay, or by oath remove, or counsel shake The fabric of his folly, whose foundation Is pil'd upon his faith, and will continue The standing of his body.

How should this grow? Cam. I know not: but I am sure 'tis safer to Avoid what's grown than question how 'tis born. If, therefore, you dare trust my honesty,-That lies enclosed in this trunk, which you Shall bear along impawn'd,—away to-night. Your followers I will whisper to the business; And will, by twos and threes, at several posterns, Clear them o' the city: for myself, I'll put My fortunes to your service, which are here By this discovery lost. Be not uncertain; For, by the honour of my parents, I Have utter'd truth: which if you seek to prove, I dare not stand by; nor shall you be safer Than one condemn'd by the king's own mouth, thereon

His execution sworn. Pol. I do believe thee: I saw his heart in his face. Give me thy hand; Be pilot to me, and thy places shall Still neighbour mine. My ships are ready, and My people did expect my hence departure Two days ago.—This jealousy Is for a precious creature: as she's rare, Must it be great; and, as his person's mighty, Must it be violent; and as he does conceive He is dishonour'd by a man which ever Profess'd to him, why, his revenges must

In that be made more bitter. Fear o'ershades

Good expedition be my friend, and comfort The gracious queen, part of his theme, but nothing

Of his ill ta'en suspicion! Come, Camillo; I will respect thee as a father, if

Thou bear'st my life off hence: let us avoid. Cam. It is mine authority to command The keys of all the posterns: please your high-

ness To take the urgent hour: come, sir, away. Exeunt.

ACT IL

SCENE I .- SICILIA. A Room in the Palace.

Enter HERMIONE, MAMILLIUS, and Ladies.

Her. Take the boy to you: he so troubles me,

'tis past enduring. ı Lady. Come, my gracious lord,

Shall I be your playfellow? No, I'll none of you. r Lady. Why, my sweet lord?

Mam. You'll kiss me hard, and speak to me

as if I were a baby still.—I love you better.

2 Lady. And why so, my lord? Mam. Not for because

Your brows are blacker; yet black brows, they say, Become some women best; so that there be not

Too much hair there, but in a semicircle, Or a half-moon made with a pen.

2 Lady. Who taught you this? Mam. I learn'd it out of women's faces .-Pray now,

What colour are your eyebrows?

I Lady. Blue, my lord. Mam. Nay, that's a mock: I have seen a lady's nose

That has been blue, but not her eyebrows. I Lady. Hark ve:

The queen your mother rounds apace: we shall Present our services to a fine new prince One of these days; and then you'd wanton with us.

If we would have you

2 Lady. She is spread of late Into a goodly bulk: good time encounter her!

Her. What wisdom stars amongst you? Come, sir, now

I am for you again: pray vou, sit by us,

And tell's a tale. Merry or sad shall't be? Mam.

Her. As merry as you will. Mam.A sad tale's best for winter:

I have one of sprites and goblins Let's have that, good sir. Her. Come on, sit down:-come on, and do your best

To fright me with your sprites: you're powerful at it. Mam. There was a man,-

Her. Nay, come, sit down: then on.

Mam. Dwelt by a churchyard:-- I will tell it softly; Youd crickets shall not hear it.

Нет. Come on, then, And give't me in mine ear.

Enter LEONTES, ANTIGONUS, Lords and Guards.

Leon. Was he met there? his train? Camillo with him? never

I Lord. Behind the tuft of pines I met them: Saw I men scour so on their way: I ey'd them Even to their ships.

Leon. How bless'd am I In my just censure, in my true opinion!-Alack, for lesser knowledge!-how accurs'd, In being so blest!-There may be in the cup A spider steep'd, and one may drink, depart, And yet partake no venom; for his knowledge Is not infected: but if one present The abhorr'd ingredient to his eye, make

known How he hath drunk, he cracks his gorge, his the spider. sides

With violent hefts:-I have drunk, and seen Camillo was his help in this, his pander:-There is a plot against my life, my crown All's true that is mistrusted:-that false villain, Whom I employ'd, was pre-employ'd by him: He has discover'd my design, and I

Remain a pinch'd thing; yea, a very trick For them to play at will.—How came the

posterns So easily open?

I Lord, By his great authority; Which often hath no less prevail'd than so, On your command.

Leon. I know't too well .-Give me the boy:-I am glad you did not nurse him:

Though he does bear some signs of me, yet you Have too much blood in him.

Her. What is this? sport?

Leon. Bear the boy hence; he shall not come about her:

Away with him!-and let her sport herself Exit MAMILLIUS, with some of the Guards.

With that she's big with:-for 'tis Polixenes Hath made thee swell thus.

But I'd say he had not.

And I'll be sworn you would believe my saying, Howe'er you learn the nayward. Leon. You, my lords, Look on her, mark her well; be but about

To say, she is a goodly lady, and The justice of your hearts will thereto add, 'Tis pity she's not honest, honourable: Praise her but for this her without-door form,-Which, on my faith, deserves high speech,-

and straight The shrug, the hum, or ha,-these petty brands, That calumny doth use:-O. I am out. That mercy does; for calumny will sear

When you have said she's goodly, come between, Ere you can say she's honest: but be it known, From him that has most cause to grieve it should be, She's an adultress!

Should a villain say so, The most replenish'd villain in the world,

He were as much more villain: you, my lord, Do but mistake.

You have mistook, my lady, Polizenes or Leontes: O thou thing, Which I'll not call a creature of thy place Lest barbarism, making me the precedent, Should a like language use to all degrees, And mannerly distinguishment leave out Betwixt the prince and beggar!-I have said. She's an adultress; I have said with whom: More, she's a traitor; and Camillo is A federary with her; and one that knows What she should shame to know herself But with her most vile principal, that she's A bed-swerver, even as bad as those That vulgars give boldest titles; av. and prive To this their late escape. No, by my life, Her.

Privy to none of this. How will this grieve you. When you shall come to clearer knowledge, that You thus have publish'd me! Gentle, my lord, You scarce can right me throughly then, to say You did mistake.

No; if I mistake Leon. In those foundations which I build upon. The centre is not big enough to bear A school-boy's top.—Away with her to prison! He who shall speak for her is afar off guilty But that he speaks.

There's some ill planet reigns: I must be patient till the heavens look With an aspect more favourable.-Good my lords,

I am not prone to weeping, as our sex Commonly are; the want of which vain dew Perchance shall dry your pities; but I have That honourable grief lodg'd here, which burns Worse than tears drown; beseech you all, my lords.

With thoughts so qualified as your charities Shall best instruct you, measure me; -and so The king's will be perform'd!

Shall I be heard? [To the Guards.

Her. Who is't that goes with me?-Beseech your highness.

My women may be with me; for, you see. My plight requires it.—Do not weep, good fools; There is no cause: when you shall know your mistress

Has deserv'd prison, then abound in tears As I come out: this action I now go on Is for my better grace.—Adieu, my lord: I never wish'd to see you sorry; now I trust I shall.-My women, come; you have Leon. Go, do your bidding; hence!

Exeunt QUEEN and Ladies, with Guards. I Lord. Beseech your highness, call the queen again.

Ant. Be certain what you do, sir, lest your justice

Virtue itself:-these shrugs, these hums, and Prove violence: in the which three great ones suffer,

Yourself, your queen, your son.

I Lord. For her, my lord,-I dare my life lay down, and will do't, sir, Please you to accept it, that the queen is spot-

I' the eyes of heaven and to you; I mean In this which you accuse her.

Ant. If it prove She's otherwise, I'll keep my stables where I lodge my wife; I'll go in couples with her; Than when I feel and see her no further trust

For every inch of woman in the world. Ay, every dram of woman's flesh, is false, If she be.

Leon. Hold your peaces.

Good my lord,-Ant. It is for we to speak, not for ourselves: You are abus'd, and by some putter-on, That will be damn'd for't; would I knew the villaın, flaw'd.-

I would land-damn him. Be she honour-I have three daughters; the eldest is eleven; The second and the third, nine and some five; If this prove true, they'll pay for't: by mine honour,

I'll geld 'em all: fourteen they shall not see, To bring false generations: they are co-heirs; And I had rather glib myself than they Should not produce fair issue.

Cease; no more. You smell this business with a sense as cold

As is a dead man's nose: but I do see't and feel't,

As you feel doing thus; and see withal The instruments that feel.

Ant. We need no grave to bury honesty; There's not a grain of it the face to sweeten Of the whole dungy earth.

What! lack I credit? I Lord. I had rather you did lack than I,

my lord. Upon this ground: and more it would content

To have her honour true than your suspicion; Be blam'd for't how you might.

Leon. Why, what need we

Commune with you of this, but rather follow Our forceful instigation? Our prerogative Calls not your counsels; but our natural goodness Imparts this: which, if you,—or stupified Or seeming so in skill,—cannot or will not Relish a truth, like us, inform yourselves We need no more of your advice: the matter, The loss, the gain, the ordering on't, is all Properly ours. Ant.

And I wish, my liege, You had only in your silent judgment tried it, Without more overture

Leon. How could that be? Either thou art most ignorant by age, Or thou wert born a fool. Camillo's flight. Added to their familiarity,-

Which was as gross as ever touch'd conjecture, That lack'd sight only, naught for approbation, But only seeing, all other circumstances [ing. Made up the deed, - doth push on this proceed-Yet, for a greater confirmation,

For, in an act of this importance, 'twere Most piteous to be wild,-I have despatch'd

in post To sacred Delphos, to Apollo's temple, Cleomenes and Dion, whom you know Of stuff'd sufficiency: now, from the oracle They will bring all; whose spiritual counsel had, Shall stop or spur me. Have I done well?

I Lord. Well done, my lord.

Leon. Though I am satisfied, and need no more

Than what I know, yet shall the oracle.

Give rest to the minds of others such as he Whose ignorant credulity will not Come up to the truth: so have we thought it From our free person she should be confin'd; Lest that the treachery of the two fled hence Be left her to perform. Come, follow us; We are to speak in public; for this business Wiil raise us all.

Ant. [Aside.] To laughter, as I take it, If the good truth were known. Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same. The outer Room of a Prison.

Enter PAULINA and Attendants.

Paul. The keeper of the prison,-call to him; Let him have knowledge who I am.

Exit on Attendant. Good lady!

No court in Europe is too good for thee; What dost thou, then, in prison?

Re-enter Attendant, with the Keeper.

Now, good sir.

You know me, do you not?

For a worthy lady, Keep. And one who much I honour.

Pray you, then, Paul. Conduct me to the queen.

Keep. I may not, madam: to the contrary I have express commandment.

Here's ado. To lock up honesty and honour from The access of gentle visitors'-Is't lawful.

Pray you, to see her women? any of them? Emilia? Keep. So please you, madam, to put

Apart these your attendants, I shall bring Emiha forth.

Paul. I pray now, call her .-Exeunt Attend. Withdraw yourselves. And, madam,

I must be present at your conference. Paul. Well, be't so, pr'ythee. [Exit Keeper. Here's such ado to make no stain a stain. As passes colouring.

Re-enter Keeper, with EMILIA.

Dear gentlewoman, how fares our gracious lady? Emil. As well as one so great and so forlorn May hold together: on her frights and griefs,— Which never tender lady hath borne greater, She is, something before her time, deliver'd.

Paul. A boy? Emil.A daughter; and a goodly babe, Lusty, and like to live: the queen receives Much comfort in't; says, My poor prisoner, I am as innocent as you.

Paul. I dare be sworn:-These dangerous unsafe lunes i' the king, beshrew them!

He must be told on't, and he shall: the office Becomes a woman best: I'll take't upon me: If I prove honey-mouth'd, let my tongue blister; And never to my red-look'd anger be The trumpet any more.—Pray you, Emilia, Commend my best obedience to the queen; If she dares trust me with her little babe, I'll show't the king, and undertake to be Her advocate to the loud'st. We do not know How he may soften at the sight o' the child: The silence often of pure innocence Persuades, when speaking fails.

Most worthy madam, Emil.Your honour and your goodness is so evident, That your free undertaking cannot miss A thriving issue: there is no lady living So meet for this great errand. Please your

ladyship To visit the next room, I'll presently Acquaint the queen of your most noble offer: Who but to-day hammer'd of this design, But durst not tempt a minister of honour

Lest she should be denied.

Paul. Tell her, Emilia, I'll use that tongue I have: if wit flow from it, As boldness from my bosom, let it not be doubted

I shall do good.

Emil. Now be you bless'd for it! I'll to the queen: please you come something

Keep. Madam, if't please the queen to send

the babe, I know not what I shall incur to pass it,

Having no warrant.

Paul. You need not fear it, sir: The child was prisoner to the womb, and is, By law and process of great nature, thence Freed and enfranchis'd, not a party to The anger of the king, nor guilty of, If any be, the trespass of the queen.

Keep. I do believe it.

Paul. Do not you fear: upon mine honour, I

Will stand 'twixt you and danger.

Scene III .- The same. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Leontes, Antigonus, Lords, and other Attendants.

Leon. Nor night nor day no rest: it is but weakness

To bear the matter thus, -mere weakness. If The cause were not in being, -- part o' the cause, She the adultress: for the harlot king Is quite beyond mine arm, out of the blank And level of my brain, plot-proof; but she I can hook to me:-say that she were gone, Given to the fire, a moiety of my rest Might come to me again.—Who's there?

I Atten. [Advancing.] My lord?

Leon. How does the boy? I Atten. He took good rest to-night;

'Tis hop'd his sickness is discharg'd.

Leon. To see his nobleness!

Conceiving the dishonour of his mother, He straight declin'd, droop'd, took it deeply Fasten'd and fix'd the shame on't in himself, Threw off his spirit, his appetite, his sleep And downright languish'd .- Leave me solely:

See how he fares. [Exit 1 Attend.]—Fie, fie! Here 'tis; commends it to your blessing. no thought of him;

The very thought of my revenges that way Recoil upon me: in himself too mighty, And in his parties, his alliance,—let him be, Until a time may serve: for present vengeance, Take it on her. Camillo and Polizenes

Laugh at me; make their pastime at my sorrow: They should not laugh if I could reach them:

Shall she, within my power.

Enter PAULINA, with a child.

I Lord. You must not enter. Paul. Nay, rather, good my lords, be second to me:

Fear you his tyrannous passion more, alas. Than the queen's life? a gracious innocent soul, More free than he is jealous.

That's enough. Ant. 2 Attend. Madam, he hath not slept to-

night; commanded None should come at him.

Not so hot, good sir; Paul. 'Tis such as you, I come to bring him sleep. That creep like shadows by him, and do sigh At each his needless heavings,—such as you Nourish the cause of his awaking: I Do come, with words as med'cinal as true, Honest as either, to purge him of that humour

That presses him from sleep. What noise there, ho? Leon. Paul. No noise, my lord; but needful con-

ference

About some gossips for your highness.

Leon. Away with that audacious lady!--Antigonus. I charg'd thee that she should not come about me:

I knew she would.

I told her so, my lord, Ant.

On your displeases.
She should not visit you.
What, canst not rule her! Paul. From all dishonesty, he can: in this,— Unless he take the course that you have done, Commit me for committing honour,—trust it. He shall not rule me.

La you now, you hear! Ant. When she will take the rein, I let her run;

But she'll not stumble.

Paul. Good my liege, I come,-And, I beseech you, hear me, who professes Myself your loyal servant, your physician, Your most obedient counsellor; yet that dares Less appear so, in comforting your evils, Than such as most seem yours:-I say, I come From your good queen.

Leon. Good queen! Paul. Good queen, my lord, good queen: I say, good queen;

And would by combat make her good, so were I

And would by compa.

A man, the worst about you.

Force her hence! Paul. Let him that makes but trifles of his

First hand me: on mine own accord I'll off: But first I'll do my errand.—The good queen, For she is good, hath brought you forth a daughter:

Laying down the child.

Leon. Out! A mankind-witch! Hence with her, out o'door: A most intelligencing bawd!

Paul. I am as ignorant in that as you In so entitling me; and no less honest [rant, Than you are mad; which is enough, I'll war-As this world goes, to pass for honest.

Traitors! Leon. Will you not push her out? Give her the

bastard:-

Thou dotard [to ANTIGONUS], thou art womantır'd, unroosted By thy dame Partlet here:-take up the bastard:

Take't up, I say; give't to thy crone. Paul. For ever

Unvenerable be thy hands, if thou

Tak'st up the princess, by that forced baseness

Which he has put upon 't! Tenn. He dreads his wife. Paul. So I would you did; then 'twere past

all doubt. You'd call your children yours.

Leon.

A nest of traitors! Ant. I am none, by this good light.

Nor I: nor any. But one, that's here; and that's himself: for he The sacred honour of himself, his queen's,

His hopeful son's, his babe's, betrays to slander, Whose sting is sharper than the sword's; and

will not.-

For, as the case now stands, it is a curse He cannot be compell'd to't, -once remove The root of his opinion, which is rotten As ever oak or stone was sound. Leon. A callat

Of boundless tongue, who late hath beat her husband

And now baits me!—This brat is none of mine; It is the issue of Polixenes:

Hence with it! and, together with the dam,

Commit them to the fire.

Paul. It is yours! [charge, And, might we lay the old proverb to your So like you, 'tis worse.-Behold, my lords, Although the print be little, the whole matter And copy of the father,—eye, nose, up, The trick of his frown, his forehead; nay, the valley. [smiles;

The pretty dimples of his chin and cheek; his The very mould and frame of hand, nail,

finger:made it And thou, good goddess Nature, which hast So like to him that got it, if thou hast The ordering of the mind too, 'mongst all colours No yellow in't, lest she suspect, as he does,

Her children not her husband's! Leon. A gross hag!

And, losel, thou art not worthy to be hang'd, That wilt not stay her tongue.

Hang all the husbands Ant. That cannot do that feat, you'll leave yourself Hardly one subject.

Once more, take her hence. Leon. Paul. A most unworthy and unnatural lord Can do no more.

I'll have thee burn'd. Leon.

I care not. It is an heretic that makes the fire, [tyrant; Not she which burns in't. I'll not call you But this most cruel usage of your queen,-Not able to produce more accusation [savours Than your own weak-hing'd fancy,-something Of tyranny, and will ignoble make you, Yea, scandalous to the world.

Leon. On your allegiance, Out of the chamber with her! Were I a tyrant, Where were her life? she durst not call me so, If she did know me one. Away with her!

Paul. I pray you, do not push me; I'll be [send her Look to your babe, my lord, 'tis yours: Jove

A better guiding spirit!-What needs these hands?

You, that are thus so tender o'er his follies, Will never do him good, not one of you.

So, so:-farewell; we are gone. Leon. Thou, traitor, has set on thy wife to this.-

My child? away with't!-even thou, thou hast A heart so tender o'er it, take it hence,

And see it instantly consum'd with fire; Even thou, and none but thou. Take it up straight:

Within this hour bring me word 'tis done,-And by good testimony,—or I'll seize thy life,

With what thou else call'st thine. If thou refuse, And wilt encounter with my wrath, say so;

The bastard-brains with these my proper hands Shall I dash out. Go, take it to the fire: For thou sett'st on thy wife.

I did not, sir: Ant. These lords, my noble fellows, if they please, Can clear me in't.

I Lord. We can:-my royal liege, He is not guilty of her coming hither.

Leon. You are liars all.

credit: I Lord. Beseech your highness, give us better We have always truly serv'd you; and beseech So to esteem of us: and on our knees we beg,-As recompense of our dear services

Past and to come,-that you do change this purpose, Which, being so hornble, so bloody, must

Lead on to some foul issue: we all kneel. Leon. I am a feather for each wind that blows:-

Shall I live on, to see this bastard kneel And call me father? better burn it now, Than curse it then. But, be it; let it live:-It shall not neither .- You, sir, come you hither: To ANTIGONUS.

You that have been so tenderly officious With Lady Margery, your midwife, there, To save this bastard's life,—for 'tis a bastard, So sure as thy beard's gray,—what will you

adventure To save this brat's life?

Anything, my lord, Ant. That my ability may undergo,

And nobleness impose: at least, thus much; I'll pawn the little blood which I have left, To save the innocent:-anything possible.

Leon. It shall be possible. Swear by this sword

Thou wilt perform my bidding.

I will, my lord. Ant. Leon. Mark, and perform it, -seest thou? for the fail

Of any point in't shall not only be Death to thyself, but to thy lewd-tongu'd wife, Whom for this time we pardon. We enjoin thee, As thou art liegeman to us, that thou carry This female bastard hence; and that thou bear it

To some remote and desert place, quite out Of our dominions; and that there thou leave it. Without more mercy, to its own protection And favour of the climate. As by strange for-

It came to us, I do in justice charge thee, On thy soul's peril and thy body's torture, That thou commend it strangely to some place, Where chance may nurse or end it. Take it up

Had been more merciful. —Come on, poor babe: Some powerful spirit instruct the kites and

To be thy nurses! Wolves and bears, they say, Casting their savageness aside, have done Like offices of pity.—Sir, be prosperous [ing, In more than this deed does require! - and bless-Against this cruelty, fight on thy side, Poor thing, condemn'd to loss!

Exit with the child. No, I'll not rear

Leon. Another's issue.

death

2 Attend. Please your highness, posts, From those you sent to the oracle, are come An hour since: Cleomenes and Dion, Being well arriv'd from Delphos, are both landed. Hasting to the court.

I Lord. So please you, sir, their speed Hath been beyond count.

Twenty-three days Leon. They have been absent: 'tis good speed; foretells The great Apollo suddenly will have The truth of this appear. Prepare you, lords; Summon a session, that we may arraign Our most disloyal lady; for, as she hath Been publicly accus'd, so shall she have A just and open trial. While she lives, My heart will be a burden to me. Leave me; Exeunt. And think upon my bidding.

ACT III.

SCENE I .- SICILIA. A Street in some Town. Enter CLEOMENES and DION.

Cleo. The climate's delicate; the air most sweet;

Fertile the 1sle; the temple much surpassing The common praise it bears.

I shall report, For most it caught me, the celestial habits, · Methinks I so should term them, -and the

reverence Of the grave wearers. O, the sacrifice! How ceremonious, solemn, and unearthly It was i' the offering!

Cleo. But, of all, the burst And the ear-deafening voice o' the oracle, Kin to Jove's thunder, so surprised my sense
That I was nothing.

Dion.

If the event o' the journey

Prove as successful to the queen,-O, be't so! As it hath been to us rare, pleasant, speedy, The time is worth the use on't.

Cleo. Great Apollo Turn all to the best! These proclamations, So forcing faults upon Hermione, I little like.

Dion. The violent carriage of it Will clear or end the business: when the oracle,-Thus by Apollo's great divine seal'd up,-Shall the contents discover, something rare Even then will rush to knowledge. - Go, -fresh horses;-

And gracious be the issue! [Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same. A Court of Justice. Ant. I swear to do this, though a present LEONTES, Lords, and Officers appear, properly seated.

> Leon. This sessions,-to our great grief, we pronounce,-

> Even pushes 'gainst our heart; - the party tried. The daughter of a king, our wife; and one Of us too much belov'd. Let us be clear'd Of being tyrannous, since we so openly Proceed in justice; which shall have due course. Even to the guilt or the purgation .-

> Produce the prisoner. [Queen Offi. It is his highness' pleasure that the Appear in person here in court .-

Crier. Silence!

HERMIONE is brought in guarded; PAULINA and Ladies attending.

Leon. Read the indictment.

Offi. [Reads.] Hermione, queen to the worthy Leontes, king of Sicilia, thou art here accused and arranged of high treason, in committing adultery with Polixenes, king of Bohemu; and conspiring with Camillo to take away the life of our sovereign lord the king, thy royal husband: the pretence whereof being by circumstances partly laid open, thou, Hermione, contrary to the faith and allegiance of a true subject, didst counsel and aid them, for their better safety, to flu away by night.

Her. Since what I am to say must be but that Which contradicts my accusation, and The testimony on my part no other me But what comes from myself, it shall scarce boot To say, Not guilty: mine integrity Being counted falsehood, shall, as I express it, Be so receiv'd. But thus,—if powers divine Behold our human actions,—as they do,-I doubt not, then, but innocence shall make False accusation blush, and tyranny [know,— Tremble at patience.—You, my lord, best Who least will seem to do so,-my past life Hath been as continent, as chaste, as true, As I am now unhappy: which is more Than history can pattern, though devis'd And play'd to take spectators; for, behold me,-A fellow of the royal bed, which owe A moiety of the throne, a great king's daughter, The mother to a hopeful prince,—here standing To prate and talk for life and honour 'fore [it Who please to come and hear. For life, I prize As I weigh grief, which I would spare: for honour,

'Tis a derivative from me to mine, And only that I stand for. I appeal To your conscience, sir, before Polixenes Came to your court, how I was in your grace, How merited to be so; since he came, With what encounter so uncurrent I Have strain'd, to appear thus: if one jot beyond The bound of honour, or in act or will .

That way inclining, harden'd be the hearts Of all that hear me, and my near'st of kin Cry, Fie upon my grave!

Leon. I ne'er heard yet
That any of these bolder vices wanted
Less impudence to gainsay what they did
Than to perform it first.

Her. That's true enough; Though 'tis a saying, sır, not due to me. Leon. You will not own it.

Her. More than mistress of Which comes to me in name of fault, I must not At all acknowledge. For Polirenes,—With whom I am accus'd,—I do confess I lov'd him, as in honour he requir'd; With such a kind of love as might become A lady like me; with a love even such So and no other, as yourself commanded:

Which not to have done, I think had been in me Both disobedience and ingratitude [spoke, To you and toward your friend; whose love had Even since it could speak, from an infant, freely, That it was yours. Now, for conspuracy, I know not how it tastes; though it be dish'd For me to try how: all I know of it Is, that Camillo was an honest man;

And why he left your court, the gods themselves,

Wotting no more than I, are ignorant.

Leon. You knew of his departure, as you know
What you have underta'en to do in's absence.

Her. Sir,

You speak a language that I understand not: My life stands in the level of your dreams, Which I'll lay down.

Leon. Your actions are my dreams, You had a bastard by Polinenes, [shame,—And I but dream'd it:—as you were past all Those of your fact are so,—so past all truth: Which to deny concerns more than avails; for as Thy brat hath been cast out, like to itself, No father owning it,—which is, indeed, More criminal in thee than it,—so thou Shalt feel our justice; in whose easiest passage Look for no less than death.

Her Sit, spare your threats:
The bug which you would fright me with, I seek.
To me can life be no commodity:
The crown and comfort of my life, your favour,
I do give lost; for I do feel it gone,
But know not how it went: my second joy,
And first-fruits of my body, from his presence
I am bar'd, like one infectious: my third com-

fort,
Starr'd most unluckily, is from my breast,—
The innocent milk in its most innocent mouth,—
Hal'd out to murder: myself on every post
Proclaim'd a strumpet; with immodest hatred,
The child-bed privilege demed, which 'longs
To women of all fashon; lastly, hurried
Here to this place, i' the open air, before
I have got strength of limit. Now, my liege,
Tell me what blessings I have here alive,
That I should fear to die? Therefore, proceed.
But yet hearthis; mistake me not;—no life,—
I prize it not a straw,—but for mine honour
(Which I would free), if I shall be condemn'd
Upon surmises—all proofs sleeping else,
But what your jealousies awake—I tell you
'Tis ragour, and not law.— Your honours, all,

I do refer me to the oracle: Apollo be my judge!

I Lord. This your request Is altogether just: therefore, bring forth, And in Apollo's name, his oracle:

[Exeunt certain Officers.

Her. The Emperor of Russia was my father;
O that he were alive, and here beholding
His daughter's trial! that he did but see
The flatness of my misery; yet with eyes
Of pity, not revenge!

Re-enter Officers with CLEOMENES and DION.

Offi. You here shall swear upon this sword of justice, That you, Cleomenes and Dion, have

Been both at Delphos, and from thence have brought

This seal'd-up oracle, by the hand deliver'd Of great Apollo's priest; and that, since then, You have not dar'd to break the holy seal, Nor read the secrets in't.

Cleo. Dion. All this we swear. Leon. Break up the seals and read.

Offi. [Reads.] Hermione is chaste; Polixenes blameless; Camillo a true subject, Leontes a jealous tyrant; his innocent babe truly begotten, and the king shall live without an heir, if that which is lost be not found.

Lords. Now blessed be the great Apollo!

Her. Praised!

Leon. Hast thou read truth!

Offi. Ay, my lord; even so

As it is here set down.

Leon. There is no truth at all i' the oracle: The sessions shall proceed: this is mere falsehood!

Enter a Servant hastily.

Serv. My lord the king, the king!
Leon. What is the business?

Serv. O sir, I shall be hated to report it: The prince your son, with mere conceit and fear Of the queen's speed, is gone.

Leon. How! gone?
Serv. Is dead.
Leon. Apollo's angry; and the heavens them-

selves
Do strike at my injustice. [HERMIONE faints.]

How now there!

Paul. This news is mortal to the queen:

Look down

And see what death is doing.

Leon. Take her hence: Her heart is but o'ercharg'd; she will recover.— I have too much believ'd mine own suspicion:— Beseech you, tenderly apply to her Some remedies for life.—Apollo, pardon

[Exeunt PAUL. and Ladies, with Her. My great profameness 'gainst thine oracle!—I'll reconcile me to Polixenes; New woo my queen; recall the good Camillo, Whom I proclaim a man of truth, of mercy; For, being transported by my jealousies To bloody thoughts and to revenge, I chose

Camillo for the minister, to poison
My friend Polixenes: which had been done,
But that the good mind of Camillo tardied
My swaft command, though I with death and

with

Reward did threaten to encourage him, Not doing it and being done: he, most humane, And fill'd with honour, to my kingly guest Unclasp'd my practice; quit his fortunes here, Which you knew great; and to the certain

hazard Of all incertainties himself commended No richer than his honour:-How he glisters Thorough my rust! and how his piety Does my deeds make the blacker!

Re-enter PAULINA.

Woe, the while! Paul. O, cut my lace, lest my heart, cracking it, Break too!

I Lord. What fit is this, good lady? Paul. What studied torments, tyrant, hast boiling for me? What wheels? racks? fires? what flaving? In leads or oils? what old or newer torture Must I receive, whose every word deserves To taste of thy most worst? Thy tyranny

Together working with thy jealousies, Fancies too weak for boys, too green and idle For girls of nine,-O, think what they have

done,

And then run mad indeed,—stark mad! for all Thy by-gone fooleries were but spices of it. That thou betray'dst Polixenes, 'twas nothing, That did but show thee, of a fool, inconstant, And damnable ingrateful; nor was't much Thou wouldst have poison'd good Camillo's SCENE III .- BOHEMIA. A desert Country honour.

To have him kill a king; poor trespasses,-More monstrous standing by: whereof I reckon The casting forth to crows thy baby daughter, To be or none, or little; though a devil Would have shed water out of fire ere done't: Nor is't directly laid to thee, the death Of the young prince, whose honourable

thoughts,heart Thoughts high for one so tender,-cleft the That could conceive a gross and foolish sire

Blemish'd his gracious dam: this is not-no. Laid to thy answer: but the last,-O lords, When I have said, cry, Woe!-the queen, the

queen, The sweetest, dearest creature's dead; and vengeance for't

Nor dropp'd down yet.

The higher powers forbid! z Lord. Paul. I say she's dead. I'll swear't. If word nor oath

Prevail not, go and see: if you can bring Tincture, or lustre, in her lip, her eye, Heat outwardly or breath within, I'll serve you As I would do the gods.—But, O thou tyrant! Do not repent these things; for they are heavier Than all thy woes can stir; therefore betake thee To nothing but despair. A thousand knees Ten thousand years together, naked, fasting, Upon a barren mountain, and still winter In storm perpetual, could not move the gods To look that way thou wert. Go on, go on:

Thou canst not speak too much, I have deserv'd All tongues to talk their bitterest!

I Lord. Say no more; Howe'er the business goes, you have made fault I' the boldness of your speech.

Paul. I am sorry for't: All faults I make, when I shall come to know

I do repent. Alas, I have show'd too much The rashness of a woman: he is touch'd To the noble heart.—What's gone, and what's past help,

Should be past grief: do not receive affliction At my petition; I beseech you, rather Let me be punish'd, that have minded you Of what you should forget. Now, good my liege, Sir, royal sir, forgive a foolish woman; The love I bore your queen,-lo, fool again!-I'll speak of her no more, nor of your children: I'll not remember you of my own lord, Who is lost too: take your patience to you. And I'll say nothing.

Leon. Thou didst speak but well, When most the truth; which I receive much better

Than to be pitted of thee. Pr'ythee, bring me To the dead bodies of my queen and son: One grave shall be for both; upon them shall The causes of their death appear, unto Our shame perpetual. Once a day I'll visit The chapel where they lie; and tears shed there Shall be my recreation: so long as nature Will bear up with this exercise, so long I daily vow to use it.-Come, and lead me To these sorrows. Exeunt.

near the Sea.

Enter Antigonus with the Child, and a Manner.

Ant. Thou art perfect, then, our ship hath touch'd upon

The deserts of Bohemia? Mar. Ay, my lord; and fear

We have landed in ill time: the skies look grimly, (science, And threaten present blusters. In my con-The heavens with that we have in hand are

angry, And frown upon's. [aboard; Ant. Their sacred wills be done!—Go, get Look to thy bark: I'll not be long before I call upon thee.

Mar. Make your best haste, and go not Too far i' the land: 'tis like to be loud weather; Besides, this place is famous for the creatures Of prey that keep upon 't.

Ãnt. Go thou away:

I'll follow instantly. Mar. I'm glad at heart

To be rid o' the business. Exit. Come, poor babe:-Ant. I have heard (but not believ'd), the spirits of the dead

May walk again: if such thing be, thy mother Appear'd to me last night; for ne'er was dream So like a waking. To me comes a creature, Sometimes her head on one side, some another: I never saw a vessel of like sorrow,

So fill'd and so becoming: in pure white robes,

Like very sanctity, she did approach My cabin where I lay: thrice bow'd before me; And, gasping to begin some speech her eyes Became two spouts: the fury spent, anon

Did this break from her: Good Antigonus, Since fate, against thy better disposition, Hath made thy person for the thrower-out Of my poor babe, according to thine oath,-Places remote enough are in Bohemia, There weep, and leave it crying; and, for the Is counted lost for ever, Perdita, I prythee, call't. For this ungentle business, Put on thee by my lord, thou ne'er shalt see Thy wife Paulina more: - and so, with shrieks, She melted into air. Affrighted much, I did in time collect myself; and thought This was so, and no slumber. Dreams are toys; Yet, for this once, yea, superstitiously I will be squar'd by this. I do believe Hermione hath suffer'd death; and that Apollo would, this being indeed the issue Of King Polixenes, it should here be laid, Either for life or death, upon the earth Of its right father. Blossom, speed thee well!

Laying down the child. There lie; and there thy character: there these; Laying down a bundle.

Which may if fortune please, both breed thee [wretch. pretty,

And still rest thine. - The storm begins: - poor That, for thy mother's fault, art thus expos'd To loss and what may follow!—Weep I cannot, But my heart bleeds: and most accurs'd am I To be by oath enjoin'd to this .- Farewell! The day frowns more and more:-thou're like

to have A lullaby too rough:—I never saw our!-The heavens so dim by day. A savage clam-Well may I get aboard!—This is the chace: I am gone for ever! [Exit, pursued by a bear.

Enter an old Shepherd.

Sheb. I would there were no age between ten and three-and-twenty, or that youth would sleep out the rest; for there is nothing in the between but getting wenches with child, wronging the ancientry, stealing, fighting.-Hark you now!-Would any but these boiled brains of nineteen and two-and-twenty hunt this weather? They have scared away two of my best sheep, which I fear the wolf will sooner find than the master: if any where I have them, 'tis by the sea-side, browsing of ivy .-Good luck, an't be thy will! what have we here? [Taking up the child.] Mercy on's, bairn; a very pretty bairn! A boy or a child. I wonder? A pretty one; a very pretty one: sure, some scape: though I am not bookish, yet I can read waiting-gentlewoman in the scape. This has been some stair-work, some trunk-work, some behind-door work: they were warmer that got this than the poor thing is here. I'll take it up for pity: yet I'll tarry till my son comes; he hollaed but even now.-Whoa, ho hoa!

Clo. [Within.] Hilloa, loa!

Shep. What, art so near? If thou'lt see a thing to talk on when thou art dead and rotten, come hither.

Enter Clown.

What ailest thou, man?

Clo. I have seen two such sights, by sea and Of good and bad; that make and unfold error,—by land!—but I am not to say it is a sea, for it Now take upon me, in the name of Time, N

is now the sky: betwixt the firmament and it. you cannot thrust a bodkin's point.

Shep. Why, boy, how is it? Clo. I would you did but see how it chafes, [babe how it rages, how it takes up the shore! but that's not to the point. O, the most piteous cry of the poor souls! sometimes to see 'em, and not to see 'em; now the ship boring the moon with her mainmast, and anon swallowed with yest and froth, as you'd thrust a cork in a hogshead. And then for the land service,to see how the bear tore out his shoulder-bone; how he cried to me for help, and said his name was Antigonus, a nobleman.-But to make an end of the ship,—to see how the sea flap-dragoned it:-but, first, how the poor souls roared, and the sea mocked them;—and how the poor gentleman roared, and the bear mocked him,—both roaring louder than the sea or weather.

Shep. Name of mercy! when was this,

bov?

Clo. Now, now; I have not winked since I saw these sights: the men are not yet cold under water, nor the bear half dined on the gentleman; he's at it now.

Shep. Would I had been by to have helped

the old man!

Clo. I would you had been by the ship-side, to have helped her: there your charity would have lacked footing. Aside.

Shep. Heavy matters! heavy matters! but look thee here, boy. Now bless thyself: thou mettest with things dying, I with things new-born. Here's a sight for thee; look thee, a bearing-cloth for a squire's child! look thee here! take up, take up, boy; open 't. So, let's see:—it was told me I should be rich by the fairies: this is some changeling:-open 't.

What's within, boy? Clo. You're a made old man; if the sins of your youth are forgiven you, you're well to

Gold! all gold!

Shep. This is fairy-gold, boy, and 'twill prove so: up with it, keep it close: home, home, the next way! We are lucky, boy; and to be so still requires nothing but secrecy-Let my sheep go:-come, good boy, the next way home.

Clo. Go you the next way with your findings: I'll go see it the bear be gone from the gentleman, and how much he hath eaten: they are never curst but when they are hungry: if there

be any of him left, I'll bury it. Shep. That's a good deed. If thou mayest discern by that which is left of him what he is, If thou mayest

fetch me to the sight of him. Clo. Marry, will I; and you shall help to

put him i' the ground.

Shep. 'Tis a lucky day, boy; and we'll do good deeds on't.

ACT IV.

Enter TIME, as Chorus.

Time. I,-that please some, try all; boti joy and terror

To use my wings. Impute it not a crime To me or my swift passage, that I slide O'er sixteen years, and leave the growth untried Of that wide gap, since it is in my power To o'erthrow law, and in one self-born hour To plant and o'erwhelm custom. Let me pass The same I am, ere ancient'st order was, Or what is now received: I witness to The times that brought them in; so shall I do To the freshest things now reigning, and make stale

The glistering of this present, as my tale Now seems to it. Your patience this allowing, I turn my glass, and give my scene such growing As you had slept between. Leontes leaving The effects of his fond jealousies, so grieving That he shuts up himself; imagine me, Gentle spectators, that I now may be In fair Bohemia; and remember well I mention'd a son o' the king's, which Florizel I now name to you; and with speed so pace To speak of Perdita, now grown in grace Equal with wondering: what of her ensues, I list not prophesy; but let Time's news Be known when 'tis brought forth:-a shepherd's daughter,

And what to her adheres, which follows after, Is the argument of Time. Of this allow, If ever you have spent time worse ere now; If never, yet that Time himself doth say He wishes earnestly you never may. [Exit.

Scene I .- Bohemia. A Room in the Palace of POLIXENES.

Enter POLIXENES and CAMILLO.

Pol. I pray thee, good Camillo, be no more importunate: 'tis a sickness denying thee anything; a death to grant this.

Cam. It is fifteen years since I saw my country; though I have for the most part been aired abroad, I desire to lay my bones there. Besides, the penitent king, my master, hath sent for me; to whose feeling sorrows I might be some allay, or I o'erween to think so, -which is another spur to my departure.

Pol. As thou lovest me, Camillo, wipe not out the rest of thy services by leaving me now: the need I have of thee, thine own goodness hath made; better not to have had thee than thus to want thee; thou, having made me businesses which none without thee can sufficiently manage, must either stay to execute them thyself, or take away with thee the very services thou hast done; which if I have not enough considered,-as too much I cannot,-to be more thankful to thee shall be my study; and my profit therein the heaping friendships. Of that fatal country, Sicilia, pr'ythee, speak no more; whose very naming punishes me with the remembrance of that penitent, as thou call'st him, and reconciled king, my brother; whose loss of his most precious queen and children are even now to be afresh lamented. Say to me, when sawest thou the Prince Florizel, my son? Kings are no less unhappy, their issue not being gracious, than they are in losing them, when they have approved their virtues.

Cam. Sir, it is three days since I saw the

prince. What his happier affairs may be, are

to me unknown; but I have missingly noted he is of late much retired from court, and is less frequent to his princely exercises than formerly he hath appeared.

Pol. I have considered so much, Camillo, and with some care; so far, that I have eves under my service which look upon his removedness; from whom I have this intelligence, that he is seldom from the house of a most homely shepherd; a man, they say, that from very nothing, and beyond the imagination of his neighbours, is grown into an unspeakable estate.

Cam. I have heard, sir, of such a man, who hath a daughter of most rare note: the report of her is extended more than can be thought to begin from such a cottage.

Pol. That's likewise part of my intelligence: but I fear the angle that plucks our son thither. Thou shalt accompany us to the place; where we will, not appearing what we are, have some question with the shepherd; from whose simplicity I think it not uneasy to get the cause of my son's resort thither. Pr'ythee, be my present partner in this business, and lay aside the thoughts of Sicilia.

Cam. I willingly obey your command.

Pol. My best Camillo!—We must disguise ourselves. Exeunt.

SCENE IL.-The same. A Road near the Shepherd's Cottage.

Enter AUTOLYCUS, singing.

When daffodils begin to peer,—
With, hey! the doxy over the dale,—
Why, then comes in the sweet o' the year;
For the red blood reigns in the winter's pale.

The white sheet bleaching on the hedge,— With, hey! the sweet birds, O, how they sing!— Doth set my pugging tooth on edge; For a quart of ale is a dish for a king.

The lark, that tirra-lirra chants,—
With, hey! with, hey! the thrush and the jay,— Are summer songs for me and my aunts, While we he tumbling in the hay.

I have served Prince Florizel, and, in my time. wore three-pile; but now I am out of service;

But shall I go mourn for that, my dear? The pale moon shines by night: And when I wander here and there, I then do most go right.

If tinkers may have leave to live, And bear the sow-skin budget, Then my account I well may give And in the stocks avouch it.

My traffic is sheets; when the kite builds, look to lesser linen. My father named me Autolycus; who being, as I am, littered under Mercury, was likewise a snapper-up of unconsidered trifles. With die and drab I purchased this caparison; and my revenue is the silly-cheat: gallows and knock are too powerful on the highway; beating and hanging are terrors to me; for the life to come, I sleep out the though of it:-A prize! a prize!

Enter Clown.

Clo. Let me see:—every 'leven wether tods; every tod yields pound and odd shilling; fifteen hundred shorn, what comes the wool to?

Aut. If the spring hold, the cock's mine

[Aside. Clo. I cannot do 't without counters .- Let me see; what am I to buy for our sheep-shearing feast? Three pound of sugar; five pound of currants; rice-what will this sister of mine do with rice? But my father hath made her mistress of the feast, and she lave it on. She hath made me tour-and-twenty nosegays for the shearers,-three-man song-men all, and very good ones; but they are most of them means and bases; but one puritan amongst them, and he sings psalms to hornpipes. must have saffron, to colour the warden pies; mace-dates, none; that's out of my note; nutmegs, seven; a race or two of ginger,-but that I may beg; four pound of prunes, and as many of raisins o' the sun.

Aut. O that ever I was born!

[Grovelling on the ground. Clo. I' the name of me,-

Aut. O, help me, help me! pluck off these

rags; and then, death, death!

Clo. Alack, poor soul! thou hast need of more rags to lay on thee, rather than have these

Aut. O, sir, the loathsomeness of them offends me more than the stripes I have received, which are mighty ones and millions.

Clo. Alas, poor man! a million of beating

may come to a great matter.

Aut. I am robbed, sir, and beaten; my money and apparel ta'en from me, and these detestable things put upon me.

Clo. What, by a horseman or a footman?

Aut. A footman, sweet sir, a footman. Clo. Indeed, he should be a footman, by the garments he has left with thee: if this be a horseman's coat, it hath seen very hot service. Lend me thy hand, I'll help thee: come, lend me thy hand. [Helping him up.

Aut. O, good sir, tenderly, O!

Clo. Alas, poor soul!

Aut. Oh, good sir, softly, good sir: I fear, sir, my shoulder blade is out.

Clo. How now! canst stand?

Aut. Softly, dear sir! [picks his pocket] good sir, softly: you ha' done me a charitable office. Clo. Dost lack any money? I have a little money for thee.

Aut. No, good sweet sir; no, I beseech you, sir: I have a kinsman not past three quarters of a mile hence, unto whom I was going; I shall there have money or anything I want: offer me no money, I pray you; that kills my heart. [robbed you?

Clo. What manner of fellow was he that Aut. A fellow, sir, that I have known to go

about with troll-my-dames: I knew him once a servant of the prince: I cannot tell, good sir, for which of his virtues it was, but he was certainly whipped out of the court.

Clo. His vices, you would say; there's no virtue whipped out of the court: they cherish

it, to make it stay there; and yet it will no more but abide.

Aut. Vices, I would say, sir. I know this man well: he hath been since an ape-bearer; then a process-server, a bailiff; then he com-passed a motion of the Prodigal Son, and married a tinker's wife within a mile where my land and living lies; and, having flown over many knavish professions, he settled only in rogue: some call him Autolycus.

Clo. Out upon him! prig, for my life, prig: he haunts wakes, fairs, and bear-baitings.

Aut. Very true, sir; he, sir, he; that's the rogue that put me into this appare!.

Clo. Not a more cowardly rogue in all Bohemia; if you had but looked big and spit at him, he'd have run.

Aut. I must confess to you, sir, I am no fighter: I am false of heart that way; and that

he knew, I warrant him.

Clo. How do you now?

Aut. Sweet sir, much better than I was; I can stand and walk: I will even take my leave of you, and pace softly towards my kinsman's.

Clo. Shall I bring thee on the way? Aut. No, good-faced sir; no, sweet sir.

Clo. Then fare thee well: I must go buy

spices for our sheep-shearing.

Aut. Prosper you, sweet sir! [Exit Clown.] Your purse is not hot enough to purchase your spice. I'll be with you at your sheep-shearing too. If I make not this cheat bring out another, and the shearers prove sheep, let me be enrolled, and my name put in the book of virtue!

> Jog on, jog on, the footpath way, And merrily hent the stile-a: A merry heart goes all the day, Your sad tires in a mile-a.

[Exit.

Scene III.—The same. A Shepherd's Cottage.

Enter FLORIZEL and PERDITA.

Flo. These your unusual weeds to each part of you

Do give a life: no shepherdess, but Flora [ing Peering in April's front. This your sheep-shear-

Is as a meeting of the petty gods, And you the queen on't.

Sir, my gracious lord, Per. To chide at your extremes it not becomes me,— O, pardon that I name them!—your high self, The gracious mark o' the land, you have obscur'd With a swain's wearing; and me, poor lowly maid Most goddess-like prank'd up. But that our feasts

In every mess have folly, and the feeders Digest it with a custom, I should blush To see you so assir'd; swoon, I think, To show myself a glass.

I bless the time Flo. When my good falcon made her flight across Thy father's ground.

Now Jove afford you cause! To me the difference forges dread: your greatness

Hathnot been us'd to fear. Even now I tremble To think your father, by some accident, Should pass this way, as you did. O, the fates! How would he look to see his work, so noble. Vilely bound up? What would he say? Or how Should I, in these my borrow'd flaunts, behold The sternness of his presence?

Apprehend Flo. Nothing but jollity. The gods themselves. Humbling their derties to love, have taken The shapes of beasts upon them: Jupiter Became a bull, and bellow'd: the green Neptune A ram, and bleated; and the fire-rob'd god, Golden Apollo, a poor humble swain, As I seem now: - their transformations Were never for a piece of beauty rarer,— Nor in a way so chaste, since my desires Run not before mine honour, nor my lusts Burn hotter than my faith.

O, but, sir, Per. Your resolution cannot hold, when 'tis Oppos'd, as it must be, by the power of the king: One of these two must be necessities, Which then will speak, that you must change this purpose,

Or I my life. Fio. Thou dearest Perdita, [not With these forc'd thoughts, I pr'ythee, darken The mirth o' the feast: or I'll be thine, my fair, Or not my father's; for I cannot be Mine own, nor anything to any, if I be not thine: to this I am most constant, Though destiny say no. Be merry, gentle: Strangle such thoughts as these with anything That you behold the while. Your guests are coming:

Lift up your countenance, as it were the day Of celebration of that nuptial which We two have sworn shall come.

Per. O lady Fortune.

Stand you auspicious! See, your guests approach

Address yourself to entertain them sprightly, And let's be red with mirth.

Enter Shepherd, with POLIXENES and CAM-ILLO disguised; Clown, MOPSA, DORCAS, with others.

Shep. Fie, daughter! when my old wife liv'd, upon

This day she was both pantler, butler, cook; Both dame and servant; welcom'd all; serv'd all;

Would sing her song and dance turn; now At upper end o' the table, now i' the middle; On his shoulder, and his; her face o' fire, With labour; and the thing she took to quench

She would to each one sip. You are retir'd, As if you were a feasted one, and not The hostess of the meeting: pray you, bid These unknown friends to us welcome; for it is A way to make us better friends, more known. vourself

That which you are, mistress of the feast: come

And bid us welcome to your sheep-shearing, As your good flock shall prosper.

Per. Sir, welcome! [To Pol. It is my father's will I should take on me The hostess-ship o' the day:—You're welcome, Bright Phoebus in his strength,—a malac sir! [To CAMILLO. Most incident to maids; bold oxlips, and

Give me those flowers there, Dorcas.-Reverend sirs,

For you there's rosemary and rue; these keep Seeming and savour all the winter long: Grace and remembrance be to you both, And welcome to our shearing!

Pol. Shephérdess-A fair one are you!—well you fit our ages With flowers of winter.

Sir, the year growing ancient,-Not yet on summer's death, nor on the birth Of trembling winter,—the fairest flowers o' the season

Are our carnations, and streak'd gillyvors. Which some call nature's bastards: of that kind Our rustic garden's barren; and I care not To get slips of them.

Pol. Wherefore, gentle maiden, Do you neglect them?

Per. For I have heard it said There is an art which, in their piedness, shares With great creating nature.

Say there be; Yet nature is made better by no mean, But nature makes that mean; so, o'er that art Which you say adds to nature, is an art That nature makes. You see, sweet maid, we marry

A gentler scion to the wildest stock, And make conceive a bark of baser kind By bud of nobler race. This is an art Which does mend nature,—change it rather; but The art itself is nature. Per. So it is.

Pol. Then make your garden rich in gillyvors And do not call them bastards,

Per. I'll not put The dibble in earth to set one slip of them No more than, were I painted, I would wish This youth would say, 'twere well, and only therefore

Desire to breed by me.-Here's flowers for you;

Hot lavender, mints, savory, marjoram; The marigold, that goes to bed with the sun, And with him rises weeping; these are flowers Of middle summer, and I think they are given To men of middle age. You're very welcome!

Cam. I should leave grazing, were I of your flock.

And only live by gazing.
Out, alas! You'd be so lean that blasts of January Would blow you through and through.—Now my fairest friend, might

I would I had some flowers o' the spring that Become your time of day; -and yours, and yours,

That wear upon your virgin branches yet Your maidenheads growing .- O Proserpina Come, quench your blushes, and present For the flowers now, that, frighted, thou lett'st fall

From Dis's waggon!-daffodils. That come before the swallow dares, and take The winds of March with beauty; violets dim, But sweeter than the lids of Juno's eyes Or Cytherea's breath; pale primroses, That die unmarried ere they can behold Bright Phoebus in his strength,-a malady

The crown-imperial; lilies of all kinds, The flower-de-luce being one!—O, these I lack, To make you garlands of; and, my sweet friend, To strew him o'er and o'er!

Flo. What, like a corse?

Per. No; like a bank for love to lie and play
on:

Not like a corse; or if,—not to be buried, But quick, and in mine arms. Come, take your flowers:

Methinks I play as I have seen them do In Whitsun pastorals: sure, this robe of mine Does change my disposition.

Flo. What you do
Still betters what is done. When you speak,
sweet.

I'd have you do it ever; when you sing,
I'd have you do it ever; when you sing,
I'd have you buy and sell so; so give alms;
I'ray so; and, for the ordering your affairs,
To sing them too: when you dance, I wish you
A wave o' the sea, that might ever do
Nothing but that; move still, still so, and own
No other function: each your doing,
So singular in each particular,
Crowns what you are doing in the present deeds,

That all your acts are queens.
Per.
O Doricles,
Your praises are too large: but that your youth,
And the true blood which peeps fairly through it,
Do plainly give you out an unstained shepherd,

With wisdom I might fear, my Doricles, You woo'd me the false way.

Flo.

I think you have
As little skill to fear as I have purpose
To put you to't.—But, come; our dance; I pray:
Your hand, my Perdita; so turtles pair
That never mean to part.

Per. I'll swear for 'em.
Pol. This is the prettiest low-born lass that
ever [seems
Ran on the green sward: nothing she does or

Ran on the green sward: nothing she does or But smacks of something greater than herself, Too noble for this place.

Cam. He tells her something [is That makes her blood look out: good sooth, she The queen of curds and cream.

Clo. Come on, strike up.

Dor. Mopsa must be your mistress: marry,
garlic,

To mend her kissing with.

Mop. Now, in good time!
Clo. Not s word, a word; we stand upon our
manners.—
Come, strike up. [Music.

Here a dance of Shepherds and Shepherdesses.

Pol. Pray, good shepherd, what Fair swain is this which dances with your

daughter? [himself Shep. They call him Doricles; and boasts To have a worthy feeding; but I have it Upon his own report, and I believe it; He looks like sooth. He says he loves my

daughter:
I think so too; for never gaz'd the moon
Upon the water as he'll stand, and read,
As 'twere, my daughter's eyes: and, to be plain,
I think there is not half a kiss to choose
Who loves another best.

Pol. She dances neatly.

Shep. So she does anything; though I report it,

That should be silent: if young Doricles Do light upon her, she shall bring him that Which he not dreams of.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. O master, if you did but hear the pedlar at the door, you would never dance again after a tabor and pipe; no, the bagpipe could not move you; he sings several tunes faster than you'll tell money; he utters them as he had eaten ballads, and all men's ears grew to his tunes.

Clo. He could never come better: he shall come in: I love a ballad but even too well; if the doleful matter merrily set down, or a very pleasant thing indeed and sung lamentably.

Serv. He hath songs for man or woman of all sizes; no milliner can so fit his customers with gloves: he has the pretitest love-songs for mads; so without bawdry, which is strange; with such delicate burdens of dildos and fadings, jump her and thump her; and where some stretch-mouth'd rascal would, as it were, mean mischief, and break a foul gap into the matter, he makes the maid to answer, Whoop, do me no harm, good man; puts him off, slights him, with Whoop, do me no harm, good man.

Pol. This is a brave fellow.

Clo. Believe me, thou talkest of an admirable conceited fellow. Has he any unbraided wares?

Serv. He hath ribands of all the colours i' the rainbow; points more than all the lawyers in Bohemia can learnedly handle, though they come to him by the gross; inkles, caddisses, cambirics, lawns: why he sings'em over as they were gods or goddesses; you would think a smock were a she-angel, he so chants to the sleeye-hand, and the work about the square on't.

Clo. Pr'ythee, bring him in; and let him approach singing.

Per. Forewarn him that he use no scurrilous

words in his tunes. [Exit Servant. Clo. You have of these pedlars that have more in 'em than you'd think, sister.

Per. Ay, good brother, or go about to think.

Enter AUTOLYCUS, singing.

Lawn as white as driven snow;
Cyprus black as e'er was crow;
Gloves as sweet as damasit-roses;
Masks for faces and for noses;
Bugle-bracelet, necklace amber,
Perfume for a lady's chamber;
Golden quoifs and stomachers,
For my lads to give their dears;
Pins and poking-sticks of steel,
What maids lack from head to heel;
Come, buy of me, come; come, buy, come buy;
Buy, lads, or else your lasses cry;
Come buy.

Clo. If I were not in love with Mopsa, thou shouldst take no money of me; but being enthralled as I am, it will also be to bondage of certain ribands and gloves.

Mop. I was promised them against the feast; but they come not too late now.

Dor. He hath promised you more than that, or there be liars.

Mob. He hath paid you all he promised you: may be he has paid you more, -which will

shame you to give him again.

Clo. Is there no manners left among maids? will they wear their plackets where they should bear their faces? Is there not mulking-time. when you are going to bed, or kiln-hole, to whistle off these secrets, but you must be tittle-tattling before all our guests? 'tis well they are whispering. Clamour your tongues, and not a word more.

Mop. I have done. Come, you promised me a tawdry lace, and a pair of sweet gloves.

Clo. Have I not told thee how I was cozened by the way, and lost all my money?

Aut. And, indeed, sir, there are cozeners abroad; therefore it behoves men to be wary. Clo. Fear not thou, man, thou shalt lose

nothing here. Aut. I hope so, sir; for I have about me many parcels of charge.

Clo. What hast here? ballads?

Mop. Pray now, buy some: I love a ballad in print a-life; for then we are sure they are true. Aut. Here's one to a very doleful tune. How a usurer's wife was brought to bed of twenty money-bags at a burden, and how she longed to eat adders' heads and toads carbonadoed.

Mop. Is it true, think you?
Aut. Very true; and but a month old.
Aut. Here's the midwife's name to't, one Mistress Taleporter, and five or six honest wives that were present. Why should I carry lies abroad?

Mop. Pray you now, buy it. Clo. Come on, lay it by; and let's first see more ballads; we'll buy the other things anon. Aut. Here's another ballad, of a fish that appeared upon the coast on Wednesday the fourscore of April, forty thousand fathom above water, and sung this ballad against the hard hearts of maids: it was thought she was a woman, and was turned into a cold fish for she would not exchange flesh with one that loved her. The ballad is very pitiful, and as true.

Dor. Is it true too, think you?

Aut. Five justices' hands at it; and wit-

nesses more than my pack will hold.

Clo. Lay it by too: another. Aut. This is a merry ballad; but a very

pretty one. Mop. Let's have some merry ones.

Aut. Why, this is a passing merry one, and goes to the tune of Two maids wooing a man:

there's scarce a maid westward but she sings it: 'tis in request, I can tell you.

Mop. We can both sing it: if thou'lt bear a part thou shalt hear; 'tis in three parts.

Dor. We had the tune on't a month ago. Aut. I can bear my part; you must know 'tis my occupation: have at it with you.

SONG.

A. Get your hence, for I must go; Where, it fits not you to know.

D. Whither? M. O, whither?

M. Ir becomes thy oath full well,

Thou to me thy secrets tell;

D. Me too, let me go thither. .

M. Or thou go'st to the grange or mail:

D. If to either, thou dost ill.

A. Neither. D. What, neither? A. Neither.

Thou hast sworn my love to be; M. Thou hasf sworn it more to me

Then, whither go'st?-say, whither?

Clo. We'll have this song anon by ourselves; my father and the gentlemen are in sad talk, and we'll not trouble them .- Come, bring away thy pack after me.-Wenches, I'll buy for you both: Pedlar, let's have the first choice.-Follow me, girls.

Aut. And you shall pay well for 'em.

Aside.

Will you buy any tape, Or lace for your cape,
My dainty duck, my dear-a?
Any silk, any thread, Any toys for your head, Of the new'st and fin'st, fin'st wear-a? Come to the pedlar; Money's a meddler, That doth utter all men's ware-a.

Exeunt Clown, AUT., DOR., and MOP.

Re-enter Servant.

Serv. Master, there is three carters, three shepherds, three neat-herds, three swine-herds, that have made themselves all men of hair; they call themselves saltiers: and they have a dance which the wenches say is a gallimaufry of gambols, because they are not in 't; but they themselves are o' the mind (if it be not too rough for some, that know little but bowling) it will please plentifully.

Shep. Away! we'll none on 't: here has been too much homely foolery already.- I know, sir.

we weary you.

Pol. You weary those that refresh us: pray, let's see these four threes of herdsmen.

Serv. One three of them, by their own report, sir, hath danced before the king; and not the worst of the three jumps twelve foot and a half by the squire.

Shep. Leave your prating: since these good men are pleased, let them come in; but quickly

Serv. Why, they stay at door, sir. Exit.

Enter Twelve Rustics, habited like Satyrs. They dance, and then exeunt.

Pol. O father, you'll know more of that hereafter.

Is it not too far gone?—'Tis time to part them.-He's simple and tells much. [Aside.]—How now, fair shepherd!

Your heart is full of something that does take Your mind from feasting. Sooth, when I was

young, And handed love as you do, I was wont To load my she with knacks: I would have ransack'd

The pedlar's silken treasury, and have pour'd it To her acceptance; you have let him go, And nothing marted with him. If your lass Interpretation should abuse, and call this Your lack of love or bounty, you were straited For a reply, at least if you make a care Of happy holding her.

Old sir, I know She prizes not such trifles as these are: The gifts she looks from me are pack'd and lock'd

Up in my heart; which I have given already, But not deliver'd .- O, hear me breathe my life Before this ancient sir, who, it should seem, Hath sometime lov'd,-I take thy hand! this hand,

As soft as dove's down, and as white as it, Or Ethiopian's tooth, or the fann'd snow that's By the northern blasts twice o'er. [bolted

Pol. What follows this?-

How prettily the young swain seems to wash The hand was fair before!-I have put you out: But to your protestation; let me hear What you profess.

Flo. Do, and be witness to 't. Pol. And this my neighbour too?

And he, and more Flo. Than he, and men,-the earth, the heavens, and all:-[monarch,

That,-were I crown'd the most impenal Thereof most worthy, were I the fairest youth That ever made eye swerve; had force and

knowledge them More than was ever man's-I would not prize Without her love: for her employ them all, Commend them, and condemn them, to her

service. Or to their own perdition.

Fairly offer'd. Pol. Cam. This shows a sound affection.

Shep. But, my daughter,

Say you the like to him? Per. I cannot speak

So well, nothing so well; no, nor means better: By the pattern of mine own thoughts I cut out The purity of his.

Sheb. Take hands, a bargain!-And, friends unknown, you shall bear witness to't:

I give my daughter to him, and will make Her portion equal his.

Flo. O, that must be I' the virtue of your daughter: one being dead, I shall have more than you can dream of yet, Enough then for your wonder: but come on, Contract us 'fore these witnesses.

Shep. Come, your hand,-

And, daughter, yours.

Pol. Soft, swain, awhile, beseech you;

Have you a father?

I have; but what of him? Pol. Knows he of this?

He neither does nor shall. Pol. Methinks a father

Is, at the nuptial of his son, a guest [more; That best becomes the table. Pray you, once Is not your father grown incapable Of reasonable affairs? is he not stupid

With age and altering rheums? can he speak? I told you what would come of this! Beseech

hear? Know man from man? dispute his own estate?

Lies he not bed-rid? and again does nothing But what he did being childish? Flo. No, good sir;

He has his health, and ampler strength indeed Than most have of his age.

Pol. By my white beard, You offer him, if this be so, a wrong Something unfilial: reason my son Should choose himself a wife; but as good

reason

The father,-all whose joy is nothing else But fair posterity,—should hold some counsel In such a business.

I yield all this: Flo. But, for some other reasons, my grave sir, Which 'tis not fit you know, I not acquaint

My father of this business. Pol. Let him know't.

Flo. He shall not.

Pol. Pry'thee, let him.

Flo. No, he must not. Shep. Let him, my son: he shall not need to

grieve At knowing of thy choice.

Flo. Come, come, he must not .--Mark our contract.

Pol. Mark your divorce, young sir, [Discovering himself.

Whom son I dare not call; thou art too base To be acknowledged: thou a sceptre's heir, That thus affect'st a sheep-hook!-Thou old

traitor, I am sorry that, by hanging thee, I can but

Shorten thy life one week .- And thou, fresh know piece Of excellent witchcraft, who, of force, must

The royal fool thou cop'st with, Shep. O, my heart!

Pol. I'll have thy beauty scratch'd with briers, and made More homely than thy state.-For thee, fond If I may ever know thou dost but sigh

That thou no more shalt see this knack,-as [cession; I mean thou shalt,-we'll bar thee from suc-

Not hold thee of our blood, no, not our kin, Far than Deucalion off,-mark thou my words: Follow us to the court .- Thou churl, for this time,

Though full of displeasure, yet we free thee From the dead blow of it.—And you, enchant-

Worthy enough a herdsman; yea, him too That makes himself, but for our honour therem, Unworthy thee,-if ever henceforth thou These rural latches to his entrance open, Or hoop his body more with thy embraces, I will devise a death as cruel for thee As thou art tender to't.

Per. Even here undone! I was not much afeard: for once or twice I was about to speak, and tell him plainly The self-same sun that shines upon his court Hides not his visage from our cottage, but
Looks on alike.—Will't please you, sir, be
gone? [To Florizel.

gone? you,

Of your own state take care: this dream of

mine, Being now awake, I'll queen it no mch further, But milk my ewes, and weep.

Why, how now, father! Cam. Speak ere thou diest.

Shep. I cannot speak, nor think, Nor dare to know that which I know.—O, sir, To FLORIZEL.

You have undone a man of fourscore-three, That thought to fill his grave in quiet; yea, To die upon the bed my father died, To lie close by his honest bones! but now Some hangman must put on my shroud, and lav me

Where no priest shovels in dust .- O cursed To PERDITA. wretch. That knew'st this was the prince, and wouldst

adventure To mingle faith with him!-Undone! undone! If I might die within this hour, I have liv'd Exit. To die when I desire.

Why look you so upon me? Flo. I am but sorry, not afeard; delay'd, But nothing alter'd: what I was, I am: More straining on for plucking back; not

following My leash unwillingly.

Gracious, my lord, You know your father's temper: at this time He will allow no speech,-which I do guess You do not purpose to him; -and as hardly Will he endure your sight as yet, I fear: Then, till the fury of his highness settle. Come not before him.

I not purpose it. Flo. I think Camillo?

Even he, my lord. Cam. Per. How often have I told you 'twould be thus!

How often said my dignity would last But till 'twere known!

Flo. It cannot fail but by The violation of my faith; and then Let nature crush the sides o' the earth together. And mar the seeds within!-Lift up thy looks.-From my succession wipe me, father; I Am heir to my affection.

Be advis'd.

Flo. I am,-and by my fancy: if my reason Will thereto be obedient, I have reason; If not, my senses, better pleas'd with madness, Do bid it welcome.

Cam. This is desperate, sir.

Flo. So call it: but it does fulfil my vow; I needs must think it honesty. Camillo, Not for Bohemia, nor the pomp that may Be thereat glean'd; for all the sun sees or The close earth wombs, or the profound seas hide

In unknown fathoms, will I break my oath To this my fair belov'd: therefore, I pray you, As you have ever been my father's honour'd

friend When he shall miss me,—as, in faith, I mean To see him any more, -cast your good counsels Upon his passion: let myself and fortune Tug for the time to come. This you may know, And so deliver,-I am put to sea With her, whom here I cannot hold on shore; And, most opportune to our need, I have A vessel rides fast by, but not prepar'd For this design. What course I mean to hold Shall nothing benefit your knowledge, nor Concern me the reporting.

Cam. O, my lord. I would your spirit were easier for advice, Or stronger for your need.

Hark, Perdita .- Takes her aside. Flo. I'll hear you by and by. To CAMILLO. He's irremovable. Cam.

Resolv'd for flight. Now were I happy if His going I could frame to serve my turn; Save him from danger, do him love and honour; Purchase the sight again of dear Sicilia, And that unhappy king, my master whom I so much thirst to see

Flo. Now, good Camillo. I am so fraught with curious business that I leave out ceremony. Going.

Sir, I think Cam. You have heard of my poor services, i' the love That I have borne your father?

Very nobly Have you deserv'd: it is my father's music To speak your deeds; not little of his care To have them recompens'd as thought on.

Well, my lord. If you may please to think I love the king, And, through him, what is nearest to him, which is Your gracious self, embrace but my direction, If your more ponderous and settled project May suffer alteration, on mine honour [ing I'll point you where you shall have such receiv-As shall become your highness: where you may Enjoy your mistress,-from the whom, I see, There's no disjunction to be made, but by, As heavens forfend! your ruin,-marry her; And,-with my best endeavors in your absence.

Your discontenting father strive to qualify, And bring him up to liking.

Flo. How. Camillo. May this, almost a miracle, be done? That I may call thee something more than man, And, after that, trust to thee.

Cam. Have you thought on A place whereto you'll go?

Flo. Not any yet:

But as the unthought-on accident is guilty To what we wildly do; so we profess Ourselves to be the slaves of chance, and flies Of every wind that blows.

Then list to me: This follows,-if you will not charge your pur-

But undergo this flight,-make for Sicilia: And there present yourself and your fair princess,

For so, I see, she must be,—'fore Leontes: She shall be habited as it becomes The partner of your bed. Methinks I see Leontes opening his free arms, and weeping His welcomes forth; asks thee, the son, forgive-

As 'twere i' the father's person; kisses the hands Of your fresh princess; o'er and o'er divides him Twixt his unkindness and his kindness,-the one

He chides to hell, and bids the other grow

Faster than thought or time. Flo. Worthy Camillo, What colour for my visitation shall I

Hold up before him?

To greet him and to give him comforts. Sir, The manner of your bearing towards him, with What you, as from your father, shall deliver, Things known betwixt us three, I'll write you

The which shall point you forth at every sitting, What you must say; that he shall not perceive But that you have your father's bosom there, And speak his very heart.

Flo. I am bound to you:

There is some sap in this.

A course more promising Cam. Than a wild dedication of yourselves [certain To unpath'd waters, undream'd shores, most To miseries enough: no hope to help you; But, as you shake off one, to take another: Nothing so certain as your anchors; who

Do their best office if they can but stay you Where you'll be loath to be: besides, you know Prosperity's the very bond of love, Whose fresh complexion and whose heart to-Affliction alters.

One of these is true: I think affliction may subdue the cheek, But not take in the mind.

Yea, say you so? Cam. There shall not, at your father's house, these seven years

Be born another such.

My good Camillo, Flo. She is as forward of her breeding as

She is i' the rear our birth.

I cannot say 'tis pity She lacks instruction; for she seems a mistress To most that teach. Your pardon, sir, for this: boot. Per.

I'll blush you thanks.

Flo. My prettiest Perdita!-But, O, the thorns we stand upon!-Camillo,-Preserver of my father, now of me; The medicine of our house!—how shall we do?

We are not furnish'd like Bohemia's son; Nor shall appear in Sicilia.

My lord,

Fear none of this: I think you know my for-Do all lie there: it shall be so my care To have you royally appointed as if The scene you play were mine. For instance,

That you may know you shall not want,-one word. [They talk aside.

Re-enter AUTOLYCUS.

Aut. Ha, ha! what a fool Honesty is! and Trust, his sworn brother, a very simple gentleman! I have sold all my trumpery; not a counterfeit stone, not a riband, glass, pomander, brooch, table-book, ballad, knife, tape, glove, shoe-tie, bracelet, horn-ring, to keep my pack from fasting;—they throng who should buy first, as if my trinkets had been hallowed, and brought a benediction to the buyer: by which means I saw whose purse was best in picture; and what I saw, to my good use I remembered. My clown (who wants but something to be a reasonable man) grew so in love with the wenches' song that he would not stir his pettitoes till he had both tune and words; which so drew the rest of the herd to me, that all their other senses stuck in ears; you might have

Sent by the king your father pinched a placket,-it was senseless; 'twas nothing to geld a codpiece of a purse; I would have filed keys off that hung in chains: no hearing, no feeling, but my sir's song, and admir-ing the nothing of it. So that, in this time of lethargy, I picked and cut most of their festival purses; and had not the old man come in with a whoobub against his daughter and the king's son, and scared my choughs from the chaff, I had not left a purse alive in the whole army. [CAM., FLO., and PER. come forward.

Cam. Nay, but my letters, by this means

being there

So soon as you arrive, shall clear that doubt.

Flo. And those that you'll procure from

king Leontes,-Cam. Shall satisfy your father.

Per. Happy be you! All that you speak shows fair.

Cam.

Who have we here?-Seeing AUTOLYCUS. We'll make an instrument of this; omit

Nothing may give us aid.

Aut. If they have overheard me now,—why,

hanging. [Aside. Cam. How now, good fellow! why shakest thou so? Fear not, man; here's no harm intended to thce.

Aut. I am a poor fellow, sir. Cam. Why, be so still; here's nobody will steal that from thee: yet, for the outside of thy poverty, we must make an exchange: therefore, discase thee instantly,—thou must think there's a necessity in't,—and change garments with this gentleman: though the pennyworth on his side be the worst, yet hold thee, there's some Giving money.

Aut. I am a poor fellow, sir:—I know ye ell enough.

[Aside.] well enough. Cam. Nay, pr'ythee, despatch: the gentle-

man is half-flayed already. Aut. Are you in earnest, sir?-I smell the

trick on't.-Aside. Flo. Despatch, I pr'ythee.

Aut. Indeed, I have had earnest; but I cannot with conscience take it.

Cam. Unbuckle, unbuckle.—
[FLO. and AUTOL. exchange garments Fortunate mistress,—let my prophecy Come home to you!—you must retire yourself Into some covert; take your sweetheart's hat,

And pluck it o'er your brows; muffle your face; Dismantle you; and, as you can, disliken The truth of your own seeming; that you may,-

For I do fear eyes over,—to shipboard Get undescried.

Per. I see the play so lies

That I must bear a part. No remedy.-Cam.

Have you done there?

Should I now meet my father, He would not call me son.

Cam. Nay, you shall have no hat .-

Giving it to PERDITA.

Come, lady, come.—Farewell, my friend.

Aut. Adieu, sir.

Flo. O Perdita, what have we twain forgot? Pray you, a word. They converse apart. Cam. What I do next, shall be to tell the

king

Of this escape, and whither they are bound; Wherein, my hope is, I shall so prevail To force him after: in whose company I shall review Sicilia, for whose sight

I shall review December 1 have a woman's longing.

Fortune speed us:— Thus we set on, Camillo, to the sea-side. Cam. The swifter speed the better.

Ereunt FLOR., PER., and CAM.
Aut. I understand the business,—I hear it: to have an open ear, a quick eye, and a nimble hand, is necessary for a cut-purse; a good nose is requisite also, to smell out work for the other senses. I see this is the time that the unjust man doth thrive. What an exchange had this been without boot? what a boot is here with this exchange? Sure, the gods do this year

connive at us, and we may do anything extem-pore. The prince himself is about a piece of iniquity,-stealing away from his father with his clog at his heels: if I thought it were a piece of honesty to acquaint the king withal, I would not do't: I hold it the more knavery to conceal it: and therein am I constant to my profession.

Re-enter Clown and Shepherd.

Aside, aside:-here is more matter for a hot brain: every lane's end, every shop, church, session, hanging, yields a careful man work.

Clo. See, see; what a man you are now! There is no other way but to tell the king she's a changeling, and none of your flesh and blood.

Shep. Nay, but hear me. Clo. Nay, but hear me.

Shep. Go to, then.

Clo. She being none of your flesh and blood,
your flesh and blood has not offended the king; and so your flesh and blood is not to be punished by him. Show those things you found about her; those secret things,—all but what she has with her; this being done, let the law go whistle; I warrant you.

Shep. I will tell the king all, every word,yea, and his son's pranks too; who, I may say, is no honest man neither to his father nor to me, to go about to make me the king's brother-inlaw.

Clo. Indeed, brother-in-law was the furthest off you could have been to him; and then your blood had been the dearer by I know how much an ounce.

Aut. Very wisely, puppies! Aside. Shep. Well, let us to the king: there is that

in this fardel will make him scratch his beard! Aut. I know not what impediment this complaint may be to the flight of my master. [Aside.

Clo. Pray heartily he be at palace.

Aut. Though I am not naturally honest, I am so sometimes by chance. Let me pocket up my pedlar's excrement. [Aside, and takes off his false beard. - How now, rustics! whither are you bound?

Shep. To the palace, an it like your worship. Aut. Your affairs there, what, with whom, the condition of that fardel, the place of your dwelling, your names, your ages, of what having, breeding, and anything that is fitting to be known? discover.

Clo. We are but plain fellows, sir.

Aut. A lie; you are rough and hairy. Let me have no lying; it becomes none but tradesmen, and they often give us soldiers the lie: but we pay them for it with stamped coin, not stabbing steel; therefore they do not give us the lie.

Clo. Your worship had like to have given us one, if you had not taken yourself with the

manner.

Shep. Are you a courtier, an't like you, sir? Aut. Whether it like me or no, I am a courtier. Seest thou not the air of the court in these enfoldings? hath not my gast in it the measure of the court? receives not thy nose court-odour from me? reflect I not on thy baseness court-contempt? Thinkest thou, for that I insinuate, or toze from thee thy business. I am therefore no courtier? I am courtier capa-pe; and one that will either push on or pluck back thy business there: whereupon I command thee to open thy affair.

Shep. My business, sir, is to the king. Aut. What advocate hast thou to him?

Shep. I know not, an't like you. Clo. Advocate's the court-word for a phea-

sant, say you have none. Shep. None, sir; I have no pheasant, cock

nor hen. Aut. How bless'd are we that are not simple

Yet nature might have made me as these are, Therefore I will not disdain. Clo. This cannot be but a great courtier.

Shep. His garments are rich, but he wears them not handsomely.

Clo. He seems to be the more noble in being fantastical: a great man, I'll warrant; I know by the picking on's teeth.

Aut. The fardel there? what's i' the fardel?

Wherefore that box?

Shep. Sir, there lies such secrets in this fardel and box, which none must know but the king; and which he shall know within this hour, if I may come to the speech of him.

Aut. Age, thou hast lost thy labour.

Shep. Why, sir?
Aut. The king is not at the palace; he is gone aboard a new ship to purge melancholy and air himself: for, if thou beest capable of things serious, thou must know the king is full of grief.

Shep. So 'tis said, sir,—about his son, that should have married a shepherd's daughter.

Aut. If that shepherd be not in hand-fast, let him fly: the curses he shall have, the tortures he shall feel, will break the back of man, the heart of monster.

Clo. Think you so; sir?

Aut. Not he alone shall suffer what wit can make heavy and vengeance bitter; but those that are germane to him, though removed fifty times, shall all come under the hangman: which, though it be great pity, yet it is necessary. An old sheep-whistling rogue, a ramtender, to offer to have his daughter come into grace! Some say he shall be stoned; but that death is too soft for him, say I. Draw our throne into a sheep-cote!—all deaths are too few, the sharpest too easy.

Clo. Has the old man e'er a son, sir, do you hear, an't like you, sir?

Aut. He has a son, -who shall be flayed alive; then 'nointed over with honey, set on the head of a wasp's nest; then stand till he be SCENE I .- SICILIA. A Room in the Palace three quarters and a dram dead; then recovered again with aquavitae, or some other hot infusion; then, raw as he is, and in the hottest day prognostication proclaims, shall he be set against a brick-wall, the sun looking with a southward eye upon him,—where he is to behold him with flies blown to death. But what talk we of these traitorly rascals, whose miseries are to be smiled at, their offences being so capital? Tell me,-for you seem to be honest plain men,—what have you to the king: being something gently considered, I'll bring you where he is aboard, tender your persons to his presence, whisper him in your behalfs; and if it be in man besides the king to effect your suits, here is man shall do it.

Clo. He seems to be of great authority: close with him, give him gold; and though authority be a stubborn bear, yet he is oft led by the nose with gold: show the inside of your purse to the outside of his hand, and no more ado. Remember,-stoned and flayed alive.

Shep. An't please you, sir, to undertake the business for us, here is that gold I have: I'll make it as much more, and leave this young man in pawn till I bring it you.

Aut. After I have done what I promised? Shep. Ay, sir.

Aut. Well, give me the moiety.—Are you a party in this business?

Clo. In some sort, sir: but though my case be a pitiful one, I hope I shall not be flayed out of it.

Aut. O, that's the case of the shepherd's son. Hang him, he'll be made an example!

Clo. Comfort, good comfort! We must to the king, and show our strange sights: he must know 'tis none of your daughter nor my sister; we are gone else. Sir, I will give you as much as this old man does, when the business is performed; and remain, as he says, your pawn till it be brought you.

Aut. I will trust you. Walk before toward the sea-side; go on the right-hand: I will but look upon the hedge, and follow you.

Clo. We are blessed in this man, as I may say, even blessed.

Shep. Let's before, as he bids us: he was provided to do us good.

Exeunt Shepherd and Clown.

Aut. If I had a mind to be honest, I see Fortune would not suffer me: she drops booties in my mouth. I am courted now with a double occasion,-gold, and a means to do the prince my master good; which who knows how that may turn back to my advancement? I will bring these two moles, these blind ones, aboard him: if he think it fit to shore them again, and that the complaint they have to the king concerns him nothing, let him call me rogue for being so far officious; for I am proof against that title, and what shame else belongs to't. To him will I present them: there may be matter in it. Exit. ACT V.

of LEONTES.

Enter Leontes, Cleomenes, Dion, PAULINA, and others.

Cleo. Sir, you have done enough, and have

perform'd A saint-like sorrow: no fault could you make Which you have not redeem'd; indeed, paid down

More penitence than done trespass: at the last, Do as the heavens have done, forget your evil; With them, forgive yourself.

Whilst I remember Leon. Her and her virtues, I cannot forget My blemishes in them: and so still think of The wrong I did myself: which was so much That heirless it hath made my kingdom, and

Destroy'd the sweet's companion that e'er man Bred his hopes out of. True, too true, my lord; If, one by one, you wedded all the world, Or from the all that are took something good,

To make a perfect woman, she you kill'd Would be unparallel'd. I think so .- Kill'd!

Leon. She I kill'd! I did so: but thou stnk'st me Sorely, to say I did: it is as bitter 110W Upon thy tongue as in my thought: now, good Say so but seldom.

Cleo. Not at all, good lady; You might have spoken a thousand things that would

Have done the time more benefit, and grac'd

Have done on the Your kindness better.
You are one of those Would have him wed again.

If you would not so, You pity not the state, nor the remembrance Of his most sovereign name; consider little What dangers, by his highness' fail of issue, May drop upon his kingdom, and devour Incertain lookers-on. What were more holy Than to rejoice the former queen is well? What holier than,—for royalty's repair, For present comfort, and for future good, To bless the bed of majesty again With a sweet fellow to't?

There is none worthy, Respecting her that's gone. Besides, the gods Will have fulfill'd their secret purposes: For has not the divine Apollo said, Is't not the tenor of his oracle, That king Leontes shall not have an heir Till his lost child be found? which that it shall, Is all as monstrous to our human reason As my Antigonus to break his grave And come again to me; who, on my life, Did perish with the infant. 'Tis your counsel My lord should to the heavens be contrary, Oppose against their wills .- Care not for issue; To LEONTES.

The crown will find an heir: great Alexander Left his to the worthiest; so his successor Was like to be the best.

Leon. Good Paulina,-Who hast the memory of Hermione,

I know, in honour,-O, that ever I Had squar'd me to thy counsel!—then, even I might have look'd upon my queen's full eyes. Have taken treasure from her lips,

And left them Paul.

More rich for what they yielded.

Thou speak'st truth. Leon. No more such wives; therefore, no wife: one

worse. And better us'd, would make her sainted spirit Again possess her corpse; and, on this stage,

Where we offend her now,-appear, soul-vexed, And begin, Why to me?

Had she such power, Paul.

She had just cause.

She had: and would incense me Leon. To murder her I married.

I should so Paul.

Were I the ghost that walk'd, I'd bid you mark Her eye, and tell me for what dull part in't You chose her: then I'd shriek, that even your follow'd

ears Should rift to hear me; and the words that Should be, Remember mine!

Stars, stars, Leon.

And all eyes else dead coals!-fear thou no wife;

I'll have no wife, Paulina.

Will you swear Never to marry but by my free leave?

Leon. Never, Paulina; so be bless'd my his oath. Paul. Then, good my lords, bear witness to

Cleo. You tempt him over-much. Paul. Unless another, As like Hermione as is her picture,

Affront his eye.

Good madam,-

Cleo. Paul. I have done. Yet, if my lord will marry, -if you will, sir, No remedy, but you will, -give me the office To choose you a queen: she shall not be so young

As was your former; but she shall be such As, walk'd your first queen's ghost, it should take joy

To see her in your arms.

My true Paulina, Leon. We shall not marry till thou bidd'st us.

Shall be when your first queen's again in breath: Never till then.

Enter a Gentleman.

Gent. One that gives out himself Prince Florizel,

Son of Polixenes, with his princess,-she The fairest I have yet beheld,-desire access To your high presence.

Leon. What with him? he comes not Like to his father's greatness: his approach, So out of circumstance and sudden, tells us 'Tis not a visitation fram'd, but forc'd By need and accident. What train? Gent.

But few. And those but mean.

Leon. His princess, say you, with him? Gent. Ay, the most peerless piece of earth, I think.

That e'er the sun shone bright on.

O Hermione, Paul. As every present time doth boast itself Above a better gone, so must thy grave [self Give way to what's seen now. Sir, you your-Have said and writ so,—but your writing now Is colder than that theme,—She had not been, Nor was not to be equall'd;—thus your verse Flow'd with her beauty once; 'tis shrewdly ebb'd,

To say you have seen a better.

Gent. Pardon, madam: The one I have almost forgot; -- your pardon: --The other, when she has obtain'd your eve. Will have your tongue too. This is a creature. Would she begin a sect, might quench the zeal Of all professors else; make proselytes Of who she but bid follow.

How! not women? Paul. Gent. Women will love her, that she is a

woman More worth than any man; men, that she is

The rarest of all women. Leon. Go, Cleomenes;

Yourself, assisted with your honour'd friends, Bring them to our embracement.-Still, 'tis strange

Exeunt CLEO., Lords, and Gent.

He thus should steal upon us.

Paul. Had our prince,-Jewel of children,-seen this hour, he had pair'd

Well with this lord: there was not full a month Between their births. Leon. Pr'ythee, no more; cease; thou

He dies to me again when talk'd of: sure. When I shall see this gentleman, thy speeches Will bring me to consider that which may Unfurnish me of reason.—They are come.

Re-enter CLEOMENES, with FLORIZEL. PERDITA, and Attendants.

Your mother was most true to wedlock, prince; For she did print your royal father off, Conceiving you: were I but twenty-one, Your father's image is so hit in you, His very air, that I should call you brother As I did him, and speak of something wildly By us perform'd before. Most dearly welcome: And you fair princess,-goddess!-O, alas! I lost a couple that 'twixt heaven and earth Might thus have stood, begetting wonder, as You, gracious couple, do! and then I lost.-All mine own folly,—the society, Amity too, of your brave father, whom Though bearing misery, I desire my life Once more to look on him.

By his command Have I here touch'd Sicilia, and from him Give you all greetings that a king, at friend, Can send his brother: and, but infirmity.-Which wits upon worn times, hath some-

thing seiz'd His wish'd ability, he had himself

The lands and waters 'twixt your throne and his Measur'd, to look upon you; whom he loves,-He bade me say so, -more than all the scentres. And those that bear them, living,

Leon. O my brother,-Good gentleman!—the wrongs I have done thee stir

Afresh within me; and these thy offices, hither, So rarely kind, are as interpreters Of my behind-hand slackness!-Welcome As in the spring to the earth. And hath he too Expos'd this paragon to the fearful usage,-At least ungently,-of the dreaded Neptune, To greet a man not worth her pains, much less The adventure of her person?

Flo. Good, my lord,

She came from Libya

Where the warlike Smalus That noble honour'd lord, is fear'd and lov'd? Flo. Most royal sir, from thence; from him, whose daughter

His tears proclaim'd his, parting with her: thence -

A prosperous south wind friendly,-we have cross'd,

To execute the charge my father gave me, For visiting your highness: my best train I have from your Sicilian shores dismiss'd; Who for Bohemia bend, to signify Not only my success in Libya, sir, But my arrival, and my wife's, in safety Here, where we are.

The blessed gods Leon. Purge all infection from our air whilst you Do climate here! You have a holy father, A graceful gentleman; against whose person, So sacred as it is, I have done sin: For which the heavens, taking angry note, Have left me issueless; and your father's bless'd.-

As he from heaven merits it,—with you, Worthy his goodness. What might I have been. Might I a son and daughter now have look'd on, Such goodly things as you!

Enter a Lord.

Lord. Most noble sir. That which I shall report will bear no credit, Were not the proof so nigh. Please you, great

Bohemia greets you from himself by me; Desires you to attach his son, who has,-His dignity and duty both cast off,— Fled from his father, from his hopes, and with A shepherd's daughter.

Leon. Where's Bohemia? speak. Lord. Here in your city; I now came from

him: I speak amazedly; and it becomes

My marvel and my message. To your court Aut. Besee Whiles he was hast'ning,—in the chase, it this relation? seems,

Of this fair couple,-meets he on the way The father of this seeming lady, and Her brother, having both their country quitted With this young prince.

Flo. Camillo has betray'd me; Whose honour, and whose honesty, till now, Endur'd all weathers

Lay't so to this charge;

Lord. He's with the king your father. Who? Camillo? Lord. Camillo, sir; I spake with him; who

Has these poor men in question. Never saw I Wretches so quake: they kneel, they kiss the earth:

Forswear themselves as often as they speak: Bohemia stops his ears, and threatens them With divers deaths in death.

O my poor father!--The heaven sets spies upon us, will not have Our contract celebrated.

You are married? Leon. Flo. We are not, sir, nor are we like to be; The stars, I see, will kiss the valleys first:— The odds for high and low's alike.

My lord, Leon.

Is this the daughter of a king?

When once she is my wife,

Leon. That once, I see, by your good father's speed.

Will come on very slowly. I am sorry, Most sorry, you have broken from his liking, Where you were tied in duty; and as sorry Your choice is not so rich in worth as beauty, That you might well enjoy her.

Flo. Dear, look up: Though Fortune, visible an enemy, Should chase us, with my father, power no jot Hath she to change our loves.—Beseech you,

sir,

Remember since you ow'd no more to time Than I do now: with thought of such affections, Step forth mine advocate; at your request My father will grant precious things as trifles.

Leon. Would he do so, I'd beg your precious mistress.

Which he counts but a trifle.

Paul. Sir, my liege, Your eye hath too much youth in't: not a month 'Fore your queen died, she was more worth such gazes

Than what you look on now

I thought of her Leon. Even in these looks I made.—But your petition To FLORIZEL.

Is yet unanswer'd. I will to your father: Your honour not o'erthrown by your desires I am friend to them and you: upon which errand

I now go toward him; therefore, follow me, And mark what way I make. Come, good my lord. [Exeunt. my lord.

SCENE II .- The same. Before the Palace. Enter AUTOLYCUS and a Gentleman.

Aut. Beseech you, sir, were you present at

r Gent. I was by at the opening of the far-del, heard the old shepherd deliver the manner how he found it: whereupon, after a little amazedness, we were all commanded out of the chamber; only this, methought I heard the shepherd say he found the child.

Aut. I would most gladly know the issue of I Gent. I make a broken delivery of the business; but the changes I perceive in the king and Camillo were very notes of admiration: they seemed almost, with staring on one another, to tear the cases of their eyes; there was speech in their dumbness, language in their very gesture; they looked as they had heard of a world ransomed, or one destroyed: a notable passion of wonder appeared in them; but the wisest benot say if the importance were joy or sorrow;but in the extremity of the one, it must needs be. Here comes a gentleman that happily knows more.

Enter a Gentleman.

The news, Rogero?
2 Gent. Nothing but bonfires: the oracle is fulfilled; the king's daughter is found: such a can deliver you more.

Enter a third Gentleman.

How goes it now, sir? this news, which is called true, is so like an old tale that the verity of it is in strong suspicion. Has the king found his heir?

3 Gent. Most true, if ever truth were pregnant by circumstance: that which you hear you'll swear you see, there is such unity in the proofs. The mantle of Queen Hermione; her jewel about the neck of it; the letters of Antigonus, found with it, which they know to be his character; the majesty of the creature in resemblance of the mother; the affection of nobleness, which nature shows above her breeding; and many other evidences,—proclaim her with all certainty to be the king's daughter. Did you see the meeting of the two kings?

2 Gent. No. 3 Gent. Then have you lost a sight which was to be seen, cannot be spoken of. There might you have beheld one joy crown another, so and in such manner that it seemed sorrow wept to take leave of them; for their joy waded in tears. There was casting up of eyes, holding up of hands, with countenance of such distraction that they were to be known by garment, not by favour. Our king, being ready to leap out of himself for joy of his found daughter, as if that joy were now become a loss, cries, O, thy mother, thy mother! then asks Bohemia forgiveness; then embraces his son-in-law; then again worries his daughter with chipping her; now he thanks the old shepherd, which stands by like a weather-beaten conduit of many kings' reigns. I never heard of such another encounter, which lames report to follow it, and undoes description to do it.

2 Gent. What, pray you, became of Anti-

gonus, that carried hence the child?

3 Gent. Like an old tale still, which will have matter to rehearse, though credit be asleep, and not an ear open. He was torn to pieces with a bear: this avouches the shepherd's son; who has not only his innocence, -which seems much,—to justify him, but a handkerchief and rings of his, that Paulina knows. I Gent. What became of his bark and his

3 Gent. Wrecked the same instant of their master's death, and in the view of the shepherd: so that all the instruments which aided to expose the child were even then lost when it was found. But, O, the noble combat, 'twixt joy and sorrow, was fought in Paulina! She had one eye declined for the loss of her hus-

holder, that knew no more but seeing, could band, another elevated that the oracle was fulfilled: she lifted the princess from the earth, and so locks her in embracing, as if she would pin her to her heart, that she might no more he in danger of losing.

I Gent. The dignity of this act was worth the audience of kings and princes; for by such

was it acted.

3 Gent. One of the prettiest touches of all and that which angled for mine eyes,-caught deal of wonder is broken out within this hour the water, though not the fish, was when, at that ballad-makers cannot be able to express it. the relation of the queen's death, with the that Bailed-mager's cannot be and to telephone.

Here comes the Lady Paulina's steward: he manner how she came to it,—bravely confessed and lamented by the king,—how attentiveness wounded his daughter; till, from one sign of dolour to another, she did, with an alas' I would fain say, bleed tears; for I am sure my heart wept blood. Who was most marble there changed colour; some swooned, all sorrowed: if all the world could have seen it, the woe had been universal.

I Gent. Are they returned to the court?
3 Gent. No: the princess hearing of her mother's statue, which is in the keeping of Paulina,—a piece many years in doing, and now newly performed by that rare Italian master, Julio Romano, who, had he himself eternity, and could put breath into his work, would begule nature of her custom, so perfectly he is her ape: he so near to Hermione hath done Hermione, that they say one would speak to her, and stand in hope of answer:— thither with all greediness of affection are they gone; and there they intend to sup.

2 Gent. I thought she had some great matter there in hand; for she hath privately twice or thrice a day, ever since the death of Hermione, visited that removed house. Shall we thither.

and with our company piece the rejoicing?

I Gent. Who would be thence that has the benefit of access? every wink of an eye some new grace will be born: our absence makes us unthrifty to our knowledge. Let's along.

Exeunt Gentlemen. Aut. Now, had I not the dash of my former life in me, would preferment drop on my head. I brought the old man and his son aboard the prince, told him I heard them talk of a fardel, and I know not what; but he at that time overfond of the shepherd's daughter,-so he then took her to be,—who began to be much seasick and himself little better, extremity of weather continuing, this mystery remained undiscov-ered. But 'tis all one to me; for had I been the finder-out of this secret, it would not have relished among my other discredits. Here come those I have done good to against my will, and already appearing in the blossoms of their fortune.

Enter Shepherd and Clown.

Shep. Come, boy; I am past more children, but thy sons and daughters will be all gentlemen born.

Clo. You are well met, sir: you denied to fight with me this other day, because I was no gentleman born. See you these clothes? say you see them not, and think me still no gentleman born: you were best say these robes are

try whether I am not now a gentleman born.

Aut. I know you are now, sir, a gentleman Clo. Ay, and have been so any time these four hours.

Shep. And so have I, boy!

Clo. So you have:-but I was a gentleman born before my father; for the king's son took me by the hand and called me brother; and then the two kings called my father brother; and then the prince, my brother, and the princess, my sister, called my father father; and so we wept: and there was the first gentleman-like tears that ever we shed

Shep. We may live, son, to shed many more. Clo. Ay; or else 'twere hard luck, being in so

preposterous estate as we are.

Aut. I humbly beseech you, sir, to pardon me all the faults I have committed to your worship, and to give me your good report to the prince my master.

Shep. Pr'ythee, son, do; for we must be

gentle, now we are gentlemen.

Clo. Thou wilt amend thy life? Aut. Ay, an it like your good worship.

Clo. Give me thy hand: I will swear to the prince thou art as honest a true fellow as any

is in Bohemia. Shep. You may say it, but not swear it. Clo. Not swear it, now I am a gentleman?

Let boors and franklins say it, I'll swear it. Shep. How if it be false, son?

Clo. If it be ne'er so false, a true gentleman may swear it in the behalf of his friend .- And I'll swear to the prince, thou art a tall fellow of thy hands, and that thou wilt not be drunk; but I know thou art no tall fellow of thy hands, and that thou wilt be drunk: but I'll swear it; and I would thou wouldst be a tall fellow of thy hands.

Aut. I will prove so, sir, to my power.

Clo. Ay, by any means, prove a tall fellow: if I do not wonder how thou darest venture to be drunk, not being a tall fellow, trust me not.-Hark! the kings and the princes, our kindred, are going to see the queen's picture. Come, follow us: we'll be thy good masters. Exeunt.

Scene III .- The same. A Room in PAULINA'S House.

Enter Leontes, Polixenes, Florizel, Per-DITA, CAMILLO, PAULINA, Lords, and Attendants.

Leon. O grave and good Paulina, the great comfort

That I have had of thee!

What, sovereign sir, I did not well, I meant well. All my services You have paid home: but that you have vouchtracted

With your crown'd brother, and these your con-Heirs of your kingdoms, my poor house to visit It is a surplus of your grace which never My life may last to answer.

O, Paulina, Leon. We honour you with trouble:-but we came To see the statue of our queen; your gallery

not gentlemen born. Give me the lie, do; and Have we pass'd through, not without much content

In many singularities; but we saw not That which my daughter came to look upon,

The statue of her mother. Paul. As she hv'd peerless,

So her dead likeness, I do well believe, Excels whatever yet you look'd upon, Or hand of man hath done; therefore I keep it

Lonely, apart. But here it is: prepare To see the life as lively mock'd as ever

Still sleep mock'd death: behold; and say 'tis PAULINA undraws a curtain, and discovers HERMIONE standing as a statue.

I like your silence,—it the more shows off Your wonder: but yet speak;-first, you, my liege.

Comes it not something near?

her!

Her natural posture!-Leon. Chide me, dear stone, that I may say indeed, Thou art Hermione; or rather, thou art she, In thy not chiding; for she was as tender As infancy and grace.—But yet, Paulina, Hermione was not so much wrinkled; nothing

So aged, as this seems. O, not by much. Pol.

Paul. So much the more our carver's excellence: Which lets go by some sixteen years, and makes As she liv'd now.

Leon. As now she might have done, So much to my good comfort, as it is Now piercing to my soul. O, thus she stood, Even with such life of majesty,-warm life, As now it coldly stands,-when first I woo'd

I am asham'd: does not the stone rebuke me For being more stone than it?-O royal piece, There's magic in thy majesty; which has My evils conjur'd to remembrance; and From thy admiring daughter took the spirits,

Standing like stone with thee! And give me leave; And do not say 'tis superstition, that

I kneel, and then implore her blessing.-Lady, Dear queen, that ended when I but began, Give me that hand of yours to kiss.

Paul. O, patience! The statue is but newly fix'd, the colour's Not dry.

Cam. My lord, your sorrow was too sore laid Which sixteen winters cannot blow away, So many summers dry: scarce any joy Did ever so long live; no sorrow

But kill'd itself much sooner.

Pol. Dear my brother, Let him that was the cause of this have power To take off so much grief from you as he Will piece up in himself.

Paul. Indeed, my lord. If I had thought the sight of my poor image Would thus have wrought you,-for the stone is mine,~

I'd not have show'd it.

Leon. Do not draw the curtain. Paul. No longer shall you gaze on't; lest your fancy

May think anon it moves.

Let be, let be .-Leon. Would I were dead, but that, methinks, alreadythose veins

Did verily bear blood?

Masterly done: Pol.

The very life seems warm upon her lip. Leon. The fixture of her eye has motion in't, As we are mock'd with art.

Paul. I'll draw the curtain: My lord's almost so far transported that

He'll think anon it lives. Leon. O sweet Paulina, Make me to think so twenty years together! No settled senses of the world can match

The pleasure of that madness. Let's alone. Paul. I am sorry, sir, I have thus far stirr'd you: but

I could afflict you further.

Do, Paulina; For this affliction has a taste as sweet As any cordial comfort.-Still, methinks. There is an air comes from her: what fine

chisel me, Could ever yet cut breath? Let no man mock

For I will kiss her! Paul. Good my lord, forbear: The ruddiness upon her lip is wet; You'll mar it if you kiss it; stain your own With oily painting. Shall I draw the curtain? Leon. No, not these twenty years.

Per. So long could I

Stand by, a looker on.

Either forbear, Ouit presently the chapel, or resolve you For more amazement. If you can behold I'll make the statue move indeed, descend

And take you by the hand: but then you'll Lament till I am lost. think,

Which I protest against,-I am assisted By wicked powers.

Leon. I am content to look on: what to speak. I am content to hear; for 'tis as easy To make her speak as move.

Paul. It is requir'd You do awake your faith. Then all stand still; Or those that think it is unlawful business I am about, let them depart.

Leon. Proceed: No foot shall stir.

Paul. Music, awake her: strike!- Music. 'Tis time; descend; be stone no more; approach; Strike all that look upon with marvel. Come; I'll fill your grave up: stir; nay, come away: Bequeath to death your numbness, for from

him My ill suspicion.—This your son-in-law,
Dear life redeems you.—You perceive she And son unto the king,—whom heavens

Start not; her actions shall be as holy as You hear my spell is lawful: do not shun her Lead us from hence; where we may leisurely Until you see her die again; for then When she was young you woo'd her; now in age We were dissever'd: hastily lead away! Is she become the suitor.

What was he that did make it?—See, my lord, | Leon. O, she's warm! [Embracing her. Would you not deem it breath'd? and that If this be magic, let it be an art Lawful as eating.

She embraces him. Pol. Cam. She hangs about his neck:

If she pertain to life, let her speak too. Pol. Ay, and make't manifest where she

has liv'd, Or how stol'n from the dead.

That she is hving, Paul. Were it but told you, should be hooted at Like an old tale; but it appears she lives, Though yet she speak not. Mark a little while.-

Please you to interpose, fair madam: kneel. And pray your mother's blessing .- Turn, good lady;

Our Perdita is found.

[Presenting PER., who kneels to HER. You gods, look down, Her. And from your sacred vials pour your graces Upon my daughter's head!-Tell me, mine own, Where hast thou been preserv'd? where liv'd?

how found? Thy father's court? for thou shalt hear that

Knowing by Paulina that the oracle

Gave hope thou wast in being,-have preserv'u Myself to see the issue.

There's time enough for that; Paul. Lest they desire, upon this push, to trouble Your joys with like relation .- Go together, You precious winners all; your exultation Partake to every one. I, an old turtle, Will wing me to some wither'd bough, and there My mate, that's never to be found again,

Leon. O peace, Paulina! Thou shouldst a husband take by my consent. As I by thine a wife: this is a match What you can make her do And made between'st by vows. Thou hast

found mine: But how, is to be question'd: for I saw her. As I thought, dead; and have, in vain, said many

A prayer upon her grave. I'll not seek far,-For him, I partly know his mind,-to find thee An honourable husband.-Come, Camillo, And take her by the hand, whose worth and honesty

Is richly noted, and here justified By us, a pair of kings.—Let's from this place.— What! look upon my brother:-both your pardons.

That e'er I put between your holy looks

directing, [HERMIONE comes down from the pedestal. Is troth-plight to your daughter .- Good Paulina,

Each one demand, and answer to his part You kill her double. Nay, present your hand: Perform'd in this wide gap of time, since first Exeunt.

THE COMEDY OF ERRORS

PERSONS REPRESENTED

SOLINUS, Duke of Ephesus. ÆGEON, a Merchant of Suracuse.

ANTIPHOLUS OF EPHESUS. ANTIPHOLUS OF SYRACUSE,

DROMIO OF EPHESUS.

Twin Brothers, and LUCIANA, her Sister. DROMIO OF EPHESUS, DROMIO OF SYRACUSE, Attendants on the two

BALTHAZAR, a Merchant. ANCELO, a Goldsmith.

Merchant, Friend to ANTIPHOLUS OF SYRACUSE.

PINCH, a Schoolmaster and a Consurer

Twin Brothers, and sons to ÆGEON and ÆMILIA, but
unknown to each other.

EMILIA, Wife to ÆGEON, an Abbess at
Ephesus.

ADRIANA Wife to ANTIPHOLUS OF EPHESUS

Adriana, Wife to Antipholus of Ephesus LUCE, her Servant.

A Courtezan.

Gaoler, Officers, and other Attendants.

SCENE, -- EPHESUS.

ACT I.

Scene I .- A Hall in the Duke's Palace.

Enter Duke, ÆGEON, Gaoler, Officers, and other Attendants.

Ege. Proceed, Solinus, to procure my fall, And, by the doom of death, end woes and all. Duke. Merchant of Syracusa, plead no more I am not partial to infringe our laws: The enmity and discord which of late Sprung from the rancorous outrage of your duke To merchants, our well-dealing countrymen,-Who, wanting gilders to redeem their lives, Have sealed his rigorous statutes with their bloods,

Excludes all pity from our threat ning looks. For, since the mortal and intestine jars 'Twixt thy seditions countrymen and us, It hath in solemn synods been decreed,

Both by the Syracusans and ourselves, To admit no traffic to our adverse towns: Nay, more, If any born at Ephesus be seen

At any Syracusan marts and fairs,-Again, if any Syracusan born Come to the bay of Ephesus, he dies, His goods confiscate to the duke's dispose; Unless a thousand marks be levied, To quit the penalty and to ransom him. Thy substance, valued at the highest rate,

Cannot amount unto a hundred marks:

Therefore, by law thou art condemn'd to die. Ege. Yet this my comfort,—when your words are done,

My woes end likewise with the evening sun. Duke. Well, Syracusan, say, in brief, the cause

Why thou departedst from thy native home, And for what cause thou cam'st to Ephesus.

Ege. A heavier task could not have been impos'd

Than I to speak my griefs unspeakable! Yet, that the world may witness that my end Was wrought by nature, not by vile offence, I'll utter what my sorrow gives me leave. In Syracusa was I born; and wed Unto a woman, happy but for me, And by me too, had not our hap been bad. With her I liv'd in joy; our wealth increas'd By prosperous voyages I often made To Epidamnum, till my factor's death, And he, -great care of goods at random left,-Drew me from kind embracements of my spouse:

From whom my absence was not six months Before herself,-almost at fainting under The pleasing punishment that women bear,-Had made provision for her following me, And soon and safe arrived where I was. There she had not been long but she became A joyful mother of two goodly sons; And, which was strange, the one so like the other

As could not be distinguish'd but by names. That very hour, and in the self-same inn, A poor mean woman was delivered Of such a burden, male twins, both alike: Those, -fortheir parents were exceeding poor, I bought, and brought up to attend my sons. My wife, not meanly proud of two such boys, Made daily motions for our home return: Unwilling I agreed; alas, too soon! We came aboard:

A league from Epidamnum had we sail'd Before the always-wind-obeying deep Gave any tragic instance of our harm; But longer did we not retain much hope: For what obscured light the heavens did grant Did but convey unto our fearful minds A doubtful warrant of immediate death; Which, though myself would gladly have embrac'd,

Yet the incessant weepings of my wife, Weeping before for what she saw must come, And piteous plainings of the pretty babes, That mourn'd for fashion, ignorant what to fear.

Forc'd me to seek delays for them and me. And this it was, -for other means was none.-The sailors sought for safety by our boat And left the ship, then sinking-ripe, to us: My wife, more careful for the latter-born Had fasten'd him unto a small spare mast, Such as sea-faring men provide for storms: To him one of the other twins was bound, Whilst I had been like heedful of the other. The children thus dispos'd, my wife and I, Fixing our eyes on whom our care was fix'd. Fasten'd ourselves at either end the mast; And floating straight, obedient to the stream Were carried towards Corinth, as we thought. At length the sun, gazing upon the earth, Dispers'd those vapours that offended us; And, by the benefit of his wish'd light, The seas war'd calm, and we discovered Two ships from far making amain to us,-Of Corinth that, of Epidaurus this: But ere they came, -O, let me say no more!-Gather the sequel by that went before.

Duke. Nay; forward, old man, do not break off so;

For we may pity, though not pardon thee.

Ege. O, had the gods done so, I had not now Worthily term'd them merciless to us! For, ere the ships could meet by twice five leagues,

We were encounter'd by a mighty rock, Which being violently borne upon. Our helpful ship was splitted in the midst: So that, in this unjust divorce of us, Fortune had left to both of us alike What to delight in, what to sorrow for. Her part, poor soul! seeming as burdened With lesser weight, but not with lesser woe Was carried with more speed before the wind: And in our sight they three were taken up By fishermen of Corinth, as we thought. At length another ship had seiz'd on us: And, knowing whom it was their hap to save Gave helpful welcome to their shipwreck'd guests;

And would have reft the fishers of their prey, Had not their bark been very slow of sail And therefore homeward did they bend their course .-

Thus have you heard me sever'd from my bliss; That by misfortunes was my life prolong'd, To tell sad stories of my own mishaps

Duke. And, for the sake of them thou sorrowest for.

Do me the favour to dilate at full What hath befall'n of them and thee till now. Ege. My youngest boy, and yet my eldest At eighteen years became inquisitive care, After his brother, and importun'd me That his attendant,—for his case was like, Reft of his brother, but retain'd his name, Might bear him company in the quest of him: Whom whilst I labour'd of a love to see, I hazarded the loss of whom I lov'd. Five summers have I spent in furthest Greece, Roaming clean through the bounds of Asia, And, coasting homeward, came to Ephesus; Hopeless to find, yet loath to leave unsought Or that of any place that harbours men. But here must end the story of my life; And happy were I in my timely death Could all my travels warrant me they live.

Duke. Hapless Ægeon, whom the fates have mark'd

To bear the extremity of dire mishap! Now, trust me, were it not against our laws, Against my crown, my oath, my dignity, Which princes, would they, may not disannul, My soul should sue as advocate for thee. But though thou art adjudged to the death, And passed sentence may not be recall'd But to our honour's great disparagement, Yet will I favour thee in what I can: Therefore, merchant, I'll limit thee this day To seek thy help by beneficial help: Try all the friends thou hast in Ephesus: Beg thou, or borrow, to make up the sum, And live; if not, then thou art doom'd to die.— Gaoler, take him to thy custody. Gaol. I will, my lord.

Eac. Hopeless and helpless doth Egeon wend.

But to procrastinate his lifeless end. [Excunt.

Scene II .- A public Place.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS and DROMIO OF SYRACUSE, and a Merchant.

Mer. Therefore, give out you are of Epi-

Lest that your goods too soon be confiscate. This very day a Syracusan merchant Is apprehended for arrival here; And, not being able to buy out his life, According to the statute of the town, Dies ere the weary sun set in the west.—There is your money that I had to keep.

Ant. S. Go bear it to the Centaur, where we host.

And stay there, Dromio, till I come to thee. Within this hour it will be dinner-time: Till that, I'll view the manners of the town, Peruse the traders, gaze upon the buildings, And then return and sleep within mine inn; For with long travel I am stiff and weary.—Get thee away.

Dro. S. Many a man would take you at your word

And go indeed, having so good a mean.

Exit Dromio S

Ant. S. A trusty villain, sur, that very oft, When I am dull with care and melancholy, Lightens my humour with his merry jests. What, will you walk with me about the town, And then go to my inn and dine with me?

Mer. I am invited, sir, to certain merchants, Of whom I hope to make much benefit: I crave your pardon. Soon, at five o'clock, Please you, I'll meet with you upon the mart, And afterwards consort you until bed-time: My present business calls me from you now.

Ant. S. Farewell till then: I will go lose

myself,

And wander up and down to view the city.

Mer. Sir, I commend you to your own content.

[Exit Merchant.

Ant. S. He that commends me to mine own

content,
Commends me to the thing I cannot get.
I to the world am like a drop of water
That in the ocean seeks another drop;
Who, failing there to find his fellow forth,
Unseen, inquisitive, confounds himself:
So I, to find a mother and a brother,
In quest of them, unhappy, lose myself.

Enter DROMIO OF EPHESUS.

Here comes the almanac of my true date.— What now? How chance thou art return'd so soon?

Dro. E. Return'd so soon! rather approach'd too late:

The capon burns, the pig falls from the spit,
The clock hath strucken twelve upon the bell—
My mistress made it one upon my cheek:
She is so hot because the meat is cold;
The meat is cold because you come not home;
You come not home because you have no
stomach;

You have no stomach, having broke your fast; But we, that know what 'tis to fast and pray, Are penitent for your default to-day. Ant. S. Stop—in your wind, sir; tell me this, I pray;

Where have you left the money that I gave you?

Dro. E. O,—surpence that I had o'Wednesday last

To pay the saddler for my mistress' crupper;— The saddler had it, sir, I kept it not

Ant. S I am not in a sportive humour now: Tell me, and daily not, where is the money? We being strangers here, how dar'st thou trust So great a charge from thine own custody?

Dro E. I pray you, jest, sir, as you sit at dinner:

I from my mistress come to you in post: If I return, I shall be post indeed; For she will score your fault upon my pate. Methinks your maw, like mine, should be your

clock,
And strike you home without a messenger.
Ant. S. Come, Dromio, come, these jests are

out of season;
Reserve them till a merrier hour than this.

Where is the gold I gave in charge to thee?

Dro. E. To me, sir? why, you gave no gold

to me!

Ant. S. Come on, sir knave; have done your

foolishness,
And tell me how thou hast dispos'd thy charge.

Dro. E. My charge was but to fetch you from

the mart

Home to your house, the Phoenix, sir, to dinner:

My mistress and her sister stay for you.

Ant S. Now, as I am a Christian, answer me
In what safe place you have bestow'd my

money: Or I shall break that merry sconce of yours, That stands on tricks when I am undispos'd;

Where is the thousand marks thou hadst of me?

Dro. E. I have some marks of yours upon my
pate,

Some of my mistress' marks upon my shoulders, But not a thousand marks between you both.— If I should pay your worship those again, Parchare you will not hear than parently

Perchance you will not bear them patiently.

Ant. S. Thy mistress' marks! what mistress, slave, hast thou?

Dro. E. Your worship's wife, my mistress at the Phoemx;

She that doth fast till you come home to dinner, And prays that you will hie you home to dinner. Ant. S. What, wilt thou flout me thus unto

my face,
Being forbid? There, take you that, sir knave.
Dro. E. What mean you, sir? for God's sake,

hold your hands: Nay, an you will not, sir, I'll take my heels.

[Exit Dromio E.

Ant. S. Upon my life, by some device or other,

The villan is o'er-raught of all my money. They say this town is full of covenage;
As, nimble jugglers that deceive the eye,
Dark-working sorcerers that change the mind,
Soul-killing witches that deform the body,
Disguised cheaters, prating mountebanks,
And many such-like liberties of sin:
If it prove so, I will be gone the sooner.
Pil to the Centaur, to go seek this slave:
I greatly fear my money is not safe.

[Exit.

ACT II.

Scene I .- A public Place.

Enter ADRIANA and LUCIANA.

Adr. Neither my husband nor the slave return'd,

That in such haste I sent to seek his master!
Sure, Luciana, it is two o'clock. [him,

Luc. Perhaps some merchant hath invited And from the mart he's somewhere gone to dinner.

Good sister, let us dine, and never fret:

A man is master of his liberty;

Time is their master; and, when they see time, They'll go or come. If so, be patient, sister. Adr. Why should their liberty than ours be

more? [door.
Luc. Because their business still lies out o'
Adr. Look, when I serve him so, he takes it

Luc. O, know he is the bridle of your will.

Adr. There's none but asses will be bridled

Luc. Why, headstrong liberty is lash'd with There's nothing situate under heaven's eye But hath his bound in earth, in sea, in sky: The heasts, the fishes, and the winged fowls, Are their males' subject, and at their controls: Men, more divine, the masters of all these, Lords of the wide world and wild wat'ry seas, Indued with intellectual sense and souls Of more pre-eminence than fish and fowls, Are masters to their females, and their lords: Then let your will attend on their accords.

Adv. This servitude makes you to keep unwed. [bed. Luc. Not this, but troubles of the marriage-

Adr. But, were you wedded, you would bear some sway.

Luc. Fre I learn love. Pil practice to obey

Luc. Ere I learn love, Pil practise to obey.

Adv. How if your husband start some other
where?

Luc. Till he come home again I would forbear.

Adr. Patience unmov'd, no marvel though she pause:

They can be meek that have no other cause. A wretched soul, bruis'd with adversity, We bid be quiet when we hear it cry;

But were we burden'd with like weight of pain, As much, or more, we should ourselves complain: [thee,

So thou, that hast no unkind mate to grieve With urging helpless patience wouldst relieve me:

But if thou live to see like right bereft, This fool-begg'd patience in thee will be left. Luc. Well, I will marry one day, but to try:— Here comes your man, now is your husband

nigh.

Enter Dromio of Ephesus.

Adr. Say, is your tardy master now at hand?

Dro. E Nay, he is at two hands with me, and that my two ears can witness.

Adr. Say, didst thou speak with him? know'st thou his mind?

Dro. E. Ay, ay, he told his mind upon mine ear. Beshrew his hand, I scarce could understand it.

Luc. Spake he so doubtfully thou couldst not feel his meaning?

Dro. E. Nay, he struck so plainly I could too well feel his blows; and withal so doubtfully that I could scarce understand them.

Adr. But say, I pr'ythee, is he coming home? It seems he hath great care to please his wife.

Dro. E. Why, mistress, sure my master is horn-mad.

Adr. Horn-mad, thou villain?

Dro. E. I mean not cuckold-mad; but, sure, he's stark-mad. When I desir'd him to come home to dinner,

He ask'd me for a thousand marks in gold:
'It's dunier-time, quoth 1; My gold, quoth he:
'Vour meat doit burn, quoth 1; My gold, quoth he:
Will you come home? quoth 1; My gold, quoth he:
Where is the thousand marks I gave thee, villain?
The pig, quoth 1, is burn'd; My gold, quoth he:
My mistress, sir, quoth 1; Hang up thy mistress;
I know not thy mistress; out on thy mistress!

Luc. Quoth who? Dro. E. Quoth my master:

I know; quoth he, no house, no wife, no mistress: So that my errand, due unto my tongue, I thank him, I bare home upon my shoulders;

For, in conclusion, he did beat me there.

Adr. Go back again, thou slave, and fetch
him home. [home?

Dro. E. Go back again! and be new beaten For God's sake, send some other messenger.

Adr. Back, slave, or I will break thy pate

across. [other beating; Dro. E. And he will bless that cross with

Between you I shall have a holy head.

Adr. Hence, prating peasant; fetch thy master home.

Dro. E. Am I so round with you, as you with That like a football you do spurn me thus?
You spurn me hence, and he will spurn me

hither:
If I last in this service you must case me in leather.

leather. [Exit. Luc. Fie, how impatience low'reth in your face!

Adr. His company must do his minions grace, Whilst I at home starve for a merry look. Hath homely age the alluring heauty took From my poor cheek? then he hath wasted it: Are my discourses dull? barren my wit? If voluble and sharp discourse be marr'd, Unkindness blunts it more than marble hard: Do their gay vestments his affections bait? That's not my fault, he's master of my state: What ruins are in me that can be found By him not ruin'd? then is he the ground Of my defeatures; my decayed fair A sunny look of his would soon repair; But, too unruly deer, he breaks the pale And feeds from home; poor I am but his stale.

And feeds from home; poor I am but his stale.

Luc. Self-harming jealousyl—fie, beat it hence. [dispense.

Adr. Unfeeling fools can with such wrongs I know his eye doth homage otherwhere; Or else what lets it but he would be here? Sister, you know he promis'd me a chain;—Would that alone, alone he would detain, So he would keep fair quarter with his bed! I see the jewel best enamelled

Will lose his beauty; and though gold 'bides still

That others touch, yet often touching will Wear gold; and so no man that hath a name But falsehood and corruption doth it shame. Since that my beauty cannot please his eye, I'll weep what's left away, and, weeping, die.

Luc. How many fond fools serve mad jealousy! Exeunt.

SCENE II .- The same.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS OF SYRACUSE.

Ant. S. The gold I gave to Dromio is laid up Safe at the Centaur; and the heedful slave Is wander'd forth in care to seek me out. By computation and mine host's report I could not speak with Dromio since at first I sent him from the mart. See, here he comes.

Enter DROMIO OF SYRACUSE.

How now, sir! is your merry humour alter'd? As you love strokes, so jest with me again. You know no Centaur? you receiv'd no gold? Your mistress sent to have me home to dinner? My house was at the Phoenix? Wast thou mad. That thus so madly thou didst answer me?

a word?

Ant. S. Even now, even here, not half-anhour since.

Dro. S. I did not see you since you sent me hence,

Home to the Centaur with the gold you gave me. Ant. S. Villain, thou didst deny the gold's receipt:

And told'st me of a mistress and a dinner; For which, I hope, thou felt'st I was displeas'd. Dro. S. I am glad to see you in this merry vein:

[me. What means this jest? I pray you, master, tell Ant. S. Yea, dost thou jeer and flout me in

the teeth? Think'st thou I jest? Hold, take thou that, [Beating him. and that.

Dro. S. Hold, sir, for God's sake: now your jest is earnest:

Upon what bargain do you give it me?

Ant. S. Because that I familiarly sometimes Do use you for my fool, and chat with you, Your sauciness will jest upon my love,

And make a common of my serious hours. When the sun shines let foolish gnats make

sport, But creep in crannies when he hides his beams. If you will jest with me, know my aspect, And fashion your demeanour to my looks, Or I will beat this method in your sconce.

Dro. S. Sconce, call you it? so you would leave battering, I had rather have it a head: an you use these blows long, I must get a sconce for my head, and ensconce it too; or else I shall seek my wit in my shoulders .- But, I pray sir, why am I beaten

Ant. S. Dost thou not know?

Dro. S. Nothing, sir; but that I am beaten.

Ant. S. Shall I tell you why?

Dro. S. Ay, sir, and wherefore; for, they say, But, soft! who wafts us yonder? every why hath a wherefore,

Ant. S. Why, first,-for flouting me; and then, wherefore,

For urging it the second time to me.

Dro S. Was there ever any man thus beaten out of season,

When in the why and the wherefore is neither rhyme nor reason?-

Well, sir, I thank you.

Ant. S. Thank me, sir! for what? Dro. S. Marry, sir, for this something that

you gave me for nothing. Ant. S. I'll make you amends next, to give you nothing for something.—But say, sir, is it,

dinner-time? [that I have. Dro. S. No, sir; I think the meat wants Ant. S. In good time, sir, what's that?

Dro. S. Basting.

Ant. S. Well, sir, then 'twill be dry.

Dro. S. If it be, sir, I pray you eat none of it.

Ant. S. Your reason?

Dro. S. Lest it make you choleric, and pur-

chase me another dry basting. Ant. S. Well, sir, learn to jest in good time:

There's a time for all things.

Dro. S. I durst have denied that before you were so choleric.

Ant. S. By what rule, sir?

Dro. S. Marry, sir, by a rule as plain as the Dro. S. What answer, sur? when spake I such plain bald pate of Father Time himself.

Ant. S. Let's hear it.

Dro. S. There's no time for a man to re-

cover his hair, that grows bald by nature. Ant. S. May he not do it by fine and recovery? Dro. S. Yes, to pay a fine for a peruke, and

recover the lost hair of another man. Ant. S. Why is Time such a niggard of hair,

being, as it is, so plentiful an excrement? Dro. S. Because it is a blessing that he bestows on beasts: and what he hath scanted

men in hair he hath given them in wit. Ant. S. Why, but there's many a man hath

more hair than wit. Dro. S. Not a man of those but he hath the

wit to lose his hair.

Ant. S. Why, thou didst conclude hairy men plain dealers without wit.

Dro. S. The plainer dealer the sooner lost: vet he loseth it in a kind of jollity.

Ant. S. For what reason?

Dro. S. For two; and sound ones too.

Ant. S. Nay, not sound, I pray you.

Dro. S. Sure ones, then.

Ant. S. Nay, not sure, in a thing falsing. Dro. S. Certain ones, then.

Ant. S. Name them.

Dro. S. The one, to save the money that he spends in tiring; the other, that at dinner they should not drop in his porridge.

Ant. S. You would all this time have proved there is no time for all things.

Dro. S. Marry, and did, sir; namely, no time to recover hair lost by nature.

Ant. S. But your reason was not substantial

why there is no time to recover Dro. S. Thus I mend it: Time himself is bald, and, therefore, to the world's end will

have bald followers. Ant. S. I knew 'twould be a bald conclusion:

Enter ADRIANA and LUCIANA.

Adr. Ay, ay, Antipholus, look strange and frown;

Some other mistress hath thy sweet aspects: I am not Adriana, nor thy wife. Ivow The time was, once, when thou unurg'd wouldst That never words were music to thine ear. That never object pleasing in thine eye, That never touch well welcome to thy hand, That never meat sweet-savour'd in thy taste, Unless I spake, look'd, touch'd, or carv'd to thee.

How comes it now, my husband, oh, how comesit.

That thou are then estranged from thyself? Thyself I call it, being strange to me, That, undividable, incorporate Am better than thy dear self's better part. Ah, do not tear away thy self from me: For know, my love, as easy mayst thou fall A drop of water in the breaking gulf, And take unmingled thence that drop again, Without addition or diminishing, As take from me thyself, and not me too. How dearly would it touch thee to the quick Shouldst thou but hear I were licentious. And that this body, consecrate to thee, By ruffian lust should be contaminate! Wouldst thou not spit at me, and spurn at me. And hurl the name of husband in my face, And tear the stain'd skin off my harlot brow. And from my false hand cut the wedding-ring, And break it with a deep-divorcing vow? I know thou canst; and, therefore, see thou do it.

I am possess'd with an adulterate blot; My blood is mingled with the crime of lust: For if we two be one, and thou play false, I do digest the poison of thy flesh, Being strumpeted by thy contagion. [bed; Keep then fair league and truce with thy true I live dis-stain'd, thou undishonoured. Ant. S. Plead you to me, fair dame?

know you not:

In Ephesus I am but two hours old, As strange unto your town as to your talk; Who, every word by all my wit being scann'd, Want wit in all one word to understand.

with you: When were you wont to use my sister thus? She sent for you by Dromio home to dinner.

Ant. S. By Dromio? Dro. S. By me?

Adr. By thee; and this thou didst return from him,-

That he did buffet thee, and in his blows Denied my house for his, me for his wife. Ant. S. Did you converse, sir, with this

gentlewoman? What is the course and drift of your compact? Dro. S. I, sir? I never saw her till this time. Ant. S. Villain, thou hest; for even her very words

Didst thou deliver to me on the mart.

Dro. S. I never spake with her in all my life. Ant. S. How can she thus, then, call us by our names,

Unless it be by inspiration?

Adr. How ill agrees it with your gravity To counterfeit thus grossly with your slave, Abetting him to thwart me in my mood! Be it my wrong, you are from me exempt,

But wrong not that wrong with a more contempt. Come, I will fasten on this sleeve of thine: Thou art an elm, my husband, I a vine. Whose weakness, married to thy stronger state. Makes me with thy strength to communicate: If aught possess thee from me, it is dross. Usurping ivy, brier, or idle moss; Who, all for want of pruning, with intrusion Infect thy sap, and live on thy confusion.

Ant. S. To me she speaks; she moves me

for her theme: What, was I marned to her in my dreams?

Or sleep I now, and think I hear all this? What error drives our eyes and ears amiss? Until I know this sure uncertainty I'll entertain the offer'd fallacy.

Luc. Dromio, go bid the servants spread for

dinner. Dro. S. O for my beads! I cross me for a This is the fairy land; -O spite of spites! We talk with goblins, owls, and elvish sprites: If we obey them not, this will ensue, They'll suck our breath, or punch us black and

Luc. Why prat'st thou to thyself, and an-swer'st not? [sot] Dromio, thou drone, thou snail, thou slug, thou

Dro. S. I am transformed, master, am not I?
Ant. S. I think thou art, in mind, and so am I.
Dro. S. Nay, master, both in mind and in my shape.

Ant. S. Thou hast thine own form.

Dro. S. No, I am an ape. Luc. If thou art chang'd to aught, 'tis to an ass. [for grass. Dro. S. 'Tis true; she rides me, and I long

'Tis so, I am an ass; else it could never be But I should know her as well as she knows me.

Adr. Come, come, no longer will I be a fool, To put the finger in the eye and weep, Whilst man and master laugh my woes to

scorn.gate:-Come, sir, to dinner;—Dromio, keep the Husband, I'll dine above with you to-day, And shrive you of a thousand idle pranks:-Sirrah, if any ask you for your master, Luc. Fie, brother! how the world is chang'd | Say he dines forth, and let no creature enter. Come, sister:-Dromio, play the porter well.

Ant. S. Am I in earth, in heaven, or in hell? Sleeping or waking? mad, or well advis'd? Known unto these, and to myself disguis'd? I'll say as they say, and persever so, And in this mist at all adventures go.

Dro. S. Master, shall I be porter at the gate? Adr. Ay; and let none enter, lest I break

your pate.
Luc. Come, come, Antipholus, we dine too Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I .- The same.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS OF EPHESUS, DROMIO OF EPHESUS, ANGELO, and BALTHAZAR.

Ant. E. Good Signior Angelo, you must excuse us all. My wife is shrewish when I keep not hours:

Say that I linger'd with you at your shop To see the making of her carcanet, And that to-morrow you will bring it home. But here's a villain that would face me down. He met me on the mart; and that I beat him, And charg'd him with a thousand marks in gold And that I did deny my wife and house:-

Thou drunkard, thou, what didst thou mean by this?

what I know: That you beat me at the mart I have your

hand to show:

If the skin were parchment, and the blows you gave were ink, think.

Your own handwriting would tell you what I Ant. E. I think thou art an ass.

Marry, so it doth appear By the wrongs I suffer and the blows I bear. I should kick, being kick'd; and, being at that

[an ass. You would keep from my heels, and beware of Ant. E. You are sad, Signior Balthazar,

pray God, our cheer [come here. May answer my good-will and your good wel-Bal. I hold your dainties cheap, sir, and your welcome dear.

Ant. E. O, Signior Balthazar, either at flesh or fish,

A table full of welcome makes scarce one dainty dish.

Bal. Good meat, sir, is common; that every churl affords.

Ant. E. And welcome more common; for that's nothing but words.

Bal. Small cheer and great welcome makes a merry feast. [sparing guest.

Ant. E. Ay, to a niggardly host and more But though my cates be mean, take them in good part; heart.

Better cheer may you have, but not with better But, soft; my door is lock'd: go bid them let us in. [Gilban, Jen!

Dro. E. Maud, Bridget, Marian, Cicely, Dro. S. [Within] Mome, malt-horse, capon, coxcomb, idiot, patch! Either get thee from the door or sit down at

the hatch:

Dost thou conjure for wenches, that thou call'st for such store. the door. When one is one too many? Go, get thee from

Dro. E. What patch is made our porter? My master stays in the street.

Dro. S. Let him walk from whence he came, lest he catch cold on's feet.

Ant. E. Who talks within there? ho, open the door.

Dro. S. Right, sir, I'll tell you when an you'll tell me wherefore. Ant. E. Wherefore! for my dinner: I have

not dined to-day. Dro. S. Nor to-day here you must not;

come again when you may. Ant. E. What art thou that keep'st me out

from the house I owe? Dro. S. The porter for this time, sir, and

my name is Dromio. Dro. E. O villain, thou hast stolen both mine office and my name; blame.

The one ne'er got me credit, the other mickle If thou hadst been Dromio to-day in my place, Thou wouldst have chang'd thy face for a name, or thy name for an ass.

Luce. [Within.] What a coil is there! Dromio, who are those at the gate? Dro. E. Let my master in, Luce.

Faith, no; he comes too late; Luce.

And so tell your master O Lord, I must laugh;-Dro. E.

Dro. E. Say what you will, sir, but I know Have at you with a proverb .- Shall I set in my staff?

Luce. Have at you with another: that's,-When? can you tell?

Dro. S. If thy name be called Luce,-Luce, thou hast answer'd him well.

Ant. E. Do you hear, you minion? you'll let us in, I hope?

Luce. I though to have ask'd you.

Dro. S. And you said no. Dro. E. So, come, help: well struck; there

was blow for blow. Ant. E. Thou baggage, let me in.

Luce. Can you tell for whose sake? Dro. E. Master, knock the door hard.

Luce Let him knock till it ache. Ant. E. You'll cry for this, minion, if I beat the door down.

Luce. What needs all that, and a pair of stocks in the town?

Adr. [Within.] Who is that at the door, that keeps all this noise?

Dro. S. By my troth, your town is troubled with unruly boys.

Ant. E. Are you there, wife? you might have come before. [the door. Adr. Your wife, sir knave! go, get you from Dro. E. If you went in pain, master, this

knave would go sore. Ang. Here is neither cheer, sir, nor welcome: we would fain have either.

Bal. In debating which was best, we shall part with neither.

Dro. E. They stand at the door, master; bid them welcome hither.

Ant. E. There is something in the wind, that we cannot get in.

Dro. E. You would say so, master, if your garments were thin.

Your cake here is warm within; you stand here in the cold:

It would make a man mad as a buck, to be so bought and sold.

Ant. E. Go, fetch me somthing, I'll break ope the gate.

Dro. S. Break any breaking here, and I'll break your knave's pate.

Dro. E. A man may break a word with you, sır; and words are but wind,

Ay, and break it in your face, so he break it not behind.

Dro. S. It seems thou wantest breaking; out upon thee, hind!

Dro. E. Here's too much out upon thee: I

pray thee, let me in. Dro. S. Ay, when fowls have no feathers and fish have no fin.

Ant. E. Well, I'll break in; go borrow me a crow.

Dro. E. A crow without a feather; master, [a feather: mean you so? For a fish without a fin there's a fowl without

If a crow help us in, sirrah, we'll pluck a crow together.

crow.

Bal. Have patience, sir: O, let it not be so: Herein you war against your reputation, And draw within the compass of suspect The unviolated honour of your wife. Once this,-your long experience of her wisdom Her sober virtue, years, and modesty, Plead on her part some cause to you unknown; And doubt not, sir, but she will well excuse Why at this time the doors are made against you. Be rul'd by me; depart in patience, And let us to the Tiger all to dinnner: And, about evening, come yourself alone, To know the reason of this strange restraint. If by strong hand you offer to break in, Now in the stirring passage of the day, A vulgar comment will be made of it; And that supposed by the common rout Against your yet ungalled estimation, That may with foul intrusion enter in, And dwell upon your grave when you are dead: For slander lives upon succession, For ever hous'd where it once gets possession.

Ant. E. You have prevail'd. I will depart

in quiet, And, in despite of mirth, mean to be merry. I know a wench of excellent discourse,-Pretty and witty; wild, and yet, too, gentle;— There will we dine: this woman that I mean, My wife,-but, I protest, without desert,-And fetch the chain: by this, I know, 'tis made:

Bring it, I way you, to the Porcupine;
For there's the house-the house-the chain: by the chain of the chain of the chain. For there's the house; that chain will I bestow, Be it for nothing but to spite my wife, Upon mine hostess there: good sir, make haste: He gains by death that hath such means to Since mine own doors refuse to entertain me I'll knock elsewhere, to see if they'll disdain

Ang. I'll meet you at that place some hour Ant. E. Do so; this jest shall cost me some expense. Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same.

Enter LUCIANA and ANTIPHOLUS OF SYRACUSE.

Luc. And may it be that you have quite for-

A husband's office? Shall, Antipholus, hate, Even in the spring of love, thy love-springs rot? Shall love, in building, grow so ruinate? If you did wed my sister for her wealth,

The, for her wealth's sake, use her with more kindness:

Or, if you like elsewhere, do it by stealth; Muffle your false love with some show of blindness:

Let not my sister read it in your eye;

Be not thy tongue thy own shame's orator; Look sweet, speak fair, become disloyalty; Apparel vice like virtue's harbinger:

Bear a fair presence though your heart betainted; Teach sin the carriage of a holy saint; Be secret-false: what need she be acquainted?

What simple thief brags of his own attaint? Tis double wrong, to truant with your bed And let her read it in thy looks at board:-

Ant. E. Go, get thee gone; fetch me an iron Shame hath a bastard-fame, well managed: Ill deeds are doubled with an evil word. Alas, poor woman! make us but believe.

Being compact of credit, that you love us: Though others have the arm, show us the sleeve: We in your motion turn, and you may move

us.

Then, gentle brother, get you in again; Comfort my sister, cheer her, call her wife: 'Tis holy sport to be a little vain strife. When the sweet breath of flattery conquers Ant. S. Sweet mistress,-what your name is else, I know not.

Nor by what wonder do you hit on mine.-Less, in your knowledge and your grace, you show not

Than our earth's wonder; more than earth Teach me, dear creature, how to think and speak;

Lay open to my earthly gross conceit, Smother'd in errors, feeble, shallow, weak, The folded meaning of your words' deceit. Against my soul's pure truth why labour you To make it wander in an unknown field?

Are you a god? would you create me new? Transform me, then, and to your power I'll yield.

But if that I am I, then well I know Your weeping sister is no wife of mine. Nor to her bed no homage do I owe: Far more, far more, to you do I decline.

O, train me not, sweet mermaid, with thy note,

Spread o'er the silver waves thy golden hairs, And as a bed I'll take thee, and there lie: And, in that glorious supposition, think

die Let love, being light, be drowned if she sink! Luc. What, are you mad, that you do reason

Ant. S. Not mad, but mated; how, I do not know.

Luc. It is a fault that springeth from your

eye.

Ant. S. For gazing on your beams, fair sun, being by.

Luc. Gaze where you should, and that will clear your sight. Ant. S. As good to wink, sweet love, as look

on night.

Luc. Why call you me love? call my sister so.
Ant. S. Thy sister's sister.

Luc. That's my sister. Ant. S. It is thyself, mine own self's better part:

Mine eye's clear eye, my dear heart's dearer heart:

My food, my fortune, and my sweet hope's aim. My sole earth's heaven, and my heaven's claim. Luc. All this my sister is, or else should be. Ant. S. Call thyself sister, sweet, for I aim

thee: Thee will I love, and with thee lead my life: Thou hast no husband yet, nor I no wife; Give me thy hand.

Luc. O soft, sir, hold you still; I'll fetch my sister, to get her good-will. Exit LUCIANA. Enter from the House of ANTIPHOLUS OF EPHESUS, DROMIO OF SYRACUSE.

runn'st thou so fast?

Dro. S. Do you know me, sir? am I Dromio? am I your man? am I myself?

Ant. S. Thou art Dromio, thou art my man, thou art thyself.

Dro. S. I am an ass, I am a woman's man. and beside myself.

Ant. S. What woman's man? and how beside thyself?

Dro. S. Marry, sir, beside myself, I am due to a woman; one that claims me, one that

haunts me, one that will have me.

Ant. S. What claim lays she to thee?

Dro. S. Marry sir, such claim as you would lay to your horse: and she would have me as a beast; not that, I being a beast, she would have me; but that she, being a very beastly creature. lays claim to me.

Ant. S. What is she?

Dro. S. A very reverent body; ay, such a one as a man may not speak of without he say sir-reverence: I have but lean luck in the match, and yet she is a wondrous fat marriage.

Ant. S. How dost thou mean?—a fat mar-

riage?

Dro. S. Marry, sir, she's the kitchen-wench, and all grease; and I know not what use to put her to, but to make a lamp of her, and run from her by her own light. I warrant, her rags, and the tallow in them, will burn a Poland winter: if she lives till doomsday, she'll burn a week longer than the whole world.

Ant. S. What complexion is she of? Dro. S. Swart, like my shoe; but her face

nothing like so clean kept: for why? she sweats, a man may go over shoes in the grime of it.

Ant. S. That's a fault that water will mend. Dro. S. No, sir, 'tis in grain; Noah's flood could not do it.

Ant. S. What's her name?

Dro. S. Nell, sir; -but her name and threequarters, that is an ell and three-quarters, will not measure her from hip to hip.

Ant. S. Then she bears some breadth? Dro. S. No longer from head to foot than from hip to hip: she is spherical, like a globe:

I could find out countries in her. Ant. S. In what part of her body stands Ire-

Dro. S. Marry, sir, in her buttocks: I found

it out by the bogs.

And soon at supper-une 1 in 1825 July And Soon at supper-une 1 in 1825 July And Soon at supper-une 1 in 1825 July And then receive my money for the chain.

Ant. S. I pray you, sir, receive the money in the palm of the hand.

Ant. S. Where France?

verted, making war against her hair.

Ant. S. Where England? Dro. S. I looked for the chalky cliffs, but I could find no whiteness in them: but I guess it stood in her chin, by the salt rheum that ran between France and it.

Ant. S. Where Spain?

Dro. S. Faith, I saw it not; but I felt it hot

in her breath.

Ant. S. Where America?-the Indies?

Dro. S. O, sir, upon her nose, all o'er embellished with rubies, carbuncles, sapphires, declining their rich aspect to the hot breath of Ant. S. Why, how now, Dromio? where Spain; who sent whole armadas of carracks to bé ballast at her nose.

Ant. S. Where stood Belgia, -the Nether-

lands?

THE COMEDY OF ERRORS

Dro. S. O, sir, I did not look so low .-- To conclude, this drudge or diviner laid claim to me; called me Dromio; swore I was assured to her; told me what privy marks I had about me, as the mark of my shoulder, the mole in my neck, the great wart on my left arm, that I, amazed, ran from her as a witch: and. think, if my breast had not been made of faith and my heart of steel, she had transformed me to a curtail-dog, and made me turn i' the wheel. road;

Ant. S. Go, hie thee presently post to the And if the wind blow any way from shore, I will not harbour in this town to-night. If any bark put forth, come to the mart, Where I will walk till thou return to me. If every one knows us, and we know none, 'Tis time, I think, to trudge, pack, and be gone.

Dro. S. As from a bear a man would run for lıfe,

So fly I from her that would be my wife.

Exit. Ant. S. There's none but witches do inhabit here:

And therefore 'tis high time that I were hence. She that doth call me husband, even my soul Doth for a wife abhor; but her fair sister, Possess'd with such a gentle sovereign grace, Of such enchanting presence and discourse, Hath almost made me traitor to myself: But, lest myself be guilty to self-wrong, I'll stop mine ears against the mermaid's song.

Enter ANGELO.

Ang. Master Antipholus?

Ant. S. Ay, that's my name. [chain; Ang. I know it well, sir. Lo, here is the I thought to have ta'en you at the Porcupine: The chain unfinish'd made me stay thus long Ant. S. What is your will that I shall do with

this? Ang. What please yourself, sir; I have made

it for you. Ant. S. Made it for me, sir! I bespoke it not. Ang. Not once nor twice, but twenty times you have:

Go home with it, and please your wife withal;

now,

Dro. S. In her forehead; armed and re- For fear you ne'er see chain nor money more. Ang. You are a merry man, sir; fare you well. Exit.

Ant. S. What I should think of this I cannot tell:

But this I think, there's no man is so vain That would refuse so fair an offer'd chain. I see a man here needs not live by shifts. When in the street he meets such golden gifts. I'll to the mart, and there for Dromio stay; If any ship put out, then straight away. [Exit

ACT IV.

Scene I .- The same.

Enter a Merchant, ANGELO, and an Officer.

Mer. You know, since Pentecost the sum is

due,
And since I have not much importun'd you;
Nor now I had not, but that I am bound
To Persia, and want gilders for my voyage;
Therefore make present satisfaction,
Or Fll attach you by this officer.

Or I'll attach you by this officer.

Ang. Even just the sum that I do owe to you Is growing to me by Antipholus;
And in the instant that I met with you He had of me a chair, at five o'clock I shall receive the money for the same:
Pleaseth you walk with me down to his house I will discharge my bond, and thank you too.

Enter Antipholus of Ephesus, and Dromio of Ephesus.

Off. That labour may you save: see where he comes. [go thou

Ant. E. While I go to the goldsmith's house,
And buy a rope's end; that will I bestow
Among my wife and her confederates,
For locking me out of doors by day.—
But, soft; I see the goldsmith: get thee gone;
Buy thou a rope, and bring it home to me.
Dro. E. I buy a thousand pound a year! I

buy a rope! [Exit Dromio.

Ant. E. A man is well help up that trusts

to you:

I promised your presence, and the chain;
But neither chain nor goldsmith came to me:
Belike you thought our love would last too long,

If it were channed together; and therefore came not. [note, Ang. Saving your merry humour, here's the How much your chain weighs to the utmost

carat;
The fineness of the gold, and chargeful fashion;
Which does amount to three odd ducats more
Than I stand debted to this gentleman:
I pray you, see him presently discharg'd,

For he is bound to sea, and stays but for it.

Ant. E. I am not furnished with the present

Besides I have some business in the town:
Good Signior, take the stranger to my house,
And with you take the chain, and bid my wife
Disburse the sum on the receipt thereof;
Perchance I will be there as soon as you.

Ang. Then you will bring the chain to her

yourself?

Ant. E. No; bear it with you, lest I come not time enough. [about you?

Ang. Well sir, I will: have you the chain Ant. E. Anif I have not, sir, I hope you have, Or else you may return without your money.

Ang. Nay, come, I pray you, sir, give me the chain;

Both wind and tide stays for this gentleman, And I, to blame, have held him here too long. Ant. E. Good lord, you use this dalliance to excuse

Your breach of promise to the Porcupine: I should have chid you for not bringing it, But, like a shrew, you first begin to brawl. Mer. The hour steals on; I pray you, sir, despatch.

Ang. You hear how he importunes me: the chain,—

Ant. E. Why, give it to my wife, and fetch your money. [now;

Ang. Come, come, you know I gave it you even Either send the chain or send me by some token. Ant. E. Fie! now you run this humour out of breath: [it.

Come, where's the chain? I pray you, let me see Mer. My business cannot brook this dalhance:

Good sir, say whe'r you'll answer me or no;

If not, I'll leave him to the officer. [you? Ant. E. I answer you! What should I answer Ang. The money that you owe me for the chain. [chain.

Ant. E. I owe you none till I receive the Ang You know I gave it you half-an-hour succe.

Ant. E. You gave me none: you wrong me much to say so.

Ang. You wrong me more, sir, in denying it: Consider how it stands upon my credit. Mer. Well, officer, arrest him at my suit. Off. I do, and charge you in the duke's name

to obey me.

Ang. This touches me in reputation:

Either consent to pay this sum for me, Or I attach you by this officer.

Ant. E. Consent to pay thee that I never had! Arrest me, foolish fellow, if thou dar'st. Ang. Here is thy fee; arrest him, officer:—

I would not spare my brother in this case,
If he should scorn me so apparently.
Off. I do arrest you, sur: you hear the suit.
Ant. E. I do obey thee till I give thee bail:—

But, sirrah you shall buy this sport as dear As all the metal in your shop will answer. Ang. Sir, sir, I shall have law in Ephesus, To your notorious shame, I doubt it not.

Enter DROMIO OF SYRACUSE.

Dro. S. Master, there is a bark of Epidam-

That stays but till her owner comes aboard, And then, sir, bears away: our fraughtage, sir, I have convey'd aboard; and I have bought The oil, the balsamum, and aqua-vitae. The ship is in her tnm; the merry wind

Blows fair from land: they stay for naught at all But for their owner, master, and yourself. Ant. E. How now! a madman? Why, thou

peevish sheep,
What ship of Epidamnum stays for me?
Dro. S. A ship you sent me to, to hire waft-

age.

Ant. E. Thou drunken slave, I sent thee for

a rope; And told thee to what purpose and what end.

Dro. S. You sent me, sir, for a rope's end as soon:
You sent me to the bay, sir, for a bark.

Ant. E. I will debate this matter at more leisure,

And teach your ears to listen with more heed. To Adriana, villain, hie thee straight: Give her this key, and tell her, in the desk That's cover'd o'er with Turkish tapestry There is a purse of ducats; let her send it: Tell her I am arrested in the street, And that shall bail me: hie thee, slave; be gone. On, officer, to prison till it come.

Exeunt MER., ANG., Off., and ANT. E. Dro. S. To Adriana! that is where we din'd, Where Dowsabel did claim me for her husband: She is too big, I hope, for me to compass. Thither I must, although against my will, For servants must their masters' minds fulfil. Exit.

Scene II.—The same.

Enter Adriana and Luciana.

Adr. Ah, Luciana, did he tempt thee so? Might'st thou perceive austerely in his eye That he did plead in earnest, yea or no? Look'd he or red or pale, or sad or merrily?

What observation mad'st thou in this case Of his heart's meteors tilting in his face?

Luc. First, he denied you had him in no

[my spite. right. Adr. He meant he did me none; the more Luc. Then swore he that he was a stranger here. he were.

Adr. And true he swore, though yet forsworn Luc. Then pleaded I for you Adr. And what said he?

Luc. That love I begg'd for you he begg'd of me. llove?

Adr. With what persuasion did he tempt thy Luc. With words that in an honest suit might move.

First, he did praise my beauty, then my speech. Adr. Didst speak him fair?
Luc. Have patience, I beseech.

Adr. I cannot, nor I will not hold me shil: My tongue, though not my heart, shall have his will.

He is deformed, crooked, old, and sere, Ill-fac'd, worse bodied, shapeless everywhere; Vicious, ungentle, foolish, blunt, unkind; Stigmatical in making, worse in mind. [one?

Luc. Who would be jealous then of such a No evil lost is wail'd when it is gone.

Adr. Ah! but I think him better than I say, And yet would herein others' eyes were worse:

Far from her nest the lapwing cries, away: My heart prays for him, though my tongue do curse.

ENTER DROMIO OF SYRACUSE.

Dro. S. Here, go: the desk, the purse: sweet now, make haste. Luc. How hast thou lost thy breath?

Dro. S. By running fast. Adr. Where is thy master, Dromio? is he

well? Dro. S. No, he's in Tartar limbo, worse than A devil in an everlasting garment hath him; One whose hard heart is button'd up with steel; A fiend, a fairy, pitiless and rough; A wolf-nay worse, a fellow all in buff;

countermands The passages of alleys, creeks, and narrow

lands:

A hound that runs counter, and yet draws dry foot well;

One that, before the judgment, carries poor souls Adr. Why, man, what is the matter? Dro. S. I do not know the matter: he is

'rested on the case. suit. Adr. What, is he arrested? tell me at whose

Dro. S. I know not at whose suit he is arrested, well; But he's in a suit of buff which 'rested him,

that can I tell:

Will you send him, mistress, redemption, the money in the desk?

Adr. Go fetch it. sister. - This I wonder at. Exit LUCIANA. That he, unknown to me, should be in debt.-

Tell me, was he arrested on a band?

Dro. S. Not on a band, but on a stronger

thing; A chain, a chain: do you not hear it ring?

Adr. What, the chain?

gone. Dro. S. No, no, the bell: 'tis time that I were It was two ere I left him, and now the clock strikes one.

Adr. The hours come back! that did I never hear.

Dro. S. O yes. If any hour meet a sergeant, 'a turns back for very fear.

Adr. As if time were in debt! how fondly dost thou reason!

Dro. S. Time is a very bankrupt, and owes more than he's worth to season. Nav. he's a thief too: have you not heard men

That Time comes stealing on by night and day? If he be in debt and theft, and a sergeant in the

way, [day? Hath he not reason to turn back an hour in a

Enter LUCIANA.

Adr. Go, Dromio; there's the money, bear it straight; And bring thy master home immediately.— Come, sister: I am press'd down with conceit;

Conceit my comfort and my injury. Exeunt.

SCENE III .- The same.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS OF SYRACUSE.

Ant. S. There's not a man I meet but doth salute me As if I were their well-acquainted friend;

And every one doth call me by my name. Some tender money to me, some invite me; Some other give me thanks for kindnesses; Some offer me commodities to buy: Even now a tailor call'd me in his shop And show'd me silks that he had bought for me, And therewithal took measure of my body. Sure, these are but imaginary wiles. And Lapland sorcerers inhabit here.

Enter DROMIO OF SYRACUSE.

Dro S. Master, here's the gold you sent me for.

A back-friend, a shoulder-clapper, one that What, have you got the picture of Old Adam new apparelled?

Ant. S. What gold is this? What Adam dost thou mean?

Dro. S. Not that Adam that kept the paradise, but that Adam that keeps the prison: he that goes in the calf's-skin that was killed for the Prodigal; he that came behind you, sir, like an evil angel, and bid you forsake your liberty.

Ant. S. I understand thee not.

Dro. S. No? why, 'tis a plain case: he that
went like a base-viol in a case of leather; the man, sir, that, when gentlemen are tired, gives them a fob, and 'rests them; he, sir, that takes pity on decayed men, and gives them suits of durance; he that sets up his rest to do more exploits with his mace than a morris-pike.

Ant. S. What! thou mean'st an officer? Dro. S. Ay, sir,—the sergeant of the band

he that brings any man to answer it that breaks his band; one that thinks a man always going to bed, and says, God give you good rest!

Ant. S. Well, sir, there rest in your foolery. Is there any ship puts forth to-night? may we be

gone?

Dro. S. Why, sir, I brought you word an hour since, that the bark Expedition put forth tonight; and then were you hindered by the sergeant, to tarry for the hoy, Delay: here are the angels that you sent for to deliver you.

Ant. S. The fellow is distract, and so am I;

And here we wander in illusions: Some blessed power deliver us from hence!

Enter a Courtezan.

Cour. Well met, well met, Master Antipholus. I see, sir, you have found the goldsmith now: Is that the chain you promis'd me to-day? Ant. S. Satan, avoid! I charge thee, tempt

me not!

Dro. S. Master, is this Mistress Satan?

Ant. S. It is the devil.

Dro. S. Nay, she is worse—she is the devil's dam: and here she comes in the habit of a light say, God damn me—that's as much as to say, God make me a light wench. It is written, they appear to men hke angels of light: light is an effect of fire, and fire will burn; ergo, light wenches will burn: come not near her.

Cour. Your man and you are marvellous

[here.

merry, sir.

Will you go with me? We'll mend our dinner Dro. S. Master, if you do; expect speonmeat, or bespeak a long spoon.

Ant. S. Why, Dromio?

Dro. S. Marry, he must have a long spoon that must eat with the devil.

Ant. S. Avoid then, fiend! what tell'st thou me of supping?

Thou art, as you are all, a sorceress:

I conjure thee to leave me and be gone. Cour. Give me the ring of mine you had at in adversity. dinner,

Or, for my diamond, the chain you promis'd, And I'll be gone, sir, and not trouble you.

Dro. S. Some devils ask but the paring of one's nail

A rush, a hair, a drop of blood, a pin, A nut, a cherry-stone; but she, more covetous, Would have a chain.

Master, be wise; an if you give it her,

The devil will shake her chain, and fright us with it.

Cour. I pray you, sir, my ring, or else the chain:

I hope you do not mean to cheat me so, Ant. S. Avaunt, thou witch! Come. Dromio.

let us go.

Dro. S. Fly pride, says the peacock: Mistress, that you know. [Exeunt ANT., S. and DRO. S.

Cour. Now, out of doubt, Antipholus is mad. Else would he never so demean himself: A ring he hath of mine worth forty ducats, And for the same he promis'd me a chain; Both one and other he denies me now: The reason that I gather he is mad,-Besides this present instance of his rage,-Is a mad tale he told to-day at dinner, Of his own doors being shut against his entrance. Belike his wife, acquainted with his fits, On purpose shut the doors against his way. My way is now to hie home to his house. And tell his wife that, being lunatic, He rush'd into my house, and took perforce My ring away: this course I fittest choose, For forty ducats is too much to lose.

Scene IV .- The same.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS OF EPHESUS and an Officer.

Ant. E. Fear me not, man; I will not break

I'll give thee, ere I leave thee, so much money To warrant thee, as I am 'rested for. My wife is in a wayward mood to-day And will not lightly trust the messenger That I should be attach'd in Ephesus: I tell you, 'twill sound harshly in her ears.

Enter DROMIO OF EPHESUS, with a rope's end

wench; and thereof comes that the wenches Here comes my man: I think he brings the money.

How now, sir! have you that I sent you for?

Dro. E. Here's that, I warrant you, will

pay them all. Ant. E. But where's the money? [r. Dro. E. Why, sir, I gave the money for t Ant. E. Five hundred ducats, villain, for a

[the rate. rope?

Dro. E. I'll serve you, sir, five hundred at Ant. E. To what end did I bid thee hie thee home?

Dro. E. To a rope's end, sir; and to that end am I return'd.

Ant. E. And to that end, sir, I will welcome you. Beating him.

Off. Good sir, be patient.

Dro. E. Nay, 'tis for me to be patient; I am

Off. Good now, hold thy tongue.

Dro. E. Nay, rather persuade him to hold

his hands.

Ant. E. Thou whoreson senseless villain!

Dro. E. I would I were senseless, sir, that I might not feel your blows.

Ant. E. Thou art sensible in nothing but

blows, and so is an ass.

Dro. E. I am an ass indeed: you may prove it by my long ears. I have served him from the hour of my nativity to this instant, and have nothing at his hands for my service but blows: when I am cold he heats me with beating; when I am warm he cools me with beating. waked with it when I sleep; raised with it when I sit; driven out of doors with it when I go from home; welcomed home with it when I return: nay, I bear it on my shoulders as a beggar wont her brat; and I think, when he hath lamed me, I shall beg with it from door to door.

Ant. E. Come, go along; my wife is coming yonder.

Enter ADRIANA, LUCIANA, and the Courtezan. with PINCH and others.

Dro. E. Mistress, respice finem, respect your end; or rather the prophecy, like the parrot, Beware the rope's end Ant. E. Wilt thou still talk? Beats him.

Cour. How say you now? is not your husband

mad? Adr. His incivility confirms no less. Good Doctor Pinch, you are a conjurer; Establish him in his true sense again,

And I will please you what you will demand. Luc. Alas, how fiery and how sharp he looks! Cour. Mark how he trembles in his ecstacy! Pinch. Give me your hand, and let me feel

your pulse. [your ear.

Ant. E. There is my hand, and let it feel

Pinch. I charge thee, Satan, hous'd within this man.

To yield possession to my holy prayers, And to thy state of darkness hie thee straight: I conjure thee by all the saints in heaven.

Ant. E. Peace, doting wizard, peace; I am not mad.

Adr. O that thou wert not, poor distressed [customers? Ant. E. You minion, you, are these your Did this companion with the saffron face

Revel and feast it at my house to-day, Whilst upon me the guilty doors were shut, And I denied to enter in my house? [home,

Adr. O husband, God doth know youdin'd at Where would you had remain'd until this time, Free from these slanders and this open shame! Ant. E. I din'd at home! Thou villain,

what say'st thou? Dro. E. Sir, sooth to say, you did not dine at

home. Ant. E. Were not my doors lock'd up and I

shut out? Dro. E. Perdy, your doors were lock'd and

you shut out.

Ant. E. And did not she herself revile me

there? [there.

Dro. E. Sans fable, she herself revil'd you

Ant. E. Did not her kitchen-maid rail,

taunt, and scorn me? Dro. E. Certes, she did: the kitchen-vestal

scorn'd you.

Ant. E. And did not I in rage depart from

witness. Dro. E. In verity, you did;—my bones bear That since have felt the vigour of his rage.

Adr. Is't good to soothe him in these contraries?

Pinch. It is no shame: the fellow finds his And, yielding to him, humours well his frenzy. Ant. E. Thou hast suborn'd the goldsmith to arrest me.

Adr. Alas! I sent you money to redeem you, By Dromio here, who came in haste for it. Dro. E. Money by me! heart and good-will

you might.

But surely, master, not a rag of money.

Ant. E. Went'st not thou to her for a purse of ducats?

Adr. He came to me, and I deliver'd it. Luc. And I am witness with her that she did.

Dro. E. God and the rope-maker, bear me witness

That I was sent for nothing but a rope!

Pinch. Mistress, both man and master is possess'd:

I know it by their pale and deadly looks: They must be bound, and laid in some dark

room. Ant. E. Say, wherefore didst thou lock me

forth to-day?-And why dost thou deny the bag of gold?

Adr. I did not, gentle husband, lock thee forth.

Dro. E. And, gentle master, I receiv'd no gold;

But I confess, sir, that we were lock'd out. Adr. Dissembling villain, thou speak'st false

[all: in both. Ant. E. Dissembling harlot, thou art false in And art confederate with a damned pack,

To make a loathsome abject scorn of me: But with these nails I'll pluck out these false

That would behold me in this shameful sport. [PINCH and Assistants bind ANT. E. and

DRO. E. Adr. O, bind him, bind him; let him not

come near me. Pinch. More company; -the fiend is strong within him. flooks!

Luc. Ah me, poor man! how pale and wan he Ant. E. What, will you murder me? Thou gaoler, thou,

I am thy prisoner: wilt thou suffer them To make a rescue?

Off. Masters, let him go:

He is my prisoner, and you shall not have him. Pinch. Go, bind this man, for he is frantic too.

Adr. What wilt thou do, thou peevish officer? Hast thou delight to see a wretched man Do outrage and displeasure to himself?

Off. He is my prisoner: if I let him go, The debt he owes will be requir'd of me.

Adr. I will discharge thee ere I go from thee: Bear me forth with unto his creditor, And, knowing how the debt grows, I will pay Good master doctor, see him safe convey'd Home to my house.—O most unhappy day! Ant. E. O most unhappy strumpet! Dro. E. Master, I am here enter'd in bond

for you.

Ant. E. Out on thee, villain! wherefore dost thou mad me? [mad. Dro. E. Will you be bound for nothing? be

Good master; cry, the devil .-Italk! Luc. God help, poor souls, how idly do they Adr. Go bear him hence.—Sister, go you

with me .-

Exeunt PINCH and Assistants, with ANT. E. and DRO. E.

Say now, whose suit is he arrested at?

Off. One Angelo, a goldsmith; do you lowes? know him? Adr. I know the man what is the sum he

Off. Two hundred ducats.

Adr. Say, how grows it due? Off. Due for a chain your husband had of him.

Adr. He did bespeak a chain for me, but had it not.

Cour. When as your husband, all in rage, to-day

Came to my house, and took away my ring,-The ring I saw upon his finger now,-Straight after did I meet him with a chain.

Adr. It may be so, but I did never see it: Come, gaoler, bring me where the goldsmith is: I long to know the truth hereof at large.

Enter Antipholus of Syracuse, with his rapier drawn, and DROMIO OF SYRACUSE.

Luc. God, for thy mercy! they are loose

again. Adr. And come with naked swords: let's call more help,

To have them bound again.

Off. Away, they'll kill us.
[Exeunt Off., ADR., and LUC.
Ant. S. I see these witches are afraid of

swords. Dro. S. She that would be your wife now

ran from you. Ant. S. Come to the Centaur; fetch our

stuff from thence:

I long that we were safe and sound aboard. Dro. S. Faith, stay here this night; they will surely do us no harm: you saw they speak us fair, give us gold: methinks, they are such a gentle nation, that but for the mountain of mad flesh that claims marriage of me, I could find in my heart to stay here still and turn witch. Ant. S. I will not stay to-night for all the

town: Therefore away to get our stuff aboard.

[Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I .- The same.

Enter Merchant and ANGELO.

Ang. I am sorry, sir, that I have hinder'd you;

But I protest he had the chain of me, Though most dishonestly he doth deny it.

Mer. How is the man esteem'd here in the city?

Ang. Of very reverend reputation, sir; Of credit infinite, highly belov'd, Second to none that lives here in the city: His word might bear my wealth at any time. Mer. Speak softly: yonder, as I think, he walks.

> Enter Antipholus and Dromio or SYRACUSE.

Ang. 'Tis so; and that self chain about his

Which he forswore most monstrously to have. In bed, he slept not for my urging it;

Good sir, draw near to me, I'll speak to him .-Sigmor Antipholus, I wonder much [trouble; That you would put me to this shame and And not without some scandal to yourself. With circumstance and oaths so to deny

This chain, which now you wear so openly: Besides the charge, the shame, imprisonment, You have done wrong to this my honest friend; Who, but for staying on our controversy. Had hoisted sail and put to sea to-day:

This chain you had of me; can you deny it? Ant. S. I think I had: I never did deny it.

Mer. Yes, that you did, sir; and forswore it Ant. S. Who heard me to deny it or for-

Mer. These ears of mine, thou knowest, did hear thee.

Fie on thee, wretch! 'tis pity that thou liv'st To walk where any honest men resort. [thus: Ant. S. Thou art a villain to impeach me I'll prove mine honour and mine honesty

Against thee presently, if thou dar'st stand. Mer. I dare and do defy thee for a villain.

They draw.

Enter ADRIANA, LUCIANA, Courtezan, and others.

Adr. Hold, hurt him not, for God's sake; he is mad:

Some get within him, take his sword away: Bind Dromio too, and bear them to my house.

Dro. S. Run, master, run; for God's sake, take a house.

This is some priory; -in, or we are spoil'd. [Exeunt ANT. S. and DRO. S. to the Priory. Enter the Abbess.

Abb. Be quiet, people. Wherefore throng you hither? [hence; Adr. To fetch my poor distracted husband

Let us come in, that we may bind him fast, And bear him home for his recovery.

Ang. I knew he was not in his perfect wits. Mer. I am sorry now that I did draw on him. Abb. How long hath this possession held the man?

Adr. This week he hath been heavy, sour, And much, much different from the man he was: But till this afternoon his passion

Ne'er brake into extremity of rage. Abb. Hath he not lost much wealth by wreck Buried some dear friend? Hath not else his eye

Stray'd his affection in unlawful love? A sin prevailing much in youthful men Who give their eyes the liberty of gazing.

Which of these sorrows is he subject to? Adr To none of these, except it be the last; Namely, some love that drew him oft from

home. Abb. You should for that have reprehended him.

Adr. Why, so I did.

Abb. Ay, but not rough enough.

Adr. As roughly as my modesty would let me.

Abb Haply in private. Adr.

And in assemblies too. Abb. Ay, but not enough.

Adr. It was the copy of our conference:

At board, he fed not for my urging it; Alone, it was the subject of my theme; In company, I often glanced it; Still did I tell him it was vile and bad.

Still did I tell him it was vile and had.

Abb. And thereof came it that the man was mad:

The venom clamours of a jealous woman Poison more deadly than a mad dog's tooth. It seems his sleeps were hundered by thy railing: And therefore comes it that his head is light, Thou say'st his meat was sauc'd with thy upbradings:

Unquiet meals make ill digestions,
Thereof the raging fire of fever bred;
And what's a fever but a fit of madness?
Thou say'st his sports were hinder'd by thy
brawls:

Sweet recreation barr'd, what doth ensue But moody and dull melancholy,—
Kinsman to grim and comfortiess despair,—
And, at her heels, a huge infectious troop Of pale distemperatures and foes to life? In food, in sport, and life-preserving rest To be disturb'd would mad or man or beast: The consequence is, then, thy jealous fits Have scar'd thy husband from the use of's wits. Luc. She never reprehended him but mildly, When he demean'd himself rough, rude, and wildly.—

Why bear you these rebukes, and answer not?

Adr. She did betray me to my own reproof.—

Good people, enter, and lay hold on him.

Abb. No, not a creature enters in my house.

Adr. Then let your servants bring my husband forth.

Abb. Neither: he took this place for sanctu-

And it shall privilege him from your hands Till I have brought him to his wits again, Or lose my labour in assaying it. Adr. I will attend my husband, be his nurse,

Diet his sickness, for it is my office, And will have no attorney but myself; And therefore let me have him home with me.

Abb. Be patient; for I will not let him str Till I have used the approved means I have, With wholesome syrups, drugs, and holy

prayers,
To make of him a formal man again:
It is a branch and parcel of mine oath,
A chantable duty of my order;

Therefore depart, and leave him here with me.

Adr. I will not hence and leave my husband here:

And ill it doth beseem your holiness To separate the husband and the wife.

Abb. Be quiet, and depart: thou shalt not have him. [Exit Abbess. Luc. Complain unto the duke of this in-

dignity.

Adr. Come, go; I will fall prostrate at his

And never rise until my tears and prayers Have won his grace to come in person hither, And take perforce my husband from the abbess.

Mer. By this, I think, the dial points at five: Anon, I am sure, the duke himself in person Comes this way to the melancholy vale; The place of death and sorry execution, Behind the ditches of the abbey here. Ang. Upon what cause?

Mer. To see a reverend Syracusan merchant Who put unluckily into this bay,

Against the laws and statutes of this town, Beheaded publicly for his offence. [his death. Ang. See where they come we will behold Luc. Kneel to the duke before he pass the abbey.

Enter Duke, attended; EGEON, bare-headed with the Headsman and other Officers.

Duke. Yet once again proclaim it publicly, if any friend will pay the sum for him,

He shall not die; so much we tender him.

Adr. Justice, most sacred duke, against the
abbess!

Duke. She is a virtuous and a reverend lady; It cannot be that she hath done thee wrong. Adr. May it please your grace, Antipholus, my husband.—

Whom I made lord of me and all I had, At your important letters,-this ill day A most outrageous fit of madness took him: That desperately he hurried through the street, -With him his bondman, all as mad as he,-Doing displeasure to the citizens By rushing in their houses, bearing thence Rings, jewels, anything his rage did like. Once did I get him bound, and sent him home, Whilst to take order for the wrongs I went. That here and there his fury had committed. Anon, I wot not by what strong escape, He broke from those that had the guard of him; And, with his mad attendant and himself, Each one with ireful passion, with drawn swords,

Met us again, and, madly bent on us, Chased us away; till, raising of more aid, We came again to bind them: then they fied Into this abbey, whither we pursued them: And here the abbess shuts the gates on us, And will not suffer us to fetch him out, Nor send him forth, that we may bear him

hence.
Therefore, most gracious duke, with thy command,
[help.
Let him be brought forth, and borne hence for

Duke. Long since thy husband serv'd me in my wars:

And I to thee engag'd a prince's word,
When thou didst make him master of thy bed,
To do him all the grace and good I could.—
Go, some of you, knock at the abbey-gate,
And bid the lady abbess come to me:
I will determine this before I stire.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. O mistress, mistress, shift and save yourself.

My master and his man are both broke loose, Beaten the maids a-row, and bound the doctor, Whose beard they have singed off with brands of fire;

And ever as it blazed they threw on him Great pails of puddled mire to quench the hair: My master preaches patience to him, while His man with scissors nicks him like a fool: And, sure, unless you send some present help, Between them they will kill the conjurer. Adr. Peace, fool, thy master and his man He did arrest me with an officer.

are here;

I did obey, and sent my peasant

And that is false thou dost report to us.
Serv. Mistress, upon my life, I tell you true!
I have not breath'd almost since I did see it.
He cries for you, and vows, if he can take you.
To scorch your face, and to disfigure you:
[Cry within.

Hark, hark, I hear him; mistress, fly; be gone.

Duke. Come, stand by me; fear nothing.

Guard with halberds.

Adr. Ah me, it is my husband! Witness you That he is borne about invisible. Even now we hous'd him in the abbey here; And now he's there, past thought of human reson.

Enter Antipholus and Dromio of Ephesus,

Ant. E. Justice, most gracious duke; oh'

grant me justice!

Even for the service that long since I did thee,
When I bestrid thee in the wars, and took
Deep scars to save thy life: even for the blood
That then I lost for thee, now grant me justice.

Ege. Unless the fear of death doth make
me dote,

I see my son Antipholus and Dromio.

Ant. E. Justice, sweet prince, against that

woman there.

She whom thou gar'st to me to be my wife;
That hath abused and dishonour'd me,
Even in the strength and height of injury!
Bannel insurantion is the would.

Beyond imagination is the wrong That she this day hath shameless thrown on me.

Duke. Discover how, and thou shalt find me just.

Ant. E. This day, great duke, she shut the

doors upon me,
While she with harlots feasted in my house.
Duke. A grievous fault. Say, woman, didst

thou so? [my sister,
Adr. No, my good lord;—myself, he, and
To-day did dine together. So befall my soul

As this is false he burdens me withal!

Luc. Ne'er may I look on day nor sleep on night.

But she tells to your highness simple truth!

Ang. O perjut'd woman! they are both forsworn.

In this the madman justly chargeth them.

Ant. E. My liege, I am advised what I say;
Neither disturb'd with the effect of wine,
Nor, heady-rash, provok'd with raging ire,
Albeit my wrongs might make one wiser mad.
This woman lock'd me out this day from dinner:
That goldsmith three, were he not pack'd with
her,

Could witness it, for he was with me then; Who parted with me to go fetch a chain. Promising to bring it to the Porcupine, Where Balthazar and I did dine together. Our dinner done, and he not coming thither, I went to seek him. In the street I met him, And in his company that gentleman. [down, There did this perjur'd goldsmith swear me That I this day of him receiv'd the chain, Which, God he knows, I saw not: for the which

He did arrest me with an oncer.

I did obey, and sent my peasant home
For certain ducats: he with none return'd.
Then fairly I bespoke the officer
To go in person with me to my house.
By the way we met
My wife, her sister, and a rabble more
Of vile confederates: along with them
They brought one Pinch; a hungry lean-faced
villain,

A mere anatomy, a mountebank.

A thread-bare juggler, and a fortune-teller;
A needy, hollow-ey'd, sharp-looking wretch;
A living dead man; this pernicious slave,
Forsooth, took on him as a conjurer;
And gazing in mine eyes, feeling my pulse,
And with no face, as 'twere outfacing me,
Cries out, I was possess'd: then altogether
They fell upon me, bound me, bore me thence;
And in a dark and dankish vault at home
There left me and my man both bound together;
Till, gnawing with my teeth my bonds in sunder,
I gain'd my freedom, and immediately
Ran hither to your grace; whom I beseech
To give me ample santsfaction
For these deep shames and great indignities.

For these deep shames and great indignities.

Ang. My lord, in truth, thus far I witness with him,

That he dined not at home, but was lock'd out.

Duke. But had he such a chain of thee, or no?

Ang. He had, my lord; and when he ran in here

These people saw the chain about his neck.

Mer. Besides, I will be sworn these ears of
mine

Heard you confess you had the chain of him, After you first forswore it on the mart, And thereupon I drew my sword on you; And then you fied into this abbey here, From whence, I think, you are come by miracle.

Ant. E. I never came within these abbey walls,

Nor ever didst thou draw thy sword on me:

Nor ever didst thou draw thy sword on me: I never saw the chain, so help me heaven! And this is false you burden me withal.

Duke. What an intricate impeach is this! I think you all have drank of Circe's cup. If here you hous'd him, here he would have been:

If he were mad he would not plead so coldly:— You say he duned at home; the goldsmith here Denies that saying:—Sirrah, what say you? Dro. E. Sir, he dined with her there at the

Porcupine. [that ring. Cour. He did; and from my finger snatch'd Ant. E. 'Tis true, my leige, this ring I had

of her. [here? Duke. Saw'st thou him enter at the abbey Cour. As sure, my liege, as I do see your

grace.

Duke. Why, this is strange:—Go call the abbess hither:

think you are all mated, or stark mad.

Ege. Most mighty duke, vouchsafe me speak a word:

Haply, I see a friend will save my life,
And pay the sum that may deliver me. [wilt.

Duke. Speak freely, Syracusan, what thou

Ege. Is not your name, sir, call'd Antipholus?

And is not that your bondman Dromio?

Dro. E. Within this hour I was his bondman, sir,

But he, I thank him, gnaw'd in two my cords: Now am I Dromio and his man, unbound. Ege. I am sure you both of you remember

me. [you; Dro. E. Ourselves we do remember, sir, by

For lately we were bound as you are now.
You are not Pinch's patient, are you, sir?

Æge. Why look you strange on me? you

know me well.

Ant. E. I never saw you in my life, till now.

Ege. Oh! grief hath chang'd me since you

saw me last; And careful hours, with Time's deformed hand, Have written strange defeatures in my face: But tell me yet, dost thou not know my voice?

Ant. E. Neither.

Ege. Dromio, nor thou?

Dro. E. No, trust me, sir, nor I.

Ege. I am sure thou dost. Dro. E. Ay, sir; but I am sure I do not; and whatsoever a man denies, you are now bound to beheve him. [tremity!

Ege. Not know my voice! O, time's ex-Hast thou so crack'd and splitted my poor

tongue,
In seven short years, that here my only son
Knows not my feeble key of untun'd cares?
Though now this grained face of mine be hid
In sap-consuming winter's drizzled snow,
And all the conduits of my blood froze up,
Yet hath my night of life some memory,
My wasting lamps some fading glimmer left,
My dull deaf ears a little use to hear:
All these old winesses,—I cannot err,—
Tell me, thou art my son Antipholus.
Ant. E. I never saw my father in my life.

Ege. But seven years since, in Syracusa, boy,

Thou know'st we parted; but perhaps, my son, Thou sham'st to acknowledge me in misery. Ant. E. The duke, and all that know me in the city,

Can witness with me that it is not so:

I ne'er saw Syracusa in my life.

Duke. I tell thee, Syracusan, twenty years
Have I been patron to Antipholus,
During which time he ne'er saw Syracusa:

I see, thy age and dangers make thee dote.

Enter the Abbess, with Antipholus SyraCUSAN and DROMIO SYRACUSAN.

Abb. Most mighty duke, behold a man much wrong'd. [All gather to see him. Adr. I see two husbands, or mine eyes deceive me.

Duke. One of these men is genius to the other;

And so of these. Which is the natural man, And which the spirit? Who deciphers them? Dro. S. I, sir, am Dromio; command him away.

Dro. E. I, sir, am Dromio; pray let me stay.
Ant. S. Ægeon, art thou not? or else his ghost?

Dro. S. O, my old master, who hath bound him here?

Abb. Whoever bound him, I will loose his bonds.

And gain a husband by his liberty.—
Speak, old Ægeon, if thou be'st the man
That hadst a wrie once called Æmilia,
That bore thee at a burden two fair sons:
O, if thou be'st the same Ægeon, speak,
And speak unto the same Æmilia!

Ege. If I dream not, thou art Emilia: If thou art she, tell me where is that son That floated with thee on the fatal raft?

Abb. By men of Epidamnum, he and I, And the twin Dromo, all were taken up: But, by and by, rude fisherman of Connth By force took Dromio and my son from them, And me they left with those of Epidamnum: What then became of them I cannot tell; I to this fortune that you see me in. [right:

I to this fortune that you see me in. [right: Duke. Why, here begins his morning story These two Antipholus's, these two so like, And these two Dromios, one in semblance,—Besides her urging of her wreck at sea,—These are the parents to these children, Which accidentally are met together.

Antipholus, thou cam'st from Corinth first?

Ant. S. No, sir, not I; I came from Syracuse.

Duke, Stay, stand apart: I know not which

Duke. Stay, stand apart; I know not which is which. [ours lord. Ant. E. I came from Corinth, my most graci-

Dro. E. And I with him.

Ant. E. Brought to this town by that most famous warrior,

Duke Menaphon, your most renowned uncle.

Adr. Which of you two did dine with me
to-day?

Ant. S. I, gentle mistress.

Adr. And are not you my husband?

Ant. E. No; I say nay to that. Ant. S. And so do I, yet she did call me so; And this fair gentlewoman, her sister here, Did call me brother.—What I told you then, I hope I shall have leisure to make good;

If this be not a dream I see and hear. [me. Ang. That is the chain, sir, which you had of Ant. S. I think it be, sir; I deny it not. Ant. E. And you, sir, for this chain arrested me.

Ang. I think I did, sir: I deny it not.

Adr. I sent you money, sir, to be your bail,

By Dromio; but I think he brought it not.

Dro. E. No, none by me. [you, Ant. S. This purse of ducats I receiv'd from And Dromio my man did bring them me: I see we still did meet each other's man, And I was ta'en for him, and he for me. And thereupon these errors are arose. [here.

Ant. E. These ducats pawn I for my father Duke. It shall not need; thy father hath his life. [you. Cour. Sir, I must have that diamond from

Cour. Sir, I must have that diamond from Ant. E. There, take it; and much thanks for my good cheer. [pains Ath. Becomed duke your heaf to take the

Abb. Renowned duke, vouchsafe to take the To go with us into the abbey here, And hear at large discoursed all our fortunes:—And all that are assembled in this place, That by this sympathized one day's error Have suffer'd wrong, go, keep us company,

o

And we shall make full satisfaction.—
Twenty-five years have I but gone in travail
Of you, my sons; nor full this present hour
My heavy burdens are delivered:—
The duke, my husband, and my children both,
And you the calendars of their nativity,
Go to a gossip's feast, and go with me;
After so long grief, such nativity!

[feast.

After so long grief, such nativity!

Duke. With all my heart, Pil gossip at this Exeunt Duke, Abb., Ege., Cour.,

Mer., Ang., and Attendants.

Dro. S. Master, shall I fetch your stuff from shipboard? [embark'd?
Ant. E. Dromio, what stuff of mine hast thou Dro. S. Your goods, that lay at host, sir, in

the Centaur. [Dromio: Ant. S. He speaks to me; I am your master, Come, go with us: we'll look to that anon: Embrace thy brother there; rejoice with him.

[Execut ANT., S. and E., ADR., and Luc. Dro. S There is a fat friend at your master's house,

That kitchen'd me for you to-day at dinner: She now shall be my sister, not my wife. Dro. E. Methinks you are my glass, and not my brother:

I see by you I am a sweet-faced youth.
Will you walk in to see their gossiping?
Dro. S. Not I, sir; you are my elder.
Dro. E. That's a question: how shall we

try it?

Dro. S. We will draw cuts for the senior: till then, lead thou first.

Dro. E. Nay, then thus:
We came into the world like brother and
brother:

And now let's go hand in hand, not one before another, [Exeunt.

KING JOHN

PERSONS REPRESENTED

KING JOHN.

PRINCE HENRY, his Son; afterward King Henry III.

ARTHUR, Duke of Bretagne, Son to GEFFREY, late Duke of Bretagne, the Elder Brother to King John.

WILLIAM MARESHALL, Earl of Pembroke.
GEFFREY FITZ-PETER, Earl of Essex, Chief
Justiciary of England.

WILLIAM LONGSWORD, Earl of Salisbury.

ROBERT BIGOT, Earl of Norfolk.

Hubert De Burgh, Chamberlain to the King. Robert Falconbridge, Son to Sir Robert Falconbridge.

PHILIP FALCONBRIDGE, his Half-brother, Bastard Son to King Richard I.

JAMES GURNEY, Servant to LADY FALCON-BRIDGE.

Attendants.

ACT I.

Scene I.—Northampton. A Room of State in the Palace.

Enter King John, Queen Elinor, Pembroke, Essex, Salisbury, and others, with Chatillon.

K. John. Now, say, Chatillon, what would France with us? Chat. Thus, after greeting, speaks the King of France,

PETER of Pomfret, a Prophet.

PHILIP, King of France. LOUIS, the Dauphin.

ARCHDUKE OF AUSTRIA.

Cardinal Pandulph, the Pope's Legate. Melun, a French Lord.

CHATILLON, Ambassador from France to King John.

ELINOR, Widow of King Henry II., and Mother to King John. Constance, Mother to Arthur.

BLANCH, Daughter to ALPHONSO, King of Castile, and Niece to King John.

LADY FALCONBRIDGE, Mother to the BASTARD and ROBERT FALCONBRIDGE.

Lords, Citizens of Angiers, Sheriff, Heralds, Officers, Soldiers, Messengers, and other Attendants.

Scene,—Sometimes in England, and sometimes in France.

In my behaviour, to the majesty,
The borrow'd majesty of England here.

Eli. Astrangebeginning;—borrow'd majesty!
K. John. Silence, good mother; hear the
embassy.

Chat. Philip of France, in right and true Of thy deceased brother Geffrey's son, Arthur Plantagenet, lays most lawful claim To this fair island, and the territories,— To Ireland, Poictiers, Anjou, Touraine, Maine; Desiring thee to lay aside the sword Which sways usurpingly these several titles,

And put the same into young Arthur's hand, Thy nephew and right royal sovereign. K. John. What follows, if we disallow of

this? Chat. The proud control of fierce and bloody

WAI

To enforce these rights so forcibly withheld. K. John. Here have we war for war, and blood for blood,

Controlment for controlment: so answer France. Chat. Then take my king's defiance from my mouth,

The furthest limit of my embassy.

K. John. Bear mine to him, and so depart in peace:

Be thou as lightning in the eyes of France; For ere thou canst report I will be there, The thunder of my cannon shall be heard: So, hence! Be thou the trumpet of our wrath, And sullen presage of your own decay.-An honourable conduct let him have: Pembroke, look to't. Farewell, Chatillon. Exeunt CHATILLON and PEMBROKE.

Eli. What now, my son! have I not ever said How that ambitious Constance would not cease Till she had kindled France and all the world Upon the right and party of her son? That might have been prevented and made

whole

With very easy arguments of love; Which now the manage of two kingdoms must With fearful bloody issue arbitrate.

K. John. Our strong possession and our right [your right. for us.

Eli. Your strong possession much more than Or else it must go wrong with you and me: So much my conscience whispers in your ear, Which none but heaven and you and I shall hear.

Enter the Sheriff of Northamptonshire, who whispers Essex.

Essex. My hege, here is the strangest con-

troversy, Come from the country to be judg'd by you, That e'er I heard: shall I produce the men?

K. John. Let them approach. Exit Sheriff.

Our abbeys and our priories shall pay This expedition's charge.

Re-enter Sheriff, with ROBERT FALCONBRIDGE and PHILIP, his bastard Brother.

What men are you? Bast. Your faithful subject I, a gentleman Born in Northamptonshire, and eldest son, As I suppose, to Robert Falconbridge,— A soldier, by the honour-giving hand Of Coeur-de-lion knighted in the field. K. John. What art thou?

Rob. The son and heir to that same Falconbridge.

K. John. Is that the elder, and art thou You came not of one mother, then, it seems. Bast. Most certain of one mother, mighty

king father: That is well known; and, as I think, one But for the certain knowledge of that truth I put you o'er to heaven and to my mother: Of that I doubt, as all men's children may.

Eli. Out on thee, rude man! thou dost shame thy mother,

ACT I.

And wound her honour with this diffidence. Bast. I, madam? no, I have no reason for it,-

That is my brother's plea, and none of mine; That which if he can prove, 'a pops me out At least from fair five hundred pound a-year: Heaven guard my mother's honour and my land!

K. John. A good blunt fellow .- Why, being younger born,

Doth he lay claim to thine inheritance? Bast. I know not why, except to get the land. But once he slander'd me with bastardy: But whe'r I be as true begot or no, That still lay upon my mother's head; But, that I am as well begot, my hege, Fair fall the bones that took the pains for me!-Compare our faces, and be judge yourself. If old Sir Robert did beget us both And were our father, and this son like him.-O old Sir Robert, father, on my knee I give heaven thanks I was not like to thee!

K. John. Why, what a madcap hath heaven lent us here!

Eli. He hath a trick of Coeur-de-lion's face: The accent of his tongue affecteth him: Do you not read some tokens of my son In the large composition of this man?

K. John. Mine eye hath well examined his And finds them perfect Richard .- Sirrah, speak, What doth move you to claim your brother's land? [father:

Bast. Because he hath a half-face, like my With that half-face would he have all my land: A half-fac'd groat five hundred pound a-year! Rob. My gracious hege, when that my father liv'd.

Your brother did employ my father much,-Bast. Well, sir, by this you cannot get my

Your tale must be, how he employ'd my mother. Rob. And once despatch'd him in an embassy To Germany, there with the emperor To treat of high affairs touching that time. The advantage of his absence took the king, And in the meantime sojourn'd at my father's; Where how he did prevail I shame to speak,-But truth is truth: large lengths of seas and shores

Between my father and my mother lay,-As I have heard my father speak himself, When this same lusty gentleman was got. Upon his death-bed he by will bequeath'd His lands to me; and took it, on his death That this, my mother's son, was none of his; And if he were, he came into the world Full fourteen weeks before the course of time. Then, good my liege, let me have what is mine, My father's land, as was my father's will.

K. John. Sırrah, your brother is legitimate; Your father's wife did after wedlock bear him; And if she did play false, the fault was hers; Which fault lies on the hazards of all husbands That marry wives. Tell me, how if my brother, Who, as you say, took pains to get this son, Had of your father claim'd this son for his?

In sooth, good friend, your father might have kept

This calf, bred from his cow, from all the world; In sooth, he might: then, if he were my

brother's,
My brother might not claim him; nor your
father,

Being none of his, refuse him. This concludes.—

My mother's son did get your father's heir; Your father's heirmust have your father's land. Rob. Shall, then, my father's will be of no force

To dispossess that child which is not his?

Bast. Of no more force to dispossess me, sir,
Than was his will to get me, as I think.

han was his will to get me, as I think.

Eli. Whether hadst thou rather be a Falconbridge,

And like thy brother, to enjoy thy land,
Or the reputed son of Coeur-de-lion,
Lord of thy presence, and no land beside?
Bast. Madam, an if my brother had my shape
And I had his, Sir Robert his, like him;
And if my legs were two such nding-rods,

And if my legs were two such naing-roos, My arms such eel-skins stuff'd, my face so thin That in mine ear I durst not stick a rose Lest men should say, Look, where three-farthings goes!

And, to his shape, were heir to all this land,

Would I might never stir from off this place, Pd give it every foot to have this face; I would not be Sir Nob in any case. Ell. I like thee well; wilt thou forsake th

Eli. I like thee well: wilt thou forsake thy fortune,

Bequeath thy land to him, and follow me?

I am a soldier, and now bound to France.

Bast. Brother, take you my land, I'll take
my chance:

Your face hath got five hundred pound a-year; Yet sell your face for fivepence, and 'tis dear.— Madam, I'll follow you unto the death.

Eli. Nay, I would have you go before me thither. [way.

Bast. Our country manners give our betters K. John. What is thy name?

Bast. Philip, my liege; so is my name begun; Philip, good old Sir Robert's wife's eldest son. K. John. From henceforth bear his name whose form thou bear'st:

Kneel thou down Philip, but arise more great,— Arise Sir Richard and Plantagenet.

Bast. Brother by the mother's side, give me

your hand: My father gave me honour, yours gave land.— Now blessed be the hour, by night or day,

When I was got, Sir Robert was away!

Eli. The very spirit of Plantagenet!

I am thy grandem. Richard: call me so.

I am thy grandam, Richard; call me so.

Bast. Madam, by chance, but not by truth:
what though?

Something about, a little from the right, In at the window, or else o'er the hatch; Who dares not stir by day must walk by night; And have is have, however men do catch:

Near or far off, well won is still well shot; And I am I, howe'er I was begot.

K. John. Go, Falconbridge; now hast thou thy desire;

A landless knight makes thee a landed squire.— Come, madam,—and come, Richard; we must speed

For France, for France; for it is more than need.

Bast. Brother, adieu: good fortune come to thee!

For thou wast got i' the way of honesty.

[Exeunt all except the BASTARD.

A foot of honour better than I was; But many a many foot of land the worse. Well, now can I make any Joan a lady:— Good den, Sir Richard:—God-a-mercy, fellow:— And if his name be George, I'll call him Peter: For new-made honour doth forget men's names: 'Tis too respective and too sociable

'Tis too respective and too sociable For your conversion. Now your traveller,—He and his toothpick at my worship's mess; And when my knightly stomach is suffic'd, Why then I suck my teeth, and catechize My pick'd man of countries:—My dear sir,—Thus, leaning on mine elbow, I begin,—I shall beseech you—that is question now; And then comes answer like an ABC-book:—O sir, says answer, at your service, sir:—No sir, says question, I, sweet sir, at yours: And so, ere answer knows what question

would,-

Saving in dialogue of compliment, And talking of the Alps and Apennines, The Pyrenean and the river Po. It draws towards supper in conclusion so-But this is worshipful society And fits the mounting spirit like myself: For he is but a bastard to the time, That doth not smack of observation And so am I, whether I smack or no; And not alone in habit and device, Exterior form, outward accourrement, But from the inward motion to deliver Sweet, sweet, sweet poison for the age's tooth: Which, though I will not practise to deceive Yet, to avoid deceit, I mean to learn; For it shall strew the footsteps of my rising. But who comes in such haste in riding-robes? What woman-post is this? hath she no husband, That will take pains to blow a horn before her?

Enter LADY FALCONBRIDGE, and JAMES GURNEY.

O me! it is my mother.—How now, good lady! What brings you here to court so hastily? Lady F. Where is that slave, thy brother? where is he

That holds in chase mine honour up and down?

Bast. My brother Robert? old Sir Robert's
son?

Colbrand the giant, that same mighty man? Is it Sir Robert's son that you seek so?

Lady F. Sir Robert's son! Ay, thou unreverend boy, [Robert? Sir Robert's son: why scorn'st thou at Sir

He is Sir Robert's son; and so art thou.

Bast. James Gurney, wiit thou give us leave
awhile?

Gur. Good leave, good Phillip.

Bast. Phillip?—sparrow?—James,
There's toys abroad: anon I'il tell thee more.

[Exit Gurney.

Madam, I was not old Sir Robert's son; Sir Robert might have eat his part in me Upon Good-Friday, and ne'er broke his fast: Sir Robert could do well: marry, to confess, Could not get me; Sir Robert could not do it,— We know his handiwork:—therefore, good mother,

To whom am I beholding for these limbs? Sir Robert never holp to make this leg. Lady F. Hast thou conspired with

brother too, [honour? That for thine own gain shouldst defend mine What means this scorn, thou most untoward

knave?

Bast. Knight, knight, good mother,—Bastlewhat! I am dubb'd; I have it on my shoulder. But, mother, I am not Sir Robert's son, I have disclaim'd Sir Robert and my land;

Legitimation, name, and all is gone:
Then, good my mother, let me know my
father,—

Some proper man, I hope: who was it, mother?

Lady F. Hast thou denied thyself a Falconbridge?

Bast. As faithfully as I deny the devil. Lady F. King Richard Coeur-de-lion was thy father:

By long and vehement suit I was seduc'd To make room for him in my husband's bed: Heaven lay not my transgression to my charge!— Thou art the issue of my dear offence,

Which was so strongly urg'd, past my defence. Bast. Now, by this light, were I to get again, Madam, I would not wish a better father. Some sins do bear their privilege on earth, And so doth yours; your fault was not your folly:

Meeds must you lay your heart at his dispose,— Subjected tribute to commanding love,— Against whose fury and unmatched force The aweless ion could not wage the fight, Nor keep his princely heart from Richard's hand:

He that perforce robs lions of their hearts May easily win a woman's. Ay, my mother, With all my heart I thank thee for my father! Who lives and dares but say, thou didst not well When I was got, I'll send his soul to hell. Come, iady, I will show thee to my kin;

And they shall say, when Richard me begot, If thou hadst said him nay, it had been sin: Who says it was, he lies; I say 'twas not.

Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I.—France. Before the Walls of Angiers.

Enter, on one side, the Archduke of Austria and Forces; on the other, Philip, King of France, Louis, Constance, Arthur, and Forces.

Lou. Before Angiers well met, brave Austria.—
Arthur, that great forerunner of thy blood,
Richard, that robb'd the lion of his heart,
And fought the holy wars in Palestine,
By this brave duke came early to his grave:
And, for amends to his posterity,
At our importance hither is he come
To spread his colours, boy, in thy behalf;
And to rebuke the usurpation
Of thy unnatural uncle, English John:
Embrace him, love him, give him welcome
hither.

Arth. God shall forgive you Cœur-de-lion's death.

The rather that you give his offspring life, SSadowing their right under your wings of war: I give you welcome with a powerless hand. But with a heart full of unstained love,—
Welcome before the gates of Angiers, dura-

Welcome before the gates of Angiers, duke.

Lou. A noble boy! Who would not do

thee right?

Aust. Upon thy cheek lay I this zealous kiss.

As seal to this indenture of my love,—
That to my home I will no more return,
Till Angiers, and the right thou hast in France,
Together with that pale, that white-fac'd shore,
Whose foot spurns back the ocean's roaring
tides,

And coops from other lands her islanders,— Even till that England, hedg'd in with the main, That water-walled bulwark still secure And confident from foreign purposes,— Even till that utmost corner of the west Salute thee for her king; till then, fair boy, Will I not think of home, but follow arms.

Const. O, take his mother's thanks, a widow's thanks,

widow's thanks,
Till your strong hand shall help to give him

strength
To make a more requital to your love!

Aust. The peace of heaven is theirs that lift their swords

In such a just and charitable war.

K. Phi. Well, then, to work: our cannon shall be bent

Against the brows of this resisting town,—
Call for our chiefest men of discipline,
To cull the plots of best advantages:
We'll lay before this town our royal bones,
Wade to the market-place in Frenchman's
blood,

But we will make it subject to this boy.

Const. Stay for an answer to your embassy.

Lest unadvis'd you stain your swords with

blood:

My Lord Chatillon may from England bring That right in peace, which here we urge in war; And then we shall repent each drop of blood That hot rash haste so indirectly shed.

K. Phi. A wonder, lady!—lo, upon thy wish, Our messenger Chatillon is arrived!

Enter CHATILLON.

What England says, say briefly, gentle lord; We coldly pause for thee; Chatillon, speak. Chat. Then turn your forces from this paltry siege,

And stir them up against a mightier task. England, impatient of your just demands, Hath put himself in arms: the adverse winds, Whose leisure I have stay'd, have given him

To land his legions all as soon as I;
His marches are expedient to this town,
His forces strong, his soldiers confident.
With him along is come the mother-queen,
An Até, stirring him to blood and strife;
With her her niece, the Lady Blanch of Spain;
With them a bastard of the king deceas'd:
And all the unsettled humours of the land, —
Rash, inconsiderate, fiery voluntaries,

With ladies' faces, and fierce dragon's spleens.

Have sold their fortunes at their native homes, Bearing their birthrights proudly on their backs. To make a hazard of new fortunes here. In brief, a braver choice of dauntless spirits, Than now the English bottoms have waft o'er, Did never float upon the swelling tide.

To do offence and scath in Christendom. Drums beat within.

The interruption of their churlish drums Cuts off more circumstance: they are at hand, To parley or to fight: therefore prepare.

K. Phi. How much unlook'd-for is this ex-

pedition!

Aust. By how much unexpected, by so much We must awake endeavour for defence; For courage mounteth with occasion: Let them be welcome, then; we are prepar'd.

Enter King John, Elinor, Blanch, the BASTARD, Lords, and Forces.

K. John. Peace be to France, if France in peace permit

Our just and lineal entrance to our own! If not, bleed France, and peace ascend to heaven!

Whiles we, God's wrathful agent, do correct Their proud contempt that beat his peace to

heaven. K. Phi. Peace be to England, if that war From France to England, there to live in peace! England we love; and for that England's sake With burden of our armour here we sweat. This toil of ours should be a work of thine; But thou from loving England art so far, That thou hast under-wrought his lawful king, Cut off the sequence of posterity, Outfaced infant state, and done a rape Upon the maiden virtue of the crown. Look here upon thy brother Geffrey's face;-These eyes, these brows, were moulded out of

This little abstract doth contain that large Which died in Geffrey; and the hand of time Shall draw this brief into as huge a volume. That Geffrey was thy elder brother born, And this his son; England was Geffrey's right, And this is Geffrey's: in the name of God. How comes it then, that thou art call'd a king, When living blood doth in these temples beat, Which owe the crown that thou o'ermasterest? K. John. From whom hast thou this great

commission, France,

To draw my answer from thy articles? K. Phi. From that supernal judge that stirs good thoughts

In any breast of strong authority, To look into the blots and stains of right. That judge hath made me guardian to this boy: Under whose warrant I impeach thy wrong; And by whose help I mean to chastise it.

K. John. Alack, thou dost usurp authority. K. Phi. Excuse,—it is to beat usurping down Eli. Who is it thou dost call usurper, France? Const. Let me make answer; -- thy usurping

Eli. Out, insolent! thy bastard shall be king That thou mayst be a queen, and check the world!

Co st. My bed was ever to thy son as true As thine was to thy husband; and this boy Liker in feature to his father Geffrey Than thou and John in manners,-being as As rain to water, or devil to his dam. My boy a bastard! By my soul, I think His father never was so true begot:

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It cannot be, an if thou wert his mother. Eli. There's a good mother, boy, that blots

thy father. Const. There's a good grandam, boy, that would blot thee.

Aust. Peace! Bast. Hear the crier.

What the devil art thou? Aust. Bast. One that will play the devil, sir, with you,

An 'a man catch your hide and you alone. You are the hare of whom the proverb goes, Whose valour plucks dead hons by the beard: I'll smoke your skin-coat an I catch you right; Sırrah, look to 't; i' faıth, I will, i' faith.

Blanch. O, well did he become that hon's robe

That did disrobe the lion of that robe! Bast. It lies as sightly on the back of him As great Alcides' shoes upon an ass:-

But, ass, I'll take that burden from your back, Or lay on that shall make your shoulders crack. Aust. What cracker is this same that deafs our ears

With this abundance of superfluous breath? K. Phi. Louis, determine what we shall do ference .-

straight. Lou. Women and fools, break off your con-King John, this is the very sum of all,-England and Ireland, Anjou, Touraine, Maine, In right of Arthur, do I claim of thee:

Wilt thou resign them, and lay down thy arms? K. John. My life as soon:- I do defy thee, France.

Arthur of Bretagne, yield thee to my hand; And out of my dear love, I'll give thee more Than e'er the coward hand of France can win: Submit thee, boy.

Eli. Come to thy grandam, child. Const. Do, child, go to it' grandam, child; Give grandam kingdom, and it' grandam will Give it a plum, a cherry, and a fig: There's a good grandam.

Arth. Good my mother, peace! I would that I were low laid in my grave: I am not worth this coil that's made for me-

Eli. His mother shames him so, poor boy, [does or no! he weeps. Const. Now, shame upon you, whe'r she His grandam's wrongs, and not his mother's

shames, [poor eyes, Draw those heaven-moving pearls from his Which heaven shall take in nature of a fee:

Ay, with these crystal beads heaven shall be brib'd

To do him justice, and revenge on you.

Eli. Thou monstrous slanderer of heaven and earth! and earth! Const. Thou monstrous injurer of heaven

Call not me slanderer; thou and thine usurp The dominations, royalties, and rights Of this oppressed boy: this is thy eldest son's Infortunate in nothing but in thee:

Thy sins are visited in this poor child; The canon of the law is laid on him, Being but the second generation Removed from thy sin-conceiving womb. K. John. Bedlam, have done.

I have but this to say,-Const. That he is not only plagued for her sin, But God hath made her sin and her the plague On this removed issue, plagu'd for her, And with her plague, her sin, his injury Her injury,—the beadle to her sin; All punish'd in the person of this child,

And all for her: a plague upon her! Eli. Thou unadvised scold, I can produce will: A will that bars the title of thy son. Const. Ay, who doubts that? a will! a wicked A woman's will, a canker'd grandam's will! K. Phi. Peace, lady! pause, or be more temperate:

It ill beseems this presence to cry aim To these ill-tuned repetitions .-Some trumpet summon hither to the walls These men of Angiers: let us hear them speak Whose title they admit, Arthur's or John's.

Trumpet sounds. Enter Citizens upon the walls.

I Cit. Who is it that hath warn'd us to the walls?

K. Phi. 'Tis France, for England.

England, for itself:-K. John. You men of Angiers, and my loving subjects,-K. Phi. You loving men of Angiers, Arthur's subjects

Our trumpet call'd you to this gentle parle. K. John. For our advantage; therefore hear

us first. These fisgs of France, that are advanced here Before the eye and prospect of your town, Have hither march'd to your endamagement: The cannons have their bowels full of wrath,

And ready mounted are they to spit forth Their iron indignation 'gainst your walls: All preparation for a bloody siege And merciless proceeding by these French Confronts your city's eyes, your winking gates; And, but for our approach, those sleeping

That as a waist do girdle you about. By the compulsion of their ordinance By this time from their fixed beds of lime Had been dishabited, and wide havoc made For bloody power to rush upon your peace.

stones,

But, on the sight of us, your lawful king, Who painfully, with much expedient march, Have brought a countercheck before your gates To save unscratch'd your city's threaten'd

cheeks,-Behold, the French, amaz'd, vouchsafe a parle; And now, instead of bullets wrapp'd in fire, To make a shaking fever in your walls, They shoot but calm words, folded up in smoke,

To make a faithless error in your ears: Which trust accordingly, kind citizens, And let us in, your king; whose labour'd spirits, Forwearied in this action of swift speed. Crave harbourage within your city-walls.

K. Phi. When I have said, make answer to us both.

Lo, in this right hand, whose protection

Is most divinely vow'd upon the right Of him it holds, stands young Plantagenet, Son to the elder brother of this man, And king o'er him and all that he enjoys: For this down-trodden equity we tread In war-like march these greens before your town;

[ACT II.

Being no further enemy to you Than the constraint of hospitable zeal In the relief of this oppressed child Religiously provokes. Be pleased, then, To pay that duty which you truly owe To him that owes it, namely, this young prince: And then our arms, like to a muzzled bear, Save in aspect, have all offence seal'd up;

Our cannons' malice vainly shall be spent Against the invulnerable clouds of heaven; And with a blessed and unvex'd retire. With unhack'd swords and helmets all unbruis'd.

We will bear home that lusty blood again Which here we came to spout against your town, And leave your children, wives, and you in peace.

But if you fondly pass our proffer'd offer, 'Tis not the rondure of your old-fac'd walls Can hide you from our messengers of war, Though all these English, and their discipline, Were harbour'd in their rude circumference. Then, tell us, shall your city call us lord In that behalf which we have challeng'd it? Or shall we give the signal-to our rage, And stalk in blood to our possession

1 Cit. In brief, we are the King of England's subjects:

For him, and in his right, we hold this town. K. John. Acknowledge then the king, and

let me in. I Cit. That can we not; but he that proves the king,

To him will we prove loyal: till that time Have we ramm'd up our gates against the world. K. John. Doth not the crown of Engand

prove the king?

And, if not that, I bring you witnesses, Twice fifteen thousand hearts of England's breed, Bast. Bastards, and else.

K. John. To verify our title with their lives. K. Phi. As many and as well-born bloods as those,

Bast. Some bastards too.

K. Phi. Stand in his face, to contradict his claim. 1 Cit. Till you compound whose right is

worthiest. We for the worthiest hold the right from both.

K. John. Then God forgive the sin of all those souls.

That to their everlasting residence, Before the dew of evening fall, shall fleet, In dreadful trial of our kingdom's king!

K. Phi. Amen, Amen!—Mount, chevaliers! to arms! Bast. St. George, that swinged the dragon,

and e'er since Sits on his horse' back at mine hostess' door,

Teach us some fence!-Sirrah [to AUSTRIA], were I at home.

At your den, sirrah, with your lioness.

I would set an ox-head to your lion's hide, And make a monster of you.

Aust. Peacel no more.

Bast. O, tremble, for you hear the lion roar.

K. John. Up higher to the plain; where
we'll set forth

In best appointment all our regiments.

Bast. Speed, then, to take advantage of the field.

K. Phi. It shall be so;—[to Louis] and at the other hill

Command the rest to stand.—God and our right! [Exeunt severally.

After Excursions, enter a French Herald, with trumpets, to the gates.

F. Her. You men of Angiers, open wide your gates,

And let young Arthur, Duke of Bretagne, in,
Who, by the hand of France, this day hath made
Much work for tears in many an English
mother, [ground:

Whose sons lié scatter'd on the bleeding Many a widow's husband grovelling lies, Coldly embracing the discolour'd earth; And victory, with little loss, doth play Upon the dancing banners of the French, Who are at hand, triumphantly displey'd. To enter conquerors, and to proclaim Arthur of Bretagne England's king and yours.

Enter an English Herald, with trumpets.

E. Her. Rejoice, you men of Angiers, ring your bells; [proach, King John, your king and England's, doth ap-Commander of this hot malicious day: Their armours, that march'd hence so silverbright.

Hither return all gilt with Frenchmen's blood; There stuck no plume in any English crest That is removed by a staff of France; Our colours do return in those same hands That did display them when we first march'd forth;

And, like a jolly troop of huntsmen, come Our lusty English, all with purpled hands, Dy'd in the dying slaughter of their foes: Open your gates, and give the victors way.

by'd in the dying slaughter of their foes: pen your gates, and give the victors way. I Cit. Heralds, from off our towers, we might behold,

From first to last, the onset and retire Of both your armies; whose equality By our best eyes cannot be censured: Blood hath bought blood, and blows have answer'd blows;

Strength match'd with strength, and power confronted power:

Both are alike; and both alike we like. One must prove greatest: while they weigh so even

We hold our town for neither; yet for both.

Re-enter, on one side, King John, Elinor, Blanch, the Bastard, and Forces; at the other, King Philip, Louis, Austria, and Forces.

K. John. France, hast thou yet more blood to cast away?

Say, shall the current of our right run on?

Whose passage, ver'd with thy impediment, Shall leave his native channel, and o'erswell With course disturb'd even thy confining shores, Unless thou let his silver water keep A peaceful progress to the ocean.

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K. Phi. England, thou hast not sav'd one drop of blood.

In this hot trial, more than we of France;
Rather, lost more: and by this hand I swear,
That sways the earth this climate overlooks,
Before we will lay down our just-borne arms,
We'll put thee down, 'gainst whom these arms
we bear.

Or add a royal number to the dead, Gracing the scroll that tells of this war's loss With slaughter coupled to the name of kings. Bast. Ha, majesty! how high thy glory

towers

When the rich blood of kings is set on fire!

O, now doth Death line his dead chaps with steel:

The swords of soldiers are his teern, his fangs; And now he feasts, mousting the flesh of men, In undetermin'd differences of kings— Why stand these royal fronts amazed thus? Cry, havoc, kings! back to the stained field, You equal potentates, flery-kindled spirits! Then let confusion of one part confirm The other's peace; till then, blows, blood, and

death!

K. John. Whose party do the townsmen yet
K. Phi. Speak, citizens, for England; who's

your king? [the king. 1 Cit. The King of England, when we know K. Phi. Know him in us, that here hold up

his right.

K. John. In us, that are our own great, deputy,

And bear possession of our person here; Lord of our presence, Angiers, and of you.

I Cit. A greater power than we denies all this; And till it be undoubted, we do lock Our former scruple in our strong-barr'd gates;

King'd of our fear, until our fears, resolv'd, Be by some certain king purg'd and depos'd. Bast. By heaven, these scroyles of Angiers

flout you, kings,
And stand securely on their battlements
As in a theatre, whence they gape and point
At your industrious scenes and acts of death.
Your royal presences be rul'd by me:—
Do like the mutines of Jerusalem,
Be friends awhile, and both conjointly bend
Your sharpest deeds of malice on this town:
Resets and west let France and England mount

By east and west let France and England mount Their battering cannon, charged to the mouths, Till their soul-fearing clamours have brawl'd down

The flinty ribs of this contemptuous city: I'd play incessantly upon these jades, Even till unfenced desolation
Leave them as naked as the vulgar air.
That done, dissever your united strengths, And part your mingled colours once again:
Turn face to face, and bloody point to point;
Then, in a moment, fortune shall cull forth
Out of one side her happy minion,
To whom in favour she shall give the day,
And kiss him with a glorious victory.

How like you this wild counsel, mighty states? Smacks it not something of the policy?

K. John. Now, by the sky that hangs above our heads,

I like it well.—France, shall we knit our powers,

And lay this Angiers even with the ground; Then, after, fight who shall be king of it?

Bast. An if thou hast the mettle of a king, Being wrong'd, as we are, by this peevish town.

Turn thou the mouth of thy artillery, As we will ours, against these saucy walls; And when that we have dash'd them to the

ground, Why, then defy each other, and, pell-mell, Make work upon ourselves, for heaven or hell!

K. Phi. Let it be so .- Say, where will you assault? Struction K. John. We from the west will send de-

Into this city's bosom. Aust. I from the north.

Our thunder from the south Shall rain their drift of bullets on this town.

Bast. O prudent discipline! From north to south.

Austria and France shoot in each other's mouth: I'll stir them to it. [Aside.]-Come, away,

away! 1 Cit. Hear us, great kings: vouchsafe

awhile to stay, And I shall show you peace and fair-fac'd

league: Win you this city without stroke or wound: Rescue those breathing lives to die in beds. That here come sacrifices for the field:

Perséver not, but hear me, mighty kings.

K. John. Speak on, with favour; we are bent to hear. Blanch.

1 Cit. That daughter there of Spain, the Lady Is niece to England:—look upon the years Of Louis the Dauphin, and that lovely maid: If lusty love should go in quest of beauty, Where should he find it fairer than in Blanch? If zealous love should go in search of virtue, Where should he find it purer than in Blanch? If love ambitious sought a match of birth, Whose veins bound richer blood than Lady Blanch?

Such as she is, in beauty, virtue, birth, Is the young Dauphin every way complete,-If not complete of, say he is not she; And she again wants nothing, to name want, If want it be not, that she is not he: He is the half part of a blessed man, Left to be finished by such a she; And she a fair divided excellence. Whose fulness of perfection lies in him. O, two such silver currents, when they join Do glorify the banks that bound them in; And two such shores to two such streams made one, kings,

Two such controlling bounds shall you be, To these two princes, if you marry them. This union shall do more than battery can To our fast-closed gates; for, at this match, With swifter spleen than powder can enforce, The mouth of passage shall we fling wide ope And give you entrance; but without this match, In such a love so vile a lout as he.

The sea enraged is not half so deaf, Lions more confident, mountains and rocks More free from motion; no, not Death himself In mortal fury half so peremptory, As we to keep this city.

Here's a stay Bast. That shakes the rotten carcase of old Death Out of his rags! Here's a large mouth, indeed, That spits forth death and mountains, rocks and seas;

Talks as familiarly of roaring lions As maids of thirteen do of puppy-dogs! What cannoneer begot this lusty blood? He speaks plain cannon, fire and smoke and bounce;

He gives the bastinado with his tongue; Our ears are cudgell'd; not a word of his But buffets better than a fist of France: Zounds! I was never so bethump'd with words Since I first called my brother's father dad.

Eli. Son, list to this conjunction, make this match;

Give with our niece a dowry large enough: For by this knot thou shalt so surely tie Thy now unsur'd assurance to the crown, That you green boy shall have no sun to ripe The bloom that promiseth a mighty fruit. see a yielding in the looks of France Mark how they whisper: urge them while their souls

Are capable of this ambition, Lest zeal, now melted by the windy breath Of soft pentions, pity, and remorse, Cool and congeal again to what it was. 1 Cit. Why answer not the double majesties

This friendly treaty of our threaten'd town? K. Phi. Speak England first, that hath been forward first

To speak unto this city: what say you? K. John. If that the Dauphin there, thy princely son,

Can in this book of beauty read, "I love," Her dowry shall weigh equal with a queen: For Anjou, and fair Touraine, Maine, Poictiers, And all that we upon this side the sea,-Except this city now by us besieg'd,-Find liable to our crown and dignity, Shall gild her bridal bed; and make her rich In titles, honours, and promotions, As she in beauty, education, blood,

Holds hand with any princess of the world.

K. Phi. What say'st thou, boy? look in the lady's face.

Lou. I do, my lord, and in her eye I find A wonder, or a wondrous miracle, The shadow of myself form'd in her eye; Which, being but the shadow of your son, Becomes a sun, and makes your son a shadow: I do protest I never lov'd myself Till now infixed I beheld myself Drawn in the flattering table of her eye.

[Whispers with BLANCH. Bast. [Aside.] Drawn in the flattering table of her eye!-

Hang'd in the frowning wrinkle of her brow!-And quarter'd in her heart!—he doth espy Himself love's traitor! This is pity now, That, hang'd, and drawn, and quarter'd, there

should be

Blanch. My uncle's will in this respect is AndFrance,—whose armour conscience buckled

If he see aught in you that makes him like,
That anything he sees, which moves his liking,
I can with ease translate it to my will;
Or if you will, to speak more properly,
I will enforce it easily to my love.
Further, I will not flatter you, my lord,
That all I see in you is worthy love,
Than this,—that nothing do I see in you,
Though churlish thoughts themselves should
be your judge,—

That I can find should merit any hate.

K. John. What say these young ones?— What say you, my niece? [do

Blanch. That she is bound in honour still to What you in wisdom still vouchsafe to say. K. John. Speak then, Prince Dauphin; can you love this lady?

Lou. Nay, ask me if I can refrain from love;

For I do love her most unfergnedly.

K. John. Then do I give Volquessen, Touraine, Maine,

Poictiers, and Anjou, these five provinces, With her to thee; and this addition more, Full thirty thousand marks of English coin.—Philip of France, if thou be pleas'd withal, Command thy son and daughter to join hands.

K. Phi. It likes us well.—Young princes, close your hands.

Aust. And your lips too; for I am well assur'd That I did so when I was first assur'd.

K. Phi. Now, citizens of Angiers, ope your

Let in that amity which you have made;
For at Saint Mary's chapel presently
The rites of marriage shall be solemniz'd.—
Is not the Lady Constance in this troop?
I know she is not; for this match made up
Her presence would have interrupted much:
Where is she and her son? tell me, who knows.

Lou. She is sad and passionate at your highness' tent.

K. Phi. And, by my faith, this league that we have made

Will give her sadness very little cure.—
Brother of England, how may we content
This widow lady? In her right we came;
Which we, God knows, have turn'd another
way,

To our own vantage.

K. John. We will heal up all;

For we'll create young Arthur Duke of Bretagne

And Earl of Richmond; and this rich fair town We make him lord of.—Call the Lady Constance:

Some speedy messenger bid her repair To our solemnity:—I trust we shall, If not fill up the measure of her will Yet in some measure satisfy her so That we shall stop her exclamation. Go we, as well as haste will suffer us, To this unlook dor, unprepared pomp. [Exeunt all but the BASTARD. The Citizens

retire from the Walls.

Bast. Mad world! mad kings! mad composition!

John, to stop Arthur's title in the whole, Hath willingly departed with a part; [0 And France,—whose armour conscience buckled Whom zeal and charity brought to the field As God's own soldier,—rounded in the ear With that same purpose-changer, that sly devil; That broker, that still breaks the pate of faith; That daily break-vow; he that wins of all, Of kings, of beggars, old men, young men, maids,—

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Who having no external thing to lose
But the word maid, cheats the poor maid of that;
That smooth-fac'd gentleman, tickling commodity,—

Commodity, the bias of the world; The world, who of itself is peised well, Made to run even upon even ground, Till this advantage, this vile-drawing bias, This sway of motion, this commodity, Makes it take head from all indifferency, From all direction, purpose, course, intent: And this same bias, this commodity, This bawd, this broker, this all-changing word, Clapp'd on the outward eye of fickle France, Hath drawn him from his own determin'd aid, From a resolv'd and honourable war. To a most base and vile-concluded peace.-And why rail I on this commodity? But for because he hath not woo'd me yet: Not that I have the power to clutch my hand When his fair angels would salute my palm; But for my hand, as unattempted yet, Like a poor beggar, raileth on the rich. Well, whiles I am a beggar, I will rail. And say, There is no sin but to be rich; And, being rich, my virtue then shall be, To say, There is no vice but beggary: Since kings break faith upon commodity Gain, be my lord!-for I will worship thee Exit.

ACT III.

Scene I.—France. The French King's Tent.

Enter Constance. Arthur, and Salisbury.

Const. Gone to be married! gone to swear a peace!

False blood to false blood join'd! gone to be friends! Shall Louis have Blanch? and Blanch those

provinces? It is not so; thou hast misspoke, misheard; Be well advis'd, tell o'er thy tale again: It cannot be; thou dost but say 'tis so: I trust I may not trust thee; for thy word Is but the vain breath of a common man: Believe me, I do not believe thee, man; I have a king's oath to the contrary. Thou shalt be punish'd for thus frighting me, For I am sick, and capable of fears; Oppress'd with wrongs, and therefore full of fears; A widow, husbandless, subject to fears; A woman, naturally born to fears; And though thou now confess thou didst but jest, With my vex'd spirits I cannot take a truce, But they will quake and tremble all this day What dost thou mean by shaking of thy head? Why dost thou look so sadly on my son? What means that hand upon that breast of thine? Why holds thine eye that lamentable rheum, Like a proud river peering o'er its bounds? on, Be these sad signs confirmers of thy words?

Then speak again,—not all thy former tale, But this one word, whether thy tale be true. Sal. As true as I believe you think them false. That give you cause to prove my saying true. Const. O, if thou teach me to believe this sorrow,

Teach thou this sorrow how to make me die; And let behef and life encounter so As doth the fury of two desperate men, Which in the very meeting fall and die!— Louis marry Blanch? O boy, then where art thou?

France friend with England! what becomes of

Fellow, be gone: I cannot brook thy sight;
This news hath made thee a most ugly man.
Sal. What other harm have I, good lady,

But spoke the harm that is by others done?

Const. Which harm within itself so heinous is,
As it makes harmful all that speak of it.

is it makes narmful all that speak of it.

Arth. I do beseech you, madam, be content.

Const. If thou, that bid'st me be content,

wert grim,

Ugly, and slanderous to thy mother's womb, Full of unpleasing blots and sightless stains, Lame, follosh, crooked, swart, prodigious, Patch'd with foul moles and eye-offending marks,

I would not care, I then would be content;
For then I should not love thee; no, nor thou
Become thy great birth, nor deserve a crown.
But thou art fair; and at thy birth, dear boy,
Nature and fortune join'd to make thee great:
Of nature's grist thou mayst with lilies boast,
And with the half-blown rose: but Fortune, O;
She is corrupted, chang'd, and won from thee;
She adulterates hourly with thine uncle John;
And with her golden hand hath pluck'd on
France

To tread down fair respect of sovereignty, And made his majesty the bawd to theirs. France is a bawd to Fortune, and king John—That strumpet Fortune, that usurping John!—Tell me, thou fellow, is not France forsworn? Envenom him with words; or get thee gone, And leave those woes alone, which I alone Am bound to under-bear.

Sal. Pardon me, madam,
I may not go without you to the kings.

Const. Thou mays: thou shalt: I will not a

Const. Thou mayst, thou shalt; I will not go with thee:

I will instruct my sorrows to be proud; For gnef is proud, and makes his honour stout, To me, and to the state of my great grief, Let kings assemble; for my gnef's so great That no supporter but the huge firm earth Can hold it up: here I and sorrows sit; Here is my throne, bid kings come bow to it.

Seats herself on the ground.

Enter King John, King Philip, Louis, Blanch, Elinor, Bastard, Austria, and Attendants.

K. Phi. 'Tis true, fair daughter; and this blessed day Ever in France shall be kept festival: To solemnize this day the glorious sun Stays in his course, and plays the alchemist,

Turning, with splendour of his precious eye, The meagre cloddy earth to glittering gold: The yearly course that brings this day about Shall never see it but a holiday.

Const. A wicked day, and not a holy day! [Rising. What hath this day deserv'd? what hath it done, That it in golden letters should be set Among the high tides in the calendar? Nay, rather turn this day out of the week, This day of shame, oppression, perjury: Or, rf it must stand still, let wives with child Pray that their burdens may not fall this day, Lest that their hopes prodigiously be cross'd: But on this day let seamen fear no wreck; No bargains break that are not this day made: This day, all things begun come to ill end,—Yea, faith itself to hollow falsehood change!

K. Phr. By heaven, lady, you shall have no cause
To curse the fair proceedings of this day.

Have I not pawn'd to you my majesty?

Const. Youhave beguil'd me with a counterfeit
Resembling majesty; which, being touch'd and
tried.

Proves valueless: you are forsworn, forsworn:
You came in arms to spill mine enemies' blood,
But now in arms you strengthen it with yours:
The grappling vigour and rough frown of war
Is cold in amity and painted peace,
And our oppression hath made up this league.—
Arm, arm, you heavens, against these perjur'd
kngs!

A widow cries; be husband to me, heavens! Let not the hours of this ungodly day Wear out the day in peace; but, ere sunset, Set armed discord 'twill these perjur'd kings! Hear me, O, hear me!

Aust. Lady Constance, peace.

Const. War! war! no peace! peace is to me

O Lymoges! O Austria! thou dost shame That bloody spoil: thou slave, thou wretch, thou coward!

Thou little valiant, great in villany!
Thou ever strong upon the stronger side!
Thou Fortune's champion that dost never fight
But when her humorous ladyship is by
To teach thee safety!—thou art perjur'd too,
And sooth'st up greatness. What a fool art thou,
A ramping fool, to brag, and stamp, and swear
Upon thy party! Thou cold-blooded slave,
Hast thou not spoke like thunder on my side?
Been sworn my soldier? bidding me depend
Upon thy stars, thy fortune, and thy strength?
And dost thou now fall over to my foes?
Thou wear a lion's hide! doff it for shame,
And hang a calf's-skin on those recreant limbs!

Aust. O, that a man should speak those

words to me!

Bast. And hang a calf's-skin on those recreant

limbs.

Aust. Thou dar'st not say so, villain, for thy

life.

Bast. And hang a calf's-skin on those recreant

limbs.

K. John. We like not this; thou dost forget thyself.

K. Phi. Here comes the holy legate of the pope.

Enter PANDULPH.

Pand. Hail. you anointed deputies of heaven!

To thee, King John, my holy errand is. I Pandulph, of fair Milan cardinal, And from Pope Innocent the legate here. Do in his name religiously demand, Why thou against the church, our holy mother, So wilfully dost spurn; and, force perforce, Keep Stephen Langton, chosen archbishop Of Canterbury, from that holy see? This, in our foresaid holy father's name. Pope Innocent, I do demand of thee.

K. John. What earthly name to interrogatories

Can task the free breath of a sacred king? Thou canst not, cardinal, devise a name So slight, unworthy, and ridiculous, To charge me to an answer, as the pope. Tell him this tale; and from the mouth of England

Add thus much more,-That no Italian priest Shall tithe or toll in our dominions: But as we under heaven are supreme head, So, under him, that great supremacy, Where we do reign, we will alone uphold, Without the assistance of a mortal hand: So tell the pope; all reverence set apart To him and his usurp'd authority.

K. Phi. Brother of England, you blaspheme in this. Christendom

K. John. Though you, and all the kings of Are led so grossly by this meddling priest, Dreading the curse that money may buy out; And by the merit of vile gold, dross, dust, Purchase corrupted pardon of a man, Who in that sale sells pardon from himself; Though you and all the rest, so grossly led, This juggling witchcraft with revenue cherish; Yet I, alone, alone do me oppose Against the pope, and count his friends my foes.

Pand. Then, by the lawful power that I have, Thou shalt stand curs'd and excommunicate: And blessed shall he be that doth revolt From his allegiance to an heretic; And meritorious shall that hand be call'd, Canonized, and worshipp'd as a saint, That takes away by any secret course Thy hateful life.

Const. O, lawful let it be That I have room with Rome to curse awhile! Good father cardinal, cry thou amen To my keen curses: for without my wrong There is no tongue hath power to curse him right. curse.

Pand. There's law and warrant, lady, for my Const. And for mine too: when law can do no right.

Let it be lawful that law bar no wrong: Law cannot give my child his kingdom here; For he that holds his kingdom holds the law: Therefore, since law itself is perfect wrong, How can the law forbid my tongue to curse? Pand. Philip of France, on penil of a curse,

Let go the hand of that arch-heretic; And raise the power of France upon his head, Unless he do submit himself to Rome.

Eli. Look'st thou pale, France; do not let

go thy hand.

Const. Look to that, devil; lest that France repent

And, by disjoining hands, hell lose a soul. Aust. King Philip, listen to the cardinal.

Bast. And hang a calf's-skin on his recreant limbs.

Aust. Well, ruffian, I must pocket up these Because-

Bast. Your breeches best may carry them. K. John. Philip, what say'st thou to the cardinal? cardinal? Const. What should he say, but as the Lou. Bethink you, father; for the difference

Is, purchase of a heavy curse from Rome, Or the light loss of England for a friend: Forego the easier.

Blanch. That's the curse of Rome. Const. O Louis, stand fast! the devil tempts thee here

In likeness of a new uptrimmed bride. Blanch. The Lady Constance speaks not from her faith,

But from her need. Const. O, if thou grant my need, Which only lives but by the death of faith, That need must needs infer this principle .-That faith would live again by death of need! O, then, tread down my need, and faith mounts

Keep my need up, and faith is trodden down! K. John. The king is mov'd, and answers

not to this. Const. O, be remov'd from him, and answer Aust. Do so, King Philip; hang no more in

doubt. sweet lout. Bast. Hang nothing but a calf's-skin, most K. Phi. I am perplex'd, and know not what to sav. thee more,

Pand. What canst thou say, but will perplex If thou stand excommunicate and curs'd? K. Phi. Good reverend father, make my

person yours, And tell me how you would bestow yourself. This royal hand and mine are newly knit, And the conjunction of our inward souls Married in league, coupled and link'd together With all religious strength of sacred vows; The latest breath that gave the sound of words Was deep-sworn faith, peace, amity, true love, Between our kingdoms and our royal selves; And even before this truce, but new before, No longer than we well could wash our hands, To clap this royal bargain up of peace,-Heaven knows, they were besmear'd and over-stain'd

With slaughter's pencil, where revenge did paint

The fearful difference of incensed kings: And shall these hands, so lately purg'd of blood So newly joined in love, so strong in both, Unyoke this seizure and this kind regreet? Play fast and loose with faith? so jest with heaven.

Make such unconstant children of ourselves, As now again to snatch our palm from palm Unswear faith sworn; and on the marriage-bed Of smiling peace to march a bloody host, And make a not on the gentle brow Of true sincerity? O, holy sir. My reverend father, let it not be so!

Out of your grace, devise, ordain, impose Some gentle order; and then we shall be bless'd To do your pleasure, and continue friends.

Pand. All form is formless, order orderless. Save what is opposite to England's love.

Therefore, to arms! be champion of our church Or let the church, our mother, breathe her curse,

A mother's curse,—on her revolting son. France, thou mayst hold a serpent by the tongue,

A chafed lion by the mortal paw, A fasting tiger safer by the tooth, hold. Than keep in peace that hand which thou dost K. Phi. I may disjoin my hand, but not my faith. faith:

Pand. So mak'st thou faith an enemy to And, like a civil war, sett'st oath to oath, Thy tongue against thy tongue. O, let thy vow First made to heaven, first be to heaven perform'd.

That is, to be the champion of our church! What since thou swor'st is sworn against thy-

self. And may not be performed by thyself: For that which thou hast sworn to do amiss Is not amiss when it is truly done; And being not done, where doing tends to ill, The truth is then most done not doing it: The better act of purposes mistook Is to mistake again; though indirect, Yet indirection thereby grows direct, And falsehood falsehood cures; as fire cools

Within the scorched veins of one new burn'd. It is religion that doth make vows kept;

By what thou swear'st against the thing thou swear'st:

And mak'st an oath the surety for thy truth Against an oath: the truth thou are unsure To swear, swears only not to be forsworn; Else what a mockery should it be to swear! But thou dost swear only to be forsworn; And most forsworn, to keep what thou dost

swear. Therefore thy latter vows against thy first Is in thyself rebellion to thyself; And better conquest never canst thou make Than arm thy constant and thy nobler parts Against these giddy loose suggestions: Upon which better part our prayers come in, If thou vouchsafe them; but if not, then know The peril of our curses light on thee, So heavy as thou shalt not shake them off, But in despair die under their black weight. Aust. Rebellion, flat rebellion!

Bast. Will't not be? Will not a calf's-skin stop that mouth of thine? Lou. Father, to arms!

Upon thy wedding-day? gainst the blood that thou hast married? What, shall our feast be kept with slaughter'd men?

drums, Shall braying trumpets and loud churlish Clamours of hell,—be measures to our pomp? O husband, hear me!—ay, alack, how new Is husband in my mouth!—even for that name. Which till this time my tongue did ne'er pronounce.

Upon my knee I beg, go not to arms Against mine uncle.

O, upon my knee, Const. Made hard with kneeling, I do pray to thee, Thou virtuous Dauphin, alter not the doom

Forethought by heaven. Blanch. Now shall I see thy love: what

motive may Be stronger with thee than the name of wife? Const. That which upholdeth him that thee

upholds, His honour:-O, thine honour, Louis, thine

honour! Lou. I muse your majesty doth seem so cold,

When such profound respects do pull you on. Pand. I will denounce a curse upon his head. K. Phi. Thou shalt not need .- England, I will fall from thee.

Const. O fair return of banish'd majesty! Eli. O foul revolt of French inconstancy! K. John. France, thou shalt rue this hour

within this hour. Bast. Old Time the clock-setter, that bald sexton Time

Is it as he will? well, then, France shall rue. Blanch. The sun's o'ercast with blood: fair day, adieu!

Which is the side that I must go withal? I am with both: each army hath a hand; And in their rage, I having hold of both, They whirl asunder and dismember me. Husband, I cannot pray that thou mayst win; Uncle, I needs must pray that thou mayst lose; Father, I may not wish the fortune thine; Grandam, I will not wish thy wishes thrive: Whoever wins, on that side shall I lose; Assured loss before the match be play'd.

Lou. Lady, with me; with me thy fortune lies.

Blanch. There where my fortune lives, there my life dies.

K. John. Cousin, go draw our puissance together.— [Exit BASTARD. France, I am burn'd up with inflaming wrath; Exit BASTARD. A rage whose heat hath this condition,

That nothing can allay, nothing but blood,-The blood, and dearest-valu'd blood of France.

K. Phi. Thy rage shall burn thee up, and thou shalt turn

To ashes, ere our blood shall quench that fire:

Look to thyself, thou art in jeopardy. K. John. No more than he that threats. To arms let's hie! [Exeunt severally.

Scene II .- The same. Plains near Angiers.

Alarums. Excursions. Enter the BASTARD. with AUSTRIA'S head.

Bast. Now, by my life, this day grows wondrous hot;

Some airy devil hovers in the sky, [there, hot; And pours down mischief.—Austria's head lie While Philip breathes.

Enter King John, Arthur, and Hubert.

K. John. Hubert, keep this boy.—Philip make up: My mother is assailed in our tent, And ta'en. I fear.

My lord, I rescu'd her; Her highness is in safety, fear you not. But on, my liege; for very little pains Will bring this labour to an happy end.

[Exeunt

SCENE III .- The same.

Alarums, Excursions, Retreat. Enter King John, Elinor, Arthur, the Bastard, HUBERT, and Lords.

K. John. So shall it be; your grace shall stay behind, To ELINOR. So strongly guarded .- Cousin, look not sad: To ARTHUR.

Thy grandam loves thee; and thy uncle will As dear be to thee as thy father was. grief! Arth. O, this will make my mother die with K. John. Cousin [to the BASTARD], away for

England: haste before: And, ere our coming, see thou shake the bags

Of hoarding abbots; imprison'd angels Set at liberty: the fat ribs of peace Must by the hungry now be fed upon: Use our commission in his utmost force.

Bast. Bell, book, and candle shall not drive me back.

When gold and silver becks me to come on. I leave your highness .- Grandam, I will pray,-If ever I remember to be holy,-

For your fair safety; so, I kiss your hand.

Eli. Farewell, gentle cousin. K. John. Coz, farewell. Exit BASTARD. Eli. Come hither, little kinsman; hark a word. [She takes ARTHUR aside. hither, Hubert. O my K. John. Come

gentle Hubert, We owe thee much! within this wall of flesh There is a soul counts thee her creditor. And with advantage means to pay thy love: And, my good friend, thy voluntary oath Lives in this bosom, dearly cherished. Give me thy hand. I had a thing to say,— But I will fit it with some better time. By heaven, Hubert, I am almost asham'd

To say what good respect I have of thee.

Hub. I am much bounden to your majesty. K. John. Good friend, thou hast no cause to

say so yet: But thou shalt have; and creep time ne'er so Yet it shall come for me to do thee good. I had a thing to say,—but let it go: The sun is in the heaven, and the proud day, Attended with the pleasures of the world, Is all too wanton and too full of gawds To give me audience:—if the midnight bell Did, with his iron tongue and brazen mouth, Sound one unto the drowsy ear of night; If this same were a churchyard where we stand, And thou possessed with a thousand wrongs; Or if that surly spirit, melancholy, Had bak'd thy blood, and made it heavy,

thick,-Which else runs tickling up and down the veins, Making that idiot, laughter, keep men's eyes, And strain their cheeks to idle merriment-A passion hateful to my purposes; Or if that thou couldst see me without eyes, Hear me without thine ears, and make reply Without a tongue, using conceit alone,

Without eyes, ears, and harmful sound of words,-

Then, in despite of brooded watchful day, I would into thy bosom pour my thoughts: But, ah, I will not!-yet I love thee well;

And, by my troth, I think thou lov'st me well. Hub. So well that what you bid me undertake, Though that my death were adjunct to my act, By heaven, I would do it.

K. John. Do not I know thou wouldst? Good Hubert, Hubert, Hubert, throw thine eye

On you young boy: I'll tell thee what, my He is a very serpent in my way;

And wheresoe'er this foot of mine doth tread, He lies before me:-dost thou understand me? Thou art his keeper.

Hub.And I'll keep him so That he shall not offend your majesty.

K. John. Death. Hub. My lord? K. John. A grave.

Hub. He shall not live. K. John. Enough.— I could be merry now. Hubert, I love thee: Well. I'll not say what I intend for thee:

Remember.-Madam, fare you well: I'll send those powers o'er to your majesty.

Eli. My blessing go with thee!

K. John. For England, cousin, go: Hubert shall be your man, attend on you With all true duty.—On toward Calais, ho!

Exeunt.

Scene IV .- The same. The French King's Tent.

Enter King Philip, Louis, Pandulph, and Attendants.

K. Phi. So, by a roaring tempest on the flood,

A whole armado of convicted sail Is scatter'd and disjoin'd from fellowship

Pand. Courage and comfort! all shall yet

go well. run so ill.

K. Phi. What can go well, when we have
Are we not beaten? Is not Angiers lost?

Arthur ta'en prisoner? divers dear friends slain? And bloody England into England gone,

O'erbearing interruption, spite of France? Lou. What he hath won, that hath he forti-

fied: So hot a speed with such advice dispos'd. Such temperate order in so fierce a cause

Doth want example: who hath read or heard Of any kindred action like to this? K. Phi. Well could I bear that England had this praise,

So we could find some pattern of our shame .-Look, who comes here! a grave unto a soul; Holding the eternal spirit, against her will, In the vile prison of afflicted breath.

Enter CONSTANCE.

I pr'ythee, lady, go away with me. peace! Const. Lo, now! now see the issue of your K. Phi. Patience, good lady! comfort, gentle Constance! .

Const. No, I defy all counsel, all redress, But that which ends all counsel, true redress, Death, death:—O amiable lovely death! Thou odoriferous stench! sound rottenness! Arise forth from the couch of lasting night, Thou hate and terror to prospenty, And I will kiss thy détestable bones; And put my eyeballs in thy vaulty brows; And ring these fingers with thy household worms: And stop this gap of breath with fulsome dust, And be a carrion monster like thyself: Come, grin on me; and I will think thou smil'st,

And buss thee as thy wife! Misery's love, O, come to me!

K. Phi. O fair affliction, peace! Const. No, no, I will not, having breath to cry:-

O, that my tongue were in the thunder's mouth! Then with a passion would I shake the world; And rouse from sleep that fell anatomy Which cannot hear a lady's feeble voice, Which scorns a modern invocation.

Pand. Lady, you utter madness, and not sorrow.

Const. Thou art not holy to belie me so: I am not mad: this hair I tear is mine; My name is Constance; I was Geffrey's wife; Young Arthur is my son, and he is lost: I am not mad; - I would to heaven I were! For then, 'tis like I should forget myself: O, if I could, what grief should I forget!-Preach some philosophy to make me mad, And thou shait be canoniz'd, cardinal; For, being not mad, but sensible of grief, My reasonable part produces reason How I may be deliver'd of these woes And teaches me to kill or hang myself: If I were mad I should forget my son, Or madly think a babe of clouts were he: I am not mad; too well, too well I feel

The different plague of each calamity.

K. Phi. Bind up those tresses.—O, what love I note

In the fair multitude of those her hairs! Where but by chance a silver drop hath fallen, Even to that drop ten thousand wiry friends Do glue themselves in sociable grief; Like true, inseparable, faithful loves, Sticking together in calamity.

Const. To England, if you will.

K. Phi Bind up your hairs. Const. Yes, that I will; and wherefore will

I do it? I tore them from their bonds, and cried aloud, O that these hands could so redeem my son, As they have given these hairs their liberty! But now I envy at their liberty, And will again commit them to their bonds. Because my poor child is a prisoner .-And, father cardinal, I have heard you say That we shall see and know our friends in heaven:

If that be true, I shall see my boy again; For since the birth of Cain, the first male child, To him that did but yesterday suspire, There was not such a gracious creature born. But now will canker sorrow eat my bud, And chase the native beauty from his cheek, And he will look as hollow as a ghost,

As dim and meagre as an ague's fit; And so he'll die; and, rising so again, When I shall meet him in the court of heaven I shall not know him: therefore never, never Must I behold my pretty Arthur more

Pand. You hold too heinous a respect of grief. Const. He talks to me that never had a son. K. Phi. You are as fond of grief as of your child.

Const. Grief fills the room up of my absent Lies in his bed, walks up and down with me, Puts on his pretty looks, repeats his words, Remembers me of all his gracious parts, Stuffs out his vacant garments with his form; Then have I reason to be fond of gnef. Fare you well: had you such a loss as I, I could give better comfort than you do.-I will not keep this form upon my head, [Tearing off her head-dress.

When there is such disorder in my wit. O lord! my boy, my Arthur, my fair son! My life, my joy, my food, my all the world! My widow-comfort, and my sorrow's cure!

K. Phi. I fear some outrage, and I'll follow Exit.

Lou. There's nothing in this world can make me jov: Life is as tedious as a twice-told tale

Vexing the dull ear of a drowsy man; And bitter shame hath spoil'd the sweet world's That it yields naught but shame and bitterness. Pand. Before the curing of a strong disease, Even in the instant of repair and health, The fit is strongest; evils that take leave, On their departure most of all show evil:

What have you lost by losing of this day?

Lou. All days of glory, joy, and happiness.

Pand. If you had won it, certainly you had. No, no; when Fortune means to men most good. She looks upon them with a threatening eye. Tis strange to think how much King John hath lost

fall:

In this which he accounts so clearly won: Are not you griev'd that Arthur is his prisoner? Lou. As heartily as he is glad he hath him. Pand. Your mind is all as youthful as your blood.

Now hear me speak with a prophetic spirit; For even the breath of what I mean to speak Shall blow each dust, each straw, each little rub, Out of the path which shall directly lead Thy foot to England's throne; and therefore mark.

John hath seiz'd Arthur; and it cannot be That, whiles warm life plays in that infant's veins

The misplac'd John should entertain an hour, One minute, nay, one quiet breath of rest: A sceptre snatch'd with an unruly hand Must be as boisterously maintain'd as gain'd; And he that stands upon a slippery place Makes nice of no vile hole to stay him up: That John may stand, then Arthur needs must

So be it, for it cannot be but so. fall? Lou. But what shall I gain by young Arthur's Pand. You, in the right of Lady Blanch your wife

May then make all the claim that Arthur did.

Lou. And lose it, life and all, as Arthur did. Pand. How green you are, and fresh in this

John lays you plots; the times conspire with For he that steeps his safety in true blood Shall find but bloody safety and untrue. This act, so evilly borne, shall cool the hearts Of all his people, and freeze up their zeal, That none so small advantage shall step forth To check his reign, but they will cherish it; No natural exhalation in the sky, No scape of nature, no distemper'd day, No common wind, no custom'd event, But they will pluck away his natural cause And call them meteors, prodigies, and signs, Abortives, presages, and tongues of heaven, Plainly denouncing vengeance upon John.

Lou. May be he will not touch young Arthur's life,

But hold himself safe in his imprisonment. Pand. O, sir, when he shall hear of your approach,

If that young Arthur be not gone already, Even at that news he dies; and then the hearts Of all his people shall revolt from him, And kiss the lips of unacquainted change: And pick strong matter of revolt and wrath Out of the bloody fingers' ends of John. Methinks I see this hurly all on foot: And, O, what better matter breeds for you Than I have nam'd!—The bastard Falconbridge Is now in England, ransacking the church, Offending charity: if but a dozen French Were there in arms, they would be as a call To train ten thousand English to their side; Or as little as snow, tumbled about Anon becomes a mountain. O noble Dauphin, Go with me to the king:—'tis wonderful What may be wrought out of their discontent, Now that their souls are topful of offence: For England go:-I will whet on the king.

Lou. Strong reasons make strong actions: let 118 90:

If you say ay, the king will not say no.

ACT IV.

SCENE I .- NORTHAMPTON. A Room in the Castle.

Enter HUBERT and two Attendants.

Hub. Heat me these irons hot; and look thou stand

Within the arras: when I strike my foot Upon the bosom of the ground, rush forth, And bind the boy which you shall find with me Fast to the chair: be heedful: hence, and watch. I Attend. I hope your warrant will bear out

the deed. Hub. Uncleanly scruples! Fear not you:

Exeunt Attendants. look to't .---Young lad, come forth; I have to say with you.

Enter ARTHUR.

Arth. Good-morrow, Hubert. Hub. Good-morrow, little prince.

Arth. As little prince, having so great a title To be more prince, as may be. - You are sad. Hub. Indeed, I have been merrier.

Arth. Mercy on me! Methinks no body should be sad but I: Yet, I remember, when I was in France, Young gentlemen would be as sad as night, Only for wantonness. By my christendom, So I were out of prison, and kept sheep, I should be as merry as the day is long And so I would be here, but that I doubt My uncle practices more harm to me: He is afraid of me, and I of him: Is it my fault that I was Geffrey's son? No, indeed, is't not; and I would to heaven I were your son, so you would love me, Hubert. Hub. [Aside.] If I talk to him, with his in-

nocent prate He will awake my mercy, which lies dead: Therefore I will be sudden and despatch.

Arth. Are you sick, Hubert? you look pale to-day: In sooth, I would you were a little sick

That I might sit all night and watch with you: I warrant I love you more than you do me. Hub. [Aside.] His words do take possession of my bosom.

Read here, young Arthur. [Showing a paper. [Aside.] How now, foolish rheum! Turning dispiteous torture out of door! I must be brier, lest resolution drop Out at mine eyes in tender womanish tears .-Can you not read it? is it not fair writ?

Arth. Too fairly, Hubert, for so foul effect. Must you with hot irons burn out both mine

eyes? Hub. Young boy, I must.

Arth. And will you? Hub. And I will.

Arth. Have you the heart? When your head did but ache

I knit my handkerchief about your brows,-The best I had, a princess wrought it me,-And I did never ask it you again; And with my hand at midnight held your head; And, like the watchful minutes to the hour, Still and anon cheer'd up the heavy time, Exeunt. Saying, What lack you? and, Where lies your grief?

Or, What good love may I perform for you? Many a poor man's son would have lien still, And ne'er have spoke a loving word to you; But you at your sick service had a prince. Nay, you may think my love was crafty love, And call it cunning:—do, an if you will: If heaven be pleas'd that you must use me ill, Why, then you must .- Will you put out mine eyes?

These eyes that never did nor never shall So much as frown on you?

Hub. I have sworn to do it! And with hot irons must I burn them out. Arth. Ah, none but in this iron age would do it!

The iron of itself, though heat red hot Approaching near these eyes, would drink my tears.

And quench his fiery indignation, Even in the matter of mine innocence; Nay, after that, consume away in rust, But for containing fire to harm mine eye. Are you more stubborn-hard than hammer'd iron?

An if an angel should have come to me And told me Hubert should put out mine eyes, I would not have believ'd him,-no tongue but Hubert's.

Hub. Come forth.

Stamps.

Re-enter Attendants, with cords, irons, &c.

Do as I bid you.

Arth. O, save me, Hubert, save me! my eyes are out

Even with the fierce looks of these bloody men. Hub. Give me the iron, I say, and bind him [rough?

Arth. Alas, what need you be so boist'rous-I will not struggle, I will stand stone-still. For heaven's sake, Hubert, let me not be bound: Nay, hear me, Hubert!—drive these men away, And I will sit as quiet as a lamb;

I will not stir, nor wince, nor speak a word,

Nor look upon the iron angerly: Thrust but these men away, and I'll forgive you.

Whatever torment you do put me to. [him. Hub. Go, stand within; let me alone with a Attend. I am best pleas'd to be from such

Exeunt Attendants. a deed. Arth. Alas, I then have chid away my friend!

He hath a stern look but a gentle heart:-Let him come back, that his compassion may Give life to yours.

Come, boy, prepare yourself. Hub. Arth. Is there no remedy?

None, but to lose your eyes. Hub. Arth. O heaven!-that there were but a mote in yours,

A grain, a dust, a gnat, a wandering hair, Any annoyance in that precious sense! Then, feeling what small things are boisterous there,

Your vile intent must needs seem horrible. Hub. Is this your promise? go to, hold your

tongue. tongues Arth. Hubert, the utterance of a brace of

Must needs want pleading for a pair of eyes: Let me not hold my tongue,-let me not, Hubert!

Or, Hubert, if you will, cut out my tongue, So I may keep mine eyes: O spare mine eyes, Though to no use but still to look on youl-Lo, by my troth, the instrument is cold, And would not harm me.

Hug. I can heat it, boy. Arth. No, in good sooth; the fire is dead with grief.

Being create for comfort, to be us'd In undeserv'd extremes: see else yourself: There is no malice in this burning coal: The breath of heaven hath blown his spirit out, And strew'd repentant ashes on his head.

Hub. But with my breath I can revive it, boy. Arth. And if you do, you will but make it blush,

And glow with shame of your proceedings, Nay, it, perchance, will sparkle in your eyes; And, like a dog that is compell'd to fight, Snatch at his master that doth tarre him on. All things that you should use to do me wrong, Deny their office: only you do lack That mercy which fierce fire and iron extends.

Creatures of note for mercy-lacking uses.

Hub. Well, see to live; I will not touch thine eves

For all the treasure that thine uncle owes: Yet am I sworn, and I did purpose, boy,

With this same very iron to burn them out. Arth. O, now you look like Hubert! all this while

You were disguised.

Hub. Peace; no more. Adieu! Your uncle must not know but you are dead: I'll fill these dogged spies with false reports: And, pretty child, sleep doubtless and secure, That Hubert, for the wealth of all the world, Will not offend thee.

Arth. O heaven! I thank you, Hubert. Hub. Silence; no more: go closely in with me: Much danger do I undergo for thee. [Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same. A Room of State in the Palace.

Enter King John, crowned; Salisbury, and other Lords. PEMBROKE The KING takes his State.

K. John. Here once again we sit, once again crown'd.

And look'd upon, I hope, with cheerful eyes. Pem. This once again, but that your highness pleas'd.

Was once superfluous: you were crown'd before. And that high royalty was ne'er pluck'd off; The faiths of men ne'er stained with revolt: Fresh expectation troubled not the land With any long'd-for change or better state.

Sal. Therefore, to be possess'd with double pomp, To guard a title that was rich before,

To gild refined gold, to paint the lily, To throw a perfume on the violet, To smooth the ice, or add another hue Unto the rainbow, or with taper-light To seek the beauteous eye of heaven to garnish, Is wasteful and ridiculous excess.

Pem. But that your royal pleasure must be This act is as an ancient tale new told;

and in the last repeating troublesome. Being urged at a time unseasonable. Sal. In this, the antique and well-noted face

Of plain old form is much disfigured; And, like a shifted wind unto a sail. It makes the course of thoughts to fetch about; Startles and frights consideration;

Makes sound opinion sick, and truth suspected, For putting on so new a fashion'd robe.

Pem. When workmen strive to do better than well.

They do confound their skill in covetousness; And oftentimes excusing of a fault Doth make the fault the worse by the excuse,-

As patches set upon a little breach Discredit more in hiding of the fault

Than did the fault before it was so patch'd. Sal. To this effect, before you were newcrown'd, highness

We breath'd our counsel: but it pleas'd your To overbear it; and we are all well pleas'd Since all and every part of what we would

Doth make a stand at what your highness will K. John. Some reasons of this double coronation

I have possess'd you with, and think them That blood which ow'd the breadth of all this strong:

And more, more strong, when lesser is my fear, I shall indue you with: meantime but ask What you would have reform'd that is not well, And well shall you perceive how willingly I will both hear and grant you your requests.

Pem. Then I,-as one that am the tongue

of these, To sound the purposes of all their hearts,-Both for myself and them,-but, chief of all, Your safety, for the which myself and them Bend their best studies,—heartily request The enfranchisement of Arthur; whose restraint Doth move the murmuring lips of discontent To break into this dangerous argument, If what in rest you have in right you hold, Why, then, your fears, which, as they say, attend

The steps of wrong,—should move you to mew

Your tender kinsman, and to choke his days With barbarous ignorance, and deny his youth The rich advantage of good exercise? That the time's enemies may not have this To grace occasions, let it be our suit That you have bid us ask his liberty; Which for our goods we do no further ask Than whereupon our weal, on you depending, Counts it your weal we have his liberty. K. John. Let it be so: I do commit his youth

To your direction.

Enter HUBERT.

Hubert, what news with you? [deed; Pem. This is the man should do the bloody He show'd his warrant to a friend of mine: The image of a wicked heinous fault Lives in his eye; that close aspect of his Doth show the mood of a much-troubled breast; And I do fearfully believe 'tis done
What we so fear'd he had a charge to do. [go

Sal. The colour of the king doth come and Between his purpose and his conscience, Like heralds 'twixt two dreadful battles set: His passion is so ripe it needs must break.

Pem. And when it breaks, I fear will issue

thence The foul corruption of a sweet child's death. K. John. We cannot hold mortality's strong

hand: Good lords, although my will to give is living, The suit which you demand is gone and dead:

He tells us Arthur is deceas'd to-night. Sal. Indeed, we fear'd his sickness was past cure. the was

Pem. Indeed, we heard how near his death Before the child himself felt he was sick:

This must be answer'd either here or hence. K. John. Why do you bend such solemn brows on me?

Think you I bear the shears of destiny? Have I commandment on the pulse of life? Sal. It is apparent foul-play; and 'tis shame

That greatness should so grossly offer it: So thrive it in your game! and so, farewell. Pem. Stay yet, Lord Salisbury; I'll go with

thee, And find the inheritance of this poor child, His little kingdom of a forced grave.

isle,

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Three foot of it doth hold:-bad world the while! out This must not be thus borne: this will break

To all our sorrows, and ere long, I doubt. Exeunt Lords.

K. John. They burn in indignation. I re-

There is no sure foundation set on blood; No certain life achiev'd by other's death.-

Enter a Messenger.

A fearful eye thou hast: where is that blood That I have seen inhabit in those cheeks? So foul a sky clears not without a storm: Pour down thy weather:—how goes all in France? [a power

Mess. From France to England.—Never such For any foreign preparation Was levied in the body of a land.

The copy of your speed is learn'd by them: For when you should be told they do prepare, The tidings come that they are all arriv'd.

K. John. O, where hath our intelligence been drunk? care, Where is my mother's Where hath it slept? That such an army could be drawn in France, And she not hear of it?

My liege, her ear Mess. Is stopp'd with dust; the first of April died Your noble mother: and, as I hear, my lord, The Lady Constance in a frenzy died [tongue Three days before; but this from rumour's

I idly heard,—if true or false I know not.

K. John. Wihhold thy speed, dreadful occasion!

O, make a league with me, till I have pleas'd My discontented peers!-What! mother dead! How wildly, then, walks my estate in France!-Under whose conduct came those powers of France

That thou for truth giv'st out are landed here? Mess. Under the Dauphin.

K. John. Thou hast made me giddy With these ill tidings.

Enter the BASTARD and PETER of Pomfret.

Now, what says the world To your proceedings? do not seek to stuff

My head with more ill news, for it is full. Bast. But if you be afeared to hear the worst, Then let the worst, unheard, fall on your head

K. John. Bear with me, cousin; for I was amaz'd

Under the tide: but now I breathe again Aloft the flood; and can give audience To any tongue, speak it of what it will. Bast. How I have sped among the clergymen, The sums I have collected shall express. But as I travell'd hither through the land, I find the people strangely fantasied; Possess'd with rumours, full of idle dreams, Not knowing what they fear, but full of fear: And here's a prophet that I brought with me From forth the streets of Pomfret, whom I found With many hundreds treading on his heels;

To whom he sung, in rude harsh-sounding

rhymes.

That, ere the next Ascension-day at noon, Your highness should deliver up your crown

K. John. Thou idle dreamer, wherefore out so. didst thou so?

Peter. Foreknowing that the truth will fall A. John. Hubert, away with him; imprison

And on that day at noon, whereon he says I shall yield up my crown, let him be hang'd.

Deliver him to safety; and return. For I must see thee.

Exit HUBERT with PETER. O my gentle cousin,

Bast. The French, my lord; men's mouths | More upon humour than advis'd respect. are full of it:

Besides, I met Lord Bigot and Lord Salisbury,-With eyes as red as new-kindled fire,-And others more, going to seek the grave Of Arthur, whom they say is kill'd to-night

On your suggestion. Gentle kinsman, go K. John. And thrust thyself into their companies: I have a way to win their loves again:

Bring them before me. I will seek them out. Bast.

K. John. Nay, but make haste; the better foot before.

O, let me have no subject enemies When adverse foreigners affright my towns With dreadful pomp of stout invasion! Be Mercury, set feathers to thy heels, And fly like thought from them to me again

Bast. The spirit of the time shall teach me speed.

K. John. Spoke like a spriteful noble gentleman. Exit BASTARD. Go after him; for he perhaps shall need

Some messenger betwirt me and the peers; And be thou he.

With all my heart, my liege. [Exit. Mess. K. John. My mother dead!

Re-enter HUBERT.

Hub. My lord, they say five moons were seen to-night:

Four fixed; and the fifth did whirl about The other four in wondrous motion.

K. John. Five moons!

Hub. Old men and bediams in the streets Do prophesy upon it dangerously: Do prophesy upon it dangerously: [mouths: Young Arthur's death is common in their And when they talk of him, they shake their heads,

And whisper one another in the ear; And he that speaks doth gripe the hearer's wrist; Whilst he that hears makes fearful action, With wrinkled brows, with nods, with rolling

eyes. I saw a smith stand with his hammer, thus, The whilst his iron did on the anvil cool, With open mouth swallowing a tailor's news; Who, with his shears and measure in his hand, Standing on slippers,—which his nimble haste Had falsely thrust upon contrary feet,-Told of a many thousand warlike French That were embattailed and rank'd in Kent: Another lean unwash'd artificer Cuts off his tale, and talks of Arthur's death? And make them tame to their obedience!

K. John. Why seek'st thou to possess me with these fears?

Why urgest thou so oft young Arthur's death? Thy hand hath murder'd him: I had a mighty cause kill him.

To wish him dead, but thou hadst none to Hub. No hand, my lord! why, did you not provoke me?

K. John. It is the curse of kings to be at-By slaves that take their humours for a warrant To break within the bloody house of life; And, on the winking of authority,

To understand a law; to know the meaning Hear'st thou the news abroad, who are arriv'd? Of dangerous majesty, when perchance it frowns

Hub. Here is your hand and seal for what I did.

K. John. O, when the last account 'twixt heaven and earth

Is to be made, then shall this hand and seal Witness against us to damnation! How oft the sight of means to do ill deeds Make ill deeds done! Hadst not thou been by. A fellow by the hand of nature mark'd, Quoted, and sign'd, to do a deed of shame, This murder had not come into my mind: But, taking note of thy abhorr'd aspect, Finding thee fit for bloody villany, Apt, liable to be employ'd in danger, I faintly broke with thee of Arthur's death; And thou, to be endeared to a king, Made it no conscience to destroy a prince.

Hub. My lord,-K. John. Hadst thou but shook thy head,

or made a pause, When I spake darkly what I purpos'd, Or turn'd an eye of doubt upon my face, As bid me tell my tale in express words, Deep shame had struck me dumb, made me break off,

And those thy fears might have wrought fears in me: But thou didst understand me by my signs.

And didst in signs again parley with sin; Yea, without stop, didst let thy heart consent, And consequently thy rude hand to act The deed, which both our tongues held vile to name.

Out of my sight, and never see me more! My nobles leave me; and my state is brav'd, Even at my gates, with ranks of foreign powers: Nay, in the body of this fleshly land, This kingdom, this confine of blood and breath,

Hostility and civil tumult reigns Between my conscience and my cousin's death.

Hub. Arm you against your other enemies, I'll make a peace between your soul and you. Young Arthur is alive: this hand of mine Is yet a maiden and an innocent hand Not painted with the crimson spots of blood. Within this bosom never enter'd yet The dreadful motion of a murderous thought; And you have slander'd nature in my form,-Which, howsoever rude exteriorly, Is yet the cover of a fairer mind Than to be butcher of an innocent child.

K. John. Doth Arthur live? O, haste thee to the peers,

Throw this report on their incensed rage

Forgive the comment that my passion made Upon thy feature; for my rage was blind, And foul imaginary eyes of blood Presented thee more indeous than thou art. O, answer no.; but to my closet bring The angry lords with all expedient haste: I conjure thee but slowly; run more fast.

[Execut.]

Scene III.—The same. Before the Castle.

Enter ARTHUR, on the Walls.

Arth. The wall is high, and yet will I leap down:—

Good ground, be pitiful, and hurt me not!—
There's few or none to know me: if they did,
This ship-boy's semblance hath disguis'd me
quite.

I am afraid; and yet I'll venture it.
If I get down, and do not break my limbs,
I'll find a thousand shifts to get away:
As good to due and go, as due and stay.

[Leaps down.

O mel my uncle's spirit is in these stones:—
Heaven take my soul, and England keep my bones! [Dies.

Enter PEMBROKE, SALISBURY, and BIGOT.

Sal. Lords, I will meet him at Saint Edmund's-Bury: It is our safety, and we must embrace

This gentle offer of the perilous time.

Pem. Who brought that letter from the

cardinal?

Sal. The Count Melun, a noble lord of France;
Whose private with me of the Dauphin's love
Is much more general than these lines import.

Big. To-morrow morning let us meet him, then. Sal. Or rather then set forward; for 'twill be

Two long days' journey, lords, or e'er we meet.

Enter the BASTARD.

Bast. Once more to-day well met, distemper'd lords!

The king by me requests your presence straight.

Sal. The king hath dispossess'd himself of

We will not line his thin bestained cloak With our pure honours, nor attend the foot That leaves the print of blood where'er it walks. Return and tell him so: we know the worst.

Return and tell him so: we know the worst.

Bast. Whate'er you think, good words, I
think, were best. [now.

Sal. Our griefs, and not our manners, reason Bast. But there is little reason in your grief; Therefore 'tweer reason you had manners now. Pem. Sir, sir, impatience hath his privilege. Bast. 'Tis true,—to hurt his master, no man else.

Sal. This is the prison:—what is he lies here?
[Seeing ARTHUR.

Pem. O death, made proud with pure and princely beauty!

The earth had not a hole to hide this deed.

Sal. Murder, as hating what himself hath
done.

Doth lay it open to urge on revenge. [grave, Big. Or, when he doom'd this beauty to a Found it too precious-princely for a grave.

Sal. Sir Richard, what think you? Have you beheld,

Or have you read or heard? or could you think? Or do you almost think, although you see, That you do see? could thought, without this object,

Form such another? This is the very top,
The height, the crest, or crest unto the crest
Of murder's arms: this is the bloodiest shame,
The widest savagery, the vilest stroke,
That ever wall-ey'd wrath or staring rage

Presented to the tears of soft remorse. [this: Pem. All murders past to stand excus'd in And this, so sole and so unmatchable,

Shall give a holiness, a purity, To the yet begotten sin of times; And prove a deadly bloodshed but a jest, Exampled by this heinous spectacle.

Bast. It is a damned and a bloody work;
The graceless action of a heavy hand,—
If that it he the work of any hand.

The graceless action of a heary hand,—
If that it be the work of any hand.

Sal. If that it be the work of any hand?—
We had a kind of light what would ensue:
It is the shameful work of Hubert's hand;
The practice and the purpose of the king;—
From whose obedience I forbid my soul,
Kneeling before this ruin of sweet life,
And breathing to this breathless excellence
The incense of a vow, a holy vow,
Never to taste the pleasures of the world,
Never to be infected with delight,
Nor conversant with ease and idleness,
Till I have set a glory to this hand,
By giving it the worship of revenge. [word.

By giving it the worship of revenge. [words. Pem. Big. Our souls religiously confirm thy

Enter HUBERT.

Hub. Lords, I am hot with haste in seeking you:

Arthur doth live; the king hath sent for you. Sal. O, he is bold, and blushes not at death:—
Avaunt, thou villain, get thee gone!
Hub. I am no villain.

Sal. Must I rob the law?
[Drawing his sword.

Bast. Your sword is bright, sir; put it up again.

Sal. Not till I sheathe it in a murderer's skin. Hub. Stand back, Lord Salisbury,—stand back, I say; [yours: By heaven, I think my sword's as sharp as

I would not have you, lord, forget yourself, Nor tempt the danger of my true defence; Lest I, by marking of your rage, forget Your worth, your greatness, and nobility.

Big. Out, dunghill! dar'st thou brave a nobleman?

Hub. Not for my life: but yet I dare defend My innocent life against an emperor.

Sal. Thou art a murderer.

Hub. Do not prove me so;
Yet I am none: whose tongue soe'er speaks

false,
Not truly speaks; who speaks not truly, lies.
Pem. Cut him to pieces.

Bast. Keep the peace, I say.
Sal. Stand by, or I shall gall you, Falconbridge. [bury:

Bast. Thou wert better gall the devil, Salis-If thou but frown on me, or stir thy foot, Or teach thy hasty spicen to do me shame, I'll strike thee dead. Put up thy sword betime; Or I'll so maul you and your toasting-iron That you shall think the devil is come from hell. Big. What will thou do, renowned Falcon-

bridge?

Second a villain and a murderer? Hub. Lord Bigot, I am none.

Big. Who kill'd this prince? Hub. 'Tis not an hour since I left him well: I honour'd him, I lov'd him; and will weep My date of life out for his sweet life's loss.

Sal. Trust not those cunning waters of his

eyes,
For villany is not without such rheum;
And he, long traded in it, makes it seem
Like rivers of remorse and innocency.
Away with me, all you whose souls abhor
The uncleanly savours of a slaughter-house;
For I am stifled with this smell of sin.

Big. Away toward Bury, to the Dauphin there! [out

Pem. There, tell the king, he may inquire us [Exeunt Lords. Bast. Here's a good world!—Knew you of

this fair work?

Beyond the infinite and boundless reach

Of merry if they didn't his deed of death.

Of mercy, if thou didst this deed of death,
Art thou damn'd, Hubert.

Hub.

Do but hear me, sir.

Bast. Ha! I'll tell thee what; [black; Thou'rt damn'd as black—nay, nothing is so Thou art more deep damn'd than Prince Lucifer:

There is not yet so ugly a fiend of hell As thou shalt be, if thou didst kill this child.

Hub. Upon my soul,—

Bast. If thou didst but consent
To this most cruel act, do but despair;
And if thou want'st a cord, the smallest thread
That ever spider twisted from her womb
will serve to strangle thee; a rush will be
A beam to hang thee on; or wouldst thou

drown thyself,
Put but a little water in a spoon,
And it shall be as all the ocean,
Enough to stifle such a villain up.
I do suspect thee very grievously.

Hub. If I in act, consent, or sin of thought, Be guilty of stealing that sweet breath Which was embounded in this beauteous clay, Let hell want pains enough to torture mel I left him well.

Rast. Go, bear him in thine arms -I am amaz'd, methinks, and lose my way Among the thorns and dangers of this world. How easy dost thou take all England up! From forth this morsel of dead royalty, The life, the right, and truth of all this realm Is fied to heaven; and England now is left To tug and scamble, and to part by the teeth The unow'd interest of proud-swelling state. Now for the bare-pick'd bone of majesty Doth dogged war bristle his angry crest, And snarleth in the gentle eyes of peace: Now powers from home and discontents at home Meet in one line; and vast confusion waits, As doth a raven on a sick-fallen beast, The imminent decay of wrested pomp. Now happy he whose closk and cincture can

Hold out this tempest.—Bear away that child, And follow me with speed: I'll to the king: A thousand businesses are brief in hand, And heaven itself doth frown upon the land. [Excunt.]

ACT V.

Scene L.—Northampton. A Room in the Palace.

Enter King John, Pandulph with the crown, and Attendants.

K. John. Thus have I yielded up into your hand

The circle of my glory.

Pand. Take again
[Giving KING JOHN the crown.

From this my hand, as holding of the pope, Your sovereign greatness and authority. K. John. Now keep your holy word: go

meet the French;
And from his holiness use all your power
To stop their marches 'fore we are inflam'd.
Our discontented counties do revolt;
Our people quarrel with obedience;
Swearing allegiance and the love of soul
To strange blood, to foreign royalty.
This inundation of mistemper'd humour
Rests by you only to be qualified.
Then pause not; for the present time's so sick
That present medicine must be minister'd.
Or overthrow incurable ensues.

Pand. It was my breath that blew this tempest up,

Tempest up,
Upon your stubborn usage of the pope:
But since you are a gentle convertite,
My tongue shall hush again this storm of war,
And make fair weather in your blustering land.
On this Ascension-day, remember well,
Upon your oath of service to the pope,
Go I to make the French lay down their arms,

K. John. Is this Ascension-day? Did not the prophet

Say that before Ascension-day at noon
My crown I should give off? Even so I have:
I did suppose it should be on constraint;
But, heaven be thank'd, it is but voluntary.

Exit.

Enter the BASTARD.

Bast. All Kent hath yielded; nothing there holds out

But Dover Castle: London hath receiv'd, Like a kind host, the Dauphin and his powers: Your nobles will not hear you, but are gone To offer service to your enemy; And wild amazement hurries up and down

The little number of your doubtful friends.

K. John. Would not my lords return to me

again,
After they heard young Arthur was alive?
Bast. They found him dead, and cast into the

streets;
An empty casket, where the jewel of life
By some dam'd hand was robb'd and ta'en
away.

live.

K. John. That villain Hubert told me he did. Bast. So, on my soul, he did, for aught he knew.

But wherefore do you droop? why look you sad?

Be great in act, as you have been in thought;
Let not the world see fear and sad distrust
Govern the motion of a kingly eye:
Be stirring as the time; be fire with fire;
Threaten the threatener, and outface the brow
Of bragging horror: so shall inferior eyes,
That borrow their behaviours from the great,
Grow great by example, and put on
The dauntless spirit of resolution.
Away, and glister like the god of war
When he intendeth to become the field:
Show boldness and aspiring confidence.
What, shall they seek the iion in his den,
And fright him there? and make him tremble
there?

O, let it not be said!—Forage, and run
To meet displeasure further from the doors,
And grapple with him ere he come so nigh.
K. John. The legate of the pope hath been

with me,
And I have made a happy peace with him;
And he hath promis'd to dismiss the powers

Led by the Dauphin.

Bast. O inglorious league! Shall we, upon the footing of our land, Send fair-play orders, and make compromise, Insinuation, parley, and base truce, To arms invasive? shall a beardless boy, A cocker'd silken wanton, brave our fields, And flesh his spirit in a warlike soil, Mocking the air with colours idly spread, And find no check? Let us, my liege, to arms: Perchance the cardinal cannot make your peace; Or, if he do, let it at least be said, They saw we had a purpose of defence.

They saw we had a purpose of determined the first time.

K. John. Have thou the ordering of this present time.

Bast. Away, then, with good courage! yet, Our party may well meet a prouder foe.

Exeunt.

Scene II.—Near St. Edmund's-Bury.

The French Camp.

Enter, in arms, Louis, Salisbury, Melun, Pembroke, Bigot, and Soldiers.

Lou. My Lord Melun, let this be copied out, And keep it safe for our remembrance: Return the precedent to these lords again; That, having our fair order written down, Both they and we, perusing o'er these notes, May know wherefore we took the sacrament, And keep our faiths firm and inviolable.

Sal. Upon our sides it never shall be broken. And, noble Dauphin, albeit we swear A voluntary zeal and unurg'd faith To your proceedings; yet, believe me, prince, I am not glad that such a sore of time Should seek a plaster by contemn'd revolt, And heal the inveterate canker of one wound By making many. O, it grieves my soul That I must draw this metal from my side To be a widow-maker! O, and there Where honourable rescue and defence Cries out upon the name of Salisbury! But such is the infection of the time, That, for the health and physic of our right, We cannot deal but with the very hand Of stern injustice and confused wrong. And is't not pity, O my grieved friends!

That we, the sons and children of this isle, Were born to see so sad an hour as this; Wherein we step after a stranger-march Upon her gentle bosom, and fill up Her enemies' ranks—I must withdraw and

weep
Upon the spot of this enforc'd cause—
To grace the gentry of a land remote,
And follow unacquainted colours here?
What, here?—O nation, that thou couldst re-

move!

That Neptune's arms, who clippeth thee about, Would bear thee from the knowledge of thyself, And grapple thee unto a pagan shore, [bine Where these two Christian armies might com-The blood of malice in a vem of league, And not to capad it so unspicible very

And not to spend it so unneighbourly!

Lou. A noble temper dost thou show in this; And great affections wrestling in thy bosom Do make an earthquake of nobility O, what a noble combat hast thou fought Between compulsion and a brave respect! Let me wipe off this honourable dew That silverly doth progress on thy cheeks: My heart hath melted at a lady's tears, Being an ordinary inundation; But this effusion of such manly drops This shower, blown up by tempest of the soul Startles mine eyes, and makes me more amaz'd Than had I seen the vaulty top of heaven Figur'd quite o'er with burning meteors. Lift up thy brow, renowned Salisbury, And with a great heart heave away this storm: Commend these waters to those baby eyes That never saw the giant world enrag'd. Nor met with fortune other than at feasts, Full warm of blood, of mirth, of gossiping. Come, come; for thou shalt thrust thy hand as deep

Into the purse of rich prosperity
As Louis himself:—so, nobles, shall you all,
That kmit your sinews to the strength of mine,—
And even there, methinks, an angel spake:
Look, where the holy legate comes apace,
To give us warrant from the hand of heaven,
And on our actions set the name of right
With holy breath.

Enter PANDULPH, attended.

Pand. Hail, noble prince of Francel The next is this,—King John hath reconcil'd Himself to Rome; his spirit is come in, That so stood out against the holy church, The great metropolis and see of Rome: Therefore thy threatening colours now wind up, And tame the savage spirit of wild war, That, like a lion foster'd up at hand, It may lie gently at the foot of peace, And be no further harmful than in show.

Lou. Your grace shall pardon me, I will not back:

I am too high-born to be propertied,
To be a secondary at control,
Or useful serving-man and instrument
To any sovereign state throughout the world.
Your preath first kindled the dead coal of wars
Between this chastis'd kingdom and myself,
And brought in matter that should feed this

fire;

And now 'tis far too huge to be blown out With that same weak wind which enkindled it. You taught me how to know the face of right, Acquainted me with interest to this land, Yea, thrust this enterprise into my heart; And come ye now to tell me John hath made His peace with Rome? What is that peace to me?

I, by the honour of my marriage-bed, After young Arthur, claim this land for mine; And, now it is half-conquer'd, must I back Because that John hath made his peace with Rome? borne,

Am I Rome's slave? What penny hath Rome What men provided, what munition sent, To undergrop this action? Is't not I That undergo this charge? who else but I, And such as to my claim are liable, Sweat in this business and maintain this war. Have I not heard these islanders shout out. Vive le roi! as I have bank'd their towns? Have I not here the best cards for the game, To win this easy match play'd for a crown? And shall I now give o'er the yielded set? No, no, on my soul, it never shall be said.

Pand. You look but on the outside of this work.

Lou. Outside or inside, I will not return Till my attempt so much be glorified As to my ample hope was promised Before I drew this gallant head of war, And cull'd these fiery spirits from the world, To outlook conquest, and to win renown-Even in the jaws of danger and of death.

[Trumpet sounds. What lusty trumpet thus doth summon us?

Enter the BASTARD, attended.

Bast. According to the fair play of the world, Let me have audience; I am sent to speak:— My holy lord of Milan, from the king I come, to learn how you have dealt for him; And, as you answer, I do know the scope And warrant limited unto my tongue.

Pand. The Dauphin is too wilful-opposite, And will not temporize with my entreaties; He flatly says he'll not lay down his arms.

Bast. By all the blood that ever fury breath'd. The youth says well.-Now hear our English Lies heavy on me;-O, my heart is sick!

king; For thus his royalty doth speak in me. He is prepar'd; and reason too he should: This apish and unmannerly approach, This harness'd masque and unadvised revel, This unhair'd sauciness and boyish troops The king doth smile at; and is well prepar'd To whip this dwarfish war, these pigmy arms, From out the circle of his territories. That hand which had the strength, even at your To cudgel you, and make you take the hatch; To dive, like buckets, in concealed wells; To crouch in litter of your stable planks; To lie, like pawns, lock'd up in chests and trunks:

To hug with swine; to seek sweet safety out In vaults and prisons; and to thrill and shake Even at the crying of your nation's crow, Thinking his voice an armed Englishman; Shall that victorious hand be feebled here.

That in your chambers gave you chastisement? No: know the gallant monarch is in arms; And like an eagle o'er his aery towers. To souse annoyance that comes near his nest .-And you degenerate, you ingrate revolts, You bloody Neroes, ripping up the womb Of your dear mother England, blush for shame; For your own ladies and pale-visag'd maids, Like Amazons, come tripping after drums. Their thimbles into armed gauntless chang'd, Their needles to lances, and their gentlo hearts To fierce and bloody inclination. in peace; Lou. There end thy brave, and turn thy face We grant thou canst outscold us: fare thee well; We hold our time too precious to be spent With such a brabbler.

Give me leave to speak. Pand. Bast. No, I will speak.

Lou. We will attend to neither .-

Strike up the drums; and let the tongue of war Plead for our interest and our being here. Bast. Indeed, your drums, being beaten, will cry out;

And so shall you, being beaten: do but start An echo with the clamour of thy drum, And even at hand a drum is ready brac'd That shall reverberate all as loud as thine: Sound but another, and another shall, As loud as thine, rattle the welkin's ear, And mock the deep-mouth'd thunder: for at

hand,-Not trusting to this halting legate here, Whom he hath us'd rather for sport than need,-Is warlike John; and in his forehead sits A bare-ribb'd death, whose office is this day To feast upon whole thousands of the French.

Lou. Strike up our drums, to find this danger

Bast. And thou shalt find it, Dauphin, do not doubt. Exeunt.

Scene III .- The same. A Field of Battle.

Alarums. Enter KING JOHN and HUBERT.

K. John. How goes the day with us? O, tell me, Hubert.

Hub. Badly, Ifear. Howfares your majesty?

K. John. This fever, that hath troubled me so long,

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, your valiant kinsman, Falconbriáge,

Desires your majesty to leave the field, And send him word by me which way you go. K. John. Tell him, toward Swinstead, to the abbey there.

Mess. Be of good comfort; for the great That was expected by the Dauphin here Are wreck'd three nights ago on Goodwin Sands. This news was brought to Richard but even now: The French fight coldly, and retire themselves.

K. John. Ay mel this tyrant fever burns me

up, And will not let me welcome this good news. Set on toward Swinstead: to my litter straight;

Weakness possesseth me, and I am faint.

Scene IV .- The same. Another part of the And calmly run on in obedience, same.

Enter Salisbury, Pembroke, and others.

Sal. I did not think the king so stor'd with friends.

Pem. Up once again; put spirit in the French: If they miscarry we miscarry too.

Sal. That misbegotten devil, Falconbridge, In spite of spite, alone upholds the day.

Pem. They say King John, sore sick, hath

left the field. Enter MELUN wounded, and led by Soldiers.

Mel. Lead me to the revolts of England here. Sal. When we were happy we had other names.

Pem. It is the Count Melun.

Sal. Wounded to death. Mel. Fly, noble English, you are bought and sold:

Unthread the rude eye of rebellion, And welcome home again discarded faith. Seek out King John, and fall before his feet; For if the French be lords of this loud day, He means to recompense the pains you take By cutting off your heads: thus hath he sworn, And I with him, and many more with me, Upon the altar at Saint Edmund's-Bury; Even on that altar where we swore to you Dear amity and everlasting love.

Sal. May this be possible? may this be true? Mel. Have I not hideous death within my

view, Retaining but a quantity of life, Which bleeds away even as a form of wax Resolveth from his figure 'gainst the fire? What in the world should make me now deceive, Since I must lose the use of all deceit? Why should I then be false, since it is true That I must die here, and live hence by truth? I say again, if Louis do win the day, He is forsworn if e'er those eyes of yours Behold another day break in the east: But even this night,-whose black contagious SCENE VI.-An open Place in the neighbourbreath

Already smokes about the burning crest Of the old, feeble, and day-wearied sun, Even this ill night, your breathing shall expire; Paying the fine of rated treachers Even with a treacherous fine of all your lives, If Louis by your assistance win the day. Commend me to one Hubert, with your king; The love of him, -and this respect besides, For that my grandsire was an Englishman, Awakes my conscience to confess all this. In lieu whereof, I pray you, bear me hence From forth the noise and rumour of the field Where I may think the remnant of my thoughts In peace, and part this body and my soul With contemplation and devout desires.

Sal. We do believe thee:-and beshrew my But I do love the favour and the form Of this most fair occasion, by the which We will entread the steps of damned flight; And, like a bated and retired flood, Leaving our rankness and irregular course, Stoop low within those bounds we have o'er-

look'd.

Even to our ocean, to our great King John .-My arm shall give thee help to bear thee hence; For I do see the cruel pangs of death

Right in thine eye.—Away, my friends' New flight,

And happy newness, that intends old right. Exeunt, leading off MELUN.

SCENE V .- The same. The French Camp. Enter Louis and his train.

Lou. The sun of heaven methought was loth

But stay'd, and made the western welkin blush, When the English measur'd backward their own ground

In faint retire. O, bravely came we off, When with a volley of our needless shot, After such bloody toil, we bid good-night; And wound our tattering colours clearly up. Last in the field, and almost lords of it!

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Where is my prince, the Dauphin? Lou. Here:-what news? Mess. The Count Melun is slain; the English lords,

By his persuasion are again fallen off; And your supply, which you have wish'd so

Are cast away and sunk on Goodwin Sands. Lou. Ah, foul shrewd news!-beshrew thy very heart!-

I did not think to be so sad to-night As this hath made me.—Who was he that said King John did fly an hour or two before The stumbling night did part our weary powers?

Mess. Whoever spoke it, it is true, my lord. Lou. Well; keep good quarter and good care to-night;

The day shall not be up as soon as I, To try the fair adventure of to-morrow. Exeunt.

hood of Swinstead Abbey.

Enter the Bastard and Hubert, meeting.

Hub. Who's there? speak, ho! speak quickly, or I shoot.

Bast. A friend.-What art thou? Hub.

Of the part of England. Bast. Whither dost thou go?

Hub. What's that to thee? Why may I not demand

Of thine affairs, as well as thou of mine?

Bast. Hubert, I think.

Hub. Thou hast a perfect thought:
I will, upon all hazards, well believe [well. Thou art my friend, that know'st my tongue so Who art thou?

Who thou wilt: an if thou please, Thou mayst befriend me so much as to think I come one way of the Plantagenets.

Hub. Unkind remembrance! thou and

less night me, Have done me shame:—brave soldier, pardon

That any accent breaking from thy tongue Should'scape the true acquaintance of mine ear. Why, here walk I, in the black brow of

To find you out.

Bast. Brief, then; and what's the news? Hub. O, my sweet sir, news fitting to the night,

Black, fearful, comfortless, and horrible. Bast. Show me the very wound of this ill news;

I am no woman, I'll not swoon at it.

Hub. The king, I fear, is poison'd by a monk I left him almost speechless and broke out To acquaint you with this evil, that you might To better arm you to the sudden time, Than if you had at leisure known of this.

Bast. How did he take it; who did taste to him?

Hub. A monk, I tell you; a resolved villain, Whose bowels suddenly burst out: the king Yet speaks, and peradventure may recover.

Bast. Who didst thou leave to tend his

come back, majesty? Hub. Why, know you not? the lords are all And brought Prince Henry in their company; At whose request the king hath pardon'd them,

And they are all about his majesty. [heaven, Bast. Withhold thine indignation, mighty And tempt us not to bear above our power!— I'll tell thee, Hubert, half my power this night, Passing these flats, are taken by the tide,-These Lincoln washes have devoured them; Myself, well-mounted, hardly have escap'd. Away, before! conduct me to the king; I doubt he will be dead or ere I come.

Exeunt.

SCENE VII .- The Orchard of Swinstead Abbey Enter PRINCE HENRY, SALISBURY, and BIGOT.

P. Hen. It is too late: the life of all his blood Is touch'd corruptibly; and his pure brain, Which some suppose the soul's frail dwellinghouse

Doth, by the idle comments that it makes, Foretell the ending of mortality.

Enter PEMBROKE.

Pem. His highness yet doth speak; and holds belief

That, being brought into the open air, It would allay the burning quality Of that fell poison which assaileth him.

P. Hen. Let him be brought into the orchard here .-

Doth he still rage? He is more patient Pem.

Than when you left him; even now he sung. P. Hen. O vanity of sickness! fierce extremes Devoured by the unexpected flood. In their continuance will not feel themselves. Death, having prey'd upon the outward parts, Leaves them invisible; and his siege is now Against the mind, the which he pricks and My liege! my lord!—But now a king,—now wounds

With many legions of strange fantasies Which, in their throng and press to that last hold, | should sing.-

Confound themselves. 'Tis strange that death I am the cygnet to this pale faint swan.

Bast. Come, come; sans compliment, what And from the organ-pipe of frailty sings news abroad? [night, His soul and body to their lasting rest. [born Hub. Why. here walk I, in the black brow of Sal. Be of good comfort, prince; for you are To set a form upon that indigest

Which he hath left so shapeless and so rude.

Re-enter BIGOT and Attendants, who bring in KING JOHN in a chair.

K. John. Ay, marry, now my soul hath

elbow-room; It would not out at windows nor at doors. There is so hot a summer in my bosom That all my bowels crumble up to dust; I am a scribbled form, drawn with a pen Upon a parchment; and against this fire Do I shrink up.

How fares your majesty? P. Hen. K. John. Poison'd,-ill fare,-dead, forsook cast off:

And none of you will bid the winter come, To thrust his icy fingers in my maw; Nor let my kingdom's rivers take their course Through my burn'd bosom; nor entreat the north

To make his bleak winds kiss my parched lips, And comfort me with cold:-I do not ask you much:

I beg cold comfort; and you are so strait,

And so ingrateful, you deny me that.

P. Hen. O, that there were some virtue in my tears,

That might relieve you!

K. John. The salt in them is hot .---Within me is a hell; and there the poison Is, as a fiend, confin'd to tyrannize On unreprievable condemned blood.

Enter the BASTARD.

Bast. O, I am scalded with my violent motion, And spleen of speed to see your majesty!

K. John. O cousin, thou art come to set mine

The tackle of my heart is crack'd and burn'd; And all the shrouds, wherewith my life should

Are turned to one thread, one little hair: My heart hath one poor string to stay it by, Which holds but till thy news be uttered; And then all this thou seest is but a clod, And model of confounded royalty.

Bast. The Dauphin is preparing hitherward, Where heaven he knows how we shall answer him;

Exit BIGOT. For in a night the best part of my power, As I upon advantage did remove, Were in the washes all unwarily

> The KING dies. Sal. You breathe these dead news in as dead an ear.

P. Hen. Even so must I run on, and even so

What surety of the world, what hope, what stay, When this was now a king, and now is clay! Bast. Art thou gone so? I do but stay behind

To do the office for thee of revenge, Who chants a doleful hymn to his own death; And then my soul shall wait on thee to heaven, As it on earth hath been thy servant still .-Now, now, you stars that move in your right With other princes that may best be spar'd, spheres.

Where be your powers? Show now your mended faiths:

And instantly return with me again, To push destruction and perpetual shame Out of the weak door of our fainting land. Straight let us seek, or straight we shall be sought;

The Dauphin rages at our very heels. Sal. It seems you know not, then, so much

as we: The Cardinal Pandulph is within at rest, Who half an hour since came from the Dauphin, And brings from him such offers of our peace As we with honour and respect may take, With purpose presently to leave this war.

Bast. He will the rather do it when he sees Ourselves well sinewed to our defence.

Sal. Nay, it is in a manner done already; For many carriages he hath despatch'd To the sea-side, and put his cause and quarrel To the disposing of the cardinal: With whom yourself, myself, and other lords, If you think meet, this afternoon will post To consummate this business happily.

Bast. Let it be so: - And you, my noble prince, Shall wait upon your father's funeral.

P. Hen. At Worcester must his body be in-

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terr'd:

For so he will'd it.

Bast. Thither shall it, then: And happily may your sweet self put on The lineal state and glory of the land! To whom, with all submission, on my knee, I do bequeath my faithful services And true subjection everlastingly.

Sal. And the like tender of our love we make, To rest without a spot for evermore.

P. Hen. I have a kind soul that would give you thanks.

And knows not how to do it but with tears. Bast. O, let us pay the time but needful woe, Since it hath been beforehand with our griefs.— This England never did, nor never shall, Lie at the proud foot of a conqueror, But when it first did help to wound itself. Now these her princes are come home again, Come the three corners of the world in arms, And we shall shock them: nought shall make us rue,

If England to itself do rest but true. [Exeunt.

THE LIFE AND DEATH

PERSONS REPRESENTED

LORD ROSS.

LORD WILLOUGHBY.

BISHOP OF CARLISLE.

SIR PIERCE OF EXTON.

SIR STEPHEN SCROOP.

DUCHESS OF GLOSTER. DUCHESS OF YORK.

ABBOT OF WESTMINSTER. Lord Marshal.

QUEEN to KING RICHARD.

Captain of a Band of Welshmen.

Lady attending on the OUEEN.

KING RICHARD THE SECOND. EDMUND OF LANGLEY, Duke of York. Uncles to LORD FITZWATER. JOHN OF GAUNT, Duke of Lanthe King. caster, HENRY, surnamed BOLINGBROKE, Duke of Hereford, Son to JOHN OF GAUNT, afterwards KING HENRY IV.

DUKE OF AUMERLE, Son to the Duke of York. THOMAS MOWERAY, Duke of Norfolk. DUKE OF SURREY. EARL OF SALISBURY.

EARL BERKLEY.

BUSHY, BAGOT, Creatures to King Richard. GREEN,

EARL OF NORTHUMBERLAND. HENRY PERCY, his Son.

deners, Keeper, Messenger, Groom, and other Attendants.

ACT L

SCENE I .- LONDON. A Room in the Palace.

Enter KING RICHARD, attended; JOHN OF GAUNT, and other Nobles.

K. Rich. Old John of Gaunt, time-honour'd Lancaster,

Hast thou, according to thy oath and band, Brought hither Henry Hereford, thy bold son, Here to make good the boisterous late appeal, Which then our leisure would not let us hear, Against the Duke of Norfolk, Thomas Mowbray?

SCENE, -Dispersedly in ENGLAND and WALES.

Gaunt. I have, my liege. [sounded him, K. Rich. Tell me, moreover, hast thou If he appeal the duke on ancient malice; Or worthily, as a good subject should, On some known ground of treachery in him?

Lords, Heralds, Officers, Soldiers, Two Gar-

Gaunt. As near as I could sift him on that argument.

On some apparent danger seen in him, Aim'd at your highness,—no inveterate malice.

K. Rich. Then call them to our presence:

face to face. And frowning brow to brow, ourselves will, hear

The accuser and the accused freely speak:—
[Excunt some Attendants.

High-stomach'd are they both, and full of ire, In rage deaf as the sea, hasty as fire.

Re-enter Attendants, with BOLINGBROKE and NORFOLK.

Boling. Many years of happy days befall My gracious sovereign, my most loving hege! Nor. Each day still better other's happiness; Until the heavens, envying earth's good hap, Add an immortal title to your crown!

K. Rich. We thank you both: yet one but Hatters us,

As well appeareth by the cause you come; Namely, to appeal each other of high treason. Cousin of Hereford, what dost thou object Against the Duke of Norfolk, Thomas Mowbray? speech!-

Boling. First,-heaven be the record to my In the devotion of a subject's love, Tendering the precious safety of my prince, And free from other misbegotten hate, Come I appellant to this princely presence. Now, Thomas Mowbray, do I turn to thee; And mark my greeting well; for what I speak, My body shall make good upon this earth. Or my divine soul answer it in heaven. Thou are a traitor and a miscreant, Too good to be so, and too bad to hve; Since the more fair and crystal is the sky, The ugher seem the clouds that in it fly. Once more, the more to aggravate the note, With a foul traitor's name stuff I thy throat; And wish, -so please my sovereign, -ere I move, may prove.

What my tongue speaks, my right-drawn sword Nor. Let not my cold words here accuse my zeal:

'Tis not the trial of a woman's war, The bitter clamour of two eager tongues. Can arbitrate this cause betwixt us twain: The blood is hot that must be cool'd for this: Yet can I not of such tame patience boast As to be hush'd, and naught at all to say: [me First, the fair reverence of your highness curbs From giving reins and spurs to my free speech; Which else would post until it had return'd These terms of treason doubled down his throat.

Setting aside his high blood's royalty, And let him be no kinsman to my liege I do defy him, and I spit at him; Call him a slanderous coward and a villian: Which to maintain, I would allow him odds; And meet him, were I tied to run a-foot Even to the frozen ridges of the Alps. Or any other ground inhabitable. Wherever Englishman durst set his foot. Meantime let this defend my loyalty,-By all my hopes, most falsely doth he he.

Boling. Pale trembling coward, there I throw

my gage, Disclaiming here the kindred of the king; And lay aside my high blood's royalty, {cept. Which fear, not reverence, makes thee to ex-If guilty dread hath left thee so much strength As to take up mine honour's pawn, then stoop: By that and all the rites of knighthood else, Will I make good against thee, arm to arm, What I have spoke, or thou canst worst devise.

Nor. I take it up; and by that sword I swear, [shoulder, Which gently laid my knighthood on my I'll answer thee in any fair degree, Or chivalrous design of knightly trial: And when I mount, alive may I not light, If I be traitor or unjustly fight!

K. Rich. What doth our cousin lay to Mowbray's charge? It must be great, that can inherit us

So much as of a thought of ill in him. Boling. Look, what I speak my life shall

prove it true;-That Mowbray hath receiv'd eight thousand In name of lendings for your highness' soldiers, The which he hath detain'd for lewd employments.

Like a false traitor and injurious villian. Besides, I say, and will in battle prove,-Or here, or elsewhere to the farthest verge That ever was survey'd by English eye, That all the treasons for these eighteen years Complotted and contrived in this land Fetch'd from false Mowbray their first head and spring.

Further, I say,-and further will maintain Upon his bad life to make all this good,-That he did plot the Duke of Gloster's death; Suggest his soon-believing adversaries, And consequently, like a traitor coward, Sluic'd out his innocent soul through streams of blood:

Which blood, like sacrificing Abel's, cries, Even from the tongueless caverns of the earth, To me for justice and rough chastisement; And, by the glorious worth of my descent, This arm shall do it, or this life be spent!

K. Rich. How high a pitch his resolution soars!

Thomas of Norfelk, what say'st thou to this? Nor. O, let my sovereign turn away his face, And bid his ears a little while be deaf, Till I have told this slander of his blood How God and good men hate so foul a liar.

K. Rich. Mowbray, impartial are our eyes and ears:

Were he my brother, nay, my kingdom's heir,— As he is but my father's brother's son,-Now, by my sceptre's awe, I make a vow Such neighbour-nearness to our sacred blood Should nothing privilege him, nor partialize The unstooping firmness of my upright soul: He is our subject, Mowbray, so art thou; Free speech and fearless I to thee allow.

Nor. Then, Bolingbroke, as low as to thy heart, Through the false passage of thy throat, thou Three parts of that receipt I had for Calais Disburs'd I duly to his highness' soldiers; The other part reserv'd I by consent, For that my sovereign hege was in my debt Upon remainder of a dear account Since last I went to France to fetch his queen. Now swallow down that he!-For Gloster's death,

I slew him not; but, to mine own disgrace, Neglected my sworn duty in that case. For you, my noble Lord of Lancaster, The honourable father to my foe, Once did I lay an ambush for your life,

A trespass that doth vex my grieved soul:
But, ere I last receiv'd the sacrament,
I did confess tr; and exactly begg'd
Your grace's pardon, and I hope I had it.
This is my fault: as for the rest appeal'd,
It issues from the rancour of a villain,
A recreant and most degenerate traitor:
Which in myself I boldly will defend;
And interchangeably hurl down my gauge
Upon this overweening traitor's foot,
To prove myself a loyal gentleman
Even in the best blood chamber'd in his bosom.
In haste whereof, most heartly I pray
Your highness to assign our trial day.

K. Rich. Wrath-kindled gentlemen, be rul'd by me;

Let's purge this choler without letting blood:
This we prescribe, though no physician;
Deep malice makes too deep incision:
Forget, forgive; conclude, and be agreed;
Our doctors say this is no time to bleed.—
Good uncle, let this end where it begun;
We'll calm the Duke of Norfolk, you your son.

Gaunt. To be a make-peace shall become my age:— [gage.

Throw down, my son, the Duke of Norfolk's K. Rich. And, Norfolk' throw down his. Gaunt. Obedience bids I should not bid again.

K. Rich. Norfolk, throw down; we bid;

there is no boot.

Nor. Myself I throw, dread sovereign at thy

foot:
My life thou shalt command, but not my shame:
The one my duty owes; but my fair name,—
Despite of death, that lives upon my grave,—
To dark dishonour's use thou shalt not have.
I am disgrac'd, impeach'd, and baffled here;
Pierc'd to the soul with slander's venom'd

spear,
The which no balm can cure but his heart-blood
Which breath'd this poison.

K. Rich. Rage must be withstood: Give me his gage:—lions make leopards tame. Nor. Yea, but not change his spots: take

but my shame,
And I resign my gage. My dear dear lord,
The purest treasure mortal times afford
Is spotless reputation; that away,
Men are but gided loam or painted clay.
A jewel in a ten-times-barr'd-up chest
Is a bold spirit in a loyal breast.
Mine honour is my life; both grow in one;
Take honour from me, and my life is done:
Then, dear my liege, mine honour let me try;
In that I live, and for that will I die.

K. Rich. Cousin, throw down your gage; do you begin. [foul sin! Boling. O, God defend my soul from such

Shall I seem crest-fallen in my father's sight? Or with pale beggar-fear impeach my height Before this outdar'd dastard? Ere my tongue Shall wound mine honour with such feeble wrong.

Or sound so base a parle, my teeth shall tear The slavish motive of recanting fear; And spit it bleeding in his high disgrace, Where shame doth harbour, even in Mowbray's face! K. Rich. We were not born to sue, but to command;—

Which since we cannot do to make you friends, Be ready, as your lives shall answer it, At Coventry, upon Saint Lambert's day: There shall your swords and lances arbitrate The swelling difference of your settled hate: Since we cannot atone you, we shall see Justice design the victor's chivalry.—Lord marshal, command our officers-at-arms Be ready to direct these home-alarms.

Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same. A Room in the DUKE OF LANCASTER'S Palace.

Enter GAUNT and DUCHESS OF GLOSTER.

Gaunt. Alas, the part I had in Gloster's blood

Doth more solicit me than your exclaims, To stir against the butchers of his life. But since correction lieth in those hands Which made the fault that we cannot correct, Put we our quarrel to the will of heaven; Who, when they see the hours ripe on earth, Will rain hot vengeance on offender's heads.

Duch. Finds brotherhood in thee no sharper sour?

Hath love in thy old blood no living fire?
Edward's seven sons, whereof thyself art one,
Were as seven vials of his sacred blood,
Or seven fair branches springing from one root:
Some of those seven are dried by nature's
course,

Some of those branches by the Destinies cut; But Thomas, my dear lord, my life, my Glos-

One vial full of Edward's sacred blood, Our flourishing branch of his most royal root, Is crack'd, and all the precious liquor split; Is hack'd down, and his summer-leaves all faded,

By envy's hand and murder's bloody axe.

Ah, Gaunt, his blood was thine! that bed, that womb,

That mettle, that self-mould, that fashion'd thee,

Made him a man; and though thou liv'st and breath'st.

Yet art thou slain in him: thou dost consent In some large measure to thy father's death, In that thou seest thy wretched brother die, Who was the model of thy father's life. Call it not patience, Gaunt,—it is despair; In suffering thus thy brother to be slaughter'd, Thou show'st the naked pathway to thy life, Teaching stern murder how to butcher thee: That which in mean men we entitle patience, Is pale cold cowardice in noble breasts. What shall I say? to safeguard thine own life, The best way is to venge my Gloster's death.

Gaunt. God's is the quarrel; for God's substitute,

His deputy anointed in his sight, Hath caus'd his death: the which, if wrongfully, Let heaven revenge; for I may never lift An angry arm against his minister.

Duch. Where, then, alas, may I complain myself?

defence. Gaunt.

Duch. Why, then, I will. Farewell, old Thou go'st to Coventry, there to behold Our cousin Hereford and fell Mowbray fight: O, sit my husband's wrongs on Hereford's spear,

That it may enter butcher Mowbray's breast! Or, if misfortune miss the first career, Be Mowbray's sins so heavy in his bosom That they may break his foaming courser's back.

And throw the rider headlong in the lists, A caitiff recreant to my cousin Hereford! Farewell, old Gaunt; thy sometimes brother's wife,

With her companion grief must end her life. Gaunt. Sister, farewell: I must to Coventry: As much good stay with thee as go with me!

Duch. Yet one word more:—grief boundeth

where it falls, Not with the empty hollowness, but weight: I take my leave before I have begun; For sorrow ends not when it seemeth done. Commend me to my brother, Edmund York. Lo, this is all:—nay, yet depart not so; Though this be all, do not so quickly go; I shall remember more. Bid him—O, what?-With all good speed at Plashy visit me. Alack, and what shall good old York there see, But empty lodgings and unfurnish'd walls, Unpeopled offices, untrodden stones? And what hear there for welcome but my groans?

Therefore commend me; let him not come there To seek out sorrow that dwells everywhere. Desolate, desolate, will I hence and die: The last leave of thee takes my weeping eyel Exeunt.

Scene III.—Gosford Green, near Coventry

Lists set out, and a throne. Heralds, &c. attending. Enter the Lord Marshal, and AUMERLE.

Mar. My Lord Aumerle, is Harry Hereford

Aum. Yea, at all points; and longs to enter Mar. The Duke of Norfolk, sprightfully and bold,

Stays but the summons of the appellant's trum-Aum. Why, then, the champions are pre-par'd, and stay

For nothing but his majesty's approach.

Flourish of trumpets. Enter King Richard, who takes his seat on his throne; GAUNT and several Noblemen, who take their places. A trumpet is sounded, and answered by another trumpet within. Then enter NORFOLK in armour, preceded by a Herald.

K. Rich. Marshal, demand of yonder cham-

The cause of his arrival here in arms: Ask him his name; and orderly proceed To swear him in the justice of his cause. Mar. In God's name and the king's, say

who thou art, And why thou com'st thus knightly clad in

arms;

Gaunt. To God, the widow's champion and Against what man thou com'st, and what thy quarrel:

Speak truly, on thy knighthood and thine oath; And so defend thee heaven and thy valour! Nor. My name is Thomas Mowbray, Duke

of Norfolk: Who hither come engaged by my oath, Which God defend a knight should violate!-Both to defend my loyalty and truth

To God, my king, and his succeeding issue, Against the Duke of Hereford that appeals me; And, by the grace of God and this mine arm, To prove him in defending of myself, A traitor to my God, my king, and me:

And as I truly fight, defend me heaven! Trumbet sounds. Enter BOLINGBROKE in armour, preceded by a Herald.

K. Rich. Marshal, ask yonder knight in arms Both who he is, and why he cometh hither Thus plated in habiliments of war;

And formally, according to our law, Depose him in the justice of his cause. Mar. What is thy name? and wherefore

com'st thou hither, Before King Richard in his royal lists? Against whom comest thou? and what's thy

quarrel? Speak like a true knight, so defend thee

heaven! Boling. Harry of Hereford, Lancaster, and

Derby. Am I; who ready here do stand in arms, To prove, by God's grace and my body's valour,

In lists, on Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk, That he's a traitor, foul and dangerous To God of Heaven, King Richard, and to me:

And as I truly fight, defend me heaven! Mar. On pain of death, no person be so bold Or daring-hardy as to touch the lists, Except the marshal and such officers

Appointed to direct these fair designs. Boling. Lord marshal, let me kiss my sovereign's hand,

And bow my knee before his majesty: For Mowbray and myself are like two men That vow a long and weary pilgrimage; Then let us take a ceremonious leave And loving farewell of our several friends.

Mar. The appellant in all duty greets your highness,

And craves to kiss your hand and take his leave.

K. Rich. We will descend and fold him in our arms. Cousin of Hereford, as thy cause is right,

So be thy fortune in this royal fight! Farewell, my blood; which if to-day thou shed, Lament we may, but not revenge thee dead.

Boling. O, let no noble eye profane a tear For me, if I be gor'd with Mowbray's spear: As confident as is the falcon's flight Against a bird, do I with Mowbray fight.-My loving lord, I take my leave of you;-Of you, my noble cousin, Lord Aumerle; Not sick, although I have to do with death, But lusty, young, and cheerly drawing breath. Lo, as at English feasts, so I regreet |sweet:-The daintiest last, to make the end more O thou, the earthly author of my blood,—
[To GAUNT.

Whose youthful spirit, in me regenerate, Doth with a twofold vigour lift me up To reach at victory above my head,—Add proof unto mine armour with thy prayers; And with thy blessings steel my lance's point, That it may enter Mowbray's waren coat, And furbish new the name of John o' Gaunt, Even in the lusty 'haviour of his son. [percus!

Gaunt. God in thy good cause make thee pros-Be swift like lightning in the execution; And let thy blows, doubly redoubled, Fall like amazing thunder on the casque Of thy adverse permicious enemy:

Of thy adverse permitious enemy:

Rouse up thy youthful blood, be valient and
hve.

Boling. Mine innocency and Saint George to thrive!

Nor. However God or fortune cast my lot, There lives or dies, true to King Richard's

A loyal, just, and upright gentleman:
Never did captive with a freer heart
Cast off his chains of bondage, and embrace
His golden uncontroll'd enfranchisement,
More than my dancing soul doth celebrate
This feast of battle with mine adversary.—
Most mighty hege.—and my companion peers,—
Take from my mouth the wish of happy years:
As gentle and as jocund as to jest
Go I to fight; truth hath a quiet breast.

K. Rich. Farewell, my lord: securely I espy Virtue with valour couched in thine eye.— Order the trial, marshal, and begin. [Derby, Mar. Harry of Hereford, Lancaster, and Receive thy lance; and God defend the right!

Receive thy lance; and God defend the right!

Boling. Strong as a tower in hope, I cry
amen.

Mar. Go bear this lance [to an Officer] to Thomas, Duke of Norfolk. [Derby, I Her. Harry of Hereford, Lancaster, and Stands here for God, his sovereign, and himself,

On pain to be found false and recreant, To prove the Duke of Norfolk, Thomas Mowbray,

A traitor to his God, his king, and him; And dares him to set forward to the fight.

2 Her. Here standeth Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk, On pain to be found false and recreant,

Both to defend himself, and to approve
Henry of Hereford, Lancaster, and Derby,
To God, his sovereign, and to him disloyal;
Courageously, and with a free desire,
Attending but the signal to begin.
Mar. Sound, trumpets; and set forward

combatants. [A charge sounded.
Stay, the king hath thrown his warder down.
K. Rich. Let them lay by their helmets and

their spears,
And both return back to their chairs again:—
Withdraw with us:—and let the trumpets sound
While we return these dukes what we decree.—

[A long flourish.
Draw near,
[To the combatants.
And list what with our council we have done.
For that our kingdom's earth should not be
soil'd

With that dear blood which it hath fostered, And for our eyes do hate the dire aspect Of civil wounds plough'd up with neighbours' awords:

And for we think the eagle-winged pride Of sky-aspiring and ambitious thoughts, With rival-hating envy, set on you

To wake our peace, which in our country's cradle

Draws the sweet infant breath of gentle sleep; Which so rous'd up with boisterous untun'd drums,

With harsh-resounding trumpets' dreadful bray, And grating shock of wrathful iron arms, Might from our quiet confines fright fair peace, And make us wade even in our kindred's blood;—

Therefore, we banish you our territories:—
You, cousin Hereford, upon pain of life,
Till twice five summers have enrich'd our
fields

Shall not regreet our fair dominions. But tread the stranger paths of banishment. Boling. Your will be done; this must my

comfort be,— [me; That sun that warms you here shall shine on And those his golden beams to you here lent Shall point on me and gild my banishment.

Shall point on me and gild my banishment.

K. Rich. Norfolk, for thee remains a heavier doom,

Which I with some unwillingness pronounce: The sly-slow hours shall not determinate The dateless limit of thy dear exile;— The hopeless word of—never to return Breathe I against thee, upon pain of life.

Nor. A heavy sentence, my most gracious liege, [mouth: And all unlook'd-for from your highness' A dearer merit, not so deep a maim As to be cast forth in the common air, Have I deserved at your highness' hands. The language I have learn'd these forty years, My native English, now I must forego: And now my tongue's use is to me no more Than an unstring'd viol or a harp; Or like a 'cunning instrument cas'd up, Or, being open, put into his hands That knows no touch to tune the harmony: Within my mouth you have engaol'd my tongue,

Doubly portcullis'd with my teeth and lips;
And dull, unfeeling, barren ignorance
Is made my gaoler to attend on me.
I am too old to fawn upon a nurse,
Too far in years to be a pupil now:
What is thy sentence, then, but speechless
death,

Which robs my tongue from breathing native breath? [sionate:

K. Rich. It boots thee not to be compas-After our sentence plaining comes too late. Nor. Then thus I turn me from my country's light,

To dwell in solemn shades of endless night.

[Rettring.

K. Rich. Return again, and take an oath with thee.

Lay on our royal sword your banish'd hands; Swear by the duty that you owe to God,— Our part therein we banish with yourselves,— To keep the oath that we administer;— You never shall—so help you truth and God!— And in the sentence my own life destroy'd. Embrace each other's love in banishment: Nor never look upon each other's face; Nor never write, regreet, nor reconcile This lowering tempest of your home-bred hate; Against my will to do myself this wrong, Nor never by advised purpose meet To plot, contrive, or complet any ill

Nor. And I, to keep all this.

Boling. Norfolk, so far as to mine enemy;-By this time, had the king permitted us One of our souls had wander'd in the air. Banish'd this frail sepulchre of our flesh, As now our flesh is banish'd from this land: Confess thy treasons, ere thou fly the realm; Since thou has far to go, bear not along The clogging burden of a guilty soul.

Nor. No, Bolingbroke: if ever I were traitor, My name be blotted from the book of life, And I from heaven banish'd, as from hence! But what thou art, God, thou, and I do know; And all too soon, I fear, the king shall rue.— Farewell, my liege.-Now no way can I stray: Save back to England, all the world's my way. Exit.

K. Rich. Uncle, even in the glasses of thine

eyes I see thy grieved heart: thy sad aspect Hath from the number of his banish'd years Pluck'd four away .- [To Boling.] Six frozen winters spent,

Return with welcome home from banishment. Boling. How long a time lies in one little

word! Four lagging winters and four wanton springs

End in a word: such is the breath of kings. Gaunt. I thank my liege that in regard of me He shortens four years of my son's exile: But little vantage shall I reap thereby; For, ere the six years that he hath to spend Can change their moons and bring their times about.

My oil-dried lamp and time bewasted light Shall be extinct with age and endless night; My inch of taper will be burnt and done, And blindfold death not let me see my son. K. Rich. Why, uncle, thou hast many years

to live.

Gaunt. But not a minute, king, that thou canst give:

Shorten my days thou canst with sullen sorrow, And pluck nights from me, but not lend a morrow;

Thou canst help time to furrow me with age, But stop no wrinkle in his pilgrimage; Thy word is current with him for my death, But dead, thy kingdom cannot buy my breath. K. Rich. Thy son is banish'd upon good

advice, Whereto thy tongue a party-verdict gave: Why at our justice seem'st thou, then, to lower? Gaunt. Things sweet to taste prove in diges-

tion sour. You urg'd me as a judge; but I had rather You would have bid me argue like a father. O, had it been a stranger, not my child, To smooth his fault I should have been more

mild: A partial slander sought I to avoid,

Alas, I look'd when some of you should say, I was too strict to make mine own away; But you gave leave to mine unwilling tongue

K. Rich. Cousin, farewell; -and, uncle, bid him so:

'Gainst us, our state, our subjects, or our land. Six years we banish him, and he shall go.

Boling. I swear. [Flourish. Exeunt K. Rich. and Train. Aum. Cousin, farewell: what presence must not know.

From where you do remain let paper show.

Mar. My lord, no leave take I; for I will ride As far as land will let me by your side.

Gaunt. O, to what purpose dost thou hoard thy words,

That thou return'st no greeting to thy friends? Boling. I have too few to take my leave of you,

When the tongue's office should be prodigal To breathe the abundant dolour of the heart.

Gaunt. Thy grief is but thy absence for a

Boling. Joy absent, grief is present for that time.

Gaunt. What is six winters? they are quickly Boling. To men in joy; but grief makes one hour ten. pleasure.

Gaunt. Call it a travel that thou tak'st for Boling. My heart will sigh when I miscall it so,

Which finds it an enforced pilgrimage. Gaunt. The sullen passage of thy weary steps

Esteem a foil, wherein thou art to set The precious jewel of thy home-return. Boling. Nay, rather, every tedious stride I make

Will but remember me what a deal of world I wander from the jewels that I love. Must I not serve a long apprenticehood To foreign passages; and in the end, Having my freedom, boast of nothing else But that I was a journeyman to grief? [visits Gaunt. All places that the eve of heaven

Are to a wise man ports and happy havens. Teach thy necessity to reason thus; There is no virtue like necessity. Think not the king did banish thee, But thou the king: woe doth the heavier sit Where it perceives it is but faintly borne. Go, say I sent thee forth to purchase honour And not the king exil'd thee; or suppose Devouring pestilence hangs in our air, And thou art flying to a fresher clime: Look, what thy soul holds dear, imagine it To lie that way thou go'st, not whence thou com'st:

Suppose the singing-birds musicians, [strew'd, The grass whereon thou tread'st the presence The flowers fair ladies, and thy steps no more Than a delightful measure or a dance: For gnarling sorrow hath less power to bite

The man that mocks at it and sets it light. Boling. O, who can hold a fire in his hand

By thinking on the frosty Caucasus? Or cloy the hungry edge of appetite By bare imagination of a feast? Or wallow naked in December snow

By thinking on fantastic summer's heat?

O, no! the apprehension of the good Gives but the greater feeling to the worse: Fell sorrow's tooth doth never rankle more Than when it bites, but lanceth not the sore. Gaunt. Come, come, my son, I'll bring thee

on thy way:

Had I thy youth and cause, I would not stay Boling. Then, England's ground, farewell sweet soil, adieu;

My mother, and my nurse, that bears me yet Where'er I wander, boast of this I can,— Though banish'd, yet a true-born Englishman Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- The Court.

Enter KING RICHARD, BAGOT, and GREEN; AUMERLE following.

K. Rich. We did observe.—Cousin Aumerle, How far brought you high Hereford on his him so, way? Aum. I brought high Hereford, if you call

But to the next highway, and there I left him.

K. Rich. And say, what store of parting tears were shed? [east wind, Aum. Faith, none for me; except the north-Which then blew bitterly against our faces,

Awak'd the sleeping rheum, and so by chance Did grace our hollow parting with a tear.

K. Rich. What said our cousin when you

parted with him?

Aum. "Farewell":

And, for my heart disdained that my tongue Should so profane the word, that taught me craft

To counterfeit oppression of such grief, That words seem'd buried in my sorrow's grave Marry, would the word "farewell" have

lengthen'd hours. And added years to his short banishment, He should have had a volume of farewells: But since it would not, he had none of me.

K. Rich. He is our cousin, cousin; but 'tis doubt,

When time shall call him home from banish-

ment, Whether our kinsman come to see his friends. Ourself, and Bushy, Bagot here, and Green, Observ'd his courtship to the common people; How he did seem to dive into their hearts With humble and familiar courtesy;

What reverence he did throw away on slaves; Wooing poor craftsmen with the craft of smiles, And patient underbearing of his fortune, As 'twere to banish their affects with him. Off goes his bonnet to an oyster-wench; A brace of draymen bid God speed him well,

And had the tribute of his supple knee, With Thanks, my countrymen, my loving friends;

As were our England in reversion his.

And he our subjects' next degree in hope. Green. Well, he is gone; and with him go these thoughts.

Now for the rebels which stand out in Ireland,-Expedient manage must be made, my liege, Ere further leisure yield them further means For their advantage and your highness' loss.

K. Rich. We will ourself in person to this

war:

And, for our coffers,—with too great a court And liberal largess,—are grown somewhat light.

We are enforc'd to farm our royal realm: The revenue whereof shall furnish us For our affairs in hand. If that come short, Our substitutes at home shall have blank charters;

Whereto, when they shall know what men are They shall subscribe them for large sums of

gold, And send them after to supply our wants; For we will make for Ireland presently,

Enter Bushy.

Bushy, what news?

Bushy. Old John of Gaunt is grievous sick. my lord,

Suddenly taken; and hath sent post-haste To entreat your majesty to visit him.

K. Rich. Where hes he?

Bushy. At Ely House.

K. Rich. Now put it, God, in his physician's To help him to his grave immediately! The lining of his coffers shall make coats To deck our soldiers for these Irish wars .--Come, gentlemen, let's all go visit him: Pray God we may make haste, and come too

late! Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I .- LONDON. A Room in ELY House.

GAUNT on a couch; the DUKE OF YORK and others standing by him.

Gaunt. Will the king come, that I may breathe my last

In wholesome counsel to his unstaid youth? York. Vex not yourself, nor strive not with

your breath; For all in vain comes counsel to his ear. [men Gaunt. O, but they say the tongues of dying

Enforce attention like deep harmony: Where words are scarce, they are seldom spent in vain: an pain.

For they breathe truth that breathe their words He that no more must say is listen'd more

Than they whom youth and ease have taught to glose; before:

More are men's ends mark'd than their lives The setting sun, and music at the close, As the last taste of sweets, is sweetest last,

Writ in remembrance more than things long past: [hear, Though Richard my life's counsel would not

My death's sad tale may yet undeaf his ear.

York. No; it is stopp'd with other flattering sounds.

As, praises of his state: then there are found Lascivious metres, to whose venom-sound The open ear of youth doth always listen; Report of fashions in proud Italy,

Whose manners still our tardy apish nation Limps after, in base imitation. Where doth the world thrust forth a vanity,-

So it be new, there's no respect how vile, That is not quickly buzz'd into his ears? Then all too late comes counsel to be heard, Where will doth mutiny with wit's regard. Direct not him, whose way himself will choose: 'Tis breath thou lack'st, and that breath wilt thou lose. [inspir'd,

Gaunt. Methinks I am a prophet new Since thou dost seek to kill my name in me, And thus, expiring, do foretell of him: His rash fierce blaze of not cannot last, For violent fires soon burn out themselves; Small showers last long, but sudden storms are short;

He tires betimes that spurs too fast betimes; With eager feeding food doth choke the feeder: Light vanity, insatiate cormorant, Consuming means, soon preys upon itself. This royal throne of kings, this scepter'd isle This earth of majesty, this seat of Mars, This other Eden, demi-paradise; This fortress built by Nature for herself Against infection and the hand of war; This happy breed of men, this little world; This precious stone set in the silver sea, Which serves it in the office of a wall, Or as a moat defensive to a house, Against the envy of less happier lands; This blessed plot, this earth, this realm, this England,

This nurse, this teeming womb of royal kings, Fear'd by their breed, and famous by their birth,

Renowned for their deeds as far from home,-For Christain service and true chivalry,-As is the sepulchre in stubborn Jewry Of the world's ransom, blessed Mary's Son;— This land of such dear souls, this dear dear land,

Dear for her reputation through the world. Is now leas'd out,-I die pronouncing it,-Like to a tenement or pelting farm: England, bound in with the triumphant sea, Whose rocky shore beats back the envious siege

Of watery Neptune, is now bound in with shame,

With inky blots, and rotten parchment bonds: That England, that was wont to conquer others, Hath made a shameful conquest of itself. Ah, would the scandal vanish with my life, How happy then were my ensuing death!

Enter KING RICHARD and QUEEN, AUMERLE, BUSHY, GREEN, BAGOT, ROSS, and WIL-LOUGHBY.

York. The king is come: deal mildly with more. his youth;

For young hot colts, being rag'd, do rage the Queen. How fares our noble uncle, Lancaster?

K. Rich. What comfort, man? How is't [position! with aged Gaunt? Gaunt. O, how that name befits my com-

Old Gaunt, indeed; and gaunt in being old: Within me grief hath kept a tedious fast; And who abstains from meat that is not gaunt? For sleeping England long time have I watch'd; Watching breeds leanness, leanness is all gaunt: The pleasure that some fathers feeds upon Is my strict fast,-I mean my children's looks; And therein fasting, hast thou made me gaunt: Gaunt am I for the grave, gaunt as a grave, Whose hollow womb inherits naught but bones. For both hast thou, and both become the grave.

K. Rich. Can sick men play so nicely with their names?

Gaunt. No, misery makes sport to mock itself:

I mock my name, great king, to flatter thee.

K. Rich. Should dying men flatter with

those that live? Gaunt. No, no; men hving flatter those that K. Rich. Thou, now a-dying, say'st thou flatter'st me.

Gaunt. O, no! thou diest, though I the sicker be. thee ill.

K. Rich. I am in health, I breathe, and see Gaunt. Now, He that made me knows I see thee ill;

Ill in myself to see, and in thee seeing ill. Thy death-bed is no lesser than the land Wherein thou liest in reputation sick; And thou, too careless patient as thou art, Committ'st thy anounted body to the cure Of those physicians that first wounded thee: A thousand flatterers sit within thy crown. Whose compass is no bigger than thy head; And yet, encaged in so small a verge, The waste is no whit lesser than thy land. O, had thy grandsire, with a prophet's eye, Seen how his son's son should destroy his sons, From forth thy reach he would have laid thy shame.

Deposing thee before thou wert possess'd, Which art possess'd now to depose thyself Why, cousin, wert thou regent of the world, It were a shame to let this land by lease; But for thy world enjoying but this land, Is it not more than shame to shame it so? Landlord of England art thou now, not king: Thy state of law is bondslave to the law; And-

Presuming on an ague's privilege, Dar'st with thy frozen admonition Make pale our cheek, chasing the royal blood With fury from his native residence. Now by my seat's right royal majesty, Wert thou not brother to great Edward's son,

K. Rich. And thou a lunatic lean-witted fool,

This tongue that runs so roundly in thy head Should run thy head from thy unreverend shoulders. son, Gaunt. O, spare me not, my brother Edward's

For that I was his father Edward's son;-That blood already, like the pelican, Hast thou tapp'd out, and drunkenly carous'd: My brother Gloster, plain well-meaning soul— Whom fair befall in heaven 'mongst happy souls!-

May be a precedent and witness good [blood: That thou respect'st not spilling Edward's Join with the present sickness that I have: And thy unkindness be like crooked age, To crop at once a too-long wither'd flower. Live in thy shame, but die not shame with

thee!-These words hereafter thy tormentors be!-Convey me to my bed, then to my grave. Love they to live that love and honour have.

[Exit, borne out by his Attendants. K. Rich. And let them die that age and sullens have:

York. I do beseech your majesty, impute his words

To wayward sickliness and age in him: He loves you, on my life, and holds you dear As Harry Duke of Hereford, were he here. K. Rich. Right, you say true: as Hereford's

love, so his:

As theirs, so mine; and all be as it is.

Enter NORTHUMBERLAND.

North. My liege, old Gaunt commends him to your majesty. K. Rich. What says he?

North. His tongue is now a stringless instrument; Words, life, and all, old Lancaster hath spent. York. Be York the next that must be bank-

rupt so! Though death be poor, it ends a mortal woe. K. Rich. The ripest fruit first falls, and so

doth he;

His time is spent, our pilgrimage must be: So much for that .- Now for our Irish wars: We must supplant those rough rug-headed

kerns, Which live like venom, where no venom else, But only they, hath privilege to live. And for these great affairs do ask some charge: Towards our assistance we do seize to us The plate, coin, revenues, and movables,

Whereof our uncle Gaunt did stand possess'd. York. How long shall I be patient? ah, how long

Shall tender duty make me suffer wrong? Not Gloster's death, nor Hereford's banishment,

Not Gaunt's rebukes, nor England's private wrongs

Nor the prevention of poor Bolingbroke About his marnage, nor my own disgrace, Have ever made me sour my patient cheek, Or bend one wrinkle on my sovereign's face. I am the last of noble Edward's sons, Of whom thy father, Prince of Wales, was first: In war was never lion rag'd more fierce, In peace was never gentle lamb more mild. Than was that young and princely gentleman. His face thou hast, for even so look'd he, Accomplish'd with the number of thy hours; But when he frown'd, it was against the French, And not against his friends: his noble hand Did win what he did spend, and spent not that Which his triumphant father's hand had won: His hands were guilty of no kindred's blood, But bloody with the enemies of his kin. O Richard! York is too far gone with grief, Or else he never would compare between.

K. Rich. Why, uncle, what's the matter? York. O my liege, Pardon me, if you please; if not, I, pleas'd Not to be pardon'd, am content withal. Seek you to seize, and gripe into your hands, The royalties and rights of banish'd Hereford? Is not Gaunt dead? and doth not Hereford live? Was not Gaunt just? and is not Harry true? Did not the one deserve to have an heir? Is not his heir a well-deserving son? [Time Take Hereford's rights away, and take from His charters and his customery rights; Let not to-morrow, then, ensue to-day;

Be not thyself,-for how art thou a king But by fair sequence and succession? Now, afore God-God forbid I say true!-If you do wrongfully seize Hereford's rights, Call in the letters-patents that he hath By his attorneys-general to sue His livery, and deny his offer'd homage. You pluck a thousand dangers on your head, You lose a thousand well-disposed hearts, And prick my tender patience to those thoughts Which honour and allegiance cannot think

K. Rich. Think what you will, we seize into our hands

Nay, nothing; all is said: His plate, his goods, his money, and his lands. stringless instrument; York. Pil not be by the while: my liege, farewell:

What will ensue hereof, there's none can tell: But by bad courses may be understood That their events can never fall out good,

K. Rich. Go, Bushy, to the Earl of Wiltshire straight:

Bid him repair to us to Elv House To see this business. To-morrow next We will for Ireland; and 'tis time, I trow: And we create, in absence of ourself. Our uncle York lord governor of England: For he is just, and always lov'd us well.-Come on, our queen: to-morrow must we part; Be merry, for our time of stay is short,

[Flourish. Exeunt King, Queen, Bushy, Aumerle, Green, and Bagot.

North. Well, lords, the Duke of Lancaster is dead. Ross. And living too; for now his son is Willo. Barely in title, not in revenue. North. Richly in both, if justice had her

right. Ross. My heart is great; but it must break with silence.

Ere't be disburden'd with a liberal tongue. North. Nay, speak thy mind; and let him ne'er speak more

That speaks thy words again to do thee harm! Willo. Tends that thou wouldst speak to the Duke of Hereford?

If it be so, out with it boldly, man; Quick is mine ear to hear of good towards him. Ross. No good at all, that I can do for him: Unless you call it good to pity him,

Bereft and gelded of his patrimony. North. Now, afore God, 'tis shame such wrongs are borne

In him, a royal prince, and many more Of noble blood in this declining land. The king is not himself, but basely led By flatterers; and what they will inform. Merely in hate, 'gainst any of us all, That will the king severely prosecute 'Gainst us, our lives, our children, and our heirs.

Ross. The commons hath he pill'd with grievous taxes.

And quite lost their hearts: the nobles hath he fin'd

For ancient quarrels, and quite lost their hearts. Willo. And daily new exactions are devis'd,-As blanks, benevolences, and I wot not what: But what, o' God's name, doth become of this?

North. Wars have not wasted it, for warr'd he hath not,

But basely yielded upon compromise That which his ancestors achiev'd with blows: More hath he spent in peace than they in wars. Ross. The Earl of Wiltshre hath the realm

in farm.

Willo. The king's grown bankrupt, like a

broken man. [him. North. Reproachand dissolution hangethover Ross. He hath not money for these Irish wars His burdenous taxations notwithstanding.

But by the robbing of the banish'd duke.

North. His noble kinsman:—most degenerate king!

But, lords, we hear this fearful tempest sing, Yet seek no shelter to avoid the storm; We see the wind set sore upon our sails, And yet we strike not, but securely perish.

nd yet we strike not, but securely perish.

Ross. We see the very wreck that we must suffer;

And unavoided is the danger now,
For suffering so the causes of our wreck.
North. Not so; even through the hollow
eyes of death

I spy life peering; but I dare not say
How near the tidings of our comfort is.
Willo. Nay, let us share thy thoughts, as

thou dost ours.

Ross. Be confident to speak, Northumber-land:

We three are but thyself; and, speaking so, Thy words are but as thoughts; therefore, be bold.

North. Then thus:--I have from Port le Blanc, a bay

In Brittany, received intelligence [Cohham, That Harry Duke of Hereford, Renald Lord That late broke from the Duke of Exeter, His brother, Archbishop late of Canterbury, Sir Thomas Eppingham, Sir John Ramston, Sir John Norbery, Sir Robert Waterton, and the same than t

Francis Quoint,— [tagne,
All these, well furnish'd by the Duke of BreWith eight tall ships, three thousand men of
war.

Are making hither with all due expedience, And shortly mean to touch our northern shore: Perhaps they had ere this, but that they stay The first departing of the king for Ireland. If, then, we shall shake off our slavish yoke, Imp out our drooping country's broken wing, Redeem from broking pawn the blemish'd crown,

Wipe off the dust that hides our sceptre's gilt, And make high majesty look like itself, Away with me in post to Ravenspurg; But if you faint, as fearing to do so, Stay and be secret, and myself will go.

Ross. To horse, to horse! urge doubts to them that fear.

Willo. Hold out my horse, and I will first be there. [Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same. A Room in the Palace.

Enter QUEEN, BUSHY, and BAGOT.

Bushy. Madam, your majesty is too much

sad:
You promis'd, when you parted with the king,
To lay aside life-harming heaviness,
And entertain a cheerful disposition.

Queen. To please the king, I did; to please myself,

I cannot do it; yet I know no cause Why I should welcome such a guest as grief, Save bidding farewell to so sweet a guest As my sweet Richard: yet, again, methinks Some unborn sorrow, ripe in fortune's womb, Is coming towards me; and my inward soul Whit nothing trembles: at some thing it grieves, More than with parting from my lord the king.

With nothing trembles: at some thing it grieves, More than with parting from my lord the king. Bushy. Each substance of a grief hath twenty shadows,

Which show like gref itself, but are not so;
For sorrow's eye, glazed with blinding tears,
Divides one thing entire to many objects;
Like perspectives, which, rightly gaz'd upon,
Show nothing but confusion,—ey'd awry,
Distinguish form: so your sweet majesty,
Looking awry upon your lord's departure,
Find shapes of grief, more than himself, to wail;
Which, look'd on as it is, is naught but shadows
Of what it is not. Then, thrice-gracious queen,
More than your lord's departure weep not,—
more's not seen;

Or if it be, 'tis with false sorrow's eye,
Which for things true weeps things imaginary.
Queen. It may be so; but yet my inward soul
Persuades me it is otherwise: howe'er it be,
I cannot but be sad; so heavy sad, [think,—
As,—though, on thinking, on no thought I
Makes me with heavy nothing faint and shrink.
Bushy. 'Tis nothing but conceit, my gracious
lady. [deriv'd]

lady.

Queen. 'Tis nothing less: conceit is still
From some forefather grief; mune is not so,
For nothing hath begot my something grief;
Or something hath the nothing that I grieve:
'Tis in reversion that I do possess;
But what it is, that is not yet known; what
I cannot name; 'tis nameless woe, I wot.

Enter GREEN.

Green. God save your majesty!—and well met, gentlemen:—

I hope the king is not yet shipp'd for Ireland.

Queen. Why hop'st thou so? 'tis better hope
he is; [hope:

For his designs crave haste, his haste good Then wherefore dost thou hope he is not shipp'd?

Green. That he, our hope, might have retir'd his power,

And driven into despair an enemy's hope, Who strongly hath set footing in this land: The banish'd Bohngbroke repeals himself, And with uplifted arms is safe army'd At Ravenspurg.

Queen. Now God in heaven forbid!
Green. O madam, 'tis too true: and that is
worse, [Percy,

The Lord Northumberland, his son young Henry The Lords of Ross, Beaumond, and Willoughby, With all their powerful friends, are fied to him. Bushy. Why have you not proclaim'd Northumberland,

And all the rest of the revolted faction, Trattors? [Worcester Green. We have: whereupon the Earl of Hath broke his staff, resign'd his stewardship,

llove.

And all the household servants fied with him | The one's my sovereign, whom both my oath To Bolingbroke. [woe,

Queen. So, Green, thou art the midwife to my And Bolingbroke my sorrow's dismal heir: Now hath my soul brought forth her prodigy; And I, a gasping new-deliver'd mother, Have woe to woe, sorrow to sorrow join'd.

Bushy. Despair not, madam.

Who shall hinder me? Queen. I will despair, and be at enmity With cozening hope,—he is a flatterer, A parasite, a keeper-back of death,

Who gently would dissolve the bands of life, Which false hope lingers in extremity. Green. Here comes the Duke of York.

Queen. With signs of war about his aged neck:

O, full of careful business are his looks!

Enter YORK.

Uncle, for God's sake, speak comfortable words.

York. Should I do so, I should belie my

thoughts: Comfort's in heaven; and we are on the earth, Where nothing lives but crosses, care, and grief. Your husband, he is gone to save far off, Whilst others come to make him lose at home: Here am I left to underprop his land, Who, weak with age, cannot support myself: Now comes the sick hour that his surfeit made; Now shall he try his friends that flatter'd him.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. My lord, your son was gone before I came.

York. He was?-Why, so!-go all which way it will!-

The nobles they are fled, the commons they are

cold. And will, I fear, revolt on Hereford's side .-Sirrah, get thee to Plashy, to my sister Gloster; Bid her send me presently a thousand pound:-Hold, take my ring.

Serv. My lord, I had forgot to tell your lord-To-day, as I came by, I called there: But I shall grieve you to report the rest.

York. What is't, knave?

Serv. An hour before I came, the duchess

died. York. God for his mercy! what a tide of woes

Comes rushing on this woeful land at once I know not what to do:- I would to God .-So my untruth had not provok'd him to it,-The king had cut off my head with my brother's. What, are there no posts despatch'd for Ireland?-

How shall we do for money for these wars?-Come, sister, cousin, I would say, pray,

pardon me. Go, fellow [to the Servant], get thee home,

provide some carts. And bring away the armour that is there .-

Exit Servant. Gentlemen, will you go muster men? If I know

How or which way to order these affairs, Thus thrust disorderly into my hands, Never believe me. Both are my kinsmen:-

And duty bids defend; the other, again, Is my kinsman, whom the king hath wrong'd.

Whom conscience and my kindred bids to right. Well, somewhat we must do .- Come, cousin, 1'11

Dispose of you. - Gentlemen, go, muster up your And meet me presently at Berkley Castle. I should to Plashy too; But time will not permit:-all is uneven.

And everything is left at six and seven. Exeunt YORK and QUEEN.

Bushy. The wind sits fair for news to go to Ireland,

For us to levy power But none returns. Proportionable to the enemy

Is all impossible.

Green. Besides, our nearness to the king in Is near the hate of those love not the king. Bagot. And that's the wavering commons:

for their love

Lies in their purses; and whose empties them, By so much fills their hearts with deadly hate. Bushy. Wherein the king stands generally condemn'd.

Bagot. If judgment he in them, then so do we,

Because we ever have been near the king Green. Well, I will for refuge straight to Bristol Castle:

The Earl of Wiltshire is already there. [office Bushy. Thither will I with you: for little The hateful commons will perform for us, Except like curs to tear us all to pieces .-Will you go along with us?

Bagot. No; I will to Ireland to his majesty. Farewell: if heart's presages be not vain,

We three here part that ne'er shall meet again. Bushy. That's as York thrives to beat back Bollngbroke.

Green. Alas, poor duke! the task he under-Is numbering sands, and drinking oceans dry: Where one on his side fights, thousands will fly. Farewell at once,-for once, for all, and ever.

Bushy. Well, we may meet again. Bagot. I fear me, never.

Scene III.—The Wilds in Glostershire.

Enter Bolingbroke and Northumber-LAND, with Forces.

Boling. How far is it, my lord, to Berkley now?

North. Believe me, noble lord, I am a stranger here in Glostershire: These high wild hills and rough uneven ways Draw out our miles, and make them wearisome; And yet your fair discourse hath been as sugar, Making the hard way sweet and delectable. But I bethink me what a weary way From Ravenspurg to Cotswold will be found In Ross and Willoughby, wanting your com-

pany, Which, I protest, hath very much beguil'd The tediousness and process of my travel: But theirs is sweeten'd with the hope to have The present benefit which I possess; And hope to joy is little less in joy

Than hope enjoy'd: by this the weary lords

By sight of what I have, your noble company. Boling. Of much less value is my company Than your good words .- But who comes here? North. It is my son, young Harry Percy, Sent from my brother Worcester, whencesoever.

Enter HARRY PERCY.

Harry, how fares your uncle?

Percy. I had thought, my lord, to have learned his health of you.

North. Why, is he not with the queen? Percy. No, my good lord; he hath forsook the court,

Broken his staff of office, and dispers'd The household of the king.

North.

What was his reason? He was not so resolv'd when last we spake together.

Percy. Because your lordship was proclaimed Here comes his grace in person. traitor

But he, my lord, is gone to Ravenspurg To offer service to the Duke of Hereford; And sent me o'er by Berkley, to discover What power the Duke of York had levied there, Then with direction to repair to Ravenspurg North. Have you forgot the Duke of Here-

ford, boy? Percy. No, my good lord; for that is not Which ne'er I did remember: to my knowledge,

I never in my life did look on him. North. Then learn to know him now; this

is the duke. service. Percy. My gracious lord, I tender you my Such as it is, being tender, raw, and young;

Which elder days shall ripen, and confirm To more approved service and desert. Boling. I thank thee, gentle Percy; and be

I count myself in nothing else so happy As in a soul remembering my good friends; And, as my fortune ripens with thy love, It shall be still thy true love's recompence: My heart this covenant makes, my hand thus seals it.

North. How far is it to Berkley? and what stir

Keeps good old York there with his men of war?

Percy. There stands the castle, by you tuft heard: Mann'd with three hundred men, as I have And in it are the Lords of York, Berkley, and

Seymour,-None else of name and noble estimate.

North. Here come the Lords of Ross and Willoughby,

Bloody with spurring, fiery-red with haste.

Enter Ross and WILLOUGHBY.

Boling. Welcome, my lords. I wot your love pursues A banish'd traitor: all my treasury

Is yet but unfelt thanks, which, more enrich'd, Shall be your love and labour's recompense.

Ross. Your presence makes us rich, most noble lord.

[attain it.]

Willo. And far surmounts our labour to Boling. Evermore thanks, the exchequer of the poor;

Shall make their way seem short; as mine hath Which, till my infant fortune comes to years, done Stands for my bounty.—But, who comes here? North. It is my Lord of Berkley, as I guess.

Enter BERKLEY.

Berk. My Lord of Hereford, my message is to you.

Boling. My lord, my answer is -to Lancaster; And I am come to seek that name in England; And I must find that title in your tongue, Before I make reply to aught you say.

Berk. Mistake me not, my lord; 'tis not my meaning

To raze one title of your honour out:-To you, my lord, I come, -what lord you will, -From the most gracious regent of this land. The Duke of York, to know what pricks you on To take advantage of the absent time.

And fright our native peace with self-born arms. Boling. I shall not need transport my words by you;

Enter YORK, attended.

My noble uncle! [Kneels. York. Show me thy humble heart, and not thy knee,

Whose duty is deceivable and false.

Boling. My gracious uncle!—

Grace me no grace, nor uncle me no uncle: I am no traitor's uncle; and that word—grace, In an ungracious mouth is but profane. Why have those banish'd and forbidden legs Dar'd once to touch a dust of England's ground? But, then, more why, -- why have they dar'd to

march So many miles upon her peaceful bosom, Frighting her pale-fac'd villages with war And ostentation of despised arms? hence? Com'st thou because the anointed king is Why, foolish boy, the king is left behind, And in my loyal bosom lies his power. Were I but now the lord of such hot youth As when brave Gaunt thy father, and myself, Rescued the Black Prince, that young Mars of

From forth the ranks of many thousand French, O, then, how quickly should this arm of mine, Now prisoner to the palsy, chastise thee, [fault; And minister correction to thy fault! Boling. My gracious uncle, let me know my On what condition stands it and wherein?

York. Even in condition of the worst de-

In gross rebellion and detested treason: Thou art a banish'd man; and here art come Before the expiration of thy time, In braving arms against thy sovereign.

Boling. As I was banish'd, I was banish'd Hereford;

But as I come, I come for Lancaster. And, noble uncle, I beseech your grace Look on my wrongs with an indifferent eye: You are my father, for methinks in you I see old Gaunt alive; O, then, my father, Will you permit that I shall stand condemn'd A wandering vagabond; my rights and royalties Pluck'd from my arms perforce, and given away

To upstart unthrifts? Wherefore was I born? If that my cousn king be king of England, It must be granted I am Duke of Lancaster. You have a son, Aumerle, my noble kinsman; Had you first died, and he been thus trod down, He should have found his uncle Gaunt a father, To rouse his wrongs, and chase them to the bay. I am denied to sue my livery here, And yet my letters-patents give me leave: My father's goods are all distrain'd and sold; And these and all are all amiss employ'd. What would you have me do? I am a subject, And challenge law: attorneys are denied me; And therefore personally I lay my claim

To my inheritance of free descent. [abus'd. North. The noble duke hath been too much Ross. It stands your grace upon to do him

right.

Willo. Base men by his endowments are made great.

York. My lords of England, let me tell you this:—

I have had feeling of my cousin's wrongs, And labour'd all I could to do him right. But in this kind to come, in braving arms, Be his own carver, and cut out his way, To find out right with wrong,—it may not be; And you that do abet him in this kind Cherish rebellion, and are rebels all.

North. The noble duke hath sworn his coming is

But for his own; and for the right of that We all have strongly sworn to give him aid; And let him ne'er see joy that breaks that oath! York. Well, well, I see the issue of these

arms;—
I cannot mend it, I must needs confess,
Because my power is weak and all ill left:
But if I could, by him that gave me life,
I would attach you all, and make you stoop
Unto the sovereign mercy of the king;
But since I cannot, be it known to you
I do remain as neuter. So, fare you well:—
Unless you please to enter in the castle,
And there repose you for this night.

Boling. An offer, uncle, that we will accept: But we must win your grace to go with us To Bristol Castle, which they say is held By Bushy, Bagot, and their complices, The caterpillars of the commonwealth, Which I have sworn to weed and pluck away.

York. It may be I will go with you:—but yet I'll pause;

For I am loth to break our country's laws.

Nor friends, nor foes, to me welcome you are:

Things past redress are now with me past care.

[Exeunt.]

Scene IV .-- A Camp in Wales.

Enter Salisbury and a Captain.

Cap. My Lord of Salisbury, we have stay'd ten days, And hardly kept our countrymen together,

And yet we hear no tidings from the king; Therefore we will disperse ourselves: farewell. Sal. Stay yet another day, thou trusty Welshman;

The king reposeth all his confidence In thee. Cap. 'Tis thought the king is dead; we will not stay.

The bay trees in our country all are wither'd,
And meteors fright the fixed stars of heaven;
The pale-fac'd moon looks bloody on the earth,
And lean-look'd prophets whisper fearful
change; [leap,—

Rich men look sad, and ruffians dance and The one in fear to lose what they enjoy, The other to enjoy by rage and war: These signs forerun the death or fall of kings. Farewell: our countrymen are gone and fled,

As well assur'd Richard their king is dead.

[Exit.
Sal. Ah, Richard, with the eyes of heavy

mind,
I see thy glory, like a shooting star,
Fail to the base earth from the firmament!
The sun sets weeping in the lowly west,
Witnessing storms to come, woe, and unrest;
Thy friends are fied, to wait upon thy foes;

And crossly to thy good all fortune goes.

[Exit.

ACT III.

Scene I .- Bolingbroke's Camp at Bristol.

Enter Bolingeroke, York, Northumber-LAND, PERCY, WILLOUGHBY, Ross: Officers behind, with Bushy and Green, prisoners.

Boling. Bring forth these men.—
Bushy and Green, I will not vex your souls,—
Since presently your souls must part your
bodies,—

With too much urging your pernicious lives,
For 'twere no charity; yet, to wash your blood
From off my hands, here, in the view of men,
I will unfold some causes of your deaths.
You have misled a prince, a royal king,
A happy gentleman in blood and lineaments,
By you unhappied and disfigur'd clean:
You have in manner with your sinful hours
Made a divorce betwirt his queen and him;
Broke the possession of a royal bed,
And stain'd the beauty of a fair queen's cheeks
With tears drawn from her eyes by your foul
wrongs.

Myself,—a prince by fortune of my birth,
Near to the king in blood, and near in love
Till you did make him misinterpret me,—
Have stoop'd my neck under your injuries,
And sigh'd my English breath in foreign clouds,
Eating the bitter bread of banishment;
Whilst you have fed upon my signories,
Whilst you have fed upon my signories.
From my own windows torn my household
coat.

Raz'd out my impress, leaving me no sign, Save men's opinions and my living blood, To show the world I am a gentleman. This and much more, much more than twice

all this, Condemns you to the death.—See them deliver'd over

To execution and the hand of death.

Bushy. More welcome is the stroke of death to me [well.
Than Bolingbroke to England.—Lords, fare-

Green. My comfort 1s, that heaven will take Then thieves and robbers range abroad unseen, our souls.

And plague injustice with the pains of hell. Boling. My Lord Northumberland, see them despatch'd.

[Exeunt North., and others. with Prisoners. Uncle, you say the queen is at your house; For God's sake, fairly let her be entreated: Tell her I send to her my kind commends; Take special care my greetings be deliver'd.

York. A gentleman of mine I have despatch'd With letters of your love to her at large. Boling. Thanks, gentle uncle. - Come, lords.

away

To fight with Glendower and his complices: Awhile to work, and after holiday.

Scene II .- The Coast of Wales. A Castle ın view.

Flourish; drums and trumpets Enter KING RICHARD, the BISHOP OF CARLISLE AUM-ERLE, and Soldiers.

K. Rich. Barkloughly Castle call they this at hand?

Aum. Yea, my lord. How brooks your grace the air,

After your late tossing on the breaking seas? K. Rich. Needs must I like it well: I weep

for joy To stand upon my kingdom once again .-Dear earth, I do salute thee with my hand, Though rebels wound thee with their horses'

hoofs: As long-parted mother with her child Plays fondly with her tears and smiles in

meeting So, weeping-smiling, greet I thee, my earth, And do thee favour with my royal hands. Freed not thy sovereign's foe, my gentle earth, Nor with thy sweets comfort his rav'nous sense; But let thy spiders, that suck up thy venom, And heavy-gaited toads, lie in their way, Doing annoyance to the treacherous feet Which with usurping steps do trample thee: Yield stinging nettles to mine enemies; And when they from thy bosom pluck a flower, Guard it, I pray thee, with a lurking adder, Whose double tongue may with a mortal touch Throw death upon thy sovereign's enemies .-Mock not my senseless conjuration, lords: This earth shall have a feeling, and these stones Prove armed soldiers, ere her native king Shall falter under foul rebellion's arms!

Car. Fear not, my lord; that Power that made you king Hath power to keep you king in spite of all.

The means that heaven yields must be embrac'd

And not neglected; else, if heaven would, And we will not, heaven's offer we refuse, The proffer'd means of succour and redress. Aum. He means, my lord, that we are too

remiss; Whilst Bolingbroke, through our security, Grows strong and great in substance and in friends. thou not

K. Rich. Discomfortable cousin! know'st That when the searching eve of heaven is hid Behind the globe that lights the lower world,

In murders and in outrage, boldly here; But when, from under this terrestrial ball He fires the proud tops of the eastern pines, And darts his light through every guilty hole, Then murders, treasons, and detested sins, The cloak of night being pluck'd from off their backs,

Stand bare and naked, trembling at them-

selves? So when this thief, this traitor, Bolingbroke,-Who all this while hath revell'd in the night, Whilst we were wandering with the antipodes .-Shall see us rising in our throne, the east, His treasons will sit blushing in his face, Not able to endure the sight of day, But self-affrighted tremble at his sin. Not all the water in the rough rude sea Can wash the balm from an anointed king; The breath of worldly men cannot depose The deputy elected by the Lord; For every man that Bolingbroke hath press'd To lift shrewd steel against our golden crown, God for his Richard hath in heavenly pay A glorious angel: then, if angels fight, [right. Weak man must fall; for heaven still guards the

Enter Salisbury.

Welcome, my lord: how far off lies your power? Sal. Nor near nor further off, my gracious [tongue,

Than this weak arm: discomfort guides my And bids me speak of nothing but despair. One day too late, I fear, my noble lord, Hath clouded all thy happy days on earth: O, call back yesterday, bid time return, And thou shalt have twelve thousand fighting men!

To-day, to-day, unhappy day, too late, O'erthrows thy joys, friends, fortune, and thy state;

For all the Welshmen, hearing thou wert dead, Are gone to Bolingbroke, dispers'd, and fied. Aum. Comfort, my liege: why looks your grace so pale? sand men

K. Rich. But now the blood of twenty thou-Did triumph in my face, and they are fled; And, till so much blood thither come again

Have I not reason to look pale and dead? All souls that will be safe fly from my side; For time hath set a blot upon my pride. [are.

Aum. Comfort, my liege; remember who you K. Rich. I had forgot myself: am I not king? Awake, thou sluggard majesty! thou sleep'st. Is not the king's name forty thousand names? Arm, arm, my name! a puny subject strikes At thy great glory.-Look not to the ground, Ye favourites of a king: are we not high? High be our thoughts: I know my uncle York Hath power enough to serve our turn.-But who comes here?

Enter Scroop.

Scroop. More health and happiness betide my hege

Than can my care-tun'd tongue deliver him. K. Rich. Mine ear is open and my heart prepar'd.

The worst is worldly loss thou canst unfold. Say, is my kingdom lost? why, 'twas my care; And what loss is it to be rid of care?
Strives Bolingbroke to be as great as we?
Greater he shall not be; if he serve God,
We'll serve him too, and be his fellow so:
Revoit our subjects? that we cannot mend;
They break their faith to God, as well as us:
Cry woe, destruction, ruin, loss, decay;
The worst is death, and death will have his day!

Scroop. Glad am I that your highness is so arm'd

To bear the tidings of calamity.
Like an unseasonable stormy day,
Which makes the silver rivers drown their
shores,

As if the world were all dissolv'd to tears; So high above his limits swells the rage of Bolingbroke, covering your fearful land With hard bright steel, and hearts harder than steel.

steel.
White-beards have arm'd their thin and hairless scalps
(voices,
Against thy majesty; and boys, with women's
Strive to speak big, and clap their female joints
In stiff unwieldly arms against thy crown:
Thy very beadsmen learn to bend their bows
Of double-fatal yew against thy state;
Yea, distaff-women manage rusty bills
Against thy seat: both old and young rebel,
And all goes worse than I have power to tell.
K. Rich. Too well, too well thou tell'st a

tale so ill.

Where is the Earl of Wiltshire? where is
Bagot?

What is become of Bushy, where is Green?
That they have let the dangerous enemy
Measure our confines with such peaceful steps?
If we prevail, their heads shall pay for it:
I warrant they have made peace with Boling-

broke.

Scroop. Peace have they made with him, indeed, my lord. [redemption!

K. Rich. O villains, vipers, damn'd without Dogs, easily won to fawn on any man!

Snakes, in my heart-blood warm'd, that sting my heart! [Judas] Three Judases, each one thrice worse than Would they make peace? terrible hell make war

Upon their spotted souls for this offence!

Scroop. Sweet love, I see, changing his property,

Turns to the sourest and most deadly hate:—
Again uncurse their souls; their peace is made
With heads, and not with hands: those whom
you curse

Have felt the worst of death's destroying wound,

And lie full low, grav'd in the hollow ground.

Aum. Is Bushy, Green, and the Earl of
Witshire dead? [heads.

Scroop. Yea, all of them at Bristol lost their Aum. Where is the duke my father with his power?

K. Rich. No matter where;—of comfort, no man speak:

Let's talk of graves, of worms, and epitaphs; Make dust our paper, and with rainy eyes Write sorrow on the bosom of the earth. Let's choose executors, and talk of wills: And yet not so,—for what can we bequeath, Save our deposed bodies to the ground? Our lands, our lives, and all are Bolingbroke's, And nothing can we call our own but death, And that small model of the barren earth Which serves as paste and cover to our bones. For God's sake, let us sit upon the ground, And tell sad stories of the death of kings:—How some have been depos'd; some slain in war:

Some haunted by the ghosts they have depos'd; Some poisn'd by their wives; some sleeping kill'd;

All murder'd:—for within the hollow crown
That rounds the mortal temples of a king
Keeps Death his court; and there the antic sits,
Scoffing his state, and grunning at his pomp;
Allowing him a breath, a little scene,
To monarchize, be fear'd, and kill with looks;
Infusing him with self and vain conceit,—
As if this flesh, which walls about our life,
Were brass impregnable; and humour'd thus,
Comes at the last, and with a little pin
Bores through his castle-wall, and—farewell,
king!

Cover your heads, and mock not flesh and With solemn reverence; throw away respect, Tradition, form, and ceremonious duty; For you have but mistook me all this while: I live with bread like you, feel want, taste grief, Need friends:—subjected thus,

How can you say to me, I am a king?

Car. My lord, wise men ne'er sit and wail their woes,

But presently prevent the ways to wail. To fear the foe, since fear oppresseth strength, Gives, in your weakness, strength unto your foe.

And so your follies fight against yourself. Fear, and be slain; no worse can come to fight: And fight and die is death destroying death; Where fearing dying pays death servile breath. Aum. My father hath a power; inquire

him;
And learn to make a body of a limb.
K. Rich. Thou chid'st me well:—proud
Bolingbroke, I come [doom.
To change blows with thee for our day of
This ague-fit of fear is over-blown;
An easy task it is to win our own.— [power?

Say, Scroop, where lies our uncle with his Speak sweetly, man, although thy looks be sour. [sky Scroop. Men judge by the complexion of the

The state and inclination of the day:
So may you by my dull and heavy eye,
My tongue hath but a heavier tale to say.
I play the torturer, by small and small
To lengthen out the worst that must be

spoken:—
Your uncle York is join'd with Bolingbroke;
And all your northern castles yielded up,
And all your southern gentlemen in arms
Upon his party.

K. Rich. Thou hast said enough.—
Beshrew thee, cousin, which didst lead me forth,

Of that sweet way I was in to despair!
What say you now? what comfort have we now?
By heaven, I'll hate him everlastingly
That bids me be of comfort any more.

Go to Flint Castle: there I'll pine away;

A king, woe's slave, shall kingly woe obey. That power I have, discharge; and let them go To ear the land that hath some hope to grow. For I have none:-let no man speak again To alter this, for counsel is but vain.

Aum. My hege, one word. K. Rich.

He does me double wrong That wounds me with the flatteries of his tongue.

Discharge my followers: let them hence away, From Richard's night to Bolingbroke's fair day. Exeunt.

SCENE III .- WALES. Before Flint Castle.

Enter, with drum and colours, BOLINGBROKE and Forces; YORK, NORTHUMBERLAND, and others.

Boling. So that by this intelligence we learn The Welshmen are dispers'd; and Salisbury Is gone to meet the king, who lately landed With some few private friends upon this coast. North. The news is very fair and good, my lord:

Richard not far from hence hath hid his head. York. It would be eem the Lord Northumberland

To say, King Richard:-alack the heavy day When such a sacred king should hide his head North. Your grace mistakes; only to be brief, Left I his title out.

The time hath been, York. Would you have been so brief with him, he would

Have been so brief with you, to shorten you For taking so the head, your whole head's length. should.

Boling. Mistake not, uncle, further than you York. Take not, good cousin, further than you should. heads. Lest you mistake: the heavens are o'er our

Boling. I know it, uncle; and oppose not mvself Against their will .- But who comes here?

Enter PERCY.

Well, Harry: what, will not this castle yield?

Percy. The castle royally is mann'd, my lord, Against thy entrance. Boling. Royally!

Why, it contains no king? Yes, my good lord, Ретсу. It doth contain a king; King Richard hes Within the limits of youd lime and stone: And with him are the Lord Aumerle, Lord Salisbury,

Sir Stephen Scroop; besides a clergyman Of holy reverence, who I cannot learn. North. O. belike it is the Bishop of Carlisle.

Boling. Noble lord, To NORTHUMBERLAND. Go to the rude ribs of that ancient castle;

Through brazen trumpet send the breath of parle Into his ruin'd ears, and thus deliver:-

Harry Bolingbroke. On both his knees doth kiss King Richard's hand.

And sends allegiance and true faith of heart To his most royal person; hither come

Even at his feet to lay my arms and power, Provided that, my banishment repeal'd, And lands restor'd again, be freely granted: If not, I'll use the advantage of my power, And lay the summer's dust with showers of blood

Rain'd from the wounds of slaughter'd Englishmen:

The which, how far off from the mind of Bolingbroke

It is, such crimson tempest should bedrench The fresh green lap of fair King Richard's land, My stooping duty tenderly shall show. Go, signify as much, while here we march

Upon the grassy carpet of this plain .-NORTH. advances to the Castle, with a

trumbet. Let's march without the noise of threat'ning drum,

That from the castle's tatter'd battlements Our fair appointments may be well perus'd. Methinks King Richard and myself should

meet With no less terror than the elements Of fire and water, when their thund'ring shock At meeting tears the cloudy cheeks of heaven. Be he the fire, I'll be the yielding water: The rage be his, while on the earth I rain My waters,—on the earth, and not on him. March on, and mark King Richard how he looks.

A parle sounded, and answered by another frumpet within. Flourish. Enter on the walls King Richard, the Bishop of Car-LISLE, AUMERLE, SCROOP, and SALISBURY.

See, see, King Richard doth himself appear, As doth the blushing discontented sun From out the fiery portal of the east, When he perceives the envious clouds are bent To dim his glory, and to stain the track Of his bright passage to the occident. [eye, York. Yet looks he like a king: behold, his As bright as is the eagle's, lightens forth Controlling majesty:—alack, alack, for woe, That any harm should stain so fair a show!

K. Rich. We are amaz'd; and thus long have we stood To watch the fearful bending of thy knee,

To NORTHUMBERLAND. Because we thought ourself thy lawful king: And if we be, how dare thy joints forget To pay their awful duty to our presence? If we be not, show us the hand of God That hath dismissed us from our stewardship; For well we know, no hand of blood and bone Can gripe the sacred handle of our sceptre, Unless he do profane, steal, or usurp. And though you think that all, as you have

done, Have torn their souls by turning them from us, And we are barren and bereft of friends; Yet know,-my master, God omnipotent, Is mustering in his clouds, on our behalf, Armies of pestilence; and they shall strike Your children yet unborn and unbegot, That lift your vassal hands against my head, And threat the glory of my precious crown. Tell Bollingbroke,—for youd methinks he is,-That every stride he makes upon my land

Is dangerous treason: he is come to ope The purple testament of bleeding war; But ere the crown he looks for live in peace, Ten thousand bloody crowns of mothers' sons Shall ill become the flower of England's face, Change the complexion of her maid-pale peace To scarlet indignation, and bedew

Her pastures' grass with faithful English blood. North. The king of heaven forbid our lord

the king Should so with civil and uncivil arms Be rush'd upon! Thy thrice-noble cousin, Harry Bolingbroke, doth humble kiss thy hand; And by the honourable tomb he swears, That stands upon your royal grandsire's bones, And by the royalties of both your bloods,-Currents that spring from one most gracious

head,-And by the buried hand of warlike Gaunt, And by the worth and honour of himself, Comprising all that may be sworn or said, His coming hither hath no further scope Than for his lineal royalties, and to beg Enfranchisement immediate on his knees: Which on thy royal party granted once, His glittering arms he will commend to rust, His barbed steeds to stables, and his heart To faithful service of your majesty. This swears he, as he is a prince, is just; And, as I am a gentleman, I credit him.

K. Rich. Northumberland, say thus the king returns:-

His noble cousin is right welcome hither; And all the number of his fair demands Shall be accomplish'd without contradiction: With all the gracious utterance thou hast Speak to his gentle hearing kind commends. We do debase ourself, cousin, do we not,

[To AUMERLE. To look so poorly, and to speak so fair? Shall we call back Northumberland, and send

Defiance to the traitor, and so die? Aum. No, good my lord; let's fight with gentle words

Till time lend friends, and friends their helpful

swords. K. Rich. O God, O God! that e'er this tongue

of mine. That laid the sentence of dread banishment On you proud man, should take it off again With words of sooth! O that I were as great As is my grief, or lesser than my name! Or that I could forget what I have been! Or not remember what I must be now! Swell'st thou, proud heart? I'll give thee scope

to beat, Since foes have scope to beat both thee and me. Aum. Northumberland comes back from Bolingbroke.

K. Rich. What must the king do now? must he submit?

The king shall do it: must he be depos'd? The king shall be contented: must he lose The name of king? o' God's name, let it go: I'll give my jewels for a set of beads, My gorgeous palace for a hermitage, My gay apparel for an alms-man's gown, My figur'd goblets for a dish of wood, My sceptre for a palmer's walking staff, My subjects for a pair of carved saints,

And my large kingdom for a little grave, A little little grave, an obscure grave;— Or I'll be buried in the king's highway, Some way of common trade, where subject's feet

ACT III.

May hourly trample on their sovereign's head: For on my heart they tread now whilst I live; And buried once, why not upon my head?-Aumerle, thou weep'st-my tender-hearted cousin!-

We'll make foul weather with despised tears: Our sighs and they shall lodge the summer corn,

And make a dearth in this revolting land. Or shall we play the wantons with our woes And make some pretty match with shedding tears?

As thus,-to drop them still upon one place. Till they have fretted us a pair of graves Within the earth; and, therein laid, -there lies Two kinsmen digg'd their graves with weeping eyes.

Would not this ill do well?-Well, well, I see I talk but idly, and you mock at me.-Most mighty prince, my Lord Northumberland, What says King Bolingbroke? will his majesty Give Richard leave to live till Richard die? You make a leg, and Bolingbroke says ay.

North. My lord, in the base court he doth attend To speak with you;—may it please you to come K. Rich. Down, down I come; like glister-

ing Phaeton, Wanting the manage of unruly jades.

NORTH. retires to BOLING. In the base court? Base court, where kings

grow base, To come at traitors' calls, and do them grace. In the base court? Come down? Down, court! down, king!

For night-owls shriek where mounting larks should sing. what says his majesty?

Boling. Sorrow and grief of heart North. Makes him speak fondly, like a frantic man:

Enter KING RICHARD, and his Attendants below.

Boling. Stand all apart,

Yet he is come.

And show fair duty to his majesty.-

My gracious lord,-[Kneeling. K. Rich. Faircousin, you debase your princely knee

To make the base earth proud with kissing it; Me rather had my heart might feel your love Than my unpleas'd eye see your courtesy. Up, cousin, up; your heart is up, I know,

Thus high at least [touching his own head], al-

though your knee below. [own. Boling. My gracious lord, I come but for mine K. Rich. Your own is yours, and I am yours, and all. lord.

Boling. So far be mine, my most redoubted As my true service shall deserve your love.

K. Rich. Well you deserve:—they well de-

serve to have That know the strong'st and surest way to get .-

Uncle, give me your hand: nay, dry your eyes;

Tears show their love, but want their remedies.-

Cousin. I am too young to be your father. Though you are old enough to be my heir. What you will have, I'll give, and willing too; For do we must what force will have us do .-Set on towards London:-cousin, is it so?

Boling. Yea, my good lord. K. Rich. Then I must not say no.

Flourish. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Langley. The DUKE OF YORK'S Garden.

Enter the QUEEN and two Ladies.

Queen. What sport shall we devise here in this garden,

To drive away the heavy thought of care? 1 Lady. Madam, we'll play at bowls.

Oueen. 'Twill make me think.

The world is full of rubs, and that my fortune Runs against the bias. Madam, we'll dance.

ı Ladu. Queen. My legs can keep no measure in de-

light, When my poor heart no measure keeps in grief:

Therefore, no dancing, girl; some other sport. I Lady. Madam, we'll tell tales. Of sorrow or of joy? Oueen.

I Lady. Of either, madam.

Of neither, girl: Queen. For if of joy, being altogether wanting, It doth remember me the more of sorrow; Or if of grief, being altogether had It adds more sorrow to my want of joy: For what I have, I need not to repeat; And what I want, it boots not to complain.

1 Lady. Madam, I'll sing.

'Tis well that thou hast cause; Oueen. But thou shouldst please me better wouldst thou weep. [you good.

I Lady. I could weep, madam, would it do Oueen. And I could weep, would weeping do me good,

And never borrow any tear of thee .-But stay, here come the gardeners: Let's step into the shadow of these trees. My wretchedness unto a row of pins, They'll talk of state; for every one doth so Against a change: woe is forerun with woe. QUEEN and Ladies retire.

Enter a Gardener and two Servants.

Gard. Go, bind thou up youd dangling apricocks.

Which, like unruly children, make their sire Stoop with oppression of their prodigal weight: Give some supportance to the bending twigs.-Go thou, and like an executioner Cut off the heads of too-fast growing sprays, That look too lofty in our commonwealth: All must be even in our government.— You thus employ'd, I will go root away The noisome weeds, that without profit suck The soil's fertility from wholesome flowers. I Serv. Why should we, in the compass of a

pale, Keep law and form and due proportion,

Showing as in a model, our firm estate, When our sea-walled garden, the whole land, Should grace the triumph of great Bolingbroke?

Is full of weeds; her fairest flowers chok'd up, Her fruit-trees all unprun'd, her hedges ruin'd, Her knots disorder'd, and her wholesome herbs Swarming with caterpillars?

Hold thy peace:-Gard. He that hath suffer'd this disorder'd spring Hath now himself met with the fall of leaf:

The weeds that his broad-spreading leaves did shelter,

That seem'd in eating him to hold him up, Are pluck'd up root and all by Bolingbroke,-I mean the Earl of Wiltshire, Bushy, Green. 1 Serv. What, are they dead?

Gard. They are; and Bolingbroke Hath seiz'd the wasteful king.—Oh! what pity is it

That he had not so trimm'd and dress'd his land

As we this garden! We at time of year Do wound the bark, the skin of our fruit-trees. Lest, being over-proud in sap and blood, With too much richness it confound itself: Had he done so to great and growing men, They might have liv'd to bear, and he to taste Their fruits of duty. Superfluous branches We lop away, that bearing boughs may live: Had he done so, himself had borne the crown, Which waste of idle hours hath quite thrown

down. I Serv. What, think you, then, the king shall be depos'd?

Gard. Depress'd he is already; and depos'd 'Tis doubt he will be: letters came last night To a dear friend of the good Duke of York's, That tell black tidings.

Queen. O, I am press'd to death through want of speaking!-

Thou, old Adam's likeness [coming forward with Ladies], set to dress this garden, How dares thy harsh-rude tongue sound these unpleasing news?

What Eve, what serpent, hath suggested thee To make a second fall of cursed man? Why dost thou say King Richard 1s depos'd? Dar'st thou, thou little better thing than earth, Divine his downfall? Say, where, when, and how [wretch.

Cam'st thou by this ill tidings? speak, thou Gard. Pardon me, madam: httle joy have I To breathe these news; yet what I say is true. King Richard, he is in the mighty hold Of Bolingbroke: their fortunes both are

weigh'd:

In your lord's scale is nothing but himself, And some few vanities that make him light; But in the balance of great Bolingbroke, Besides himself, are all the English peers And with that odds he weighs King Richard down.

Post you to London, and you'll find it so; I speak no more than every one doth know. Queen. Numble mischance, that art so light of foot.

Doth not thy embassage belong to me, And am I last that knows it? O, thou think'st To serve me last, that I may longest keep Thy sorrow in my breast.—Come, ladies, go To meet at London, London's king in woe.-What, was I born to this, that my sad look

Gardener, for telling me this news of woe,
I would the plants thou graft'st may never
grow. [Exent QUEEN and Ladies.
Gard. Poor queen! so that thy state might

be no worse,

I would my skill were subject to thy curse.— Here did she fall a tear; here, in this place, I'll set a bank of rue, sour herb of grace: Rue, even for ruth, here shortly shall be seen, in the remembrance of a weeping queen. [Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I.—London. Westminster Hall. The Lords spiritual on the right side of the throne; the Lords temporal on the left; the Commons below.

Enter Bolingeroke, Aumerle, Survey, Northumberland, Percy, Fitzwater, another Lord, the Bishop of Carlisle, the Abbot of Westminster, and Attendants. Officers behind, with Bagot.

Boling. Call forth Bagot.—
Now, Bagot, freely speak thy mind;
What thou dost know of noble Gloster's death;
Who wrought it with the king, and who perform'd

The bloody office of his timeless end.

Bagot. Then set before my face the Lord

Aumerie. [that man. Boling. Cousin, stand forth, and look upon Bagot. My Lord Aumerie, I know your daring tongue

Scorns to unsay what once it hath deliver'd. In that dead time when Gloster's death was plotted

I heard you say,—Is not my arm of length,
That reacheth from the restyll English Court
As far as Calais, to my uncle's head?
Amongst much other talk, that very time,
I heard you say that you had rather refuse
The offer of an hundred thousand crowns
Than Bolingbroke's return to England;
Adding withal, how blest this land would be
In this your cousin's death.
Aum. Princes, and noble lords,

What answer shall I make to this base man?
Shall I so much dishonour my fair stars,
On equal terms to give him chastisement?
Either I must, or have mine honour soil'd
With the attainder of his slanderous lips.
There is my gage, the manual seal of death.
That marks thee out for hell: I say, thou liest,
And will maintain what thou hast said is false
In thy heart-blood, though being all too base
To stain the temper of my knightly sword.

Boling. Bagot, forbear; thou shalt not take

it up. [best Aum. Excepting one, I would he were the In all this presence that hath moved me so.

Fitz. If that thy valour stand on sympathy, There is my gage, Aumerle, in gage to thine: By that fair sun that shows me where thou stand'st

I heard thee say, and vauntingly thou spak'st That thou wert cause of noble Gloster's death. If thou deny'st it twenty times, thou liest; And I will turn thy falsehood to thy heart, Where it was forged, with my rapier's point. Aum. Thou dar'st not, coward, live to see that day. [hour. Fitz. Now, by my soul, I would it were this

Aum. Fitzwater, thou art damn'd to hell for this. [true

Percy. Aumerle, thou liest; his honour is as In this appeal as thou art all unjust; And that thou art so, there I throw my gage, To prove it on thee to the extremest point Of mortal breathing: seize it, if thou dar'st. Aum. And if I do not, may my hands rot off,

Aum. And if I do not, may my hands rot off, And never brandish more revengeful steel Over the glittering helmet of my foe!

Lord. I task the earth to the like, forsworn Aumerle;

And spur thee on with full as many lies As may be holla'd in thy treacherous ear From sun to sun: there is my honour's pay

From sun to sun: there is my honour's pawn; Engage it to the trial, if thou dar'st.

Aum. Who sets me else? by heaven, I'll

throw at all:

I have a thousand spirits in one breast,

To answer twenty thousand such as you. [well

Surrey. My Lord Fitzwater, I do remember The very time Aumerle and you did talk. Fitz. 'Tis very true: you were in presence

then; And you can witness with me this is true.

Surrey. As false, by heaven, as heaven itself is true.

Fitz. Surrey, thou liest.
Surrey.
Dishonourable boy!
That lie shall lie so heavy on my sword
That it shall render vengeance and revenge
Till thou the lie-giver and that lie do lie
In earth as quiet as thy father's skull:
In proof whereof, there is mine honour's pawn;
Engage it to the trial, if thou dar'st.
[horsed

Eft How fondly dost thou surve a forwerd

Fitz. How fondly dost thou spur a forward If I dare eat, or drink, or breathe, or live I dare meet Surrey in a wilderness, and spit upon him, whilst I say he lies, and lies; there is my bond of faith, To tie thee to my strong correction.—As I intend to thrive in this new world, Aumerle is guilty of my true appeal:
Besides, I heard the banish'd Norfolk say That thou, Aumerle, dids't send two of thy men To execute the noble duke at Calais. [a gage, Aum. Some honest Christian trust me with That Norfolk lies: here do I throw down this, If he may be repeal'd, to try his honour. [gage

Boling. These differences shall all rest under Till Norfolk be repeal'd: repeal'd he shall be, And, though mine enemy, restor'd again To all his lands and signories: when he's return'd,

Against Aumerle we will enforce his trial.

Car. That honourable day shall ne'er be
seen.—

Many a time hath banish'd Norfolk fought For Jesu Christ in giorious Christian field, Streaming the ensign of the Christian cross Against black pagans, Turks, and Saracens: And toil'd with works of war, retir'd himself To Italy; and there, at Venice, gave His body to that pleasant country's earth, And his pure soul unto his captain Christ, Under whose colours he had fought so long. Boling. Why, bishop, is Norfolk dead? Car. As surely as I live, my lord.

Boling. Sweet peace conduct his sweet soul
to the bosom

Of good old Abraham!—Lords appellants, Your differences shall all rest under gage Till we assign you to your days of trial.

Enter YORK, attended.

York. Great Duke of Lancaster, I come to

thee [soul From plume-pluck'd Richard; who with willing Adopts thee heir, and his high sceptre yields To the possession of thy royal hand: Ascend his throne, descending now from him,—And long live Henry, of that name the fourth!

And long live Henry, of that name the fourth!

Boling. In God's name, I'll ascend the regal
throne.

Car. Marry, God forbid!-Worst in this royal presence may I speak, Yet best beseeming me to speak the truth. Would God that any in this noble presence Were enough noble to be upright judge Of noble Richard! then true nobless would Learn him forbearance from so foul a wrong. What subject can give sentence on his king? And who sits here that is not Richard's subject? Thieves are not judg'd but they are by to hear, Although apparent guilt be seen in them; And shall the figure of God's majesty, His captain, steward, deputy elect, Anointed, crowned, planted many years, Be judg'd by subject and inferior breath, And he himself not present? O, forfend it, God, That, in a Christain climate, souls refin'd Should show so heinous, black, obscene a deed! I speak to subjects, and a subject speaks, Stirr'd up by God, thus boldly for his king My Lord of Hereford here, whom you call king, Is a foul traitor to proud Hereford's king; And if you crown him, let me prophesy, The blood of English shall manure the ground, And future ages groan for this foul act Peace shall go sleep with Turks and infidels, And in this seat of peace tumultuous wars Shall kin with kin and kind with kind confound: Disorder, horror, fear, and mutiny, Shall here inhabit, and this land be call'd The field of Golgotha and dead men's skulls. Or, if you raise this house against this house, It will the woefullest division prove That ever fell upon uns conserved.
Prevent, resist it, let it not be so,
Lest child, child's children, cry against you
[your pains,
your pains,
for

North. Well have you argu'd, sir; and, for Of capital treason we arrest you here.—

Yord of Westminster, be it your charge To keep him safely till his day of trial.—

May't please you, lords, to grant the commons'

suit? [mon view Boling. Fetch hither Richard, that in com-He may surrender; so we shall proceed Without suspicion.

York. I will be his conduct. [Exit. Boling. Lords, you that are here under our arrest.

Procure your sureties for your days of answer.— Little are we beholden to your love, [To Carlisle.

And little look'd for at your helping hands.

Re-enter YORK, with KING RICHARD, and Officers bearing the crown, &c.

K. Rich. Alack, why am I sent for to a king, Before I have shook off the regal thoughts Wherewith I reign'd? I hardly yet have learn'd

lo insinuate, flatter, bow, and bend my limbs: Give sorrow leave awhile to tutor me to this submission. Yet I well remember The favours of these men; were they not mine? Did they not sometime cry, All hail! to me? So Judas did to Christ: but he, in twelve, Found truth in all but one; I, in twelve thousand the sort of the sort of

sand, none.
God save the king!—Will no man say amen?
Am I both priest and clerk? well then, amen.
God save the king! although I be not he;
And yet amen, if heaven do think him me.—
To do what service am I sent for hither?

York. To do that office of thine own goodwill

Which tired majesty did make thee offer,— The resignation of thy state and crown To Henry Bolingbroke.

K. Rich. Give me the crown.—Here, cousin, seize the crown;

On this side my hand, and on that side yours. Now is this golden crown like a deep well That owes two buckets, filling one another; The emptier ever dancing in the air, The other down, unseen, and full of water: That bucket down and full of tears am I, Drinking my griefs, whilst you mount up on

high. [resign. Boling. I thought you had been willing to K. Rich. My crown I am; but still my griefs are mine:

You may my glories and my state depose, But not my griefs; still am I king of those. Boling. Part of your cares you give me with your crown.

K. Rich. Your cares set up do not pluck my cares down.

My care is, loss of care, by old care done; Your care is, gain of care, by new care won: The cares I give, I have, though given away; They tend the crown, yet still with me they stay. [crown?

Boling. Are you contented to resign the K. Rich. Ay, no;—no, sy; for I must nothing be;

Therefore no no, for I resign to thee. Now mark me, how I will undo myself:-I give this heavy weight from off my head, And this unwieldy sceptre from my hand, The pride of kingly sway from out my heart; With mine own tears I wash away my balm, With mine own hands I give away my crown, With mine own tongue deny my sacred state, With mine own breath release all duty's rites: All pomp and majesty I do forswear; My manors, rents, revenues I forego; My acts, decrees, and statutes I deny: God pardon all oaths that are broke to me! God keep all vows unbroke that swear to thee! Make me, that nothing have, with nothing griev'd

And thou with all pleas'd, that hast all achiev'd! Long mayst thou live in Richard's seat to sit, And soon lie Richard in an earthy pit! God save King Henry, unking'd Richard says, And send him many years of sunshine days!— What more remains?

North. No more, but that you read Offering a paper.

These accusations, and these grievous crimes Committed by your person and your followers Against the state and profit of this land; That, by confessing them, the souls of men May deem that you are worthily depos'd.

K. Rich. Must I do so? and must I ravel out My weav'd-up follies? Gentle Northumberland, If thy offences were upon record, Would it not shame thee in so fair a troop To read a lecture of them? If thou wouldst, There shouldst thou find one heinous article,-Containing the deposing of a king, And cracking the strong warrant of an oath, Mark'd with a blot, damn'd in the book of

heaven:-Nay, all of you that stand and look upon, Whilst that my wretchedness doth bait myself.-

Though some of you, with Pilate, wash your hands,

Showing an outward pity; yet you Pilates Have here deliver'd me to my sour cross, And water cannot wash away your sin.

North. My lord, despatch; read o'er these articles. see:

K. Rich. Mine eyes are full of tears, I cannot And yet salt water blinds them not so much But they can see a sort of traitors here. Nay, if I turn mine eyes upon myself, I find myself a traitor with the rest; For I have given here my soul's consent To undeck the pompous body of a king; Make glory base, and sovereignty a slave, Proud majesty a subject, state a peasant. North. My lord,

K. Rich. No lord of thine, thou haught insulting man,

Nor no man's lord; I have no name, no title,-No, not that name was given me at the font,-But 'tis usurp'd:-alack the heavy day, That I have worn so many winters out, and know not now what name to call myself! O that I were a mockery-king of snow, Standing before the sun of Bolingbroke, To melt myself away in water-drops!-Good king,-great king,-and yet not greatly good,-

And if my word be sterling yet in England, Let it command a mirror hither straight, That it may show me what a face I have, Since it is bankrupt of his majesty.

Boling. Go some of you and fetch a lookingglass. Exit an Attendant. North. Read o'er this paper while the glass doth come.

K. Rich. Fiend, thou torment'st me ere I come to hell!

Boling. Urge it no more, my Lord Northumberland. fied.

North. The commons will not, then, be satis-K. Rich. They shall be satisfied: I'll read enough,

When I do see the very book indeed Where all my sins are writ, and that's myself. To bury mine intents, but also to effect

Re-enter Attendant with a glass.

Give me the glass, and therein will I read .-No deeper wrinkles yet? hath sorrow struck So many blows upon this face of mine, And made no deeper wounds?-O flattering

glass.

Like to my followers in prosperity Thou dost beguile me! Was this face the face That every day under his household roof Did keep ten thousand men? Was this the face That, like the sun, did make beholders wink? Was this the face that fac'd so many follies, And was at last out-fac'd by Bolingbroke? A brittle glory shineth in this face: As brittle as the glory is the face;

[Dashes the glass against the ground. For there it is, crack'd in a hundred shivers.— Mark, silent king, the moral of this sport,-How soon my sorrow hath destroy'd my face. Boling. The shadow of your sorrow hath

destroy'd

The shadow of your face. K. Rich. Say that again. The shadow of my sorrow? Ha! let's see:-'Tis very true, my grief lies all within; And these external manners of laments Are merely shadows to the unseen grief That swells with silence in the tortur'd soul: There lies the substance: and I thank thee. king,

For thy great bounty, that not only giv'st Me cause to wail, but teachest me the way How to lament the cause. I'll beg one boon, And then be gone and trouble you no more. Shall I obtain it?

Boling. Name it, fair cousin.

K. Rich. Fair cousin! Why, I am greater than a king:

For when I was a king, my flatterers Were then but subjects; being now a subject, I have a king here to my flatterer.

Being so great, I have no need to beg. Boling. Yet ask.

K. Rich. And shall I have? Boling. You shall.

K. Rich. Then give me leave to go. Boling. Whither? K. Rich. Whither you will, so I were from

your sights. Tower. Boling. Go, some of you convey him to the K. Rich. O, good! Convey?—conveyers are you all.

That rise thus nimbly by a true king's fall. [Exeunt K. Rich., some Lords, and a Guard.

Boling. On Wednesday next we solemnly set down Our coronation: lords, prepare yourselves.

[Exeunt all but the ABBOT OF WESTMINSTER, BISHOP OF CARLISLE, and AUMERLE. Abbot. A woeful pageant have we here be-

held. Car. The woe's to come; the children yet un-

born. Shall feel this day as sharp to them as thorn.

Aum. You holy clergymen, is there no plot To rid the realm of this pernicious blot? Abbot. Before I freely speak my mind herein, You shall not only take the sacrament

Whatever I shall happen to devise. I see your brows are full of discontent, Your hearts of sorrow, and your eyes of tears: For the deposing of a rightful king. Come home with me to supper; I will lay A plot shall show us all a merry day. [Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I.—London. A Street leading to the Tower.

Enter OUEEN and Ladies.

Queen. This way the king will come; this is the way

To Julius Caesar's ill-erected tower. To whose flint bosom my condemned lord Is doom'd a prisoner by proud Bolingbroke: Here let us rest, if this rebellious earth Have any resting for her true king's queen. But soft, but see, or rather do not see, My fair rose wither: yet look up, behold, That you in pity may dissolve to dew, And wash him fresh again with true-love tears.

Enter KING RICHARD and Guards.

Ah, thou, the model where old Troy did stand; Thou map of honour; thou King Richard's tomb, And not King Richard; thou most beauteous inn,

Why should hard-favour'd grief be lodg'd in thee,

When triumph is become an alehouse guest? K. Rich. Join not with grief, fair woman, do

To make my end too sudden: learn, good soul. To think our former state a happy dream; From which swak'd, the truth of what we are Shows us out this: I am sworn brother, sweet, To grim Necessity; and he and I France. Will keep a league till death. Hie thee to And cloister thee in some religious house: Our holy lives must win a new world's crown, Which our profane hours here have stricken down. fand mind

Queen. What, is my Richard both in shape Transform'd and weaken'd? Hath Bolingbroke Depos'd thine intellect? Hath he been in thy heart?

The lion, dying, thrusteth forth his paw, And wounds the earth, if nothing else, with rage To be o'erpower'd; and wilt thou, pupil-like, Take thy correction mildly, kiss the rod, And fawn on rage with base humility Which art a lion and a king of beasts?

K. Rich. A king of beasts, indeed; if aught but beasts, I had been still a happy king of men-

Good sometime queen, prepare thee hence for France:

Think I am dead; and that even here thou tak'st,

As from my death-bed, my last living leave. In winter's tedious nights sit by the fire With good old folks, and let them tell thee tales Of woeful ages long ago betid; And ere thou bid good-night, to quit their grief Tell thou the lamentable tale of me, And send the hearers weeping to their beds: For why, the senseless brands will sympathize

The heavy accent of thy moving tongue,

And in compassion weep the fire out; And some will mourn in ashes, some coal-black,

Enter Northumberland attended.

North. My lord, the mind of Bolingbroke is chang'd;

You must to Pomfret, not unto the Tower .-And, madam, there is order ta'en for you;

With all swift speed you must away to France. K. Rich. Northumberland, thou wherewithal

The mounting Bolingbroke ascends my throne, The time shall not be many hours of age More than it is, ere foul sin, gathering head, Shall break into corruption: thou shalt think, Though he divide the realm, and give thee half, It is too little, helping him to all; the way And he shall think that thou, which know'st To plant unrightful kings, wilt know again, Being ne'er so little urg'd, another way To pluck him headlong from the usurped

throne. The love of wicked friends converts to fear;

That fear to hate; and hate turns one or both To worthy danger and deserved death. North. My guilt be on my head, and there

an end. Take leave, and part; for you must part forth-K. Rich. Doubly divorc'd!-Bad men, ye violate

A twofold marriage,—'twixt my crown and me, And then betwirt me and my married wife.-Let me unkiss the oath 'twirt thee and me; And yet not so, for with a kiss 'twas made. Part us, Northumberland; I towards the north, Where shivering cold and sickness pines the clime;

My wife to France, from whence, set forth in She came adorned hither like sweet May, Sent back like Hallowmas or short'st of day

Oueen. And must we be divided? must we part?

K. Rich. Ay, hand from hand, my love, and heart from heart. [with me. Queen. Banish us both, and send the king North. That were some love, but little policy. Queen. Then whither he goes thither let me

go.

K. Rich. So two, together weeping, make one
Weep thou for me in France, I for thee here; Better far off than near, be ne'er the near. Go, count thy way with sighs; I, mine with

groans. Queen. So longest way shall have the longest K. Rich. Twice for one step I'll groan, the way being short,

And piece the way out with a heavy heart. Come, come, in wooing sorrow let's be brief, Since, wedding it, there is such length in grief. One kiss shall stop our mouths, and dumbly

part; Thus give I mine, and thus take I thy heart. [They kiss. Oueen. Give me mine own again; 'twere no

good part To take on me to keep and kill thy heart. They kiss again.

So, now I have mine own again, be gone, That I may strive to kill it with a groan.

K. Rich. We make woe wanton with this fond delay:

Once more, adieu; the rest let sorrow say. Exeunt.

OF YORK'S Palace.

Enter YORK and his DUCHESS.

Duch. My lord, you told me you would tell the rest,

When weeping made you break the story off Of our two cousins coming into London.

York. Where did I leave? At that sad stop, my lord. Duch.

Where rude misgovern'd hands from windows' head. tops Threw dust and rubbish on King Richard's York. Then, as I said, the duke, great

Bolingbroke,-Mounted upon a hot and fiery steed, Which his aspiring rider seem'd to know,-With slow but stately pace kept on his course, While all tongues cried, God save thee, Boling-

broke! You would have thought the very windows

spake. So many greedy looks of young and old Through casements darted their desiring eyes Upon his visage; and that all the walls With painted imagery had said at once, Jesu preserve thee! welcome, Bolingbroke! Whilst he, from one side to the other turning, Bareheaded, lower than his proud steed's neck, Bespake them thus, -I thank you, countrymen: And thus still doing, thus he pass'd along.

Duch. Alas, poor Richard! where rode he

the whilst? York. As in a theatre the eyes of men, After a well-grac'd actor leaves the stage, Are idly bent on him that enters next.

Thinking his prattle to be tedious; Even so, or with much more contempt, men's Did scowl on Richard; no man cried. God save

him! No joyful tongue gave him his welcome home: Now, by mine honour, by my life, my troth, But dust was thrown upon his sacred head; Which with such gentle sorrow he shook off,— His face still combating with tears and smiles, The badges of his grief and patience,

That had not God, for some strong purpose, steel'd melted, The hearts of men, they must perforce have And barbarism itself have pined him.

But heaven hath a hand in these events. To whose high will we bound our calm con-

tents. To Bolingbroke are we sworn subjects now, Whose state and honour I for aye allow.

Duch. Here comes my son Aumerle. York. But that is lost for being Richard's friend, And, madam, you must call him Rutland now: I am in Parliament pledge for his truth And lasting fealty to the new-made king.

Enter Aumerle.

Duch. Welcome, my son; who are the violets [spring? That strew the green lap of the new-come Is he not like thee? is he not thine own?

Aum. Madam, I know not, nor I greatly care not: God knows I had as lief be none as one.

York. Well, bear you well in this new spring of time,

SCENE II .- The same. A Room in the DUKE Lest you be cropp'd before you come to prime. What news from Oxford? hold those justs and triumphs?

Aum. For aught I know, my lord, they do.

York. You will be there, I know.

Aum. If God prevent it not, I purpose so. York. What seal is that that hangs without thy bosom?

Yea, look'st thou pale? let me see the writing.

Aum. My lord, 'tis nothing.

York. No matter, then, who sees it.

I will be satisfied; let me see the writing.

Aum. I do beseech your grace to pardon me: It is a matter of small consequence,

Which for some reasons I would not have seen. York. Which for some reasons, sir, I mean to see.

I fear, I fear,

What should you fear? Duch. 'Tis nothing but some bond that he is enter'd into

For gay apparel against the triumph-day.

York. Bound to himself! what doth he with

a bond That he is bound to? Wife, thou art a fool .-

Boy, let me see the writing. Aum. I do beseech you, pardon me; I may

not show it. York. I will be satisfied; let me see it, I say. [Snatches it, and reads

Treason! foul treason!-villain! traitor! slave! Duch. What's the matter, my lord? York. Ho! who's within there?

Enter a Servant.

Saddle my horse. [eyes God for his mercy, what treachery is here!

Duch. Why, what is't, my lord?
York. Give me my boots, I say; saddle my horse.

I will appeach the villain. Exit Servant. What's the matter? Duch.

York. Peace, foolish woman. Duch. I will not peace. - What is the matter, son?

Aum. Good mother, be content; it is no more Than my poor life must answer.

Duch. Thy life answer? York. Bring me my boots:-I will unto the

Re-enter Servant with boots.

Duch. Strike him, Aumerle.—Poor boy, thou art amaz'd.

Aumerle that was; Hence, villain! never more come in my sight. [To the Servant.

York. Give me my boots, I say. Duch. Why, York, what wilt thou do? Wilt thou not hide the trespass of thine own? Have we more sons? or are we like to have? Is not my teeming date drunk up with time? And wilt thou pluck my fair son from mine age, And rob me of a happy mother's name? York. Thou fond mad woman, Wilt thou conceal this dark conspiracy? A dozen of them here have ta'en the sacrament, And interchangeably set down their hands To kill the king at Oxford.

Duch. He shall be none; We'll keep him here: then what is that to him? York. Away, fond woman! were he twenty

times my son I would appeach him.

Duch.

Hadst thou groan'd for him
As I have done, thou wouldst be more pitful.
But now I know thy mind; thou dost suspect
That I have been disloyal to thy bed,
And that he is a bastard, not thy son:

Sweet York, sweet husband, be not of that mind:

He is as like thee as a man may be, Not like to me, nor any of my kin,

And yet I love him.

York. Make way, unruly woman!

[Exit.

Duch. After, Aumerie! mount thee upon his horse;

Spur post, and get before him to the king,
And beg thy pardon ere he do accuse thee.
I'll not be long behind; though I be old,
I doubt not but to ride as fast as York;
And never will I rise up from the ground
Till Bolingbroke have pardon'd thee. Away,
be gone! [Exeunt.

Scene III.—Windsor. A Room in the Castle.

Enter BOLINGBROKE as King, PERCY, and other Lords.

Boling. Can no man tell of my unthrifty son?
'Tis full three months since I did see him

last:—
I any plague hang over us, 'tis he.
I would to God, my lords, he might be found:
Inquire at London, 'mongst the taverns there,
For there, they say, he daily doth frequent,
With unrestrained loose companions,—
Even such, they say, as stand in narrow lanes,
And beat our watch, and rob our passengers;
While he, young, wanton, and effeminate boy,
Takes on the point of honour to support
So dissolute a crew. [prince,

Percy. Mylord, some two days since I saw the And told him of these triumphs held at Oxford.

Boling. And what said the gallant?

Percy. His answer was,—he would unto the stews, [glove,

And from the common'st creature pluck a And wear it as a favour; and with that He would unhorse the lustiest challenger.

Boling. As dissolute as desperate: yet through both

I see some sparkles of a better hope, Which elder days may happily bring forth.— But who comes here?

Enter AUMERLE hastily.

Aum. Where is the king?
Boling. What means
Our cousin, that he stares and looks so wildly?
Aum. God save your grace! I do beseech
your majesty,

To have some conference with your grace alone.

Boling. Withdraw yourselves, and leave us here alone.

[Exeunt PERCY and Lords. What is the matter with our cousin now?

Aum. For ever may my knees grow to the earth, [Kneels.

My tongue cleave to my roof within my mouth,

My tongue cleave to my root within my mouth, Unless a pardon ere I rise or speak.

Boling. Intended or committed was this fault?

If but the first, how hemous e'er it be, To win thy after-love I pardon thee.

Aum. Then give me leave that I may turn the key,

That no man enter till my tale be done.

Boling. Have thy desire.

York. [Within.] My liege, beware; look to thyself;

Thou hast a traitor in thy presence there.

Boling. Villain, I'll make thee safe.

Aum. Stay thy revengeful hand;
Thou hast no cause to fear. [hardy king: York. [Within.] Open the door, secure, fool, Shall I, for love, speak treason to thy face? Open the door, or I will break it open.

[BOLING. opens the door and locks it again.

Enter YORK.

Boling. What is the matter, uncle? speak; Recover breath; tell us how near is danger, That we may arm us to encounter it.

York. Peruse this writing here, and thou shalt know

The treason that my haste forbids me show.

Aum. Remember, as thou read'st, thy promise pass'd:

I do repent me; read not my name there; My heart is not confederate with my hand.

York. It was, villain, ere thy hand did set it down.—
I tore it from the traitor's bosom, king;

Fear, and not love, begets his penttence:
Forget to pity him, lest thy pity prove
A serpent that will sting thee to the heart.
Boling. O heinous, strong, and bold con-

spiracy!—
O loyal father of a treacherous son!
Thou sheer, immaculate, and silver fountain,
From whence this stream through muddy pas—

sages
Hath held his current and defil'd himself!
Thy overflow of good converts to bad;
And thy abundant goodness shall excuse

This deadly blot in thy digressing son.

York. So shall my virtue be his vice's bawd;
And he shall spend mine honour with his shame,
As thriftless sons their scraping fathers' gold.
Mine honour lives when his dishonour dies,
Or my sham'd life in his dishonour lies:
Thou kill'st me in his life; giving hum breath,
The traitor lives, the true man's put to death.

he traitor lives, the true man's put to death.

Duch. [Within.] What ho, my liege! for

God's sake, let me in.

Boling. What shrill-voic'd suppliant makes
this eager cry? ['tis I.

Duch. A woman, and thine aunt, great king;

Speak with me, pity me, open the door:
A beggar begs that never begg'd before.

Boling. Our scene is alter'd from a serious [Kmg.thing,

And now chang'd to The Beggar and the My dangerous cousin, let your mother in: I know she's come to pray for your foul sin. AUMERLE unlocks the door.

York. If thou do pardon, whosoever pray, More sins, for this forgiveness, prosper may. This fester'd joint cut off, the rest rests sound: This let alone will all the rest confound.

Enter Duchess.

Duch. O king, believe not this hard-hearted man!

Love, loving not itself, none other can. York. Thou frantic woman, what dost thou make here?

Shall thy old dugs once more a traitor rear?

Duch. Sweet York, be patient.—Hear me gentle liege. [Kneels.

Boling. Rise up, good aunt. Not yet, I thee beseech: Duch. For ever will I walk upon my knees,

And never see day that the happy sees Till thou give joy; until thou bid me joy, By pardoning Rutland, my transgressing boy.

Aum. Unto my mother's prayers I bend my knee. [Kneels.

York. Against them both, my true joints bended be. Kneels. Ill mayst thou thrive, if thou grant any grace! Duch. Pleads he in earnest? look upon his fiest: face

His eves do drop no tears, his prayers are in His words come from his mouth, ours from our breast:

He prays but faintly, and would be denied We pray with heart and soul, and all beside: His weary joints would gladly rise, I know; [grow: Our knees shall kneel till to the ground they His prayers are full of false hypocrisy; Ours of true zeal and deep integrity.

Our prayers do out-pray his; then let them have That mercy which true prayers ought to have. Boling. Good aunt, stand up.

Nay, do not say stand up; Duch. But pardon first, and afterwards stand up. An if I were thy nurse, thy tongue to teach. Pardon should be the first word of thy speech. I never long'd to hear a word till now; Say pardon, king; let pity teach thee how: The word is short, but not so short as sweet: No word like pardon, for kings' mouths so

meet. donnez-moi. York. Speak it in French, king; say par-Duch. Dost thou teach pardon pardon to destroy?

Ah, my sour husband, my hard-hearted lord. That sett'st the word itself against the word!-Speak pardon as 'tis current in our land; The chopping French we do not understand. Thine eye begins to speak, set thy tongue there: Or in thy piteous heart plant thou thine ear: That hearing how our plaints and prayers do pierce,

Pity may move thee pardon to rehearse. Boling. Good aunt, stand up.

I do not sue to stand; Pardon is all the suit I have in hand. me, Boling. I pardon him, as God shall pardon That they are not the first of fortune's slaves,

Duch. O happy vantage of a kneeling knee! Yet am I sick for fear: speak it again; Twice saying pardon doth not pardon twain,

ACT V.

Twice saying paraon.

But makes one pardon strong.

With all my heart

I pardon hiz...

Duch. A god on earth thou art. Boling. But for our trusty brother-in-law and the abbot.

With all the rest of that consorted crew, Destruction straight shall dog them at the heels. Good uncle, help to order several powers To Oxford, or where'er these traitors are: They shall not live within this world, I swear, But I will have them, if I once know where. Uncle, farewell:-and, cousin mine, adieu: Your mother well hath pray'd, and prove you true.

Duch. Come, my old son:-I pray God make thee new.

Scene IV .- Another Room in the Castle.

Enter SIR PIERCE OF EXTON and a Servant.

Exton. Didst thou not mark the king, what words he spake?-

Have I no friend will rid me of this living fear? Was it not so?

Serv. Those were his very words. Exton. Have I no friend? quoth he: he spake it twice.

And urg'd it twice together,-did he not? Serv. He did.

Exton. And, speaking it, he wistly look'd on As who should say, -I would thou wert the man That would divorce this terror from my heart,-Meaning the king at Pomfret. Come, let's go: I am the king's friend, and will rid his foe. [Exeunt.

SCENE V .- POMFRET. The Dungeon of the Castle.

Enter KING RICHARD.

K. Rich. I have been studying how I may compare

This prison where I live unto the world: And, for because the world is populous, And here is not a creature but myself, I cannot do it; -yet I'll hammer't out. My brain I'll prove the female to my soul, My soul the father: and these two beget A generation of still-breeding thoughts, And these same thoughts people this little

world, In humours like the people of this world, For no thought is contented. The better sort As thoughts of things divine,—are intermix'd With scruples, and do set the word itself Against the word:

As thus,—Come, little ones; and then again,—
It is as hard to come as for a camel To thread the postern of a needle's eye. Thoughts tending to ambition, they do plot Unlikely wonders: how these vain weak nails May tear a passage through the flinty ribs Of this hard world, my ragged prison walls; And, for they cannot, die in their own pride. Thoughts tending to content flatter themselves

Nor shall not be the last; like silly beggars, Who, sitting in the stocks, refuge their shame, That many have, and others must sit there: And in this thought they find a kind of ease, Bearing their own misfortune on the back Of such as have before endur'd the like. Thus play I, in one person, many people, And none contented: sometimes am I king: Then treason makes me wish myself a beggar. And so I am: then crushing penury Persuades me I was better when a king; Then am I king'd again: and by and by Think that I am unking'd by Bolingbroke, And straight am nothing:—but whate'er I am, Nor I, nor any man that but man is, With nothing shall be pleas'd till he be eas'd With being nothing.—Music do I hear?

Music. Ha, ha! keep time:-how sour sweet music is When time is broke and no proportion kept! So is it in the music of men's lives, And here have I the daintiness of ear To check time broke in a disorder'd string: But, for the concord of my state and time, Had not an ear to hear my true time broke. I wasted time, and now doth time waste me; For now hath time made me his numbering clock:

My thoughts are minutes; and, with sighs, they Their watches on unto mine eyes, the outward watch,

Whereto my finger, like a dial's point, Is pointing still, in cleansing them from tears. Now, sir, the sound that tells what hour it is, Are clamorous groans that strike upon my heart,

Which is the bell: so sighs, and tears, and groans,

Show minutes, times, and hours:-but my time Runs posting on in Bolingbroke's proud joy, While I stand fooling here, his Jack o' the clock. This music mads me; let it sound no more; For though it have holp madmen to their wits, In me it seems it will make wise men mad. Yet blessing on his heart that gives it me! For 'tis a sign of love; and love to Richard Is a strange brooch in this all-hating world.

Enter Groom.

Groom. Hail, royal prince! K. Rich.

Thanks, noble peer; The cheapest of us is ten groats too dear. What art thou? and how com'st thou hither, Where no man ever comes, but that sad dog That brings me food to make misfortune live? Groom. I was a poor groom of thy stable,

king, When thou wert king; who, travelling towards

York, With much ado at length have gotten leave To look upon my sometimes royal master's

O, how it yearn'd my heart, when I beheld, In London streets, that coronation-day, When Bolingbroke rode on roan Barbary That horse that thou so often hast bestrid That horse that I so carefully have dress'd!

K. Rich. Rode he on Barbary? Tell me, gentle friend,

How went he under him? ground. Groom. So proudly as if he disdain'd the K. Rich. So proud that Bolingbroke was on his back!

That jade hath eat bread from my royal hand; This hand hath made him proud with clapping him.

Would he not stumble? would he not fall down,-

Since pride must have a fall, -and break the neck

Of that proud man that did usurp his back? Forgiveness, horse! why do I rail on thee, Since thou, created to be aw'd by man, Wast born to bear? I was not made a horse; And yet I bear a burden like an ass, Spur-gall'd and tir'd by jauncing Bolingbroke.

Enter Keeper with a dish.

Keep. Fellow, give place; here is no longer stay. [10 the Ground. K. Rich. If thou love me, 'tis time thou wert

away. Groom. What my tongue dares not, that my heart shall say.

Keep. My lord, wilt please you to fall to? K. Rich. Taste of it first as thou art wont to

Keep. My lord, I dare not. Sir Pierce of Ex-Who lately came from the king, commands the contrary.

K. Rich. The devil take Henry of Lancaster and thee!

Patience is stale, and I am weary of it. Beats the Keeper. Keep. Help. help, help!

Enter EXTON and Servants, armed.

K. Rich. How now! what means death in this rude assault? strument. Villain, thine own hand yields thy death's in-Snatching a weapon, and killing one.

Go thou, and fill another room in hell. [He kills another, then EXTON strikes him down.

That hand shall burn in never-quenching fire That staggers thus my person.—Exton, thy fierce hand

Hath with the king's blood stain'd the king's own land.

Mount, mount, my soul! thy seat is up on high; Whilst my gross flesh sinks downward, here to Dies.

Exton. As full of valour as of royal blood: Both have I spilt;-O, would the deed were good!

For now the devil, that told me I did well, Says that this deed is chronicled in hell. This dead king to the living king I'll bear:-Take hence the rest, and give them burial here. Exeunt.

SCENE VI.-WINDSOR. A Room in the Castle.

Flourish. Enter BOLINGBROKE as King, YORK, LORDS, and Attendants.

Boling. Kind uncle York, the latest news we hear

Is that the rebels have consum'd with fire

Our town of Cicester in Glostershire; But whether they be ta'en or slain we hear not.

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Enter NORTHUMBERLAND.

Welcome, my lord: what is the news? North. First, to thy sacred state wish I all happiness.

The next news is, I have to London sent The heads of Salisbury, Spencer, Blunt, and Kent:

The manner of their taking may appear At large discoursed in this paper here.

[Presenting a paper. Boling. We thank thee, gentle Percy, for thy pains;

And to thy worth will add right worthy gains. Enter FITZWATER.

Fitz. My Lord, I have from Oxford sent to London

The heads of Brocas and Sir Bennet Seely; Two of the dangerous consorted traitors That sought at Oxford thy dire overthrow. Boling. Thy pains, Fitzwater, shall not be forgot;

Right noble is thy merit, well I wot. Enter PERCY, with the BISHOP OF CARLISLE Percy. The grand conspirator, Abbot of Westminster,

With clog of conscience and sour melancholy, Hath yielded up his body to the grave; But here is Carlisle living, to abide Thy kingly doom and sentence of his pride. Boling. Carlisle, this is your doom:-Choose out some secret place, some reverend

room,

More than thou hast, and with it joy thy life; So, as thou hy'st in peace, die free from strife: For though mine enemy thou hast ever been, High sparks of honour in thee have I seen.

Enter EXTON, with Attendants, bearing a coffin.

Exton. Great king, within this coffin I present

Thy buried fear: herein all breathless lies The mightiest of thy greatest enemies, Richard of Bordeaux, by me hither brought. Boling. Exton, I thank thee not; for thou hast wrought

A deed of slander, with thy fatal hand, Upon my head and all this famous land. Exton. From your own mouth, my lord, did I this deed.

Boling. They love not poison that do poison need,

Nor do I thee: though I did wish him dead, I hate the murderer, love him murdered. The guilt of conscience take thou for thy labour, But neither my good word nor princely favour: With Cain go wander through the shade of night,

And never show thy head by day nor light .-Lords, I protest, my soul is full of woe, That blood should sprinkle me to make me grow:

Come, mourn with me for that I do lament. And put on sullen black incontinent: I'll make a voyage to the Holy Land. To wash this blood off from my guilty hand:-March sadly after; grace my mournings here, In weeping after this untimely bier. [Exeunt.

FIRST PART OF KING HENRY IV

PERSONS REPRESENTED

KING HENRY THE FOURTH. HENRY, Prince of Wales, PRINCE JOHN of Lancaster, Sons to the KING. EARL OF WESTMORELAND, Friends to the SIR WALTER BLUNT, KING. THOMAS PERCY, Earl of Worcester. HENRY PERCY. Earl of Northumberland. HENRY PERCY, surnamed HOTSPUR, his Son. EDMUND MORTIMER. Earl of March. SCROOP, Archbishop of York. SIR MICHAEL, a Friend to the Archbishop. ARCHIBALD, Earl of Douglas. OWEN GLENDOWER. SIR RICHARD VERNON.

SIR JOHN FALSTAFF. POINS.

GADSHILL.

BARDOLPH.

LADY PERCY, Wife to Hotspur, and Sister to Mortimer.

LADY MORTIMER, Daughter to GLENDOWER, and Wife to MORTIMER.

MRS. QUICKLY, Hostess of a Tavern in Eastcheap.

Lords, Officers, Sheriff, Vintner, Chamberlain, Drawers, Two Carriers, Travellers, and Attendants.

SCENE, -ENGLAND.

ACT I.

Scene I .- London. A Room in the Palace.

Enter King Henry, Westmoreland, Sir Walter Blunt, and others.

K. Hen. So shaken as 've are, so wan with care.

Find we a time for frighted peace to pant, And breathe short-winded accents of new broils To be commenc'd in strands afar remote. No more the thirsty entrance of this soil Shall daub her lips with her own children's

No more shall trenching war channel her fields,

Nor bruise her flowerets with the armed hoofs Of hostile paces: those opposed eyes Which, like the meteors of a troubled heaven, All of one nature, of one substance bred, Did lately meet in the intestine shock And furious close of civil butchery, Shall now, in mutual well-beseeming ranks, March all one way, and be no more oppos'd Against acquaintance, kindred, and allies: The edge of war, like an ill-sheathed kmfe, No more shall cut his master. Therefore, friends,

As far as the sepulchre of Christ,— Whose soldier now, under whose blessed cross We are impressed and engag'd to fight,— Forthwith a power of English shall we levy; Whose arms were moulded in their mothers' dmow

To chase these pagans in those holy fields Over whose acres walk'd those blessed feet Which fourteen hundred years ago were nail'd For our advantage on the bitter cross. But this our purpose is a twelvemonth old, And bootless 'tis to tell you we will go: Therefore we meet not now .- Then let me hear Of you, my gentle cousin Westmoreland, What yesternight our council did decree In forwarding this dear expedience.

West. My liege, this haste was hot in question,

And many limits of the charge set down But yesternight: when, all athwart, there came A post from Wales loaden with heavy news; Whose worst was,—that the noble Mortimer Leading the men of Herefordshire to fight Against the irregular and wild Glendower, Was by the rude hands of that Welshman taken, A thousand of his people butchered; Upon whose dead corpse there was such mis-

Such beastly, shameless transformation, By those Welshwomen done, as may not be Without much shame re-told or spoken of.

K. Hen. It seems, then, that the tidings of this broil

Brake off our business for the Holy Land. West. This, match'd with other, did, my gracious Lord;

For more uneven and unwelcome news Came from the north, and thus it did import: On Holy-rood day, the gallant Hotspur there, Young Harry Percy, and brave Archibald, That ever valuant and approved Scot,

At Holmedon met, Where they did spend a sad and bloody hour; As by discharge of their artillery, And shape of likelihood, the news was told; For he that brought them, in the very heat And pride of their contention did take horse,

Uncertain of the issue any way. K. Hen. Here is a dear and true-industrious friend.

Sir Walter Blunt, new lighted from his horse, Stain'd with the variation of each soil Betwixt that Holmedon and this seat of ours; And he hath brought us smooth and welcome news.

The Earl of Douglas is discomfited: Ten thousand bold Scots, two-and-twenty knights,

Balk'd in their own blood, did Sir Walter see On Holmedon's plains: of prisoners, Hotspur

Mordake, Earl of Fife and eldest son To beated Douglas; and the Earls of Athol, Of Murray, Angus, and Menteith. And is not this an honourable spoil? A gallant prize? ha, cousin, is it not? West. In faith.

It is a conquest for a prince to boast of. K. Hen. Yea, there thou mak'st me sad, and mak'st me sin.

In envy that my Lord Northumberland Should be the father to so blest a son, A son who is the theme of honour's tongue; Amongst a grove, the very straightest plant: Who is sweet fortune's minion and her pride: Whilst I, by looking on the praise of him. See not and dishonour stain the brow Of my young Harry. O that it could be prov'd That some night-tripping fairy had exchang'd In cradle-clothes our children where they lay, And call'd mine Percy, his Plantagenet! Then would I have his Harry, and he mine: But let him from my thoughts .- What think you, coz,

Of this young Percy's pride? The prisoners, Which he in this adventure hath surpris'd. To his own use he keeps; and sends me word, I shall have none but Mordake Earl of Fife.

West. This is his uncle's teaching, this is Worcester,

Malevolent to you in all aspects;

Which makes him prune himself, and bristle up The crest of youth against your dignity. [this: K. Hen. But I have sent for him to answer And for this cause awhile we must neglect

Our holy purpose to Jerusalem. Cousin, on Wednesday next our council we Will hold at Windsor,—so inform the lords: But come yourself with speed to us again; For more is to be said and to be done Than out of anger can be uttered.

West. I will, my liege. Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same. Another Room in the. Palace.

Enter PRINCE HENRY and FALSTAFF.

Fal. Now. Hal, what time of day is it, lad? P. Hen. Thou art so fat-witted, with drinking of old sack, and unbuttoning thee after supper, and sleeping upon benches after noon, that thou hast forgotten to demand that truly which thou wouldst truly know. What a devil hast thou to do with the time of the day? unless hours were cups of sack, and minutes capons, and clocks the tongues of bawds, and dials the signs of leaping houses, and the blessed sun himself a fair hot wench in flame-coloured taffeta,-I see no reason why thou shouldst be so superfluous to demand the time of the day.

Fal. Indeed, you come near me now, Hal; for we that take purses go by the moon and the seven stars, and not by Phoebus, -he, that wandering knight so fair. And, I pr'ythee, sweet wag, when thou art king,—as, God save thy grace, (majesty, I should say; for grace thou wilt have none,)

P. Hen. What, none?

Fal. No, by my troth; not so much as will serve to be prologue to an egg and butter.

P. Hen. Well, how then? come, roundly,

roundly.

Fal. Marry, then, sweet wag, when thou art king, let not us that are squires of the night's body be called thieves of the day's beauty: let us be Diana's foresters, gentlemen of the shade, minions of the moon; and let men say we be men of good government, being governed, as the sea is, by our noble and chaste mistress the moon, under whose countenance we steal.

P. Hen. Thou sayest well, and it holds well too; for the fortune of us that are the moon's men doth ebb and flow like the sea, being thee for it! Before I knew thee, Hal, I knew governed, as the sea is, by the moon. As, for proof, now: a purse of gold most resolutely snatched on Monday night, and most dissolutely spent on Tuesday morning; got with swearing lay by, and spent with crying bring in; now in as low an ebb as the foot of the ladder, and by and by in as high a flow as the ridge of the gallows.

Fal. By the Lord, thou savest true, lad. And is not my hostess of the tavern a most

sweet wench?

P. Hen. As the honey of Hybla, my old lad of the castle. And is not a buff jerkin a most sweet robe of durance?

Fal. How now, how now, mad wag! what, in thy quips and thy quiddities? what a plague

have I to do with a buff jerkin? P. Hen. Why, what a pox have I to do with my hostess of the tavern?

Fal. Well, thou hast called her to a reckon-

ing many a time and oft. P. Hen. Did I ever call for thee to pay thy

part? Fal. No; I'll give thee thy due, thou hast

paid all there. P. Hen. Yea, and elsewhere, so far as my coin would stretch; and where it would not, I

have used my credit.

Fal. Yea, and so used it that, were it not here apparent that thou art heir-apparent,-but I pr'ythee, sweet wag, shall there be gallows standing in England when thou art king? and resolution thus fobbed as it is with the rusty curb of old father antic the law? Dost thou not, when thou art king, hang a thief.

P. Hen. No; thou shalt.

Fal. Shall I? O rare! By the Lord, I'll be a brave judge.

P. Hen. Thou judgest false already: I mean.

thou shalt have the hanging of the thieves, and so become a rare hangman. Fal. Well, Hal, well; and in some sort it

jumps with my honour as well as waiting in the court, I can tell you.

P. Hen. For obtaining of suits?

Fal. Yea, for obtaining of suits, whereof the hangman hath no lean wardrobe. 'Sblood, I am as melancholy as a gib-cat or a lugged bear.

P. Hen. Or an old lion, or a lover's lute. Fal. Yea, or the drone of a Lincolnshire bag-

pipe. P. Hen. What sayest thou to a hare, or the

melancholy of Moor-ditch?

Fal. Thou hast the most unsavoury similes, and art, indeed, the most comparative, rascallest,—sweet young prince,—but, Hal, pr'ythee, trouble me no more with vanity. would to God thou and I knew where a commodity of good names were to be bought. An old lord of the council rated me the other day in the street about you, sir,—but I marked him not; and yet he talked very wisely,—but I regarded him not; and yet he talked wisely, and in the street too.

P. Hen. Thou didst well; for wisdom cries out in the streets, and no man regards it.

Fal. O, thou hast damnable iteration, and art, indeed, able to corrupt a saint. Thou hast done much harm upon me, Hal,-God forgive

nothing; and now am I, if a man should speak truly, little better than one of the wicked. must give over this life, and I will give it over; by the Lord, an I do not, I am a villain: I'll be damned for never a king's son in Christendom.

P. Hen. Where shall we take a purse to-

morrow, Jack?
Fal. Where thou wilt, lad; I'll make one; an I do not, call me villain, and baffle me P. Hen. I see a good amendment of life in thee, from praying to purse-taking.

Enter Poins at a distance.

Fal. Why, Hal, 'tis my vocation, Hal; 'tis no sin for a man to labour in his vocation .- Poins! -Now shall we know if Gadshill have set a match.—O, if men were to be saved by merit, what hole in hell were hot enough for him? This is the most omnipotent villain that ever cried stand to a true man.

P. Hen. Good-morrow, Ned.

Poins. Good-morrow, sweet Hal.—What says Monsieur Remorse? What says Sir John Sack-and-sugar? Jack, how agrees the devil and thee about thy soul, that thou soldest him on Good-Friday last for a cup of Madeira and a cold capon's leg?

P. Hen. Sir John stands to his word,-the devil shall have his bargain for he was never yet a breaker of proverbs,-he will give the

devil his due.

Poins. Then art thou damned for keeping thy word with the devil.

P. Hen. Else he had been damned for cozening the devil.

Poins. But, my lads, my lads, to-morrow morning, by four o'clock, early at Gadshilll there are pilgrims going to Canterbury with rich offerings, and traders riding to London with fat purses: I have visards for you all; you have horses for yourselves: Gadshill lies to-night in Rochester: I have bespoke supper to-morrow night in Eastcheap: we may do it as secure as sleep. If you will go, I will stuff your purses full of crowns; if you will not, tarry at home and be hanged.

Fal. Hear ye, Yedward; if I tarry at home and go not, I'll hang you for going.

Poins. You will, chops?

Fal. Hal, wilt thou make one?
P. Hen. Who, I rob? I a thief? not I, by
my faith.

Fal. There's neither honesty, manhood, nor good fellowship in thee, nor thou camest not of the blood royal, if thou darest not stand for ten shillings.

P. Hen. Well, then, once in my days I'll be

a madcap

Fal. Why, that's well said.
P. Hen. Well, come what will, I'll tarry at home. Fal. By the Lord, I'll be a traitor, then,

when thou art king.

P. Hen. I care not. Poins. Sir John, I pr'ythee, leave the prince and me alone: I will lay him down such reasons for this adventure that he shall go.

Fal. Well, God give thee the spirit of persuasion, and him the ears of profiting, that what may be believed, that the true prince may, for recreation sake, prove a false thief; for the poor abuses of the time want countenance. Fare-

well: you shall find me in Eastcheap.

P. Hen. Farewell, thou latter spring! Farewell, All-hallown summer! Exit FALSTAFF.

Poins. Now, my good sweet honey-lord, ride with us to-morrow: I have a jest to execute that I cannot manage alone. Falstaff, Bardolph, Peto, and Gadshill, shall rob those men that we have already waylaid; yourself and I will not be there; and when they have the booty, if you and I do not rob them, cut this head from my [setting forth? shoulders.

P. Hen. But how shall we part with them in Poins. Why, we will set forth before or after them, and appoint them a place of meeting, wherein it is at our pleasure to fail; and then will they adventure upon the exploit themselves; which they shall have no sooner achieved, but we'll set about them.

P. Hen. Ay, but 'tis like that they will know us by our horses, by our habits, and by every

other appointment, to be ourselves. Poins. Tut, our horses they shall not see .-I'll tie them in the wood; our visards we will change after we leave them; and, sirrah, I have cases of buckram for the nonce, to inmask our for us. noted outward garments.

P. Hen. But I doubt they will be too hard Poins. Well, for two of them, I know them to be as true-bred cowards as ever turned back; and for the third, if he fight longer than he sees reason, I'll forswear arms. The virtue of this jest will be the incomprehensible lies that this same fat rogue will tell us when we meet at supper: how thirty, at least, he fought with; what wards, what blows, what extremities he endured; and in the reproof of this lies the jest.

P. Hen. Well, I'll go with thee: provide us all things necessary, and meet me to-morrow night in Eastcheap; there I'll sup. Farewell.

Exit Poins. Poins. Farewell, my lord. P. Hen. I know you all, and will awhile

uphold The unyok'd humour of your idleness: Yet herein will I imitate the sun. Who doth permit the base contagious clouds To smother up his beauty from the world. That, when he please again to be himself, Being wanted, he may be more wonder'd at, By breaking through the foul and ugly mists Of vapours that did seem to strangle him. If all the year were playing holidays, To sport would be as tedious as to work; But when they seldom come, they wish'd-for come,

And nothing pleaseth but rare accidents. So, when this loose behaviour I throw off. And pay the debt I never promised, By how much better than my word I am, By so much shall I falsify men's hopes; And, like bright metal on a sullen ground My reformation, glittering o'er my fault. Shall show more goodly and attract more eyes Than that which hath no foil to set it off. I'll so offend, to make offence a skill; Redeeming time when men think least I will. Exit.

thou speakest may move, and what he hears SCENE III .- The same. Another Room in the Palace.

> Enter KING HENRY, NORTHUMBERLAND, WORCESTER, HOTSPUR, SIR WALTER BLUNT, and others.

K. Hen. My blood hath been too cold and temperate.

Unapt to stir at these indignities. And you have found me; for accordingly You tread upon my patience: but be sure I will from henceforth rather be myself, Mighty and to be fear'd, than my condition: Which hath been smooth as oil, soft as young down.

And therefore lost that title of respect Which the proud soul ne'er pays but to the

proud. Wor. Our house, my sovereign liege, little deserves

The scourge of greatness to be used on it: And that same greatness, too, which our own

Have holp to make so portly.

North. My lord,— K. Hen. Worcester, get thee gone; for I see danger

And disobedience in thine eye: O, sir, Your presence is too bold and peremptory And majesty might never yet endure The moody frontier of a servant brow. You have good leave to leave us: when we need Your use and counsel we shall send for you. Exit WORCESTER.

You were about to speak.

[To NORTHUMBERLAND. Yea, my good lord. North. Those prisoners in your highness' name demanded.

Which Harry Percy here at Holmedon took Were, as he says, not with such strength denied As is delivered to your majesty: Either envy, therefore, or misprision Is guilty of this fault, and not my son.

Hot. My liege, I did deny no prisoners. But I remember when the fight was done. When I was dry with rage and extreme toil. Breathless and faint, leaning upon my sword, Came there a certain lord, neat, trimly dress'd Fresh as a bride-groom; and his chin new reap'd Show'd like a stubble-land at harvest-home: He was perfum'd like a milliner: And 'twixt his finger and his thumb he held A pouncet-box, which ever and anon He gave his nose, and took't away again;-Who therewith angry, when it next came there, Took it in snuff:—and still he smil'd and talk'd; And as the soldiers bore dead bodies by, He call'd them untaught knaves, unmannerly, To bring a slovenly unhandsome corse Betwixt the wind and his nobility. With many holiday and lady terms He question'd me; among the rest, demanded My prisoners in your majesty's behalf. I, then all smarting with my wounds being cold, To be so pester'd with a popinjay, Out of my grief and my impatience, Answer'd neglectingly, I know not what,— He should, or he should not;—for he made me

mad

To see him shine so brisk, and smell so sweet, And talk so like a waiting-gentlewoman Of guns, and drums, and wounds,—God save

the mark!—
And telling me the sovereign'st thing on earth
Was parmacet for an inward bruse;
And that it was great pity, so it was,
This villainous saltpetre should be digg'd
Out of the bowels of the harmless earth,
Which many a good tall fellow had destroy'd
So cowardly; and but for these vile guns
He would himself have been a soldier.
This bald unjointed chat of his, my lord,
I answer'd indirectly, as I said;
And I beseech you, let not his report
Come current for an accusation
Betwitt my love and your high majesty.
Biunt. The circumstance consider'd, good my

lord,
Whatever Harry Percy then had said
To such a person, and in such a place,
At such a time, with all the rest re-told,
May reasonably die, and never rise
To do him wrong, or any way impeach
What then he said, so he unsay it now.

What then he said, so he unsay it now. K. Hen. Why, yet he doth deny his prisoners, But with proviso and exception,—
That we at our own charge shall ransom straight His brother-in-law, the foolish Mortimer;
Who, on my soul, hath wilfully betray'd.
The lives of those that he did lead to fight Agaunst the great magician, damn'd Glendower Whose daughter, as we hear, that Earl of March Hath lately married. Shall our coffers, then, Be emptied to redeem a traitor home? Shall we buy treason? and indent with fears, When they have lost and forfeited themselves? No, on the barren mountains let him starve; For I shall never hold that man my friend Whose tongue shall ask me for one penny cost To ransom home revolted Mortimer.

Hot. Revolted Mortimer!
He never did fall off, my sovereign liege,
But by the chance of war:—to prove that true,
Needs no more but one tongue for all those
wounds, [took,

Those mouthed wounds, which valiantly he When on the gentle Severn's sedgy bank, In single opposition, hand to hand, He did confound the best part of an hour In changing hardment with great Glendower: Three times they breath'd, and three times did they drink,

Upon agreement, of swift Severn's flood;
Who then, affrighted with their bloody looks,
Ran fearfully among the trembling reeds,
And hid his crisp head in the hollow bank
Blood-stained with these valiant combatants.
Never did base and rotten policy
Colour her working with such deadly wounds;
Nor could the noble Mortimer
Receive so many, and all willingly:
Then let him not be slander'd with revolt.
K. Hen. Thou dost belie him, Percy, thou

dost belie him; He never did encounter with Glendower: I tell thee.

He durst as well have met the devil alone
As Owen Glendower for an enemy. [forth
Art thou not asham'd? But, sirrah, hence-

Let me not hear you speak of Mortimer: Send me your prisoners with the speediest means,

Or you shall hear in such a kind from me As will displease you.—My Lord Northumberland.

We license your departure with your son.— Send us your prisoners, or you'll hear of it. [Excunt K. HENRY, BLUNT, and Train.

Hot. And if the devil come and roar for them,

I will not send them:—I will after straight, And tell him so; for I will ease my heart, Albeit I make a hazard of my head.

North. What, drunk with choler? stay, and pause awhile:

Here comes your uncle.

Re-enter WORCESTER.

Hot. Speak of Mortimer!
Zounds, I will speak of him; and let my soul
Want mercy, if I do not join with him:
Yea, on his part I'll empty all these veins,
And shed my dear blood drop by drop i' the
dist.

But I will lift the down-trod Mortimer As high i' the air as this unthankful king, As this ingrate and canker'd Bolingbroke. North. Brother, the king hath made your

North. Brother, the king hath made your nephew mad. [To Worcester. Wor. Who struck this heat up after I was gone?

Hot. He will, forsooth, have all my prisoners; And when I urg'd the ransom once again Of my wife's brother, then his cheek look'd pale,

And on my face he turn'd an eye of death, Trembling even at the name of Mortimer. Wor. I cannot blame him: was he not proclaim'd

By Richard that dead is the next of blood?

North. He was: I heard the proclamation:
And then it was when the unhappy king—
Whose wrongs in us God pardon!—did set forth
Upon his Irish expedition;
From whence he intercepted did return

To be depos'd, and shortly murdered.

Wor. And for whose death we in the world's
wide mouth

Live scandaliz'd and foully spoken of. [then Hot. But, soft, I pray you: did King Richard Proclaim my brother Edmund Mortimer Heir to the crown?

North. He did; myself did hear it. Hot. Nay, then I cannot blame his cousin

king,
That wish'd him on the barren mountains starve. But shall it be that you that set the crown Upon the head of this forgetful man, And for his sake wear the detested blot Of murderous subornation,—shall it be That you a world of curses undergo, Being the agents, or base second means, The cords, the ladder, or the hangman rather?—O, pardon me, that I descend so low To show the line and the predicament Wherein you range under this subtle king;—Shall it, for shame, be spoken in these days, Or fill up chronicles in time to come, That men of your nobility and power

Did'gage them both in an unjust behalf,—
As both of you, God pardon it! have done,—
To put down Richard, that sweet lovely rose,
And plant this thorn, this canker, Bolingbroke?
And shall it, in more shame, be further spoken
That you are fool'd, discarded, and shook off
By him for whom these shames ye underwent?
No: yet time serves, wherein you may redeem
Your banish'd honours, and restore yourselves
Into the good thoughts of the world again,—
Revenge the jeering and disdan'd contempt
Of this proud king, who studies day and night
To answer all the debt he owes to you
Even with the bloody payment of your deaths.
Therefore, I say,—

Wor. Peace, cousin; say no more:
And now I will unclasp a secret book,
And to your quck-conceiving discontents
I'll read you matter deep and dangerous;
As full of peril and adventurous spirit
As to o'er-walk a current roaring loud
On the unsteadfast footing of a spear.

Hot. If he fall in, good-night!—or sink or swim:—

Send danger from the east unto the west, So honour cross it from the north to south, And let them grapple.—O, the blood more stirs To rouse a lion than to start a hare!

North. Imagination of some great exploit Drives him beyond the bounds of patience. Hot. By heaven, methinks it were an easy

leap

To pluck bright honour from the pale-fac's

To pluck bright honour from the pale-fac'd moon;

Or dive into the bottom of the deep,
Wherefathom-inecould never touch the ground,
And pluck up drowned honour by the locks;
So he that doth redeem her thence might wear
Without cornval all her dignities:
But out upon this half-fac'd fellowship!

Wor. He apprehends a world of figures here, But not the form of what he should attend.—Good cousin, give me audience for awhile.

Good cousin, give mercy.

Hot. I cry you mercy.

Wor. Those same noble Scots

That are your prisoners,—
Hot.

Pil keep them all;
By heaven, he shall not have a Scot of them;
No, if a Scot would save his soul, he shall not:

I'll keep them, by this hand.

Wor.

You start away,
And lend no ear unto my purposes.—

Those prisoners you shall keep.

Hot.

Hot. Nay, I will; that's flat:He said he would not ransom Mortimer;
Forbad my tongue to speak of Mortimer;
But I will find him when he lies asleen,
And in his ear I'll holla—Mortimer!
Nay.

I'll have a starling shall be taught to speak Nothing but *Mortimer*, and give it him, To keep his anger still in motion.

Wor. Hear you, cousin; a word.

Hot. All studies here I solemnly defy,

Save how to gall and pinch this Bolingbroke:

And that same sword-and-buckler Prince of

Wales.—

But that I think his father loves him not, And would be glad he met with some mischance, I'd have him poison'd with a pot of ale. Wor. Farewell, kınsman: I will talk to you When you are better temper'd to attend.

North. Why, what a wasp-tongue and impatient fool

Art thou to break into this woman's mood,
Tying thine ear to no tongue but thine own!
Hot Why look you I am whine'd an

Hot. Why, look you, I am whipp'd and scourg'd with rods,
Nettled, and stung with pismires, when I hear

Of this vile politician, Bolingbroke.
In Richard's time,—what do ye call the place?—
A plague upon 't—it is in Glostershire;—
Twas where the madcap duke his uncle kept,—
His uncle York:—where I first bow'd my knee
Uset this lying of graille. The Bolingbroke.

Unto this king of smiles, this Bolingbroke, When you and he came back from Ravenspurg. North. At Berkeley Castle.

Hot. You say true:—
Why, what a candy deal of courtesy
This fawning greyhound then did profier me!
Look, when his infant fortune came to age,
And, gentle Hary Percy, and, kind cousin,—
O, the devil take such cozeners!—God forgive

Good uncle, tell your tale; for I have done.

Wor. Nay, if you have not, to't again;
We'll stay your lessure.

mel-

Hot. I have done, i' faith.

Wor. Then once more to your Scottish
prisoners.

Deliver them up without their ransom straight, And make the Douglas' son your only mean For powers in Scotland; which, for divers reasons

Which I shall send you written, be assur'd, Will easily be granted,—You, my lord.

Your son in Scotland being thus employ'd, Shall secretly into the bosom creep
Of that same poble prelate, well belov'd

Of that same noble prelate, well belov'd,
The archbishop.
Hot. Of York, is't not?
Wor. True; who bears hard
His brother's death at Bristol, the Lord Scroop,

I speak not this in estimation, As what I think might be, but what I know Is ruminated, plotted, and set down, And only stays but to behold the face

Of that occasion that shall bring it on.

Hot. I smell it: upon my life, it will do well.

North. Before the game's a-foot, thou still
lett'et sin.

lett'st slip. [plot.—

Hot. Why, it cannot choose but be a noble
And then the power of Scotland and of York.—

And then the power of Scotland and of York.—
To join with Mortimer, ha?
Wor.
And so they shall.
Hot. In faith, it is exceedingly well aim'd.

Wor. And 'tis no little reason bids us speed, To save our heads by raising of a head; For, bear ourselves as even as we can, The king will always think him in our debt, And think we think ourselves unsatisfied, 'Till he hath found a time to pay us home: And see already how he doth begin

To make us strangers to his looks of love.

Hot. He does, he does: we'll be reveng'd on him.

Wor. Cousin, farewell:—no further go in this Than I by letters shall direct your course. When time is nipe,—which will be suddenly,—

SCENE III.

I'll steal to Glendower and Lord Mortimer: once,

As I will fashion it,-shall happily meet,

To bear our fortunes in our own strong arms, Which now we hold at much uncertainty.

North. Farewell, good brother: we shall thrive, I trust.

Hot. Uncle, adieu:-O, let the hours be short, Till fields and blows and groans applaud our Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I .- ROCHESTER. An Inn Yard.

Enter a Carrier with a lantern in his hand.

r Car. Heigh-ho! an't be not four by the day, I'll be hanged: Charles' wain is over the new chimney, and yet our horse not packed .-What, ostler!

Ost. [Within.] Anon, anon.

r Car. I pr'ythee, Tom, beat Cut's saddle, put a few flocks in the point; the poor jade is wrong in the withers out of all cess.

Enter another Carrier.

2 Car. Peas and beans are as dank here as a dog, and that is the next way to give poor jades the bots: this house is turned upside down since Robin ostler died.

I Car. Poor fellow! never joyed since the price of oats rose; it was the death of him.

2 Car. I think this be the most villanous house in all London road for fleas: I am stung

like a tench. I Car. Like a tench! by the mass, there is ne'er a king in Christendom could be better bit

than I have been since the first cock. 2 Car. Why, they will allow us ne'er a jorden, and then we leak in your chimney; and

your chamber-lie breeds fleas like a loach. 1 Car. What, ostler! come away, and be hanged; come away.

2 Car. I have a gammon of bacon and two races of ginger, to be delivered as far as Charing-cross.

1 Car. 'Odsbody! the turkeys in my pannier are quite starved.—What, ostler!—A plague on thee! hast thou never an eye in thy head? canst not hear? An 'twere not as good a deed as drink, to break the pate of thee, I am a very villain.—Come, and be hanged:—hast no faith in thee?

Enter GADSHILL.

What's Gads. Good-morrow. carriers. o'clock?

I Car. I think it be two o'clock.

Gads. I pr'ythee, lend me thy lantern, to see my gelding in the stable.

I Car. Nay, soft, I pray ye; I know a trick worth two of that, i' faith.

Gads. I pr'ythee, lend me thine.

2 Car. Ay, when? canst tell?-Lend me thy lantern, quoth a?-marry, I'll see thee hanged first.

Gads. Sirrah carrier, what time do you mean to come to London?

2 Car. Time enough to go to bed with a candle, I warrant thee.-Come, neighbour

Mugs, we'll call up the gentlemen: they will Where you and Douglas, and our powers at along with company, for they have great charge. Exeunt Carriers.

Gads. What, ho! chamberlain!

Cham. [Within.] At hand, quoth pick-purse. Gads. That's even as fair as-at hand, quoth the chamberlain; for thou variest no more from picking of purses than giving direction doth from labouring; thou layest the plot how.

Enter Chamberlain.

Cham. Good-morrow, Master Gadshill. It holds current that I told you yesternight:— there's a franklin in the wild of Kent hath brought thee hundred marks with him in gold: I heard him tell it to one of his company last night at supper; a kind of auditor; one that hath abundance of charge too, God knows what-They are up already, and call for eggs and butter: they will away presently.

Gads. Sirrah, if they meet not with Saint Nicholas' clerks, I'll give thee this neck.

Cham. No, I'll none of it: I pr'ythee, keep that for the hangman; for I know thou worshippest Saint Nicholas as truly as a man of falsehood may.

Gods. What talkest thou to me of the hangman? If I hang, I'll make a fat pair of gallows; for if I hang, old Sir John hangs with me; and thou knowest he's no starveling. Tut! there are other Trojans that thou dreamest not of, the which, for sport-sake, are content to do the profession some grace; that would, if matters should be looked into, for their own credit-sake, make all whole. I am joined with no foot land rakers, no long-staff sixpenny strikers, none of these mad mustachio purple-hued malt-worms; but with nobility and tranquility; burgomasters and great onevers, such as can hold in, such as will strike sooner that speak, and speak sooner than drink, and drink sooner than pray: and yet I lie; for they pray continually to their saint, the commonwealth; or, rather, not pray to her, but prey on her; for they ride up and down on her, and make her their boots.

Cham. What, the commonwealth their boots? will she hold out water in foul way?

Gads. She will, she will; justice hath liquored her. We steal as in a castle, cock-sure; we have the receipt of fern-seed,—we walkinvisible.

Cham. Nay, by my faith, I think you are

more beholding to the night than to fern-seed for your walking invisible. Gads. Give me thy hand: thou shalt have a

share in our purchase, as I am a true man. Cham. Nay, rather let me have it, as you are a false thief.

Gads. Go to; homo is a common name to all men. Bid the ostler bring my gelding out of the stable. Farewell, you muddy knave. Exeunt.

Scene II .- The Road by Gadshill.

Enter PRINCE HENRY and POINS; BARDOLPH and Peto at some distance.

Poins. Come, shelter, shelter: I have removed Falstaff's horse, and he frets like a gummed velvet.

P. Hen. Stand close. [They retire.

Enter FALSTAFF.

Fal. Poins! Poins, and be hanged! Poins! P. Hen. [Coming forward.] Peace, ye fatkidneyed rascall what a brawling dost thou

Fal. Where's Poins, Hal?

P. Hen. He is walked up to the top of the

hill: I'll go seek him.

Pretends to seek POINS. Fal. I am accursed to rob in that thief's company: the rascal hath removed my horse, and tied him I know not where. If I travel but four foot by the squire further a-foot, I shall break my wind. Well, I doubt not but to die a fair death for all this, if I 'scape hanging for killing that rogue. I have forsworn his company hourly any time this two-and-twenty year, and yet I am bewitched with the rogue's company. If the rascal have not given me medicines to make me love him, I'll be hanged; it could not be else; I have drunk medicines. -Poins!-Hal!-a plague upon you both!-Bardolph!-Peto!-Pil starve, ere I'll rob a foot further. An 'twere not as good a deed as drink, to turn true man, and leave these rogues, I am the veriest variet that ever chewed with a tooth. Eight yards of uneven ground is threescore and ten miles a-foot with me; and the stony-hearted villains know it well enough: a plague upon't, when thieves cannot be true to one another! [They whistle.] Whew!—a plague upon you all! Give me my horse, you rogues; give me my horse, and be hanged.

P. Hen. [Coming forward.] Peace, ye fat-guts! lie down; lay thine ear close to the ground, and list if thou canst hear the tread of travellers.

Fal. Have you any levers to lift me up again, being down? 'Sblood, I'll not bear mine own flesh so far a-foot again for all the coin in thy father's exchequer. What a plague mean ye to colt me thus?

P. Hen. Thou liest; thou art not colted, thou

art uncolted

Fal. I pr'ythee, good Prince Hal, help me [ostler?

to my horse, good king's son.

P. Hen. Out, you rogue! shall I be your Fal. Go, hang thyself in thine own heir-apparent garters! If I be ta'en, I'll peach for this. An I have no ballads made on you all, and sung to filthy tunes, let a cup of sack be my poison:-when a jest is so forward, and afoot too .- I hate it.

Enter GADSHILL.

Gads. Stand.

Fal. So I do, against my will.

Poins. O, 'tis our setter: I know his voice. [Coming forward with BARD. and PETO. Bard. What news?

Gads. Case ye, case ye; on with your visards: there's money of the king's coming down the hill; 'tis going to the king's exchequer.

Fal. You lie, you rogue; 'tis going to the king's tavern.

Gads. There's enough to make us all. Fal. To be hanged.

P. Hen. Sirs, you four shall front them in the narrow lane; Ned Poins and I will walk lower: if they 'scape from your encounter, then they light on us.

Peto. How many be there of them?

Gads. Some eight or ten.
Fal. Zounds, will they not rob us?

P. Hen. What, a coward, Sir John Paunch? Fal. Indeed, I am not John of Gaunt, your

grandfather; but yet no coward, Hal.

P. Hen. Well, we leave that to the proof.

Poins. Sirrah, Jack, thy horse stands behind the hedge: when thou needest him, there thou shalt find him. Farewell, and stand fast.

Fal. Now cannot I strike him, if I should be hanged.

P. Hen. [Aside to POINS.] Ned, where are our disguises?

Poins. Here, hard by: stand close.

Exeunt. P. HENRY and Poins. Fal. Now, my masters, happy man be his dole, say I: every man to his business.

Enter Travellers.

I Trav. Come, neighbour: the boy shall lead our horses down the hill; we'll walk a-foot awhile, and ease our legs.

Fal., Gads., &c. Stand! Trav. Jesu bless us!

Fal. Strike; down with them; cut the villain's throats:-ah, whoreson caterpillars! bacon-fed knaves! they hate us youth:-down with them; fleece them. for ever!

Trav. O, we are undone, both we and ours Fal. Hang ye, gorbellied knaves, are ye undone? No, ye fat chuffs; I would your store were here! On, bacons on! What, ye knaves! young men must live. You are grand-jurors, are ye? we'll jure ye, i' faith.

Exeunt FAL., &c., driving the Travellers out.

Re-enter PRINCE HENRY and POINS.

P. Hen. The thieves have bound the true men. Now could thou and I rob the thieves. and go merrily to London, it would be argument for a week, laughter for a month, and a good iest for ever.

Poins. Stand close; I hear them coming.

Re-enter Falstaff, Gadshill, Bardolph and Peto.

Fal. Come, my masters, let us share, and then to horse before day. An the Prince and Poins be not two arrant cowards, there's no equity stirring: there's no more valour in that Poins than in a wild duck.

P. Hen. Your money!

Rushing out upon them.

Poins. Villains!

[GADS., BARD., and PETO run away; and FAL. also, after a blow or two, leaving the booty.

P. Hen. Got with much ease. Now merrily to horse:

The thieves are scatter'd, and possess'd with So strongly that they dare not meet each other; Each takes his fellow for an officer.

Away, good Ned. Falstaff sweats to death, And lards the lean earth as he walks along: Were't not for laughing, I should pity him.

Poins. How the rogue roar'd!

Scene III.—Warkworth. A Room in the And thus hath so bestirr'd thee in thy sleep

Castle. That beads of sweat have stood upon thy bro

Enter HOTSPUR, reading a letter.

Hot.—But, for mine own part, my lord, I could be well contented to be there, in respect of the love I bear your house.—He could be contented,-why is he not, then? In respect of the love he bears our house:-he shows in this, he loves his own barn better than he loves our house. Let me see some more. The purpose you undertake is dangerous.— Why, that's certain: 'tis dangerous to take a cold, to sleep, to drink; but I tell you, my lord fool, out of this nettle, danger, we pluck this flower, safety. The purpose you undertake is dangerous; the friends you have named uncertain; the time itself unsorted; and your whole plot too light for the counterpoise of so great an opposition.—Say you so, say you so? I say unto you again, you are a shallow, cowardly hind, and you lie. What a lack-brain is this! By the Lord, our plot is a good plot as ever was laid; our friends true and constant: a good plot, good friends, and full of expectation; an excellent plot, very good friends. What a frosty-spirited rogue is this! Why, my Lord of York commends the plot and the general course of the action. Zounds, an I were now by this rascal, I could brain him with his lady's fan. Is there not my father, my uncle, and myself? Lord Edmund Mortimer, my Lord of York, and Owen Glendower? Is there not, besides, the Douglas? Have I not all their letters to meet me in arms by the ninth of the next month? and are they not some of them set forward already! What a pagan rascal is this! an infidel! Ha! you shall see now, in very sincerity of fear and cold heart, will he to the king, and lay open all our proceedings. O, I could divide myself, and go to buffets, for moving such a dish of skimmed milk with so honourable an action! Hang him! Let him tell the king: we are prepared. I will set forward to-night.

Enter LADY PERCY.

How now, Kate! I must leave you within these two hours. [alone?

these two hours. |alone? Lady. O, my good lord, why are you thus For what offence have I this fortnight been A banish'd woman from my Harry's bed?

Tell me, sweet lord, what is't that takes from thee

Thy stomach, pleasure, and thy golden sleep? Why dost thou bend thine eyes upon the earth. And start so often when thou sit'rst alone? Why hast thou lost the fresh blood in thy cheeks, And given my treasures and my rights of thee To thick-ey'd musing and curs'd melancholy? In thy faint slumbers I by thee have watch'd, And heard thee murmur tales of tron wars; Speak terms of manage to thy bounding steed; Cry, Courage!—to the field!—And thou hast talk'd

Of sallies and retires, of trenches, tents, Of palisadoes, frontiers, parapets, Of basilsks, of cannon, culverin, Of prisoners' ransom, and of soldiers slain, And all the currents of a heady fight. Thy spirit within thee hath been so at war,

And thus hath so bestirr'd thee in thy sleep That beads of sweat have stood upon thy brow, Like bubbles in a late disturbed stream; And in thy face strange motions have appear'd, Such as we see when men restrain their breath On some great sudden hest. O, what portents are these?

Some heavy business hath my lord in hand, And I must know it, else he loves me not. Hot. What, ho!

Enter a Servant.

Is Gilliams with the packet gone? Serv. He is, my lord, an hour ago.

Hot. Hath Butler brought those horses from the sheriff? [now. Serv. One horse, my lord, he brought even

Serv. One horse, my lord, he brought even Hot. What horse? a roan, a crop-ear, is it not?

Serv. It is, my lord.

Hot. That roan shall be my throne. Well, I will back him straight: O esperance!—Bid Butler lead him forth into the park.

[Exit Servant.

Lady. But hear you, my lord.

Hot. What say'st thou, my lady?

Lady. What is it carries you away?

Hot. Why, my horse, my love,—my horse.

Lady. Out, you mad-headed ape!

A wease! hath not such a deal of spleen

As you are toss'd with. In faith,

I'll know your business, Harry,—that I will.

I fear my brother Mortimer doth stir

About his title, and hath sent for you

To line his enterprise: but if you go,—

Hot. So far a-foot, I shall be weary, love.

Lady. Come, come, you paraquito, answer

me Directly to this question that I ask: In faith, I'll break thy little finger, Harry, And if thou wilt not tell me all things true.

Hol. Away.
Away, you trifler!—Love?—I love thee not,
I care not for thee, Kate: this is no world
To play with mammets and to tilt with lips:
We must have bloody noses and crack'd crowns,
And pass them current too.—Gods me, my
phorse!— [with me?

horse!— [with me? What say'st thou, Kate? what wouldst thou have Lady. Do you not love me? do you not, indeed?

Well, do not, then; for since you love me not, I will not love myself. Do you not love me? Nay, tell me if you speak in jest or no. Hot. Come, wilt thou see me ride? And when I am o' horseback,"I will swear I love thee infinitely. But hark you, Kate; I must not have you henceforth question me Whither I go, nor reason whereabout: Whither I must, I must; and, to conclude This evening must I leave you, gentle Kate. I know you wise; but yet no further wise Than Harry Percy's wife: constant you are: But yet a woman: and for secrecy, No lady closer; for I well believe Thou wilt not utter what thou dost not know,-And so far will I trust thee, gentle Kate. Lady. How! so far?

Hot. Not an inch further. But hark you, Whither I go, thither shall you go too:

To-day will I set forth, to-morrow you .-Will this content you, Kate?

It must, of force. Lady. Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- EASTCHEAP. A Room in the Boar's Head Tavern.

Enter PRINCE HENRY.

P. Hen. Ned, pr'ythee, come out of that fat room, and lend me thy hand to laugh a little.

Enter Poins.

Poins. Where hast been, Hal?

P. Hen. With three or four loggerheads amongst three or fourscore hogsheads. I have sounded the very base string of humility. Sirrah, I am sworn brother to a leash of drawers; and can call them all by their Christian names, as-Tom, Dick, and Francis. They take it already upon their salvation, that though I be but Prince of Wales, yet I am the king of courtesy; and tell me flatly I am no proud Jack, like Falstaff, but a Corinthian, a lad of mettle, a good boy, -by the Lord, so they call me,-and when I am king of England I shall command all the good lads in Eastcheap. They call drinking deep, dying scarlet; and when you breathe in your watering, they cry hem! and bid you play it off. To conclude, I am so good a proficient in one quarter of an hour, that I can drink with any tinker in his own language during my life. I tell thee, Ned, thou hast lost much honour, that thou wert not with me in this action. But, sweet Ned,—to sweeten which name of Ned, I give thee this pennyworth of sugar, clapped even now into my band by an under-skinker; one that never spake other English in his life than Eight shillings and sixpence, and You are welcome; with this shrill addition, Anon, anon, sir! Score a pint of bas-tard in the Half-moon, or so. But, Ned, to drive away the time till Falstaff come, I pr'ythee, do thou stand in some by-room, while I question my puny drawer to what end he gave me the sugar; and do thou never leave calling Francis, that his tale to me may be nothing but anon. Step aside, and I'll show thee a precedent. Exit Poins.

Poins. [Within.] Francis! P. Hen. Thou art perfect. Poins. [Within.] Francis!

Enter FRANCIS.

Fran. Anon, anon, sir.—Look down into the Pomegranate, Ralph.

P. Hen. Come hither, Francis.

Fran. My lord?

P. Hen. How long hast thou to serve, Francis? Fran. Forsooth, five years, and as much as

Poins. [Within.] Francis!

Fran. Anon, anon, sir.

P. Hen. Five years! by'r lady, a long lease for the clinking of pewter. But, Francis, darest thou be so valiant as to play the coward with thy indenture, and show it a fair pair of heels and run from it?

Fran. O Lord, sir, I'll be sworn upon all the books in England, I could find in my heart,—
Poins. [Withm.] Francis!

Fran. Anon, anon, sir.

P. Hen. How old art thou, Francis?

Fran. Let me see,-about Michaelmas next I shall be.

Poins. [Within.] Francis!

Fran. Anon, sir.—Pray you, stay a little, my lord.

P. Hen. Nay, but hark you, Francis: for the sugar thou gavest me,-'twas a pennyworth, was't not?

Fran. O Lord, sir, I would it had been two! P. Hen. I will give thee for it a thousand pound: ask me when thou wilt, and thou shalt have it.

Poins. [Within.] Francis!

Fran. Anon, anon.

P. Hen. Anon, Francis? No, Francis; but to-morrow, Francis; or, Francis, on Thursday; or, indeed, Francis, when thou wilt. But. Francis, —
Fran. My lord?
P. Hen. Wilt thou rob this leathern-jerkin,

crystal-button, nott-pated, agate-ring, puke-stocking, caddis-garter, smooth-tongue, Spanish-pouch.

Fran. O Lord, sir, who do you mean?

P. Hen. Why, then, your brown bastard is your only drink; for, look you, Francis, your white canvas doublet will sully: in Barbary, sir, it cannot come to so much.

Fran. What, sir? Poins. [Within.] Francis!

P. Hen. Away, you rogue! dost thou not hear them call?

[Here they both call him; FRANCIS stands amazed, not knowing which way to go.

Enter Vintner.

Vint. What, standest thou still, and hearest such a calling? Look to the guests within. [Exit FRAN.] My lord, old Sir John, with half-a-dozen more, are at the door: shall I let them in?

P. Hen. Let them alone awhile, and then open the door. [Exit Vintner.] Poins!

Re-enter Poins.

Poins. Anon, anon, sir.

P. Hen. Sirrah, Falstaff and the rest of the thieves are at the door: shall we be merry?

Poins. As merry as crickets, my lad. But hark he; what cunning match have you made with this jest of the drawer? come, what's the issue?

P. Hen. I am now of all humours that have showed themselves humours since the old days of goodman Adam to the pupil-age of this present twelve o'clock at midnight.-What's o'clock, Francis?

Fran. [Within.] Anon, anon, sir. P. Hen. That ever this fellow should have fewer words than a parrot, and yet the son of a woman! His industry is upstairs and downstairs; his oloquence the parcel of a reckoning. I am not yet of Percy's mind, the Hotspur of the north; he that kills me some six or seven dozen Scots at a breakfast, washes his hands, and says to his wife, Fie upon this quiet life! I want work. O my sweet Harry, says she, how many hast thou killed to-day?

roan horse a drench, says he; and answers, Some gether. I have 'scaped by miracle. I am ribs, call in tallow.

PETO; followed by FRANCIS with wine.

Poins. Welcome, Jack: where hast thou been? Fal. A plague of all cowards, I say, and a vengeance too! marry, and amen!—Give me a cup of sack, boy.—Ere I lead this life long, I'll sew nether-stocks, and mend them and foot them too. A plague of all cowards!-Give me a cup of sack, rogue.-Is there no virtue extant? He drinks.

P. Hen. Didst thou never see Titan kiss a dish of butter? pitiful-hearted Titan, that melted at the sweet tale of the sun! if thou didst, then

behold that compound.

Fal. You rogue, here's lime in this sack too: there is nothing but reguery to be found in villanous man: yet a coward is worse than a cup of sack with lime in it,—a villanous coward.— Go thy ways, old Jack; die when thou wilt, if manhood, good manhood, he not forgot upon the face of the earth, then am I a shotten herring. There live not three good men unhanged in England; and one of them is fat, and grows old: God help the while! a bad world, I say. I would I were a weaver; I could sing psalms or anything. A plague of all cowards, I say still. P. Hen. How now, woolsack! what mutter

Fal. A king's son! If I do not beat thee out of thy kingdom with a dagger of lath, and drive all thy subjects afore thee like a flock of wild geese, I'll never wear hair on my face more.

You Prince of Wales!

vou?

P. Hen. Why, you whoreson round man, what's the matter?

Fal. Are you not a coward? answer me to that:—and Poins there?

Poins. Zounds, ye fat paunch, an ye call me coward, I'll stab thee.

Fal. I call thee coward! I'll see thee damned ere I call thee coward: but I would give a thousand pound I could run as fast as thou canst. You are straight enough in the shoulders,-you care not who sees your back: call you that backing of your friends? A plague upon such backing! give me them that will face ine.-Give me a cup of sack:-I am a rogue if I drunk to-day.

P. Hen. O villain! thy lips are scarce wiped

since thou drunkest last.

Fal. All's one for that. A plague of all cowards, still say I. He drinks.

P. Hen. What's the matter?

Fal. What's the matter! there be four of us here have ta'en a thousand pound this day morning.

P. Her. Where is it, Jack? where is it?

Fal. Where is it! taken from us it is: a hundred upon poor four of us.

P. Hen. What, a hundred, man?

Fal. I am a rogue, if I were not at halfsword with a dozen of them two hours to- not the truth the truth?

fourtien, an hour after,—a trifle, a trifle. I eight times thrust through the doublet, four prythee, call in Falstaff: I'll play Percy, and through the hose; my buckler cut through and that damned brawn shall play Dame Mortimer through; my sword hacked like a hand-saw, his wife. Rivo says the drunkard. Call in ecce signum! I never dealt better since I was a man: all would not do. A plague of all cowards!-Let them speak: if they speak more or Enter Falstaff, Gadshill, Bardolph, and less than truth, they are villains, and the sons of darkness.

> P. Hen. Speak, sirs; how was it? Gads. We four set upon some dozen,-Fal. Sixteen at least, my lord.

Gads. And bound them.

Peto. No, no, they were not bound.
Fal. You rogue, they were bound, every man of them, or I am a Jew else, an Ebrew Jew.

Gads. As we were sharing, some six or seven fresh men set upon us,-

Fal. And unbound the rest, and then come in the other.

P. Hen. What, fought ye with them all?

Fal. All! I know not what ye call all; but if I fought not with fifty of them, I am a bunch of radish: if there were not two or three and fifty upon poor old Jack, then am I no two-legged creature. some of them.

P. Hen. Pray God, you have not murdered Fal. Nay, that's past praying for: I have peppered two of them; two I am sure I have paid,-two rogues in buckram suits. I tell thee what, Hal,-if I tell thee a lie, spit in my face, call me horse. Thou knowest my old ward;—here I lay, and thus I bore my point. Four rogues in buckram let drive at me,—

P. Hen. What, four? thou saidst but two

even now. Fal. Four, Hal; I told thee four.

Poins. Ay, ay, he said four.

Fal. These four came all a-front, and mainly thrust at me. I made me no more ado but took all their seven points in my target, thus.

P. Hen. Seven? why, there were but four

even now in buckram.

Poins. Ay, four in buckram suits. Fal. Seven, by these hilts, or I am a villain P. Hen. Pr'ythee, let him alone; we shall have more anon.

Fal. Dost thou hear me, Hal?

P. Hen. Ay, and mark thee too, Jack. Fal. Do so, for it is worth the listening to. These nine in buckram that I told thee of,-

P. Hen. So, two more already. Fal. Their points being broken-

Poins. Down fell their hose.

Fal. Began to give me ground: but I followed me close, came in foot and hand; and with a thought seven of the eleven I paid.

P. Hen. O monstrous! eleven buckram men

grown out of two! Fal. But, as the devil would have it, three misbegotten knaves in Kendal green came at my back and let drive at me;-for it was so

dark, Hal, that thou couldst not see thy hand.

P. Hen. These hes are like the father that begets them, gross as a mountain, open, palpable. Why, thou clay-brained guts, thou nottpated fool, thou whoreson, obscene, greasy tallow-keech,-

Fal. What, art thou mad? art thou mad? is

P. Hen. Why, how couldst thou know these men in Kendal green, when it was so dark thou couldst not see thy hand? come, tell us your reason: what sayest thou to this?

Poins. Come, your reason, Jack,-your Fal. What, upon compulsion? No, were I at the strappado, or all the racks in the world, I would not tell you on compulsion. Give a reason on compulsion! if reasons were as plenty as blackberries I would give no man a reason on compulsion, I.

P. Hen. I'll be no longer guilty of this sin; this sanguine coward, this bed-presser, this horse back-breaker, this huge hill of flesh,

Fal. Away, you starveling, you elf-skin, you dried neat's tongue, bull's pizzle, you stock-fish, O for breath to utter what is like thee!--you tailor's yard, you sheath, you bow-case, you vile standing-tuck,

P. Hen. Well, breathe awhile, and then to it again: and when thou hast tired thyself in base comparisons, hear me speak but this.

Poins. Mark, Jack.

P. Hen. We two saw you four set on four; you bound them, and were masters of their wealth.—Mark now, how a plain tale shall put you down.—Then did we two set on you four; and, with a word, out-faced you from your prize, and have it: yea, and can show it you here in the house:-and, Falstaff, you carried your guts away as nimbly, with as quick dextenty, and roared for mercy, and still ran and roared, as ever I heard bull-calf. What a slave art thou, to hack thy sword as thou hast done, and then say it was in fight! What trick, what device, what starting-hole, canst thou now find out to hide thee from this open and apparent shame?

Poins. Come, let's hear, Jack; what trick hast thou now?

Fal. By the Lord, I knew ye as well as he that made ye. Why, hear ye, my masters: was it for me to kill the heir-apparent? Should I turn upon the true prince? Why, thou knowest I am as valiant as Hercules: but beware instinct; the lion will not touch the true prince. Instinct is a great matter; I was a coward on instinct. I shall think the better of myself and thee during my life; I for a valiant lion, and thou for a true prince. But, by the Lords, lads, I am glad you have the money.—Hostess, clap to the doors [to Hostess within]:-watch tonight, pray to-morrow.-Gallants, lads, boys, hearts of gold, all the titles of good fellowship come to you! What, shall we be merry! Shall we have a play extempore?

P. Hen. Content; - and the argument shall

be thy running away.

Fal. Ah, no more of that, Hal, an thou lovest me!

Enter Hostess.

Host. O Jesu, my lord the prince,-P. Hen. How now, my lady the hostess!-What sayest thou to me?

Host. Marry, my lord, there is a nobleman of the court at door would speak with you: he

says he comes from your father.

P. Hen. Give him as much as will make him a royal man, and send him back again to my mother.

Fal. What manner of man is he?

Host. An old man. Fal. What doth gravity out of his bed at reason. midnight?-Shall I give him his answer?

P. Hen. Pr'ythee, do, Jack.

Fal. Faith, and I'll send him packing.

Exit. P. Hen. Now, sirs:-by'r lady, you fought fair; -- so did you, Peto; -- so did you, Bardolph: you are hons too, you ran away upon instinct,

you will not touch the true prince; no,—fie!

Bard. Faith, I ran when I saw others run. P. Hen. Tell me now in earnest, how came

Falstaff's sword so hacked?

Peto. Why, he hacked it with his dagger; and said he would swear truth out of England, but he would make you believe it was done in fight; and persuaded us to do the like.

Bard. Yea, and to tickle our noses with speargrass to make them bleed; and then to beslubber our garments with it, and swear it was the blood of true men. I did that I did not this seven year before,-I blushed to hear his

monstrous devices.

P. Hen. O villain, thou stolest a cup of sack eighteen years ago, and wert taken with the manner, and ever since thou hast blushed extempore. Thou hadst fire and sword on thy side, and yet thou rannest away: what instinct hadst thou for it?

Bard. My lord, do you see these meteors?

do you behold these exhalations?

P. Hen. I do.

Bard. What think you they portend? P. Hen. Hot livers and cold purses.

Bard. Choler, my lord, if rightly taken. P. Hen. No, if rightly taken, halter.—Here comes lean Jack, here comes bare-bone.

Re-enter Falstaff.

How now, my sweet creature of bombast! How long is't ago, Jack, since thou sawest thine own knee?

Fal. My own knee! when I was about thy years, Hal. I was not an eagle's talon in the waist; I could have crept into any alderman's thumb-ring: a plague of sighing and grief! it blows a man up like a bladder.—There's villanous news abroad: here was Sir John Bracy from your father; you must to the court in the morning. That same mad fellow of the north, Percy; and he of Wales, that gave Amaimon the bastinado, and made Lucifer cuckold, and swore the devil his true liegeman upon the cross of a Welsh hook,-what, a plague, call you him?-

Poins. O, Glendower.

Fal. Owen, Owen,-the same: and his sonin-law, Mortimer; and old Northumberland; and that sprightly Scot of Scots, Douglas, that

runs o' horseback up a hill perpendicular,—
P. Hen. He that rides at high speed, and

with his pistol kills a sparrow flying? Fal. You have hit it.

P. Hen. So did he never the sparrow. Fal. Well, that rascal hath good mettle in him; he will not run;-

P. Hen. Why, what a rascal art thou, then, to praise him so for running.

Fal. O' horseback, ye cuckoo; but a-foot he many in our land by the name of pitch: this will not budge a foot.

P. Hen. Yes, Jack, upon instinct.

Fal. I grant ye, upon instinct.—Well, he is there too, and one Mordake, and a thousand blue-caps more: Worcester is stolen away tonight, thy father's beard is turned white with the news: you may buy land now as cheap as stinking mackerel

P. Hen. Why, then, it is like, if there come a hot June, and this civil buffeting hold, we shall buy maidenheads as they buy hob-nails,

by the hundreds.

Fal. By the mass, lad, thou sayest true; it is like we shall have good trading that way .- But tell me, Hal, art thou not horribly afeard? thou being heir-apparent, could the world pick thee out three such enemies again as that fiend Douglas, that spirit Percy, and that devil Glendower? Art thou not horribly afraid? doth not thy blood thrill at it?

P. Hen. Not a whit, i'faith; I lack some of

thy instinct.

Fal. Well, thou wilt be horribly chid tomorrow when thou comest to thy father: if thou love me, practise an answer.

P. Hen. Do thou stand for my father! and examine me upon the particulars of my life.

Fal. Shall I? content:-this chair shall be my state, this dagger my sceptre, and this cushion my crown.

P. Hen. Thy state is taken for a joint-stool, thy golden sceptre for a leaden dagger, and thy precious rich crown for a pitiful bald crown!

Fal. Well, an the fire of grace be not quite out of thee, now shalt thou be moved.—Give me a cup of sack to make mine eyes look red, that it may be thought I have wept; for I must speak in passion, and I will do it in King Cambyses' vein. P. Hen. Well, here is my leg.

Fal. And here is my speech.—Stand aside,

Host. O Jesu, this is excellent sport, i'faith! Fal. Weep not, sweet queen; for trickling tears are vain.

Host. O' the father, how he holds his countenance! [ful queen;

Fal. For God's sake, lords, convey my trist-For tears do stop the floodgates of her eyes Host. O Jesu, he doth it as like one of these

harlotry players as ever I see!
Fal. Peace, good pint-pot; peace, good tickle-brain.—Harry, I do not only marvel where thou spendest thy time, but also how thou art accompanied: for though the camomile, the more it is trodden on, the faster it grows, yet youth, the more it is wasted, the sooner it wears. That thou art my son, I have partly thy mother's word, partly my own opinion; but chiefly a villainous trick of thine eye, and a foolish hanging of thy nether lip, that doth warrant me. If, then, thou be son to me, here lies the point; why, being son to me, art thou so pointed at? Shall the blessed sun of heaven prove a micher, and eat blackberries? a question not to be asked. Shall the son of England prove a thief, and take purses? a question to be asked. There is a thing, Harry, which thou hast often heard of, and it is known to

pitch, as ancient writers do report, doth defile; so doth the company thou keepest: for, Harry, now I do not speak to thee in drink, but in tears; not in pleasure, but in passion; not in words only, but in woes also:—and yet there is a virtuous man whom I have often noted in thy company, but I know not his name.

P. Hen. What manner of man, an it like

your majesty?

Fal. A goodly portly man, i'faith, and corpulent; of a cheerful look, a pleasing eye, and a most noble carnage; and, as I think, his age some fifty, or, by'r lady, inclining to threescore; and now I remember me, his name is Falstaff: if that man should be lewdly given, he deceiveth me; for, Harry, I see virtue in his looks. If, then, the tree may be known by the fruit, as the fruit by the tree, then, peremptorily I speak it, there is virtue in that Falstaff: him keep with, the rest banish. And tell me now, thou naughty variet, tell me, where hast thou been this month?

P. Hen. Dost thou speak like a king? Do thou stand for me, and I'll play my father.

Fal. Depose me? if thou dost it half so gravely, so majestically, both in word and matter, hang me up by the heels for a rabbitsucker or a poulter's hare.

P. Hen. Well, here I am set.

Fal. And here I stand:-judge, my masters. P. Hen. Now, Harry, whence come you? Fal. My noble lord, from Eastcheap. P. Hen. The complaints I hear of thee are

grievous. Fal. 'Sblood, my lord, they are false:-nay,

I'll tickle ye for a young prince, i' faith.

P. Hen. Swearest thou, ungracious boy? henceforth ne'er look on me. Thou art violently carried away from grace: there is a devil haunts thee, in the likeness of a fat old man,a tun of man is thy companion. Why dost thou converse with that trunk of humours, that bolting-hutch of beastliness, that swollen parcel of dropsies, that huge bombard of sack, that stuffed cloak-bag of guts, that roasted Man-ningtree ox, with the pudding in his belly, that reverend vice, that gray iniquity, that father ruffian, that vanity in years? Wherein is he good, but to taste sack and drink it? wherein nest and cleanly, but to carve a capon and est it? wherein cunning, but in craft? wherein crafty, but in villany? wherein villanous, but in all things? wherein worthy, but in nothing?

Fal. I would your grace would take me with

you: whom means your grace?

P. Hen. That villanous abominable misleader of youth, Falstaff, that old white-bearded

Fal. My lord, the man I know.

P. Hen. I know thou dost. Fal. But to say I know more harm in him than in myself, were to say more than I know. That he is old,—the more the pity,—his white hairs do witness it; but that he is,-saving your reverence,—a whoremaster, that I utterly deny. If sack and sugar be a fault, God help the wicked! If to be old and merry be a sin, then many an old host that I know is damned: if to

be fat be to be hated, then Pharaoh's lean kine

are to be loved. No, my good lord; banish Peto, banish Bardolph, banish Poins: but, for Paul's. Go, call him forth. sweet Jack Falstaff, kind Jack Falstaff, true Jack Falstaff, valiant Jack Falstaff, and therefore more valiant, being, as he is, old Jack Fal-staff, banish not him thy Harry's company, banish not him thy Harry's company .- banish , plump Jack, and banish all the world.

P. Hen. I do, I will. [A knocking heard. Exeunt Host., FRAN., and BARD.

Re-enter BARDOLPH, running.

Bard. O, my lord, my lord! the sheriff with a most monstrous watch is at the door.

Fal. Out, you rogue!-play out the play.-I have much to say in the behalf of that Falstaff.

Re-enter Hostess, hastily.

Host. O Jesu, my lord, my lord,-

P. Hen. Heigh, heigh! the devil rides upon a fiddle-stick: what's the matter?

Host. The sheriff and all the watch are at the door: they are come to search the house.

Shall I let them in? Fal. Dost thou hear, Hal? never call a true piece of gold a counterfest: thou art essentially

mad, without seeming so. P. Hen. And thou a natural coward, without

instinct.

Fal. I deny your major: if you will deny the sheriff, so; if not, let him enter; if I become not a cart as well as another man, a plague on my bringing up! I hope I shall as soon be strangled with a halter as another.

P. Hen. Go, hide thee behind the arras:the rest walk up above. Now, my masters, for

a true face and good conscience. Fal. Both which I have had; but their date is out, and therefore I'll hide me.

Exeunt all but the PRINCE and POINS. P. Hen. Call in the sheriff.

Enter Sheriff and Carrier.

Now, master sheriff, what is your will with me? Sher. First, pardon me, my lord. A hue and

Hath followed certain men unto this house. P. Hen. What men? flord.-

Sher. One of them is well known, my gracious A gross fat man.

Car. As fat as butter.

P. Hen. The man, I do assure you, is not here:

For I myself at this time have employ'd him. And, sheriff, I will engage my word to thee. That I will, by to-morrow dinner-time, Send him to answer thee, or any man,

For anything he shall be charg'd withal:

And so, let me entreat you leave the house. Sher. I will, my lord. There are two gentle-

Have in this robbery lost three hundred marks. P. Hen. It may be so: if he have robb'd these men

He shall be answerable; and so, farewell.

Sher. Good-night, my noble lord.

P. Hen. I think it is good-morrow, is it not? Sher. Indeed, my lord, I think it be two In strange eruptions; oft the teeming earth

P. Hen. This oily rascal is known as well as Poins. Falstaff!-fast asleep behind the arras.

and snorting like a horse.

P. Hen. Hark, how hard he fetches breath. Search his pockets. [Poins searches.] hast thou found?

Poins. Nothing but papers, my lord.
P. Hen. Let's see what they be: read them.

Poins. [Reads.] Item, A capon, 25. 2d. Item, Sauce, 4d. os. Item, Sack, two gallons. - 5s. 8d. Item, Anchovies and sack after supper2s. 6d. Item, Bread, o½d.

P. Hen. O monstrous! but one halfpennyworth of bread to this intolerable deal of sack!-What there is else, keep close; we'll read it at more advantage there let him sleep till day. I'll to the court in the morning. We must all to the wars, and thy place shall be honourable. I'll procure this fat rogue a charge of foot; and I know his death will be a march of twelve-score. The money shall be paid back again with advantage. Be with me betimes in the morning; and so, good-morrow, Poins.

Poins. Good-morrow, good my lord. Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I .- BANGOR. A Room in the ARCH-DEACON'S House.

Enter Hotspur, Worcester, Mortimer, and Glendower.

Mort. These promises are fair, the parties

And our induction full of prosperous hope Hot. Lord Mortimer, - and cousin Glen-

dower,-Will you sit down?-And uncle Worcester:-a plague upon it!

I have forgot the map. Glend. No, here it is.
Sit, cousin Percy; sit, good cousin Hotspur,—

For by that name as oft as Lancaster Doth speak of you, his cheek looks pale, and with

A rising sigh he wishes you in heaven. Hot. And you in hell, as often as he hears

Owen Glendower spoke of. Glend. I cannot blame him: at my nativity The front of heaven was full of fiery shapes,

Of burning cressets; and at my birth The frame and huge foundation of the earth

Shak'd like a coward. Why, so it would have done, Hot.

At the same season, if your mother's cat. Had but kitten'd, though yourself had ne'er been born.

Glend. I say the earth did shake when I was Hot. And I say the earth was not of my mind, If you suppose as fearing you it shook.

Glend. The heavens were all on fire, the

earth did tremble.

Hot. O, then the earth shook to see the heavens on fire,

And not in fear of your nativity. Diseased nature oftentimes breaks forth o'clock. [Exeunt Sheriff and Carrier. Is with a kind of colic pinch'd and vex'd

By the imprisoning of unruly wind striving, Your tenants, friends, and neighbouring gentle-Within her womb; which, for enlargement Shakes the old beidame earth, and topples down Steeples and moss-grown towers. At your birth, Our grandam earth, having this distemperature, In passion shook.

Ĝlend. Cousin, of many men I do not bear these crossings. Give me leave To tell you once again that at my birth The front of heaven was full of fiery shapes The goats ran from the mountains, and the herds Were strangely clamorous to the frighted fields. These signs have mark'd me extraordinary; And all the courses of my life do show I am not in the roll of common men. Where is he living,-clipp'd in with the sea That chides the banks of England, Scotland,

Wales,-Which calls me pupil, or hath read to me? And bring him out that is but woman's son Can trace me in the tedious ways of art. And hold me pace in deep experiments.

Hot. I think there is no man speaks better Welsh.-

I'll to dinner.

mad. Mort. Peace, cousin Percy; you will make him Gelding the opposite continent as much Glend. I can call spirits from the vasty deep.

Hot. Why, so can I, or so can any man; But will they come when you do call for them?

Glend. Why, I can teach thee, cousin, to command

The devil.

Hot. And I can teach thee, coz, to shame the devil

By telling truth: tell truth, and shame the devil! If thou have power to raise him, bring him hither, And I'll be sworn I have power to shame him hence.

O, while you live, tell truth, and shame the Mor. Come, come,

No more of this unprofitable chat.

Glend. Three times hath Henry Bolingbroke made head

Against my power; thrice from the banks of And sandy-bottom'd Severn have I sent him Bootless home and weather-beaten back. [too!

Hot. Home without boots, and in foul weather How 'scapes he agues, in the devil's name? Glend. Come, here's the map: shall we

divide our right

According to our threefold order ta'en?

Mort. The archdeacon hath divided it Into three limits very equally: England, from Trent and Severn hitherto. By south and east is to my part assign'd: All westward, Wales beyond the Severn shore, And all the fertile land within that bound, To Owen Glendower:--and, dear coz, to you The remnant northward, lying off from Trent. And our indentures tripartite are drawn; Which being sealed interchangeably, A business that this night may execute, To-morrow, cousin Percy, you, and I, And my good Lord of Worcester, will set forth To meet your father and the Scottish power, As is appointed us, at Shrewsbury. My father Glendower is not ready yet, Nor shall we need his help these fourteen days:-Within that space [to GLEND.] you may have drawn together

men.

Glend. A shorter time shall send me to you, lords: And in my conduct shall your ladies come;

From whom you now must steal, and take no leave:

For there will be a world of water shed Upon the parting of your wives and you.

Hot. Methinks my moiety, north from Burton here.

In quantity equals not one of yours: See how this river comes me cranking in And cuts me from the best of all my land A huge half-moon, a monstrous cantle out. I'll have the current in this place damm'd up; And here the smug and silver Trent shall run In a new channel, fair and evenly: It shall not wind with such a deep indent, To rob me of so rich a bottom here.

Glend. Not wind! it shall, it must; you see it doth

Mort. Yea. But mark how he bears his course and runs me With like advantage on the other side; As on the other side it takes from you.

Wor. Yea, but a little charge will trench him here,

And on this north side win this cape of land;

And then he runs straight and even. Hot. I'll have it so: a little charge will do it.

Glend. I will not have it alter'd Hot. Will not you?

Glend. No, nor you shall not.

Who shall say me nay? Hot. Glend. Why, that will I. Hot.

Let me not understand you, then; Speak in Welsh. Glend. I can speak English, lord, as well as For I was train'd up in the English court;

Where, being but young, I framed to the harp Many an English ditty, lovely well, And gave the tongue a helpful ornament,—

A virtue that was never seen in you. Hot. Marry, and I am glad of it with all my I had rather be a kitten and cry mew,

That one of these same metre ballad-mongers; I had rather hear a brazen candlestick turn'd, Or a dry wheel grate on the axle-tree; And that would set my teeth nothing on edge,

Nothing so much as mincing poetry:—
'Tis like the forc'd gait of a shuffling nag.

Glend. Come, you shall have Trent turn'd. Hot. I do not care; I'll give thrice so much land

To any well-deserving friend;

But in the way of bargain, mark ye me, I'll cavil on the ninth part of a hair.

Are the indentures drawn? shall we be gone? Glend. The moon shines fair; you may away by night:

I'll haste the writer, and withal Break with your wives of your departure hence:

I am afraid my daughter will run mad, So much she doteth on her Mortimer.

Mort. Fie, cousin Percy! how you cross my father!

Hot. I cannot choose: sometimes he angers With telling me of the moldwarp and the ant,

Of the dreamer Merlin and his prophecies, And of a dragon and a finless fish, A clip-wing'd griffin and a moulten raven, A couching hon and a ramping cat, And such a deal of skimble-skamble stuff As puts me from my faith. I tell you what, He held me last night at least nine hours In reckoning up the several devils' names That were his lackeys: I cried hum, and well,

go to, But mark'd him not a word. O, he's as tedious As is a tired horse, a railing wife; Worse than a smoky house:—I had rather live With cheese and garlic in a windmill, far, Than feed on cates and have him talk to me In any summer-house in Christendom.

Mort. In faith, he is a worthy gentleman; Exceedingly well read, and profited In strange concealments; valiant as a lion, And wondrous affable; and as bountiful As mines of India. Shall I tell you, cousin? He holds your temper in high respect, And curbs himself even of his natural scope When you do cross his humour; faith, he does: I warrant you, that man is not alive Might so have tempted him as you have done, Without the taste of danger and reproof: But do not use it oft, let me entreat you.

Wor. In faith, my lord, you are too wilfulblame;

And since your coming hither have done enough To put him quite beside his patience. You must needs learn, lord, to amend this fault:

Though sometimes it show greatness, courage, blood,-

And that's the dearest grace it renders you,-Yet oftentimes it doth present harsh rage, Defect of manners, want of government, Pride, haughtmess, opinion, and disdam: The least of which, haunting a nobleman, Loseth men's hearts, and leaves behind a stain Upon the beauty of all parts besides, Beguiling them of commendation.

Hot. Well, I am school'd: good manners be your speed!

Here come our wives, and let us take our leave.

Re-enter GLENDOWER, with LADY MORTIMER and LADY PERCY.

Mort. This is the deadly spite that angers

My wife can speak no English, I no Welsh. Glend. My daughter weeps: she will not part

with you; She'll be a soldier too, she'll to the wars. Mort. Good father, tell her that she and my

aunt Percy Shall follow in your conduct speedily. GLEND. speaks to LADY MORT. in Welsh,

and she answers him in the same. Glend. She's desperate here; a peevish, selfwill'd harlotry,

One that no persuasion can do good upon.
[LADY MORT. speaks to MORT. in Welsh. Mort. I understand thy looks: that pretty
Welsh heavens,

Which thou pour'st down from these welling I am too perfect in; and, but for shame,

In such a parley should I answer thee. [LADY MORT. speaks again. I understand thy kisses, and thou mine,

And that's a feeling disputation: But I will never be a truant, love,

Till I have learned thy language; for thy tongue Makes Welsh as sweet as ditties highly penn'd, Sung by a fair queen in a summer's bower. With ravishing division, to her lute. mad.

Glend. Nay, if you melt, then will she run [LADY MORT. speaks again.

Mort. O, I am ignorance itself in this! Glend. She bids you on the wanton rushes lay you down,

And rest your gentle head upon her lap And she will sing the song that pleaseth you, And on your eyelids crown the god of sleep, Charming your blood with pleasing heaviness; Making such difference betwixt wake and sleep As is the difference betwixt day and night. The hour before the heavenly harness'd team

Begins his golden progress in the east. [sing: Mort. With all my heart I'll sit and hear her By that time will our book, I think, be drawn.

Glend. Do so;

And those musicians that shall play to you Hang in the air a thousand leagues from hence: And straight they shall be here: sit, and attend. Hot. Come, Kate, thou art perfect in lying down: come, quick, quick, that I may lay my

head in thy lap. Lady P. Go, ye giddy goose.

The music plays. Hot. Now I perceive the devil understands Welsh;

And 'tis no marvel he's so humorous.

By'r lady, he's a good musician.

Lady P. Then should you be nothing but musical; for you are altogether governed by Lie still ye thief, and hear the lady

sing in Welsh. Hot. I had rather hear Lady, my brach,

howl in Irish. Lady P. Wouldst thou have thy head broken?

Hot. No.

Lady P. Then be still. Hot. Neither; 'tis a woman's fault. Lady P. Now God help thee!

Hot. To the Weish lady's bed. Lady P. What's that? Hot. Peace! she sings.

[A Welsh Song sung by LADY MORT. Hot. Come, Kate, I'll have your song too. Lady P. Not mine, in good sooth.

Hot. Not yours, in good sooth! 'Heart, you swear like a comfit-maker's wife! Not you, in good sooth; and, As true as I live; and As God

shall mend me; and, As sure as day: And giv'st such sarcenet surety for thy oaths. As if thou never walk'dst further than Finsbury.

Swear me, Kate, like a lady as thou art, A good mouth-filling oath; and leave in sooth, And such protest of pepper-gingerbread, To velvet guards and Sunday-citizens.

Come, sing.

Lady P. I will not sing.

Hot. 'Tis the next way to turn tailor, or be redbreast teacher. An the indentures be drawn, I'll away within these two hours; and so, come in when ye will. Exit.

Glend. Come, come, Lord Mortimer; you, That I did pluck allegiance from men's hearts, are as slow As hot Lord Percy is on fire to go. By this our book is drawn, we will but seal,

And then to horse immediately. Mort.

SCENE II .- LONDON. A Room in the Palace Enter King Henry, Prince Henry, and Lords.

Must have some conference; but be near at For we shall presently have need of you.

Exeunt Lords. I know not whether God will have it so, For some displeasing service I have done That, in his secret doom, out of my blood He'il breed revengement and a scourge for me; But thou dost, in thy passages of life, Make me believe that thou art only mark'd For the hot vengeance and the rod of heaven To punish my mistreadings. Tell me else, Could such inordinate and low desires, Such poor, such bare, such lewd, such mean attempts,

Such barren pleasures, rude society, As thou art match'd withal and grafted to, Accompany the greatness of thy blood, And hold their level with thy princely heart? P. Hen. So please your majesty, I would I could

Ouit all offences with as clear excuse. Às well as I am doubtless I can purge Myself of many I am charg'd withal: Yet such extenuation let me beg, As, in reproof of many tales devis'd,-Which oft the ear of greatness needs must hear,

By smiling pick-thanks and base newsmongers, I may, for some things true, wherein my youth Hath faulty wander'd and irregular,

Find pardon on my true submission.

K. Hen. God pardon thee!—yet let me wonder, Harry,

At thy affections, which do hold a wing Ouite from the flight of all thy ancestors. Thy place in council thou hast rudely lost, Which by thy younger brother is supplied; And art almost an alien to the hearts Of all the court and princes of my blood: The hope and expectation of thy time Is ruin'd; and the soul of every man Prophetically does forethink thy fall. Had I so lavish of my presence been, So common-hackney'd in the eyes of men, So stale and cheap to vulgar company,-Opinion, that did help me to the crown, Had still kept loyal to possession, And left me in reputeless banishment, A fellow of no mark nor likelihood. By being seldom seen, I could not stir But, like a comet, I was wonder'd at; That men would tell their children, This is he, Others would say,—Where, which is Bolingbroke?

And then I stole all courtesy from heaven, And dress'd myself in such humility

Loud shouts and salutations from their mouths, Even in the presence of the crowned king. Thus did I keep my person fresh and new; My presence, like a robe pontifical, With all my heart. I Ne'er seen but wonder'd at: and so my state, [Exeunt. Seldom but sumptuous, showed like a feast, And won by rareness such solemnity. The skipping king, he ambled up and down With shallow jesters and rash bavin wits, Soon kindled and soon burn'd: carded his state; Mingled his royalty with carping fools; K. Hen. Lords, give us leave; the Prince of Had his great name profaned with their scorns;
Wales and I [hand, And gave his countenance, against his name, To laugh at gibing boys, and stand the push Of every beardless vain comparative; Grew a companion to the common streets. Enfeoff'd himself to popularity; That, being daily swallow'd by men's eyes, They surfeited with honey, and began To loathe the taste of sweetness, whereof a little More than a little is by much too much. So, when he had occasion to be seen, He was but as the cuckoo is in June, Heard, nor regarded,—seen, but with such eyes, As, sick and biunted with community, Afford no extraordinary gaze, Such as is bent on sun-like majesty When it shines seldom in admiring eyes: But rather drowz'd, and hung their eyelids down,

Slept in his face, and render'd such aspect As cloudy men use to their adversaries, Being with his presence, glutted, gorg'd, and full.

And in that very line, Harry, stand'st thou; For thou hast lost thou princely privilege With vile participation: not an eye But is a-weary of thy common sight, Save mine, which hath desir'd to see thee more; Which now doth that I would not have it do,-Make blind itself with foolish tenderness.

P. Hen. I shall hereafter, my thrice-gracious lord,

Be more myself.

K. Hen. For all the world. As thou art to this hour, was Richard then When I from France set foot at Ravenspurg; And even as I was then is Percy now. Now, by my sceptre, and my soul to boot, He hath more worthy interest to the state Than thou, the shadow of succession: For, of no right, nor colour like to right, He doth fill fields with harness in the realm; Turns heads against the lion's armed jaws; And, being no more in debt to years than thou, Leads ancient lords and reverend bishops on To bloody battles and to bruising arms. What never-dying honour hath he got Against renowned Douglas! whose high deeds, Whose hot incursions, and great name in arms, Holds from all soldiers chief majority [Christ: And military title capital Through all the kingdoms that acknowledge Thrice hath this Hotspur Mars in swathingclothes,

This infant warrior, in his enterprises Discomfited great Douglas; ta'en him once, Enlarged him, and made a friend of him, To fill the mouth of deep defiance up,

And what say you to this? Percy, Northumberland

The Archbishop's grace of York, Douglas, Mortimer,

Capitrlate against us, and are up. But wherefore do I tell these news to thee? Why, Harry, do I tell thee of my foes, Which art my near'st and dearest enemy? Thou that art like enough,—through vassal fear, Base inclination, and the start of spleen,-To fight against me under Percy's pay, To dog his heels, and court'sy at his frowns, To show how much thou art degenerate.

P. Hen. Do not think so, you shall not find it so:

And God forgive them that have so much

sway'd Your majesty's good thoughts away from me! I will redeem all this on Percy's head, And, in the closing of some glonous day, Be bold to tell you that I am your son; When I will wear a garment all of blood, And stain my favours in a bloody mask, Which, wash'd away, shall scour my shame with And that shall be the day, whene'er it lights, That this same child of honour and renown, This gallant Hotspur, this all-praised knight, And your unthought-of Harry chance to meet. For every honour sitting on his helm, Would they were multitudes, and on my head My shames redoubled! for the time will come That I shall make this northern youth exchange His glorious deeds for my indignities. Percy is but my factor, good my lord, To engross up glorious deeds on my behalf; And I will call him to so strict account, That he shall render every glory up. Yea, even the slightest worship of his time, Or I will tear the reckoning from his heart. This, in the name of God, I promise here: The which if he be pleas'd I shall perform, I do beseech your majesty, may salve The long-grown wounds of my intemperance: If not, the end of hie cancels all bands; And I will die a hundred thousand deaths Ere I break the smallest parcel of this vow.

K. Hen. A hundred thousand rebels die in this:herein.

Enter SIR WALTER BLUNT.

How now, good Blunt! thy looks are full of speed. speak of.

Blunt. So hath the business that I come to Lord Mortimer of Scotland hath sent word That Douglas and the English rebels met The eleventh of this month at Shrewsbury: A mighty and fearful head they are, If promises be kept on every hand, As ever offer'd foul play in a state.

K. Hen. The Earl of Westmoreland set forth to-day;

With him my son, Lord John of Lancaster; For this advertisement is five days old:-On Wednesday next, Harry, you shall set forward:

On Thursday we ourselves will march: Our meeting is Bridgenorth; and, Harry, you heart-burn'd.

And shake the peace and safety of our throne. Shall march through Glostershire; by which account.

> Our business valued, some twelve days hence Our general forces at Bridgenorth shall meet. Our hands are full of business: let's away: Advantage feeds him fat while men delay,

> > Exeunt.

SCENE III .- EASTCHEAP. A Room in the Boar's Head Tavern.

Enter Falstaff and Bardolph.

Fal. Bardolph, am I not fallen away vilely since this last action? do I not bate? do I not dwindle? Why, my skin hangs about me like an old lady's loose gown; I am withered like an old apple-john. Well, I'll repent, and that suddenly, while I am in some liking; I shall be out of heart shortly, and then I shall have no strength to repent. An I have not forgotten what the inside of a church is made of, I am a peppercorn, a brewer's horse: the inside of a church! Company, villanous company, hath been the spoil of me.

Bard. Sir John, you are so fretful, you can-

not live long.

Fal. Why, there is it: come, sing me a bawdy song; make me merry. I was as virtuously given as a gentleman need to be; virtuous enough; swore little; diced not above seven times a week; went to a bawdy-house not above once in a quarter-of an hour; paid money that I borrowed-three or four times: hved well, and in good compass: and now I hve out of all order, out of all compass.

Bard. Why, you are so fat, Sir John, that you must needs be out of all compass, out of all

reasonable compass, Sir John.

Fal. Do thou amend thy face, and I'll amend. my life: thou art our admiral, thou bearest the lantern in the poop,-but 'tis in the nose of thee; thou art the Knight of the Burning Lamp.

Bard. Why, Sir John, my face does you no harm

Fal. No, I'll be sworn; I make as good use of it as many a man doth of a Death's head or a memento mori: I never see thy face but I think upon hell-fire, and Dives that lived in purple; for there he is in his robes, burning, burning. Thou shalt have charge and sovereign trust If thou wert any way given to virtue, I would swear by thy face; my oath should be, By this fire, that's God's angel, but thou art altogether given ever; and wert indeed, but for the light in thy face, the son of utter darkness. When thou rannest up Gadshill in the night to catch my horse, if I did not think thou hadst been an igns fatuus or a ball of wildfire, there's no purchase in money. O, thou art a perpetual triumph, an everlasting bonfire light! Thou hast saved me a thousand marks in links and torches, walking with thee in the night betwixt tavern and tavern: but the sack that thou hast drunk me would have bought me lights as good cheap at the dearest chandler's in Europe. have maintained that salamander of yours with fire any time this two-and-thirty years; God reward me for it! [belly! Bard. 'Sblood, I would my face were in your

Fal. God-a-mercy! so should I be sure to be

Enter Hostess.

How now, Dame Partlet the hen! have you in-

quired yet who picked my pocket?

Host. Why, Sir John, what do you think, Sir John? do you think I keep thieves in my house? I have searched, I have inquired, so has my husband, man by man, boy by boy, servant by servant: the tithe of a hair was never lost in my house before.

Fal. You lie, hostess: Bardolph was shaved, and lost many a hair; and I'll be sworn my pocket was picked. Go to, you are a woman,

Host. Who, I? no; I defy thee: God's light, I was never called so in mine own house before. Fal. Go to, I know you well enough.

Host. No, Sir John; you do not know me, r John. I know you, Sir John: you owe me money, Sir John; and now you pick a quarrel

to beguile me of it: I bought you a dozen of shirts to your back.

Fal. Dowlas, filthy dowlas: I have given them away to bakers' wives, and they have made bolters of them.

Host. Now, as I am a true woman, holland of eight shillings an ell. You owe money here besides, Sir John, for your diet and by-drinkings, and money lent you, four-and-twenty pound.

Fal. He had his part of it; let him pay.

Host. He? alas, he is poor; he hath nothing. Fal. How, poor? look upon his face; what call you rich? let them coin his nose, let them coin his cheeks: I'll not pay a demer. What, will you make a younker of me? shall I not take mine ease in mine inn, but I shall have my pocket picked? I have lost a seal-ring of my grandfather's worth forty mark.

Host. O Jesu, I have heard the prince tell him, I know not how oft, that that ring was

copper!

Fal. How! the prince is a Jack, a sneak-cup: 'sblood, an he were here I would cudgel him like a dog if he would say so.

Enter Prince Henry and Poins, marching. FALSTAFF meets the PRINCE, playing on his truncheon like a fife.

Fal. How now, lad! is the wind in that door, i' faith? must we all march?

Bard. Yea, two and two, Newgate-fashion.

Host. My lord, I pray you, hear me.
P. Hen. What sayest thou, Mistress Quickly? How does thy husband? I love him well; he is an honest man.

Host. Good my lord, hear me.

Fal. Pr'ythee, let her alone, and list to me. P. Hen. What sayest thou, Jack?

Fal. The other night I fell asleep here behind the arras, and had my pocket picked: this house is turned bawdy-house; they pick pockets.

P. Hen. What didst thou lose, Jack? Fal. Wilt thou believe me, Hal? three or four bonds of forty pound a-piece, and a seal-

ring of my grandfather's.

P. Hen. A trifle, some eight-penny matter. Host. So I told him, my lord; and I said I heard your grace say so: and, my lord, he confess, then, you picked my pocket?

speaks most vilely of you, like a foul-mouthed man as he is, and said he would cudgel you.

P. Hen. What! he did not?

Host. There's neither faith, truth, nor wom-

anhood in me else.

Fal. There's no more faith in thee than in a stewed prune; nor no more truth in thee than in a drawn fox; and for womanhood, Maid Marian may be the deputy's wife of the ward to thee. Go, you thing, go.

Host. Say, what thing? what thing?

Fal. What thing! why, a thing to thank God

Host. I am no thing to thank God on, I would thou shouldst know it; I am an honest man's wife; and, setting thy knighthood aside, thou art a knave to call me so.

Fal. Setting thy womanhood aside, thou art

a beast to say otherwise.

Host. Say, what beast, thou knave, thou?

Fal. What beast! why, an otter.

P. Hen. An otter, Sir John! why an otter? Fal. Why, she's neither fish nor flesh; a man knows not where to have her.

Host. Thou art an unjust man in saying so: thou or any man knows where to have me, thou knave; thou!

P. Hen. Thou sayest true, hostess; and he slanders thee most grossly.

Host. So he doth you, my lord; and said this other day you ought him a thousand pound.

P. Hen. Sirrah, do I owe you a thousand pound? Fal. A thousand pound, Hal! a million: thy

love is worth a million; thou owest me thy love. Host. Nay, my lord, he call'd you Jack, and said he would cudgel you.

Fal. Did I, Bardolph?

Bard. Indeed, Sir John, you said so. Fal. Yea,—if he said my ring was copper. P. Hen. I say 'tis copper: darest thou be as

good as thy word now? Fal. Why, Hal, thou knowest, as thou art but man, I dare: but as thou art prince, I fear thee, as I fear the roaring of the hon's whelp.

P. Hen. And why not as the lion?

Fal. The king himself is to be feared as the lion: dost thou think I'll fear thee as I fearthy father? nay, an I do, I pray God my girdle

P. Hen. O, if it should, how would thy guts fall about thy knees! But, sirrah, there's no room for faith, truth, nor honesty, in this bosom of thine,-it is all filled up with guts and midriff. Charge an honest woman with picking thy pocket! Why, thou whoreson, impudent, embossed rascal, if there were anything in thy pocket but tavern-reckonings, memorandums of bawdy-houses, and one poor penny-worth of sugar-candy to make thee long-winded,- if thy pocket were enriched with any other injuries but these, I am a villain: and yet you will stand to it; you will not pocket-up wrong: art thou not ashamed?

Fal. Dost thou hear, Hal? thou knowest in the state of innocency Adam fell; and what should poor Jack Falstaff do in the days of villainy? Thou seest I have more flesh than another man, and therefore more frailty. You

P. Hen. It appears so by the story.

Fal. Hostess, I forgive thee: go, make ready breakfast; love thy husband, look to thy! servants, cherish thy guests: thou shalt find me tractable to any honest reason: thou seest I am pacified.—Still?—Nay, prythee, be gone. [Exit Hostess.] Now, Hal, to the news at court: for the robbery, lad,—how is that answered?

P. Hen. O, my sweet beef, I must still be good angel to thee:—the money is paid back again.

Fal. O, I do not like that paying back; 'tis a double labour.

P. Hen. I am good friends with my father,

and may do anything.

Fal. Rob me the exchequer the first thing thou doest, and do it with unwashed hands too.

Bard. Do, my lord. [of foot.

Bota. Do, my notar.

P. Hen. I have procured thee, Jack, a charge
Fal. I would it had been of horse. Where
shall I find one that can steal well? O for a
fine thief, of the age of two-and-twenty or
thereabouts! I am henously unprovided.
Well, God be thanked for these rebels,—they
offend none but the virtuous: I laud them, I
wraise them.

P. Hen. Bardolph,

Bard. My lord. [Lancaster, P. Hen. Go bear this letter to Lord John of To my brother John; this to my Lord of Westmoreland. [Exit BARDOLPH. Go, Poins, to horse, to horse; for thou and I have thirty miles to ride yet ere dinner-time.—

Jack, meet me to-morrow in the Temple-hall
At two o'clock in the afternoon:
There shalt thou know thy charge, and there
Money and order for their furniture.

Money and order for them are many free land is burning; Percy stands on high; And either they or we must lower lie. [Exit. Fal. Rare words! brave world!—Hostess, my breakfast; come:—

O, I could wish this tavern were my drum! [Exit.

ACT IV.

Scene I.—The Rebel Camp near Shrewsbury.

Enter Hotspur, Worcester, and Douglas.

Hot. Well said, my noble Scot: if speaking I

In this fine age were not thought flattery, Such attribution should the Douglas have, As not a soldier of this season's stamp Should go so general current through the world. By heaven, I cannot flatter; I defy The tongues of soothers; but a braver place in my heart's love hath no man than yourself: Nay, task me to my word; approve me, lord. Doug. Thou art the king of honour:

No man so potent breathes upon the ground But I will beard him.

Hot. Do so, and 'fis well.—

Enter a Messenger with letters.

What letters hast thou there?—I can but thank
you.

you.

Mess. These letters come from your father,—

Hot. Letters from him! why comes he not
himself?

Mess. He cannot come, my lord; he's grievous sick.

Hot. Zounds! how has he the leisure to be sick
In such a justling time? Who leads his power?

Under whose government come they along?

Mess. His letters bear his mind, not I, my

lord. [bed? Wor. I pr'ythee, tell me, doth he keep his Mess. He did, my lord, four days ere I set

forth; and at the time of my departure thence

He was much fear'd by his physicians.

Wor. I would the state of time had first been whole

Ere he by sickness had been visited:
His health was never better worth than now.
Hot. Sick now! droop now! this sickness
doth infect

The very life-blood of our enterprise;
'Tis catching hither, even to our camp.—
He writes me here that inward sickness,—
And that his friends by deputation could not
So soon be drawn; nor did he think it meet
To lay so dangerous and dear a trust
On any soul remov'd, but on his own.
Yet doth he give us bold advertisement,
That with our small conjunction we should on,
To see how fortune is dispos'd to us;
For, as he writes, there is no qualing now,
Because the king is certainly possess'd
Of all our purposes. What say you to it?
Wor. Your father's sickness is a maint ous.

Wor. Your father's sickness is a maim to us.

Hot. A perilous gash, a very limb lopp'd

off:—

And yet, in faith, 'tis not; his present want Seems more than we shall find it:—were it good To set the exact wealth of all our states All at one cast? to set so rich a main On the nice hazard of one doubtful hour? It were not good; for therein should we read The very bottom and the soul of hope, The yery list, the very utmost bound Of all our fortunes.

Doug. Faith, and so we should; Where now remains a sweet reversion; We may boldly spend upon the hope of what Is to come in:

A comfort of retirement lives in this.

Hot. A rendezvous, a home to fly unto,
If that the devil and mischance look-big
Upon the maidenhead of our affairs. [he

Wor. But yet I would your father had been The quality and hair of our attempt Brooks no division: it will be thought By some, that know not why he is away, That wisdom, loyalty, and mere dislike Of our proceedings, kept the earl from hence: And think how such an apprehension May turn the tide of fearful faction, And breed a kind of question in our cause; For well you know we of the offering side Must keep aloof from strict arbitrement, And stop all sight-holes, every loop from whence The eye of reason may pry in upon us: This absence of your father's draws a curtain That shows the ignorant a kind of fear Before not dreamt of.

Hot. You strain too far.

I, rather, of his absence make this use:—

Exeunt.

It lends a lustre and more great opinion,
A larger dare to our great enterprise,
Than if the earl were here: for men must think,
If we, without his help, can make a head
To push against the kingdom, with his help
We shall o'erturn it topsy-turry down.—
Yet all goes well, yet all our joints are whole.
Doug. As heart can think: there is not such

a word

Spoke in Scotland as this term of fear.

Enter SIR RICHARD VERNON.

Hot. My cousin Vernoni welcome, by my soul. [lord.

Ver. Pray God my news be worth a welcome, The Earl of Westmoreiand, seven thousand strong, Is marching hitherwards; with him Prince

John.

Hot. No harm:—what more?

Ver.

And further, I have learn'd

The king himself in person is set forth, Or hitherwards intended speedily, With strong and mighty preparation. [son,

Hot. He shall be welcome too. Where is his The nimble-footed madcap Prince of Wales And his comrades, that daff'd the world aside, And bid it pass?

Ver. All furnish'd, all in arms; All plum'd like estridges, that wing the wind; Bated like eagles having lately bath'd; Ghittering in golden coats, like images; As full of spirit as the month of May, And gorgeous as the sun at midsummer; Wanton as youthful goats, wild as young bulls. I saw young Harry,—with his beaver on, His cuisses on his thighs, gallantly arm'd,—Rise from the ground like feather'd Mercury, And vaulted with such ease into his seat, As if an angel dropp'd down from the clouds, To turn and wind a fiery Pegasus, And witch the world with noble horsemanship. Hot. No more, no more; worse than the sun

in March,

This praise doth nourish agues. Let them come.

They come like sacrifices in their trim,
And to the fire'ey'd maid of smoky war,
All hot and bleeding, will we offer them:
The mailed Mars shall on his altar sit,
Up to the ears in blood. I am on fire
To hear this rich reprisal is so nigh.
And yet not ours.—Come, let me taste my
horse,

Who is to bear me, like a thunderbolt, Against the bosom of the Prince of Wales: Harry to Harry shall, hot horse to horse, Meet, and ne'er part till one drop down a

corse.— O that Glendower were come!

Ver. There is more news: I rode along, He cannot draw his power this fourteen days.

Doug. That's the worst tidings that I hear

of yet. [sound. Wor. Ay, by my faith, that bears a frosty Hot. What may the king's whole battle reach unto?

Ver. To thirty thousand.

Hot.

My father and Glendower being both away,
The powers of us may serve so great a day.
Come, let us take a muster speedily:
Doomsday is near; die all, die merrily.
Doug. Talk not of dying; I am out of fear
Of death or death's hand for this one half-year.

Scene II .- A Public Road near Coventry.

Enter Falstaff and Bardolph.

Fal. Bardolph, get thee before to Coventry; fill me a bottle of sack; our soldiers shall march through; we'll to Sutton-Cop-hill to-night.

Bard. Will you give me money, captain?

Fal. Lay out, lay out.

Bard. This bottle makes an angel. Fal. An if it do, take it for thy labour; and if it make twenty, take them all; I'll answer the comage. Bid my lieutenant Peto meet me at the town's end.

Bard. I will, captain: farewell. Fal. If I be not ashamed of my soldiers, I am a soused gurnet. I have misused the king's press damnably. I have got, in exchange of a hundred and fifty soldiers, three hundred and odd pounds. I press me none but good householders, yeomen's sons; inquire me out contracted bachelors, such as had been asked twice on the bans; such a commodity of warm slaves as had as lief hear the devil as a drum; such as fear the report of a caliver worse than a struck fowl or a hurt wild-duck. I pressed me none but such toasts-and-butter, with hearts in their bellies no bigger than pins' heads, and they have bought out our services; and now my whole charge consists of ancients, corporals, heutenants, gentlemen of companies, slaves as ragged as Lazarus in the painted cloth, where the glutton's dogs licked his sores; and such as, indeed, were never soldiers, but discarded unjust serving-men, younger sons to younger brothers, revolted tapsters, and ostlers tradefallen; the cankers of a calm world and a long peace; ten times more dishonourable ragged than an old-faced ancient; and such have I, to fill up the rooms of them that have bought out their services, that you would think that I had a hundred and fifty tattered prodigals lately come from swine-keeping, from eating draff and husks. A mad fellow met me on the way, and told me I had unloaded all the gibbets, and pressed the dead bodies. No eye hath seen such scarecrows. I'll not march through Coventry with them, that's flat:-nay, and the villains march wide betwixt the legs, as if they had gyves on; for, indeed, I had the most of them out of prison. There's but a shirt and a half in all my company; and the half-shirt is two napkins tacked together and thrown over the shoulders like a herald's coat without sleeves; and the shirt, to say the truth, stolen from my host at Saint Alban's, or the red-nose innkeeper of Daventry. But that's all one; they'll find linen enough on every hedge.

Enter PRINCE HENRY and WESTMORELAND.

P. Hen. How now, blown Jack! how now, quilt!

Fal. What, Hall how now, mad wag! what And now their pride and mettle is asleep, a devil dost thou in Warwickshire?-My good Lord of Westmoreland, I cry you mercy: I thought your honour had already been at Shrewsbury.

West. Faith, Sir John, 'tis more than time, that I were there, and you too; but my powers are there already. The king, I can tell you, looks for us all: we must away all night.

Pal. Tut, never fear me: I am as vigilant as

a cat to steal cream.

P. Hen. I think, to steal cream, indeed; for thy theft hath already made thee butter. But tell me, Jack, whose fellows are these that come after?

Fal: Mine, Hal, mine.

P. Hen. I did never see such pitiful rascals. Fal. Tut, tut; good enough to toss; food for You were of our determination!

West. Ay, but, Sir John, methinks they are

exceeding poor and bare,—too beggarly.

Fal. Faith, for their poverty, I know not where they had that; and for their bareness, I am sure they never learned that of me.

P. Hen. No, I'll be sworn; unless you call three fingers on the ribs bare. But, sirrah, make haste: Percy is already in the field.

Fal. What, is the king encamped? West. He is, Sir John: I fear we shall stay

too long. Fal. Well [a feast To the latter end of a fray and the beginning of Fits a dull fighter and a keen guest.

SCENE III .- The Rebel Camp near Shrewsbury.

Enter HOTSPUR, WORCESTER, DOUGLAS, and VERNON.

Hot. We'll fight with him to-night.

Wor. It may not be. Doug. You give him, then, advantage. Ver. Not a whit. Hot. Why say you so? looks he not for supply?

Ver. So do we Hot. His is certain, ours is doubtful.

Wor. Good cousin, be advis'd; stir not tonight.

Ver. Do not, my lord

You do not counsel well: You speak it out of fear and cold heart. Ver. Do me no slander, Douglas: by my

life,-And I dare well maintain it with my life,-If well-respected honour bid me on, I hold as little counsel with weak fear As you, my lord, or any Scot that lives:-

Let it be seen to-morrow in the battle Which of us fears Doug. Yea, or to-night.

Ver. Content.

Hot. To-night, say I. Ver. Come, come, it may not be. much, I wonder Being men of such great leading as you are, That you foresee not what impediments Drag back our expedition: certain horse Of my cousin Vernon's are not yet come up: Your uncle Worcester's horse came but to-day;

Their courage with hard labour tame and dull. That not a horse is half the half of himself.

Hot. So are the horses of the enemy In general, journey-bated and brought low: The better part of ours is full of rest.

Wor. The number of the king exceedeth ours. For God's sake, cousin, stay till all come in.

The trumpet sounds a parley.

Enter SIR WALTER BLUNT.

Blunt. I come with gracious offers from the king,

If you vouchsafe me hearing and respect. Hot. Welcome, Sir Walter Blunt; and would to God

powder, food for powder; they'll fill a put as Some of us love you well; and even those some well as better: tush, man, mortal men, mortal Envy your great deservings and good name, Because you are not of our quality,

But stand against us like an enemy. [stand so, Blunt. And God defend but still I should So long as out of limit and true rule

You stand against anointed majesty! But, to my charge.-The king hath sent to know

The nature of your griefs; and whereupon You conjure from the breast of civil peace Such bold hostility; teaching his duteous land Audacious cruelty. If that the king Have any way your good deserts forgot,-Which he confesseth to be manifold, He bids you name your griefs; and with all speed You shall have your desires with interest, And pardon absolute for yourself, and these Herein misled by your suggestion.

Hot. The king is kind; and well we know the Knows at what time to promise, when to pay. My father and my uncle and myself Did give him that same royalty he wears; And when he was not six-and-twenty strong Sick in the world's regard, wretched and low, A poor unminded outlaw sneaking home, My father gave him welcome to the shore; And when he heard him swear, and vow to God, He came but to be Duke of Lancaster, To sue his livery and beg his peace, With tears of innocency and terms of zeal,-My father, in kind heart and pity mov'd, Swore him assistance, and perform'd it too. Now, when the lords and barons of the realm Perceiv'd Northumberland did lean to him, The more and less came in with cap and knee; Met him in boroughs, cities, villages; Attended him on bridges, stood in lanes, Laid gifts before him, proffer'd him their oaths, Gave him their heirs as pages, follow'd him Even at the heels in golden multitudes. He presently,—as greatness knows itself,— Steps me a little higher than his vow Made to my father, while his blood was poor, Upon the naked shore at Ravenspurg: And now, forsooth, takes on him to reform Some certain edicts, and some strait decrees, That lie too heavy on the commonwealth; Cries out upon abuses, seems to weep Over his country's wrongs; and, by this face, This seeming brow of justice, did be win The hearts of all that he did angle for:

Proceeded further; cut me off the heads Of all the favourites that the absent king In deputation left behind him here, When he was personal in the Irish war. Blunt. Tut, I came not to hear this. Hot. Then to the point.

In short time after, he depos'd the king, Soon after that, depriv'd him of his life; And, in the neck of that, task'd the whole state To make that worse, sufier'd his kinsman

March,-Who is, if every owner were well plac'd, Indeed his king,—to be incag'd in Wales There without ransom to he forfeited; Disgrac'd me in my happy victories; Sought to entrap me by intelligence; Rated my uncle from the council-board: In rage dismiss'd my father from the court, Broke oath on oath, committed wrong on wrong:

And, in conclusion, drove us to seek out This head of safety; and withal to pry Into his title, the which we find Too indirect for long continuance.

Blunt. Shall I return this answer to the king? Hot. Not so, Sir Walter: we'll withdraw awhile.

Go to the king; and let there be impawn'd Some surety for a safe return again, And in the morning early shall my uncle Bring him our purposes: and so, farewell.

Blunt. I would you would accept of grace and love.

Hot. And may be so we shall. Blunt.

Pray God you do! Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- YORK. A Room in the ARCH-BISHOP'S House.

Enter the ARCHBISHOP OF YORK, and SIR MICHAEL.

Arch. Hie, good Sir Michael; bear this sealed brief

With winged haste to the lord marshal; This to my cousin Scroop; and all the rest To whom they are directed. If you knew How much they do import, you would make haste.

Sir M. My good lord,

I guess their tenor. Like enough you do. To-morrow, good Sir Michael, is a day Wherein the fortune of ten thousand men Must bide the touch; for, sir, at Shrewsbury, As I am truly given to understand, The king, with mighty and quick-raised power, Meets with Lord Harry: and I fear, Sir Michael, What with the sickness of Northumberland,-Whose power was in the first proportion, And what with Owen Glendower's absence thence,

Who with them was a rated sinew too, And comes not in, o'erruled by prophecies,-I fear the power of Percy is too weak To wage an instant trial with the king.

Sir M. Why, my good lord, you need not fear;

there is Douglas, And Lord Mortimer.

Arch.

Str M. But there is Mordake, Vernon, Lord Harry Percy,

And there is my Lord of Worcester; and a head Of gallant warriors, noble gentlemen.

Arch. And so there is; but yet the king hath

The special head of all the land together:-The Prince of Wales, Lord John of Lancaster, The noble Westmoreland, and warlike Blunt; And many more corrivals and dear men Of estimation and command in arms. [oppos'd.

Sir M. Doubt not, my lord, they shall be well Arch. I hope no less, yet needful 'tis to fear; And, to prevent the worst, Sir Michael, speed: For if Lord Percy thrive not, ere the king Dismiss his power, he means to visit us,-For he hath heard of our confederacy,-And 'tis but wisdom to make strong against him: Therefore make haste. I must go write again To other friends; and so, farewell, Sir Michael. Exeunt severally.

ACT V.

Scene I .- The King's Camp near Shrewsburu.

Enter King Henry, Prince Henry, Prince JOHN OF LANCASTER, SIR WALTER BLUNT, and SIR JOHN FALSTAFF.

K. Hen. How bloodily the sun begins to peer Above you bosky hill! the day looks pale At his distemperature.

The southern wind P. Hen. Doth play the trumpet to his purposes, And by his hollow whistling in the leaves Foretells a tempest and a blustering day. K. Hen. Then with the losers let it sympa-

thize. For nothing can seem foul to those that win.

[Trumpets sound.

Enter WORCESTER and VERNON.

How now, my lord of Worcester! 'tis not well That you and I should meet upon such terms As now we meet. You have deceiv'd our trust; And made us doff our easy robes of peace, To crush our old limbs in ungentle steel; This is not well, my lord, this is not well. What say you to it? will you again unknit This churlish knot of all-abhorred war? And move in that obedient orb again Where you did give a fair and natural light; And be no more an exhal'd meteor, A prodigy of fear, and a portent Of broached mischief to the unborn times?

Wor. Hear me, my liege: For mine own part, I could be well content To entertain the lag-end of my life With quiet hours; for, I do protest,
I have not sought the day of this dislike.
K. Hen. You have not sought it! how comes

it, then? Fal. Rebellion lay in his way, and he found P. Hen. Peace, chewet, peace! [looks Wor. It pleas'd your majesty to turn your

Of favour from myself and all our house; And yet I must remember you, my lord, We were the first and dearest of your friends. No. Mortimer is not there. For you my staff of office did I break

In Richard's time; and posted day and night To meet you on the way, and kiss your hand, When yet you were in place and in account. Nothing so strong and fortunate as I. It was myself, my brother, and his son, That brought you home, and boldly did outdare The dangers of the time: you swore to us,-And you did swear that oath at Doncaster,-That you did nothing purpose 'gainst the state; Nor claim no further than your new-fall'n right, The seat of Gaunt, dukedom of Lancaster: To this we swore our aid. But in short space It rain'd down fortune showering on your head, And such a flood of greatness fell on you,— What with our help, what with the absent king, What with the injuries of a wanton time, The seeming sufferances that you had borne, And the contranous winds that held the king So long in his unlucky Irish wars That all in England did repute him dead,-And, from this swarm of fair advantages, You took occasion to be quickly woo'd To gripe the general sway into your hand; Forgot your oath to us at Doncaster; And, being fed by us, you us'd us so As that ungentle gull, the cuckoo's bird, Useth the sparrow,—did oppress our nest, Grew by our feeding to so great a bulk [sight That even our love durst not come near your For fear of swallowing; but, with nimble wing We were enforc'd, for safety-sake, to fly Out of your sight, and raise this present head: Whereby we stand opposed by such means As you yourself have forg'd against yourself; By unkind usage, dangerous countenance, And violation of all faith and troth

Sworn to us in your younger enterprise.

K. Hen. These things, indeed, you have articulated.

Proclaim'd at market-crosses, read in churches; To face the garment of rebellion With some fine colour that may please the eye Of fickle changelings and poor discontents, Which gape and rub the elbow at the news Of hurlyburly innovation: And never yet did insurrection want Such water-colours to impaint his cause; Nor moody beggars, starving for a time Of pellmell havoc and confusion. a soul

. Hen. In both our armes there is many Shall pay full dearly for this encounter, If once they join in trial. Tell your nephew, The Prince of Wales doth join with all the

world In praise of Henry Percy: by my hopes This present enterprise set off his head, I do not think a braver gentleman, More active-valuant or more valiant-young, More daring or more bold, is now alive To grace this latter age with noble deeds. For my part, I may speak it to my shame, I have a truant been to chivalry: And so I hear he doth account me too: Yet this before my father's majesty,-I am content that he shall take the odds, Of his great name and estimation, And will, to save the blood on either side, Try fortune with him in a single fight.

K. Hen. And, Prince of Wales, so dare we

venture thee.

Albeit considerations infinite Do make against it .- No, good Worcester, no. We love our people well; even those we love That are misled upon your cousin's part; And, will they take the offer of our grace, Both he, and they, and you, yea, every man Shall be my friend again, and I'll be his: So tell your cousin, and bring me word What he will do: but if he will not yield, Rebuke and dread correction wait upon us, And they shall do their office. Do, be gone: We will not now be troubled with reply: We offer fair; take it advisedly.

Exeunt WOR. and VER. P. Hen. It will not be accepted, on my life: The Douglas and the Hotspur both together Are confident against the world in arms.

K. Hen. Hence, therefore, every leader to his charge:

For, on their answer, will we set on them: And God befriend us, as our cause is just! [Exeunt King, Blunt, and P. John.

Fal. Hal, if thou see me down in the battle, and bestride me, so; 'tis a point of friendship. P. Hen. Nothing but a colossus can do thee that friendship. Say thy prayers, and farewell. Fal. I would it were bed-time, Hal, and all well.

P. Hen. Why, thou owest God a death.

Fal. 'Tis not due yet; I would be loth to pay him before his day. What need I be so forward with him that calls not on me? Well, 'tis no matter; honour pricks me on. Yea, but how if honour prick me off when I come on? how then? Can honour set-to a leg? no: or an arm? no: or take away the grief of a wound? no. Honour hath no skill in surgery, then? no. What is honour? a word. What is in that word, honour? What is that honour? air. A trim reckoning!—Who hath it? he that died o' Wednesday. Doth he feel it? no. Doth he hear it? no. Is it insensible, then? yea, to the dead. But will it not live with the living? no. Why? detraction will not suffer it:-therefore I'll none of it: honour is a mere scutcheon: and so ends my catechism.

> Scene II.—The Rebel Camp. Enter WORCESTER and VERNON.

Wor. O, no, my nephew must not know, Sir Richard The liberal kind offer of the king. Ver. 'Twere best he did. Wor. Then are we all undone. It is not possible, it cannot be, The king should keep his word in loving us; He will suspect us still, and find a time To punish this offence in other faults: Suspicion shall be all stuck full of eyes: For treason is but trusted like the fox. Who, ne'er so tame, so cherish'd, and lock'd up, Will have a wild trick of his ancestors. Look how we can, or sad or merrily, Interpretation will misquote our looks; And we shall feed like oxen at a stall. The better cherish'd still the nearer death. My nephew's trespass may be well forgot It hath the excuse of youth and heat of blood,

And an adopted name of privilege,—
A hare-brain'd Hotspur, govern'd by a spleen:
All his offences live upon my head
And on his father's: we did train him on;
And, his corruption being ta'en from us,
We, as the spring of all, shall pay for all.
Therefore, good cousin, let not Harry know,
In any case the offer of the king.

Ver. Deliver what you will, I'll say 'tis so.

Here comes your cousin.

Enter HOTSPUR and DOUGLAS; Officers and Soldiers behind.

Hot. My uncle is return'd:—deliver up My Lord of Westmoreland.—Uncle, what news' Wor. The king will bid you battle presently. Doug. Dety him by the Lord of Westmoreland.

Hot. Lord Douglas, go you and tell him so. Doug. Marry, and shall, and very willingly.

Wor. There is no seeming mercy in the king. Hot. Did you beg any? God forbid!

Wor. I told him gently of our gnevances, of his oath-breaking; which he mended thus, by now forswearing that he is forsworn. He calls us rebels, traitors; and will scourge With haughty arms this hateful name in us.

Re-enter DOUGLAS.

Doug. Arm, gentlemen; to arms! for I have thrown

A brave defiance in King Henry's teeth, And Westmoreland, that was engag'd, did bear

it; Which cannot choose but bring him quickly on. Wor. The Prince of Wales stepp'd forth be-

fore the king,
And, nephew, challeng'd you to single fight.
Hot. O, would the quarrel lay upon our
heads; [day

And that no man might draw short breath but I and Harry Monmouth! Tell me, tell me,

How show'd his tasking? seem'd it in contempt? Ver. No, by my soul; I never in my life Did hear a challenge urg'd more modestly, Unless a brother should a brother dare To gentle exercise and proof of arms. He gave you all the duties of a man; Trimm'd up your praises with a princely tongue; Spoke your deservings like a chronicle; Making you ever better than his praise, By still dispraising praise valu'd with you: And, which became him like a prince indeed, He made a blushing cital of himself; And chid his truant youth with such a grace, As if he master'd there a double spirit, Of teaching and of learning instantly. There did he pause: but let me tell the world,— If he outlive the envy of this day, England did never owe so sweet a hope, So much misconstru'd in his wantonness Hot. Cousin, I think thou art enamoured

Hot. Cousin, I think thou art enamoured Upon his follies: never did I hear Of any prince so wild o' liberty. But be he as he will, yet once ere night I will embrace him with a soldier's arm, That he shall shrink under my courtesy,—Arm, arm with speed;—and, fellows, soldiers,

friends.

Better consider what you have to do Than I, that have not well the gift of tongue, Can lift your blood up with persuasion.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, here are letters for you. Hot. I cannot read them now.—
O gentlemen, the time of life is very short!
To spend that shortness basely were too long, if life did nde upon a dial's point,
Still ending at the arrival of an hour
An if we live, we live to tread on kings;
If die, brave death, when princes die with us!
Now, for our consciences,—the arms are fair,
When the intent of bearing them is just.

Enter another Messenger.

Mess. My lord, prepare; the king comes on apace. [tale,

Hot. I thank him that he cuts me from my For I profess not talking; only this,—
Let each man do his best: and here draw I A sword, whose temper I intend to stain With the best blood that I can meet withal In the adventure of this perilous day.

Now,—Esperance!—Percyl—and set on.—
Sound all the lofty instruments of war, And by that music let us all embrace:
For, heaven to earth, some of us never shall A second time do such a courtesy.

[The trumpets sound. They embrace, and exeunt.

Scene III .- Plan near Shrewsbury.

Excursions, and parties fighting. Alarum to the battle. Then enter DOUGLAS and BLUNT meeting.

Blunt. What is thy name, that in the battle thus
Thou crossest me? What honour dost thou seek

Upon my head?

Doug. Know, then, my name is Douglas:

Doug. Know, then, my name is Douglas; And I do haunt thee in the battle thus Because some tell me that thou art a king.

Blunt. They tell thee true. [bought Doug. The Lord of Stafford dear to-day hath Thy lkeness; for, instead of thee, King Harry, The sword hath ended him: so shall it thee, Unless thou yield thee as my prisoner.

Blunt. I was not born a yielder, thou proud

Scot; And thou shalt find a king that will revenge Lord Stafford's death.

They fight, and BLUNT is slain.

Enter HOTSPUR.

Hot. O Douglas, hadst thou fought at Holmedon thus,

I never had triumph'd upon a Scot.

Doug. All's done, all's won; here breathless

hes the king.

Hot. Where?

Doug. Here.

Hot. This, Douglas? no; I know this face full well:

A gallant knight he was, his name was Blunt; Semblably furnish'd like the king himself. Doug. A fool go with thy soul, whither it goes!

A borrow'd title hast thou bought too dear: Why didst thou tell me that thou wert a king? Hot. The king bath many masking in his coats.

Doug. Now, by my sword, I will kill all his coats; I'll murder all his wardrobe, piece by piece

Until I meet the king. Up, and away!

Our soldiers stand full fairly for the day.

iExeunt.

Other alarums. Enter FALSTAFF.

Fal. Though I could 'scape shot-free at London, I fear the shot here, here's no scoring but upon the pate.-Soft! who art thou? Walter Blunt:-there's honour for you: here's no vanity!-I am as hot as molten lead, and as heavy too: God keep lead out of me! I need no more weight than mine own bowels .- I have led my raggamuffins where they are peppered: there's not three of my hundred and fifty left alive; and they are for the town's end, to beg during life .- But who comes here?

Enter PRINCE HENRY.

P. Hen. What, stand'st thou idle here? lend

me thy sword: Many a nobleman hes stark and stiff Under the hoofs of vaunting enemies Whose deaths are unreveng'd: pr'ythee, lend

me thy sword. Fal. O Hal, I pr'ythee, give me leave to breathe awhile.—Turk Gregory never did such deeds in arms as I have done this day. I have

paid Percy, I have made him sure.

P. Hen. He is, indeed; and living to kill thee. Lend me thy sword, I pr'ythee.
Fal. Nay, before God, Hal, if Percy be alive thou gettest not my sword; but take my pistol, if thou wilt.

P. Hen. Give it me: what, is it in the case? Fal. Ay, Hal; 'tis hot, 'tis hot; there's that will sack a city.

The PRINCE draws out a bottle of sack. P. Hen. What, is't a time to jest and dally [Throws it at him, and exit. · now?

Fal. Well, if Percy be alive, I'll pierce him. If he do come in my way, so; if he do not, if I come in his willingly, let him make a carbonado of me. I like not such grinning honour as Sir Walter hath: give me life: which if I can save, so; if not, honour comes unlooked for, and there's an end. Exit.

Scene IV .- Another part of the Field.

Excursions. Enter KING HENRY. PRINCE HENRY, PRINCE JOHN, and WEST-MORELAND.

K. Hen. I pr'ythee,

Harry, withdraw thyself; thou bleed'st too much .-

Lord John of Lancaster, go you with him. P. John. Not I, my lord, unless I did bleed

too. P. Hen. I do beseech your majesty, make up, Lest your retirement do amaze your friends.

K. Hen. I will do so.— My Lord of Westmoreland, lead him to his tent.

West. Come, my lord, I will lead you to your tent.

P. Hen. Lead me, my lord? I do not need your help:

And God forbid a shallow scratch should drive The Prince of Wales from such a field as this. Where stain'd nobility lies trodden on.

And rebels' arms triumph in massacres! P. John. We breathe too long:-come, cousin Westmoreland,

Our duty this way lies; for God's sake, come. Exeunt P. JOHN and WEST

P. Hen. By heaven, thou hast deceiv'd me, Lancaster;

I did not think thee lord of such a spirit: Before, I lov'd thee as a brother, John; But now I do respect thee as my soul.

K. Hen. I saw him hold Lord Percy at the point With lustier maintenance than I did look for

Of such an ungrown warrior. P. Hen. O. this boy

Lends mettle to us all. Exit.

Alarums. Enter DOUGLAS.

Doug. Another king! they grow like Hydra's . heads: I am the Douglas, fatal to all those

That wear those colours on them:-What art thou,

That counterfeit'st the person of a king?

K. Hen. The king himself, who, Douglas,

grieves at heart, So many of his shadows thou hast met, And not the very king. I have two boys Seek Percy and thyself about the field: But, seeing thou fall'st on me so luckily, I will assay thee; so, defend thyself!

Doug. I fear, thou art another counterfeit: And yet, in faith, thou bear'st thee like a king: But mine I am sure thou art, whoe'er thou be, And thus I win thee.

They fight: the KING being in danger.

Re-enter P. HENRY.

P. Hen. Hold up thy head, vile Scot, or thou art like

Never to hold it up again! the spirits Of Shirley, Stafford, Blunt, are in my arms: It is the Prince of Wales that threatens thee; Who never promiseth but he means to pay. They fight: DOUGLAS flies.

Cheerly, my lord: how fares your grace?-Sir Nicholas Gawsey hath for succour sent. And so hath Clifton: I'll to Clifton straight.

K. Hen. Stay, and breathe awhile:—
Thou hast redeem'd thy lost opinion;

And show'd thou mak'st some tender of my life In this fair rescue thou hast brought to me.

P. Hen. O God, they did me too much injury

That ever said I hearken'd for your death! If it were so, I might have let alone The insulting hand of Douglas over you, Which would have been as speedy in your end As all the poisonous potions in the world, And sav'd the treacherous labour of your son

K. Hen. Make up to Clifton, I'll to Sir Nicholas Gawsev. . Exit.

Enter HOTSPITE.

Hot. If I mistake not, thou art Harry Monname. P. Hen. Thou speak'st as if I would deny my Hot. My name is Harry Percy.

P. Hen.

A very valiant rebel of the name. I am the Prince of Wales; and think not,

Percy, To share with me in glory any more: Two stars keep not their motion in one sphere;

Nor can one England brook a double reign. Of Harry Percy and the Prince of Wales.

Hot. Nor shall it, Harry, for the hour is come To end the one of us; and would to God The name in arms were now as great as mine! P. Hen. I'll make it greater ere I part from thee;

And all the budding honours on thy crest I'll crop, to make a garland for my head.

Hot. I can no longer brook thy vanities.

[They fight.

Enter FALSTAFF.

Fal. Well said, Hall to it, Hal!-Nay, you shall find no boy's play here, I can tell you.

Re-enter DOUGLAS; he fights with FALSTAFF who falls down as if he were dead, and exit DOUGLAS. HOTSPUR is wounded, and falls.

Hot. O. Harry, thou hast robb'd me of my youth!

I better brook the loss of brittle life Than those proud titles thou hast won of me; They wound my thoughts worse than thy sword my flesh:-

But thought's the slave of life, and life time's fool;

And time, that takes survey of all the world, Must have a stop. O, I could prophesy, But that the earthy and cold hand of death Lies on my tongue:-No, Percy, thou art dust, And food for-Dies.

P. Hen. For worms, brave Percy: fare thee well, great heart!-

Ill-weav'd ambition, how much art thou shrunk! When that this body did contain a spirit, A kingdom for it was too small a bound; But now two paces of the vilest earth Is room enough:—this earth that bears thee dead

Bears not alive so stout a gentleman. If thou wert sensible of courtesy, I should not make so dear a show of zeal:-But let my favours hide thy mangled face; And, even in thy behalf, I'll thank myself For doing these fair rites of tenderness. Adieu, and take thy praise with thee to heaven!

Thy ignominy sleep with thee in the grave, But not remember'd in thy epitaph!— [He sees Fal. on the ground. What, old acquaintance! could not all this

flesh Keep in a little life? Poor Tack, farewell! I could have better spar'd a better man. O, I should have a heavy miss of thee, If I were much in love with vanity. Death hath not struck so fat a deer to-day. Though many dearer, in this bloody fray.

Embowell'd will I see thee by and by: Till then in blood by noble Percy lie.

Fal. [Rising slowly.] Embowelled! if thou embowel me to-day, I'll give you leave to powder me and eat me too to-morrow. 'Sblood, 'twas time to counterfert, or that hot termagant Why, then I see Scot had paid me scot and lot too. Counterfest? I lie, I am no counterfest; to die is to be a counterfeit; for he is but the counterfeit of a man who hath not the life of a man; but to counterfeit dying, when a man thereby liveth, is to be no counterfeit, but the true and perfect image of life indeed. The better part of valour is discretion; in the which better part I have saved my life. Zounds, I am afraid of this gunpowder Percy, though he be dead; how if he should counterfeit too, and rise? I am afraid he would prove the better counterfeit. Therefore I'll make him sure: yea, and I'll swear I killed him. Why may not he rise as well as I? Nothing confutes me but eyes, and nobody sees me. Therefore, sirrah stabbing him], with a new wound in your thigh, come you along with me.

[Takes HOTSPUR on his back.

Re-enter PRINCE HENRY and PRINCE JOHN.

P. Hen. Come, brother John, full bravely hast thou flesh'd Thy maiden sword.

P. John. But, soft! whom have we here? Did you not tell me this fat man was dead?

P. Hen. I did; I saw him dead, breathless and bleeding

On the ground .-Art thou alive? or is it fantasy

That plays upon our eyesight? I pr'ythee, speak;

We will not trust our eyes without our ears:-Thou art not what thou seem'st.

Fal. No, that's certain; I am not a double man: but if I be not Jack Falstaff, then am I a Jack. There is Percy ithrowing the body down: if your father will do me any honour, so; if not, let him kill the next Percy himself. I look to be either earl or duke, I can assure you.

P. Hen. Why. Percy I killed myself, and saw thee dead.

Fal. Didst thou?-Lord, Lord, how this world is given to lying!-I grant you I was down and out of breath, and so was he; but we rose both at an instant, and fought a long hour by Shrewsbury clock. If I may be believed, so; if not, let them that should reward valour bear the sin upon their own heads. I'll take it upon my death, I gave him this wound in the thigh; if the man were alive, and would deny it, zounds. I would make him eat a piece of my sword.

P. John. This is the strangest tale that e'er I heard.

P. Hen. This is the strangest fellow, brother John .-

Come, bring your luggage nobly on your back For my part, if a lie may do thee grace, I'll gild it with the happiest terms I have.

A retreat is sounded

The trumpet sounds retreat; the day is ours. Come, brother, let's to the highest of the field, To see what friends are living, who are dead. Exeunt P. HENRY and P. JOHN.

Fal. I'll follow, as they say, for reward He that rewards me, God reward him' If I do grow great, I'll grow less; for I'll purge, and leave sack, and hve cleanly, as a nobleman should do.

Ext, bearing off the body. I may dispose of him.

SCENE V .- Another part of the Field.

The Trumpets sound. Enter King Henry, PRINCE HENRY, PRINCE JOHN, WESTMORE-LAND, and others, with WORCESTER and VERNON prisoners.

K. Hen. Thus ever did rebellion find rebuke .-Ill-spirited Worcester! did we not send grace, Pardon, and terms of love to all of you? And wouldst thou turn our offers contrary? Misuse the tenor of thy kinsman's trust? Three knights upon our party slain to-day, A noble earl, and many a creature else, Had been abve this hour, If, like a Christian, thou hadst truly borne

Betwixt our armies true intelligence. Wor. What I have done my safety urg'd me

And I embrace this fortune patiently, Since not to be avoided it falls on me.

K. Hen. Bear Worcester to the death, and Vernon too:

Other offenders we will pause upon. Exeunt WOR. and VER., guarded. How goes the field?

P. Hen. The noble Scot, Lord Douglas, when he saw

The fortune of the day quite turn'd from him, The noble Percy slain, and all his men Upon the foot of fear,—fied with the rest; And falling from a hill, he was so bruis'd That the pursuers took him. At my tent The Douglas is; and I beseech your grace

K. Hen. With all my heart. P. Hen. Then, brother John of Lancaster, to you

This honourable bounty shall belong: Go to the Douglas, and deliver him Up to his pleasure, ransomless and free: His valour, shown upon our crests to-day, Hath taught us how to cherish such high deeds Even in the bosoms of our adversaries. P. John. I thank your grace for this high

courtesy,

Which I shall give away immediately. K. Hen. Then this remains, - that we divide our power .-

You, son John, and my cousin Westmoreland, Towards York shall bend you with your dearest

speed, To meet Northumberland and the prelate Scroop,

Who, as we hear, are busily in arms: Myself,—and you, son Harry,—will towards Wales,

To fight with Glendower and the Earl or March. Rebellion in this land shall lose his sway, Meeting the check of such another day: And since this business so fair is done, Let us not leave till all our own be won Exeunt.

SECOND PART OF KING HENRY IV

PERSONS REPRESENTED

KING HENRY THE FOURTH. HENRY, Prince of Wales, afterwards \\
KING HENRY V., THOMAS, Duke of Clarence,
PRINCE JOHN OF LANCASTER, afterwards (Henry V.) Duke of Bedhis ford,
PRINCE HUMPHREY OF GLOSTER, afterwards (Henry V.) Duke of Gloster, EARL OF WARWICK, EARL OF WESTMORELAND, of the KING'S party. EARL OF SURREY. GOWER HARCOURT. Lord Chief-Justice of the King's Bench. A Gentleman attending on the Chief-Justice. EARL OF NORTHUMBER-LAND, SCROOP, Archbishop of York, Enemies to the LORD MOWBRAY, KING. LORD HASTINGS, LORD BARDOLPH, SIR JOHN COLEVILE,

FALSTAFF, BARDOLPH, PISTOL, and Page
POINS and PETO, Attendants on PRINCE
HENRY.
SHALLOW and SILENCE, Country Justices
DAYY, Servant to SHALLOW.

TRAVERS and MORTON, Retainers of NOR-

Mouldy, Shadow, Wart, Feeble, and Bullcalf, Rectuits.

FANG and SNARE, Sheriff's Officers. Rumour.

A Porter.

A Dancer, Speaker of the Epilogue.

LADY NORTHUMBERLAND. LADY PERCY.

THUMBERLAND.

MISTRESS QUICKLY, Hostess of a Tavern in Eastcheap.

DOLL TEARSHEET.

Lords and other Attendants; Officers, Soldiers Messengers, Drawers, Beadles, Grooms, &c.

Scene, -England.

INDUCTION.

WARKWORTH. Before NORTHUMBERLAND'S Castle.

Enter Rumour, painted full of tongues.

Rum. Open your ears; for which of you will stop

The vent of hearing when loud Rumour speaks? I, from the orient to the drooping west, Making the wind my post-horse, still unfold The acts commenced on this ball of earth: Upon my tongues continual slanders ride, The which in every language I pronounce, Stuffing the ears of men with false reports.

ACT I.

I speak of peace, while covert enmity, Under the smile of safety, wounds the world. And who but Rumour, who but only I, Make fearful musters and prepar'd defence; Whilst the big year, swoln with some other

grief Is thought with child by the stern tyrant war, And no such matter? Rumour is a pipe Blown by surmises, jealousies, conjectures; And of so easy and so plain a stop That the blunt monster with uncounted heads, The still-discordant wavening multitude, Can play upon it. But what need I thus My well-known body to anatomize Among my household? Why is Rumour here? I run before King Harry's victory; Who, in a bloody field by Shrewsbury, [troops, Hath beaten down young Hotspur and his Quenching the flame of bold rebellion Even with the rebel's blood. But what mean I. More than he haply may retail from me. To speak so true at first? my office is To noise abroad that Harry Monmouth fell Under the wrath of noble Hotspur's sword; And that the king before the Douglas' rage Stoop'd his anointed head as low as death. This have I rumour'd through the peasant towns

Between that royal field of Shrewsbury And this worm-eaten hold of ragged stone, Where Hotspur's father, old Northumberland, Lies crafty-sick: the posts come tiring on, And not a man of them brings other news Than they have learn'd of me: from Rumour's tongues true wrongs.

They bring smooth comforts false, worse than Exit.

ACT I.

Scene I .- The same.

The Porter before the Gate; enter LORD BARDOLPH.

L. Bard. Who keeps the gate here, ho?-Where is the earl?

Port What shall I say you are?

L Bard. Tell thou the earl That the Lord Bardolph doth attend him here. Port. His lordship is walk'd forth into the orchard:

Please it your honour, knock but at the gate. And he himself will answer.

L. Bard. Here comes the earl. Exit Porter.

Enter NORTHUMBERLAND.

North What news, Lord Bardolph? every minute now

Should be the father of some stratagem: The times are wild, contention, like a horse, Full of high feeding, madly hath broke loose And bears down all before him. L. Bard. Noble earl.

I bring you certain news from Shrewsbury. North Good, an God will!

L. Bard. As good as heart can wish:-The king is almost wounded to the death; And, in the fortune of my lord your son, Prince Harry slain outright; and both the Blunts [John, Kill'd by the hand of Douglas: young

And Westmoreland, and Stafford, fled the field: And Harry Monmouth's brawn, the hulk Sir John,

Is prisoner to your son: O, such a day, So fought, so follow'd, and so fairly won, Came not till now to dignify the times, Since Caesar's fortunes!

How is this denv'd? North. Saw you the field? came you from Shrewsbury? L. Bard. I spake with one, my lord, that

came from thence; A gentleman well bred and of good name, That freely render'd me these news for true.

North. Here comes my servant Travers, whom I sent On Tuesday last to listen after news. L. Bard. My lord, I over-rode him on the

way; And he is furnish'd with no certainties

Enter TRAVERS.

North. Now, Travers, what good tidings come with you? back Tra. My lord, Sir John Umfrevile turn'd me With joyful tidings; and, being better hors'd, Out-rode me. After him came spurring hard A gentleman, almost forspent with speed That stopp'd by me to breathe his bloodied

horse. He ask'd the way to Chester; and of him I did demand what news from Shrewsbury. He told me that rebellion had bad luck, And that young Harry Percy's spur was cold. With that, he gave his able horse the head, And, bending forward, struck his armed heels Against the panting sides of his poor jade Up to the rowel-head; and starting so, He seem'd in running to devour the way, Staying no longer question. North. Ha!-Again:

Said he young Harry Percy's spur was cold? Of Hotspur, coldspur? that rebellion Had met ill-luck?

L. Bard. My lord, I'll tell you what: If my young lord your son have not the day, Upon mine honour, for a silken point I'll give my barony: never talk of it.

North. Why should the gentleman that rode by Travers

Give, then, such instances of loss? L. Bard. Who, he? He was some hilding fellow, that had stolen The horse he rode on; and, upon my life, Spoke at a venture.—Look, here comes more

news.

Enter Morton.

North. Yea, this man's brow, like to a titleleaf.

Foretells the nature of a tragic volume: So looks the strand, whereon the imperious flood

Hath left a witness'd usurpation,-Say, Morton, didst thou come from Shrews-bury?

Mor. I ran from Shrewsbury, my noble lord; Where hateful death put on his ugliest mask To fright our party.

North. How doth my son and brother?
Thou trembless', and the whiteness in thy cheek
Is apter than thy tongue to tell thy errand.
Even such a man, so faint, so spiritless,
So dull, so dead in look, so woe-begone,
Drew Priam's curtain in the dead of mght,
And would have told him half his Troy was
burn'd;

But Priam found the fire ere he his tongue, And I my Percy's death ere thou report'st it. This thou wouldst say,—Your son did thus and

Your brother thus; so fought the noble Douglas, Stopping my greedy ear with their bold deeds. But in the end to stop mine ear indeed, Thou hast a sigh to blow away this praise, Ending with—brother, son, and all are dead.

Ending with—brother, son, and all are dead.

Mor. Douglas is living, and your brother,

vet.

But, for my lord your son,-

North. Why, he is dead.

See what a ready tongue suspicion hath!

He that but fears the thing he would not know

Hath by instinct knowledge from others' eyes

That what he fear'd is chanced. Yet speak,

Morton:

Tell thou thy earl his divination lies, And I will take it as a sweet disgrace,

And make thee rich for doing me such wrong. Mor. You are too great to be by me gainsaud: Your spirit is too true, your fears too certain. North. Yet, for all this, say not that Percy's dead.

I see a strange confession in thine eye:
Thou shak'st thy head, and hold'st if ear or sin
to speak a truth. If he be slain, say so;
The tongue offends not that reports his death:
And he doth sin that doth belie the dead;
Not he which says the dead is not alive.
Yet the first bringer of unwelcome news
Hath but a losing office; and his tongue
Sounds ever after as a sullen bell,
Remember'd knolling a departing friend.

emember'd knolling a departing friend.

L. Bard. I cannot think, my lord, your son is dead.

Mor. I am sorry I should force you to believe That which I would to God I had not seen; But these mine eyes saw hm in bloedy state, Rend'ring faint quittance, wearied and outbreath'd, [down]

To Harry Monmouth; whose swift wrath beat The never-daunted Percy to the earth, From whence with life he never more sprang

up.

In few, his death,—whose spirit lent a fire
Even to the dullest peasant in his camp,—
Being bruited once, took fire and heat away
From the best-temper'd courage in his troops;
For from his metal was his party steel'd;
Which once in him abated, all the rest
Turn'd on themselves, like dull and heavy lead:
And as the thing that's heavy in itself,
Upon enforcement, flies with greatest speed,
So did our men, heavy in Hotspur's loss,
Lend to this weight such lightness with their
fear,

That arrows fled not swifter toward their aim Than did our soldiers, aiming at their safety, Fly from the field. Then was that noble Worcester

Too soon ta'en prisoner; and that furious Scot, The bloody Douglas, whose well-labouring

Had three times slain the appearance of the 'Gan vail his stomach, and did grace the shame Of those that turn'd their backs; and in his flight,

Stumbling in fear, was took. The sum of all Is, that the king hath won; and hath sent out A speedy power to encounter you, my lord, Index the conduct of young Longest the conduct of young Longest the conduct of young the sent that the conduct of young the sent that the conduct of young the sent that the sent

Under the conduct of young Lancaster
And Westmoreland. This is the news at full.
North. For this I shall have time enough to

mourn.

In poison there is physic; and these news, Having been well, that would have made me sick,

Being sick, have in some measure made me well,

And as the wretch, whose fever-weaken'd joints,

Like strengthless hinges, buckle under life, Impatient of his fit, breaks like a fire Out of his keeper's arms; even so my limbs, Weaken'd with grief, being now enrag'd with

gnef, Are thrice themselves. Hence, therefore, thou

nice crutch!

A scaly gauntlet now, with joints of steel, Must glove this hand: and hence, thou sickly quoif!

Thou art a guard too wanton for the head Which princes, flesh'd with conquest, aim to hit.

Now bind my brows with iron, and approach The rugged'st hour that time and spite dare bring

To frown upon the enrag'd Northumberland! Let heav'n kiss earth! Now let not Nature's hand

Keep the wild flood confin'd! let order die! And let this world no longer be a stage To feed contention in a lingering act; But let one spirit of the first-born Cain Reign in all bosoms, that, each heart being set, On bloody courses, the rude scene may end And darkness be the burner of the dead!

Tra. This strained passion doth you wrong, my lord.

L. Bard. Sweet earl, divorce not wisdom from your honour.

Mor. The lives of all your loving complices Lean on your wealth; the which, if you give o'er To stormy passion, must perforce decay. You cast the event of war, my noble lord, And summ'd the account of chance, before

you said, Let us make head. It was your presurmise That in the dole o' blows your son might

drop:
You knew he walk'd o'er perils on an edge,
More likely to fall in than to get o'er;
You were advis'd his flesh was capable

Of wounds and scars; and that his forward spirit
Would lift him where most trade of dange Yet did you say,—Go forth; and none of this

Though strongly apprehended, could restrain
The stiff-borne action. What hath, then, befallen.

Or what hath this bold enterprise brought forth,

More than that being which was like to be?

L. Bard. We all that are engaged to this loss Knew that we ventur'd on such dangerous seas, That if we wrought out life, 'twas ten to one: And yet we ventur'd, for the gain propos'd Chok'd the respect of likely peril fear'd; And since we are o'erset, venture again. Come, we will all put forth, body and goods.

Mor. 'Tis more than time: and, my most

noble lord.

I hear for certain, and do speak the truth,-The gentle Archbishop of York is up With well-appointed powers: he is a man Who with a double surety binds his followers. My lord your son had only but the corpse, But shadows and the shows of men, to fight: For that same word, rebellion, did divide The action of their bodies from their souls; And they did fight with queasiness, constrain'd, As men drink potions; that their weapons only Seem'd on our side, but, for their spirits and souls,

This word, rebellion, it had froze them up, As fish are in a pond. But now the archbishop

Turns insurrection to religion: Suppos'd sincere and holy in his thoughts, He's follow'd both with body and with mind; And doth enlarge his rising with the blood Of fair King Richard, scrap'd from Pomfret

stones; Derives from heaven his quarrel and his cause; Tells them he doth bestride a bleeding land, Gasping for life under great Bolingbroke; And more and less do flock to follow him.

North. I knew of this before; but, to speak truth,

This present grief had wip'd it from my mind. Go in with me; and counsel every man The aptest way for safety and revenge. Get posts and letters, and make friends with speed.~

Never so few, and never yet more need.

Exeunt.

Scene II .- London. A Street.

Enter SIR JOHN FALSTAFF, with his Page

bearing his sword and buckler. Fal. Sirrah, you giant, what says the doctor

to my water? Page. He said, sir, the water itself was a good healthy water; but, for the party that owed it, he might have more diseases than he knew

Fal. Men of all sorts take a pride to gird at me: the brain of this foolish-compounded clay, man, is not able to invent anything that tends to laughter, more than I invent or is invented on me: I am not only witty in myself, but the cause that wit is in other men. I do here walk before thee like a sow that hath overwhelmed all her litter but one. If the prince put thee into my service for any other reason than to set me off, why then I have no judgment. Thou whoreson mandrake, thou art fitter to be worn in my cap than to wait at my heels. I was never manned with an agate till now: but I will

apparel, and send you back again to your master, for a sewel,—the juvenal, the prince your master, whose chin is not yet fledged. I will sooner have a beard grow in the palm of my hand than he shall get one on his cheek; and vet he will not suck to say his face is a faceroyal: God may finish it when he will, it is not a hair amiss yet: he may keep it still as a faceroyal, for a barber shall never earn sixpence out of it; and yet he will be crowing as if he had wnt man ever since his father was a bachelor. He may keep his own grace, but he is almost out of mine, I can assure him.-What said Master Dumbleton about the satin for my short cloak and my slops?

Page. He said, sir, you should procure him better assurance than Bardolph: he would not take his bond and yours; he liked not the

security.

Fal. Let him be damned, like the glutton! may his tongue be hotter!—A whoreson Achitophel! a rascally yea-forsooth knave! to bear a gentleman in hand, and then stand upon security!-The whoreson smooth-pates do now wear nothing but high shoes, and bunches of keys at their girdles; and if a man is thorough with them in honest taking up, then they must stand upon security. I had as hef they would put ratsbane in my mouth as offer to stop it with security. I looked he should have sent me twoand-twenty yards of satin, as I am a true knight. and he sends me security. Well, he may sleep in security; for he hath the horn of abundance, and the lightness of his wife shines through it: and yet cannot he see, though he have his own lantern to light him.—Where's Bardolph?

Page. He's gone into Smithfield to buy your

worship a horse.

Fal. I bought him in Paul's, and he'll buy me a horse in Smithfield: an I could get me but a wife, in the stews, I were manned, horsed, and wived.

Page. Sir, here comes the nobleman that committed the prince for striking him about Bardolph.
Fal. Wait close; I will not see him.

Enter the Lord Chief-Justice and an Attendant.

Ch. Just. What's he that goes there? Atten. Falstaff, an't please your lordship. Ch. Just. He that was in question for the robbery?

Atten. He, my lord: but he hath since done good service at Shrewsbury; and, as I hear, is now going with some charge to the Lord John of Lancaster.

Ch. Just. What, to York? Call him back again.

Atten. Sir John Falstaff!

Fal. Boy, tell him, I am deaf. Page. You must speak louder; my master is

Ch. Just. I am sure he is, to the hearing of anything good.-Go, pluck him by the elbow; I must speak with him.

Atten. Sir John,-

Fal. What! a young knave, and begging! Is there not wars? is there not employment? Doth not the king lack subjects? Do not the set you neither in gold nor silver, but in vile rebels need soldiers? Though it be a shame to be on any side but one, it is worse shame to beg than to be on the worst side, were it worse than live in less, the name of rebellion can tell how to make it. Ch. Just. Your means are very alender, and

Atten. You mistake me, sir.

Fal. Why, sir, did I say you were an honest man? setting my knighthood and my soldiership aside, I had lied in my throat if I had said so.

Atten. I pray you, sir, then set your knight-hood and your soldiership aside; and give me say I am any other than an honest man.

Fal I give thee leave to tell me so! I lay aside that which grows to me! If thou gettest any leave of me, hang me; if thou takest leave, thou wert better be hanged. You hunt-counter,

hence! avaunt!

Atten. Sir, my lord would speak with you.

Ch. Just. Sir John Falstaff, a word with you. Fal. My good lord!-God give your lordship good time of day. I am glad to see your lordship abroad: I heard say your lordship was sick: I hope your lordship goes abroad by advice. Your lordship, though not clean past your youth, hath yet some smack of age in you, sif I did say of wax, my growth would approve some relish of the saltness of time; and I most the truth. humbly beseech your lordship to have a reverend care of your health.

Ch. Just. Sir John, I sent for you before your

expedition to Shrewsbury.

Fal. An't please your lordship, I hear his majesty is returned with some discomfort from

Ch. Just. I talk not of his majesty:-you would not come when I sent for you.

Fal. And I hear, moreover, his highness is

fallen into this same whoreson apoplexy. Ch. J. a. Well, God mend him! I pray you

let me speak with you.

lethargy, an't please your lordship; a kind of

from study, and perturbation of the brain: I have read the cause of his effects in Galen; it fess, are wags too. is a kind of deafness.

Ch. Just. I think you are fallen into the disease; for you hear not what I say to you.

Fal. Very well, my lord, very well: rather, an't please you, it is the disease of not listening, the malady of not marking, that I am troubled

Ch. Just. To punish you by the heels would amend the attention of your ears; and I care

not if I do become your physician.

Fal. I am as poor as Job, my lord, but not so patient: your lordship may minister the potion of imprisonment to me in respect of poverty; but how I should be your patient to follow your prescriptions, the wise may make some dram of a scruple, or, indeed, a scruple itself.

Ch. Just. I sent for you when there were matters against you for your life, to come speak

with me.

Fal. As I was then advised by my learned counsel in the laws of this land-service, I did not come.

Ch. Just. Well, the truth is, Sir John, you live in great infamy.

Fal. He that buckles him in my belt cannot

your waste is great.

Fal. I would it were otherwise; I would my

means were greater and my waist slenderer.

Ch. Just. You have misled the youthful prince.

Fal. The young prince hath misled me: I leave to tell you, you lie in your throat, if you am the fellow with the great belly, and he my

> Ch. Just. Well, I am loth to gall a new-healed wound: your day's service at Shrewsbury hath a little gilded over your night's exploit on Gadshill: you may thank the unquiet time for your quiet o'erposting that action.

Fal. My lord,

Ch. Just. But since all is well, keep it so: wake not a sleeping wolf. ffox.

Fal. To wake a wolf is as had as to smell a Ch. Just. What! you are as a candle, the better part burnt out.

Fal. A wassail candle, my lord; all tallow:

Ch. Just. There is not a white hair on your face but should have his effect of gravity.

Fal. His effect of gravy, gravy, gravy. Ch. Just. You follow the young prince up

and down, like his ill angel.

Fal. Not so, my lord; your ill angel is light; but I hope he that looks upon me will take me without weighing: and yet, in some respects, I grant, I cannot go:—I cannot tell. Virtue is of so little regard in these costermonger times that true valour is turned bear-herd: pregnancy is made a tapster, and hath his quick wit wasted in giving reckonings: all the other gifts ap-Fal. This apoplexy is, as I take it, a kind of pertinent to man, as the malice of this age shapes them, are not worth a gooseberry. You sleeping in the blood, a whoreson triging, is, i that are old consider not the capacities of us Ch. Just. What tell you me of it? be it as it that are young; you measure the heat of our Fal. It hath its original from much grief, livers with the bitterness of your galls: and we that are in the vaward of our youth, I must con-

> Ch. Just. Do you set down your name in the scroll of youth, that are written down old with all the characters of age? Have you not a moist eye? a dry hand? a yellow cheek? a white beard? a decreasing leg? an increasing belly? Is not your voice broken? your wind short? your chin double? your wit single? and every part about you blasted with antiquity? and will you yet call

yourself young? Fie, fie, fie, Sir John!
Fal My lord, I was born about three of the clock in the afternoon, with a white head, and something a round belly. For my voice,-I have lost it with hollaing and singing of anthems. To approve my youth further, I will not; the truth is, I am only old in judgment and understanding; and he that will caper with me for a thousand marks, let him lend me the money, and have at him. For the box o' the ear that the prince gave you, -he gave it like a rude prince, and you took it like a sensible lord. have checked him for it; and the young lion repents; marry, not in ashes and sackcloth, but in new silk and old sack.

Ch. Just. Well, God send the prince a better

companion!

prince! I cannot rid my hands of him.

Ch. Just. Well, the king hath severed you. To look with forehead bold and big enough and Prince Harry: I hear you are going with Upon the power and puissance of the king. Lord John of Lancaster against the archbishop and the Earl of Northumberland.

Fal. Yea; I thank your pretty sweet wit for it. But look you, pray, all you that kiss my Lady Peace at home, that our armies join not in a hot day; for, by the Lord, I take but two shirts out with me, and I mean not to sweat extraordinarily: if it be a hot day, and I brandish anything but my bottle, I would I might never spit white again. can creep out his head but I am thrust upon it: well, I cannot last ever: but it was always yet the trick of our English nation, if they have a But if without him we be thought too feeble, good thing, to make it too common. If you, will needs say I am an old man, you should give me rest. I would to God my name were not so terrible to the enemy as it is: I were better to be eaten to death with rust than to be scoured to nothing with perpetual motion.

Ch. Just Well, be honest, be honest; and

God bless your expedition!

Fal. Will your lordship lend me a thousand pound to furnish me forth?

Ch. Just. Not a penny, not a penny; you are too impatient to bear crosses. Fare you well: commend me to my cousin Westmoreland.

Fal. If I do, fillip me with a three-man beetle.-A man can no more separate age and covetousness than he can part young limbs and lechery: but the gout galls the one, and the pox pinches the other; and so both the diseases prevent my curses .- Boy!-

Page. Sir?
Fal. What money is in my purse? Page. Seven groats and two pence.

Fal. I can get no remedy against this con-sumption of the purse: borrowing only lingers and langers it out, but the disease is incurable. Go bear this letter to my Lord of Lancaster; this to the prince; this to the Earl of Westmoreland; and this to old Mistress Ursula, whom I have weekly sworn to marry since I perceived the first white hair on my chin. About it; you know where to find me. [Exit. Page. A pox of this gout! or, a gout of this pox! for the one or the other plays the rogue with my great toe. It is no matter if I do halt; I have the wars for my colour, and my pension shall seem the more reasonable. good wit will make use of anything. I will turn diseases to commodity. Exit.

SCENE III .- YORK. A Room in the ARCH-BISHOP'S Palace.

Enter the ARCHBISHOP OF YORK, the LORDS HASTINGS, MOWBRAY, and BARDOLPH.

Arch. Thus have you heard our cause and And waste for churlish winter's tyranny, know our means;

And, my most noble friends, I pray you all Speak plainly your opinions of our hopes:-And first, lord marshal, what say you to it?

Mowb. I well allow the occasion of our arms: But gladly would be better satisfied

Fal. God send the companion a better How, in our means, we should advance ourselves

Hast. Our present musters grow upon the

To five-and-twenty thousand men of choice; And our supplies live largely in the hope Of great Northumberland, whose bosom burns With an incensed fire of injuries.

L. Bard. The question, then, Lord Hastings, standeth thus;

bottle, I would I might never spit Whether our present five-and-twenty thousand There is not a dangerous action May hold up head without Northumberland? Hast. With him, we may.

L. Bard. Ay, marry, there's the point: My judgment is, we should not step too far Till we had his assistance by the hand; For, in a theme so bloody-fac'd as this, Conjecture, expectation, and surmise Of aids uncertain, should not be admitted.

Arch. 'Tis very true, Lord Bardolph; for, indeed,

It was young Hotspur's case at Shrewsbury L. Bard. It was, my lord; who lin'd him-self with hope,

Eating the air on promise of supple, Flattering himself with project of a power Much smaller than the smallest of his thoughts: And so, with great imagination,

Proper to madmen, led his powers to death, And, winking, leap'd into destruction. Hast. But, by your leave, it never yet did To lay down likelihoods and forms of hope. L. Bard. Yes, in this present quality of war;-Indeed, the instant action,—a cause on foot,—

Lives so in hope, as in an early spring We see the appearing buds; which, to prove fruit.

Hope gives not so much warrant, as despair That frosts will bite them. When we mean to build.

We first survey the plot, then draw the model; And when we see the figure of the house, Then must we rate the cost of the erection; Which, if we find outweighs ability. What do we then but draw anew the model In fewer offices, or at least desist work, To build at all? Much more, in this great Which is almost to pluck a kingdom down And set another up,—should we survey The plot of situation and the model, Consent upon a sure foundation. Question surveyors, know our own estate, How able such a work to undergo, To weigh against his opposite; or else, We fortify in paper and in figures, Using the names of men instead of men: Like one that draws the model of a house Beyond his power to build it; who, half through, Gives o'er, and leaves his part-created cost A naked subject to the weeping clouds,

Hast. Grant that our hopes, -yet likely of fair birth,-

Should be still-born, and that we now possess'd The utmost man of expectation; I think we are a body strong enough. Even as we are, to equal with the king.

L. Bard. What, is the king but five-andtwenty thousand?

To us no more; nay, not so much, Lord Bardolph;

For his divisions, as the times do brawl. Are in three heads: one power against the lives, for he will stab.

French, And one against Glendower; perforce a third Must take up us: so is the unfirm king In three divided; and his coffers sound

With hollow poverty and emptiness. Arch. That he should draw his several woman, nor child. strengths together,

And come against us in full puissance,

Need not be dreaded. If he should do so. Hast.

He leaves his back unarm'd, the French and but within my vice,-Welsh

Baying him at the heels: never fear that.

L. Bard. Who is it like should lead his forces hither? [moreland;

mouth: But who is substituted 'gainst the French,

I have no certain notice.

Arch. Let us on. And publish the occasion of our arms. The commonwealth is sick of their own choice; Their over-greedy love hath surfeited: An habitation giddy and unsure Hath he that buildeth on the vulgar heart. O thou fond many! with what loud applause Didst thou beat heaven with blessing Bolingbroke,

Before he was what thou wouldst have him be! And being now trimm'd in thine own desires, Thou, beastly feeder, art so full of him That thou provok'st thyself to cast him up. So, so, thou common dog, didst thou disgorge Thy glutton bosom of the royal Richard; And now thou wouldst eat thy dead vomit up, And howl'st to find it. What trust is in these times?

They that, when Richard liv'd, would have him Are now become enamour'd on his grave: Thou, that threw'st dust upon his goodly head, When through proud London he came sighing

After the admired heels of Bolingbroke, Cry'st now, O earth yield us that king again, And take thou thus! O thoughts of men accurst! Past, and to come, seems best; things present, [set on? worst.

Mowb. Shall we go draw our numbers, and Hast. We are time's subjects, and time bids be gone. Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I .- London. A Street.

Enter Hostess, FANG and his Boy with her, and SNARE following.

Host. Master Fang, have you entered the action?

Fang. It is entered. Host. Where is your yeoman? Is it a lusty yeoman? will he stand to it?

Fang. Sirrah, where's Snare?

Host. O Lord, ay! good Master Snare.

Snare. Here, here.

Fang. Snare, we must arrest Sir John Falstaff. Host. Yea, good Master Snare; I have entered him and all.

Snare. It may chance cost some of us our

Host. Alas the day! take heed of him; he stabbed me in mine own house, and that most beastly: in good faith, he cares not what mis-chief he doth, if his weapon be out: he will foin like any devil; he will spare neither man,

Fang. If I can close with him. I care not for

his thrust.

Host. No, nor I neither: I'll be at your elbow. Fang. An I but fist him once; an he comes

Host. I am undone by his going; I warrant you, he is an infinitive thing upon my score:good Master Fang, hold him sure; -good Master Snare, let him not 'scape. He comes Hast. The Duke of Lancaster and West- continuantly to Pie-corner,—saving your man-Against the Welsh, himself and Harry Mon- hoods,— to buy a saddle; and he is indited to dinner to the Lubber's Head in Lumber Street, to Master Smooth's the silkman: I pray ye, since my exion is entered, and my case so openly known to the world, let him be brought in to his answer. A hundred mark is a long one for a poor lone woman to bear: and I have borne, and borne, and borne; and have been fubbed off, and fubbed off, and fubbed off, from this day to that day, that it is a shame to be thought on. There is no honesty in such dealing; unless a woman should be made an ass and a beast, to bear every knave's wrong. Yonder he comes; and that arrant malmseynose knave, Bardolph, with him. Do your offices, do your offices, Master Fang and Master

> Enter Sir John Falstaff, Page, and Bar-DOLPH.

Snare: do me. do me. do me your offices.

Fal. How now! whose mare's dead? what's the matter?

Fang. Sir John, I arrest you at the suit of Mistress Quickly.

Fal. Away, varlets!-Draw, Bardolph: cut me off the villain's head; throw the quean in

the channel.

Host. Throw me in the channel! I'll throw Wilt thou? wilt thou? thee in the channel. thou bastardly rogue!-Murder, murder! O thou honeysuckle villain! wilt thou kill God's officers and the king's? O thou honey-seed rogue! thou art a honey-seed; a man-queller and a woman-queller.

Fal. Keep them off, Bardolph.

Fang. A rescue! a rescue! Host. Good people, bring a rescue or two.-Thou wo't, wo't thou? thou wo't, wo't thou?

do, do, thou rogue! do, thou hemp-seed!

Fal. Away, you scullion! you rampallian! you fustilarian! I'll tickle your catastrophe.

Enter the Lord Chief-Justice, attended.

Ch. Just. What is the matter? keep the peace

Host. Good my lord, be good to me! I beseech you, stand to me!.

brawling here? business? Doth this become your place, your time, and You should have been well on your way to

on him? York .-Stand from him, fellow: wherefore hang'st thou

Host. O my most worshipful lord, an't please your grace, I am a poor widow of Eastcheap, tion, and satisfy the poor woman. and he is arrested at my suit.

Ch. Just. For what sum?

Host. It is more than for some, my lord; it is for all, -all I have. He hath eaten me out of house and home; he hath put all my sub-stance into that fat belly of his:—but I will have some of it out again, or I will ride thee o' nights like the mare.

Fal. I think I am as like to ride the mare, if

I have any vantage of ground to get up. Ch. Just. How comes this, Sir John? Fiel

What man of good temper would endure this tempest of exciamation? Are you not ashamed to enforce a poor widow to so rough a course

to come by her own?

Fal. What is the gross sum that I owe thee? Host. Marry, if thou wert an honest man, thyself and the money too. Thou didst swear to me upon a parcel-gilt goblet, sitting in my Dolphin-chamber, at the round table, by a sea-coal fire, upon Wednesday in Whitsun-week, when the prince broke thy head for liking his father to a singing-man of Windsor,—thou didst swear to me then, as I was washing thy wound, to marry me, and make me my lady thy wife. Canst thou deny it? Did not goodwife Keech, the butcher's wife, come in then, and call me gossip Quickly? coming in to borrow a mess of vinegar; telling us she had a good dish of prawns; whereby thou didst desire to eat some; whereby I told thee they were ill for a green wound? And didst thou not, when she was gone down stairs, desire me to be no more so familiarity with such poor people; saying that ere long they should call me madam? And didst thou not kiss me, and bid me fetch thee thirty shillings? I put thee now to thy book-oath: deny it, if thou canst!

Fal. My lord, this is a poor mad soul; and she says, up and down the town, that her eldest son is like you: she hath been in good case, and, the truth is, poverty hath distracted her But for these foolish officers, I beseech you I

may have redress against them.

Ch. Just. Sir John, Sir John, I am well acquainted with your manner of wrenching the true cause the false way. It is not a confident brow, nor the throng of words that come with such more than impudent sauciness from you. can thrust me from a level consideration: you have, as it appears to me, practised upon the easy yielding spirit of this woman, and made her serve your uses both in purse and in person. Host. Yea, in troth, my lord.

Ch. Just. Pr'ythee, peace.—Pay her the debt you owe her, and unpay the villainy you have done with her: the one you may do with sterling money, and the other with current repent-

ance.

Fal. My lord, I will not undergo this sneap thout reply. You call honourable boldness without reply. impudent sauciness: if a man will make

Ch. Just. How now, Sir John! what, are you court'sy, and say nothing, he is virtuous:-no, my lord, my humble duty remembered, I will not be your suitor. I say to you, I do desire deliverance from these officers, being upon hasty employment in the king's affairs.

Ch. Just. You speak as having power to do wrong: but answer in the effect of your reputa-

Fal. Come hither, hostess. [Takes her aside.

Enter GOWER.

Ch. Just. Now, Master Gower, -what news? Gow. The king, my lord, and Harry Prince of Wales

Are near at hand: the rest this paper tells.

Gives a letter. Fal. As I am a gentleman,

Host. Nay, you said so before.

Fal. As I am a gentleman:-come, no more

words of it. Host. By this heavenly ground I tread on, I

must be fain to pawn both my plate and the tapestry of my dining-chambers.

Fal. Glasses, glasses, is the only drinking: and for thy walls,-a pretty slight drollery, or the story of the Prodigal, or the German hunting in water-work, is worth a thousand of these bed-hangings and these fly-bitten tapestries. Let it be ten pound, if thou canst. Come, an it were not for thy humours, there is not a better wench in England. Go, wash thy face, and draw thy action. Come thou must not be in this humour with me; dost not know me? come. come, I know thou wast set on to this.

Host. Pray thee, Sir John, let it be but twenty nobles: i' faith, I am loth to pawn my

plate, so God save me, la.

Fal. Let it alone; I'll make other shift: you'll be a fool still.

Host. Well, you shall have it, though I pawn my gown. I hope you'll come to supper. You'll pay me all together?

Pal. Will I live?—Go, with her, with her [to Bardolfel]; hook on, hook on.

Host. Will you have Doll Tearsheet meet you at supper?

Fal. No more words; let's have her.

Exeunt Host., BARD., Officers, and Page.

Ch. Just. I have heard better news. Fal. What's the news, my good lord? Ch. Just. Where lay the king last night? Gow. At Basingstoke, my lord.

Fal. I hope, my lord, all's well: what's the news, my lord?

Ch. Just. Come all his forces back?

Gow. No; fifteen hundred foot, five hundred horse,

Are march'd up to my Lord of Lancaster Against Northumberland and the archbishop.

Fal. Comes the king back from Wales, my noble lord?

Ch. Just. You shall have letters of me pres-Come, go along with me, good master Gower. Fal. My lord!

Ch. Just. What's the matter? Fal. Master Gower, shall I entreat you with me to dinner?

Gow. I must wait upon my good lord here, I thank you, good Sir John.

Ch. Just. Sir John, you loiter here too long, company as thou art hath in reason taken from being you are to take soldiers up in counties as 'me all ostentation of sorrow.

Fal. Will you sup with me, Master Gower? P. Hen. Wha Ch. Just. What foolish master taught you I should weep? these manners, Sir John?

Fal. Master Gower, if they become me not, hyprocrite. he was a fool that taught them me. - This is the right fencing grace, my lord; tap for tap, and so part fair.

Ch. Just. Now, the Lord lighten thee! thou art a great fool.

Scene II .- The same. Another Street.

Enter PRINCE HENRY and POINS.

P. Hen. Before God, I am exceeding weary Poins. Is it come to that? I had thought weariness durst not have attached one of so high blood.

P. Hen. Faith, it does me; though it discolours the complexion of my greatness to acknowledge it. Doth it not show vilely in me to desire small beer?

Poins. Why, a prince should not be so loosely studied as to remember so weak a composition.

P. Hen. Belike, then, my appetite was not princely got; for, by my troth, I do now remember the poor creature, small beer. But, indeed, these humble considerations make me out of love with my greatness. What a disgrace is it to me to remember thy name? or to know thy face to-morrow? or to take note how many pair of silk stockings thou hast; viz., these, and those that were thy peach-coloured ones? or to bear the inventory of thy shirts, as, one for superfluity, and one other for use?-but that the tennis court-keeper knows better than I; for it is a low ebb of linen with thee when thou keepest not racket there; as thou hast not done a great while, because the rest of thy lowcountries have made a shift to eat up thy holland: and God knows, whether those that bawl out the ruins of thy linen shall inherit his kingdom: but the midwives say the children are not in the fault; whereupon the world increases, and kindreds are mightily strengthened.

Poins. How ill it follows, after you have laboured so hard, you should talk so idly! Tell me, how many good young princes would do so, their fathers being so sick as yours at this time

P. Hen. Shall I tell thee one thing, Poins? Poins. Yes, faith; and let it be an excellent good thing.

P. Hen. It shall serve among wits of no

higher breeding than thine. Poins. Go to; I stand the push of your one

thing that you will tell.

P. Hen. Marry, I tell thee,—it is not meet that I should be sad, now my father is sick: albeit I could tell to thee, -as to one it pleases me, for fault of a better, to call my friend,-I could be sad and sad indeed too.

Poins. Very hardly on the subject.

P. Hen. By this hand, thou think'st me as far in the devil's book as thou and Falstaff for obduracy and persistency: let the end try the man. But I tell thee, my heart bleeds inwardly that my father is so sick: and keeping such vile look you how he writes.

Poins. The reason?

P. Hen. What wouldst thou think of me if Poins. I would think thee a most princely

P. Hen. It would be every man's thought; and thou are a blessed fellow to think as every man thinks: never a man's thought in the world keeps the road-way better than thine: every Exeunt. | man would think me an hyprocrite indeed. And what accites your most worshipful thought to think so?

Poins. Why, because you have been so lewd, and so much engraffed to Falstaff.

P. Hen. And to thee.

Poins. By this light, I am well spoke on; I can hear it with mine own ears: the worst that they can say of me is that I am a second bother, and that I am a proper fellow of my hands; and those two things, I confess, I cannot help.-By the mass, here comes Bardolph.

P. Hen. And the boy that I gave Falstaff. he had him from me Christian; and look, if the fat villain have not transformed him ape.

Enter BARDOLPH and Page.

Bard. God save your grace!

P. Hen. And yours, most noble Bardolphi Bard. Come, you virtuous ass [to the Page], you bashful fool, must you be blushing? wherefore blush you now? What a maidenly man-atarms are you become? Is it such a matter to get a pottle-pot's maidenhead?

Page. He called me even now, my lord, through a red lattice, and I could discern no part of his face from the window: at last I spied his eyes; and methought he had made two holes in the alewife's new red petticoat, and so peeped through.

P. Hen. Hath not the boy profited?

Bard. Away, you whoreson upright rabbit, away!

Page. Away, you rascally Althea's dream, away!

P. Hen. Instruct us, boy; what dream, boy? Page. Marry, my lord, Althea dreamed she was delivered of a fire-brand; and therefore I call him her dream.

P. Hen. A crown's worth of good interpre-

tation:—there it is, boy. [Gives him money. Poins. O that this good blossom could be kept from cankers!—Well, there is sixpence to preserve thee.

Bard. An you do not make him be hanged among you, the gallows shall have wrong

P. Hen. And how doth thy master, Bardolph? Bard. Well, my lord. He heard of your grace's coming to town; there's a letter for you. Poins. Delivered with good respect.-And

how doth the martlemas, your master?

Bard. In bodily health, sir.

Poins. Marry, the immortal part needs a physician; but that moves not him: though that be sick, it dies not.

P. Hen. I do allow this wen to be as familiar with me as my dog: and he holds his place; for

Poins. [Reads.] John Falstaff, knight,every man must know that, as oft as he has occasion to name himself: even like those that are kin to the king; for they never prick their finger but they say, There is some of the king's blood spilt.—How comes that? says he, that takes upon him not to conceive. The answer is as ready as a borrower's cap, I am the hing's

poor cousin, sir.

P. Hen. Nay, they will be kin to us, or they will fetch it from Japhet. But to the letter:-Poins. [Reads.] Sir John Falstaff, knight, to

the son the king, nearest his father, Harry Enter Northumberland, Lady Northum-Prince of Wales, greeting.—Why, this is a Berland, and Lady Percy. certificate.

P. Hen. Peace!

Poins. [Reads.] I will imitate the honourable Romans in brevity:-sure he means brevity in breath, short-winded .- I commend me to thee, I commend thee, and I leave thee. Be not too familiar with Poins; for he misuses thy favours so much that he swears thou art to marry his sister Nell. Repent at idle times as thou mayest, and so, farewell.

Thine, by yea and no, (which is as

much as to say, as thou usest him,) JACK FALSTAFF, with my familiars; JOHN, with my brothers and sisters; and SIR JOHN with all Europe.

My lord, I will steep this letter in sack, and

make him eat it.

P. Hen. That's to make him eat twenty of his words. But do you use me thus, Ned? must I marry your sister?

Poins. God send the wench have no worse

fortune! but I never said so.

P. Hen. Well, thus we play the fools with the time; and the spirits of the wise sit in the clouds and mock us .- Is your master here in London?

Bard. Yes, my lord.

P. Hen. Where sups he? doth the old boar feed in the old frank? [cheap.

Bard. At the old place, my lord, -in East-P. Hen. What company? ichurch. Page. Ephesians, my lord,—of the old P. Hen. Sup any women with him?

Page. None, my lord, but old Mistress Quickly and Mistress Doll Tearsheet.

P. Hen. What pagan may that be? Page. A proper gentlewoman, sir, and a kinswoman of my master's.

P. Hen. Even such kin as the parish heifers are to the town bull. -Shall we steal upon them, Ned, at supper?

Poins. I am your shadow, my lord; I'll foliow you.

P. Hen. Sirrah, you boy,— and Bardolph,no word to your master that I am yet come to town: there's for your silence.

Bard. I have no tongue, sir.

Page. And for mine, sir,-I will govern it. P. Hen. Fare ye well; go. [Exeunt Bar-DOLPH and Page.]—This Doll Tearsheet should be some road.

Poins. I warrant you, as common as the way between Saint Alban's and London.

P. Hen. How might we see Falstaff bestow himself to-night in his true colours, and not ourselves be seen?

Poins. Put on two leathern jerkins and aprons, and wait upon him at his table as drawers.

P. Hen. From a god to a bull? a heavy descension! it was Jove's case. From a prince to a prentice? a low transformation! that shall be mine; for in everything the purpose must weigh with the folly .- Follow me, Ned.

Exeunt.

Scene III .- WARKWORTH. Before the castle,

North. I pray thee, loving wife, and gentle daughter,

Give even way unto my rough affairs: Put not you on the visage of the times,

And be, like them, to Percy troublesome. Lady N. I have given over, I will speak no

Do what you will; your wisdom be your guide.

North. Alas, sweet wife, my honour is at pawn;

And, but my going, nothing can redeem it.

Lady P. O, yet, for God's sake, go not to
these wars!

him!

The time was, father, that you broke your word. When you were more endear'd to it than now, When your own Percy, when my heart-dear Harry,

Threw many a northward look to see his father Bring up his powers; but he did long in vain. Who then persuaded you to stay at home? There were two honours lost,-yours and your son's.

For yours,-may heavenly glory brighten it! For his,-it stuck upon him, as the sun In the grey vault of heaven: and by his light Did all the chivalry of England move To do brave acts: he was, indeed, the glass Wherein the noble youth did dress themselves: He had no legs that practis'd not his gait; And speaking thick, which nature made his blemish.

Became the accents of the valiant; For those that could speak low and tardily Would turn their own perfection to abuse To seem like him: so that in speech, in gait, In diet, in affections of delight, In military rules, humours of blood, He was the mark and glass, copy and book, That fashion'd others. And him, -O wondrous

O miracle of men!-him did you leave,-Second to none, unseconded by you,-To look upon the hideous god of war In disadvantage; to abide a field

Where nothing but the sound of Hotspur's

Did seem defensible:-so you left him. Never, O never, do his ghost the wrong To hold your houour more precise and nice With otners than with him! let them alone: The marshall and the archbishop are strong: Had my sweet Harry had but half their numbers,

To-day might I, hanging on Hotspur's neck, Have talk'd of Monmouth's grave.

North. Beshrew your heart, ! Fair daughter, you do draw my spirits from me With new lamenting ancient oversights. But I must go, and meet with danger there; Or it will seek me in another place, And find me worse provided.

Lady N. O, fly to Scotland, Till that the nobles and the armed commons Have of their puissance made a little taste.

Lady P. If they get ground and vantage of the king,

Then join you with them, like a rib of steel, To make strength stronger; but, for all our loves,

First let them try themselves. So did your son; He was so suffer'd: so came I a widow; And never shall have length of life enough To rain upon remembrance with mine eyes, That it may grow and sprout as high as heaven, For recordation to my noble husband.

North. Come, come, go in with me.

with my mind

As with the tide swell'd up unto its height, That makes a still-stand, running neither way. Fain would I go to meet the archbishop, But many thousand reasons hold me back. I will resolve for Scotland: there am I. Till time and vantage crave my company.

Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- LONDON. A Room in the Boar's Head Tavern in Eastcheap.

Enter two Drawers.

I Draw. What the devil hast thou brought there? apple-johns? thou know'st Sir John cannot endure an apple-john.

2 Draw. Mass, thou sayest true. The prince once set a dish of apple-johns before him, and told him there was five more Sir Johns; and, putting off his hat, said, I will now take my leave of these six dry, round, old, withered knights. It angered him to the heart: but he hath forgot that.

I Draw. Why, then, cover, and set them down: and see if thou canst find out Sneak's noise: Mistress Tearsheet would fain hear some music. Despatch:-the room where they supped is too hot; they'll come in straight.

2 Draw. Sirrah, here will be the prince and Master Poins anon; and they will put on two of our jerkens and aprons; and Sir John must not know of it: Bardolph hath brought word.

I Draw. By the mass, here will be old utis: it will be an excellent strafagem.

2 Draw. I'll see if I can find out Sneak.

Enter Hostess and DOLL TEARSHEET.

Host. I' faith, sweetheart, methinks now you are in an excellent good temperality: your pulsidge beats as extraordinarily as heart would desire; and your colour, I warrant you, is as red as any rose: but, i' faith, you have drunk too much canaries; and that's a marvellous searching wine, and it perfumes the blood ere one can say, What's this?—How do you now?

Doll. Better than I was:-hem.

Host. Why, that's well said; a good heart's worth gold .- Look, here comes Sir John.

Enter FALSTAFF singing.

Fal. When Arthur first in court—Empty the jorden. [Exit 1 Drawer.]—And was a worthy king.-How now, Mistress Doll!

Host. Sick of a calm; yea, good sooth.

Fal. So is all her sect: an they be once in a calm, they are sick.

Doll. You muddy rascal, is that all the com-

fort you give me?

Fal. You make fat rascals, Mistress Doll. Doll. I make them! gluttony and diseases

make them; I make them not. Fal. If the cook help to make the gluttony, you help to make the diseases, Doll: we catch

of you, Doll, we catch of you; grant that, my poor virtue, grant that.

Doll. Yea, joy, -our chains and our jewels. Fal. Your brooches, pearls, and ouches:—for to serve bravely is to come halting off, you know: to come off the breach with his pike bent bravely, and to surgery bravely; to ven-

ture upon the charged chambers bravely,-Doll. Hang yourself, you muddy conger, hang yourself!

Host. By my troth, this is the old fashion; you two never meet but you fall to some discord:you are both, in good troth, as rheumatic as two dry toasts; you cannot one bear with another's confirmities. What the good-year! one must bear, and that must be you [to Doll]: you are the weaker vessel, as they say, the emptier vessel.

Doll. Can a weak empty vessel bear such a huge full hogshead? there's a whole merchant's venture of Bourdeaux stuff in him; you have not seen a hulk better stuffed in the hold .-Come, I'll be friends with thee, Jack: thou art going to the wars; and whether I shall ever see thee again or no, there is nobody cares.

Re-enter First Drawer.

1 Draw. Sir, Ancient Pistol is below, and would speak with you.

Doll. Hang him, swaggering rascal! let him not come hither: it is the foul-mouth'dst rogue

in England.

Host. If he swagger, let him not come here: no, by my faith; I must live amongst my neighbours; I'll no swaggerers: I am in good name and fame with the very best:-shut the door;-there comes no swaggerers here: I have not lived all this while to have swaggering now:

shut the door, I pray you.

Fal. Dost thou hear, hostess?-Host. Pray you, pacify yourself, Sir John: [Exit. there comes no swaggerers here.

Fal. Dost thou hear? it is mine ancient.

Host. Tilly-fally, Sir John, never tell me: your ancient swaggerer comes not in my doors. I was before Master Tisick, the deputy, the other day; and, as he said to me,-it was no longer ago than Wednesday last,- Neighbour Ouckly, says he; —Master Dumb, our minister, was by then; —Neighbour Quickly, says he, receive those that are civil, for, saith he, you are in an ill-name; -now he said so, I can tell whereupon; for, says he, you are an honest woman, and well thought on; therefore take heed what guests you receive: receive, says he, no swaggering companions.—There comes none here; -you would bless you to hear what he

said:-no, I'll no swaggerers.

Fai He's no swaggerer, hostess; a tame cheater, i'faith; you may stroke him as gently as a puppy greyhound: he will not swagger with a Barbary hen, if her feathers turn back in any show of resistance.-Call him up, drawer. Ent I Drawer.

Host. Cheater, call you him? I will bar no

honest man my house, nor no cheater: but I do not love swaggering; by my troth, I am the worse when one says swagger: feel, masters, how I shake; look you, I warrant you.

Doll. So you do, hostess.

Host. Do I? yes, in very truth, do I, an 'twere an aspen leaf: I cannot abide swaggerers.

Enter PISTOL, BARDOLPH, and PAGE.

Pist. God save you, Sir John.

Fal. Welcome, Ancient Pistol. Here, Pistol, I charge you with a cup of sack: do you dis-

charge upon mine hostess.

Pist. I will discharge upon her, Sir John, with

two bullets.

Pal. She is pistol-proof, sir; you shall hardly

offend her.

Host. Come, I'll drink no proofs nor no bullets: I'll drink no more than will do me good, for no man's pleasure, I.

Pist. Then to you, Mrs. Dorothy; I will

charge you.

Doll. Charge me! I scorn you, scurvy companion. What! you poor, base, rascally, cheating lack-linen mate! Away, you mouldy rogue, away! I am meat for your master.

Pist. I know you, Mistress Dorothy.

Doll. Away, you cut-purse rascal! you filthy bung, away! by this wine, I'll thrust my knife in your mouldy chaps, an you play the saucy cuttle with me. Away, you bottle-ale rascal! you basket-hilt state juggler, you!—Since when, I pray you, sir?—God's light, with two points on your shoulder? much!

Pist. I will murder your ruff for this. Fal. No more, Pistol; I would not have you to off here: discharge yourself of our company, Pistol.

Host. No, good Captain Pistol; not here,

sweet captain.

Doll. Captain! thou abominable damned cheater, art thou not ashamed to be called cap tain? If captains were of my mind, they would truncheon you out, for taking their names upon you before you have earned them. You a captain! you slave, for what? for tearing a poor whore's ruff in a bawdy-house?-He a captain! hang him, rogue! He lives upon mouldy stewed prunes and dried cakes. A captain! God's light, these villains will make the word as odious as the word occupy; which was an excellent good word before it was ill-sorted; therefore captains had need to look it.

Bard. Pray thee, go down, good ancient. Fal. Hark thee hither, Mistress Doll.

Pist. Not I: I tell thee what, Corporal Bardolph,-I could tear her:-I'll be revenged on you! her.

Page. Pray thee, go down.

Pist. I'll see her damned first;-to Pluto's damned lake, by this hand, to the infernal deep. with Erebus and tortures vile also. Hold hook and line, say I. Down, down, d faitors! Have we not Hiren here? Down, down, dogs! down. faitors!

Host. Good Captain Peesel, be quiet; it is very late, i'faith: I beseek you now, aggravate

your choler.

Pist. These be good humours, indeed! Shall packhorses,

And hollow pamper'd jades of Asia, Which cannot go but thirty miles a-day, Compare with Cæsars, and with Cannibals, And Trojan Greeks? nay, rather damn them with

King Cerberus; and let the welkin roar.

Shall we fall foul for toys?

Host. By my troth, captain, these are very bitter words.

Bard Be gone, good ancient: this will grow to a brawl anon.

Pist. Die men like dogs! give crowns like pins! Have we not Hiren here? Host. O' my word, captain; there's none

such here. What the good-year! do you think I would deny her? for Godsake, be quiet. Pist. Then feed and be fat, my fair Calipolis.

Come, give me some sack.

Se fortuna mi tormenta, lo sperare mi contenta.-

Fear we broadsides? no, let the fiend give fire: Give me some sack:-and, sweetheart, lie thou there. [Laying down his sword.

Come we to full points here; and are et-ceteras nothing

Fal. Pistol, I would, be quiet.

Pist. Sweet knight, I kiss thy neif: what! we have seen the seven stars.

Doll. Thrust him downstairs; I cannot endure such a fustian rascal.

Pist. Thrust him downstairs! know we not

Galloway nags? Fal. Quoit him down, Bardolph, like a shove-

groat shilling; nay, an he do nothing but speak nothing, he shall be nothing here. Bard. Come, get you down stairs. Pist. What! shall we have incision? shall we imbrue?-Snatching up his sword. Then death rock me asleep, abridge my doleful days!

Why, then, let grievous, ghastly, gaping wounds Untwine the Sisters Three! Come, Atropos, I

say! Host. Here's goodly stuff toward!

Fal. Give me my rapier, boy. Doll. I pray thee, Jack, I pray thee, do not draw.

Fal. Get you down stairs.

Drawing, and driving Pist. out. Host. Here's a goodly tumult! I'll forswear keeping house afore I'll be in these tirrits and frights. So; murder, I warrant now.—Alas, alas! put up your naked weapons, put up your naked weapons. Exeunt PIST, and BARD.

Doll. I pray thee, Jack, be quiet; the rascal is gone.—Ah, you whoreson little valiant villain.

Host. Are you not hurt i' the groin? methought he made a shrewd thrust at your belly.

Re-enter BARDOLPH.

Fal. Have you turned him out of doors? Bard. Yes, sir. The rescal's drunk: you have hurt him, sir, in the shoulder.

Fal. A rascal! to brave me!

Doll. Ah, you sweet little rogue, you! Alas, thy face;—come on, you whoreson chops:—ah, hare a cap tomorrow. A merry song, come: ous as Hector of Troy, worth five of Agamem poor ape, how thou sweatest! come, let me wipe non, and ten times better than the nine worthies: ah, villain!

Fal. A rascally slave! I will toss the rogue

in a blanket.

Doll. Do, if thou darest for thy heart: if thou dost, I'll canvass thee between a pair of sheets.

Enter Musicians

Page. The music is come, sir.

Fal. Let them play;—play, sirs.—Sit on my knee, Doll.—A rascal-bragging slave! the rogue

fled from me like quicksilver. Doll. I faith, and thou followedst him like a

church. Thou whoreson little tidy Bartholomew boar-pig, when wilt thou leave fighting o'days and foining o'nights, and begin to patch up thine old body for heaven?

Enter, behind, PRINCE HENRY and Poins disquised as Drawers.

Fal. Peace, good Doll! do not speak like a Death's head; do not bid me remember mine end.

Doll. Sirrah, what humour is the prince of? Fal. A good shallow young fellow: he would have made a good pantler; he would have chipped bread well.

Doll. They say Poins has a good wit.

Fal. He a good wit? hang him, baboon! his wit is as thick as Tewksbury mustard; there is

no more conceit in him than is in a mallet.

Doll. Why does the prince love him so, then? Fal. Because their legs are both of a bigness; and he plays at quoits well; and eats conger and fennel; and drinks off candles' ends for flapdragons; and rides the wild mare with the boys; and jumps upon joint-stools; and swears with a good grace; and wears his boot very smooth, like unto the sign of the leg; and breeds no bate with telling of discreet stories; and such other gambol faculties he has, that show a weak mind and an able body, for the which the prince admits him: for the prince himself is such another; the weight of a hair will turn the scales between their avoirdupois.

P. Hen. Would not this nave of a wheel have

his ears cut off?

Poins. Let us beat him before his whore. P. Hen. Look, whether the withered elder hath not his poll clawed like a parrot.

Poins. Is it not strange that desire should so

many years outlive performance? Fal. Kiss me, Doll.

P. Hen. Saturn and Venus this year in conjunction! what says the almanac to that?

Poins. And look, whether the fiery Trigon his man, be not lisping to his master's old tables, his note-book, his counsel-keeper.

Fal. Thou dost give me flattering busses. Doll. By my troth, I kiss thee with a most constant heart.

Fal. I am old, I am old.

Doll. I love thee better than I love e'er a

scurvy young boy of them all.

Fal. What stuff wilt thou have a kirtle of? I

Doll. By my troth, thou wilt set me a weeping, an thou sayest so: prove that ever I dress myself handsome till thy return:—well,

hearken the end.

Fal. Some sack, Francis.

P. Hen., Poins. Anon, anon, sir.

Advancing. Fal. Ha! a bastard son of a king's?-And art not thou Poins, his brother?

P. Hen. Why, thou globe of sinful continents.

what a life dost thou lead!

Fal. A better than thou: I am a gentleman: thou art a drawer. P. Hen. Very true, sir, and I come to draw

you out by the ears. Host. O, the Lord preserve thy good grace! by my troth, welcome to London. Now, the Lord bless that sweet face of thine! O Jesu, are you come from Wales?

Fal. Thou whoreson mad compound of majesty,-by this light flesh and corrupt blood,

thou art welcome.

[Leaning his hand upon DOLL. Doll. How, you fat fool! I scorn you.

Poins. My lord, he will drive you out of your revenge, and turn all to a merriment, if you take not the heat.

P. Hen. You whoreson candle-mine, you, how vilely did you speak of me even now before this honest, virtuous, civil, gentlewoman!

Host. God's blessing on your good heart! and

so she is, by my troth.

Fal. Didst thou hear me?

P. Hen. Yes; and you knew me, as you did when you ran away by Gadshill: you knew I was at your back, and spoke it on purpose to

try my patience.

Fal. No, no, no; not so; I did not think thou

wast within hearing.

P. H. I shall drive you, then, to confess the wilful abuse, and then I know how to handle you.

Fal. No abuse, Hal, on mine honour; no abuse.

P. Hen. Not! to dispraise me, and call me pantler, and bread-chipper, and I know not whatl

Fal. No abuse, Hal.

Poins. No abuse. Fal. No abuse, Ned, in the world; honest Ned, none. I dispraised him before the wicked. that the wicked might not fall in love with him;in which doing, I have done the part of a careful friend and a true subject, and thy father is to give me thanks for it. No abuse, Hal:none, Ned, none, -no, faith, boys, none.

P. Hen. See now, whether pure fear and entire cowardice doth not make thee wrong this virtuous gentlewoman to close with us? is she wicked? or is thy boy of the wicked? or honest well, fare thee well. Bardolph, whose zeal burns in his nose, of the wicked?

Poins. Answer, thou dead elm, answer.

Fal. The fiend hath pricked down Bardolph come to my master. irrecoverable; and his face is Lucifer's privykitchen, where he doth nothing but roast malt-worms. For the boy,—there is a good angel about him; but the devil outbids him too.

P. Hen. For the women?

Fal. For one of them,—she is in hell already, and burns, poor soul! For the other,—I owe her money; and whether she he damned for that, I know not.

Host. No, I warr ant you. Fal. No, I think thou art not; I think thou art quit for that. Marry, there is another indictment upon thee for suffering flesh to be eaten in thy house, contrary to the law; for the which I think thou wilt howl.

Host. All victuallers do so: what's a joint of

mutton or two in a whole Lent?

P. Hen. You, gentlewoman,—

Doll. What says your grace?

Fal. His grace says that which his flesh rebels against. Knocking within. Host. Who knocks so loud at door? Look

to the door there, Francis.

Enter PETO.

P. Hen. Peto, how now! what news? Pet. The king your father is at Westminster; And there are twenty weak and wearied posts Come from the north: and as I came along

I met and overtook a dozen captains, Bare-headed, sweating, knocking at the taverns And asking everyone for Sir John Falstaff.

P. Hen. By heaven, Poins, I feel me much to blame,

So idly to profane the precious time; When tempest of commotion, like the south, Borne with black vapor, doth begin to melt, And drop upon our bare unarmed heads. Give me my sword and cloak.-Falstaff, good-

night.
[Exeunt P. Hen., Poins, Peto, and Bard-Fal. Now comes in the sweetest morsel of the night, and we must hence, and leave it un-picked. [Knocking within.] More knocking at the door!

Re-enter BARDOLPH.

How now! what's the matter?

Bard. You must away to court, sir, presently; a dozen captains stay at door for you.

Fal. Pay the musicians, sirrah [to the Page]. -Farewell, hostess;-farewell, Doll.-You see my good wenches, how men of merit are sought after: the undeserver may sleep, when the man of action is called on. Farewell, good wenches: if I be not sent away post, I will see you again

of thyself.

Fal. Farewell, farewell.

Exeunt Falstaff and Bardolph Host. Well, fare thee well: I have known thee these twenty-nine years, come peascod- Make mountains level, and the continent,-

of the wicked? is thine hostess here of the time; but an honester and truer-hearted man. -

Bard. [Within.] Mistress, Tearsheet,— Host. What's the matter?

Bard. [Within.] Bid Mistress Tearsheet

Host. O, run, Doll, run; run, good Doll. Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I .- WESTMINSTER. A Room in the Palace

Enter King Henry in his nightgown, with a Page.

K. Hen. Go call the Earls of Surrey and of Warwick: But, ere they come, bid them o'er-read these

But, ere they come, the make good speed.

[Exit Page. How many thousand of my poorest subjects

Are at this hour asleep!-O sleep, O gentle sleep,

Nature's soft nurse, how have I frighted thee. That thou no more wilt weigh my eyelids down, And steep my senses in forgetfulness? Why rather, sleep, liest thou in smoky cribs, Upon uneasy pallets stretching thee, slumber, And hush'd with buzzing night-flies to thy Than in the perfum'd chambers of the great, Under high canopies of costly state, And full'd with sounds of sweetest melody? O thou dull god, why hest thou with the vile

In loathsome beds, and leav'st the kingly couch A watch-case or a common 'larum bell' Wilt thou upon the high and giddy mast Seal up the ship-boy's eyes, and rock his brains In cradle of the rude imperious surge, And in the visitation of the winds,

Who take the ruffian billows by the top Curling their monstrous heads, and hanging them

With deafening clamour in the slippery shrouds, That, with the hurly, death itself awakes? Canst thou, O partial sleep, give thy repose To the wet sea-boy in an hour so rude; And in the calmest and most stillest night, With all appliances and means to boot, Deny it to a king? Then, happy low, he down! Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown.

Enter WARWICK and SURREY.

War. Many good-morrows to your majesty! K. Hen. Is it good-morrow, lords? War. 'Tis one o'clock, and past.

K. Hen. Why, then, good-morrow to you all, my lords.

Have you read o'er the letters that I sent you? War. We have, my liege. K. Hen. Then you perceive the body of our

How foul it is; what rank diseases grow And with what danger, near the heart of it. War. It is but as a body yet distemper'd;

Which to his former strength may be restor'd With good advice and little medicine: My lord Northumberland will soon be cool'd.

K. Hen. O God! that one might read the book of fate,

And see the revolution of the times

Weary of solid firmness, -melt itself Into the sea! and, other times, to see The beachy girdle of the ocean mock. Too wide for Neptune's hips; how chances Enter SHALLOW And changes fill the cup of alteration With divers liquors! Oh, if this were seen, The happiest youth,—viewing his progress through,

What perils past, what crosses to ensue,-Would shut the book, and sit him down and die. 'Tis not ten years gone friends, Since Richard and Northumberland, great Did feast together, and in two years after Were they at wars. It is but eight years since fellow? and your fairest daughter and mine, my This Percy was the man nearest my soul; Who like a brother toil'd in my affairs, And laid his love and life under my foot Yea, for my sake, even to the eyes of Richard Gave him defiance. But which of you was

by, You. cousin Nevil, as I may remember,-

[To WARWICK. When Richard,—with his eye brimful of tears, think they will talk of mad Shallow yet. Did speak these words, now prov'd a prophecy? Northumberland, thou ladder by the which My cousin Bolingbroke ascends my throne,-Though then, God knows, I had no such intent, But that necessity so bow'd the state That I and greatness were compell'd to kiss:-The time shall come, thus did he follow it, The time will come, that foul sin, gathering head,

Shall break into corruption—so went on, Foretelling this same time's condition,

And the division of our amity.

War. There is a history in all men's lives, Figuring the nature of the times deceas'd: The which observ'd, a man may prophesy, With a near aim, of the main chance of things As yet not come to life, which in their seeds And weak beginnings lie intreasured. [time; Such things become the hatch and brood of And, by the necessary form of this, King Richard might create a perfect guess That great Northumberland, then false to him, Would of that seed grow to a greater falseness; Which should not find a ground to root upon, Unless on you.

K. Hen. Are these things, then, necessities? Then let us meet them like necessities;-And that same word even now cries out on us: They say the bishop and Northumberland Are fifty thousand strong.

It cannot be, my lord;

Rumour doth double, like the voice and echo, The numbers of the fear'd. Please it your

To go to bed. Upon my life, my lord, The powers that you already have sent forth Shall bring this prize in very easily. To comfort you the more, I have receiv'd A certain instance that Glendower is dead. Your majesty hath been this fortnight ill; And these unseason'd hours perforce must add Unto your sickness.

K. Hen. I will take your counsel: And, were these inward wars once out of hand, We would, dear lords, unto the Holy Land...

SCENE II .- Court before Tustice Shallow's House in Gloucestershire.

and SILENCE, meeting; Mouldy, Shadow, Wart, Feeble, Bull-calf, and Servants, behind

Shal. Come on, come on, come on, sir; give me your hand, sir, give me your hand, sir: an early starrer, by the rood. And how doth my good cousin Silence?

Sil. Good-morrow, good cousin Shallow. Shal. And how doth my cousin, your bedgod-daughter Elien?

Sil. Alas, a black ousel, cousin Shallow!

Shal. By yea and nay, sir, I dare say my cousin William is become a good scholar: he is at Oxford still, is he not?

Sil. Indeed, sir, to my cost.

Shal. He must, then, to the inns of court shortly: I was once of Clement's-inn; where I

Sil. You were called lusty Shallow then, cousin.

Shal. By the mass, I was called anything; and I would have done anything indeed, too, and roundly too. There was I, and little John Doit of Staffordshire, and black George Bare, and Francis Pickbone, and Will Squele a Cots-wold man,—you had not four such swingebucklers in all the inns of court again: and, I may say to you, we knew where the bona-robas ment. Then was Jack Falstaff, now Sir John, a boy, and page to Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk.

Sil. This Sir John, cousin, that comes hither

anon about soldiers?

Shal. The same Sir John, the very same. I saw him break Skogan's head at the court gate, when he was a crack not thus high: and the very same day did I fight with one Sampson Stockfish, a fruiterer, behind Gray's-inn. Jesu, Jesu, the mad days that I have spent! and to see how many of mine old acquaintance are dead!

Sil. We shall all follow, cousin.

Shal. Certain, 'tis certain; very sure, very sure: death, as the Psalmist saith, is certain to all; all shall die.—How a good yoke of bullocks at Stamford fair?

Sil. Truly, cousin, I was not there.

Shal. Death is certain.-Is old Double of your town living yet?

Sil. Dead, sir.

Shal. Jesu, Jesu, dead!—he drew a good bow; and dead!—he shot a fine shoot:—John of Gaunt loved him well, and betted much money on his head. Dead!-he would have clapp'd in the clout at twelve score, and carried you a forehand shaft a fourteen and fourteen and a half, that it would have done a man's heart good to see.—How a score of ewes now?

Sil. Thereafter as they be: a score of good

ewes may be worth ten pounds. Shal. And is old Double dead?

Sil. Here come two of Sir John Falstaff's Excunt. men, as I think.

.. R

Enter BARDOLPH and one with him.

Bard Good-morrow, honest gentlemen: I beseech you, which is Justice Shallow?

Shal. I am Robert Shallow, sir, a poor esquire of this county, and one of the king's justices of the peace: what is your good pleasure with me?

Bard. My captain, sir, commends him to you; my captain, Sir John Falstaff,-a tall gentleman, by heaven, and a most gallant leader.

Shal. He greets me well, sir; I knew him a good backsword man: how doth the good knight? may I ask how my lady his wife doth? Bard. Sir, pardon; a soldier is better ac-commodated than with a wife.

Shal. It is well said, in faith, sir; and it is well said indeed too. Better accommodated!it is good; yea, indeed, is it: good phrases are surely, and ever were, very commendable. Accommodated!-it comes from accommodo: very

good; a good phrase.

Bard. Pardon me, sir; I have heard the word. Phrase call you it? By this good day, I know not the phrase; but I will maintain the word with my sword to be a soldier-like word, and a word of exceeding good command. Accommodated; that is, when a man is, as they say, accommodated; or, when a man is, being, whereby he may be thought to be accommodated; which is an excellent thing.

Shal. It is very just.—Look, here comes

good Sir John.

Enter FALSTAFF.

Give me your good hand, give me your worship's good hand: by my troth, you look well and bear your years very well: welcome, good Sir John.

Fal. I am glad to see you well, good Master Robert Shallow: -- Master Surecard, as I think? Shal. No, Sir John, it is my cousin Silence,

in commission with me.

Fal. Good Master Silence, it well befits you should be of the peace.

Sil. Your good worship is welcome. Fal. Fiel this is hot weather.—Gentlemen, have you provided me here half a dozen sufficient men?

Shal. Marry, have we, sir. Will you sit?

Fal. Let me see them, I beseech you. Shal. Where's the roll? where's the roll? where's the roll?-let me see, let me see. So, so, so, so:-yea, marry, sir:-Ralph Mouldy! let them appear as I call; let them do so, let them do so.-Let me see; where is Mouldy?

Moul. Here, an't please you. Shal. What think you, Sir John? a good limbed fellow; young, strong, and of good friends.

Fal. Is thy name Mouldy?

Moul. Yea, an't please you.

Fal. 'Tis the more time thou wert used Shal. Ha, ha, hal most excellent, i' faith! things that are mouldy lack use: very singular good!-in faith, well said, Sir John; very well said.

Fal. Prick him. To SHALLOW. Moul. I was pricked well enough before, an you could have let me alone; my old dame will

be undone now for one to do her husbandry and her drudgery: you need not to have pricked me; there are other men fitter to go out than I.

Fal Go to; peace, Mouldy; you shall go. Mouldy, it is time you were spent.

Moul. Spent'

Shal. Peace, fellow, peace; stand aside: know you where you are?—For the other, Sir -let me see; -Simon Shadow! John:—let me see;—Simon Shadow!
Fal. Yea, marry, let me have him to sit

under: he's like to be a cold soldier.

Shal. Where's Shadow? Shad Here, sir.

Fal. Shadow, whose son art thou?

Shad. My mother's son, sir.

Fal. Thy mother's son! like enough; and thy father's shadow: so the son of the female is the shadow of the male: it is often so, indeed; but not much of the father's substance.

Shal. Do you like him, Sir John?

Fal. Shadow will serve for summer, -- prick him; for we have a number of shadows to fill up the muster-book.

Thomas Wart! Shal. Thomas W: Fal. Where's he?

Wart. Here, sir. Fal. Is thy name Wart?

Wart. Yea, sir.
Fal. Thou art a very ragged wart.
Shal. Shall I prick him, Sir John?

Fal. It were superfluous; for his apparel is built upon his back, and the whole frame stands

upon pins: prick him no more.

Shal. Ha, ha, ha!—you can do it, sir; you can do it: I commend you well.—Francis Feeble!

Fee. Here, sir.
Fal. What trade art thou, Feeble?

Fee. A woman's tailor, sir. Shal. Shall I prick him, sir?

Fal. You may: but if he had been a man's tailor, he would have pricked you.—Wilt thou make as many holes in an enemy's battle as thou hast done in a woman's petticoat?

Fee. I will do my good will, sir; you can have

no more.

Fal. Well said, good woman's tailor! well said, courageous Feeble! Thou wilt be as valiant as the wrathful dove or most magnanimous mouse.-Prick the woman's tailor well,

Master Shallow; deep, Master Shallow.

Fee. I would Wart might have gone, sir.

Fal. I would thou wert a man's tailor, that

thou mightst mend him, and make him fit to go. I cannot put him to a private soldier, that is the leader of so many thousands: let that suffice. most forcible Feeble.

Fee. It shall suffice, sir.

Fal. I am bound to thee, Reverend Feeble. Who is next?

Shal. Peter Bullcalf of the green!

Fal. Yes, marry, let us see Bullcalf.
Bull. Here, sir.
Fal. 'Fore God, a likely fellow!—Come, prick me, Bullcalf, till he roar again.

Bull. O lord! good my lord captain,—
Fal. What, dost thou roar before thou art

pricked? Bull. O lord, sir! I am a diseased man. Fal. What disease hast thou?

Bull. A whoreson cold, sir,-a cough, sir,which I caught with ringing in the king's affairs upon his coronation day, sir.

Fal. Come, thou shalt go to the wars in a gown; we will have away thy cold; and I will take such order that thy friends shall ring for thee. - Is here all?

Shal. Here is two more called than your number; you must have but four here, sir:and so, I pray you, go in with me to dinner.

Fal. Come, I will go drink with you, but I cannot tarry dinner. I am glad to see you, by my troth, Master Shallow.

Shal. O, Sir John, do you remember since we lay all night in the windmill in Saint George's Fields?

Fal. No more of that, good Master Shallow, no more of that.

Shal. Ha, it was a merry night. And is Jane Nightwork ahve?

Fal. She lives, Master Shallow.

Shal. She never could away with me.

Fal. Never, never; she would always say she could not abide Master Shallow.

Shal. By the mass, I could anger her to the heart. She was then a bona-roba. Doth she hold her own well?

Fal. Old, old, Master Shallow

Shal. Nay, she must be old; she cannot choose but be old; certain she's old; and had Robin Nightwork, by old Nightwork, before I came to Clement's-inn.

Sil. That's fifty-five year ago. Shal. Ha, cousin Silence, that thou hadst seen that that this knight and I have seen!-

Ha, Sir John, said I well?

Fal. We have heard the chimes at midnight,

Master Shallow.

Shal. That we have, that we have, that we have; in faith, Sir John, we have: our watch-word was, *Hem, boys!*—Come, let's to dinner; come, let's to dinner:—O, the days that we have seen!-come, come.

[Exeunt Fal., SHAL., and Sil.

Bull. Good Master Corporate Bardolph. stand my friend; and here is four Harry ten shillings in French crowns for you. In very truth, sir, I had as lief be hanged, sir, as go: and yet, for mine own part, sir, I do not care; but rather, because I am unwilling, and, for mine own part, have a desire to stay with my friends; else, sir, I did not care for mine own part, so much.

Bard. Go to; stand aside.

Moul. And, good master corporal captain, for my old dame's sake, stand my friend: she has nobody to do anything about her when I am gone; and she is old, and cannot help herself: you shall have forty, sir.

Bard. Go to; stand aside.

Fee. By my troth, I care not; a man can die but once; we owe God a death: Pil ne'er bear a base mind: an't be my destiny, so; an't be not, so: no man's too good to serve his prince; and, let it go which way it will, he that dies this year is quit for the next.

Bard. Well said: thou'rt a good fellow.

Fee. Faith, I'll bear no base mind.

Re-enter FALSTAFF and Justices.

Fai. Come, sir, which men shall I have? Shal. Four of which you please.

Bard. Sir, a word with you:—I have three pound to free Mouldy and Bullcalf.

Fal Go to; well. have? Shal. Come, Sir John, which four will you

Fal. Do you choose for me. Shal. Marry, then,-Mouldy, Bullcalf.

Feeble, and Shadow.
Fal. Mouldy and Bullcalf:—for you, Mouldy, stay at home till you are past service: and for your part, Bullcalf,-grow till you come unto it: I will none of you.

Shal. Sir John, Sir John, do not yourself wrong: they are your likeliest men, and I would

have you served with the best.

Fal. Will you tell me, Master Shallow, how to choose a man? Care I for the limb, the thews, the stature, bulk, and big assemblance of a man! Give me the spirit, Master Shallow. -Here's Wart; -you see what a ragged appearance it is: he shall charge you and discharge you, with the motion of a pewterer's hammer; come off, and on, swifter than he that gibbetson the brewer's bucket. And this same halffaced fellow, Shadow,—give me this man: he presents no mark to the enemy; the foeman may with as great aim level at the edge of a penknife. And, for a retreat,—how swiftly will this Feeble, the woman's tailor, run off! O, give me the spare man, and spare me the great ones.—Put me a caliver into Wart's hand, Bardolph.

Bard. Hold, Wart, traverse; thus, thus, thus.

Fal. Come, manage me your caliver. So:very well:—go to:—very good:—exceeding good.—O, give me always a little, lean, old, chapped, bald shot .- Well said, i'faith, Wart; thou'rt a good scab; hold, there's a tester for

Shal. He is not his craft's-master, he doth not do it right. I remember at Mile-end Green, -when I lay at Clement's-inn,—I was then Sir Dagonet in Arthur's show,—there was a little quiver fellow, and he would manage you his piece thus; and he would about and about, and come you in and come you in: rah, tah, tah, would he say; bounce would he say; and away again would he go, and again would he come: -I shall never see such a fellow.

Fal. These fellows will do well, Master Shallow.-God keep you, Master Silence: I will not use many words with you.—Fare you well, gentlemen both: I thank you: I must a dozen mile to-night.-Bardolph, give the soldiers coats.

Shal. Sir John, heaven bless you, and prosper your affairs, and send us peace! as you return, visit my house; let our old acquaintance be renewed: peradventure I will with you to the court.

Fal. 'Fore God, I would you would, Master Shallow.

Shal. Go to; I have spoke at a word. Fare Exeunt SHAL, and SIL. you well. Fal. Fare you well, gentle gentlemen. On. Bardolph; lead the men away. [Excunt BarDOLPH, Recruits, &c. |. As I return, I will fetch off these justices: I do see the bottom of Justice Shallow. Lord, Lord, how subject we old men are to this vice of lying! This same starved justice hath done nothing but prate to me of the wildness of his youth, and the feats he hath done about Turnbull Street, and every third word a lie, duer paid to the hearer than the Turk's tribute. I do remember him at Clement's-inn, like a man made after supper of a cheese-paring: when he was naked, he was, for all the world, like a forked radish, with a head fantastical'v carved upon it with a knife: he was so forlorn that his dimensions to any thick sight were invincible: he was the very genius of famine; yet lecherous as a monkey, and the whores called him mandrake: he came ever in the rearward of the fashion; and sung those tunes to the overscutched huswifes that he heard the carmen whistle, and sware they were his fancies or his good-nights. And now is this Vice's dagger become a squire, and talks as familiarly of John of Gaunt as if he had been sworn brother to him; and I'll be sworn he never saw him but once in the Tilt-yard; and then he burst his head for crowding among the marshal's men. I saw it. and told John of Gaunt he beat his own name; for you might have thrust him and all his apparel into an eelskin; the case of a treble hautboy was a mansion for him, a court:—and now has he land and beeves. Well, I will be acquainted with him if I return; and it shall go hard but I will make him a philosopher's two stones to me. if the young dace be a bait for the old pike, I see no reason, in the law of nature, but I may snap at him. Let time shape, and there an Exit. end.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- A Forest in Yorkshire.

Enter the ARCHBISHOP OF YORK, MOWBRAY, HASTINGS, and others.

Arch. What is this forest call'd?

Hast, 'Tis Gualtree Forest, an't shall please your grace.

Arch. Here stand, my lords; and send discoverers forth

To know the numbers of our enemies. Hast. We have sent forth already.

'Tis well done. Arch. My friends and brethern in these great affairs, I must acquaint you that I have receiv'd New-dated letters from Northumberland; Their cold intent, tenour, and substance, thus:-Here doth he wish his person, with such powers As might hold sortance with his quality, The which he could not levy; whereupon He is retir'd, to ripe his growing fortunes, To Scotland; and concludes in hearty prayers That your attempts may over-live the hazard

And fearful meeting of their opposite. Mowb. Thus do the hopes we have in him touch ground,

And dash themselves to pieces.

Enter a Messenger.

Now, what news? Mess. West of this forest, searcely off a mile, In goodly form comes on the enemy;

And, by the ground they hide, I judge their number

Upon or near the rate of thirty thousand. Mowb. The just proportion that we gave them out.

Let us sway on, and face them in the field. Arch. What well-appointed leader fronts us

here? Mowb. I think it is my Lord of Westmoreland.

Enter WESTMORELAND.

West. Health and fair greeting from our

The prince, Lord John and Duke of Lancaster. Arch. Say on, my Lord of Westmoreland, in peace.

What doth concern your coming.

West. Then, my lord, Unto your grace do I in chief address The substance of my speech. If that rebellion Came like itself, in base and abject routs, Led on by bloody youth, guarded with rags, And countenanc'd by boys and beggary,— I say, if damn'd commotion so appear'd, In his true, native, and most proper shape You, reverend father, and these noble lords, Had not been here, to dress the ugly form Of base and bloody insurrection Withyourfairhonours. You, lordarchbishop .-Whose see is by a civil peace maintain'd; Whose beard the silver hand of peace hath

touch'd; Whose learning and good letters peace hath Whose white investments figure innocence. The dove and very blessed spirit of peace,-Wherefore do you so ill translate yourself Out of the speech of peace, that bears such

grace, Into the harsh and boisterous tongue of war: Turning your books to greaves, your ink to

blood, Your pens to lances, and your tongue divine

To a loud trumpet and a point of war?

Arch. Wherefore do I this?—so the question stands.

Briefly to this end:-we are all diseas'd: And with our surfeiting and wanton hours Have brought ourselves into a burning fever, And we must bleed for it: of which disease Our late king, Richard, being infected, died. But, my most noble Lord of Westmoreland, I take not on me here as a physician; Nor do I, as an enemy to peace, Troop in the throngs of military men; But, rather, show awhile like fearful war, To diet rank minds sick of happiness, And purge the obstructions which begin to stop Our very veins of life. Hear me more plainly. I have in equal balance justly weigh'd What wrongs our arms may do, what wrongs

we suffer. And find our griefs heavier than our offences. We see which way the stream of time doth run. And are enforc'd from our most quiet sphere By the rough torrent of occasion: And have the summary of all our griefs When time shall serve, to show in articles; Which long ere this we offer'd to the king, And might by no suit gain our audience:

When we are wrong'd, and would unfold our But if your father had been victor there, griefs,

We are denied access unto his person [wrong. Even by those men that most have done us' The dangers of the days but newly gone,-Whose memory is written on the earth With yet appearing blood, -and the examples Of every minute's instance, -present now, -Have put us in these ill-beseeming arms; Not to break peace, or any branch of it, But to establish here a peace indeed, Concurring both in name and quality.

West. When ever yet was your appeal; demed;

Wherein have you been galled by the king; What peer hath been suborn'd to grate on vou;-

That you should seal this lawless bloody book And it proceeds from policy, not love. Of forg'd rebellion with a seal divine,

And consecrate commotion's bitter edge? Arch. My brother general, the commonwealth,

To brother born an household cruelty, I make my quarrel in particular.

West. There is no need of any such redress: Or if there were, it not belongs to you. fall

Mowb. Why not to him in part, and to us That feel the bruises of the days before, And suffer the condition of these times To lay a heavy and unequal hand Upon our honours?

O, my good Lord Mowbray. West. Construe the times to their necessities, And you shall say indeed, it is the time, And not the king, that doth you injuries. Yet, for your part, it not appears to me, Either from the king or in the present time, That you should have an inch of any ground To build a grief on: were you not restor'd To all the Duke of Norfolk's signiories, Your noble and right-well-remember'd father's?

Mowb. What thing, in honour, had my father

lost. That need to be reviv'd and breath'd in me? The king, that lov'd him, as the state stood then,

Was, force perforce, compell'd to banish him, And then that Henry Bolingbroke and he,-Being mounted and both roused in their seats, Their neighing coursers daring of the spur, Their armed staves in charge, their beavers down,

Their eyes of fire sparkling through sights of steel,

And the loud trumpet blowing them together, Then, then, when there was nothing could have stay'd

My father from the breast of Bolingbroke, O, when the king did throw his warder down, His own life hung upon the staff he threw; Then threw he down himself, and all their lives That by indictment and by dint of sword Have since miscarried under Bohngbroke.

West. You speak, Lord Mowbray, now you know not what.

The Earl of Hereford was reputed then In England the most valiant gentleman: Who knows on whom fortune would then have smil'd?

He ne'er had borne it out of Coventry: For all the country, in a general voice, Cried hate upon him; and all their prayers and love

Were set on Hereford, whom they doted on, And bless'd and grac'd indeed, more than the king.

But this is mere disgression from my purpose.— Here come I from our princely general To know your griefs; to tell you from his grace That he will give you audience; and wherein It shall appear that your demands are just, You shall enjoy them,—everything set off That might so much as think you enemies.

Mowb But he hath forc'd us to compel this offer;

West. Mowbray, you overween to take it so; This offer comes from mercy, not from fear: For, lo! within a ken, our army hes: Upon mine honour, all too confident To give admittance to a thought of fear. Our battle is more full of names than yours, Our men more perfect in the use of arms Our armour all as strong, our cause the best; Then reason will our hearts should be as good:

Say you not, then, our offer is compell'd.

Mowb. Well, by my will we shall admit no

parley.

West. That argues but the shame of your offence:

A rotten case abides no handling. sion. Hast. Hath the Prince John a full commis-In very ample virtue of his father, To hear and absolutely to determine

Of what conditions we shall stand upon? West. That is intended in the general's name:

I muse you make so slight a question. Arch. Then take, my Lord of Westmoreland.

this schedule, For this contains our general grievances: Each several article herein redress'd. All members of our cause, both here and hence, That are insinew'd to this action, Acquitted by a true substantial form, And present execution of our wills To us and to our purposes consign'd.

And knit our powers to the arm of peace. West. This will I show the general. Please

We come within our awful banks again,

you, lords, In sight of both our battles we may meet; And either end in peace,—which God so

frame!-Or to the place of difference call the swords

Which must decide it. Arch. My lord, we will do so.

Exit WESTMORELAND. Mowb. There is a thing within my bosom tells me

That no conditions of our peace can stand. Hast. Fear you not that: if we can make our peace

Upon such large terms and so absolute As our conditions shall consist upon, Our peace shall stand as firm as rocky mountains. Mowb. Ay, but our valuation shall be such, That every slight and false-derived cause,

Arch.

Yea, every idle, nice, and wanton reason, Shall to the king taste of this action; That, were our royal faiths martyrs in love, We shall be winnow'd with so rough a wind That even our corn shall seem as light as chaff, And good from bad find no partition.

Arch. No, no, my lord. Note this,-the

king is weary Of dainty and such picking grievances: For he hath found, to end one doubt by death Revives two greater in the heirs of life; And therefore will he wipe his tables clean, And keep no tell-tale to his memory, That may repeat and history his loss To new remembrance: for full well he knows He cannot so precisely weed this land As his musdoubts present occasion: His foes are so enrooted with his friends That, plucking to unfix an enemy, He doth unfasten so and shake a friend. So that this land, like an offensive wife That hath enrag'd him on to offer strokes, As he is striking, holds his infant up, And hangs resolv'd correction in the arm That was uprear'd to execution. irods

Hast. Besides, the king hath wasted all his On late offenders, that he now doth lack The very instruments of chastisement: So that his power, like to a fangless hon, May offer, but not hold.

'Tis very true: Arch. And therefore be assur'd, my good lord marshal, If we do now make our atonement well. Our peace will, like a broken limb united, Grow stronger for the breaking. Mowh. Be it so.

Here is return'd my Lord of Westmoreland.

Re-enter WESTMORELAND.

West. The prince is here at hand: pleaseth your lordship

To meet his grace just distance 'tween our armies?

Mowb. Your grace of York, in God's name, then, set forward.

Arch. Before, and greet his grace:-my lord. we come. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter, from one side, MOWBRAY, the ARCH-BISHOP, HASTINGS, and others: from the other side, PRINCE JOHN OF LANCASTER, WESTMORELAND, Officers and Attendants.

P. John. You are well encounter'd here, my cousin Mowbray:

Good-day to you, gentle lord archbishop; And so to you, Lord Hastings,—and to all.— My Lord of York, it better show'd with you When that your flock, assembled by the bell, Encircled you to hear with reverence Your exposition on the holy text, Than now to see you here an iron man. Cheering a rout of rebels with your drum Turning the word to sword, and life to death. That man that sits within a monarch's heart, And ripens in the sunshine of his favour, Would he abuse the countenance of the king, Alack, what mischiefs might he set abroach

bishop, n so. Who hath not heard it spoken It is even so. How deep you were within the books of God? To us the speaker in his parliament; To us the imagin'd voice of God himself: The very opener and intelligencer Between the grace, the sanctities of heaven, And our dull workings. O, who shall believe But you misuse the reverence of your place. Employ the countenance and grace of heaven

In shadow of such greatness! With you, lord

As a false favourite doth his prince's name, In deeds dishonourable? You have taken up, Under the counterfeited seal of God, The subjects of his substitute, my father,

And both against the peace of heaven and him Have here up-swarm'd them.

Good my Lord of Lancaster,

I am not here against your father's peace; But as I told my lord of Westmoreland, The time misorder'd doth, in common sense, Crowd us and crush us to this monstrous form, To hold our safety up. I sent your grace The parcels and particulars of our grief,-The which hath been with scorn shov'd from the court,-

Whereon this Hydra son of war is born; Whose dangerous eyes may well be charm'd asleep

With grant of our most just and right desires, And true obedience, of this madness cur'd, Stoop tamely to the foot of majesty. Mowb. If not, we ready are to try our for-To the last man.

Hast. And though we here fall down We have supplies to second our attempt: If they miscarry, theirs shall second them; And so success of mischief shall be born, And heir from heir shall hold this quarrel up

Whiles England shall have generation. P. John. You are too shallow, Hastings, much too shallow. To sound the bottom of the after-times.

West. Pleaseth your grace to answer them directly,

How far-forth you do like their articles. P. John. I like them all, and do allow them well;

And swear here, by the honour of my blood, My father's purposes have been mistook; And some about him have too lavishly Wrested his meaning and authority.— My lord; these griefs shall be with speed re-

dress'd: Upon my soul, they shall. If this may please Discharge your powers unto their several counties.

As we will ours: and here, between the armies, Let's dfink together friendly, and embrace, That all their eyes may bear those tokens home Of our restored love and amity.

Arch. I take your princely word for these redresses. P. John. I give it you, and will maintain my

And thereupon I drink unto your grace. Hast. Go, captain [to an Officer], and deliver to the army This news of peace; let them have pay, and

I know it will well please them. Hie thee, captain. Exit Officer.

Arch. To you, my noble Lord of Westmore- But for you, rebels,-look to taste the due land. [what pains

West. I pledge your grace; and, if you knew I have bestow'd to breed this present peace, You would drink freely: but my love to you Shall show itself more openly hereafter.

Arch. I do not doubt you.

West. I am glad of it.-Health to my lord and gentle cousin, Mowbray. Mowb. You wish me health in very happy season;

For I am, on the sudden, something ill. Arch. Against ill chances men are ever merry;

But heaviness foreruns the good event.

West. Therefore be merry, coz; since sudden morrow.

Serves to say thus,—Some good thing comes to-Arch. Believe me, I am passing light in spirit. Mowb. So much the worse, if your own rule be true. (Shouts within. be true.

P. John. The word of peace is render'd; hark, how they shout!

Mowb. This had been cheerful after victory. Arch. A peace is of the nature of a conquest; For then both parties nobly are subdued, And neither party loser.

P. John. Go, my lord,

And let our army be discharged too.
[Exit WESTMORELAND. And, good my lord, so please you let your trains March by us, that we may peruse the men

We should have cop'd withal.

Go, good Lord Hastings, And, ere they be dismissed, let them march by. Exit HASTINGS.

P. John. I trust, my lords, we shall lie tonight together.

Re-enter WESTMORELAND.

Now, cousin, wherefore stands our army still? West. The leaders, having charge from you to stand.

Will not go off until they hear you speak. P. John. They know their duties.

Re-enter Hastings.

Hast. My lord, our army is dispers'd already: Like youthful steers unyok'd, they take their courses

East, west, north, south; or, like a school broke Each hurries toward his home and sporting-Ithe which olace.

West. Good tidings, my Lord Hastings; for I do arrest thee, traitor, of high treason: I do a... And you, loro ... Mowbray. lord archbishop,—and you, Lord

Of capital treason I attach you both.

Mowb. Is this proceeding just and honourable?

West. Is your assembly so? Arch. Will you thus break your faith?

P. John. I pawn'd thee none: I promis'd you redress of these same grievances

Whereof you did complain; which, by mine honour,

I will perform with a most Christian care.

Meet for rebellion and such acts as yours. Most shallowly did you these arms commence, Fondly brought here, and foolishly sent hence. Strike up our drums, pursue the scatter'd stray: God, and not we, hath safely fought to-day.-Some guard these traitors to the block of death, Treason's true bed and yielder-up of breath.

Scene III.—Another part of the Forest.

Alarums: excursions. Enter FALSTAFF and COLEVILE, meeting.

Fal. What's your name, sir? of what condition are you, and of what place, I pray? Cole. I am a knight, sir; and my name is

Colevile of the dale.

Fal. Well, then, Colevile is your name, a knight is your degree, and your place the dale: Colevile shall be still your name, a traitor your degree, and the dungeon your dale, -a dale deep enough; so shall you be still Colevile of the dale.

Cole. Are not you Sir John Falstaff?

Fal. As good a man as he, sir, whoe'er I am. Do ye yield, sir? or shall I sweat for you? If I do sweat, they are the drops of thy lovers, and they weep for thy death; therefore rouse up fear and trembling, and do observance to my mercy. Cole. I think you are Sir John Falstaff; and

in that thought yield me.

Fal. I have a whole school of tongues in this belly of mine; and not a tongue of them all speaks any other word but my name. An I had but a belly of any indifferency, I were simply the most active fellow in Europe: my womb, my womb, my womb undoes me.—Here comes our general.

Enter PRINCE JOHN OF LANCASTER, WEST-MORELAND, and others.

P. John. The heat is past, follow no farther now:-

Call in the powers, good cousin Westmoreland. Exit WESTMORELAND. Now, Falstaff, where have you been all this while?

When everything is ended, then you come: These tardy tricks of yours will, on my life,

One time or other break some gallows' back. Fal. I would be sorry, my lord, but it should be thus: I never knew yet but rebuke and check was the reward of valour. Do you think me a swallow, an arrow, or a bullet? have I, in my poor and old motion, the expedition of thought? I have speeded hither with the very extremest inch of possibility; I have foundered nine-score and odd posts; and here, travel tainted as I am. have, in my pure and immaculate valour, taken Sir John Colevile of the dale, a most furious knight and valorous enemy. But what of that? he saw me, and yielded; that I may justly say with the hook-nosed fellow of Rome,—I came, saw, and overcame.

P. John. It was more of his courtesy than

your deserving.

Fal. I know not:-here he is, and here I yield him: and I beseech your grace, let it be booked with the rest of this day's deeds; or,

by the Lord, I will have it in a particular ballad sherns is,—the warming of the blood; which, else, with mine own picture on the top of it, before cold and settled, left the liver white and else, with mine own picture on the top of it, Colevile inssing my foot; to the which course pale, which is the badge of pusillanimity and if I be enforced, if you do not all show like gilt cowardice; but the sherris warms it, and makes two-pences to me, and I, in the clear sky of it course from the inwards to the parts extreme: fame, o'ershine you as much as the full moon it illumineth the face; which, as a beacon, doth the cinders of the element, which show gives warning to all the rest of this little king-

P. John. Thine's too heavy to mount.

Fal. Let it shine, then.

P. John. Thine's too thick to shine. may do me good, and call it what you will.

P. John. Is thy name Colevile?

Cole. Fal. And a famous true subject took him.

Fal. I know not how they sold themselves: gratis; and I thank thee for thee.

Re-enter WESTMORELAND.

P. John. Now, have you left pursuit? West. Retreat is made, and execution stay'd. P. John. Send Colevile, with his confederates,

To York, to present execution:sure. Blunt, lead him hence; and see you guard him Exeunt some with Colevile.

And now despatch we toward the court, my lords.

I hear the king, my father, is sore sick: Our news shall go before us to his majesty, Which, cousin, you shall bear, -to comfort him; And we with sober speed will follow you.

Fal. My lord, I beseech you, give me leave fcourt, to go Through Glostershire: and, when you come to

Stand, my good lord, pray, in your good report. P. John. Fare you well, Falstaff: I, in my condition.

Shall better speak of you than you deserve. Exeunt all but FAL.

Fal. I would you had but the wit 'twere better than your dukedom. Good faith, this same young sober-blooded boy doth not love me; nor a man cannot make him laugh;-but that's no marvel, he drinks no wine. There's never any of these demure boys come to any proof; for thin drink doth so over-cool their blood, and making many fish-meals, that they fall into a kind of male green-sickness; and then, when they marry, they get wenches: they vre generally fools and cowards; -which some of us should be too, but for inflam mation. good sherris-sack hath a twofold operation in it. It ascends me into the brain; dries me there all the foolish and dull and crudy vapours which environ it; makes it apprehensive, quick, forgetive, full of nimble, fiery, and delectable shapes; which delivered o'er to the voice, -the tongue, - which is the birth, becomes excellent wit. The second property of your excellent

the moble: therefore let me have right, and let to their captain, the heart, who, great and to their captain, the heart, who, great and puffed up with this retinue, doth any deed of courage: and this valour comes of sherris. So that skill in the weapon is nothing without Fal. Let it do something, my good lord, that sack, for that sets it a-work; and learning, a mere hoard of gold kept by a devil till sack commences it and sets it in act and use. It is, my lord. Hereof comes it that Prince Harry is valiant; P. John. A famous rebel art thou, Colevile. for the cold blood he did naturally inherit of his father, he hath, like lean, sterile, and bare Cole. I am, my lord, but as my betters are land, manured, husbanded, and tilled, with That led me hither: had they been rul'd by me, excellent endeavour of drinking good and good You should have won them dearer than you store of fertile sherns, that he is become very hot and valuant. If I had a thousand sons, the first human principle I would teach them should but thou, like a kind fellow, gavest thyself away be, -to forswear thin potations, and to addict themselves to sack.

Enter BARDOLPH.

How now, Bardolph!

Bard. The army is discharged all, and gone. Fal. Let them go. I'll through Gloster-shire: and there will I visit Master Robert Shallow, Esquire: I have him already tempering between my finger and my thumb, and shortly will I seal with him. Come away.

Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Westminster. A Room in the Palace.

Enter King Henry, Clarence, Prince HUMPHREY, WARWICK, and others.

K. Hen. Now, lords, if God doth give successful end To this debate that bleedeth at our doors,

We will our youth lead on to higher fields, And draw no swords but what are sanctified. Our navy is address'd, our power collected, Our substitutes in absence well invested, And everything lies level to our wish: Only, we want a little personal strength; And pause us till these rebels, now afoot, Come underneath the yoke of government.

War. Both which we doubt not but your majesty

Shall soon enjoy.

K Hen. Humphrey, my son of Gloster, Where is the prince your brother?

P Humph. I think he's gone to hunt, my lord, at Windsor.

K. Hen. And how accompanied? P. Humph. I do not know, my lord.

K. Hen. Is not his brother, Thomas of Clarence, with him?

P. Humph. No, my good lord, he is in presence here.

What would my lord and father? K. Hen. Nothing but well to thee, Thomas of Clarence.

How chance thou art not with the prince thy brother? Thomas; He loves thee, and thou dost neglect him, Thou hast a better place in his affection Than all thy brothers: cherish it, my boy; And noble offices thou mayst effect Of meditation, after I am dead, Between his greatness and thy other brethren: Therefore omit him not; blunt not his love. Nor lose the good advantage of his grace By seeming cold or careless of his will: For he is gracious if he be observ'd: He hath a tear for pity, and a hand Open as day for melting charity: Yet notwithstanding, being incens'd, he's flint; As humorous as winter, and as sudden As flaws congealed in the spring of day. His temper, therefore, must be well observ'd: Chide him for faults, and do it reverently, When you perceive his blood inchi'd to mirth; But, being moody, give him line and scope, Till that his passions, like a whale on ground, Confound themselves with working. Learn

this, Thomas, And thou shalt prove a shelter to thy friends, A hoop of gold to bind thy brothers in. That the united vessel of their blood, Mingled with venom of suggestion,-As, force perforce, the age will pour it in,— Shall never leak, though it do work as strong As aconitum or rash gunpowder. love.

Cla. I shall observe him with all care and K. Hen. Why art thou not at Windsor with him, Thomas? [London.

Cla. He is not there to-day; he dines in K. Hen. And how accompanied? canst thou tell that?

Cla. With Poins, and other his continual followers.

K. Hen. Most subject is the fattest soil to

weeds; And he, the noble image of my youth, Is overspread with them: therefore my grief Stretches itself beyond the hour of death: The blood weeps from my heart when I do shape,

In forms imaginary, the unguided days And rotten times that you shall look upon When I am sleeping with my ancestors. For when his headstrong riot hath no curb When rage and hot blood are his counsellors, When means and lavish manners meet together, with what wings shall his affections fly Towards fronting peril and oppos'd decay!

Wor. My gracious lord, you look beyond him quite:

The prince but studies his companions Like a strange tongue; wherein, to gain the

language, 'Tis needful that the most immodest word Be look'd upon and learn'd; which once attain'd, Your highness knows, comes to no further use But to be known and hated. So, like gross terms.

The prince will, in the perfectness of time, Cast off his followers; and their memory Shall as a pattern or a measure live, By which his grace must mete the lives of others.

Turning past evils to advantages.

K. Hen. 'Tis seldom when the bee doth leave her comb In the dead carrion,-

Enter WESTMORELAND.

Who's here? Westmoreland. West. Health to my sovereign, and new happiness

Added to that that I am to deliver! Thand: Prince John, your son, doth kiss your grace's Mowbray, the Bishop Scroop, Hastings, and all, Are brought to the correction of your law; There is not now a rebel's sword unsheathed, But peace puts forth her olive everywhere: The manner how this action hath been borne Here at more leisure may your highness read, With every course in his particular.

K. Hen. O, Westmoreland, thou art a summer bird,

Which ever in the haunch of winter sings The lifting-up of day. Look, here's more news.

Enter HARCOURT

Har. From enemies heaven keep your majesty; And, when they stand against you, may they

fall As those that I am come to tell you of!

The Earl Northumberland and the Lord Bardolph,

With a great power of English and of Scots, Are by the sheriff of Yorkshire overthrown: The manner and true order of the fight This packet, please it you, contains at large. K. Hen. And wherefore should these good

news make me sick?

Will fortune never come with both hands full, But write her fair words still in foulest letters? She either gives a stomach, and no food,-Such are the poor, in health; or else a feast And takes away the stomach, -such are the

rich, That have abundance, and enjoy it not. I should rejoice now at this happy news; And now my sight fails, and my brain is giddy:-

O me! come near me, now I am much ill. P. Humph. Comfort, your majesty! O my royal father! Cla. West. My sovereign lord, cheer up yourself,

look up. War. Be patient, princes; you do know. these fits

Are with his highness very ordinary. Stand from him, give him air; he'll straight be Cla. No, no: he cannot long hold out these pangs:

The incessant care and labour of his mind Hath wrought the mure, that should confine it in,

So thin, that life looks through, and will break P. Humph. The people fear me; for they do

observe Unfather'd heirs and loathly births of nature: The seasons change their manners, as the year Had found some months asleep, and leaped

them over. Cla. The river hath thrice flow'd, no ebb between

And the old folk, time's doting chronicles,

Say it did so a little time before died. That our great grandsire, Edward, sick'd and War. Speak lower, princes, for the king reend. covers.

P. Humph. This apoplexy will certain be his K. Hen. I pray you, take me up, and bear me hence

Into some other chamber: softly, pray.

They convey the KING into an inner part of the room, and place him on a bed. Let there be no noise made, my gentle friends; He is not here.

Unless some dull and favourable hand Will whisper music to my weary spirit.

War. Call for the music in the other room. K. Hen. Set me the crown upon my pillow here.

Cla. His eye is hollow, and he changes much. War. Less noise, less noise!

Enter PRINCE HENRY.

P. Hen. Who saw the Duke of Clarence? Cla. I am here, brother, full of heaviness. P. Hen. How now! rain within doors, and none abroad!

How doth the king?

P. Humph. Exceeding ill.

Heard he the good news yet? P. Hen. Tell it him.

P. Humph. He alter'd much upon the hear-P. Hen. If he be sick

With joy, he will recover without physic. War. Not so much noise, my lords; -sweet

prince, speak low; The king your father is dispos'd to sleep. Cla. Let us withdraw into the other room.

War. Will't please your grace to go along with us?

P. Hen. No; I will sit and watch here by the king. [Excunt all but P. HENRY. Why doth the crown lie there upon his pillow. Being so troublesome a bedfellow? O polish'd perturbation! golden care!
That keep'st the ports of slumber open wide
To many a watchful night!—sleep with it now! Yet not so sound and half so deeply sweet As he whose brow with homely biggin bound Snores out the watch of night. O majesty! When thou dost punch thy bearer, thou dost sit Like a rich armour worn in heat of day That scalds with safety. By his gates of breath There lies a downy feather which stirs not: Did he suspire, that light and weightless down Perforce must move.-My gracious lord! my

father!-This sleep is sound indeed; this is a sleep That from this golden rigol hath divorc'd So many English kings. Thy due from me Is tears and heavy sorrows of the blood. Which nature, love, and filial tenderness Shall, O dear father, pay thee plenteously: My due from thee is this imperial crown, Which, as immediate from thy place and blood, Derives itself to me. Lo, here it sits,

[Putting it on his head. Which God shall guard: and put the world's whole strength

Into one giant arm, it shall not force This lineal honour from me: this from thee Will I to mine leave, as 'tis left to me. [Exit. K. Hen. Warwick! Gloster! Clarence!

Re-enter WARWICK and the rest.

Cla. Doth the king call? War. What would your majesty? how fares your grace? [my lords? K Hen Why did you leave me here alone, Cla We left the prince my brother here, my

hege, Who undertook to sit and watch by you.

K. Hen. The Prince of Wales! Where is

he? let me see him:

War. This door is open; he is gone this way, P. Humph. He came not through the chamber where we stay'd.

K. Hen. Where is the crown? who took it from my pillow?

War. When we withdrew, my liege, we lett it here.

K. Hen. The prince hath ta'en it hence:go, seek him out.

Is he hasty that he doth suppose My sleep my death?hither. Find him, my Lord of Warwick; chide him Exit WARWICK.

This part of his conjoins with my disease And helps to end me .- See, sons, what things you are!

How quickly nature falls into revolt When gold becomes her object! For this the foolish over-careful fathers Have broke their sleep with thoughts, their brains with care.

Their bones with industry; For this they have engrossed and pil'd up The canker'd heaps of strange-achieved gold: For this they have been thoughtful to invest Their sons with arts and martial exercises: When, like the bee, tolling from every flower fpack'd, The virtuous sweets. Our things with wax, our mouths with honey We bring it to the hive: and, like the bees, Are murder'd for our pains. This bitter taste Yield his engrossments to the ending father.

Re-enter Warwick.

Now, where is he that will not stay so long Till his friend sickness hath determin'd me? War. My lord, I found the prince in the next room,

Washing with kindly tears his gentle cheeks; With such a deep demeanour in great sorrow, That tyranny, which never quaff'd but blood Would, by beholding him, have wash'd his knife With gentle eye-drops. He is coming hither. K. Hen. But wherefore did he take away the crown?

Re-enter PRINCE HENRY

Lo, where he comes .- Come hither to me; Harry.

Depart the chamber, leave us here alone. [Exeunt CLAR., P. HUMPH., Lords, &c. P. Hen. I never thought to hear you speak again.

K. Henry. Thy wish was father, Harry, to that thought: I stay too long by thee, I weary thee.

Dost thou so hunger for my empty chair

That thou wilt needs invest thee with mine | Hath fed upon the body of my father; honours Therefore, thou, best of gold, art wors

Before thy hour be ripe? O foolish youth! Thou seek'st the greatness that will overwhelm thee.

Stay but a little; for my cloud of dignity Is held from falling with so weak a wind That it will quickly drop: my day is dim. [hours, Thou hast stolen that which, after some few Were thine without offence; and at my death Thou hast seal'd up my expectation: Thy life did manifest thou lov'dst me not. And thou wilt have me die assur'd of it. Thou hid'st a thousand daggers in thy thoughts Which thou hast whetted on thy stony heart, To stab at half an hour of my life. What! canst thou not forbear me half an hour? Then, get thee gone, and dig my grave thyself; And bid the merry bells ring to thine ear, That thou art crowned, not that I am dead. Let all the tears that should bedew my hearse Be drops of balm to sanctify thy head: Only compound me with forgotten dust; Give that which gave thee life unto the worms. Pluck down my officers, break my decrees; For now a time is come to mock at form:— Harry the fifth is crown'd:-up, vanity! Down, royal state! all you sage counsellors. hence!

And to the English court assemble now, From every region, apes of idleness! [scum: Now, neighbour confines, purge you of your Have you a ruffian that will swear, drink, dance, Revel the night, rob, murder, and commit The oldest sins the newest kind of ways? Be happy, he will trouble you no more; England shall double-gild his treble guilt, England shall give him office, honour, might; For the fifth Harry from curb'd license plucks The muzzle of restraint, and the wild dog Shall flesh his tooth in every innocent. O my poor kingdom, sick with civil blows! When that my care could not withhold thy riots, What wilt thou do when riot is thy care? O, thou wilt be a wilderness again, Peopled with wolves, thy old inhabitants? P. Hen. O, pardon me, my liege! but for

my tears,

The moist impediments unto my speech,
I had forestall'd this dear and deep rebuke
Ere you with grief had spoke and I had heard
The course of it so far. There is your crown;
And He that wears the crown immortally
Long guard it yours! If I affect it more
Than as your honour and as your renown,
Let me no more from this obedience rise,—
Which my most inward and true duteous spirit
Teacheth,—this prostrate and exterior bendingl
God witness with me, when I here came in,
And found no course of breath within your
majesty,

How cold it struck my heart! If I do feign,
O, let me in my present wildness die,
And never live to show the incredulous world
The noble change that I have purposed!
Coming to look on you, thinking you dead,—
And dead almost, my liege, to think you were,—
I spake unto the crown as having sense,
And thus upbraided it: The care on thee depending

Hath jed upon the body of my father; Therefore, thou, best of gold, art worst of gold: Other, less fine in carat, is more precious, Preserving life in medicine potable; [nown'd, But thou, most fine, most honour'd, most re-Hast eat thy bearer up. Thus, my most royal liege,

Accusing it, I put it on my head,
To try with it,—as with an enemy
That had before my face murder'd my father,—
The quarrel of a true inheritor.
But if it did infect my blood with joy,
Or swell my thoughts to any strain of pride;
If any rebel or vain spurit of mine
Did with the least affection of a welcome
Give entertainment to the might of it,
Let God for ever keep it from my head,
And make me as the poorest vassal is,
That doth with awe and terror kneel to it!
K. Hen. O my son,

God put it in thy mind to take it hence, That thou mightst win the more thy father's love,

Pleading so wisely in excuse of it! Come hitner, Harry, sit thou by my bed; And hear, I think, the very latest counsel That ever I shall breathe. God knows, my son, By what by-paths and indirect crook'd ways I met this crown; and I myself know well How troublesome it sat upon my head: To thee it shall descend with better quiet, Better opinion, better confirmation; For all the soil of the achievement goes With me into the earth. It seem'd in me But as an honour snatch'd with boisterous hand; And I had many living to upbraid My gain of it by their assistances; Which daily grew to quarrel and to bloodshed, Wounding supposed peace: all these bold fears Thou see'st with peril I have answered; For all my reign hath been but as a scene Acting that argument: and now my death Changes the mode; for what in me was purchas'd,

Falls upon thee in a more fairer sort;
So thou the garland wear'st successively.
Yet, though thou stand'st more sure than I could do,

Thou art not firm enough, since griefs are green;

And all my friends, which thou must make thy friends,

Have but their stings and teeth newly ta'en out; By whose fell working I was first advanc'd, And by whose power I well might lodge a fear To be again displac'd: which to avoid, I cut them off; and had a purpose now To lead out many to the Holy Land, Lest rest and lying still might make them look Too near unto my state. Therefore, my Harry, Be it thy course to busy giddy minds [out, with foreign quarrels; that action, hence borne May waste the memory of the former days. More would I, but my kings are wasted so, That strength of speech is utterly denied me. How I came by the crown, O God forgive; And grant it may with thee in true peace live!

P. Hen. My gracious liege, You won it, wore it, kept it, gave it me; Then plain and right must my possession be: Which I with more than with a common pain 'Cainst all the world will rightfully maintain. K. Hen. Look, look, here comes my John of

Lancaster.

Enter PRINCE JOHN OF LANCASTER, WAR-WICK, Lords, and others.

P. John. Health, peace and happiness to my royal father!

K. Hen. Thou bring'st me happiness and

peace, son John;

But health, alack, with youthful wings is flown From this bare wither'd trunk: upon thy sight, My worldly business makes a period.— Where is my Lord of Warwick?

My Lord of Warwick! P. Hen. My Lord of Warwick!

K. Hen. Doth any name particular belong

Unto the lodging where I first did swoon?
War. 'Tis call'd Jerusalem, my noble lord. K. Hen. Land be to God!-even there my

hie must end.

It hath been prophesied to me many years, I should not die but in Jerusalem; Which vainly I suppos'd the Holy Land:-But bear me to that chamber; there I'll lie; In that Jerusalem shall Harry die. [Excunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I.-GLOUCESTERSHIRE. A Hall in

Fal. You must excuse me, Master Robert

Shallow.

Shal. I will not excuse you; you shall not be excused; excuses shall not be admitted; there is no excuse shall serve; you shall not be excused.-Why, Davy!

Enter DAVY.

Davy. Here, sir.

Shal. Davy, Davy, Davy,-let me see, hid him come hither .- Sir John, you shall not be excused.

Davy. Marry, sir, thus; -those precepts cannot be served: and, again, sir, -shall we sow

the headland with wheat?
Shal. With red wheat, Davy. But for William cook:-are there no young pigeons? Davy. Yes, sir .- Here is now the smith's note for shoeing and plough-irons.

Shal. Let it be cast, and paid.—Sir John,

you shall not be excused.

Davy. Now, sir, a new link to the bucket must needs be had:-and, sir, do you mean to stop any of William's wages about the sack he lost the other day at Hinckley fair?

Shal. He shall answer it. - Some pigeons Davy, a couple of short-legged hens, a joint of mutten, and any pretty little tiny kickshaws, tell William cook. [sir?

Davy. Doth the man of war stay all night, Shal. Yea, Davy, I will use him well: a friend i' the court is better than a penny in Use his men well, Davy; for they are arrant knaves, and will backbite.

Davy. No worse than they are back-bitten. sir; for they have marvellous foul linen.

Shal. Well conceited, Davy:-about thy business, Davy.

Davy. I beseech you, sir, to countenance William Visor of Wincot against Clement Perkes of the hill.

Shal. There are many complaints, Davy, against that Visor: that Visor is an arrant

knave, on my knowledge.

Davy. I grant your worship that he is a knave sir; but yet, God forbid, sir, but a knave should have some countenance at his friend's request. An honest man, sir, is able to speak for himself, when a knave is not. I have served your worship truly, sir, this eight years; and if I cannot once or twice in a quarter bear out a knave against an honest man, I have but a very little credit with your worship. The knave is mine honest friend, sir; therefore, I beseech your worship, let him be countenanced.

Shal. Go to; I say, he shall have no wrong. Look about, Davy. [Exit Davy] Where are you, Sir John? Come, come, come, off with your boots.-Give me your hand, Master Bar-

dolph.

Bard. I am glad to see your worship.

Shal. I thank thee with all my heart, kind Master Bardolph:-and welcome, my tall fellow [to the Page.] .- Come, Sir John.

Enter Shallow, Falstaff, Bardolph, and Page.

Shall By cock and pie, sir, you shall not away to-night.—What, Davy, I say!

Fal. You must evene and 34-14. the semblable coherence of his men's spirits and his: they, by observing of him, do bear themselves like foolish justices; he, by conversing with them, is turned into a justice-like serving-man: their spirits are so married in conjunction with the participation of society that they flock together in consent, like so many wild geese. If I had a suit to Master Shallow, I would humour his men with the imputation of Davy; let me see:—yea, marry, Wilham cook, being near their master: if to his men, I would curry with Master Shallow that no man could better command his, servants. It is certain that either wise bearing or ignorant carriage is caught, as men take diseases, one of another: therefore, let men take heed of their company. I will devise matter enough out of this Shallow to keep Prince Harry in continual laughter the wearing out of six fashions,-which is four terms, or two actions,-and he shall laugh without intervallums. O, it is much that a lie with a slight oath, and a jest with a sad brow, will do with a fellow that never had the ache in his shoulders! O, you shall see him laugh till his face be like a wet cloak ill laid up!

Shal. [Within.] Sir John!
Fal. I come, Master Shallow; I come,
Master Shallow.

[Exit.

SCENE II .- WESTMINISTER. A Room in the

Palace. Enter, severally, WARWICK and the Lord

Chief-Justice. War. How now, my lord chief-justice! whither away?

Ch. Just. How doth the king? ended War. Exceeding well; his cares are now ali Ch. Just. I hope, not dead.

War. He's walk'd the way of nature;

And to our purposes he lives no more.

Ch. Just. I would his majesty had call'd me with him:

The service that I truly did his life Hath left me open to all injuries.

fyou not. War. Indeed I think the young king loves Ch. Just. I know he doth not; and do arm myself

To welcome the condition of the time; Which cannot look more hideously upon me Than I have drawn it in my fantasy.

War. Here come the heavy issue of dead Harry:

O that the living Harry had the temper Of him, the worst of these three gentlemen! How many nobles then should hold their places That must strike sail to spirits of vile sort! Ch. Just. O God, I fear all will be overturn'd.

Enter PRINCE JOHN, PRINCE HUMPHREY, CLARENCE, WESTMORELAND, and others.

P. John. Good-morrow, cousin Warwick, good-morrow.

P. Humph., Cla. Good-morrow, cousin. P. John. We meet like men that had forgot to speak.

War. We do remember; but our argument Is all too heavy to admit much talk.

P. John. Well, peace be with him that hath made us heavy! Ch. Just. Peace be with us, lest we be

heavier! P. Humph. O, good my lord, you have lost

a friend indeed; And I dare swear you borrow not that face Of seeming sorrow,—it is sure your own.

P. John. Though no man be assur'd what

grace to find,

You stand in coldest expectation: I am the sorrier; would 'twere otherwise. Cla. Well, you must now speak Sir John

Falstaff fair; Which swims against your stream of quality. Ch. Just. Sweet princes, what I did, I did in honour,

Led by the impartial conduct of my soul; And never shall you see that I will beg A ragged and forestall'd remission. If truth and upright innocency fail me, I'll to the king my master that is dead, And tell him who hath sent me after him. War. Here comes the prince.

Enter KING HENRY V.

Ch Just. Good-morrow; and God save your [majesty, maiesty!

King. This new and gorgeous garment, Sits not so easy on me as you think. Brothers, you mix your sadness with some fear: This is the English, not the Turkish court; Not Amurath an Amurath succeeds, But Harry Harry. Yet be sad, good brothers, For, to speak truth, it very well becomes you: Sorrow so royally in you appears That I will deeply put the fashion on,

And wear it in my heart why, then, be sad; But entertain no more of it, good brothers, Than a joint burden laid upon us all. For me, by heaven, I bid you be assur'd, I'll be your father and your brother too; Let me but hear your love, I'll bear your cares; Yet weep that Harry's dead, and so will I; But Harry lives, that shall convert those tears, By number, into hours of happiness.

P. John, &c. We hope no other from your

majesty.

King. You all now strangely on me:—and you most, [To the Chief-Justice. You are, I think, assur'd I love you not.

Ch. Just I am assur'd, if I be measur'd

rightly.

Your majesty hath no just cause to hate me. King. No.

How might a prince of my great hopes forget So great indignities you laid upon me! What! rate, rebuke, and roughly send to prison The immediate hair of England! Was this easy? May this be wash'd in Lethe, and forgotten?

Ch. Just. I then did use the person of your father;

The image of his power lay then in me: And, in the administration of his law. Whiles I was busy for the commonwealth, Your highness pleased to forget my place, And majesty and power of law and justice, The image of the king whom I presented, And struck me in my very seat of judgment; Whereon, as an offender to your father, I gave bold way to my authority, And did commit you. If the deed were ill, Be you contented, wearing now the garland, To have a son set your decrees at naught, To pluck down justice from your awful bench, To trip the course of law and blunt the sword That guards the peace and safety of your person;

Nay, more, to spurn at your most royal image, And mock your workings in a second body. Question your royal thoughts, make the case yours

Be now the father, and propose a son; Hear your own dignity so much profan'd, See your most dreadful laws so loosely slighted. Behold yourself so by a son disdain'd; And then imagine me taking your part, And, in your power, soft silencing your son: After this cold considerance, sentence me; And, as you are a king, speak in your state What I have done that misbecame my place, My person, or my liege's sovereignty.

King. You are right, justice, and you weigh this well;

Therefore still bear the balance and the sword: And I do wish your honours may increase Till you do live to see a son of mine Offend you, and obey you, as I did. So shall I live to speak my father's words Happy am I, that have a man so bold, That dares do justice on my proper son; And not less happy, having such a son, That would deliver up his greatness so Into the hands of justice. You did commit me: For which I do commit into your hand The unstain'd sword that you have us'd to bear; With this remembrance, -that you use the same With the like bold, just, and impartial spirit As you have done 'gainst me. There is my hand:

You shall be as a father to my youth: My voice shall sound as you do prompt mine

And I will stoop and humble my intents To your well-practis'd wise directions .-And, princes all, believe me, I beseech you;-My father is gone wild into his grave, For in his tomb he my affections; And with his smrit sadly I survive. To mock the expectation of the world, To frustrate prophecies, and to raze out Rotten opinion, who hath wit me down
After my seeming. The tide of blood in me
Hath proudly flow'd in vanity till now: Now doth it turn, and ebb back to the sea, Where it shall mingle with the state of floods, And flow henceforth in formal majesty. Now call we our high court of parliament: And let us choose such limbs of noble counsel, That the great body of our state may go In equal rank with the best-govern'd nation; That war or peace, or both at once, may be As things acquainted and familiar to us; In which you, father, shall have foremost hand. To the Lord Chief-Justice.

Our coronation done, we will accite. As I before remember'd, all our state: And, -God consigning to my good intents,-No prince nor peer shall have just cause to say, God shorten Harry's happy life one day.

of SHALLOW'S House.

Enter Falstaff, Shallow, Silence, Bar-DOLPH, the Page, and DAVY.

Shal. Nay, you shall see mine orchard, where, in an arbour, we will eat a last year's pippin of my own graffing, with a dish of carraways, and so forth:-come, cousin Silence:-and then to

Fal. 'Fore God, you have here a goodly

dwelling and a rich.

Shal. Barren, barren, barren; beggars all, beggars all, Sir John:—marry, good air.—Spread, Davy; spread, Davy: well said, Davy. Fal. This Davy serves you for good uses; he

is your serving-man and your husband. Shal. A good variet, a good variet, a very good variet, Sir John:-by the mass, I have drunk too much sack at supper:-- a good variet. Now sit down, now sit down:-come, cousin.

Sil. Ah, sirrah! quoth-a, -we shall Do nothing but eat, and make good cheer,

Singing. And praise heaven for the merry year; When flesh is cheap, and females dear, And lusty lads roam here and there, So merrily,

And ever among so merrily. Fal. There's a merry heart!-Good Master Silence, I'll give you a health for that anon. Shal. Give Master Bardolph some wine,

Davy. Davy. Sweet sir, sit seating BARDOLPH and the Page at another table]; I'll be with you How now, Pistol!

anon; most sweet sir, sit.-Master Page, good Master Page, sit.—Proface! What you want in meat, we'll have in drink. But you must bear; the heart's all Exit.

Shal Be merry, Master Bardolph; -and, my little soldier there, be merry.

Sil. Be merry, be merry, my wife has all:

Singing. For women are shrews, both short and tall: Tis merry in hall when beards wag all, And welcome merry shrove-tide.

Be merry, be merry, &c. Fal I did not think Master Silence had been

a man of this mettle.

Sil. Who, I? I have been merry twice and

once ere now.

Re-enter DAVY.

Davy. There is a dish of leather-coats for Setting them before BARD. Shal. Davy.

Davy. Your worship?-Pil be with you straight [to BARD.] - A cup of wine, sir?

Sil. A cup of wine that's brisk and fine Singing.

And drink unto the leman mine:

And a merry heart lives long-a. Fal. Well, said, Master Silence.

Sil. And we shall be merry; -now comes in the sweet of the night.

Fal. Health and long life to you. Master Silence

Sil. Fill the cup, and let it come; [Singing.

[Exeunt. Fil fledge you a mile to the bottom. Shal. Honest Bardolph, welcome: if thou Scene III.—Gloucestershire. The Garden wantest anything, and wilt not call, beshrew thy heart.-Welcome, my little tiny thief [to the Page]; and welcome indeed too.—Pil drink to Master Bardolph, and to all the cavaleroes about London.

Davy. I hope to see London once ere I die. Bard. An I might see you there, Davy,— Shal. By the mass, you'll crack a quart together,—ha! will you not, Master Bardolph?
Bard. Yea, sir, in a pottle-pot.

Shal. By God's liggens, I thank thee:--the knave will stick by thee, I can assure thee that:

he will not out; he is true bred. Bard. And I'll stick by him, sir.

Shal. Why, there spoke a king. Lack nothing: be merry. [Knocking heard.] Look who's at door there, ho! who knocks?

Exit DAVY. Fal. Why, now you have done me right.

[To SIL., who has drunk a bumper. Sil. Do me right, Singing. And dub me knight:

Samingo.

Is't not so? Fal. 'Tis so.

Sil. Is't so? Why, then, say an old man can do somewhat.

Re-enter DAVY.

Davy. An it please your worship, there's one Pistol come from the court with news. Fal. From the court! let him come in.

Enter PISTOL.

Pist. Sir John, God save you!

Fdl. What wind blew you hither, Pistol?

Pist. Not the ill wind which blows no man to good .- Sweet knight, thou art now one of the greatest men in the realm.

Puff of Barson.

Pist. Puff? Puff in thy teeth, most recreant coward base!-Sir John, I am thy Pistol and thy friend. And helter-skelter have I rode to thee:

And tidings do I bring, and lucky joys,

of this world.

I speak of Africa and golden joys.

Fal. O base Assyrian knight, what is thy news?

Let King Cophetua know the truth thereof. Sil. And Robin Hood, Scarlet, and John.

Singing. Pist. Shall dunghill curs confront the Heli-

And shall good news be baffled?

cons?

Then, Pistol, lay thy head in Furies' lap.

Shal. Honest gentleman, I know not your breeding.

Pist. Why, then, lament, therefore.

Shal. Give me pardon, sir -- if, sir, you come with news from the court, I take it there is but two ways; either to utter them, or to conceal them. I am, sir, under the king, in some authority.

Pist. Under which king, bezonian? speak, or die.

Shal. Under King Harry.

Pist. Harry the fourth? or fifth?

Shal. Harry the fourth.

Pist. A foutra for thine office!— Sir John, thy tender lambkin now is king; Harry the fifth's the man. I speak the truth: Scene V .- A public Place near Westminster When Pistol lies, do this; and fig me, like

Fal. What! is the old king dead! Pist. As nail in door: the things I speak are

iust.

Fal. Away, Bardolph! saddle my horse .-Master Robert Shallow, choose what office thou wilt in the land, 'tis thine.—Pistol, I will donble charge thee with dignities.

Bard. O joyful day!

The bragging Spaniard.

I would not take a knighthood for my fortune.

Pist. What, I do bring good news?

Fal. Carry Master Silence to bed .- Master Shallow, my Lord Shallow, be what thou wilt; I am fortune's steward. Get on thy boots: we'll ride all might .- O sweet Pistol! -away, Bardolph! [Exit BARDOLPH.]-Come. Pistol. utter more to me; and, withal, devise something to do thyself good.—Boot, boot, Master Shallow. I know the young king is sick for me. Let us take any man's horses; the laws of England are at my commandment. Happy are they which have been my friends; and woe unto my Lord Chief-Justice!

Pist. Let vultures vile seize on his lungs also! Where is the life that late I led? say they: Why, here it is; --welcome this pleasant day!

Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- LONDON. A Street.

Enter Beadles, dragging in HOSTESS QUICKLY and DOLL TEARSHEET.

Host. No, thou arrant knave; I would I Su. By'r lady, I think he be, but goodman might die, that I might have thee hanged: thou

hast drawn my shoulder out of joint. I Bead. The constables have delivered her over to me, and she shall have whipping-cheer enough. I warrant her: there hath been a man

or two lately killed about her.

Doll. Nut-hook, nut-hook you lie. Come And golden times, and happy news of price. on; I'll tell thee what, thou damned tripe-Fal I prythee now, deliver them like a man visaged rascal, an the child I now go with do this world. [base' miscarry, thou hadst better thou hadst struck Pist. A fourta for the world and worldlings thy mother, thou paper-faced villain.

Host. O the Lord, that Sir John were come! he would make this a bloody day to somebody. But I pray God the fruit of her womb miscarry

1 Bead. If it do, you shall have a dozen of cushions again; you have but eleven now. Come, I charge you, both go with me; for the man is dead that you and Pistol beat among you.

Doll I'll tell thee what, thou thin man in a censer, I will have you as soundly swinged for this,-vou blue-bottle rogue, you filthy famished correctioner, it you be not swinged, I'll forswear half-kirtles.

I Bead. Come, come, you she knight-errant, come.

Host. O God, that right should thus overcome might!

Well, of sufferance comes ease. la justice. Doll. Come, you rogue, come; bring me to Host. Ay, come, you starved bloodhound.

Doll Goodman death, goodman bones!

Host. Thou atomy, thou!

Doll. Come, you thin thing; come, you rascal.

I Bead. Very well.

Abbey.

Enter two Grooms, strewing rushes.

I Groom. More rushes, more rushes.

2 Groom. The trumpets have sounded twice.

I Groom. It will be two o'clock ere they come from the coronation: despatch, despatch.

Exeunt.

Exeunt.

Enter Falstaff, Shallow, Pistol, Bar-DOLPH, and the Page.

Fal. Stand here by me, Master Robert Shallow, I will make the king do you grace: I will leer upon him, as he comes by; and do but mark the countenance that he will give me.

Pist. God bless thy lungs, good knight. Fal. Come here, Pistol; stand behind me.-O, if I had had time to have made new liveries, I would have bestowed the thousand pound I But 'tis no borrowed of you [to SHALLOW] matter; this poor show doth better: this doth infer the zeal. I had to see him,-

Shal. It doth so.

Fal. It shows my earnestness of affection,-Shal. It doth so.

Fal. My devotion,

Shal. It doth, it doth, it doth.

Fal. As it were, to ride day and night; and not to dehberate, not to remember, not to have patience to shift me .-

Shal. It is most certain.

Fal But to stand stained with travel, and sweating with desire to see him; thinking of nothing else, putting all affairs else in oblivion, as if there were nothing else to be done but to see him

Pist. 'Tis sember idem, for absque hoc nihil est. 'tis all in every part.

Shal. 'Tis so, indeed.
Pist. My knight, I will inflame thy noble liver,

And make thee rage.

Thy Doll, and Helen of thy noble thoughts, Is in base durance and contagious prison; Haul'd thitner

By most mechanical and dirty hand .- snake, Rouse uprevenge from ebon den with fell Alecto's For Doll is in. Pistol speaks naught but truth.

Fal. I will deliver her.

Shouts within, and the trumpets sound. Pist. There roar'd the sea, and trumpetclangor sounds.

Enter the King and his Train, the Chief-Justice among them.

Fal. God save thy grace, King Hal; my royal Hai

Pust The heavens thee guard and keep, most | Shall all be very well provided for;

royal imp of fame!

man. Fal God save thee, my sweet boy! King My lord chief-justice, speak to that vain Ch Just. Have you your wits' know you what 'tis you speak?

Fal My king! my Jove! I speak to thee, my King. I know thee not, old man: fall to thy

prayers; How ill white hairs become a fool and jester! I have long dream'd of such a kind of man, So surfert-swell'd, so old, and so profane; But, being awake, I do despise my dream. Make less thy body hence, and more thy grace; Leave gormandizing; know the grave doth gape For thee thrice wider than for other men .-Reply not to me with a fool-born jest: Presume not that I am the thing I was; For God doth know, so shall the world perceive, That I have turn'd away my former self; So will I those that keep me company. When thou dost hear I am as I have been, Approach me, and thou shalt be as thou wast, The tutor and the feeder of my riots; Till then I banish thee, on pain of death,-As I have done the rest of my misleaders,-Not to come near our person by ten mile. For competence of life I will allow you, That lack of means enforce you not to evil: And, as we hear you do reform yourselves, We will, according to your strength and quali-

ties. flord, Give you advancement.-Be it your charge, my To see perform'd the tenor of our word. Set on. [Exeunt King and his Train. Fal. Master Shallow, I owe you a thousand

pound.

Shal. Yea, marry, Sir John; which I beseech you to let me have home with me.

Fal. That can hardly be, Master Shallow. Do not you grieve at this; I shall be sent for in private to him: look you, he must seem thus to the world, fear not your advancement: I will be the man yet that shall make you great.

Shal. I cannot perceive how, -unless you give me your doublet, and stuff me out with straw. I beseech you, good Sir John, let me have five hundred of my thousand.

Fal. Sir, I will be as good as my word this that you heard was but a colour. [Sir John. Shal. A colour, I fear, that you will die in.

Fal. Fear no colours: go with me to dinner. Come, Lieutenant Pistol;—come, Bardolph:— I shall be sent for soon at night.

Re-enter PRINCE JOHN, the Chief-Justice. Officers, &c.

Ch. Just. Go, carry Sir John Falstaff to the Fleet;

Take all his company along with him.

Fal. My lord, my lord,you soon .-Ch. Just. I cannot now speak: I will hear Take them away. contenta. Pist. Se fortuna mi tormenta, lo sperare mi

[Exeunt Fal., SHAL., PIST., BARD, Page, and Officers.

P. John I like this fair proceeding of the king's:

He hath intent his wonted followers

But all are banish'd till their conversations

Appear more wise and modest to the world.

Ch. Just. And so they are.

P. John. The king hath call'd his parliament,

my lord.

Ch. Just. He hath. P. John. He hath. P. John. I will lay odds, that, ere this year expire,

We bear our civil swords and native fire As far as France: I heard a bird so sing, Whose music, to my thinking, pleas'd the king. Come, will you hence? Exeunt.

EPILOGUE.—Spoken by a Dancer.

First my fear; then my court'sy; last my speech. My fear is, your displeasure; my court'sy, my duty; and my speech, to beg your pardons. If you look for a good speech now, you undo me: for what I have to say is of mine own making; and what, indeed, I should say will, I doubt, prove mine own marring. But to the purpose, and so to the venture. - Be it known to you,—as it is very well,—Iwas lately here in the end of a displeasing play, to pray your patience for it, and to promise you a better. I did mean, indeed, to pay you with this; which, if, like an ill venture, it come unluckily home, I break, and you, my gentle creditors, lose. Here I promised you I would be, and here I commit my body to your mercies: bate me some, and I will pay you some, and, as most debtors do, promise you infinitely.

If my tongue cannot entreat you to acquit me, will you command me to use my legs? and yet that were but light payment, -to dance out of your debt. But a good conscience will make

any possible satisfaction, and so will I. All in it, and make you merry with fair Katharine the gentlewomen here have forguen me: if of France: where, for anything I know, Falthe gentlewomen here have forgiven me: II, of France: where, for anything I know, Falthe gentlemen will not, then the gentlemen do staff shall die of a sweat, unless leady he be not agree with the gentlewoman, which was killed with your hard opinions; for Oldcastle never seen before in such an assembly.

One word more, I beseech you. If you be tongue is weary, when my legs are too, I will not too much cloyed with fat meat, our humble bid you good-night; and so kneel down before

author will continue the story, with Sir John you; -but, indeed, to pray for the queen.

KING HENRY V

PERSONS REPRESENTED

KING HENRY THE FIFTH. DUKE OF GLOSTER, Brothers to the KING. DUKE OF BEDFORD. DUKE OF EXETER, Uncle to the KING. DUKE OF YORK, Cousin to the KING. EARLS OF SALISBURY, WESTMORELAND, and WARWICK. ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

BISHOP OF ELY.

EARL OF CAMBRIDGE, Conspirators against the KING. SIR THOMAS GREY.

SIR THOMAS ERPINGHAM, GOWER, FLUELLEN MACMORRIS, JAMY, Officers in KING HENRY'S Army.

BATES, COURT, WILLIAMS, Soldiers in the

NYM, BARDOLPH, PISTOL, formerly Servants to FALSTAFF, now Soldiers in the same. Boy, Servant to them.

Scene,-At the beginning of the Play, lies in England; but afterwards wholly in France,

Enter Chorus.

Chor. O for a Muse of fire, that would ascend The brightest heaven of invention! A kingdom for a stage, princes to act, And monarchs to behold the swelling scene! Then should the warlike Harry, like himself, Assume the port of Mars; and at his heels, Leash'd in like hounds, should famine, sword, and fire,

Crouch for employment. But pardon, gentles The flat unraised spirit that hath dar'd On this unworthy scaffold to bring forth

A Herald. Chorus.

CHARLES THE SIXTH, King of France. Louis, the Dauphin.

DUKES OF BURGUNDY, ORLEANS, and BOUR-The Constable of France.

RAMBURES and GRANDPREE, French Lords. Governor of Harfleur.

MONTJOY, A French Herald.

Ambassadors to the King of England. ISABEL, Queen of France.

KATHARINE, Daughter to CHARLES and ISABEL.

ALICE, a Lady attending on the Princess Katharine.

QUICKLY, PISTOL'S Wife, an Hostess.

Lords, Ladies, Officers, French and English Soldiers, Messengers, and Attendants.

So great an object: can this cockpit hold

The vasty fields of France? or may we cram Within this wooden O the very casques That did affright the air at Agincourt? O, pardon! since a crooked figure may Attest in little place a million; And let us, ciphers to this great acompt, On your imaginary forces work. Suppose within the girdle of these walls Are now confin'd two mighty monarchies. Whose high upreared and abutting fronts The perilous narrow ocean parts asunder:

Piece out our imperfections with your thoughts: A fearful battle render'd you in music: Into a thousand parts divide one man, And make imaginary puissance; [them Think, when we talk of horses, that you see Printing their proud hoofs i' the receiving earth; ! For 'tis your thoughts that now must deck our kings,

Carry them here and there; jumping o'er times, Turning the accomplishment of many years Into an hour-glass: for the which supply, Admit me Chorus to this history; Who, prologue-like, your humble patience pray, Gently to hear, kindly to judge, our play.

ACT I.

SCENE L-LOIDON. An Ante-chamber in the King's Palace.

Enter the ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY and the BISHOP OF ELY.

is urg'd, Which in the eleventh year of the last king's Was like, and had indeed against us pass'd, But that the scambling and unquiet time Did push it out of further question.

Ely. But how, my lord, shall we resist it Cant. It must be thought on. If it pass against us.

We lose the better half of our possession: For all the temporal lands, which men devout By testament have given to the church Would they strip from us; being valu'd thus,-As much as would maintain, to the king's

honour. Full fifteen earls and fifteen hundred knights. Six thousand and two hundred good esquires; And, to relief of lazars and weak age, Of indigent faint souls past corporal toil A hundred alms-houses right well supplied And to the coffers of the king, beside, fbill. A thousand pounds by the year: thus runs the

Ely. This would drink deep.

Cant. 'Twould drink the cup and all. Ely. By what prevention? gard. Cant. The king is full of grace and fair re-Ely. And a true lover of the holy church Cant. The courses of his youth promis'd it

not. The breath no sooner left his father's body But that his wildness, mortified in him, Seem'd to die too: yea, at that very moment, Consideration, like an angel, came, And whipp'd the offending Adam out of him, Leaving his body as a paradise, To envelop and contain celestial spirits. Never was such a sudden scholar made; Never came reformation in a flood, With such a heady current, scouring faults; Nor never Hydra-headed wilfulness So soon did lose his seat, and all at once, As in this king.

Ely. We are blessed in the change. Cant. Hear him but reason in divinity, And, all-admiring, with an inward wish You would desire the king were made a prelate: Hear him debate of commonwealth affairs, You would say, it hath been all-in-all his study: List his discourse of war, and you shall hear

Turn him to any cause of policy, The Gordian knot of it he will unloose, Familiar as his garter:—that, when he speaks, The air, a charter'd libertine, is still, And the mute wonder lurketh in men's ears, To steal his sweet and honey'd sentences; So that the art and practice part of life Must be the mistress of this theoric: Which is a wonder how his grace should glean Since his addiction was to courses vain: His companies unletter'd, rude, and shallow; His hours fill'd up with riots, banquets, sports; And never noted in him any study, Any retirement, any sequestration From open haunts and popularity. nettle.

Ely. The strawberry grows underneath the And wholesome berries thrive and ripen best Neighbour'd by fruit of baser quality: And so the prince obscur'd his contemplation Under the veil of wildness; which, no doubt, Cant. My lord, I'll tell you, -that self bill Grew like the summer grass, fastest by night,

reign Unseen, yet crescive in his faculty.

king's Cant. It must be so, for miracles are ceas'd;

And therefore we must needs admit the means How things are perfected.

Ely. But, my good lord, How now for mitigation of this bill Urg'd by the commons? Doth his majesty Incline to it, or no?

Cant. He seems indifferent: Or, rather, swaying more upon our part Than cherishing the exhibitors against us: For I have made an offer to his majesty.— Upon our spiritual convocation, And in regard of causes now in hand Which I have open'd to his grace at large, As touching France, to give a greater sum Than ever at one time the clergy yet Did to his predecessors part withal. llord?

Elu. How did this offer seem receiv'd, my Cant. With good acceptance of his majesty; Save that there was not time enough to hear. As, I perceiv'd, his grace would fain have done,-

The severals and unhidden passages Of his true titles to some certain dukedoms, And, generally, to the crown and seat of France, Deriv'd from Edward, his great-grandfather.

Ely. What was the impediment that broke this off? Cant. The French ambassador upon that in-

Crav'd audience; and the hour, I think, is come To give him hearing: is it four o'clock?

Ely.

It

Cant. Then go we in, to know his embassy; Which I could, with a ready guess, declare Before the Frenchman speak a word of it.

Ely. I'll wait upon you; and I long to hear Exeunt.

Scene II.—The same. A Room of State in the same.

Enter King Henry, Gloster, Bedford. Exeter, Warwick, Westmoreland, and Attendants.

K. Hen. Where is my gracious Lord of Canterbury? Exe. Not here in presence.

K. Hen. Send for him, good uncle. West. Shall we call in the ambassador, my After defunction of King Pharamond. liege? resolv'd,

K. Hen. Not yet, my cousin; we would be Before we hear him, of some things of weight, That task our thoughts, concerning us and

Enter the ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY and BISHOP OF ELY.

Cant. God and his angels guard your sacred throne.

And make you long become it! Sure, we thank you. My learned lord, we pray you to proceed, And justly and religiously unfold Why the law Salique, that they have in France, Or should, or should not, bar us in our claim: And God forbid, my dear and faithful lord, That you should fashion, wrest, or bow your reading,

Or nicely charge your understanding soul With opening titles miscreate, whose right Suits not in native colours with the truth; For God doth know how many, now in health, Shall drop their blood in approbation Of what your reverence shall incite us to: Therefore take heed how you impawn our

person,

How you awake the sleeping sword of war: We charge you, in the name of God, take heed; For never two such kingdoms did contend Without much fall of blood; whose guiltless drops

Are every one a woe, a sore complaint Gainst him whose wrongs give edge unto the swords

That make such waste in brief mortality. Under this conjuration, speak, my lord; For we will hear, note, and believe in heart That what you speak is in your conscience wash'd

As pure as sin with baptism.

Cant. Then hear me, gracious sovereign,and you peers,

That owe yourselves, your lives, and services To this imperial throne.—There is no bar To make against your highness' claim to France But this, which they produce from Pharamond .-In terram Salicam mulieres ne succedant, No woman shall succeed in Salique land: Which Salique land the French unjustly gloze To be the realm of France, and Pharamond The founder of this law and female bar. Yet their own authors faithfully affirm That the land Salique is in Germany, Between the floods of Sala and of Elbe; Where Charles the Great, having subdu'd the

Saxons, There left behind and settled certain French; Who, holding in disdain the German women For some dishonest manners of their life, Establish'd then this law,-to wit, no female Should be inheritrix in Salique land: Which Salique, as I said, 'twixt Elbe and Sala, Is at this day in Germany called Meisen. Then doth it well appear, the Salique law Was not devised for the realm of France: Nor did the French possess the Salique land

Until four hundred one-and-twenty years Idly suppos'd the founder of this law; Who died within the year of our redemption Four hundred twenty-six; and Charles the Great

Subdu'd the Saxons, and did seat the French Beyond the river Sala, in the year Eight hundred five. Besides, their writers say, King Pepin, which deposed Childerick, Did, as heir general, being descended Of Blithild, which was daughter to King

Clothair,

Make claim and title to the crown of France. Hugh Capet also, who usurp'd the crown Of Charles the Duke of Lorraine, sole heir male Of the true line and stock of Charles the Great,-To fine his title with some show of truth. Though, in pure truth, it was corrupt and naught .-

Convey'd himself as heir to the Lady Lingare, Daughter to Charlemain, who was the son To Louis the emperor, and Louis the son Of Charles the Great. Also King Louis the Tenth.

Who was sole heir to the usurper Capet, Could not keep quiet in his conscience, Wearing the crown of France, till satisfied The fair Queen Isabel, his grandmother, Was lineal of the Lady Ermengare, Daughter to Charles the foresaid Duke of Lor-

raine: By the which marriage the line of Charles the Was re-united to the Crown of France. So that, as clear as is the summer's sun King Pepin's title, and Hugh Capet's claim, King Louis his satisfaction, all appear To hold in right and title of the female: So do the kings of France unto this day; Howbeit they would hold up this Salique law To bar your highness claiming from the female; And rather choose to hide them in a net Than amply to imbar their crooked titles Usurp'd from you and your progenitors.

K. Hen. May I with right and conscience make this claim?

Cant. The sin upon my head, dread sovereign!

For in the book of Numbers is it writ,-When the man dies, let the inheritance Descend unto the daughter. Gracious lord Stand for your own; unwind your bloody flag; Look back unto your mighty ancestors: Go, my dread lord, to your great-grandsire's tomb.

From whom you claim; invoke his warlıke spirit, And your great-uncle's, Edward the Black Prince,

Who on the French ground play'd a tragedy, Making defeat on the full power of France, Whiles his most mighty father on a hill Stood smiling to behold his lion's whelp Forage in blood of French nobility. O noble English, that could entertain With half their forces the full pride of France, And let another half stand laughing by, All out of work and cold for action!

Ely. Awake remembrance of these valiant And with your puissant arm renew their feats: You are their heir; you sit upon their throne; The blood and courage that renowned them Runs in your veins; and my thrice-puissant liege Is in the very May-morn of his youth, Ripe for exploits and mighty enterprises.

Exe. Your brother kings and monarchs of the earth

Do all expect that you should rouse yourself, As did the former lions of your blood.

West. They know your grace hath cause and means and might:-

So hath your highness; never king of England Had nobles richer and more loyal subjects, Whose hearts have left their bodies here in England

And lie pavilion'd in the fields of France. Cant. O. let their bodies follow, my dear liege. With blood and sword and fire to win your

right: In aid whereof we of the spiritualty Will raise your highness such a mighty sum As never did the clergy at one time Bring in to any of your ancestors. French,

K. Hen. We must not only arm to invade the But lay down our proportions to defend Against the Scot, who will make road upon us

With all advantages. reign, Cant. They of those marches, gracious sove-Shall be a wall sufficient to defend

Our inland from the pilfering borderers. K. Hen. We do not mean the coursing

snatchers only, But fear the main intendment of the Scot, Who hath been still a giddy neighbour to us: For you shall read that my great-grandfather Never went with his forces into France But that the Scot on his unfurnish'd kingdom Came pouring, like the tide into a breach, With ample and brim fulness of his force; Galling the gleaned land with hot essays, Girding with grievous siege castles and towns; That England, being empty of defence, Hath shook and trembled at the ill neighbour-

Cant. She hath been then more fear'd than harm'd, my liege;

For hear her but exampled by herself:-When all her chivalry hath been in France, And she a mourning widow of her nobles, She hath herself not only well defended, But, taken, and impounded as a stray, The king of Scots; whom she did send to France,

To fill King Edward's fame with prisoner kings, And make her chronicle as rich with praise As is the ooze and bottom of the sea

With sunken wreck and sumless treasuries. West. But there's a saying, very old and

If that you will France win, Then with Scotland first begin: For once the eagle England being in prey, To her unguarded nest the weasel Scot Comes sneaking, and so sucks her princely eggs:

Playing the mouse in absence of the cat, To tear and havoc more than she can eat.

Exe. It follows, then, the cat must stay at home:

Yet that is but a curs'd necessity. Since we have locks to safeguard necessaries, Of our fair cousin Dauphin; for we hear

And pretty traps to catch the petty thieves. While that the armed hand doth fight abroad, The advised head defends itself at home: For government, though high, and low, and lower,

Put into parts, doth keep in one concent; Congruing in a full and natural close, Like music.

Cant. Therefore doth heaven divide The state of man in divers functions, Setting endeavor in continual motion; To which is fixed, as an aim or butt, Obedience: for so work the honey bees: Creatures that, by a rule in nature, teach The act of order to a peopled kingdom. They have a king, and officers of sorts: Where some, like magistrates, correct at home; Others, like merchants, venture trade abroad; Others, like soldiers, armed in their stings, Make boot upon the summer's velvet buds: Which pillage they with merry march bring home

To the tent-royal of their emperor: Who, busied in his majesty, surveys The singing masons building roofs of gold; The civil citizens kneading up the honey: The poor mechanic porters crowding in Their heavy burdens at his narrow gate; The sad-ey'd justice, with his surly hum, Delivering o'er to executors pale The lazy yawning drone. I this infer,-That many things, having full reference To one concent, may work contrariously: As many arrows, loosed several ways, Fly to one mark; As many several ways meet in one town;

As many fresh streams meet in one salt sea; As many lines close in the dial's centre: So may a thousand actions, once afoot, End in one purpose, and be all well borne Without defeat. Therefore to France, my liege.

Divide your happy England into four; Whereof take you one quarter into France, And you withal shall make all Gallia shake. If we, with thrice such powers left at home, Cannot defend our own doors from the dog, Let us be worried, and our nation lose The name of hardiness and policy.

K. Hen. Call in the messengers sent from Exit an Attendant. the Dauphin. Now are we well resolv'd: and, by God's help And yours, the noble sinews of our power, France being ours, we'll bend it to our awe. Or break it all to pieces: or there we'll sit, Ruling in large and ample empery O'er France and all her almost kingly dukedoms,

Or lay these bones in an unworthy urn Tombless, with no remembrance over them: Either our history shall with full mouth Speak freely of our acts, or else our grave. Like Turkish mute, shall have a tongueless mouth,

Not worshipp'd with a waxen epitaph.

Enter Ambassadors of France.

Now are we well prepar'd to know the pleasure

Your greeting is from him, not from the king. I Amb. May it please your majesty to give us leave

Freely to render what we have in charge; Or shall we sparingly show you far off The Dauphin's meaning and our embassy? K. Hen. We are no tyrant, but a Christian king;

Unto whose grace our passion is as subject As are our wretches fetter'd in our prisons: Therefore with frank and with uncurbed plain-

Tell us the Dauphin's mind.

I Amb. Thus, then, in few. Your highness, lately sending into France, Did claim some certain dukedoms, in the right Of your great predecessor, King Edward the Third.

France

That can be with a nimble galliard won;-You cannot revel into dukedoms there. He therefore sends you, meeter for your spirit, This tun of treasure, and, in lieu of this, Desires you let the dukedoms that you claim Hear no more of you. This the Dauphin speaks.

K. Hen. What treasure, uncle? Tennis-balls, my liege. Exe.

K. Hen. We are glad the Dauphin is so pleasant with us;

His present and your pains we thank you for: When we have match'd our rackets to these balls.

We will, in France, by God's grace, play a set Shall strike his father's crown into the hazard. Tell him he hath made a match with such a wrangler

That all the courts of France will be disturb'd With chases. And we understand him well, How he comes o'er us with our wilder days. Not measuring what use we made of them. We never valu'd this poor seat of England; And therefore, living hence, did give ourself To barbarous license; as 'tis ever common That men are mernest when they are from home.

But tell the Dauphin, I will keep my state; Be like a king, and show my sail of greatness, When I do rouse me in my throne of France: For that I have laid by my majesty, And plodded like a man for working-days; But I will rise there with so full a glory That I will dazzle all the eyes of France, Yea, strike the Dauphin blind to look on us. And tell the present prince this mock of his Hath turn'd his balls to gun-stones; and his soul Shall stand sore charged for the wasteful vengeance widows

That shall fly with them; for many a thousand Shall this his mock mock out of their dear husbands: down:

Mock mothers from their sons, mock castles And some are yet ungotten and unborn [scorn. That shall have cause to curse the Dauphin's But this lies all within the will of God, To whom I do appeal; and in whose name, Tell you the Dauphin, I am coming on,

To venge me as I may, and to put forth My nghtful hand in a well-hallow'd cause. So, get you hence in peace; and tell the Dauphin His jest will savour but of shallow wit, fit.-When thousands weep, more than did laugh at Convey them with safe conduct .- Fare you Exeunt Ambassadors. well.

Exe. This was a merry message. K. Hen. We hope to make the sender blush

Therefore, my lords, omit no happy hour That may give furtherance to our expedition; For we have now no thought in us but France, Save those to God, that run before our business. Therefore let our proportions for these wars Be soon collected, and all things thought upon That may with reasonable swiftness add More feathers to our wings; for, God before, In answer of which claim, the prince our master | We'll chide this Dauphin at his father's door. Therefore let every man now task his thought. That this fair action may on foot be brought. Exeunt.

Enter Chorus.

Chor. Now all the youth of England are on fire,

And silken delliance in the wardrobe lies: Now thrive the armourers, and honour's thought Reigns solely in the breast of every man: They sell the pasture now to buy the horse; Following the mirror of all Christian kings, With winged heels, as English Mercuries. For now sits Expectation in the air; And hides a sword from hilts unto the point With crowns imperial, crowns, and coronets, Promis'd to Harry and his followers. The French, advis'd by good intelligence Of this most dreadful preparation, Shake in their fear; and with pale policy Seek to divert the English purposes. O England!-model to thy inward greatness, Like little body with a mighty heart,-What mightst thou do, that honour would thee do.

Were all thy children kind and natural! But see thy fault! France hath in thee found A nest of hollow bosoms, which he fills With treacherous crowns; and three corrupted

second. men, One, Richard Earl of Cambridge; and the Henry Lord Scroop of Masham; and the third, Sir Thomas Grey, knight, of Northumberland,-Have, for the guilt of France,—O guilt indeed!-Confirm'd conspiracy with fearful France; And by their hands this grace of kings must

die,-If hell and treason hold their promises. Ere he take ship for France, and in Southampton.

Linger your patience on: and well digest The abuse of distance, while we force a play. The sum is paid; the traitors are agreed; The king is set from London; and the scene Is now transported, gentles, to Southampton,-There is the play-house now, there must you Sit:

And thence to France shall we convey you safe, And bring you back, charming the narrow seas To give you gentle pass; for, if we may We'll not offend one stomach with our play.

But, till the king come forth, and not till then. And flashing fire will follow.

ACT II.

Enter, severally, NYM and BARDOLPH.

Bard. Well met, Corporal Nym.

Nym. Good-morrow, Lieutenant Bardolph. Bard. What, are Ancient Pistol and you

friends yet?

Nym. For my part, I care not: I say little; but when time shall serve, there shall be smiles, -but that shall be as it may. I dare not fight; but I will wink, and hold out mine iron: it is a simple one; but what though? it will toast; cheese: and it will endure cold as another man's sword will, and there's the humour of it.

Bard. I will bestow a breakfast to make you friends; and we'll be all three sworn brothers

to France: let it be so, good Corporal Nym.

Nym. Faith, I will live so long as I may,
that's the certain of it; and when I cannot live any longer, I will do as I may: that is my rest, that is the rendezvous of it.

Bard. It is certain, corporal, that he is married to Nell Quickly: and, certainly, she did you wrong; for you were troth-plight to her.

Num. I cannot tell:-things must be as they may: men may sleep, and they may have their throats about them at that time; and, some say, knives have edges. It must be as it may: though patience be a tired mare, yet she will plod. There must be conclusions. Well, I cannot tell.

Bard. Here comes Ancient Pistol and his wife:-good corporal, be patient here.

Enter PISTOL and Hostess.

How now, mine host Pistol!

Pist. Base tike, call'st thou me host?

Now, by this hand, I swear, I scorn the term; Nor shall my Nell keep lodgers.

Host. No, by my troth, not long; for we cannot lodge and board a dozen or fourteen gentlewomen that live honestly by the prick of their needles, but it will be thought we keep a bawdy-house straight. [NYM draws his sword.] O well-a-day, Lady, if he be not drawn! now we shall see wilful adultery and murder committed.

Bard. Good lieutenant, good corporal,offer nothing here.

Num. Pish!

Pist. Pish for thee, Iceland dog! thou prick-ear'd cur of Iceland!

Host. Good Corporal Nym, show thy valour, and put up your sword.

Nym. Will you shog off? I would have you lus. [Sheathing his sword. solus.

Pist. Solus, egregious dog? O viper vile! The solus in thy most marvellous face; The solus in thy teeth, and in thy throat,

And in thy hateful lungs, yea, in thy maw, perdy;

And, which is worse, within thy nasty mouth! I do retort the solus in thy bowels; For I can take, and Pistol's cock is up,

Nym. I am not Barbason, you cannot con-jure me. I have an humour to knock you in-differently well. If you grow foul with me, Pistol, I will scour you with my rapier, as I Scene I.—London. Before the Boar's Head may, in fair terms: if you would walk off I Tavern, Eastchear. would prick your guts a little, in good terms, as I may: and that's the humour of it.

Pist. O braggart vile and damned furious

wight!

The grave doth gape and doting death is near; Therefore exhale. PISTOL and NYM draw. Bard. Hear me, hear me what I say:-he that strikes the first stroke I'll run him up to

the hilts, as I am a soldier. Draws. Pist. An oath of mickle might; and fury shall abate.

Give me thy fist, thy fore-foot to me give: Thy spirits are most tall.

Nym. I will cut thy throat one time or other,

in fair terms, that is the humour of it. Pist. Coupe la gorge! That's the word .- I

thee defy again. O hound of Crete, think'st thou my spouse

to get? No; to the spital go.

And from the powdering tub of infamy Fetch forth the lazar kite of Cressid's kind, Doll Tearsheet she by name, and her espouse I have, and I will hold, the quondam Quickly For the only she; and--Pauca, there's enough. Go to.

Enter the Boy.

Boy. Mine host Pistol, you must come to my master,—and you, hostess:—he is very sick, and would to bed.—Good Bardolph, put thy nose between his sheets, and do the office of a warming-pan. Faith, he's very ill.

Bard. Away, you rogue.

Host. By my troth, he'll yield the crow a pudding one of these days: the king has killed his heart.-Good husband, come home presently. [Exeunt Hostess and Boy.

Bard. Come, shall I make you two friends? We must to France together: why the devil should we keep knives to cut one another's throats?

Pist. Let floods o'erswell and fiends for food howl on!

Nym. You'll pay me the eight shillings I won of you at betting?

Pist. Base is the slave that pays.

Nym. That now I will have: that's the humour of it.

Pist. As manhood shall compound: push PISTOL and NYM draw. home.

Bard. By this sword, he that makes the first thrust I'll kill him; by this sword, I will. Pist. Sword is an oath, and oaths must have their course.

Bard. Corporal Nym, an thou wilt be friends, be friends: an thou wilt not, why, then, be enemies with me too. Pr'ythee, put up.

Nym. I shall have my eight shillings I won

of you at betting?

Pist. A noble shalt thou have, and present pay

And liquor likewise will I give to thee, And friendship shall combine, and brotherhood: I'll live by Nym and Nym shall live by me;-Is not this just?-for I shall sutler be Unto the camp, and profits will accrue.

Give me thy hand. Nym. I shall have my noble? Pist. In cash most justly paid.

Nym. Well, then, that's the humour of it.

Re-enter Hostess.

Host. As ever you came of women, come in quickly to Sir John. Ah, poor heart! he is so shaken of a burming quotidian tertian that it is most lamentable to behold. Sweet men, come to him.

Nym. The king hath run bad humours on the knight; that's the even of it.

Pist. Nym. thou hast spoke the right;

His heart is fracted and corroborate.

Nym. The king is a good king: but it must be as it may; he passes some humours and CRICETS

Pist. Let us condole the knight; for, lambkins, we will hve.

Scene II .- Southampton. A Council Chamber.

Enter EXETER, BEDFORD, and WESTMORE-LAND.

Bed. 'Fore God, his grace is bold, to trust these traitors.

Exe. They shall be apprehended by and by. West. How smooth and even they do bear themselves!

As if allegiance in their bosom sat, Crowned with faith and constant loyalty.

Bed. The king hath note of all that they intend,

By interception which they dream not of. Exe. Nay, but the man that was his bed-fellow,

Whom he hath dull'd and cloy'd with gracious favours,

That he should, for a foreign purse, so sell His sovereign's life to death and treachery!

Trumpet sounds. Enter KING HENRY, SCROOP, CAMBRIDGE, GREY, Lords, and Attendants.

K. Hen. Now sits the wind fair, and we will

aboard. My Lord of Cambridge,—and my kind Lord of Masham.

[thoughts: And you, my gentle knight,—give me your Think you not that the powers we bear with us Will cut their passage through the force of France,

Doing the execution and the act

For which we have in head assembled them? Scroop. No doubt, my hege, if each man do his best. fpersuaded

K. Hen. I doubt not that; since we are well We carry not a heart with us from hence That grows not in a fair consent with ours. Nor leave not one behind that doth not wish Success and conquest to attend on us.

Cam. Never was monarch better fear'd and

That sits in heart-grief and uneasiness Under the sweet shade of your government.

Grey. True: those that were your father's enemies [VOII Have steep'd their galls in honey, and do serve

With hearts create of duty and of zeal.

K. Hen. We therefore have great cause of thankfulness:

And shall forget the office of our hand Sooner than quittance of desert and merit According to the weight and worthiness.

Scroop. So service shall with steel'd sinews toil.

And labour shall refresh itself with hope. To do your grace incessant services.

K. Hen. We judge no less .- Uncle of Exeter. Enlarge the man committed yesterday, That rail'd against our person: we consider

It was excess of wine that set him on: And on his more advice we pardon him.

Scroop. That's mercy, but too much security: Let him be punish'd, sovereign; lest example Breed, by his sufferance, more of such a kind.

K. Hen. O, let us yet be merciful. Cam. So may your highness, and yet punish Grey. Sir, you show great mercy if you give him life,

After the taste of much correction. K. Hen. Alas, your too much love and care Are heavy orisons 'gainst this poor wretch!
If little faults, proceeding on distemper,

Shall not be wink'd at, how shall we stretch our eye digested

When capital crimes, chew'd, swallow'd, and Appear before us?—We'll yet enlarge that man, Though Cambridge, Scroop, and Grey, in their dear care

And tender preservation of our person, Would have him punish'd. And now to our French causes:

Who are the late commissioners?

Cam. I one, my lord: Your highness bade me ask for it to-day.

Scroop. So did you me, my liege.

Grey. And me, my royal sovereign.

K. Hen. Then, Richard Earl of Cambridge, there is yours;sir knight, There yours, Lord Scroop of Masham; -and,

Grey of Northumberland, this same is yours:-Read them, and know I know your worthiness.-[eter,-

My Lord of Westmoreland,—and uncle Ex-We will aboard to-night.—Why, how now, gentlemen!

What see you in those papers, that you lose So much complexion?—Look ye, how they change! there

Their cheeks are paper.-Why, what read you That hath so cowarded and chas'd your blood Out of appearance?

I do confess my fault. And do submit me to your highness' mercy.

Grey, Scroop. To which we all appeal. K. Hen. The mercy that was quick in us but late

By your own counsel is suppress'd and kill'd: You must not dare, for shame, to talk of mercy; For your own reasons turn into your bosoms, subject As dogs upon their masters, worrying you.-Than is your majesty: there's not, I think, a See you, my princes and my noble peers,

These English monsters! My Lord of Cambridge here,—

You know how apt our love was to accord To furnish him with all appertinents Belonging to his honour; and this man Hath, for a few light crowns, lightly conspir'd, And sworn unto the practices of France, To kill us here in Hampton: to the which This knight, no less for bounty bound to us Than Cambridge is, hath likewise sworn.—

But, O, [cruel, What shall I say to thee, Lord Scroop? thou Ingrateful, savage, and inhuman creature! Thou that didst bear the key of all my counsels, That knew'st the very bottom of my soul, That almost mightst have con'd me into gold, Wouldst thou have practis'd on me for thy

use, May it be possible that foreign hire Could out of thee extract one spark of evil That might annoy my finger? 'tis so strange That, though the truth of it stands off as gross As black from white, my eye will scarcely see it. Treason and murder ever kept together, As two yoke-devils sworn to either's purpose, Working so grossly in a natural cause That admiration did not whoop at them: But thou, 'gainst all proportion, didst bring in Wonder to wait on treason and on murder: And whatsoever cunning fiend it was That wrought upon thee so preposterously Hath got the voice in hell for excellence: And other devils, that suggest by treasons Do botch and bungle up damnation fetch'd With patches, colours, and with forms being From glistering semblances of piety; But he that temper'd thee bade thee stand up, Gave thee no instance why thou shouldst do

treason. Unless to dub thee with the name of traitor. If that same demon that hath gull'd thee thus Should with his lion gait walk the whole world, He might return to vasty Tartar back, And tell the legions, I can never win A soul so easy as that Englishman's. O, how hast thou with jealousy infected
The sweetness of affiance! Show men dutiful? Why, so didst thou: seem they grave and learned? Why, so didst thou: come they of noble family? Why, so didst thou: seem they religious? Why, so didst thou: or are they spare in diet; Free from gross passion, or of mirth or anger; Constant in spirit, not swerving with the blood; Garnish'd and deck'd in modest complement; Not working with the eye without the ear, And but in purged judgment trusting neither? Such and so finely bolted didst thou seem: And thus thy fall hath left a kind of blot, To mark the full-fraught man and best indu'd With some suspicion. I will weep for thee; For this revolt of thine, methinks, is like Another fall of man.—Their faults are open: Arrest them to the answer of the law;-And God acquit them of their practices! Exe. I arrest thee of high treason, by the

name of Richard Earl of Cambridge.

I arrest thee of high treason, by the name of Henry Lord Scroop of Masham.

I arrest thee of high treason, by the name of Thomas Grey, knight, of Northumberland. Scroop. Our purposes God justly hath discover'd;

And I repent my fault more than my death; Which I beseech your highness to forgive, Although my body pay the price of it.

Cam. For me,—the gold of France did not seduce:

Although I did admit it as a motive
The sconer to effect what I intended:
But God be thanked for prevention;
Which I in sufferance heartily will rejoice,
Beseeching God and you to pardon me.

Beseeching God and you to pardon me.

Grey. Never did faithful subject more rejoice
At the discovery of most dangerous treason
Than I do at this hour joy o'er myself,
Prevented from a damned enterprise:
My fault, but not my body, pardon, sovereign.

K. Hen. God quit you in his mercy! Hear your sentence.

You have conspir'd against our royal person, Join'd with an enemy proclaim'd, and from his coffers

Receiv'd the golden earnest of our death; Wherein you would have sold your king to slaughter,

His princes and his peers to servitude,
His subjects to oppression and contempt,
And his whole kingdom into desolation.
Touching our person seek we no revenge;
But we our kingdom's safety must so tender,
Whose ruin you have sought, that to her laws
We do deliver you. Get you, therefore, hence,
Poor miserable wretches, to your death:
The taste whereof God of his mercy give you
Patience to endure, and true repentance
Of all your dear offences!—Bear them hence.

Now, lords, for France; the enterprise whereof Shall be to you, as us, like glorious. We doubt not of a fair and lucky war: Since God so graciously hath brought to light This dangerous treason, lurking in our way To hinder our beginnings, we doubt not now But every rub is smoothed on our way. Then, forth, dear countrymen: let us deliver Our puissance into the hand of God, Putting it straight in expedition.

Cheerly to sea; the signs of war advance: No king of England, if not king of France.

[Exeunt.

Scene III.—London. The Hostess's House in Eastcheap.

Enter Pistol, Hostess, NYM, BARDOLPH, and Boy.

Host. Pr'ythee, honey-sweet husband, let me bring thee to Staines.

Pist. No; for my manly heart doth yearn.—
Bardolph, be blithe;—Nym, rouse thy vaunting
veins;—

is dead,
Boy, bristle thy courage up;—for Falstaff he

And we must yearn therefore.

Bard. Would I were with him, wheresome'er

he is, either in heaven or in hell!

Host. Nay, sure, he's not in hell: he's in Arthur's bosom, if ever man went to Arthur's bosom. 'A made a finer end, and went away, an it had been any christom chid; 'a parted even just between twelve and one, even at the

turning o' the tide: for after I saw him fumble To line and new repair our towns of war upon his fingers' ends, I knew there was but one For England his approaches makes as fierce babbled of green fields. How now, Sir John! It fits us, then, to be as provident quot it: what, man' be o' good cheer. So 'a' As fear may teach us, out of late examples cried out—God, God, God! three or four times. Left by the fatal and neglected English way; for his nose was as sharp as a pen, and 'a Now I, to comfort him, bid him 'a should not | Upon our fields. think of God; I hoped there was no need to Dau. trouble himself with any such thoughts yet. So 'a bade me lay more clothes on his feet: I put my hand into the bed and felt them, and they were as cold as any stone; then I felt to his knees, and so upward and upward, and all was as cold as any stone.

Nym. They say he cried out of sack.

Host. Ay, that 'a did.

Bard. And of women.

Host. Nay, that 'a did not. Boy. Yes, that 'a did; and said they were

devils incarnate.

Host. 'A could never abide carnation; 'twas a colour he never liked.

Boy. 'A said once, the devil would have him

about women.

Host. 'A did in some sort, indeed, handle women; but then he was rheumatic, and talked of the whore of Babylon.

Boy. Do you not remember, 'a saw a flea stick upon Bardolph's nose, and 'a said it was a

black soul burning in hell? Bard. Well, the fuel is gone that maintained that fire: that's all the riches I got in his

Nym. Shall we shog? the king will be gone

from Southampton. thy lips.

Pist. Come, let's away.-My love, give me Look to my chattels and my moveables: Let senses rule; the word is, Pitch and pay; Trust none; cakes.

For oaths are straws, men's faiths are wafer-And holdfast is the only dog, my duck: Therefore caveto be thy counsellor. Go, clear thy crystals.—Yoke-fellows in arms,

Let us to France; like horse-leeches, my boys,

To suck, to suck, the very blood to suck!

Boy. And that is but unwholesome food,

they say. Pist. Touch her soft mouth and march.

Bard. Farewell, hostess. Kissıng her. Nym. I cannot kiss, that is the humour of it; but, adieu.

Pist. Let housewifery appear: keep close, I thee command.

Host. Farewell; adieu. [Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- FRANCE. Room the FRENCH KING'S Palace.

Flourish. Enter the FRENCH KING, attended; the DAUPHIN, the DUKE of BURGUNDY; the Constable, and others.

Fr. King. Thus come the English with full power upon us;

And more than carefully it us concerns To answer royally in our defences. Therefore the Dukes of Berri and of Bretagne, Of Brabant and of Orleans, shall make forth, And you, Prince Dauphin,-with all swift despatch,

with the sheets, and play with flowers, and smile With men of courage and with means defendant; As waters to the sucking of a gulf.

> My most redoubted father. It is most meet we arm us 'gainst the foe: For peace itself should not so dull a kingdom, Though war, nor no known quarrel, were in

question,-

But that defences, musters, preparations, Should be maintain'd, assembled, and collected. As were a war in expectation. Therefore, I say, 'tis meet we all go forth To view the sick and feeble parts of France: And let us do it with no show of fear; No, with no more than if we heard that England Were busied with a Whitsun morris-dance: For, my good liege, she is so idly king'd.

Her sceptre so fantastically borne By a vain, giddy, shallow, humorous youth, That fear attends her not.

Con. O peace, Prince Dauphin! You are too much mistaken in this king: Question your grace the late ambassadors With what great state he heard their embassy. How well supplied with noble counsellors, How modest in exception, and withal How terrible in constant resolution,-And you shall find his vanities forespent Where but the outside of the Roman Brutus. Covering discretion with a coat of folly;

As gardeners do with ordure hide those roots That shall first spring and be most delicate. Dau. Well, 'tis not so, my lord high constable; But though we think it so, it is no matter: In cases of defence 'tis best to weigh The enemy more mighty than he seems: So the proportions of defence are fill'd: Which, of a weak and niggardly projection, Doth like a miser spoil his coat with scanting A little cloth.

Fr. King. Think we King Harry strong: And, princes, look you strongly arm to meet

hım. The kindred of him hath been flesh'd upon us: And he is bred out of that bloody strain That haunted us in our familiar paths: Witness our too-much memorable shame When Cressy battle fatally was struck, And all our princes captiv'd by the hand Of that black name, Edward Black Prince of Wales; standing,

Whiles that his mountain sire,—on mountain Up in the air, crown'd with the golden sun,-Saw his heroical seed, and smil'd to-see him, Mangle the work of nature, and deface The patterns that by God and by French fathers Had twenty years been made. This is a stem Of that victorious stock; and let us fear The native mightiness and fate of him.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Ambassadors from Harry King of England Do crave admittance to your majesty.

Fr. King. We'll give them present audience. Shall chide your trespass and return your mock Go, and bring them.

Exeunt Mess. and certain Lords. You see this chase is hotly follow'd, friends. dogs

Runs far before them. Good my sovereign, Take up the English short; and let them know Of what a monarchy you are the head: Self-love, my liege, is not so vile a sin

Self-love, as a self-neglecting.

As self-neglecting.

Re-enter Lords, with EXETER and Train.

Kino. From our brother England?

**Line he greets your Exe. From him; and thus he greets your majesty.

He wills you, in the name of God Almighty, That you divest yourself, and lay apart The borrow'd glories that by gift of heaven, By law of nature and of nations, 'long To him and to his heirs; namely, the crown, And all wide-stretch'd honours that pertain By custom and the ordinance of times, Unto the crown of France. That you may know 'Tis no sinister nor no awkward claim, |days, Pick'd from the worm-holes of long-vanish'd Nor from the dust of old oblivion rak'd. He sends you this most memorable line Gives a paper.

In every branch truly demonstrative; Willing you overlook this pedigree: And when you find him evenly deriv'd From his most fam'd of famous ancestors, Edward the Third, he bids you then resign Your crown and kingdom, indirectly held From him the native and true challenger.

Fr. King. Or else what follows? crown ! Exe. Bloody constraint; for if you hide the Even in your hearts, there will he rake for it: Therefore in fierce tempest is he coming, In thunder and in earthquake, like a Jove,-That if requiring fail, he will compel;— And bids you, in the bowels of the Lord Deliver up the crown; and to take mercy On the poor souls for whom this hungry war Opens his vasty jaws: and on your head Turns he the widows' tears, the orphans' cries The dead men's blood, the pining maidens' groans,

For husbands, fathers, and betrothed lovers, That shall be swallow'd in this controversy. This is his claim, his threatening, and my mes-

sage; Unless the Dauphin be in presence here, To whom expressly I bring greeting too. Fr. King. For us, we will consider of this

further: To-morrow shall you bear our full intent

Back to our brother England.

For the Dauphin, I stand here for him: what to him from England? Exe. Scorn and defiance; slight regard, contempt,

And anything that may not misbecome The mighty sender, doth he prize you at. Thus says my king: an if your father's highness Do not, in grant of all demands at large, Sweeten the bitter mock you sent his majesty, He'll call you to so hot an answer for it That caves and womby vaultages of France

In second accent of his ordinance.

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Dau. Say, if my father render fair return, It is against my will; for I desire

Dau. Turn head and stop pursuit; for coward Nothing but odds with England: to that end, to threaten: As matching to his youth and vanity,

Most spend their mouths when what they seem I did present him with the Paris balls. [for it, Exe. He'll make your Paris Louvre shake Were it the mistress court of mighty Europe: And, be assur'd, you'll find a difference, As we, his subjects, have in wonder found, Between the promise of his greener days And these he masters now: now he weighs time Even to the utmost grain:—that you shall read In your own losses if he stay in France.

Fr. King. To-morrow shall you know our mind at full. Iking

Exe. Despatch us with all speed, lest that our Come here himself to question our delay; For he is footed in this land already.

Fr. King. You shall be soon despatch'd with fair conditions:

A night is but small breath and little pause To answer matters of this consequence. Exeunt.

Enter Chorus.

Cho. Thus with imagin'd wing our swift scene flies,

In motion of no less celerity Than that of thought. Suppose that you have The well-appointed king at Hampton pier Embark his royalty; and his brave fleet [ning: With silken streamers the young Phoebus fan-Play with your fancies; and in them behold Upon the hempen tackle ship-boys climbing, Hear the shrill whistle which doth order give To sounds confus'd; behold the threaden sails, Borne with the invisible and creeping wind. Draw the huge bottoms through the furrow'd

sea. Breasting the lofty surge: O, do but think You stand upon the rivage and behold A city on the inconstant billows dancing; For so appears this fleet majestical, Holding due course to Harfleur. Follow.

Grapple your minds to sternage of this navy; And leave your England, as dead midnight still Guarded with grandsires, babies, and old women

Either past or not arrived to pity and puissance; For who is he, whose chin is but enrich'd With one appearing hair, that will not follow These cull'd and choice-drawn cavaliers to France? siege:

Work, work your thoughts, and therein see a Behold the ordnance on their carriages With fatal mouths gaping on girded Harfleur. Suppose the ambassador from the French comes back;

Tells Harry that the king doth offer him Katharine his daughter; and with her, to dowry, Some petty and unprofitable dukedoms. The offer likes not: and the nimble gunner With linstock now the devilish cannon touches,

[Alarum, and chambers go off, within. And down goes all before them. Still be kind, And eke out our performance with your mind. Exit.

ACT III.

Scene I .- France. Before Harfleur.

Alarums. Enter King Henry, Exerer, Bed-FORD, GLOSTER, and Soldiers, with scalingladders.

K. Hen. Once more unto the breach, dear

friends, once more; Or close the wall up with our English dead! In peace there's nothing so becomes a man As modest stillness and humility: But when the blast of war blows in our ears, Then imitate the action of the tiger; Stiffen the sinews, summon up the blood, Disguise fair nature with hard-favour'd rage; Then lend the eye a terrible aspect; Let it pry through the portage of the head Like the brass cannon; let the brow o'erwhelm

As fearfully as doth a galled rock O'erhang and jutty his confounded base, Swill'd with the wild and wasteful ocean. Now set the teeth and stretch the nostril wide; Hold hard the breath, and bend up every spirit To his full height!—On, on, you noble English, Whose blood is fet from fathers of war-proof!— Fathers that, like so many Alexanders, Have in these parts from morn till even fought, And sheath'd their swords for lack of argument:-

Dishonour not your mothers; now attest That those whom you call'd fathers did beget

you! Be copy now to men of grosser blood, And teach them how to war!-And you, good

veomen. Whose limbs were made in England, show us

here The mettle of your pasture; let us swear That you are worth your breeding: which I doubt not:

For there is none of you so mean and base, That hath not noble lustre in your eyes. I see you stand like greyhounds in the slips. Straining upon the start. The game's afoot: Follow your spirit; and upon this charge Cry-God for Harry! England!-and Saint

George! Exeunt. Alarum, and chambers go off within.

Enter NYM, BARDOLPH, PISTOL, and Boy.

Bard. On, on, on, on! to the breach, to the breach!

Nym. Pray thee, corporal, stay: the knocks are too hot; and, for mine own part. I have not a case of lives: the humour of it is too hot, that is the very plain-song of it.

Pist. The plain-song is most just;

humours do abound:

Knocks go and come; God's vassals drop and die And sword and shield In bloody field Doth win immorta fame.

Boy. Would I were in an alchouse in London! I would give all my fame for a pot of ale and safety.

Pist. And I:

If wishes would prevail with me, My purpose should not fail with me, But thither would I hie.

As duly, but not as truly, As bird doth sing on bough. Bou.

Enter FLUELLEN.

Flu. Up to the preach, you dogs! avaunt, Driving them forward. you cullions! Pist. Be merciful, great duke, to men of mould!

Abate thy rage, abate thy manly rage!

Abate thy rage, great duke! [chuck! Good bawcock, bate thy rage! use lenity, sweet Num. These be good humours!-your honour wins bad humours.

[Exeunt Nym, Pistol, Bardolph, followed by Fluellen.

Boy. As young as I am, I have observed these three swashers. I am boy to them all three: but all they three, though they would serve me, could not be man to me; for, indeed, three such antics do not amount to a man. For Bardolph,-he is white-livered and red-faced; by the means whereof 'a faces it out, but fights not. For Pistol,-he hath a killing tongue and a quiet sword; by the means whereof 'a breaks words and keeps whole weapons. For Nym, he hath heard that men of few words are the best men; and therefore he scorns to say his prayers lest 'a should be thought a coward: but his few bad words are matched with as few good deeds; for 'a never broke any man's head but his own, and that was against a post when he was drunk. They will steal anything, and call it purchase. Bardolph stole a lute-case, bore it twelve leagues, and sold it for three halfpence. Nym and Bardolph are sworn brothers in filching; and in Calais they stole a fire-shovel: I knew by that piece of service the men would carry coals. They would have me as familiar with men's pockets as their gloves or their handkerchers: which makes much against my manhood, if I should take from another's pocket to put into mine; for it is plain pocketing up of wrongs. I must leave them, and seek some better service: their villany goes against my weak stomach, and therefore I must cast it up. Exit.

Re-enter Fluellen, Gower following.

Gow. Captain Fluellen, you must come presently to the mines: the Duke of Gloster would speak with you.

Flu. To the mines! tell you the duke it is not so goot to come to the mines; for, look you, the mines is not according to the disciplines of the war: the concavities of it is not sufficient: for, look you, th' athversary,—you may discuss unto the duke, look you,—is digt himself four yard under the countermines; by Cheshu, I think 'a will plow up all, if there is no better directions.

Gow. The Duke of Gloster, to whom the order of the siege is given, is altogether directed by an Irishman, -a very valiant gentleman, i' faith.

Flu. It is Captain Macmorris, is it not?

Gow. I think it be. Flu. By Cheshu, he is an ass, as in the 'orld:

I will verify as much in his peard: he has no more directions in the true disciplines of the is a puppy-dog.

Gow. Here 'a comes; and the Scots captain,

Captain Jamy, with him.

Flu. Captain Jamy is a marvellous falorous gentleman, that is certain, and of great expedition and knowledge in the ancient wars, upon my particular knowledge of his directions: by Cheshu, he will maintain his argument as well as any military man in the 'orld, in the disciplines of the pristine wars of the Romans.

Enter MACMORRIS and JAMY, at a distance.

Jamy. I say gud-day, Captain Fluellen. Flu. God-den to your worship, goot Cap-

tain Jamy.

Gow. How now, Captain Macmorris! have you quit the mines? have the pioneers given o'er? Mac. By Chrish la, tish ill done: the work ish give over, the trumpet sound the retreat. By my hand, I swear, and by my father's soul, the work ish ill done; it ish give over: I would have blowed up the town, so Chrish save me, la, in an hour: O, tish ill done, tish ill done; by my hand, tish ill done!

Flu. Captain Macmorris, I peseech you, now, will you voutsafe me, look you, a few disputations with you, as partly touching or conserning the disciplines of the war, the Roman wars, in the way of argument, look you, and friendly communication; partly to satisfy my opinion, and partly for the satisfaction, look you, of my mind, as touching the direction of the military

discipline; that is the point.

Jamy. It sall be very gud, gud feith, gud captains bath: and I sall quit you with gud leve, as I may pick occasion; that sall I, mary.

Mac. It is no time to discourse, so Chrish save me: the day is hot, and the weather, and the wars, and the king, and the dukes: it is no time to discourse. The town is beseeched, and the trumpet call us to the breach; and we talk and, by Chrish, do nothing: 'tis shame for us all: so God sa' me, 'tis shame to stand still; it is shame, by my hand: and there is throats to be cut, and works to be done; and there ish nothing done, so Chrish sa' me, la.

Jamy. By the mess, ere theise eyes of mine take themselves to slumber, aile do gud service, or aile lig i' the grund for it; ay, or go to death; and sile pay't as valorously as I may, that sall I suerly do, that is the breff and the long. Mary, I wad full fain heard some question

'tween you tway.

Flu. Captain Macmorris, I think, look you, under your correction, there is not many of

your nation.

Mac. Of my nation! What ish my nation? what ish my nation? Who talks of my nation ish a villain, and a basterd, and a knave, and a

Flu. Look you, if you take the matter otherwise than is meant, Captain Macmorris, peradventure I shall think you do not use me with Do break the clouds, as did the wives of Jewry

that affability as in discretion you ought to use me, look you; being as goot a man as yourself, both in the disciplines of war and in the derivation of my birth, and in other particularities.

Mac. I do not know you so good a man as wars, look you, of the Roman disciples, than 'myself: so Chrish save me, I will cut off your head.

Gow. Gentlemen both, you will mistake each other.

Jamy. Au! that's a foul fault.

A parley sounded. Gow. The town sounds a parley.

Flu. Captain Macmorns, when there is more petter opportunity to be required, look you, I will be so pold as to tell you I know the disciplines of war; and there is an end. [Exeunt.

SCENE II .- The same. Before the Gates of Harfleur.

The Governor and some Citizens on the walls; the English Forces below. Enter KING HENRY and his Train.

K. Hen. How yet resolves the governor of the town?

This is the latest parley we will admit: Therefore, to our best mercy give yourselves; Or like to men proud of destruction,

Defy us to our worst: for as I am a soldier,-A name that, in my thoughts, becomes me best.-

If I begin the battery once again I will not leave the half-achieved Harfleur Till in her ashes she he buried. The gates of mercy shall be all shut up;

And the flesh'd soldier,-rough and hard of heart

In liberty of bloody hand shall range With conscience wide as hell; mowing like grass Your fresh-fair virgins and your flowering infants.

What is it then to me if impious war, Array'd in flames, like to the prince of flends,-Do, with his smirch'd complexion, all fell feats Enlink'd to waste and desolation?

What is't to me when you yourselves are cause, If your pure maidens fall into the hand

Of hot and forcing violation?

What rein can hold licentious wickedness When down the hill he holds his fierce career? We may as bootless spend our vain command Upon the enrages soldiers in their spoil,

As send precepts to the Leviathan fleur. To come ashore. Therefore, you men of Har-Take pity of your town and of your people Whiles yet my soldiers are in my command; Whiles yet the cool and temperate wind of grace

O'erblows the filthy and contagious clouds Of heady murder, spoil, and villainy. If not, why, in a moment look to see

The blind and bloody soldier with foul hand Defile the locks of your shrill-shricking daughters:

Your fathers taken by the silver beards, And their most reverend heads dash'd to the walls:

Your naked infants spitted upon pikes, Whiles the mad mothers with their howls confus'd

At Herod's bloody-hunting slaughtermen. What say you? will you yield, and this avoid? de hand, de fineres, de mails, Or, guilty in defence, be thus destroy'd?

Alice. De nails, madame.

Gov. Our expectation hath this day an end: The Dauphin, whom of succour we entreated, Returns us that his powers are not yet ready king,

We yield our town and lives to thy soft mercy. Enter our gates; dispose of us and ours;

For we no longer are defensible. Exeter. K. Hen. Open your gates.—Come, uncle Go you and enter Harfleur; there remain, And fortify it strongly 'gainst the French: Use mercy to them all. For us, dear uncle, The winter coming on, and sickness growing Upon our soldiers, -we will retire to Calais. To-night in Harfieur will we be your guest; To-morrow for the march are we addrest.

Flourish. The KING, &c., enter the Town.

SCENE III .- ROUEN. A Room in the Palace.

Enter KATHARINE and ALICE.

Alice, tu as ete en Angleterre, et tu parles bien le langage.

Alice. Un peu, madame.

Kath. Je te prie, m'enseignez; il faut que j'apprenne a parler. Comment appellez-vous la main en Anglais?

Alice. La main? elle est appelee de hand. Kath. De hand. Et les doigts? Alice. Les doigts? ma foi, j'oublie les doigts; mais je me souviendrai. Les doigts? je pense qu'ils sont appeles de fingres; out, de fingres.

Kath. La main, de hand; les doigts, de fingres. Je pense que je suis le bon écolier; j'ai gagné deux mots d'Anglais vitement. Comment appeles-vous les ongles?

Alice. Les ongles? les appelons de nails.

Kath. De nails. Ecoutez; dues-moi, si je
parle bien: de hand, de fingres, et de nails.

Alice. C'est bien dit, madame; il est fort bon Anglais.

Kath. Dites-moi? l'Anglais pour le bras.

Alice. De arm. madame. Kath. Et le coude?

Alice. De elbow.

Kath. De elbow. Je me'en fais la répétition de tous les mots que vous m'avez appris des à présent.

Alice. Il est trop difficile, madame, comme je pense.

Kath. Excusez-moi, Alice; écoutez: de hand, de fingres, de nails, de arm, de bilbow.

Alice. De elbow, madame.

Kath. O Seigneur Dieu, je m'en oublie! de elbow. Comment appelez-vous le col?

Alice. De neck, madame. Kath. De nick. Et le menton?

Alice. De chin.

Kath. De sin. Le col, de nick; le menton,

Alice. Oui. Sauf votre honneur, en vérité, vous prononcez les mots aussi droit que les natifs d'Angleterre.

Kath. Je ne doute point d'apprendre, par la grace de Dieu, et en peu de temps.

Alice. N'avez-vous pas déjà oublié ce que je vous ai enseigné?

Kath. Non, he reciterai a vous promptement:

Kath. De nails, de arm, de ilbow.

Alice. Sauf votre honneur, de elbow.

Kath. Ainsi dis-je, de elbow, de nick, et To raise so great a siege. Therefore, great de sin. Comment appelez-vous le pied et la robe? Alice. De foot, madame; et de coun.

Kath. De foot et de coun! O Seigneur Dieul ce sont mots de son mauvais, corruptible, gros, et impudique, et non pour les dames d'honneur d'user je ne voudrais prononcer ces mots devant les seigneurs de France pour tout le monde. Il faut de foot et de coun néanmoins. Je reciterai une autre fois ma leçon ensemble: de hand, de fingres, de nails, de arm, de elbow, de nick, de sin, de foot, de coun.

Alice. Excellent, madame! Kath. C'est assez pour une fois: allons-nous

à diner. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- The same. Another Room in the same.

Enter the FRENCH KING, the DAUPHIN, DUKE OF BOURBON, the Constable of France, and others.

Fr. King. 'Tis certain he hath pass'd the

river Somme. Con. And if he be not fought withal, my lord. Let us not live in France; let us quit all,

And give our vineyards to a barbarous people. Dau. O Dieu vivant! shall a few sprays of us.

The emptying of our fathers' luxury, Our scions, put in wild and savage stock, Spurt up so suddenly into the clouds,

And overlook their grafters? Bour. Normans, but bastard Normans,

Norman bastards! Mort de ma vie! if they march along Unfought withal, but I will sell my dukedom

To buy a slobbery and a dirty farm In that nook-shotten isle of Albion.

Con, Dieu de batailles! where have they this mettle?

Is not their climate foggy, raw, and dull; On whom, as in despite, the sun looks pale Killing their fruit with frowns? Can sodden water,

A drench for sur-rein'd jades, their barley-Decoct their cold blood to such valiant heat? And shall our quick blood, spirited with wine, Seem frosty? O, for honour of our land,

Let us not hang like roping icicles Upon our houses' thatch, whiles a more frosty

people fields. Sweat drops of gallant youth in our rich

Poor we may call them in their native lords! Dau. By faith and honour, Our madams mock at us, and plainly say

Our mettle is bred out, and they will give Their bodies to the lust of English youth To new-store France with bastard warriors.

Bour. They bid us to the English dancingschools,

And teach lavoltas high and swift corantos: Saying our grace is only in our heels, And that we are most lofty runaways.

Fr. King. Where is Montjoy, the herald? speed him hence:

Let him greet England with our sharp defiance.

Up, princes! and, with spirit of honour edg'd More sharper than your swords, hie to the field: Charles De-la-bret, high-constable of France; You Dukes of Orleans, Bourbon, and of Berri, Alencon, Brabant, Bar, and Burgundy; Jaques Chatillon, Rambures, Vaudemont, Beaumont, Grandpree, Roussi, and Faucchberg, Foix, Lestrale, Bouciqualt, and Charolois;

knights, shames. For your great seats, now quit you of great Bar Harry England, that sweeps through our

With pennons painted in the blood of Harfleur: Rush on his host as doth the melted snow Upon the valleys, hose ow vassal seat The Alps doth spit and void his rheum upon: Go down upon him,—you have power enough,-And in a captive chariot into Rouen Bring him our prisoners.

This becomes the great. Sorry am I his numbers are so few. His soldiers sick, and famish'd in their march; For I am sure, when he shall see our army, He'll drop his heart into the sink of fear, And for achievement offer us his ransom. Fr. King. Therefore, lord constable, haste

on Montjo And let him say to England that we send To know what willing ransom he will give.— Prince Dauphin, you shall stay with us in Rouen. Dau. Not so, I do beseech your majesty.

Fr. King. Be patient; for you shall remain

with us.-Now forth, lord constable and princes all And quickly bring us word of England's fall. Exeunt.

Scene V .- The English Camp in Picardy.

Enter, severally, GOWER and FLUELLEN.

Gow. How now, Captain Fluellen! come you from the bridge?

Flu. I assure you there is very excellent services committed at the pridge.

Gow. Is the Duke of Exeter safe?

Flu. The Duke of Exeter is as magnanimous as Agamemnon; and a man that I love and honour with my soul, and my heart, and my duty, and my life, and my living, and my uttermost power: he is not,-God be praised and plessed!—any hurt in the 'orld; but keeps the pridge most valiantly, with excellent discipline. There is an auncient there a the pridge,—I think in my very conscience he is as valiant a man as Mark Antony; and ho is a man of no estimation in the 'orld; but I did see him do as gallant service.

Gow. What do you call him? Flu. He is called Auncient Pistol. Gow. I know him not. Flu. Here is the man.

Enter PISTOL.

Pist. Captain, I thee beseech to do me be marvellously mistook. favours: The Duke of Exeter doth love thee well.

Flu. Ay, I praise Got; and I have merited some love at his hands. Pist. Bardolph, a soldier, firm and sound of

Of buxom valour, hath by cruel fate

And giddy Fortune's furious fickle wheel,-That goddess blind.

That stands upon the rolling restless stone,-Flu. By your patience, Auncient Pistol. Fortune is painted plind, with a muffler afore her eyes, to signify to you that Fortune is plind; High dukes, great princes, barons, lords, and and she is painted also with a wheel, to signify to you, which is the moral of it, that she is turning, and inconstant, and mutability, and variation: and her foot, look you, is fixed upon a spherical stone, which rolls, and rolls, and rolls.—In good truth the poet makes a most excellent description of it: Fortune is an excellent moral.

Pist. Fortune is Bardolph's foe, and frowns on him: For he hath stol'n a pox, and hanged must 'a

A damned death! Let gallows gape for dog; let man go free, And let no hemp his windpipe suffocate:

But Exeter hath given the doom of death For pox of little price. voice; Therefore, go speak,—the duke will hear thy And let not Bardolph's vital thread be cut With edge of penny cord and vile reproach: Speak, captain, for his life, and I will thee re-

quite. Flu. Auncient Pistol, I do partly understand

your meaning.

Pist. Why, then, rejoice therefore.

Flu. Certainly, Auncient, it is not a thing to rejoice at: for if, look you, he were my prother I would desire the duke to use his goot pleasure, and put him to execution; for discipline ought to be used. friendship!

Pist. Die and be damn'd! and fico for thy

Flu. It is well. Pist. The fig of Spain!

Pist. The ng or Flu. Very goot. Exit. Gow. Why, this is an arrant counterfest

rascal;

I remember him now; a bawd, a cutpurse.

Flu. I'll assure you, 'a uttered as prave 'ords at the pridge as you shall see in a summer's day. But it is very well; what he has spoke to me, that is well, I warrant you, when time

is serve.

Gow. Why, 'tis a gull, a fool, a rogue, that now and then goes to the wars, to grace himself, at his return into London, under the form of a soldier. And such fellows are perfect in the great commanders' names: and they will learn you by rote where services are done; -at such and such a sconce, at such a breach, at such a convoy; who came off bravely, who was shot, who disgraced, what terms the enemy stood on; and this they con perfectly in the phrase of war, which they trick up with newtuned oaths: and what a beard of the general's cut, and a horrid suit of the camp, will do among foaming bottles and ale-washed wits, is wonderful to be thought on. But you must learn to know such slanders of the age, or else you may

Flu. I tell you what, Captain Gower, I do perceive he is not the man that he would gladly make show to the 'orld ho is: if I find a hole in his coat I will tell him my mind. [Drum within. Hark you, the king is coming; and I must speak with him from the pridge.

Enter KING HENRY, GLOSTER, and Soldiers.

Got bless your majesty!

K. Hen. How now, Fluellen! cam'st thou

from the bridge? The Duke Flu. Ay, so please your majesty. of Exeter has very gallantly maintained the pridge, the French is gone off, look you; and there is gallant and most prave passages: marry, th' athversary was have possession of the pridge; but he is enforced to retire, and the Duke of Exeter is master of the pridge: I can tell your majesty the duke is a prave man.

K. Hen. What men have you lost, Fluellen? Flu. The perdition of th' athversary hath been very great, reasonable great: marry, for my part, I think the duke hath lost never a man, but one that is like to be executed for robbing a church,—one Bardolph, if your majesty know the man: his face is all bubukles, and whelks, and knobs, and flames of fire; and his lips plows at his nose, and it is like a coal of fire, sometimes plue and sometimes red; but his nose is executed and his fire's out.

K. Hen. We would have all such offenders so cut off:-and we give express charge that in , our marches through the country there be nothing compelled from the villages, nothing taken but paid for, none of the French upbraided or abused in disdainful language; for when lenity and cruelty play for a kingdom the gentler gamester is the soonest winner.

Tucket sounds. Enter MONTJOY.

Mont. You know me by my habit.

K. Hen. Well, then, I know thee: what shall I know of thee? Mont. My master's mind.

K. Hen. Unfold it.

Mont. Thus says my king:-Say thou to Harry of England: Though we seemed dead we did but sleep; advantage is a better soldier than rashness. Tell him we could have rebuked him at Harfleur, but that we thought not good to bruise an injury till it were full ripe:-now we speak upon our cue, and our voice is imperial: England shall repent his folly, see his weakness, and admire our sufferance. Bid him, therefore, consider of his ransom; which must proportion the losses we have borne, the subjects we have lost, the disgrace we have digested; which, in weight to re-answer, his pettiness would bow under. For our losses his exchequer is too poor; for the effusion of our blood the muster of his kingdom too faint a number; and for our disgrace his own person, kneeling at our feet, but a weak and worthless satisfaction. To this add defiance: and tell him, for conclusion, he hath betrayed his followers, whose condemnation is pronounced. So far my king and master; so much my office. K. Hen. What is thy name? I know thy quality.

Mont. Montjoy.

K. Hen. Thou dost thy office fairly. Turn thee back, And tell thy king,-I do not seek him now:

But could be willing to march on to Calais Without impeachment: for, to say the sooth,-Though 'tis no wisdom to confess so much Unto an enemy of craft and vantage, My people are with sickness much enfeebled; My numbers lessen'd; and those few I have Almost no better than so many French; Who, when they were in health, I tell thee,

herald.

I thought upon one pair of English legs Did march three Frenchmen.—Yet, forgive me God,

That I do brag thus!-this your air of France Hath blown that vice in me; I must repent. Go, therefore, tell thy master here I am; My ransom is this frail and worthless trunk: My army but a weak and sickly guard: Yet, God before, tell him we will come on, Though France himself, and such another

neighbour, our way. There's for thy labour, Stand in our way. Go, bid thy master well advise himself: If we may pass, we will; if we be hinder'd We shall your tawny ground with your red blood Discolour: and so, Montjoy, fare you well. The sum of all our answer is but this: We would not seek a battle as we are; Nor as we are, we say, we will not shun it:

So tell your master. Mont. I shall deliver so. Thanks to your

highness. Exit. Glo. I hope they will not come upon us now. K. Hen. We are in God's hand, brother, not night:in theirs.

March to the bridge; it now draws toward Beyond the river we'll encamp ourselves: And on to-morrow bid them march away. Exeunt.

SCENE VL.-The French Camp near Agincourt.

Enter the Constable of France, the LORD RAMBURES, the DUKE of ORLEANS, the DAUPHIN, and others.

Con. Tut! I have the best armour of the world.—Would it were day!

Orl. You have an excellent armour; but let

my horse have his due.

Con. It is the best horse of Europe. Orl. Will it never be morning?

Dau. My Lord of Orleans and my lord highconstable, you talk of horse and armour,-

Orl. You are as well provided of both as any prince in the world.

Dau. What a long night is this!-I will not change my horse with any that treads but on four pasterns. Ca, ha! he bounds from the earth as if his entrails were hairs; le cheval volant, the Pegasus, qui a les narines de feu! When I bestride him I soar, I am a hawk: he trots the air; the earth sings when he touches it; the basest horn of his hoof is more musical than the pipe of Hermes.

Orl. He's of the colour of the nutmeg. Dau. And of the heat of the ginger. beast for Perseus: he is pure air and fire; and the dull elements of earth and water never ap- morning; for I would fain be about the ears of pear in him, but only in patient stillness while the English. his rider mounts him: he is indeed a horse; and all other jades you may call beasts.

Con. Indeed, my lord, it is a most absolute

and excellent horse.

Dau. It is the prince of palfreys; his neigh is like the bidding of a monarch, and his countenance enforces homage.

Orl. No more, cousin.

Dau. Nay, the man hath no wit that cannot, from the rising of the lark to the lodging of the lamb, vary deserved praise on my palfrey: it is a theme as fluent as the sea; turn the sands into eloquent tongues, and my horse is argument for them all: 'tis a subject for a sovereign to reason on, and for a sovereign's sovereign to ride on; and for the world,-familiar to us and unknown,-to lay apart their particular functions and wonder at him. I once writ a sonnet in his praise, and began thus: Wonder of nature, mistress.

Orl. I have heard a sonnet begin so to one's Dau. Then did they imitate that which I composed to my courser: for my horse is my

mistress.

Orl. Your mistress bears well.

Dau. Me well; which is the prescript praise and perfection of a good and particular mistress. Con. Nay, for methought yesterday your mistress shrewdly shook your back.

Dau. So, perhaps, did yours.

Con. Mine was not bridled.

Dau. O, then, belike she was old and gentle; and you rode like a kern of Ireland, your French hose off and in your strait strossers.

Con. You have good judgment in horseman-

ship. Dau. Be warned by me, then: they that ride so, and ride not warily, fall into foul bogs. I had rather have my horse to my mistress.

Con. I had as lief have my mistress a jade. Dau. I tell thee, constable, my mistress

wears his own hair.

Con. I could make as true a boast as that if

I had a sow to my mistress. Dau. Le chien est retourné à son propre vomissement, et la truie lavée au bourbier: thou

makest use of anything. Con. Yet do I not use my horse for my mis-

tress; or any such proverb so little kin to the Ram. My lord constable, the armour that I

saw in your tent to-night, are those stars or suns upon it?

Con. Stars, my lord.

Dau. Some of them will fall to-morrow, I Con. And yet my sky shall not want.

Dau. That may be, for you bear a many superfluously, and 'twere more honour some

were away. Con. Even as your horse bears your praises;

who would trot as well were some of your brags dismounted.

Dau. Would I were able to load him with his desert!—Will it never be day?—I will trot to-morrow a mile, and my way shall be paved with English faces.

Con. I will not say so, for fear I should be say, that's a valiant flea faced out of my way: but I would it were fast on the lip of a lion.

Ram. Who will go to hazard with me for twenty prisoners?

Con. You must first go yourself to hazard

ere you have them.

Dau. 'Tis midnight; I'll go arm myself.

Orl. The Dauphin longs for morning.

Ram. He longs to eat the English.

Con. I think he will eat all he kills.

Orl. By the white hand of my lady, he's a gallant prince.

Con. Swear by her foot, that she may tread out the oath.

Orl. He is, simply, the most active gentleman of France.

Con. Doing is activity; and he will still be doing.

Orl. He never did harm that I heard of. Con. Nor will do none to-morrow: he will keep that good name still.

Orl. I know him to be valiant.

Con. I was told that by one that knows him better than you.

Orl. What's he?

Con. Marry, he told me so himself; and he said he cared not who knew it. Orl. He needs not; it is no hidden virtue in

hope.

Con. By my faith, sir, but it is; never anybody saw it but his lackey: 'tis a hooded valour: and when it appears it will bate.

Orl. Ill-will never said well.

Con. I will cap that proverb with-There is

flattery in friendship. Orl. And I will take up that with-Give the

devil his due. Con. Well placed: there stands your friend for the devil: have at the very eye of that pro-

verb with-A pox of the devi-Orl. You are the better at proverbs by how

much-A fool's bolt is soon shot. Con. You have shot over.

Orl. 'Tis not the first time you were overshot.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord high-constable, the English lie within fifteen hundred paces of your tents. Con. Who hath measured the ground?

Mess. The Lord Grandpree.

Con. A valiant and most expert gentleman.-Would it were day!-Alas, poor Harry of England! he longs not for the dawning as we do.

Orl. What a wretched and peevish fellow is this King of England, to mope with his fat-brained followers so far out of his knowledge!

Con. If the English had any apprehension they would run away.

Orl. That they lack; for if their heads had any intellectual armour they could never wear such heavy head-pieces.

Ram. That island of England breeds very valiant creatures; their mastiffs are of unmatchable courage.

Orl. Foolish curs, that run winking into the mouth of a Russian bear, and have their heads crushed like rotten apples! You may as well say, that's a valiant flea that dare eat his break-

Con. Just, just; and the men do sympathize Right ill-dispos'd in brawl ridiculous. with the mastiffs in robustious and rough coming-on, leaving their wits with their wives: and them give them great meals of beef, and iron and steel, they will eat like wolves and fight like of beef. devils.

Onl. Ay, but these English are shrewdly out Con. Then shall we find to-morrow they have only stomachs to eat, and none to fight. is it time to arm: come, shall we about it?

Orl. It is now two o'clock: but, let me see,by ten

We shall have each a hundred Englishmen. Exeunt

Enter Chorus.

Chor. Now entertain conjecture of a time When creeping murmur and the poring dark Fills the wide vessel of the universe. From camp to camp, through the foul womb of night

The hum of either army stilly sounds. That the fix'd senunels almost receive The secret whispers of each other's watch: Fire answers fire, and through their paly flames Each battle sees the other's umber'd face: Steed threatens steed, in high and boastful

neighs Piercing the night's dull ear; and from the tents The armourers, accomplishing the knights, With busy hammers closing rivets up, Give dreadful note of preparation: The country cocks do crow, the clocks do toll, And the third hour of drowsy morning name. Proud of their numbers and secure in soul, The confident and over-lusty French Do the low-rated English play at dice; And chide the cripple tardy-gaited night, Who, like a foul and ugly witch, doth limp tediously away. The poor condemned English,

Like sacrifices, by their watchful fires Sit patiently, and inly ruminate The morning's danger; and their gesture sad Investing lank-lean cheeks and war-worn coats Presenteth them unto the gazing moon fhold So many hornd ghosts. O, now, who will be-The royal captain of this ruin'd band tent, Walking from watch to watch, from tent to Let him cry, Praise and glory on his head! For forth he goes and visits all his host; Bids them good-morrow with a modest smile, And calls them brothers, friends, and countrymen.

Upon his royal face there is no note How dread an army hath enrounded him; Nor doth he dedicate one jot of colour Unto the weary and all-watched night; But freshly looks, and over-bears attaint With cheerful semblance and sweet majesty; That every wretch, pining and pale before, Beholding him, plucks comfort from his looks: A largess universal, like the sun, His liberal eye doth give to every one, Thawing cold fear. Then, mean and gentle all, Behold, as may unworthiness define, A little touch of Harry in the night: And so our scene must to the battle fly; Where,—O for pity!—we shall much disgrace With four or five most vile and ragged foils,

The name of Agincourt. Yet sit and see; Minding true things by what their mockeries he.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- France. The English Camp at Agıncourt.

> Enter KING HENRY, BEDFORD, and GLOSTER.

K. Hen. Gloster, 'tis true that we are in great danger; The greater therefore should our courage be .-

Good-morrow, brother Bedford.-God Almighty! There is some soul of goodness in things evil.

Would men observingly distil it out; For our bad neighbour makes early stirrers, Which is both healthful and good husbandry: Besides, they are our outward consciences And preachers to us all: admonishing That we should dress us fairly for our end. Thus may we gather honey from the weed. And make a moral of the devil himself.

Enfer Erpingham.

Good-morrow, old Sir Thomas Erpingham: A good soft pillow for that good white head Were better than a churlish turf of France.

Erp. Not so, my liege: this lodging likes me better,

Since I may say, Now lie I like a king.

K. Hen. 'Tis good for men to love their present pains

Upon example; so the spirit is eas'd: And when the mind is quicken'd, out of doubt The organs, though defunct and dead before, Break up their drowsy grave, and newly move With casted slough and fresh legerity. [both, Lend me thy cloak, Sir Thomas.—Brothers Commend me to the princes in our camp; Do my good-morrow to them; and anon Desire them all to my pavilion.

Glo. We shall, my hege.

Exeunt GLOSTER and BEDFORD

Erp. Shall I attend your grace?

K. Hen. No, my good knight; Go with my brothers to my lords of England: I and my bosom must debate awhile, And then I would no other company.

Erp. The Lord in heaven bless thee, noble Harry! Exit. K. Hen. God-a-mercy, old heart! thou speak'st cheerfully.

Enter PISTOL.

Pist. Qui va là? . Hen. A friend. Pist. Discuss unto me; art thou officer? Or art thou base, common, and popular? K. Hen. I am a gentleman of a company. Pist. Trail'st thou the puissant pike? K. Hen. Even so. What are you? Pist. As good a gentleman as the emperor. K. Hen. Then you are a better than the king Pist. The king's a bawcock and a heart of gold.

A lad of life, an imp of fame; Of parents good, of fist most valiant:

I kiss his dirty shoe, and from my heart-strings I love the lovely buly .- What is thy name?

Cornish crew?

K. Hen. No, I am a Welshman. Pist. Know'st thou Fluellen?

K. Hen. Yes.

his pate Pist. Tell him, I'll knock his leek about

Upon Saint Dary's day.

K. Hen. Do not you wear your dagger in your cap that day, lest he knock that about yours.

Pist. Art thou his friend?

K. Hen. And his kinsman too. Pist. The fico for thee, then! K. Hen. I thank you: God be with you!

Pist. My name is Pistol called. K. Hen. It sorts well with your fierceness.

Enter Fluellen and Gower, severally.

Gow. Captain Fluellen!

Flu. So! in the name of Cheshu Christ, speak It is the greatest admiration in the universal 'orld when the true and auncient prercgatifs and laws of the wars is not kept; if you would take the pains but to examine the wars of Pompey the Great, you shall find, I warrant that there is no tiddle-taddle nor pibblepabble in Pompey's camp; I warrant you, you; shall find the ceremonies of the wars, and the cares of it, and the forms of it, and the sobriety of it, and the modesty of it, to be otherwise.

Gow. Why, the enemy is loud; you hear him all night.

Flu. If the enemy is an ass, and a fool, and a prating coxcomb, is it meet, think you, that we should also, look you, be an ass, and a fool, and a prating coxcomb,-in your own conscience, now?

Gow. I will speak lower.

Flu. I pray you and peseech you that you will. Exeunt GOWER and FLUELLEN. K. Hen. Though it appear a little out of fashion.

There is much care and valour in this Welshman.

Enter BATES, COURT, and WILLIAMS,

Court. Brother John Bates, is not that the norning which breaks yonder?

Bates. I think it be: but we have no great cause to desire the approach of day.

Will. We see yonder the beginning of the day, but I think we shall never see the end of it.—Who goes there?

K. Hen. A friend.

Will. Under what captain serve you? K. Hen. Under Sir Thomas Erpingham. Will. A good old commander and a most

kind gentleman: I pray you, what thinks he of our estate?

K. Hen. Even as men wrecked upon a sand, that look to be washed off the next tide. Bates. He hath not told his thought to the

king? K. Hen. No: nor it is not meet he should. For though I speak it to you, I think the king broken seals of perjury; some making the wars

is but a man as I am: the violet smells to him as it doth to me; the element shows to him as it doth to me, all his senses have but human conditions: his ceremonies laid by, in his naked-K. Hen. Harry le Ros.

ness he appears but a man, and though his Pist. Le Roy' a Cornish name: art thou of affections are higher mounted than ours, yet, when they stoop, they stoop with the like wing. Therefore when he sees reason of fears, as we do, his fears, out of doubt, be of the same relish as ours are. yet, in reason, no man should possess him with any appearance of fear, lest he, by showing it, should dishearten his army.

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Bates. He may show what outward courage he will; but I believe, as cold a night as 'tis, he could wish himself in the Thames up to the neck;-and so I would he were, and I by him. at all adventures, so we were quit here.

K. Hen. By my troth, I will speak my conscience of the king: I think he would not wish

himself anywhere but where he is.

Bates. Then I would he were here alone so should he be sure to be ransomed, and a many

poor men's lives saved.

K. Hen. I dare say you love him not so ill, to wish him here alone, howsoever you speak this, to feel other men's minds methinks I could not die anywhere so contented as in the king's company,—his cause being just and his quarrel honourable.

Will. That's more than we know.

Bates. Ay, or more than we should seek after; for we know enough if we know we are the king's subjects: if his cause be wrong, our obedience to the king wipes the crime of it out of us.

Will. But if the cause be not good, the king himself hath a heavy reckoning to make when all those legs and arms and heads, chopped off in a battle, shall join together at the latter day and cry all, We died at such a place; some swearing; some crying for a surgeon; some upon their wives left poor behind them; some upon the debts they owe; some upon their children rawly left. I am afeared there are few die well that die in a battle; for how can they charitably dispose of anything when blood is their argument? Now, if these men do not die well, it will be a black matter for the king that led them to it; who to disobey were against all

proportion of subjection. K. Hen. So if a son, that is by his father sent about merchandise do sinfully miscarry upon the sea, the imputation of his wickedness, by your rule, should be imposed upon his father that sent him: or if a servant, under his mas-ter's command, transporting a sum of money, be assailed by robbers, and die in many irreconciled iniquities, you may call the business of the master the author of the servant's damnation: but this is not so: the king is not bound to answer the particular endings of his soldiers, the father of his son, nor the master of his servant; for they purpose not their death when they purpose their services. Besides, there is no king, be his cause never so spotless, if it come to the arbitrement of swords, can try it out with all unspotted soldiers: some peradventure have on them the guilt of premeditated and contrived murder; some of beguiling virgins with the bosom of peace with pillage and robbery. Now, lish treason to cut French crowns; and toif these men have defeated the law and outrun, morrow the king himself will be a clipper. native punishment, though they can outstrip [Exeunt Solds men they have no wings to fly from God: war is Upon the king!—let us our lives, our souls, his beadle, war is his vengeance; so that here men are punished for before-breach of the king's laws in now the king's quarrel: where they feared the death they have borne life away; and where they would be safe they perish: then if they die unprovided, no more is the king guilty of their damnation than he was before guilty of those impleties for the which they are now visited. Every subject's duty is the king's; but every subject's soul is his own. Therefore should every soldier in the wars do as every sick man in his bed,-wash every mote out of his conscience: and dying so, death is to him advantage; or not dying, the time was blessedly lost wherein such preparation was gained: and in him that escapes it were not sin to think that, making God so free an offer, he let him outlive that day to see his greatness, and to teach others how they should prepare. Will. 'Tis certain, every man that dies ill, the

ill upon his own head, - the king is not to answer for it.

Bates. I do not desire he should answer for me; and yet I determine to fight lustily for him. K. Hen. I myself heard the king say he would not be ransomed.

Will. Ay, he said so, to make us fight cheerfully: but when our throats are cut he may be ransom'd, and we ne'er the wiser.

K. Hen. If I live to see it I will never trust his word after.

Will. You pay him then! That's a perilous shot out of an elder-gun, that a poor and a private displeasure cae do against a monarch you may as well go about to turn the sun to ice with fanning in his face with a peacock's feather. You'll never trust his word after

come, 'tis a foolish saying.

K. Hen. Your reproof is something too round: I should be angry with you if the time

were convenient.

Will. Let it be a quarrel between us if you live.

K. Hen. I embrace it.

Will. How shall I know thee again?

K. Hen. Give me any gage of thine, and I will wear it in my bonnet then, if ever thou darest acknowledge it, I will make it my quarrel. Will. Here's my glove: give me another of

thine.

K. Hen. There.

Will. This will I also wear in my cap: if ever thou come to me and say, after to-morrow, This is my glove, by this hand I will take thee a box on the ear. [lenge it.

K. Hen. If ever I live to see it I will chal-Will. Thou darest as well be hanged.

K. Hen. Well, I will do it though I take thee in the king's company.

Will. Keep thy word: fare thee well.

Bates. Be friends, you English fools, be friends: we have French quarrels enow, if you could tell how to reckon.

K. Hen. Indeed, the French may lay twenty French crowns to one they will beat us; for they Seek through your camp to find you.

their bulwark that have before gored the gentle bear them on their shoulders: but it is no Eng-

Exeunt Soldiers. Our debts, our careful wives, our children, and Our sins lay on the king! We must bear all. O hard condition, twin-born with greatness, Subject to the breath of every fool, Whose sense no more can feel but his own wring-What infinite hearts'-ease must kings neglect That private men enjoy!

And what have kings that privates have not too, Save ceremony,—save general ceremony? And what art thou, thou idol ceremony? What kind of god art thou, that suffer'st more

Of mortal griefs than do thy worshippers? What are thy rents? what are thy comings-in? O ceremony, show me but thy worth! What is thy soul of adoration?

Art thou aught else but place, degree, and form, Creating awe and fear in other men? Wherein thou art less happy being fear'd Than they in fearing, What drink'st thou oft, instead of homage

sweet, But poison'd flattery? O, be sick, great great-And bid thy ceremony give thee cure! Think'st thou the fiery fever will go out With titles blown from adulation? Will it give place to flexure and low bending?

Canst thou, when thou command'st the beg-gar's knee, Command the health of it? No, thou proud

dream, That play'st so subtly with a king's repose: I am a king that find thee; and I know 'Tis not the balm, the sceptre, and the ball, The sword, the mace, the crown impenal, The intertissued robe of gold and pearl, The farced title running fore the kin. The throne he sits on, nor the tide of pomp That beats upon the high shore of this world, No, not all these, thrice gorgeous ceremony, Not all these, laid in bed majestical, Can sleep so soundly as the wretched slave Who, with a body fill'd and vacant mind, Gets him to rest, cramm'd with distressful bread;

Never sees horrid night, the child of hell; But, like a lackey, from the rise to set Sweats in the eye of Phoebus, and all night Sleeps in Elysium; next day, after dawn, Doth use and help Hyperion to his horse; And follows so the ever-running year, With profitable labour, to his grave: And but for ceremony, such a wretch, Winding up days with toils and nights with

sleep, Had the fore-hand and vantage of a king. The slave, a member of the country's peace, Enjoys it; but in gross brain little wots What watch the king keeps to maintain the

peace Whose hours the peasant best advantages.

Enter Erpingham.

Erp. My lord, your nobles, jealous of your absence.

K. Hen. Collect them all together at my tent: I'll be before thee.

I shall do 't, my lord. Exit. K. Hen. O God of battles! steel my soldiers' hearts:

Possess them not with fear; take from them DOW

The sense of reckoning, if the opposed num-

bers Pluck their hearts from them!-Not to-day, O About our squares of battle,-were enow Lord,

O, not to-day, think not upon the fault My father made in compassing the crown! I Richard's body have interred new, And on it have bestow'd more contrite tears Than from it issu'd forced drops of blood: Five hundred poor I have in yearly pay, Who twice a day their wither'd hands hold up Toward heaven, to pardon blood; and I have For our approach shall so much dare the field built

Twochantries, wherethes a dand solemn priests Sing still for Richard's soul. More will I do; Though all that I can do is nothing worth, Since that my penitence comes after all, Imploring pardon.

Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. My liege!

K. Hen. My brother Gloster's voice?-Ay; I know thy errand, I will go with thee:-The day, my friends, and all things stay for me. Exeunt.

Scene II.—The French Camb.

Enter Dauphin, Orleans, Rambures, and others.

Orl. The sun doth gild our armour; up, my lords!

Dau. Montez à cheval!-My horse! varlet, laquais! ha!

Orl. O brave spirit!

Dau. Via!-les eaux et la terre,-Orl. Rienpuis? l'air et le feu,--Day, Ciel! cousin Orleans.

Enter Constable.

Now, my lord constable!

Con. Hark, how our steeds for present service neigh!

Dau. Mount them, and make incision in their hides.

That their hot blood may spin in Engli eyes, And dout them with superfluous courage, ha! Ram. What, will you have them weep our horses' blood?

How shall we, then, behold their natural tears?

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. The English are embattled, you French peers.

Con. To horse, you gallant princes! straight to horse!

Do but behold you poor and starved band, And your fair show shall suck away their souls, Leaving them but the shales and husks of men. There is not work enough for all our hands;

Good old knight. , Scarce blood enough in all their sickly veins To give each naked curtle-axe a stain, That our French gallants shall to-day draw out, And sheathe for lack of sport: let us but blow on them.

The vapour of our valour will o'erturn them. 'Tis positive 'gainst all exceptions, lords,

That our superfluous lackeys and our peasants. Who in unnecessary action swarm

To purge this field of such a hilding foe; Though we upon this mountain's basis by Took stand for idle speculation,-But that our honours must not. What's to

say? A very little little let us do, And all is done. Then let the trumpets sound The tucket-sonance and the note to mount: That England shall couch down in fear and yield.

Enter GRANDPREE.

Grand. Why do you stay so long, my lords of France?

Youd island carrions, desperate of their bones, Ill-favouredly become the morning field: Their ragged curtains poorly are let loose And our air shakes them passing scornfully: Big Mars seem bankrupt in their beggar'd host. And faintly through a rusty beaver peeps: The horsemen sit like fixed candlesticks, With torch-staves in their hand; and their poor iades

Lob down their heads, dropping the hides and

hips, The gum down-roping from their pale-dead eyos, And in their pale dull mouths the gimmel-bit Lies foul with chew'd grass, still and motionless; And their executors, the knavish crows, Fly o'er them, all impatient for their hour. Description cannot suit itself in words To demonstrate the life of such a battle In life so lifeless as it shows itself.

Con. They have said their prayers and they stay for death. fresh suits

Dau. Shall we go send them dinners and And give their fasting horses provender And after fight with them?

Con. I stay but for my guidon:-to the I will the banner from a trumpet take, And use it for my haste. Come, come, away! The sun is high, and we outwear the day.

SCENE III .- The English Camp.

Exeunt.

Enter the English Host; GLOSTER, BEDFORD, EXETER, SALISBURY, and WESTMORELAND.

Glo. Where is the king?

Bed. The king himself is rode to view their

battle. West. Of fighting men they have full threescore thousand. fresh.

Exe. There's five to one; besides, they all are Sal. God's arm strike with us! 'tis a fearful odds.

God b' wi' you, princes all; I'll to my charge: If we no more meet till we meet in heaven,

Then joyfully,—my noble Lord of Bedford,— My dear Lord Gloster,—and my good Lord Exeter,—

And my kind kinsman,—warnors all, adieu!

Bed. Farewell, good Salisbury; and good
luck go with thee! day:

Exe. Farewell, kind lord; fight valiantly to-And yet I do thee wrong to mind thee of it, For thou art fram'd of the firm truth of valour. Exit SALISBURY.

Bed. He is as full of valour as of kindness, Princely in both.

West. O that we now had here

Enter KING HENRY.

But one ten thousand of those men in England That do no work to-day!

K. Hen. What's he that wishes so? Mycousin Westmoreland?—No, myfair cousin: If we are mark'd to die, we are enow To do our country loss; and it to live, The fewer men the greater share of honour. God's will! I pray thee, wish not one man more. By Jove, I am not covetous for gold, Nor care I who doth feed upon my cost; It yearns me not if men my garments wear, Such outward things dwell not in my desures: But if it be a sin to covet honour, I am the most offending soul alive.
No, faith, my coz, wish not a man from England: God's peace! I would not lose so great an honour, [me,

As one man more, methinks, would share from For the best hope I have. O do not wish one

more! [host, Rather proclaim it, Westmoreland, through my That he which hath no stomach to this fight, Let him depart; his passport shall be made, And crowns for convoy put into his purse: We would not die in that man's company That fears his fellowship to die with us. This day is call'd the feast of Crispian: He that outlives this day, and comes safe home, Will stand a tip-toe when this day is nam'd, And rouse him at the name of Crispian. He that shall live this day, and see old age, Will yearly on the vigil feast his neighbours, And say, To-morrow is Saint Crispian: Then will he strip his sleeve and show his scars, And say, These wounds I had on Crispin's day. Old men forget; yet all shall be forgot, But he'll remember with advantages [names, What feats he did that day: then shall our Familiar in their mouths as household words,-Harry the king, Bedford and Exeter Warwick and Talbot, Salisbury and Gloster, Be in their flowing cups freshly remember'd. This story shall the good man teach his son; And Crispin Crispian shall ne'er go by, From this day to the ending of the world, But we in it shall be remembered,-We few, we happy few, we band of brothers; For he to-day that sheds his blood with me Shall be my brother; be he ne'er so vile, This day shall gentle his condition: And gentlemen in England now a-bed [here, Shall think themselves accurs'd they were not And hold their manhoods cheap while any

That fought with us upon Saint Crispin's day.

Re-enter Salisbury.

Sal. My sovereign lord, bestow yourself with speed:

The French are bravely in their battles set, And will with all expedience charge on us.

K. Hen. All things are ready if our minds be so.

West. Perish the man whose mind is backward now!

K. Hen. Thou dost not wish more help from England, coz?

West. God's will my liege, would you and I alone,

Without more help, could fight this royal battle!

K. Hen. Why, now thou hast unwish'd five thousand men;

Which likes me better than to wish us one.— You know your places: God be with you all!

Tucket. Enter MONTIOY.

Mont. Once more I come to know of thee, King Harry,

If for thy ransom thou wilt now compound, Before thy most assured overthrow: For certainly thou art so near the gulf Thou needs must be englutted. Besides, in

mercy,
The constable desires thee thou wilt mind
Thy followers of repentance, that their souls
May make a peaceful and a sweet retire
From off these fields, where, wretches, their

poor bodies Must lie and fester.

Must me and rester.

K. Hen. Who hath sent thee now?

Mont. The constable of France. [bac]

K. Hen. I pray thee, bear my former answer Bid them achieve me, and then sell my bones. Good God! why should they mock poor fellows thus?

The man that once did sell the lion's skin
While the beast liv'd was kill'd with hunting
him.

A many of our bodies shall no doubt Find native graves; upon the which, I trust, Shall witness live in brass of this day's work: And those that leave their valiant bones in

France, [hills'
Dying like men, though buried in your dungThey shall be fam'd; for there the sun shall
greet them,

And draw their honours reeking up to heaven, Leaving their earthly parts to choke your clime, The smell whereof shall breed a plague in France.

Mark, then, abounding valour in our English, That, being dead, like to the bullet's grazing, Break out into a second course of mischief, Killing in rélapse of mortality. Let me speak proudly:—tell the constable We are but warriors for the working-day; Our gayness and our gilt are all besmirch'd With ramy marching in the painful field; There's not a piece of feather in our host,—

Good argument, I hope, we will not fly,— And time hath worn us into slovenry: But, by the mass, our hearts are in the trim; And my poor soldiers tell me yet ere night They'll be in fresher robes; or they will pluck The gay new coats o'er the French soldiers' thus,-heads,

And turn them out of service. If they do As, if God please, they shall,-my ransom then Will soon be levied. Herald, save thou thy labour:

Come thou no more for ransom, gentle herald: They shall have none, I swear, but these my ioints.

Which if they have as I will leave 'em them, Shall yield them little, tell the constable.

Mont. I shall, King Harry. And so, fare

thee well:

Thou never shalt hear herald any more. [Exit. K. Hen. I fear thou wilt once more come again for ransom.

Enter the DUKE OF YORK.

York. My Lord, most humbly on my knee I beg

The leading of the vaward,

K. Hen. Take ıt. brave York .-- Now, soldiers, march away:-

And how thou pleasest, God, dispose the day!

Scene IV .- The Field of Battle.

Alarums, Excursions, Enter French Soldier. PISTOL, and Boy.

Pist. Yield, cur!

Fr. Sol. Je pense que vous êtes le gentil-

homme de bonne qualité.

Pist. Quality! Callino, castore me! art thou a gentleman? what is thy name? discuss.

Fr. Sol. O seigneur Dieu!
Pist. O, Signieur Dew should be a gentleman:

Perpend my words, O Signieur Dew, and mark;-

O Signieur Dew, thou diest on point of fox, Except, O Signieur, thou do give to me Egregious ransom.

Fr. Sol. O prennez miséricorde! ayes pitie dé moi!

moys;

Or I will fetch thy rim out at thy throat In drops of crimson blood.

Fr. Ŝol. Est-il impossible d'échapper la force de ton bras?

Pist. Brass, cur!

Thou damned and luxurious mountain-goat. Offer'st me brass?

Fr. Sol. O pardonnez-moi! movs?-Pist. Say'st thou me so? is that a ton of Come hither, boy: ask me this slave in French What is his name.

Boy. Ecoutez: comment étes-vous appelé?

Fr. Sol. Monsieur le Fer.

Boy. He says his name is Master Fer. Pist. Master Fer! I'll fer him, and firk him, and ferret him:-discuss the same in French

unto him. Boy. I do not know the French for fer, and ferret, and firk.

Pist. Bid him prepare; for I will cut his throat.

Fr. Sol. Oue dit-il, monsieur?

Boy. Il me commande de vous dire que vous faites vous prêt; car ce soldat ici est disposé tout à cette heure de couper votre gorge.

Pist. Oui, coupe la gorge, par ma foi, pesant, Unless thou give me crowns, brave crowns; Or mangled shalt thou be by this my sword.

Fr. Sol. O, je vous supplie, pour l'amour de Dieu, me pardonner' Je suis gentilhomme de bonne maison: gardez ma vie, et je vous donneras deux cents écus.

Pist. What are his words?

Boy. He prays you to save his life: he is a gentleman of a good house; and for his ransom he will give you two hundred crowns.

Pist. Tell him my fury shall abate, and I the crowns will take.

Fr. Sol. Petit monsieur, que dit-il?

Boy. Encore qu'il est contre son jurement de pardonner aucun prisonnier, neanmoins, pour les ecus que vous l'avez promis, il est content de vous donner la liberté, le franchisement.

Fr. Sol. Sur mes genoux je vous donne mille remercimens; et je m'estime heureux que je suis tombé entre les mains d'un chevalier, je pense, le plus brave, vaillant, et très distingué seigneur Exeunt. d'Angleterre.

Pist. Expound unto me, boy.

Boy. He gives you, upon his knees, a thousand thanks; and he esteems himself happy that he hath fallen into the hands of one,-as he thinks,-the most brave, valorous, and thriceworthy signieur of England.

Pist. As I suck blood, I will some mercy show.-Follow me! Exit.

Exit. Boy. Survez-vous le grand capitaine. [Exit. French Soldier.] I did never know so full a voice issue from so empty a heart: but the saying is true,—the empty vessel makes the greatest sound. Bardolph and Nym had ten times more valour than this roaring devil i' the old play, that every one may pare his nails with a wooden dagger; and they are both hanged; and so would this be if he durst steal anything adventurously. I must stay with the lackeys, with the luggage of our camp: the French might have a good prey of us if he knew of it; Pist. Moy shall not serve; I will have forty for there is none to guard it but boys. [Exit.

> Scene V.—Another part of the Field of Battle. Alarums. Enter Dauphin, Orleans, Bour-BON, Constable, RAMBURES, and others.

Con. O diable!

Orl. O seigneur! le jour est perdu, tout est perdu!

Dau. Mort de ma vie! all is confounded, all! Reproach and everlasting shame tune!-Sits mocking in our plumes .- O méchante for-

Do not run away.

Why, all our ranks are broke.

Con.

Why, all our ranks are broke.

selves. Be these the wretches that we play'd at dice

Orl. Is this the king we sent to for his ransom? but shame!

Bour. Shame, and eternal shame nothing Let us die in honour: once more back again; And he that will not follow Bourbon now,

Let him go hence, and with his cap in hand, Like a base pander, hold the chamber-door

Whilst by a slave, no gentler than my dog, His fairest daughter is contaminated. |now! Con. Disorder, that hath spoil'd us, friend us Let us on heaps go offer up our lives Unto these English, or else die with fame.

Orl. We are enow yet living in the field To smother up the English in our throngs, If any order might be thought upon.

Bour. The devil take order now! I'll to the throng:

Let life be short, else shame will be too long. Exeunt.

Scene VI .- Another part of the Field.

Alarums. Enter King Henry and Forces, EXETER, and others.

K. Hen. Well have we done, thrice-valiant ffield. countrymen:

But all's not done; yet keep the French the Exe. The Duke of York commends him to [this hour your majesty.

K. Hen. Lives he, good uncle? thrice within I saw him down; thrice up again, and fighting; From helmet to the spur all blood he was.

Exe. In which array, brave soldier, doth he lie Larding the plain; and by his bloody side,-Yoke-fellow to his honour-owing wounds,-

The noble Earl of Suffolk also hes. Suffolk first died: and York, all haggled over, Comes to him, where in gore he lay insteep'd, And takes him by the beard; kisses the gashes That bloodily did yawn upon his face; And cries aloud. Tarry, dear cousin Suffolk! My soul shall thine keep company to heaven;

Tarry, sweet soul, for mine then fly a-breast; As in this glorious and well-foughten field We kept together in our chivalry!

Upon these words I came and cheer'd him up: He smil'd me in the face, raught me his hand, And, with a feeble grip, says, Dear my lord, Commend my service to my sovereign. So did he turn, and over Suffolk's neck

He threw his wounded arm, and kiss'd his lips: And so, espous'd to death, with blood he seal'd A testament of noble-ending love. The pretty and sweet manner of it forc'd Those waters from me which I would have

stopp'd; But I had not so much of man in me,

And all my mother came into mine eyes, And gave me up to tears. I blame you not; K. Hen.

For, hearing this, I must perforce compound With mistful eyes, or they will issue too .-Alarum.

But, hark! what new alarum is this same?-The French have reinforc'd their scatter'd men:-

Then every soldier kill his prisoners; Give the word through. Exeunt.

Scene VII.—Another part of the Field.

Alarums. Enter Fluellen and Gower.

Flu. Kill the poys and the luggage! 'tis expressly against the law of arms: 'tis as arrant a piece of knavery, mark you now, as can be offered; in your conscience, now, is it not?

Gow. 'Tis certain there's not a boy left alive: and the cowardly rascals that ran from the battle have done this slaughter: besides, they have burned and carried away all that was in the king's tent; wherefore the king, most worthily, hath caused every soldier to cut his prisoner's throat. O, 'tis a gallant king!

Flu. Ay, he was porn at Monmouth, Captain Gower. What call you the town's name where Alexander the pig was porn?

Gow. Alexander the Great. Flu. Why, I pray you, is not pig great? the pig, or the great, or the mighty, or the huge, or the magnanimous, are all one reckonings, save the phrase is a little variations.

Gow. I think Alexander the Great was born in Macedon: his father was called Philip of

Macedon, as I take it.

Flu. I think it is in Macedon where Alexander is porn. I tell you, captain, if you look in the maps of the 'orld, I warrant you shall find, in the comparisons between Macedon and Monmouth, that the situations, look you, is both alike. There is a river in Macedon; and there is also moreover a river at Monmouth: it is called Wye at Monmouth; but it is out of my prains what is the name of the other river; but 'the all one, 'the allike as my fingers is to my fingers, and there is salmons in both. If you mark Alexander's life well, Harry of Monmouth's life is come after it indifferent well, for there is figures in all things. Alexander,—Got knows, and you know,—in his rages, and his furies, and his wraths, and his cholers, and his moods, and his displeasures, and his indignations, and also being a little intoxicates in his prains, did, in his ales and his angers, look you, kill his pest friend, Clytus.

Gow. Our king is not like him in that: he

never killed any of his friends.

Flu. It is not well done, mark you now, to take the tales out of my mouth ere it is made and finished. I speak but in the figures and comparisons of it: as Alexander is kill his friend Clytus, being in his ales and his cups; so also Harry Monmouth, being in his right wits and his goot judgments, turned away the fat knight with the great pelly-doublet: he was full of jests, and gipes, and knaveries, and mocks; I have forgot his name.

Gow. Sir John Falstaff.

Flu. That is he:—I can tell you there is goot men porn at Monmouth.

Gow. Here comes his majesty.

Alarum. Enter King Henry, with a part of the English Forces; WARWICK, GLOSTER EXETER, and others.

K. Hen. I was not angry since I came to France

Until this instant.—Take a trumpet, herald; Ride thou unto the horsemen on youd hill: If they will fight with us, bid them come down, Or void the field; they do offend our sight: If they'll do neither, we will come to them, And make them skirr away as swift as stones Enforced from the old Assyrian slings: Besides, we'll cut the throats of those we have; And not a man of them that we shall take Shall taste our mercy:-go and tell them so.

Exe. Here comes the herald of the French, my liege.

Glo. His eyes are humbler than they us'd to glove in thy cap? be.

Enter MONTIOY.

K. Hen. How now! what means this, herald? know'st thou not

That I have fin'd these bones of mine for ransom?

Com'st thou again for ransom?

Mont. No, great king: I come to thee for charitable ucense. That we may wander o'er this bloody field To book our dead, and then to bury them; To sort our nobles from our common men: For many of our princes,-woe the while! Lie drown'd and soak'd in mercenary blood;-So do our vulgar drench their peasant limbs In blood of princes; -and their wounded steeds Fret fetlock deep in gore, and with wild rage Yerk out their armed heels at their dead mas-

ters, Killing them twice. O, give us leave, great

king, To view the field in safety, and dispose Of their dead bodies!

K. Hen. I tell thee truly, herald, I know not if the day be ours or no, For yet a many of your horsemen peer And gallop o'er the field.

Mont. The day is yours. K. Hen. Praised be God, and not our strength.

for it!-What is this castle call'd that stands hard by? Mont. They call it Agincourt.

K. Hen. Then call we this the field of Agincourt,

Fought on the day of Crispin Crispianus.

Flu. Your grandfather of famous memory. an't please your majesty, and your great-uncle Edward the Plack Prince of Wales, as I have Edward the Plack Prince of Wales, as I have enemy to our person, if thou encounter any read in the chronicles, fought a most prave such, apprehend him, an thou dost love me. pattle here in France.

Flu. Your grace does me as great honours?

K. Hen. They did, Fluellen.

majesties is remembered of it, the Welshmen that shall find himself aggriefed at this glove, did goot service in a garden where leeks did that is all; but I would fain see it once, and grow, wearing leeks in their Monmouth caps; please Got of his grace that I might see it. which, your majesty knows, to this hour is an honourable padge of the service; and I do peheve your majesty takes no scorn to wear the leek upon Saint Tavy's day.

K. Hen. I wear it for a memorable honour; For I am Welsh, you know, good countryman.

Flu. All the water in Wye cannot wash your majesty's Welsh plood out of your pody, I can tell you that: Got pless it and preserve it as long as it pleases his grace and his majesty too!

K. Hen. Thanks, good my countryman. Flu. By Cheshu, I am your majesty's countryman, I care not who know it; I will confess it to all the 'orld: I need not be ashamed of your majesty, praised be Got, so long as your ma-

jesty is an honest man.

K. Hen. God keep me so!—Our heralds go

with him:

Bring me just notice of the numbers dead On both our parts.-Call yonder fellow hither. Points to WILL. Exeunt MONT. and others. Go you with me, uncle of Exeter.

Exe. Soldier, you must come to the king. K. Hen. Soldier, why wearest thou that

Will. An 't please your majesty, 'tis the gage of one that I should fight withal, if he be alive. K. Hen. An Englishman?

Will. An 't please your majesty, a rascal that swaggered with me last might; who, if alive and ever dare to challenge this glove, I have sworn to take him a box o' the ear: or if I can see my glove in his cap,-which he swore, as he was a soldier, he would wear if alive,-I will strike it

out soundly.

K. Hen. What think you, Captain Fluellen? is it fit this soldier keep his oath?

Flu. He is a craven and a villain else, an 't

please your majesty, in my conscience.

K. Hen. It may be his enemy is a gentleman of great sort, quite from the answer of his degree.

Flu. Though he be as goot a gentleman as the tevil is, as Lucifer and Belzebub himself, it is necessary, look your grace, that he keep his vow and his oath: if he be perjured, see you now, his reputation is as arrant a villain and a Jack sauce as ever his plack shoe trod upon Got's ground and his earth, in my conscience, la.

K. Hen. Then keep thy vow, sirrah, when

thou meetest the fellow.

Will. So I will, my hege, as I live. K. Hen. Who servest thou under? Will. Under Captain Gower, my liege.

Flu. Gower is a good captain, and is goot knowledge and literatured in the wars.

K. Hen. Call him hither to me, soldier. Will. I will, my liege.

Exit. K. Hen. Here, Fluellen; wear thou favour for me, and stick it in thy cap: when Alencon and myself were down together I pluck'd this glove from his helm: if any man challenge this, he is a friend to Alencon and an

can be desired in the hearts of his subjects: I Flu. Your majesty says very true: if your would fain see the man that has but two legs

K. Hen. Knowest thou Gower?

Gloster,

Flu. He is my dear friend, an please you. K. Hen. Pray thee, go seek him, and bring him to my tent.

Flu. I will fetch him. K. Hen. My Lord of Warwick and my brother

Follow Fluellen closely at the heels: The glove which I have given him for a favour May haply purchase him a box o' the ear: It is the soldier's; I, by bargain, should Wear it myself. Follow, ood cousin Warwick: If that the soldier strike ,—as I judge By his blunt bearing he will keep his word .-Some sudden mischief may arise of it;

For I do know Fluellen valuant, And, touch'd with choler, hot as gunpowder, And quickly will return an injury:

Follow, and see there be no harm between them.

Exeunt

Scene VIII .- Before King Henry's Pavilion. fault, and not mine: for had you been as I took Enter GOWER and WILLIAMS.

Will. I warrant it is to knight you, captain.

Enter FLUELLEN.

Flu. Got's will and his pleasure, captain, I peseech you now, come space to the king: there is more goot toward you peradventure than is in your knowledge to dream of.

Will. Sir, know you this glove? glove. Flu. Know the glove! I know the glove is a Will. I know this; and thus I challenge it.

[Strikes him. Flu. 'Sblood, an arrant traitor as any's in the universal 'orld, or in France, or in England!

Gow. How now, sir! you villain!
Will. Do you think I'll be forsworn?

Flu. Stand away, Captain Gower; I will give treason his payment into plows, I warrant you.

Will. I am no traitor.

Flu. That's a he in thy throat.—I charge you in his majesty's name, apprehend him: he's a friend of the Duke Alencon's.

Enter WARWICK and GLOSTER.

War. How now, how now! what's the matter?

Flu. My Lord of Warwick, here is, -praised be Got for it!-a most contagious treason come to light, look you, as you shall desire in a summer's day.—Here is his majesty.

Enter King Henry and Exeter.

K. Hen. How now! what's the matter?

Flu. My liege, here is a villain and a traitor, that, look your grace, has struck the glove which your majesty is take out of the helmet of Alencon

Will. My liege, this was my glove; here is the fellow of it; and he that I gave it to in change promised to wear it in his cap: I promised to strike him if he did: I met this man with my glove in his cap, and I have been as good as my word.

Flu. Your majesty hear now,—saving your majesty's manhood,—what an arrant, rascally, beggarly, lousy knave it is: I hope your majesty is pear me testimony and witness, and will avouchment, this is the glove of Alencon that your majesty is give me, in your conscience, MOD

K. Hen. Give me thy glove, soldier: look, here is the fellow of it.

'Twas I, indeed, thou promisedst to strike; And thou hast given me most bitter terms.

Flu. An please your majesty, let his neck answer for it if there is any martial law in the 'orld? Ition?

K. Hen. How canst thou make me satisfac-Will. All offences, my liege, come from the heart: never came any from mine that might offend your majesty.

K. Hen. It was ourself thou didst abuse.

Will. Your majesty came not like yourself: you appeared to me but as a common man; witness the night, your garments, your lowliness; and what your highness suffered under you for, I made no offence; therefore, I beseech your highness, pardon me.

K. Hen. Here, uncle Exeter, fill this glove

with crowns,

And give it to this fellow. - Keep it, fellow: And wear it for an honour in thy cap Till I do challenge it.—Give him the crowns:-And, captain, you must needs be friends with him.

Flu. By this day and this light, the fellow has mettle enough in his pelly:-hold, there is twelve pence for you; and I pray you to serve Got, and keep you out of prawls, and prabbles, and quarrels, and dissensions, and, I warrant you,

it is the petter for you.

Will. I will none of your money.

Flu. It is with a goot will; I can tell you it will serve you to mend your shoes: come, wherefore should you be so pashful? your shoes is not so goot: 'tis a goot silling, I warrant you, or I will change it.

Enter an English Herald.

K. Hen. Now, herald,-are the dead number'd?

Her. Here is the number of the slaughter'd [Delivers a paper. French. K. Hen. What prisoners of good sort art

taken, uncle? king: Exe. Charles Duke of Orleans, nephew to the John Duke of Bourbon, and Lord Bouciqualt: Of other lords and barons, knights and squires,

Full fifteen hundred, besides common men. K. Hen. This note doth tell me of ten thousand French [number, That in the field lie slain: of princes, in this And nobles bearing banners, there he dead One hundred twenty-six: added to these,

Of knights, esquires, and gallant gentlemen, Eight thousand and four hundred; of the which Five hundred were but yesterday dubb'd knughts:

So that, in these ten thousand they have lost, There are but sixteen hundred mercenaries: The rest are princes, barons, lords, knights, squires,

And gentlemen of blood and quality. The names of those their nobles that lie dead,-Charles de-la-bret, high-constable of France; Jaques of Chatillon, admiral of France; The master of the cross-bows, Lord Rambures; Great-master of France, the brave sir Guischard

Dauphin; bant, John Duke of Alencon; Antony Duke of Bra-The brother to the Duke of Burgundy; And Edward Duke of Bar: of lusty earls Grandpree and Roussi, Fauconberg and Foix, Beaumont and Marle, Vaudemont and Lestrale

Here was a royal fellowship of death! Where is the number of our English dead?

Herald presents another paper. Edward the Duke of York, the Earl of Suffolk, Sir Richard Ketly, Davy Gam, esquire: None else of name; and of all other men But five-and-twenty.—O God, thy arm was here; And not to us, but to thy arm alone, Ascribe we all !-- When, without stratagem, that shape I beseech you take it for your own But in plain shock and even play of battle,

Was ever known so great and little loss On one part and on the other?-Take it. God. For it is none but thine!

'Tis wonderful' Exe. K. Hen. Come, go we in procession to the

village. And be it death proclaimed through our host

To boast of this, or take that praise from God Which is his only.

Flu. Is it not lawful, an please your majesty, to tell how many is killed?

K. Hen. Yes, captain, but with this acknowledgment,

That God fought for us.

Flu. Yes, my conscience, he did us great goot.

K. Hen. Do we all holy rites. Let there be sung Non nobis and Te Deum; The dead with charity enclos'd in clay We'll then to Calais; and to England then; Where ne'er from France arriv'd more happy Exeunt.

Enter Chorus.

Chor. Vouchsafe to those that have not read the story,

That I may prompt them: and of such as have, I humbly pray them to admit the excuse Of time, of numbers, and due course of things, Which cannot in their huge and proper life Be here presented Now we bear the king Toward Calais: grant him there; there seen, Heave him away upon your winged thoughts Athwart the sea. Behold, the English beach Pales in the flood with men, with wives, and

boys, Whose shouts and claps out-voice the deep-

mouth'd sea, Which, like a mighty whiffler, 'fore the king Seems to prepare his way, so let him land; And solemnly see him set on to London. So swift a pace hath thought that even now You may imagine him upon Blackheath; Where that his lords desire him to have borne His bruised helmet and his bended sword Before him through the city: he forbids it, Being free from vainness and self-glorious

pride; Giving full trophy, signal, and ostent, Quite from himself to God. But now behold, In the quick forge and working-house of thought,

How London doth pour out her citizens! The mayor and all his brethren, in best sort, Like to the senators of the antique Rome, With the plebians swarming at their heels, Go forth, and fetch their conquering Caesar in: As, by a lower but by loving likelihood, Were now the general of our gracious em-

press, As in good time he may, -from Ireland coming, Bringing rebellion broached on his sword, How many would the peaceful city quit To welcome him! much more, and much more cause

Did they this Harry. Now in London place him;-

As yet the lamentation of the French Invites the King of England's stay at home; . The emperor's coming in behalf of France, To order peace between them: - and omit All the occurrences, whatever chanc'd, Till Harry's back-return again to France: There must we bring him; and myself have play'd

The interim, by remembering you 'tis past. Then brook abridgment; and your eyes advance, After your thoughts, straight back again to France. Extt.

ACT V.

SCENE I .- FRANCE. An English Court of Guard.

Enter Fluellen and Gower.

Gow. Nay, that's right, but why wear you your leek to-day? Saint Davy's day is past. Flu. There is occasions and causes why and wherefore in all things: I will tell you, as my friend, Captain Gower:-the rascally, scald, peggarly, lousy, pragging knave, Pistol, —which you and yourself, and all the 'orld, know to be no petter than a fellow, look you now, of no merits, -he is come to me, and prings me pread and salt yesterday, look you, and pid me eat my leek: it was in a place where I could not preed no contention with him, but I will be so pold as to wear it in my cap till I see him once again, and then I will tell him a little piece of my desires.

Gow. Why, here he comes, swelling like a

turkey-cock.

Flu. 'Tis no matter for his swellings nor his turkev-cocks.

Enter PISTOL.

Got pless you, Auncient Pistol! you scurvy, lousy knave, Got pless you!

Pist Ha! art thou bedlam? dost thou thirst, base Trojan

To have me fold up Parca's fatal web? Hence! I am qualmish at the smell of leek.

Flu. I peseech you heartily, scurvy, lousy knave, at my desires, and my requests, and my petitions, to eat, look you, this leek: because, look you, you do not love it, nor your affections, and your appetites, and your digestions, does not agree with it, I would desire you to eat it.

Pist. Not for Cadwallader and all his goats. Flu. There is one goat for you. Strikes Will you be so goot, scald knave. as hım.] eat it?

Pist. Base Trojan, thou shalt die.

Flu. You say very true, scald knave,—when Got's will is: I will desire you to live in the meantime and eat your victuals: come, there is sauce for it. (Striking him again.) You called me yesterday mountain-squire; but I will make you to-day a squire of low degree. I pray you, fall to: if you can mock a leek you can eat a leek.

Gow. Enough, captain: you have astonished him.

Flu. I say, I will make him eat some part of my leek, or I will peat his pate four days .-Pite, I pray you; it is goot for your green wound and your ploody coxcomb.

Pist. Must I bite?

out of question too, and ambiguities.

Pist. By this leek, I will most horribly revenge: I eat, and eke, I swear-

Flu. Eat, I pray you: will you have some Most worthy brother England, farly met-more sauce to your leek? there is not enough So are you, princes English, every one. leek to swear by.

Pist. Quiet thy cudgel; thou dost see I eat.

Flu. Much goot do you, scald knave, heartily. Nay, pray you, throw none away, the skin is goot for your broken coxcomb. When you take occasions to see leeks hereafter, I pray you, mock at 'em; that is all.

Pist. Good

Flu. Ay, leeks is goot:-hold you, there is a groat to heal your pate.

Pist. Me a groat!

Flu. Yes, verily and in truth, you shall take it; or I have another leek in my pocket which you shall eat.

Pist. I take thy groat in earnest of revenge. Flu. If I owe you anything I will pay you in cudgels: you shall be a woodmonger, and buy nothing of me but cudgels. God b' wi' you, Exit.

and keep you, and heal your pate.

Pist. All hell shall stir for this.

Gow. Go, go; you are a counterfeit cowardly knave. Will you mock at an ancient tradition, -begun upon an honourable respect, and worn as a memorable trophy of predeceased valour,and dare not avouch in your deeds any of your words? I have seen you gleeking and galling at this gentleman twice or thrice. You thought, because he could not speak English in the native garb, he could not therefore handle an English cudgel: you find it otherwise, and henceforth let a Welsh correction teach you a good English condition. Fare ye well.

Pist. Doth Fortune play the housewife with

News have I that my Nell is dead i' the spital

Of malady of France; And there my rendezvous is quite cut off. Old I do wax; and from my weary limbs Honour is cudgell'd. Well, bawd will I turn And something lean to cutpurse of quick hand. To England will I steal, and there I'll steal: And patches will I get unto these scars, And swear I got them in the Gallia wars.

Exit.

Scene II .- Troyes in Champagne. An Apartment in the French King's Palace.

Enter at one door, King Henry, Bedford, GLOSTER, EXETER, WARWICK, WESTMORE-LAND, and other Lords; at another, the FRENCH KING, QUEEN ISABEL, the PRIN-CESS KATHARINE, Lords, Ladies, &c., the DUKE OF BURGUNDY, and his Train.

K. Hen. Peace to this meeting, wherefore

we are met! Unto our brother France, and to our sister, Health and fair time of day,-joy and good wishes [ine;-To our most fair and princely cousin Kathar-And,—as a branch and member of this royalty, By whom this great assembly is contriv'd,-

Flu. Yes, certainly, and out of doubt, and We do salute you, Duke of Burgundy;— at of question too, and ambiguities.

We do salute you, Duke of Burgundy;— And, princes French, and peers, health to you

Fr. King. Right joyous are we to behold

So are you, princes English, every one. Q. Isa. So happy be the issue, brother England,

Of this good day and of this gracious meeting As we are now glad to behold your eyes; Your eyes, which hitherto have borne in them Against the French, that met them in their bent. The fatal balls of murdering basilisks: The venom of such looks, we fairly hope, Have lost their quality; and that this day

Shall change all griefs and quarrels into love. K. Hen. To cry amen to that, thus we appear. Q. Isa. You English princes all, I do salute

Bur. My duty to you both, on equal love.

Great Kings of France and England! That I have labour'd ours, With all my wits, my pains, and strong endeav-To bring your most imperial majesties

Unto this bar and royal interview, Your mightiness on both parts best can witness. Since then my office hath so far prevail'd That face to face and royal eye to eye You have congrected, let it not disgrace me If I demand, before this royal view, What rub or what impediment there is

Why that the naked, poor, and mangled Peace, Dear nurse of arts, plenties, and joyful births, Should not, in this best garden of the world, Our fertile France, put up her lovely visage? Alas, she hath from France too long been chas'd!

And all her husbandry doth lie on heaps, Corrupting in its own fertility. Her vine, the merry cheerer of the heart. Unpruned dies; her hedges even-pleach'd Like prisoners wildly overgrown with hair, Put forth disorder'd twigs; her fallow leas The darnel, hemlock, and rank fumitory Doth root upon, while that the coulter rusts, That should deracinate such savagery; The even mead, that erst brought sweetly forth The freckled cowslip, burnet, and green clover, Wanting the scythe, all uncorrected, rank,

Conceives by idleness, and nothing teems But hateful docks, rough thistles, kecksies, burs

Losing both beauty and utility. hedges, And as our vineyards, fallows, meads, and Defective in their natures, grow to wildness, Even so our horses and ourselves and children Have lost, or do not learn for want of time, The sciences that should become our country; But grow, like savages,—as soldiers will, That nothing do but meditate on blood, To swearing and stern looks, diffus'd attire, And everything that seems unnatural. Which to reduce into our former favour You are assembl'd: and my speech entreats That I may know the let why gentle Peace Should not expel these inconveniences, And bless us with her former qualities.

K. Hen. If, Duke of Burgundy, you would the peace

Whose want gives growth to the imperfections

Which you have cited, you must buy that peace me further than to say, Do you in faith? I wear With full accord to all our just demands; Whose tenors and particular effects

You have, enschedul'd briefly, in your hands. Bur. The king hath heard them; to the which as yet

There is no answer made.

Well, then, the peace K. Hen.

Which you before so urg'd lies in his answer. Fr. King. I have but with a cursory eye O'erglanc'd the articles: pleaseth your grace To appoint some of your council presently To sit with us once more, with better heed To re-survey them, we will suddenly

Pass our accept and peremptory answer. K. Hen Brother, we shall.—Go, uncl Exeter,— [Gloster,uncle

And brother Clarence,—and you. brother Warwick,-and Huntington,-go with the king, And take with you free power to ratify, Augment, or alter, as your wisdoms best Shall see advantageable for our dignity, Anything in or out of our demands: sister,

Go with the princes or stay here with us?

them: Haply a woman's voice may do some good When articles too nicely urg'd be stood on.

here with us:

She is our capital demand, compris'd Within the fore-rank of our articles.

Q. Isa. She hath good leave.

[Exeunt all but K. Hen., KATH., and ALICE.

K. Hen. Fair Katharine, and most fair Will you vouchsafe to teach a soldier terms Such as will enter at a lady's ear,

And plead his love-suit to her gentle heart? Kath. Your majesty shall mock at me; I

cannot speak your England.

K. Hen. O fair Katharine, if you will love me soundly with your French heart, I will be glad to hear you confess it brokenly with your

English tongue. Do you like me, Kate? Kath. Pardonnez-moi, I cannot tell vat is like me.

K. Hen. An angel is like you, Kate, and you are like an angel.

Kath. Que dit-il? que je suis semblable à les

anges? dit-il.

K. Hen. I said so, dear Katharine; and I must not blush to affirm it.

Kath. O bon Dieu! les langues des hommes sont pleines de tromperies.

K. Hen. What says she, fair one? that the tongues of men are full of deceits?

Alice. Oui, dat de tongues of de mans is be full of deceits,—dat is de princess.

K. Hen. The princess is the better Englishwoman. I' faith, Kate, my wooing is fit for thy understanding: I am glad thou caust speak | la possession de moi,-let me see, what then? no better English; for if thou couldst, thou Saint Denis be my speed!—donc votre est wouldst find me such a plain king that thou France et vous êtes mienne. It is as easy for me, wouldst find me such a plain king that thou wouldst think I had sold my farm to buy my crown. I know no ways to mince it in love. but directly to say I love you; then, if you urge French, unless it be to laugh at me.

out my suit. Give me your answer; i' faith, do, and so clap hands and a bargain: how say you, lady?

Kath. Sauf votre honneur, me understand vell

K. Hen. Marry, if you would put me to verses or to dance for your sake, Kate, why you unded me: for the one I have neither words nor measure, and for the other I have no strength in measure, yet a reasonable measure in strength. If I could win a lady at leap-frog, or by vaulting into my saddle with my armour on my back, under the correction of bragging be it spoken, I should quickly leap into a wife. Or if I might buffet for my love, or bound my herse for her favours, I could lay on like butcher, and sit like a jack-an-apes, never off. But, before God, Kate, I cannot look greenly, nor gasp out my eloquence, nor I have no cunming in protestation; only downright oaths, which I never use till urged, nor never break for urging. If thou canst love a fellow of this And we'll consign thereto .- Will you, fair temper, Kate, whose face is not worth sun-burning, that never looks in his glass for love of anything he sees there, let thine eye be thy cook. Q. Isa. Our gracious brother, I will go with I speak to thee plain soldier if thou canst love me for this, take me; if not, so say to thee that I shall die is true,—but for thy love, by the Lord, no; yet I love thee too. And while thou K. Hen. Yet leave our cousin Katharine livest, dear Kate, take a fellow of plain and uncoined constancy; for he perforce must do thee right, because he hath not the gift to woo in other places: for these fellows of infinite tongue, that can rhyme themselves into ladies' favours, they do always reason themselves out again. What! a speaker is but a prater; a rhyme is but a ballad. A good leg will fall; a straight back will stoop; a black beard will turn white; a curled pate will grow bald, a fair face will wither; a full eye will wax hollow: but a good heart, Kate, is the sun and the moon; or, rather, the sun, and not the moon,-for it shines bright and never changes, but keeps his course truly. If thou would have such a one, take me: and take me, take a soldier; take a soldier, take a king: and what sayest thou, then, to my love? speak, my fair, and fairly, I pray thee.

Kath. Is it possible dat I should love de

enemy of France?

K. Hen. No; it is not possible you should Alice. Out, vraiment, sauf votre grace, ainsi love the enemy of France, Kate: but in loving me you should love the friend of France; for I love France so well that I will not part with a village of it; I will have it all mine: and, Kate, when France is mine and I am yours, then yours is France and you are mine.

Kath. I cannot tell vat is dat.

K. Hen. No, Kate? I will tell thee in French; which I am sure will hang upon my tongue like a new-marned wife about her husband's neck, hardly to be shook off. Quand j'at la possession de France, et quand vous avez Kate, to conquer the kingdom as to speak so much more French: I shall never move thee in vous parlez est meilleur l'Anglais lequel je -it shali please him, Kate. parle.

K. Hen. No, faith, is't not, Kate: but thy speaking of my tongue, and I thine, most truly falsely, must needs be granted to be much at Kath. Laissez, mon seigneur, laissez, laissez: one. But, Kate, dost thou understand thus ma foi, je ne veur point que vous abaissez votre much English,-Canst thou love me?

Kath. I cannot tell.

K. Hen. Can any of your neighbours tell. très puissant seigneur. Kate? I'll ask them. Come, I know thou lovest me: and at night, when you come into your closet, you'll question this gentlewoman about me; and I know, Kate, you will to her dispraise those parts in me that you love with your heart: but, good Kate, mock me mercifully; the rather, gentle princess, because I love thee cruelly. If ever thou be'st mine, Kate,as I have a saving faith within me tells me thou shalt,-I get thee with scambling, and thou must therefore needs prove a good soldierbreeder; shall not thou and I, between Saint Denis and Saint George, compound a boy, half French, half English, that shall go to Constantinople and take the Turk by the beard? shall we not? what sayest thou, my fair flower-deluce?

Kath. I do not know dat.

K. Hen. No; 'tis hereafter to know, but now to promise: do but now promise, Kate, you will endeavour for your French part of such a chère et divine deesse?

Kath. Your majesté ave fausse French enough to deceive de most sage damoiseile dat is en

France.

K. Hen. Now, fie upon my false French! By mine honour, in true English, I love thee, Kate: by which honour I dare not swear thou lovest me; yet my blood begins to flatter me that thou dost, notwithstanding the poor and untempering effect of my visage. Now, beshrew my father's ambition! he was thinking of civil wars when he got me: therefore was I created with a stubborn outside, with an aspect of iron, that when I come to woo ladies I fright them. But, in faith, Kate, the elder I wax the better I shall appear: my comfort is that old age, that ill layer-up of beauty, can do no more spoil upon my face: thou hast me, if thou hast me, at the worst; and thou shalt wear me, if thou wear me, better and better:-and therefore tell me, most fair Kathanne, will you have me? Put off your maiden blushes; avouch the thoughts of your heart with the looks of an empress; take me by the hand and say,-Harry of England, I am thine which word thou shalt no sooner bless nune ear withal but I will tell thee aloud, England is thine, Ireland is thine, France is thine, and Henry Plantagenet is thine; who, though I speak it before his face, if he be not fellow with the best king, thou shalt find the best king of good fellows. Come, your answer in broken music,—for thy voice is music and thy English broken; therefore, queen of all, Katharine, break thy mind to me in broken English,-wilt thou have me?

-Kath. Dat is as it sall please de roi mon père. they see not what they do.

Kath. Sauf votre honneur, le Francais que K. Hen. Nay, it will please him well, Kate.

Kath. Den it sall also content me. K. Hen. Upon that I kiss your hand, and I

call you my queen.

grandeur en baisant la main d'une votre indigne serviteur: excusez-moi, je vous supplie, mon

K. Hen. Then I will kiss your lips, Kate.

Kath. Les dames et demoiselles pour être baisées devant leur noces, il n'est pas le coutume de France.

K. Hen. Madam, my interpreter, what says Alice. Dat it is not be de fashion pour les ladies of France,-I cannot tell vat is baiser en Anglish.

K. Hen. To kiss.

Alice. Your majesty entendre bettre que moi. K. Hen. It is not a fashion for the maids in France to kiss before they are matried, would she say?

Alice. Out, vraiment.

K. Hen. O Kate, nice customs court'sy to great kings. Dear Kate, you and I cannot be confined within the weak list of a country's fashion: we are the makers of manners, Kate: and the liberty that follows our places stops the mouth of all find-faults,-as I will do yours for upholding the nice fashion of your country in boy; and for my English moiety take the word denying me a lass: therefore, pariently and of a king and a bachelor. How answer you, yielding. [Kissing her.] You have witchcraft la plus belle Katharine du monde, mon très in your lips, Kate: there is more eloquence in a sugar touch of them than in the tongues of the French council; and they should sooner per-suade Harry of England than a general petition of monarchs.-Here comes your father.

> Enter the FRENCH KING and QUEEN, BUR-GUNDY, BEDFORD, GLOSTER, EXETER, WESTMORELAND, and other WARWICK, French and English Lords.

Bur. God save your majesty! my royal cousin,

Teach you our princess English?

K. Hen. I would have her learn, my fair cousin, how perfectly I love her; and that is good English.

Bur. Is she not apt?

K. Hen. Our tongue is rough, coz, and my condition is not smooth; so that, having neither the voice nor the heart of flattery about me, I cannot so conjure up the spirit of love in her that he will appear in his true likeness.

Bur. Pardon the frankness of my mirth if I answer you for that. If you would conjure in her you must make a circle; if conjure up love in her in his true likeness, he must appear naked and blind. Can you blame her, then, being a maid yet rosed-over with the virgin crimson of modesty, if she deny the appearance of a naked blind boy in her naked seeing self? It were, my lord, a hard condition for a maid to consign

K. Hen. Yet they do wink and yield; as love is blind and enforces.

Bur. They are then excused, my lord, when

Bur. I will wink on her to consent, my lord, if you will teach her to know my meaning: for maids well summered and warm kept are like flies at Bartholomew-ude, blind, though they have their eyes; and then they will endure handling, which before would not abide look-

ing on.

K. Hen. This moral ties me over to time

K. Hen. This moral ties me over to time your cousin, in the latter end, and she must be

blind too.

Bur. As love is, my lord, before it loves.

K. Hen. It is so: and you may, some of you, thank love for my blindness, who cannot see many a fair French city for one fair French maid that stands in my way.

Fr. King. Yes, my lord, you see them perspectively, the cities turned into a maid, for they are all girdled with maiden walls that war

hath never entered.

K. Hen. Shall Kate be my wife?

Fr. King. So please you.

K. Hen. I am content, so the maiden cities you talk of may wait on her so the maid that stood in the way of my wish shall show me the way to my will.

Fr. King. We have consented to all terms

of reason.

K. Hen. Is 't so, my lords of England? West. The king hath granted every article:-His daughter first; and, in sequel, all,

According to their firm proposed natures.

Exe. Only, he hath not yet subscribed

this:-Where your majesty demands that the King of France, having any occasion to write for matter of grant, shall name your highness in this form and with this addition, in French,-Notre très cher fils Henry, roi d'Angleterre, héritier de France; and thus in Latin, Proeclarissimus filius noster Henricus, rex Angliae et haeres Franciae.

Fr. King. Nor this I have not, brother, so

demed

But your request shall make me let it pass. K. Hen. I pray you, then, in love and dear alliance.

Let that one article rank with the rest;

And thereupon give me your daughter.

Fr. King. Take her, fair son; and from her blood raise up

K. Hen. Then, good my lord, teach your Issue to me. that the contending kingdoms cousin to consent winking.

Of France and England, whose very sho Of France and England, whose very shores

look pale With envy of each other's happiness, May cease their hatred, and this dear conjunc-Plant neighbourhood and Christian-like accord In their sweet bosoms, that never war advance His bleeding sword 'twixt England and fair France.

All. Amen'

K. Hen. Now, welcome. Kate:- and bear me witness all,

That here I kiss her as my sovereign queen. Flourish.

Q. Isa. God, the best maker of all marnages, Combine your hearts in one, your realms in one! As man and wife, being two, are one in love, So be there 'twixt your kingdoms such a spousal That never may ill office or fell calousy, Which troubles oft the bed of blessed marriage,

Thrust in between the paction of these kingdoms,

To make divorce of their incorporate league; That English may as French, French English-

men, Receive each other'-God speak this Amen!

All. Amen! which day, K. Hen. Prepare we for our marriage -on My Lord of Burgundy, we'll take your oath, And all the peers', for surety of our leagues. Then shall I swear to Kate, and you to me;

And may our oaths well kept and prosperous be! Exeunt.

Enter Chorus.

Chor. Thusfar, with rough and all-unable pen, Our bending author hath pursu'd the story; In little room confining mighty men, glory. Mangling by starts the full course of their

Small time, but, in that small, most greatly liv'd This star of England: Fortune made his

sword;

By which the world's best garden he achiev'd, And of it left his son imperial lord. Henry the Sixth, in infant bands crown'd king

Of France and England, did this king succeed: Whose state so many had the managing

That they lost France and made his England bleed:

Which oft our stage hath shown; and, for their In your fair minds let this acceptance take. Exit.

FIRST PART OF KING HENRY VI

PERSONS REPRESENTED

KING HENRY THE SIXTH.

DUKE US GLOSTER, Uncle to the KING, and Protector.

DUKE OF BEDFORD, Uncle to the King, and Regent of France.

THOMAS BEAUTIST, Duke of Exeter, Great-Uncle to the King.

HENRY BEAUFORT, Great-Uncle to the KING, Bishop of Winchester, and afterwards Cordinal.

JOHN BEAUTORT, Earl of Somerset, afterwards Duke.

RICHARD PLANTAGENET, Eldest son of RICH-ARD, late Earl of Cambridge, afterwards Duke of York.

EARL OF WARWICK.

EARL OF SALISBURY.

EARL OF SUFFOLK.

LORD TALBOT, afterwards Earl of Shrewsbury John Talbot, his Son.

EDMUND MORTIMER, Earl of March.

MORTIMER'S Keepers.

A Lawyer.

SIR JOHN FASTOLFE.

SIR WILLIAM LUCY.

SIR WILLIAM GLANSDALE.

SIR THOMAS GARGRAVE.

Mayor of London.

WOODVILLE, Lieutenant of the Tower.

VERNON, of the White-rose or York faction.

BASSET, of the Red-rose or Lancaster faction.

CHARLES, Dauphin, and afterwards King of France.

REIGNIER, Duke of Anjou, and Titular King of Naples.

DUKE OF BURGUNDY.

DUKE OF ALFNOON.

BASTARD OF ORLEANS.

Governor of Paris.

Master-Gunner of Orleans, and his Son.

General of the French Forces in Bordeaux.

A French Sergeant.

A Porter.

An Old Shepherd, Father to JOAN LA PUCELLE.

MARGARET, Daughter to REIGNIER, afterwards married to King Henry.

COUNTESS OF AUVERGNE.

JOAN LA PUCELLE, commonly called JOAN OF ARC.

Lords, Warders of the Tower, Heralds, Officers, Soldiers, Messengers, and several Attendants both on the English and French. Fiends appearing to La Pucelle

Scene,-Partly in England, and partly in France.

ACT I.

SCENE L .- Westminster Abbey.

Dead March. Corpse of King Henry THE FIFTH, in state is, brought in, attended on Than Julius Casar or brightby the DUKES OF BEDFORD, GLOSTER and EXETER, the EARL OF WARWICK, the BISHOP OF WINCHESTER, Heralds, &c.

Bed. Hung be the heavens with black, yield day to night!

Comets, importing change of times and states, Brandish your crystal tresses in the sky, And with them scourge the bad revolting stars That have consented unto Henry's death! Henry the Fifth, too famous to live long: England ne'er lost a king of so much worth. Glo. England ne'er had a king until his time.

Virtue he had, deserving to command: His brandish'd sword did blind men with his

beams; His arms spread wider than a dragon's wings; His sparkling eyes, replete with wrathful fire, More dazzled and drove back his enemies Than mid-day sun fierce bent against their faces.

What should I say? his deeds exceed all speech: He ne'er lift up his hand but conquered.

Exe. We mourn in black: why mourn we not in blood?

Henry is dead, and never shall revive: Upon a wooden coffin we attend; And death's dishonourable victor We with our stately presence glorify, Like captives bound to a triumphant car. What! shall we curse the planets of mishap, That plotted thus our glory's overthrow? Or shall we think the subtle-witted French Conjurers and sorcerers, that, afraid of him, By magic verses have contrivid his end? Win. He was a king bless'd of the King of

kings, Unto the French the dreadful judgment-day

So dreadful will not be as was his sight. The battles of the Lord of hosts he fought: The church's prayers made him so prosperous. Glo. The church! where is it? Had not

church-men pray'd, His thread of life had not so soon decay'd: None do you like but an effeminate prince,

Whom, like a school-boy, you may overawe.
Win. Gloster, whate'er we like, thou art protector,

And lookest to command the prince and realm. Thy wife is proud; she holdeth thee in awe More than God or religious churchmen may.

Glo. Name not religion, for thou lov'st the flesh; [go'st, And ne'er throughout the year to church thou

Except it be to pray against thy foes. Bed. Cease, cease these jars and rest your

minds in peace! Let's to the altar:-heralds, wait on us:-Instead of gold, we'll offer up our arms; Since arms avail not, now that Henry's dead.-Posterity, await for wretched years, When at their mother's moisten'd eyes babes shall suck;

Our isle be made a marish of salt tears, And none but women left to wail the dead.- Henry the Fifth! thy ghost I invocate; Prosper this realm, keep it from civil broils! Combat with adverse planets in the heavens! A far more glorious star thy soul will make

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My honourable lords, health to you

Sad tidings bring I to you out of France, Of loss, of slaughter, and discomfiture: Guienne, Champaigne, Rheims, Orleans, Paris, Guysors, Poictiers, are all quite lost.

Bed. What say'st thou, man, before dead Henry's corse?

Speak softly; or the loss of those great towns Will make him burst his lead and rise from death.

Glo. Is Pans lost? is Rouen yielded up? If Henry were recall'd to life again, These news would cause him once more yield the ghost.

fus'd? Exe. How were they lost? what treachery was Mess. No treachery but want of men and money

Among the soldiers this is muttered. That here you maintain several factions; And whilst a field should be despatch'd and fought,

You are disputing of your generals: One would have ling'ring wars, with little cost; Another would fly swift, but wanteth wings; A third man thinks, without expense at all, By guileful fair words peace my be obtain'd. Awake, awake, English nobility! Let not sloth dim your honours, new-begot: Cropp'd are the flower-de-luces in your arms; Of England's coat one half is cut away.

Exe. Were our tears wanting to this funeral, These tidings would call forth her flowing tides. Bed. Me they concern; regent I am of

France.— [France.— Give me my steeled coat! Pil fight for Away with these disgraceful wailing robes! Wounds will I lend the French, instead of eyes, To weep their intermissive miseries.

Enter a second Messenger.

2 Mess. Lords, view these letters, full of had mischance.

France is revolted from the English quite, Except some petty towns of no import: The Dauphin Charles is crowned king in Rheims: The Bastard of Orleans with him is join'd; Reignier, Duke of Anjou, doth take his part; The Duke of Alencon flieth to his side.

Exe. The Dauphin crowned king! all fly to him!

O, whither shall we fly from this reproach? Glo. We will not fly, but to our enemies' throats:-

Bedford, if thou be slack Pll fight it out Bed. Gloster, why doub'st thou of my forwardness?

An army have I muster'd in my thoughts, Wherewith already France is overrun.

Enter a third Messenger.

3 Mess. My gracious lords.—to add to your laments.

Wherewith you now bedew King Henry's hearse,--

I must inform you of a dismal fight

Betwart the stout Lord Talbot and the French.

Win. What: wherein Talbot overcame? is't
50? [o'erthrown.

so?
3 Mess O, no; wherein Lord Talbot was
The circumstance I'll tell you more at large.
The tenth of August last this dreadful lord,
Retiring from the siege of Orleans,
Having full scarce six thousand in his troop,
By three-and-twenty thousand of the French
Was round encompassed and set upon.
No lessure had he to enrank his men,
He wanted pikes to set before his archers;
Instead whereof, sharp stakes, pluck'd out of
hedges,

They pitched in the ground confusedly, To keep the horsemen off from breaking in. More than three hours the fight continued; Where valiant Talbot, above human thought, Enacted wonders with his sword and lance. Hundreds he sent to hell, and none durst stand him.

Here, there, and everywhere, enrag'd he flew. The French exclaim'd the devil was in arms; All the whole army stood agaz'd on him: His soldiers, spying his undaunted spirit, A Taibot' a Taibot' cried out amain, And rush'd into the bewels of the battle. Here had the conquest fully been seal'd up If Sir John Fastolfe had not play's the coward He, being in the vaward,—plac'd behind. With purpose to relieve and follow them,—Cowardly flod, not having struck one stroke Hence grew the general wreck and massacre, Enclosed were they with their enemies. A base Walloon, to win the Dauphn's grace, Thrust Taibot with a spear into the back; Whom all France, with their chief assembled strength.

Durst not presume to look once in the face Bed Is Talbot slain? then I will slay myself, For living idly here in pomp and ease, Whits such a worthy leader, wanting aid, Unto his gastard foemen is betrav'd.

Unto his dastard foemen is betray'd.

3 Mess O no, he hves, but is took prisoner,
And Lord Scales with him, and Lord Hungerford.

Most of the rest slaught'd or took likewise.

Bed. His ransom there is none but I shall

pay.

I'll hale the Dauphin headlong from his
His crown shall be the ransom of my friend;
Four of their lords I'll change for one of ours.—
Farewell, my masters, to my task will I,
Bonfires in France forthwith I am to make,
To keep our great Saint George's feast withal:
Ten thousand soldiers with me I will take,
Whose bloody deeds shall make all Europe
quake.

[sieg'd;

3 Mess. So you had need; for Orleans is beThe English army is grown weak and faint:
The Earl of Salisbury craveth supply,
And hardly keeps his men from mutiny,
Since they, so few, watch such a multitude.

Exe. Remember, lords, your oaths to Henry sworn,

Either to quell the Dauphin utterly, Or bring him in obedience to your yoke. Bed. I do remember it, and here take my leave,

To go about my preparation. [Exit Glo. I'll to the Tower, with all the haste I can.

To view the artillery and munition, And then I will proclaim young Henry king

Exe. To Eltham will I, where the young

king is,
Being ordain'd his special governor,
And for his safety there I'll best devise

Exit.

Win Each hath his place and function to

Win Each hath his place and function to attend:

I am left out; for me nothing remains

But long I will not be Jack-out-of-office:
The king from Eltham I intend to steal,
And sit at chiefest stern of public weal
[Exit Scene closes.

SIENE II .- FRANCE. Before Orleans.

Enter Charles, with his Forces, Alencon, Reignier, and others.

Char. Mars his true moving, even as in the heavens,

So in the earth, to this day is not known. Late did he shine upon the English side, Now we are victors, upon us he smiles. What towns of any moment but we have? At pleasure here we lie near Orleans, Otherwhiles the famish'd English, like pale ghosts,

Faintly besiege us one hour in a month.

Alen. They want their porridge and their fat bull-beeves.

Eather they must be dieted like mules, And have their provender tied to their mouths, Or piteous they will look, like drowned mice Reig. Let's raise the siese why live we

Reig. Let's raise the siege why live we idly here? Talbot is taken, whom we wont to fear:

Remaineth none but mad-brain'd Salisbury; And he may well in fretting spend his gall,— Nor men nor money hath he to make war.

Char Sound, sound alarum! we will rush on them.

Now for the honour of the forlorn French!— Him I forgive my death that killeth me, When he sees me go back one foot or flee. | Execute

Alarums; excursions; afterwards a retreat Re-enter Charles, Alençon, Reignier and others.

Char. Who ever saw the like? what men have I!—

Dogs! cowards! dastards! I would ne'er have fled

But that they left me midst my enemies. Reig. Salusbury is a desperate homicide; He fighteth as one weary of his life. The other lords, like lions wanting food, Do rush upon us as their hungry prey.

Alen. Froissart, acountryman of ours, records England all Olivers and Rowlands bred During the time Edward the Third did reign More truly now may this be verified; For none but Samsons and Goliasses It sendeth forth to skirmish. One to ten! Lean raw-bon'd rascals! who would e'er sup-

They had such courage and audacity? hair-brain'd slaves,

And hunger will enforce them to be more eager: Of old I know them; rather with their teeth The walls they'll tear down than forsake the siege.

Reig. I think, by some odd gimmers or de-

Their arms are set, like clocks, still to strike on; Else ne'er could they hold out so as they do. By my consent, we'll even let them alone. Alen. Be it so.

Enter the Bastard of Orleans.

Bast. Where's the Prince Dauphin? I have news for him. us.

Char. Bastard of Orleans, thrice welcome to Bast. Methinks your looks are sad, your cheer appall'd:

Hath the late overthrow wrought this offence? Be not dismay'd, for succor is at hand: A holy maid hither with me I bring, Which, by a vision sent to her from heaven, Ordained is to raise this tedious siege,

And drive the English forth the bounds of France.

The spirit of deep prophecy she hath, Exceeding the nine sibyls of old Rome: What's past and what's to come she can descry. Speak, shall I call her in? Believe my words, For they are certain and infallible.

Char. Go, call her in. Exit BASTARD. But first, to try her skill, Reignier, stand thou as Dauphin in my place: Question her proudly; let thy looks be stern:

By this means shall we sound what skill she hath. Retires.

Re-enter the BASTARD OF ORLEANS, with LA PUCELLE.

Reig. Fair maid, is't thou wilt do these wondrous feats?

Puc. Reignier, is't thou that thinkest to beguile me?-[behind;

Where is the Dauphin?-Come, come from I know thee well, though never seen before. Be not amaz'd, there's nothing hid from me: In private will I talk with thee apart .-Stand back, you lords, and give us leave awhile.

Reig. She takes upon her brayely at first

daughter, dash. Puc. Dauphin, I am by birth a shepherd's My wit untrain'd in any kind of art. Heaven and our Lady gracious hath it pleas'd To shine on my contemptible estate: Lo, whilst I waited on my tender lambs And to sun's parching heat display'd my cheeks, God's mother deigned to appear to me, And in a vision full of majesty Will'd me to leave my base vocation, And free my country from calamity: Her aid she promis'd and assur'd success: In complete glory she reveal'd herself; And whereas I was black and swart before,

With those clear rays which she infus'd on me, That beauty am I bless'd with which you see. Ask me what question thou canst possible, And I will answer unpremeditated: hey had such courage and audacity? My courage try by combat if thou dar'st, Char. Let's leave this town; for they are And thou shalt find that I exceed my sex. Resolve on this, -thou shalt be fortunate If thou receive me for thy warlike mate.

Char. Thou hast astenish'd me with thy high terms:

Only this proof I'll of thy valour make,-In single combat thou shalt buckle with me; And if thou van quishest, thy words are true: Otherwise I renounce all confidence.

Puc. I am prepar'd: here is my keen-edg'd sword.

Deck'd with five flower-dc-luces on each side; The which at Touraine, in Saint Katherine's churchyard,

Out of a great deal of old iron I chose forth. Char. Then come, o' God's name; I fear

no woman. Puc. And while I live I'll ne'er fly from a

man. They fight. Cher. Stay, stay thy hands! thou art an Amazon,

And fightest with the sword of Deborah.

Puc. Christ's mother helps me, else I were too weak. help me: Char. Whoe'er helps thee, 'tis thou that must

Impatiently I burn with thy desire; My heart and hands thou hast at once subdu'd. Excellent Pucelle, if thy name he so, Let me thy servant and not sole e.gn be:

'Tis the French Dauphin queth to thee thus. Puc. I must not yield to any rites of love, For my profession's sacred from above: When I have chased all thy foes from hence, Then will I think upon a recompense.

Char. Meantime look gracious on thy prostrate thrall.

Reig. My lord, methinks, is very long in talk. Alen. Doubtless he shrives this woman to her smock;

Else ne'er could he so long protract his speech.

Reig. Shall we disturb him, since he keeps no mean?

Alen. He may mean more than we poor men do know:

These women are shrewd tempters with their tongues.

Reig. My lord, where are you? what devise you on?

Shall we give over Orleans, or no?

Puc. Why, no, I say, distrustful recreants!

Fight till the last gasp; I will be your guard. Char. What she says I'll confirm: we'll fight it out. scourge.

Puc. Assign'd am I to be the English This night the siege assuredly I'll raise: Expect Saint Martin's summer, halcyon days, Since I have entered into these wars. Glory is like a circle in the water, Which never ceaseth to enlarge itself, Till by broad spreading it disperse to naught. With Henry's death the English circle ends; Dispersed are the glories it included. Now am I like that proud insulting ship Which Cæsar and his fortune bare at once.

Char. Was Mahomet inspired with a dove? Thou with an eagle art inspired, then.

Helen, the mother of great Constantine, [thee. Nor yet Saint Philip's daughters, were like Bright star of Venus, fall'n down on the earth, How may I reverently worship thee enough?

Alen. Leave off delays, and let us raise the honours;

Reig. Woman, do what thou canst to save our Drive them from Orleans, and be immortaliz'd. Char. Presently we'll try:-come, let's away about it:-

No prophet will I trust if she prove false.

Exeunt. SCENE III .- LONDON. Before the Gates of

the Tower. Enter the DUKE OF GLOSTER, with his

Serving-men in blue coats. Glo. I am come to survey the Tower this

[ance.đay: Since Henry's death, I fear, there is convey-Where be these warders, that they wait not

Open the gates: Gloster it is that calls.

|Servants knock. I Ward. [Within.] Who's there that knocks so imperiously?

r Serv. It is the noble Duke of Gloster.

2 Ward. [Within.] Whoe'er he be, you may [tector? not be let in. r Serv. Villains, answer you so the lord pro-

I Ward. [Within.] The Lord protect him! so we answer him:

We do no otherwise than we are will'd. Glo. Who willed you? or whose will stands

but mine? There's none protector of the realm but I .-Break up the gates, I'll be your warrantize: Shall I be flouted thus by dunghill grooms?

[GLOSTER'S Servants rush at the Tower-gates. Wood. [Within] What noise is this? what

traitors have we here? Glo. Lieutenant, is it you whose voice I hear?

Open the gates; here's Gloster that would enter.

Wood. [Within.] Have patience, noble Duke; I may not open;

The Cardinal of Winchester forbids: From him I have express commandment That thou nor none of thine shall be let in

Glo. Faint-hearted Woodville, prizest him 'fore me,

Arrogant Winchester? that haughty prelate Whom Henry, our late sovereign, ne'er could brook?

Thou art no friend to God or to the king: Open the gates, or I'll shut thee out shortly.

I Serv. Open the gates unto the lord proquickly

tector.

Or we'll burst them open if that you come not [GLOSTER'S Servants rush again at the Tower-gates.

Enter Winchester, with his Serving-men in tawny coats.

Win. How now, ambitious Humphry! what means this?

Glo. Peel'd priest, dost thou command me to be shut out?

Win. I do, thou most usurping proditor. And not protector of the king or realm.

Glo. Stand back, thou manifest conspirator, Thou that contriv'dst to murder our dead lord: Thou that giv'st whores indulgences to sin: I'll canvass thee in thy broad cardinal's hat. If thou proceed in this thy insolence,

Win. Nay, stand thou back; I will not budge a foot:

This be Damascus, be thou cursed Cain,

To slay thy brother Abel, if thou wilt. [back: Glo. I will not slay thee, but I'll drive thee Thy scarlet robes as a child's bearing-cloth

I'll use to carry thee out of this place.

Win. Do what thou dar'st; I beard thee to thy face. Iface?-Glo. What! am I dar'd, and bearded to my Draw, men, for all this privileged place;

Blue-coats to tawney-coats.—Priest, beware your beard;

I mean to tug it, and to cuff you soundly: Under my feet I'll stamp thy cardinal's hat: In spite of pope or dignities of church,

Here by the cheeks I'll drag thee up and down. Win. Gloster, thou wilt answer this before the pope. [ropel-

Glo. Winchester goose! I cry, a rope! a Now beat them hence, why do you let them stay?-[array.-

Thee I'll chase hence, thou wolf in sheep's Out, tawny-coats!-Out, scarlet hypocrite!

GLOSTER and his Servants attack the other Party. In the tumult, enter the Mayor of London and Officers.

May. Fie, lords! that you, being supreme magistrates.

Thus contumehously should break the peace! Glo. Peace, mayor! thou know'st little of my wrongs:

Here's Beaufort, that regards nor God nor king. Hath here distrain'd the Tower to his use.

Win. Here's Gloster, too, a foe to citizens; One that still motions war, and never peace, O'ercharging your free purses with large fines; That seeks to overthrow religion,

Because he is protector of the realm; And would have armour here out of the Tower, To crown himself king and suppress the prince. Glo. I will not answer thee with words, but

[Here they skirmish again. blows. May. Naught rests for me, in this tumultu-

ous strife, But to make open proclamation:-

Come, officer, as loud as e'er thou canst.

Off. [Reads.] All manner of men assembled here in arms this day against God's peace and the king's, we charge and command you, in his highness' name, to repair to your several dwell-ing-places; and not to wear, handle, or use any sword, weapon, or dagger, henceforward, upon pain of death.

Glo. Cardinal, I'll be no breaker of the law; But we shall meet and break our minds at large. Win. Gloster, we'll meet, to thy dear cost,

be sure: Thy heart-blood I will have for this day's work.

May. I'll call for clubs if you will not away:-This cardinal's more haughty than the devil. Glo. Mayor, farewell: thou dost but what

thou mayst.

Win. Abominable Gloster! guard thy head: For I intend to have it ere long.

[Exeunt severally, GLO., and WIN., with their Servants.

May. See the coast clear'd, and then we will depart. bear!

Good God, these nobles should such stomachs I myself fight not once in forty year. [Excunt.

Scene IV .- France. Before Orleans.

Enter, on the walls, the Master-Gunner and his Son.

M. Gun. Sirrah, thou know'st how Orleans is besieg'd,

And how the English have the suburbs won. Son. Father, I know; and oft have shot at them.

Howe'er, unfortunate, I missed my aim M. Gun. But now thou shalt not. Be thou

rul'd by me: Chief master-gunner am I of this town; Something I must do to procure me grace.

The prince's espials have informed me How the English, in the suburbs close intrench'd,

Wont, through a secret grate of iron bars In yonder tower, to overpeer the city, And thence discover how with most advantage They may vex us with shot or with assault.

To intercept this inconvenience, A piece of ordnance 'gainst it I have plac'd; And even these three days have I watch'd if I Or with light skirmishes enfeebled. Could see them.

Now do thou watch, for I can stay no longer. If thou spy'st any, run and bring me word; And thou shalt find me at the governor's.

Exit. Son. Father, I warrant you; take you no care; I'll never trouble you if I may spy them.

Enter, in an upper Chamber of a Tower, the LORDS SALISBURY and TALBOT, SIR WILLIAM GLANSDALE SIR THOMAS GARGRAVE, and others

Sal. Talbot, my life, my joy, again return'd! How wert thou handled being prisoner? Or by what means gott'st thou to be releas'd? Discourse, I pr'ythee, on this turret's top.

Tal. The Duke of Bedford had a prison Call'd the brave Lord Ponton de Santraille For him I was exchang'd and ransomed. But with a baser man of arms by far Once, in contempt, they would have barter'd me:

Which, I, disdaining, scorn'd; and craved death Rather than I would be so vile-esteem'd. In fine, redeem'd I was as I desir'd. [heart! But, O! the treacherous Fastolfe wounds my Whom with my bare fists I would execute If I now had him brought into my power.

Sal. Yet tell'st thou not how thou wert entertain'd. [taunts. Tal. With scoffs, and scorns, and contrimelious

In open market-place produc'd they me,

To be a public spectacle to all: Here, said they, is the terror of the French, The scarecrow that affrights our children so. Then broke I from the officers that led me, And with my nails digg'd stones out of the ground

To hurl at the beholders of my shame: My grisly countenance made others fly; None durst come near for fear of sudden death. In iron walls they deem'd me not secure; So great fear of my name 'mongst them was spread

That they suppos'd I could rend bars of steel, And spurn in pieces posts of adamant: Wherefore a guard of chosen shot I had That walk'd about me every minute-while; And if I did but stir out of my bed, Ready they were to shoot me to the heart.

Sal. I grieve to hear what torments you endur'd:

But we will be reveng'd sufficiently. Now it is supper-time in Orleans: Here, through this grate, I can count each one, And view the Frenchmen how they fortify: Let us look in; the sight will much delight

thee. Sir Thomas Gargrave and Sir William Glansdale,

Let me have your express opinions

Where is best place to make our pattery next. Gar. I think at the north gate, for there stand lords.

Glan. And I here, at the bulwark of the bridge.

Tal. For aught I see, this city must be famish'd

[Shot from the town. SAL. and SIR THOMAS GARGRAVE fait.

Sal. O Lord, have mercy on us, wretched sinnersi

Gar. O Lord, have mercy on me, woeful man! Tal. What chance is this that suddenly hath cross'd us? -

Speak, Salisbury; at least, if thou canst speak: How far'st thou, mirror of all martial men? One of thy eyes and thy cheek's side struck off!...

Accursed tower! accursed fatal hand That hath contriv'd this woeful tragedy! In thirteen battles Salisbury o'ercame; Henry the Fifth he first train'd to the wars; Whilst any trump did sound or drum struck up, His sword did ne'er leave striking in the field. Yet liv'st thou, Salisbury? though thy speech doth fail.

One eye thou hast, to look to heaven for grace: The sun with one eye vieweth all the world .-Heaven, be thou gracious to none alive If Salisbury wants mercy at thy hands!-Bear hence his body; I will help to bury it. Sir Thomas Gargrave, hast thou any life? Speak unto Talbot; nay, look up to him .-Salisbury, cheer thy spirit with this comfort; Thou shalt not die whiles-

He beckons with his hand, and smiles on me, As who should say, When I am dead and gone, Remember to avenge me on the French. Plantagenet, I will; and like thee, Nero, Play on the lute, beholding the towns burn:

Wretched shall France be only in my name. [Thunder heard; afterwards an alarum stir is this? What tumult's in the What stir is this? heavens?

Whence cometh this alarum, and the noise?

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, my lord, the French have As you fly from your oft-subdued slaves. gather'd head:

The Dauphin, with one Joan la Pucelle join'd,-A holy prophetess new risen up,-Is come with a great power to raise the siege.

SAL. lifts himself and groans Tal. Hear, hear how dying Sahsbury doth groan!

It irks his heart he cannot be reveng'd .-Frenchmen, I'll be a Salisbury to you:-Pucelle or puzzle, dolphin or dogfish, [heels, Your hearts I'll stamp out with my horse's And make a quagmire of your mingled brains.— Convey me Salisbury into his tent, [men dare. And then we'll try what these dastard French-[Exeunt, bearing out the bodies

Scene V .- The same. Before one of the Gates.

Alarum; skirmishings. Enter Talbot, pursuing the Dauphin, drives him in, and exit: then enter Joan la Pucelle, driving Englishmen before her, and exit after them then re-enter TALBOT.

Tal. Where is my strength, my valour, and my force? Our English troops retire, I cannot stay them, A woman clad in armour chaseth them. Here, here she comes.

Enter LA PUCELLE.

I'll have a bout with thee; Devil or devil's dam, I'll conjure thee Blood will I draw on thee, -thou art a witch, -And straightway give thy soul to him thou serv'st.

Puc. Come, come, 'tis only I that must disgrace thee. They nght.

Tal. Heavens, can you suffer hell so to prevail? courage, My breast I'll burst with straining of my

And from my shoulders crack my arms asunder, But I will chastise this high-minded strumpet. They fight again

Puc. [Returng | Talbot, farewell: thy hour is not yet come:

I must go victual Orleans forthwith. O'ertake me it thou canst, I scorn thy strength. Go, go, cheer up thy hunger-starved men, Help Salisbury to make his testament: This day is ours, as many more shall be.

La Puc. enters the town with Soldiers. Tal. My thoughts are whirled like a potter's wheel;

I know not where I am nor what I do-A witch by fear, not force, like Hannibal Drives back our troops, and conquers as she lists:

So bees with smoke and doves with noisome stench

Are from their hives and houses driven away. They call'd us, for our fierceness, English dogs; If any noise or soldier you perceive

: Now like to whelps we crying run away. A short alarum.

Hark, countrymen! either renew the fight Or tear the hons out of England's coat; Renounce your soil, give sheep in hons' stead: Sheep run not half so timorous from the wolf, Or horse or oxen from the leopard,

[Alarum. Another skirmish. It will not be:- retire into your trenches:

You all consented unto Sahsbury's death, For none would strike a stroke in his revenge .-Pucelle is enter'd into Orleans, In spite of us or aught that we could do.

O, would I were to die with Salisbury! The shame hereof will make me hide my head! Retreat Exeunt TALBOT [Alarum

and Forces, &c. Flourish. Enter on the walls, LA PUCELLE, CHARLES. REIGNIER, ALENCON.

Soldiers. Puc Advance our waving colours on the

Rescu'd is Orleans from the English:-Thus Ioan la Pucelle hath perform'd her word. Char. Divinest creature, Astræa's daughter, How shall I honour thee for this success? Thy promises are like Adonis' gardens.

That one day bloom'd and fruitful were the next. France, triumph in thy glorious prophetess!— Recover'd is the town of Orleans:

More blessed hap did ne'er befall our state. Reig. Why ring not out the bells aloud

throughout the town? Dauphin, command the citizens make bonfires, And feast and banquet in the open streets, To celebrate the joy that God hath given us

Alen. All France will be replete with mirth and joy When they shall hear how we have play'd the

men. Char. 'Tis Joan, not we, by whom the day is won;

For which I will divide my crown with her; And all the priests and friars in my realm Shall in procession sing her endless praise. A stather pyramis to her I'll rear Than Rhodope's of Memphis ever was: In memory of her when she is dead, Her ashes, in an urn more precious Than the rich jewell'd coffer of Darius. Transported shall be at high festivals Before the kings and queens of France. No longer on Saint Denis will we cry, But Joan la Pucelle shall be France's saint. Come in, and let us banquet royally, After this golden day of victory.

Flourish. Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I.—Before Orleans.

Enter to the Gate a French Sergeant and two Sentinels.

Serg. Sirs, take your places and be vigilant:

Near to the walls, by some apparent sign Let us have knowledge at the court of guard.

1 Sent. Sergeant, you shall. [Exit Sergeant.]

Thus are poor servitors,
When others sleep upon their quiet beds, Constrain'd to watch in darkness, rain, and

Enter Talbot, Bedford, Burgundy, and Forces, with scaling-ladders; their drums beating a dead march.

Tal. Lord regent and redoubted Burgundy, By whose approach the regious of Artois, Walloon, and Picardy are friends to us, This happy night the Frenchmen are secure, Having all day carous'd and banqueted: Embrace we, then, this opportunity. As fitting best to quittance their-deceit,
Control d by art and baleful sorcery.

Bed. Coward of France!—how much he

wrongs his fame,

Despairing of his own arm's fortitude, To join with witches and the help of hell. Bur. Traitors have never other company .-But what's that Pucelle whom they term so

pure? Tal. A maid, they say.

A maid! and be so martial! Bed.Bur. Pray God she prove not masculine ere

If underneath the standard of the French She carry armour, as she hath begun.

Tal. Well, let them practise and converse

with spirits: God is our fortress, in whose conquering пате

Let us resolve to scale their flinty bulwarks. Bed. Ascend, brave Talbot; we will follow thee.

Tal. Not all together: better far, I guess, That we do make our entrance several ways; That, if it chance the one of us do fail, The other yet may rise against their force.

Bed. Agreed: I'll to you corner. Bur And I to this. Tal. And here will Talbot mount or make

his grave.-Now, Salisbury, for thee, and for the right Of English Henry, shall this night appear How much in duty I am bound to both.

The English scale the walls, crying St. George! a Talbot! and all enter the Town.

Sent Arm! arm! the enemy doth make assault!

The French leap over the walls in their shirts. Enter, several ways, BASTARD, ALENCON, REIGNIER, half ready and half unready.

Alen. How now, my lords? what, all unwell. ready so? Bast. Unready! ay, and glad we 'scap'd so Reig. 'Twas time, I trow, to wake and leave

our beds. Hearing alarums at our chamber-doors.

Alen. Of all exploits since first I follow'd arms

Ne'er heard I of a warlike enterprise More venturous or desperate than this. Bast. I think this Talbot be a fiend of hell. Reig. If not of hell, the heavens, sure, favour him.

Alen. Here cometh Charles: I marvel how he sped.

Bast. Tut! holy Joan was his defensive guard.

Enter CHARLES and LA PUCELLE.

Char. Is this thy cunning, thou deceitful dame?

Didst thou at first, to flatter us withal, Make us partakers of a little gain,

That now our loss might be ten times so much? Puc. Wherefore is Charles impatient with his friend?

At all times will you have my power alike? Sleeping or waking, must I still prevail, Or will you blame and lay the fault on me? Improvident soldiers! had your watch been

good This sudden mischief never could have fall'n. Char. Duke of Alencon, this was your default.

That, being captain of the watch to-night, Did look no better to that weighty charge. Alen. Had all your quarters been as safely kent

As that whereof I had the government, We had not been thus shamefully surpris'd. Bast. Mine was secure.

Reig. And so was mine, my lord. Char. And, for myself, most part of all this

night, Within her quarter and mine own precinct

I was employ'd in passing to and fro, About relieving of the sentinels: Then how or which way should they first break ın?

Puc. Question, my lords, no further of the case, How or which way; 'tis sure they found some

place But weakly guarded, where the breach was

made. And now there rests no other shift but this,-To gather our soldiers, scatter'd and dispers'd, And lay new platforms to endamage them.

Alarum. Enter an English Soldier, crying a Talbot! a Talbot! They fly, leaving their clothes behind.

Sold. I'll be so bold to take what they have left.

The cry of Talbot serves me for a sword, For I have loaden me with many spoils, Using no other weapon but his name.

Scene II .- Orleans. Within the Town.

Enter Talbot, Bedford, Burgundy, a Captain, and others.

Bed. The day begins to break and night is fled,

Whose pitchy mantle over-veil'd the earth. Here sound retreat, and cease our hot pursuit. [Retreat sounded.

Tal. Bring forth the body of old Salisbury, And here advance it in the market-place, The middle centre of this cursed town.

Now have I paid my vow unto his soul; For every drop of blood was drawn from him, There hath at least five Frenchmen died tonight.

And that hereafter ages may behold What ruin happen'd in revenge of him, Within their chiefest temple I'll erect A tomb, wherein his corpse shall be interr'd: Upon the which, that every one may read, Shall be engrav'd the sack of Orleans, The treacherous manner of his mournful death, And what a terror he had been to France. But, lords, in all our bloody massacre, I muse we meet not with the Dauphin's grace, His new-come champion, virtuous Joan of Arc, Nor any of his false confederates.

Bed. 'Tis thought, Lord Talbot, when the

fight began,

Rous'd on the sudden from their drowsy beds, They did, amongst the troops of armed men, Leap o'er the walls for refuge in the field.

Bur. Myself, -as far as I could well discern For smoke and dusky vapours of the night, Am sure I scar'd the Dauphin and his trull, When arm in arm they both came swiftly running,

Like to a pair of loving turtle-doves, That could not live asunder day or night. After that things are set in order here, We'll follow them with all the power we have.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. All hail, my lords! Which of this princely train
Call ye the warlike Talbot, for his acts

So much applauded through the realm of France?

Tal. Here is the Talbot: who would speak with him?

Mess. The virtuous lady, Countess of

Auvergne, With modesty admiring thy renown, By me entreats, great lord, thou wouldst vouch-

To visit her poor castle where she lies, That she may boast she hath beheld the man Whose glory fills the world with loud report.

Bur. Is it even so? Nay, then, I see our

WATS Will turn unto a peaceful comic sport, When ladies crave to be encounter'd with. You may not, my lord, despise her gentle suit.

Tal. Ne'er trust me then; for when a world of men

Could not prevail with all their oratory Yet hath a woman's kindness overrul'd:-And therefore tell her I return great thanks, And in submission will attend on her.— Will not your honours bear me company?

Bed. No, truly; it is more than manners will: And I have heard it said, unbidden guests Are often welcomest when they are gone.

Tal. Well then, alone, since there's no remedy,

I mean to prove this lady's courtesy. Come hither, captain. [Whispers.] You per-ceive my mind?

Cant. I do, my lord, and mean accordingly. Exeunt. SCENE III. - AUVERGNE. Court of the Castle. Enter the COUNTESS and her Porter.

Count. Porter, remember what I gave in charge: Ime.

And when you have done so, bring the keys to Port Madam, I will. Exit. Count. The plot is laid: if all things fall out right,

I shall as famous be by this exploit As Scythian Tomyris by Cyrus' death. Great is the rumor of this dreadful knight, And his achievements of no less account: Fain would mine eyes be witness with mine ears,

To give their censure of these rare reports.

Enter Messenger and TALBOT.

Mess Madam, According as your ladyship desir'd, By message crav'd, so is Lord Talbot come. Count. And he is welcome. What! is this the man?

Mess. Madam, it is.

Count Is this the scoure of France? Is this the Talbot, so much fear'd abroad That with his name the mothers still their babes?

I see report is fabulous and false: I thought I should have seen some Hercules A second Hector, for his grim aspect, And large proportion of his strong-knit limbs Alas, this is a child, a silly dwarf! It cannot be this weak and writhled shrimp

Should strike such terror to his enemies. Tal. Madam, I have been bold to trouble

you; But since your ladyship is not at lessure, I'll sort some other time to visit you. [Going. Count. What means he now?-Go ask him

whither he goes. Mess. Stay, my Lord Talbot; for my lady craves

To know the cause of your abrupt departure. Tal. Marry, for that she's in a wrong belief, I go to certify her Talbot's here.

Re-enter Porter with keys.

Count. If thou be he, then art thou prisoner. Tal. Prisoner! to whom?

To me, blood-thirsty lord; Count. And for that cause I train'd thee to my house. Long time thy shadow hath been thrall to me, For in my gallery thy picture hangs: But now the substance shall endure the like: And I will chain these legs and arms of thine. That hast by tyranny these many years

Wasted our country, slain our citizens, And sent our sons and husbands captivate.

Tal. Ha, ha, ha!

Count. Laughest thou, wretch? thy mirth shall turn to moan. Tal. I laugh to see your ladyship so fond

To think that you have aught but Talbot's shadow

Whereon to practise your severity.

Count. Why, art not thou the man? Tal. I am indeed. Count. Then have I substance too.

Tal. No, no, I am but shadow of myself: You are deceiv'd, my substance is not here; For what you see is but the smallest part And least proportion of humanity: I tell you, madam, were the whole frame here. It is of such a spacious lofty pitch,

Your roof were not sufficient to contain't.

Count. This is a riddling merchant for the

nonce: He will be here, and yet he is not here: How can these contrarieties agree?

Tal. That will I show you presently. [He winds a Horn. Drums heard; then a Peal of Ordnance. The Gates being forced, enter Soldiers.

How say you, madam? are you now persuaded That Talbot is but shadow of himself? These are his substance, sinews, arms, and strength,

With which he yoketh your rebellious necks, Razeth your cities, and subverts your towns, And in a moment makes them desolate.

Count. Victorious Talbot! pardon my abuse: I find thou art no less than fame hath bruited, And more than may be gather'd by thy shape. Let my presumption not provoke thy wrath; For I am sorry that with reverence I did not entertain thee as thou art.

Tal. Be not dismay'd, fair lady; nor misconstrue

The mind of Talbot as you did mistake The outward composition of his body. What have you done hath not offended me: No other satisfaction do I crave But only—with your patience—that we may Taste of your wine, and see what cates you have;

For soldiers' stomachs always serve them well. Count. With all my heart, and think me honoured

To feast so great a warrior in my house. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- London. The Temple Garden. Enter the Earls of Somerset, Suffolk, and WARWICK; RICHARD PLANTAGENET, VERNON, and another Lawyer.

Plan. Great lords and gentlemen, what In sign whereof I pluck a white rose too-means this silence? Plan. Now, Somerset, where is your

Dare no man answer in a case of truth?

Suf. Within the Temple-hall we were too loud:

The garden here is more convenient. Plan. Then say at once if I maintain'd the Or else was wrangling Somerset in the error? Suf. Faith, I have been a truant in the law,

And never yet could frame my will to it; And therefore frame the law unto my will.

Som. Judge you, my lord of Warwick, theh, (higher pitch; between us. War. Between two hawks, which flies the Between two dogs, which hath the deeper

mouth; [temper; Between two blades, which bears the better Between two horses, which doth bear him best; Between two girls, which hath the merriest

I have, perhaps, some shallow spirit of judgment:

But in these nice sharp quillets of the law, Good faith, I am no wiser than a daw. [ance: Plan. Tut, tut, here is a mannerly forbear-The truth appears so naked on my side That any purblind eye may find it out.

Som. And on my side it is so well apparell'd. So clear, so shining, and so evident,

That it will glimmer through a blind man's eye. Plan. Since you are tongue-tied and so loth to speak.

In dumb significants proclaim your thoughts: Let him that is a true-born gentleman, And stands upon the honour of his birth. If he suppose that I have pleaded truth From off this brier pluck a white rose with me.

Som. Let him that is no coward nor no flatterer,

But dare maintain the party of the truth, Pluck a red rose from off this thorn with me. War I love no colours; and, without all

colour

Of base instructing flattery, I pluck this white rose with Plantagenet. [set; Suf. I pluck this red rose with young Somer-And say withal, I think he held the right.

Ver. Stay, lords and gentlemen, and pluck no more

Till you conclude that he upon whose side The fewest roses are cropp'd from the tree Shall yield the other in the right opinion.

Som. Good Master Vernon, it is well obiected:

If I have fewest I subscribe in silence. Plan. And I.

Ver. Then, for the truth and plainness of the pluck this pale and maiden blossom here, Giving my verdict on the white rose side.

Som. Prick not your finger as you pluck it off, Lest, bleeding, you do paint the white rose red, And fall on my side so, against your will. Ver. If I, my lord, for my opinion bleed,

Opinion shall be surgeon to my hurt And keep me on the side where still I am. Som. Well, well, come on; who else?

Law. Unless my study and my books be false.

The argument you held was wrong in you; [To SOMERSET.

Plan. Now, Somerset, where is your argument?

Som. Here in my scabbard; meditating that Shall dve your white rose in a bloody red.

Plan. Meantime your cheeks do counterfeit our roses;

For pale they look with fear, as witnessing The truth on our side

Som. No. Plantagenet. 'Tis not for fear, but anger that thy cheeks Blush for pure shame to counterfeit our roses, And yet thy tongue will not confess thy error.

Plan. Hath not thy rose a canker, Somerset? Som. Hath not thy rose a thorn, Plantagenet? Plan. Ay, sharp and piercing, to maintain

his truth; Whiles thy consuming canker eats his false-

[bleeding roses, hood. Som. Well, I'll find friends to wear my That shall maintain what I have said is true,

Where false Plantagenet dare not be seen.

Plan. Now, by this maiden blossom in my hand,

I scorn thee and thy faction, peevish boy. Suf. Turn not thy scorns this way, Planta-

genet.

Plan. Proud Poole, I will; and scorn both him and thee.

Suf. I'll turn my part thereof into thy throat. Som. Away, away, good William De-la-Poole! We grace the yeoman by conversing with him. War. Now, by God's will, thou wrong'st hum, Somerset;

His grandfather was Lionel Duke of Clarence, Third son to the third Edward King of England Spring crestless yeomen from so deep a root? Plan. He bears him on the place's privilege,

Or durst not, for his craven heart, say thus. Som. By him that made me, I'll maintain

my words

On any plot of ground in Christendom. Was not thy father, Richard Earl of Cambridge, For treason executed in our late king's days? And by his treason stand'st not thou attainted, Corrupted, and exempt from ancient gentry? His trespass yet lives guilty in thy blood; And till thou be restor'd thou art a yeoman.

Plan. My father was attach'd, not attainted, Condemn'd to die for treason, but no traitor; And that I'll prove on better men than Somerset Were growing time once ripen'd to my will. For your partaker Poole, and you yourself, I'll note you in my book of memory, To scourge you for this apprehension:

Look to it well, and say you are well warn'd.

Som. Ay, thou shalt find us ready for thee still:

And know us by these colours for thy foes,-For these my friends, in spite of thee, shall

wear. Plan. And, by my soul, this pale and angry

As cognizance of my blood-drinking hate, Will I for ever, and my faction, wear, Until it wither with me to my grave, Or flourish to the height of my degree.

Suf. Go forward, and be chok'd with thy ambition! And so, farewell, until I meet thee next. [Exit.

Som. Have with thee, Poole.-Farewell, ambitious Richard.

Plan. How I am brav'd, and must perforce endure it!

War. This blot, that they object against your house.

Shall be wip'd out in the next Parliament, Call'd for the truce of Winchester and Gloster: And if thou be not then created York, I will not live to be accounted Warwick. Meantime, in signal of my love to thee. Against proud Somerset and William Poole, Will I upon thy party wear this rose: And here I prophesy,—This brawl to-day, Grown to this faction, in the Temple-garden Shall send, between the red rose and the white, A thousand souls to death and deadly night. Plan. Good Master Vernon, I am bound to you,

That you on my behalf would pluck a flower. Ver. In your behalf still will I wear the same. Law. And so will L.

Plan. Thanks, gentle sir. Come, let us four to dinner: I dare sav This quarrel will drink blood another day, Exeunt.

Scene V .- The same. A Room in the Tower.

Enter MORTIMER, brought in in a chair bu two Keepers.

Mor. Kind keepers of my weak decaying Let dving Mortimer here rest himself .-

Even like a man new-haled from the rack, So fare my limbs with long imprisonment And these gray locks, the pursuivants of death. Nestor-like aged, in an age of care, Argue the end of Edmund Mortimer. [spent .-These eyes,-like lamps whose wasting oil is Wax dim, as drawing to their exigent: [grief; Weak shoulders, overborne with burdening And pithless arms, like to a wither'd vine That droops his sapless branches to the ground. Yet are these feet, -whose strengthless stay is numb,

Unable to support this lump of clay,-Swift-winged with desire to get a grave, As witting I no other comfort have .-But tell me, keeper, will my nephew come?

1 Keep. Richard Plantagenet, my lord will

come:

We sent unto the Temple, to his chamber; And answer was return'd that he will come. Mor. Enough: my soul shall then be satisfied.

Poor gentleman! his wrong doth equal mine. Since Henry Monmouth first began to reign,-Before whose glory I was great in arms,-This loathsome sequestration have I had; And ever since then hath Richard been obscur'd.

Depriv'd of honour and inheritance. But now the arbitrator of despairs. Just death, kind umpire of men's miseries, With sweet enlargement doth dismiss me hence:

I would his troubles likewise were expir'd That so he might recover what was lost.

Enter RICHARD PLANTAGENET.

I Keep. My lord, your loving nephew now is come.

Mor. Richard Plantagenet, my friend, is he Plan. Ay, noble uncle, thus ignobly us'd. Your nephew, late-despised Richard, comes.

Mor. Direct mine arms I may embrace his neck,

And in his bosom spend my latter gasp: O, tell me when my lips do touch his cheeks, That I may kindly give one fainting kiss. And now declare, sweet stem from York's great stock,

Why didst thou say of late thou wert despis'd? Plan. First, lean thine aged back against mine arm;

And, in that ease, I'll tell thee my disease. This day, in argument upon a case, Some words there grew 'twixt Somerset and

me Among which terms he us'd his lavish tongue,

And did upbraid me with my father's death: Which obloquy set bars before my tongue, Else with the like I had requited him. Therefore, good uncle, for my father's sake, In honour of a true Plantagenet, And for alliance sake, declare the cause My father, Earl of Cambridge, lost his head. Mor. That cause, fair nephew, that im-

prison'd me, And hath detain'd me all my flowering youth Within a loathsome dungeon, there to pine, Was cursed instrument of his decease. Plan. Discover more at large what cause that

For I am ignorant, and cannot guess.

Mor. I will, if that my fading breath permit, And death approach not ere my tale be done. Henry the Fourth, grandfather to this king, Depos'd his nephew Richard,-Edward's son, The first-begotten, and the lawful heir Of Edward king, the third of that descent: During whose reign the Percies of the north, Finding his usurpation most unjust, Endeavour'd my advancement to the throne: The reason mov'd these warlike lords to this Was, for that,-young King Richard thus remov'd,

Leaving no heir begotten of his body,-I was the next by birth and parentage; For by my mother I derived am From Lionel Duke of Clarence, the third son To King Edward the Third; whereas he From John of Gaunt doth bring his pedigree, Being but fourth of that heroic line. But mark: as in this haughty great attempt They laboured to plant the rightful heir, I lost my liberty, and they their lives. Long after this, when Henry the Fifth, Succeeding his father Bolingbroke, did reign Thy father, Earl of Cambridge, then deriv'd From famous Edmund Langley, Duke of York, Marrying my sister, that thy mother was, Again, in pity of my hard distress, Levied an army, weening to redeem And have install'd me in the diadem: But, as the rest, so fell that noble earl, And was beheaded. Thus the Mortimers, In whom the title rested, were suppress'd.

Plan. Of which, my lord, your honour is

the last.

Mor. True; and thou seee'st that I no issue have,

And that my fainting words do warrant death: Thou art my heir; the rest I wish thee gather: But yet be wary in thy studious care.

Plan. Thy grave admonishments prevail with me:

But yet methinks my father's execution Was nothing less than bloody tyranny.

Mor. With silence, nephew, be thou politic; Strong-fixed is the house of Lancaster And, like a mountain, not to be remov'd But now thy uncle is removing hence; As princes do their courts, when they are cloy'd With long continuance in a settled place.

Plan. O uncle, would some part of my young years

Might but redeem the passage of your age! Mor. Thou dost then wrong me,—as the

slaughterer doth

Which giveth many wounds when one will kill.

Mourn not, except thou sorrow for my good: Only, give order for my funeral: And so, farewell; and fair be all thy hopes, And prosperous be thy life in peace and war! Dies.

Plan. And peace, no war, befall thy parting

In prison hast thou spent a pilgrimage, And like a hermit overpass'd thy days.— Well, I will lock his counsel in my breast; And what I do imagine, let that rest. Keepers, convey him hence; and I myself Will see his burnal better than his life.

[Exeunt Keepers, bearing out the body of Mor.

Here dies the dusky torch of Mortimer, Chok'd with ambition of the meaner sort:-And for those wrongs, those bitter injuries, Which Somerset hath offer'd to my house, I doubt not but with honour to redress; And therefore haste I to the Parliament, Either to be restored to my blood, Or make my ill the advantage of my good. Exit.

ACT III.

CENE L.—LONDON. The Parliament House. lourish. Enter King Henry, Exeter, Gloster, Warnick, Somerset, and Suffolks; the Bishop of Winchester, Richard Plantagenet, and others. Gloster offers to put up a bill; Winchester snatches SCENE L-LONDON. Flourish. it, and tears it.

Win. Com'st thou with deep premeditated

lines, With written pamphlets studiously devis'd, Humphrey of Gloster? If thou canst accuse, Or aught intend'st to lay unto my charge, Do it without invention, suddenly: As I with sudden and extemporal speecn Purpose to answer what thou canst object.

Glo. Presumptuous priest! this place com-

mands my patience, Or thou shouldst find thou hast dishonour'd me. Think not, although in writing I preferr'd The manner of thy vile outrageous crimes That therefore I have forg'd, or am not able Verbatim to rehearse the method of my pen: No, prelate; such is thy audacious wickedness, Thy lewd, pestiferous, and dissentious pranks, As very infants prattle of thy pride. Thou art a most pernicious usurer; Froward by nature, enemy to peace; Lascivious, wanton, more than well beseems A man of thy profession and degree; And for thy treachery, what's more manifest,-In that thou laid'st a trap to take my life, As well at London bridge as at the Tower? Beside, I fear me, if thy thoughts were sifted, The king, thy sovereign, is not quite exempt From envious malice of thy swelling heart.

Win. Gloster, I do defy thee.-Lords, vouchsafe To give me hearing what I shall reply. If I were covetous, ambitious, or perverse, As he will have me, how am I so poor? Or how haps it I seek not to advance

Or raise myself, but keep my wonted calling? And for dissension, who preferreth peace

More than I do, -except I be provok'd? No, my good lords, it is not that offends; It is not that that hath incens'd the duke: It is because no one should sway but he; No one but he should be about the king; And that engenders thunder in his breast, And makes him roar these accusations forth. But he shall know I am as good-As good!

Glo. Thou bastard of my grandfather!-

Win. Ay, lordly sir; for what are you, I pray, But one imperious in another's throne?

Glo. Am I not protector, saucy priest? Win. And am not I a prelate of the church? Glo. Yes, as an outlaw in a castle keeps, And useth it to patronage his theft.

Win. Unreverent Gloster!

Thou art reverent Touching thy spintual function, not thy life. Win. Rome shall remedy this.

War. Roam thither then. Som. My lord, it were your duty to forbear. War. Ay, see the bishop be not overborne. Som. Methinks my lord should be religious,

And know the office that belongs to such. War. Methinks his lordship should be

humbler.

It fitteth not a prelate so to plead. [near. Som. Yes, when his holy state is touch'd so War. State holy or unhallow'd, what of that? Is not his grace protector to the king? [tongue, Plan. Plantagenet, I see, must hold his Lest it be said, Speak, sirrah, when you should; Must your bold verdict enter talk with lords! Else would I have a fling at Winchester. [Aside.

K. Hen. Uncles of Gloster and of Winchester, The special watchmen of our English weal, I would prevail, if prayers might prevail, To join your hearts in love and amity. O, what a scandal is it to our crown That two such noble peers as ye should jar! Believe me, lords, my tender years can tell Civil dissension is a viperous worm That gnaws the bowels of the commonwealth. [A noise withm, "Down with the tawney coats,"

What tumult's this? An uproar, I dare warrant, Begun through malice of the bishop's men!

[A noise again, "Stones! Stones!"
Enter the Mayor of London, attended. May. O, my good lords,—and virtuous
Henry,—
Pity the city of London, pity us!

The bishop and the Duke of Gloster's men. Forbidden late to carry any weapon, Have fill'd their pockets full of pebble stones, And, banding themselves in contrary parts, Do pelt so fast at one another's pate,

That many have their giddy brains knock'd Our windows are broke down in every street, And we, for fear, compell'd to shut our shops.

Enter, skirmishing, the Retainers of GLOSTER and WINCHESTER, with bloody pates.

K. Hen. We charge you, on allegiance to ourself. [peace.-To hold your slaught'ring hands, and keep the Pray, uncle Gloster, mitigate this strife.

1 Serv. Nay, if we be Forbidden stones, we'll fall to it with our teeth. 2 Serv. Do what ye dare, we are as resolute.

[Skirmish again.

Glo. You of my household, leave this neevish broil.

And set this unaccustom'd fight aside. 3 Serv. My lord, we know your grace to be a

Just and upright; and for your royal birth Inferior to none but to his majesty: And ere that we will suffer such a prince, So kind a father of the commonweal, To be disgraced by an inkhorn mate, We, and our wives and children, all will fight. And have our bodies slaughter'd by the foes. 1 Serv. Ay, and the very parings of our nails Shall pitch a field when we are dead.

[Skirmish again.

Stay, stay, I say! And if you love me, as you say you do, Let me persuade you to forbear awhile.

K. Hen. O, how this discord doth afflict my soul!~ Can you, my Lord of Winchester, behold My sighs and tears, and will not once relent?

Who should be pitiful if you be not? Or who should study to prefer a peace, If holy churchmen take delight in broils?

War. Yield, my lord protector; -yield, Winchester:-

Except you mean, with obstinate repulse, To slay your sovereign and destroy the realm. You see what mischief, and what murder too. Hath been enacted through your enmity Then be at peace, except ye thirst for blood.

Win. He shall submit, or I will never yield.

Glo. Compassion on the king commands me

stoop;

Or I would see his heart out, ere the priest Should ever get that privilege of me.

War. Behold, my Lord of Winchester, the

duke Hath banish'd moody discontented fury,

As by his smoothed brows it doth appear: Why look you still so stern and tragical? Glo. Here, Winchester, I offer thee my hand.

K. Hen. Fie, uncle Beaufort! I have heard you preach

That malice was a great and grievous sin; And will not you maintain the thing you teach, But prove a chief offender in the same?

War. Sweet king!-the bishop hath a kindly gird.-

For shame, my Lord of Winchester, relent! What, shall a child instruct you what to do?

Win. Well, Duke of Gloster, I will yield to thee;

Love for thy love and hand for hand I give. Glo. Ay, but, I fear me, with a hollow heart.-See here, my friends and loving countrymen; This token serveth for a flag of truce Betwixt ourselves and all our followers: So help me God, as I dissemble not!

Win. So help me God, as I intend it not! Aside.

K. Hen. O loving uncle, kind Duke of Gloster. How joyful am I made by this contract!-

Away, my masters! trouble us no more; But join in friendship, as your lords have done.

I Serv. Content: I'll to the surgeon's.

And so will I. 2 Serv. 3 Serv. And I will see what physic the

tavern affords.

[Exeunt Servants, Mayor, &c. War. Accept this scroll, most gracious sovereign;

Which in the right of Richard Plantagenet

We do exhibit to your majesty.

Glo. Well urg'd my Lord of Warwick;—for,

sweet prince. An if your grace mark every circumstance, You have great reason to do Richard right;

Especially for those occasions At Eltham Place I told your majesty. [force: K. Hen. And those occasions, uncle, were of Therefore, my loving lords, our pleasure is

That Richard be restored to his blood. War. Let Richard be restored to his blood; So shall his father's wrongs be recompens'd.

Win. As will the rest, so willeth Winchester. K. Hen. If Richard will be true, not that alone,

But all the whole inheritance I give That doth belong unto the house of York, From whence you spring by lineal descent. Plan. Thy humble servant vows obedience

And humble service till the point of death. K. Hen. Stoop, then, and set your knee against my foot;

And in reguerdon of that duty done I girt thee with the valiant sword of York: Rise, Richard, like a true Plantagenet, And rise created princely Duke of York. [fall!

Plan. And so thrive Richard as thy foes may And as my duty springs, so perish they That grudge one thought against your majesty! All. Welcome, high prince, the mighty Duke

of York!

Som. Perish, base prince, ignoble Duke of

Glo. Now will it best avail your majesty To cross the seas, and to be crown'd in France: The presence of a king engenders love Amongst his subjects and his loyal friends, As it disanimates his enemies.

K. Hen. When Gloster says the word, King Henry goes;

For friendly counsel cuts off many foes. Glo. Your ships already are in readiness. Flourish. Exeunt all but EXETER. Exe. Ay, we may march in England or in France,

Not seeing what is likely to ensue. This late dissension grown betwirt the peers Burns under feigned ashes of forg'd love, And will at last break out into a flame: As fester'd members rot but by degree, Till bones and flesh and sinews fall away, So will this base and envious discord breed. And now I fear that fatal prophecy Which in the time of Henry named the Fifth Was in the mouth of every sucking babe, That Henry born at Monmouth should win all, And Henry born at Windsor should lose all: Which is so plain that Exeter doth wish His days may finish ere that hapless time.

[Exit.

Scene II .- France. Before Rouen.

Enter LA PUCELLE disguised, and Soldiers dressed like Countrymen, with sacks upon their backs.

Puc. These are the city-gates, the gates of Through which our policy must make a breach:

Take heed, be wary how you place your words; Talk like the vulgar sort of market-men That come to gather money for their corn. If we have entrance,—as I hope we shall, And that we find the slothful watch but weak, I'll by a sign give notice to our friends,

That Charles the Dauphin may encounter them. I Sold. Our sacks shall be a mean to sack

the city, And we be lords and rulers over Rouen;

Therefore we'll knock. Knocks. Guard. [Within.] Qui est là!

Puc. Paysans, pauvres gens de France,— Poor market-folks that come to sell their corn. Guard. [Opening the gates.] Enter, go in; the

market-bell is rung.

Puc. Now, Rouen, I'll shake thy bulwarks to the ground.
[LA PUCELLE, &c., enter the Town.

Enter CHARLES, BASTARD OF ORLEANS. ALENCON, and Forces.

Char. Saint Denis bless this happy stratagem! And once again we'll sleep secure in Rouen. Bast. Here enter'd Pucelle and her practis-

ants; Now she is there, how will she specify

Where is the best and safest passage in? Alen. By thrusting out a torch from yonder tower; Which, once, discern'd, shows that her meaning

No way to that, for weakness, which she enter'd. Enter LA PUCELLE, on a battlement, holding

out a torch burning. Puc. Behold, this is the happy wedding-torch

That joineth Rouen unto her countrymen, But burning fatal to the Talbotites.

Bast. See, noble Charles, the beacon of our friend:

The burning torch in yonder turret stands. Char. Now shine it like a comet of revenge,

A prophet to the fall of all our foes! Alen. Defer no time, delays have dangerous

ends; Enter, and cry The Dauphin, presently, And then do execution on the watch.

They enter. Exit LA PUCELLE above.

Alarum. Enter, from the Town, TALBOT and English Soldiers.

Tal. France, thou shalt rue this treason with thy tears,

If Talbot but survive thy treachery .-Pucelle, that witch, that damned sorceress, Hath wrought this hellish mischief unawares, That hardly we escap'd the pride of France. Exeunt into the Town. Alarum: excursions. Enter, from the Town, BEDFORD, brought in sick in a chair, with TALBOT, BURGUNDY, and the English Forces. Then enter on the walls LA PUCELLE, CHARLES, BASTARD, ALENÇON, and others.

Puc. Good-morrow, gallants! want ye corn for bread?

I think the Duke of Burgundy will fast Before he'll buy again at such a rate: 'Twas full of darnel; -do you like the taste? Bur. Scoff on, vile fiend and shameless cour-

tezan!

I trust ere long to choke thee with thine own, And make thee curse the harvest of that corn. Char. Your grace may starve, perhaps, be-

[treason! fore that time. Bed. O let no words, but deeds, revenge this Puc. What will you do, good gray-beard?

break a lance, And run a tilt at death within a chair?

Tal. Foul fiend of France, and bag of all despite.

Encompass'd with thy lustful paramours! Becomes it thee to taunt his valiant age, And twit with cowardice a man half dead? Damsel, I'll have a bout with you again, Or else let Talbot perish with this shame.

Puc. Are you so hot, sir?—Yet, Pucelle, hold thy peace;
If Talbot do but thunder, rain will follow. TALBOT and the rest consult together.

God speed the parliament! who shall be the speaker? Tal. Dare ye come forth and meet us in the

Puc. Belike your lordship takes us then for fools,

To try if that our own be ours or no. Tal. I speak not to that railing Hecate, But unto thee, Alencon, and the rest; Will ye, like soldiers, come and fight it out? Alen. Signior, no. [France!

hang!-base multeers Tal. Signior, Like peasant foot-boys do they keep the walls, And dare not take up arms like gentlemen.

Puc. Away, captain! let's get us from the walls:

For Talbot means no goodness, by his looks.—God b'wi' you, my lord! we came but to tell you That we are here.

[Exeunt LA Puc., &c., from the walls Tal. And there will we be too, ere it be long Or else reproach be Talbot's greatest fame!-Vow, Burgundy, by honour of thy house,-Prick' on by public wrongs sustain'd in

France, Either to get the town again or die; And I,—as sure as English Henry lives, And as his father here was conqueror; As sure as in this late-betrayed town Great Cœur-de-lion's heart was buried,-So sure I swear to get the town or die. [vows.

Bur. My vows are equal partners with thy Tal. But ere we go, regard this dying prince, The valiant Duke of Bedford.—Come, my lord, We will bestow you in some better place, Fitter for sickness and for crazy age.

Bed. Lord Talbot, do not so dishonour me: Here will I sit before the walls of Rouen, And will be partner of your weal or woe.

Bur. Courageous Bedford, let us now persuade you.

Bed. Not to be gone from hence; for once I read

That stout Pendragon, in his litter, sick Came to the field, and vanquished his foes: Methinks I should revive the soldier's hearts, Because I ever found them as myself.

Tal. Undaunted spirit in a dying breast!-Then be it so:-heavens keep old Bedford safe!-And now no more ado, brave Burgundy. But gather we our forces out of hand, And set upon our boasting enemy.

Exeunt into the Town, BUR., TAL., and Forces, leaving BED, and others.

Alarum: excursions. Enter SIR JOHN FASTOLFE, and a Captain.

Cab. Whither away, Sir John Fastolfe, in such haste? flight: Fast. Whither away! to save myself by We are like to have the overthrow again. [bot?

Cap. What! will you fly, and leave Lord Tal-Fast. All the Talbots in the world, to save my life.

Exit. Cap. Cowardly knight! ill fortune follow Exit into the Town.

Retreat: excursions. Re-enter, from the town, LA PUCELLE, ALENÇON, CHARLES, &c., LA PUCELLE, ALENCON, and exeunt flying.

Bed. Now, quiet soul, depart when heaven please,

For I have seen our enemies' overthrow. What is the trust or strength of foolish man? They that of late were daring with their scoffs Are glad and fain by flight to save themselves. Dies, and is carried off in his chair.

Alarum. Re-enter TALBOT, BURGUNDY, and others.

Tal. Lost and recover'd in a day again? This is a double honour, Burgundy; Yet heavens have glory for this victory! Bur. Warlike and martial Talbot, Burgundy Enshrines thee in his heart; and there erects

Thy noble deeds, as valour's monuments. Tal. Thanks, gentle duke. But where is Pucelle now?

I think her old familiar is asleep: Now where's the Bastard's braves, and Charles his gleeks? grief

What, all a-mort? Rouen hangs her head for That such a valiant company are fled. Now will we take some order in the town, Placing therein some expert officers; And then depart to Paris to the king.

For there young Harry with his nobles lie. Bur. What wills Lord Talbot pleaseth Burgundy.

Tal. But yet, before we go, let's not forget The noble Duke of Bedford, late deceas'd, But see his exeguies fulfill'd in Rouen: A braver soldier never couched lance. A gentler heart did never sway in court; But kings and mightiest potentates must die, For that's the end of human misery. [Excunt. Scene III .- The Plains near Rouen.

Enter Charles, the Bastard, Alençon, La Pucelle, and Forces.

Puc. Dismay not, princes, at this accident, Norgreve that Rouen is so recovered: Care is no cure, but rather corrosive, For things that are not to be remedied. Let frantic Talbot triumph for awhile, And like a peacock sweep along his tail; We'll pull his plumes and take away his train, if Dauphin and the rest will be but rul'd.

Char. We have been guided by thee hitherto, And of thy cunning had no diffidence: One sudden foil shall never breed distrust.

Bast. Search out thy wit for secret policies, And we will make thee famous through the world.

Alen. We'll set thy statue in some holy place, And have thee reverenc'd like a blessed saint Employ thee, then, sweet virgin, for our good. Puc. Then thus it must be; this doth Joan

devise:
By fair persuasions, mix'd with sugar'd words,
We will entice the Duke of Burgundy
To leave the Talbot and to follow us. [that.

To leave the Tailot and to follow us. (that, Char. Ay, marry, sweeting, if we could do France were no place for Henry's warriors; Nor should that nation boast it so with us, But be extriped from our provinces.

Alen. For ever should they be expuls'd from France,

And not have title of an earldom here.

Puc. Your honours shall perceive how I will work

To bring this matter to the wished ena.

[Drums heard Hark! by the sound of drum you may perceive Their powers are marching unto Paris-ward.

An English March. Enter, and pass over at a distance, TALBOT and his Forces.

There goes the Talbot, with his colours spread, And all the troops of English after him.

A French March. Enter the DUKE OF BURGUNDY and his Forces.

Now in the rearward comes the duke and his: Fortune in favour makes him lag behind. Summon a parley; we will talk with him.

[A parley sounded. Char. A parley with the Duke of Burgundy! Bur. Who craves a parley with the Burgundy? Puc: The princely Charles of France, thy countryman.

Bur. What say'st thou, Charles? for I am marching hence.

Char. Speak, Pucelle, and enchant him with thy words. [France! Puc. Brave Burgundy, undoubted hope of

Stay, let thy humble handmaid speak to thee. Bur. Speak on; but be not over-tedious. Puc. Look on thy country, look on fertile

France,

And see the cities and the towns defac'd

By wasting ruin of the cruel foe! As looks the mother on her lovely babe When death doth close his tender dying eyes, See, see the pining malady of France; Behold the wounds, the most unnatural wounds Which thou thyself hast given her woeful breast!

O, turn thy edged sword another way; Strike those that hurt, and hurt not those that

help! [bosom
One drop of blood drawn from thy country's
Should grieve thee more than streams of

Should grieve thee more than streams of foreign gore:

Return thee, therefore, with a nood of tears,

And wash away thy country's stained spots.

Bur. Either she hath bewitch'd me with her words,

Or nature makes me suddenly relent.

Puc. Besides, all French and France exclaims on thee,

Doubting thy birth and lawful progeny.
Who join'st thou with but with a lordly nation
That will not trust thee but for profit's sake?
When Talbot hath set footing once in France,
And fashion'd thee that instrument of ill.
Who then but English Henry will be lord,
And thou be thrust out like a fugitive?

And thou be thrust out like a rugitive?

Call we to mind,—and mark but this for proof,—

Was not the Duke of Orleans thy foe?
And was he not in England prisoner?
But when they heard he was thine enemy,
They set him free, without his ransom paid,
In spite of Burgundy and all his friends.
See, then, thou fight'st against thy countrymen,
And join'st with them will be thy slaughter-men.
Come, come, return; return, thou wand'ning

Charles and the rest will take thee in their arms.

Bur. I am van quished; these haughty words of hers

Have batter'd me like roaring cannon-shot, And made me almost yield upon my knees.— Forgive me, country, and sweet countrymen! And, lords, accept this hearty kind embrace: My forces and my power of men are yours: So, farewell, Talbot; I'll no longer trust thee.

Puc. Done like a Frenchman,—turn, and turn again!

Char. Welcome, brave duke! thy friendship makes us fresh. [breasts.

Bast. And doth beget new courage in our Alen. Pucelle hath bravely play'd her part in this,

And doth deserve a coronet of gold.

Char. Now let us on, my lords, and join our powers;

And seek how we may prejudice the foe.

Scene IV .- Paris. A Room in the Palace.

Enter King Henry, Gloster, and other Lords, Vernon, Basset, &c To them Talbot and some of his Officers.

Tal. My gracious prince,—and honourable peers,—

Hearing of your arrival in this realm, I have awhile given truce unto my wars,

To do my duty to my sovereign: In sign whereof, this arm,—that hath reclaim'd

To your obedience fifty fortresses, Twelve cines, and seven walled towns of strength, Beside five hundred prisoners of esteem,— Lets fail his sword before your highness' feet, And with submissive loyalty of heart Ascribes the glory of his conquest got First to my God and next unto your grace. K. Hen. Is this the Lord Talbot, uncle

K. Hen. Is this the Lord Talbot, unc

That hath so long been resident in France?

Glo. Yes, if it please your majesty, my liege.

K. Hen. Welcome, brave captain and victorious lord!

When I was young,—as yet I am not old,—
I do remember how my father said
A stouter champion never handled sword.
Long since we were resolved of your truth,
Your faithful service, and your tool in war;
Yet never have you tasted our reward,
Or been reguerdon'd with so much as thanks,
Because till now we never saw your face:
Therefore, stand up; and for these good deserts
We here create you Earl of Shrewsbury;
And in our coronation take your place.

[Exeunt K. Hen., Glo., Tal., and Nobles. Ver. Now, sur, to you, that were so hot at sea.

Disgracing of these colours that I wear In honour of my noble Lord of York,— Dar'st thou maintain the former words thou spak'st?

Bas. Yes, sir; as well as you dare patronage
The envious barking of your saucy tongue
Against my lord the Duke of Somerset.
Ver. Sirrah, thy lord I honour as he is.

Bas. Why, what is he? as good a man as

York.

Ver. Hark ye; not so: in witness, take ye that.

[Strikes him.

Bas. Villain, thou know'st the law of arms is such

That whose draws a sword 'tis present death,
Or else this blow should broach thy dearest
blood.

But I'll unto his majesty, and crave I may have liberty to venge this wrong; When thou shalt see I'll meet thee to thy cost. Ver. Well, miscreant, I'll be there as soon

And, after, meet you sooner than you would. [Exeunt.

as you:

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Paris. A Room of State.

Enter King Henry, Gloster, Exeter, York Suffolk, Somerset, Winchester, Warwick, Talbot, the Governor of Paris, and others.

Clo. Lord bishop, set the crown upon his head.

Win. God save King Henry, of that name the sixth!

Glo. Now, governor of Paris, take your oath,— [Governor kneels.

That you elect no other king but him;

That you elect no other king but him; Esteem none friends but such as are his friends And none your foes but such as shall pretend Malicious practices against his state: This shall ye do, so help you righteous God!

[Exeunt. Gov. and his Train.

Enter SIR JOHN FASTOLFE.

Fast. My gracious sovereign, as I rode from Calais,

To haste unto your coronation,

A letter was deliver'd to my hands,
Writ to your grace from the Duke of Burgundy.
Tal. Shame to the Duke of Burgundy and
thee! [next,

I vow'd, base knight, when I did meet thee
To tear the garter from thy craven's leg,—
[Plucking it off.

Which I have done,—because unworthily Thou wast installed in that high degree.— Pardon me, princely Henry, and the rest: This dastard, at the battle of Patay, When but in all I was sur thousand strong, And that the French were almost ten to one,—Before we met, or that a stroke was given, Like to a trusty squire, did run away: In which assault we lost twelve hundred men Myself, and divers gentlemen beside, Were there surpris'd and taken prisoners. Then judge, great lords, if I have done amiss; Or whether that such cowards ought to wear This ornament of knighhood, yea or no.

And ill beseeming any common man,
Much more a knight, a captain, and a leader.

Tal. When first this order was ordain'd, my lords,

Knights of the garter were of noble birth, Valiant and virtuous, full of haughty courage, Such as were grown to credit by the wars; Not fearing death nor shrinking for distress, But always resolute in most extremes. He, then, that is not furnish'd in this sort Doth but usurp the sacred name of knight, Profaung this most honourable order, And should,—if I were worthy to be judge,—Be quite degraded, like a hedge-born swain That doth presume to boast of gentle blood. K. Hen. Stain to thy countrymen, thou

K. Hen. Stain to thy countrymen, thou hear'st thy doom!

Be packing, therefore, thou that wast a knight: Henceforth we banish thee, on pain of death. [Exit FASTOLFE.

And now, my lord protector, view the letter Sent from our uncle Duke of Burgundy. Glo. What means his grace, that he hath

Glo. What means his grace, that he hath chang'd his style?

[Viewing the superscription. No more but, plain and bluntly, To the King! Hath he forgot he is his sovereign? Or doth this churlish superscription Pretend some alteration in good-will?

Pretend some alteration in good-will?
What's here?—[Reads]—I have, upon especial cause,—
Mov'd with compassion of my country's wreck,

Together with the pitiful complaints
Of such as your oppression feeds upon,—
Forsaken your pernicious faction, [France.
And join'd with Charles, the rightful King of
O monstrous treachery! Can this be so,—
That in alliance, amity, and oaths,

There should be found such false dissembling guile? [revolt?

K. Hen. What! doth my uncle Burgundy Glo. He doth, my lord; and is become your foe. K. Hen. Is that the worst this letter doth contain?

Glo. It is the worst, and all, my lord, he writes. [talk with him, K. Hen. Why, then, Lord Talbot there shall And give him chastisement for this abuse:—

How say you, my lord, are you not content?

Tal. Content, my hege! yes; but that I am prevented, [plov'd.

I should have begg'd I might have been em-K. Hen. Then gather strength, and march unto him straight:

Let him perceive how ill we brook his treason, And what offence it is to flout his friends. Tal. I go, my lord; in heart desiring still

You may behold confusion of your foes. [Exit.

Enter VERNON and BASSET.

Ver. Grant me the combat, gracious sovereign! [too!

Bas. And me, my lord, grant me the combat York. This is my servant: hear flim, noble prince! [him!

Som. And this is mine: sweet Henry, favour K. Hen. Be patient, lords; and give them leave to speak.—

Say, gentlemen, what makes you thus exclaim?

And wherefore crave you combat? or with whom? [wrong.

Ver. With him, my lord; for he hath done me Bas. And I with him; for he hath done me wrong. [complain? K. Hen. What is that wrong whereof you both

First let me know, and then I'll answer you.

Bas. Crossing the sea from England into
France,

This fellow here, with envious carping tongue, Upbraided me about the rose I wear; Saying the sangume colour of the leaves Did represent my master's blushing cheeks When stubboruly he did repugn the truth About a certain question in the law Argu'd betwirt the Duke of York and him; With other vile and ignominious terms: In confutation of which rude reproach, And in defence of my lord's worthiness, I crave the benefit of law of arms. Ver. And that is my petition, noble lord:

For though he seem with forged quaint conceit To set a gloss upon his bold intent, Yet know, my lord, I was provok'd by him; And he first took exceptions at this badge, Pronouncing that the paleness of this flower Bewray'd the faintness of my master's heart. York, Will not this malker Someres the left?

York. Will not this malice, Somerset, be left?
Som. Your private grudge, my Lord of York,
will out.

Though ne'er so cunningly you smother it.

K. Hen. Good Lord, what madness rules in brainsick men.

When for so slight and fitvolous a cause Such factious emulations shall arise!—
Good cousins both, of York and Somerset,
Quiet yourselves, I pray, and be at peace.
York. Let this dissension first be trued by

fight,
And then your highness shall command a peace.
Som. The quarrel toucheth none but us

alone; Betwixt ourselves let us decide it then. York. There is my pledge; accept it, Somerset.

Ver. Nay, let it rest where it began at first.

Bas. Confirm it so, mine honourable lord.

Glo. Confirm it so! Confounded be your strife!

And perish ye, with your audacious prate! Presumptuous vassals, are you not asham'd With this immodest clamorous outrage To trouble and disturb the king and us?—And you, my lords,—methinks you do not well To bear with their perverse objections; Much less to take occasion from their mouths To raise a mutiny betwirt yourselves:

Let me persuade you take a better course.

Exe. It grieves his highness:—good my lords,
be friends. [combatants:

K. Hen. Come hither, you that would be Henceforth I charge you, as you love our favour, Quite to forget this quarrel and the cause .-And you, my lords, remember where we are; In France, amongst a fickle wavening nation: If they perceive dissension in our looks, And that within ourselves we disagree, How will their grudging stomachs be provok'd To wilful disobedience, and rebel! Beside, what infamy will there arise, When foreign princes shall be certified That for a toy, a thing of no regard, King Henry's peers and chief nobility [France! Destroy'd themselves and lost the realm of O, think upon the conquest of my father; My tender years; and let us not forego That for a trifle that was bought with blood! Let me be umpire in this doubtful strife. I see no reason, if I wear this rose. Putting on a red rose.

That any one should therefore be suspicious I more inchne to Somerset than York:

Both are my knsmen, and I love them both:
As well they may upbraid me with my crown,
Because, forsooth, the King of Scots is crown'd.
But your discretions better can persuade
Than I am able to instruct or teach:
And therefore, as we hither came in peace,
So let us still continue peace and love.—
Cousin of York, we institute your grace
To be our regent in these parts of France:—
And, good my Lord of Somerset, unite
Your troops of horsemen with his bands of
foot;

And like true subjects, sons of your progenitors, Go cheerfully together, and digest Your angry choler on your enemies. Ourself, my lord protector, and the rest, After some respite, will return to Calas; From thence to England; where I hope ere long To be presented, by your victories,

With Charles, Alençon, and that traitorous rout.

[Flourish. Exeunt K. Hen., Glo.,
SOM., Win., Suf., and Bas.

War. My Lord of York, I promise you, the

Prettily, methought, did play the orator.

York. And so he did; but yet I like it not,

In that he wears the badge of Somerset.

War. Tush, that was but his fancy, blame him

not;
I dare presume, sweet prince, he thought no harm.

York. An if I wist he did,—but let it rest; Other affairs must now be managed. [Exeunt YORK, WAR., and Ver.

Exe. Well didst thou, Richard, to suppress thy voice:

For had the passions of thy heart burst out,
I fear we should have seen decipher'd there
More rancorous spite, more furious raging
broils,

Than yet can be imagin'd or suppos'd.
But howsoe'er, no simple man that sees
This jarring discord of nobility.
This shouldering of each other in the court,
This factions bandying of their favourites,
But that it doth presage some ill event.
'This much when sceptres are in children's
hands:

But more when envy breeds unkind division; There comes the rum, there begins confusion. [Exit.

Scene II .- France. Before Bourdeaux.

Enter TALBOT, with his Forces.

Tal. Go to the gates of Bourdeaux, trumpeter.

Summon their general unto the wall.

Trumpet sounds a parley. Enter, on the walls, the General of the French Forces, and others.

English John Talbot, captains, calls you forth, Servant in arms to Harry King of England; And thus he would,—Open your city gates; Be humble to us; call my sovereign yours, And do him homage as obedient subjects; And I'll withdraw me and my bloody power: But if you frown upon this proffer'd peace You tempt the fury of my three attendants, Leanfamine, quartering steel, and climbing fire; Who, in a moment, even with the earth Shall lay your stately and air—braving towers, If you forsake the offer of their love.

Gen. Thou ominous and fearful owl of death, Our nation's terror and their bloody scourge! The period of thy tyrany approacheth. On us thou canst not enter but by death; For, I protest, we are well fortified And strong enough to issue out and fight: If thou retire, the Dauphin, well appointed, Stands with the snares of war to tangle thee: On either hand thee there are squadrons pitch'd To wall thee from the liberty of flight; And no way canst thou turn thee for redress But death doth front thee with apparent spoil, And pale destruction meets thee in the face. Ten thousand French have ta'en the sacrament, To rive their dangerous artillery Upon no Christian soul but English Talbot. Lo, there thou stand'st, a breathing valiant man, Of an invincible unconquer'd spirit! This is the latest glory of thy praise That I, thy enemy, due thee withal; For ere the glass that now begins to run Finish the process of his sandy hour. These eyes, that see thee now well coloured. Shall see thee wither'd, bloody, pale, and dead. Drum afar off.

Hark! hark! the Dauphin's drum, a warning bell,

Sings heavy music to thy timorous soul;
And mine shall ring thy dire departure out.

[Exeunt General, &c. from the Walls

Tal. He fables not; I hear the enemy:—
Out, some light horsemen, and peruse their
wings.—

O, negligent and heedless discipline!
How are we park'd and bounded in a pale,—
A little herd of England's timorous deer,
Maz'd with a yelping kennel of French curs!
If we be English deer, be, then, in blood;
Not rascal-like to fall down with a pinch,
But rather, moody-mad and desperate stags,
Turn on the bloody hounds with heads of steel,
And make the cowards stand aloof at bay:
Sell every man his life as dear as mine,
And they shall find dear deer of us, my

friends.— [right, God and Saint George, Talbot and Englands' Prosper our colours in this dangerous fight! [Exeunt.

Scene III .- Plains in Gasconu.

Enter YORK, with Forces; to him a Messenger.

York. Are not the speedy scouts return'd

again,
That dogg'd the mighty army of the Dauphin?
Mess. They are return'd, my lord; and give

it out
That he is march'd to Bordeaux with his power,
To fight with Talbot: as he march'd along,
By your espials were discovered
Two mighther troops than that the Dauphin led,

Which join'd with him, and made their march for Bourdeaux.

York. A plague upon that villain Somerset, That thus delays my promised supply of horsemen, that were levied for this siege! Renowned Talbot doth expect my aid; And I am louted by a traitor villain, And cannot help the noble chevalier: God comfort him in this necessity! It he miscarry, farewell wars in France.

Enter SIR WILLIAM LUCY.

Lucy. Thou princely leader of our English strength,
Never so needful on the earth of France,
Spur to the rescue of the nobie Talbot,
Who now is girdled with a waist of iron,
And henim'd about with grim desruction:
To Bourdeaux, warlike duke! to Bordeaux,

York! [honour. Else, farewell Talbot, France, and England's York. O God, that Somerset,—who in proud heart

Doth stop my cornets,—were in Talbot's place!
So should we save a valiant gentleman
By forefeiting a traitor and a coward.
Mad ire and wrathful fury makes me weep,
That thus we die, while remiss traitors sleep.
Lucy. O, send some succour to the distress'd

lord!

York. He dies, we lose; I break my warlike word;

We mourn, France smiles; we lose, they daily get;

All 'long of this vile traitor Somerset.

Lucy. Then God take mercy on brave Talbot's soul;

And on his son, young John, who two hours Swearing that you withhold his levied horse, since Collected for this expedition.

I met in travel toward his warlike father! This seven years did not Talbot see his son; And now they meet where both their lives are done.

York. Alas, what joy shall noble Talbot have To bid his young son welcome to his grave? Away! vexation almost stops my breath. That sunder'd friends greet in the hour of death.

Lucy, farewell: no more my fortune can, But curse the cause I cannot aid the man. Maine, Blois, Poictiers, and Tours are won Within six hours they will be at his aid. away,

'Long all of Somerset and his delay.

[Exit, with Forces. Lucy. Thus, while the vulture of sedition Feeds in the bosom of such great commanders, Sleeping neglection doth betray to loss The conquest of our scarce-cold conqueror, That ever-hving man of memory, Henry the Fifth: - whiles they each other cross, Lives, honours, lands, and all, hurry to loss.

Scene IV .- Other Plains of Gascony.

Enter Somerset, with his Forces; an Officer of TALBOT'S with him.

Som. It is too late; I cannot send them now: This expedition was by York and Talbot Too rashly plotted; all our general force Might with a sally of the very town Be buckled with: the over-daring Talbot Hath sullied all his gloss of former honour By this unheedful, desperate, wild adventure: York set him on to fight and die in shame, That, Talbot dead, great York might bear the

name. Off. Here is Sir William Lucy, who with me Set from our o'er-matched forces forth for aid.

Enter SIR WILLIAM LUCY.

Som. How now, Sir William! whither were you sent? Lucy. Whither, my lord! from bought and

sold Lord Talbot; Who, ring'd about with bold adversity, Cries out for noble York and Somerset, To beat assailing death from his weak legions: And whiles the honourable captain there Drops bloody sweat from his war-wearied

limbs, And, in advantage lingering, looks for rescue You, his false hopes, the trust of England's

honour, Keep off aloof with worthless emulation. Let not your private discord keep away The levied succours that should lend him aid, While he, renowned noble gentleman, Yields up his life unto a world of odds: Orleans the Bastard, Charles, Burgundy, Alencon, Reignier, compass him about, And Talbot perisheth by your default.

Som. York set him on, York should have

sent him aid.

Lucy. And York as fast upon your grace exclaims;

Som. York hes; he might have sent and had the horse:

I owe him little duty and less love;

And take foul scorn to fawn on him by sending.

Lucy. The fraud of England, not the force of France.

Hath now entrapp'd the noble-minded Talbot: Never to England shall he bear his life; But dies betray'd to fortune by your strife.

Som. Come, go; I will despatch the horse-men straight:

Lucy. Too late comes rescue; he is ta'en or For fly he could not, if he would have fled;

And fly would Talbot never, though he might. Som. If he be dead, brave Talbot, then, adieu!

Lucy. His fame lives in the world, his shame in vou. Exeunt.

SCENE V .- The English Camp near Bourdeaux. Enter Talbot and John his Son.

Tal. O young John Talbot! I did send for thee To tutor thee in stratagems of war, That Talbot's name might be in thee reviv'd When sapless age and weak unable hmbs Should bring thy father to his drooping chair. But,—O malignant and ill-boding stars!— Now thou art come unto a feast of death A terrible and unavoided danger: horse: Therefore, dear boy, mount on my swiftest And I'll direct thee how thou shalt escape By sudden flight: come, dally not, begone. John. Is my name Talbot? and am I your

son? And shall I fly? O, if you love my mother, Dishonour not her honourable name, To make a bastard and a slave of me! The world will say, he is not Talbot's blood

That basely fled when noble Talbot stood. Tal. Fly to revenge my death, if I be slain. John. He that flies so will ne'er return again. Tal. If we both stay we both are sure to die. John. Then let me stay; and, father, do you

Your loss is great, so your regard should be; My worth unknown, no loss is known in me. Upon my death the French can little boast; In yours they will, in you all hopes are lost. Flight cannot stain the honour you have won; But mine it will, that no exploit have done; You fled for vantage, every one will swear; But if I bow, they'll say it was for fear. There is no hope that ever I will stay. If the first hour I shrink and run away. Here, on my knee, I beg mortality,
Rather than life preserv'd with infamy.

Tal. Shall all thy mother's hopes lie in one

tomb? [womb. John. Ay, rather than I'll shame my mother's Tal. Upon my blessing I command thee go. John. To fight I will, but not to fly the foe. Tal. Part of thy father may be sav'd in thee. John. No part of him but will be shame in 'Tis but the short'ning of my life one day:

John. Yes, your renowned name: shall flight abuse it?

Tal. Thy father's charge shall clear thee from that stain.

John. You cannot witness for me, being slain. If death be so apparent, then both fly.

Tal. And leave my followers here to fight and die?

My age was never tainted with such shame. John. And shall my youth be guilty of such

No more can I be sever'd from your side Than can yourself yourself in twain divide: Stay, go, do what you will, the like do I; For live I will not if my father die. Tal. Then here I take my leave of thee, fair

Born to eclipse thy life this afternoon. Come, side by side together live and die; And soul with soul from France to heaven fly. Exeunt.

Scene VI.-A Field of Battle.

Alarum: excursions wherein Talbot's Son is hemmed about, and TALBOT rescues him.

Tal. Saint George and victory! fight, soldiers, fight:

The regent hath with Talbot broke his word, And left us to the rag of France his sword. Where is John Talbot?—pause, and take thy breath;

I gave thee life and rescu'd thee from death. John. O, twice my father, twice am I thy son! The life thou gav'st me first was lost and done, Till with thy warlike sword, despite of fate,

To my determin'd time thou gav'st new date. Tal. When from the Dauphin's crest thy sword struck fire,

It warm'd thy father's heart with proud desire Of bold-fac'd victory. Then leaden age, Quicken'd with youthful spleen and warlike

rage, Beat down Alencon, Orleans, Burgundy, And from the pride of Gallia rescu'd thee The ireful bastard Orleans, -that drew blood From thee, my boy, and had the maidenhood Of thy first fight,—I soon encountered, And, interchanging blows, I quickly shed Some of his bastard blood; and, in disgrace, Bespoke him thus, -Contaminated, base, And misbegotten blood I spill of thine, Mean and right poor, for that pure blood of mine

Which thou didst force from Talbot, my brave boy:-

Here, purposing the Bastard to destroy, [care,-Came in strong rescue. Speak, thy father's Art thou not weary, John? how dost thou fare? Wilt thou yet leave the battle, boy, and fly, Now thou art seal'd the son of chivalry? Fly, to revenge my death when I am dead: The help of one stands me in little stead, O, too much folly is it, well I wot, To hazard all our lives in one small boat! If I to-day die not with Frenchmen's rage, To-morrow I shall die with mickle age: By me they nothing gain an if I stay,-

me. [lose it. In thee thy mother dies, our household's name, Tal. Thou never hadst renown, nor canst not My death's revenge, thy youth, and England's fame:

All these, and more, we hazard by thy stay; All these are sav'd if thou wit fly away.

John. The sword of Orleans hath not made me smart;

These words of yours draw life-blood from my On that advantage, bought with such a shame.-To save a paitry life, and slay bright fame,-Before young Talbot from old Talbot fly, The coward horse that bears me fall and die! And like me to the peasant boys of France; To be shame's scorn, and subject of mischance! Surely, by all the glory you have won, An if I fly, I am not Talbot's son: Then talk no more of flight, it is no boot; If son to Talbot, die at Talbot's foot.

Tal. Then follow thou thy desperate sire of Thou Icarus; thy life to me is sweet: If thou wilt fight, fight by thy father's side; And, commendable prov'd, let's die in pride.

[Exeunt.

Scene VII .- Another part of the same.

Alarum: excursions. Enter TALBOT wounded. supported by a Servant.

Tal. Where is my other life?-mine own is gone:-[John?where's young Talbot? where is valiant Triumphant death, smear'd with captivity Young Talbot's valour makes me smile at

thee: When he perceiv'd me shrink and on my knee, His bloody sword he brandish'd over me, And like a hungry lion did commence Rough deeds of rage and stern impatience; But when my angry guardant stood alone, Tendering my ruin, and assail'd of none, Dizzy-ey'd fury and great rage of heart Suddenly made him from my side to start Into the clustering battle of the French; And in that sea of blood my boy did drench His overmounting spirit; and there died My Icarus, my blossom, in his pride. [borne! Serv. O my dear lord! lo where your son is

Enter Soldiers, bearing the body of John TALBOT.

Tal. Thou antic death, which laugh'st us here to scorn,

Anon, from thy insulting tyranny. Coupled in bonds of perpetuity, Two Talbots, winged through the lither sky, In thy despite, shall 'scape mortality. O thou whose wounds become hard-favour'd death.

Speak to thy father ere thou yield thy breath! Brave death by speaking, whether he will or no; Imagine him a Frenchman and thy foe.— Poor boy! he smiles, methinks, as who should [to-day.-

Had death been French, then death had died Come, come, and lay him in his father's arms: My spirit can no longer bear these harms. Soldiers, adieu! I have what I would have, Now my old arms are young Talbot's grave.

Dies.

Alarums. Exeunt Soldiers and Servant, leav- It would amaze the proudest of you all. ing the two bodies. Enter Charles, Alencon, Burgundy, Bastard, La Pucelle and Forces.

Char. Had York and Somerset brought rescue in,

We should have found a bloody day of this. Bast. How the young whelp of Talbot's, raging-wood,

Did flesh his puny sword in Frenchmen's blood! Puc. Once I encounter'd him, and thus I said, Thou maiden youth, be vanquish'd by a maid: But, with a proud majestical scorn, He answer'd thus, Young Talbot was not born To be the pillage of a giglot wench:

So, rushing in the bowels of the French, He left me proudly, as unworthy fight. Bur. Doubtless he would have made a noble

knight:-See where he lies inhersed in the arms Of the most bloody nurser of his harms!

Bast. Hew them to pieces, hack their bones asunder,

Whose life was England's glory, Gallia's wonder. Char. O, no; forbear! for that which we have fled

During the life, let us not wrong it dead.

Enter SIR WILLIAM LUCY, attended: a French Herald preceding.

Lucy. Herald, Conduct me to the Dauphin's tent, to know Who hath obtain'd the glory of the day,

Char. On what submissive message art thou sent? Lucy. Submission, Dauphin! 'tis a mere

French word; We English warriors wot not what it means. I come to know what prisoners thou hast ta'en,

And to survey the bodies of the dead. Char. For prisoners ask'st thou? hell our prison is.

But tell me whom thou seek'st. ffield, Lucy. But where's the great Alcides of the Valiant Lord Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury, Created, for his rare success in arms, [ence; Grant Earl of Washford, Waterford, and Val-Lord Talbot of Goodrig and Urchinfield, Lord Strange of Blackmere, Lord Verdun of

Alton Sheffield, Lord Cromwell of Wingfield, Lord Furnival of That thrice victorious Lord of Falconbridge; Knight of the noble order of Saint George, Worthy Saint Michael, and the Golden Fleece; Great Marshal to Henry the Sixth Of all his wars within the realm of France?

Puc. Here is a silly-stately style indeed! The Turk, that two-and-fifty kingdoms hath, Writes not so tedious a style as this. Him that thou magnifiest with all these titles, Stinking and fly-blown, lies here at our feet. Lucy. Is Talbot slain,-the Frenchmen's

only scourge, Your kingdom's terror and black Nemesis? O were mine eye-balls into bullets turn'd

That I, in rage, might shoot them at your faces! O that I could but call these dead to life! It were enough to fright the realm of France: Were but his picture left among you here,

Give me their bodies, that I may bear them hence,

And give them burial as beseems their worth. Puc. I think this upstart is old Talbot's

ghost, He speaks with such a proud commanding spirit. here,

For God's sake, let him have 'em; to keep them They would but stink, and putrefy the air. Char. Go, take their bodies hence.

Lucy. I'll bear them hence: But from their ashes shall be rear'd A phoenix that shall make all France afeard.

Char. So we be rid of them, do with 'em what thou wilt.-

And now to Paris in this conquering vein: All will be ours, now bloody Talbot's slain. Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I .- London. A Room in the Palace. Enter KING HENRY, GLOSTER, and EXETER.

K. Hen. Have you perus'd the letters from the pope

The emperor, and the Earl of Armagnac? Glo. I have, my lord: and their intent is this.

They humbly sue unto your excellence To have a godly peace concluded of Between the realms of England and of France. K. Hen. How doth your grace affect their

motion? Glo. Well, my good lord; and as the only To stop effusion of our Christian blood, And stablish quietness on every side. [thought

K. Hen. Ay, marry, uncle; for I always It was both impious and unnatural That such immanity and bloody strife

Should reign among processors of one faith. Glo. Beside, my lord, the sooner to effect And surer bind this knot of amity

The Earl of Armagnac,—near knit to Charles, A man of great authority in France,— Proffers his only daughter to your grace

In marriage, with a large and sumptuous dowry.

K. Hen. Marriage, uncle! alas, my years are young;

And fitter is my study and my books Than wanton dalliance with a paramour. Yet, call the ambassadors; and as you please, So let them have their answers every one: I shall be well content with any choice Tends to God's glory and my country's weal.

Enter a Legate and two Ambassadors, with WINCHESTER, now CARDINAL BEAUFORT, in a Cardinal's habit.

Exe. What! is my Lord of Winchester install'd. And call'd unto a cardinal's degree? Then I perceive that will be verified

Henry the Fifth did sometime prophesy,-If once he come to be a cardinal He'll make his cap co-equal with the crown.

K. Hen. My lords ambassadors, your several suits

Have been consider'd and debated on. Your purpose is both good and reasonable; And therefore are we certainly resolv'd To draw conditions of a friendly peace; Which by my Lord of Winchester we mean Shall be transported presently to France.

Glo. And for the proffer of my lord your master,

I have inform'd his highness so at large, As, liking of the lady's virtuous gifts, Her beauty, and the value of her dower, He doth intend she shall be England's queen. K. Hen. In argument and proof of which contract,

Bear her this jewel [to the Amb.], pledge of my affection .-

And so, my lord protector, see them guarded And safely brought to Dover; where, inshipp'd, Commit them to the fortune of the sea. [Exeunt K. HEN., GLO., Exe., and

Ambassadors. Win. Stay, my lord legate: you shall first

receive The sum of money which I promised Should be delivered to his holiness For clothing me in these grave ornaments. Leg. I will attend upon your lordship's

Exit. Win. Now Winchester will not submit, I trow,

Or be inferior to the proudest peer. Humphrey of Gloster, thou shalt well perceive That neither in birth or for authority The bishop will be overborne by thee: I'll either make thee stoop and bend thy knee, Or sack this country with a mutiny. Exit.

Scene II .- France. Plains in Anjou.

PUCELLE, and Forces, marching.

drooping spirits:
'Tis said the stout Parisians do revolt, And turn again unto the warlike French. Alen. Then march to Paris, royal Charles of

France, And keep not back your powers in dalliance. Puc. Peace be amongst them if they turn to

Else ruin combat with their palaces!

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Success unto our valiant general, And happiness to his accomplices!

Char. What tidings send our scouts? I pr'ythee, speak.

Mess. The English army, that divided was Into two parts, is now conjoin'd in one. And means to give you battle presently. lis:

Char. Somewhat too sudden, sirs, the warning But we will presently provide for them. Bur. I trust the ghost of Talbot is not there:

Now he is gone, my lord, you need not fear.

Puc. Of all base passions fear is most accurs'd:-

Command the conquest, Charles, it shall be Let Henry fret and all the world repine.

Char. Then on, my lords; and France be fortunate! Exeunt. Scene III .- The same. Before Angiers. Alarums: excursions. Enter LA PUCELLE.

Puc. The regent conquers and the Frenchmen fly,-

Now help, ye charming spells and periapts; And ye choice spirits that admonish me, And give me signs of future accidents.-You speedy helpers, that are substitutes Under the lordly monarch of the north, Appear, and aid me in this enterprise!

Thunder. Enter Frends.

This speedy and quick appearance argues proof Of your accustom'd diligence to me

Now, ye familiar spirits that are cull'd Out of the powerful legions under earth, Help me this once, that France may get the field. [They walk about and speak not.

O, hold me not with silence over-long! Where I was wont to feed you with my blood I'll lop a member off and give it you, In earnest of a further benefit. So you do condescend to help me now

They hang their heads. No hope to have redress?—My body shall

Pay recompense if you will grant my suit. They shake their heads. Cannot my body nor blood sacrifice

Entreat you to your wonted furtherance? Then take my soul,—my body, soul, and all, Before that England give the French the foil. [They depart.

See! they forsake me. Now the time is come That France must vail her lofty-plumed crest, And let her head fall into England's lap. My ancient incantations are too weak, And hell too strong for me to buckle with: Enter CHARLES, BURGUNDY, ALENCON, LA Now, France, thy glory droopeth to the dust

Char. These news, my lords, may cheer our drooping spirits:

Alarums. Enter French and English, fighting. LA PUCELLE and YORK fight hand to hand: LA PUCELLE is taken. The French fly.

York. Damsel of France, I think I have you fast:

Unchain your spirits now with spelling chains, And try if they can gain your liberty.— A goodly prize, fit for the devil's grace!

See how the ugly witch doth bend her brows, As if, with Circe, she would change my shape! Puc. Chang'd to a worser shape thou canst

York. O, Charles the Dauphin is a proper No shape but his can please your dainty eye.

Puc. A plaguing mischief light on Charles

and thee! And may ye both be suddenly surpris'd

By bloody hands, in sleeping on your beds! York. Fell, banning hag; enchantress, hold [while. thy tongue!

Puc. I prythee, give me leave to curse a-York. Curse, miscreant, when thou comest to the stake. Exeunt.

Alarums. Enter SUFFOLK, leading in LADY MARGARET.

Suf. Be what thou wilt, thou art my prisoner. [Gazes on her.

O fairest beauty, do not fear nor fiv! For I will touch thee but with reverent hands. And lay them gently on thy tender side. [kiss these fingers for eternal peace.

[Kissing her hand. Who art thou? say, that I may honour thee. king

The King of Naples-whosoe'er thou art. Suf. An earl I am, and Suffolk am I call'd. Be not offended, nature's miracle, Thou art allotted to be ta'en by me So doth the swan her downy cygnets save, Keeping them prisoners underneath her wings. Yet, if this servile usage once offend,

Go, and be free again as Suffolk's friend.
[She turns away as going. O, stay!-I have no power to let her pass; My hand would free her, but my heart says no. As plays the sun upon the glassy streams, Twinkling another counterfeited beam, So seems this gorgeous beauty to mine eyes. Fain would I woo her, yet I dare not speak: I'll call for pen and ink, and write my mind: Fie, De-la-Poole! disable not thyself; Hast not a tongue? is she not here thy prisoner? Wilt thou be daunted at a woman's sight? Ay, beauty's princely majesty is such, [rough. Confounds the tongue, and makes the senses Mar. Say, Earl of Suffolk,-if thy name be 50,-

What ransom must I pay before I pass? For I perceive I am thy prisoner. Sut Suf. How canst thou tell she will deny thy Before thou make a trial of her love? [Aside. Mar. Why speak'st thou not? what ransom must I pay?

Suf. She's beautiful, and therefore to be woo'd;

She is a woman, therefore to be won. [Aside. Mar. Wilt thou accept of ransom-yea or no? Suf. Fond man, remember that thou hast a

Then how can Margaret be thy paramour? Aside.

Mar. I were best leave him, for he will not hear.

Suf. There all is marr'd; there lies a cooling card.

Mar. He talks at random; sure, the man is mad.

Suf. And yet a dispensation may be had. Aside.

Mar. And yet I would that you would an-[whom? swer me.

Suf. I'll win this Lady Margaret. For Why, for my king: tush, that's a wooden thing! Aside.

Mar. He talks of wood: it is some carpenter. Suf. Yet so my fancy may be satisfied, And peace established between these realms. But there remains a scruple in that too For though her father be the King of Naples, Duke of Anjou and Maine, yet is he pcor, And our nobility will scorn the match. [Aside.

Mar. Hear ye, captain,-are ye not at leisure?

Suf. It shall be so, disdain they ne'er so Henry is youthful, and will quickly yield.

Madam, I have a secret to reveal [a knight, Mar. What though I be enthrall'd? he seems And will not any way dishonour me. nd will not any way dishonour me. [Aside. Suf. Lady, vouchsafe to listen what I say.

Mar. Perhaps I shall be rescued by the French:

Mar. Margaret my name, and daughter to a And then I need not crave his courtesy. [Aside. Suf. Sweet madam, give me hearing in a

cause Mar. Tush! women have been captivate ere now. Aside.

Suf. Lady, wherefore talk you so?

Mar. I cry you mercy, 'tis but quid for quo. Suf. Say, gentle princess, would you not suppose

Your bondage happy, to be made a queen? Mar. To be a queen in bondage is more vile Than is a slave in base servility;

For princes should be free. Suf.And so shall you, If happy England's royal king be free. [me? Mar. Why, what concerns his freedom unto

Suf. I'll undertake to make thee Henry's queen;

To put a golden sceptre in thy hand, And set a precious crown upon thy head, If thou wilt condescend to be my-What? Mar.

Suf. His love. Mar. I am unworthy to be Henry's wife. Suf. No, gentle madam; I unworthy am To woo so fair a dame to be his wife And have no portion in the choice myself.

How say you, madam,—are you so content? Mar. An if my father please, I am content. Suf. Then call our captains and our colours forth!-Troops come forward. And, madam, at your father's castle-walls

A Parley sounded. Enter REIGNIER on the Walls.

We'll crave a parley, to confer with him.

Suf. See, Reignier, see, thy daughter prisoner!

Reig. To whom? Suf. To me. Reig. Suffolk, what remedy?

I am a soldier, and unapt to weep

Or to exclaim on fortune's fickleness. Suf. Yes, there is remedy enough, my lord: Consent,-and for thy honour give consent,-Thy daughter shall be wedded to my king; Whom I with pain have woo'd and won thereto; And this her easy-held imprisonment

Hath gain'd thy daughter princely liberty. Reig. Speaks Suffolk as he thinks? Suf. Fair Margaret knows

That Suffolk doth not flatter, face, or feign. Reig. Upon thy princely warrant I descend, To give thee answer of thy just demand.

[Exit REIGNIER from the Walls. Suf. And here I will expect thy coming.

Trumpets sound. Enter REIGNIER below.

Reig. Welcome, brave earl, into our territories:

Command in Anjou what your honour pleases. Suf. Thanks, Reignier, happy for so sweet a child.

Fit to be made companion with a king. What answer makes your grace unto my suit? Reig. Since thou dost deign to woo her little

To be the princely bride of such a lord, Upon condition I may quietly Enjoy mine own, the county Maine and Anjou, Free from oppression or the stroke of war, My daughter shall be Henry's, if he please. Suf. That is her ransom,—I deliver her;

And those two counties I will undertake Your grace shall well and quietly enjoy.

Reig. And I again, in Henry's royal name, As deputy unto that gracious king, Give thee her hand, for sign of plighted faith. Suf. Reigner of France, I give thee kingly

thanks, Because this is in traffic of a king: And yet, methinks, I could be well content

To be mine own attorney in this case. [Aside. I'll over, then, to England with this news, And make this marriage to be solemniz'd.

So, farewell, Reignier: set this diamond safe In golden palaces, as it becomes.

Reig. I do embrace thee as I would embrace The Christian prince, King Henry, were he here. [and prayers

Mar. Farewell, my lord: good wishes, praise, Shall Suffolk ever have of Margaret. [Going. Suf. Farewell, sweet madam: but hark you, Margaret,-

No princely commendations to my king? Mar. Such commendations as become a maid,

A virgin, and his servant, say to him. Suf. Words sweetly plac'd and modestly directed.

But, madam, I must trouble you again,-No loving token to his majesty? lheart. Mar. Yes, my good lord, -a pure unspotted

Never yet taint with love, I send the king. Suf. And this withal. Kisses her. Mar. That for thyself:-I will not so presume To send such peevish tokens to a king.

Exeunt REIG., and MAR. Suf. O, wert thou for myself!-But, Suffolk,

stay; Thou mayst not wander in that labyrinth: There Minotaurs and ugly treasons lurk. Solicit Henry with her wondrous praise: Bethink thee on her virtues that surmount, And natural graces that extinguish art: Repeat their semblance often on the seas, That when thou com'st to kneel at Henry's feet Thou mayst bereave him of his wits with wonder. Exit.

SCENE IV .- Camp of the DUKE OF YORK in Anjou.

Enter YORK, WARWICK, and others.

York. Bring forth that sorceress, condemn'd to burn.

Enter LA PUCELLE, guarded, and a Shepherd.

Shep. Ah, Joan, this kills thy father's heart outright!

Have I sought every country far and near, And now it is my chance to find thee out

Must I behold thy timeless cruel death? Ah, Joan, sweet daughter Joan, I'll die with thee!

Puc Decrepit miser! base ignoble wretch! I am descended of a gentler blood; Thou art no father nor no friend of mine.

Shep. Out, out!—My lords, an please you, 'tis not so,

I did beget her, all the parish knows: Her mother hveth yet, can testify

She was the first fruit of my bachelorship. War. Graceless, wilt thou deny thy parentage? been,-

York. This argues what her kind of life hath Wicked and vile; and so her death concludes. Shep. Fie, Joan, that thou wilt be so obstacle!

God knows thou art a collop of my flesh; And for thy sake have I shed many a tear: Deny me not, I pr'ythee, gentle Joan.

Puc. Peasant, avaunt!—You have suborn'd

this man,

Of purpose to obscure my noble birth

Shep. 'Tis true, I gave a noble to the priest The morn that I was wedded to her mother.-Kneel down and take my blessing, good my girl. Wilt thou not stoop? Now cursed be the time Of thy nativity! I would the milk [breast Thy mother gave thee when thou suck'dst her Had been a little ratsbane for thy sake! Or else, when thou didst keep my lambs a-field, I wish some ravenous wolf had eaten thee! Dost thou deny thy father, cursed drab? O, burn her, burn her! hanging is too good.

Exit. York. Take her away; for she hath liv'd too long,

To fill the world with vicious qualities. Puc. First let me tell you whom you have condemn'd:

Not me begotten of a shepherd swain, But issu'd from the progeny of kings; Virtuous and holy; chosen from above, By inspiration of celestial grace, To work exceeding miracles on earth. I never had to do with wicked spirits: But you,—that are polluted with your lusts, Stain'd with the guiltless blood of innocents, Corrupt and tainted with a thousand vices,-Because you want the grace that others have, You judge it straight a thing impossible To compass wonders but by help of devils. No, misconceived! Joan of Arc hath been A virgin from her tender infancy, Chaste and immaculate in very thought: Whose maiden blood, thus rigorously effus'd, Will cry for vengeance at the gates of heaven.

York. Ay, ay:—away with her to execution! War. And hark ye, sirs; because she is a maid,

Spare for no fagots, let there be enow: Place barrels of pitch upon the fatal stake, That so her torture may be shortened.

Puc. Will nothing turn your unrelenting hearts?

Then, Joan, discover thine infirmity, That warranteth by law to be thy privilege.-I am with child, ye bloody homicides: Murder not, then, the fruit within my womb, Although ye hale me to a violent death.

York. Now heaven forfend! the holy maid We come to be informed by yourselves with child! [wrought: War. The greatest miracle that e'er ye

Is all your strict preciseness come to this? York. She and the Dauphin have been

juggling:

I did imagine what would be her refuge. [live: War. Well, go to; we will have no bastards Especially since Charles must father it. [his: Puc. You are deceiv'd; my child is none of It was Alençon that enjoy'd my love.

York. Alencon! that notorious Machiavel!

It dies, an if it had a thousand lives. Puc. O, give me leave, I have deluded you: 'Twas neither Charles nor yet the duke I nam'd, But Reigner, King of Naples, that prevail'd. War. A married man! that's most intoler-

able. York. Why, here's a girl!-I think she

knows not well-

There were so many-whom she may accuse. War. It's sign she hath been liberal and free.

York. And yet, forsooth, she is a virgin Strumpet, thy words condemn thy brat and thee:

Use no entreaty, for it is in vain.

Puc. Then lead me hence; -with whom I leave my curse:

May never glorious sun reflex his beams Upon the country where you make abode; But darkness and the gloomy shade of death Environ you, till mischief and despair Drive you to break your necks or hang your-

[Exit, guarded selves! York. Break thou in pieces and consume to ashes.

Thou foul accursed minister of hell!

Enter CARDINAL BEAUFORT, attended.

Car. Lord regent, I do greet your excellence With letters of commission from the king. For know, my lords, the states of Christendom, Mov'd with remorse of these outrageous broils, Have earnestly implor'd a general peace Betwixt our nation and the aspiring French; And here at hand the Dauphin and his train

Approacheth, to confer about some matter.

York. Is all our travail turn'd to this effect? After the slaughter of so many peers, So many captains, gentlemen, and soldiers, That in this quarrel have been overthrown, And sold their bodies for their country's benefit, Shall we at last conclude effeminate peace? Have we not lost most part of all the towns, By treason, falsehood, and by treachery, Our great progenitors had conquered?— O Warwick, Warwick! I forsee with grief The utter loss of all the realm of France. War. Be patient, York: if we conclude a

peace. nants It shall be with such strict and severe cove-As little shall the Frenchmen gain thereby.

Enter Charles, attended; Alençon, BASTARD, REIGNIER, and others.

Char. Since, lords of England, it is thus agreed That peaceful truce shall be proclaim'd in

What the conditions of that league must be. York. Speak, Winchester; for boiling choler chokes

The hollow passage of my prison'd voice, By sight of these our baleful enemies. Car. Charles, and the rest, it is enacted thus: That in regard King Henry gives consent, Of mere compassion and of lenity, To ease your country of distressful war,

And suffer you to breathe in fruitful peace, You shall become true liegemen to his crown: And, Charles, upon condition thou wilt swear To pay him tubute and submit thyself, Thou shalt be plac'd as viceroy under him, And still enjoy thy regal dignity. self?

Alen. Must he be, then, as shadow of him-Adorn his temples with a coronet, And yet, in substance and authority Retain but privilege of a private man? This proffer is absurd and reasonless. [sess'd Char. 'Tis known already that I am pos-With more than half the Gallian territories, And therein reverenc'd for their lawful king: Shall I, for lucre of the rest unvanquish'd, Detract so much from that prerogative As to be call'd but viceroy of the whole? No, lord ambassador; I'll rather keep That when I have than, coveting for more,

Be cast from possibility of all. means York. Insuling Charles! hast thou by secret Us'd intercession to obtain a league, And now the matter grows to compromise Stand'st thou aloof upon comparison? Either accept the title thou usurp'st, Of benefit proceeding from our king, And not of any challenge of desert, Or we will plague thee with incessant wars.

Reig. My lord, you do not well in obstinacy

To cavil in the course of this contract: If once it be neglected, ten to one We shall not find like opportunity.

Alen. To say the truth, it is your policy

To save your subjects from such massacre And ruthless slaughters as are daily seen By our proceeding in hostility; And therefore take this compact of a truce,

Although you break it when your pleasure serves. [Aside to CHARLES. War. How say'st thou, Charles? shall our condition stand?

Char. It shall; Only reserv'd, you claim no interest In any of our towns of garrison.

York. Then swear allegiance to his majesty, As thou art knight, never to disobey Nor be rebellious to the crown of England, Thou, nor thy pobles, to the crown of England.

[CHARLES and the rest give tokens of fealty. So, now dismiss your army when ye please; Hang up your ensigns, let your drums be still, For here we entertain a solemn peace.

Scene V.—London. A Room in the Palace.

Enter King Henry, in conference with SUFFOLK; GLOSTER and EXETER following.

K. Hen. Your wondrous rare description, noble earl,

Of beauteous Margaret hath astonish'd me: Her virtues, graced with external gifts, Do breed love's settled passions in my heart: And like as rigour of tempestuous gusts Provokes the mightiest hulk against the tide, So am I driven, by breath of her renown, Either to suffer shipwreck or arrive ftale

Where I may have fruition of her love. Suf. Tush, my good lord,—this superficial And is a pattern of celestial peace.

Is but a preface of her worthy praise:

The chief perfections of that lovely dame,—

king, Had I sufficient skill to utter them,-Would make a volume of enticing lines, Able to ravish any dull concert: And, which is more, she is not so divine, So full-replete with choice of all delights, But, with as humble lowliness of mind, She is content to be at your command; Command, I mean, of virtuous chaste intents, To love and honour Henry as her lord.

K. Hen. And otherwise will Henry ne'er presume.

Therefore, my lord protector, give consent That Margaret may be England's royal queen. Glo. So should I give consent to flatter sin.

You know, my lord, your highness is betroth'd Unto another lady of esteem: [tract, [tract, How shall we, then, dispense with that con-And not deface your honour with reproach?

Suf. As doth a ruler with unlawful oaths; Or one that, at a triumph having vow'd To try his strength, forsaketh yet the lists By reason of his adversary's odds: A poor earl's daughter is unequal odds, And therefore may be broke without offence.

Glo. Why, what, I pray, is Margaret more than that?

Her father is no better than an earl, Although in glorious titles he excel. Suf. Yes, my lord, her father is a king,

The King of Naples and Jerusalem; And of such great authority in France As his alliance will confirm our peace. And keep the Frenchmen in allegiance. Glo. And so the Earl of Armagnac may do.

Because he is near kinsman unto Charles. Exc. Beside, his wealth doth warrant a liberal dower;

While Reignier sooner will receive than give. Suf. A dower, my lords! disgrace not so your king.

That he should be so abject, base, and poor, To choose for wealth, and not for perfect love. Henry is able to enrich his queen, And not to seek a queen to make him rich: So worthless peasants bargain for their wives, As market-men for oxen, sheep, or horse. Marriage is a matter of more worth Than to be dealt in by attorneyship:

Not whom we will, but whom his grace affects. Must be companion of his nuptial bed: And therefore, lords, since he affects her most, It most of all these reasons bindeth us In our opinions she should be preferr'd. For what is wedlock forced but a hell. An age of discord and continual strife? Whereas the contrary bringeth bliss, Whom should we match with Henry, being a

But Margaret, that is daughter to a king? Her peerless feature, joined with her birth, Approves her fit for none but for a king: Her valient courage and undaunted spirit,-More than in women commonly is seen .-Will answer our hope in issue of a king; For Henry, son unto a conqueror, Is likely to beget more conquerors, If with a lady of so high resolve As is fair Margaret he be link'd in love. Then yield, my lords; and here conclude with That Margaret shall be queen, and none but she.

K. Hen. Whether it be through force of your

report, My noble Lord of Suffolk, or for that My tender youth was never yet attaint With any passion of inflaming love, I cannot tell; but this I am assur'd, I feel such sharp dissension in my breast, Such fierce alarums both of hope and fear, As I am sick with working of my thoughts. Take therefore shipping; post, my lord, to

France; Agree to any covenants; and procure That Lady Margaret do vouchsafe to come To cross the seas to England, and be crown'd King Henry's faithful and anointed oueen: For your expenses and sufficient charge, Among the people gather up a tenth. Be gone, I say; for, till you do return, I rest perplexed with a thousand cares. And you, good uncle, banish all offence: If you do censure me by what you were, Not what you are, I know it will excuse This sudden execution of my will. And so, conduct me where, from company

I may revolve and ruminate my grief. [Exit. Glo. Ay, grief, I fear me, both at first and last. [Exeunt GLOSTER and EXETER. Suf. Thus Suffolk hath prevail'd; and thus

he goes. As did the youthful Paris once to Greece. With hope to find the like event in love, But prosper better than the Trojan did. Margaret shall now be queen, and rule the king; But I will rule both her, the king, and realm.

SECOND PART OF KING HENRY VI

PERSONS REPRESENTED

KING HENRY THE SIXTH. HUMPHREY, Duke of Gloster, his Uncle. CARDINAL BEAUFORT, Bishop of Winchester, Great-Uncle to the KING. RICHARD PLANTAGENET, Duke of York. EDWARD and RICHARD, his Sons. DUKE OF SOMERSET, DUKE OF SUFFOLK, of the KING'S DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM, party. LORD CLIFFORD, YOUNG CLIFFORD, his Son, EARL OF SALISBURY, of the York faction. LORD SCALES, Governor of the Tower. LORD SAY. SIR HUMPHREY STAFFORD. WILLIAM STAFFORD, his Brother. SIR JOHN STANLEY. A Sea Captain, Master, and Master's Mate, and Walter Whitmore. Two Gentlemen, Prisoners with SUFFOLK. VAUX.

BOLINGEROKE, a Conjuror.
A Spirit raised by him.
THOMAS HORNER, an Armourer.
PETER, his Man.
Clerk of Chatham.
Mayor of Saint Alban's.
SIMPCOX, an Impostor.
Two Murderers.
JACK CADE, a Rebel.
GEORGE, JOHN, DICK, SMITH the Weaver,
MICHAEL, & c., his followers.
ALEXANDER IDER, a Kentish Gentleman.

HUME and SOUTHWELL, two Priests.

MARGARET. Queen to KING HENRY. ELEANOR, Duchess of Gloster. MARGERY JOURDAIN, a Witch. Wife to SIMPCOX.

Lords, Ladies, and Attendants; Petitioners, Aldermen, a Beadle, Sherifi, and Officers; Citizens, Prentices, Falconers, Guards, Soldiers, Messengers, &c.

Scene,-Dispersedly in various parts of England.

ACT I.

A Herald.

Scene I.—London. A Room of State in the Castle.

Flourish of trumpets: then hautboys. Enter, on one side, King Henry, Duke of Gloster, Salisbury, Warwick, and Cardinal Beaufort; on the other, Queen Margaret, led in by Suffolk; York, Somerset, Buckingham, and others, following.

Suf. As by your high imperial majesty I had in charge at my depart for France, As procurator to your excellence, To marry Princess Margaret for your grace; So, in the famous ancient cuty Tours, In presence of the Kings of France and Sicil, The Dukes of Orleans, Calaber, Bretagne, and

Alencon,
Seven earls, twelve barons, and twenty reverend bishops,
I have perform'd my task, and was espous'd:

And humbly now, upon my bended knee, In sight of England and her lordly peers, Deliver up my title in the queen To your most gracious hands, that are the sub- To see her coronation be perform'd Of that great shadow I did represent; The happiest gift that ever marquis gave, The fairest queen that ever king receiv'd.

K. Hen. Suffolk, arise.-Welcome, Queen Margaret:

I can express no kinder sign of love Than this kind kiss -O Lord, that lends me Lend me a heart replete with thankfulness! For thou hast given me, in this beauteous face, A world of earthly blessings to my soul, If sympathy of love unite our thoughts.

O. Mar. Great King of England, and my

gracious lord, The mutual conference that my mind hath had, By day, by night, waking and in my dreams, In courtly company or at my beads, With you, mine alder-liefest sovereign, Makes me the bolder to salute my king With ruder terms, such as my wit affords speech,

And over-joy of heart doth minister. speech, K. Hen. Her sight did ravish; but her grace in Her words y-clad with wisdom's majesty, Makes me from wondering fall to weeping joys; Such is the fulness of my heart's content. Lords, with one cheerful voice welcome my love

All. [Kneeling.] Long live Queen Margaret,

England's happiness!

O. Mar. We thank you all. Flourish. Suf. Mylord protector, soit please your grace, Here are the articles of contracted peace Between our sovereign and the French King Charles,

For eighteen months concluded by consent. Glo. [Reads.] Imprimis, It is agreed between The French King Charles and William De-la-Poole, Marquess of Suffolk, ambassador for Henry King of England, that the said Henry shall espouse the Lady Margaret, daughter unto Reignier King of Naples, Sicilia, and Jerusalem; and crown her Queen of England ere the thirtieth of May next ensuing.—Item,—That the duchy of Anjou and the county of Maine shall be released and delivered to the king her father,-

K. Hen. Uncle, how now!

Ģlo. Pardon me, gracious lord; Some sudden qualm hath struck me at the heart, And dimm'd mine eyes, that I can read no further.

K. Hen. Uncle of Winchester, I pray read on. Car. [Reads.] Item,-It is further agreed between them that the duchies of Anjou and Maine shall be released and delivered over to the king her father; and she sent over of the King of England's own proper cost and charges, without *K. Hen. They please us well.—Lord marquess, kneel down:

 *Least Dube of Suffelly

We here create thee the first Duke of Suffolk. And girt thee with the sword.—Cousin of York, We here discharge your grace from being regent P the parts of France, till term of eighteen months

Be full expir'd .- Thanks, uncle Winchester, Gloster, York, Buckingham, Somerset, Salisbury, and Warwick;

We thank you all for this great favour done. s, In entertainment to my princely queen. stance: Come, let us in, and with all speed provide

[Exeunt King, Queen, and Suffolk. Glo. Brave peers of England, pillars of the

state To you Duke Humphrey must unload his grief,-Your grief, the common grief of all the land. What! did my brother Henry spend his youth, His valour, coin, and people in the wars? Did he so often lodge in open field, In winter's cold and summer's parching heat, To conquer France, his true inheritance? And did my brother Bedford toil his wits To keep by policy what Henry got? Have you yourselves, Somerset, Buckingham, Brave York, Sahsbury, and victorious Warwick, Receiv'd deep scars in France and Normandy? Or hath mine uncle Beaufort and myself. With all the learned council of the realm, Studied so long, sat in the council-house Early and late, debating to and fro How France and Frenchmen might be kept in And hath his highness in his infancy Been crown'd in Paris, in despite of foes? And shall these labours and these honours die? Shall Henry's conquest, Bedford's vigilance, Your deeds of war, and all our counsel die? O peers of England, shameful is this league! Fatal this marriage! cancelling your fame, Biotting your names from books of memory, Razing the characters of your renown. Defacing monuments of conquer'd France, Undoing all, as all had never been!

Car. Nephew, what means this passionate

discourse,

This peroration with such circumstance? For France, 'tis ours, and we will keep it still.

Glo. Ay, uncle, we will keep it if we can; But now it is impossible we should: Suffolk, the new-made duke that rules the roast Hath given the duchy of Anjou and Maine Unto the poor King Reignier, whose large style Agrees not with the leanness of his purse.

Sal. Now, by the death of Him that died for all.

These counties were the keys of Normandy:-But wherefore weeps Warwick, my valiant son! War. For grief that they are past recovery: For were there hope to conquer them again My sword should shed hot blood, mine eyes

no tears. Anjou and Maine! myself did win them both:

These provinces these arms of mine did conquer And are the cities that I got with wounds

Deliver'd up again with peaceful words? Mort Dieu!

York. For Suffolk's duke, may he be suffo-That dims the honour of this warlike isle! France should have torn and rent my very heart Before I would have yielded to this league. I never read but England's kings have had Large sums of gold and downes with their wives; And our King Henry gives away his own, To match with her that brings no vantages.

Glo. A proper jest, and never heard before That Suffolk should demand a whole fifteenth For costs and charges in transporting her!

She should have stay'd in France, and stary'd Excepting none but good Duke Humphrey:—
in France, And, brother York, thy acts in Ireland.

Before— [hot:
Car. My Lord of Gloster, now you grow too
It was the pleasure of my lord the king.

Glo. My Lord of Winchester, I know your mind;

'Tis not my speeches that you do mislike, But 'us my presence that doth trouble ye. Rancour will out: proud prelate, in thy face I see thy fury: if I longer stay
We shall begin our ancient bickerings.—
Variance forewall and say when I am group the stay when I am group the server will be sufficient to the stay when I am group the server will be sufficient to the

Lordings, farewell; and say, when I am gone, I prophesied France will be lost ere long.

Car. So, there goes our protector in a rage.

'Its known to you he is mine enemy;
Nay, more, an enemy unto you all,
And no great friend, I fear me, to the king.
Consider, lords, he is the next of blood,
And hen-apparent to the English crown:
Had Henry got an empire by his marriage,
And all the wealthy kingdoms of the west,
There's reason he should be displeas'd at it.
Look to it, lords; let not his smoothing words
Bewitch your hearts; be wise and circumspect.
What though the common people favour him,
Calling him—Humphrey, the good Duke of
Gloster: [voice,

Clapping their hands, and crying with loud Jesu maintain your royal excellence! With God preserve the good Duke Humphrey! I fear me, lords, for all this flattering gloss, He will be found a dangerous protector.

Buck. Why should he then protect our sovereign,

He being of age to govern of himself?— Cousin of Somerset, join you with me, And altogether, with the Duke of Suffolk, We'll quickly hoise Duke Humphrey from his seat. [delay;

Car. This weighty business will not brook
I'll to the Duke of Suffolk presently. [Exst.
Som. Cousin of Buckingham, though Hum-

phrey's pride
And greatness of his place be grief to us,
Yet let us watch the haughty cardinal:
His insolence is more intolerable
Than all the princes in the land beside:
If Gloster be displac'd, he'll be protector.
Buck. Or thou or I. Somerset, will be pro-

tector,

Despite Duke Humphrey or the cardinal.

[Exeunt BUCKINGHAM and SOMERSET.
Sal. Pride went before, ambition follows

him. Whiles these do labour for their own prefer-

ment,
Behoves it us to labour for the realm.
I never saw but Humphrey Duke of Gloster
Did bear him like a noble gentleman.
Off have I seen the haughty cardinal.—
More like a soldier than a man o' the church,
As stout and proud as he were lord of all.—
Swear like a ruffian, and demean himself
Unlike the ruler of a commonweal.—
Warwick, my son, the comfort of my age!
Thy deeds, thy planness, and thy housekeep-

Hath won the greatest favour of the commons,

And, brother York, thy acts in Ireland, In bringing them to civil discipline; Thy late exploits done in the heart of France, When thou wert regent for our sovereign, Have made thee fearld and honourid of the

Have made thee fear'd and honour'd of the people:— Join we together for the public good In what we can, to bridle and suppress

The pride of Suffolk and the cardinal, With Somerset's and Buckingham's ambition; And, as we may, cherish Duke Humphrey's deeds

While they do tend the profit of the land.

War. So God help Warwick, as he loves the
land

And common profit of his country! [cause. York. And so says York, for he hath greatest Sal. Then let's make haste away and look unto the main. [lost,—

War. Unto the main! O father, Mame is That Main which by main force Warwick did win, [last]

And would have kept so long as breath did Main chance, father, you meant; but I meant Maine,—

Which I will win from France, or else be slain.

[Exeunt WARWICK and SALISBURY.

York. Anjou and Maine are given to the
French:

Paris is lost; the state of Normandy Stands on a tickle point, now they are gone: Suffolk concluded on the articles; The peers agreed; and Henry was well pleas'd To change two dukedoms for a duke's fair

daughter.

I cannot blame them all; what is 't to them?'
'Tis thine they give away, and not their own.

Purates may make cheap pennyworths of their

pillage,
And purchase friends, and give to courtezans,
Still revelling like lords till all be gone;
While as the silly owner of the goods
Weeps over them, and wrings his hapless hands,
And shakes his head, and trembling stands aloof,
While all is shar'd, and all is borne away,
Ready to starve, and dare not touch his own:
So York must sit, and fret, and bite his tongue,
While all is sown lands are bargain'd for and sold.
Methinks the realms of England, France, and

Bear that proportion to my fiesh and blood
As did the fatal brand of Althaea burn'd
Unto the prince's heart of Calydon.
Anjou and Maine both given unto the French!
Cold news for me, for I had hope of France,
Even as I have of fertile England's soil.
A day will come when York shall claim his own;
And therefore I will take the Nevils' parts,
And make a show of love to proud Duke
Humphrey,

And, when I spy advantage, claim the crown, For that's the golden mark I seek to hit: Nor shall proud Lancaster usurp my right, Nor hold the sceptre in his childish fist, Nor wear the diadem upon his head, Whose church-like humours fit not for a crown. Then, York, be still awhile, till time do serve: Watch thou and wake, when others be asleep, To pry into the secrets of the state;

Till Henry, surfeiting in joys of love With his new bride and England's dear-bought

And Humphrey with the peers be fall'n at jars Then will I raise aloft the milk-white rose, With whose sweetsmell the air shall be perfum'd; And in my standard bear the arms of York, To grapple with the house of Lancaster; And, force perforce, I'll make him yield the crown.

Whose bookish rule hath pull'd fair England down. [Exit.

Scene II.—London. A Room in the Duke of Gloster's House.

Enter GLOSTER and the DUCHESS.

Dach. Why droops my lord, like over-ripen'd

Hanging the head at Ceres' plenteous load? Why doth the great Duke Humphrey kmt his brows,

As frowning at the favours of the world?
Why are thine eyes fix'd to the sullen earth,
Gazing on that which seems to dim thy sight?
What see'st thou there? King Henry's diadem.
Enchas'd with all the honours of the world?
If so, gaze on, and grovel on thy face
Until thy head be circled with the same.
Put forth thy hand, reach at the glorious gold:—
What, is 't too short? I'll lengthen it with mine;
And, having both together heav'd it up,
We'll both together lift our heads to heaven;
And never more abase our sight so low
As to vouchsafe one glance unto the ground.
Clo. O. Nell, sweet Nell, if thou dost love

Glo. O Nell, sweet Nell, if thou dost love thy lord,

Banish the canker of ambitious thoughts!
And may that thought, when I imagine ill
Against my king and nephew, virtuous Henry,
Be my last breathing in this mortal world!
My troublous dream this night doth make me
sad.

Duch. What dream'd my lord? tell me, and I'll requite it

With sweet rehearsal of my morning's dream.

Glo. Methought this staff, mine office-badge in court.

Was broke in twain; by whom I have forgot, But, as I think, it was by the cardinal; And on the pieces of the broken wand Were plac'd the heads of Edmund Duke of

Somerset, And William-De-la-Poole, first Duke of Suffolk. This was my dream; what it doth bode God

knows.

Duch. Tut, this was nothing but an argument
That he that breaks a stick of Gloster's grove
Shall lose his head for his presumption.
But list to me, my Humphrey, my sweet duke:
Methought I sat in seat of majesty
In the cathedral church of Westminster,
And in that chair where kings and queens are
crown'd;

Where Henry and Dame Margaret kneel'd to me, And on my head did set the diadem. [right: Glo. Nay, Eleanor, then must I chide out-

Gio. Nay, Eleanor, then must I chide out Presumptuous dame, ill-nurtur'd Eleanor! Art thou not second woman in the realm, And the protector's wife, belov'd of him? Hast thou not worldly pleasure at command, Above the reach or compass of thy thought? And wilt thou still be hammering treachery, To tumble down thy husband and thyself From top of honour to disgrace's feet? Away from me, and let me hear no more!

Duch. What, what, my lord! are you so cholenc

With Eleanor for telling but her dream? Next time I'll keep my dreams unto myself, And not be check'd.

Glo. Nay, be not angry, I am pleas'd again.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord protector, 'tis his highness' pleasure

You do prepare to ride unto Saint Albans, Whereas the king and queen do mean to hawk. Glo. I go.—Come, Nell,—thou wilt ride with us? [sently.

Duch. Yes, my good lord, I'll follow pre-[Exeunt GLOSTER and Messenger. Follow I must; I cannot go before While Gloster bears this base and humble mind. Were I a man, a duke, and next of blood, I would remove these tedious stumbling-blocks, And smooth my way upon their headless necks: And, being a woman, I will not be slack To play my part in fortune's pageant. Where are you there, Sir John? nay, fear not,

We are alone; here's none but thee and I.

Enter HUME.

Hume. Jesus preserve your royal majesty! Duch. What say'st thou? majesty! I am but grace. [advice, Hume. But. by the grace of God and Hume's

Your grace's title shall be multiplied.

Duch. What say'st thou, man? hast thou as

Duch. What say'st thou, man? hast thou a yet conterr'd
With Margery Jourdain, the cunning witch,

With Roger Bolingbroke, the conjurer?
And will they undertake to do me good?
Hume. This they have promised,—to show

your highness
A spirit rais'd from depth of under-ground,
That shall make answer to such questions

As by your grace shall be propounded him.

Duch. It is enough; I'll think upon the

questions: When from Saint Albans we do make return We'll see these things effected to the full. Here, Hume, take this reward; make merry,

man, With thy confederates in this weighty cause.

[Exit. Hume. Hume must make merry with the

duchess' gold; Marry, and shall. But, how now, Sir John Hume!

Seal up your lips, and give no words but mum: The business asketh silent secrecy. Dame Eleanor gives gold to bring the witch: Gold cannot come amiss were she a devil. Yet have I gold flies from another coast:— I dare not say from the rich cardinal,

I dare not say from the rich cardinal,
And from the great and new-made Duke of
Suffolk:

Yet I do find it so: for, to be plain,

They, knowing Dame Eleanor's aspiring humour,

Have hired me to undermine the duchess. And buzz these conjurations in her brain. They say,—A crafty knave does need no broker; Yet am I Suffolk and the cardinal's broker. Hume, if you take not heed, you shall go near To call them both a pair of crafty knaves. Well, so it stands; and thus, I fear, at last Hume's knavery will be the duchess' wreck. And her attainture will be Humphrey's fall: Sort how it will, I shall have gold for all.

Exit.

SCENE III .- LONDON. A Room in the Palace.

Enter PETER and other Petitioners.

1 Pet. My masters, let's stand close: my lord protector will come this way by and by and then we may deliver our supplications in the quill.

2 Pet. Marry, the Lord protect him, for he's

a good man! Jesu bless him!
I Pet. Here 'a comes, methinks, and the queen with him. I'll be the first, sure. Enter Suffolk and Oueen Margaret.

2 Pet. Come back, fool; this is the Duke of

Suffolk, and not my lord protector. Suf. How now, fellow! wouldst anything with me?

I Pet. I pray, my lord, pardon me; I took

ve for my lord protector.

Q. Mar. [Glancing at the superscriptions.] To my Lord Protector! Are your supplications to his lordship? Let me see them:-what is thine?

r Pet. Mine is, an't please your grace, against John Goodman, my lord cardinal's man, for keeping my house, and lands, and wife and all, from me.

Suf. Thy wife too! that is some wrong in-deed.—What's yours?—What's here! [Reads.] Against the Duke of Suffolk, for enclosing the commons of Melford.—How now, sir knave!

2 Pet. Alas, sir. I am but a poor petitioner of

our whole township.

Peter. [Presenting his petition.] Against my aster, Thomas Horner, for saying that the Duke of York was rightful heir to the crown.

Q. Mar. What say'st thou? did the Duke of York say he was rightful heir to the crown? Peter. That my master was? no, forsooth:

my master said that he was; and that the king was an usurper.

Suf. Who is there? [Enter Servants.]-Take

this fellow in, and send for his master with a pursuivant presently:-we'll hear more of your matter before the king. Exeunt Servants with PETER.

Q. Mar. And as for you, that love to be protected

Under the wings of our protector's grace, Begin your suits anew, and sue to him.

[Tears the petitions. Away, base cullions!-Suffolk, let them go. Ail. Come, let's be gone.

[Exeunt Petitioners. Q. Mar. My lord of Suffolk, say, is this the

guise, Is this the fashion in the court of England?

Is this the government of Britain's isle,

And this the royalty of Albion's king? What, shall King Henry be a pupil still, Under the surly Gloster's governance? Am I a queen in title and in style. And must be made a subject to a duke? I tell thee, Poole, when in the city Tours Thou rann'st a tilt in honour of my love, And stol'st away the ladies' hearts of France, I thought King Henry had resembled thee In courage, courtship, and proportion: But all his mind is bent on holiness, To number Ave-Maries on his beads: His champions are, the prophets and apostles; His weapons, holy saws of sacred writ; His study is his tilt-yard, and his loves Are brazen images of canoniz'd saints. I would the college of the cardinals Would choose him pope, and carry him to

Rome And set the triple crown upon his head:-That were a state fit for his holiness. Suf. Madam, be patient: as I was cause

Your highness came to England, so will I In England work your grace's full content.
Q. Mar. Beside the haughty protector, have

we Beaufort iham, The imperious churchman, Somerset, Bucking-And grumbling York; and not the least of these But can do more in England than the king.

Suf. And he of these that can do most of all Cannot do more in England than the Nevils: Salisbury and Warwick are no simple peers.

Q. Mar. Not all these lords do yex me half so much

As that proud dame, the lord protector's wife. She sweeps it through the court with troops of ladies, wife:

More like an empress than Duke Humphrey's Strangers in court do take her for the queen: She bears a duke's revenues on her back. And in her heart she scorns our poverty: Shall I not live to be aveng'd on her? Contemptuous base-born callet as she is She vaunted 'mongst her minions t' other day The very train of her worst wearing gown Was better worth than all my father's lands,

Till Suffolk gave two dukedoms for his daughter. Suf. Madam, myself have lim'd a bush for her,

And plac'd a quire of such enticing birds That she will light to listen to the lays, And never mount to trouble you again. So, let her rest: and, madam, list to me; For I am bold to counsel you in this. Although we fancy not the cardinal Yet must we join with him and with the lords, Till we have brought Duke Humphrey in dis-

As for the Duke of York,—this late complaint Will make but little for his benefit. So, one by one, we'll weed them all at last, And you yourself shall steer the happy helm.

grace.

Enter King Henry, York, and Somerset; Duke and Duchess of Gloster, Car-DINAL BEAUFORT, BUCKINGHAM, BURY, and WARWICK.

K. Hen. For my part, noble lords, I care not which;

Or Somerset or York, all's one to me.

no,

York. If York have ill demean'd himself in France,

Then let him be denay'd the regentship. Som. If Somerset be unworthy of the place,

Let York be regent; I will yield to him. War. Whether your grace be worthy, yea or Dispute not that: York is the worther.

Car. Ambituous Warwick, let thy betters

speak. War. The cardinal's not my better in the

field. Buck. All in this presence are thy betters,

Warwick. War. Warwick may live to be the best of all. Sal. Peace, son!-and show some reason,

Buckingham, Why Somerset should be preferr'd in this. Q. Mar. Because the king, forsooth, will have it so.

Glo. Madam, the king is old enough himself To give his censure: these are no women's matters. grace

Q. Mar. If he be old enough, what needs your To be protector of his excellence?

Glo. Madam, I am protector of the realm; And, at his pleasure, will resign my place.

Suf. Resign it then, and leave thine insolence. Since thou wert king,—as who is king but thou?-

The commonwealth hath daily run to wreck; The Dauphin hath prevail'd beyond the seas, And all the peers and nobles of the realm Have been as bondmen to thy sovereignty. Car. The commons hast thou rack'd; the

clergy's bags

Are lank and lean with thy extortions. Som. Thy sumptuous buildings and thy wife's attire

Have cost a mass of public treasury. Buck. Thy cruelty in execution Upon offenders hath exceeded law

And left thee to the mercy of the law. O. Mar. Thy sale of offices and towns in France.-

If they were known, as the suspect is great,-Would make thee quickly hop without thy head.

> [Exit GLOSTER. The QUEEN drops her fan.

Give me my fan: what, minion! can you not? [Gives the DUCHESS a box on the ear.

I cry you mercy, madam; was it you?

Duch. Was't I? yea, it was, proud Frenchwoman:

Could I come near your beauty with my nails, I'd set my ten commandments in your face.

K. Hen. Sweet aunt, be quiet; 'twas against her will. in time; Duch. Against her will! good king, look to't

She'll hamper thee, and dandle thee like a baby:

Though in this place most master wear no breeches,

She shall not strike Dame Eleanor unreveng'd. Exit.

Buck. Lord cardinal, I will follow Eleanor, And listen after Humphrey, how he proceeds: She's tickled now; her fume needs no spurs, She'll gallop fast enough to her destruction.

Re-enter GLOSTER.

Glo. Now, lords, my choler being over-blown With walking once about the quadrangle, I come to talk of commonwealth affairs. As for your spiteful false objections. Prove them, and I he open to the law: But God in mercy so deal with my soul As I in duty love my king and country! But to the matter that we have in hand: I say, my sovereign, York is meetest man

To be your regent in the realm of France. Suf. Before we make election, give me leave To show some reason, of no little force, That York is most unmeet of any man. [meet:

York. I'll tell thee, Suffolk, why I am un-First, for I cannot flatter thee in pride; Next, if I be appointed for the place. My Lord of Somerset will keep me here. Without discharge, money, or furniture, Till France be won into the Dauphin's hands: Last time, I danc'd attendance on his will Till Paris was besieg'd, famish'd, and lost.

War. That can I witness, and a fouler fact Did never traitor in the land commit.

Suf. Peace, headstrong Warwick! [peace? War. Image of pride, why should I hold my

Enter Servants of Suffolk, bringing in HORNER and PETER.

Suf. Because here is a manaccus'd of treason: Pray God the Duke of York excuse himself! York. Doth any one accuse York for a traitor? K. Hen. What mean'st thou, Suffolk? tell me, what are these?

Suf. Please it your majesty, this is the man That doth accuse his master of high treason. His words were these,—that Richard Duke of York

Was rightful heir unto the English crown, And that your majesty was an usurper.

K. Hen. Say, man, were these thy words? Hor. An't shall please your majesty, I never said nor thought any such matter: God is my witness, I am falsely accused by the villain.

Pet. By these ten bones, my lords [holding up his hands, he did speak them to me in the garret one night, as we were scouring my Lord of York's armour.

York. Base dunghill villain and mechanical. I'll have thy head for this thy traitor's speech .-I do beseech your royal majesty,

Let him have all the rigour of the law.

Hor. Alas, my lord, hang me if ever I spake the words. My accuser is my prentice; and when I did correct him for his fault the other day, he did vow upon his knees he would be even with me: I have good witness of this; therefore I beseech your majesty, do not cast away an honest man for a villain's accusation.

K. Hen. Uncle, what shall we say to this in law?

Glo. This doom, my lord, if I may judge; Let Somerset be regent o'er the French, Because in York this breeds suspicion; And let these have a day appointed them For single combat in convenient place, For he hath witness of his servant's malice: This is the law, and this Duke Humphrey's doom.

Exit.

K. Hen. Then be it so.—My Lord of Somerset,

We make your grace regent over the French.

Som. I humbly thank your royal majesty.

Hor. And I accept the combat willingly.

Fei. Alas, my lord, I cannot fight; for God's sake, pity my case! the spite of man prevaleth against me. O Lord, have merry upon me! I shall never be able to fight a blow: O Lord, my heart!

[hang'd.

Glo. Sirrah, or you must fight, or else be K. Hen. Away with them to prison; and the day [month.—

Of combat shall be the last of the next Come, Somerset, we'll see thee sent away.

[Flourish. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- The same. The Duke of GLOSTER'S Garden.

Enter MARGERY JOURDAIN, HUME, SOUTH-WELL, and BOLINGBROKE.

Hume. Come, my masters; the duchess, I tell you, expects performance of your promises. Bolung. Master Hume, we are therefore provided: will her ladyship behold and hear our exorcisms?

Hume. Ay, what else? fear you not her courage.

Boling. I have heard her reported to be a woman of an invincible spirit: but it shall be convenient, Master Hume, that you be by her aloft, while we be busy below; and so, I pray you, go in God's name, and leave us. Exit HUME. Mother Jourdain, be you prostrate, and grovel on the earth,—John Southwell, read you;—and let us to our work.

Enter Duchess above, and presently Hume.

Duch. Well said, my masters; and welcome all.

To this gear,—the sooner the better.

Boling. Patience, good lady; wizards know their times:

Deep night, dark night, the silent of the might, The time of night when Troy was set on fire; The time when screech-owls cry, and ban-dogs

howl,

And spirits walk, and ghosts break up their graves.—

That time best fits the work we have in hand. Madam, sit you, and fear not: whom we raise We will make fast within a hallow'd verge. [Here they perform the ceremonies appertain-

ing, and make the circle; BOLINGBROKE or SOUTHWELL reads, "Conjuro te," &c. It thunders and lightens terribly; then

the Spirit riseth. Spir. Adsum.

M. Jourd. Asmath. By the eternal God, whose name and power Thou tremblest at, answer that I shall ask;

Thou tremblest at, answer that I shall ask;

For, till thou speak, thou shalt not pass from
hence.

Spir. Ask what thou wilt: that I had said

Spir. Ask what thou with that I had said Boling. First of the king what shall of him become? [Reading out of a paper. Spir. The duke yet lives that Henry shall depose;

But him outlive, and die a violent death.

[As the Spirit speaks, SOUTHWELL writes the answers.

Boling. What fates await the Duke of Suffolk? Spir. By water shall he die and take his end. Boling. What shall befall the Duke of Somer-

Spir. Let him shun castles; Safer shall he be upon the sandy plains Than where castles mounted stand.— Have done, for more I hardly can endure. Boling. Descend to darkness and the burn-

ing lakwe!
False fiend, avoid!

[Thunder and lightning, Spirit descends.

Enter YORK and BUCKINGHAM hastily, with their Guards and others.

York. Lay hands upon these traitors and their trash.—

Beldam, I think we watch'd you at an inch.— What, madam, are you there? the king and commonweal

Are deeply indebted for this piece of pains: My lord protedtor will, I doubt it not,

See you well guerdon'd for these good deserts.

Duch. Not half so bad as thine to England's

king, Injurious duke, that threatest where's no cause.

Buck. True, madam, none at all:—what call you this? [Showing her the papers. Away with them! let them be clapp'd up close, And kept asunder.—You, madam, shall with us.—

Stafford, take her to thee.— We'll see your trinkets here all forthcoming.—

All, away!

[Exeunt, above, Duchess and Hume,
guarded, below, South., Bolin.,

&c., guarded.
York. Lord Buckingham, methinks you watch'd her well:

A pretty plot, well chosen to build upon! Now, pray, my lord, let's see the devil's writ. What have we here? The duke yet lives that Henry shall depose. But him outlive, and die a violent death.

Why, this is just, Aio, te, Eacida, Romanos vincere posse.

Well, to the rest: Tell me what fate awaits the Duke of Suffolk? By water shall he die and take his end.— What shall betide the Duke of Somerset? Let him shun castles:

Safer shall he be upon the sandy plains Than where castles mounted stand.

Come, come, my lords;
These oracles are hardly attain'd,
And hardly understood.

And hardly understood. [Albans, The king is now in progress toward Saint With him the husband of this lovely lady: Thither go these news, as fast as horse can carry them,—

A sorry breakfast for my lord protector.

Buck Your grace shall give me leave, my
Lord of York,

To be the post, in hope of his reward.

York. At your pleasure, my good lord.—
Who's within there, ho!

Enter a Servant.

Invite my Lords of Salisbury and Warwick To sup with me to-morrow night .- Away! Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I .- Saint Albans.

Enter King Henry, Queen Margaret. GLOSTER, CARDINAL, and SUFFOLK, with Falconers hollaing.

brook.

I saw not better sport these seven years' day: Yet, by your leave, the wind was very high; And, ten to one, old Joan had not gone out. K. Hen. But what a point, my lord, your

falcon made,

And what a pitch she flew above the rest!-To see how God in all his creatures works! Yea, man and birds are fain of climbing high. Suf. No marvel, an it like your majesty

My lord protector's hawks do tower so well; They know their master loves to be aloft, And bears his thoughts above his falcon's pitch.

Glo. My lord, 'tis but a base ignoble mind That mounts no higher than a bird can soar.

Car. I thought as much; he would be above the clouds. [that? Glo. Ay, my lord cardinal,-how think you by

Were it not good your grace could fly to heaven?

K. Hen. The treasury of everlasting joy! Car. Thy heaven is on earth; thine eyes and thoughts

Beat on a crown, the treasure of thy heart; Pernicious protector, dangerous peer, [weal! That smooth'st it so with king and common-Glo. What, cardinal, is your priesthood

grown peremptory? Tantæne animis cœlestibus iræ? malice Churchmen so hot? good uncle, hide such With such holiness can you do it? [comes Suf. No malice, sir; no more than well be-

So good a quarrel and so bad a peer.

Glo. As who, my lord?

Styl. Why, as you, my lord,
An't like your lordly lord-protectorship. Glo. Why, Suffolk, England knows thine

insolence. Q. Mar. And thy ambition, Gloster. K. Hen. I pr'ythee, peace,

Good queen, and whet not on these furious

For blessed are the peacemakers on earth. Car. Let me be blessed for the peace I make, Against this proud protector, with my sword! Glo. Faith, holy uncle, would 'twere come to that! Aside to CAR.

Car. Marry, when thou dar'st. Aside to GLO.

Glo. Make up no factious numbers for the matter:

In thine own person answer thy abuse.

Aside to CAR. Car. Ay, where thou dar'st not peep: an if thou dar'st,

This evening on the east side of the grove.

K. Hen. How now, my lords!

Believe me, cousin Gloster, Cor. Had not your man put up the fowl so suddenly, We had had more sport.-Come with thy twohand sword. Aside to GLO.

Glo. True, uncle.

Car. Are ye advis'd?-the east side of the grove? Aside to Glo.

Cardinal, I am with you.

Aside to CAR. K. Hen. Why, how now, uncle Gloster! Glo. Talking of hawking; nothing else, my lord.-

O. Mar. Believe me, lords, for flying at the Now, by God's mother, priest, I'll shave your crown for this.

Or all my fence shall fail. Aside to CAR. Car. Medice teipsum;

Protector, see to't well, protect yourself.

Aside to GLO. K. Hen. The winds grow high; so do your stomachs, lords.

How irksome is this music to my heart! When such strings jar, what hope of harmony! I pray, my lords, let me compound this strife.

Enter a Townsman of Saint Albans, cruing "A Miracle!"

Glo. What means this noise? Fellow, what miracle dost thou proclaim? Towns. A miracle! a miracle!

Suf. Come to the king, and tell him what

miracle. [shrine, Towns. Forsooth, a blind man at St. Albans' Within this half hour hath receiv'd his sight;

A man that ne'er saw in his life before. K. Hen. Now, God be prais'd that to believing souls

Gives light in darkness, comfort in despair!

Enter the Mayor of At. Albans and his brethren: and SIMPCOX, borne between two persons in a chair, his Wife and a multitude following.

Car. Here come the townsmen on procession To present your highness with the man.

K. Hen. Great is his comfort in this earthly vale

Although by his sight his sin be multiplied. Glo. Stand by, my masters:—bring him near

the king; His highness' pleasure is to talk with him.

K. Hen. Good fellow, tell us here the cir-

cumstance, That we for thee may glorify the Lord. What, hast thou been long blind and now re-

stor'd? Simp. Born blind, an't please your grace.

Wife. Ay, indeed, was he. Suf. What woman is this?

Wife. His wife, an't like your worship. Glo. Hadst thou been his mother, thou

couldst have better told. K. Hen. Where wert thou born?

Simp. At Berwick in the north, an't like your grace.

K. Hen. Poor soul, God's goodness hath been great to thee:

Let never day nor night unhallow'd pass. Aside to GLO. But still remember what the Lord hath done. O. Mar. Tell me, good fellow, cam'st thou here by chance,

Or of devotion, to this holy shrine? Simp. God knows, of pure devotion, being A hundred times and oftener, in my sleep, By good Saint Alban; who said, Simbcox.

come,-

Come, offer at my shrine, and I will help thee. Wife. Most true, forsooth; and many time and oft

Myself have heard a voice to call him so.

Car. What, art thou lame?

Ay, God Almighty help me! Simp. Suf. How cam'st thou so?

Simb.

Wife. A plum-tree, master.

Glo.

How long hast thou been blind? Simp. O, born so, master. What, and wouldst climb a tree? Glo.

Simp. But that in all my life, when I was a

youth. [very dear. Wife. Too true; and bought his climbing Glo. Mass, thou lov'dst plums well that wouldst venture so. [some damsons,

Simp. Alas, good master, my wife desir'd And made me climb, with danger of my life.

Glo. A subtle knave! but yet it shall not serve.

Let me see thine eyes:—wink now;--now open In my opinion yet thou see'st not well.

Simp. Yes, master, clear as day, I thank God and Saint Alban.

Glo. Say'st thou me so? What colour is this You made in a day, my lord, whole towns to fly. cloak of?

Simp. Red, master; red as blood.

Glo. Why, that's well said. What colour is my gown of?

Simp. Black, forsooth; coal-black as jet. K. Hen. Why then, thou know'st what colour jet is of?

Suf. And yet, I think, jet did he never see. Glo. But cloaks and gowns, before this day,

a many. Wife. Never, before this day, in all his life. Glo. Tell me, sirrah, what's my name?

Simp. Alas, master, I know not. Glo. What's his name?

Simp. I know not. Glo. Nor his?

Simp. No, indeed, master. Glo. What's thine own name? master. Simp. Saunder Simpcox, an if it please you, Glo. Then, Saunder, sit there, the lyingest knave in Christendom. If thou hadst been born blind, thou mightst as well have known all our names as thus to name the several colours we do wear. Sight may distinguish of colours; but suddenly to nominate them all, it is impossible.-My lords, Saint Alban here hath done a miracle; and would ye not think his cunning to be great that could restore this cripple to his legs again?

Simp. O master, that ye could! Glo. My masters of Saint Albans, have you not beadles in your town, and things called And look thyself be faultless, thou wert best. whips?

May. Yes, my lord, if it please your grace. Glo. Then send for one presently.

May. Sirrah, go fetch the beadle hither Exit an Attendant. straight.

Glo. Now fetch me a stool hither by and by. [A stool brought out.] Now, sirrah, if you mean to save yourself from whipping, leap me over this stool and run away. alone:

Simp. Alas, master, I am not able to stand

You go about to torture me in vain.

Re-enter Attendant, with the Beadle.

Glo. Well, sir, we must have you find your legs .- Sirrah beadle, whip him till he leap over that same stool.

Bead. I will, my lord .- Come on, sırrah; off

with your doublet quickly.

Simp. Alas, master, what shall I do? I am A fall off a tree. not able to stand.

[After the Beadle has hit him once, he leaps over the stool and runs away; and the

people follow and cry "A Miracle!" K. Hen. O God, seest thou this, and bear'st so long?

Q. Mar. It made me laugh to see the villain Glo. Follow the knave, and take this drab away.

Wife. Alas, sir, we did it for pure need.
Glo. Let them be whipped through every market town, till they come to Berwick, whence they came. Exeunt Mayor, Beadle, Wife, &c. Car. Duke Humphrey has done a miracle

to-day.

Suf. True; made the lame to leap and fly away.

Glo. But you have done more miracles than I;

Enter BUCKINGHAM.

K. Hen. What tidings with our cousin Buckingham? fold. Buck. Such as my heart doth tremble to un-

A sort of naughty persons, lewdly bent, Under the countenance and confederacy Of Lady Eleanor, the protector's wife, The ringleader and head of all this rout,-Have practis'd dangerously against your state. Dealing with witches and with conjurers: Whom we have apprehended in the fact: Raising up wicked spirits from under ground, Demanding of King Henry's life and death, And other of your highness' privy council, As more at large your grace shall understand.

Car. And so, my lord protector, by this means Your lady is forthcoming yet at London. This news, I think, hath turn'd your weapon's

edge; 'Tis like, my lord, you will not keep your hour.

Aside to GLOSTER. Glo. Ambitious churchman, leave to afflict

my heart: Sorrow and grief have vanquish'd all my powers; And, vanquish'd as I am, I yield to thee

Or to the meanest groom. wicked ones. K. Hen. O God, what mischiefs work the Heaping confusion on their own heads thereby! Q. Mar. Gloster, see here the tainture of thy

nest:

Glo. Madam, for myself to heaven I do appeal,

How I have lov'd my king and commonweal: And for my wife I know not how it stands: Sorry I am to hear what I have heard:

Noble she is; but if she have forgot Honour and virtue, and convers'd with such As, like to pitch, defile nobility, I banish her my bed and company And give her, as a prey, to law and shame, That hath dishonour'd Gloster's honest name K. Hen. Well, for this night we will repose

us here: To-morrow toward London back again, To look into this business thoroughly, And call these foul offenders to their answers; And poise the cause in justice' equal scales, Whose beam stands sure, whose rightful cause Flourish. Exeunt. prevails.

SCENE II.-LONDON. The DUKE OF YORK'S Garden.

Enter YORK, SALISBURY, and WARWICK.

York. Now, my good Lords of Salisbury and

Warwick, Our simple supper ended, give me leave, In this close walk, to satisfy myself, In craving your opinion of my title, Which is infallible, to England's crown. Sal. My lord, I long to hear it at full. War. Sweet York, begin: and if thy claim

be good,

The Nevils are thy subjects to command. York. Then thus:-

Edward the Third, my lords, had seven sons; The first, Edward the Black Prince, Prince of Wales,

The second, William of Hatfield; and the third, Lionel Duke of Clarence; next to whom Was John of Gaunt, the Duke of Lancaster: The fifth was Edmund Langley, Duke of York; The sixth was Thomas of Woodstock, Duke of Gloster:

William of Windsor was the seventh and last. Edward the Black Prince died before his father; And left behind him Richard, his only son, Who, after Edward the Third's death, reign'd as king,

Till Henry Bolingbroke, Duke of Lancaster, The eldest son and heir of John of Gaunt. Crown'd by the name of Henry the Fourth Seiz'd on the realm, depos'd the rightful king, Sent his poor queen to France, from whence she came,

And him to Pomfret,-where, as all you know, Harmless Richard was murder'd traitorously. War. Father, the duke hath told the truth; Thus got the house of Lancaster the crown.

York. Which now they hold by force, and not by right;

For Richard, the first son's heir, being dead, The issue of the next son should have reign'd. Sal. But William of Hatfield died without an

heir. from whose line York. The third son, Duke of Clarence,-I claim the crown, had issue Philippe, a daughter, March.

Who marned Edmund Mortimer, Earl of Edmund had issue, Roger Earl of March; Roger had issue, Edmund, Anne, and Eleanor. Sal. This Edmund, in the reign of Boling-

broke,

As I have read, laid claim unto the crown: And, but for Owen Glendower, had been king, You, madam, for you are more nobly born,

Who kept him in captivity till he died. But, to the rest. His eldest sister, Anne, York.

My mother, being heir unto the crown, Married Richard Earl of Cambridge, who was son

To Edmund Langley, Edward the Third's fifth By her I claim the kingdom she was heir To Roger Earl of March, who was the son Of Edmund Mortimer; who married Philippe. Sole daughter unto Lionel Duke of Clarence: So, if the issue of the elder son

Succeed before the younger, I am king. War. What plain proceedings is more plain

than this? Gaunt. Henry doth claim the crown from John of The fourth son, York claims it from the third. Till Lionel's issue fails, his should not reign: It fails not yet, but flourishes in thee, And in thy sons, fair slips of such a stock .-Then, father Salisbury, kneel we together; And in this private plot be we the first That shall salute our rightful sovereign With honour of his birthright to the crown.

Both. Long live our sovereign Richard, England's king!

York. We thank you, lords. But I am not your king Till I be crown'd, and that my sword be With heart-blood of the house of Lancaster; And that's not suddenly to be perform'd, But with advice and silent secrecy. Do you as I do in these dangerous days: Wink at the Duke of Suffolk's insolence. At Beaufort's pride, at Somerset's ambition, At Buckingham, and all the crew of them Till they have snar'd the shepherd of the flock. That virtuous prince, the good Duke Humphrev:

'Tis that they seek; and they, in seeking that, Shall find their deaths, if York can prophesy. Sal. My lord, break we off, we know your mind at full. Warwick

War. My heart assures me that the Earl of Shall one day make the Duke of York a king. York. And, Nevil, this I do assure myself,— Richard shall live to make the Earl of Warwick The greatest man in England but the king. Exeunt.

SCENE III .- LONDON. A Hall of Justice.

Trumpets sounded. Enter KING HENRY, QUEEN MARGARET, GLOSTER, YORK, SUF-FOLK, and SALISBURY; the DUCHESS OF GLOSTER, MARGERY JOURDAIN, SOUTH-WELL, HUME, and BOLINGBROKE, under guard.

K. Hen. Stand forth, Dame Eleanor Cobham, Gloster's wife:

In sight of God and us, your guilt is great: Receive the sentence of the law, for sins Such as by God's book are adjudg'd to death. You four, from hence to prison back again;

[To Jourdain, &c. From thence unto the place of execution. The witch in Smithfield shall be burn'd to ashes And you three shall be strangled on the gallows.

Despoiled of your honour in your life, Shall, after three days' open penance done, Live in your country here, in banishment, With Sir John Stanley, in the Isle of Man. Duch. Welcome is banishment; welcome

were my death. [judged thee:

Glo. Eleanor, the law, thou seest, hath I cannot justify whom the law condemns.— Exeunt the DUCHESS and the other Prisoners, guarded.

Mine eyes are full of tears, my heart of grief. Ah, Humphrey, this dishonour in thine age Will bring thy head with sorrow to the ground!-I beseech your majesty, give me leave to go; Sorrow would solace, and mine age would ease. K. Hen. Stay, Humphrey Duke of Gloster:

ere thou go, Give up thy staff: Henry will to himself Protector be; and God shall be my hope. My stay, my guide, and lantern to my feet: And go in peace, Humphrey,--no less belov'd

Than when thou wert protector to thy king. Q. Mar. I see no reason why a king of years Should be to be protected like a child God and King Henry govern England's helm! Give up your staff, sir, and the king his realm.

Glo. My staff! here, noble Henry, is my staff: As willingly do I the same resign As ere thy father Henry made it mine; And even as willingly at thy feet I leave it As others would ambituously receive it. Farewell, good king; when I am dead and gone, May honourable peace attend thy throne!

And Humphrey Duke of Gloster scarce himself. That bears so shrewd a main; two pulls at once,

His lady banish'd and a limb lopp'd off: This staff of honour raught, there let it stand Where it best fits to be, -in Henry's hand.

Suf. Thus droops this lofty pine, and hangs his sprays;

Thus Eleanor's pride dies in her youngest days. York. Lords, let him go.—Please it your majesty,

This is the day appointed for the combat; And ready are the appellant and defendant, The armourer and his man, to enter the lists, So please your highness to behold the fight.

Q. Mar. Ay, good my lord; for purposely therefore

Left I the court, to see this quarrel tried. K. Hen. O' God's name, see the lists and all things fit:

Here let them end it; and God defend the right! York. I never saw a fellow worse bested, Or more afraid to fight, than is the appellant, The servant of this armourer, my lords.

Enter, on one side, HORNER and his Neighbours, drinking to him so much that he is drunk; and he enters bearing his staff with a sand-bag fastened to it, a drum before him; at the other side, PETER, with a drum and a similar staff; accompanied by Prentices drinking to him.

1 Neigh. Here, neighbour Horner, I drink to you in a cup of sack; and fear not, neighbour, you shall do well enough.

2 Neigh. And here, neighbour, here's a cup of charneco.

3 Neigh. And here's a pot of good double beer, neighbour; drink, and fear not your man. Hor. Let it come, i' faith, and I'll pledge you all; and a fig for Peter!

I Pren. Here, Peter, I drink to thee: and be

not afraid.

2 Pren. Be merry, Peter, and fear not thy master: fight for credit of the prentices.

Peter. I thank you all: drink, and pray for me, I pray you; for I think I have taken my last draught in this world.—Here, Robin, an if I die, I give thee my apron:—and, Will, thou shalt have my hammer:—and here, Tom, take all the money that I have.—O Lord bless me, I pray God! for I am never able to deal with my master, he hath learnt so much fence already.

Sal. Come, leave your drinking, and fall to blows.—Sirrah, what's thy name?

Peter. Peter, forsooth.

Sal. Peter! what more?

Peter. Thump.

Sal. Thump! then see thou thump thy master well.

Hor. Masters, I am come hither, as it were upon my man's instigation, to prove him a knave and myself an honest man: and touching the Duke of York, I will take my death, I never meant him any ill, nor the king, nor the queen: and therefore, Peter, have at thee with a downright blow!

York. Despatch:—this knave's tongue begins to double.

Q. Mar. Why, now is Henry king, and Sounds, trumpets, alarum to the combatants!

Margaret queen; [Alarum. They fight, and Peter strikes] down HORNER.

Hor. Hold, Peter, hold! I confess, I confess Dies. treason. York. Take away his weapon.-Fellow, thank

God, and the good wine in thy master's way. Peter. O God, have I overcome mine enemy

in this presence? O Peter, thou hast prevailed in right! Signi
K. Hen. Go, take hence that traitor from our

For by his death we do perceive his guilt: And God in justice hath reveal'd to us The truth and innocence of this poor fellow, Which he had thought to have murder'd wrongfully.

Come, fellow, follow us for thy reward. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- London. A Street.

Enter GLOSTER and Servants, in mourning cloaks.

Glo. Thus sometimes hath the brighest day a cloud;

And after summer evermore succeeds Barren winter, with his wrathful nipping cold; So cares and joys abound, as seasons fleet.— Sirs, what o'clock?

Serv. Ten, my lord. Glo. Ten in the hour that was appointed me

To watch the coming of my punish'd duchess: Uneath may she endure the flinty streets, To tread them with her tender-feeling feet. Sweet Nell, ill can thy noble mind abrook

The abject people gazing on thy face, With envious looks, laughing at thy shame, That erst did follow thy proud chariot wheels When thou didst ride in triumph through the streets.

But, soft! I think she comes; and I'll prepare My tear-stain'd eyes to see her misenes.

Enter the DUCHESS OF GLOSTER in a white sheet, with papers pinned upon her back, her Let not her penance exceed the king's commisfeet bare, and a taper burning in her hand; SIR JOHN STANLEY, a Sheriff, and Officers.

Serv. So please your grace, we'll take her from the sheriff.

Glo. No, stir not for your lives; let her pass Duch. Come you, my lord, to see my open shame?

Now thou dost penance too. Look how they me! See how the giddy multitude do point, And nod their heads, and throw their eyes on Ah, Gloster, hide thee from their hateful looks. And, in thy closet pent up, rue my shame And ban mine enemies,—both mine and thine!

Glo. Be patient, gentle Nell; forget this grief. Duch. Ah, Gloster, teach me to forget myself! For whilst I think I am thy marned wife

And thou a prince, protector of this land, Methinks I should not thus be led along, Mail'd up in shame, with papers on my back, And follow'd with a rabble that rejoice To see my tears and hear my deep-fet groans. The ruthless flint doth cut my tender feet; And when I start the envious people laugh, And bid me be advised how I tread. Ah, Humphrey, can I bear this shameful yoke? Trow'st thou that e'er I'll look upon the world, Or count them happy that enjoy the sun? No: dark shall be my light and night my day; To think upon my pomp shall be my hell. Sometime I'll say, I am Duke Humphrey's wife, And he a prince, and ruler of the land: Yet so he rul'd, and such a prince he was,

As he stood by whilst I, his forlorn duchess, Was made a wonder and a pointing-stock To every idle rascal follower. But be thou mild, and blush not at my shame; Nor stir at nothing, till the are of death Hang over thee as sure it shortly will;

For Suffolk,-he that can do all in all With her that hateth thee and hates us all. And York, and impious Beaufort, that false priest,

Have all hm'd bushes to betray thy wings. And, fly thou how thou canst, they'll tangle thee:

But fear not thou, until thy foot be snar'd. Nor never seek prevention of thy foes. [awry; Glo. Ah, Nell, forbear! thou aimest all I must offend before I be attainted: And had I twenty times so many foes And each of them had twenty times their power. All these could not procure me any scathe, So long as I am loyal, true, and crimeless. Wouldsthave me rescue thee from this reproach? Why, yet thy scandal were not wip'd away, But in danger for the breach of law Thy greatest help is quiet, gentle Nell: I pray thee, sort thy heart to patience;

Enter a Herald.

Her. I summon your grace to his majesty's Parliament, holden at Bury the first of this before! next month.

Glo. And my consent ne'er ask'd herein This is close dealing .- Well, I will be there,

Exit Herald. My Nell, I take my leave: - and, master sheriff,

sion. mission stays: Sher. An't please your grace, here my com-And Sir John Stanley is appointed now

To take her with him to the Isle of Man. [here? Glo. Must you, Sir John, protect my lady Stan. So am I given in charge, may't please

your grace. Glo. Entreat her not the worse in that I pray You use her well: the world may laugh again;

And I may live to do you kindness, if You do it her: and so, Sir John, farewell.

Duch. What, gone, my lord, and bid me not farewell!

Glo. Witness my tears, I cannot stay to speak. Exeunt GLOSTER and Servants. Duch. Art thou gone too? all comfort go

with thee! For none abides with me: my joy is death, Death, at whose name I oft have been afeard,

Because I wish'd this world's eternity.-Stanley, I pr'ythee go, and take me hence; I care not whither, for I beg no favour, Only convey me where thou art commanded.

Stan. Why, madam, that is to the Isle of Man;

There to be us'd according to your state. Duch. That's bad enough, for I am but reproach.-

And shall I, then, be us'd reproachfully? Stan. Like to a duchess and Duke Humphrey's lady;

According to that state you shall be us'd.

Duch. Sheriff, farewell, and better than I fare,-

Although thou hast been conduct of my shame. Sher. It is my office; and, madam, pardon me. Duch. Ay, ay, farewell; thy office is discharg'd .-

Come, Stanley, shall we go? this sheet. Stan. Madam, your penance done, throw off And go we to attire you for our journey.

Duch. My shame will not be shifted with my sheet:

No, it will hang upon my richest robes, And show itself, attire me how I can. Go, lead the way; I long to see my prison. Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I. -The Abbey at Bury.

Flourish. Enter to the Parliament King Henry, Queen Margaret, Cardinal BEAUFORT, SUFFOLK, YORK, BUCKING-HAM; and others.

K. Hen. I muse my Lord of Gloster is not These few days' wonder will be quickly worn. 'Tis not his wont to be the hindmost man,

Whate'er occasion keeps him from us now. O. Mar. Can you not see? or will you not

The strangeness of his alter'd countenance? With what a majesty he bears himself; How insolent of late he is become, Iself? How proud, how peremptory, and unlike him-We know the time since he was mild and affable; And if we did but glance a far-off look Immediately he was upon his knee, That all the court admir'd him for submission: But meet him now, and be it in the morn, When every one will give the time of day, He knits his brow, and shows an angry eye, And passeth by with stiff unbowed knee, Disdaining duty that to us belongs. Small curs are not regarded when they grin; But great men tremble when the lion roars. And Humphrey is no little man in England. First note that he is near you in descent; And should you fall he as the next will mount. Me seemeth, then, it is no policy, Respecting what a rancorous mind he bears, And his advantage following your decease,-That he should come about your royal person, Or be admitted to your highness' council. By flattery hath he won the commons' hearts; And when he please to make commotion, 'Tis to be fear'd they all will follow him. Now 'tis the spring, and weeds are shallowrooted; [garden.

Suffer them now, and they'll o'ergrow the And choke the herbs for want of husbandry. The reverent care I bear unto my lord Made me collect these dangers in the duke. If it be fond, call it a woman's fear; Which fear, if better reasons can supplant, I will subscribe, and say I wrong'd the duke. My Lore of Suffolk,—Buckingham,—and York.-

Reprove my allegation if you can; Or else conclude my words effectual. duke: Suf. Well hath your highness seen into this And had I first been put to speak my mind, I think I should have told your grace's tale. The duchess, by his subornation, Upon my life, began her devilish practices: Or, if he were not privy to those faults, Yet, by reputing of his high descent,— As, next the king, he was successive heir, And such high vaunts of his nobility, Did instigate the bedlam brainsick duchess By wicked means to frame our sovereign's fall. Smooth runs the water where the brook is deep; And in his simple show he harbours treason. The fox barks not when he would steal the lamb No, no, my sovereign; Gloster is a man Unsounded yet, and full of deep deceit. Car. Did he not, contrary to form of law,

Devise strange deaths for small offences done? York. And did he not, in his protectorship, Levy great sums of money through the realm For soldiers' pay in France, and never sent it? By means whereof the towns each day revolted. Buck. Tut, these are petty faults to faults

unknown, Humphrey. Which time will bring to light in smooth Duke K. Hen. My lords, at once:-the care you have of us.

To mow down thorns that would annoy our feet.

Is worthy praise: but shall I speak my conscience?

Our kinsman Gloster is as innocent From meaning treason to our royal person As is the sucking lamb or harmless dove: The duke is virtuous, mild, and too well given To dream on evil or to work my downfall. O. Mar. Ah, what's more dangerous than

this fond affiance? Seems he a dove? his feathers are but borrow'd. For he's disposed as the hateful raven: Is he a lamb? his skin is surely lent him For he's inclin'd as is the ravenous wolf. Who cannot steal a shape that means deceit? Take heed, my lord; the welfare of us all Hangs on the cutting short that fraudful man.

Enter Somerset.

Som. All health unto my gracious sovereign! K. Hen. Welcome, Lord Somerset. news from France?

Som. That all your interest in those territories Is utterly bereft you; all is lost.

K. Hen. Cold news, Lord Somerset: but God's will be done! [France York. Cold news for me; for I had hope of As firmly as I hope for fertile England. Thus are my blossoms blasted in the bud, And caterpillars eat my leaves away: But I will remedy this gear ere long, Aside. Or sell my title for a glorious grave.

Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. All happiness unto my lord the king! Pardon, my liege, that I have stay'd so long. Suf. Nay, Gloster, know that thou art come too soon,

Unless thou wert more loyal than thou art: I do arrest thee of high treason here. blush Glo. Well, Suffolk, thou shalt not see me Nor change my countenance for this arrest: A heart unspotted is not easily daunted. The purest spring is not so free from mud As I am clear from treason to my sovereign: Who can accuse me? wherein am I guilty?

York. 'Tis thought, my lord, that you took bribes of France.

And, being protector, stay'd the soldiers' pay; By means whereof his highness hath lost France. Glo. Is it but thought so? what are they that think it?

I never robb'd the soldiers of their pay, Nor ever had one penny bribe from France. So help me God, as I have watch'd the night,-Ay, night by night,-in studying good for England!

That doit that e'er I wrested from the king, Or any groat I hoarded to my use, Be brought against me at my trial-day! No; many a pound of mine own proper store, Because I would not tax the needy commons. Have I dispursed to the garrisons, And never ask'd for restitution. fmuch.

Car. It serves you well, my lord, to say so Glo. I say no more than truth, so help me God!

York. In your protectorship you did devise Strange tortures for offenders, never heard of. That England was defam'd by tyranny.

Glo. Why, 'tis well known that, whiles I was protector,

Pity was all the fault that was in me; For I should melt at an offender's tears. And lowly words were ransom for their fault. Unless it were a bloody murderer, Or foul felonious thief that fleec'd poor passen-I never gave them condign punishment: Murder, indeed, that bloody sin, I tortur'd Above the felon or what trespass else.

Suf. My lord, these faults are easy, quickly answer'd:

But mightier crimes are laid unto your charge, Whereof you cannot easily purge yourself. I do arrest you in his highness' name; And here commit you to my lord cardinal

To keep, until your further time of trial. [hope K. Hen. My Lord of Gloster, 'tis my special That you will clear yourself from all suspect:

My conscience tells me you are innocent. [ous! Glo. Ah, gracious lord, these days are danger-Virtue is chok'd with foul ambition, And charity chas'd hence by rancour's hand; Foul subornation is predominant, And equity exil'd your highness' land. I know their complot is to have my life; And if my death might make this island happy, And prove the period of their tyranny, I would expend it with all willingness: But mine is made the prologue to their play; For thousands more, that yet suspect no peril, Will not conclude their plotted tragedy. Beaufort's red sparkling eyes blab his heart's malice,

And Suffolk's cloudy brow his stormy hate; Sharp Buckingham unburdens with his tongue The envious load that lies upon his heart; And dogged York, that reaches at the moon Whose overweening arm I have pluck'd back, By false accuse doth level at my life:-And you, my sovereign lady, with the rest, Causeless have laid disgraces on my head And with your best endeavour have stirr'd up My liefest liege to be mine enemy:-Ay, all of you have laid your heads together,-Myself had notice of your conventicles,-And all to make away my guilless life. I shall not want false witness to condemn me. Nor store of treasons to augment my guilt: The ancient proverb will be well effected,-A staff is quickly found to beat a dog.

Car. My hege, his railing is intolerable: If those that care to keep your royal person From treason's secret knife and traitors' rage Be thus upbraided, chid, and rated at, And the offender granted scope of speech,

Twill make them cool in zeal unto your grace. Suf. Hath he not twit our sovereign lady here

With ignominious words, though clerkly couch'd, As if she had suborned some to swear False allegations to o'erthrow his state?

Q. Mar. But I can give the loser leave to chide. [deed;--

Glo. Far truer spoke than meant: I lose, in-Beshrew the winners, for they play'd me false! And well such losers may have leave to speak. Buck. He'll wrest the sense, and hold us here all day:-

Lord cardinal, he is your prisoner.

Car. Sirs, take away the duke, and guard him sure.

Glo. Ah, thus King Henry throws away his crutch

Before his legs be firm to bear his body! gers, Thus is the shepherd beaten from thy side. And wolves are gnarling who shall gnaw thee first.

Ah. that my fear were false! ah, that it were! For, good King Henry, thy decay I fear.
[Exeunt Attendants with GLOSTER.

K. Hen. My lords, what to your wisdoms seemeth best

Do or undo, as if ourself were here.

Q. Mar. What, will your highness leave the Parliament? with grief. K. Hen. Ay, Margaret; my heart is drown'd

Whose flood begins to flow within mine eyes: My body round engirt with misery, For what's more miserable than discontent?-Ah, uncle Humphrey, in thy face I see The map of honour, truth, and loyalty! And yet, good Humphrey, is the hour to come That e'er I prov'd thee false or fear'd thy faith. What lowering star now envies thy estate, That these great lords, and Margaret our queen. Do seek subversion of thy harmless life? Thou never didst them wrong, nor no man wrong:

And as the butcher takes away the calf, And binds the wretch, and beats it when it strays, Bearing it to the bloody salughter-house; Evenso, remorseless, have they borne him hence: And as the dam runs lowing up and down, Looking the way her harmless young one went, And can do nought but wail her darling's loss; Even so myself bewails good Gloster's case With sad unhelpful tears; and with dimm'd eyes Look after him, and cannot do him good,-So mighty are his vowed enemies. His fortunes I will weep; and 'twixt each groan, Say, Who's a traitor? Gloster he is none. [Exit.

Q. Mar. Free lords, cold snow melts with the sun's hot beams. Henry my lord is cold in great affairs, Too full of foolish pity: and Gloster's show Beguiles him, as the mournful crocodile With sorrow snares relenting passengers; Or as the snake, roll'd in a flowering bank, With shining checker'd slough, doth sting a child,

That for the beauty thinks it excellent. Believe me lords, were none more wise than I,-And yet herein I judge my own wit good,-This Gloster should be quickly rid the world, To rid us from the fear we have of him.

Car. That he should die is worthy policy; But yet we want a colour for his death: 'Tis meet he be condemn'd by course of law.

Suf. But, in my mind, that were no policy: The king will labour still to save his life; The commons haply rise to save his life; And yet we have but trivial argument, Morethanmistrust, that showshim worthy death.

York. So that, by this, you would not have him die.

Suf. Ah, York, no man alive so fain as I! York. 'Tis York that hath more reason for his death. Suffolk, But, my lord cardinal, and you, my Lord of Say as you think, and speak it from your souls,— Wer't not all one an empty eagle were set To guard the chicken from a hungry kite, As place Duke Humphrey for the king's pro-

tector? [death.

Q. Mar. So the poor chicken should be sure of

Suf. Madam, 'tis true; and wer't not mad
ness, then,

To make the fox surveyor of the fold? Who, being accus'd a crafty murderer, His guitt should be but idly posted over Because his purpose is not executed. No; let him die, in that he is a fox, By nature prov'd an enemy to the flock, Before his chaps be stain'd with crimson blood,—As Humphrey, prov'd by reasons, to my liege. And do not stand on quillets how to slay him: Be it by gins, by snares, by subtlety, Sleeping or waking, 'tis no matter how, So he be dead; for that is good deceit Which mates him first that first intends deceit.

Q. Mar. Thrice-noble Suffolk, 'ts resolutely spoke.
Suf. Not resolute, except so much were done;

For things are often spoke and seldom meant: But, that my heart accordeth with my tongue,— Seeing the deed is meritorious,

And to preserve my sovereign from his foe,— Say but the word, and I will be his priest. Car. But I would have him dead, my Lord

of Suffolk,

Ere you can take due orders for a priest:
Say you consent, and censure well the deed,
And I'll provide his executioner,—
I tender so the safety of my liege.

Suf. Here is my hand, the deed is worthy doing.

O. Mar. And so say I.

York. And I: and now we three have spoke It skills not greatly who impugns our doom.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Great lords, from Ireland am I come amain,

To signify that rebels there are up, And put the Englishmen unto the sword: Send succours, lords, and stop the rage betime, Before the wound do grow uncurable; For, being green, there is great hope of help.

Car. A breach that craves a quick expedient stop! What counsel give you in this weighty cause?

York. That Somerset be sent as regent thither: 'Tis meet that lucky ruler be employ'd; Witness the fortune he hath had in France.

Som. If York, with all his far-fet policy, Had been the regent there instead of me, He never would have stay'd in France so long. York. No, not to lose it all, as thou hast done: I rather would have lost my life betimes

Than bring a burden of dishonour home, By staying there so long till all were lost. Show me one scar character'd on thy skin: Men's flesh preserv'd so whole do seldom win. Q. Mar. Nay, then, this spark will prove a

raging fire

If wind and fuel be brought to feed it with:

No more, good York;—sweet Somerset, be

still:-

Thy fortune, York, hadst thou been regent there, Might happily have prov'd far worse than his.

York. What, worse than naught? nay, then,

a shame take all!

Som. And in the number, thee that wishest shame!

Car. My Lord of York, try what your fortune is.

The uncivil kerns of Ireland are in arms, And temper clay with blood of Englishmen: To Ireland will you lead a band of men, Collected choicely, from each county some, And try your hap against the Irishmen?

And try your hap against the Irishmen?

York. I will, my lord, so please his majesty.

Suf. Why, our authority is his consent;

And what we do establish he confirms:

Then, noble York, take thou this task in hand. York. I am content: provide me soldiers, lords.

Whiles I take order for mine own affairs.

Suf. A charge, Lord York, that I will see perform'd. [phrey. But now return we to the false Duke Hum-

Car. No more of him; for I will deal with him,

That henceforth he shall trouble us no more. And so break off; the day is almost spent: Lord Suffolk, you and I must talk of that event

Lord Suffolk, you and I must talk of that event.

York. My Lord of Suffolk, within fourteen days

At Bristol I expect my soldiers; For there I'll ship them all for Ireland.

Suf. I'll see it truly done, my Lord of York.

[Exeunt all but York.

York. Now, York, or never, steel thy fearful thoughts,

And change misdoubt to resolution: Be that thou hop'st to be; or what thou art Resign to death,—it is not worth the enjoying: Let pale-fac'd fear keep with the mean-born

And find no harbour in a royal heart.

Faster than spring-time showers comes thought on thought;

And not a thought but thinks on dignity.

My brain, more busy than the labouring spider,
Weaves tedious snares to trap mine enemies.
Well, nobles, well, 'tis politicly done,
To send me packing with an host of men:
I fear me you but warm the starved snake,

Who, cherish'd in your breasts, will sting your hearts.
'Twas men I lack'd, and you will give them

I take it kindly; yet be well assur'd
You put sharp weapons in a madman's hands.
Whiles I in Ireland nourish a mighty band,
I will stir up in England some black storm
Shall blow ten thousand souls to heaven or hell;
And this fell tempest shall not cease to rage
Until the golden circuit on my head,
Like to the glorious sun's transparent beams,
Do calm the fury of this mad-bred flaw.
And for a minister of my intent
I have seduc'd a headstrong Kentishman,
John Cade of Ashford,
To make commotion, as full well he can,
Under the title of John Mortimer.

Under the title of John Mortimer. In Ireland have I seen this stubborn Cade Oppose himself against a troop of kerns, And fought so long till that his thighs with darts : Were almost like a sharp-quill'd porpentine; And in the end being rescu'd, I have seen him 'How now! why look'st thou pale? why trem Caper upright like a wild Morisco, Shaking the bloody darts as he his bells. Full often, like a shag-hair'd crafty kern, Hath he conversed with the enemy, And, undiscovered, come to me again. And given me notice of their villanies. This devil here shall be my substitute; For that John Mortimer, which now is dead, In face, in gait, in speech, he doth resemble: By this I shall perceive the commons' mind, How they affect the house and claim of York. Say he be taken, rack'd, and tortured I know no pain they can inflict upon him Will make him say I mov'd him to those arms. Say that he thrive, -as 'tis great like he will, Why, then from Ireland come I with mystrength And reap the harvest which that rascal sow'd; For Humphrey being dead, as he shall be, And Henry put apart, the next for me. [Exit.

SCENE IL.-BURY. A Room in the Palace. Enter certain Murderers, hastily.

I Mur. Run to my Lord of Suffolk; let him know

We have despatch'd the duke, as he commanded. 2 Mur. O that it were to do!-What have we done?

Didst ever hear a man so penitent? I Mur. Here comes my lord.

Enter SUFFOLK.

Suf. Now, sirs, have you despatch'd this thing?

r Mur. Ay, my good lord, he's dead. Suf. Why, that's well said. Go, get you to my house;

I will reward you for this venturous deed. The king and all the peers are here at hand:-Have you laid fair the bed? are all things well, According as I gave directions? I Mur. 'Tis, my good lord.

Suf. Away! be gone. Exeunt Murderers,

Trumpets sounded. Enter King Henry, QUEEN MARGARET, CARDINAL BEAUFORT, Somerset, Lords, and others.

K. Hen. Go, call our uncle to our presence straight;

Say we intend to try his grace to-day,

If he be guilty, as 'tis published.
Suf. I'll call him presently, my noble lord.

K. Hen. Lords, take your places; and, I pray you all,

Proceed no straiter 'gainst our uncle Gloster Than from true evidence, of good esteem, He be approv'd in practice culpable.

Q. Mar. God forbid any malice should pre-

vail That faultless may condemn a nobleman! Pray God he may acquit him of suspicion!

K. Hen. I thank thee, Margaret; these words content me much.-

Re-enter Suffolk.

blest thou? [Suffolk? Where is our uncle? what's the matter, Suf. Dead in his bed, my lord; Gloster is dead.

Q. Mar. Marry, God forfend! to-night Car. God's secret judgment:-I did dream The duke was dumb, and could not speak a

The KING swoons. word. Q. Mar. How fares my lord?-Help, lords! the king is dead.

Som. Rear up his body; wring him by the Q. Mar. Run, go, help, help!-O Henry, ope thine eyes! patient. Suf. He doth revive again:-madam, be

K. Hen. O heavenly God! O. Mar. How fares my gracious lord? Suf. Comfort, my sovereign! gracious Henry,

comfort! K. Hen. What, doth my Lord of Suffolk com-Came he right now to sing a raven's note, Whose dismal tune bereft my vital powers; And thinks he that the chirping of a wren, By crying comfort from a hollow breast,

Can chase away the first conceived sound? Hide not thy poison with such sugar'd words: Lay not thy hands on me; forbear, I say; Their touch affrights me, as a serpent's sting,

Thou baleful messenger, out of my sight! Upon thy eye-balls murderous tyranny Sits in grim majesty, to fright the world. Look not upon me, for thine eyes are wounding:-

Yet do not go away:--come, basilisk, And kill the innocent gazer with thy sight; For in the shade of death I shall find joy, In life but double death, now Gloster's dead. Q. Mar. Why do you rate my Lord of Suf-

folk thus? Although the duke was enemy to him Yet he, most Christian-like laments his death: And for myself, foe as he was to me,-Might liquid tears, or heart-offending groans, Or blood-consuming sighs recall his life, I would be blind with weeping, sick with groans, Look pale as primrose with blood-drinking sighs, And all to have the noble duke alive. What know I how the world may deem of me? For it is known we were but hollow friends: It may be judg'd I made the duke away; So shall my name with slander's tongue be wounded,

And princes' courts be fill'd with my reproach. This get I by his death: ah me, unhappy! To be a queen and crown'd with infamy!

K. Hen. Ah, woe is me for Gloster, wretched man!

Q. Mar. Be wee for me, more wretched than What, dost thou turn away, and hide thy face? I am no loathsome leper,—look on me. What, art thou, like the adder, waxen deaf? Be poisonous too, and kill thy forlorn queen. Is all thy comfort shut in Gloster's tomb? Why, then, Dame Margaret was ne'er thy joy: Erect his statua, and worship it And make my image but an alehouse sign. Was I for this nigh wreck'd upon the sea,

And twice by awkward wind from England's Some violent hands were laid on Humphrey's bank

Drove back again unto my native clime? What boded this but well-forewarning wind Did seem to say, -Seek not a scorpion's nest, Nor set no footing on this unkind shore? What did I then but curs'd the gentle gusts, And he that loos'd them forth their brazen

shore, caves: And bid them blow towards England's blessed Or turn our stern upon a dreadful rock? Yet Aeolus would not be a murderer, But left that hateful office unto thee:

The pretty-vaulting sea refus'd to drown me Knowing that thou wouldst have me drown'd on shore,

With tears as salt as sea, through thy unkind-The splitting rocks cower'd in the sinking sands, And would not dash me with their ragged sides; Because thy flinty heart, more hard than they, Might in thy palace perish Margaret. As far as I could ken thy chalky cliffs. When from the shore the tempest beat us back, I stood upon the hatches in the storm; And when the dusky sky began to robe My earnest-gaping sight of thy land's view, I took a costly jewel from my neck,— A heart it was, bound in with diamonds,-And threw it towards thy land:-the sea receiv'd it:

And so I wish'd thy body might my heart: And even with this I lost fair England's view And bid mine eyes be packing with my heart, And call'd them blind and dusky spectacles, For losing ken of Albion's wished coast. How often have I tempted Suffolk's tongue,-The agent of thy foul inconstancy, To sit and witch me, as Ascanius did When he to madding Dido would unfold His father's acts, commenc'd in burning Troy! Am I not witch'd like her? or thou not false like him?

Ah me, I can no more! die, Margaret! For Henry weeps that thou dost live so long.

Noise within. Enter WARWICK and SALIS-BURY. The Commons press to the door.

War. It is reported, mighty sovereign, That good Duke Humphrey traitorously is murder'd

By Suffolk and the Cardinal Beaufort's means. The commons, like an angry hive of bees That want their leader, scatter up and down, And care not who they sting in his revenge. Myself have calmed their spleenful mutiny Until they hear the order of his death.

K. Hen. That he is dead, good Warwick, 'tis too true;

But how he died God knows, not Henry: Enter his chamber, view his breathless corpse, And comment then upon his sudden death. War. That I shall do, my liege.—Stay, Salis-

bury,

With the rude multitude till I return.

K. Hen. O Thou that judgest all things, stay my thoughts,-

If my suspect be false, forgive me, God; For judgment only doth belong to thee. Fain would I go to chafe his paly lips With twenty thousand kisses, and to drain Upon his face an ocean of salt tears; To tell my love unto his dumb deaf trunk, And with my fingers feel his hand unfeeling: But all in vain are these mean obsequies; And to survey his dead and earthly image,

What were it but to make my sorrow greater? [The folding doors of an inner Chamber are thrown open, and GLOSTER is discovered dead in his bed; WARWICK and others

standing by it. War. Come hither, gracious sovereign, view

this body. K. Hen. That is to see how deep my grave is

made; For with his soul fied all my worldly solace; For seeing him, I see my life in death.

War. As surely as my soul intends to live With that dread King that took our state upon him

To free us from his Father's wrathful curse. I do believe that violent hands were laid Upon the life of this thrice-famed duke.

Suf. A dreadful oath, sworn with a solemn tongue!

What instance gives Lord Warwick for his vow? War. See how the blood is settled in his face! Oft have I seen a timely-parted ghost, Of ashy semblance, meagre, pale, and bloodless, Being all descended to the labouring heart; Who, in the conflict that it holds with death, Attracts the same for aidance 'gainst the enemy; Which with the heart there cools, and ne'er returneth

To blush and beautify the cheek again. But see, his face is black and full of blood His eye-balls further out than when he liv'd, Staring full ghastly like a strangled man: His hair uprear'd, his nostrils stretch'd with struggling

His hands abroad display'd, as one that grasp'd And tugg'd for life, and was by strength subdu'd:

Look, on the sheets his hair, you see, is sticking; His well-proportioned beard made rough and rugged,

Like to the summer's corn by tempest lodg'd. It cannot be but he was murder'd here The least of all these signs were probable.

Suf. Why, Warwick, who should do the duke to death? Myself and Beaufort had him in protection;

And we, I hope, sir, are no murderers.

War. But both of you were vow'd Duke

Humphrey's foes; And you, forsooth, had the good duke to keep: 'Tis like you would not feast him like a friend;

And 'tis well seen he found an enemy. Q. Mar. Then you, belike, suspect these

noblemen

[WAR. goes into an inner room; SAL. retires As guilty of Duke Humphrey's timeless death.

to the Commons at the door.

War. Who finds the heifer dead and bleeding fresh

And sees fast by a butcher with an axe. My thoughts that labour to persuade my soul But will suspect twas he that made the slaughter? Who finds the partridge in the puttock's nest, But may imagine how the bird was dead, Although the kite soar with unblooded beak?

Even so suspicious is this tragedy.

Q. Mar. Are you the butcher, Suffolk?—

where's your knife?

Is Beaufort termed a kite?—where are his talons?

Suf. I wear no knufe to slaughter sleeping men; But here's avengeful sword, rusted with ease,

That shall be scoured in his rancourous heart That slanders me with murder's crimson badge:-

Say, if thou dar'st, proud Lord of Warwickshire, That I am faulty in Duke Humphrey's death.

[Exeunt Car., Som., and others. War. What deres not Warwick, if false Suffolk dare him?

 Mar. He dares not calm his contumelious. spirit,

Nor cease to be an arrogant controller, Though Suffolk dare him twenty thousand times.

War. Madam, be still, -with reverence may I say;

For every word you speak in his behalf Is slander to your royal dignity.

Suf. Blunt-witted lord, ignoble in demeanour! If ever lady wrong'd her lord so much, Thy mother took into her blameful bed Some stern untutor'd churl, and noble stock Was graft with crab-tree slip; whose fruit thou

And never of the Nevils' noble race. [thee, War. But that the guilt of murder bucklers And I should rob the deathsman of his fee. Quitting thee thereby of ten thousand shames, And that my sovereign's presence makes me mild,

I would, false murderous coward, on thy knee Make thee beg pardon for thy passed speech. And say it was thy mother that thou meant'st. That thou thyself was born in bastardy; And, after all this fearful homage done, Give thee thy hire, and send thy soul to hell, Pernicious blood-sucker of sleeping men!

Suf. Thou shalt be waking while I shed thy blood,

If from this presence thou dar'st go with me. War. Away even now, or I will drag thee

Unworthy though thou art, I'll cope with thee, And do some service to Dake Humphrey's ghost.

[Exeunt SUFFOLK and WARWICK. K. Hen. What stronger breastplate than a heart untainted!

Thrice is he armed that hath his quarrel just; And he but naked, though lock'd up in steel Whose conscience with injustice is corrupted. A noise within.

Q. Mar. What noise is this?

Re-enter Suffolk and Warwick, with their weapons drawn.

K. Hen. Why, how now, lords! your wrathful weapons drawn Here in our presence! dare you be so bold?-Why, what tumultous clamour have we here? Suf. The traitorous Warwick, with the men of Bury,

Set all upon me, mighty sovereign.
Sal. [To the Commons at the door.] Sirs, stand apart; the king shall know your He comes forward.

Dread lord, the commons send you word by me, Unless false Suffolk straight be done to death, Or banished fair England's territories, They will by violence tear him from your palace.

And torture him with grievous lingering death. They say, by him the good Duke Humphrey died;

They say, in him they fear your highness' death: And mere instinct of love and loyalty,-Free from a stubborn opposite intent As being thought to contradict your liking,-Makes them thus forward in his banishment. They say, in care of your most royal person. That if your highness should intend to sleep, And charge that no man should disturb your rest,

In pain of your dislike, or pain of death: Yet, notwithstanding such a strait edict Were there a serpent seen, with forked tongue, That slily glided towrds your majesty, It were but necessary you were wak'd; Lest, being suffered in that harmful slumber. The mortal worm might make the sleep eter-

And therefore do they cry, though you forbid, That they will guard you, whe'r you will or no. From such fell serpents as false Suffolk is; With whose envenomed and fatal sting Your loving uncle, twenty times his worth, They say, is shamefully bereft of life.

Commons. [Withm.] An answer from the king, my Lord of Salisbury!
Suf. 'Tis like the commons, rude unpolish'd

hinds,

Could send such message to their sovereign: But you, my lord, were glad to be employ'd. To show how quaint an orator you are: But all the honour Salisbury hath won Is, that he was the lord ambassador Sent from a sort of tinkers to the king

Commons. [Within.] An answer from the king, or we will all break in!

K. Hen. Go, Salisbury, and tell them all from me,

I thank them for their tender loving care: And had I not been cited so by them, Yet did I purpose as they do entreat For, sure, my thoughts do hourly prophesy Mischance unto my state by Suffolk's means: And therefore,—by His majesty I swear, Whose far unworthy deputy I am, He shall not breathe infection in this air But three days longer, on the pain of death.

Exit Salisbury. Q. Mar. O Henry, let me plead for gentle Suffolk! [Suffolk!

K. Hen. Ungentle queen, to call him gentle No more, I say: if thou dost plead for him, Thou wilt but add increase unto my wrath. Had I but said, I would have kept my word; But when I swear, it is irrevocable. If after three days' space thou here be'st found On any ground that I am ruler of The world shall not be ransom for thy life.-

Come, Warwick, come, good Warwick, go with Loather a hundred times to part than die. me:

I have great matters to impart to thee.

[Exeunt K. Hen., WAR., Lords, &c. O. Mar. Mischance and sorrow go along with you!

Heart's discontent and sour affliction Be playfellows to keep you company! There's two of you; the devil make a third! And threefold vengeance tend upon your steps!

Suf. Cease, gentle queen, these execrations, And let thy Suffolk take his heavy leave. Q. Mar. Fie, coward woman and soft-hearted

wretch!

Hast thou not spirit to curse thine enemies? Suf. A plague upon them! wherefore should I curse them?

[groan, Would curses kill, as doth the mandrake's I would invent as bitter-searching terms, As curst, as harsh, and horrible to hear, Deliver'd strongly through my fixed teeth, With full as many signs of deadly hate As lean-fac'd Envy in her loathsome cave: My tongue should stumble in mine earnest words:

Mine eyes should sparkle like the beaten flint; Mine hair be fix'd on end, as one distract Ay, every joint should seem to curse and ban: And even now my burden'd heart would break, Should I not curse them. Poison be their drink! Gall, worse than gall, the daintiest that they taste!

Their sweetest shade a grove of cypress trees! Their chiefest prospect murdering basilisks! Their softest touch as smart as lizard's stings! Their music frightful as the serpent's hiss; And boding screech-owls make the concert full! All the foul terrors in dark-seated hell-

Q. Mar. Enough, sweet Suffolk; thou torment'st thyself: [glass, And these dread curses,-like the sun 'gainst Or like an overcharged gun,—recoil,

And turn the farce of them upon thyself. Suf. You bade me ban, and will you bid me leave?

Now, by the ground that I am banish'd from, Well could I curse away a winter's night, Though standing naked on a mountain top. Where biting cold would never let grass grow, And think it but a minute spent in sport.

Q. Mar. O, let me entreat thee, cease! Give me thy hand,

That I may dew it with my mournful tears; Nor let the rain of heaven wet this place. To wash away my woeful monuments. O, could this kiss be printed in thy hand,

Kisses his hand. That thou mightst think upon these by the seal Through whom a thousand sighs are breath'd

for thee! So, get thee gone, that I may know my grief; 'Tis but surmis'd whilst thou art standing by, As one that surfeits thinking on a want. I will repeal thee, or, be well assur'd, Adventure to be banished myself: And banished I am, if but from thee. Go; speak not to me; even now be gone.-O, go not yet!-Even thus two friends condemn'd lleaves.

Embrace, and a kiss, and take ten thousand

Yet now, farewell; and farewell life with thee! Suf. Thus is poor Suffolk ten times ban-

ished. Once by the king and three times thrice by thee. 'Tis not the land I care for, wert thou hence; A wilderness is populous enough, So Suffolk had thy heavenly company:

For where thou art, there is the world itself, With every several pleasure in the world: And where thou art not, desolation.

I can no more:—hve thou to joy thy life; Myself to joy in naught but that thou liv'st.

Enter VAUX.

Q. Mar. Whither goes Vaux so fast? what news, I pr'ythee?

Vaux. To signify unto his majesty That Cardinal Beaufort is at point of death; For suddenly a grievous sickness took him. fair. That makes him gasp, and stare, and catch the Blaspheming God, and cursing men on earth. Sometime he talks as if Duke Humphrey's ghost

Were by his side; sometime he calls the king, And whispers to his pillow, as to him, The secrets of his overcharged soul: And I am sent to tell his majesty king.

That even now he cries aloud for him. Q. Mar. Go tell this heavy message to the Exit VAUX.

Ah me! what is this world! what news are these!

But wherefore gneve I at an hour's poor loss, Omitting Suffolk's exile, my soul's treasure? Why only, Suffolk, mourn I not for thee, And with the southern clouds contend in tears.

Theirs for the earth's increase, mine for my sorrows? coming; Now get thee hence: the king, thou know'st, is If thou be found by me, thou art but dead.

Suf. If I depart from thee I cannot live; And in thy sight to die, what were it else But like a pleasant slumber in thy lap? Here could I breathe my soul into the air, As mild and gentle as the cradie-babe Dying with mother's dug between its lips: Where, from thy sight, I should be raging mad, And cry out for thee to close up mine eyes, To have thee with thy lips to stop my mouth; So shouldst thou either turn my flying soul, Or I should breathe it so into thy body, And then it liv'd in sweet Elvsium. To die by thee were but to die in jest; From thee to die were torture more than death: O, let me stay, befall what may befall!

Q. Mar. Away! though parting be a fretful corrosive.

It is applied to a deathful wound. To France, sweet Suffolk: let me hear from For whereso'er thou art in this world's globe I'll have an Iris that shall find thee out.

Suf. I go.

Q. Mar. And take my heart with thee. Suf. A jewel, lock'd into the woefull'st cask That ever did contain a thing of worth. Even as a splitted bark, so sunder we; This way fall I to death.

Q. Mar. This way for me. [Exeunt severally.

SCENE III.-LONDON, CARDINAL BEAU-FORT'S Bedchamber.

Enter King Henry, Salisbury, Warwick, and others. The CARDINAL in bed; Attendants with him.

K. Hen. How fares my lord? speak, Beaufort, to thy sovereign.

Car. If thou be'st death Pil give thee England's treasure,

Enough to purchase such another island, So thou wilt let me live and feel no pain

K. Hen. Ah, what a sign it is of evil life Where death's approach is seen so terrible! War. Beaufort, it is thy sovereign speaks to

thee.

Car. Bring me unto my trial when you will. Died he not in his bed? where should he die? Can I make men live, whe'r they will or no? O, torture me no more! I will confess.-Alive again? then show me where he is: I'll give a thousand pound to look upon him. He hath no eyes, the dust hath blinded them.-Comb down his hair; look, look! it stands upright,

Like lime-twigs set to catch my winged soul!— Give me some drink; and bid the apothecary Bring the strong poison that I bought of him. K. Hen. O thou eternal Mover of the heavens,

Look with a gentle eye upon this wretch! O, beat away the busy meddling fiend That lays strong siege unto this wretch's soul, And from his bosom purge this black despair!

War. See how the pangs of death do make him grin!

Sal. Disturb him not, let him pass peaceably K. Hen. Peace to his soul, if God's good pleasure be!

Lord Cardinal, if thou think'st on heaven's bliss.

Hold up thy hand, make signal of thy hope .-He dies, and makes no sign:-O God, forgive

War. So bad a death argues a monstrous life. K. Hen. Forbear to judge, for we are sinners all.

Close up his eyes, and draw the curtain close; And let us all to meditation. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE L-KENT. The Sea-shore near Dover

Firing heard at sea. Then enter, from a boat, a Captain, a Master, a Master's Mate, WALTER WHITMORE, and others; with them SUFFOLK, disguised, and other Gentlemen, prisoners.

Cap. The gaudy, blabbing, and remorseful

Is crept into the bosom of the sea; That drag the tragic melancholy night;

iaws Breathe foul contagious darkness in the air. Therefore bring forth the soldiers of our prize;

Here shall they make their ransom on the sand. Or with their blood stain this discolour'd shore.

Master, this prisoner freely give I thee; And thou that art his mate, make boot of this:-The other [pointing to SUFFOLK],
Whitmore is thy share. Walter know.

I Gent. What is my ransom, master? let me Mast. A thousand crowns, or else lay down your head.

Mate. And so much shall you give, or off goes Cap. What, think you much to pay two thousand crowns,

And bear the name and port of gentlemen? Cut both the villains' throats;—for die you shall:-

The lives of those which we have lost in fight Cannot be counterpois'd with such a petty sum. I Gent. I'll give it, sir; and therefore spare my life. straight.

2 Gent. And so will I, and write home for it Whit. I lost mine eye in laying the prize aboard,

And therefore, to revenge it, shalt thou die;

[To SUFFOLK. And so should these, if I might have my will. Cap. Be not so rash; take ransom, let him

live. Suf. Look on my George, —I am a gentleman: Rate me at what thou wilt, thou shalt be paid.

Whit. And so am I; my name is Walter
Whitmore. [affright?

How now! why start'st thou? what, doth death

Suf. Thy name affrights me, in whose sound is death. A cunning man did calculate my birth.

And told me that by Water I should die: Yet let not this make thee be bloody-minded; Thy name is Gaultier, being rightly sounded. Whit. Gaultier or Walter, which it is I care

not: Never yet did base dishonour blur our name But with our sword we wip'd away the blot: Therefore, when merchant-like I sell revenge, Broke be my sword, my arms torn and defacid, And I proclaim'd a coward through the world!

Lays hold on SUFFOLK. Suf. Stay Whitmore; for thy prisoner is a

prince, The Duke of Suffolk, William De-la-Poole.

Whit. The Duke of Suffolk muffled up in rags! Suf. Ay, but these rags are no part of the

duke: Jove sometime went disguis'd, and why not I? Cap. But Jove was never slain, as thou shalt

blood. Suf. Obscure and lowly swain, King Henry's The honourable blood of Lancaster,

Must not be shed by such a jaded groom. Hast thou not kiss'd thy hand and held my stirrup:

Bareheaded plodded by my foot-cloth mule, And now loud-howling wolves arouse the jades And thought thee happy when I shook my head?

Who with their drowsy, slow, and flagging wings How often hast thou waited at my cup, Clip dead men's graves, and from their misty Fed from my trencher, kneel'd down at the

board, When I have feasted with Queen Margaret? Remember it, and let it make thee crest-fall'n: For, whilst our pinnace anchors in the Downs, Ay, and allay this thy abortive pride:

Suf.

How in our voiding-lobby hast thou stood.
And duly waited for my coming forth?
This hand of mine hath wit in thy behalf,
And therefore shall it charm thy riotous tongue.
Whit. Speak, captain, shall I stab the forlorn swain?

Cab. First let my words stab him, as he hath Suf. Base slave, thy words are blunt, and so art thou. [boat's side Cab. Convey him hence, and on our long-

Strike off his head.

Suf. Thou dar'st not, for thy own. Cap. Yes, Poole.

Poole!

Cap. Poolel Sir Poolel lord!
Ay, kennel, puddle, sink; whose fith and dirt
Troubles the silver spring where England drinks.
Now will I dam up this thy yawning mouth
For swallowing the treasure of the realm:
Thy lips, that kiss'd the queen, shall sweep the
ground; [phrey's death,
And thou, that smil'dst at good Duke HumAgainst the senseless winds shalt grin in vain,

Who, in contempt, shall hiss at thee again: And wedded be thou to the hags of hell, For daring to affy a mighty lord Unto the daughter of a worthless king, Havung neither subject, wealth, nor diadem. By devilish policy art thou grown great, And, like ambitrous Sylla, overgorg'd with goblets of thy mother's bleeding heart.

By thee Anjou and Maine were sold to France; The false revolting Normans thorough thee Disdain to call us lord; and Picardy Hath slain their governors, surpris'd our forts,

And sent the ragged soldiers wounded home. The princely Warwick, and the Nevils all,— Whose dreadful swords were never drawn in vain,—

As hating thee, are rising up in arms: [crown And now the house of York,—thrust from the By shameful murder of a guiltless king And lofty proud encroaching tyranny,—Burns with revenging fire; whose hopeful colours

Advance our half-fac'd sun, striving to shine, Under the which is writ Invitis nubibus. The commons here in Kent are up in arms: And, to conclude, reproach and beggary Is crept into the palace of our king, And all by thee.—Away! convey him hence.

Suf. O that I were a god, to shoot forth thunder

Upon these paltry, servile, abject drudges! Small things make base men proud; this villain

here,
Being captain of a pinnace, threatens more
Than Bargulus the strong Illyrian pirate.
Drones suck not eagles' blood, but rob beehives:

It is impossible that I should die
By such a lowly vassal as thyself.
Thy words move rage and not remorse in me:
I go of message from the queen to France;
I charge thee, waft me safely cross the Channel.

Cap. Walter,--Whit. Come, Suffolk, I must waft thee to

thy death. [I fear. Suf. Gelidus timor occupat artus:—'tis thee

Whit. Thou shalt have cause to fear before I leave thee.

What, are ye daunted now? now will ye stoop?

I Gent. My gracious lord, eatreat him, speak
him fair. [rough,

Suf. Suffolk's imperial tongue is stern and Us'd to command, untaught to plead for favour. Far be it we should honour such as these With humble suit: no, rather let my head Stoop to the block than these knees bow to any, Save to the God of heaven and to my king; And sooner dance upon a bloody nole

And sooner dance upon a bloody pole
Than stand uncover'd to the vulgar groom.
True nobility is exempt from fear:—

More can I bear than you dare execute.

Cap. Hale him away, and let him talk no
more.
[can,

Suf. Come, soldiers, show what cruelty ye That this my death may never be forgot!— Great men oft die by vile bezonians: A Roman sworder and banditto slave Murder'd sweet Tully; Brutus' bastard hand Stabb'd Julius Caesar; savage islanders

Pompey the Great; and Suffolk dies by pirates.
[Exit Sur., with Whit. and others.
Cap. And as for these, whose ransom we have set.

It is our pleasure one of them depart:—
Therefore come you with us, and let him go.
[Exeunt all but the first Gentleman.

Re-enter Whitmore with Suffolk's body.

Whit. There let his head and lifeless body lie, Until the queen his mistress bury it. [Exit. I Gent. O barbarous and bloody spectacle! His body will I bear unto the king: If he revenge it not, yet will his friends;

So will the queen, that, living, held him dear. [Exit with the body.

Scene II .- Blackheath.

Enter George Bevis and John Holland.

Geo. Come, and get thee a sword, though made of a lath; they have been up these two days. [now, then.

John. They have the more need to sleep Geo. I tell thee, Jack Cade the clothier means to dress the commonwealth, and turn it, and set a new nap upon it.

John. So he had need, for 'tis threadbare Well, I say it was never merry world in England since gentlemen came up.

Geo. O miserable age! Virtue is not regarded in handicraftsmen.

John. The nobility think scorn to go in leather aprons.

Geo. Nay, more, the king's council are no good workmen.

John. True; and yet it is said,—I abour in thy vocation; which is as much to say as,—Let the magistrates be labouring men; and therefore should we be magistrates.

Geo. Thou hast hit it; for there's no better sign of a brave mind than a hard hand.

John. I see them! I see them! There's

Best's son the tanner of Wingham,— Geo. He shall have the skins of our enemies

to make dog's leather of.

John. And Dick the butcher,-

Geo. There is sin struck down like an ox, Enter some, bringing in the Clerk of Chatham and iniquity's throat cut like a calf.

John. And Smith the weaver,-

Geo. Argo, their thread of life is spun. John. Come, come, let's fall in with them.

Drum. Enter CADE, DICK the Butcher, SMITH the Weaver, and others in great number.

Cade. We John Cade, so termed of our sup- letters in't. posed father,-

Dick. Or, rather, of stealing a cade of her-

[Aside. Cade. For our enemies shall fall before us,inspired with the spirit of putting down kings and princes.-Command silence.

Dick. Silence!

Cade. My father was a Mortimer,-

Dick. He was an honest man and a good Aside. bricklayer.

Cade. My mother a Plantagenet,-

Dick. I knew her well; she was a midwife. [Aside.

Cade. My wife descended of the Lacies,-Dick. She was, indeed, a pediar's daughter, and sold many laces. Aside. Smith. But now of late, not able to travel

with her furred pack, she washes bucks here at Aside. home.

Cade. Therefore am I of an honourable house.

Dick. Ay, by my faith, the field is honourable; and there was he born under a hedge.for his father had never a house but the cage. (Aside.

Cade. Valiant I am.

Smith. 'A must needs; for beggary is valiant.

Cade. I am able to endure much.

Dick. No question of that; for I have seen

him whipped three market days together. Aside.

Cade. I fear neither sword nor fire.

Smith. He need not fear the sword; for his Aside. coat is of proof.

Dick. But methinks he should stand in fear of fire, being burnt i' the hand for stealing of

Aside. Cade. Be brave, then; for your captain is brave, and vows reformation. There shall be in England seven halfpenny loaves sold for a penny: the three-hooped pot shall have ten hoops; and I will make it felony to drink small beer: all the realm shall be in common; and in Cheapside shall my palfrey go to grass: and

when I am king,-as king I will be,-All. God save your majesty!

Cade. I thank you, good people:—there shall be no money; all shall eat and drink on my score; and I will apparel them all in one livery, that they may agree like brothers, and

worship me their lord. [lawyers. Dick. The first thing we do, let's kill all the Cade. Nay, that I mean to do. Is not this a lamentable thing, that of the skin of an innocent lamb should be made parchment? that parchmen, being scribbled o'er, should undo a man? Some say the bee stings; but I say 'tis Married the Duke of Clarence's daughter, -did the bee's wax; for I did but seal once to a thing, and I was never mine own man since.—How now! who's there?

Smith. The clerk of Chatham: he can write and read and cast accompt.

Cade. O monstrous!

Smith. We took him setting of boys' copies. Cade. Here's a villain!

Smith. Has a book in his pocket with red

Cade. Nay, then, he is a conjurer. Dick. Nay, he can make obligations and

write court-hand.

Cade. I am sorry for 't: the man is a proper man, on mine honour: unless I find him guilty. he shall not die.-Come hither, sirrah, I must examine thee: what is thy name?

Clerk. Emmanuel.

Dick. They use to write it on the top of letters: 'twill go hard with you.

Cade. Let me alone. Dost thou use to write thy name? or hast thou a mark to thyself, like an honest plain-dealing man?

Clerk. Sir, I thank God, I have been so well brought up that I can write my name.

All. He hath confessed: away with him! he's

a villain and a traitor.

Cade. Away with him, I say! hang him with his pen and inkhorn about his neck. [Exeunt some with the Clerk.

Enter MICHAEL.

Mich. Where's our general?

Cade. Here I am, thou particular fellow. Mich. Fly, fly, fly! Sir Humphrey Stafford and his brother are hard by, with the king's

Aside. forces.

Cade. Stand, villain, stand, or I'll fell thee down. He shall be encountered with a man as good as himself: he is but a knight, is 'a?

Mich. No.
Cade. To equal him, I will make myself a knight presently. [Kneels.] Rise up, Sir John Mortumer. [Rises.] Now have at him!

Enter SIR HUMPHREY STAFFORD and WILLIAM his Brother, with drum and Forces.

Staf. Rebellious hinds, the filth and scum of Kent.

Mark'd for the gallows, lay your weapons down; Home to your cottages, forsake this groom:-The king is merciful if you revolt.

W. Staf. But angry, wrathful, and inclin'd to If you go forward: therefore yield or die.

Cade. As for these silken-coated slaves. I pass not:

It is to you, good people, that I speak, O'er whom, in time to come, I hope to reign;

For I am rightful heir unto the crown. Staf. Villain, thy father was a plasterer; And thou thyself a shearman,—art thou not?

Cade. And Adam was a gardener. W. Staf. And what of that?

Cade. Marry, this:-Edmund Mortimer. Earl of March, [he not?

Staf. Ay, sir. Cade. By her he had two children at one

birth.

W. Staf. That's false. Cade. Ay, there's the question but I say
The elder of them being put to nurse, Was by a beggar-woman stol'n away:

And, ignorant of his birth and parentage, Became a bricklayer when he came to age: His son am I; deny it if you can.

Dick. Nay, 'tis too true; therefore he shall be king.

Smith. Sir, he made a chimney in my father's house, and the bricks are alive at this day to testify it; therefore deny it not. words,

Staf. And will you credit these base drudge's That speaks he knows not what? gone.

All. Ay, marry, will we; therefore get ye W. Staf. Jack Cade, the Duke of York hath taught you this.

Cade. He hes, for I invented it myself. [Aside.]-Go to, sırrah, tell the king from me, that, for his father's sake, Henry the Fifth, in whose time boys went to span-counter for French crowns, I am content he shall reign; but I'll be protector over him.

Dick. And furthermore, we'll have the Lord Say's head, for selling the dukedom of Maine.

Cade. And good reason; for thereby is England mained, and fain to go with a staff, but that my puissance holds it up. Fellow kings, I tell you that that Lord Say hath gelded the commonwealth, and made it an eunuch: and more than that, he can speak French; and therefore he is a traitor.

Staf. O gross and miserable ignorance!

Cade. Nay, answer if you can:-the Frenchmen are our enemies; go to, then, I ask but this, can he that speaks with the tongue of an enemy be a good counsellor, or no? [head.

All. No, no; and therefore we'll have his W. Staf. Well, seeing gentle words will not

prevail.

Assail them with the army of the king. [town Staf. Herald, away; and throughout every Proclaim them traitors that are up with Cade; That those which fly before the battle ends May, even in their wives' and children's sight, Be hang'd up for example at their doors:-And you that be the king's friends, follow me.

Exeunt the two STAFFORDS and Forces. Cade. And you that love the commons follow

me.

Now show yourselves men; 'tis for liberty. We will not leave one lord, one gentleman: Spare none but such as go in clouted shoon; For they are thrifty honest men, and such As would-but that they dare not-take our

parts. [wards us. Dick. They are all in order, and march to-Cade. But then are we in order when we are most out of order. Come, march forward.

Scene III.—Another bart of Blackheath.

The two parties enter and fight, and Alarums. both the STAFFORDS are slain.

Cade. Where's Dick, the butcher of Ashford? Dick. Here, sir.

Cade. They fell before thee like sheep and oxen, and thou behavedst thyself as if thou hadst been in thine own slaughter-house:

l'tis true: therefore thus will I reward thee,-the Lent shall be as long again as it is; and thou shalt have a license to kill for a hundred lacking one, a week.

Dick. I desire no more.

Cade. And, to speak truth, thou deservest no less. This monument of the victory will I bear [putting on part of Sir H. Starford's armour]; and the bodies shall be dragged at my horse's heels till I do come to London, where we will have the mayor's sword borne before us

Dick. If we mean to thrive and do good, break open the gaols, and let out the prisoners. Cade. Fear not that, I warrant thee .- Come, let's march towards London. Exeunt

SCENE IV .- LONDON. A Room in the Palace.

Enter King Henry, reading a supplication; the DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM and LORD SAY with him: at a distance, QUEEN MARGARET mourning over SUFFOLK'S head.

O. Mar. Oft have I heard that grief softens the mind.

And makes it fearful and degenerate; Think therefore on revenge, and cease to weep But who can cease to weep, and look on this? Here may his head lie on my throbbing breast: But where's the body that I should embrace? Buck. What answer makes your grace to the

rebel's supplication? K. Hen. I'l send some holy bishop to en-

treat: For God forbid so many simple souls Should perish by the sword! And I myself, Rather than bloody war shall cut them short, Will parley with Jack Cade their general:— But stay, I'll read it over once again.

Q. Mar. Ah, barbarous villains! hath this

lovely face Rul'd, like a wandering planet, over me, And could it not enforce them to relent That were unworthy to behold the same?

K. Hen. Lord Say, Jack Cade hath sworn to have thy head.

Say. Ay, but I hope your highness shall have K. Hen. How now, madam!
Still lamenting and mourning for Suffolk's

death?

Exeunt.

I fear, my love, if that I had been dead, me. Thou wouldst not have mourn'd so much for O. Mar. No, my love, I should not mourn, but die for thee.

Enter a Messenger.

K. Hen. How now! what news? why com'st thou in such haste?

[lord; Mess. The rebels are in Southwark; fly, my Jack Cade proclaims himself Lord Mortimer, Descended from the Duke of Clarence' house:

And calls your grace usurper openly, And vows to crown himself in Westminster.

His army is a ragged multitude

Of hinds and peasants, rude and merciless: Sir Humphrey Stafford and his brother's death Hath given them heart and courage to proceed: All scholars, lawyers, courtiers, gentlemen, They call false caterpillars, and intend their

death.

K. Hen. O graceless men! they know not what they do. worth Buck. My gracious lord, retire to Killing-

Until a power be rais'd to put them down.

Q. Mar. Ah! were the Duke of Suffolk now gether in Smithfield. alive,

These Kentish rebels would be soon appear'd. K. Hen. Lord Say, the traitors hate thee; Therefore away with us to Killingworth.

Say. So might your grace's person be in danger;

The sight of me is odious in their eyes: And therefore in this city will I stay, And live alone as secret as I may.

Enter a second Messenger.

2 Mess. Jack Cade hath gotten London Bridge;

The citizens fly and forsake their houses; The rascal people, thirsting after prey Join with the traitor; and they jointly swear To spoil the city and your royal court.

horse.

K. Hen. Come, Margaret; God, our hope, deceas'd. will succour us. O. Mar. My hope is gone, now Suffolk is K. Hen. Farewell, my lord [to LORD SAY]: trust not the Kentish rebels.

Buck. Trust nobody, for fear you be betray'd. Say. The trust I have is in mine innocence, And therefore am I bold and resolute.

Exeunt.

Scene V .- London. The Tower.

Enter LORD SCALES and others, on the Walls. Then enter certain Citizens, below.

Scales. How now! is Jack Cade slain?

I Cit. No. my lord, not likely to be slain; for they have won the bridge, killing all those that withstand them: the lord mayor craves aid of your honour from the Tower, to defend the city from the rebels.

Scales. Such aid as I can spare, you shall

command;

But I am troubled here with them myself, The rebels have assay'd to win the Tower. But get you to Smithfield, and gather head, And thither I will send you Matthew Gough; Fight for your king, your country, and your lives:

And so, farewell, for I must hence again.

Scene VI.—London. Cannon Street. Enter JACK CADE and his followers. He strikes his staff on London stone.

Cade. Now is Mortimer lord of this city. And here, sitting upon London stone, I charge and command that, of the city's cost, the pissingconduit run nothing but claret wine this first year of our reign. And now henceforward it shall be treason for any that calls me other than Lord Mortimer.

Enter a Soldier, running. Sold. Jack Cade! Jack Cade! Cade. Knock him down there.

Smith. If this fellow be wise, he'll never call you Jack Cade more; I think he hath a

very fair warning.

Dick. My lord, there's an army gathered to-

Cade. Come, then, let's go fight with them: but first, go and set London Bridge on fire; and, if you can, burn down the Tower too. Come, Exeunt. let's away.

SCENE VII .- LONDON. Smithfield.

Alarums. Enter, on one side, CADE and his Company; on the other, Citizens, and the KING'S Forces, headed by MATTHEW GOUGH. They fight; the Citizens are routed, and MATTHEW GOUGH is slam.

Cade. So, sirs:—now go some and pull down the Savoy; others to the mns of court; down with them all.

Dick. I have a suit unto your lordship. Cade. Be it a lordship, thou shalt have it for

Buck. Then linger not, my lord; away, take that word.

Dick. Only, that the laws of England may

come out of your mouth.

John. Mass, 'twill be sore law then; for he was thrust in the mouth with a spear, and 'tis not whole yet. Aside.

Smith. Nay, John, it will be stinking law; for his breath stinks with eating toasted cheese.

Cade. I have thought upon it, it shall be so. Away, burn all the records of the realm: my mouth shall be the Parliament of England.

John. Then we are like to have biting statutes, unless his teeth be pulled out. [Aside. Cade. And henceforward all things shall be in common.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, a prize, a prize! here's the Lord Say, which sold the towns in France; he that made us pay one-and-twenty fifteens, and one shilling to the pound, the last subsidy.

Enter GEORGE BEVIS, with the LORD SAY,

Cade. Well, he shall be beheaded for it ten times.-Ah, thou say, thou serge, nay, thou buckram lord! now art thou within point blank of our jurisdiction regal. What caust thou answer to my majesty for giving up of Nor-mandy unto Monsieur Basimecu, the Dauphin of France? Be it known unto thee by these presence, even the presence of Lord Mortimer, that I am the besom that must sweep the court clean of such filth as thou art. Thou hast most traitorously corrupted the youth of the realm in erecting a grammar school: and whereas, before, our forefathers had no other books but the score and the taily, thou hast caused printing to be used; and, contrary to the king, his crown, and dignity, thou hast built a paper-mill. It will be proved to thy face that thou hast men about thee that usually talk of a noun and a verb, and such abominable words as no Christian ear can endure to hear. Thou hast appointed justices of peace, to call poor men before them about matters they were not able to answer. Moreover, thou hast put them in [They kill him. prison; and because they could not read, thou

hast hanged them; when, indeed, only for that he speaks not o' God's name. Go, take him cause they have been most worthy to live. Thou dost ride in a foot-cloth, dost thou not?

Say. What of that?

Cade. Marry, thou oughtest not to let thy horse wear a cloak, when honester men than thou go in their hose and doublets.

Dick. And work in their shirt too; as myself, for example, that am a butcher.

Say. You men of Kent,

Dick. What say you of Kent?

Say. Nothing but this,-'tis bona terra, mala gens.

Cade. Away with him, away with him! he speaks Latin.

Say. Hear me but speak, and bear me where you will.

Kent, in the Commentaries Caesar writ Is term'd the civill'st place of all this isle: Sweet is the country, because full of riches; The people liberal, valiant, active, wealthy; Which makes me hope you are not void of pity. I sold not Maine, I lost not Normandy; Yet, to recover them, would lose my life. Justice with favour have I always done; Prayers and tears have mov'd me, gifts could never.

When have I aught exacted at your hands, But to maintain the king, the realm, and you? Large girts have I bestow'd on learned clerks, Because my book preferr'd me to the king, And seeing ignorance is the curse of God Knowledge the wing wherewith we fly to

heaven.

Unless you be possess'd with devilish spirits, You cannot but forbear to murder me: This tongue hath parley'd unto foreign kings For your behoof,the field?

Cade. Tut, when struck'st thou one blow in Say. Great men have reaching hands: oft

have I struck

Those that I never saw, and struck them dead. Geo. O monstrous coward! what, to come behind folks? your good.

Say. These cheeks are nale for watching for Cade. Give him a box o' the ear, and that will make 'em red again. Say. Long sitting to determine poor men's

Hath made me full of sickness and diseases.

Cade. Ye shall have a hempen candle, then, and the help of hatchet.

Dick. Why dost thou quiver, man?

Say. The palsy, and not fear, provokes me. Cade. Nay, he nods at us, as who should say, I'll be even with you: I'll see if his head will stand steadier on a pole, or no. Take him away, and behead him.

Say. Tell me wherein have I offended most? Have I affected wealth or honour.—speak? Are my chests fill'd up with extorted gold? Is my apparel sumptuous to behold?

Whom have I injur'd, that ye seek my death? These hands are free from guiltless blood-shed-

thoughts. This breast from harbouring foul deceitful O let me live!

Cade. I feel remorse in myself with his words; but I'll bridle it: he shall die, an it be but for pleading so well for his life. [Aside.] Away with him! he has a familiar under his tongue; sword therefore broke through London gates,

away, I say, and strike off his head presently; and then break into his son-in-law's house, Sir James Cromer, and strike off his head, and bring them both upon two poles hither,

All. It shall be done. your prayers, Say. Ah, countrymen! if when you make God should be so obdurate as yourselves,

How would it fare with your departed souls? And therefore yet relent, and save my life.

Cade. Away with him, and do as I command ye. [Exeunt some with The proudest peer in the realm shall not wear the plant unless he pay me a head on his shoulders, unless he pay me tribute; there shall not a maid be married, but she shall pay to me her maidenhead ere they have it: men shall hold of me in capite; and we charge and command that our wives be as free as heart can wish or tongue can tell.

Dick. My lord, when shall we go to Cheapside, and take up commodities upon our bilis?

Cade. Marry, presently.
All. O brave!

Re-enter Rebels, with the heads of LORD SAY and his Son-in-law.

Cade. But is not this braver?—Let them kiss one another, for they loved well when they were alive. Now, part them again, lest they consult about the giving up of some more towns in France. Soldiers, defer the spoil of the city until night: for with these borne before us, instead of maces, will we ride through the streets; and at every corner have them kiss.-Awavi Exeunt.

SCENE VIII .- Southwark.

Alarum. Enter CADE and all his Rabblement.

Cade. Up Fish Street! down Saint Magnus' corner! kill and knock down! throw them into Thames!—[A parley sounded, then a retreat.] What noise is this I hear? Dare any be so bold to sound retreat or parley, when I command them kill?

Enter BUCKINGHAM and LOPD CLIFTORD, with Forces.

Buck. Ay, here they be that dare and will disturb thee:

Know, Cade, we come ambassadors from the Unto the commons whom thou hast misled; And here pronounce free pardon to them all

That will forsake thee and go home in peace. Clif. What say ye, countrymen? will ye relent.

And yield to morey whilst 'tis offer'd you; Or let a rebel lead you to your deaths?

Who loves the king, and will embrace his pardon,

Fling up his cap, and say God save his majesty! Who hateth him, and honours not his father, Henry the Fifth, that made all France to quake, Shake he his weapon at us and pass by.

All. God cave the king! God save the king! Cade. What, Buckingham and Clifford, are ye so brave?-And you, base peasants, do ye believe him? will you needs be hanged with your pardons about your necks? Hath my that you should leave me at the White Hart in Enter BUCKINGHAM and LORD CLIFFORD. Southwark? I thought ye would never have given out these arms till you had recovered your ancient freedom: but you are all recreants and dastards, and delight to live in slavery to the nobility. Let them break your backs with burdens, take your houses over your heads, ravish your wives and daughters before your faces: for me, I will make shift for one; and so, God's curse light upon you all!

All. We'll follow Cade, we'll follow Cade Clif. Is Cade the son of Henry the Fifth, That thus you do exclaim you'll go with him? Will he conduct you through the heart of

And make the meanest of you earls and dukes?

Alas, he hath no home, no place to fly to; Nor knows he how to live, but by the spoil, Unless by robbing of your friends and us. Were't not a shame, that whilst you live at jar, The fearful French, whom you late vanquished, Should make a start o'er seas and vanquish you?

Methinks already in this civil broil I see them lording it in London streets, Crying Viliaco! unto all they meet. Better ten thousand base-born Cades miscarry Than you should stoop unto a Frenchman's mercy.

To France, to France, and get what you have Spare England, for it is your native coast: Henry hath money, you are strong and manly; God on our side, doubt not victory. All. A Clifford! a Clifford! we'll follow the

king and Clifford.

Cade. Was ever feather so lightly blown to and fro as this multitude? The same of Henry the Fifth hales them to an hundred mischiefs, and makes them leave me desolate. I see them lay their heads together to surprise me: my sword make way for me, for here is no staying. [Aside.]—In despite of the devils and hell, have through the very middest of you! and heavens and honour be witness that no want of resolution in me, but only my followers' base and ignominious treasons, makes me betake me to my heels. Exit.

Buck. What! is he fled? go some and follow him;

And he that brings his head unto the king Shall have a thousand crowns for his reward .-Exeunt some of them. Follow me, soldiers: we'll devise a mean

Exeunt.

Scene IX .- Killingworth Castle.

To reconcile you all unto the king.

Trumbets sounded. Enter King Henry, QUEEN MARGARET, and SOMERSET, on the terrace of the Castle.

K. Hen. Was ever king that joy'd an earthly throne, And could command no more content than I? No sooner was I crept out of my cradle But I was made a king, at nine months old: Was never subject long'd to be a king As I do long and wish to be a subject.

Buck. Health and glad tidings to your majesty! K. Hen. Why, Buckingham, is the traitor Cade surpris'd?

Or is he but retir'd to make him strong? Enter, below, a number of CADE'S Followers. with halters about their necks.

Clif. He is fled, my lord, and all his powers do yield;

And humbly thus, with halters on their necks. Expect your highness' doom of life or death. K. Hen. Then, heaven, set ope thy everlast-

ing gates, To entertain my vows of thanks and praise! Soldiers, this day have you redeem'd your lives

And show'd how well you love your prince and country: Continue still in this so good a mind

And Henry, though he be infortunate 'Assure yourselves, will never be unkind: And so, with thanks and pardon to you all, I do dismiss you to your several countries. All. God save the king! God save the king!

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Please it your grace to be advertised The Duke of York is newly come from Ireland; And with a puissant and a mighty power Of Gallowglasses and stout kerns Is marching hitherward in proud array: And still proclaimeth, as he comes along, His arms are only to remove from thee The Duke of Somerset, whom he terms a

traitor. K. Hen. Thus stands my state, 'twixt Cade and York distress'd;

Like to a ship that, having 'scap'd a tempest, Is straitway calm'd, and boarded with a pirate: But now is Cade driven back, his men dispers'd; And now is York in arms to second him. I pray thee, Buckingham, go thou and meet him; And ask him what's the reason of these arms. Tell him I'll send Duke Edmund to the Tower;-And, Somerset, we will commit thee thither, Until his army be dismiss'd from him.

Som. My lord. I'll yield myself to prison willingly,

Or unto death, to do my country good. K. Hen. In any case be not too rough in terms; guage. For he is fierce, and cannot brook hard lan-

Buck. I will, my lord; and doubt not so to

As all things shall redound unto your good. K. Hen. Come, wife, let's in, and learn to govern better:

For yet may England curse my wretched reign. Exeunt.

Scene X .- Kent. Iden's Garden. Enter CADE.

Cade. Fie on ambition! fie on myself, that have a sword, and yet am ready to famish! These five days have I hid me in these woods, and durst not peep out, for all the country is laid for me; but now am I so hungry that if I might have a lease of my life for a thousand years, I could stay no longer. Wherefore, on a brick wall have I climbed into this garden, to see if I can eat grass or pick a sallet another while, which is not amiss to cool a man's stomach this hot weather. And I think this word sallet was born to do me good: for many a time, but for a sallet, my brain-pan had been cleft with a brown bill; and many a time, when I have been dry, and bravely marching, it hath served me instead of a quart-pot to drink in; and now the word sallet must serve me to feed

Enter IDEN, with Servants behind.

Iden. Lord, who would live turmoiled in the court,

And may enjoy such quiet walks as these? This small inheritance my father left me Contenteth me, and's worth a monarchy. I seek not to wax great by others' waning, Or gather wealth I care not with what envy: Sufficeth that I have maintains my state, And sends the poor well pleased from my gate.

Cade. Here's the lord of the soil come to seize me for a stray, for entering his fee-simple without leave. [Aside.] Ah, villain, thou wilt betray me, and get a thousand crowns of the king by carrying my head to him! but I'll make thee eat iron like an ostrich, and swallow my sword like a great pin, ere thou and I part.

Iden. Why, rude companion, whatso'er thou be, I know thee not; why, then, should I betray Is't not enough to break into my garden,

And like a thief to come to rob my grounds, Climbing my walls in splte of me the owner, But thou wilt brave me with these saucy terms?

Cade. Brave thee! ay, by the best blood that ever was broached, and beard thee too. Look on me well: I have eat no meat these five days; yet, come thou and thy five men, and if I do not leave you all as dead as a door nail, I pray God I may never eat grass more.

Iden. Nay, it shall ne'er be said, while England stands,

That Alexander Iden, an esquire of Kent, Took odds to combat a poor famish'd man. Oppose thy steadfast-gazing eyes to mine, See if thou canst outface me with thy looks: Set limb to limb, and thou art far the lesser; Thy hand is but a finger to my fist; Thy leg a stick compared with this truncheon;

My foot shall fight with all the strength thou And if mine arm be heaved in the air, Thy grave is digg'd already in the earth. As for words, whose greatness answers words,

Let this my sword report what speech forbears. Cade. By my valour, the most complete champion that ever I heard.—Steel, if thou turn the edge, or cut not out the burley-boned clown in chines of beef ere thou sleep in thy sheath, I beseech Jove, on my knees, thou mayest be turned to hobnails. [They fight, CADE falls.] O, I am slain! famine and no other hath slain me: let ten thousand devils come against me, and give me but the ten meals I have lost, and I'd defy them all. Wither, garden; and be henceforth a burying-place to all that do dwell in this house, because the unconquered soul of Cade is fled.

Iden. Is't Cade that I have slain, that monstrous traitor?

Sword, I will hallow thee for this thy deed. And hang thee o'er my tomb when I am dead: Ne'er shall this blood be wiped from thy point; But thou shalt wear it as a herald's coat, To emblaze the honour that thy master got.

Cade. Iden, farewell; and be proud of thy victory. Tell Kent from me, she hath lost her best man; and exhort all the world to be cowards,—for I, that never feared any, am vanquished by famine, not by valour. [Dies. Iden. How much thou wrongst me, heaven be

my judge. [thee] Die, damned wretch, the curse of her that bare And as I thrust thy body in with my sword, So wish I, I might thrust thy soul to hell. Hence will I drag thee headlong by the heels Unto a dunghill, which shall be thy grave, And there cut off thy most ungracious head; Which I will bear in triumph to the king,

Leaving thy trunk for crows to feed upon Exeunt, dragging out the body.

ACT V.

Scene L-Fields between Dartford and Blackheath.

The KING's Camp on one side. On the other, enter YORK attended, with drum and colours:

his Forces at some distance. York. From Ireland thus comes York to claim his right,

and pluck the crown from feeble Henry's head: Ring, bells, aloud; burn, bonfires, clear and bright;

To entertain great England's lawful king. Ah, sancta majestas! who would not buy thee dear?

Let them obey that know not how to rule; This hand was made to handle naught but gold. I cannot give due action to my words Except a sword or sceptre balance it: A sceptre shall it have,—have I a soul,— On which I'll toss the flower-de-luce of France.

Enter Buckingham.

Whom have we here? Buckingham, to disturb

The king hath sent him, sure: I must dissemble.

Aside. Buck. York, if thou meanest well, I greet thee well. greeting.

York. Humphrey of Buckingham, I accept thy Art thou a messenger, or come of pleasure?

Buck. A messenger from Henry, our dead

liege,

To know the reason of these arms in peace; Or why thou, being a subject as I am, Against thy oath and true allegiance sworn, Shouldst raise so great a power without his leave.

Or dare to bring thy force so near the court. York. Scarce can I speak, my choler is so great:

O, I could hew up rocks and fight with flint, I am so angry at these abject terms: And now, like Ajax Telamonius, On sheep or oxen could I spend my fury!

I am far better born than is the king; More like a king, more kingly in my thoughts: But I must make fair weather yet awhile, Till Henry be more weak and I more strong.

Buckingham, I pr'ythee, pardon me, That I have given no answer all this while; My mind was troubled with deep melancholy. The cause why I have brought this army hither Is to remove proud Somerset from the king, Seditious to his grace and to the state. |part:

Buck. That is too much presumption on thy But if thy arms be to no other end. The king hath yielded unto thy demand; The Duke of Somerset is in the Tower.

York. Upon thine honour, is he prisoner? Buck. Upon mine honour, he is prisoner. York. Then, Buckingham, I do dismiss my

powers. Soldiers, I thank you all; disperse yourselves; Meet me to-morrow in Saint George's field, You shall have pay and everything you wish. And let my sovereign, virtuous Henry, Command my eldest son, nay, all my sons, As pledges of my fealty and love; I'll send them all as willing as I live: Lands, goods, horse, armour, anything I have, Is his to use, so Somerset may die.

Buck. York, I commend this kind submission: We twain will go into his highness' tent.

Enter KING HENRY, attended.

K. Hen. Buckingham, doth York intend no harm to us. That thus he marcheth with thee arm in arm? York. In all submission and humility

York doth present himself unto your highness.

K. Hen. Then what intend these forces thou dost bring?

York. To heave the traitor Somerset from And fight against that monstrous rebel Cade, Who since I heard to be discomfited.

Enter IDEN, with CADE'S head.

Iden. If one so rude and of so mean condition May pass into the presence of a king, Lo, I present your grace a traitor's head, The head of Cade, whom I in combat slew.

K. Hen. The head of Cade!—Great God,

how just art thou!-O, let me view his visage, being dead, That living wrought me such exceeding [him? trouble.

Tell me, my friend, art thou the man that slew Iden. I was, an't like your majesty K. Hen. How art thou call'd? and what is thy degree?

Iden. Alexander Iden, that's my name; A poor esquire of Kent, that loves his king. Buck. So please it you, my lord, 'twere not

He were created knight for his good service. K. Hen. Iden, kneel down. [He kneels.]

Rise up a knight. We give thee for reward a thousand marks; And will that thou henceforth attend on us. Iden. May Iden live to merit such a bounty. And never live but true unto his liege!

K. Hen. See, Buckingham! Somerset comes with the queen: Go, bid her hide him quickly from the duke.

Enter OUEEN MARGARET and SOMERSET.

O. Mar. For thousand Yorks he shall not hide his head,

But boldly stand and front him to the face. York. How now! is Somerset at liberty? York, unloose thy long-imprison'd Then, thoughts,

and let thy tongue be equal with thy heart. Shall I endure the sight of Somerset?-False king! why hast thou broken faith with Knowing how hardly I can brook abuse? King did I call thee? no, thou art not king; Not fit to govern and rule multitudes, Which dar'st not, no, nor canst not rule a traitor.

That head of thine doth not become a crown; Thy hand is made to grasp a palmer's staff, And not to grace an awful princely sceptre. That gold must round engirt these brows of mine, Whose smile and frown, like to Achilles' spear, Is able with the change to kill and cure. Here is a hand to hold a sceptre up, And with the same to act controlling laws. Give place: by heaven, thou shalt rule no

O'er him whom heaven created for thy ruler. Som. O monstrous traitor!-I arrest thee. York,

Of capital treason 'gainst the king and crown: Obey, audacious traitor; kneel for grace.

York. Wouldst have me kneel? first let me

ask of these, If they can brook I bow a knee to man .-

Sirrah, call in my sons to be my bail: Exit Atten.

I know, ere they will have me go to ward, They'll pawn their swords for my enfranchisement. Q. Mar. Call hither Clifford; bid him come

To say if that the bastard boys of York Shall be the surety for their traitor father. Exit on Attendant.

York. O blood-bespotted Neapolitan, Outcast of Naples, England's bloody scourge! The sons of York, thy betters in their birth, Shall be their father's bail; and bane to those That for my surety will refuse the boys! See where they come: I'll warrant they'll make

it good. bail. Q. Mar. Andhere comes Clifford to deny their

Enter EDWARD and RICHARD PLANTAGENET with Forces, at one side; at the other, with Forces also, LORD CLIFFORD and his Son.

Clif. Health and all happiness to my lord the

York. I thank thee, Clifford: say, what news with thee?

Nay, do not fright us with an angry look: We are thy sovereign, Clifford, kneel again; For thy mistaking so, we pardon thee. [take; Clif. This is my king, York, I do not mis-

But thou mistak'st me much to think I do:-To Bedlam with him! is the man grown mad? K. Hen. Ay, Clifford; a bedlam and ambitious humour

Makes him oppose himself against his king. Clif. He is a traitor; let him to the Tower, And chop away that factious pate of his.

O. Mar. He is arrested, but will not obev: His sons, he says, shall give their words for him. York. Will you not, sons?

Edw. Ay, noble father, if our words will serve. Rich. And if words will not, then our weapons shall. [here!

Clif. Why, what a brood of traitors have we York. Look in a glass, and call thy image so: I am thy king, and thou a false-heart traitor.-Call hither to the stake my two brave bears, That with the very shaking of their chains They may astonish these fell-lurking curs: Bid Salisbury and Warwick come to me.

Drums. Enter WARWICK and SALISBURY,

with Forces.

Clif. Are these thy bears? we'll bait thy bears to death.

And manacle the bear-ward in their chains, If thou dar'st bring them to the baiting-place.

Rich. Oft have I seen a hot o'erweening cur Run back and bite, because he was withheld; Who, being suffer'd with the bear's fell paw, Hath clapp'd his tail between his legs and cried: And such a piece of service will you do, If you oppose yourselves to match Lord Warwick. Clif. Hence, heap of wrath, foul indigested

lump.

As crooked in thy manners as thy shape! York. Nay, we shall heat you thoroughly anon.

Clif. Take heed, lest by your heat you burn yourselves. ito bow?-

K. Hen. Why, Warwick, hath thy knee forgot Old Salisbury,-shame to thy silver hair, Thou mad misleader of thy brainsick son! What, wilt thou on thy death-bed play the ruffian.

And seek for sorrow with thy spectacles?-O, where is faith? O, where is loyalty? If it be banish'd from the frosty head, Where shall it find a harbour in the earth? Wilt thou go dig a grave to find out war, And shame thine honourable age with blood? Why art thou old, and want'st experience? Or wherefore dost abuse it, if thou hast it? For shame! in duty bend thy knee to me, That bows unto the grave with mickle age.

Sal. My lord, I have consider'd with myself The title of this most renowned duke; And in my conscience do repute his grace The rightful heir to England's royal seat.

K. Hen. Hast thou not sworn allegiance unto me?

Sal. I have. for such an oath? K. Hen. Canst thou dispense with heaven Sal. It is great sin to swear unto a sin; But greater sin to keep a sinful oath. Who can be bound by any solemn vow To do a murderous deed, to rob a man, To force a spotless virgin's chastity, To reave the orphan of his patrimony, To wring the widow from her custom'd right; And have no other reason for this wrong But that he was bound by a solemn oath?

Q. Mar. A subtle traitor needs no sophister. K. Hen. Call Buckingham, and bid him arm himself.

York. Call Buckingham, and all the friends I am resolv'd for death or dignity. Clif. The first I warrant thee, if dreams prove War. You were best to go to bed and dream

again, To keep thee from the tempest of the field.

Clif. I am resolv'd to bear a greater storm Than any thou canst conjure up to-day; And that I'll write upon thy burgonet

Might I but know thee by thy household badge. War. Now, by my father's badge, old Nevil's

crest, The rampant bear chain'd to the ragged staff, This day I'll wear aloft my burgonet,-As on a mountain-top the cedar shows,

That keeps his leaves in spite of any storm, Even to affright thee with the view thereof. Clif. And from thy burgonet I'll rend thy

bear, And tread it under foot with all contempt,

Despite the bear-ward that protects the bear. Y. Clif. And so to arms, victorious father, To quell the rebels and their complices. [spite, Rich. Fie! charity, for shame! speak not in

For you shall sup with Jesu Christ to-night. Y. Clif. Foul stigmatic, that's more than thou canst tell.

Rich. If not in heaven, you'll surely sup in hell. Exeunt severally.

Scene II .- Saint Albans.

Alarums; excursions. Enter WARWICK.

War. Clifford of Cumberland, 'tis Warwick calls!

And if thou dost not hide thee from the bear, Now,-when the angry trumpet sounds alarum, And dead men's cries do fill the empty air,-Clifford, I say, come forth and fight with me! Proud northern lord, Clifford of Cumberland, Warwick is hoarse with calling thee to arms.

Enter YORK.

How now, my noble lord! what, all a-foot? York. The deadly-handed Clifford slew my steed;

But match to match I have encounter'd him, And made a prey for carrion kites and crows Even of the bonny beast he lov'd so well.

Enter LORD CLIFFORD.

War. Of one or both of us the time is come York. Hold, Warwick, seek thee out some other chase.

For I myself must hunt this deer to death. War. Then, nobly, York; 'tis for a crown thou fight'st.-

As I intend, Clifford, to thrive to-day, It grieves my soul to leave thee unassail'd.

Exit. Clif. What see'st thou in me, York? why love, dost thou pause? York. With thy brave bearing should I be in

But that thou art so fast mine enemy. Clif. Nor should thy prowess want praise

and esteem, But that 'tis shown ignobly and in treason.

As I in justice and true right express it! Clif. My soul and body on the action both! York. A dreadful lay! - address thee instantly. Clif. La fin couronne les œuvres.

They fight, and CLIFFORD falls and dies. York. Thus war hath given thee peace, for thou art still.

Peace with his soul, heaven, if it be thy will!

Enter YOUNG CLIFFORD.

Y. Clif. Shame and confusion! all is on the rout;

Fear frames disorder, and disorder wounds Where it should guard. O war, thou son of hell, Whom angry heavens do make their minister, Throw in the frozen bosoms of our part Hot coals of vengeance!-Let no soldier fly: He that is truly dedicate to war Hath no self-love; nor he that loves himself Hath not essentially, but by circumstance, The name of valour.—O, let the vile world end. [Seeing his father's body.

And the premised flames of the last day Knit earth and heaven together! Now let the general trumpet blow his blast, Particularities and petty sounds To cease!-Wast thou ordain'd, dear father, To lose thy youth in peace, and to achieve The silver livery of advised age, And in thy reverence and thy chair-days thus To die in ruffian battle?- Even at this sight My heart is turn'd to stone, and while 'tis mine It shall be stony. York not our old men spares: No more will I their babes: tears virginal Shall be to me even as the dew to fire; And beauty, that the tyrant oft reclaims, Shall to my flaming wrath be oil and flax. Henceforth I will not have to do with pity: Meet I an infant of the house of York, Into as many gobbets will I cut it As wild Medea young Absyrtus did: In cruelty will I seek out my fame.— Come, thou new ruin of old Clifford's house: Taking up the body.

As did Æneas old Anchises bear. So bear I thee upon my manly shoulders; But then Eneas bare a living load. Nothing so heavy as these woes of mine. [Exit.

Enter RICHARD PLANTAGENET and SOMER-SET, fighting, and SOMERSET is killed.

Rich. So, lie thou there;-For underneath an alchouse' paltry sign, The Castle in Saint Albans, Somerset Hath made the wizard famous in his death. Sword, hold thy temper; heart, be wrathful still: Priests pray for enemies, but princes kill. [Exit.

Alarums: excursions. Enter KING HENRY. QUEEN MARGARET, and others, retreating.

- Q. Mar. Away, my lord! you are slow; for shame, away!
- K. Hen. Can we outrun the heavens? good Margaret, stay.

Q. Mar. What are you made of? you'll nor And more such days as these to us befall! fight nor fly:

York. So let it help me now against thy Now is it manhood, wisdom, and defence, sword, To give the enemy way; and to secure us By what we can, which can no more but fiv.

Alarum afar off. If you be ta'en, we then should see the bottom Of all our fortunes: but if we haply scape,-As well we may, if not through your neglect. We shall to London get: where you are lov'd; And where this breach, now in our fortunes made,

Exit. May readily be stopp'd.

Re-enter Young CLIFFORD.

Y. Clif. But that my heart's on future mischief set,

I would speak blasphemy ere bid you fiv: But fly you must; uncurable discomfit Reigns in the hearts of all our present parts. Away, for your relief! and we will live To see their day, and them our fortune give: Away, my lord, away! Exeunt.

Scene III .- Fields near Saint Albans.

Alarum: retreat. Flourish; then enter YORK. RICHARD PLANTAGENET, WARWICK, and Soldiers, with drum and colours.

York. Of Salisbury, who can report of him,-That winter hon, who in rage forgets Aged contusions and all brush of time And, like a gallant in the brow of youth, Repairs him with occasion? This happy day Is not itself, nor have we won one foot, If Salisbury be lost.

My noble father, Rich. Three times to-day I holp him to his horse, Three times bestrid him, thrice I led him off, Persuaded him from any further act: him; But still, where danger was, still there I met And like rich hangings in a homely house, So was his will in his old feeble body. But, noble as he is, look where he comes.

Enter Salisbury.

Sal. Now, by my sword, well hast thou fought to-day;

By the mass, so did we all .- I thank you, Richard:

God knows how long it is I have to live; And it hath pleas'd him that three times to-day You have defended me from imminent death. Well, lords, we have not got that which we have:

'Tis not enough our foes are this time fled, Being opposites of such repairing nature.

York. I know our safety is to follow them; For, as I hear, the king is fled to London, To call a present court of Parliament. Let us pursue him ere the writs go forth:-What says Lord Warwick? shall we after them?

War. After them! nay, before them, if we can.

Now, by my hands, lords, 'twas a glorious day: Saint Albans battle, won by famous York, Shall be eterniz'd in all age to come .-Sound drums and trumpets; and to London

Exeunt.

THIRD PART OF KING HENRY VI

PERSONS REPRESENTED

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KING HENRY THE SIXTH.
EDWARD, Prince of Wales, his Son.
LOUIS XI., King of France.
Duke of Somerset,
DUKE OF EXETER,
EARL OF OXFORD,
                               Lords on KING
EARL OF NORTHUMBERLAND, HENRY'S side.
LORD CLIFFORD,
RICHARD PLANTAGENET, Duke of York.
EDWARD, Earl of March, afterwards
    KING EDWARD IV.,
EDMUND, Earl of Rutland,
                                      his Sons.
GEORGE, afterwards Duke of Clarence,
RICHARD, afterwards Duke of Gloster,
DUKE OF NORFOLK.
MARQUIS OF MONTAGUE,
EARL OF WARWICK.
                               of the DUKE OF
EARL OF PEMBROKE.
                                 YORK'S bartu.
LORD HASTINGS.
LORD STAFFORD.
SIR JOHN MORTIMER, Uncles to the DUKE SIR HUGH MORTIMER, OF YORK.
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HENRY, Earl of Richmond, a youth LORD RIVERS, Brother to LADY GREY, SIR WILLIAM STANLEY.
SIR JOHN MONIGOMERY,
SIR JOHN SOMEWILLE.
Tutor to RUILAND.
Mayor of York.
Lieutenant of the Tower.
A Nobleman.
Two Keepers.
A Huntsman.
A Son that has killed his Father.
A Father that has killed his Son.

Queen Margaret. Lady Grey, afterwards Queen to Edward IV. Bona, Sister to the French Queen.

Soldiers, and other Attendants on King Henry and King Edward, Messengers, Watchmen, &c.

Scene,-During part of the Third Act in France; during the rest of the Play in England.

ACT L

Scene I .- LONDON. The Parliament House.

Drums. Some Soldiers of YORK'S Party break in. Then enter the DUKE OF YORK, ED-WARD, RICHARD, NORFOLK, MONFAGUE, WARWICK, and others, with white roses their hats.

War. I wonder how the king escap'd our hands.

Fork. While we pursu'd the horsemen of the

north,

He silly stole away, and the moren.
Whereat the great Lord of Northumb
Whose warlike ears could never brook retreat,
Cheer'd up the drooping army; and himself,
Lord Clifford, and Lord Stafford, all a-breast,
Charg'd our main battle's front, and, breaking in,
Were by the swords of common soldiers slain.
Edu. Lord Stafford's father, Duke of Buckingham.

Is either slain or wounded dangerous; I cleft his beaver with a downright blow: That this is true, father, behold his blood.

Showing his bloody sword. Mont. And, brother, here's the Earl of On him, his sons, his favourites, and his friends. Wiltshire's blood,

To YORK, showing his. Whom I encounter'd as the battles join'd.

Rich. Speak thou for me, and tell them what I did.

Throwing down SOMERSET'S head. York. Richard hath best deserv'd of all my 8005.-

But, is your grace dead, my Lord of Somerset? Norf. Such hope have all the hne of John of Gaunt.

Rich. Thus do I hope to shake King Henry's He durst not sit there had your father liv'd. head.

War. And so do I.-Victorious Prince of York,

Before I see thee seated in that throne Which now the house of Lancaster usurps, I vow by heaven these eyes shall never close. This is the palace of the fearful king, And this the regal seat: possess it, York; For this is thine, and not King Henry's heirs'. York. Assist me, then, sweet Warwick, and I will:

For hither we have broken in by force. [die. Norf. We'll all assist you; he that flies shall York. Thanks, gentle Norfolk:-stay by me, my lords; -

And, soldiers, stay, and lodge by me this night. War. And when the king comes, offer him no violence,

Unless he seek to thrust you out per force.
[The Soldiers retire.

York. The queen this day here holds her parliament,

But little thinks we shall be of her council: By words or blows here let us win our right. Rich. Arm'd as we are, let's stay within this house.

War. The bloody parliament shall this be Unless Plantagenet, Duke of York, be king, And bashful Henry depos'd, whose cowardice

Hath made us by-words to our enemies. York. Then leave me not, my lords; be resolute;

I mean to take possession of my right.

War. Neither the king, nor he that loves him best.

The proudest he that holds up Lancaster, Dares stir a wing if Warwick shake his bells. I'll plant Plantagenet, root him up who dares:-Resolve thee, Richard; claim the English

> [WARWICK leads YORK to the throne, who seats himself.

Flourish. Enter King Henry, Clifford Northumberland, Westmoreland, Ex-RTER, and others, with red roses in their hats.

K. Hen. My lords, look where the sturdy Thy kinsmen, and thy friends, I'll have more rebel sits,

Even in the chair of stare! belike he means. Back'd by the power of Warwick, that false peer,-

To aspire unto the crown, and reign as king.— Earl of Northumberland, he slew thy father; And thine, Lord Clifford; and you both have

vow'd revenge

North. If I be not, heavens be reveng'd on mel

Clif. The hope thereof makes Clifford mourn in steel.

West. What, shall we suffer this? let's pluck him down: My heart for anger burns; I cannot brook it.

K. Hen. Be patient, gentle Earl of Westmoreland.

Clif. Patience is for poltroons, and such as he:

My gracious lord, here in the parliament Let us assail the family of York.

North. Well hast thou spoken, cousin: be it K. Hen. Ah, know you not the city favours them.

And they have troops of soldiers at their beck? Exe. But when the duke is slain they'll quickly fly.

K. Hen. Far be the thought of this from Henry's heart.

To make a shambles of the parliament house! Cousin of Exeter, frowns, words, and threats Shall be the war that Henry means to use.

[They advance to the DUKE. Thou factious Duke of York, descend my throne,

And kneel for grace and mercy at my feet; I am thy sovereign.

York. I am thine.

Exe. For shame, come down: he made thee Duke of York. [was.

York. It was my inheritance, as the earldom Exe. Thy father was a traitor to the crown. War. Exeter, thou art a traitor to the crown In following this usurping Henry.

Clif. Whom should he follow but his natural king?

War. True, Clifford; and that's Richard Duke of York.

K. Hen. And shall I stand, and thou sit in my throne?

York. It must and shall be so: content thy-

War. Be Duke of Lancaster; let him be king. West. He is both king and Duke of Lancaster; And that the Lord of Westmoreland shall mainforget

War. And Warwick shall disprove it. That we are those which chas'd you from the field.

And slew your fathers, and with colours spread March'd through the city to the palace-gates. North. Yes, Warwick, I remember it to my

grief; And, by his soul, thou and thy house shall rue

West. Plantagenet, of thee, and these thy sons,

lives

Than drops of blood were in my father's veins. Clif. Urge it no more: lest that, instead of words,

I send thee, Warwick, such a messenger As shall revenge his death before I str.

War. Poor Clifford! how I scorn his worthless threats! [crown? York. Will you we show our title to the

If not, our swords shall plead it in the field.

K. Hen. What title hast thou, traitor, to the

crown? Thy father was, as thou art, Duke of York;

Thy father was, as thou art, Duke of York; Thy grandfather, Roger Mortimer, Earl of March:

I am the son of Henry the Fifth,

Who made the Dauphin and the French to stoop,

And seiz'd upon their towns and provinces.

War. Talk not of France, sith thou hast lost
it all.

K. Hen. The lord protector lost it, and not I: When I was crown'd I was but nine months old. Rich. You are old enough now, and yet, methinks, you lose.—

Father, tear the crown from the usurper's head. Edw. Sweet father, do so; set it on your head. Mont. Good brother [to YORK], as thou lov'st and honour'st arms,

Let's fight it out, and not stand cavilling thus. Rich. Sound drums and trumpets and the king will fly.

York. Sons, peace!

sorrow,

K. Hen. Peace thou! and give King Henry leave to speak. [lords;

War. Plantagenet shall speak first: hear him, And be you silent and attentive too,

For he that interrupts him shall not live.

K. Hen. Think'st thou that I will leave my

kingly throne,
Wherein my grandsire and my father sat?
No: first shall war unpeople this my realm;
Ay, and their colours,—often borne in France,
And now in England to our heart's great

Shall be my winding-sheet.—Why faint you, My title's good, and better far than his.

lords?

War. But prove it, Henry, and thou shalt be king.

K. Hen. Henry the Fourth by conquest got the crown.

York. 'Twas by rebellion against his king. K. Hen. I know not what to say; my title's weak. [Aside.

Tell me, may not a king adopt an heir?

York. What then?

K. Hen. An if he may, then am I lawful king; For Richard, in the view of many lords, Resign'd the crown to Henry the Fourth,

Whose heir my father was, and I am his. York. He rose against him, being his sovereign,

And made him to resign his crown perforce.

War. Suppose, my lords, he did it unconstrain'd.

Think you 'twere prejudicial to his crown?

Exe. No; for he could not so resign his crown
But that the next heir should succeed and
reign.

K. Hen. Art thou against us, Duke of Exeter? Exe. His is the right, and therefore pardon

York. Why whisper you, my lords, and answer not?

Exe. My conscience tells me he is lawful king.

K. Hen. All will revolt from me, and turn to him. [Aside. North. Plantagenet, for all the claim thou

lay'st,
Think not that Henry shall be so depos'd.

War. Depos'd he shall be, in despite of all. North. Thou art deceiv'd: 'tis not tily southern power,

Of Essex, Norfolk, Suffolk, nor of Kent, Which makes thee thus presumptuous and

proud,—
Can set the duke up in despite of me.
Clif. King Henry, be thy title right or wrong,

Lord Clifford vows to fight in thy defence: May that ground gape, and swallow me alive, Where I shall kneel to him that slew my father!

K. Hen. O Clifford, how thy words revive my heart! [crown.— York. Henry of Lancaster, resign thy

What mutter you, or what conspire you, lords?

War. Do right unto this princely Duke of
York:

Or I will fill the house with armed men, And o'er the chair of state, where now he sits, Write up his title with usurping blood.

[He stamps, and the Soldiers show themselves. K. Hen. My Lord of Warick, hear me but one word:—

Let me for this my life-time reign as king.

York. Confirm the crown to me and to mine

heirs,
And thou shalt reign in quiet while thou liv'st.
K. Hen. I am content: Richard Plantagenet,

Enjoy the kingdom after my decease. [son? Clif. What wrong is this unto the prince your War. What good is this to England and himself!

West. Base, fearful, and despairing Henry? Clif. How hast thou injur'd both thyself and us!

West. I cannot stay to hear these articles.
North. Nor I.

Clif. Come, cousin, let us tell the queen these news. [king,

West. Farewell, faint-hearted and degenerate In whose cold blood no spark of honour bides. North. Be thou a prey unto the house of York,

And die in bands, for this unmanly deed! Clif. In dreadful war mayst thou be over-

come,
Or live in peace, abandon'd and despis'd!

[Exeunt NORTH., CLIF., and WEST.
War. Turn this way, Henry, and regard
them not. [not yield.
Exe. They seek revenge, and therefore will

K. Hen. Ah, Exeter!
War. Why should you sigh, my lord!

K. Hen. Not for myself, Lord Warwick, but my son,
Whom I upparturelly shall disphasit

Whom I unnaturally shall disinherit.
But be it as it may:—I here entail
The crown to thee and to thine heirs for ever!
Conditionally, that here thou take an oath
To cease this civil war, and, whilst I live,
To honour me as thy king and sovereign,
And neither by treason nor hostility

And neither by treason nor hostility To seek to put me down and reign thyself. York. This oath I willingly take, and will per-[Coming from the throne. form. War. Long live King Henry!-Plantagenet,

embrace him. K. Hen. And long live thou, and these thy

forward sons! York. Now Yorkand Lancaster are reconcil'd. Exe. Accurs'd be he that seeks to make them foes!

[Sennet. The Lords come forward. York, Farewell, my gracious lord; I'll to my castle.

War. And I'll keep London with my soldiers. Norf. And I to Norfolk with my followers. Mont. And I unto the sea, from whence I came.

[Exeunt York and his Sons, WAR., NORF., MONT., Soldiers, and Attendants. K. Hen. And I, with grief and sorrow to the

court. Exe. Here comes the queen, whose looks bewray her anger:

I'll steal away. Going.

K. Hen. Exeter, so will I. Going. Enter QUEEN MARGARET and the PRINCE OF

WALES.

Q. Mar. Nay, go not from me; I will follow thee. K. Hen. Be patient, gentle queen, and I will Q. Mar. Who can be patient in such ex-

tremes?

Ah, wretched man! would I had died a maid, And never seen thee, never born thee son Seeing thou hast prov'd so unnatural a father! Hath he deserv'd to lose his birthright thus? Hadst thou but lov'd him half so well as I, Or felt that pain which I did for him once, Or nourish'd him as I did with my blood,-Thou wouldst have left thy dearest heart-blood there,

Rather than made that savage duke thine heir, And disinherited thine only son.

Prince. Father, you cannot disinherit me: If you be king, why should not I succeed? K. Hen. Pardon me, Margaret; - pardon me,

sweet son: The Earl of Warwick and the duke enforc'd me. Q. Mar Enforc'd thee! art thou king, and wilt be forc'd? wretch! I shame to hear thee speak. Ah, timorous

Thou hast undone thyself, thy son, and me; And given unto the house of York such head As thou shalt reign but by their sufferance. To entail him and his heirs unto the crown. What is it, but to make thy sepulchre, And creep into it far before thy time? Warwick is chancellor and the lord of Calais; Stern Falconbridge commands the narrow seas; The duke is made protector of the realm; And yet shalt thou be safe? such safety finds The trembling lamb environed with wolves.

Had I been there, which am a silly woman, The soldiers should have toss'd me on their pikes Before I would have granted to that act.

But thou preferr'st thy life before thine honour: And seeing thou dost, I here divorce myself Both from thy table, Henry, and thy bed,

Until that act of parliament be repeal'd, Whereby my son is disinherited.

The northern lords that have forsworn thy colours

Will follow mine, if once they see them spread: And spread they shall be, -to thy foul disgrace, And utter ruin of the house of York.

Thus do I leave thee .- Come, son, let's away: Our army is ready; come, we'll after them. K. Hen. Stay, gentle Margaret, and hear me

speak. Q. Mar. Thou hast spoke too much already:

get thee gone.

[with me? K. Hen. Gentle son Edward, thou wilt stay O. Mar. Ay, to be murder'd by his enemies. Prince. When I return with victory from the field

I'll see your grace: till then I'll follow her.
Q. Mar. Come, son, away; we may not linger Exeunt OUEEN MARGARET and the PRINCE.

K. Her. Poor queen! how love to me and to her son

Hath made her break out into terms of rage! Reveng'd may she be on that hateful duke, Whose haughty spirit, winged with desire, Will cost my crown, and like an empty eagle Tire on the flesh of me and of my son! The loss of those three lords torments my

heart: I'll write unto them, and entreat them fair:-

Come, cousin. you shall be the messenger.

Exe. And I, I hope, shall reconcile them all. Exeunt.

SCENE II.—A Room in Sandal Castle, near Wakefield, ın Yorkshire,

Enter EDWARD, RICHARD, and MONTAGUE.

Rich. Brother, though I be youngest, give me leave.

Edw. No, I can better play the orator. Mont. But I have reasons strong and forcible. Enter YORK.

York. Why, how now, sons and brother! at a strife?

What is your quarrel? how began it first? Edw. No quarrel, but a slight contention. York. About what?

Rich. About that which concerns your grace and us,

The crown of England, father, which is yours. York. Mine, boy? not till King Henry be dead. [death.

Rich. Your right depends not on his life or Edw. Now you are heir, therefore enjoy it breathe,

By giving the house of Lancaster leave to It will outrun you, father, in the end. |reign. York. I took an oath that he should quietly Edw. But, for a kingdom, any oath may be broken:

I would break a thousand oaths to reign one Rich. No; God forbid your grace should be forsworn.

York. I shall be, if I claim by open war.

Rich. I'll prove the contrary, if you'll hear me speak. York. Thou canst not, son; it is impossible.

Rich. An oath is of no moment, being not Whenas the enemy hath been ten to one: took

Before a true and lawful magistrate, That hath authority over him that swears: Henry had none, but did usurp the place; Then, seeing 'twas he that made you to depose. Your oath, my lord, is vain and frivolous. Therefore, to arms. And, father, do but think How sweet a thing it is to wear a crown; Within whose circuit is Elysium, And all that poets feign of bliss and joy. Why do we linger thus? I cannot rest Until the white rose that I wear be dy'd Even in the lukewarm blood of Henry's heart. York. Richard, enough; I will be king, or die .-

Brother thou shalt to London presently, And whet on Warwick to this enterprise.— Thou, Richard, shalt to the Duke of Norfolk, And tell him privily of our intent,— You, Edward, shall unto my Lord Cobham, With whom the Kentishmen will willingly rise: In them I trust; for they are soldiers, Witty, courteous, liberal, full of spirit. While you are thus employ'd, what resteth That makes him close his eyes?-I'll open more.

But that I seek occasion how to rise And yet the king not privy to my drift, Nor any of the house of Lancaster?

Enter a Messenger.

But, stay: what news? Why com'st thou in [and lords such post?

Mess. The queen with all the northern earls Intend here to besiege you in your castle: She is hard by with twenty thousand men; And therefore fortify your hold, my lord.

York. Ay, with my sword. What! think'st

thou that we fear them?-Edward and Richard, you shall stay with me;-My brother Montague shall post to London: Let noble Warwick, Cobham, and the rest, Whom we have left protectors of the king, With powerful policy strengthen themselves, And trust not simple Henry nor his oaths.

Mont. Brother, I go; I'll win them, fear it

And thus most humbly I do take my leave.

Enter SIR JOHN and SIR HUGH MORTIMER.

York. Sir John and Sir Hugh Mortimer, mine uncles!

You are come to Sandal in a happy hour; The army of the queen mean to besiege us. Sir John. She shall not need, we'll meet her in the field.

York. What, with five thousand men? Rich. Ay, with five hundred, father, for a need:

A woman's general; what should we fear? [A march afar off. Edw. I hear their drums: let's set our men

in order, And issue forth, and bid them battle straight. York. Five men to twenty!—though the odds

be great, I doubt not, uncle, of our victory.

Many a battle have I won in France,

Why should I not now have the like success? Exeunt.

Scene III .- Plains near Sandal Castle.

Alarum. Enter RUTLAND and his Tutor.

Rut. Ah, whither shall I fly to 'scape their hands?

Ah, tutor, look where bloody Clifford comes!

Enter CLIFFORD and Soldiers.

Clif. Chaplain, away! thy priesthood saves thy life.

As for the brat of this accursed duke, Whose father slew my father,—he shall die.

Tut. And I, my lord, will bear him company. Clif. Soldiers, away with him! child Tut. Ah, Clifford, murder not this innocent

Lest thou be hated both of God and man. [Exit, forced off by Soldiers. Clif. How now! is he dead already? or is it

Rut. So looks the pent-up lion o'er the

wretch That trembles under his devouring paws; And so he walks, insulting o'er his prey, And so he comes, to rend his limbs asunder.

Ah, gentle Clifford, kill me with thy sword, And not with such a cruel threat'ning look! Sweet Clifford, hear me speak before I die!-I am too mean a subject for thy wrath: Be thou reveng'd on men, and let me live.

Clif. In vain thou speak'st, poor boy; my father's blood Hathstopp'd the passage where thy words should

Rut. Then let my father's blood open it again: He is a man, and, Chifford, cope with him. Clif. Had I thy brethren here, their lives and

Were not revenge sufficient for me; No, if I digg'd up thy forefather's graves, And hung their rotten coffins up in chains, It could not slake mine ire nor ease my heart. The sight of any of the house of York Is as a fury to torment my soul;

And till I root out their accursed line And leave not one alive, I live in hell. Therefore, [Lifting his hand.

Rut. O let me pray before I take my death!
To thee I pray; sweet Clifford, pity me! Clif. Such pity as my rapier's point affords. Rut. I never did thee harm: why wilt thou

slay me? Clif. Thy father hath.

But 'twas ere I was born. Rút. Thou hast one son, -for his sake pity me; Lest in revenge thereof,—sith God is just,-He be as miserably slain as I. Ah, let me live in prison all my days;

And when I give occasion of offence Then let me die, for now thou hast no cause. Clif. No cause!

Thy father slew my father; therefore, die. [CLIFFORD stabs him.

Rut. Dii faciant, laudis summa sit ista tuæ! Dies. Ciff. Plantagenet! I come, Plantagenet!
And this thy son's blood cleaving to my blade
Shall rust upon my weapon, till thy blood,
Congeal'd with this, do make me wipe off both.
[Exit.

SCENE 1V.—Another part of the Plains near Sandal Castle.

Alarum, Enter YORK.

York. The army of the queen hath got the field:

My uncles both are slain in rescuing me;
And all my followers to the eager foe
Turn back, and fly, like ships before the wind,
Or lambs pursu'd by hunger-starved wolves.
My sons,—God knows what hath bechanced
them. [selves

But this I know,—they have demean'd them-Like men born to renown by life or death. Three times did Richard make a lame to me; And three cried, Courage, Jather! fight it out! And full as oft came Edward to my side, With purple falchion, painted to the hilt In blood of those that had encounter'd him: And when the hardiest warnors did retire, Richard cried, Charge! and give no foot of ground!

And cried, A crown, or else a glorious tomb!
A sceptre, or an earthly sepulchre!
With this we charg'd again: but, out, alas!
We bodg'd again; as I have seen a swan
With bootless labour swim against the tide,
And spend her strength with over-matching
waves.
[A short clarum within.

Ah, hark! the fatal followers do pursue; And I am faint, and cannot fly their fury: And were I strong, I would not shun their fury: The sands are number'd that make up my life; Here must I stay, and here my life must end.

Enter Queen Margaret, Clifford, Northumberland, and Soldiers.

Come, bloody Clifford .- rough Northumber-land, --

land,—
I dare your quenchless fury to more rage:
I am your butt, and I abide your shot.

North. Yield to our mercy, proud Plantagenet.
Clif. Ay, to such mercy as his ruthless arm,
With downright payment, show'd unto my
father.

Now Phaeton hath tumbled from his car, And made an evening at the noontide prick. York. My ashes, as the phoenix, may bring forth

A bird that will revenge upon you all: And in that hope I throw mine eyes to heaven, Scorning whate'er you can afflict me with. Why come you not? what! multitudes, and fear?

Clif. So cowards fight when they can fly no further; So doves do peck the falcon's piercing talons;

So desperate thieves, all hopeless of their lives, Breathe out invectives 'gainst the officers.

York. O Clifford, but bethink thee once

again,

And in thy thought o'errun my former time;

And, if thou canst, for blushing, view this face,

And bite thy tongue, that slanders him with cowardice [this! Whose frown hath made thee faint and fly ere

Whose frown hath made thee faint and fly ere Clif. I will not bandy with thee word for word,

But buckle with thee blows, twice two for one. [Draws.

Q. Mar. Hold, valiant Clifford! for a thousand causes

I would prolong awhile the traitor's life.— Wrath makes him deaf:—speak thou, Northumberland. [much

North. Hold, Clifford! do not honour him so To prick thy finger, though to wound his heart: What valour were it, when a cur doth grin, For one to thrust his hand between his teeth, When he might spurn him with his foot away? It is war's prize to take all 'vantages; And ten to one is no impeach of valour.

[They lay hands on YORK, who struggles. Clif. Ay, ay, so strives the woodcock with

the gin.

North. So doth the cony struggle in the net. York is taken prisoner.

York. So triumph thieves upon their conquer'd booty;

So true men yield, with robbers so o'ermatch'd.

North. What would your grace have done
unto him now? [thumberland,

Q. Mar. Brave warriors, Clifford and Nor-Come, make him stand upon this molebill here. That raught at mountains with outstretched arms,

Yet parted but the shadow with his hand.— What, was it you that would be England's king? Was't you that revell'd in our parhament, And made a preachment of your high descent? Where are your mess of sons to back you now? The wanton Edward and the lusty George? And where's that valiant crook-back prodigy, Dicky your boy, that with his grumbling voice Was wont to cheer his dad in mutinies? Or, with the rest, where is your darling Rut-

land?
Look, York: I stain'd this napkin with the blood
That valant Clifford, with his rapier's point,
Made issue from the bosom of the boy;
And if thine eyes can water for his death,
I give thee this to dry thy cheeks withal.
Alas, poor York! but that I hate thee deadly,
I should lament thy miserable state.
I pr'ythee, grieve, to make me merry, York.
What, hath thy fiery heart so parch'd thine
entrails

That not a tear can fall for Rutland's death? Why art thou patient, man? thou shouldst be mad;

And I, to make thee mad, do mock thee thus. Stamp, rave, and fret, that I may sing and dance.

Thou wouldst be fee'd, I see, to make me sport; York cannot speak unless he wear a crown.— A crown for York!—and, lords, bow low to him;—

Hold you his hands whilst I do set it on.

[Putting a paper crown on his head.

Ay, marry, sir, now looks he like a king!

Ay, this is he that took King Henry's chair;

And this is he was his adopted heir.—

But how is it that great Plantagenet

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Is crown'd so soon, and broke his solemn oath? As I bethink me, you should not be king Till our King Henry had shook hands with death.

And will you pale your head in Henry's glory. And rob his temples of the diadem Now in his life, against your holy oath! O, 'tis a fault too, too unpardonable!-Off with the crown; and, with the crown, his head:

dead. And whilst we breathe take time to do him Clif. That is my office, for my father's sake. O. Mar. Nay, stay; let's hear the orisons he

makes York. She-wolf of France, but worse than

wolves of France. ftooth! Whose tongue more poisons than the adder's How ill-seeming is it in thy sex To triumph, like an Amazonian trull. Upon their woes whom fortune captivates! But that thy face is, visard-like, unchanging, Made impudent with use of evil deeds, I would assay, proud queen, to make thee blush: To tell thee whence thou cam'st, of whom

deriv'd, Were shame enough to shame thee, wert thou

not shameless. Thy father bears the type of King of Naples, Of both the Sicils, and Jerusalem: Yet not so wealthy as an English yeoman. Hath that poor monarch taught thee to insult? It needs not, nor it boots thee not, proud queen; Unless the adage must be verified,-That beggars mounted run their horse to death. 'Tis beauty that doth oft make women proud; But, God he knows, thy share thereof is small:

'Tis virtue that doth make them most admir'd; The contrary doth make thee wonder'd at: 'Tis government that makes them seem divine; The want thereof makes thee abominable: Thou art as opposite to every good

As the antipodes are unto us Or as the south to the septentrion. O tiger's heart wrapp'd in a woman's hide! How couldst thou drain the life-blood of the child,

To bid the father wipe his eyes withal, And yet be seen to bear a woman's face? Women are soft, mild, pitiful, and flexible: Thou stern, obdurate, flinty, rough, remorseless.

Bidd'st thou me rage? why, now thou hast thy [will:

Wouldst have me weep? why, now thou hast thy For raging wind blows up incessant showers. And when the rage allays, the rain begins. These tears are my sweet Rutland's obsequies; And every drop cries vengeance for his death 'Gainst thee, fell Clifford, and thee, false Frenchwoman.

North. Beshrew me, but his passions move That hardly can I check my eyes from tears. York. That face of his the hungry cannibals Would not have touch'd, would not have stain'd with blood:

But you are more inhuman, more inexorable,-O, ten times more,—than tigers of Hyrcania. See, ruthless queen, a hapless father's tears: This cloth thou dipp'dst in blood of my sweet boy.

And I with tears do wash the blood away. Keep thou the napkin, and go boast of this: [He gives back the handkerchief. And if thou tell'st the heavy story right,

Upon my soul, the hearers will shed tears; Yea, even my foes will shed fast-falling tears, And say, Alas, it was a piteous deed!-There, take the crown, and, with the crown, my

curse; [Giving back the paper crown. And in thy need such comfort come to thee As now I reap at thy too cruel hand!-Hard-hearted Clifford, take me from the world: My soul to heaven, my blood upon your heads!

North. Had he been slaughter-man to all my kın, I should not for my life but weep with him,

To see how inly sorrow gripes his soul. O. Mar. What, weeping-ripe, my Lord Northumberland?

Think but upon the wrong he did us all, And that will quickly dry thy melting tears.

Clif. Here's for my oath, here's for my father's death. [Stabbing him. Q. Mar. And here's to right our gentle-

hearted king. [Stabbing him. York. Open thy gate of mercy, gracious God! My soul flies through these wounds to seek out Dies.

thee. Q. Mar. Off with his head, and set it on York gates:

So York may overlook the town of York. Flourish. Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE L .- A plain near Mortimer's Cross in Herefordshire.

Drums. Enter EDWARD and RICHARD, with · their Forces, marching.

Edw. I wonder how our princely father 'scap'd,

Or whether he be 'scap'd away or no From Clifford's and Northumberland's pursuit: Had he been ta'en we should have heard the news;

Had he been slain we should have heard the Or had he 'scap'd, methinks we should have heard

The happy tidings of his good escape .-How fares my brother? why is he so sad? Rich. I cannot joy, until I be resolv'd Where our right valiant father is become. I saw him in the battle range about; And watch'd him how he singled Clifford forth. Methought he bore him in the thickest troop As doth a lion in a herd of neat; Or as a bear, encompass'd round with dogs,-Who having pinch'd a few, and made them cry, The rest stand all aloof and bark at him. So far'd our father with his enemies; So fled his enemies my warlike father: Methinks 'tis prize enough to be his son. See how the morning ope's her golden gates, And takes her farewell of the glorious sun! How well resembles it the prime of youth, Trimm'd like a younker prancing to his love!

Edw. Dazzle mine eyes, or do I see three suns?

Rich. Three glorious suns, each one a perfect

Not separated with the racking clouds, But sever'd in a pale clear-shining sky. See, see! they join, embrace, and seem to kiss, As if they vow'd some league inviolable: Now are they but one lamp, one light, one sun. In this the heaven figures some event.

Edw. 'Tis wondrous strange, the like yet

never heard of.

I think it cites us, brother, to the field,-That we, the sons of brave Plantagenet, Each one already blazing by our meeds, Should, notwithstanding, join our lights together,

And overshine the earth, as this the world. Whate'er it bodes, henceforward will I bear Upon my target three fair shining suns.

Rich. Nay, bear three daughters:-by your leave I speak it,

You love the breeder better than the male.

Enter a Messenger.

But what art thou, whose heavy looks foretell Some dreadful story hanging on thy tongue? Mess. Ah, one that was a woeful looker-on Whenas the noble Duke of York was slain, Your princely father and my loving lord!

Edw. O, speak no more! for I have heard

too much.

Rich. Say how he died, for I will hear it all. Mess. Environed he was with many foes; And stood against them as the hope of Troy Against the Greeks that would have enter'd Troy.

But Hercules himself must yield to odds; And many strokes, though with a little axe, Hew down and fell the hardest-timber'd oak. By many hands your father was subdu'd; But only slaughter'd by the ireful arm Of unrelenting Clifford, and the queen, Who crown'd the gracious duke in high de-

spite,— [wept, Laugh'd in his face; and when with grief he The rithless over any distributions.] The ruthless queen gave him to dry his cheeks A napkin steeped in the harmless blood Of sweet young Rutland, by rough Clifford

slain:

And after many scorns, many foul taunts, They took his head, and on the gates of York They set the same; and there it doth remain. The saddest spectacle that e'er I view'd. Edw. Sweet Duke of York, our prop to lean

upon,

Now thou art gone, we have no stair, no stay!—
O Clifford, boisterous Clifford, thou hast slain Touching King Henry's oath and your succession.
The flower of Europe for his chivalry;
And treacherously hast thou vanquish'd him,
For hand to hand he would have vanquish'd Our battles join'd, and both sides fiercely fought:

Now my soul's palace is become a prison: Ah, would she break from hence, that this my body

Might in the ground be closed up in rest! For never henceforth shall I joy again, Never, O never shall I see more joy.

Rich. I cannot weep; for all my body's [heart: moisture.

Scarce serves to quench my furnace-burning Nor can my tongue unload my heart's great burden;

For self-same wind that I should speak withal Is kindling coals, that fire all my breast, And burn me up with flames, that tears would

quench.

To weep is to make less the depth of grief: Tears, then, for babes; blows and revenge for me!-

Richard, I bear thy name; I'll venge thy death. Or die renowned by attempting it.

Edw. His name that valiant duke hath left with thee;

His dukedom and his chair with me is left. Rich. Nay, if thou be that princely eagle's bird.

Show thy descent by gazing 'gainst the sun: For chair and dukedom, throne and kingdom

sav: Either that is thine, or else thou wert not his.

March. Enter WARWICK and MONTAGUE with Forces.

War. How now, fair lords! What fare? what news abroad? recount Rich. Great Lord of Warwick, if we should Our baleful news, and at each word's deliverance

Stab poniards in our flesh till all were told. The words would add more anguish than the wounds.

O valiant lord, the Duke of York is slain! Edw. O Warwick, Warwick! that Plan-

tagenet
Which held thee dearly as his soul's redemn-

Is by the stern Lord Clifford done to death. War. Ten days ago I drown'd these news in tears;

And now, to add more measure to your woes, I come to tell you things since then befall'n. After the bloody fray at Wakefield fought,

Where your brave father breath'd his latest gasp, Tidings, as swiftly as the posts could run, Were brought me of your loss and his depart. I, then in London, keeper of the king, Muster'a my soldiers, gather'd flocks of friends.

And very well appointed, as I thought, March'd towards Saint Albans to intercept the

queen,

Bearing the king in my behalf along; For by my scouts I was advertised That she was coming with a full intent To dash our late decree in parliament

But whether 'twas the coldness of the king. Who look'd full gently on his warlike queen That robb'd my soldiers of their heated spleen; Or whether 'twas report of her success; Or more than common fear of Clifford's rigour. Who thunders to his captives, Blood and death, I cannot judge: but, to conclude with truth, Their weapons like to lightning came and

went; Our soldiers'-like the night-owl's lazy flight, Or like a lazy thrasher with a flail,-

Fell gently down, as if they struck their friends. I cheer'd them up with justice of our cause, With promise of high pay and great rewards: But all in vain; they had no heart to fight, And we in them no hope to win the day; So that we fled; the king unto the queen; Lord George, your brother, Norfolk, and myself,

In haste, post-haste, are come to join with you; For in the marches here we heard you were Making another head to fight again.

Edw. Where is the Duke of Norfolk, gentle Warwick?

And when came George from Burgundy to Eng-War. Some six miles off the duke is with the soldiers:

And for your brother, he was lately sent From your kind aunt, Duchess of Burgundy, With aid of soldiers to this needful war.

Rich. 'Twas odds, belike, when valiant Warwick fled:

Oft have I heard his praises in pursuit,

But ne'er till now his scandal of retire.

War. Nor now my scandal, Richard, dost
thou hear; [mine

For thou shalt know this strong right hand of Can pluck the diadem from faint Henry's head, And wring the awful sceptre from his fist, Were he as famous and as bold in war he he is family for mildness, neare, and prayer.

As he is fam'd for mildness, peace, and prayer.

Rich. I know it well, Lord Warwick; blame

me not:

'Tis love I bear thy glories makes me speak. But in this troublous time what's to be done? Shall we go throw away our coats of steel, And wrap our bodies in black mourning-gowns, Numbering our Ave-Maries with our beads? Or shall we on the helmets of our foes Tell our devotion with revengeful arms? If for the last, say Ay, and to it, lords.

War. Why, therefore Warwick came to seek

you out:

And therefore comes my brother Montague.
Attend me, lords. The proud insulting queen,
With Clifford and the haught Northumberland,
And of their feather many more proud birds,
Have wrought the easy-melting king like wax.
He swore consent to your succession,
His oath enrolled in the parliament;
And now to London all the crew are gone,
To frustrate both his oath and what beside
May make against the house of Lancaster.
Their power, I think, is thirty thousand strong:
Now if the help of Norfolk and myself,
With all the friends that thou, brave Earl of
March.

Amongst the loving Welshmen canst procure, Will but amount to five-and-twenty thousand, Why, Viat to London will we march amain; And once again bestride our foaming steeds, And once again cry, Charge upon our foes! But never once again turn back and fly.

Rich. Ay, now methinks I hear great Warwick speak:

Ne'er may he live to see a sunshine day That cries Retire, if Warwick bid him stay. Edw. Lord Warwick, on thy shoulder will I

lean; [hour!—
And when thou fail'st,—as God forbid the
Must Edward fall, which peril heaven forefend!

War. No longer Earl of March, but Duke of York: The next degree is England's royal throne;

For King of England shalt thou be proclaim'd In every borough as we pass along: And he that throws not up his cap for joy, Shall for the fault make forfeit of his head. King Edward,—valiant Rıchard,—Montague,— Stay we no longer, dreaming of renown,

But sound the trumpets and about our task.

Rich. Then, Clifford, were thy heart as hard

as steel,—
As thou hast shown it flinty by thy deeds,—
I come to piece it —or to give thee mine

I come to pierce it,—or to give thee mine.

Edw. Then strike up drums:—God and Saint
George for us!

Enter a Messenger.

War. How now! what news?

Mess. The Duke of Norfolk sends you word
by me,

The queen is coming with a puissant host;
And craves your company for speedy counsel.

War. Why, then it sorts, brave warriors:
let's away.

[Exeunt.

SCENE II .- Before York.

Flourish. Enter King Henry, Queen Mar-GARET, the Prince of Wales, Clifford, and Northumberland, with Forces.

Q. Mar. Welcome, my lord, to this brave town of York.

Yonder's the head of that arch-enemy That sought to be encompass'd with your crown: Doth not the object cheer your heart, my lord? K. Hen. Ay, as the rocks cheer them that fear their wreck:—

To see this sight, it irks my very soul.— Withhold revenge, dear God! 'tis not my fault, Nor wittingly have I infring'd my vow.

Clif. My gracious liege, this too much lenity And harmful pity must be laid aside. To whom do lions cast their gentle looks? Not to the beast that would usurp their den. Whose hand is that the forest bear doth lick? Not his that spoils her young before her face. Who scapes the lurking serpent's mortal sting? Not he that sets his foot upon her back. The smallest worm will turn, being trodden on, And doves will peck in safeguard of their brood. Ambitious York did level at thy crown, Thou smiling while he knit his angry brows: He, but a duke, would have his son a king, and raise his issue, like a loving sire; Thou, being a king, bless'd with a goodly son, Didst yield consent to disinherit him, Which argu'd thee a most unloving father. Unreasonable creatures feed their young; And though man's face be fearful to their eyes, Yet, in protection of their tender ones, Who hath not seen them,—even with those

wings Which sometime they have us'd with fearful

flight,— [nest, Make war with him that climb'd unto their Offering their own lives in their young's defence?

For shame, my liege, make them your precedent! Were it not pity that this goodly boy Should lose his birthright by his father's fault, And long hereafter say unto his child, What my great-grandfather and grandsire got My careless father fondly gave away? Ah, what a shame were this! Look on the boy: And let his manly face, which promiseth Successful fortune, steel thy melting heart To hold thine own, and leave thine own with him. lorator.

K. Hen. Full well hath Clifford play'd the Inferring arguments of mighty force. But, Clifford, tell me, didst thou never hear That things ill got had ever bad success? And happy always was it for that son Whose father for his hoarding went to hell? Pil leave my son my virtuous deeds behind; And would my father had left me no more! For all the rest is held at such a rate As brings a thousand-fold more care to keep Than in possession any jot of pleasure .-Ah, cousin York! would thy best friends did know

How it doth grieve me that thy head is here! Q. Mar. My lord, cheer up your spirits: our

foes are nigh. And this soft courage makes your followers

faint

You promis'd knighthood to our forward son: Unsheathe your sword, and dub him presently.-Edward, kneel down.

K. Edw. Edward Plantagent, arise a knight; And learn this lesson, -draw thy sword in right. Prince. My gracious father, by your kingly leave.

I'll draw it as apparent to the crown,

And in that quarrel use it to the death. Clif. Why, that is spoken like a toward prince.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Royal commanders, be in readiness: For with a band of thirty thousand men Comes Warwick, backing of the Duke of York; And in the towns, as they do march along, Proclaims him king, and many fly to him: Darraign your battle, for they are at hand. Clif. I would your highness would depart the

[absent. field: The queen hath best success when you are

Q. Mar. Ay, good my lord, and leave us to our fortune. K. Hen. Why, that's my fortune too; therefore I'll stay.

North. Be it with resolution, then, to fight. Prince. My royal father, cheer these noble

lords, And hearten those that fight in your defence: Unsheathe your sword, good father; cry, Saint George!

March. Enter Edward, George, Richard WARWICK, NORFOLK, MONTAGUE, and Soldiers.

Edw. Now, perjur'd Henry! wilt thou kneel for grace, And set thy diadem upon my head;

Or bide the mortal fortune of the field?

Q. Mar. Go, rate thy minions, proud insuiting boy! Becomes it thee to be thus bold in terms

Before thy sovereign and thy lawful king? Edw. I am his king, and he should bow his knee;

I was adopted heir by his consent: Since when, his oath is broke; for, as I hear,

You, that are king, though he do wear the crown.

Have caus'd him, by new act of parliament, To blot out me and put his own son in.

Clif. And reason too:

Who should succeed the father but the son? Rich. Are you there, butcher!-O, I cannot speak!

Clif. Ay, crook-back, here I stand to answer Or any he the proudest of thy sort. Rich. 'Twas you that kill'd young Rutland, was it not?

Clif. Ay, and old York, and yet not satisfied. Rich. For God's sake, lords, give signal to the fight. the crown?

War. What say'st thou, Henry, wilt thou yield Q. Mar. Why, how now, long-tongu'd War-wick! dare you speak?

When you and I met at Saint Albans last.

Your legs did better service than your hands. War. Then 'twas my turn to fly, and now 'tis thine.

Clif. You said so much before, and yet you War. 'Twas not your valour, Clifford, drove me thence. you stay.

North. No, nor your manhood that durst make Rich. Northumberland, I hold thee rever-

ently.-Break off the parley; for scarce I can refrain The execution of my big-swoln heart

Upon that Chiford, that cruel child-killer. Clif. I slew thy father,-call'st thou him a child?

Rich. Ay, like a dastard and a treacherous As thou didst kill our tender brother Rutland; But ere sunset I'll make thee curse the deed.

K. Hen. Have done with words, my lords, and hear me speak. thy lips. O. Mar. Defy them, then, or else hold close

K. Hen. I pr'ythee give no limits to my tongue:

I am a king, and privileg'd to speak.

Clif. My liege, the wound that bred this meeting here

Cannot be cur'd by words; therefore be still. Rich. Then, executioner, unsheathe thy sword:

By him that made us all, I am resolv'd That Clifford's manhood lies upon his tongue.

Edw. Say, Henry, shall I have my right, or TOS.

A thousand men have broke their fasts to-day That ne'er shall dine unless thou yield the crown. head:

War. If thou deny, their blood upon thy For York in justice puts his armour on.

Prince. If that be right which Warwick says is right.

There is no wrong, but everything is right. Rich. Whoever got thee, there thy mother

For, well I wot, thou hast thy mother's tongue.

O. Mar. But thou art neither like thy sire nor dam;

But like a foul misshapen stigmatic Mark'd by the destinies to be avoided. As venom toads, or lizards' dreadful stings. Rich. Iron of Naples hid with English gilt, Whose father bears the title of a king,-As if a channel should be call'd the sea,-

Sham'st thou not, knowing whence thou art extraught, To let thy tongue detect thy base-born heart? Edw. A wisp of straw were worth a thousand

crowns, To make this shameless callet know herself .-Helen of Greece was fairer far than thou, Although thy husband may be Menelaus; And ne'er was Agamemnon's brother wrong'd By that false woman as this king by thee. His father revell'd in the heart of France. And tam'd the king, and made the dauphin

stoop; And had he match'd according to his state, He might have kept that glory to this day; But when he took a beggar to his bed, And grac'd thy poor sure with his bridal-day, Even then that sunshine brew'd a shower for him

France That wash'd his father's fortunes forth of And heap'd sedition on his crown at home. For what hath broach'd this tumult but thy pride?

Hadst thou been meek, our title still had slept; And we, in pity of the gentle king, Had slipp'd our claim until another age.

Geo. But when we saw our sunshine made thy spring,

And that thy summer bred us no increase. We set the axe to thy usurping root; [selves, And through the edge hath something hit our-Yet, know thou, since we have begun to strike, We'll never leave till we have hewn thee down, Or bath'd thy growing with our heated bloods.

Edw. And in this resolution I defy thee;

Not willing any longer conference, Since thou deniest the gentle king to speak .-Sound trumpets!-let our bloody colours

wave!-And either victory or else a grave.

Q. Mar. Stay, Edward.

Edw. No, wrangling woman, we'll no longer stay:

These words will cost ten thousand lives this Exeunt.

Scene III .- A Field of Battle between Towton and Saxton, in Yorkshire.

Alarums: excursions. Enter WARWICK.

War. Forspent with toil, as runners with a

I lay me down a little while to breathe; For strokes receiv'd and many blows repaid Have robb'd my strong-knit sinews of their strength,

And, spite of spite, needs must I rest awhile.

Enter EDWARD, running.

Edw. Smile, gentle heaven! or strike, ungentle death!

For this world frowns, and Edward's sun is clouded.

War. How now, my lord! what hap? what hope of good?

Enter GEORGE.

Geo. Our hap is loss, our hope but sad despair; Our ranks are broke, and ruin follows us: What counsel give you, whither shall we fly?

Edw. Bootless is flight, -they follow us with wings:

And weak we are, and cannot shun pursuit,

Enter RICHARD.

Rich. Ah, Warwick, why hast thou withdrawn thyself? Thy brother's blood the thirsty earth hath

drunk, Broach'd with the steely point of Chfford's

lance;

And in the very pangs of death he cried, Like to a dismal clangor heard from far, Warwick, revenge' brother, revenge my death! So, underneath the belly of their steeds, That stain'd their fetlocks in his smoking blood, The noble gentleman gave up the ghost.

War. Then let the earth be drunken with

our blood:

I'll kill my horse, because I will not fly. Why stand we like soft-hearted women here, Wailing our losses, whiles the foe doth rage; And look upon, as if the tragedy Were play'd in jest by counterfeiting actors? Here on my knee I vow to God above I'll never pause again, never stand still Till either death hath clos'd these eyes of mine

Or fortune given me measure of revenge.

Edw. O Warwick, I do bend my knee with thine;

And in this yow do chain my soul to thine!-And ere my knee rise from the earth's cold face I throw my hands, mine eyes, my heart to thee, Thou setter-up and plucker-down of kings,-Beseeching thee, if with thy will it stands That to my foes this body must be prey, Yet that thy brazen gates of heaven may ope, And give sweet passage to my sinful soul!-Now, lords, take leave until we meet again, Where'er it be, in heaven or in earth.

Rich. Brother, give me thy hand;—and, gentle Warwick,

Let me embrace thee in my weary arms: I, that did never weep, now melt with woe That winter should cut off our spring-time so.

War. Away, away! Once more, sweet lords, farewell.

Geo. Yet let us all together to our troops, And give them leave to fly that will not stay; And call them pillars that will stand to us And if we thrive, promise them such rewards As victors wear at the Olympian games: This may plant courage in their quailing breasts; For yet is hope of life and victory.-Forslow no longer, make we hence amain. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Another part of the Field.

Excursions. Enter RICHARD and CLIFFORD. Rich. Now, Clifford, I have singled thee alone:

Suppose this arm is for the Duke of York, And this for Rutland; both bound to revenge, Wert thou environ'd with a brazen wall.

Clif. Now, Richard, I am with thee here alone:

This is the hand that stabb'd thy father York; And this the hand that slew thy brother Rutland;

And here's the heart that triumphs in their death.

And cheers these hands that slew thy sire and brother

To execute the like upon thyself;

And so, have at thee!

[They fight. WAR. enters; CLIF. flies. Rich. Nay, Warwick, single out some other chase;

For I myself will hunt this wolf to death. | Execut.

Scene V.—Another part of the Field.

Alarum, Enter King Henry.

K. Hen. This battle fares like to the morning's war,

When dying clouds contend with growing light, What time the shepherd, blowing of his nails, Can neither call it perfect day nor night. Now sways it this way, like a mighty sea Forc'd by the tide to combat with the wind; Now sways it that way, like the selfsame sea Forc'd to retire by fury of the wind: Sometime the flood prevails, and then the wind; Now one the better, then another best; Both tugging to be victors, breast to breast, Yet neither conqueror nor conquered: So is the equal poise of this fell war. Here on this molehill will I sit me down. To whom God will, there be the victory! For Margaret my queen, and Clifford too, Have chid me from the battle; swearing both They prosper best of all when I am thence. Would I were dead! if God's good will were so; For what is in this world but grief and woe? O God! methinks it were a happy life To be no better than a homely swain; To sit upon a hill, as I do now To carve out dials quaintly, point by point, Thereby to see the minutes how they run,-How many make the hour full complete; How many hours bring about the day; How many days will finish up the year; How many years a mortal man may live. When this is known, then to divide the times,-So many hours must I tend my flock; So many hours must I take my rest; So many hours must I contemplate: So many hours must I sport myself; So many days my ewes have been with young; So many weeks ere the poor fools will yean; So many years ere I shall shear the fleece: So minutes, hours, days, months, and years, Pass'd over to the end they were created, Would bring white hairs unto a quiet grave. Ah, what a life were this! how sweet! how lovely!

Gives not the hawthorn bush a sweeter shade To shepherds, looking on their silly sheep, Than doth a rich embroider'd canopy To kings that fear subjects' treachery? O, yes, it doth; a thousand-fold it doth.

And to conclude,—the shepherd's homely curds.

His cold thin drink out of his leather bottle, His wonted sleep under a fresh tree's shade, All which secure and sweetly he enjoys, Is far beyond a prince's delicates, His viands sparkling in a golden cup, His body couched in a curious bed, When care, mistrust, and treason wait on him.

Alarum. Enter a Son that has killed his Father, bringing in the dead body.

Son. Ill blows the wind that profits nobody, This man, whom hand to hand I slew in fight. May be possessed with some store of crowns; And I, that haply take them from him now, May yet ere night yield both my life and them To some man else, as this dead man doth me.—Who's this?—O God! it is my father's face, Whom in this conflict I unwares have kill'd. O heavy times, begetting such events! From London by the king was I press'd forth: My father, being the Earl of Warwick's man, Came on the part of York, press'd by his master;

And I, who at his hands receiv'd my life,
Have by my hands of life bereaved him.—
Pardon me, God, I knew not what I did!—
And pardon, father, for I knew not thee!—
My tears shall wipe away these bloody marks;
And no more words till they have flow'd their
fill.

K. Hen. O piteous spectacle! O bloody times! Whilst lions war, and battle for their dens, Poor harmless lambs abide their enmity.— Weep, wretched man, I'll aid thee tear for tear; And let our hearts and eyes, like civil war, Be blind with tears, and break o'ercharg'd with grief.

Enter a Father that has killed his Son, with the body in his arms.

Fath. Thou that so stoutly hast resisted me, Give me thy gold, if thou hast any gold; For I have bought it with an hundred blows.— But let me see: is this our foeman's face? Ah, no, no, no, it is mine only son! Ah, boy, if any life be left in thee, [arise, Throw up thine eyel see, see what showers Blown with the windy tempest of my heart, Upon thy wounds, that kill mine eye and heart!—

O pity, God, this miserable age!— What stratagems, how fell, how butcherly, Erroneous, mutinous, and unnatural, This deadly quarrel daily doth beget!— O boy, thy father gave thee life too soon, And hath bereft thee of thy life too late!

K. Hen. Woe above woe! grief more than common grief! [deeds!— O that my death would stay these ruthful O pity, pity, gentle heaven, pity!— The red rose and the white are on his face, The fatal colours of our striving houses: The one his purple blood right well resembles; The other his pale cheeks, methinks, presenteth:

Wither one rose, and let the other flourish; If you contend, a thousand lives must wither.

Son. How will my mother for a father's death Take on with me, and ne'er be satisfied! [son Fath. How will my wife for slaughter of my Shed seas of tears, and ne'er be satisfied! K. Hen. How will the country for these woe-

ful chances

Misthink the king, and not be satisfied!

Son. Was ever son so rued a father's death? Fath. Was ever father so bemoan'd his son? K. Hen. Was ever king so griev'd for subjects' woe?

Much is your sorrow; mine ten times so much. Son. I'll bear thee hence, where I may weep my fill. Exit with the body.

Fath. These arms of mine shall be thy winding-sheet;

My heart, sweet boy, shall be thy sepulchre, For from my heart thine image ne'er shall go; My sighing breast shall be thy funeral bell; And so obsequious will thy father be, E'en for the loss of thee, having no more, As Priam was for all his valiant sons. will. I'll bear thee hence; and let them fight that For I have murder'd where I should not kill. [Exit with the body.

K. Hen. Sad-hearted men, much overgone with care,

Here sits a king more woeful than you are.

Alarums: excursions. Enter Oueen Mar-GARET, PRINCE OF WALES, and EXETER.

Prince. Fly, father, fly! for all your friends are fled,

And Warwick rages like a chafed bull: Away! for death hold us in pursuit.

Q. Mar. Mount you, my lord; towards Berwick post amain:

Edward and Richard, like a brace of greyhounds Having the fearful flying hare in sight, With fiery eyes sparkling for very wrath, And bloody steel grasp'd in their treful hands, Are at our backs; and therefore hence amain. Exe. Away! for vengeance comes along with

them: Nay, stay not to expostulate, -make speed; Or else come after: I'll away before.

K. Hen. Nay, take me with thee, good sweet Exeter:

Not that I fear to stay, but love to go Whither the queen intends. Forward: away! Exeunt.

Scene VI.—Another part of the Field.

A loud Alarum. Enter CLIFFORD, wounded.

Clif. Here burns my candle out,-ay, here it

Which, whiles it lasted, gave King Henry light. O Lancaster, I fear thy overthrow More than my body's parting with my soul! My love and fear glu'd many friends to thee; And, now I fall, thy tough commixtures melt. Impairing Henry, strengthening misproud York, The common people swarm like summer flies; And whither fly the gnats but to the sun? And who shines now but Henry's enemies? O Phoebus, hadst thou never given consent

That Phaeton should check thy fiery steeds, Thy burning car never had scorch'd the earth! And, Henry, hadst thou sway'd as kings should

Or as thy father and his father did, Giving no ground unto the house of York. They never then had sprung like summer flies; I and ten thousand in this luckless realm

Had left no mourning widows for our death; And thou this day hadst kept thy chair in peace. For what doth cherish weeds but gentle air? And what makes robbers bold but too much [wounds: lenity?

Bootless are plaints, and cureless are my No way to fly, nor strength to hold out flight: The foe is merciless, and will not pity;

For at their hands I have deserv'd no pity. The air hath got into my deadly wounds, And much effuse of blood doth make me faint. Come, York and Richard, Warwick and the rest:

I stabb'd your fathers' bosoms,-split my [He faints. breast.

Alarum and retreat. Enter EDWARD, GEORGE, RICHARD, MONTAGUE, WARWICK, and Soldiers.

Edw. Now breathe we, lords: good fortune bids us pause, looks. And smooth the frowns of war with peaceful Some troops pursue the bloody-minded queen, That led calm Henry, though he were a king, As doth a sail, fill'd with a fretting gust,

Command an argosy to stem the waves. But think you, lords, that Clifford fled with them?

War. No, 'tis impossible he should escape; For, though before his face I speak the words, Your brother Richard mark'd him for the grave: And, whereso'er he is, he's surely dead.

[CLIFFORD groans, and dies. Edw. Whose soul is that which takes her heavy leave? [departing.

Rich. A deadly groan, like life and death's Edw. See who it is; and, now the battle's ended,

If friend or foe, let him be gently us'd.

Rich. Revoke that doom of mercy, for 'tis Clifford; Who not contented that he lopp'd the branch

In hewing Rutland when his leaves put forth, But set his murdering knife unto the root From whence that tender spray did sweetly spring,

I mean pur princely father, Duke of York. War. From off the gates of York fetch down the head,

Your father's head, which Clifford placed there: Instead whereof let this supply the room: Measure for measure must be answered.

Edw. Bring forth that fatal screech-owl to our house,

That nothing sung but death to us and ours: Now death shall stop his dismal threatening sound,

And his ill-boding tongue no more shall speak. [Soldiers bring the body forward. War. I think his understanding is bereft .-

Speak, Clifford, dost thou know who speaks to thee?-

And he nor sees nor hears us what we say.

doth:

'Tis but his policy to counterfeit,

Because he would avoid such bitter taunts Which in the time of death he gave our father. Will scare the herd, and so my shot is lost.

words Rich. Clifford, ask mercy and obtain no grace. (I'll tell thee what befell me on a day War. Chifford, devise excuses for thy faults. Geo. While we devise fell tortures for thy York. faults.

Edw. Thou pitiedst Rutland, I will pity thee. Geo. Where's Captain Margaret, to fence

you now? War. They mock thee, Clifford: swear as

thou wast wont. goes hard

oath. -

I know by that he's dead; and, by my soul, If this right hand would buy two hours' life, That I in all despite might rail at him, This hand should chop it off, and with the

issuing blood Stifle the villian whose unstaunched thirst York and young Rutland could not satisfy.

War. Ay, but he's dead: off with the traitor's head,

And rear it in the place your father's stands. And now to London with triumphant march, There to be crowned England's royal king. From whence shall Warwick cut the sea to France,

And ask the Lady Bona for thy queen: So shalt thou sinew both these lands together; And, having France thy friend, thou shalt not

dread The scatter'd foe that hopes to rise again; For though they cannot greatly sting to hurt, Yet look to have them buzz to offend thine ears. First will I see the coronation;

And then to Brittany I'll cross the sea, To effect this marriage, so it please my lord. Edw Even as thou wilt, sweet Warwick, let

it be; For in thy shoulder do I build my seat, And never will I undertake the thing Wherein thy counsel and consent is wanting .-Richard. I will create thee Duke of Gloster:-And George, of Clarence; - Warwick, as ourself.

Shall do and undo as him pleaseth best. Rich. Let me be Duke of Clarence, George of Gloster:

For Gloster's dukedom is too ominous. War. Tut, that's a foolish observation: Richard, be Duke of Gloster. Now to London, To see these honours in possession. [Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I .- A Chase in the North of England. Enter two Keepers, with cross-bows in their hands.

I Keep. Under this thick-grown brake we'll shroud ourselves:

Dark cloudy death o'ershades his beams of life, For through this laund anon the deer will come: And in this covert will we make our stand, Rich. O, would he did! and so, perhaps, he Culling the principal of all the deer.

2 Keep. I'll stay above the hill, so both may I Keep. That cannot be, the noise of thy cross-bow

Geo. If so thou think'st, vex him with eager Here stand we both, and aim we at the best: And, for the time shall not seem tedious,

Edw. Clifford, repent in bootless penitence. In this self-place where now we mean to stand. 2 Keep. Here comes a man, let's stay till he be past.

Rich. Thou didst love York, and I am son to Enter King Henry, disguised, with a prayerbook.

> K. Hen. From Scotland am I stol'n, even of pure love.

To greet mine own land with my wishful sight. Rich. What, not an oath? nay, then the world No, Harry, Harry, 'ts no land of thin when Chilord cannot spare his friends an Thy place is fill'd, thy sceptre wrung from thee, Thy balm wash'd off wherewith thou wast anointed:

No bending knee will call thee Cæsar now, No humble suitors press to speak for right, No, not a man comes for redress of thee: For how can I help them, and not myself? 1 Keep. Ay, here's a deer whose skin's a

keeper's fee.

This is the quondam king; let's seize upon him. K. Her. Let me embrace these sour adversities:

For wise men say it is the wisest course. 2 Keep Why linger we? let us lay hands upon him. I Keep. Forbear awhile; we'll hear a little K. Hen My queen and son are gone to

And, as I hear, the great commanding Warwick Is thither gone, to crave the French king's sister To wife for Edward: if this news be true. Poor queen and son, your labour is but lost; For Warwick is a subtle orator,

France for aid:

And Louis a prince soon won with moving words.

By this account, then, Margaret may win him; For she's a woman to be pitied much: Her sighs will make a battery in his breast; Her tears will pierce into a marble heart; The tiger will be mild while she doth mourn; And Nero will be tainted with remorse. To hear and see her plaints, her brinish tears. Ay, but she's come to beg, Warwick, to give: She, on his left side, craving aid for Henry; He, on his right, asking a wife for Edward. She weeps, and says her Henry is depos'd: He smiles, and says his Edward is install'd: That she, poor wretch, for grief can speak no more: Whiles Warwick tells his title, smooths the

Inferreth arguments of mighty strength, And in conclusion wins the king from her. With promise of his sister, and what else, To strengthen and support King Edward's place.

O Margaret, thus 'twill be; and thou, poor soul, Art then forsaken, as thou went'st forlorn! 2 Keep. Say, what art thou, that talk'st of

kings and queens?

K. Hen. More than I seem, and less than I Which we in justice cannot well denv was born to:

A man at least, for less I should not be; And men may talk of kings, and why not I? 2 Keep. Ay, but thou talk'st as if thou wert

a king. [enough. K. Hen. Why, so I am—in mind; and that's 2 Keep. But, if thou be a king, where is thy crown? ihead:

K. Hen. My crown is in my heart, not on my Not deck'd with diamonds and Indian stones, Nor to be seen: my crown is call'd content,-A crown it is that seldom kings enjoy.

2 Keep. Well, if you be a king crown'd with content,

Your crown content and you must be contented To go along with us; for, as we think, You are the king King Edward hath depos'd; And we his subjects, sworn in all allegiance, Will apprehend you as his enemy.

K. Hen. But did you never swear, and break an oath? Inow. 2 Keep. No, never such an oath; nor will not

K. Hen. Where did you dwell when I was King of England? 2 Keep. Here in this country, where we now

K. Hen. I was anointed king at nine months old;

My father and my grandfather were kings; And you were sworn true subjects unto me: And tell me, then, have you not broke your oaths?

z Keep. No;

For we were subjects but while you were king. K. Hen. Why, am I dead? do I not breathe a man?

Ah, simple men, you know not what you swear! Look, as I blow this feather from my face, And as the air blows it to me again Obeying with my wind when I do blow. And yielding to another when it blows, Commanded always by the greater gust; Such is the lightness of you common men. But do not break your oaths; for of that sin My mild entreaty shall not make you guilty. Go where you will, the king shall be commanded;

And be you kings; command, and I'll obey r Keep. We are true subjects to the king, King Edward.

K. Hen. So would you be again to Henry, If he were seated as King Edward is. I Keep. We charge you, in God's name and

in the king's,

To go with us unto the officers. K. Hen. In God's name, lead; your king's

name be obey'd: And what God will, that let your king perform; And what he will, I humbly yield unto. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- LONDON. A Room in the Palace Enter KING EDWARD, GLOSTER, CLARENCE, and LADY GREY.

K. Edw. Brother of Gloster, at Saint Albans'

This lady's husband, Sir John Grey, was slain, His lands then seiz'd on by the conqueror: Her suit is now to repossess those lands;

Because in quarrel of the house of York

The worthy gentleman did lose his life. Glo. Your highness shall do well to grant her It were dishonour to deny it her. K. Edw. It were no less; but yet I'll make Glo. Yea, is it so?

I see the lady hath a thing to grant,

Before the king will grant her humble suit. [Aside to CLARENCE.

Clar. He knows the game: how true he keeps the wind! [Aside to GLOSTER. Glo. Silence! Aside to CLARENCE. K. Edw. Widow, we will consider of your

And come some other time to know our mind. L. Grey. Right gracious lord, I cannot brook delay:

May it please your highness to resolve me now; And what your pleasure is shall satisfy me. Glo. Ay, widow? then I warrant you all your

lands,

An if what pleases him shall pleasure you. Fight closer, or, good faith, you'll catch a blow.

Aside. Clar. I fear her not, unless she chance to fall.

Aside to GLOSTER. Glo. God forbid that! for he'll take vantages. Aside to CLARENCE.

K. Edw. How many children hast thou, widow? tell me.

Clar. I think he means to beg a child of her. Aside to GLOSTER.

Glo. Nay, whip me, then; he'll rather give her two. Aside to CLARENCE. . Grey. Three, my most gracious lord. Glo. You shall have four if you'll be ruled

by him. Aside. K. Edw. 'Twere pity they should lose their

father's lands. L. Grey. Be pitiful, dread lord, and grant it,

K. Edw. Lords, give us leave: I'll try this widow's wit. have leave. Glo. Ay, good leave have you; for you will Till youth take leave, and leave you to the

crutch.

K. Edw. Now tell me, madam, do you love your children?

L. Grey. Ay, full as dearly as I love myself. K. Edw. And would you not do much to do them good? some harm.

L. Grey. To do them good I would sustain K. Edw. Then get your husband's lands, to do them good.

L. Grey. Therefore I came unto your majesty. K. Edw. I'll tell you how these lands are to be got. [ness' service L. Grey. So shall you bind me to your high [ness' service.

K. Edw. What service wilt thou do me if I give them?

L. Grey. What you command, that rests in me K. Edw. But you will take exceptions to my do it. boon.

L. Grey. No, gracious lord, except I cannot K. Edw. Ay, but thou canst do what I mean

[commands. to ask. L. Grey. Why, then, I will do what your grace Glo. He plies her hard; and much rain wears the marble. [Aside to CLARENCE.

Clar. As red as fire! nay, then her wax must Aside to GLOSTER. melt.

L. Grey. Why stops my lord? shall I not hear my task?

K. Edw. An easy task; 'tis but to love a king. L. Grey. That's soon perform'd, because I am a subject.

K. Edw. Why, then, thy husband's lands I freely give thee. ithanks. L. Grey. I take my leave with many thousand

Glo. The match is made; she seals it with a curtsy. [Aside.

K. Edw. But stay thee, -'tis the fruits of love I mean. liege.

Grey. The fruits of love I mean, my loving K. Edw. Ay, but, I fear me, in another sense. What love, thinkst thou, I sue so much to get? L. Grey. My love till death, my humble thanks, my prayers;

That love which virtue begs and virtue grants. K. Edw. No, by my troth, I did not mean

such love.

L. Grey. Why, then, you mean not as I thought you did. [my mind. K. Edw. But now you partly may perceive L. Grey. My mind will never grant what I

perceive Your highness aims at, if I aim aright. [thee. K. Edw. To tell thee plain, I aim to lie with

L. Grey. To tell you plain, I had rather lie in prison.

K. Edw. Why, then, thou shalt not have thy husband's lands. [my dower;

L. Grey. Why, then, mine honesty shall be For by that loss I will not purchase them. K. Edw. Therein thou wrong'st thy children

mightily. L. Grey. Herein your highness wrongs both

them and me. But, mighty lord, this merry inclination Accords not with the sadness of my suit: Please you dismiss me, either with ay or no. K. Edw. Ay, if thou wilt say ay to my request; No, if thou dost say no to my demand. L. Grey. Then, no, my lord. My suit is at

an end. Glo. The widow likes him not, she knits her Aside to CLARENCE.

Clar. He is the bluntest wooer in Christen-Aside to GLOSTER. dom. K. Edw. Her looks do argue her replete with

modesty; Her words do show her wit incomparable; All her perfections challenge sovereignty: One way or other, she is for a king;

And she shall be my love, or else my queen Aside.

Say that King Edward take thee for his queen? L. Grey. 'Tis better said than done, my gracious lord.

I am a subject fit to jest withal, But far unfit to be a sovereign.

K. Edw. Sweet widow, by my state I swear to thee

I speak no more than what my soul intends; And that is to enjoy thee for my love.

L. Grey. And that is more than I will vield unto:

I know I am too mean to be your queen, And yet too good to be your concubine.

K. Edw. You cavil, widow: I did mean my queen.

L. Grey. 'Twill grieve your grace my sons should call you father.

K. Edw. No more than when my daughters call thee mother.

Thou art a widow, and thou hast some children: And, by God's mother, I, being but a bachelor, Have other some: why, 'tis a happy thing To be the father unto many sons.

Answer no more, for thou shalt be my queen. Glo. The ghostly father now hath done his [Aside to CLARENCE. shrift.

Clar. When he was made a shriver, 'twas for shift. [Aside to GLOSTER.

K. Edw. Brothers, you muse what chat we two have had. [very sad. Glo. The widow likes it not, for she looks

K. Edw. You'd think it strange if I should marry her.

Clar. To whom, my lord?

K. Edw. Why, Clarence, to myself. Glo. That would be ten days' wonder at the least.

Clar. That's a day longer than a wonder lasts. Glo. By so much is the wonder in extremes. K. Edw. Well, jest on, brothers: I can tell you both

Her suit is granted for her husband's lands.

Enter a Nobleman.

Nob. My gracious lord, Henry your foe is taken,

And brought your prisoner to your palace gate. K. Edw. See that he be convey'd unto the Tower:-

And go we, brothers, to the man that took him, To question of his apprehension.-Widow, go you along:-lords, use her honour-

able. Exeunt KING EDWARD, LADY GREY CLARENCE, and Nobleman.

Glo. Ay, Edwards.--Edward will use women honour-

Would he were wasted, marrow, bones, and all, That from his loins no hopeful branch may spring!

To cross me from the golden time I look for! And yet, between my soul's desire and me.-The lustful Edward's title buried,-

Is Clarence, Henry, and his son young Edward, And all the unlook'd-for issue of their bodies, To take their rooms, ere I can place myself: A cold premeditation for my purpose! Why, then, I do but dream on sovereignty;

Like one that stands upon a promontory, And spies a far-off shore where he would t. Wishing his foot were equal with his eye; And chides the sea that sunders him from

thence Saying he'll lade it dry to have his way: So do I wish the crown, being so far off; And so I chide the means that keep me from it: And so I say I'll cut the causes off, Flattering me with impossibilities.-

My eye's too quick, my heart o'erweens too Unless my hand and strength could equal them. [Richard:

Well, say there is no kingdom, then, for

What other pleasure can the world afford? I'll make my heaven in a lady's lap, And deck my body in gay ornaments, And witch sweet ladies with my words and looks.

O miserable thought! and more unlikely Than to accomplish twenty golden crowns! Why, love forswore me in my mother's womb: And, for I should not deal in her soft laws She did corrupt frail nature with some bribe, To shrink mine arm up like a wither'd shrub; To make an envious mountain on my back, Where sits deformity to mock my body; To shape my legs of an unequal size; To disproportion me in every part, Like to a chaos, or an unlick'd bear-whelp That carries no impression like the dam. And am I, then, a man to be belov'd? O monstrous fault, to harbour such a thought! Then, since this earth affords no joy to me But to command, to check, to o'erbear such As are of better person than myself, I'll make my heaven to dream upon the crown And whiles I live to account this world but hell Until my misshap'd trunk that bears this head Be round empaled with a glorious crown. And yet I know not how to get the crown For many lives stand between me and home: And I,—like one lost in a thorny wood That rents the thorns, and is rent with the thorns,

Seeking a way, and straying from the way: Not knowing how to find the open air, But toiling desperately to find it out, Torment myself to catch the English crown; And from that torment I will free myself, Or hew my way out with a bloody axe. Why, I can smile, and murder whiles I smile; And cry content to that which grieves my heart; And wet my cheeks with artificial tears, And frame my face to all occasions. I'll drown more sailors than the mermaid shall; I'll slay more gazers than the basilisk; I'll play the orator as well as Nestor; Deceive more slily than Ulysses could; And, like a Sinon, take another Troy: I can add colours to the cameleon; Change shapes with Proteus for advantages; And set the murderous Machiavel to school. Can I do this, and cannot get a crown? Tut, were it further off, I'll pluck it down! Exit.

Scene III.—France. A Room in the Palace.

Flourish. Enter LOUIS, the French King, and LADY BONA, attended; the KING takes his state. Then enter QUEEN MARGARET, PRINCE EDWARD her Son, and the EARL OF OXFORD.

K. Lou. Fair Queen of England, worthy Margaret, Sit down with us: it ill befits thy state Rising.

And birth, that thou shouldst stand while

Louis doth sit. Margaret Q. Mar. No, mighty King of France: now Must strike her sail, and learn awhile to serve Where kings command. I was, I must confess, Great Albion's queen in former golden days: But now mischance hath trod my title down,

And with dishonour laid me on the ground: Where I must take like seat unto my fortune, And to my humble seat conform myself.

K. Lou. Why, say, fair queen, whence springs this deep despair?

Q. Mar. From such a cause as fills mine eyes

with tears, in cares. And stops my tongue, while heart is drown'd K. Lou. Whate'er it be, be thou still like

thyself,

And sit thee by our side: yield not thy neck [Seats her by him.

To fortune's yoke, but let thy dauntless mind Still ride in triumph over all mischance. Be plain, Queen Margaret, and tell thy grief; It shall be eas'd, if France can yield relief.

 Mar. Those gracious words revive my drooping thoughts, And give my tongue-tied sorrows leave to

speak.

Now, therefore, be it known to noble Louis That Henry, sole possessor of my love, Is, of a king, become a banish'd man, And forc'd to live in Scotland a forlorn; While proud ambitious Edward Duke of York Usurps the regal title and the seat Of England's true-anointed lawful king. This is the cause that I, poor Margaret With this my son, Prince Edward, Henry's

heir,-Am come to crave thy just and lawful aid; And if thou fail us, all our hope is done: Scotland hath will to help, but cannot help: Our people and our peers are both misled Our treasure seiz'd, our soldiers put to flight,

And, as thou see'st, ourselves in heavy plight.

K. Lou. Renowned queen, with patience calm the storm,

While we bethink a means to break it off. Q. Mar. The more we stay the stronger

grows our foe. [cour thee. K. Lou. The more I stay the more I'll suc-Q. Mar. O, but impatience waiteth on true sorrow:-

And see where comes the breeder of my sorrow!

Enter WARWICK, attended.

K. Lou. What's he approacheth boldly to our presence?

O. Mar. Our Earl of Warwick, Edward's

greatest friend.

K. Lou. Welcome, brave Warwick! What brings thee to France?

[Descending from his state. Q. MAR. rises. Q. Mar. Ay, now begins a second storm to

For this is he that moves both wind and tide. War. From worthy Edward, King of Albion, My lord and sovereign, and thy vowed friend, I come, in kindness and unfeigned love,— First, to do greetings to thy royal person; And then to crave a league of amity; And lastly, to confirm that amity

With nuptial knot, if thou vouchsafe to grant That virtuous Lady Bona, thy fair sister, To England's king in lawful marriage. [done. O. Mar. If that go forward, Henry's hope is

War. And, gracious madam [to Bona], in our king's behalf,

I am commanded, with your leave and favour, Is Edward your true king? for I were loth Humbly to kiss your hand, and with my tongue To tell the passion of my sovereign's heart; Where fame, late entering at his heedful ears, Hath plac'd thy beauty's image and thy virtue.

Q. Mar. King Louis,—and Lady Bona,—

hear me speak,

Before you answer Warwick. His demand Springs not from Edward's well-meant honest

But from deceit bred by necessity; For how can tyrants safely govern home Unless abroad they purchase great alliance? To prove him tyrant, this reason may suffice, That Henry liveth still; but were he dead, Yet here Prince Edward stands, King Henry's marriage

Look therefore, Louis, that by this league and Thou draw not on thy danger and dishonour; For though usurpers sway the rule awhile, Yet heavens are just, and time suppresseth

wrongs. War. Injurious Margaret!

And why not queen? Prince.

War. Because thy father Henry did usurp; And thou no more art prince than she is queen. Oxf. Then Warwick disannuls great John of

Gaunt Which did subdue the greatest part of Spain; And, after John of Gaunt, Henry the Fourth, Whose wisdom was a mirror to the wisest; And, after that wise prince, Henry the Fifth, Who by his prowess conquered all France: From these our Henry lineally descends.

War. Oxford, how haps it, in this smooth discourse.

You told not how Henry the Sixth hath lost All that which Henry the Fifth had gotten? Methinks these peers of France should smile at that.

But for the rest, -you tell a pedigree Of threescore and two years; a silly time
To make prescription for a kingdom's worth.
Oxf. Why, Warwick, canst thou speak against thy liege,

Whom thou obey'dst thirty and six years, And not bewray thy treason with a blush?

War. Can Oxford, that did ever fence the

right.

Now buckler falsehood with a pedigree? For shame! leave Henry, and call Edward king. Oxf. Call him my king by whose injurious doom

My elder brother, the Lord Aubrey Vere. Was done to death? and more than so, my father,

Even in the downfall of his mellow'd years, When nature brought him to the door of death? No, Warwick, no; while life upholds this arm, This arm upholds the house of Lancaster.

War. And I the house of York.

K. Lou. Queen Margaret, Prince Edward,

and Oxford. Vouchsafe, at our request, to stand aside While I use further conference with Warwick.

Q. Mar. Heavens grant that Warwick's words bewitch him not!

[Retiring with the PRINCE and OXF. K. Lou. Now, Warwick, tell me, even upon thy conscience.

To link with him that were not lawful chosen. War. Thereon I pawn my credit and mine

honour. [eve? K. Lou. But is he gracious in the people's War. The more that Henry was unfortunate. K. Lou. Then further,-all dissembling set

aside, Tell me for truth the measure of his love Unto our sister Bona.

Such it seems War. As may be seem a monarch like himself. Myself have often heard him say, and swear, That this love was an eternal plant,

Whereof the root was fix'd in virtue's ground, The leaves and fruit maintain'd with beauty's sun;

Exempt from envy, but not from disdain, Unless the Lady Bona quit his pain. solve. K. Lou. Now, sister, let us hear your firm re-Bona. Your grant or your denial shall be

mine: Yet I confess [to WAR.] that often ere this day, When I have heard your king's desert re-

counted, Mine ear hath tempted judgment to desire.

K. Lou. Then, Warrick, thus,—Our sister shall be Edward's; And now forthwith shall articles be drawn Touching the jointure that your king must make Which with her dowry shall be counterpois'd .-

Draw near, Queen Margaret, and be a witness That Bona shall be wife to the English king. Prince. To Edward, but not to the English

O. Mar. Deceitful Warwick! it was thy device

By this alliance to make void my suit: Before thy coming, Louis was Henry's friend. K. Lou. And still is friend to him and Margaret:

But if your title to the crown be weak,-As may appear by Edward's good success,-Then 'tis but reason that I be releas'd From giving aid which late I promised. Yet shall you have all kindness at my hand That your estate requires and mine can yield. War. Henry now lives in Scotland at his ease. Where having nothing, nothing can he lose. And as for you yourself, our quondam queen, You have a father able to maintain you; And better 'twere you troubled him than France.

Q. Mar. Peace, impudent and shameless Warwick,

Proud setter-up and puller-down of kings! I will not hence till, with my talk and tears Both full of truth, I made King Louis behold Thy sly conveyance, and thy lord's false love; For both of you are birds of self-same feather. A horn sounded within.

K. Lou. Warwick, this is some post to us or thee.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord ambassador, these letters are for you,

Sent from your brother, Marquis Montague:-These from our king unto your majesty:-

And, madam, these for you; from whom I know not.

[To Mar. They all read their letters.

Oxf. I like it well that our fair queen and
mistress [his.

Smiles at her news, while Warwick frowns at Prince. Nay, mark how Louis stamps, as he were nettled:

I hope all's for the best.

K. Lou. Warwick, what are thy news?—and yours, fair queen? [hop'd joys. O. Mar. Mine, such as fill my heart with un-War. Mine, full of sorrow and heart's discontent. [Lady Gree?

K. Lou. What, has your king married the And now, to soothe your forgery and his, Sends me a paper to persuade me patience? Is this the alliance that he seeks with France? Dare he presume to scorn us in this manner?

Q. Mar. I told your majesty as much before: This proveth Edward's love and Warwick's honesty. [heaven,

War. King Louis, I here protest, in sight of And by the hope I have of heavenly bliss, That I am clear from this misdeed of Edward's,—

No more my king, for he dishonours me But most himself, if he could see his shame. Did I forget that by the house of York My father came untimely to his death? Did I let pass the abuse done to my niece? Did I impale him with the regal crown? Did I put Henry from his native right? And am I guerdon'd at the last with shame? Shame on himself! for my desert is honour: And, to repair my honour lost for him, I here renounce him, and return to Henry.—My noble queen, let former grudges pass, And henceforth I am thy true servitor: I will revenge his wrong to Lady Bona, And replant Henry in his former state.

Q. Mar. Warwick, these words have turn'd my hate to love;

And I forgive and quite forget old faults, And joy that thou becom'st King Henry's friend.

War. So much his friend, ay, his unfeigned

friend,
That if King Louis vouchsafe to furnish us
With some few bands of chosen soldiers,
I'll undertake to land them on our coast,
And force the tyrant from his seat by war.
I'lis not his new-made bride shall succor him:
And as for Clarence,—as my letters tell me,—
He's very likely now to fall from him,
For matching more for wanton lust than honour,
Or than for strength and safety of our country.
Bona. Dear brother, how shall Bona be reveng'd

But by thy help to this distressed queen?

Q. Mar. Renowned prince, how shall poor
Henry live,

Unless thou rescue him from foul despair?

Bona. My quarrel and this English queen's are one. [yours.

War. And mine, fair Lady Bona, joins with K. Lou. And mine with hers, and thine, and Margaret's.

Therefore, at last, I firmly am resolv'd You shall have aid. Q. Mar. Let me give humble thanks for all at once. [in post,

K. Lou. Then, England's messenger, return And tell false Edward, thy supposed king, That Louis of France is sending over masquers To revel it with him and his new bride: Thou see'st what's past,—go fear thy king

withal.

Bona. Tell him, in hope he'll prove a widower shortly,

I'll wear the willow-garland for his sake.

Q. Mar. Tell him, my mourning-weeds are laid aside,

And I am ready to put armour on.

War. Tell him from me, that he hath done me wrong;
And therefore I'll uncrown him ere't be long.

There's thy reward: be gone. [Ent Mess. K. Lou. But, Warwick, Thou and Oxford, with five thousand men,

Shall cross the seas, and bid false Edward battle;

And, as occasion serves, this noble queen And prince shall follow with a fresh supply, Yet, ere thou go, but answer me one doubt,— What pledge have we of thy firm loyalty?

War. This shall assure my constant loyalty,—

That if our queen and this young prince agree I'll join mine eldest daughter, and my joy, To him forthwith in holy wedlock-bands.

Q. Mar. Yes, I agree, and thank you for your motion.—

Son Edward, she is fair and virtuous, Therefore delay not,—give thy hand to Warwick;

And, with thy hand, thy faith irrevocable, That only Warwick's daughter shall be thine. Prince. Yes, I accept her, for she well deserves it:

And here to pledge my vow, I give my hand.

| He gives his hand to Warwick.
| K. Lou. Why stay we now? These soldiers shall be levied,

And thou, Lord Bourbon, our high-admiral, Shall waft them over with our royal fleet.— I long till Edward fall by war's mischance, For mocking marriage with a dame of France, Exeunt all but WARWICK.

War. I come from Edward as ambassador, But I return his sworn and mortal foe:
Matter of marriage was the charge he gave me, But dreadful war shall answer his demand. Had he none else to make a stale but me?
Then none but I shall turn his jest to sorrow. I was the chief that rais'd him to the crown, And I'll be chief to bring him down again:
Not that I pity Henry's misery,
But seek revenge on Edward's mockery.

[Exit.

ACT IV.

Scene I.—London. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Gloster, Clarence Somerset, Montague, and others.

Glo. Now tell me, brother Clarence, what think you

Of this new marriage with the Lady Grey? Hath not our brother made a worthy choice? Clar. Alas, you know, 'tis far from hence to France:

How could he stay till Warwick made return? Som. My lords, forbear this talk; here comes the king.

Glo. And his well-chosen bride.

Clar. I mind to tell him plainly what I think.

Flourish. Enter KING EDWARD, attended; LADY GREY, as Queen; PEMBROKE, STAF-FORD, HASTINGS, and others.

K. Edw. Now, brother of Clarence, how like you our choice,

That you stand pensive, as half malcontent? Clar. As well as Louis of France or the Earl of Warwick:

Which are so weak of courage and in judgment That they'll take no offence at our abuse.

K. Edw. Suppose they take offence without a cause,

They are but Louis and Warwick: I am
Your king and Warwick's, and must have my will. [king:

Glo. And shall have your will, because our Yet hasty marriage seldom proveth well.

K. Edw. Yea, brother Richard, are you offended too?

Clo. Not I:

No, God forbid that I should wish them sever'd Whom God hath join'd together; ay, and 'twere pity

To sunder them that yoke so well together.

K. Edw. Setting your scorns and your mislike aside,

Tell me some reason why the Lady Grey Should not become my wife and England's queen:-

And you too, Somerset and Montague,

Speak freely what you think. [Louis Clar. Then this is mine opinion,—that King Becomes your enemy for mocking him About the marriage of the Lady Bona.

Glo. And Warwick, doing what you gave in charge,

Is now dishonoured by this new marriage. K. Edw. What if both Louis and Warwick

be appeas'd By such invention as I can devise?

Mont. Yet to have join'd with France in such [wealth Would more have strengthen'd this our common-

'Gainst foreign storms than any home-bred marriage. fitself

Hast. Why, knows not Montague that of England is safe, if true within itself? Mont. But the safer when 'tis back'd with

France. Hast. 'Tis better using France than trusting

France: Let us be back'd with God, and with the seas Which he hath given for fence impregnable,

And with their helps only defend ourselves; In them and in ourselves our safety lies. Clar. For this one speech Lord Hastings

well deserves To have the heir of the Lord Hungerford.

K. Edw. Ay, what of that? it was my will and grant; And for this once my will shall stand for law. For I have heard that she was there in place.

Glo. And yet methinks your grace hath not done well. To give the heir and daughter of Lord Scales

Unto the brother of your loving bride; She better would have fitted me or Clarence: But in your bride you bury brotherhood.

Clar. Or else you would not have bestow'd

the heir

Of the Lord Bonville on your new wife's son. And leave your brothers to go speed elsewhere. K. Edw. Alas, poor Clarence! is it for a wife That thou art malcontent? I will provide thee. Clar. In choosing for yourself you show'd

your judgment, Which being shallow, you shall give me leave

To play the broker in mine own behalf; And to that end I shortly mind to leave you.

K. Edw. Leave me or tarry. Edward will he king,

And not be tied unto his brother's will.

O. Eliz. My lords, before it pleas'd his majesty To raise my state to title of a queen,

Do me but right, and you must all confess That I was not ignoble of descent:

And meaner than myself have had like fortune. But as this title honours me and mine. So your dislikes, to whom I would be pleasing,

Do cloud my joys with danger and with sorrow. K. Edw. My love, forbear to fawn upon their frowns:

What danger or what sorrows can befall thee. So long as Edward is thy constant friend And their true sovereign, whom they must

obey? Nay, whom they shall obey, and love thee too, Unless they seek for hatred at my hands: Which if they do, yet will I keep thee safe,

And they shall feel the vengeance of my wrath.

Glo. I hear, yet say not much, but think the Aside.

Enter a Messenger.

K. Edw. Now, messenger, what letters or what news

From France? Mess. My sovereign liege, no letters; and few But such as I, without your special pardon, Dare not relate.

K. Edw. Go to, we pardon thee: therefore, in brief, Tell me their words as near as thou canst guess

What answer makes King Louis unto our letters?

Mess. At my depart, these were his very words:

Go tell false Edward, thy supposed king, That Louis of France is sending over masquers To revel it with him and his new bride.

K. Edw. Is Louis so brave? belike he thinks me Henry.

But what said Lady Bona to my marriage? Mess. These were her words, utter'd with mild disdain:

Tell him, in hope he'll prove a widower shortly, Pll wear the willow-garland for his sake.

K. Edw. I blame not her, she could say little less; [queen? She had the wrong. But what said Henry's Mess. Tell him, quoth she, my mourningweeds are done,

And I am ready to put armour on. K. Edw. Belike she minds to play the Ama-But what said Warwick to these injuries?

Mess. He, more incens'd against your majesty Than all the rest, discharg'd me with these words:

Tell him from me, that he hath done me wrong; And therefore I'll uncrown him ere't be long. K. Edw. Ha! durst the traitor breathe out

so proud words? Well. I will arm me, being thus forewarn'd: They shall have wars, and pay for their pre-

sumption.
But say, is Warwick friends with Margaret? Mess. Ay, gracious sovereign; they are so link'd in friendship

That young Prince Edward marries Warwick's daughter.

Clar. Belike the elder; Clarence will have the younger.

Now, brother king, farewell, and sit you fast, For I will hence to Warwick's other daughter; That, though I want a kingdom, yet in marriage I may not prove inferior to yourself .-You that love me and Warwick, follow me.

[Exit, and SOMERSET follows. Glo. Not I:

My thoughts aim at a further matter: I Stay not for the love of Edward, but the crown. [Aside.

K. Edw. Clarence and Somerset both gone to Warwick!

Yet am I arm'd against the worst can happen; And haste is needful in this desperate case. Pembroke and Stafford, you in our behalf Go levy men, and make prepare for war; They are already, or quickly will be landed: Myself in person will straight follow you. [Exeunt PEM. and STAF.

But ere I go, Hastings and Montague, Resolve my doubt. You twain, of all the rest, Resolve my doubt. You twain, of all the rest, Are near to Warwick by blood and by alliance: Tell me if you love Warwick more than me? If it be so, then both depart to him;

I rather wish you foes than hollow friends: But if you mind to hold your true obedience, Give me assurance with some friendly vow, That I may never have you in suspect. [true! Mont. So God help Montague as he proves

Hast. And Hastings as he favours Edward's by us?

K. Edw. Now, brother Richard, will you stand Glo. Ay, in despite of all that shall withstand you.

K. Edw. Why, so! then am I sure of victory. Now therefore let us hence; and lose no hour Till we meet Warwick with his foreign power. Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Plain in Warwickshire.

Enter WARWICK and OXFORD, with French and other Forces.

War. Trust me, my lord, all hitherto goes well: The common people by numbers swarm to

Enter Clarence and Somerset.

[zon. Speak suddenly, my lords,-are we all friends? Clar. Fear not that, my lord.

War. Then, gentle Clarence, welcome unto Warwick;-

And welcome, Somerset .- I hold it cowardice To rest mistrustful where a noble heart

Hath pawn'd an open hand in sign of love Else might I think that Clarence, Edward's

brother. Were but a feigned friend to our proceedings:

But welcome, sweet Clarence; my daughter shall be thine. And now, what rests but, in night's coverture.

Thy brother being carelessly encamp'd. His soldiers lurking in the towns about.

And but attended by a simple guard, We may surprise and take him at our pleasure?

Our scouts have found the adventure very easy: That as Ulysses and stout Diomede

With sleight and manhood stole to Rhesus' tents,

And brought from thence the Thracian fatal steeds, mantle. So we, well cover'd with the night's black

At unawares may beat down Edward's guard And seize himself; I say not, slaughter him, For I intend but only to surprise him. You that will follow me to this attempt.

Applaud the name of Henry with your leader. [They all cry "Henry!"

Why, then, let's on our way in silent sort: For Warwick and his friends, God and Saint George! Exeunt.

Scene III .- Edward's Camp, near Warwick. Enter certain Watchmen, before the KING'S

I Watch. Come on, my masters, each man take his stand:

The king by this has set him down to sleep. 2 Watch. What, will he not to bed?

I Watch. Why, no: for he hath made a solemn vow Never to lie and take his natural rest

Till Warwick or himself be quite suppress'd. 2 Watch. To-morrow then, belike, shall be

the day, If Warwick be so near as men report.

3 Watch. But say, I pray, what nobleman is

That with the king here resteth in his tent? I Watch. 'Tis the Lord Hastings, the king's

chiefest friend. Ithe king 3 Watch. O, is it so? But why commands That his chief followers lodge in towns about

him, While he himself keeps in the cold field?

2 Watch. 'Tis the more honour, because more dangerous.

Watch. Ay, but give me worship and quiet-I like it better than a dangerous honour. If Warwick knew in what estate he stands, 'Tis to be doubted he would waken him.

I Watch. Unless our halberds did shut up his passage.

2 Watch. Av. whereforeelseguardwehisroyal But see where Somerset and Clarence come! But to defend his person from night-foes?

Enter WARWICK, CLARENCE, OXFORD, SOMERSET, and Forces.

War. This is his tent; and see where stand his guard.

Courage, my masters! honour now or never! But follow me, and Edward shall be ours.

1 Watch. Who goes there?
2 Watch. Stay, or thou diest.
[WARWICK and the rest cry all—"Warwick! Warwick!" and set upon the Guard, who fly, crying, "Arm! Arm!" WARWICK and the rest following them.

The drum beating and trumpets sounding, reenter WARWICK and the rest, bringing the King out in his gown, sitting in a chair; GLOSTER and HASTINGS are seen flying.

What are they that fiy there? War. Richard and Hastings: let them go; here is the duke.

K. Edu. The duke! Why, Warwick, when we parted last

Thou call'dst me king?

Ay, but the case is alter'd: War. When you disgrac'd me in my embassade, Then I degraded you from being king, And come now to create you Duke of York. Alas, how should you govern any kingdom, That know not how to use ambassadors; Nor how to be contented with one wife; Nor how to use your brothers brotherly; Nor how to study for the people's welfare; Nor how to shroud yourself from enemies?

K. Edw. Yea, brother of Clarence, art thou here too?

Nay, then I see that Edward needs must down.-

Yet. Warwick, in despite of all mischance, Of thee thyself and all thy complices, Edward will always bear himself as king: Though fortune's malice overthrow my state, My mind exceeds the compass of her wheel.

War. Then, for his mind, be Edward Eng-Takes off his crown. land's king: But Henry now shall wear the English crown And be true king indeed; thou but the shadow .-

My Lord of Somerset, at my request, See that forthwith Duke Edward be convey'd Unto my brother, Archbishop of York. When I have fought with Pembroke and his fellows.

I'll follow you, and tell what answer Louis and the Lady Bona send to him.-Now, for awhile farewell, good Duke of York.

K. Edw. What fates impose, that men must needs abide;

It boots not to resist both wind and tide. [Exit, led out; Som. with him. Oxf. What now remains, my lords, for us to

But march to London with our soldiers?

War. Ay, that's the first thing that we have to do; To free King Henry from imprisonment,

And see him seated in the regal throne.

Scene IV .- LONDON. A Room in the Palace. Enter QUEEN ELIZABETH and RIVERS.

Riv. Madam, what makes you in this sudden change?

Q. Eliz Why, brother Rivers, are you yet to What late misfortune is befall'n King Edward? Riv. What, loss of some pitch'd battle against Warwick?

Q. Eliz. No, but the loss of his own royal person.

Riv. Then, is my sovereign slain? Q. Eliz. Ay, almost slain, for he is taken prisoner:

Either betray'd by falsehood of his guard, Or by his foe surpris'd at unawares: And, as I further have to understand, Is new committed to the Bishop of York.

Fell Warwick's brother, and by that our foe. Riv. These news, I must confess, are full of grief;

Yet, gracious madam, bear it as you may: Warwick may lose, that now hath won the day. O. Eliz. Till then, fair hope must hinder hie's decay.

And I the rather wean me from despair, For love of Edward's offspring in my womb: This is it that makes me bridle passion, And bear with mildness my misfortune's cross: Ay, ay, for this I draw in many a tear, And stop the rising of blood-sucking sighs. Lest with my sighs or tears I blast or drown King Edward's fruit, true heir to the English crown.

Riv. But, madam, where is Warwick, then, become?

Q. Eliz. I am inform'd that he comes towards London.

To set the crown once more on Henry's head: Guess thou the rest; King Edward's friends must down.

But to prevent the tyrant's violence.— For trust not him that hath once broken faith,-I'll hence forthwith unto the sanctuary, To save at least the heir of Edward's right: There shall I rest secure from force and fraud. Come, therefore, let us fly while we may fly: If Warwick take us, we are sure to die.

Scene V .- A Park near Middleham Castle in Yorkshire.

Enter GLOSTER, HASTINGS, SIR WILLIAM STANLEY, and others.

Glo. Now, my Lord Hastings and Sir

Wilham Starley, Leave off to wonder why I drew you hither Into this chiefest thicket of the park. [brother, Thus stands the case: you know our king, my Is prisoner to the bishop here, at whose hands He hath good usage and great liberty; And often, but attended with weak guard, Comes hunting this way, to disport himself. I have advertis'd him by secret means That if about this hour he make this way, Under the colour of his usual game, He shall here find his friends, with horse and Exeunt. To set him free from his captivity.

Enter King Edward and a Huntsman.

Hunt. This way, my lord; for this way lies [huntsmen stand.the game.

K. Edw. Nay, this way, man: see where the Now, brother of Gloster, Lord Hastings, and the rest.

Stand you thus close to steal the bishop's deer? Glo. Brother, the time and case requireth

Your horse stands ready at the park-corner. K. Edw. But whither shall we then? Hast. To Lynn, my lord; and ship from thence to Flanders. [my meaning.

Glo. Well guess'd, believe me; for that was K. Edw. Stanley, I will requite thy forward-

Glo. But wherefore stay we? 'tis no time to K. Edw. Huntsmen, what say'st thou? wilt thou go along?

Hunt. Better do so than tarry and be hang'd. Glo. Come then, away; let's ha' no more ado. K. Edw. Bishop, farewell: shield thee from Warwick's frown;

And pray that I may repossess the crown. [Exeunt.

Scene VI.—A Room in the Tower.

Enter King Henry, Clarence, Warwick Somerset, Young Richmond. Oxford SOMERSET, YOUNG RICHMOND. OXFORD MONTAGUE, Lieutenant of the Tower, and Attendants.

K. Hen. Master lieutenant, now that God and friends

Have shaken Edward from the regal seat, And turn'd my captive state to liberty, My fear to hope, my sorrows unto joys,-At our enlargement what are thy due fees? Lieut. Subjects may challenge nothing of

their sovereigns; But if an humble prayer may prevail,

I then crave pardon of your majesty. K. Hen. For what, lieutenant? for well-

using me? Nay, be thou sure I'll well requite thy kindness, For that it made my imprisonment a pleasure; Ay, such a pleasure as incaged birds Conceive, when, after many moody thoughts, At last, by notes of household harmony, They quite forget their loss of liberty. But, Warwick, after God, thou sett'st me free, And chiefly therefore I thank God and thee; He was the author, thou the instrument. Therefore, that I may conquer fortune's spite, By living low, where fortune cannot hurt me, And that the people of this blessed land May not be punish'd with my thwarting stars, Warwick, although my head still wear the crown,

I here resign my government to thee, For thou art fortunate in all thy deeds. War. Your grace hath still been fam'd for

virtuous: And now may seem as wise as virtuous By spying and avoiding fortune's malice, For few men rightly temper with the stars: Yet in this one thing let me blame your grace For choosing me when Clarence is in place.

Clar. No, Warwick, thou art worthy of the

sway,

To whom the heavens, in thy nativity, Adjudg'd an olive-branch and laurel-crown. As likely to be blest in peace and war; And therefore I yield thee my free consent.

War. And I choose Clarence only for protector.

K. Hen. Warwick and Clarence, give me both your hands:

Now join your hands, and with your hands your hearts.

That no dissension hinder government: I make you both protectors of this land; While I myself will lead a private life, And in devotion spend my latter days, To sin's rebuke and my Creator's praise.

War. What answers Clarence to his sovereign's will? (sent: Clar. That he consents if Warwick yield con-

For on thy fortune I repose myself. War. Why, then, though loth, yet must I be

content: We'll yoke together, like a double shadow

To Henry's body, and supply his place; I mean, in bearing weight of government, While he enjoys the honour and his ease. And Clarence, now then it is more than needful

Forthwith that Edward be pronounc'd a traitor, And all his lands and goods be confiscate.

Clar. What else? and that sucession be determin'd. part.

War. Ay, therein Clarence shall not want his K. Hen. But, with the first of all your chief affairs

Let me entreat,-for I command no more,-That Margaret your queen, and my son Edward,

Be sent for, to return from France with speed: For till I see them here, by doubtful fear My joy of liberty is half eclips'd.

Clar. It shall be done, my sovereign, with all speed. lis that, K. Hen. My Lord of Somerset, what youth Of whom you seem to have so tender care?

Som. My liege, it is young Henry, Earl of Richmond.

K. Hen. Come hither, England's hope .- If secret powers

[Lays his hand on his head. Suggest but truth to my divining thoughts, This pretty lad will prove our country's bliss. His looks are full of peaceful majesty; His head by nature fram'd to wear a crown. His hand to wield a sceptre; and himself Likely in time to bless a regal throne. Make much of him, my lords; for this is he Must help you more than you are hurt by me.

Enter a Messenger.

War. What news, my friend? [brother, Mess. That Edward is escaped from your And fled, as he hears since, to Burgundy.

War. Unsavoury news! but how made he

escape?

Mess. He was convey'd by Richard Duke of And the Lord Hastings, who attended him In secret ambush on the forest-side, And from the bishop's huntsmen rescu'd him: For hunting was his daily exercise.

War. My brother was too careless of his charge.-

But let us hence, my sovereign, to provide A salve for any sore that may betide.

Exeunt King Henry, War., Clar.

Lieut., and Attendants.

Som. My lord, I like not of this flight of Edward's:

For doubtless Burgundy will yield him help, And we shall have more wars before't be long. As Henry's late presaging prophecy Did glad my heart with hope of this young

Richmond. So doth my heart misgive me, in these conflicts, What may befall him, to his harm and ours: Therefore, Lord Oxford, to prevent the worst,

Forthwith we'll send him hence to Brittany, Till storms be past of civil enmity.

Oxf. Ay, for if Edward repossess the crown 'Tis like that Richmond with the rest shall down.

Som. It shall be so; he shall to Brittany. Come, therefore, let's about it speedily. Exeunt.

Scene VII .- Before York.

Enter King Edward, Gloster, Hastings and Forces.

K. Edw. Now, brother Richard, Lord Hast-

ings, and the rest, Yet thus far fortune maketh us amends, And says that once more I shall interchange My waned state for Henry's regal crown. Well have we pass'd, and now repass'd the seas And brought desired help from Burgundy. What, then, remains, we being thus arriv'd From Ravenspurg haven before the gates of Drummer, strike up, and let us march away. York,

But that we enter, as into our dukedom? Glo. The gates made fast!-Brother, I like not this:

For many men that stumble at the threshold Are well foretold that danger lurks within.

K. Edw. Tush, man, abodements must not now affright us: By fair or foul means we must enter in,

For hither will our friends repair to us. Hast. My liege, I'll knock once more to summon them.

Enter, on the Walls, the Mayor of York and Aldermen.

May. My lords, we were forewarned of your coming,

And shut the gates for safety of ourselves: For now we owe allegiance unto Henry. K. Edw. But, master mayor, if Henry be

your king, Yet Edward at the least is Duke of York.

no less. K. Edw. Why, and I challenge nothing but

my dukedom, As being well content with that alone. Glo. But when the fox hath once got in his

He'll soon find means to make the body follow. Aside.

Hast. Why, master mayor, why stand you in a doubt?

Open the gates, we are King Henry's friends. May. Ay, say you so? the gates shall then Exeunt from above. be open'd.

Glo. A wise stout captain, and soon persuaded! [were well,

Hast. The good old man would fain that all So 'twere not 'long of him; but being enter'd. I doubt not, I, but we shall soon persuade Both him and all his brothers unto reason.

Re-enter the Mayor and Aldermen, below.

K. Edw. So, master mayor: these gates must not be shut

But in the night or in the time of war. What! fear not, man, but yield me up the keys: Takes his keys.

For Edward will defend the town and thee. And all those friends that deign to follow me.

Drum. Enter MONTGOMERY and Forces, marching.

Glo. Brother, this is Sir John Montgomery, Our trusty friend, unless I be deceiv'd.

K. Edw. Welcome, Sir John! But why come you in arms? storm Mont. To help King Edward in his time of

As every loyal subject ought to do. K. Edw. Thanks, good Montgomery; but we now forget

Our title to the crown, and only claim Our dukedom till God please to send the rest. Mont. Then fare you well, for I will hence

again: I came to serve a king, and not a duke.-

A march begun. K. Edw. Nay, stay, Sir John, awhile; and we'll debate

By what safe means the crown may be recov'd. Mont. What talk you of debating? in few words,-

If you'll not here proclaim yourself our king, I'll leave you to your fortune, and be gone To keep them back that come to succour you: Why should we fight, if you pretend no title?

Glo. Why, brother, wherefore stand you on

nice points?

K. Edw. When we grow stronger, then we'll make our claim:

Till then, 'tis wisdom to conceal our meaning. Hast. Away with scrupulous wit! now arms must rule.

Glo. And fearless minds climb soonest unto crowns.

Brother, we will proclaim you out of hand; The bruit thereof will bring you many friends. K. Edw. Then be it as you will; for 'tis my

May. True, my good lord; I know you for And Henry but usurps the diadem.

Mont. Ay, now my sovereign speaketh like himself;

And now will I be Edward's champion. Hast. Sound trumpet; Edward shall be here proclaim'd:

Come, fellow-soldier, make thou proclamation. [Gives him a paper. Flourish.

Sold. [Reads.] Edward the Fourth, by the grace of God, King of England and France, and Lord of Ireland, &c.

Mont. And whoso'er gainsays King Edward's right,

By this I challenge him to single fight.

Throws down his gauntlet. All. Long live Edward the Fourth!

K. Edw Thanks, brave Montgomery; -and

thanks unto you all; If fortune serve me, I'll requite this kindness. Now, for this night, let's harbour here in York: And when the morning sun shall raise his car Above the border of this horizon,

We'll forward towards Warwick and his mates; For well I wot that Henry is no soldier .-Ah, forward Clarence! how evil it beseems

thee To flatter Henry and forsake thy brother! Yet, as we may, we'll meet both thee and War-

wick.-Come on, brave soldiers: doubt not of the day, And, that once gotten, doubt not of large pay. Exeunt.

Scene VIII.-London. A Room in the Palace

Flourish. Enter King Henry, Warwick, MONTAGUE, CLARENCE, EXETER, and Ox-FORD.

War. What counsel, lords? Edward from Belgia,

With hasty Germans and blunt Hollanders, Hath pass'd in safety through the narrow seas, And with his troops doth march amain to London;

And many giddy people flock to him.

Oxf. Let's levy men, and beat him back

Clar. A little fire is quickly trodden out; Which, being suffer'd, rivers cannot quench. War. In Warwickshire I have true-hearted

friends, Not mutinous in peace, yet bold in war; Those will I muster up:-and thou, son

Clarence,

Shalt stir up, in Suffolk, Norfolk, and in Kent, The knights and gentlemen to come with thee:-

Thou, brother Montague, in Buckingham, Northampton, and in Leicestershire, shalt find Men well inclin'd to hear what thou command'st.

And thou, brave Oxford, wondrous well belov'd, In Oxfordshire shalt muster up thy friends. My sovereign, with the loving citizens, Like to his island girt in with the ocean, Or modest Dian circled with her nymphs .-Shall rest in London till we come to him .-Fair lords, take leave, and stand not to reply.— Farewell, my sovereign.

K. Hen. Farewell, my Hector, and my Troy's true hope. fhand.

Clar. In sign of truth, I kiss your highness' K. Hen. Well-minded Clarence, be thou fortunate! [leave.

Mont. Comfort, my lord;—and so I take my Oxf. And thus [kissing HENRY'S hand] I seal my truth, and bid adieu.

K. Hen. Sweet Oxford, and my loving Montague,

And all at once, once more a happy farewell. War. Farewell, sweet lords: let's meet at Coventry.

[Exeunt WAR., CLAR., OXF., and MONT. K Hen. Here at the palace will I rest awhile. Cousin of Exeter, what thinks your lordship? Methinks the power that Edward hath in field Should not be able to encounter mine. [rest.

Exe. The doubt is, that he will seduce the K Hen. That's not my fear; my meed hath

got me fame: I have not stopp'd mine ears to their demands, Nor posted off their suits with slow delays: My pity hath been balm to heal their wounds, My mildness hath allay'd their swelling griefs, My mercy dried their water-flowing tears; I have not been desirous of their wealth,

Nor much oppress'd them with great subsidies. Nor forward of revenge, though they much err'd: me?

Then why should they love Edward more than

No, Exeter, these graces challenge grace: And, when the lion fawns upon the lamb, The lamb will never cease to follow him.

[Shout within, "A Lancaster! A Lancaster!" Exe. Hark, hark, my lord! what shouts are these?

Enter KING EDWARD, GLOSTER, and Soldiers

Edw. Seize on the shame-fac'd Henry, bear him hence:

And once again proclaim us king of England.— You are the fount that makes small brooks to flow:

Now stops thy spring; my sea shall suck them And swell so much the higher by their ebb.— Hence with him to the Tower; let him not speak.

Exeunt some with KING HENRY. And, lords, towards Coventry bend we our course.

Where peremptory Warwick now remains: The sun shines hot; and, if we use delay, Cold biting winter mars our hop'd-for hay.

Glo. Away betimes, before his forces join, And take the great-grown traitor unawares: Brave warriors, march amain towards Coventry. Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I.—Coventry.

Enter upon the Walls, WARWICK, the Mayor of Coventry, two Messengers, and others.

War. Where is the post that came from valuant Oxford?

How far hence is thy lord, mine honest fellow? I, Mess. By this at Dunsmore, marching hitherward.

War. How far off is our brother Montague?-Where is the post that came from Montague? 2 Mess. By this at Daintry, with a puissant

Enter SIR JOHN SOMERVILLE.

War. Say, Somerville, what says my loving son?

And, by thy guess, how nigh is Clarence now?

forces

And do expect him here some two hours hence. Drum heard.

War. Then Clarence is at hand; I hear his

Som. It is not his, my lord; here Southam The drum your honour hears marcheth from Warwick. for friends.

War. Who should that be? belike unlook'd-Som. They are at hand, and you shall quickly know.

March. Flourish. Enter King Edward,

GLOSTER, and Forces.

K. Edw. Go, trumpet, to the walls, and sound a parle. [wall! sound a parle. Glo. See how the surly Warwick mans the War. O unbid spite! is sportful Edward

come? duc'd, Where slept our scouts, or how are they se-

That we could hear no news of his repair? K. Edw. Now, Warwick, wilt thou ope the city gates,

Speak gentle words, and humbly bend thy knee Call Edward king, and at his hands beg mercy? And he shall pardon thee these outrages.

War. Nay, rather, wilt thou draw thy forces hence,

Confess who set thee up and pluck'd thee down. Call Warwick patron, and be penitent? And thou shalt still remain the Duke of York.

Glo. I thought, at least, he would have said the king;

Or did he make the jest against his will? War. Is not a dukedom, sir, a goodly gift? Glo. Ay, by my faith, for a poor earl to give: I'll do thee service for so good a gift.

War. 'Twas I that gave the kingdom to thy brother.

K. Edw. Why, then, 'tis mine, if but by Warwick's gift. War. Thou art no Atlas for so great a weight:

And, weakling, Warwick takes his gift again; And Henry is my king, Warwick his subject. K. Edw. But Warwick's king is Edward's prisoner:

And, gallant Warwick, do but answer this,-What is the body when the head is off? Glo. Alas, that Warwick had no more fore-

But, whiles he thought to steal the single ten, The king was slily finger'd from the deck! You left poor Henry at the bishop's palace, And, ten to one, you'll meet him in the Tower.

K. Edw. 'Tis even so; yet you are Warwick still.

Glo. Come, Warwick, take the time; kneel down, kneel down:

Nay, when? strike now, or else the iron cools. War. I had rather chop this hand off at a blow

And with the other fling it at thy face Than bear so low a sail, to strike to thee.

K. Edw. Sail how thou canst, have wind and tide thy friend; lhair, This hand, fast wound about thy coal-black Shall, whiles thy head is warm and new cut off, Write in the dust this sentence with thy blood,-

Wind-changing Warwick now can change no more.

Som. At Southam I did leave him with his Enter OxFORD, with Forces, drum, and colours.

War. O cheerful colours! see where Oxford comes!

Oxf. Oxford, Oxford, for Lancaster!
[He and his Forces enter the city.

Glo. The gates are open, let us enter too. K. Edw. So other foes may set upon cur

backs. Stand we in good array; for they no doubt Will issue out again and bid us battle: If not, the city being but of small defence,

We'll quickly rouse the traitors in the same. War. O, welcome, Oxford! for we want thy help.

Enter MONTAGUE, with Forces, drum, and colours.

Mont. Montague, Montague, for Lancaster! He and his Forces enter the city. Glo. Thou and thy brother both shall buy this treason

Even with the dearest blood your bodies bear. K. Edw. The harder match'd, the greater

victory: My mind presageth happy gain and conquest.

Enter Somerset, with Forces, drum, and colours.

Som. Somerset, Somerset, for Lancaster! He and his Forces enter the city. Glo. Two of thy name, both Dukes of Somer-

Have sold their lives unto the house of York: And thou shalt be the third, if this sword hold.

Enter CLARENCE, with Forces, drum, and colours.

War. And lo, where George of Clarence sweeps along, Of force enough to bid his brother battle;

With whom an upright zeal to right prevails More than the nature of a brother's love!-Come, Clarence, come; thou wilt, if Warwick

call. Clar. Father of Warwick, know you what this means?

[Taking the red rose out of his hat. Look here, I throw my infamy at thee: I will not ruinate my father's house,

Who gave his blood to lime the stones together, And set up Lancaster. Why, trowst thou, Warwick,

That Clarence is so harsh, so blunt, unnatural, To bend the fatal instruments of war Against his brother and his lawful king? Perhaps thou wilt object my holy eath: To keep that oath were more impiety Than Jephtha's, when he sacrific'd his daughter. I am so sorry for my trespass made, That, to deserve well at my brother's hands, I here proclaim myself thy mortal foe; With resolution wheresoe'er I meet thee,-As I will meet thee, if thou stir abroad,-To plague thee for thy foul misleading me. And so, proud-hearted Warwick, I defy thee, And to my brother turn my blushing cheeks .-Pardon me, Edward, I will make amends;

And, Richard, do not frown upon my faults, For I will henceforth be no more unconstant. K. Edw. Now welcome more, and ten times more belov'd,

Than if thou never hadst deserv'd our hate. Glo. Welcome, good Clarence; this is brotherlike.

War. O passing traitor, perjur'd and unjust!
K. Edw. What, Warwick, wilt thou leave the town and fight?

Or shall we beat the stones about thine ears? War. Alas, I am not coop'd here for defence! I will away towards Barnet presently, And bid thee battle, Edward, if thou dar'st.

K. Edw. Yes, Warwick, Edward dares, and leads the way.

Lords, to the field: Saint George and victory. March. Exeunt.

Scene II .- A field of Battle near Barnet.

Alarums and excursions. Enter KING ED-WARD, bringing in WARWICK wounded.

K. Edw. So, lie thou there: die thou, and die our fear;

For Warwick was a bug that fear'd us all .-Now, Montague, sit fast; I seek for thee, That Warwick's bones may keep thine company.

War. Ah, who is nigh? come to me, friend or foe,

And tell me who is victor. York or Warwick? Why ask I that? my mangled body shows, My blood, my want of strength, my sick heart shows,

That I must yield my body to the earth. And, by my fall, the conquest to my foe. Thus yields the cedar to the axe's edge, Whose arms gave shelter to the princely eagle, Under whose shade the ramping lion slept, Whose top-branch overpeer'd Jove's spreading

And kept low shrubs from winter's powerful

These eyes, that now are dimm'd with death's black vail.

Have been as piercing as the mid-day sun, To search the secret treasons of the world: The wrinkles in my brows, now fill'd with blood. Were liken'd oft to kingly sepulchres; For who hy'd king, but I could dig his grave? And who durst smile when Warwick bent his brow?

Lo, now my glory smear'd in dust and blood! My parks, my walks, my manors that I had, Even now forsake me; and of all my lands Is nothing left me but my body's length! Why, what is pomp, rule, reign, but earth and dust!

And, live we how we can, yet die we must.

Enter Oxford and Somerset.

Som. Ah. Warwick, Warwick! wert thou as we are.

We might recover all our loss again: The queen from France hath brought a puissant power; ffly!

Even now we heard the news: ah, couldst thou War. Why, then, I would not fly.-Ah, Montague.

If thou be there, sweet brother, take my hand, And with thy lips keep in my soul awhile! Thou lov'st me not; for, brother, if thou didst Thy tears would wash this cold congealed blood That glues my lips and will not let me speak. Come quickly, Montague, or I am dead.

Som. Ah, Warwick! Montague hath breath'd

his last:

And to the latest gasp cried out for Warwick, And said, Commend me to my valiant brother. And more he would have said; and more he spoke,

Which sounded like a cannon in a vault, That might not be distinguish'd; but at last, I well might hear, deliver'd with a groan,

O, farewell, Warwick!
War. Sweet rest his soul!—fly, lords, and

save yourselves; For Warwick bids you all farewell, to meet in

heav'n. Oxf. Away, away, to meet the queen's great power!

Exeunt, bearing off WAR.'S body.

Scene III.—Another part of the Field.

Flourish. Enter King Edward in triumph; with CLARENCE, GLOSTER, and the rest.

K. Edw. Thus far our fortune keeps an upward course.

And we are grac'd with wreaths of victory. But in the midst of this bright-shining day I spy a black, suspicious, threatening cloud, That will encounter with our glorious sun Ere he attain his easeful western bed: I mean, my lords, those powers that the queen Hath rais'd in Gallia have arriv'd our coast, And, as we hear, march on to fight with us.

Clar. A little gale will soon disperse that

cloud

And blow it to the source from whence it came: Thy very beams will dry those vapours up;

For every cloud engenders not a storm. [strong. Glo. The queen is valu'd thirty thousand And Somerset, with Oxford, fled to her:

If she have time to breathe, be well assur'd, Her faction will be full as strong as ours. K. Edw. We are advertis'd by our loving friends bury;

That they do hold their course toward Towks-We, having now the best at Barnet field, Will thither straight, for willingness rids way; And as we march, our strength will be augmented

In every county as we go along.-Strike up the drum; cry, Courage! and away. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Plains near Tewksbury.

March. Enter QUEEN MARGARET. PRINCE EDWARD, SOMERSET, OXFORD, and Soldiers.

Q. Mar. Great lords, wise men ne'er sit and wail their loss,

But cheerly seek how to redress their harms. What though the mast be now blown overboard, The cable broke, the holding-anchor lost, And half our sailors swallow'd in the flood; Yet lives our pilot still: is't meet that he Should leave the helm, and, like a fearful lad, With tearful eyes add water to the sea, !much, And give more strength to that which hath too Whiles, in his moan, the ship splits on the rock. Which industry and courage might have sav'd? Ah, what a shame! ah, what a fault were this! Say Warwick was our anchor; what of that? And Montague our top-mast, what of him? Our slaughter'd friends the tackles, what of

these? Why, is not Oxford here another anchor? And Somerset another goodly mast? |lings? The friends of France our shrouds and tack-And, though unskilful, why not Ned and I For once allow'd the skulful pilot's charge? We will not from the helm to sit and weep; But keep our course, though the rough wind

say no. wreck. From shelves and rocks that threaten us with As good to chide the waves as speak them fair. And what is Edward but a ruthless sea? What Clarence but a guicksand of deceit? And Richard but a ragged fatal rock? All these the enemies to our poor bark. Say you can swim, alas, 'tis but a while! Tread on the sand, why, there you quickly sink: Bestride the rock; the tide will wash you off, Or else you famish,—that's a threefold death. This speak I, lords, to let you understand, If case some one of you would fly from us, That there's no hop'd-for mercy with the brothers, rocks.

More than with ruthless waves, with sands, and Why, courage, then! what cannot be avoided, 'Twere childish weakness to lament or fear. Prince. Methinks a woman of this valiant

spirit Should, if a coward heard her speak these words,

Infuse his breast with magnanimity, And make him naked foil a man-at-arms. I speak not this as doubting any here; For did I but suspect a fearful man, He should have leave to go away betimes; Lest in our need he might infect another, And make him of like spirit to himself. If any such be here,—as God forbid!-Let him depart before we need his help. Oxf. Women and children of so high a

courage, And warriors faint! why, 'twere perpetual

shame.-O brave young prince! thy famous grandfather Doth live again in thee: long mayst thou live

To bear his image and renew his glories! Som. And he that will not fight for such a hope,

Go home to bed, and, like the owl by day,

If he arise, be mock'd and wonder'd at.

Q. Mar. Thanks, gentle Somerset;—sweet Oxford, thanks. [nothing else. Prince. And take his thanks that yet hath

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Prepare you, lords, for Edward is at hand.

Ready to fight; therefore be resolute. Oxf. I thought no less: it is his policy To haste thus fast, to find us unprovided. Som. But he's deceiv'd; we are in readiness.

Q. Mar This cheers my heart, to see your forwardness Oxf Here pitch our battle; hence we will not

Flourish and march. Enter, at a distance, King EDWARD, CLARENCE, GLOSTER, and Forces.

K. Edw Brave followers, yonder stands the thorny wood, Which, by the heavens' assistance and your Must by the roots be hewn up yet ere night. I need not add more fuel to your fire: For well I wot ye blaze to burn them out:

Give signal to the fight, and to it, lords. O. Mar. Lords, knights, and gentlemen. what I should say

My tears gainsay; for every word I speak, Ye see, I drink the water of mine eyes. Therefore, no more but this:-Henry, your sovereign,

Is prisoner to the foe; his state usurp'd His realm a slaughter-house, his subjects slain, His statutes cancell'd, and his treasure spent; And yonder is the wolf that makes this spoil. You fight in justice: then, in God's name, lords, Be valuant, and give signal to the fight. [Exeunt both armies.

Scene V.—Another part of the Plains.

Alarums: excursions: and afterwards a re-treat. Then enter KING EDWARD, CLAR-ENCE, GLOSTER. and Forces, with QUEEN MARGARET, Oxford, and SOMERSET prisoners.

K. Edw. Now, here a period of tumultuous broils.

Away with Oxford to Hammes' Castle straight; For Somerset, off with his guilty head. [speak. Go, bear them hence; I will not hear them Oxf. For my part, I'll not trouble thee with words. fortune.

Som. Nor I, but stoop with patience to my [Exeunt OXF., and SOM., guarded. O. Mar. So part we sadly in this troublous world.

To meet with joy in sweet Terusalem.

K. Edw. Is proclamation made that who finds Edward

Shall have a high reward, and he his life? Glo. It is; and lo, where youthful Edward comes.

Enter Soldiers, with PRINCE EDWARD.

K. Edw. Bring forth the gallant, let us hear him speak.

What, can so young a thorn begin to prick?-Edward, what satisfaction canst thou make For bearing arms, for stirring up my subjects, And all the trouble thou hast turn'd me to?

Prince. Speak like a subject, proud ambitious York!

Suppose that I am now my father's mouth: Resign thy chair, and where I stand kneel thou, Whilst I propose the self-same words to thee, Which, traitor, thou wouldst have me answer

Q. Mar. Ah, that thy father had been so resolv'd!

Glo. That you might still have worn the petticoat,

And ne'er have stol'n the breech from Lancaster.

Prince. Let Aesop fable in a winter's night; His currish riddles sort not with this place. Glo. By heaven, brat, I'll plague you for that

word. Mar. Ay, thou wast born to be a plague Glo. For God's sake, take away this captive

scold. Prince. Nay, take away this scolding crook-

back rather. K. Edw. Peace, wilful boy, or I will charm

your tongue.

Clar. Untutor'd lad, thou art too malapert. Prince. I know my duty; you are all undutiful: [George, thou, perjur'd

Edward,-and Lascivious And thou, misshapen Dick,-I tell ye all I am your better, traitors as ye are;

And thou usurp'st my father's right and mine. K. Edw. Take that, the likeness of this railer

here. Stabs him. Glo. Sprawl'st thou? take that, to end thy [Stabs him. agony.

Clar. And there's for twitting me with per-jury. [Stabs him.

Q. Mar. O, kill me too! Glo. Marry, and shall. Offers to kill her. K. Edw. Hold, Richard, hold; for we have

done too much. Glo. Why should she live, to fill the world

with words? K. Edw. What, doth she swoon? use means

brother; I'll hence to London on a serious matter: Ere ye come there, be sure to hear some news.

Clar. What? what? Glo. The Tower! the Tower! Exit. Q. Mar. O Ned, sweet Ned! speak to thy

[ers!mother, boy! Canst thou not speak?—O traitors! murder-That that stabb'd Cæsar shed no blood at all, Did not offend, nor were not worthy blame,

If this foul deed were by to equal it: He was a man; -this, in respect, a child, And men ne'er spend their fury on a child. '[it? What's worse than murderer, that I may name No, no, my heart will burst, an if I speak:-And I will speak, that so my heart may burst.-Butchers and villains! bloody cannibals!

How sweet a plant have you untimely cropp'd! You have no children, butchers! if you had, The thought of them would have stirr'd up remorse:

But if you ever chance to have a child, Look in his youth to have him so cut off As, deathsmen, you have nd this sweet young prince!

K. Edw. Away with her; go, bear her hence perforce.

Q. Mar. Nay, never bear me hence, despatch me here; death: Here sheathe thy sword, I'll pardon thee my What, wilt thou not?-then, Clarence, do it [ease.

Clar. By heaven, I will not do thee so much

Q. Mar. Good Clarence, do; sweet Clarence, do thou do it. not do it? Clar. Didst thou not hear me swear I would

Q. Mar Ay, but thou usest to forswear thyself:

'Twas sin before, but now 'tis charity

What! wilt thou not?-Where is that devil's butcher [thou? Hard-favour'd Richard?-Richard, where art

Thou are not here: murder is thy alms-deed; Petitioners for blood thou ne'er putt'st back.

K. Edw. Away, I say; I charge ye, bear her hence.

Q. Mar. So come to you and yours as to this prince! [Exit, led out forcibly. K. Edw. Where's Richard gone?

Clar. To London, all in post; and, as I guess, To make a bloody supper in the Tower.

K. Edw. He's sudden, if a thing comes in his head. Now march we hence: discharge the common With pay and thanks, and let's away to London, And see our gentle queen how well she fares,-By this, I hope, she hath a son for me.

Exeunt.

Scene VI .- London. A Room in the Tower. KING HENRY is discovered sitting with a book in his hand, the Lieutenant attending. Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. Good-day, my lord. What, at your book so hard?

K. Hen. Ay, my good lord:—my lord, I should say rather;

'Tis sin to flatter, good was little better:

for her recovery. Good Gloster and good devil were alike, Nord. Glo. Clarence, excuse me to the king my And both preposterous: therefore, not good Glo. Sırrah, leave us to ourselves: we must

confer. Exit Lieutenant. K. Hen. So flies the reckless shepherd from the wolf:

So first the harmless sheep doth yield his fleece, And next his throat unto the butcher's knife.-What scene of death hath Roscius now to act? Glo. Suspicion always haunts the guilty mind; The thief doth fear each bush an officer.

K. Hen. The bird that hath been limed in a bush.

With trembling wings misdoubteth every bush: And I, the hapless male to one sweet bird, Have now the fatal object in my eye.

Where my poor young was lim'd, was caught, and kill'd. (Crete.

Crete, Glo. Why, what a peevish fool was that of That taught his son the office of a fowl!

And yet, for all his wings, the fool was drown'd. K. Hen. I, Daedalus; my poor boy, Icarus; Thy father, Minos, that denied our course The sun, that sear'd the wings of my sweet boy,

Thy brother Edward; and thyself, the sea, Whose envious gulf did swallow up his life.

Ah, kill me with thy weapon, not with words! My breast can better brook thy dagger's point Than can my ears that tragic history. But wherefore dost thou come? is't for my life?

Glo. Think'st thou I am an executioner? K. Hen. A persecutor, I am sure, thou art: If murdering innocents be executing, Why, then thou art an executioner.

Glo. Thy son I kill'd for his presumption.

K. Hen. Hadst thou been kill'd when first Pil throw thy body in another room, thou didst presume,

Thou hadst not liv'd to kill a son of mine. And thus I prophesy,—that many a thousand, Which now mistrust no parcel of my fear, And many an old man's sigh, and many a widow's,

And many an orphan's water-standing eye, Men for their sons, wives for their husbands, And orphans for their parents' timeless death,-Shall rue the hour that ever thou wast born. The owl shriek'd at thy birth, -an evil sign; The night-crow cried, aboding luckless time; Dogs howl'd, and hideous tempest shook down trees

The raven rook'd her on the chimney's top, And chattering pies in dismal discords sung. Thy mother felt more than a mother's pain, And yet brought forth less than a mother's hope,

To wit. An indigest deformed lump,

Not like the fruit of such a goodly tree. [born, Teeth hadst thou in thy head when thou wast To signify thou cam'st to bite the world: And if the rest be true which I have heard, Thou cam'st-

Glo. I'll hear no more:—die, prophet, in thy Stabs him. speech:

For this, amongst the rest, was I ordain'd. K. Hen. Ay, and for much more slaughter

after this. O God forgive my sins and pardon thee! [Dies.

Glo. What, will the aspiring blood of Lancaster Sink in the ground? I thought it would have mounted. [death!

See how my sword weeps for the poor king's O, may such purple tears be alway shed From those that wish the downfall of our Work thou the way, -and that shalt execute. house!-

If any spark of life be yet remaining Down, down to hell; and say I sent thee thither,-[Stabs him again. I, that have neither pity, love, nor fear.— Indeed, 'tis true that Henry told me of; For I have often heard my mother say I came into the world with my legs forward: Had I not reason, think ye, to make haste, And seek their ruin that usurp'd our right: The midwife wonder'd; and the women cried, O, Jesus bless us, he is born with teeth! And so I was, which plainly signified That I should snarl, and bite, and play the dog. Then, since the heavens have shap'd my body

Let hell make crook'd my mind to answer it. I have no brother, I am like no brother; And this word love, which greybeards call divine,

Be resident in men like one another, And not in me: I am myself alone.light: Clarence, beware; thou keep'st me from the But I will sort a pitchy day for thee; For I will buzz abroad such prophecies That Edward shall be fearful of his life: And then, to purge his fear, I'll be thy death. King Henry and the prince his son are gone: Clarence, thy turn is next, and then the rest; Counting myself but bad till I be best.—

And triumph, Henry, in thy day of doom.

[Exit with the body.

SCENE VII .- LONDON. A Room in the Palace.

Flourish KING EDWARD is discovered sitting on his throne; QUEEN ELIZABETH with the mfant PRINCE, CLARENCE, GLOSTER, HAST-INGS, and others, near him.

K. Edw. Once more we sit in England's royal throne,

Repurchas'd with the blood of enemies. What valiant foemen, like to autumn's corn. Have we mow'd down in tops of all their pridel

Three Dukes of Somerset, -threefold renown'd For hardy and undoubted champions; Two Cliffords, as the father and the son: And two Northumberlands,-two braver men

Ne'er spurr'd their coursers at the trumpet's sound; [Montague. With them the two brave bears, Warwick and

That in their chains fetter'd the kingly hon, And made the forest tremble when they roar'd. Thus have we swept suspicion from our seat, And made our footstool of security.

Come hither, Bess, and let me kiss my boy.-Young Ned, for thee, thine uncles and myself Have in our armours watch'd the winter's night: Went all afoot in summer's scalding heat, That thou might'st repossess the crown in peace:

And of our labours thou shalt reap the gain, Glo. I'll blast his harvest if your head were

laid; For yet I am not look'd on in the world.

This shoulder was ordain'd so thick to heave: And heave it shall some weight, or break my back:-

[Aside.

K. Edw. Clarence and Gloster, love my lovely queen; And kiss your princely nephew, brothers both.

Clar. The duty that I owe unto your majesty I seal upon the lips of this sweet babe.

K. Edw. Thanks, noble Clarence; worthy brother, thanks. [thou sprang'st, Glo. And, that I love the tree from whence Witness the loving kiss I give the fruit.-

To say the truth, so Judas kiss'd his master, And cried, all hail! when as he meant all harm Aside. K. Edw. Now am I seated as my soul

delights, Having my country's peace and brothers' loves.

Clar. What will your grace have done with

Margaret? Reignier, her father, to the King of France Hath pawn'd the Sicils and Jerusalem,

And hither have they sent it for her ransom. K. Edw. Away with her, and waft her hence to France.

And now what rests but that we spend the time With stately triumphs, mirthful comic shows, Such as befit the pleasure of the court? Sound drums and trumpets! farewell, sour annov!

For here, I hope, begins our lasting joy Exeunt.

LIFE AND DEATH OF KING RICHARD III

PERSONS REPRESENTED

KING EDWARD THE FOURTH. SIR THOMAS VAUGHAN. EDWARD, Prince of Wales, after-wards King Edward V., SIR RICHARD RATCLIFF. SIR WILLIAM CATESBY. Sons to the RICHARD, Duke of York, GEORGE, Duke of Clarence, KING. SIR JAMES TYRREL. SIR JAMES BLOUNT. SIR WALTER HERBERT. RICHARD, Duke of Gloster, after-Brothers to wards King Richard III., the King. SIR ROBERT BRAKENBURY, Lieutenant of the A Young Son of Clarence. HENRY, Earl of Richmond, afterwards KING HENRY VII. CARDINAL BOUCHIER, Archbishop of Canterbury. THOMAS ROTHERAM, Archbishop of York. JOHN MORTON, Bishop of Elu. DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM. DUKE OF NORFOLK. EARL OF SURREY, his Son. EARL RIVERS, Brother to KING EDWARD'S Oueen. MARQUIS OF DORSET and LORD GREY, her Sons EARL OF OXFORD. LORD HASTINGS. LORD STANLEY.

Tower. CHRISTOPHER URSWICK, a Priest. Another Priest. Lord Mayor of London. Sheriff of Wiltshire. ELIZABETH, Queen to KING EDWARD IV. MARGARET, Widow to KING HENRY VI. DUCHESS OF YORK, Mother to KING EDWARD

IV., CLARENCE, and GLOSTER.

LADY ANNE, Widow to EDWARD, Prince of
Wales, Son to King Henry VI; afterwards married to the DUKE OF GLOSTER. A Young Daughter of Clarence.

Lords, and other Attendants; two Gentlemen, a Pursuivant, Scrivener, Citizens, Murderers, Messengers, Ghosts, Soldiers, &c

SCENE, -ENGLAND.

ACT I.

LORD LOVEL.

Scene I .- London. A Street.

Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. Now is the winter of our discontent Made glorious summer by this sun of York; And all the clouds that lower'd upon our house In the deep bosom of the ocean buried.

Now are our brows bound with victorious wreaths;

Our bruised arms hung up for monuments:

Our stern alarums chang'd to merry meetings, Our dreadful marches to delightful measures. Grim-visag'd war hath smooth'd his wrinkled front;

And now,-instead of mounting barbed steeds To fright the souls of fearful adversaries,-

He capers nimbly in a lady's chamber To the lascivious pleasing of a lute. But I,-that am not shap'd for sportive tricks, Nor made to court an amorous looking-glass; I, that am rudely stamp'd, and want love's But the queen's kindred, and night-walking majesty

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To strut before a wanton ambling nymph; I, that am curtail'd of this fair proportion, Cheated of feature by dissembling nature, Deform'd, unfinish'd, sent before my time Into this breathing world scarce half made up, And that so lamely and unfashionable That dogs bark at me as I halt by them; Why, I, in this weak piping time of peace, Have no delight to pass away the time, Unless to spy my shadow in the sun, And descant on mine own deformity: And therefore, -since I cannot prove a lover, To entertain these fair well-spoken days,-I am determined to prove a villain, And hate the idle pleasures of these days. Plots have I laid, inductions dangerous, By drunken prophecies, libels, and dreams, To set my brother Clarence and the king In deadly hate the one against the other: And, if King Edward be as true and just As I am subtle, false, and treacherous, This day should Clarence closely be mew'd

up, About a prophecy, which says that G Of Edward's hears the murderer shall be. Dive, thoughts, down to my soul:-here Clarence comes.

Enter Clarence, guarded, and Brankenbury.

Brother, good-day: what means this armed guard,

That waits upon your grace?

His majesty, Clar. Tendering my person's safety, hath appointed This conduct to convey me to the Tower.

Glo. Upon what cause?

Because my name is George. Clar. Glo. Alack, my lord, that fault is none of yours;

He should, for that, commit your godfathers:-O, belike his majesty hath some intent That you shall be new-christen'd in the Tower. But what's the matter, Clarence? may I know?

Clar. Yea, Richard, when I know; for I protest As vet I do not: but, as I can learn He hearkens after prophecies and dreams: And from the cross-row plucks the letter G, And says a wizard told him that by G

His issue disinherited should be; And, for my name of George begins with G, It follows in his thought that I am he. These, as I learn, and such like toys as these, Have mov'd his highness to commit me now.

Glo. Why, this it is, when men are rul'd by women:-'Tis not the king that sends you to the Tower;

My Lady Grey, his wife, Clarence, 'tis she That tempers him to this extremity. Was it not she, and that good man of worship, Antony Woodville, her brother there. That made him send Lord Hastings to the

Tower.

From whence this present day he is deliver'd? We are not safe, Clarence; we are not safe. Clar. By heaven, I think there is no man

secure [heralds That trudge betwixt the king and Mistress Shore. Heard you not what an humble suppliant Lord Hastings was to her for his dehvery?

Glo. Humbly complaining to her deity Got my lord chamberlain his liberty. I'll tell you what,-I think it is our way, If we will keep in favour with the king, To be her men, and wear her livery: The jealous o'er-worn widow and herself. Since that our brother dubb'd them gentle-

women, Are mighty gossips in this monarchy. Brak. I beseech your graces both to pardon

His majesty hath straitly given in charge That no man shall have private conference, Of what degree soever, with his brother.

Glo. Even so; an please your worship, Brakenbury,

You may partake of anything we say: We speak no treason, man;—we say the king Is wise and virtuous; and his noble queen Well struck in years, fair, and not jealous;-We say that Shore's wife hath a pretty foot, A cherry lip, a bonny eye, a passing pleasing tongue;

And the queen's kindred are made gentlefolks: How say you, sir? can you deny all this?

Brak. With this, my lord, myself have

naught to do.

Glo. Naught to do with Mistress Shore! I tell thee, fellow,

He that doth naught with her, excepting one. Were best to do it secretly, alone.

Brak. What one, my lord? Glo. Her husband, knave: -- wouldst thou be-Brak. I beseech your grace to pardon me:

and, withal, Forbear your conference with the noble duke. Clar. We know thy charge, Brakenbury, and will obey. obev.-

Glo. We are the queen's abjects, and must Brother, farewell: I will unto the king; And whatsoe'er you will employ me in,— Were it to call King Edward's widow sister,— I will perform it to enfranchise you. Meantime, this deep disgrace in brotherhood Touches me deeper than you can imagine.

Clar. I know it pleaseth neither of us well. Glo. Well, your imprisonment shall not be

long;

I will deliver you, or else lie for you: Meantime, have patience.

Clar. I must perforce: farewell. [Exeunt Clar., BRAK., and Guard. Glo. Go, tread the path that thou shalt ne'er return

Simple, plain Clarence!-I do love thee so That I will shortly send thy soul to heaven, If heaven will take the present at our hands.— But who comes here? the new-deliyer'd Hastings?

Enter HASTINGS.

Hast. Good time of day unto my gracious lord!

Glo. As much unto my good lord chamber- Stabb'd by the self-same hand that made these llain!

Well are you welcome to this open air. How hath your lordship brook'd imprisonment?

Hast. With patience, noble lord, as prisoners must:

But I shall live, my lord, to give them thanks That were the cause of my imprisonment.

Glo. No doubt, no doubt; and so shall Clarence too:

For they that were your enemies are his, And have prevail'd as much on him as you. Hast. More pity that the eagle should be mew'd

While kites and buzzards prey at liberty.

Glo. What news abroad?

Hast. No news so bad abroad as this at home,

The king is sickly, weak, and melancholy, And his physicians fear him mightily. Glo. Now, by Saint Paul, this news is bad

indeed. O, he hath kept an evil diet long, And overmuch consum'd his royal person:

'Tis very grievous to be thought upon. What, is he in his bed?

Hast. He is.

Glo. Go you before, and I will follow you. Exit HASTINGS.

He cannot live, I hope; and must not die Till George be pack'd with posthorse up to heaven.

I'll in, to urge his hatred more to Clarence, With lies well steel'd with weighty arguments; And, if I fail not in my deep intent,

Clarence hath not another day to live: Which done, God take King Edward to his mercy,

And leave the world for me to bustle in! For then I'll marry Warwick's youngest father? daughter:

What though I kill'd her husband and her The readiest way to make the wench amends Is to become her husband and her father: The which will I; not all so much for love As for another secret close intent, By marrying her, which I must reach unto. But yet I run before my horse to market: Clarence still breathes; Edward still lives and

reigns: When they are gone, then must I count my Exit.

Scene II .- London. Another Street.

Enter the Corpse of King Henry the Sixth borne in an open coffin, Gentlemen bearing halberds to guard it; and LADY ANNE as mourner.

Anne. Set down, set down your honourable load,-

If honour may be shrouded in a hearse,— Whilst I awhile obsequiously lament The untimely fall of virtuous Lancaster .-Poor key-cold figure of a holy king! Pale ashes of the house of Lancaster! Thou bloodless remnant of that royal blood! Be it lawful that I invocate thy ghost, To hear the lamentations of poor Anne, Wife to thy Edward, to thy slaughter'd son, wounds!

Lo, in these windows that let forth thy life, I pour the helpless balm of my poor eyes: O, cursed be the hand that made these holes! Cursed the heart that had the heart to do it! Cursed the blood that let this blood from hence! More direful hap betide that hated wretch That makes us wretched by the death of thee, Than I can wish to adders, spiders, toads, Or any creeping venom'd thing that lives! If ever he have child, abortive be it, Prodigious, and untimely brought to light, Whose ugly and unnatural aspect May fright the hopeful mother at the view; And that be heir to his unhappiness! If ever he have wife, let her be made More miserable by the death of him Than I am made by my young lord and thee!-Come, now towards Chertsey with your holy load, Taken from Paul's to be interred there;

And still, as you are weary of the weight, Rest you, whiles I lament King Henry's corse. [The Bearers take up the Corpse and advance.

Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. Stay, you that bear the corse, and set it down. Anne. What black magician conjures up this

To stop devoted charitable deeds?

Glo. Villains, set down the corse; or, by Saint Paul, I'll make a corse of him that disobeys!

I Gent. My lord, stand back, and let the coffin pass. command: Glo. Unmanner'd dog! stand thou, when I

Advance thy halberd higher than my breast, Or, by Saint Paul, I'll strike thee to my foot, And spurn upon thee, beggar, for thy boldness.

The Bearers set down the coffin. Anne. What, do you tremble? are you all afraid?

Alas, I blame you not; for you are mortal, And mortal eyes cannot endure the devil.-Avaunt, thou dreadful minister of hell! Thou hadst but power over his mortal body, His soul thou canst not have; therefore, be gone.

Glo. Sweet saint, for charity, be not so curst. Anne. Foul devil, for God's sake, hence, and trouble us not;

For thou hast made the happy earth thy hell, Fill'd it with cursing cries and deep exclaims. If thou delight to view thy heinous deeds, Behold this pattern of thy butcheries. O, gentlemen, see, see! dead Henry's wounds Open their congeal'd mouths and bleed afresh! Blush, blush, thou lump of foul deformity: For 'tis thy presence that exhales this blood From cold and empty veins, where no blood

dwells: Thy deed, inhuman and unnatural, Provokes this deluge most unnatural. O God, which this blood mad'st, revenge his

deathl O earth, which this blood drink'st, revenge his death! derer dead;

Either, heaven, with lightning strike the mur-Or, earth, gape open wide, and eat him quick, As thou dost swallow up this good king's blood, Which his hell-govern'd arm hath butchered! Glo. Lady, you know no rules of charity,

Which renders good for bad, blessings for curses.

Anne. Villain, thou know'st no law of God nor man:

No beast so fierce but knows some touch of pity. Glo. But I know none, and therefore am no beast. [truth!

Anne. O wonderful, when devils tell the Glo. More wonderful when angels are so angry.~

Vouchsafe, divine perfection of a woman, Of these supposed evils to give me leave, By circumstance, but to acquit myself. Anne. Vouchsafe, diffus'd infection of a man,

For these known evils but to give me leave, By circumstance, to curse thy cursed self. Glo. Fairer than tongue can name thee, let

me have

Some patient leisure to excuse myself. Anne. Fouler than heart can think thee, thou canst make

No excuse current, but to hang thyself.

Glo. By such despair I should accuse myself. Anne. And by despairing shalt thou stand excus'd:

For doing worthy vengeance on thyself, That didst unworthy slaughter upon others.

Glo. Say that I slew them not?

Anne. Then say they were not slain:
But dead they are, and, devilish slave, by thee.

Glo. I did not kill your husband.

Anne. Why, then, he is alive. Glo. Nay, he is dead; and slain by Edward's hand.

Anne. In thy foul throat thou liest: Queen Margaret saw

Thy murderous falchion smoking in his blood: The which thou once didst bend against her breast,

But that thy brothers beat aside the point. Glo. I was provoked by her slanderous tongue.

That laid their guilt upon my guiltless shoulders. Anne. Thou wast provoked by thy bloody mind.

That never dreamt on aught but butcheries: Didst thou not kill this king?

Glo. I grant ye.

Anne. Dost grant me, hedgehog? then, God grant me too

Thou mayst be damned for that wicked deed! O, he was gentle, mild, and virtuous.

Glo. The fitter for the King of Heaven, that

hath him. come. Anne. He is in heaven, where thou shalt never

Glo. Let him thank me, that holp to send him thither; For he was fitter for that place than earth.

Anne. And thou unfit for any place but hell. Glo. Yes, one place else, if you will hear me name it.

Anne. Some dungeon.

Glo. Your bed-chamber. Anne. Ill rest betide the chamber where thou

Glo. So will it, madam, till I lie with you. Anne. I hope so.

Glo. I know so .- But, gentle Lady Anne .-To leave this keen encounter of our wits. And fall somewhat into a slower method. Is not the causer of the timeless deaths Of these Plantagenets, Henry and Edward As blameful as the executioner? leffect.

Anne. Thou wast the cause and most accurs'd Glo. Your beauty was the cause of that effect; Your beauty, that did haunt me in my sleep To undertake the death of all the world,

So I might live one hour in your sweet bosom. Anne. If I thought that, I tell thee, homicide. These nails should rend that beauty from my cheeks.

Glo. These eyes could not endure that beauty's You should not blemish it if I stood by:

As all the world is cheer'd by the sun, So I by that; it is my day, my life.

Anne. Black night o'ershade thy day,

and death thy life! both. Glo. Curse not thyself, fair creature; thou art

Anne. I would I were, to be reveng'd on thee. Glo. It is a quarrel most unnatural, To be reveng'd on him that loveth thee.

Anne. It is a quarrel just and reasonable. To be reveng'd on him that kill'd my husband. Glo. He that bereft thee, lady, of thy husband,

Did it to help thee to a better husband.

Anne. His better doth not breathe upon the earth. could.

Glo. He lives that loves thee better than he Anne. Name him. Glo.

Plantaganet.

Anne. Why, that was he. Glo. The self-same name, but one of better nature.

Anne. Where is he?

Here. [She spits at him.] Glo. Why dost thou spit at me? sakel Anne. Would it were mortal poison, for thy Glo. Never came poison from so sweet a

place. Anne. Never hung poison on a fouler toad. Out of my sight! thou dost infect mine eyes.

Glo. Thine eyes, sweet lady, have infected mine.

Anne. Would they were basilisks, to strike thee dead! Glo. I would they were, that I might die at

For now they kill me with a living death. Those eyes of thine from mine have drawn salt tears,

tears, [drops; Sham'd their aspects with store of childish These eyes, which never shed remorseful tear, No, when my father York and Edward wept, To hear the piteous moan that Rutland made When black-fac'd Clifford shook his sword at him;

Nor when thy warlike father, like a child, Told the sad story of my father's death, And twenty times made pause, to sob and weep, That all the standers-by had wet their cheeks, Like trees bedash'd with rain; in that sad time My manly eyes did scorn an humble tear; And what these sorrows could not thence

exhale, Thy beauty hath, and made them blind with

weeping.
I never su'd to friend nor enemy;

My tongue could never learn sweet smoothing word;

But, now thy beauty is propos'd my fee, My proud heart sues, and prompts my tongue

to speak. She looks scornfully at him. Teach not thy lip such scorn; for it was made For kissing, lady, not for such contempt. If thy revengeful heart cannot forgive, Lo, here I lend thee this sharp-pointed sword; Which if thou please to hide in this true breast, And let the soul forth that adoreth thee, I lay it naked to the deadly stroke, And humbly beg the death upon my knee.

Nay, do not pause; for I did kill King Henry, [He lays his breast open; she offers at it with his sword.

But 'twas thy beauty that provoked me. Nay, now despatch; 'twas I that stabb'd young Edward,

She again offers at his breast. But 'twas thy heavenly face that set me on. [She lets fall the sword.

Take up the sword again, or take up me. Anne. Arise, dissembler: though I wish thy death,

I will not be thy executioner.

Glo. Then bid me kill myself, and I will do it. Anne. I have already.

Glo. That was in thy rage: Speak it again, and, even with the word This hand, which for thy love did kill thy love, Shall, for thy love, kill a far truer love; To both their deaths shalt thou be accessary.

Anne. I would I knew your heart. Glo. 'Tis figured in my tongue. Anne. I fear me both are false. Glo. Then never man was true. Anne. Well, well, put up your sword. Glo. Say, then, my peace is made. Anne. That shalt thou know hereafter. Glo. But shall I live in hope? Anne. All men, I hope, live so. Glo. Vouchsafe to wear this ring. Anne. To take is not to give.

[She puts on the ring.

Glo. Look, how this ring encompasseth thy finger,

Even so thy breast encloseth my poor heart; Wear both of them, for both of them are thine. And if thy poor devoted servant may But beg one favour at thy gracious hand, Thou dost confirm his happiness for ever.

Anne. What is it? [designs Glo. That it may please you leave these sad To him that hath more cause to be a mourner, And presently repair to Crosby Place; Where,—after I have solemnly interred, At Chertsey monastery, this noble king, And wet his grave with my repentant tears,-I will with all expedient duty see you: For divers unknown reasons, I beseech you, Grant me this boon. me too

Anne. With all my heart; and much it joys To see you are become so penitent.— Tressel and Berkeley, go along with me. Glo. Bid me farewell.

'Tis more than you deserve; But since you teach me how to flatter you, Imagine I have said farewell already.

Exeunt LADY ANNE, TRESS, and BERK.

Glo. Sirs, take up the corse. Gent. Towards Chartsey, noble lord? Glo. No. to White Friers, there attend my

coming.

Exeunt the rest, with the Corpse. Was ever woman in this humour woo'd? Was ever woman in this humour won? I'll have her; but I will not keep her long. What! I, that kill'd her husband and his father, To take her in her heart's extremest hate; With curses in her mouth, tears in her eyes, The bleeding witness of her hatred by; Having God, her conscience, and these bars against me, And I no friends to back my suit withal,

But the plain devil and dissembling looks And yet to win her,—all the world to nothing! Ha!

Hath she forgot already that brave prince. Edward, her lord, whom I, some three months since,

Stabb'd in my angry mood at Tewksbury? A sweeter and a lovelier gentleman,-Fram'd in the prodigality of nature, Young, valiant, wise, and, no doubt, right royal,

The spacious world cannot again afford: And will she yet abase her eyes on me, That cropp'd the golden prime of this sweet prince,

And made her widow to a woeful bed? On me, whose all not equals Edward's moiety? On me, that halt and am misshapen thus? My dukedom to a beggarly denier, I do mistake my person all this while: Upon my life, she finds, although I cannot, Myself to be a marvellous proper man. I'll be at charges for a looking-glass; And entertain a score or two of tailors. To study fashions to adorn my body: Since I am crept in favour with myself, I will maintain it with some little cost. But first I'll turn you fellow in his grave; And then return lamenting to my love .-Shine out, fair sun, till I have bought a That I may see my shadow as I pass.

Scene III .- London. A Room in the Palace. Enter QUEEN ELIZABETH, LORD RIVERS and LORD GREY.

Riv. Hav patience, madam: there's no doubt his majesty Will soon recover his accustom'd health.

Grey. In that you brook it ill, it makes him worse: Therefore, for God's sake, entertain good com-And cheer his grace with quick and merry

words. Q. Eliz. If he were dead, what would betide on me?

Grey. No other harm but loss of such a lord. Q. Eliz. The loss of such a lord includes all harms. [goodly son, Grey. The heavens have bless'd you with a

To be your comforter when he is gone. Q. Eliz. Ah, he is young and his minority Is put unto the trust of Richard Gloster,

A man that loves not me, nor none of you Riv. Is it concluded he shall be protector?

Q. Eliz. It is determin'd, not concluded yet: Makes him to send; that thereby he may gather But so it must be, if the king miscarry.

Enter BUCKINGHAM and STANLEY.

Grey. Here come the Lords of Buckingham and Stanley. grace Buck Good time of day unto your royal

Stan. God make your majesty joyful as you have been!

O. Eliz. The Countess Richmond, good my

Lord of Stanley, To your good prayer will scarcely say amen. Yet, Stanley, notwithstanding she's your wife, And loves not me, be you, good lord, assur'd I hate not you for her proud arrogence. Stan. I do beseech you, either not believe

The envious slanders of her false accusers: Or, if she be accus'd on true report

Bear with her weakness, which I think proceeds From wayward sickness, and no grounded malice. [of Stanley?

Q. Eliz. Saw you the king to-day, my Lord Stan. But now the Duke of Buckingham and I Are come from visiting his majesty. [lords? Q. Eliz. What hkehhood of his amendment, Buck. Madam, good hope; his grace speaks

cheerfully. Q. Eliz. God grant him health! Did you con-

fer with him? Buck. Ay, madam: he desires to make atone-Between the Duke of Gloster and your brothers, And between them and my lord chamberlain; And sent to warn them to his royal presence.

O. Eliz. Would all were well!-but that will never be:

I fear our happiness is at the height.

Enter GLOSTER, HASTINGS, and DORSET.

Glo. They do me wrong, and I will not en-

dure it:-Who are they that complain unto the king That I, forsooth, am stern, and love them not? By holy Paul, they love his grace but lightly That fill his ears with such dessentious rumours. Because I cannot flatter and speak fair, Smile in men's faces, smooth, deceive, and cog,

Duck with French nods and apish courtesy, I must be held a rancorous enemy.

Cannot a plain man live, and think no harm, But thus his simple truth must be abus'd By silken, sly insinuating Jacks? [your grace? Grey. To whom in all this presence speaks

Glo. To thee, that hast nor honesty nor grace. When have I injur'd thee? when done thee wrong?-

Or thee?—or thee?—or any of your faction? A plague upon you all! His royal grace,-Whom God preserve better than you would wish!-

Cannot be quiet scarce a breathing while, But you must trouble him with lewd complaints. matter.

Q. Eliz. Brother of Gloster, you mistake the The king, on his own royal disposition, And not provok'd by any suitor else-Aiming, belike, at your interior hatred, That in your outward action shows itself Against my children, brothers, and myselfThe ground of your ill-will, and so remove it. Glo. I cannot tell: the world is grown so bad, That wrens may prey where eagles dare not perch:

Since every Jack became a gentleman. There's many a gentle person made a Jack.

Q. Eliz. Come, come, we know your meaning, brother Gloster; You envy my advancement, and my friends';

God grant we never may have need of you! Glo. Meantime, God grants that we have need of you:

Our brother is imprison'd by your means, Myself disgrac'd, and the nobility Held in contempt; while great promotions Are daily given to ennoble those That scarce, some two days since, were worth

a noble. [height O. Eliz. By Him that rais'd me to this careful From that contented hap which I enjoy'd,

I never did incense his majesty Against the Duke of Clarence, but have been An earnest advocate to plead for him. My lord, you do me shameful injury,

Falsely to draw me in these vile suspects. Glo. You may deny that you were not the mean

Of my Lord Hastings' late imprisonment. Riv. She may, my lord; for,— [not so? Glo. Shemay, Lord Rivers?—why, who knows She may do more, sir, than denying that: She may help you to many fair preferments; And then deny her aiding hand therein, And lay those honours on your high desert.

What may she not? She may,-ay, marry, may she. Riv. What, marry, may she? king. Glo. What, marry, may she! marry with a

A bachelor, a handsome stripling too: I wis your grandam had a worser match.

Q. Eliz. My Lord of Gloster, I have too long borne

Your blunt upbraidings and your bitter scoffs: By heaven, I will acquaint his majesty Of those gross taunts that oft I have endur'd. I had rather be a country servant-maid Than a great queen, with this condition, To be so baited, scorn'd, and stormed at.

Enter Oueen Margaret, behind.

Small joy have I in being England's queen. Q. Mar. And lessen'd be that small, God, I beseech Him!

Thy honour, state, and seat is due to me. Glo. What! threat you me with telling of the king?

Tell him, and spare not: look, what I have said I will avouch in presence of the king: I dare adventure to be sent to the Tower.

is time to speak,—my pains are quite forgot. Q. Mar. Out, devil! I remember them too well:

Thou kill'dst my husband Henry in the Tower, And Edward, my poor son, at Tewksbury. Glo. Ere you were queen, ay, or your husband king,

I was a pack-horse in his great affairs: A weeder-out of his proud adversaries, A liberal rewarder of his friends: To royalize his blood I spilt mine own.

Q. Mar. Ay, and much better blood than his or thine. [band Grev

Glo. In all which time you and your hus-Were factious for the house of Lancaster;— And, Rivers, so were you; was not your husband In Margaret's battle at Saint Albans slain? Let me put in your minds, if you forget, Withai, what I have been ere this, and what you are; Withai, what I have been, and what I am.

Q. Mar. A murderous villain, and so still thou art. [Warwick;

Glo. Poor Clarence did forsake his father, Ay, and forswore himself —which Jesu pardon!

O. Mar. Which God revenge! [crown; Glo. To fight on Edward's party, for the And for his meed, poor lord, he is mew'd up. I would to God my heart were flint, like Edward's.

Or Edward's soft and pitiful, like mine: I am too childish-foolish for this world.

Q. Mar. Hie thee to hell for shame, and leave this world,

Thou cacodemon! there thy kingdom is.

Rv. My Lord of Gloster, in those busy days Which here you urge to prove us enemies, we follow'd then our lord, our sovereign king: So should we you, if you should be our king. Glo. If I should be!—I had rather be a

pediar:

Far be it from my heart, the thought thereof!

Q. Eliz. As little joy, my lord, as you suppose
You should enjoy, were you this country's

As little joy you may suppose in me,

That I enjoy, being queen thereof. [0f; Q. Mar. As little joy enjoys the queen therefor I am she, and altogether joyless. I can no longer hold me patient.— [Advancing, Hear me, you wrangling pirates, that fall out In sharing that which you have pill'd from me! Which of you trembles not that looks on me? If not that, I being queen, you bow like

subjects, [rebels?—
Yet that, by you depos'd, you quake like
Ab centle william do not turn gway!

Ah, gentle villain, do not turn away!

Glo. Foul wrinkled witch, what mak'st thou in my sight?

in my sight? [marr'd,
Q. Mar. But repetition of what thou hast
That will I make before I let thee go.

Glo. Wert thou not banished on pain of death?

Q. Mar. I was; but I do find more pain in banishment

Than death can yield me here by my abode. A husband and a son thou ow'st to me,—
And thou, a kingdom,—all of you allegiance:
This sorrow that I have, by right is yours;
And all the pleasures you usurp are mine.

Glo. The curse my noble father laid on thee, When thou didst crown his warlike brows with paper, [eyes;

And with thy scorns drew'st rivers from his And then, to dry them, gav'st the duke a clout Steep'd in the faultless blood of pretty Rutland:—

His curses, then from bitterness of soul [thee; Denounc'd against thee, are all fallen upon And God, not we, hath plagu'd thy bloody deed.

Q. Eliz. So just is God, to right the innocent. Hast. O, 'twas the foulest deed to slay that babe,

And the most merciless that e'er was heard of.

Riv. Tyrants themselves wept when it was reported.

Dor. No man but prophesied revenge for it.

Buck. Northumberland, then present, wept
to see it. [I came,

Q. Mar. What, were you snaring all before Ready to catch each other by the throat, And turn you all your hatred now on me? Did York's dread curse prevail so much with heaven

That Henry's death, my lovely Edward's death, Their kingdom's loss, my woeful banishment, Could all but answer for that peevish brat? Cancurses piercethe clouds and enter heaven?— Why, then, give way, dull clouds, to my quick

curses!—

Though not by war, by surfeit die your king, As ours by murder, to make him a king! Edward thy son, that now is Prince of Wales, For Edward my son, that was Prince of Wales, Die in his youth by like untimely violence! Thyself a queen, for me that was a queen, Outlive thy glory, like my wretched self! Long mayst thou live to wait thy children's loss; And see another, as I see thee now, Deck'd in thy rights, as thou art stall'd in minel Long die thy happy days before thy death; And, after many lengthen'd hours of grief, Dieneither mother, wife, nor England's queen!—Rivers and Dorset, you were standers by,— and so wast thou, Lord Hastings,—when my son [him, Was stabb'd with bloody daggers: God, I pray

Was stabb'd with bloody daggers: God, I pray That none of you may live your natural age, But by some unlook'd accident cut off!

Glo. Have done thy charm, thou hateful wither'd hag.

Q. Mar. And leave out thee? stay, dog, for thou shalt hear me.

If heaven have any grievous plague in store, Exceeding those that I can wish upon thee, O, let them keep it till thy sins be ripe, And then hurl down their indignation On thee, the troubler of the poor world's peace! The worm of conscience still be-gnaw thy soul? Thy friends suspect for traitors while thou liv'st, And take deep traitors for thy dearest friends! No sleep close up that deadly eye of thine, Unless it be while some tormenting dream Affrights thee with a hell of ugly devils! Thou elvish-mark'd, abortive, rooting hog! Thou that wast seal'd in thy nativity The slave of nature and the son of hell! Thou slander of thy heavy mother's womb! Thou loathed issue of thy father's louis! Thou rag of honour! thou detested-

Glo. Margaret.

O. Mar. Richard! Glo. Ha!

Q. Mar. I call thee not. Glo. I cry thee mercy, then; for I did think That thou hadst call'd me all those bitter names. Q. Mar. Why, so I did; but look'd for no reply.

O, let me make the period to my curse!
Glo. 'Tis done by me, and ends in—Margaret.

Q. Eliz. Thus have you breath'd your curse His venom tooth will rankle to the death: against yourself.

Q. Mar. Poor painted queen, vain flourish or my fortune!

Why strew'st thou sugar on that bottled spider, Whose deadly web ensnareth thee about? Fool, fool! thou whett'st a knufe to kill thyself. The day will come that thou shalt wish for me To help thee curse this poisonous bunch-back'd toad.

Hast. False-boding woman, end thy frantic curse,

Lest to thy harm thou move our patience. O. Mar. Foul shame upon you! you have all

mov'd mine. Riv. Were you well serv'd, you would be taught your duty. Ime duty. Q. Mar. To serve me well, you all should do

Teach me to be your queen, and you my subjects:

O, serve me well, and teach yourselves that duty!

Dor. Dispute not with her,—she is lunatic. Q. Mar. Peace, master marquis, you are malapert:

Your fire-new stamp of honour is scarce current:

O, that your young nobility could judge What 'twere to lose it, and be miserable! They that stand high have many blasts to shake them:

And if they fall they dash themselves to pieces. Glo. Good counsel, marry:-learn it, learn it. marquis.

Dor. It touches you, my lord, as much as me. Glo. Ay, and much more: but I was born so high

Our acry buildeth in the cedar's top, And dallies with the wind, and scorns the sun. Q. Mar. And turns the sun to shade; -alas!

alas!~ Witness my son, now in the shade of death; Whose bright out-shining beams thy cloudy

Hath in eternal darkness folded up. Your aery buildeth in our aery's nest:-O God, that see'st it, do not suffer it; As it was won with blood, lost be it so! Buck. Peace, peace, for shame, if not for

charity. me: Q. Mar. Urge neither charity nor shame to Uncharitably with me have you dealt, And shamefully my hopes by you are butcher'd.

My charity is outrage, life my shame,— And in my shame still live my sorrow's rage! Buck. Have done, have done.

Q. Mar. O princely Buckingham, I'll kiss thy In sign of league and amity with thee: Now fair befell thee and thy noble house! Thy garments are not spotted with our blood, Nor thou within the compass of my curse.

Buck. Nor no one here; for curses never pass The lips of those that breathe them in the air. Q. Mar. I will not think but they ascend the

sky, And there awake God's gentle sleeping peace. O Buckingham, take heed of yonder dog! Look, when he fawns he bites; and when he bites.

Have not to do with him, beware of him; Sin, death, and hell have set their marks on him,

And all their ministers attend on him,

Glo. What doth she say, my Lord of Buckingham? Buck. Nothing that I respect, my gracious O. Mar. What, dost thou scorn me for my gentle counsel?

And soothe the devil that I warn thee from? O, but remember this another day, When he shall split thy very heart with sorrow, And say, poor Margaret was a prophetess!— Live each of you the subjects to his hate,

And he to yours, and all of you to God's! Exit.

Hast. My hair doth stand on end to hear her curses. liberty. Riv. And so doth mine: I muse why she's at

Glo. I cannot blame her: by God's holy mother,

She hath had too much wrong; and I repent My part thereof that I have done her.

O. Eliz. I never did her any, to my knowledge. Glo. Yet you have all the vantage to her wrong.

I was too hot to do somebody good, That is too cold in thinking of it now. Marry, as for Clarence, he is well repaid; He is frank'd up to fatting for his pains; God pardon them that are the cause thereof!

Riv. A virtuous and a Christian-like conclusion,

To pray for them that have done scathe to us. Glo. So do I ever, being well advis'd; For had I curs'd now, I had curs'd myself.

Aside. Enter CATESBY.

Cates. Madam, his majesty doth call for you, And for your grace,—and you, my noble lords.

Q. Eliz. Catesby, I come.—Lords, will you

go with me? Riv. We wait upon your grace.

Exeunt all but GLOSTER. Glo. I do the wrong, and first begin to brawl. The secret mischiefs that I set abroach I lay unto the grievous charge of others. [ness, Clarence,—whom I, indeed, have cast in dark-I do beweep to many simple gulls; Namely, to Stanley, Hastings, Buckingham: And tell them 'tis the queen and her allies That stir the king against the duke my brother. Now, they believe it; and withal whet me To be reveng'd on Rivers, Vaughan, Grey: But then I sigh; and, with a piece of Scripture, Tell them that God bids us do good for evil: And thus I clothe my naked villainy With odd old ends stol'n forth of holy writ; And seem a saint when most I play the devil.— But, soft! here come my executioners.

Enter two Murderers.

How now, my hardy, stout-resolved mates! Are you now going to despatch this thing?

I Murd. We are, my lord, and come to have the warrant,

That we may be admitted where he is.

[Exeunt.

Glo. Well thought upon; -I have it here O, then began the tempest of my soul! about me: (Gives the warrant. When you have done, repair to Crosby Place. But, sirs, be sudden in the execution, Withal obdurate, do not hear him plead; For Clarence is well-spoken, and perhaps May move your hearts to pity, if you mark him.

I Mird. Tut, tut, my lord, we will not stand

to prate; Talkers are no good doers: be assur'd We go to use our hands, and not our tongues.

Glo. Your eyes drop millstones when fools' eyes fall tears:

I like you, lads;-about your business straight; Go, go, despatch.

I Murd. We will, my noble lord.

Scene IV .- LONDON. A Room in the Tower.

Enter CLARENCE and BRAKENBURY.

Brak. Why looks your grace so heavily to-

day? Clar. O, I have pass'd a miserable night, So full of fearful dreams, of ugly sights, That, as I am a Christian faithful man, I would not spend another such a night Though 'twere to buy a world of happy days,-So full of dismal terror was the time!

Brak. What was your dream, my lord? I pray

you, tell me. [Tower, Clar. Methought that I had broken from the And was embark'd to cross to Burgundy; And, in my company, my brother Gloster; Who from my cabin tempted me to walk Upon the hatches: thence we look'd toward

England, And cited up a thousand heavy times, During the wars of York and Lancaster, That had befall'n us. As we pac'd along Upon the giddy footing of the hatches, Methought that Gloster stumbled; and, in

falling, **fboard** Struck me, that thought to stay him, over-Into the tumbling billows of the main. O Lord! methought what pain it was to drown! What dreadful noise of water in mine ears! What sights of ugly death within mine eyes! Methought I saw a thousand fearful wrecks: A thousand men that fishes gnaw'd upon; Wedges of gold, great anchors, heaps of pearl, Inestimable stones, unvalu'd jewels, All scatter'd in the bottom of the sea: Some lay in dead men's skulls; and in those Where eyes did once inhabit there were crept, As 'twere in scorn of eyes,-reflecting gems, That woo'd the slimy bottom of the deep And mock'd the dead bones that lay scatter'd by. Brak. Had you such leisure in the time of

death To gaze upon the secrets of the deep? [strive Clar. Methought I had; and often did I To yield the ghost: but still the envious flod Stopp'd in my soul, and would not let it forth To find the empty, vast, and wandering air; But smother'd it within my panting bulk, Which almost burst to belch it in the sea.

Brak. Awak'd you not with this sore agony? Clar. No, no, my dream was lengthen'd after life:

I pass'd, methought, the melancholy flood With that grim ferryman which poets write of, Unto the kingdom of perpetual night. The first that there did greet my stranger soul Was my great father-in-law, renowned Warwick:

Who cried aloud, What scourge for perjury Can this dark monarchy afford false Clarence? And so he vanish'd: then came wandering by A shadow like an Angel, with bright hair Dabbled in blood; and he shriek'd out aloud, Clarence is come,—false, fleeting, per jur'd Clar-

That stabb'd me in the field by Tewksbury;-Seize on him, Furies, take him to your torments! With that, methought, a legion of foul fiends Environ'd me, and howled in mine ears Such hideous cries that, with the very noise, I trembling wak'd, and for a season after Could not believe but that I was in hell,-Such terrible impression made my dream.

Brak. No marvel, lord, though it affrighted

I am afraid, methinks, to hear you tell it. Clar. O Brakenbury, I have done those things That now give evidence against my soul, For Edward's sake; and see how he requites

me!thee, O God! If my deep prayers cannot appease But thou wilt be aveng'd on my misdeeds, Yet execute thy wrath in me alone,-

O, spare my guiltless wife and my poor chil-dren!—

Keeper, I pr'ythee, sit by me awhile; My soul is heavy, and I fain would sleep. Brak. I will, my lord; God give your grace good rest!

[CLARENCE reposes himself on a chair. Sorrow breaks seasons and reposing hours. Makes the night morning, and the noontide night.

Princes have but their titles for their glories, An outward honour for an inward toil: And, for unfelt imaginations

They often feel a world of restless cares: So that, between their titles and low name. There's nothing differs but the outward fame.

Enter the two Murderers.

1 Murd. Ho! who's here?

Brak. What wouldst thou, fellow? and how cam'st thou hither? I Murd. I would speak with Clarence, and I

came hither on my legs Brak. What, so brief?

2 Murd. 'Tis better, sir, than to be tedious.-Let him see our commission; talk no more.

[A paper is delivered to BRAK. who reads it. Brak. I am, in this, commanded to deliver The noble Duke of Clarence to your hands:-I will not reason what is meant hereby, Because I will be guiltless of the meaning. There lies the duke asleep,—and there the keys; I'll to the king, and signify to him

That thus I have resign'd to you my charge.

I Murd. You may, sir; 'tis a point of wisdom: fare you well. [Exit BRAKENBURY. 2 Murd. What, shall we stab him as he

sleeps?

2 Murd. No; he'll say 'twas done cowardly, when he wakes.

2 Murd. When he wakes! why, fool, he shall never wake until the great judgment-day

I Murd. Why, then he'll say we stabb'd him sleeping.

2 Murd. The urging of that word judgment hath bred a kind of remorse in me.

1 Murd. What, art thou afraid?
2 Murd. Not to kill him, having a warram for it; but to be damned fo killing him, from the which no warrant can defend me.

I Murd. I thought thou hadst been resolute.

2 Murd. So I am, to let him live. I Murd. I'll back to the Duke of Gloster,

and tell him so. 2 Murd. Nay, I pr'ythee, stay a little: I hope my holy humour will change; it was wont to

hold me but while one tells twenty. I Murd. How dost thou feel thyself now?

2 Murd. Faith, some certain dregs of conscience are yet within me.

r Murd. Remember our reward, when the

reward. deed's done.

2 Murd. Zounds, he dies: I had forgot the I Murd. Where's thy conscience now?

2 Murd. In the Duke of Gloster's purse. I Murd. Sc, when he opens his purse to give us our reward, thy conscience flies out.

2 Murd. 'Tis no matter; let it go; there's

few or none will entertain it.

1 Murd. What if it come to thee again?
2 Murd. I'll not meddle with it,—it makes a man a coward; a man cannot steal, but it accuseth him; a man cannot swear, but it checks him: a man cannot lie with his neighbour's wife, but it detects him: 'tis a blushing shame-faced spirit that mutinies in a man's bosom; it fills one full of obstacles: it made me once restore a purse of gold that by cnance I found; it beggars any man that keeps it: it is turned out of all towns and cities for a dangerous thing; and every man that means to live well endeavours to trust to himself and live without it.

1 Murd. Zounds, it is even now at my elbow,

persuading me not to kill the duke.

2 Murd. Take the devil in thy mind, and

believe him not: he would insinuate with thee but to make thee sigh.

r Murd. I am strong-framed, he cannot pre-

vail with me.

Murd. Spoke like a tall fellow that respects his reputation. Come, shall we fall to work! I Murd. Take him on the costard with the hilts of thy sword, and then throw him into the malmsey-butt in the next room.

2 Murd. O excellent device! and make a

sop of him.

1 Murd. Soft! he wakes.
2 Murd. Strike!
1 Murd. No, we'll reason with him.

Clar. Where art thou, keeper? give me a cup of wine. lord, anon.

I Murd. You shall have wine enough, my Clar. In God's name, what art thou?

I Murd. A man, as you are.

Clar. But not, as I am, royal.

I Murd. Nor you, as we are, loyal. Clar. Thy voice is thunder, but thy looks

are humble.

1 Murd. My voice is now the king's, my looks mine own. speak!

Clar. How darkly and how deadly dost thou Your eyes do menace me: why look you pale? Who sent you hither? Wherefore do you come?

Both Murd. To, to, to-

Clar. To murder me? Both Murd. Ay, ay.

Clar. You scarcely have the hearts to tell me And therefore cannot have the hearts to do it.

Wherein, my friends, have I offended you?

I Murd. Offended us you have not, but the

king.

Clar. I shall be reconcil'd to him again.

2 Murd. Never, my lord; therefore prepare to die. Clar. Are you drawn forth among a world of

To slay the innocent? What is my offence? What is the evidence that doth accuse me? Where lawful quest have given their verdict up Unto the frowning judge? or who pronounc'd The bitter sentence of poor Clarence's death? Before I be convict by course of law, To threaten me with death is most unlawful.

I charge you, as you hope to have redemption By Christ's dear blood shed for our grievous

sins.

That you depart, and lay no hands on me:

The deed you undertake is damnable.

1 Murd. What we will do, we do upon command.

2 Murd. And he that hath commanded is our king.

Clar. Erroneous vassals! the great King of Hath in the table of his law commanded That thou shalt do no murder: will you then Spurn at his edict, and fulfil a man's? Take heed, for he holds vengeance in his hand. To hurl upon their heads that break his law.

2 Murd. And that same vengeance doth he hurl on thee

For false forswearing, and for murder too: Thou didst receive the sacrament to fight In quarrel of the house of Lancaster.

I Murd. And, like a traitor to the name of God. ous blade Didst break that vow; and with thy treacher-Unripp'dst the bowels of thy sovereign's son.

2 Murd. Whom thou wast sworn to cherish and defend.

I Murd. How canst thou urge God's dreadful law to us

When thou hast broke it in such dear degree? Clar. Alas! for whose sake did I that ill deed? For Edward, for my brother, for his sake: He sends you not to murder me for this: For in that sin he is as deep as I. If God will be avenged for the deed,

O, know you yet, he doth it publicly: Take not the quarrel from his powerful arm; He needs no indirect nor lawless course

To cut off those that have offended him. Who made thee, then, a bloody 1 Murd. minister

When gallant-springing brave Plantagenet, That princely novice, was struck dead by thee? Clar. My brother's love, the devil, and my

rage [thy faults, I Murd. Thy brother's love, our duty, and

Provoke us hither now to slaughter thee.

Clar. If you do love my brother, hate not me; I am his brother, and I love him well. If you are hir'd for meed, go back again, And I will send you to my brother Gloster, Who shall reward you better for my life Than Edward will for tidings on my death. 2 Murd. You are deceiv'd, your brother

Gloster hates you. [dear: Clar. O, no, he loves me, and he holds me

Go you to him from me.

Both Murd.

Ay, so we will.

Bless'd his three sons with his victorious arm, And charg'd us from his soul to love each other, He little thought of this divided friendship: Bid Gloster think on this, and he will weep.

I Murd. Ay, millstones; as he lesson'd us to

Clar. O, do not slander him, for he is kind. I Murd. Right as snow in harvest .- Come,

you deceive yourself: 'Tis he that sends us to destroy you here. Clar. It cannot be; for he bewept my fortune, And hugg'd me in his arms, and swore, with sobs.

That he would labour my delivery.

I Murd. Why, so he doth, when he delivers

From this earth's thraldom to the joys of heaven. 2 Murd. Make peace with God, for you must die, my lord.

Clar. Have you that holy feeling in your souls, To counsel me to make my peace with God, And are you yet to your own souls so blind That you will war with God by murdering me?-O, sirs, consider, they that set you on

To do this deed will hate you for the deed. 2 Murd. What shall we do?

Relent, and save your souls. 1 Murd. Relent! 'tis cowardly and womanish.

Clar. Not to relent is beastly, savage, devil-Which of you, if you were a prince's son, Being pent from liberty, as I am now,-If two such murderers as yourselves came to

you,-

Would not entreat for life?-My friend, I spy some pity in thy looks; O, if thine eye be not a flatterer, Come thou on my side, and entreat for me,

As you would beg, were you in my distress: A begging prince what beggar pities not?

2 Murd. Look behind you, my lord.

r Murd. Take that, and that: if all this will not do. Stabs him. I'll drown you in the malmsey-butt within.

Exit with the body. 2 Murd. A bloody deed, and desperately despatch'd!

How fain, like Pilate, would I wash my hands Of this most grievous guilty murder done!

Re-enter First Murderer.

I Murd. How now, what mean'st thou, that thou help'st me not? By heaven, the duke shall know how slack you

have been. brother! 2 Murd. I would he knew that I had sav'd his Take thou the fee, and tell him what I say; For I repent me that the duke is slain. Exit. I Murd. So do not I: go, coward as thou art.

Well. I'll go hide the body in some hole, Till that the duke give order for his burial: And when I have my meed, I will away; For this will out, and then I must not stay Exit.

ACT II.

Clar. Tell him, when that our princely father SCENE L.-LONDON. A Room in the Palace.

Enter King Edward, led in sick: Queen ELIZABETH, DORSET, RIVERS, HASTINGS. BUCKINGHAM, GREY, and others.

K. Edw. Why, so;-now have I done a good day's work:-

You peers, continue this united league: I every day expect an embassage From my Redeemer, to redeem me hence; And now in peace my soul shall part to heaven, Since I have made my friends at peace on earth.

Rivers and Hastings, take each other's hand; Dissemble not your hatred, swear your love. Riv. By heaven, my soul is purg'd from

grudging hate;

And with my hand I seal my true heart's love. Hast. So thrive I, as I truly swear the like? K. Edw. Take heed you dally not before your

king; Lest he that is the supreme King of kings Confound your hidden falsehood, and award Either of you to be the other's end.

Hast. So prosper I, as I swear perfect love! Riv. And I, as I love Hastings with my heart!

K. Edw. Madam, yourself are not exempt from this,-

Nor you, son Dorset,-Buckingham, nor you;-You have been factious one against the other. Wife, love Lord Hastings, let him kiss your hand;

And what you do, do it unfeignedly.

Q. Eliz. There, Hastings; I will never more

remember Our former hatred, so thrive I and mine!

K. Edw. Dorset, embrace him; -- Hastings, love lord marquis.

Dor. This interchange of love I here protest,

Upon my part shall be inviolable.

Hast. And so swear I. [Embraces Dorset. K. Edw. Now, princely Buckingham, seal thou this league

With thy embracements to my wife's allies, hate And make me happy in your unity. Buck. Whenever Buckingham doth turn his Upon your grace [to the QUEEN], but with all duteous love

Doth cherish you and yours, God punish me With hate in those where I expect most love! When I have most need to employ a friend, And most assured that he is a friend, Deep, hollow, treacherous, and full of guile, Be he unto me!-this do I beg of heaven When I am cold in love to you or yours.

Embracina RIVERS. &c. K. Edw. A pleasing cordial, princely Buckingham,

Is this thy vow unto my sickly heart. There wanteth now our brother Gloster here, To make the blessed period of this peace. Buck. And, in good time, here comes the noble duke.

Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. Good-morrow to my sovereign king and queen;

And, princely peers, a happy time of day!

K. Edw. Happy, indeed, as we have spent
the day.

Gloster, we have done deeds of charity; Made peace of enmity, fair love of hate, Between these swelling wrong-incensed peers. Glo. A blessed labour, my most sovereign

lord.

Among this princely heap, if any here, By false intelligence or wrong surmise, Hold me a foe; If I unwittingly, or in my rage, Have aught committed that is hardly borne By any in this presence, I desire To reconcile me to his friendly peace: 'Tis death to me to be at enmity; I hate it, and desire all good men's love.—First, madem, I entreat true peace of you,

Which I will purchase with my duteous service;— Of you, my noble cousin Buckingham, If ever any grudge were lodg'd between us;— Of you, and you, Lord Rivers, and of Dorset, That all without desert have frown'd on me; Of you, Lord Woodville, and, Lord Scales, of

you;— [all. Dukes, earls, lords, gentlemen;—indeed, of I do not know that Englishman alive With whom my soul is any jot at odds More than the infant that is born to-night:

I thank my God for my humshity. | after:— Q. Eliz. A holiday shall this be kept here-I would to God all strifes were well com-

pounded.—
My sovereign lord, I do beseech your highness
To take our brother Clarence to your grace.
Glo. Why, madam, have I offer'd love for

this,
To be so flouted in this royal presence?
Who knows not that the gentle duke is dead?
[They all start.

You do him injury to scorn his coise.

K. Edw. Who knows not he is dead! who

knows he is? [this! O. Eliz. All-seeing heaven, what a world is Buck. Look I so pale, Lord Dorset, as the

Dor. Ay, my lord; and no man in the presence

But his red colour hath forsook his cheeks.

K. Edw. Is Clarence dead? the order was
revers'd.

Glo. But he, poor man, by your first order died.

And that a winged Mercury did bear; Some tardy cripple bore the countermand That came too lag to see him buried. God grant that some, less noble and less loyal, Nearer in bloody thoughts, but not in blood, Deserve not worse than wretched Clarence did, And yet go current from suspicion!

Enter STANLEY.

Stan. A boon, my sovereign, for my service done! [sorrow. K. Edw. I pr'ythee, peace: my soul is full of

K. Edw. I prythee, peace: my soul is full of Stan. I will not rise unless your highness hear me. [quest'st.

K. Edw. Then say at once what is it thou re-Stan. The forfeit, sovereign, of my servant's life:

Who slew to-day a riotous gentleman
Lately attendant on the Duke of Norfolk.

K. Edw. Have I a tongue to doom my

brother's death,
And shall that tongue give pardon to a slave?
My brother kill'd no man,—his fault was
thought,

And yet his punishment was bitter death.
Who su'd to me for him? who, in my wrath,
Kneel'd at my feet, and bid me be advis'd?
Who spoke of brotherhood? who spoke of
love?

Who told me how the poor soul did forsake The mighty Warwick, and did fight for me? Who told me, in the field of Tewksbury When Oxford had me down, he rescu'd me. And said, Dear brother, live, and be a king? Who told me, when we both lay in the field Frozen almost to death, how he did lap me Even in ais garments, and did give himself, All thin and naked, to the numb-cold night? All this from my remembrance brutish wrath Sinfully pluck'd, and not a man of you Had so much grace to put it in my mind. But when your carters or your waiting-vassals Have done a drunken slaughter, and defac'd The precious image of our dear Redeemer, You straight are on your knees for pardon pardon;

And I, unjustly too, must grant it you:— But for my brother not a man would speak,— Nor I, ungracious, speak unto myself For him, poor soul. The proudest of you all Have been beholden to him un his life; Yet none of you would once beg for his life.— O God, I fear thy justice will take hold On me, and you, and mine, and yours, for this! Come, Hastings, help me to my closet. Ah, poor Clarence!

[Exeunt King, Queen, Hast., Riv., Dor., and Grey.

Glo. This is the fruit of rashness!—Mark'd

you not How that the guilty kindred of the queen

Look'd pale when they did hear of Clarence' death? O, they did urge it still unto the king!

God will revenge it.—Come, lords, will you go To comfort Edward with our company? Buck. We wast upon your grace. [Excunt.

SCENE II .- Another Room in the Palace.

Enter the Duchess of York, with a Son and Daughter of Clarence.

Son. Good grandam, tell us, is our father dead?

Duch. No, boy. [your breast, Daugh. Why do you weep so oft, and beat And cry, O Clarence, my unhappy son!

Son. Why do you look on us, and shake your Thine being but a moiety of my moan, head,

And call us orphans, wretches, castaways. If that our noble father be alive? [both; Duch. My pretty cousins, you mistake me I do lament the sickness of the king,

As loth to lose him, not your father's death; It were lost sorrow to wail one that's lost.

Son. Then you conlude, my grandam, he is dead.

The king mine uncle is to blame for this: God will revenge it; whom I will importune With earnest prayers all to that effect.

Daugh. And so will I.

love you well:

Incapable and shallow innocents, ideath. You cannot guess who caus'd your father's

Son. Grandam, we can; for my good uncle Gloster Told me, the king, provok'd to it by the queen,

Devis'd impeachments to imprison him: And when my uncle told me so, he wept And pitied me, and kindly kiss'd my cheek Bade me rely on him as on my father, And he would love me dearly as his child.

Duch. Ah, that deceit should steal such gentle shape,

And with a virtuous visard hide deep vice! He is my son; ay, and therein my shame; Yet from my dugs he drew not this deceit. Son. Think you my uncle did dissemble, grandam?

Duch. Ay, boy. Son. I cannot think it.—Hark! what noise is

Enter QUEEN ELIZABETH, distractedly; RIVERS and DORSET following her.

O. Eliz. Ah, who shall hinder me to wail and weep,

To chide my fortune, and torment myself? I'll join with black despair against my soul, And to myself become an enemy. [patience?

Duch. What means this scene of rude im-Q. Eliz. To make an act of tragic violence: Edward, my lord, thy son, our king, is dead.— Why grow the branches when the root is gone? Why wither not the leaves that want their sap?-

If you will live, lament; if die, be brief, That our swift-winged souls may catch the king's;

Or, like obedient subjects, follow him To his new kingdom of perpetual rest. Duch. Ah, so much interest have I in thy sor-As I had title in thy noble husband!

I have bewept a worthy husband's death, And liv'd by looking on his images: But now two mirrors of his princely semblance Are crack'd in pieces by malignant death, And I for comfort have but one false glass That grieves me when I see my shame in him. Thou art a widow; yet thou art a mother, And hast the comfort of thy children left: But death hath snatch'd my husband from mine

hands,arms, And pluck'd two crutches from my feeble Clarence and Edward. O, what cause have I, -

To overgo thy woes and drown thy cries? Son. Ah, aunt, you wept not for our father's death!

How can we aid you with our kindred tears?

Daugh. Our fatherless distress was left unmoan'd,

Your widow-dolour likewise be unwept! O. Eliz. Give me no help in lamentation; I am not barren to bring forth complaints: All springs reduce their currents to mine eyes, That I, being govern'd by the watery moon, May send forth plenteous tears to drown the world!

Duch. Peace, children, peace! the king doth Ah for my husband, for my dear Lord Edward! Chil. Ah for our father, for our dear Lord Clarence! Clarence!

Duch. Alas for both, both mine, Edward and Q. Eliz. What stay had I but Edward? and [he's gone. he's gone. Chil. What stay had we but Clarence? and

Duch. What stays had I but they? and they

are gone.

Q. Eliz. Was never widow had so dear a loss! Chil. Were never orphans had so dear a loss? Duch. Was never mother had so dear a loss!

Alas, I am the mother of these griefs! Their woes are parcell'd, mine are general. She for an Edward weeps, and so do I; I for a Clarence weep, so doth not she: These babes for Clarence weep, and so do I; I for an Edward weep, so do not they:-Alas, you three, on me, threefold distress'd. Pour all your tears! I am your sorrow's nurse, And I will pamper it with lamentation.

Dor. Comfort, dear mother: God is much displeas'd

That you take with unthankfulness his doing: In common worldly things 'tis call'd ungrateful, With dull unwillingness to repay a debt Which with a bounteous hand was kindly lent;

Much more to be thus opposite with heaven, For it requires the royal debt it lent you. Riv. Madam, bethink you, like a careful

mother, [for him; Of the young prince your son: send straight Let him be crown'd; in him your comfort lives: Drown desperate sorrow in dead Edward's grave.

And plant your joys in living Edward's throne.

Enter GLOSTER, BUCKINGHAM, STANLEY, HASTINGS, RATCLIFF, and others.

Glo. Sister, have comfort: all of us have

cause To wail the dimming of our shining star; But none can cure their harms by wailing them.

Madam, my mother, I do cry you mercy; I did not see your grace:—humbly on my knee I crave your blessing. thy breast. Duch. God bless thee; and put meekness in

Love, charity, obedience, and true duty. Glo. Amen; and make me die a good old man!-

That is the butt end of a mother's blessing: I marvel that her grace did leave it out. [Aside. Buck. You cloudy princes and heart-sorrowing peers,

That bear this heavy mutual load of moan, Now cheer each other in each other's love: Though we have spent our harvest of this king, We are to reap the harvest of his son.

The broken rancour of your high-swoln hearts, But lately splinter'd, knit, and join'd together, Must gently be preserv'd, cherish'd, and kept: Me seemeth good that, with some little train, Forthwith from Ludlow the young prince be fet Hither to London, to be crown'd our king.

Riv. Why with some little train, my Lord

of Buckingham?

Buck. Marry, my lord, lest, by a multitude, The new-heal'd wound of malice should break

Which would be so much the more dangerous By how much the estate is green and yet ungovern'd:

Where every horse bears his commanding rein, And may direct his course as please himself, As well the fear of harm as harm apparent,

In my opinion, ought to be prevented. us; Glo. I hope the king made peace with all of

And the compact is firm and true in me. Riv. And so in me; and so, I think, in all: Yet, since it is but green, it should be put To no apparent likelihood of breach,

Which haply by much company might be urg'd: Therefore I say with noble Buckingham, That it is meet so few should fetch the prince.

Hast. And so say I. Glo. Then be it so; and go we to determine

Who they shall be that straight shall post to Ludlow.

Madam,-and you, my mother,-will you go To give your censures in this business?

Exeunt all but BUCK. and GLO. Buck. My lord, whoever journeys to the prince,

For God's sake, let not us two stay at home; For by the way I'll sort occasion, As index to the story we late talk'd of, To part the queen's proud kindred from the prince.

Glo. My other self, my counsel's consistory, My oracle, my prophet!-my dear cousin, as a child, will go by thy direction. Toward Ludlow then, for we'll not stay behind. Exeunt.

Scene III .- London. A Street.

Enter two Citizens, meeting.

1 Cit. Good-morrow, neighbour: whither away so fast?

2 Cit. I promise you, I scarcely know myself: Hear you the news abroad?

Yes,—that the king is dead. r Cit.

I fear, I fear, 'twill prove a giddy world.

Enter a third Citizen.

3 Cit. Neighbours. God speed!

ī Cit. Give you good-morrow, sir. 3 Cit. Doth the news hold of good King Ed-

ward's death? [while! 2 Cit. Ay, sir, it is too true; God help, the

3 Cit. Then, masters, look to see a troublous

world.

r Cit. No, no; by God's grace, his son shall reign. a child!

3 Cit. Woe to that land that's govern'd by 2 Cit. In him there is a hope of government, Which, in his nonage, council under him, And, in his full and ripen'd years, himself,

No doubt, shall then, and till then, govern well. I Cit. So stood the state when Henry the

Sixth Was crown'd in Paris but at nine months old.

3 Cit. Stood the state so? No, no, good friends, God wot;

For then this land was famously enrich'd With politic grave counsel; then the king Had virtuous uncles to protect his grace.

I Cit. Why, so hath this, both by his father and mother. father. 3 Cit. Better it were they all came by his

Or by his father there were none at all; For emulation now, who shall be nearest, Will touch us all too near if God prevent not. O, full of danger is the Duke of Gloster! And the queen's sons and brothers haught and

proud: And were they to be rul'd, and not to rule,

This sickly land might solace as before. I Cit. Come, come, we fear the worst; all will

be well. 3 Cit. When clouds are seen, wise men put on their cloaks:

When great leaves fall, then winter is at hand; When the sun sets, who doth not look for night?

Untimely storms make men expect a dearth. All may be well; but, if God sort it so,

'Tis more than we deserve or I expect. fear: 2 Cit. Truly, the hearts of men are full of You cannot reason almost with a man That looks not heavily and full of dread.

3 Cit. Before the days of change, still is it so: By a divine instruct men's minds mistrust Ensuing danger, as, by proof, we see The water swell before a boisterous storm.

But leave it all to God .- Whither away? 2 Cit. Marry, we were sent for to the justices. 3 Cit. And so was I: I'll bear you company.

Scene IV.—London. A Room in the Palace. Duke of York, Queen Elizabeth, and the Duchess of York.

Arch. Last night, I hear, they at Northampton lay;

And at Stony-Stratford will they be to-night: To-morrow or next day they will be here.

Duch. I long with all my heart to see the prince:

2 Cit. Ill news, by'r lady; seldom comes the I hope he is much grown since last I saw him. Q. Eliz. But I hear no; they say my son of York

Has almost overta'en him in his growth.

York. Ay, mother; but I would not have it so. Duch. Why, my young cousin? it is good to grow.

York. Grandam, one night, as we did sit at My uncle Rivers talk'd how I did grow More than my brother: Ay, quoth my uncle

Gloster, Small herbs have grace, great weeds do grow And since, methinks, I would not grow so fast, Because sweetflowers are slow, and weeds make not hold

Duch. Good faith, good faith, the saying did In him that did object the same to thee: He was the wretched'st thing when he was

young.

So long a growing, and so leisurely

That, if his rule were true, he should be gracious. Arch. And so no doubt he is, my gracious madam.

Duch. I hope he is: but yet let mothers doubt. York. Now, by my troth, if I had been remember'd,

I could have given my uncle's grace a flout, To touch his growth nearer than he touch'd mine.

Duch. How, my young York? I pr'ythee, let me hear it.

York. Marry, they say my uncle grew so fast That he could gnaw a crust at two hours old: 'Twas full two years ere I could get a tooth. Grandam, this would have been a biting jest.

Duch. I pr'ythee, pretty York, who told thee this?

York. Grandam, his nurse. [wast born. Duch. His nurse! why she was dead ere thou York. If 'twere not she, I cannot tell who told me. shrewd.

O. Eliz. A parlous boy:-go to, you are too Arch. Good madam, be not angry with the child.

O. Eliz. Pitchers have ears. Arch. Here comes a messenger.

Enter a Messenger.

What news? report. Mess. Such news, my lord, as grieves me to

Q. Eliz. How doth the prince? Well, madam and in health.

Mess. Well, mad Duch. What is thy news? Mess. Lord Rivers and Lord Grey are sent

to Pomfret. With them Sir Thomas Vaughan, prisoners.

Duch. Who hath committed them? Mess. The mighty dukes

Gloster and Buckingham O. Eliz. For what offence?

Mess. The sum of all I can, I have disclos'd; Why or for what the nobles were committed Is all unknown to me, my gracious lady.

Q. Eliz. Ah me, I see the ruin of my house!

The tiger now hath seiz'd the gentle hind; Insulting tyranny begins to jet Upon the innocent and awless throne:-Welcome, destruction, blood, and massacre!

I see, as in a map, the end of all.

Duch. Accurs'd and unquiet [days] wrangling How many of you have mine eyes beheld? My husband lost his life to get the crown; And often up and down my sons were toss'd, For me to joy and weep their gain and loss: And being seated, and domestic broils Clean over-blown, themselves, the conquerors,

Make war upon themselves; brother to brother, Blood to blood, self against self:-O, preposter-

And frantic outrage, end thy damned spleen; Or let me die, to look on death no more!

Q. Eliz. Come, come, my boy; we will to sanctuary .-Madam, farewell.

Duch. Stay, I will go with him.

Q. Eliz. You have no cause. My gracious lady, go. Ārch.

To the OUEEN. And thither bear your treasure and your goods.

For my part, I'll resign unto your grace The seal I keep; and so betide to me As well I tender you and all of yours!

Come, I'll conduct you to the sanctuary. Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I .- London. A Street.

The trumpets sound. Enter the PRINCE OF WALES, GLOSTER, BUCKINGHAM, CATESBY, CARDINAL BOUCHIER, and others.

Buck. Welcome, sweet prince, to London, to

your chamber.

Glo. Welcome, dear cousin, my thoughts' sovereign:

The weary way hath made you melancholy. Prince. No, uncle; but our crosses on the

Way Have made it tedious, wearisome, and heavy:

I want more uncles here to welcome me. Glo. Sweet prince, the untainted virtue of your years

Hath not yet div'd into the world's deceit: No more can you distinguish of a man Than of his outward show; which, God he

knows, Seldom or never jumpeth with the heart. Those uncles which you want were dangerous:

Your grace attended to their sugar'd words, But look'd not on the poison of their hearts: God keep you from them, and from such false friends!

Prince. God keep me from false friends! but they were none. Glo. My lord, the mayor of London comes to

Enter the Lord Mayor and his Train.

May. God bless your grace with health and happy days!

Prince. I thank you, good my lord; and thank you all. Exeunt Mayor, &c. I thought my mother and my brother York Would long ere this have met us on the way: Fie, what a slug is Hastings, that he comes not To tell us whether they will come or no!

Buck. And, in good time, here comes the

sweating lord.

Enter HASTINGS.

Prince. Welcome, my lord: what, will our mother come?

Hast. On what occasion, God he knows, not

The queen your mother and your brother York Have taken sanctuary: the tender prince Would fain have come with me to meet your grace.

But by his mother was perforce withheld.

Buck. Fie, what an indirect and peevish course

Is this of hers?-Lord cardinal, will your grace

Persuade the queen to send the Duke of York Unto his princely brother presently? If she deny, Lord Hastings, go with him, And from her jealous arms pluck him perforce. Card. My Lord of Buckingham, if my weak

oratory

Can from his mother win the Duke of York, Anon expect him here; but if she be obdurate To mild entreaties, God in heaven forbid We should infringe the holy privilege Of blessed sanctuary! not for all of this land

Would I be guilty of so great a sin. llord,

Buck. You are too senseless-obstinate, my Too ceremonious and traditional: Weigh it but with the grossness of this age, You break not sanctuary in seizing him. The benefit thereof is always granted

To those whose dealing's have deserv'd the And those who have the wit to claim the place: This prince hath neither claim'd it nor deserv'd

And therefore, in mine opinion, cannot have it: Then, taking him from hence that is not there. You break no privilege nor charter there. Oft have I heard of sanctuary-men; But sanctuary-children ne'er till now.

Card. My lord, you shall o'errule my mind

for once Come on, Lord Hastings, will you go with me?

Hast. I go, my lord.

Prince. Good lords, make all the speedy haste you may. [Exeunt CAR. and HAST. Say, uncle Gloster, if our brother come Where shall we sojourn till our coronation?

Glo. Where it seems best unto your royal self.

If I may counsel you, some day or two Your highness shall repose you at the Tower: Then where you please, and shall be thought

most fit For your best health and recreation. [place.-Prince. I do not like the Tower, of any Did Julius Caesar build that place, my lord? Glo. He did, my gracious lord, begin that

Which, since, succeeding ages have re-edified. Prince. Is it upon record, or else reported Successively from age to age, he built it?

Buck. Upon record, my gracious lord. Prince. But say, my lord, it were not regis-

ter'd, Methinks the truth should live from age to age, As 'twere retail'd to all posterity,

Even to the general all-ending day. Glo. So wise so young, they say, do never live long. Aside. Prince. What say you, uncle? long.-

Glo. I say, without characters, fame lives Thus, like the formal vice, Iniquity,

I moralize two meanings in one word. Aside. Prince. That Julius Caesar was a famous man; With what his valour did enrich his wit, His wit set down to make his valour live: Death makes no conquest of this conqueror; For now he lives in fame, though not in life.-I'll tell you what, my cousin Buckingham,-

Buck. What, my gracious lord? Prince. An if I live until I be a man, I'll win our ancient right in France again, Or die a soldier, as I liv'd a king.

Glo. Short summers lightly have a forward spring. Buck. Now, in good time, here comes the Duke of York.

Enter YORK, HASTINGS, and the CARDINAL.

Prince. Richard of York! how fares our loving brother? you now. York. Well, my dread lord; so must I call Prince. Ay brother,-to our grief, as it is

Too late he died that might have kept that title, Which by his death hath lost much majesty.

Glo. How fares our cousin, noble Lord of York? lord.

York. I thank you, gentle uncle. O, my You said that idle weeds are fast in growth: The prince my brother hath outgrown me far. Glo. He hath, my lord.

And therefore is he idle? York. Glo. O, my fair cousin, I must not say so. York. Then is he more beholding to you than I.

Glo. He may command me as my sovereign; But you have power in me as in a kinsman.

York. I pray you, uncle, give me this dagger. Glo. My dagger, little cousin? with all my heart.

Prince. A beggar, brother? York. Of my kind uncle, that I know will And being but a toy, which is no grief to give.

Glo. A greater gift than that I'll give my cousin.

York. A greater gift! O, that's the sword to Glo. Ay, gentle cousin, were it light enough. York. O then, I see, you will part but with light gifts:

In weightier things you'll say a beggar nay. Glo. It is too weighty for your grace to wear. York. I weigh it lightly, were it heavier.
Glo. What, would you have my weapon, little

lord? York. I would, that I might thank you as you Glo. How?

York. Little. [in talk:— Prince. My Lord of York will still be cross Uncle, your grace knows how to bear with him. York. You mean, to bear me, not to bear

with me:-Uncle, my brother mocks both you and me; Because that I am little, like an ape,

He thinks that you should bear me on your shoulders. Buck. With what a sharp-provided wit he

To mitigate the scorn he gives his uncle, He prettily and aptly taunts himself: So cunning and so young is wonderful. [along?

Glo. My gracious lord, wil't please to pass Myself and my good cousin Buckingham

Will to your mother, to entreat of her
To meet you at the Tower, and welcome you.
York. What, will you go unto the Tower, my lord? 80.

Prince. My lord protector needs will have it York. I shall not sleep in quiet at the Tower. Glo. Why, what should you fear? York. Marry, my uncle Clarence's angry My grandam told me he was murder'd there. Prince. I fear no uncles dead.

Glo. Nor none that live, I hope. ifear. Prince. An if they live, I hope I need not But come, my lord; and with a heavy heart, Thinking on them, go I unto the Tower.

[Sennet. Exeunt PRINCE, YORK, HAST., CAR. and Attendants.

Buck. Think you, my lord, this little prating York

Was not incensed by his subtle mother To taunt and scorn you thus opprobnously? Glo. No doubt, no doubt: O, 'tis a parlous

boy; Bold, quick, ingenious, forward, capable: He is all the mother's, from the top to toe.

Buck. Well, let them rest.—Come hither,
Catesby. [tend
Thou art sworn a-deeply to effect what we inAs closely to conceal what we impart:

As closely to conceal what we impart:
Thou know'st our reasons urg'd upon the
way;—

What think'st thou? is it not an easy matter To make Wilham Lord Hastings of our mind, For the instalment of this noble duke In the seat royal of this famous isle? [princ

Cate. He for his father's sake so loves the That he will not be won to aught against him. Buck. What think'st thou then of Stanley?

will not he?

Cate. He will do all in all as Hastings doth.

Buck. Well, then, no more but this: go,
gentle Catesby, [ings

And, as it were far off, sound thou Lord Hast-How he doth stand affected to our purpose; And summon him to-morrow to the Tower, To sit about the coronation. If thou dost find him tractable to us,

Encourage him, and tell him all our reasons: If he be leaden, icy, cold, unwilling, Be thou so too; and so break off the talk, And give us notice of his inclunation: From the morrow hold divided councils, Wherein thyself shall highly be employ'd.

Glo. Commend me to Lord William: tell him, Catesby,

His ancient knot of dangerous adversaries To-morrow are let blood at Pomfret Castle; And bid my lord, for joy of this good news, Give Mistress Shore one gentle kiss the more.

Buck. Good Catesby, go, effect this business soundly. [I can.

Cate. My good lords both, with all the heed Glo. Shall we hear from you, Catesby, ere we sleep?

Cate. You shall, my lord.

Glo. At Crosby Place, there shall you find us both. [Exit CATESBY.

Buck. Now, my lord, what shall we do if we perceive

Lord Hastings will not yield to our complots?

Glo. Chop off his head, man;—somewhat we will do:—

And look, when I am king, claim thou of me The earldom of Hereford, and all the movables Whereof the king my brother was possess'd.

Whereof the king my brother was possess'd.

Buck. I'll claim that promise at your grace's
hand [kindness.

Glo. And look to have it yielded with all Come, lef us sup betimes, that afterwards We may digest our complets in some form.

[Exeunt.]

Scene II.—Before LORD HASTINGS' House.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, my lord!— [Knocking. Hast. [Within.] Who knocks? Mess. One from the Lord Stanley. Hast. [Within.] What is't o'clock? Mess. Upon the stroke of four.

Enter HASTINGS.

Hast. Cannot my Lord Stanley sleep these tedious nights?

Mess. So it appears by that I have to say. Firsts, he commends him to your noble self. Hast. What then? Mess. Then certifies your lordship that this Ha dreamt the boar had read off his balm.

He dreamt the boar had razed off his helm: Besides, he says there are two councils held; And that may be determin'd at the one Which may make you and him to rue at the

other. [pleasure,— Therefore he sends to know your lordship's If you will presently take horse with him, And with all speed post with him toward the north,

To shun the danger that his soul divines. Hast. Go, fellow, go, return unto thy lord; Bid him not fear the separated councils: His honour and myself are at the one And at the other is my good friend Catesby; Where nothing can proceed that toucheth us Whereof I shall not have intelligence. Tell him his fears are shallow, without instance: And for his dreams, I wonder he's so simple To trust the mockery of unquiet slumbers: To fly the boar before the boar pursues, Were to incense the boar to follow us, And make pursuit where he did mean no chase. Go, bid thy master rise and come to me; And we will both together to the Tower, Where, he shall see, the boar will use us

kindly.

Mess. I'll go, my lord, and tell him what you say.

[Exit.

Enter CATESBY.

Cate. Many good-morrows to my noble lord!

Hast. Good-morrow, Catesby; you are early stirring: [state?

What news, what news, in this our tottering Cate. It is a reeling world indeed, my lord; And I believe will never stand upright
Till Richard wear the garland of the realm.

Hast. How! wear the garland! dost thou mean the crown?

Cate. Ay, my good lord. [my shoulders Hast. I'll have this crown of mine cut from Before I'll see the crown so foul misplac'd.

But canst thou guess that he doth aim at it?

Cate. Ay, on my life; and hopes to find you

forward Upon his party for the gain thereof:

And thereupon he sends you this good news,— That this same very day your enemies,

The kindred of the queen, must die at Pomfret.

Hast. Indeed, I am no mourner for that news,

Because they have been still my adversaries: But that I'll give my voice on Richard's side, To bar my master's heirs in true descent, God knows I will not do it to the death.

Cate. God keep your lordship in that gra-cious mind!

Hast. But I shall laugh at this a twelve month hence.

That they who brought me in my master's hate, I live to look upon their tragedy. Well, Catesby, ere a fortnight make me older,

I'll send some packing that yet think not on't. Cate. 'Tis a vile thing to die, my gracious lord,

When men are unprepar'd, and look not for it. Hast. O monstrous, monstrous! and so falls it out

With Rivers, Vaughan, Grey: and so 'twill do With some men else that think themselves as safe

As thou and I; who, as thou know'st, are dear To princely Richard and to Buckingham.

Cate. The princes both make high account of you,-For they account his head upon the bridge.

Aside. Hast. I know they do; and I have well deserv'd it.

Enter STANLEY.

Come on, come on; where is your boar-spear, I shall return before your lordship thence. man?

Fear you the boar, and go so unprovided?

Stan. My lord, good-morrow; and goodmorrow, Catesby:—

You may jest on, but, by the holy rood, I do not like these several councils, I.

Hast. My lord, I hold my life as dear as you do yours;

And never in my days, I do protest, Was it more precious to me than 'tis now: Think you, but that I know our state secure, I would be so triumphant as I am?

Stan. The lords at Pomfret, when they rode from London, sure,-

Were jocund, and suppos'd their states were And they, indeed, had no cause to mistrust; But yet, you see, how soon the day o'ercast! This sudden stab of rancour I misdoubt; Pray God, I say, I prove a needless coward! What, shall we toward the Tower? the day is spent.

Hast. Come, come, have with you.-Wot you

what, my lord? To-day the lords you talk of are beheaded. Stan. They, for their truth, might better

wear their heads hats. Than some that have accus'd them wear their But come, my lord, let's away.

Enter a Pursuivant.

Hast. Go on before: I'll talk with this good [Exeunt STAN. and CATE. fellow. How now, sirrah! how goes the world with thee? ask.

Purs. The better that your lordship please to Hast. I tell thee, man, 'tis better with me meet: Than when thou mett'st me last where now we

Then was I going prisoner to the Tower, By the suggestion of the queen's allies:

But now, I tell thee,-keep it to thyself,-This day those enemies are put to death. And I in better state than e'er I was.

Purs. God hold it, to your honour's good content! me. Hast. Gramercy, fellow: there, drink that for

Throwing him his purse. Purs. I thank your honour. Exit.

Enter a Priest.

Pr. Well met, my lord; I am glad to see your honour.

Hast. I thank thee, good Sir John, with all my heart.

I am in your debt for your last exercise: Come the next Sabbath, and I will content you. Enter BUCKINGHAM.

Buck. What, talking with a priest, lord chamberlain!

Your friends at Pomfret, they do need the priest

Your honour hath no shriving-work in hand. Hast. Good faith, and when I met this holy man.

The men you talk of came into my mind .-What, go you toward the Tower?

Buck. I do, my lord; but long I cannot stay

there:

Hast. Nay, like enough, for I stay dinner

there. Buck. And supper too, although thou know'st it not. Aside.

Come, will you go? I'll wait upon your lordship. Hast. Exeunt.

Scene III .- Pomfret. Before the Castle. Enter RATCLIFF, with a Guard, conducting RIVERS, GREY, and VAUGHAN to execution.

Riv. Sir Richard Ratcliff, let me tell thee this

To-day shalt thou behold a subject die For truth, for duty, and for loyalty. [of you! Grey. God bless the prince from all the pack A knot you are of damned blood-suckers.

Vaugh. You live that shall cry woe for this hereafter.

Rat. Despatch; the limit of your lives is out. Riv. O Pomfret! Pomfret! O thou bloody Fatal and ominous to noble peers!

Within the guilty closure of thy walls Richard the Second here was hack'd to death: And, for more slander to thy dismal seat, We give thee up our guiltless blood to drink.

Grey. Now Margaret's curse is fallen upon our heads

When she exclaim'd on Hastings, you, and I. For standing by when Richard stabb'd her son. Riv. Then curs'd she Richard, then curs'd

she Buckingham, Then curs'd she Hastings:-O, remember, God, To hear her prayer for them, as now for us!

And for my sister and her princely sons. Be satisfied, dear God, with our true blood, Which, as thou know'st, unjustly must be spilt!

Rat. Make haste; the hour of death is expiate.

Riv. Come, Grey,—come, Vaughan,—let us To-morrow, in my judgment, is too sudden; here embrace:

Farewell, until we meet again in heaven. Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- LONDON. A Room in the Tower. BUCKINGHAM, STANLEY, HASTINGS, the BISHOP OF ELY, RATCLIFFE, LOVEL, and others, sitting at a table: Officers of the Council attending.

Hast. Now, noble peers, the cause why we are met

Is to determine of the coronation.

In God's name, speak,—when is the royal day? Buck. Are all things ready for that royal time?

Stan. They are; and wants but nomination. Ely. To-morrow, then, I judge a happy day Buck. Who knows the lord protector's mind herein?

Who is most inward with the noble duke?

Ely. Your grace, we think, should soonest know his mind.

Buck. We know each other's faces: for our hearts,

He knows no more of mine than I of yours: Nor I of his, my lord, than you of mine. Lord Hastings, you and he are near in love.

Hast. I thank his grace, I know he loves me well;

But for his purpose in the coronation I have not sounded him, nor he deliver'd His gracious pleasure any way therein: But you, my noble lords, may name the time; And in the duke's behalf I'll give my voice, Which, I presume, he'll take in gentle part.

Ely. In happy time, here comes the duke himself.

Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. My noble lords and cousins all, good-

I have been long a sleeper; but I trust My absence doth neglect no great design Which by my presence might have been con-cluded.

Buck. Had you not come upon your cue, my lord, part,

William Lord Hastings had pronounc'd your I mean, your voice, for crowning of the king. Glo. Than my Lord Hastings no man might

be bolder; well.-His lordship knows me well, and loves me My lord of Ely, when I was last in Holburn I saw good strawberries in your garden there:

I do beseech you send for some of them. Ely. Marry, and will, my lord, with all my Exit. heart.

Glo. Cousin of Buckingham, a word with you. Takes him aside. Catesby hath sounded Hastings in our business. And finds the testy gentleman so hot That he will lose his head ere give consent

His master's child, as worshipfully he terms it, Shall lose the royalty of England's throne. Buck. Withdraw yourself awhile; I'll go with

Exeunt GLO. and BUCK Stan. We have not yet set down this day of triumph.

For I myself am not so well provided As else I would be, were the day prolong'd.

Re-enter BISHOP OF ELY.

Ely. Where is my lord the Duke of Gloster? I have sent for these strawberries.

Hast. His grace looks cheerfully and smooth this morning;

There's some conceit or other likes him well When that he bids good-morrow with such spirit.

I think there's ne'er a man in Christendom Can lesser hide his love or hate than he:

For by his face straight shall you know his heart. lface. Stan. What of his heart perceive you in his

By any livelihood he showed to-day? Hast. Marry, that with no man here he is

offended; For, were he, he had shown it in his looks.

Re-enter GLOSTER and BUCKINGHAM.

Glo. I pray you all, tell me what they deserve That do conspire my death with devilish plots Of damned witchcraft, and that have prevail'd Upon my body with their hellish charms?

Hast. The tender love I bear your grace, my

lord, presence Makes me most forward in this princely

To doom the offenders: whosoe'er they be, I say, my lord, they have deserved death.

Glo. Then be your eyes the witness of their evil:

Look how I am bewitch'd; behold, mine arm, Is, like a blasted sapling, wither'd up: [witch, And this is Edward's wife, that monstrous Consorted with that harlot-strumpet Shore, That by their witchcraft thus have marked me.

Hast. If they have done this deed, my noble lord,-

Glo. If! thou protector of this damned strum-Talk'st thou to me of ifs? - Thou art a traitor: -Off with his head!-now, by Saint Paul I swear, I will not dine until I see the same, Lovel and Ratcliff:-look that it be done:-

The rest, that love me, rise and follow me. [Exeunt all except Hast., Lov., and RATCLIFF. Hast. Woe, woe, for England! not a whit

for me; For I, too fond, might have prevented this. Stanley did dream the boar did raze his helm; And I did scorn it, and disdain to fly.

Three times to-day my foot-cloth horse did stumble, And started, when he look'd upon the Tower,

As loth to bear me to the slaughter-house. O, now I need the priest that spake to me: I now repent I told the pursuivant, As too triumphing, how mine enemies To-day at Pomfret bloodily were butcher'd, And I myself secure in grace and favour.

O Margaret, Margaret, now thy heavy curse Is lighted on poor Hastings' wretched head. Rat. Come, come, despatch; the duke would

be at dinner: Make a short shrift; he longs to see your head. Hast. O momentary grace of mortal men Which we more hunt for than the grace of God! Who builds his hope in air of your goodlooks.

Lives like a drunken sailor on a mast. Ready, with every nod, to tumble down Into the fatal bowels of the deep.

Lov. Come, come, despatch; 'tis bootless to exclaim. fland!

Hast. O bloody Richard!-miserable Eng-I prophesy the fearfull'st time to thee That ever wretched age hath look'd upon .-Come, lead me to the block, bear him my head They smile at me who shortly shall be dead. Exeunt.

SCENE V .- LONDON. The Tower Walls.

Enter GLOSTER and BUCKINGHAM in rusty armour, marvellous ill-favoured.

Glo. Come, cousin, canst thou quake and change thy colour,

Murder thy breath in middle of a word, And then again begin, and stop again, As if thou wert distraught and mad with terror? Buck. Tut, I can counterfeit the deep

tragedian; Speak and look back, and pry on every side, Tremble and start at wagging of a straw, Intending deep suspicion: ghastly looks Are at my service, like enforced smiles; And both are ready in their offices, At any time, to grace my stratagems. But what, is Catesby gone?

falong. Glo. He is; and, see, he brings the mayor

Enter the Lord Mayor and CATESBY.

Buck. Lord mayor, Glo. Look to the drawbridge there! Buck. Hark! a drum. Glo. Catesby, o'erlook the walls. Buck. Lord Mayor, the reason we have sent,-Glo. Look back, defend thee,-here are enemies. Buck. God and our innocency defend and

Glo. Be patient, they are friends,-Ratcliff Enter LOVELL and RATCLIFF, with HASTINGS head.

and Lovel.

guard us!

Lov. Here is the head of that ignoble traitor, The dangerous and unsuspected Hastings.

Clo. So dear I lov'd the man that I must weep.

I took him for the plainest harmless creature That breath'd upon the earth a Christian; Made him my book, wherein my soul recorded The history of all her secret thoughts: So smooth he daub'd his vice with show of That, his apparent open guilt omitted I mean, his conversation with Shore's wife,-He liv d from all attainder of suspect.

Buck. Well, well, he was the covert'st shelter'd traitor

That ever liv'd.-Would you imagine, or almost believe,-Were't not that by great preservation We live to tell it you,—the subtle traitor This day had plotted, in the council-house, To murder me and my good Lord of Gloster! May. Had he done so? [fidels? Glo. What! think you we are Turks or In-

Or that we would, against the form of law,

Proceed thus rashly in the villain's death, But that the extreme peril of the case, The peace of England and our persons' safety. Enforc'd us to this execution?

May. Now, fair befall you! he deserv'd his death: Iceeded. And your good graces both have well pro-To warn false traitors from the like attempts.

I never look'd for better at his hands After he once fell in with Mistress Shore. [die Buck. Yet had we not determin'd he should

Until your lordship came to see his end; Which now the loving haste of these our friends. Something against our meaning, hath prevented:

Because, my lord, we would have had you heard The traitor speak, and timorously confess The manner and the purpose of his treasons; That you might well have signified the same Unto the citizens, who haply may Misconstrue us in him, and wall his death.

May. But, my good lord, your grace's word shall serve

As well as I had seen, and heard him speak; And do not doubt, right noble princes both. But I'll acquaint our duteous citizens With all your just proceedings in this case.

Glo. And to that end we wish'd your lordship here,

To avoid the censures of the carping world. Buck. But since you come too late of our intent.

Yet witness what you hear we did intend: And so, my good lord mayor, we bid farewell.

Exit Lord Mayor. Glo. Go, after, after, cousin Buckingham. The mayor towards Guildhall hies him in all post:-

There, at your meetest vantage of the time, Infer the bastardy of Edward's children: Tell them how Edward put to death a citizen, Only for saying he would make his son Heir to the crown; meaning, indeed, his house, Which, by the sign thereof, was termed so. Moreover, urge his hateful luxury. And bestial appetite in change of lust; [wives,

Which stretch'd unto their servants, daughters, Even where his raging eye or savage heart, Without control, listed to make a prey. Nay, for a need, thus far come near my per-son:— [child

Tell them, when that my mother went with Of that insatiate Edward, noble York, My princely father, then had wars in France And, by true computation of the time, Found that the issue was not his begot; Which well appeared in his lineaments, Being nothing like the noble duke my father:

Yet touch this sparingly, as 'twere far off; Because, my lord, you know my mother lives.

Buck. Doubt not, my lord, I'll play the orator As if the golden plea for which I plead

Were for myself: and so, my lord, adien. Glo. If you thrive well, bring them to Baynard's Castle;

Where you shall find me well accompanied With reverend fathers and well learned bishops. Buck. I go; and towards three or four o'clock Look for the news that the Guildhall affords. Exit.

Glo. Go, Lovel, with all speed to Doctor But nothing spoke in warrant from himself. both Shaw.-Go thou [to CATE.] to Friar Penker; -bid them

Meet me within this hour at Baynard's Castle.

Now will I in, to take some privy order To draw the brats of Clarence out of sight; And to give notice that no manner of person Have any time recourse unto the princes. [Exit.

Scene VI .- London. A Street.

Enter a Scrivener.

Lord Hastings: Which in a set hand fairly is engross'd That it may be to-day read o'er in Paul's.

And mark how well the sequel hangs together:-

Eleven hours I have spent to write it over. For yesternight by Catesby was it sent me; The precedent was full as long a-doing: And yet within these five hours Hastings liv'd. Untainted, unexamin'd, free, at liberty. Here's a good world the while! Who is so gross That cannot see this palpable device! Yet who so bold but says he sees it not! Bad is the world; and all will come to naught When such ill dealing must be seen in thought. Exit.

Scene VII .- London. Court of Baynard's Castle.

Enter GLOSTER and BUCKINGHAM, meeting.

citizens?

Buck. Now, by the holy mother of our Lord, The citizens are mum, say not a word. Glo. Touch'd you the bastardy of Edward's

children? [Lucy, Buck. I did; with his contract with Lady And his contract by deputy in France; The insatiate greediness of his desires. And his enforcement of the city wives; His tyranny for trifles; his own bastardy, As being got, your father then in France, And his resemblance, being not like the duke: Withal I did infer your lineaments, Being the right idea of your father, Both in your form and nobleness of mind; Laid open all your victories in Scotland, Your discipline in war, wisdom in peace, Your bounty, virtue, fair humility; Indeed, left nothing fitting for your purpose Untouch'd or slightly handled in discourse: And when my oratory drew toward end I bid them that did love their country's good Cry, God save Richard, England's royal king! Glo. And did they so? [word; [word;

Buck. No, so God help me, they spake not a But, like dumb statuas or breathing stones, Star'd each on other, and look'd deadly pale. Which when I saw, I reprehended them; And ask'd the mayor what meant this wilful silence:

His answer was,—the people were not us'd To be spoke to but by the recorder. Then he was urg'd to tell my tale again, Thus saith the duke, thus hath the duke inferr'd: When he had done, some followers of mine

At lower end of the hall, hurl'd up their caps, Exeunt Lov. and CATE. And some ten voices cried, God save King Richard!

And thus I took the vantage of those few,— Thanks, gentle citizens and friends, quoth I; This general applause and cheerful shout Argues your wisdom and your love to Richard: And even here brake off and came away.

Glo. What tongueless blocks were they! would they not speak? come?

Scriv. Here is the indictment of the good Will not the mayor, then, and his brethren, Buck. The mayor is here at hand. Intend some fear:

> Be not you spoke with but by mighty suit: And look you get a prayer-book in your hand, And stand between two churchmen, good my lord:

> For on that ground I'll make a holy descant: And be not easily won to our requests; Play the maid's part,-still answer nay, and take it.

> Glo. I go; and if you plead as well for them As I can say nay to thee for myself, No doubt we bring it to a happy issue.

Buck. Go, go, up to the leads; the lord mayor knocks. Exit GLOSTER.

Enter the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens. Welcome, my lord: I dance attendance here; I think the duke will not be spoke withal.

Enter, from the Castle, CATESBY.

Glo. How now, how now! what say the Now, Catesby,-what says your lord to my request? flord

Cate. He doth entreat your grace, my noble To visit him to-morrow or next day: He is within, with two right reverend fatners. Divinely bent to meditation: And in no worldly suit would he be mov'd

To draw him from his holy exercise. Buck. Return, good Catesby, to the gracious Tell him, myself, the mayor and aldermen, In deep designs, in matter of great moment, No less importing than our general good.

Are come to have some conference with his grace. Cate. I'll signify so much unto him straight.

Exit. Buck. Ah, ha, my lord, this prince is not an Edward! He is not lolling on a lewd day-bed,

But on his knees at meditation; Not dallying with a brace of courtezans, But meditating with two deep divines; Not sleeping, to engross his idle body, But praying, to enrich his watchful soul: Happy were England would this virtuous prince Take on himself the sovereignty thereof:

But, sure, I fear, we shall not win him to it.

Mat. Marry, God defend his grace should say us nay! again. Buck. I fear he will. Here Catesby comes

Re-enter CATESBY.

Now, Catesby, what says his grace? Cate. He wonders to what end you have assembled

Such troops of citizens to come to him: His grace not being warn'd thereof before, He fears, my lord, you mean no good to him.

Buck. Sorry I am my noble cousin should Support me, that I mean no good to him: By heaven, we come to him in perfect love; And so once more return and tell his grace.

[Exit CATESBY.

When holy and devout religious men

Are at their beads, 'tis much to draw them
thence,—

So sweet is zealous contemplation.

Enter GLOSTER, in a Gallery above, between two Bishops. CATESBY returns.

May. See, where his grace stands 'tween two clergymen! [prince, Buck. Two props of virtue for a Christian To stay him from the fall of vanity:

To stay him from the fall of vanity:
And, see, a book of prayer in his hand,—
True ornament to know a holy man.—
Famous Plantagenet, most gracious prince,
Lend favourable ear to our requests;
And pardon us the interruption
Of thy devotion and right Christian zeal.

Glo. My lord, there needs no such apology:
I rather do beseech you pardon me,
Who, earnest in the service of my God,
Deferr'd the visitation of my friends. [sure?
But, leaving this, what is your grace's pleaBuck. Even that, I hope, which pleaseth God
above,

And all good men of this ungovern'd isle.

Glo. I do suspect I have done some offence
That seems disgracious in the city's eye;
And that you come to reprehend my ignorance.
Buck. You have, my lord: would it might

please your grace,
On our entreaties, to amend your fault!
Glo. Else wherefore breathe I in a Christian
land? fresign

land? [resign Buck. Know, then, it is your fault that you The supreme seat, the throne majestical, The scepter'd office of your ancestors, Your state of fortune and your due of birth, The lineal glory of your royal house, To the corruption of a blemish'd stock: Whist, in the mildness of your sleepy thoughts,—

Which here we waken to our country's good,—
This noble isle doth want her proper limbs;
Her face defac'd with scars of infamy,
Her royal stock graft with ignoble plants,
And almost shoulder'd in the swallowing gulf
Of dark forgetfulness and deep oblivion.
Which to recure, we heartly solution.
Not as protector, steward, substitute,
Or lowly factor for another's gain;
But as successively, from blood to blood,
Your right of birth, your empery, your own.
For this, consorted with the citicus
Your very worshipful and loving friends,
And, by their vehement instigation,
In this just suit come I to move your grace,

Glo. I cannot tell if to depart in silence Or bitterly to speak in your reproof Best fitteth my degree or your condition: If not to answer, you might haply think

Tongue-tied ambition, not replying, yielded To bear the golden yoke of sovereignty, Which fondly you would here impose on me: If to reprove you for this suit of yours, So season'd with your faithful love to me Then, on the other side, I check'd my friends. Therefore,-to speak, and to avoid the first. And then, in speaking, not to incur the last,-Definitely thus I answer you. Your love deserves my thanks, but my desert Unmeritable shuns your high request. First, if all obstacles were cut away, And that my path were even to the crown. As the ripe revenue and due of birth, Yet so much is my poverty of spirit, So mighty and so many my defects, ness.-That I would rather hide me from my great-Being a bark to brook no mighty sea Than in my greatness covet to be hid. And in the vapour of my glory smother'd. But, God be thank'd, there is no need of me,-And much I need to help you, were there need;-

The royal tree hath left us royal fruit, which, mellow'd by the stealing hours of time, Will well become the seat of majesty, And make, no doubt, us happy by his reign. On him I lay that you would lay on me,—The right and fortune of his happy stars; Which God defend that I should wring from him! grace;

Buck. My lord, this argues conscience in your But the respects thereof are nice and trivial. All circumstances well considered. You say that Edward is your brother's son: So say we too, but not by Edward's wife; For first was he contract to Lady Lucy. Your mother lives a witness to his vow,-And afterward by substitute betroth'd To Bona, sister to the King of France. These both put off, a poor petitioner, A care-craz'd mother to a many sons, A beauty-waning and distressed widow. Even in the afternoon of her best days, Made prize and purchase of his wanton eye. Seduc'd the pitch and height of his degree To base declension and loath'd bigamy: By her, in his unlawful bed, he got This Edward, whom our manners call the prince. More bitterly could I expostulate, Save that, for reverence to some alive, I give a sparing limit to my tongue. Then, good my lord, take to your royal self This proffer'd benefit of dignity; If not to bless us and the land withal, Yet to draw forth your noble ancestry From the corruption of abusing time Unto a lineal true-derived course. VOII.

May. Do, good my lord; your citizens entreat Buck. Refuse not, mighty lord, this proffer'd love. [suit]

Cate. O, make them joyful, grant their lawful Glo. Alas, why would you heap those cares on me? I am unfit for state and majesty:—

I do beseech you, take it not amiss;
I cannot nor I will not yield to you.

Buck. If you refuse it,—as, in love and zeal,
Loth to depose the child, your brother's sonAs well we know your tenderness of heart,

and gentle, kind, effeminate remorse, Which we have noted in you to your kindred, And equally, indeed, to all estates,-Yet know, whe'r you accept our suit or no Your brother's son shall never reign our king; But we will plant some other in the throne, To the disgrace and downfall of your house: And in this resolution here we leave you. Come, citizens, we will entreat no more

Exeunt Buck., the Mayor and Citizens retiring.

Cate. Call them again, sweet prince, accept their suit:

If you deny them, all the land will rue it. Glo. Will you enforce me to a world of cares?

Call them again.

[CATE goes to the Mayor, &c., and then exit.

I am not made of stone, But penetrable to your kind entreaties. Albeit against my conscience and my soul.

Re-enter BUCKINGHAM and CATESBY, the Mayor, &c., coming forward.

Cousin of Buckingham,—and sage, grave men, Since you will buckle fortune on my back, To bear her burden, whe'r I will or no, I must have patience to endure the load: But if black scandal or foul-fac'd reproach Attend the sequel of your imposition, Your mere enforcement shall acquittance me From all the impure blots and stains thereof; For God he knows, and you may partly see, How far I am from the dosire of this. [say say it. May. God bless your grace! we see it, and will Glo. In saying so, you shall but say the truth.

Buck. Then I salute you with this royal title.

Long live King Richard, England's worthy kingt

All. Amen. [crown'd? Buck. To-morrow may it please you to be Glo. Even when you please, for you will have

Buck. To-morrow, then, we will attend your

Exeunt.

grace:

And so, most joyfully, we take our leave. Glo. Come, let us to our holy work again. To the Bishops. Farewell, my cousin; farewell, gentle friends.

ACT IV.

SCENE I .- LONDON. Before the Tower.

Enter, on one side, QUEEN ELIZABETH, DUCH-ESS OF YORK, and MARQUIS OF DORSET; on the other, ANNE DUCHESS OF GLOSTER. leading LADY MARGARET PLANTAGENET, CLARENCE'S young Daughter.

Duch. Who meets us here?-my niece Plan-

tagenet

Led in the hand of her kind aunt of Gloster? Now, for my life, she's wandering to the Tower, On pure heart's love, to greet the tender princes.

Daughter, well met.

Anne. God give your graces both A happy and a joyful time of day! away? Q. Eliz. As much to you, good sister! Whither Of golden metal that must round my brow

Anne. No further than the Tower: and. as I guess, Upon the like devotion as yourselves,

To gratulate the gentle princes there.

Q. Eliz. Kind sister, thanks: we'll enter all together:-

And, in good time, here the lieutenant comes.

Enter BRAKENBURY.

Master lieutenant, pray you, by your leave, How doth the prince, and my young son of Yorki

Brak. Right well, dear madam. By your patience,

I may not suffer you to visit them; The king has strictly charg'd the contrary.

Q. Eliz. The king! who's that?

Ērak. I mean the lord protector. Q. Eliz. The lord protect him from that kingly title!

Hath he set bounds between their love and me? I am their mother; who shall bar me from them? Duch. I am their father's mother; I will see them. mother:

Anne. Their aunt I am in law, in love their Then bring me to their sights; I'll bear thy blame,

And take thy office from thee, on my peril. Brak. No, madam, no, - I may not leave it so: I am bound by oath, and therefore pardon me. Exit.

Enter STANLEY

Stan. Let me but meet you, ladies, one hour hence,

And I'll salute your grace of York as mother And reverend looker-on of two fair queens. Come, madam, you must straight to Westminster

To the Duchess of Gloster. There to be crowned Richard's royal queen. O. Eliz. Ah, cut my lace asunder, beat. That my pent heart may have some scope to Or else I swoon with this dead-killing news!

Anne. Despiteful tidings! O unpleasing news! Dor. Be of good cheer: mother, how fares your grace?

Q. Eliz. O Dorset, speak not to me, get thee Death and destruction dog thee at the heels; Thy mother's name is ominous to children. If thou wilt outstrip death, go cross the seas, And live with Richmond, from the reach of hell: Go, hie thee, hie thee from this slaughter-house, Lest thou increase the number of the dead; And make me die the thrall of Margaret's curse. Nor mother, wife, nor England's counted queen. Stan. Full of wise care is this your counsel,

madam. Take all the swift advantage of the hours; You shall have letters from me to my son In your behalf, to meet you on the way: Be not ta'en tardy by unwise delay.

Duch. O ill-dispersing wind of misery!-O my accursed womb, the bed of death! A cockatrice hast thou hatch'd to the world,

Whose unavoided eye is murderous. Stan. Come, madam, come; I in all haste was Anne. And I with all unwillingness will go.-

O, would to God that the inclusive verge

Were red-hot steel, to sear me to the brain! Anointed let me be with deadly venom, And die ere men can say God save the Queen! And thy assistance, is King Richard seated:-

Q. Eliz. Go, go, poor soul, I envy not the glory;

To feed my humour, wish thyself no harm.

Anne. No, why?—When he that is my husband now

Came to me, as I follow'd Henry's corse; When scarce the blood was well wash'd from his hands

Which issu'd from my other angel husband, And that dead saint which then I weeping follow'd:

O, when, I say, I look'd on Richard's face, This was my wish, -Be thou, quoth I, accurs's For making me, so young, so old a widow! And when thou wedd'st, let sorrow haunt thy bed:

And be thy wife,-if any be so mad,-[death! More miserable by the life of thee Than thou hast made me by my dear lord's Lo, ere I can repeat this curse again, Within so small a time, my woman's heart Grossly grew captive to his honey words, And prov'd the subject of mine own soul's curse.

Which hitherto hath held mine eyes from rest; For never yet one hour in his bed Did I enjoy the golden dew of sleep But with his timorous dreams was still awak'd. Besides, he hates me for my father Warwick; And will, no doubt, shortly be rid of me.

Q. Eliz. Poor heart, adieu! I pity thy com-

plaining.

Anne. No more than with my soul I mourn for yours.

Q. Eliz. Farewell, thou woeful welcomer of Anne. Adieu, poor soul, that tak'st thy leave of it!

Duch. Go thou to Richmond, and good fortune guide thee!-To DORSET. Go thou to Richard, and good angels tend thee!~ [To ANNE.

Go thou to sanctuary, and good thoughts pos-sess thee! [To QUEEN ELIZABETH. I to my grave, where peace and rest lie with me! Eighty odd years of sorrow have I seen, And each hour's joy wreck'd with a week of

Q. Eliz. Stay yet, look back with me unto the Tower.-

Pity, you ancient stones, those tender babes, Whom envy hath immur'd within your walls! Rough cradle for such little pretty ones! Rude ragged nurse, old sullen playfellow For tender princes, use my babies well! So foolish sorrow bids your stones farewell. Exeunt.

SCENE IL-LONDON. A Room of State in the Palace.

Flourish of trumpets. RICHARD, as King, upon his throne; BUCKINGHAM, CATESBY, a Page, and others.

K. Rich. Stand all apart.-Cousin of Buckingham.

Buck. My gracious sovereign?

K. Rich. Give me thy hand. Thus high, by thy advice

But shall we wear these glories for a day? Or shall they last, and we rejoice in them?

Buck. Still live they, and for ever let them

K. Rich. Ah, Buckingham, now do I play the touch.

To try if thou be current gold indeed:-Young Edward hves;-think now what I would

Buck. Say on, my loving lord.

K. Rich. Why, Buckingham, I say, I would be king. Buck. Why, so you are, my thrice-renowned K. Rich. Ha! am I king? 'tis so: but Ed-

ward lives. Buck. True, noble prince.

K. Rich. O bitter consequence, That Edward still should live,-true, noble

prince!— Cousin, thou wast not wont to be so dull:-Shall I be plain?-I wish the bastards dead: And I would have it suddenly perform'd.

What say'st thou now? speak suddenly, be brief.

Buck. Your grace may do your pleasure.

K. Rich. Tut, tut, thou art all ice, thy kindness freezes:

Say, have I thy consent that they shall die? Buck. Give me some little breath, some pause, dear lord

Before I positively speak in this: I will resolve your grace immediately. [Exit.

Cate. The king is angry: see, he gnaws his lip. [Aside. K. Rich. I will converse with iron-witted

[Descends from his throne. fools And unrespective boys; none are for me

That look into me with considerate eyes: High-reaching Buckingham grows circumspect.

Boy!— Page. My lord?

K. Rich. Know'st thou not any whom corrupting gold

Would tempt into a close exploit of death? Page. I know a discontented gentleman, Whose humble means match not his haughty

spirit: Gold were as good as twenty orators,

And will, no doubt, tempt him to anything.

K. Rich. What is his name? Page. His name, my lord, is Tyrrel. K. Rich. I partly know the man: go, call him hither, boy. [Exit Page.

The deep-revolving witty Buckingham No more shall be the neighbour to my counsels: Hath he so long held out with me untir'd. And stops he now for breath?—well, be it so.

Enter STANLEY.

How now, Lord Stanley! what's the news? Stan. Know, my loving lord, The Marquis Dorset, as I hear, is fled To Richmond, in the parts where he abides. K. Rich. Come hither, Catesby: rumour it abroad

That Anne, my wife, is very grievous sick; I will take order for her keeping close: Inquire me out some mean poor gentleman Whom I will marry straight to Clarence' And call'd it Rouge-mont; at which name I daughter;-

The boy is foolish, and I fear not him .-Look, how thou dream'st!-Isay again, give out I should not live long after I saw Richmond. That Anne my queen is sick, and like to die: About it; for it stands me much upon, To stop all hopes whose growth may damage Exit CATESBY.

I must be married to my brother's daughter, Or else my kingdom stands on brittle glass:-Murder her brothers, and then marry her! Uncertain way of gain! But I am in So far in blood that sin will pluck on sin: Tear-falling pity dwells not in this eye.

Re-enter Page, with TYRREL.

Is thy name Tyrrel? isubject. Tyr. James Tyrrel, and your most obedient K. Rich. Art thou, indeed? Tyr. Prove me, my gracious lord. K. Rich. Dar'st thou resolve to kill a friend of mine? [enemies. Tyr. Please you. But I had rather kill two

K. Rich. Why, then, thou hast it: two deep enemies, Foes to my rest, and my sweet sleep's dis- SCENE III.-LONDON. Another Room in the turbers,

Are they that I would have thee deal upon:-Tyrrel, I mean those bastards in the Tower.

Tyr. Let me have open means to come to them.

And soon I'll rid you from the fear of them.

K. Rich. Thou sing'st sweet music. Hark, come hither, Tyrrell:
Go, by this token:—rise, and lend thine ear: Whisbers.

There is no more but so:-say it is done, And I will love thee, and prefer thee for it. Tyr. I will despatch it straight. Exit.

Re-enter Buckingham.

Buck. My lord, I have consider'd in my mind The late demand that you did sound me in. K. Rich. Well, let that rest. Dorset is fled

to Richmond. Buck. I hear the news, my lord. K. Rich. Stanley, he is your wife's son:-

well, look to it. [promise, Buck. My lord, I claim the gift, my due by For which your honour and your faith is pawn'd; The earldom of Hereford, and the movables, Which you have promised I shall possess.

K. Rich. Stanley, look to your wife: if she

Letters to Richmond, you shall answer it. Buck. What says your highness to my just Sixth request?

K. Rich. I do remember me,-Henry the Did prophesy that Richmond should be king. When Richmond was a little peevish boy. A king!—perhaps,— Buck. My lord,—

K. Rich. How chance the prophet could not at that time

Have told me, I being by, that I should kill him? Buck. My lord, your promise for the earldom. Exeter,

K. Rich. Richmond!-When last I was at The mayor in courtesy show'd me the castle,

started,

Because a bard of Ireland told me once

Buck. My lord,

K. Rich. Ay, what's o'clock? [mind Buck. I am thus bold to put your grace in Of what you promis'd me.

King Rich. Well, but what's o'clock? Buck. Upon the stroke of ten.

K. Rich. Well, let it strike.

Buck. Why let it strike?

K. Rich. Because that, like a Jack, thou keep'st the stroke

Betwixt thy begging and my meditation. I am not in the giving vein to-day.

[or no. Buck. Why, then resolve me whether you will K. Rich. Thou troublest me; I am not in the vein. [Exeunt K. RICH. and Train.

Buck. And is it thus? repays he my deep service With such contempt? made I him king for this?

O, let me think on Hastings, and be gone To Brecknock while my fearful head is on! Exit.

Palace.

Enter TYRREL.

Tyr. The tyrannous and bloody act is done,-The most arch deed of piteous massacre That ever yet this land was guilty of. Dighton and Forrest, whom I did suborn To do this piece of ruthless butchery, Albeit they were flesh'd villains, bloody dogs, Melting with tenderness and mild compassion Wept like two children in their death's sad

O thus, quoth Dighton, lay the gentle babes, Thus, thus, quoth Forrest, girdling one another Within their alabaster innocent arms. Their lips were four red roses on a stalk, Which in their summer beauty kiss'd each other. A book of prayers on their pillow lay;

Which once, quoth Forrest, almost chang'd my mınd.

story.

But, O, the devil,-there the villain stopp'd; When Dighton thus told on,-we smothered The most replenished sweet work of nature That from the prime creation e'er she fram'd.-Hence both are gone; with conscience and remorse

They could not speak; and so I left them both, To bear this tidings to the bloody king:-And here he comes:-

Enter KING RICHARD.

All health, my sovereign lord! K. Rich. Kind Tyrrell, am I happy in thy charge news?

Tyr. If to have done the thing you gave in Beget your happiness, be happy then,

For it is done. K. Rich. But didst thou see them dead? Tyr. I did, my lord.

And buried, gentle Tyrrel? K. Rich. Tyr. The chaplain of the Tower hath buried them;

But where, to say the truth, I do not know.

K. Rich. Come to me, Tyrrel, soon, at after supper,

When thou shalt tell the process of their death. Meantime, but think how I may do thee good, And be inheritor of thy desire. Farewell till then.

Tyr. I humbly take my leave. [Exit. K. Rich. The son of Clarence have I pent up close;

His daughter meanly have I match'd in marriage;

riage; The sons of Edward sleep in Abraham's bosom, And Anne my wife hath bid the world good-

night.
Now, for I know the Bretagne Richmond aims
At young Elizabeth, my brother's daughter,
And by that knot looks proudly on the crown,
To her go I, a jolly thriving wooer.

Enter RATCLIFF.

Rat. My lord,-

K. Rich. Good news or bad, that thou com'st in so bluntly? [Richmond;

Rat. Bad news, my lord: Morton is fled to And Buckingham, back'd with the hardy Welshmen,

Is in the field, and still his power increaseth.

K. Rich. Ely with Richmond troubles me

more near
Than Buckingham and his rash-levied strength.
Come,—I have learn'd that fearful commenting
Is leaden servitor to dull delay;
Delay leads impotent and snail-pac'd beggary:
Then fiery expedition be my wing,

Then fiery expedition be my wing, Jove's Mercury, and herald for a king! Go, muster men: my counsel is my shield; We must be brief when traitors brave the field. [Excunt.

SCENE IV .- LONDON. Before the Palace.

Enter OUEEN MARGARET.

Q. Mar. So, now prosperity begins to mellow,
And drop into the rotten mouth of death.
Here in these confines slily have I lurk'd,
To watch the waning of mine enemies.
A dre induction am I witness to,
And will to France; hoping the consequence
Will prove as bitter, black, and tragical.—
Withdraw thee, wretched Margaret: who comes
here? [Retires.

Enter QUEEN ELIZABETH and the DUCHESS OF YORK.

Q. Eliz. Ah, my poor princes! ah, my tender babes!
My unblown flowers, new-appearing sweets!
If yet your gentle souls fly in the air,
And be not fix'd in doom perpetual,
Hover about me with your airy wings,

And hear your mother's lamentation! [right O. Mar. Hover about her; say, that right for Hath dimm'd your infant morn to aged night. Duch. So many miseries have craz'd my voice. That my woe-wearied tongue is still and mute.

Edward Plantagenet, why art thou dead?
Q. Mar. Plantagenet doth quit Plantagenet,
Edward for Edward pays a dying debt.

Q. Eliz. Wilt thou, O God, fly from such gentle lambs,

And throw them in the entrails of the wolf?

When didst thou sleep when such a deed was done? [sweet son. Q. Mar. When holy Harry died, and my

Duch. Dead life, blind sight, poor mortalliving ghost, [usurp'd, Woe's scene, world's shame, grave's due by life

Woe's scene, world's shame, grave's due by life Brief abstract and record of tedious days, Rest thy unrest on England's lawful earth.

[Sitting down. Unlawfully made drunk with innocent blood!

Q. Eliz. Ah, that thou wouldst as soon afford a grave
As thou canst yield a melancholy seat! [here.

Then would I hide my bones, not rest them Ah, who hath any cause to mourn but we?

[Sitting down by her.

(Sitting down by her.
Q. Mar. If ancient sorrow be most reverent,
Give mine the benefit of seniory,

[Coming forward.

And let my griefs frown on the upper hand.

If sorrow can admit society,

[Siting down with him.
Tell o'er your woes again by viewing mine—
I had an Edward, till a Richard kill'd him,
I had a Henry, till a Richard kill'd him, [him;
Thou hast an Edward, till a Richard kill'd
Thou hadst a Richard, till a Richard kill'd him,
Duch. I had a Richard too, and thou didst

kill him;
I had a Rutland too, thou holp'st to kill him.
O. Mar. Thou hadst a Clarence too, and

Richard kill'd him.

From forth the kennel of thy womb hath crept A hell-hound that doth hunt us all to death: That dog, that had his teeth before his eyes, To worry lambs and lap their gentle blood; That foul defacer of God's handwork; That excellent grand tyrant of the earth, That reigns in galled eyes of weeping souls,—Thy womb let loose, to chase us to our graves.—O upright, just, and true-disposing God, How do I thank thee that this carnal cur Preys on the issue of his mother's body, and makes her pew-fellow with others' moan! Duch. O Harry's wife, triumph not in my

woes!
God witness with me, I have wept for thine.
Q. Mar. Bear with me; I am hungry for re-

venge,
And now I cloy me with beholding it.
Thy Edward he is dead, that kill'd my Edward;
Thy other Edward dead to quit my Edward;
Young York he is but boot, because both they
Match not the high perfection of my loss:
Thy Clarence he is dead that stabb'd my Edward;
ward:

And the beholders of this frantic play, Theadulterate Hastings, Rivers, Vaughan, Grey, Untimely smother'd in their dusky graves. Richard yet lives, hell's black intelligencer; Only reserv'd their factor to buy souls, And send them thither:—but at hand, at hand, Ensues his piteous and unpitied end: Barth gapes, hell burns, fiends roar, saints pray, To have him suddenly convey'd from hence.—Cancel his bond of life, dear God, I pray, That I may live to say, The dog is dead!

Q. Eliz. O, thou didst prophesy the time Enter KING RICHARD and his Train, marching. would come

That I should wish for thee to help me curse That bottled spider, that foul bunch-back'd

I call'd thee then, poor shadow, painted queen; The presentation of but what I was, The flattering index of a direful pageant; One heav'd a-high, to be hurl'd down below; A mother only mock'd with two fair babes; A dream of what thou wast; a garish flag, To be the aim of every dangerous shot; A sign of dignity, a breath, a bubble; A queen in jest, only to fill the scene. Where is thy husband now? where be thy

brothers? Where he thy two sons? wherein dost thou joy? And little Ned Plantagenet, his son? [Grey? Who sues, and kneels, and says, God save the Q. Eliz. Whereis the gentle Rivers, Vaughan,

queen? Where be the bending peers that flatter'd thee? Where be the thronging troops that follow'd

thee? Decline all this, and see what now thou art: For happy wife, a most distressed widow; For joyful mother, one that wails the name; For one being su'd to, one that humbly sues; For queen, a very caitiff crowned with care; For one that scorn'd at me, now scorn'd of me; For one being fear'd of all, now fearing one; For one commanding all, obey'd of none. Thus hath the course of justice wheel'd about, And left thee but a very prey to time; Having no more but thought of what thou wast, To torture thee the more, being what thou art. Thou didst usurp my place, and dost thou not Usurp the just proportion of my sorrow? Now thy proud neck bears half my burden'd

yoke: From which even here I slip my wearied head, And leave the burden of it all on thee. Farewell, York's wife, and queen of sad mis-

chance:-France. These English woes shall make me smile in

Q. Eliz. O thou well skill'd in curses, stay awhile. And teach me how to curse mine enemies!

Q. Mar. Forbear to sleep the night, and fast the day:

Compare dead happiness with living woe; Think that thy babes were fairer than they were, And he that slew them fouler than he is: Bettering thy loss makes the bad-causer worse; Revolving this will teach thee how to curse.

O. Eliz. My words are dull: O. quicken them with thine!

O. Mar. Thy woes will make them sharp, and pierce like mine. Exit. Duch. Why should calamity be full of words?

Q. Eliz. Windy attorneys to their client woes, Airy succeeders of intestate joys, Poor breathing orators of miseries!

Let them have scope: though what they do im-Help nothing else, yet do they ease the heart. Duch. If so, then be not tongue-tied: go with

And in the breath of bitter words let's smother My damned son, that thy two sweet sons smother'd. Drum within. I hear his drum:—be copious in exclaims.

K. Rich. Who intercepts me in my expedition? toad! [my fortune, Duch. O, she that might have interest. O. Mar. I call'd thee then, vain flourish of By strangling thee in her accursed womb, Duch. O, she that might have intercepted

From all the slaughters, wretch, that thou hast done!

Q. Eliz. Hidst thou that forehead with a golden crown, Where should be branded, if that right were The slaughter of the prince that ow'd that crown, And the dire death of my poor sons and brothers? Tell me thou villain-slave, where are my chil-

dren? Duch. Thou toad, thou toad, where is thy brother Clarence?

Duch. Where is kind Hastings?

K. Rich. A flourish, trumpets! strike alarum, drums! Let not the heavens hear these tell-tale women

Rail on the Lord's anointed: strike, I say! Flourish. Alarums.

Either be patient, and entreat me fair Or with the clamorous report of war

Thus will I drown your exclamations.

Duch. Art thou my son? K. Rich. Ay, I thank God, my father, and

yourself.

Duch. Then patiently hear my impatience.

K. Rich. Madam, I have a touch of your condition,

That cannot brook the accent of reproof.

Duch. O, let me speak! K. Rich. Do, then; but I'll not hear. Duch. I will be mild and gentle in my words. K. Rich. And brief, good mother; for I am in haste.

Duch. Art thou so hasty? I have stay'd for thee,

God knows, in torment and in agony.

K. Rich. And came I not at last to comfort you?

Duch. No, by the holy rood, thou know'st it Thou cam'st on earth to make the earth my hell. A grievous burden was thy birth to me;

Tetchy and wayward was thy infancy; Thy school-days frightful, desperate, wild, and furious; [turous; Thy prime of manhood daring, bold, and ven-

Thy age confirm'd, proud, subtle, sly, and hatred: bloody, More mild, but yet more harmful, kind in

What comfortable hour canst thou name That ever grac'd me in thy company?

K. Rich. Faith, none but Humphrey Hour, that call'd your grace

To breakfast once forth of my company. If I be so disgracious in your eye,

Let me march on and not offend you, madam.-Strike up the drum.

I pr'ythee, hear me speak. Duch. K. Rich. You speak too bitterly.

Duch. Hear me a word; For I shall never speak to thee again.

K. Rich. So. Duch. Either thou wilt die by God's just or-Ere from this war thou turn a conqueror;

Or I with grief and extreme age shall perish, And never look upon thy face again. Therefore take with thee my most heavy curse; Which in the day of battle tire thee more Than all the complete armour that thou wear'st! My prayers on the adverse party fight; And there the little souls of Edward's children to of thing

Bloody thou art, bloody will be thy put Shame serves thy life and doth thy death attend.

Q. Eliz. Though far more cause, yet much less spirit to curse [Goina. Abides in me; I say amen to her. K. Rich. Stay, madam, I must talk a word

with you.

O. Eliz. I have no more sons of the royal blood

For thee to slaughter: for my daughters, Richard,-

They shall be praying nuns, not weeping queens;

And therefore level not to hit their lives. K. Rich. Youhave adaughter call'd Elizabeth,

Virtuous and fair, royal and gracious. Q. Eliz. And must she die for this? O, let

her live, And PII corrupt her manners, stain her beauty; Slander myself as false to Edward's bed;

Throw over her the veil of infamy: So she may live unscarr'd of bleeding slaughter, I will confess she was not Edward's daughter.

K. Rich. Wrong not her birth; she is of royal blood.

Q. Eliz. To save her life I'll say she is not so. K. Rich. Her life is safest only in her birth.

O. Eliz. And only in that safety died her brothers. lopposite.

K. Rich. Lo, at their births good stars were Q Eliz. No, to their lives bad friends were contrary.

K. Rich. All unavoided is the doom of destiny. Q. Eliz. True, when avoided grace makes destiny:

Iv babes were destined to a rairer ucaus grace had bless'd thee with a fairer life. K. Rich. You speak as if that I had slain my cousins.

Q. Eliz. Cousins, indeed; and by their uncle cozen'd

Of comfort, kingdom, kindred, freedom, life. Whose hand soever lanc'd their tender hearts, Thy head, all indirectly, gave direction: No doubt the murderous knife was dull and blunt Till it was whetted on thy stone-hard heart, To revel in the entrails of my lambs. But that still use of grief makes wild grief tame, My tongue should to thy ears not name my boys Till that my nails were anchor'd in thine eyes; And I, in such a desperate bay of death, Like a poor bark, of sails and tackling reft, Rush all to pieces on thy rocky bosom.

K. Rich. Madam, so thrive I in my enterprise

And dangerous success of bloody wars, As I intend more good to you and yours Than ever you or yours by me were harm'd!

Q. Eliz. What good is cover'd with the face of heaven.

To be discover'd, that can do me good?

K. Rich. The advancement of your children gentle lady. their heads?

. Eliz. Up to some scaffold, there to lose K. Rich. No, to the dignity and height of bonour.

The high imperial type of this earth's glory Q. Eliz. Flatter my sorrows with report of it; Tell me what state, what dignity, what honour, Canst thou demise to any child of mine? [all

K. Rich. Even all I have; ay, and myself and Will I withal endow a child of thine; So in the Lethe of thy angry soul [wrongs

Thou drown the sad remembrance of those Which thou supposest I have done to thee.

O. Eliz. Be brief, lest that the process of thy kindness

Last longer telling than thy kindness' date. K. Rich. Then know, that from my soul I love

thy daughter. [her soul. Q. Eliz. My daughter's mother thinks it with

K. Rich. What do you think? Q. Eliz. That thou dost love my daughter

[brothers; from thy soul: So from thy soul's love didst thou love her And from my heart's love I do thank thee for it. K. Rich. Be not so hasty to confound my meaning:

I mean that with my soul I love thy daughter, And do intend to make her Queen of England.

Q. Eliz. Well, then, who dost thou mean shall be her king?

K. Rich. Even he that makes her queen: who else should be?

O. Eliz. What, thou? [madam? K. Rich. I, even I: what think you of it,

Q. Eliz. How canst thou woo her?

Ř. Rich. That I would learn of you. As one being best acquainted with her humour.

O. Eliz. And wilt thou learn of me?
K. Rich. Madam with all Madam, with all my heart.

O. Eliz. Send to her, by the man that slew her brothers, A pair of bleeding hearts; thereon engrave

Edward and York; then haply will she weep: Therefore present to her, as sometime Margaret

Did to thy father, steep'd in Rutland's blood,-A handkerchief; which, say to her, did drain The purple sap from her sweet brothers' bodies. And bid her wipe her weeping eyes withal. If this inducement move her not to love,

Send her a letter of thy noble deeds: Tell her thou mad'st away her uncle Clarence, Her uncle Rivers; ay, and for her sake

Mad'st quick conveyance with her good aunt Anne. the way

K. Rich. You mock me, madam; this is not To win your daughter.

Q. Eliz. There is no other way; Unless thou could'st put on some other shape, And not be Richard that hath done all this.

K. Rich. Say that I did all this for love of her? Q. Eliz. Nay, then indeed she cannot choose but hate thee,

Having bought love with such a bloody spoil. K. Rich. Look, what is done cannot be now amended:

Men shall deal unadvisedly sometimes, Which after-hours give leisure to repent. If I did take the kingdom from your sons,

To make amends I'll give it to your daughter. If I have kill'd the issue of your womb, To quicken your increase I will beget Mine issue of your blood upon your daughter: A grandam's name is little less in love Than is the doating title of a mother; They are as children but one step below, Even of your mettle, of your very blood; Of all one pain, -save for a night of groans Endur'd of her, for whom you bid like sorrow. Your children were vexation to your youth; But mine shall be a comfort to your age. The loss you have is but a son being king, And by that loss your daughter is made queen. I cannot make you what amends I would, Therefore accept such kindness as I can. Dorset your son, that with a fearful soul Leads discontented steps in foreign soil, This fair alliance quickly shall call home To high promotions and great dignity: The king, that calls your beauteous daughter Familiarly shall call thy Dorset brother; Again shall you be mother to a king, And all the ruins of distressful times Repair'd with double riches of content. What! we have many goodly days to see: The liquid drops of tears that you have shed Shall come again, transform'd to orient pearl, Advantaging their loan with interest Of ten-times-double gain of happiness. Go, then, my mother, to thy daughter go; Make bold her bashful years with your experi-

Prepare her ears to hear a wooer's tale: Put in her tender heart the aspiring flame Of golden sovereignty; acquaint the princess With the sweet silent hours of marriage joys: And when this arm of mine hath chastised The petty rebel, dull-brain'd Buckingham, Bound with triumphant garlands will I come, And lead thy daughter to a conqueror's bed; To whom I will retail my conquest won, And she shall be sole victress, Caesar's Caesar.

O. Eliz. What were I best to say? her father's brother

Would be her lord? or shall I say her uncle? Or he that slew her brothers and her uncles? Under what title shall I woo for thee, That God, the law, my honour, and her love Can make seem pleasing to her tender years? K. Rich. Infer fair England's peace by this

Q. Eliz. Which she shall purchase with stilllasting war. entreats.

K. Rich. Tell her the king, that may command, That at her hands which the king's Q. Eliz.

- King forbids. queen. K. Rich. Say she shall be a high and mighty Q. Eliz. To wail the title, as her mother doth.
- K. Rich. Say I will love her everlastingly. Q. Eliz. But how long shall that title, ever,
- K. Rich. Sweetly in force unto her fair life's [life last?
- D. Eliz. But how long fairly shall her sweet K. Rich. As long as heaven and nature lengthens it.
- Q. Eliz. As long as hell and Richard likes of K. Rich. Say I, her sovereign, am her subject low.

Q. Eliz. But she, your subject, loathes such sovereignty.

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- K. Rich. Be eloquent in my behalf to her. Q. Eliz. An honest tale speeds best being plainly told.
- K. Rich. Then, plainly to her tell my loving O. Eliz. Plain and not honest is too harsh a
- style.

 K. Rich. Your reasons are too shallow and
- too quick. Q. Eliz. O, no, my reasons are too deep and Too deep and dead, poor infants, in their graves. K. Rich. Harp not on that string, madam;
 - that is past. Q. Eliz. Harp on it still shall I till heartstrings break.
 - K. Rich. Now, by my George, my garter, and my crown,usurp'd.
 - Q. Eliz. Profan'd, dishonour'd, and the third K. Rich. I swear,-
- Q. Eliz. By nothing; for this is no oath: Thy George, profan'd hath lost his holy honour; Thy garter, blemish'd, pawn'd his knightly virtue:

Thy crown, usurp'd, disgrac'd his kingly glory. If something thou wouldst swear to be believ'd Swear, then, by something that thou hast not wrong'd.

- K. Rich. Now, by the world,—
 O. Eliz. 'Tis full of thy foul wrongs.
- K. Rich. My father's death,
- C. Eliz.
 Thy life ham.

 K. Rich. Then, by myself,—
 Thyself is self-misus'd. Q. Eliz. Thyself in K. Rich. Why, then, by God,
- Q. Eliz. God's wrong is most of all. If thou hadst fear'd to break an oath by him, The unity the king thy brother made

Had not been broken, nor my brother slain: If thou hadst fear'd to break an oath by him, The imperial metal, circling now thy head,

- Had grac'd the tender temples of my child; And both the princes had been breathing here, Which now, two tender bedfellows for dust, Thy broken faith hath made a prey for worms. What canst thou swear by now?
 - K. Rich. The time to come. Q. Eliz. That thou hast wrong'd in the time

o'erpast; For I myself have many tears to wash Hereafter time, for time past wronged by thee. The children live whose parents thou hast

slaughter'd, Ungovern'd youth, to wail it in their age;

The parents live whose children thou hast butcher'd.

Old barren plants, to wail it with their age. Swear not by time to come; for that thou hast Misus'd ere used, by times ill-us'd o'erpast.

K. Rich. As I intend to prosper and repent! So thrive I in my dangerous attempt

Of hostile arms! myself myself confound! Heaven and fortune bar me happy hours! Day, yield me not thy light; nor, night, thy rest! Be opposite all planets of good luck

To my proceeding!-if, with pure heart's love, Immaculate devotion, holy thoughts, I tender not thy beauteous princely daughter!

In her consists my happiness and thine; Without her, follows to myself and thee. Herself, the land, and many a Christian soul, Death, desolation, ruin, and decay: It cannot be avoided but by this; It will not be avoided but by this. Therefore, dear mother,-I must call you so,-Be the attorney of my love to her: Plead what I will be, not what I have been; Not my deserts, but what I will deserve: Urge the necessity and state of times,

And be not peevish found in great designs. Q. Eliz. Shall I be tempted of the devil thus?

K. Rich. Ay, if the devil tempt you to do good.

Q. Eliz. Shall I forget myself to be myself? K. Rich Ay, if your self's remembrance wrong yourself.

Q. Eliz. But thou didst kill my children.

K. Rich. But in your daughter's womb I bury them:

Where, in that nest of spicery, they shall breed Selves of themselves, to your recomforture. O. Eliz. Shall I go win my daughter to thy

will? K. Rich. And he a happy mother by the deed. Q. Eliz. I go .- Write to me very shortly,

And you shall understand from me her mind. K. Rich. Bear her my true love's kiss; and so, farewell.

Kissing her. Exit Q. ELIZ. Relenting fool, and shallow changing woman!

Enter RATCLIFF; CATESBY following.

How now! what news?

Rat. Most mighty sovereign, on the western

coast Rideth a puissant navy; to the shore Throng many doubtful hollow-hearted friends. Unarm'd, and unresolv'd to beat them back: 'Tis thought that Richmond is their admiral; And there they hull, expecting but the aid Of Buckingham to welcome them ashore.

K. Rich. Some light-footed friend post to the Duke of Norfolk:-

Ratcliff, thyself,—or Catesby; where is he? Cate. Here, my good lord.

K. Rich. Catesby, fly to the duke. Cate. I will, my lord, with all convenient

haste. K. Rich. Ratcliff, come hither:-post to Salisbury

When thou cam'st thither,-Dull, unmindful villain, To CATESBY.

Why stay'st thou here, and go'st not to the duke?

Cate. First, mighty liege, tell me your highness' pleasure.

What from your grace I shall deliver to him.

K. Rich. O, true, good Catesby:—bid him
levy straight

The greatest strength and power he can make, And meet me suddenly at Salisbury.

Cate. I go.
Rat. What, may it please you, shall I do at

K. Rich. Why, what wouldst thou do there before I go?

Rat. Your highness told me I should post before.

Enter STANLEY.

K. Rich. My mind is chang'd .- Stanley, what news with you?

Stan. None good, my liege, to please you with the hearing;

Nor none so bad but well may be reported. K. Rich. Hoyday, a riddle! neither good nor had!

What need'st thou run so many miles about. When thou mayst tell thy tale the nearest way?

Once more, what news? Richmond is on the seas. Stan. K. Rich. There let him sink, and be the

seas on him! White-liver'd runagate, what doth he there?

Stan. I know not, mighty sovereign, but by

guess.

K. Rich. Well, as you guess?

Stan. Stirr'd up by Dorset, Buckingham. and Morton,

He makes for England here, to claim the crown. K. Rich. Is the chair empty? is the sword unsway'd?

Is the king dead? the empire unpossess'd? What heir of York is there alive but we? And who is England's king but great York's

Then, tell me, what makes he upon the seas? Stan. Unless for that, my hege, I cannot

K. Rich. Unless for that he comes to be your liege, comes. You cannot guess wherefore the Welshman

Thou wilt revolt, and fly to him, I fear. Stan. No, mighty liege; therefore mistrust

me not.

K. Rich. Where is thy power, then, to beat

him back? Where be thy tenants and thy followers? Are they not now upon the western shore,

Safe-conducting the rebels from their ships? Stan. No, my good lord, my friends are in the north.

K. Rich. Cold friends to me: what do they in the north.

When they should serve their sovereign in the Stan. They have not been commanded, mighty king:

Pleaseth your majesty to give me leave. I'll muster up my friends, and meet your grace Where and what time your majesty shall please. K. Rich. Ay, ay, thou wouldst be gone to join with Richmond;

But I'll not trust thee

Stan. Most mighty sovereign, You have no cause to hold my friendship 'doubtful:

I never was nor never will be false.

K. Rich. Go, then, and muster men. leave behind be firm. Your son, George Stanley: look your heart Or else his head's assurance is but frail.

Stan. So deal with him as I prove true to you. Exit.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My gracious sovereign, now in Devonshire.

As I by friends am well advertised. Sir Edward Courtney, and the haughty prelate, Bishop of Exeter, his elder brother, With many more confederates, are in arms.

Enter a second Messenger.

2 Mess. In Kent, my liege, the Guilfords are in arms;

And every hour more competitors [strong. Flock to the rebels, and their power grows

Enter a third Messenger.

3 Mess. My lord, the army of great Buckingham.—

K. Rich. Out on ye, owls! nothing but songs of death? [He strikes him. There, take thou that till thou bring better

3 Mess. The news I have to tell your majesty Is, that by sudden floods and fall of waters, Buckingham's army is dispers'd and scatter'd: And he himself wander'd away alone,

No man knows whither.

K. Rich. I cry you mercy:
There is my purse to cure that hlow of thine.
Hath any well-advised friend proclaim'd
Reward to him that brings the traitor in?
3 Mess. Such proclamation hath been made,
my liege.

Enter a fourth Messenger.

4 Mess. Sir Thomas Lovel and Lord Marquis Dorset,

'Tis said, my liege, in Yorkshire are in arms. But this good comfort bring I to your high-

The Bretagne navy is dispers'd by tempest: Richmond, in Dorsetshire, sent out a boat Unto the shore, to ask those on the banks If they were his assistants, yea or no; Who answer'd him they came from Bucking-

ham Upon his party: he, mistrusting them, Hois'd sail, and made his course again for Bre-

tagne. [in arms; K. Rich. March on, march on, since we are up If not to fight with foreign enemies, Yet to heat down these rebels here at home.

Re-enter CATESBY.

Cate. My liege, the Duke of Buckingham is taken,— [mond That is the best news; that the Earl of Rich-

Is with a mighty power landed at Milford
Is colder news, but yet they must be told.

K. Rich. Away towards Salisbury! while we

reason here
A royal battle might be won and lost:
Some one take order Buckingham be brought
To Salisbury; the rest march on with me.
[Flourish. Exeunt.

Scene V.—A Room in Lord Stanley's House.

Enter STANLEY and SIR CHRISTOPHER URSWICK.

Stan. Sir Christopher, tell Richmond this from me:-

That in the sty of the most deadly boar My son George Stanley is frank'd up in hold: If I revolt, off goes young George's head; The fear of that holds off my present aid.
So, get thee gone: commend me to thy lord;
Withal say that the queen hath heartily consented

He should espouse Elizabeth her daughter But tell me, where is princely Richmond now? Chris. At Pembroke, or at Ha'rford-west, in Wales.

Stan. What men of name resort to him? Chris. Sir Walter Herbert, a renowned soldier:

Sir Gilbert Talbot, Sir William Stanley;
Oxford, redoubted Pembroke, Sir James Blunt,
And Rice ap Thomas, with a valiant crew;
And many other of great name and worth:
And towards London do they bend their power,
If by the way they be not fought withal. [hand;
Stan. Well, he thee to thy lord; I kiss his

Stan. Well, hie thee to thy lord; I kiss his These letters will resolve him of my mind. Farewell. [Gives papers to Six CHRIS. [Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I.—Salisbury. An open place.

Enter the Sheriff and Guard, with Bucking—
HAM, led to execution.

Buck. Will not King Richard let me speak with him?

Sher. No, my good lord; therefore be patient.

Buck. Hastings, and Edward's children,
Grey, and Rivers,

Holy King Henry, and thy fair son Edward, Vaughan, and all that have miscarried By underhand corrupted foul injustice,— If that your moody discontented souls Do through the clouds behold this present hour, Even for revenge mock my destruction!— This is All-Souls' day, fellows, is it not?

[doomsday. Sher. It is, my lord. Buck. Why, then, All-Souls' day is my body's This is the day which in King Edward's time I wish'd might fall on me, when I was found False to his children or his wife's allies; This is the day wherein I wish'd to fall By the false faith of him whom most I trusted; This, this All-Soul's day to my fearful soul Is the determin'd respite of my wrongs: That high All-Seer which I dallied with Hath turn'd my feigned prayer on my head, And given in earnest what I begg'd in jest. Thus doth he force the swords of wicked men To turn their own points on their masters' bosoms:

Thus Margaret's curse falls heavy on my neck,—
When he, quoth she, shall split thy heart with Remember Margaret was a prophetess.—
Come, sirs, convey me to the block of shame; Wrong hath but wrong, and blame the due of

blame. [Exeunt.

Scene II .- Plain near Tamworth.

Enter, with drum and colours, RICHMOND, OX-FORD, SIR JAMES BLUNT, SIR WALTER HERBERT, and others, with Forces, marching.

Richm. Fellows in arms, and my most loving friends.

Bruis'd underneath the yoke of tyranny, Thus far into the bowels of the land Have we march'd on without impediment; And here receive we from our father Stanley Lines of fair comfort and encouragement. The wretched, bloody, and usurping boar, That spoil'd your summer fields and fruitful vines.

Swills your warm blood like wash, and makes his trough

In your embowell'd bosoms,—this foul swine Lies now even in the centre of this isle, Near to the town of Leicester, as we learn: From Tamworth thither is but one day's march. In God's name, cheerly on, courageous friends, To reap the harvest of perpetual peace By this one bloody trial of sharp war.

Oxf. Every man's conscience is a thousand

swords,

To fight against that bloody homicide. Herb. I doubt not but his friends will turn to

Blunt. He hath no friends but what are Sweet Blunt, make some good means to speak

friends for fear, Which in his dearest need will fly from him. Richm. All for our vantage. Then, in God's name, march:

True hope is swift, and flies with swallows' wings;

Kings it makes gods, and meaner creatures Exeunt. kings.

Scene III.—Bosworth Field.

Enter KING RICHARD and Forces; the DUKE OF NORFOLK, EARL OF SURREY, and others.

K. Rich. Here pitch our tents, even here in Bosworth field.~

My Lord of Surrey, why look you so sad? Sur. My heart is ten times lighter than my looks.

K. Rich. My Lord of Norfolk,-

Nor. Here, most gracious liege. K. Rich. Norfolk, we must have knocks; ha! must we not? lord. Nor. We must both give and take, my loving

K. Rich. Up with my tent! Here will I lie to-night;

Soldiers begin to set up the KING'S tent. But where to-morrow? Well, all's one for that .-

Who hath described the number of the traitors? Nor. Six or seven thousand is their utmost power. count:

K. Rich. Why, our battalia trebles that ac-Besides, the king's name is a tower of strength, Which they upon the adverse faction want.-Up with the tent!-Come, noble gentlemen, Let us survey the vantage of the ground;-Call for some men of sound direction:-Let's lack no discipline, make no delay; For, lords, to-morrow is a busy day. [Exeunt.

Enter, on the other side of the Field, RICH-MOND, SIR WILLIAM BRANDON, OXFORD and other Lords. Some of the Soldiers pitch RICHMOND'S tent.

Richm. The weary sun hath made a golden

And by the bright track of his fiery car

Gives token of a goodly day to-morrow.ir William Brandon, you shall bear my standard.-

Give me some ink and paper in my tent: I'll draw the form and model of our battle. Limit each leader to his several charge. And part in just proportion our small power.— My Lord of Oxford,—you, Sir William Brandon.

And you, Sir Walter Herbert,-stay with me. The Earl of Pembroke keeps his regiment:-Good Captain Blunt, bear my good-night to him, And by the second hour in the morning Desire the earl to see me in my tent:

Yet one thing more, good captain, do for me,-Where is Lord Stanley quarter'd, do you know? Blunt. Unless I have mista'en his colours

much,-Which well I am assur'd I have not done,-

His regiment hes half a mile at least South from the mighty power of the king. Richm. If without peril it be possible,

with him, And give him from me this most needful note.

Blunt. Upon my life, my lord, I'll undertake it;

And so, God give you quiet rest to-night! Richm. Good-night, good Captain Blunt .-Come, gentlemen,

Let us consult upon to-morrow's business: In to my tent the air is raw and cold.

[They withdraw into the tent.

Enter, to his tent, KING RICHARD, NORFOLK RATCLIFF, and CATESBY.

K. Rich. What is't o'clock? Cate. It's supper-time, my lord:

Care.
It's six o'clock.

K' Rich. I will not sup to-night.— What, is my beaver easier than it was? And all my armour laid into my tent?

Cate. It is, my liege; and all things are in readiness.

K. Rich. Good Norfolk, hie thee to thy charge;

Use careful watch, choose trusty sentinels.

Nor. I go, my lord. K. Rich. Stir with the lark to-morrow, gentle

Norfolk. Nor. I warrant you, my lord. Exit. K. Rich. Rateliff,-

Rat. My lord?

K. Rich. Send out a pursuivant-at-arms To Stanley's regiment; bid him bring his power Before sunrising, lest his son George tall Into the blind cave of eternal night,-Fill me a bowl of wine.-Give me a watch.-Saddle white Surrey to the field to-morrow. Look that my staves be sound, and not too heavy.-

Ratcliff,— Rat. My lord?

K. Rich. Saw'st thou the melancholy Lord Northumberland?

Rat. Thomas the Earl of Surrey and himself, Much about cock-shut-time, from troop to troop

Went through the army, cheering up the Think how thou stabb'dst me in my prime of soldiers.

K. Rich. So, I am satisfied.—Give me a bowl At Tewksbury: despair, therefore, and dielof wine:

I have not that alacrity of spirit Nor cheer of mind that I was wont to have. Set it down .- Is ink and paper ready?

Rat. It is, my lord.

K. Rich. Bid my guard watch; leave me. Ratcliff, about the mid of night come to my tent And help to arm me. Leave me, I say.

[K. Rich. retires into his tent. Exeunt RATCLIFF and CATESBY.

RICHMOND'S tent opens, and discovers him andhis Officers, &c.

Enfer STANLEY.

Stan. Fortune and victory sit on thy helm! Richm. All comfort that the dark night can

Be to thy person, noble father-in-law! Tell me, how fares our loving mother?

Stan. I, by attorney, bless thee from thy mother,

Who prays continually for Richmond's good: So much for that.—The silent hours steal on, And flaky darkness breaks within the east. In brief,-for so the season bids us be,-Prepare thy battle early in the morning, And put thy fortune to the arbitrement Of bloody strokes and mortal-staring war. I, as I may,-that which I would I cannot.-With best advantage will deceive the time, And aid thee in this doubtful stroke of arms: But on thy side I may not be too forward, Lest, being seen, thy brother, tender George, Be executed in his father's sight. Farewell: the leisure and the fearful time Cuts off the ceremonious vows of love And ample interchange of sweet discourse, Which so-long-sunder'd friends should dwell upon:

God give us leisure for these rites of love! Once more, adieu: be valiant, and speed well! Richm. Good lords, conduct him to his regi-

ment: I'll strive, with troubled thoughts, to take a nap,

Lest leaden slumber peise me down to-morrow, When I should mount with wings of victory: Once more, good-night, kind lords and gentlemen.

Exeunt Lords, &c. with STAN. O Thou whose captain I account myself, Look on my forces with a gracious eye; Put in their hands thy bruising irons of wrath, That they may crush down with a heavy fall The usurping helmets of our adversaries! Make us thy ministers of chastisement, That we may praise thee in thy victory! To thee I do commend my watchful soul Ere I let fall the windows of mine eyes: Sleeping and waking, O, defend me still!

The Ghost of PRINCE EDWARD, son to HENRY THE SIXTH, rises between the two tents.

Ghost. Let me sit heavy on thy soul to-To KING RICHARD. youth

Be cheerful, Richmond; for the wronged souls Of butcher'd princes fight in thy behalf: King Henry's issue, Richmond, comforts thee.

The Ghost of King Henry the Sixth rises.

Ghost. When I was mortal, my anointed body [To King Richard.

By thee was punched full of deadly holes: Think on the Tower and me: despair, and die, Harry the Sixth bids thee despair and die!-

Virtuous and holy, be thou conqueror! To RICHMOND.

Harry, that prophesied thou shouldst be king Doth comfort thee in sleep: live, and flourish!

The Ghost of CLARENCE rises.

Ghost. Let me sitheavy on thy soulto-morrow! To KING RICHARD. I, that was wash'd to death with fulsome wine Poor Clarence, by thy guile betray'd to death!

To-morrow in the battle think on me, And fall thy edgeless sword: despair, and die!— Thou offspring of the house of Lancaster,

To RICHMOND. The wronged heirs of York do pray for thee: Good angels guard thy battle! live, and flourish!

The Ghosts of RIVERS, GREY, and VAUGHAN

G. of R. Let me sit heavy on thy soul to-morrow, [To King Richard.

Rivers, that died at Pomfret! despair, and die! G. of G. Think upon Grey, and let thy soul despair! To KING RICHARD. G. of V. Think upon Vaughan, and, with

guilty fear, Let fall thy lance: despair, and die!-

To KING RICHARD All Three. Awake, and think our wrongs in Richard's bosom [To RICHMOND. Will conquer him!-awake, and win the day!

The Ghost of Hastings rises.

Ghost. Bloody and guilty, guiltily awake, To KING RICHARD.

And in a bloody battle end thy days! Think on Lord Hastings: despair, and die!— Ouiet untroubled soul, awake, awake!

To RICHMOND. Arm, fight, and conquer, for fair England's sake!

The Ghosts of the two young Princes rise.

Ghosts. Dream on thy cousins, smother'd in the Tower:

Let us be lead within thy bosom, Richard, And weigh thee down to ruin, shame, and death! Thy nephews' souls, bid thee despair and die!-Sleep, Richmond, sleep in peace, and wake

in joy; Good angels guard thee from the boar's annoy! Live, and beget a happy race of kings! Edward's unhappy sons do bid thee flourish.

The Ghost of Queen Anne rises.

Ghost. Richard, thy wife, that wretched Anne thy wife,

That never slept a quiet hour with thee, Now fills thy sleep with perturbations: To-morrow in the battle think on me, And fall thy edgeless sword: despair, and die!—

And fall thy edgeless sword: despair, and die!—
Thou quiet soul, sleep thou a quiet sleep;
[To RICHMOND.

Dream of success and happy victory: Thy adversary's wife doth pray for thee.

The Ghost of BUCKINGHAM rises.

Ghost. The first was I that help'd thee to the crown; To King Richard The last was I that felt thy tyranny:
O, in the battle think on Buckingham, And die in terror of thy guiltiness!
Dream on, dream on of bloody deeds and death:
Fainting, despair; despairing, yield thy breath!—

I died for hope ere I could lend thee aid.
[To RICHMOND.
But cheer thy heart, and be thou not dismay'd:

But cheer thy heart, and be thou not dismay'd: God and good angels fight on Richmond's side. And Richard falls in height of all his pride. [The Ghosts vanish. K. RICH. starts.

out of his dream.

K. Rich. Give me another horse,—bind up

my wounds,—
Have mercy, Jesu!—Soft! I did but dream.—
O coward conscience, how dost thou afflict

The lights burn blue.—It is now dead midnight.

Cold fearful drops stand on my trembling flesh. What, do I fear myself? there's none else by: Richard loves Richard; that is, I am I. Is there a murderer here? No;—yes; I am: Then fly. What, from myself? Great reason what.

why,—
Lest I revenge. What,—myself upon myself!
Alack, I love myself. Wherefore? for any good
That I myself have done unto myself?
O, not alas, I rather hate myself
For hateful deeds committed by myself!
I am a villain: yet I lie, I am not.
Fool, of thyself speak well:—fool, do not
flatter.

My conscience hath a thousand several tongues,
And every tongue brings in a several tale,
And every tale condemns me for a villam.
Perjury, perjury, in the high'st degree;
Murder, stern murder, in the dir'st degree;
All several suns, all us'd in each degree,
Throng to the bar, crynng all, Guiltyl guiltyl
I shall despair. There is no creature loves me;
And if I die no soul shall pity me:
Nay, wherefore should they,—since that I
myself

Find in myself no nity to myself? Methought the souls of all that I had murder'd Came to my tent; and every one did threat To-morrow's vengeance on the head of Richard.

Enter RATCLIFF.

Rat. My lord,— K. Rich. Who's there? [village-cock Rat. Ratcliff, my lord; 'tis I. The early Hath twice done salutation to the morn; Your friends are up. and buckle on their armour. K. Rich. O Ratcliff, I have dream'd a fearful dream!— [true? What thinkest thou,—will our friends prove all

Rat. No doubt, my lord.

K. Rich.

O Ratchiff, I fear, I fear,

Rat. Nay, good my lord, be not afraid of shadows. [night

K. Rich. By the apostle Paul, shadows to-Have struck more terror to the soul of Richard Than can the substance of ten thousand soldiers

Armed in proof and led by shallow Richmond. It is not yet near day. Come, go with me; Under our tents I'll play the eaves-dropper, To hear if any mean to shrink from me.

Exeunt K. Rich. and Ratcliff.

despairing, yield thy RICHMOND wakes. Enter Oxford and others

Lords. Good-morrow, Richmond! [men, Richm. Cry mercy, lords and watchful gentle-That you have ta'en a tardy sluggard here. Lords. How have you slept, my lord? Richm. The sweetest sleen and feirast-hoding.

Richm. The sweetest sleep and fairest-boding dreams
That ever enter'd in a drowsy head

Have I since your departure had, my lords. Methought their souls whose bodies Richard

murder'd
Came to my tent, and cried on victory:
I promise you, my heart is very jocund
In the remembrance of so fair a dream.
How far into the morning is it, lords?
Lords. Upon the stroke of four.

Rich. Why, then, 'tis time to arm and give direction.—

[He advances to the Troops.

More than I have said, loving countrymen,
The leisure and enforcement of the time
Forbids to dwell on: yet remember this,—
God and our good cause fight upon our side;
The prayers of holy saints and wronged souls,
Like high-rear'd bulwarks, stand before our
faces:

Richard except, those whom we fight against Had rather have us win than him they follow? For what is he they follow? truly, gentlemen, A bloody tyrant and a homicide; [lish'd; One rais'd in blood, and one in blood estable. One that made means to come by what he hath, And slaughter'd those that were the means to help him;

A base foul stone, made precious by the foil Of England's chair, where he is falsely set; One that hath ever been God's enemy: Then, if you fight against God's enemy God will, in justice, ward you as his soldiers; If you do sweat to put a tyrant down, You sleep in peace, the tyrant being slain; If you do fight against your country's foes, Your country's fat shall pay your pains the hire; If you do fight in safeguard of your wives, Your wives shall welcome home the conquerors; If you do free your children from the sword, Your children's children quit it in your age. Then, in the name of God and all these rights, Advance your standards, draw your willing swords.

Hath twice done salutation to the morn; For me, the ransom of my bold attempt
Your friends are up, and buckle on their armour. Shall be this cold corpse on the earth's cold face;

But if I thrive, the gain of my attempt The least of you shall share his part thereof. Sound drums and trumpets boldly and cheerfully;

God and Saint George! Richmond and victory! [Exeunt.

Re-enter KING RICHARD, RATCLIFF, Attendants, and Forces.

K. Rich. What said Northumberland as touching Richmond?

Rat. That he was never trained up in arms. K. Rich. He said the truth: and what said Surrey then? purpose.

Rat. He smil'd, and said, the better for our K. Rich. He was in the right; and so, indeed, it is. Clock strikes.

Tell the clock there.—Give me a calendar.— Who saw the sun to-day?

Not I, my lord. Rat. K. Rich. Then he disdains to shine; for by the book

He should have brav'd the east an hour ago: A black day will it be to somebody .-Ratcliff.

Rat. My lord?

H. Rich. The sun will not be seen to-day; The sky doth frown and lower upon our army. I would these dewy tears were from the ground. Not shine to-day! Why, what is that to me More than to Richmond? for the selfsame heaven

That frowns on me looks sadly upon him.

Enter Norfolk.

Nor. Arm, arm, my lord; the foe vaunts in the field. K. Rich. Come, bustle, bustle; caparison my Call up Lord Stanley, bid him bring his power:

I will lead forth my soldiers to the plain, And thus my battle shall be ordered:-My forward shall be drawn out all in length. Consisting equally of horse and foot: Our archers shall be placed in the midst: John Duke of Norfolk, Thomas Earl of Surrey, Shall have the leading of this foot and horse. They thus directed, we ourself will follow In the main battle; whose puissance on either

side Shall be well winged with our chiefest horse. This, and Saint George to boot!—What think'st Alarum: thou, Norfolk?

Nor. A good direction, warlike sovereign.-This found I on my tent this morning.

[Giving a scroll. K. Rich. [Reads.] Jocky of Norfolk, be not too

For Dickon thy master is bought and sold. A thing devised by the enemy. Go, gentlemen, every man unto his charge: Let not our babbling dreams affright our souls: Conscience is but a word that cowards use, Devis'd at first to keep the strong in awe: Our strong arms be our conscience, swords our law.

March on, join bravely, let us to 't pell-mell; If not to heaven, then hand in hand to hell What shall I say more than I have inferr'd? Remember whom you are to cope withal;-

A sort of vagabonds, rascals, and runaways, A scum of Bretagnes, and base lackey peasants, Whom their o'er-cloyed country vomits forth To desperate ventures and assur'd destruction. You sleeping safe, they bring you to unrest; You having lands, and bless'd with beauteous wives,

They would restrain the one, distain the other. And who doth lead them but a paltry fellow. Long kept in Bretagne at our mother's cost? A milk sop, one that never in his life Felt so much cold as over shoes in snow? Let's whip these stragglers o'er the seas again; Lash hence these over-weening rags of France, These famish'd beggars, weary of their lives; Who, but for dreaming on this fond exploit, For want of means, poor rats, had hang'd themselves:

If we be conquer'd, let men conquer us, And not these bastard Bretagnes; whom our fathers [thump'd, Have in their own land beaten, bobb'd, and And, on record, left them the heirs of shame. Shall these enjoy our lands? lie with our

wives? Ravish our daughters?—Hark! I hear their

drum. Drum afar off. Fight, gentlemen of England! fight, bold yeomen!

Draw, archers, draw your arrows to the head! Spur your proud horses hard, and ride in blood; Amaze the welkin with your broken staves!

Enter a Messenger.

What says Lord Stanley? will he bring his power?

Mess. My lord, he doth deny to come. K. Rich. Off with his son George's head! Nor. My lord, the enemy is pass'd the marsh:

After the battle let George Stanley die. K. Rich. A thousand hearts are great within my bosom:

Advance our standards, set upon our foes; Our ancient word of courage, fair Saint George, Inspire us with the spleen of fiery dragons! Upon them! Victory sits on our helms.

Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Another part of the Field.

excursions. Enter Norfolk and Forces; to him CATESBY.

Cate. Rescue, my Lord of Norfolk, rescue, rescue!

The king enacts more wonders than a man, Daring an opposite to every danger: His horse is slain, and all on foot he fights, Seeking for Richmond in the throat of death Rescue, fair lord, or else the day is lost!

Alarum. Enter King Richard.

K. Rich. A horse! a horse! my kingdom for a horse!

Cate. Withdraw, my lord; I'll help you to a horse.

K. Rich. Slave, I have set my life upon a cast, And I will stand the hazard of the die: I think there be six Richmonds in the field;

Five have I slain to-day instead of him.-A horse! a horse! my kingdom for a horse! Exeunt.

Scene V .- Another Part of the Field.

Alarums. Enter, from opposite sides, KING RICHARD and RICHMOND; and exeunt fighting. Retreat, and flourish. Then re-enter RICHMOND, with STANLEY bearing the crown and divers other Lords and Forces.

Richm. God and your arms be prais'd, victorious friends;

The day is ours, the bloody dog is dead. Stan. Courageous Richmond, well hast thou acquit thee!

Lo, here, this long-usurped royalty From the dead temples of this bloody wretch Have I pluck'd off, to grace thy brows withal: Wear it, enjoy it, and make much of it. [all!-Richm. Great God of heaven, say Amen to But, tell me, is young George Stanley living?

Stan. He is, my lord, and safe in Leicester town, Whither, if it please you, we may now withdraw Richm. What men of name are slain on either

side? Stan. John Duke of Norfolk, Walter Lord Ferrers. fdon.

Sir Robert Brakenbury, and Sir William Bran-Richm. Inter their bodies as becomes their That she may long live here, God say Amen!

Proclaim a pardon to the soldiers fled That in submission will return to us: And then, as we have ta'en the sacrament. We will unite the white rose and the red:-Smile heaven upon this fair conjunction. That long hath frown'd upon their enmity! What traitor hears me, and says not Amen? England hath long been mad, and scarr'd herself;

The brother blindly shed the brother's blood. The father rashly slaughter'd his own son, The son, compell'd, been butcher to the sire: All this divided York and Lancaster, Divided in their dire division. O, now let Richmond and Elizabeth, The true succeeders of each royal house, By God's fair ordinance conjoin together! And let their heirs,-God, if thy will be so, Enrich the time to come with smooth'd-fac'd peace,

With smiling plenty, and fair prosperous days! Abate the edge of traitors, gracious Lord, That would reduce these bloody days again, And make poor England weep in streams of blood!

Let them not live to taste this land's increase That would with treason wound this fair land's peace!

Now civil wounds are stopp'd, peace lives

Exeunt.

KING HENRY VIII

PERSONS REPRESENTED

CARDIMAL CAMPRIUS.
CAPUCIUS, Ambas. from the Emperor Charles V.
CRANMER, Archbishop of Canterbury.
DUKE OF NORFOLK.
DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM.
DUKE OF SUFFOLK.
EARL OF SURFEY.
LOYD Chamberlain. Lord Chancellor.
GARDINER, Bishop of Winchester.
BISHOP OF LINCOLN.
LORD ABERCAVENNY.
LORD SANDS.
SIR HENRY GUILFORD.
SIR THOMAS LOVELL.
SIR ANTHONY DENNY.

King Henry the Eighth. Cardinal Wolsey.

SIR NICHOLAS VAUX. Secretaries to WOLSEY. CROMWELL, Servant to WOLSEY. GRIFFITH, Gent.-Usher to QUEEN KATHARINE. Three Gentlemen. DR. BUTTS, Physician to the KING. Garter King-at-Arms. Surveyor to the DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM. BRANDON, and a Sergeant-at-Arms. Doorkeeper of the Council Chamber. Porter, and his Man. Page to Gardiner. A Crier. Queen Katharine, Wife to King Henry, afterwards divorced. ANNE BULLEN, her Maid of Honour, afterwards Queen. An Old Lady, Friend to Anne Bullen. Patience, Woman to Queen Katharine. Several Lords and Ladies in the Dumb Shows; Women attending upon the QUEEN; Scribes, Officers, Guards, and other Attendants; Spirits.

Scene,-Chiefly in London and Westminster; once at Kimbolton.

PROLOGUE.

I come no more to make you laugh: things now That bear a weighty and a serious brow, Sad, high, and working, full of state and woe, Such noble scenes as draw the eye to flow, We now present. Those that can pity, here May, if they think it well, let fall a tear; The subject will deserve it. Such as give Their money out of hope they may believe, May here find truth too. Those that come to see

Only a show or two, and so agree

The play may pass, if they be still and willing, I'll undertake may see away their shilling Ruchly in two short hours. Only they That come to hear a merry bawdy play, A noise of targets, or to see a fellow In a long motley coat guarded with yellow, Will be deceiv'd; for, gentle hearers, know, To rank our chosen truth with such a show As fool and fight is, beside forfeiting Our own brains, and the opinion that we bring, To make that only true we now intend, Will leave us never an understanding friend.

Therefore, for goodness' sake, and as you are known

The first and happiest hearers of the town, Be sad, as we would make ye: think ye see The very persons of our noble story As they were living; think you see them great, And follow'd with the general throng and sweat Of thousand friends; then, in a moment, see How soon this mightiness meets misery: And if you can be merry then I'll say A man may weep upon his wedding-day.

ACT I.

SCENE I .- LONDON. An Ante-Chamber in the Palace.

Enter the DUKE OF NORFOLK at one door; at the other, the DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM and the LORD ABERGAVENNY.

Buck. Good-morrow, and well met. How have you done

Since last we saw in France?

I thank your grace, Healthful; and ever since a fresh admirer Of what I saw there.

Buck. An untimely ague Stay'd me a prisoner in my chamber, when Those suns of glory, those two lights of men, Met in the vale of Andren.

'Twixt Guynes and Arde: Nor.

I was then present, saw them salute on horseback: [clung Beheld them, when they lighted, how they

In their embracement, as they grew together; Which had they, what four thron'd ones could have weigh'd

Such a compounded one?

All the whole time Buck. I was my chamber's prisoner.

Then you lost

The view of earthly glory: men might say, Till this time pomp was single, but now marmed

To one above itself. Each following day Became the next day's master, till the last Made former wonders it's: to-day the French, All clinquant, all in gold, like heathen gods, Shone down the English; and to-morrow they Made Britain India: every man that stood Show'd like a mine. Their dwarfish pages

As cherubims, all gilt: the madams too, Not us'd to toil, did almost sweat to bear The pride upon them, that their very labour Was to them as a painting: now this masque Was cried incomparable; and the ensuing night Made it a fool and beggar. The two kings, Equal in lustre, were now best, now worst, As presence did present them; him in eye, Still him in praise: and, being present both, 'Twas said they saw but one; and no discerner Durst wag his tongue in censure. When these [leng'd

For so they phrase 'em, -by their heralds chal-The noble spirits to arms, they did perform Beyond thought's compass: that former fabulous story,

Being now seen possible enough, got credit, That Bevis was believ'd.

Buck. O, you go far. Nor. As I belong to worship, and affect In honour honesty, the tract of everything Would by a good discourser lose some life, Which action's self was tongue to. All was royal;

To the disposing of it naught rebell'd, Order gave each thing view; the office did Distinctly his full function.

Who did guide-I mean, who set the body and the limbs Of this great sport together, as you guess?

Nor. One, certes, that promises no element

In such a business.

Buck. I pray you, who my lord? Nor. All this was order'd by the good discretion

Of the right reverend Cardinal of York. [freed Buck. The devil speed him! no man's pie is From his ambitious finger. What had he To do in these fierce vanities? I wonder That such a keech can with his very bulk Take up the rays o' the benefical sun, And keep it from the earth.

Nor. Surely, sir, There's in him stuff that puts him to these ends: [grace

being not propp'd by ancestry whose Chalks successors their way; nor call'd upon For high feats done to the crown; neither allied To eminent assistants; but, spider-like, Out of his self-drawing web, he gives us note The force of his own merit makes his way;

A gift that heaven gives for him, which buys A place next to the king. I cannot tell Aber.

What heaven hath given him,—let some graver

Pierce into that; but I can see his pride Peep through each part of him: whence has he that?

If not from hell, the devil is a niggard; Or has given all before, and he begins A new hell in himself.

Why the devil, Buck. Upon this French going-out, took he upon him, Without the privity o' the king, to appoint
Who should attend on him? He makes up the file

Of all the gentry; for the most part such To whom as great a charge as little honour He meant to lay upon: and his own letter, The honourable board of council out, Must fetch him in the papers.

Aber. I do know Kinsmen of mine, three at the least, that have By this so sicken'd their estates that never They shall abound as formerly.

Buck. O, many ['em Have broke their backs with laying manors on For this great journey. What did this vanity But minister communication of

A most poor issue? Nor. Gnevingly I think,

The peace between the French and us not values,

The cost that did conclude it.

Every man, Buck. After the hideous storm that follow'd was A thing inspir'd; and, not consulting, broke Into a general prophecy,—That this tempest, Dashing the garment of this peace, aboded The sudden breach on't.

Which is budded out; Nor. For France hath flaw'd the league, and hath

attach'd

Our merchants' goods at Bordeaux. Is it therefore Aber.

The ambassador is silenc'd?

Marry, is't. Nor. Aber. A proper title of a peace; and pur-

châs'd

At a superfluous rate!

Why, all this business Our reverend cardinal carried.

Like it your grace, The state takes notice of the private difference Betwixt you and the cardinal. I advise you,-And take it from a heart that wishes towards

you Honour and plenteous safety,—that you read The cardinal's malice and his potency Together; to consider further, that

What his high hatred would effect wants not A minister in his power. You know his nature, That he's revengeful; and I know his sword Hath a sharp edge: it's long, and, 'tmay be said, It reaches far; and where 'twill not extend, Thither he darts it. Bosom up my counsel, You'll find it wholesome.-Lo, where comes that rock

That I advise you shunning.

Enter CARDINAL WOLSEY, the purse borne before him, certain of the Guard, and two Secretaries with papers. The CARDINAL in his passage fixeth his eye on Buckingham, and BUCKINGHAM on him, both full of disdam.

Wol. The Duke of Buckingham's surveyor? ha?

Where's his examination?

Here, so please you. I Secr. Wol. Is he in person ready?

Ay, please your grace. I Secr. Wol. Well, we shall then know more; and

Buckingham

Shall lessen this big look.

[Exeunt WOLSEY and Train. Buck. This butcher's cur is venom-mouth'd. and I

Have not the power to muzzle him; therefore

Not wake him in his slumber. A beggar's book

Outworths a noble's blood. What, are you chaf'd? Nor. Ask God for temperance; that's the appliance

only Which your disease requires.

I read in's looks Buck. Matter against me; and his eye revil'd Me, as his abject object: at this instant [king; He bores me with some trick: he's gone to the

I'll follow, and outstare him. Nor. Stay, my lord, And let your reason with your choler question What 'tis you go about: to climb steep hills Requires slow pace at first: anger is like

A full-hot horse, who being allow'd his way,

Self-mettle tires him. Not a man in England As soon he shall by me, -that thus the cardinal

Can advise me like you: be to yourself As you would to your friend.

Buck.

I'll to the king; And from a mouth of honour quite cry down This Ipswich fellow's insolence; or proclaim There's difference in no persons.

Nor. Be advis'd: Heat not a furnace for your foe so hot That it do singe yourself: we may outrun, By violent swiftness, that which we run at, And lose by over-running. Know you not, The fire that mounts the liquor till 't run o'er, In seeming to augment it wastes it? Be advis'd: I say again, there is no English soul More stronger to direct you than yourself, If with the sap of reason you would quench

Or but allay the fire of passion. Buck. I am thankful to you; and I'll go along By your prescription: but this top-proud fel-

low,-Whom from the flow of gall I name not, but From sincere motions,-by intelligence And proofs as clear as founts in July, when We see each grain of gravel, I do know To be corrupt and treasonous.

Nor. Say not treasonous. Buck. To the king I'll say't; and make my vouch as strong

As shore of rock. Attend. This holy fox. Or wolf, or both, -for he is equal ravenous As he is subtle, and as prone to mischief As able to perform't; his mind and place Infecting one another, yea, reciprocally,-Only to show his pomp as well in France As here at home, suggests the king our master To this last costly treaty, the interview That swallow'd so much treasure, and like a glass

Did break i' the rinsing.

Faith, and so it did. Nor. Buck. Pray, give me favour, sir. This cunning cardinal

The articles o' the combination drew As himself preas'd; and they were ratified As he cried, Thus let be: to as much end As give a crutch to the dead; but our countcardinal

Has done this, and 'tis well; for worthy Wolsey, Who cannot err, he did it. Now this follows,-Which, as I take it, is a kind of puppy To the old dam treason,—Charles the emperor, Under pretence to see the queen his auni,— For 'twas indeed his colour, but he came To whisper Wolsey,—here makes visitation: His fears that the interview betwixt England and France might, through their amity, Breed him some prejudice; for from this league Peep'd harms that menac'd him: he privily Deals with our cardinal; and, as I trow,-Which I do well; for I am sure the emperor Paid ere he promis'd; whereby his suit was

granted Ere it was ask'd: -but when the way was made, And pav'd with gold, the emperor thus desir'd.

That he would please to alter the king's course, And break the foresaid peace. Let the king know.

Does buy and sell his honour as he pleases, And for his own advantage.

I am sorry To hear this of him; and could wish he were Something mistaken in't.

No. not a syllable: I do pronounce him in that very shape He shall appear in proof,

Enter Brandon, a Sergeant-at-Arms before him, and two or three of the Guard.

Bran. Your office, sergeant; execute it.

My lord the Duke of Buckingham, and Earl Of Hereford, Stafford, and Northampton, I Arrest thee of high treason, in the name Of our most sovereign king.

Buck. Lo, you, my lord, The net has fall'n upon me! I shall perish

Under device and practice.

Bran. I am sorry To see you ta'en from liberty, to look on The business present: 'tis his highness' pleasure You shall to the Tower.

Ruck. It will help me nothing To plead mine innocence; for that dye is on me Which makes my whit'st part black. The will

of heaven Be done in this and all things!-I obey.--

O my Lord Aberga'ny, fare you well! Bran. Nay, he must bear you company .-The king ITO ABERGAVENNY. Is pleas'd you shall to the Tower, till you know

How he determines further. As the duke said, Aber.

The will of heaven be done, and the king's pleasure

By me obey'd! Втап. Here is a warrant from The king to attach Lord Montacute; and the bodies

Of the duke's confessor, John de la Car, One Gilbert Peck, his chancellor,---

So, so; Buck. These are the limbs o' the plot;-no more, I

hope. Bran. A monk o' the Chartreux.

Buck. O, Nicholas Hopkins? Bran. He.

Buck. My surveyor is false; the o'er-great cardinal ready: Hath show'd him gold; my life is spann'd al-

I am the shadow of poor Buckingham, Whose figure even this instant cloud puts on, By darkening my clear sun.-My lord, farewell. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- LONDON. The Council Chamber.

Cornets. Enter KING HENRY, CARDINAL WOLSEY, the Lords of the Council, SIR THOMAS LOVELL, Officers, and Attendants. The KING enters, leaning on the CARDINAL'S shoulder.

K. Hen. My life itself, and the best heart of To those which would not know them, and yet Thanks you for this great care: I stood i' the Of a full-charg'd confederacy, and give thanks To you that choked it.-Let be call'd before us

That gentleman of Buckingham's: in person I'll hear him his confessions justify: An point by point the treasons of his master He shall again relate.

The KING takes his state. The Lords of the Council take their several places. The CARDINAL places himself under the King's feet, on his right side.

noise within, crying, "Room for the Queen!" Enter QUEEN KATHADING Queen!" Enter QUEEN KATHARINE, ushered by the DUKES OF NORFOLK and SUFFOLK: she kneeds. The KING riseth from his state, takes her up, kisses, and placeth her by him.

Q. Kath. Nay, we must longer kneel: I am a suitor. your suit K. Hen. Arise, and take place by us:-half Never name to us; you have half our power:

The other moiety, ere you ask, is given; Repeat your will, and take it.

Thank your majesty. O. Kath. That you would love yourself, and in that love Not unconsider'd leave your honour, nor The dignity of your office, is the point

Of my petition.

K. Hen. Lady mine, proceed. Q. Kath. I am solicited, not by a few, And those of true condition, that your subjects Are in great grievance: there have been commissions

Sent down among 'em which have flaw'd the heart

Of all their loyalties:-wherein, although My good lord cardinal, they vent reproaches Most bitterly on you, as putter-on Of these exactions, yet the king our master,-Whose honour Heaven shield from soil!-even he escapes not

Language unmannerly, yea, such which breaks The sides of loyalty, and almost appears In loud rebellion.

Nor. Not almost appears,-It doth appear; for, upon these taxations, The clothiers all, not able to maintain Them any to them 'longing, have put off The spinsters, carders, fullers, weavers, who, Unfit for other life, compell'd by hunger And lack of other means, in desperate manner Daring the event to the teeth, are all in uproar,

And danger serves among them.

K. Hen.

Ta Taxation! Wherein? and what taxation?—My lord cardinal.

You that are blam'd for it alike with us, Know you of this taxation?

Wol. Please you, sir, I know but of a single part, in aught Pertains to the state; and front but in that file

Where others tell steps with me. Q. Kath. No, my lord,

You know no more than others; but you frame Things that are known alike; which are not wholesome

[level Perforce be their acquaintance. These exactions.

Whereof my sovereign would have note, they

The back is sacrifice to the load. They say They are devis'd by you; or else you suffer Too hard an exclamation.

K. Hen. Still exaction! The nature of it? in what kind, let's know, Is this exaction?

O. Kath. I am much too venturous In tempting of your patience; but am bolden'd Under your promis'd pardon. The subjects' grief

Comes through commissions, which compel Is run in your displeasure. from each

The sixth part of his substance, to be levied Without delay; and the pretence for this Is nam'd your wars in France: this makes bold mouths:

Tongues spit their duties out, and cold hearts freeze

Allegiance in them; their curses now Live where their prayers did: and it's come to pass

This tractable obedience is a slave To each incensed will. I would your highness Would give it quick consideration, for There is no primer business.

K. Hen. By my life,

This is against our pleasure.

Wol. And for me, I have no further gone in this than by A single voice; and that not pass'd me but By learned approbation of the judges. If I am Traduc'd by ignorant tongues, which neither know

My faculties nor person, yet will be The chronicles of my doing,-let me say 'Tis but the fate of place, and the rough brake That virtue must go through. We must not stint

Our necessary actions, in the fear To cope malicious censurers; which ever. As ravenous fishes, do a vessel follow That is new-trimm'd, but benefit no further Than vainly longing. What we oft do best, By sick interpreters, once weak ones, is Not ours, or not allow'd; what worst, as oft Hitting a grosser quality, is cried up For our best act. If we shall stand still In fear our motion will be mock'd or carp'd at We should take root here where we sit, or sit State-statues only.

Things done well K. Hen. And with a care exempt themselves from fear Things done without example, in their issue Are to be fear'd. Have you a precedent Of this commission? I believe, not any. We must not rend our subjects from our laws, And stick them in our will. Sixth part of each A trembling contribution! Why, we take From every tree lop, bark, and part o' the

timber; And, though we leave it with a root, thus hack'd The air will drink the sap. To every county Where this is question'd send our letters, with Free pardon to each man that has denied The force of this commission: pray, look to't;

I put it to your care. Wol. word with you

[To the Secretary. Let there be letters writ to every shire,

Most pestilent to the hearing; and to hear 'em Of the king's grace and pardon. The griev'd commons

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Hardly conceive of me; let it be nois'd That through our intercession this revokement And pardon comes: I shall anon advise you Further in the proceeding. Exit Secretary.

Enter Surveyor.

O. Kath. I am sorry that the Duke of Buckingham

K. Hen. It grieves many: The gentleman is learn'd, and a most rare speaker:

To nature none more bound; his training such That he may furnish and instruct great teachers And never seek for aid out of himself. Yet see, When these so noble benefits shall prove Not well dispos'd, the mind growing once

corrupt, They turn to vicious forms, ten times more

ugly

Than ever they were fair. This man so complete, Who was enroll'd 'mongst wonders, and when Almost with ravish'd list'ning, could not find His hour of speech a minute; he, my lady, Hath into monstrous habits put the graces That once were his, and is become as black

As if besmear'd in hell. Sit by us; you shall hear-This was his gentleman in trust,—of him Things to strike honour sad.—Bid him recount

The fore-cited practices; whereof We cannot feel too little, hear too much.

Wol. Stand forth, and with bold spirit relate

what you, Most like a careful subject, have collected Out of the Duke of Buckingham.

K. Hen. Speak freely. Surv. First, it was usual with him, every day It would infect his speech,—that if the king Should without issue die, he'll carry it so To make the sceptre his: these very words I have heard him utter to his son-in-law, Lord Aberga'ny; to whom by oath he menac'd Revenge upon the cardinal.

Please your highness, note Wol. This dangerous conception in this point. Not friended by his wish, to your high person

His will is most malignant; and it stretches
Beyond you to your friends.

O. Kath.

My learn'd lord cardin My learn'd lord cardinal,

Deliver all with charity. Speak on:

K. Hen. How grounded he his title to the crown Upon our fail? to this point hast thou heard him At any time speak aught?

He was brought to this Surv. By a vain prophecy of Nicholas Hopkins.

K. Hen. What was that Hopkins Sir, a Chartreux friar, His confessor; who fed him every minute With words of sovereignty.

K. Hen. How know'st thou this? Surv. Not long before your highness sped to France,

The Duke being at the Rose, within the parish Saint Lawrence Poultney, did of me demand

What was the speech among the Londoners Concerning the French journey: I replied, Men fear'd the French would prove perfidious, To the king's danger. Presently the duke Said, 'twas the fear, indeed; and that he

doubted 'Twould prove the verity of certain words Spoke by a holy monk; That oft, says he. Hath sent to me, wishing me to permit John de la Car, my chaplain, a choice hour To hear from him a matter of some moment: Whom after under the confession's seal He solemnly had sworn, that what he spoke My chaplain to no creature living but To me should utter, with demure confidence This pausingly ensu'd,—Neither the king nor's heirs

Tell you the duke, shall prosper: bid him strive To gain the love o' the commonalty: the duke Shall govern England. Q. Kath. If

If I know you well You were the duke's surveyor, and lost your

fheed On the complaint o' the tenants: take good You charge not in your spleen a noble person, And spoil your nobler soul: I say, take heed: Yes, heartily beseech you.

K. Hen. Let him on:-

Go forward.

On my soul, I'll speak but truth. I told my lord the duke, by the devil's illusions The monk might be deceiv'd: and that 'twas dangerous for him

To ruminate on this so far, until It forg'd him some design, which, being believ'd,

It was much like to do: he answer'd, Tush, It can do me no damage; adding further, That, had the king in his last sickness fail'd, The cardinal's and Sir Thomas Lovell's heads Should have gone off.

K. Hen. Ha! what, so rank? Ah-ha! There's mischief in this man: - Canst thou say further?

Surv. I can, my liege

K. Hen. Proceed. Surv.

Being at Greenwich, After your highness had reprov'd the duke After your nightees About Sir William Blomer,—
I remember

Of such a time:—being my sworn servant, The duke retain'd him his .- But on; what hence?

Surv. If, quoth he, I for this had been committed,

As, to the Tower, I thought,-I would have play'd

The part my father meant to act upon
The usurper Richard; who, being at Salisbury, Made sunt to come in's presence; which, if

granted, As he made semblance of his duty, would Have put his knife into him.

K. Ĥen. A giant traitor!

Wol. Now, madam, may his highness live in freedom,

And this man out of prison?

Q. Kath. God mend all!
K. Hen. There's something more would out of thee; what say'st?

Surv. After the duke his father, with the knife,

He stretch'd him, and, with one hand on his dagger,

Another spread on's breast, mounting his eyes. He did discharge a horrible oath; whose tenor Was, were he evil us'd, he would out-go His father by as much as a performance Does an irresolute purpose.

There's his period. K. Hen. He is attach'd; To sheath his knife in us. Call him to present trial: if he may Find mercy in the law, 'tis his; if none Let him not seek't of us: by day and night, He is a daring traitor to the height. [Exeunt.

Scene III .- London. A Room in the Palace. Enter the Lord Chamberlain and LORD SANDS.

Cham. Is't possible the spells of France should juggle

Men into such strange mysteries? Sands. New customs. Though they be never so ridiculous,

Nay, let them be unmanly, yet are follow'd. Cham. As far as I see, all the good our English

Have got by the late voyage is but merely A fit or two o' the face; but they are shrewd ones;

For when they hold them, you would swear directly

Their very noses had been counsellors To Pepin or Clotharius, they keep state so.

Sands. They have all new legs, and lame ones: one would take it,

That never saw 'em pace before, the spavin Or springhalt reign'd among 'em. Cham. Death! my lord,

Their clothes are after such a pagan cut too, That sure they have worn out Christendom.

Enter SIR THOMAS LOVELL.

How now?

What news, Sir Thomas Lovell? Faith, my lord, I hear of none, but the new proclamation

That's clapp'd upon the court-gate.

Cham. What is't for? Lov. The reformation of our travell'd gal-

That fill the court with quarrels, talk, and Cham. I am glad 'tis there: now I would pray our monsieurs

To think an English courtier may be wise, And never see the Louvre.

Lov. They must either-For so run the conditions—leave those remnants Of fool and feather that they got in France, With all their honourable points of ignorance Pertaining thereunto,—as fights and fireworks: Abusing better men than the y can be, Out of a foreign wisdom,—renouncing clean The faith they have in tennis, and tall stockings, Short blister'd breeches, and those types of travel,

And understand again, like honest men Or pack to their old playfellows: there, I take it, They may, cum privilegio, wear away

The lag end of their lewdness, and be laugh'd

Sands. 'Tis time to give 'em physic, their diseases Are grown so catching.

SCENE III.]

What a loss our ladies Cham.

Will have of these trim vanities!

Ay, marry. There will be woe indeed, lords: the sly whoresons

Have got a speeding trick to lay down ladies; A French song and a fiddle has no fellow. Sands. The devil fiddle 'em! I am glad

they're going,-

For, sure, there's no converting of 'em:-now An honest country lord, as I am, beaten [song, A long time out of play, may bring his plain-And have an hour of hearing; and, by'r Lady, And have an Mo-Held current music too. Well said, Lord Sands;

Your colt's tooth is not cast yet.

Sands.

Nor shall not, while I have a stump.

Sir Thomas, No, my lord;

Whither were you a-going?

To the cardinal's: Your lordship is a guest too.

Cham. O, 'tis true: This night he makes a supper, and a great one, To many lords and ladies; there will be

The beauty of this kingdom, I'll assure you. Lov. That churchman bears a bounteous mind indeed.

A hand as fruitful as the land that feeds us;

His dews fall everywhere.

No doubt he's noble; He had a black mouth that said other of him. Sands. He may, my lord, -has wherewithal; in him trine:

Sparing would show a worse sin than ill doc-Men of his way should be most liberal;

They are set here for examples.

True, they are so; ones. My barge But few now give so great ones. stays: [Thomas, Your lordship shall along.—Come, good Sir We shall be late else; which I would not be, For I was spoke to, with Sir Henry Guildford,

This night to be comptrollers. Sands. I am your lordship's. [Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- LONDON. The Presence Chamber in York Place.

Hautboys. A small table under a state for the CARDINAL, a longer table for the guests. Enter, at one door, ANNE BULLEN, and divers Lords, Ladies, and Gentlewoman, as guests; at another door, enter SIR HENRY GUILDFORD.

Guild. Ladies, a general welcome from his

Salutes ye all; this night he dedicates To fair content and you: none here, he hopes, In all this noble bevy, has brought with her One care abroad; he would have all as merry As, first, good company, good wine, good welcome ftardy:

Can make good people.—O, my lord, you are For tis to such a thing,—

Enter Lord Chamberlain, LORD SANDS, and SIR THOMAS LOVELL.

The very thought of this fair company Clapp'd wings to me.

Cham. You are young, Sir Henry Guildford. Sands. Sir Thomas Lovell, had the cardinal But half my lay-thoughts in him, some of these Should find a running banquet ere they rested; I think would better please em: by my life, They are a sweet society of fair ones. [fessor

Lov. O, that your lordship were but now con-

To one or two of these!

Sands. I would I were: They should find easy penance

Lov.

Faith, how easy? Sands. As easy as a down-bed would afford it. Cham. Sweet ladies, will it please you sit?

Sir Harry, Place you that side; I'll take the charge of this; His grace is ent'ring .- Nay, you must not

freeze; Two women plac'd together makes cold

weather:-My Lord Sands, you are one will keep 'em waking;

Pray, sit between these ladies.

Sands. By my faith, And thank your lordship .- By your leave,

sweet ladies: Seats himself between ANNE BULLEN

and another Lady. If I chance to talk a little wild, forgive me; I had it from my father.

Was he mad, sir? Anne. Sands. O, very mad, exceeding mad, in love too:

But he would bite none; just as I do now,-He would kiss you twenty with a breath.

Kisses her. Well said, my lord .-So, now you've fairly seated .- Gentlemen, The penance hes on you if these fair ladies Pass away frowning.

Sands. For my little cure,

Let me alone.

Hautboys. Enter CARDINAL WOLSEY, attended; and takes his state.

Wol. Ye're welcome, my fair guests: that noble lady

Or gentleman that is not freely merry

Is not my friend: this, to confirm my welcome; And to you all, good health. [Drink:
Sands. Your grace is noble:-

Let me have such a bowl may hold my thanks, Let me have such a bon. And save me so much talking.

My Lord Sands.

I am beholden to you: cheer your neighbours,-Ladies, you are not merry:-gentlemen,

Whose fault is this? The red wine first must rise Sands. In their fair cheeks, my lord; then we shall have

'em

Talk us to silence.
You are a merry gamester,

My Lord Sands.

Yes, if I make my play. Here's to your ladyship: and pledge it, madam,

You cannot show me. Anne. Sands. I told your grace they would talk

> Drum and trumpets: Chambers discharged within.

Wol. What's that? Cham. Look out there, some of ye.

Exit a Servant. What warlike voice, Wol.

And to what end, is this?-Nay ladies, fear not; By all the laws of war ye're privileg'd.

Re-enter Servent.

Cham. How now! what is't?

Serv. A noble troop of strangers,-For so they seem: they have left their barge, and landed:

And hither make, as great ambassadors From foreign princes.

Good lord chamberlain. Wol.

Go, give 'em welcome; you can speak the French tongue;

And, pray receive 'em nobly, and conduct 'em Into our presence, where this heaven of beauty Shall shine at full upon them .- Some attend him.

Exit Chamberlain attended. All arise.

and tables removed. You have now a broken banquet: but we'll

mend it. A good digestion to you all: and once more I shower a welcome on you:-welcome all.

Hautboys. Enter the KING, and others, as maskers, habited like shepherds, with Torch-bearers, ushered by the Lord Chamberlain. They pass directly before the CARDINAL, and gracefully salute him.

A noble company! what are their pleasures? Cham. Because they speak no English, thus they pray'd

To tell your grace, -that, having heard by fame Of this so noble and so fair assembly

This night to meet here, they could do no less Out of the great respect they bear to beauty, But leave their flocks; and, under your fair conduct,

Crave leave to view these ladies, and entreat An hour of revels with 'em.

Say, lord chamberlain, They have done my poor house grace, for which I pay 'em pleasures.

A thousand thanks, and pray 'em take their [Ladies chosen for the dance. The KING chooses ANNE BULLEN. K. Hen. The fairest hand I ever touch'd!

O beauty,

Till now I never knew thee! [Music. Dance. Wol. My lord,-

Your grace?

Wol. Pray tell them thus much from me:-There should be one amongst them, by his person

More worthy this place than myself; to whom, If I but knew him, with my love and duty I would surrender it.

Cham. I will, my lord.

Wol. What say they?

Such a one, they all confess, There is indeed; which they would have your grace

Find out, and he will take it. Wol

Let me see, then .-[Comes from his state.

By all your good leaves, gentlemen:-here I'll make My royal choice.

Ye have found him, cardinal: K. Hen. [Unmasking.

You hold a fair assembly; you do well, lord: You are a churchman, or I'll tell you, cardinal I should judge now unhappily.

Wol. I am glad

Your grace is grown so pleasant.

K. Hen. My lord

My lord chamberlain, Pr'ythee, come hither: what fair lady's that?"
Cham. An't please your grace, Sir Thomas
Bullen's daughter,—
[women.

The Viscount Rochford, one of her highness' K. Hen. By heaven, she is a dainty one. Sweetheart,

I were unmannerly to take you out, And not to kiss you .- A health, gentlemen! Let it go round.

Wol. Sir Thomas Lovell, is the banquet ready I' the privy chamber?

Yes. my lord. Your grace, Lov. Wol.

Wol.

I fear, with dancing is a little heated.

K. Hen. I fear, too much.

Wol.

There's fresher air, my lord.

In the next chamber. sweet partner. K. Hen. Lead in your ladies, every one:— I must not yet forsake you:—let's be merry:— Good my lord cardinal, I have half a dozen

healths To drink to these fair ladies, and a measure To lead 'em once again; and then let's dream Who's best in favour.-Let the music knock it. [Exeunt, with trumpets.

ACT II.

Scene I. - London. A Street.

Enter two Gentlemen, meeting.

I Gent. Whither away so fast?

O, God save ye! 2 Gent. E'en to the hall, to hear what shall become

Of the great Duke of Buckingham. I Gent. I'll save you That labour, sir. All's now done, but the

ceremony

Of bringing back the prisoner.

Were you there? I Gent. Yes, indeed, was I.

2 Gent. Pray, speak what has happen'd.

I Gent. You may guess quickly what. 2 Gent. Is he found guilty?

I Gent. Yes, truly is he, and condemn'd upon't.

2 Gent. I am sorry for't.

I Gent. So are a number more. 2 Gent. But, pray, how pass'd it?

I Gent. I'll tell you in a little. The great Came to the bar; where to his accusations [Goes to the Maskers, and returns. He pleaded still not guilty, and alleg'd

Many sharp reasons to defeat the law. The king's attorney, on the contrary, Urg'd on the examinations, proofs, confessions Of divers witnesses; which the duke desir'd To have brought, viva voce, to his face: At which appear'd against him his surveyor; Sir Gilbert Peck, his chancellor; and John Car, Confessor to him; with that devil-monk, Hopkins, that made this mischief.

That was he 2 Gent. That fed him with his prophecies?

The same. 1 Gent. All these accus'd him strongly; which he fain Would have flung from him, but, indeed, he could not:

And so his peers, upon this evidence, Have found him guilty of high treason. Much He spoke, and learnedly, for life; but all Was either pitied in him or forgotten.

2 Gent. After all this, how did he bear him-1 Gent. When he was brought again to the stirr'd bar to hear

His knell rung out, his judgment,—he was With such an agony, he sweat extremely, And something spoke in choler, ill, and hasty; But he fell to himself again, and sweetly In all the rest show'd a most noble patience. 2 Gent. I do not think he fears death.

Sure, he does not, 1 Gent. He never was so womanish; the cause

He may a little grieve at.

2 Gent. Certainly The cardinal is the end of this.

'Tis likely, By all conjectures: first, Kildare's attainder, Then deputy of Ireland; who remov'd, Earl Surrey was sent thither, and in haste too, Lest he should help his father.

That trick of state 2 Gent. Was a deep envious one.

At his return 1 Gent. No doubt he will requite it. This is noted. And generally,—whoever the king favours The cardinal instantly will find employment,

And far enough from court too. All the commons 2 Gent Hate him perniciously, and, o' my conscience, Wish him ten fathom deep: this duke as much They love and dote on; call him bounteous

Buckingham, The mirror of all courtesy. 1 Gent. Stay there, sir, And see the noble ruin'd man you speak of.

Enter Buckingham from his arraignment; Tip-staves before him; the axe with the edge towards him; halberds on each side: with him Sir Thomas Lovell, Sir Nicholas VAUX, SIR WILLIAM SANDS, and common people.

2 Gent. Let's stand close, and behold him. All good people, You that thus far have come to pity me, Hear what I say, and then go home and lose me

I have this day receiv'd a traitor's judgment, And by that name must die: yet, heaven bear witness,

And if I have a conscience, let it sink me, Even as the axe falls, if I be not faithful!

The law I bear no malice for my death; 'T has done, upon the premises, but justice: But those that sought it I could wish more Christians:

Be what they will, I heartily forgive 'em: Yet let 'em look they glory not in mischief, Nor build their evils on the graves of great men; For then my guiltless blood must cry against 'em.

For further life in this world I ne'er hope, Nor will I sue, although the king have mercies More than I dare make faults. You few that lov'd me.

And dare be bold to weep for Buckingham, His noble friends and fellows, whom to leave Is only bitter to him, only dying, Go with me, like good angels, to my end; And as the long divorce of steel falls on me Make of your prayers one sweet sacrifice,

And lift my soul to heaven .- Lead on, o' Gods' name. Lov. I do beseech your grace, for charity, If ever any malice in your heart

Were hid against me, now to forgive me frankly. Buck. Sir Thomas Lovell, I as free forgive

As I would be forgiven: I forgive all; There cannot be those numberless offences 'Gainst me that I cannot take peace with: no

black envy Shall make my grave.—Commend me to his

grace; And if he speak of Buckingham, pray tell him You met him half in heaven: my vows and

prayers Yet are the king's; and, till my soul forsake, Shall cry for blessings on him: may he live Longer than I have time to tell his years! Ever belov'd may his rule bel And when old time shall lead him to his end.

Goodness and he fill up one monument! Lov. To the water side I must conduct your

Then give my charge up to Sir Nicholas Vaux, Who undertakes you to your end

Vaux. Prepare there, The duke is coming: see the barge be ready; And fit it with such furniture as suits

The greatness of his person.

Nay, Sir Nicholas, Buck. Let it alone: my state now will but mock me. When I came hither I was lord high constable And Duke of Buckingham; now, poor Edward Bohun:

Yet I am richer than my base accusers, That never knew what truth meant: I now seal And with that blood will make 'em one day groan for't.

My noble father, Henry of Buckingham Who first rais'd head against usurping Richard. Flying for succour to his servant Banister, Being distress'd, was by that wretch betray'd And without trial fell; God's peace be with him! Henry the Seventh succeeding, truly pitying My father's loss, like a most royal prince, Restor'd me to my honours, and out of runs Made my name once more noble. Now his son Henry the Eighth, life, honour, name, and all That made me happy, at one stroke has taken For ever from the world. I had my trial,

And must needs say a noble one; which makes SCENE II .- LONDON. An Ante-chamber in

A little happier than my wretched father: Yet thus far we are one in fortunes, -both Fell by our servants, by those men we lov'd most:

A most unnatural and faithless service! Heaven has an end in all. yet, you that hear me. This from a dying man receive as certain:-Where you are liberal of your loves and counsels,

Be sure you be not loose; for those you make friends **[ceive**

And give your hearts to, when they once per-The least rub in your fortunes, fall away Like water from ye, never found again But where they mean to sink ye. All good people, hour

Pray for me! I must now forsake ye: the last Of my long weary life is come upon me.

Farewell:

And when you would say something that is sad, Speak how I fell.-I have done; and God forgive me!

[Exeunt BUCKINGHAM and Train. 1 Gent. O, this is full of pity!-Sir, it calls, I fear, too many curses on their heads

That were the authors. If the duke be guiltless, 2 Gent. 'Tis full of woe: yet I can give you inkling Of an ensuing evil, if it fall,

Greater than this.

 Gent. Good angels, keep it from us! Where may it be? You do not doubt my faith,

sir? quire 2 Gent. This secret is so weighty, 'twill re-A strong faith to conceal it.

Let me have it;

1 Gent. I do not talk much.

2 Gent. I am confident: You shall, sir: did you not of late days hear

A buzzing of a separation Between the king and Katherine?

Yes, but it held not: I Gent. For when the king once heard it, out of anger He sent command to the lord mayor straight To stop the rumour, and allay those tongues That durst disperse it.

2 Gent. But that slander, sir, Is found a truth now: for it grows again Fresher than e'er it was; and held for certain The king will venture at it. Either the cardinal, Or some about him near, have, out of malice To the good queen, possess'd him with a scruple

That will undo her: to confirm this too. Cardinal Campeius is arriv'd, and lately: As all think for this business.

1 Gent. 'Tis the cardinal; And merely to revenge him on the emperor For not bestowing on him, at his asking, The archbishopric of Toledo, this is purpos'd.

2 Gent. I think you have hit the mark: but is't not cruel

That she should feel the smart of this? cardinal

Will have his will, and she must fall. I Gent. 'Tis woeful. We are too open here to argue this; Let's think in private more.

the Palace.

Enter the Lord Chamberlain reading a letter.

Cham. My lord,-The horses your lordship sent for, with all the care I had, I saw well chosen, ridden, and furnished. They were young and handsome, and of the best breed in the north. When they were ready to set out for London, a man of my lord cardinal's, by commission and main power, took 'em from me; with this reason,—His master would be served before a subject, if not before the king; which stopped our mouths, sir.

I fear he will indeed: well, let him have them: He will have all, I think.

Enter the DUKES OF NORFOLK and SUFFOLK.

Nor. Well met, my Lord Chamberlain, Cham. Good-day to both your graces. Suf. How is the king employ'd?

Cham. I left him private. Full of sad thoughts and troubles.

Nor. What's the cause? Cham. It seems the marriage with his brother's wife

Has crept too near his conscience.

Suf. No, his conscience Has crept too near another lady.

'Tis so: Nor. This is the cardinal's doing, the king-cardinal: That blind priest, like the eldest son of fortune. Turns what he lists. The king will know him

one day. self else. Suf. Pray God he do! he'll never know him-Nor. How holly he works in all his business! And with what zeal! for, now he has crack'd

the league [nephew, Between us and the emperor, the queen's great-He dives into the king's soul, and there scatters Dangers, doubts, wringing of the conscience,

Fears, and despairs,—and all these for his marriage:

And out of all these to restore the king, He counsels a divorce; a loss of her That, like a jewel, has hung twenty years About his neck, yet never lost her lustre; Of her that loves him with that excellence That angels love good men with; even of her That, when the greatest stroke of fortune falls. Will bless the king: and is not this course pious?

Cham. Heaven keep me from such counsel!
'Tis most true [speaks 'em, [speaks 'em, These news are everywhere; every tongue And every true heart weeps for't: all that dare Look into these affairs see this main end. The French king's sister. Heaven will one day

open The king's eyes, that so long have slept upon

This bold bad man. Suf. And free us from his slavery. Nor. We had need pray,

And heartily, for our deliverance; Or this imperious man will work us all From princes into pages: all men's honours Lie like one lump before him, to be fashion'd Into what pitch he please.

For me, my lords, Suf. [Exeunt. I love him not, nor fear him; there's my creed: As I am made without him, so I'll stand, If the king please; his curses and his blessings Touch me alike, they are breath I not believe in. I knew him, and I know him; so I leave him To him that made him proud, the pope. Let's in:

And with some other business put the king From these sad thoughts that work too much upon him:-

My lord, you'll bear us company?

Excuse me; Cham. The king has sent me other-where: besides. You'll find a most unfit time to disturb him: Health to your lordships.

Thanks, my good lord chamberlain. [Exit Lord Chamberlain. Nor.

NORFOLK opens a folding door. The KING is

discovered sitting, and reading pensively.

afflicted. K. Hen. Who is there, ha?

Pray God he be not angry. Nor. K. Hen. Who's there, I say? How dare

you thrust yourselves Into my private meditations?

Who am I, ha?

Nor. A gracious king, that pardons all offences

Malice ne'er meant: our breach of duty this way Is business of estate; in which we come To know your royal pleasure.

K. Hen. Ye are too bold: Go to; I'll make you know your times of business:

Is this an hour for temporal affairs, ha?

Enter WOLSEY and CAMPEIUS.

Who's there? my good lord cardinal?-O my Wolsey,

The quiet of my wounded conscience,

Thou art a cure fit for a king .- You're welcome [To CAMPEIUS. Most reverend learned sir, into our kingdom: Use us and it.-My good lord, have great care

To WOLSEY. I be not found a talker. Wol. Sir, you cannot.

I would your grace would give us but an hour Of private conference.

We are busy; go. [To Norfolk and Suffolk. Ř. Неп. Nor. [Aside to SUF.] This priest has no pride in him!

Suf. [Aside to Nor.] Not to speak of: I would not be so sick though for his place: But this cannot continue.

Nor. [Aside to SUF.] If it do, I'll venture one have-at-him.

Suf. [Aside to NOR.] I another.

Exeunt Non. and SUF. Wol. Your grace has given a precedent of wisdom

Above all princes, in committing freely Your scruple to the voice of Christendom. Who can be angry now? what envy reach you? The Spaniard, tied by blood and favour to her, Must now confess, if they have any goodness, The trial just and noble. All the clerks,

I mean the learned ones, in Christian kingdoms, Have their free voices: Rome the nurse of judgment,

Invited by your noble self, hath sent One general tongue unto us, this good man. This just and learned priest, Cardinal Cam-

peius,-Whom once more I present unto your highness. K. Hen. And once more in mine arms I bid

him welcome, And thank the holy conclave for their loves: They have sent me such a man I would have

wish'd for. Cam. Your grace must needs deserve all

strangers' loves, You are so noble. To your highness' hand I tender my commission; --- by whose virtue,-The court of Rome commanding,—you, my lord Cardinal of York, are join'd with me their servant.

Suf. How sad he looks! sure, he is much In the unpartial judging of this business.

K. Hen. Two equal men. The queen shall be acquainted

Forthwith for what you come.-Where's Gardiner?

Wol. I know your majesty has always lov'd her

So dear in heart, not to deny her that A woman of less place might ask by law, Scholars allow'd freely to argue for her.

K. Hen. Ay, and the best she shall have; and my favour To him that does best: God forbid else. Car-

dinal, Pr'ythee, call Gardiner to me, my new secretary:

I find him a fit fellow. Exit WOLSEY.

Re-enter WOLSEY with GARDINER.

Wol. [Aside to GARD.] Give me your hand: much joy and favour to you; You are the king's now.

Gard. [Aside to WOL.] But to be commanded For ever by your grace, whose hand has rais'd me

K. Hen. Come hither, Gardiner.

[They converse apart. Cam. My Lord of York, was not one Doctor Pace

In this man's place before him?

Wol. Yes, he was. Cam. Was he not held a learned man?

Wol. Yes, surely. Cam. Believe me, there's an ill opinion spread, then.

Even of yourself, lord cardinal.

Wol. How! of me? Cam. They will not stick to say you envied him;

And fearing he would rise, he was so virtuous, Kept him a foreign man still; which so griev'd him

That he ran mad and died.

Heaven's peace be with him! Wol.That's Christian care enough: for living murmurers

There's places of rebuke. He was a fool; For he would needs be virtuous: that good fellow.

If I command him, follows my appointment: I will have none so near else. Learn this, brother,

We live not to be grip'd by meaner persons K. Hen. Deliver this with modesty to the queen.

The most convenient place that I can think of For such receipt of learning is Black-Friars;
There ye shall meet about this weighty busi-

ness:— My Wolsey, see it furnish'd.—O, my lord, Would it not grieve an able man to leave

So sweet a bedfellow? But, conscience, conscience,—

O, 'tis a tender place! and I must leave her.
[Exeunt.

Scene III.—London. An Ante-chamber in the Queen's Apartments.

Enter ANNE BULLEN and an Old Lady.

Anne. Not for that neither: here's the pang that pinches:—

His highness having liv'd so long with her, and

So good a lady that no tongue could ever Pronounce dishonour of her,—by my life, she never knew harm-doing;—C, now, after So many courses of the sun enthron'd, Still growing in a majesty and pomp,—the which To leave a thousand-fold more bitter than Tis sweet at first to acquire,—after this process, To give her the avaunti it is a pity Would move a monster.

Old L. Hearts of most hard temper Melt and lament for her.

Anne. O, God's will! much better She ne'er had known pomp: though it be tem-

poral, Yet, if that quarrel, fortune, do divorce It from the bearer, 'tis a sufferance panging

As soul and body's severing.

Old L. Alas, poor lady!

She's a stranger now again.

Anne. So much the more

Must pity drop upon her. Verily, I swear, 'tis better to be lowly born, And range with humble livers in content, Than to be perk'd up in a glistering grief, And wear a golden sorrow.

Old L. Our content
Is our best having.

Anne. By my troth and maidenhead,

I would not be a queen. Old L. Beshrew me, I would,

And venture maidenhead for't; and so would you, For all this spice of your hypocrisy:

You, that have so fair parts of woman on you, Have too a woman's heart; which ever yet Affected eminence, wealth, sovereignty; Which, to say sooth, are blessings;—and which

Saving your mincing,—the capacity
Of your soft cheveril conscience would receive
If you might please to stretch it.

gifts,

Anne. Nay, good troth,—
Old L. Yes, troth and troth; you would not
be a queen?

Anne. No, not for all the riches under heaven.

Old. L. 'Tis strange: a threepence bowed would hire me,

Old as I am, to queen it: but, I pray you, What think you of a duchess? have you limbs To bear that load of title?

Anne. No, in truth.

Old L. Then you are weakly made: pluck off a little;

I would not be a young count in your way For more than blushing comes to: if your back Cannot vouchsafe this burden, 'tis too weak Ever to get a boy.

Anne. How you do talk!

I swear again I would not be a queen

I swear again I would not be a queen For all the world.

Old L.

In faith, for little

Old L. In faith, for little England
You'd venture an emballing: I myself
Would for Carnarvonshire, although there
long'd [here?

No more to the crown but that. Lo, who comes

Enter the Lord Chamberlain.

Cham. Good-morrow, ladies. What wer't worth to know

The secret of your conference?

Anne. My good lord,
Not your demand; it values not your asking:

Our mistress' sorrows we were pitying. [ing Cham. It was a gentle business, and becom-The action of good women: there is hope All will be well.

Anne. Now, I pray God, amen!
Cham. You bear a gentle mind, and heavenly
blessings [lady,

Rollow such creatures. That you may fair Perceive I speak sincerely, and high note's Ta'en of your many virtues, the king's majesty Commends his good opinion of you to you, and Does purpose honour to you no less flowing Than Marchioness of Pembroke; to which title A thousand pound a year, annual support, Out of his grace he adds.

Anne. I do not know
What kind of my obedience I should tender;
More than my all is nothing: nor my prayers
Are not words duly hallow'd, nor my wishes
More worth than empty vanities; yet prayers
and wishes

Are all I can return. Beseech your lordship, Vouchsafe to speak my thanks and my obedience,

As from a blushing handmaid, to his highness; Whose health and royalty I pray for.

Cham.

I shall not fail to approve the fair concert

The king hath of you.—I have perus'd her

well; [Aside.
Beauty and honour in her are so mingled
That they have caught the king: and who

knows yet
But from this lady may proceed a gem

To lighten all this isle?—I'll to the king And say I spoke with you.

Anne. My honour'd lord.

[Exit Lord Chamberlain.

Old L. Why, this it is; see, see! I have been begging sixteen years in court,— Am yet a courtier beggarly,—nor could Come pat betwirt too early and too late For any suit of pounds; and you, O fate! A very fresh-fish here,—fie, fie, fie upon [up This compell'd fortune!—have your mouth fill'd Before you open it.

This is strange to me. [no. Anne. Old L. How tastes it? is it bitter? forty pence, There was a lady once, - 'tis an old story,-That would not be a queen, that would she not For all the mud in Egypt:-have you heard it?

Anne. Come, you are pleasant.

Old L. With your theme I could O'ermount the lark. The Marchioness of

Pembroke! A thousand pounds a year for pure respect! No other obligation! By my life, That promises more thousands: honour's train Is longer than his foreskirt. By this time I know your back will bear a duchess:-say, Are you not stronger than you were? Anne. Good lady,

Make yourself mirth with your particular fancy, And leave me out on't. Would I had no being, If this salute my blood a jot: it faints me To think what follows.

The queen is comfortless, and we forgetful In our long absence: pray, do not deliver What here you have heard to her.

What do you think me? Old L. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- London. A Hall in Black-FRIARS.

Trumpet, sennet, and cornets. Enter two Vergers, with short silver wands; next them, two Scribes, in the habits of doctors; after them, the ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY alone; after him, the BISHOPS OF LINCOLN, ELY, ROCHESTER, and SAINT ASAPH; next them, with some small distance, follows a Gentleman bearing the purse, with the great seal, and a Cardinal's hat; then two Priests. bearing each a silver cross; then a Gentleman-usher bareheaded, accompanied with a Sergeant-at-Arms bearing a silver mace; then two Gentlemen bearing two great silver pillars; after them, side by side, the two Cardinals, Wolsey and Campeius; two Noblemen with the sword and mace. Then Noblemen with the sword and mace. enter the KING and QUEEN and their Trains. The KING takes place under the cloth of state; the two Cardinals sit under him as judges. The OUEEN takes place at some distance from the KING. The Bishops place themselves on each side the court, in manner of a consistory; between them the Scribes. The Lords sit next the Bishops. The Crier and the rest of the Attendants stand in convenient order about the hall.

Wol. Whilst our commission from Rome is read,

Let silence be commanded.

What's the need? It hath already publicly been read, And on all sides the authority allow'd; You may, then, spare that time.

Wol. Be't so .- Proceed. Scribe. Say, Henry King of England, come into the court.

Crier. Henry King of England, &c.

K. Hen. Here.

Scribe. Say, Katherine, Queen of England, come into the court

Crier. Katharine Queen of England, &c.

[The QUEEN makes no answer, rises out of her chair, goes about the court, comes to the KING, and kneels at his feet; then s beaks.

Q. Kath. Sir, I desire you do me right and justice;

And to bestow your pity on me: for I am a most poor woman, and a stranger, Born out of your dominions; having here No judge indifferent, nor no more assurance Of equal friendship and proceeding. Alas, sir, In what have I offended you? what cause Hath my behaviour given to your displeasure, That thus you should proceed to put me off, And take your good grace from me? Heaven witness,

I have been to you a true and humble wife, At all times to your will conformable: Ever in fear to kindle your dislike, SOTTY Yea, subject to your countenance,—glad As I saw it inclin'd. When was the hour -glad or I ever contradicted your desire, friends Or made it not mine too? Or which of your Have I not strove to love, although I knew He were mine enemy? what friend of mine That had to him deriv'd your anger, did I Continue in my liking? nay, gave notice He was from thence discharg'd? Sir, call to mind That I have been your wife, in this obedience, Upward of twenty years, and have been blest With many children by you: if, in the course And process of this time, you can report, And prove it too, against mine honour aught, My bond to wedlock or my love and duty, Against your sacred person, in God's name, Turn me away; and let the foul'st contempt Shut door upon me, and so give me up To the sharp'st kind of justice. Please you, sir, The king, your father, was reputed for A prince most prudent, of an excellent And unmatch'd wit and judgment: Ferdinand, My father, King of Spain, was reckon'd one The wisest prince that there had reign'd by many A year before: it is not to be question'd That they had gather'd a wise council to them Of every realm, that did debate this business Who deem'd our marriage lawful: wherefore I humbly

Beseech you, sir, to spare me, till I may Be by my friends in Spain advis'd; whose counsel

I will implore; if not, i' the name of God, Your pleasure be fulfill'd!

You have here, lady,---And of your choice,—these reverend fathers; men

Of singular integrity and learning, Yea, the elect o' the land, who are assembled To plead your cause: it shall be therefore bootless

That longer you desire the court; as well For your own quiet as to rectify What is unsettled in the king.

His grace Hath spoken well and justly: therefore, madam, It's fit this royal session do proceed; And that, without delay, their arguments

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Be now produc'd and heard. Q. Kath. Lord cardinal,-To you I speak.

Your pleasure, madam?

Q. Kath. Sir. I am about to weep; but, thinking that We are a queen, -or long have dream'd so,certain

The daughter of a king, my drops of tears I'll turn to sparks of fire.

Be patient yet. Wol.

Q. Kath. I will, when you are humble; nay, before,

Or God will punish me. I do believe, Induc'd by potent circumstances, that You are mine enemy; and make my challenge You shall not be my judget for it is you Have blown this coal betwirt my lord and me,— Which God's dew quench! Therefore I say again,

I utterly abhor, yea, from my soul Refuse you for my judge; whom, yet once more, I hold my most malicious foe, and think not

I hold my most much.

At all a friend to truth.

I do profess You speak not like yourself; who ever yet Have stood to charity, and display'd the effects Of disposition gentle, and of wisdom [wrong: O'er topping woman's power. Madam, you do me I have no spleen against you, nor injustice For you or any: how far I have proceeded, Or how far further shall, is warranted By a commission from the consistory, Yea, the whole consistory of Rome. You charge That I have blown this coal: I do deny it: The king is present: if it be known to him That I gainsay my deed, how may he wound, And worthily, my falsehood! yea, as much As you have done my truth. If he know That I am free of your report, he knows I am not of your wrong. Therefore in him I am not of your wrong. Therefore in It lies to cure me: and the cure is, to fore Remove these thoughts from you: the which be-His highness shall speak in, I do beseech You, gracious madam, to unthink your speaking, And to say so no more

Q. Kath. My lord, my lord, I am a simple woman, much too weak You're meek and To oppose your cunning.

humble-mouth'd; You sign your place and calling, in full seeming, With meekness and humility; but your heart

Is cramm'd with arrogancy, spleen, and pride. You have, by fortune and his highness' favours, Gone slightly o'er low steps, and now are mounted Where powers are your retainers; and your words. Domestics to you, serve your will as't please

Yourself pronounce their office. I must tell you, You tender more your person's honour than Your high profession spiritual: that again I do refuse you for my judge; and here, Before you all, appeal unto the pope, To bring my whole cause fore his holiness, And to be judg'd by him. [She curtsies to the KING, and offers to depart.

Cam. The queen is obstinate, Stubborn to justice, apt to accuse it, and

Disdainful to be tried by it: 'tis not well. She's going away.

K. Hen. Call her again.

Crier. Katharine Queen of England, come into the court.

Grif. Madam, you are call'd back.

Q. Kath. What need you note it? pray you, keep your way: When you are call'd, return.-Now the Lord

help.

They yex me past my patience! Pray you, pass on:

I will not tarry; no, nor ever more Upon this business my appearance make In any of their courts.

[Exeunt QUEEN, GRIF., and her other Attendants.

K. Hen. Go thy ways, Kate: That man i' the world who shall report he has A better wife, let him in naught be trusted For speaking false in that: thou art, alone-If thy rare qualities, sweet gentleness, Thy meekness saint-like, wife-like government-

Obeying in commanding—and thy parts Sovereign and pious else, could speak thee

out,-The queen of earthly queens:-she's noble

born: And like her true nobility she has Carried herself towards me.

Wol. Most gracious sir, In humblest manner I require your highness That it shall please you to declare, in hearing Of all these ears,—for where I am robb'd and bound,

There must I be unloos'd; although not there At once and fully satisfied,—whether ever I Did broach this business to your highness; or Laid any scruple in your way, which might Induce you to the question on't? or ever Have to you,—but with thanks to God for such A royal lady,—spake one the least word that might

Be to the prejudice of her present state, Or touch of her good person?

My lord cardinal, K. Hen. I do excuse you; yea, upon mine honour, I free you from't. You are not to be taught That you have many enemies, that know not Why they are so, but, like to village curs, Bark when their fellows do: by some of these The queen is put in anger. You are excus'd: But will you be more justified? you ever Have wish'd the sleeping of this business; never Desir'd it to be stirr'd; but oft have hinder'd. oft.

The passages made toward it:-on my honour, I speak my good lord cardinal to this point, And thus far clear him. Now, what mov'd me

I will be bold with time and your attention:— Then mark the inducement. Thus it came; give heed to't:-

My conscience first receiv'd a tenderness, Scruple, and prick, on certain speeches utter'd By the Bishop of Bayonne, then French ambassador

Who had been hither sent on the debating A marriage 'twixt the Duke of Orleans and Our daughter Mary: I' the progress of this business,

Ere a determinate resolution, he,—
I mean the bishop,—did require a respite;
Wherein he might the king his lord advertise
Whether our daughter were legitimate,
Respecting this our marriage with the dowager,
Sometimesourbrother'swife. This respite shook
The bosom of my conscience, enter'd me,
Yea, with a splitting power, and made to tremble
The region of my breast; which forc'd such way
That many maz'd considerings did throng,
And press'd in with this caution. First, methought

thought
I stood not in the smile of heaven; who had
Commanded nature that my lady's womb,
If it conceiv'd a male child by me, should
Do no more offices of life to't than
The grave does to the dead; for her male issue
Or died where they were made, or shortly after
This world had air'd them: hence I took a

thought
This was a judgment on me; that my kingdom,
Well worthy the best heir o' the world, should
not

Be gladded in't by me: then follows that I weigh'd the danger which my realms stood in By this my issue's fail: and that gave to me Many a groaning throe. Thus hulling in The wild sea of my conscience, I did steer Towards this remedy, whereupon we are Now present here together; that's to say, I meant to rectify my conscience,—which I then did feel full sick, and yet not well,—By all the reverend fathers of the land, And doctors learn'd:—first, I began in private With you, my Lord of Lincoln; you remember How under my oppression I did reek When I first mov'd you.

Lin. Very well, my liege.

Lin. Very well, my liege.

K. Hen. I have spoke long; be pleas'd yourself to say

How far you satisfied me.

Lin. So please your highness, The question did at first so stagger me,—
Bearing a state of mighty moment in't,
And consequence of dread,—that I committed
The daring'st counsel which I had to doubt;
And did entreat your highness to this course
Which you are running here.

Which you are running here.

K. Hen.

I then mov'd you,
My Lord of Canterbury; and got your leave
To make this present summons:—unsolicited
I left no reverend person in this court;
But by particular consent proceeded
Under your hands and seals: therefore, go on;
For no dislike i' the world against the person
Of the good queen, but the sharp thorny points
Of my alleged reasons, drive this forward:
Prove but our marriage lawful, by my life
And kingly dignity, we are contented
To wear our mortal state to come with her,
Katharine our queen, before the primest creature
That's paragon'd o' the world.

Cam. So pleasure your highness, That we adjourn this court till further day: Meanwhile must be an earnest motion Made to the queen to call back her appeal She intends unto his holiness.

K. Hen. I may perceive
These cardinals triffe with me: I abhor

This dilatory sloth and tricks of Rome. [Aside.

My learn'd and well-belov'd servant, Cranmer, Prythee, returnl with thy approach, I know, My comfort comes along. Break up the court: I say, set on.

Exeunt in manner as they entered.

ACT III.

Scene L.—London. Palace at Bridewell.

A Room in the Queen's Apartment.

The Queen and some of her Women at work.

Q. Kath. Take thy lute, wench: my soul grows sad with troubles;Sing and disperse 'em, if thou canst: leave working.

SONG.

Orpheus with his lute made trees, And the mountain-tops that freeze, Bow themselves, when he did sing: To his music plants and flowers Ever sprung; as sun and showers There had made a lasting spring.

Everything that heard him play, Even the billows of the sea, Hung ther heads and then lay by. In sweet music is such art: Killing care and grief of heart Fall asleep, or, hearing, die.

Enter a Gentleman.

Q. Kath. How now? [cardinals Gent. An't please your grace, the two great Wait in the presence.

Q. Kath. Would they speak with me? Gent. They will'd me say so, madam. Q. Kath. Pray their graces To come near. [Exit Gent.] What can be their

business
With me, a poor weak woman, fallen from
favour?

I do not like their coming, now I think on't.

They should be good men; their affairs as righteous:

But all hoods make not monks.

Enter WOLSEY and CAMPEIUS.

Wol. Peace to your highness! Q. Kath. Your graces find me here part of a

housewife;
I would be all, against the worst may happen.
What are your pleasures with me, reverend
lords? [withdraw]

Wol. May it please you, noble madam, to Into your private chamber, we shall give you. The full cause of our coming.

Q. Kath. Speak it here; There's nothing I have done yet, o' my con-

Deserves a conner: would all other women Could speak this with as free a soul as I do! My lords, I care not,—so much I am happy Above a number,—if my actions Were tried by every tongue, every eye saw 'em,

Envy and base opinion set against 'em, I know my life so even. If your business Seek me out, and that way I am wife in Out with it boldly: truth loves open dealing.

Wol. Tanta est erga te mentis integritas, regina serenissima,

Q. Kath. O, good my lord, no Latin; I am not such a truant since my coming As not to know the language I have lived in: A strange tongue makes my cause more strange, suspicious;

Pray, speak in English: here are some will

thank you, [sake,— If you speak truth, for their poor mistress' Believe me, she has had much wrong: lord cardinal,

The willing'st sin I ever yet committed May be absolv'd in English.

Noble lady, Wol. I am sorry my integrity should breed,-And service to his majesty and you,-So deep suspicion, where all faith was meant. We come not by the way of accusation To taint that honour every good tongue blesses, Nor to betray you any way to sorrow, You have too much, good lady; but to know How you stand minded in the weighty difference Between the king and you; and to deliver, Like free and honest men, our just opinions, And comforts to your cause.

Cam. Most honour'd madam, My Lord of York, -out of his noble nature, Zeal and obedience he still bore your grace, Forgetting, like a good man, your late censure Both of his truth and him, -which was too far,-Offers, as I do, in a sign of peace, His service and his counsel.

Q. Kath. To betray me. [Aside. My lords, I thank you both for your good-wills! Ye speak like honest men,-pray God ye prove

But how to make ye suddenly an answer, In such a point of weight, so near mine

honour,-More near my life, I fear, -with my weak wit, And to such men of gravity and learning, In truth, I know not. I was set at work Among my maids; full little, God knows, looking

Either for such men or such business. For her sake that I have been,—for I feel The last fit of my greatness,—good your graces, Let me have time and counsel for my cause: Alas, I am a woman, friendless, hopeless!

Wol. Madam, you wrong the king's love with these fears: Your hopes and friends are infinite.

Q. Kath. In England But little for my profit: can you think, lords,

That any Englishman dare give me counsel? Or be a known friend, 'gainst his highness' pleasure,

Though he be grown so desperate to be honest,-And live a subject? Nay, for sooth, my friends, They that must weigh out my afflictions They that my trust must grow to, live not here: They are, as all my other comforts, far hence, In mine own country, lords.

I would your grace Would leave your griefs, and take my counsel. Q. Kath. How, sir? Cam. Put your main cause into the king's protection;

He's loving and most gracious: 'twill be much Both for your honour better and your cause; For if the trial of the law o'ertake ye You'll part away disgrac'd.

Wol He tells you rightly. O. Kath. Ye tell me what ye wish for both. -my ruin:

Is this your Christian counsel? out upon ye? Heaven is above all yet; there sits a Judge

Heaven is above
That no king can corrupt.
Your rage mistakes us. O. Kath. The more shame for ye; holy men I thought ye,

Upon my soul, two reverend cardinal virtues; But cardinal sins and hollow hearts I fear ye: Mend them, for shame, my lords. Is this your comfort?

The cordial that ye bring a wretched lady,-A woman lost among ye, laugh'd at, scorn'd? I will not wish ye half my museries; I have more charity: but say I warn'd ye; Take heed, for heaven's sake, take heed, lest at once

The burden of my sorrows fall upon ye Wol. Madam, this is a more distraction;

You turn the good we offer into envy. Q. Kath. Ye turn me into nothing: woe upon. me. And all such false professors! would you have

If you have any justice, any pity, If ye be anything but churchmen's habits,— Put my sick cause into his hands that hates me? Alas! has banish'd me his bed already, His love too long ago! I am old, my lords, And all the fellowship I hold now with him Is only my obedience. What can happen To me above this wretchedness? all your studies Make me a curse like this.

Your fears are worse. Cam. Q. Kath. Have I liv'd thus long,-let me speak myself.

Since virtue finds no friends,—a wife, a true one?

A woman,—I dare say without vain-glory,— Never yet branded with suspicion? Have I with all my full affections Still met the king? lov'd him next heaven? obey'd him?

Been, out of fondness, superstitious to him? Almost forgot my prayers to content him? And am I thus rewarded? 'tis not well, lords. Bring me a constant woman to her husband. One that ne'er dream'd a joy beyond his pleasure: and to that woman, when she has done most, Yet will I add an honour,—a great patience.

Wol. Madam, you wander from the good we aim at. Q. Kath. My lord, I dare not make myself so

To give up willingly that noble title Your master wed me to: nothing but death Shall e'er divorce my dignities.

Wol. Pray, hear me. Q. Kath. Would I had never trod this English earth,

Or felt the flatteries that grow upon it! Ye have angels' faces, but heaven knows your What will become of me now, wretched lady? The stamp of nobleness in any person I am the most unhappy woman living.— Alas, poor wenches, where are now your for-

To her Women. tunes? Shipwreck'd upon a kingdom, where no pity, No friends, no hope; no kindred weep for me; Almost no grave allow'd me:-like the lily, That once was mistress of the field and flourish'd.

I'll hang my head and perish If your grace Wol. Could but be brought to know our ends are honest,

You'd feel more comfort: why should we, good

Upon what cause, wrong you? alas, our places, The way of our profession is against it: We are to cure such sorrows, not to sow 'em, For goodness' sake, consider what you do; How you may hurt yourself, ay, utterly Grow from the king's acquaintance, by this carriage.

The hearts of princes kiss obedience, So much they love it; but to stubborn spirits They swell, and grow as terrible as storms. I know you have a gentle, noble temper, A soul as even as a calm: pray, think us Those we profess, peace-makers, friends, and servants.

Cam. Madam, you'll find it so. You wrong your virtues

With these weak women's fears: a noble spirit. As yours was put into you, ever casts Such doubts, as false coin, from it. The king loves you;

Beware you lose it not: for us, if you please To trust us in your business, we are ready To use our utmost studies in your service.

O. Kath. Do what ye will, my lords: and, pray, forgive me

If I have us'd myself unmannerly; You know I am a woman, lacking wit To make a seemly answer to such persons. Pray, do my service to his majesty: He has my heart yet; and shall have my prayers While I shall have my life. Come, reverend fathers,

Bestow your counsels on me; she now begs That little thought, when she set footing here, She should have bought her dignities so dear. Exeunt.

Ante-chamber to the Scene II.—London. KING'S Apartment in the Palace.

Enter the DUKE OF NORFOLK, the DUKE OF SUFFOLK, the EARL OF SURREY, and the Lord Chamberlain.

Nor. If you will now unite in your complaints And force them with a constancy, the cardinal Cannot stand under them: if you omit The offer of this time, I cannot promise But that you shall sustain more new disgraces, With these you bear already.

Sur. I am joyful To meet the least occasion that may give me Remembrance of my father-in-law, the duke, To be reveng'd on him.

Suf. Which of the peers Have uncontemn'd gone by him, or at least Strangely neglected? when did he regard

Out of himself?

Cham. My lords, you speak your pleasures: What he deserves of you and me I know; What we can do to him,—though now the time Gives way to us, -I much fear. If you cannot Bar his access to the king, never attempt Anything on him; for he hath a witchcraft Over the king in's tongue.

Nor. O, fear.him not; His spell in that is out: the king hath found Matter against him that for ever mars The honey of his language. No, he's settled. Not to come off, in his displeasure.

Sur. Sir. I should be glad to hear such news as this Once every hour.

Nor. Believe it, this is true: In the divorce his contrary proceedings Are all unfolded; wherein he appears As I would wish mine enemy.

Sur. His practices to light?

Suf. Most strangely. Sur. O, how, how? Suf. The cardinal's letters to the pope miscarried.

How came

And came to the eye o' the king: wherein was read

How that the cardinal did entreat his holiness To stay the judgment o' the divorce; for if It did take place, I do, quoth he, perceive My king is tangled in affection to

A creature of the queen's, Lady Anne Bullen. Sur. Has the king this?

Suf. Believe it. Sur. Will this work? Cham. The king in this perceives him how he coasts

And hedges his own way. But in this point All his tricks founder, and he brings his physic After his patient's death: the king already Hath married the fair lady.

Sur. Would he had! Suf. May you be happy in your wish, my lord! For, I profess, you have it.

Now, all my joy Sur. Trace the conjunction!

Suf. My amen to't! Nor. All men's! Suf. There's order given for her coronation: Marry, this is yet but young, and may be left To some ears unrecounted.—But, my lords,

She is a gallant creature, and complete In mind and feature: I persuade me, from her Will fall some blessing to this land, which shall In it be memoriz'd.

But will the king Sur. Digest this letter of the cardinal's?

The Lord forbid! Nor. Marry, amen!

Suf. No, no; There be more wasps that buzz about his nose Will make this sting the sooner. Cardinal Campeius

Is stol'n away to Rome; hath ta'en no leave; Has left the cause o' the king unhandled; and Is posted, as the agent of our cardinal, To second all his plot. I do assure you The king cried Ha! at this.

Now, God incense him, Cham. And let him cry Ha! louder! But, my lord,

When returns Cranmer? Suf. He is return'd, in his opinions; which

Have satisfied the king for his divorce, Together with all famous colleges Almost in Christendom: shortly, I believe, His second marriage shall be publish'd, and Her coronation. Katharine no more Shall be call'd queen, but princess dowager And widow to Prince Arthur.

This same Cranmer's Nor. A worthy fellow, and hath ta'en much pain In the king's business.

He has; and we shall see him For it an archbishop.

So I hear. 'Tis so.— Nor. Suf.

The cardinal!

Enter WOLSEY and CROMWELL.

Observe, observe, he's moody. Wol. The packet, Cromwell, Gave't you the king?

Crom. To his own hand, in's bedchamber. Wol. Look'd he o' the inside of the paper? He did unseal them: and the first he view'd, He did it with a serious mind; a heed Was in his countenance.

Attend him here this morning.

Is he ready Was in his countenance. You he bade

To come abroad?

Crom.

I think by this he is. Wol. Leave me awhile. [Exit CROMWELL. It shall be to the Duchess of Alençon, The French king's sister: he shall marry her .-Anne Bullen! No; I'll no Anne Bullens for

him: There's more in't than fair visage.—Bullen! No, we'll no Bullens .- Speedily I wish To hear from Rome.—The Marchioness of

Pembroke! Nor. He's discontented.

Suf. Does whet his anger to him.

Sharp enough,

Lord, for thy justice!
Wol. The late queen's gentlewoman, a knight's daughter, To be her mistress' mistress! the queen's

queen!-This candle burns not clear: 'tis I must snuff it;

Then out it goes .- What though I know her virtuous

And well deserving? yet I know her for A spleeny Lutheran; and not wholesome to Our cause, that she should lie i' the bosom of Our hard-rul'd king. Again, there is sprung up An heretic, an arch one, Cranmer; one Hath crawl'd into the favour of the king, And is his oracle.

Nor. He is vex'd at something. Sur. I would 'twere something that would fret the string

The master-cord on's heart!

Suf.

Enter the KING, reading a schedule, and LOVELL.

K. Hen. What piles of wealth hath he accumulated

To his own portion! and what expense by the hour

Seems to flow from him! How, i' the name of Does he rake this together!-Now, my lords,

Saw you the cardinal?

Nor. My lord, we have [tion Stood here observing him: some strange commo-Is in his brain: he bites his lip and starts: Stops on a sudden, looks upon the ground. Then lays his finger on his temple; straight Springs out into fast gait; then stops again, Strikes his breast hard; and anon he casts His eye against the moon: in most strange postures

We have seen him set himself.

It may well be: K. Hen. This morning There is a mutiny in's mind. Papers of state he sent me to peruse, As I requir'd: and wot you what I found There, -on my conscience, put unwittingly? Forsooth, an inventory, thus importing,— The several parcels of his plate, his treasure Rich stuffs, and ornaments of household; which I find at such proud rate that it out-speaks Possession of a subject.

It's heaven's will: Nor. Some spirit put this paper in the packet To bless your eye withal.

K. Hen. If we did think His contemplation were above the earth, And fix'd on spiritual object, he should still Dwell in his musings: but I am afraid His thinkings are below the moon, not worth His serious considering.

He takes his seat and whispers LOVELL. who goes to WOLSEY.

Heaven forgive me! Ever God bless your highness!

K. Hen. Good, my lord. You are full of heavenly stuff, and bear the inventory

Of your best graces in your mind; the which May be he hears the king You were now running o'er: you have scarce time

To steal from spiritual leisure a brief span To keep your earthly audit: sure, in that I deem you an ill husband, and am glad To have you therein my companion.

Wol. For holy offices I have a time; a time To think upon the part of business which I bear i' the state; and nature does require Her times of preservation, which perforce l, her frail son, amongst my brethern mortal,

Must give my tendance to.

K. Hen.

You have said well. Wol. And ever may your highness yoke to-

gether, As I will lend you cause, my doing well

As I will reme young!
With my well saying!
'Tis well said again;
well:

And 'tis a kind of good deed to say well: And yet words are no deeds. My father lov'd VOU:

The king, the king! He said he did; and with his deed did crown

His word upon you. Since I had my office I have kept you next my heart; have not alone Employ'd you where high profits might come home,

But par'd my present havings to bestow My bounties upon you.

Wol. What should this mean? Sur. The Lord increase this business! Aside.

[Aside to others. Have I not made you The prime man of the state? I pray you, tell me If what I now pronounce you have found true: And, if you may confess it, say withal If you are bound to us or no. What say you?

Wol. My sovereign, I confess your royal

graces, could Shower'd on me daily, have been more than My studied purposes requite; which went Beyond all man's endeavours:-my endeavours Here ever come too short of my desires, Yet fill'd with my abilities: mine own ends Have been mine so that evermore they pointed And no man see me more. To the good of your most sacred person and The profit of the state. For your great graces Heap'd upon me, poor undeserver, I Can nothing render but allegiant thanks; My prayers to heaven for you; my loyalty, Which ever has and ever shall be growing, Till death, that winter, kill it.

Fairly answer'd; K. Hen. A loval and obedient subject is Therein illustrated: the honour of it Does pay the act of it; as, i' the contrary,

The foulness is the punishment. I presume That, as my hand has open'd bounty to you, My heart dropp'd love, my power rain'd

honour, more On you than any; so your hand and heart, Your brain, and every function of your power, Should, notwithstanding that your bond of duty,

As 'twere in love's particular, be more To me, your friend, than any.

I do profess That for your highness' good I ever labour'd More than mine own; that am, have, and will

be, [you, Though all the world should crack their duty to And throw it from their soul; though perils did Abound as thick as thought could make 'em, and Appear in forms more horrid,—yet my duty, As doth a rock against the chiding flood,

As don't a lock against in change above.

Should the approach of this wild river break,
And stand unshakon yours.

K. Hen.

'Tis nobly spoken:

Take notice, lords, he has a loyal breast, For you have seen him open't. - Read o'er this; [Giving him papers.

And after, this; and then to breakfast with What appetite you have. Exit frowning upon CARDINAL WOLSEY:

the Nobles throng after him, smiling

and whispering.
What should this mean? Wol. What sudden anger's this? how have I reap'd Have burnt that tongue than said so.

He parted frowning from me, as if ruin Leap'd from nis eyes: so looks the chafed lion Upon the daring huntsman that has gall'd him; Then makes him nothing. I must read this paper;

I fear, the story of his anger.—'Tis so; This paper has undone me:- tis the account Of all that world of wealth I have drawn together For mine own ends; indeed, to gain the popedom,

And fee my friends in Rome. O negligence, Fit for a fool to fall by! What cross devil Made me put this main secret in the packet I sent the king? Is there no way to cure this? No new device to beat this from his brains? I know 'twill stir him strongly; yet I know A way, if it take right, in spite of fortune, Will bring me off again.—What's this—To the Pope?

The letter, as I live, with all the business I writ to's holiness. Nay then, farewell! I have touch'd the highest point of all my greatness;

And from that full meridian of my glory I haste now to my setting: I shall fall Like a bright exhalation in the evening,

Re-enter the DUKES OF NORFOLK and SUF-FOLK, the EARL OF SURREY, and the Lord Chamberlain.

Nor. Hear the king's pleasure, cardinal: who commands you

To render up the great seal presently Into our hands; and to confine yourself To Asher House, my Lord of Winchester's, Till you hear further from his highness.

Where's your commission, lords? words cannot

carry Authority so weighty

Who dare cross 'em Suf. Bearing the king's will from his mouth so expressiv?

Wol. Till I find more than will or words to do it,-

I mean your malice,-know, officious lords, I dare and must deny it. Now I feel Of what coarse metal ye are moulded,-envy How eagerly ye follow my disgraces, As if it fed ye! and how sleek and wanton Ye appear in everything may bring my ruin! Follow your envious courses, men of malice; You have Christian warrant for them, and, no doubt,

In time will find their fit rewards. That seal, You ask with such a violence, the king,-Mine and your master,—with his own hand gave me;

Bade me enjoy it, with the place and honours, During my life; and, to confirm his goodness Tied it by letters-patents: now, who'll take it?

Sur. The king, that gave it. Wol.It must be himself then. Sur. Thou art a proud traitor, priest. Proud lord, thou liest: Wol.

Within these forty hours Surrey durst better

Thy ambition, Thou scarlet sin, robb'd this bewailing land Of noble Buckingham, my father-in-law: The heads of all thy brother cardinals, With thee and all thy best parts bound to-

gether,-

Weigh'd not a hair of his. Plague of your policy! You sent me deputy for Ireland; Far from his succor, from the king, from all That might have mercy on the fault thou gav'st

Whilst your great goodness, out of holy pity,

Absolv'd him with an axe

This, and all else Wol. This talking lord can lay upon my credit, I answer, is most false. The duke by law I answer, is most false. Found his deserts: how innocent I was From any private malice in his end, His noble jury and foul cause can witness. If I lov'd many words, lord, I should tell you You have as little honesty as honour, That in the way of loyalty and truth Toward the king, my ever royal master, Dare mate a sounder man than Surrey can be, And all that love his follies.

Sur. By my soul, Your long coat, priest, protects you; thou shouldst feel lords,

My sword i' the life-blood of thee else.-My Can ye endure to hear this arrogance? And from this fellow? If we live thus tamely, To be thus jaded by a piece of scarlet, Farewell, nobility; let his grace go forward, And dare us with his cap like larks.

All goodness Wol.

Is poison to thy stomach. Sur. Yes, that goodness Of gleaning all the land's wealth into one, Into your own hands, cardinal, by extortion; The goodness of your intercepted packets You writ to the pope against the king: your

goodness, lous. Since you provoke me, shall be most notori-My.Lord of Norfolk,—as you are truly noble, As you respect the common good, the state Of our despis'd nobility, our issues, Who, if he live, will scarce be gentlemen, Produce the grand sum of his sins, the articles Collected from his life:-I'll startle you Worse than the sacring bell, when the brown So fare you well, my little good lord cardinal. wench

Lay kissing in your arms, lord cardinal. Wol. How much, methinks, I could despise this man,

But that I am bound in charity against it! Nor. Those articles, my lord, are in the king's hand:

But, thus much, they are foul ones. And spotless shall mine innocence arise. When the king knows the truth.

This cannot save you: I thank my memory I yet remember Some of these articles; and out they shall. Now, if you can blush and cry guilty, cardinal, You'll show a little honesty.

Speak on, sir; I dare your worst objections: if I blush, It is to see a nobleman want manners.

Sur. I'd rather want those than my head .-Have at you! Redge, First, that, without the king's assent or know-You wrought to be a legate; by which power You maim'd the jurisdiction of all bishops.

Nor. Then, that in all you writ to Rome, or else

To foreign princes, Ego et Rex meus [king Was still inscrib'd; in which you brought the To be your servant.

Suf. Then, that, without the knowledge. Either of king or council, when you went Ambassador to the emperor, you made bold

To carry into Flanders the great seal. Sur. Item, you sent a large commission To Gregory de Cassalis, to conclude, Without the king's will or the state's allowance. A league between his highness and Ferrara. Suf. That, out of mere ambition, you have

caus'd

Your holy hat to be stamp'd on the king's coin. Sur. Then, that you have sent innumerable [science, substance,

By what means got I leave to your own con-To furnish Rome, and to prepare the ways You have for dignities; to the mere undoing Of all the kingdom. Many more there are, Which, since they are of you, and odious,

I will not taint my mouth with. O my lord, Press not a falling man too far! 'tis virtue:

His faults lie open to the laws; let them, Not you, correct him. My heart weeps to see him

So little of his great self.

I forgive him. Suf. Lord Cardinal, the king's further pleasure Because all those things you have done of late, By your power legatine within this kingdom, Fall into the compass of a praemunire,— That therefore such a writ be sued against you; To forfeit all your goods, lands, tenements, Chattels, and whatsoever, and to be Out of the king's protection:-this is my charge.

Nor. And so we'll leave you to your meditations How to live better. For your stubborn answer

About the giving back the great seal to us, The king shall know it, and, no doubt, shall thank you.

Exeunt all but WOLSEY. Wol. So farewell to the little good you bear

Farewell, a long farewell, to all my greatness! This is the state of man: to-day he puts forth The tender leaves of hope; to-morrow blossoms, And bears his blushing honours thick upon him; The third day comes a frost, a killing frost,

So much fairer And,-when he thinks, good easy man, full surely

His greatness is a-ripening,—nips his root, And then he falls, as I do. I have ventur'd, Like little wanton boys that swim on bladders, This many summers in a sea of glory; But far beyond my depth: my high-blown pride At length broke under me; and now has left me, Weary and old with service, to the mercy Of a rude stream, that must for ever hide me. Vain pomp and glory of this world, I hate ye: I feel my heart new opened. O, how wretched Is that poor man that hangs on prince's favours! There is, betwixt that smile we would aspire to, That sweet aspect of princes, and their ruin, More pangs and fears than wars or women have: And when he falls, he falls like Lucifer,

Never to hope again.

Enter CROMWELL, amazedly.

Why, how now, Cromwell! What, amaz'd Wol. At my misfortunes? can thy spirit wonder A great man should decline? Nay, an you weep,

I am fallen indeed.

How does your grace? Crom. Why, well; Wol. Never so truly happy, my good Cromwell.

I know myself now; and I feel within me A peace above all earthly dignities. A still and quiet conscience. The king has cur'd me,

These ruin'd pillars, out of pity, taken A load would sink a navy,—too much honour: O, 'tis a burden, Cromwell, 'tis a burden Too heavy for a man that hopes for heaven! Crom. I am glad your grace has made that

right use of it. [thinks,—Wol. I hope I have; I am able now, me-Out of a fortitude of soul I feel,

To endure more miseries and greater far Than my weak-hearted enemies dare offer. What news abroad?

The heaviest and the worst Crom. Is your displeasure with the king.

chosen

Lord Chancellor in your place.

That's somewhat sudden: Wol. But he's a learned man. May he continue Long in his highness' favour, and do justice For truth's sake and his conscience; that his ſings,

When he has run his course and sleeps in bless-May have a tomb of orphans' tears wept on 'em! What more?

Crom. That Cranmer is return'd with welcome, Install'd Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

Wol. That's news indeed.

Last, that the Lady Anne, Whom the king hath in secrecy long married, This day was view'd in open as his queen, Going to chapel; and the voice is now

Only about her coronation. Wol. There was the weight that pull'd me down. O Cromwell,

The king has gone beyond me: all my glories In that one woman I have lost for ever: No sun shall ever usher forth mine honours, Or gild again the noble troops that waited Upon my smiles. Go, get thee from me, Cromwell:

I am a poor fallen man, unworthy now To be thy lord and master: seek the king: That sun, I pray, may never set! I have told thee:

What and how true thou art: he will advance Some little memory of me will stir him,-I know his noble nature, -not to let Thy hopeful service perish too: good Cromwell Neglect him not; make use now, and provide

Must I then leave you? must I needs forego

So good, so noble, and so true a master? Bear witness, all that have not hearts of iron, With what a sorrow Cromwell leaves his lord. The king shall have my service; but my prayers For ever and for ever shall be yours.

Wol. Cromwell, I did not think to shed a tear In all my miseries; but thou hast forc'd me, Out of thy honest truth, to play the woman. Let's dry our eyes: and thus far hear me, Cromwell:

And, when I am forgotten, as I shall be, And sleep in dull cold marble, where no mention Of me more must be heard of,-say I taught thee;

I humbly thank his grace; and from these Say Wolsey,—that once trod the ways of glory, shoulders,

And sounded all the depths and shoals of honour,

Found thee a way, out of his wreck, to rise in; A sure and safe one, though thy master miss'dit. Mark but my fall, and that that ruin'd me. Cromwell, I charge thee, fling away ambition: By that sin fell the angels; how can man, then, The image of his Maker, hope to win by it? Love thyself last: cherish those hearts that hate thee;

Corruption wins not more than honesty. Still in thy right hand carry gentle peace To silence envious tongues. Be just, and fear

not: God bless him! Let all the ends thou aim'st at be thy country's, Crom. The next is that Sir Thomas More is Thy God's and truth's; then, if thou fall'st, O, Cromwell,

Thou fall'st a blessed martyr! Serve the king; And,-pr'ythee, lead me in: There take an inventory of all I have. To the last penny; 'tis the king's: my robe,

And my integrity to heaven, is all [well! I dare now call mine own. O Cromwell, Crom-Had I but serv'd my God with half the zeal I serv'd my king, he would not in mine age Have left me naked to mine enemies.

Crom. Good sir, have patience.
Wol. So I have. Farewell The hopes of court! my hopes in heaven do dwell.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- A Street in Westminster.

Enter two Gentlemen, meeting.

r Gent. You are well met once again.

2 Gent. So are you. I Gent. You come to take your stand here,

and behold

The Lady Anne pass from her coronation?

2 Gent. 'Tis all my business. At our last encounter

The Duke of Buckingham came from his trial. I Gent. 'Tis very true: but that time offer'd SOTTOW:

This, general joy. 2 Gent. 'Tis well: the citizens, I am sure, have shown at full their royal minds; As, let 'em have their rights, they are ever forward.

In celebration of this day with shows, Pageants, and sights of honour.

I Gent. Never greater. Nor, I'll assure you, better taken, sir.

2 Gent. May I be bold to ask what that contains,

That paper in your hand?

I Gent. Yes; 'tis the list Of those that claim their offices this day, By custom of the coronation.

The Duke of Suffolk is the first, and claims To be high-steward; next, the Duke of Norfolk, He to be earl marshal: you may read the rest. 2 Gent. I thank you, sir; had I not known

those customs,

I should have been beholden to your paper. But, I beseech you, what's become of Katharine The princess dowager? how goes her business?

I Gent. That I can tell you too. The Archbishop

Of Canterbury, accompanied with other Learned and reverend fathers of his order, Held a late court at Dunstable, six miles off From Ampthill, where the princess lay; to which

She was often cited by them, but appear'd not: And, to be short, for not appearance and The king's late scruple, by the main assent Of all these learned men, she was divorc'd, And the late marriage made of none effect: Since which she was remov'd to Kimbolton. Where she remains now sick.

2 Gent. Alas, good lady!-Trum pets.

The trumpets sound: stand close, the queen is coming.

THE ORDER OF THE PROCESSION

A lively flourish of trumpets: then enter.

Two Judges.
 Lord Chancellor, with the purse and mace before

him. 3. Choristers singing. [Music. 4. Mayor of London, bearing the mace. Then Gar-

ter, in his coat of arms, and on his head a gilt copper crown. 5. Marquis Dorset, bearing a sceptre of gold, on his head a demi-coronal of gold. With him, the Earl of Surrey, bearing the rod of silver with the dove, crowned with an earl's coronet.

Earl of Surrey, bearing the rod of silver with the dove, crowned with an earl's coronet. Callars of SS.

6. Duke of Suffolk, in his robe of estate, his coronet on his head, bearing a long white wand, as high-steward. With him, the Duke of Nor-folk, with the rod of marshalship, a coronet on his head. Collars of SS.

7. A canopy borne by four of the Cinque-ports; under it the Queen in her robe; her hair richly adorned with pearl, crowned. Or each side of her, the Bishops of London and Winchester.

8. The old Duckess of Norfolk, in a coronal of gold, wrought with flowers, bearing the Queen's train.

train

9. Certain Ladies or Countesses, with plain circlets of gold without flowers.

A royal train, believe me.—These I know:— Who's that that bears the sceptre?
I Gent. Marquis Dorset:

And that the Earl of Surrey, with the rod. 2 Gent. A bold brave gentleman. That should be

The Duke of Suffolk?

I Gent. 'Tis the same, -high-steward. 2 Gent. And that my Lord of Norfolk?

I Gent. 2 Gent.

Thou hast the sweetest face I ever look'd on .-Sir, as I have a soul, she is an angel; Our king has all the Indies in his arms, And more and richer, when he strains that lady:

I cannot blame his conscience.

1 Gent. They that bear The cloth of honour over her are four barons

Of the Cinque-ports.

2 Gent. Those men are happy; and so are all

are near her. I take it, she that carries up the train

Is that old noble lady, Duchess of Norfolk.

I Gent. It is: and all the rest are countesses.

2 Gent. Their coronets say so. These are stars indeed:

And sometimes falling ones.

I Gent. No more of that. [Exit Procession, with a great flourish of trum pets.

Enter a third Gentleman.

God save you, sir! where have you been broiling? a finger

3 Gent. Among the crowd i' the abbey; where Could not be wedg'd in more: I am stifled With the mere rankness of their joy.

2 Gent.

The ceremony? 3 Gent.

That I did.

3 Gent.
I Gent.
3 Gent.
Well worth the seeing.
Good sir, speak it to us.
Therichstream

Of lords and ladies, having brought the queen To a prepar'd place in the choir, fell off A distance from her: while her grace sat down To rest awhile, some half an hour or so,

In a rich chair of state, opposing freely The beauty of her person to the people. Believe me, sir, she is the goodliest woman That ever lay by man: which when the people Had the full view of, such a noise arose

As the shrouds make at sea in a stiff tempest, As loud, and to as many tunes: hats, cloaks,-Doublets, I think,-flew up; and had their faces Been loose, this day they had been lost. Such joy

I never saw before. Great-bellied women, That had not half a week to go, like rams In the old time of war, would shake the press, And make 'em reel before 'em. No man living Could say, This is my wife, there; all were woven

So strangely in one piece.

2 Gent. But what follow'd?

3 Gent. At length her grace rose, and with modest paces saintlike,

Came to the altar; where she kneel'd, and, Cast her fair eyes to heaven, and pray'd devoutly.

Then rose again, and bow'd her to the people: When by the Archbishop of Canterbury She had all the royal makings of a queen: As holy oil, Edward Confessor's crown The rod, and bird of peace, and all such

emblems

Laid nobly on her: which perform'd, the choir, Heaven bless thee! With all the choicest music of the kingdom, [Looking on the QUEEN. Together sung Te Deum. So she parted.

And with the same full state pac'd back again Towhom he gave these words, -O, father abbot, To York Place, where the feast is held.

You must no more call it York Place, that's

For, since the cardinal fell, that title's lost: 'Tis now the king's and call'd Whitehall.

3 Gent.

I know But 'tis so lately alter'd that the old name I know it;

Is fresh about me.

What two reverend bishops 2 Gent. Were those that went on each side of the queen? 3 Gent. Stokesly and Gardiner; the one of Winchester,-

Newly preferr'd from the king's secretary,-

The other, London. He of Winchester 2 Gent.

Is held no great good lover of the archbishop's, The virtuous Cranmer.

3 Gent. All the land knows that: However, yet there is no great breach; when it comes. him.

Cranmer will find a friend will not shrink from 2 Gent. Who may that be, I pray you? Thomas Cromwell;

A man in much esteem with the king, and truly A worthy friend .- The king Has made him master o' the jewel-house,

And one, already, of the privy council. 2 Gent. He will deserve more.

Yes, without all doubt .-3 Gent. Come, gentlemen, ye shall go my way, which Is to the court, and there ve shall be my

guests: Something I can command. As I walk thither I'll tell ye more.

You may command us, sir. Exeunt.

SCENE IL.-Kimbolton.

Enter Katharine, Dowager, sick; led between GRIFFITH and PATIENCE.

Grif. How does your grace?

Both.

Kath. O Griffith, sick to death! My legs, like loaden branches, bow to the earth.

Willing to leave their burden. Reach a chair:-So,-now, methinks, I feel a little ease. [me, Didst thou not tell me, Griffith, as thou ledd'st That the great child of honour, Cardinal Wolsey, Was dead?

Grif. Yes, madam; but I think your grace, Out of the pain you suffer'd, gave no ear to't.

Kath. Pr'ythee, good Griffith, tell me how he died:

If well, he stepp'd before me, happily, For my example.

Well, the voice goes, madam: Grif. For after the stout Earl Northumberland Arrested him at York, and brought him forward.

As a man sorely tainted,—to his answer, He fell sick suddenly, and grew so ill He could not sit his mule.

Kath. Alas, poor man! Grif. At last, with easy roads, he came to Leicester.

Lodg'd in the abbey; where the reverend abbot, With all his covent, honourably receiv'd him;

An old man, broken with the storms of state, Is come to lay his weary bones among ye; Give him a little earth for charity! So went to bed; where eagerly his sickness Pursu'd him still: and three nights after this, About the hour of eight,—which he himself Foretold should be his last, -full of repentance, Continual meditations, tears, and sorrows, He gave his honours to the world again, His blessed part to heaven, and slept in peace.

Kath. So may he rest; his faults lie gently on him! him, Yet thus far, Griffith, give me leave to speak And yet with charity. He was a man Of an unbounded stomach, ever ranking Himself with princes; one that, by suggestion, Tied all the kingdom: simony was fair play; His own opinion was his law: i' the presence He would say untruths; and be ever double Both in his words and meaning: he was never, But where he meant to ruin, pitiful: His promises were, as he then was, mighty; But his performance, as he is now, nothing: Of his own body he was ill, and gave The clergy ill example.

Grif. Noble madam, Men's evil manners live in brass; their virtues We write in water. May it please your highness To hear me speak his good now! Yes, good Griffith; Kath.

I were malicious else.

Grif. This cardinal Though from an humble stock, undoubtedly Was fashion'd to much honour from his cradle. He was a scholar, and a ripe and good one; Exceeding wise, fair-spoken, and persuading: Lofty and sour to them that lov'd him not; But to those men that sought him sweet as summer.

And though he were unsatisfied in getting,-Which was a sin,—yet in bestowing, madam, He was most princely: ever witness for him Those twins of learning that he rais'd in you, Ipswich and Oxford! one of which fell with him, Unwilling to outlive the good that did it; The other, though unfinish'd, yet so famous, So excellent in art, and still so rising That Christendom shall ever speak his virtue. His overthrow heap'd happiness upon him; For then, and not till then, he felt himself, And found the blessedness of being little: And, to add greater honours to his age Than man could give him, he died fearing God.

Kath. After my death I wish no other herald, No other speaker of my living actions, To keep mine honour from corruption, But such an honest chronicler as Griffith. Whom I most hated living, thou hast made me, With thy religious truth and modesty. Now in his ashes honour: peace be with him!-Patience, be near me still; and set me lower: I have not long to trouble thee.—Good Griffith, Cause the musicians play me that sad note I nam'd my knell, whilst I sit meditating On that celestial harmony I go to. [Sad and solemn music.

Grif. She is asleep; good wench, let's sit down quiet,

For fear we wake her: -softly, gentle Patience.

THE VISION. Enter, solemnly tripping one after another, six Personages clad in white robes, wearing on their heads garlands of bays, and golden sixurds on their faces; branches of bays or palm in their hands. They first conges unto her, then dance; and, at certain changes, the first two hold a spare garland over her head; at which the other four make reverent courtesies: then the two that held the garland deliver the same to the other next too, who observe the same order in their changes. two, who observe the same order in their changes, and holding the garland over her head: which done, they deliver the same garland to the last two, who likewise observe the same order: at which,—as it were by inspiration,—she makes in her sleep signs of rigiding, and holdelt up her hands to hauser, and so in their dancing they worten, carrying the garland with them. The music continues.

Kath. Spirits of peace, where are ye? Are ye all gone?

And leave me here in wretchedness behind ye? Grif. Madam, we are here.

It is not you I call for: Kath. Saw ye none enter since I slept?

Grif. None, madam. Kath. No? Saw you not, even now, a

blessed troop Invite me to a banquet; whose bright faces

Cast thousand beams upon me, like the sun? They promis'd me eternal happiness; And brought me garlands, Griffith, which I feel

I am not worthy yet to wear: I shall, Assuredly. dreams

Grif. I am most joyful, madam, such good Possess your fancy

Bid the music leave, Kath.

They are harsh and heavy to me. [Music ceases. Pat. Do you note How much her grace is alter'd on the sudden? How long her face is drawn? how pale she looks,

And of an earthy cold? Mark you her eyes! Grif. She is going, wench: pray, pray. Pat. Heaven comfort her!

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. An't like your grace.-

Kath. You are a saucy fellow: Deserve we no more reverence?

You are to blame. Knowing she will not lose her wonted greatness, To use so rude behaviour: go to, kneel.

Mess. I humbly do entreat your highness' [staying pardon; My haste made me unmannerly. There is

A gentleman, sent from the king, to see you. Kath. Admit him entrance, Griffith: but this fellow

Let me ne'er see again.

Exeunt GRIFFITH and Messenger.

Re-enter Griffith, with Capucius.

If my sight fail not, You should be lord ambassador from the emperor,

My royal nephew, and your name Capucius. Cap. Madam, the same,—your servant.

Kath. O, my Lord, The times and titles now are alter'd strangely With me since first you knew me. But, I pray you,

What is your pleasure with me?

Cap. Noble ,lady, First, mine own service to your grace; the next, The king's request that I would visit you: Who grieves much for your weakness, and by me

Sends you his princely commendations,

And heartily entreats you take good comfort.

Kath. O, my good lord, that comfort comes too late;

'Tis like a pardon after execution:

That gentle physic, given in time, had cur'd me; But now I am past all comforts here, but prayers.

How does his highness?

Madam, in good health. Cab. Kath. So may he ever do! and ever flourish: When I shall dwell with worms, and my poor name

Banish'd the kingdom!-Patience, is that letter I caus'd you write yet sent away?

No, madam. Giving it to KATHARINE. Kath. Sir, I most humbly pray you to deliver

Kath. Sir, 1 mos.

This to my lord the king.

Most willing, madam.

Kath. In which I have commended to his goodness The model of our chaste loves, his young

daughter,-

The dews of heaven fall thick in blessings on her!-

Beseeching him to give her virtuous breeding: She is young, and of a noble modest nature,-I hope she will deserve well; -and a little

To love her for her mother's sake, that lov'd him, [petition Heaven knows how dearly. My next poor

Is, that his noble grace would have some pity Upon my wretched women, that so long Have follow'd both my fortunes faithfully: Of which there is not one, I dare avow,-And now I should not lie,—but will deserve, For virtue and true beauty of the soul, For honesty and decent carriage,

A right good husband, let him be a noble; And, sure, those men are happy that shall have them.

The last is, for my men, -they are the poorest, But poverty could never draw 'em from me, That they may have their wages duly paid 'em, And something over to remember me by: If heaven had pleas'd to have given me longer

life And able means, we had not parted thus.

These are the whole contents:-and, good my lord. By that you love the dearest in this world,

As you wish Christian peace to souls departed Stand these poor people's friend, and urge the king

To do me this last right.

By heaven, I will, Cab. Or let me lose the fashion of a man!

[me Kath. I thank you, honest lord. Remember In all humility unto his highness:

Say his long trouble now is passing Out of this world; tell him, in death I bless'd For so I will, -Mine eyes grow dim. - Farewell, My lord.-Griffith, farewell.-Nay, Patience, You must not leave me yet: I must to bed: .

Call in more women.-When I am dead, good Stands in the gap and trade of more preferwench.

Let me be us'd with honour: strew me over With maiden flowers, that all the world may

I was a chaste wife to my grave: embalm me, Then lay me forth: although unqueen'd, yet like

A queen, and daughter to a king, inter me. I can no more. [Exeunt, leading KATHARINE.

ACT V.

Scene I.-London. A Gallery in the Palace.

Enter GARDINER, Bishop of Winchester, a Page with a torch before him.

Gar. It's one o'clock, boy, is't not'?

It has struck. Gar. These should be hours for necessities, Not for delights; times to repair our nature With comforting repose, and not for us To waste these times.

Enter SIR THOMAS LOVELL.

Good hour of night, Sir Thomas!

Whither so late?

Came you from the king, my Lord? Lov. primero

With the Duke of Suffolk.

Lov. I must to him too. Before he go to bed. I'll take my leave. Gar. Not yet, Sir Thomas Lovell. What's

the matter? It seems you are in haste: an if there be

No great offence belongs to't, give your friend Some touch of your late business: affairs that walk. As they say spirits do, -at midnight, have

In them a wilder nature than the business That seks despatch by day.

My lord, I love you; Lov. And durst commend a secret to your ear Much weightier than this work. The queen's in labour,

They say in great extremity; and fear'd

She'll with the labour end.

Gar. The fruit she goes with I pray for heartily, that it may find [Thomas, Good time, and live: but for the stock, Sir I wish it grubb'd up now.

Lov. Methinks I could Cry thee amen; and yet my conscience says She's a good creature, and, sweet lady, does Deserve our better wishes.

Gar. But, sir, sir,-Hear me, Sir Thomas: you are a gentleman Of mine own way; I know you wise, religious; And, let me tell you, it will ne'er be well,— 'Twill not, Sir Thomas Lovell, take't of me, Till Cranmer, Cromwell, her two hands, and

she, Sleep in their graves.

Lov. Now, sir, you speak of two The most remark'd i' the kingdom. As for Cromwell.master Beside that of the jewel-house, he's made O' the rolls, and the king's secretary; further, sir,

ments. With which the time will load him.

bishop speak Is the king's hand and tongue; and who dare One syllable against him?

Gar. Yes, yes, Sir Thomas, There are that dare; and I myself have ventur'd To speak my mind of him: and indeed this day,

Sir,—I may tell it you,—I think I have Incens'd the lords o' the council, that he is,— For so I know he is, they know he is,-

A most arch heretic, a pestilence [moved, That does infect the land: with which they Have broken with the king; who hath so far Given ear to our complaint, -of his great grace And princely care; foreseeing those fell mis-

chiefs Our reasons laid before him, -hath commanded To-morrow morning to the council-board

He be convented. He's a rank weed, Sir Thomas,

And we must root him out. From your affairs I hinder you too long: good night, Sir Thomas. Lov. Many good nights, my lord: I rest your servant.

Exeunt GARDINER and Page.

Gar. I did, Sir Thomas; and left him at As LOVELL is going out, enter the KING and the DUKE OF SUFFOLK.

> K. Hen. Charles, I will play no more to-night; My mind's not on't; you are too hard for me.

Suf. Sir, I did never win of you before. K. Hen. But little, Charles; Nor shall not, when my fancy's on my play.-

Now, Lovell, from the queen what is the news? Lov. I could not personally deliver to her What you commanded me, but by her woman I sent your message; who return'd her thanks In the greatest humbleness, and desir'd your highness

Most heartily to pray for her.

K. Hen. What say'st thou, ha? To pray for her? what, is she crying out?

Lov. So said her woman; and that her sufferance made

Almost each pang a death.

K. Hen. Alas, good lady!
Suf. God safely quit her of her burden, and
With gentle travail, to the gladding of Your highness with an heir!

'Tis midnight, Charles; K. Hen. Prythee, to bed; and in thy prayers remember The estate of my poor queen. Leave me alone; For I must think of that which company Will not be friendly to.

Suf. I wish your highness A quiet night; and my good mistress will

Remember in my prayers. K. Hen.

Charles, good-night. Exit SUFFOLK.

Enter SIR ANTHONY DENNY.

Well, sir, what follows? bishop, Den. Sir, I have brought my lord the arch-As you commanded me. K. Hen. Hs

Ha! Canterbury?

Den. Ay, my good lord.

K. Hen. 'Tis true: where is he, Denny?

Den. He attends your highness' pleasure. Bring him to us. Exit DENNY.

Lov. This is about that which the bishop Aside.

I am happily come hither.

Re-enter DENNY, with CRANMER.

K. Hen. Avoid the gallery.

[LOVELL seems to stay. Ha! I have said. Be gone. Exeunt LOVELL and DENNY. What! Cran. I am fearful:-wherefore frowns he thus?

'Tis his aspect of terror. All's not well. [Aside. K. Hen. How now, my lord? you do desire to know

Wherefore I sent for you.

It is my duty Cran. To attend your highness' pleasure.

K. Hen. Pray you, arise. My good and gracious Lord of Canterbury. Come, you and I must walk a turn together; I have news to tell you: come, come, give me your hand.

Ah, my good lord, I grieve at what I speak, And am right sorry to repeat what follows: I have, and most unwillingly, of late Heard many grievous, I do say, my lord,

consider'd, mother! Have mov'd us and our council that you shall I swear he is true-hearted; and a soul But that, till further trial in those charges Which will require your answer, you must take His language in his tears. Your patience to you, and be well contented To make your house our Tower: you a brother of us,

It fits we thus proceed, or else no witness

Would come against you.

Cran. I humbly thank your highness; And am right glad to catch this good occasion Most thoroughly to be winnow'd, where my chaff

And corn shall fly asunder: for I know There's none stands under more calumnious tongues

Than I myself, poor man.

K. Hen. Stand up, good Canterbury: Thy truth and thy integrity is rooted

In us, thy friend: give me thy hand, stand up: Pr'ythee, let's walk. Now, by my holy-dame, What manner of man are you? My lord, I look'd

You would have given me your petition that I should have ta'en some pains to bring together Yourself and your accusers; and to have heard

you, Without indurance, further.

Most dread liege, The good I stand on is my truth and honesty: If they shall fail, I, with mine enemies, [not, Will triumph o'er my person; which I weigh Being of those virtues vacant. I fear nothing What can be said against me.

K. Hen. Know you not How your state stands i' the world, with the whole world?

Your enemies are many, and not small; their practices

Must bear the same proportion; and not ever The justice and the truth o' the question carries The due o' the verdict with it: at what ease Might corrupt minds procure knaves as corrupt To swear against you? such things have been

done. You are potently oppos'd; and with a malice Of as great size. Ween you of better luck, Of as great size. I mean in perjur'd witness, than your Master, Whose minister you are, whiles here he liv'd Upon this naughty earth? Go to, go to; You take a precipice for no leap of danger, And woo your own destruction.

Cran. God and your majesty Protect mine innocence, or I fall into

The trap is laid for me!

Be of good cheer; K. Hen. They shall no more prevail than we give way to. Keep comfort to you; and this morning see You do appear before them: if they shall chance, In charging you with matters, to commit you, The best persuasions to the contrary Fail not to use, and with what vehemency The occasion shall instruct you: if entreaties Will render you no remedy, this ring Deliver them, and your appeal to us There make before them.—Look, the good man weeps!

Grievous complaints of you; which, being He's honest, on mine honour. God's bless'd

This morning come before us; where, I know, None better in my kingdom.—Get you gone, You cannot with such freedom purge yourself And do as I have bid you. [Exit Cranmer.] -He has strangled

Enter an Old Lady.

Gent. [Within.] Come back: what mean you? Old L. I'll not come back; the tidings that
I bring angels
Will make my boldness manners.—Now, good Fly o'er thy royal head, and shade thy person

Under their blessed wings! K. Hen. Now, by thy looks guess thy message. Is the queen deliver'd?

Say ay; and of a boy. Old L.

Ay, ay, my liege; And of a lovely boy: the God of Heaven Both now and ever bless her!—'tis a girl,-Promises boys hereafter. Sir, your queen Desires your visitation, and to be Acquainted with this stranger; 'tis as like you As cherry is to cherry.

Lovell,-K. Hen.

Re-enter LOVELL.

Lov. Sir? K. Hen. Give her an hundred marks. to the queen. Exit. Old L. An hundred marks! By this light, I'll ha' more.

An ordinary groom is for such payment. I will have more, or scold it out of him. Said I for this, the girl was like to him? I will have more, or else unsay't; and now, While it is hot, I'll put it to the issue.

Exeunt.

Scene II .- Lobby before the Council Chamber. Enter CRANMER; Servants, Door-keeper. &c .. attending.

Cran. I hope I am not too late; and yet the gentleman

That was sent to me from the council pray'd me To make great haste. All fast? what means this?-Ho!

Who waits there?-Sure, you know me? D. Keep. Yes, my lord;

But yet I cannot help you.

Cran. Why?

D. Keep. Your grace must wait till you be call'd for.

Enter DOCTOR BUTTS.

So. Cran. Butts. [Aside.] This is a piece of malice. I am glad

I came this way so happily: the king Shall understand it presently. Exit.

Cran. [Aside.] 'Tis Butts. The King's physician: as he pass'd along, How earnestly he cast his eyes upon me! Pray, heaven, he sound not my disgrace! For

certain, This is of purpose laid by some that hate me, God turn their hearts! I never sought their malice,make me

To quench mine honour: they would shame to Wait else at door, a fellow-counsellor, Among boys, grooms, and lackeys. But their

leasures Must be fulfill'd, and I attend with patience.

The King and Butts appear at a window above

Butts. I'll show your grace the strangest

K. Hen. What's that, Butts? Butts. I think your highness saw this many a day.

K. Hen. Body o' me, where is it?

There my lord: The high promotion of his grace of Canterbury; Who holds his state at door, 'mongst pursuivants,

Pages, and footboys.

Ha! 'tis he indeed: K Hen. Is this the honour they do one another? 'Tis well there's one above them yet. I had thought

They had parted so much honesty among 'em. At least good manners,—as not thus to suffer A man of his place, and so near our favour, To dance attendance on their lordships' pleasures,

And at the door too, like a post with packets. By holy Mary, Butts, there's knavery: Let 'em alone, and draw the curtain close; We shall hear more anon. Exeunt.

The Council Chamber.

Enter the Lord Chancellor, the DUKE OF SUF-FOLK, the DUKE OF NORFOLK, EARL OF SURREY, Lord Chamberlain, GARDINER, and CROMWELL. The Chancellor places himself at the upper end of the table on the And freely urge against me.

left hand; a seat being left void above him, as for the ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY The rest seat themselves in order on each side. CROMWELL at the lower end, as Secretary.

Chan. Speak to the business, master secretary:

Why are we met in council?

Crom. Please your honours, The chief cause concerns his grace of Canterbury.

Gar. Has he had knowledge of it?

Crom. Yes.

Nor. Who waits there? D. Keep. Without, my noble lords? Gar.

D. Keep. My lord archbishop; And has done half an hour, to know your pleasures.

Chan. Let him come in.

D. Keep. Your grace may enter now. CRAN. approaches the Council-table. Chan. My good lord archbishop, I am very

SOTTY To sit here at this present, and behold That chair stand empty: but we all are men, In our own natures frail, and capable Of our flesh; few are angels: out of which

fraulty And want of wisdom, you, that best should

teach us, Have misdemean'd vourself, and not a little. Toward the king first, then his laws, in filling The whole realm, by your teaching and your chaplains,

For so we are inform'd,—with new opinions, Divers and dangerous; which are heresies, And, not reform'd, may prove pernicious.

Gar. Which reformation must be sudden too. My noble lords; for those that tame wild horses Pace 'em not in their hands to make 'em gentle, But stop their mouths with stubborn bits, and spur 'em,

Till they obey the manage. If we suffer,-Out of our easiness, and childish pity To one man's honour, -this contagious sick-

ness. Farewell all physic: and what follows then? Commotions, uproars, with a general taint Of the whole state: as, of late days, our neighbours,

The upper Germany, can dearly witness, Yet freshly pitied in our memories. gress

Cran. My good lords, hitherto in all the pro-Both of my life and office, I have labour'd, And with no little study, that my teaching And the strong course of my authority Might go one way, and safely; and the end Was ever to do well: nor is there living.-I speak it with a single heart, my lords, A man that more detests, more stirs against, Both in his private conscience and his place, Defacers of a public peace, than I do. Pray heaven, the king may never find a heart With less allegiance in it! Men that make Envy and crooked malice nourishment Dare bite the best. I do beseech your lordships That, in this case of justice, my accusers, Be what they will, may stand forth face to face,

Suf. Nay, my lord, That cannot be: you are a counsellor,

And, by that virtue, no man dare accuse you.

Gar. My lord, because we have business of

more moment, [pleasure, We will be short with you. 'Tis his highness' And our consent, for better trial of you, From hence you be committed to the Tower; Where, being but a private man again,

Where, being out a private man again, You shall know many dare accuse you boldly, More than, I fear, you are provided for. Cran. Ah, my good Lord of Winchester,I

thank you; [pass You are always my good friend; if your will I shall both find your lordship judge and juror, You are so merciful: I see your end,—'Tis my undoing: love and meekness, lord, Become a churchman better than ambition: Win straying souls with modesty again, Cast none away. That I shall clear myself, Lay all the weight ye can upon my patience,

Lay all the weight ye can upon my patience, I make as little doubt as you do conscience In doing daily wrongs. I could say more, But reverence to your calling makes me modest. Gar. My lord, my lord, you are a sectary.

That's the plain truth: your painted gloss discovers, [ness. To men that understand you words and weak-

To men that understand you, words and weak-Crom. My Lord of Winchester, you are a little, By your good favour, too sharp; men so noble, Howaver faulty wat should find respect

However faulty, yet should find respect
For what they have been: 'tis a cruelty
To load a falling man.
Good master secretary,

Good master secretary

I cry your honour mercy; you may, worst

Of all this table, say so.

Crom. Why, my lord?

Gar. Do not I know you for a favourer

Of this new sect? ye are not sound.

Crom.

Not sound?

Gar. Not sound, I say.

Crom. Would you were half so honest!

Men's prayers then would seek you, not their
fears.

Gar. I shall remember this hold language.
Crom. Do.

Remember your hold life too.

Chan. This is too much;
Forbear, for shame, my lords.

Gar. I have done.

Crom. And I. Chan. Then thus for you, my lord: it stands

agreed,
I take it, by all voices, that forthwith
You be conveyed to the Tower a prisoner;
There to remain till the king's further pleasure

Be known unto us:—are you all agreed, lords?
All. We are.
Cran. Is there no other way of mercy,
But I must needs to the Tower, my lords?

Gar. What other Would you expect? You are strangely trouble-

Let some o' the guard be ready there.

Enter Guard.

Cran.
Must I go like a traitor thither?

For me?

Gar. Receive him, And see him safe i' the Tower.

Cran. Stay, good my lords, I have a little yet to say. Look there, my lords; By virtue of that ring I take my cause Out of the gripes of cruel men, and give it

To a most noble judge, the king my master. Cham. This is the king's ring.

Sur. 'Tis the right ring, by heaven: I told ye

all,
When we first put this dangerous stone a-rolling,
'Twould fall upon ourselves.

Nor. Do you think, my lords,
The king will suffer but the little finger

Of this man to be vex'd?

Cham.

'Tis now too certain:

How much more is his life in value with him?

Would I were fairly out on't!

Crom. My mind gave me, In seeking tales and informations Against this man,—whose honesty the devil And his disciples only envy at,—

Ye blew the fire that burns ye: now have at ye.

Enter the King frowning on them; he takes his seat.

Gar. Dread sovereign, how much are we bound to heaven

In daily thanks, that gave us such a prince; Not only good and wise, but most religious: One that, in all obedience, makes the church The chief aim of his honour; and, to strengthen That holy duty, out of dear respect, His royal self in judgment comes to hear

The cause betwirt her and this great offender.

K. Hen. You were ever good at sudden commendations.

Bishop of Winchester. But know, I come not To hear such flattery now, and in my presence; They are too thin and bare to hide offences. To me you cannot reach: you play the spaniel, And think with wagging of your tongue to win

But whatsoe'er thou tak'st me for, I am sure Thou hast a cruel nature, and a bloody.— Good man [to Cranmer], sit down. Now let

me see the proudest,
He that dares most, but was his finger at thee:
By all that's holy, he had better starve [not,
Than but once think this place becomes thee

Sur. May it please your grace,—
K. Hen. No, sir, it does not please me.
I had thought I had had men of some under-

standing
And wisdom of my council; but I find none.
Was it discretion, lords, to let this man,

This good man,—few of you deserve that title,—

This honest man, wait like a lousy footboy At chamber door? and one as great as you are? Why, what a shame was this! Did my commission

Bid ye so far forget yourselves? I gave ye Power as he was a counsellor to try him, Not as a groom: there's some of ye, I see, More out of malice than integrity, Would try him to the utmost, had ye mean; Which ye shall never have while I live.

fany

Thus far, Chan. My most dread sovereign, may it like your [pos'd

To let my tongue excuse all. What was pur-Concerning his imprisonment was rather, If there be faith in men,-meant for his trial, And fair purgation to the world, than malice,-

I'm sure in me.

K. Hen. Well, well, my lords, respect him; Take him, and use him well, he's worthy of it. I will say thus much for him,-if a prince May be beholding to a subject, I Am, for his love and service, so to him. Make me no more ado, but all embrace him: Be friends, for shame, my lords!-My Lord of

Canterbury, I have a suit which you must not deny me; That is, a fair young maid that yet wants bap-

tism,

You must be godfather, and answer for her. Cran. The greatest monarch now alive may glory

In such an honour: how may I deserve it, That am a poor and humble subject to you? K. Hen. Come, come, my lord, you'd spare your spoons: you shall have

Two noble partners with you: the old Duchess of Norfolk [you? And Lady Marquis Dorset: will these please

Once more, my Lord of Winchester, I charge

Embrace and love this man.

With a true heart Gar. And brother-love I do it.

And let heaven Witness how dear I hold this confirmation.

K. Hen. Good man, those joyful tears show thy true heart:

The common voice, I see, is verified Of thee, which says thus,-Do my Lord of Canterbury

A shrewd turn, and he is your friend forever. -Come, lords, we trifle time away; I long To have this young one made a Christian. As I have made ye one, lords, one remain; So I grow stronger, you more honour gain. Exeunt.

Scene III .- The Palace Yard.

Noise and tumult within. Enter Porter and his Man.

Port. You'll leave your noise anon, ye rascals: do you take the court for Paris garden? ye rude slaves, leave your gaping.

[Within.] Good master porter, I belong to

the larder.

Port. Belong to the gallows, and be hanged, you rogue! is this a place to roar in?-Fetch me a dozen crab-tree staves, and strong ones: these are but switches to them .- I'll scratch your heads: you must be seeing christenings? do you look for ale and cakes here, you rude rascals?

Man. Pray, sir, be patient: 'tis as much [cannons,impossible. Unless we sweep them from the door with To scatter 'em as 'tis to make 'em sleep On May-day morning; which will never be: We may as well push against Paul's as stir 'em.

Port. How got they in, and be hang'd? Man. Alas, I know not; how gets the tide in? As much as one sound cudgel of four foot,-

You see the poor remainder, -could distribute, I made no spare, sir.

You did nothing, sir. Port. Man. I am not Samson, nor Sir Guy, nor

Colbrand,

To mow 'em down before me: but if I spar'd That had a head to hit, either young or old, He or she, cuckold or cuckold-maker, Let me ne'er hope to see a chine again; And that I would not for a cow, God save her!

[Within.] Do you hear, master porter? Port. I shall be with you presently, good

master puppy.—Keep the door close, sirrah.

Man. What would you have me do?

Port. What should you do, but knock them
down by the dozens? In this Moorfields to muster in? or have we some strange Indian with the great tool come to court, the women so besiege us? Bless me, what a fry of fornica-tion is at door! On my Christian conscience, this one christening will beget a thousand: here will be father, godfather, and all together.

Man. The spoons will be the bigger, sir. There is a fellow somewhat near the door, he should be a brazier by his face, for, o' my conscience, twenty of the dog-days now reign in's nose; all that stand about him are under the line, they need no other penance: that fire-drake did I hit three times on the head, and three times was his nose distharged against me; he stands there, like a mortar-piece, to blow us. There was a haberdasher's wife of small wit near him, that railed upon me till her pink'd porringer fell off her head, for kindling such a combustion in the state. I mis'd the meteor once, and hit that woman, who cried out Clubs! when I might see from far some forty truncheoners draw to her succor, which were the hope of the Strand, where she was quartered. They fell on: I made good my place: at length they came to the broomstaff to me; I defied them still: when suddenly a file of boys behind them, loose shot, delivered such a shower of pebbles, that I was fain to draw mine honour in, and let them win the work: the devil was amongst them, I think, surely.

Port. These are the youths that thunder at a play-house and fight for bitten apples; that, no audience, but the Tribulation of Tower-hill or the limbs of Limehouse, their dear brothers, are able to endure. I have some of them in Limbo Patrum, and there they are like to dance these three days; besides the running banquet of two beadles that is to come.

Enter the Lord Chamberlain.

Cham. Mercy o' me, what a multitude are here! [coming,

They grow still too; from all parts they are As if we kept a fair here! Where are these porters,

These lazy knaves? - Ye have made a fine hand, fellows.

There's a trim rabble let in: are all these Your faithful friends o' the suburbs? We shall have

ladies,

When they pass back from the christening. An't please your honour, Port.

We are but men; and what so many may do, Not being torn a pieces, we have done:

An army cannot rule 'em.

Cham. As I live If the king blame me for't, I'll lay ye all By the heels, and suddenly; and on your heads

Clap round fines for neglect: you're lazy knaves; And here ye lie baiting of bombards, when Ye should do service. Hark! the trumpets sound;

They are come already from the christening: Go, break among the press, and find a way out To let the troop pass fairly; or I'll find A Marshalsea shall hold you play these two

months.

Port. Make way there for the princess. You great fellow, Man. Stand close up, or I'll make your head ache.

Port. You i' the camlet, get up o' the rail;
I'll pick you o'er the pales else.

[Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- The Palace.

Enter trumpets, sounding; then two Aldermen, Lord Mayor, Garter, CRANMER, DUKE OF NORFOLK, with his marshal's staff, DUKE OF SUFFOLK, two Noblemen bearing great standing-bowls for the christening gifts; then four Noblemen bearing a canopy, under which the Duckess OF Norfolk, godmother, bearing the child richly habited in a mantle, &c. Train borne by a Lady; then follows the MARCHIONESS OF DORSET, the other godmother, and Ladies. The troop pass once about the stage, and Garter speaks.

Gart. Heaven, from thy endless . send prosperous life, long, and everthe high and mighty princess of Elizabeth!

Flourish. Enter KING and Train.

Cran. [Kneeling.] And to your royal grace and the good queen.

My noble partners and myself thus pray; All comfort, joy, in this most gracious lady, Heaven ever laid up to make parents happy,

May hourly fall upon ye!

K. Hen. Thank you, good lord archbishop. What is her name?

Elizabeth. Cran.

K. Hen. Stand up, lord. [The KING kisses the child. With this kiss take my blessing: God protect theel

Into whose hand I give thy life. Amen.

K. Hen. My noble gossips, ye have been too prodigal.

I thank ye heartily; so shall this lady, When she has so much English.

Let me speak, sir. For heaven now bids me; and the words I utter Let none think flattery, for they'll find 'em truth.

Great store of room, no doubt, left for the This royal infant,-Heaven still move about her!-

ACT V.

Though in her cradle, yet now promises Upon this land a thousand thousand blessings. Which time shall bring to ripeness: she shall be,

But few now living can behold that goodness,-A pattern to all princes living with her, And all that shall succeed: Saba was never More covetous of wisdom and fair virtue Than this pure soul shall be: all princely graces, That mould up such a mighty piece as this is, With all the virtues that attend the good, Shall still be doubled on her: truth shall nurse

her, Holy and heavenly thoughts still counsel her: She shall be lov'd and fear'd: her own shall

bless her: Her foes shake like a field of beaten corn, And hang their heads with sorrow: good grows with her:

In her days every man shall eat in safety, Under his own vine, what he plants; and sing The merry songs of peace to all his neighbours: God shall be truly known; and those about her From her shall read the perfect ways of honour, And by those claim their greatness, not by blood. Nor shall this peace sleep with her: but as when The bird of wonder dies, the maiden phoenix, Her ashes new create another heir, As great in admiration as herself:

So shall she leave her blessedness to one,-When heaven shall call her from this cloud of darkness,-

Who from the sacred ashes of her honour Shall star-like rise, as great in fame as she was. And so stand fix'd: peace, plenty, love, truth, terror.

That were the servants to this chosen infant, Shall then be his, and like a vine grow to him: Wherever the bright sun of heaven shall shine, His honour and the greatness of his name Shall be, and make new nations: he shall flourish,

And, like a mountain cedar, reach his branches To all the plains about him: -our children's children

Shall see this and bless Heaven.

K. Hen. Thou speak'st wonders. Cran. She shall be, to the happiness of England.

An aged princess; many days shall see her, And yet no day without a deed to crown it. Would I had known no more! but she must die, She must, the saints must have her,-yet a virgin;

A most unspotted lily shall she pass To the ground, and all the world shall mourn

K. Hen. O lord archbishop, Thou hast made me now a man; never, before This happy child, did I get anything This oracle of comfort has so pleas'd me That when I am in heaven I shall desire To see what this child does, and praise my Maker.-

I thank ye all.—To you, my good lord mayor, And you, good brethern, I am much beholding; I have received much honour by your presence,

[ye, lords:-

Ye must all see the queen, and she must thank She will be sick else. This day, no man think Has business at his house; for all shall stay: This little one shall make it holiday. [Exeunt.

EPILOGUE

'Tis ten to one this play can never please All that are here: some come to take their ease, And sleep an act or two; but those, we fear,

And ye shall find me thankful.—Lead the way, We have frightened with our trumpets; so, 'tis clear,

They'll say 'tis naught: others to hear the city Abus'd extremely, and to cry,—That's witty! Which we have not done neither: that, I fear, All the expected good we're like to hear For this play at this time, is only in The merciful construction of good women; For such a one we show'd 'em: if they smile, And say 'twill do, I know, within awhile All the best men are ours; for 'tis ill hap If they hold when their ladies bid 'em clap.

TROILUS AND CRESSIDA

PERSONS REPRESENTED

PRIAM, King of Troy.

HECTOR,

TROILUS,

PARIS, his Sons.

DEIPHOBUS,

HELENUS,

MARGARELON, a bastard Son of PRIAM.

ENLAS,

ANTENOR,

Trojan Commanders.

CALCHAS, a Trojan Priest, taking part with the Greeks.

PANDARUS, Uncle to CRESSIDA.

AGAMEMNON, the Grectan General.

MENELAUS, his Brother.

ACHILLES,

AJAX,

Grecian Commanders.

ULYSSES, MESTOR, Grecian Commanders.

DIOMEDES, PATROCLUS, THERSTIES, a deformed and scurrilous Grecian.

ALEXANDER, Servant to CRESSIDA.

Servant to TROILUS.

Servant to DIOMEDES.

HELEN, Wife to MENELAUS.

ANDROMACHE, Wife to HECTOR.

Andromache, Wife to Hector. Cassandra, Daughter to Priam, a Prophetess. Cressida, Daughter to Calchas.

Trojan and Greek Soldiers, and Attendants.

SCENE,-TROY, and the Grecian Camp before it.

PROLOGUE.

In Troy, there lies the scene. From isles of Greece

The princes orgulous, their high blood chaffd, Have to the port of Athens sent their ships, Fraught with the ministers and instruments Of cruel war: sixty and nine, that wore Their crownets regal, from the Athenian bay Put forth toward Phrygia: and their vow is made

To ransack Troy; within whose strong immures The ravish'd Helen, Menelaus' queen, With wanton Paris sleeps; and that's the quarrel.

To Tenedos they come;

And the deep-drawing barks do there disgorge

Their warlike fraughtage: now on Dardan plans The fresh and yet unbruised Greeks do pitch Their brave pavilions: Priam's six-gated city, Dardan, and Tymbria, Helias, Chetas, Troien, And Antenorides, with massy staples And corresponsive and fulfilling bolts, Sperr up the sons of Troy. Now expectation, tickling skittish spirits, On one and other side, Trojan and Greek, Sets all on hazard:—and hither am I come A prologue arm'd,—but not in confidence Of author's pen or actor's voice; but suited In like conditions as our argument,—To tell you, fair beholders, that our play Leaps o'er the yaunt and firstlings of those

broils.

Beginning in the middle; starting thence away To what may be digested in a play.

Like, or find fault; do as your pleasures are; Now good or bad, 'tis but the chance of war.

ACT I.

Scene L.—Troy. Before Priam's Palace.

Enter Trollus armed, and Pandarus.

Tro. Call here my varlet; I'll unarm again: Why should I war without the walls of Troy, That find such cruel battle here within? Each Trojan that is master of his heart. Let him to field; Troilus, alas! hath none.

Pan. Will this gear ne'er be mended?
Tro. The Greeks are strong, and skilful to

their strength, [valiant; Fierce to their skill, and to their fierceness But I am weaker than a woman's tear, Tamer than sleep, fonder than ignorance, Less valiant than the virgin in the night,

And skilless as unpractis'd infancy.

Pan. Well, I have told you enough of this: for my part, I'll not meddle nor make no further. He that will have a cake out of the wheat must needs tarry the grinding.

Tro. Have I not tarried?

Pan. Ay, the grinding; but you must tarry the bolting.

Tro. Have I not tarried?

Pan. Ay, the bolting; but you must tarry the leavening

Tro. Still have I tarried.

Pan. Ay, to the leavening; but here's yet in the word hereafter, the kneading, the making of the cake, the heating of the oven, and the baking; nay, you must stay the cooling too, or you may chance to burn your lips.

Tro. Patience herself, what goddess e'er she Doth lesser blench at sufferance than I do.

At Priam's royal table do I sit:

And when fair Cressid comes into my thoughts,— So, traitor!-when she comes!-When is she thence?

Pan. Well, she looked yesternight fairer than

ever I saw her look, or any woman else.

Tro. I was about to tell thee, -when my heart, As wedged with a sigh, would rive in twain; Lest Hector or my father should perceive me, I have,—as when the sun doth light a storm,-Buried this sigh in wrinkle of a smile:

But sorrow that is couch'd in seeming gladness Is like that mirth fate turns to sudden sadness.

Pan. An her hair were not somewhat darker than Helen's,-well, go to, - there were no more comparison between the women,—but, for my part, she is my kinswoman; I would not, as they term it, praise her,-but I would somebody had heard her talk vesterday, as I did. I will not dispraise your sister Cassandra's wit; but.

Tro. O Pandarus! I tell thee, Pandarus,-When I do tell thee there my hopes lie drown'd, Reply not in how many fathoms deep They lie indrench'd. I tell thee, I am mad In Cressid's love: thou answer'st, she is fair; Pour'st in the open ulcer of my heart [voice; Her eyes, her hair, her cheek, her gait, her Handlest in thy discourse, O, that her hand,

In whose companson all whites are ink,

Writing their own reproach; to whose soft seizure

The cygnet's down is harsh, and spirit of sense Hard as the palm of ploughman!—This thou tell'st me,

As true thou tell'st me, when I say I love her; But, saying thus, instead of oil and balm, [me Thou lay'st in every gash that love hath given The knife that made it.

Pan. I speak no more than truth.

Tro. Thou dost not speak so much.

Pan. Faith, I'll not meddle in't. Let her
be as she is: if she be fair, 'tis the better for her; an she be not, she has the mends in her own hands.

Tro. Good Pandarus,—how now, Pandarus! Pan. I have had my labour for my travail; ill-thought on of her, and ill-thought on of you: gone between and between, but small thanks for my labour.

Tro. What, art thou angry, Pandarus? what, with me?

Pan. Because she is kin to me, therefore she's not so fair as Helen: an she were not kin to me, she would be as fair on Friday as Helen is on Sunday. But what care I? I care not an she were a blackamoor; 'tis all one to me.

Tro. Say I, she is not fair?

Pan. I do not care whether you do or no. She's a fool to stay behind her father; let her to the Greeks; and so I'll tell her the next time I see her: for my part, I'll meddle nor make no more in the matter.

Tro. Pandarus,-

Pan. Not I.

Tro. Sweet Pandarus,

Pan. Pray you, speak no more to me: I will leave all as I found it, and there an end.

Exit. An alarum.

Tro. Peace, you ungracious clamours! peace, rude sounds! Fools on both sides! Helen must needs be fair.

When with your blood you daily paint her thus. I cannot fight upon this argument; It is too starv'd a subject for my sword.

But Pandarus,—O gods, how do you plague me!

I cannot come to Cressid but by Pandar: And he's as tetchy to be woo'd to woo. As she is stubborn-chaste against all suit. Tell me, Apollo, for thy Daphne's love, What Cressid is, what Pandar, and what we? Her bed is India; there she lies, a pearl: Between our Ilium and where she resides Let it be call'd the wild and wandering flood; Ourself the merchant; and this sailing Pandar Our doubtful hope, our convoy, and our bark.

Alarum. Enter ENEAS.

Enc. How now, Prince Troilus! wherefore not afield? Tro. Because not there: this woman's answer

For womanish it is to be from thence.

What news, Aeneas, from the field to-day?

Ene. That Paris is returned home, and hurt.

Tro. By whom, Aeneas?

Æne. Troilus, by Menelaus. Tro. Let Paris bleed: 'tis but a scar to scorn; Paris is gor'd with Menelaus' horn. [Alarum.

Hark, what good sport is out of town to-day!

Tro. Better at home, if would I might were (thither? may.-But to the sport abroad;-are you bound

Æne. In all swift haste.

Come, go we, then, together. Tro. [Exeunt.

Scene II .- Troy. A Street.

Enter CRESSIDA and ALEXANDER.

Cres. Who were those went by? Oueen Hecuba and Helen. Alex.

Cres. And whither go they?

Alex. Up to the eastern tower, Whose height commands as subject all the vale, To see the battle. Hector, whose patience Is as a virtue fix'd, to-day was mov'd:

He chid Andromache, and struck his armourer; And, like as there were husbandry in war, Before the sun rose he was harness'd light, And to the field goes he, where every flower Did, as a prophet, weep what it foresaw In Hector's wrath.

Cres. What was his cause of anger? Alex. The noise goes, this: there is among the Greeks

A lord of Trojan blood, nephew to Hector; They call him Ajax.

Cres. Good, and what of him? Alex. They say he is a very man per se, And stands alone.

Cres. So do all men,-unless they are drunk,

sick, or have no legs.

Alex This man, lady, hath robbed many beasts of their particular additions: he is as valuant as the hon, churlish as the bear, slow as the elephant: a man into whom nature hath so crowded humours that his valour is crushed into folly, his folly sauced with discretion: there is no man hath a virtue that he hath not a glimpse of; nor any man an attaint, but he carries some stain of it: he is melancholy without cause, and merry against the hair: he hath the joints of everything; but everything so out of joint that he is a gouty Briareus, many hands and no use; or purblind Argus, all eyes and no sight.

Cres. But how should this man, that makes

me smile, make Hector angry?

Alex. They say he yesterday coped Hector in the battle, and struck him down; the disdain and shame whereof hath ever since kept Hector fasting and waking.

Cres. Who comes here?

Alex. Madam, your uncle Pandarus.

Enter PANDARUS.

Cres. Hector's a gallant man.

Alex. As may be in the world, lady,

Pan. What's that? what's that?

Cres. Good-morrow, uncle Pandarus. do you talk of?-Good-morrow, Alexander.-

How do you, cousin? When were you at Ilium? Cres. This morning, uncle.

Pan. What were you talking of when I came? Was Hector armed and gone ere ye came to Ilium? Helen was not up, was she?

Cres. Hector was gone; but Helen was not up.

Pan. E'en so: Hector was stirring early. Cres. That were we talking of, and of his anger.

Pan. Was he angry?

Cres. So he says here.

Pan. True, he was so; I know the cause too; he'll lay about him to-day, I can tell them that: and there is Troilus will not come far behind him; let them take heed of Troilus, I can tell them that too.

Cres. What, is he angry too?
Pan. Who, Troilus? Troilus is the better man of the two.

Cres. O Jupiter! there's no comparison.

Pan. What, not between Troilus and Hector?

Do you know a man if you see him?

Cres. Ay, if I ever saw him before, and knew hım.

Pan. Well, I say Troilus is Troilus.

Cres. Then you say as I say; for I am sure he is not Hector.

Pan. No, nor Hector is not Troilus in some

Cres. 'Tis just to each of them; he is himself.
Pan. Himself! Alas, poor Troilus! I would he were,

Cres. So he is.

Pan. Condition, I had gone barefoot to India.

Cres. He is not Hector.

Pan. Himself! no, he's not himself,—would 'a were himself! We'll, the gods are above; time must friend or end: well, Troilus, well,-I would my heart were in her body!-No. Hector is not a better man than Troilus.

Cres. Excuse me. Pan. He is elder.

Cres. Pardon me, pardon me.

Pan. The other's not come to't; you shall tell me another tale when the other's come to't. Hector shall not have his wit this year,-

Cres. He shall not need it if he have his own.

Pan. Nor his qualities,-

Cres. No matter.

Pan. Nor his beauty.

Cres. 'Twould not become him, -his own's better.

Pan. You have no judgment, niece: Helen herself swore the other day that Troilus, for a brown favour,-for so 'tis, I must confess.not brown neither,-

Cres. No, but brown.

Pan. Faith, to say truth, brown and not brown.

Cres. To say the truth, true and not true.

Pan. She praised his complexion above Paris.

Cres. Why, Paris hath colour enough.

Pan. So he has.

Cres. Then Troilus should have too much: of she praised him above, his complexion is higher than his; he having colour enough, and Pan. Good-morrow, cousin Cressid: what the other higher, is too flaming a praise for a good complexion. I had as lief Helen's golden tongue had commended Troilus for a copper nose.

Pan. I swear to you I think Helen loves him better than Paris.

Cres. Then she's a merry Greek indeed.

Pan. Nay, I am sure she does. She came to him the other day into the compassed windew, -and, you know, he has not past three or four hairs on his chin,

Cres. Indeed, a tapster's arithmetic may soon bring his particulars therein to a total.

Pan. Why, he is very young: and yet will he, within three pounds, lift as much as his

brother Hector. flifter? Cres. Is he so young a man and so old a

Pan. But to prove to you that Helen loves him,-she came, and puts me her white hand to his cloven chin,-

Cres. Juno have mercy! how came it cloven?

Pan. Why, you know, 'tis dimpled: I think
his smiling becomes him better than any man in all Phrygia.

Cres. O, he smiles valiantly.

Pan. Does he not?

Cres. O yes, an 'twere a cloud in autumn.

Pan. Why, go to, then:-but to prove to you that Helen loves Troilus,

Cres. Troilus will stand to the proof if you'll prove it so.

Pan. Troilus! why, he esteems her no more than I esteem an addle egg

Cres. If you love an addle egg as well as you love an idle head, you would eat chickens i' the shell.

Pan. I cannot choose but laugh to think how she tickled his chin; -indeed, she has a marvellous white hand, I must needs confess,-

Cres. Without the rack.

Pan. And she takes upon her to spy a white hair on his chin.

Cres. Alas, poor chin! many a wart is richer. Pan. But there was such laughing!—Queen Hecuba laughed, that her eyes ran o'er,-Cres. With millstones.

Pan. And Cassandra laughed,-

Cres. But there was more temperate fire under the pot of her eyes.-Did her eyes run o'er too?

Pan. And Hector laughed.

Cres. At what was all this laughing?

Pan. Marry, at the white hair that Helen spied on Troilus' chin.

Cres. An't had been a green hair I should

have laughed too.

Pan. They laughed not so much at the hair

as at his pretty answer. Cres. What was his answer?

Pan. Quoth she, Here's but one and flfty hairs on your chin, and one of them is white. Cres. This is her question.

Pan. That's true; make no question of that. One and fifty hairs, quoth he, and one white: that white hair is my father, and all the rest are his sons.—Jupiter! quoth she, which of these hairs is Paris my husband?—The forked one, quoth he; pluck it out and give it him. But there was such laughing! and Helen so blushed, and Paris so chafed; and all the rest so laughed that it passed.

Cres. So let it now; for it has been a great

while going by.

Pan. Well, cousin, I told you a thing yesterday; think on't.

Cres. So I do.

Pan. I'll be sworn 'tis true; he will weep you, an 'twere a man born in April.

Cres. And I'll spring up in his tears, an 'twere [A retreat sounded. a nettle against May.

Pan. Hark! they are coming from the field: shall we stand up here, and see them as they pass toward Ilium? good niece, do; sweet Cressida.

Cres. At your pleasure.

Pan. Here, here, here's an excellent place; here we may see most bravely: I'll tell you them all by their names as they pass by; but mark Troilus above the rest.

Cres. Speak not so loud.

ENEAS passes.

Pan. That's Æneas: is not that a brave man? he's one of the flowers of Troy, I can tell you. But mark Troilus; you shall see anon.

ANTENOR passes.

Cres. Who's that?

Pan. That's Antenor: he has a shrewd wit, I can tell you; and he's a man good enough: he's one o' the soundest judgments in Troy, whosoever, and a proper man of person. When comes Troilus?—I'll show you Troilus anon: if he see me, you shall see him nod at me.

Cres. Will he give you the nod?

Pan. You shall see.

Cres. If he do, the rich shall have more.

HECTOR basses.

Pan That's Hector, that, that, look you, that; there's a fellow!—Go thy way, Hector! -There's a brave man, niece .- O brave Hector! -Look how he looks!-There's a countenance! Is't not a brave man?

Cres. O, a brave man!

Pan. Is 'a not? It does a man's heart good. -Look you what hacks are on his helmet! look you yonder, do you see? look you there: there's no jesting; there's laying on; take't off who will, as they say: there be hacks!

Cres. Be those with swords?

Pan. Swords! anything, he cares not; an the devil come to him, it's all one: by god's lid, it does one's heart good. Yonder comes Paris, yonder comes Paris:

PARIS basses.

look ye yonder, niece; is't not a gallant man too, is't not?—Why, this is brave now.—Who said he came hurt home to-day? he's not hurt: why, this will do Helen's heart good now, hat
—Would I could see Troilus now!—you shall see Troilus anon.

HELENUS passes.

Cres. Who's that?

Pan. That's Helenus:—I marvel where Troilus is:-that's Helenus:-I think he went not forth to-day:-that's Helenus.

Cres. Can Helenus fight, uncle?

Pan. Helenus! no;—yes, he'll fight indifferent well.—I marvel where Troilus is.—Hark! do you not hear the people cry Troilus?-Helenus is a priest.

Cres. What sneaking fellow comes yonder?

TROILUS passes.

Pan. Where? yonder? that's Deiphobus: 'tis Troilus! there's a man, niece!-Hem!-Brave Troilus! the prince of chivalry!

Cres. Peace, for shame, peace!

Pan. Mark him; note him:-O brave Troilus!-look well upon him, niece; look you how his sword is bloodied, and his helm more hack'd than Hector's; and how he looks, and how he goes!-O admirable youth! he ne'er saw three and twenty.-Go thy way, Troilus, go thy way!-Had I a sister were a grace, or a daughter a goddess, he should take his choice. O admirable man! Paris?—Paris is dirt to him; and, I warrant, Helen, to change, would give an eye to boot.

Cres. Here come more.

Forces pass.

Pan. Asses, fools, dolts! chaff and bran chaff and bran! porridge after meat!-I could live and die i' the eyes of Troilus .- Ne'er look, ne'er look; the eagles are gone: crows and daws, crows and daws!—I had rather be such a man as Troilus than Agamemnon and all Greece.

Cres. There is among the Greeks Achilles, -a better man than Troilus.

Pan. Achilles! a drayman, a porter, a very camel.

Cres. Well, well.

Pan. Well, well!-Why, have you any discretion? have you any eyes? do you know what a man is? Is not birth, beauty, good shape, discourse, manhood, learning, gentleness, virtue, youth, liberality, and such like, the spice and salt that season a man?

Cres. Ay, a minced man: and then to be baked with no date in the pie, -for then the man's date's out,

Pan. You are such a woman! one knows

not at what ward you lie.

Cres. Upon my back, to defend my belly; upon my wit, to defend my wiles; upon my secrecy, to defend mine honesty; my mask, to defend my beauty; and you, to defend all these: and at all these wards I he, at a thousand watches.

Pan. Say one of your watches.

Cres. Nay, I'll watch you for that; and that's one of the chiefest of them too: if I cannot ward what I would not have hit, I can watch you for telling how I took the blow; unless it swell past hiding, and then it is past watching.

Pan. You are such another!

Enter TROILUS' Boy.

Boy. Sir, my lord would instantly speak with you.

Pan. Where?

Boy. At your own house; there he unarms him.

Pan. Good boy, tell him I come. [Exit boy. I doubt he be hurt .- Fare ye well, good niece. Cres. Adieu, uncle.

Pan. I'll be with you, niece, by and by.

· Cres. To bring, uncle.

Pan. Ay, a token from Troilus. Cres. By the same token-you are a bawd. Exit PANDARUS

Words, vows, gifts, tears, and love's full sacrifice,

He offers in another's enterprise: But more in Troilus thousand-fold I see Than in the glass of Pandar's praise may be; Yet hold I off. Women are angels, wooing: Things won are done, joy's soul lies in the doing:

That she belov'd knows naught that knows not this,-

Men prize the thing ungain'd more than it is: That she was never yet that ever knew Love got so sweet as when desire did sue: Therefore this maxim out of love I teach,-Achievement is command; ungain'd beseech: Then though my heart's content firm love doth bear,

Nothing of that shall from mine eyes appear. Exit.

Scene III.—The Grecian Camp. Before AGAMEMNON'S Tent.

Sennet. Enter AGAMEMNON, NESTOR. ULYSSES, MENELAUS, and others.

Agam. Princes. [cheeks? What grief hath set the jaundice on your The ample proposition that hope makes In all designs begun on earth below [disasters Fails in the promis'd largeness: checks and Grow in the veins of actions highest rear'd; As knots, by the conflux of meeting sap, Infect the sound pine, and divert his grain Tortive and errant from his course of growth. Nor, princes, is it matter new to us That we come short of our suppose so far That, after seven years' siege, yet Troy walls

stand; Sith every action that hath gone before, Whereof we have record, trial did draw Bias and thwart, not answering the aim. And that unbodied figure of the thought That gav't surmised shape. Why, then, you princes.

Do you with cheeks abash'd behold our works; And call them shames, which are, indeed,

naught else But the protractive trials of great Jove To find persistive constancy in men? The fineness of which metal is not found In fortune's love: for then the bold and coward, The wise and fool, the artist and unread, The hard and soft, seem all affin'd and kin: But, in the wind and tempest of her frown, Distinction, with a broad and powerful fan, Puffing at all, winnows the light away, And what hath mass or matter, by itself Lies rich in virtue and unmingled. Nest. With due observance of thy godlike Great Agamemnon, Nestor shall apply Thy latest words. In the reproof of chance Lies the true proof of men: the sea being

smooth, How many shallow bauble boats dare sail Upon her patient breast, making their way With those of nobler bulk! But let the ruffian Boreas once enrage

The gentle Thetis, and, anon, behold The strong-ribb'd bark through liquid mountains cut,

Bounding between the two moist elements, Like Perseus' horse: where's then the saucy

Whose weak untimber'd sides but even now Co-rivall'd greatness? either to harbour fied Or made a toast for Neptune. Even so Doth valour's show and valour's worth divide In storms of fortune: for in her ray and brightness

The herd hath more annoyance by the breeze Than by the tiger: but when the splitting wind Makes flexible the knees of knotted oaks, And flies fled under shade,—why, then the thing of courage,

As rous'd with rage, with rage doth sympathize, And with an accent tun'd in self-same key Retorts to chiding fortune.

Ulyss. Agamemnon,—
Thou great commander, nerve and bone of
Greece.

Heart of our numbers, soul and only spirit, In whom the tempers and the minds of all Should be shut up,—hear what Ulysses speaks. Besides the applause and approbation

The which,—most mighty for thy place and sway,— [To AGAMEMNON.

And thou most reverend for thy stretch'd-out life,— [To NESTOR.

I give to both your speeches,—which were such As Agamemnon and the hand of Greece Should hold up high in brass; and such again As venerable Nestor, hatch'd in silver, [tree Should with a bond of air,—strong as the axle-On which heaven rides,—knit all the Greekish both,—

To his experienc'd tongue,—yet let it please Thou great,—and wise,—to hear Ulysses speak. Agam. Speak, Prince of Ithaca; and be't of less expect,

That matter needless, of importless burden, Divide thy lips, than we are confident, When rank Thersites opes his mastiff jaws, We shall hear music, wit, and oracle.

Ulyss. Troy, yet upon his basis, had been down, [master,

And the great Hector's sword had lack'd a But for these instances.

The specialty of rule hath been neglected:
And look, how many Grecian tents do stand
Hollow upon this plain, so many hollow factions.
When that the general is not like the hive,
To whom the foragers shall all repair,
What honey is expected? Degree being vizarded,

The unworthiest shows as fairly in the mask.
The heavens themselves, the planets, and this
centre.

Observe degree, priority, and place, Insisture, course, proportion, season, form, Office, and custom, in all line of order: And therefore is the glorious planet Sol. In noble eminence enthron'd and spher'd Amidst the other; whose medicinable eye Corrects the ill aspects of planets evil, And posts, like the commandment of a king, Sans check to good and bad: but when the planets.

In evil mixture, to disorder wander, What plagues and what portents! what mutiny What raging of the sea! shaking of earth! Commotion in the winds! frights, changes

horrors,
Divert and crack, rend and deracinate
The unity and married calm of states [shak'd
Quite from their fixture! O, when degree is
Which is the ladder to all high designs,
The enterprise is sick! How could communities,
Degrees in schools, and brotherhoods in cities,
Peaceful commerce from dividable shores,
The primogenitive and due of birth,
Prerogative of age, crowns, sceptres, laurels,
But by degree, stand in authentic place?
Take but degree away, untune that string,
And, hark, what discord follows! each thing
meets

In mere oppugnancy: the bounded waters Should lift their bosoms higher than the shores, And make a sop of all this solid globe: Strength should be lord of imbedility, And the rude son should strike his father dead: Force should be right; or, rather, right and wrong.—

Between whose endless jar justice resides,— Should lose their names, and so should justice too.
Then everything includes itself in power,

Power into will, will into appetite;
And appetite, an universal wolf,
So doubly seconded with will and power,
Must make perforce an universal prey,
And last eat up himself. Great Agamemnon,
This chaos, when degree is suffocate,
Follows the choking.
And this neglection of degree it is
That by a pace goes backward, with a purpose
It hath to climb. The general's disdain'd
By him one step below; he by the next;
That next by him beneath: so every step,
Exampled by the first pace that is sick

Of his superior, grows to an envious fever Of pale and bloodless emulation; And 'tis this fever that keeps Troy on foot, Not her own sinews. To end a tale of length, Troyi nour weakness stands, not in her strength. Nest. Most wisely hath Ulysses here discover'd

The fever whereof all our power is sick.

Agam. The nature of the sickness found,

Ulysses,

What is the remedy?

Dlyss. The great Achilles,—whom opinion The sinew and the forehand of our host,—Having his ear full of his airy fame, Grows dainty of his worth, and in his tent Lies mocking our designs: with him Patroclus, Upon a lazy bed, the livelong day Breaks scurril jests;

And with ridiculous and awkward action,—Which, slanderer, he imitation calls,—Hepageantsus. Sometime, great Agamemnon, Thy topless deputation he puts on;

**And, like a strutting player,—whose conceit Lies in his hamstring, and doth think it rich To hear the wooden dialogue and sound

'Twixt his stretch'd footing and the scaffoldage,— Such to-be-pitied and o'er-wrested seeming He acts thy greatness in: and when he speaks 'Tis like a chime a-mending; with terms un-

[dropp'd, squar'd, Which, from the tongue of roaring Typhon Would seem hyperboles. At this fusty stuff The large Achilles, on his press'd bed lolling, From his deep chest laughs out a loud applause; Cries, Excellent! 'tis Agamemnon just. Now play me Nestor; hem, and stroke thy beard, As he being drest to some oration. That's done; -as near as the extremest ends Of parallels; as like as Vulcan and his wife: Yet god Achilles still cries, Excellent! 'Tis Nestor right. Now play him me, Patroclus, Arming to answer in a night alarm. And then, forsooth, the faint defects of age Must be the scene of mirth; to cough and spit, And, with a palsy-fumbling on his gorget, Shake in and out the rivet: and at this sport Sir Valour dies; cries, O, enough, Patroclus; Or give me ribs of steel! I shall split all In pleasure of my spleen. And in this fashion All our abilities, gifts, natures, shapes, Severals and generals of grace exact Achievements, plots, orders, preventions, Excitements to the field or speech for truce, Success or loss, what is or is not, serves

As stuff for these two to make paradoxes. Nest. And in the imitation of these twain,—Who, as Ulysses says, opinion crowns With an impernal voice,—many are infect. Apax is grown self-willed; and bears his head in such a rein, in full as proud a place As broad Achilles; keeps his tent like him; Makes factious feasts; rails on our state of war Bold as an oracle; and sets Thersites,—A slave, whose gall coins slanders like a mint,—To match us in companisons with dirt, To weaken and discredit our exposure, How rank soever rounded in with danger. Ulyss. They tax our policy, and call it

cowardice;
Count wisdom as no member of the war;
Forestall prescience, and esteem no act
But that of hand; the still and mental parts,—
That do contrive how many hands shall strike,
When fitness calls them on; and know, by
measure

Of their observant toil, the enemies' weight,— Why, this hath not a finger's dignity: They call this bed-work, mappery, closet-war; So that the ram that batters down the wall, For the great swing and rudeness of his poise, They place before his hand that made the engine,

Or those that with the fineness of their souls By reason guide his execution.

Nest. Let this be granted, and Achilles' horse Makes many Thetis' sons. [Trumpet sounds. Agam. What trumpet? look, Menelaus. Men. From Troy.

Enter ÆNEAS.

Agam. What would you 'fore our tent?

Æne. Is this great Agamemnon's tent, I
pray you?

Agam. Even this. Æne. May one, that is a herald and a prince, Do a fair message to his kingly ears? Agam. With surety stronger than Achilles' arm [voice | voice | voice | force all the Greekish heads, which with one Call Agamemnon head and general. [may Ene. Farr leave and large security. Ho

A stranger to those most imperial looks Know them from eyes of other mortals?

Agam. How!

Æne. Ay;
I ask, that I might waken reverence.

1 ask, that I might waken reverence, And bid the cheek be ready with a blush Modest as morning when she coldly eyes The youthful Phebus: Which is that god in office, guiding men?

Which is the high and mighty Agamemnon?

Agam. This Trojan scorns us; or the men
of Troy

Are ceremonious courtiers.

Enc. Courtiers as free, as debonair, unarm'd, As bending angels; that's their fame in peace:

But when they would seem soldiers, they have galls, [Jove's accord, Good arms, strong joints, true swords; and, Nothing so full of heart. But peace, Æneas, Peace, Trojan; lay thy finger on thy lips! The worthness of praise distains his worth, If that the prais'd himself bring the praise forth: But what the repining enemy commends, That breath fame blows; that praise, sole pure.

transcends.

Agam. Sir, you of Troy, call you yourself

Ene. Ay, Greek, that is my name.

Agam. What's your affair, I pray you?

Ene. Sir, pardon; 'tis for Agamemnon's ears.

Agam. He hears not privately that comes from Troy. [him: Æne. Nor I from Troy come not to whisper

I bring a trumpet to awake his ear; To set his sense on the attentive bent, And then to speak.

Agam. Speak frankly as the wind; It is not Agamemnon's sleeping hour: That thou shalt know, Trojan, he is awake, He tells thee so himself.

Ene. Trumpet, blow loud, Send thy brass voice through all these lazy tents; And every Greek of mettle, let him know What Troy means faurly shall be spoke aloud.

[Trumpet sounds.]

We have, great Agamemnon, here in Troy A prince called Hector,—Priam is his father,— Who in this dull and long-continued truce Is rusty grown: he bade me take a trumpet And to this purpose speak. Kings, prin es, lords!

If there be one among the fair'st of Greece That holds his honour higher than his ease; That seeks his praise more than he fears his peril;

That knows his valour and knows not his fear; Thatloveshismistressmorethaninconfession,— With truant vows to her own lips he loves,— And dare avow her beauty and her worth In other arms than hers,—to him this challenge. Hector, in view of Trojans and of Greeks, Shall make it good, or do his best to do it, He hath a lady wiser, fairer, truer Than ever Greek did compass in his arms And will to-morrow with his trumpet call

Mid-way between your tents and walls of Troy, Of good or bad unto the general; To rouse a Grecian that is true in love: If any come, Hector shall honour him; If none, he'll say in Troy when he retires, The Grecian dames are sunburnt, and not worth The splinter of a lance. Even so much.

Agam. This shall be told our lovers, Lord Æneas:

If none of them have soul in such a kind We left them all at home: but we are soldiers:

And may that soldier a mere recreant prove That means not, hath not, or is not in love! If then one is, or hath, or means to be, That one meets Hector; if none else, I am he.

Nest. Tell him of Nestor, one that was a man When Hector's grandsire suck'd: he is old now: But if there be not in our Grecian host One noble man that hath one spark of fire To answer for his love, tell him from me-I'll nide my silver beard in a gold beaver, And in my vantbrace put this wither'd brawn: And, meeting him, will tell him that my lady Was fairer than his grandame, and as chaste As may be in the world: his youth in flood, I'll prove this truth with my three drops of youth! blood.

Ene. Now heavens forbid such scarcity of Ulyss. Amen. [hand; Agam. Fair Lord Aeneas, let me touch your

To our pavilion shall I lead you, sir. Achilles shall have word of this intent; So shall each lord of Greece, from tent to tent: Yourself shall feast with us before you go. And find the welcome of a noble foe.

Exeunt all but ULYSS, and NEST.

Ulyss. Nestor,— Nest. What says Ulysses? [brain; Ulyss. I have a young conception in my Be you my time to bring it to some shape.

Nest. What is't? Ulyss. This 'tis:-

Blunt wedges rive hard knots: the seeded pride That hath to this maturity blown up In rank Achilles must or now be cropp'd. Or, shedding, breed a nursery of like evil, To overbulk us all. Well, and how? Nest. sends,

Ulyss. This challenge that the gallant Hector However it is spread in general name, Relates in purpose only to Achilles.

Nest. The purpose is perspicuous even as sub-Whose grossness little characters sum up: And, in the publication, make no strain But that Achilles, were his brain as barren As banks of Libya -though, Apollo knows, 'Tis dry enough,-will, with great speed of judgment.

Ay, with celerity, find Hector's purpose Pointing on him.

Ulyss. And wake him to the answer, think

you? [else oppos Nest. Yes, 'tis most meet: whom may you [else oppose That can from Hector bring his honour off, If not Achilles? Though't be a sportful combat, Yet in the trial much opinion dwells; For here the Trojans taste our dear'st repute With their fin'st palate: and trust to me, Ulysses, Our imputation shall be oddly pois'd In this wild action; for the success, Although particular, shall give a scantling

And in such indexes, although small pricks To their subsequent volumes, there is seen The baby figure of the giant mass Of things to come at large. It is supposed He that meets Hector issues from our choice: And choice being mutual act of all our souls, Makes merit her election; and doth boil, As 'twere from forth us all, a man distill'd Out of our virtues; who miscarrying, part, What heart receives from hence the conquering To steal a strong opinion to themselves? Which entertain'd, limbs are his instruments. In no less working than are swords and bows Directive by the limbs.

Uluss. Give pardon to my speech;-Therefore 'tis meet Achilles meet not Hector. Let us, like merchants, show our foulest wares, And think perchance they'll sell; if not, The lustre of the better shall exceed, By showing the worst first. Do not consent That ever Hector and Achilles meet; For both our honour and our shame in this Are dogg'd with two strange followers.

Nest. I see them not with my old eyes: what

are thev?

Ulyss. What glory our Achilles shares from Hector, Were he not proud, we all should share with But he already is too insolent:

And we were better parch in Afric sun Than in the pride and salt scorn of his eyes, Should he 'scape Hector fair: if he were foil'd, Why, then we did our main opinion crush In taint of our best man. No, make a lottery; And, by device, let blockish Ajax draw The sort to fight with Hector: among ourselves, Give him allowance for the better man; For that will physic the great Myrmidon Who broils in loud applause, and make him fall His crest that prouder than blue Iris bends. If the dull brainless Ajax come safe off, We'll dress him up in voices: if he fail, Yet go we under our opinion still That we have better men. But, hit or miss, Our project's life this shape of sense assumes,-

Ajax employ'd plucks down Achilles' plumes. Nest. Now, Ulysses, I begin to relish thy advice;

And I will give a taste of it forthwith To Agamemnon: go we to him straight. Two curs shall tame each other: pride alone Must tarre the mastiffs on, as 'twere their bone. Exeunt.

ACT IL

Scene L.—Another part of the Grecian Camp.

Enter AIAX and THERSITES.

Ajax. Thersites,-

Ther. Agamemnon,-how if he had boils,full, all over, generally?-

Ajax. Thersites,-

Ther. And those boils did run?-Say so,did not the general run then? were not that a botchy core?-

Ajax. Dog,

Ther. Then would come some matter from him; I see none now.

Ther. The plague of Greece upon thee, thou mongrel! beef-witted lord!

Ajax. Speak, then, thou vinewedst leaven, speak: I will beat thee into handsomeness.

Ther. I shall sooner rail thee into wit and holiness: but I think thy horse will sooner con an oration than thou learn a prayer without book. Thou canst strike, canst thou? a red murrain o' thy jade's tricks!

Ajax. Toadstool, learn me the proclamation.

Ther. Dost thou think I have no sense, thou

strikest me thus?

Ajax. The proclamation,—
Ther. Thou art proclaimed a fool, I think. Arax. Do not, porcupine, do not; my fingers

itch.

Ther. I would thou didst itch from head to foot, and I had the scratching of thee; I would make thee the loathsomest scab in Greece. When thou art forth in the incursions, thou

strikest as slow as another. Ajax. I say, the proclamation,

Ther. Thou grumblest and railest every hour on Achilles; and thou art as full of envy at his greatness as Cerberus is at Proserpina's beauty, ay, that thou barkest at him.

Ajax. Mistress Thersites:

Ther. Thou shouldst strike him.

Ajax. Cobloaf!
Ther. He would pun thee into shivers with his fist, as a sailor breaks a biscuit.

Ajax. You whoreson cur! [Beating him. Ther. Do, do. Ajax. Thou stool for a witch! Ther. Ay, do, do; thou sodden-witted lord! thou hast no more brain than I have in mine elbows; an assinego may tutor thee: thou scurvy valiant ass! thou art here but to thrash Trojans; and thou art bought and sold among those of any wit, like a barbarian slave. If thou use to beat me, I will begin at thy heel, no bowels, thou!

Ajax. You dog! Ther. You scurvy lord!

Ajax. You cur! [Beating him. Ther. Mars his idiot! do, rudeness: do.

camel; do, do.

Enter ACHILLES and PATROCLUS.

Achil. Why, how now, Ajax! wherefore do you thus?-

How now, Thersites! what's the matter, man? Ther. You see him there, do you?

Achil. Ay; what's the matter?

Ther. Nay, look upon him.
Achil. So I do: what's the matter?

Ther. Nay, but regard him well.

Achil. Well! why, I do so. Ther. But yet you look not well upon him; for whosoever you take him to be, he is Ajax. Achil. I know that, fool.

Ther. Ay, but that fool knows not himself.

Ajax. Therefore I beat thee.

Ther. Lo, lo, lo, lo, what modicums of wit he utters! his evasions have ears thus long. I have bobbed his brain more than he has beat. He knew his man.

Ajax. Thou bitch-wolf's son, canst thou not my bones: I will buy nine sparrows for a hear? Feel, then. [Beating him. penny, and his pia mater is not worth the This lord, Achilles, ninth part of a sparrow. Ajax, -who wears his wit in his belly, and his guts in his head,-I'll tell you what I sav of him.

Achil. What? Ther. I say, this Ajax,-

[AJAX offers to beat him, ACHILLES interposes.

Achil. Nay, good Ajax.

Ther. Has not so much wit,—Achil. Nay, I must hold you.

Ther. As will stop the eye of Helen's needle. for whom he comes to fight.

Achil. Peace, fool!

Ther. I would have peace and quietness, but the fool will not: he there; that he; look you there.

Ajax. O thou damned cur! I shall,-

Achil. Will you set your wit to a fool's? Ther. No, I warrant you; for a fool's will shame it.

Patr. Good words, Thersites.

Achil. What's the quarrel?

Ajax. I bade the vile owl go learn me the tenor of the proclamation, and he rails upon me.

Ther. I serve thee not.

Ajax. Well, go to, go to. Ther. I serve here voluntary.

Achil. Your last service was sufferance, 'twas not voluntary,-no man is beaten voluntary: Ajax was here the voluntary, and you as under an impress.

Ther. E'en so; a great deal of your wit, too, lies in your sinews, or else there be liars. Hector shall have a great catch if he knock out either of your brains: 'a were as good crack a

rusty nut with no kernel.

Achil. What, with me too, Thersites?

Ther. There's Ulysses and old Nestor,whose wit was mouldy ere your grandsires had thou use to beat me, I will begin at thy heel, nails on their toes,—yoke you like draught and tell what thou art by inches, thou thing of oxen, and make you plough up the wars.

Achil. What, what? [Ajax! to! Ther. Yes, good sooth: to, Achilles! to, Ajax. I shall cut out your tongue.
Ther. 'Tis no matter; I shall speak as much

as thou afterwards.

Patr. No more words, Thersites; peace! Ther. I will hold my peace when Achilles'

brach bids me, shall I?

Achil. There's for you, Patroclus.

Ther. I will see you hanged, like clotpoles, ere I come any more to your tents: I will keep where there is wit stirring, and leave the faction of fools.

Patr. A good riddance.

Achil. Marry, this, sir, is proclaim'd through all our host:-

That Hector, by the fifth hour of the sun,

Will, with a trumpet, 'twixt our tents and Troy, To-morrow morning call some knight to arms That hath a stomach; and such a one that dare Maintain I know not what; 'tis trash. Farewell.

Ajax. Farewell. Who shall answer him?

Achil. I know not, it is put to lottery; otherwise

Ajax. O, meaning you.-I'll go learn more Exeunt.

SCENE II .- TROY. A Room in PRIAM'S Palace. Enter PRIAM, HECTOR, TROILUS, PARIS,

and HELENUS.

Pri. After so many hours, lives, speeches spent,

Thus once again says Nestor from the Greeks:-Deliver Helen, and all damage else,-As honour, loss of time, travail, expense, Wounds, friends, and what else dear that is consum'd

In hot digestion of this cormorant war,— Shall be struck off.—Hector, what say you to't? Hect. Though no man lesser fears the Greeks than I,

As far as toucheth my particular,

Yet, dread Priam, There is no lady of more softer bowels, More spongy to suck in the sense of fear More ready to cry out, Who knows what follows? Than Hector is: the wound of peace is surety, Surety secure; but modest doubt is call'd The beacon of the wise, the tent that searches To the bottom of the worst. Let Helen go: Since the first sword was drawn about this question,

Every tithe soul, 'mongst many thousand dismes, Hath been as dear as Helen,—I mean, of ours: If we have lost so many tenths of ours. To guard a thing not ours, nor worth to us, Had it our name, the value of one ten,-What ment's in that reason which denies The yielding of her up?

Fie, fie, my brother! Tro. Weigh you the worth and honour of a king, So great as our dread father, in a scale Of common ounces? will you with counters sum The past-proportion of his infinite? And buckle-in a waist most fathomless With spans and inches so diminutive As fears and reasons? fie, for godly shame!

Hel. No marvel though you bite so sharp at reasons: father You are so empty of them. Should not our Bear the great sway of his affairs with reasons,

Because your speech hath none that tells him So? Tro. You are for dreams and slumbers,

brother priest; freasons: You fur your gloves with reason. Here are your You know an enemy intends you harm; You know a sword employ'd is perilous, And reason flies the object of all harm: Who marvels, then, when Helenus beholds A Grecian and his sword, if he do set The very wings of reason to his heels, And fly like chidden Mercury from Jove, Or like a star disrob'd?-Nay if we talk of [honour reason

Let's shut our gates and sleep: manhood and Should have hare hearts would they but fat

their thoughts With this cramm'd reason: reason and respect

Make livers pale and lusthood deject.

Hect. Brother, she is not worth what she doth cost

The holding.

What is aught but as 'tis valued? Hect. But value dwells not in particular will; It holds his estimate and dignity

As well wherein 'tis precious of itself As in the prizer: 'tis mad idolatry To make the service greater than the god; And the will dotes, that is attributive To what infectiously itself affects,

Without some image of the affected merit. Tro. I take to-day a wife, and my election Is led on in the conduct of my will; My will enkindled by mine eyes and ears, Two traded pilots 'twixt the dangerous shores Of will and judgment: how may I avoid, Although my will distaste what it elected, The wife I chose? there can be no evasion

To blench from this, and to stand firm by honour: We turn not back the silks upon the merchant When we have soil'd them; nor the remainder

viands We do not throw in unrespective sieve, Because we now are full. It was thought meet

Paris should do some vengeance on the Greeks: Your breath of full consent bellied his sails; The seas and winds,-old wranglers,-took a truce, [desir'd:

And did him service: he touch'd the ports And for an old aunt, whom the Greeks held [freshness captive,

He brought a Grecian queen, whose youth and Wrinkles Apollo's, and makes stale the morning.

Why keep we her? the Grecians keep our aunt: Is she worth keeping? why, she is a pearl, Whose price hath launch'd above a thousand ships,

And turn'd crown'd kings to merchants. If you'll ayouch 'twas wisdom Paris went .-As you must needs, for you all cried, Go, go,-If you'll confess he brought home noble prize,— As you must needs, for you all clapp'd your · hands,

And cried, Inestimable!—why do you now The issue of your proper wisdoms rate, And do a deed that fortune never did. Beggar the estimation which you priz'd Richer than sea and land? O theft most base, That we have stol'n what we do fear to keep! But thieves, unworthy of a thing so stol'n, That in their country did them that disgrace, We fear to warrant in our native place!

Cas. [Within.] Cry, Trojans, cry! What noise? what shriek is this? Pro. 'Tis our mad sister, I do know her voice. Cas. [Within.] Cry, Trojans! Hect. It is Cassandra.

Enter Cassandra, raving.

Cas. Cry, Trojans, cry! lend me ten thousand And I will fill them with prophetic tears.

Hect. Peace, sister, peace. [old, Cas. Virgins and boys, mid-age and wrinkled Soft infancy, that nothing canst but cry, Add to my clamours! let us pay betimes A moiety of that mass of moan to come. Cry, Trojans, cry! practise your eyes with tears! Troy must not be, nor goodly Ilion stand;

Our firebrand brother, Paris, burns us all. Cry, Trojans, cry! an Helen and a woe: Cry, cry! Troy burns, or else let Helen go.

Exit. Hect. Now, youthful Troilus, do not these

high strains

Of divination in our sister work Some touches of remorse? or is your blood So madly hot that no discourse of reason, Nor fear of bad success in a bad cause, Can qualify the same?

Tro. Why, brother Hector, We may not think the justness of each act Such and no other than event doth form it; Nor once deject the courage of our minds Because Cassandra's mad: her brain-sick raptures

Cannot distaste the goodness of a quarrel Which hath our several honours all engag'd To make it gracious. For my private part, I am no more touch'd than all Priam's sons: And Jove forbid there should be done amongst

Such things as might offend the weakest spleen To fight for and maintain!

Par. Else might the world convince of levity As well my undertakings as your counsels: But I attest the gods, your full consent Gave wings to my propension, and cut off All fears attending on so dire a project. For what, alas, can these my single arms? What propugnation is in one man's valour, To stand the push and enmity of those This quarrel would excite? Yet, I protest, Were I alone to pass the difficulties, And had as ample power as I have will, Paris should ne'er retract what he hath done. Nor faint in the pursuit.

Paris, you speak Pri. Like one besotted on your sweet delights: You have the honey still, but these the gall; So to be valiant is no praise at all.

Par. Sir, I propose not merely to myself The pleasures such a beauty brings with it: But I would have the soil of her fair rape Wip'd off in honourable keeping her. What treason were it to the ransack'd queen, Disgrace to your great worths, and shame to me, Now to deliver her possession up On terms of base compulsion! Can it be That so degenerate a strain as this [bosoms? Should once set footing in your generous There's not the meanest spirit on our party, Without a heart to dare or sword to draw, When Helen is defended; nor none so noble, Whose life were ill bestow'd or death unfam'd, Where Helen is the subject: then, I say, [well, Well may we fight for her, whom, we know The world's large spaces cannot parallel.

Hect. Paris and Troilus, you have both said well;

And on the cause and question now in hand Have gloz'd, - but superficially; not much Unlike young men, whom Aristotle thought Unfit to hear moral philosophy: The reasons you allege do more conduce To the hot passion of distemper'd blood Than to make up a free determination 'Twixt right and wrong; for pleasure and revenge

Have ears more deaf than adders to the voice Of any true decision. Nature craves All dues be render'd to their owners: now. What nearer debt in all humanity Than wife is to the husband? If this law Of nature be corrupted through affection; And that great minds, of partial indulgence To their benumbed wills, resist the same; There is a law in each well-order'd nation To curb those raging appetites that are Most disobedient and refractory. If Helen, then, be wife to Sparta's king,-As it is known she is,—these moral laws Of nature and of nations speak aloud To have her back return'd: thus to persist In doing wrong extenuates not wrong, But makes it much more heavy. Hector's opmion

Is this, in way of truth: yet, ne'ertheless, My spritely brethren, I propend to you In resolution to keep Helen still, For 'tis a cause that hath no mean dependence Upon our joint and several dignities.

Tro. Why, there you touch'd the life of our

design:

Were it not glory that we more affected Than the performance of our heaving spleens, I would not wish a drop of Trojan blood Spentmore in her defence. But, worthy Hector, She is a theme of honour and renown; A spur to valiant and magnammous deeds: Whose present courage may beat down our foes, And fame in time to come canonize us: For, I presume, brave Hector would not lose So rich advantage of a promis'd glory, As smiles upon the forehead of this action. For the wide world's revenue. I am yours, Hect.

You valiant offspring of great Priamus.-I have a roisting challenge sent amongst The dull and factious nobles of the Greeks Will strike amazement to their drowsy spirits: I was advertis'd their great general slept, Whilst emulation in the army crept: This, I presume, will wake him. Exeunt.

SCENE III.—THE GRECIAN CAMP. Before ACHILLES' Tent.

Enter THERSITES.

Ther. How now, Thersites! what, lost in the labyrinth of thy fury! Shall the elephant Ajax carry it thus? he beats me, and I rail at him: O worthy satisfaction! would it were otherwise; that I could beat him, whilst he otherwise; that I could raise devils, but I'll see some issue of my spiteful execuations. Then there's Achilles, a rare engineer. If Troy be not taken till these two undermine it, the walls will stand till they fall of themselves. O thou great thunder-darter of Olympus, forget that thou art Jove, the king of gods; and, Mercury, lose all the serpentine craft of thy caduceus; if ye take not that little little less-than-little wit from them that they have! which short-aimed ignorance itself knows is so abundant scarce, it will not in circumvention deliver a fly from a spider, without drawing their massy irons and cutting the web. After this, the vengeance on

the whole camp! or, rather, the bone-ache! for that, methinks, is the curse dependent on those that war for a placket. I have said my prayers; and devil envy say Amen.—What, ho! my Lord Achilles!

Enter PATROCLUS.

Patr. Who's there? Thersites! Good Ther-

sites, come in and rail.

Ther. If I could have remembered a gilt counterfeit, thou wouldst not have slipped out of my contemplation: but is is no matter; thyself upon thyself! The common curse of mankind, folly and ignorance, be thine in great revenue! heaven bless thee from a tutor, and discipline come not near thee! Let thy blood be thy direction till thy death! then if she that lays thee out says thou art a fair corse, I'll be sworn and sworn upon't she never shrouded any but lazars. Amen.-Where's Achilles?

Patr. What, art thou devout? wast thou in

prayer?

Ther. Ay, the heavens hear me!

Enter ACHILLES.

Achil. Who's there? Patr. Thersites, my lord.

Achil. Where, where?-Art thou come? Why, my cheese, my digestion, why hast thou not served thyself in to my table so many meals? Come, -what's Agamemnon?

Ther. Thy commander, Achilles:—then tell

me, Patroclus, what's Achilles?

Patr. Thy lord, Thersites: then tell me, I pray thee, what's thyself?

Ther. Thy knower, Patroclus: then tell me,

Patroclus, what art thou?

Patr. Thou mayst tell that knowest.

Achil. O, tell, tell.

Ther. I'll dechne the whole question. Agamemnon commands Achilles; Achilles is my lord; I am Patroclus' knower; and Patroclus

is a fool.

Patr. You rascal!

Ther. Peace, fool! I have not done.

Achil. He is a privileged man .- Proceed,

Thersites. Ther. Agamemnon is a fool; Achilles is a fool; Thersites is a fool; and, as aforesaid, Patroclus is a fool

Achil. Derive this; come.

Ther. Agamemnon is a fool to offer to command Achilles; Achilles is a fool to be commanded of Agamemnon; Thersites is a fool to serve such a fool; and Patroclus is a fool positive.

Patr. Why am I a fool?

Ther. Make that demand of the prover. It If you do say we think him over-proud suffices me thou art.-Look you, who comes here?

Achil. Patroclus, I'll speak with nobody.— Come in with me, Thersites. [Exit. Exit.

Ther. Here is such patchery, such juggling, and such knavery! all the argument is a cuckold and a whore; a good quarrel to draw emulous factions and bleed to death upon. Now the dry serpigo on the subject! and war and lechery confound all! Exit. Enter AGAMEMNON, ULYSSES, NESTOR, DIOMEDES, and ATAX.

Agam. Where is Achilles? flord. Patr. Within his tent; but ill-dispos'd, my Agam. Let it be known to him that we are here.

He shent our messengers; and we lay by Our appertainments, visiting of him: Let him be told so; lest, perchance, he think We dare not move the question of our place,

Or know not what we are.

I shall say so to him. [Exit. Patr. Ulyss. We saw him at the opening of his tent:

He is not sick.

Ajax Yes, lion-sick, sick of proud heart: you may call it melancholy, if you will favour the man; but, by my head, 'tis pride: but why, why? let him show us the cause. - A word, my lord. [Takes AGAMEMNON aside.

Nest. What moves Ajax thus to bay at him?

Ulyss. Achilles hath invergled his fool from him

Nest. Who, Thersites?

Ulyss. He.

Nest. Then will Ajax lack matter, if he have lost his argument.

Ulyss. No; you see, he is his argument that

has his argument,—Achilles.

Nest. All the better; their fraction is more our wish than their faction. But it was a strong composure a fool could disumte.

Ulyss. The amity that wisdom knits not, folly may easily untie. Here comes Patroclus.

Nest. No Achilles with him.

Ulyss. The elephant hath joints, but none for courtesy: his legs are legs for necessity, not for flexure.

Re-enter PATROCLUS.

Patr. Achilles bids me say, he is much sorry If anything more than your sport and pleasure Did move your greatness and this noble state To call upon him; he hopes it is no other

But for your health and your digestion sake,-

An after-dinner's breath.

Hear you, Patroclus:-Agam. We are too well acquainted with these answers: But his evasion, wing'd thus swift with scorn, Cannot outfly our apprehensions.

Much attribute he hath; and much the reason Why we ascribe it to him: yet all his virtues,— Not virtuously on his own part beheld,-

Do in our eyes begin to lose their gloss; Yea, like fair fruit in an unwholesome dish,

Are like to rot untasted. Go and tell him

We come to speak with him; and you shall not sin

And under-honest; in self-assumption greater Than in the note of judgment, and worther than himself

Here tend the savage strangeness he puts on, Disguise the holy strength of their command, And underwrite in an observing kind His humorous predominance; yea, watch His pettish lunes, his ebbs, his flows, as if The passage and whole carriage of this action

Rode on his tide. Go tell him this; and add,

That if he overhold his price so much, We'll none of him; but let him, like an engine Not portable, lie under this report,-Bring action hither, this cannot go to war: A stirring dwarf we do allowance give Before a sleeping giant:—tell him so.

Patr. I shall; and bring his answer presently.

Exit Agam. In second voice we'll not be satisfied We come to speak with him.-Ulysses, enter Exit ULYSSES you.

Ajax. What is he more than another? Agam. No more than what he thinks he is Ajax. Is he so much? Do you not think he thinks himself a better man than I am?

Agam. No question.

Ajax. Will you subscribe his thought, and

say he is?

Agam. No, noble Ajax; you are as strong, as valiant, as wise, no less noble, much more gentle, and altogether more tractable.

Ajax. Why should a man be proud? How doth pride grow? I know not what pride is.

Agam. Your mind is the clearer, Ajax, and your virtues the fairer. He that is proud eats up himself: pride is his own glass, his own trumpet, his own chronicle; and whatever praises itself but in the deed devours the deed in the praise.

Ajax. I do hate a proud man as I hate the engendering of toads.

Nest. Yet he loves himself: is't not strange? Aside.

Re-enter ULYSSES.

Ulyss. Achilles will not to the field to-morrow. Agam. What's his excuse?

Ũlyss. He doth rely on none: But carries on the stream of his dispose, Without observance or respect of any,

In will peculiar and in self-admission. Agam. Why will he not, upon our fair

request, Untent his person, and share the air with us? Ulyss. Things small as nothing, for request's sake only, [greatness: He makes important possess'd he is with And speaks not to himself but with a pride

That quarrels at self-breath: imagin'd worth Holds in his blood such swoln and hot discourse That 'twixt his mental and his active parts Kingdom'd Achilles in commotion rages And batters down himself: what should I say? He is so plaguy proud that the death tokens of it

Cry, No recovery. Let Ajax go to him. Agam.Dear lord, go you and greet him in his tent:

'Tis said he holds you well; and will be led, At your request, a little from himself. Ulyss. O Agamemnon, let it not be so!

We'll consecrate the steps that Ajax makes When they go from Achilles. Shall the proud lord.

That bastes his arrogance with his own seam, And never suffers matter of the world Enter his thoughts,—save such as do resolve And ruminate himself,-shall he be worshipp'd Of that we hold an idol more than he? No, this thrice-worthy and right valiant lord Must not so stale his palm, nobly acquir'd;

Nor, by my will, assubjugate his merit. As amply titled as Achilles is, By going to Achilles:

That were to enlard his fat-already pride, And add more coals to Cancer when he burns With entertaining great Hyperion.

This lord go to him! Jupiter forbid; And say in thunder, Achilles go to him.

Nest. O, this is well; he rubs the vein of him. Aside.

Dio. And how his silence drinks up this applause! [Aside Ajax. If I go to him, with my armed fist (Aside.

I'll pash him o'er the face.

Agam. O, no, you shall not go. [pride Ajax. An' a be proud with me I'll pheeze his Let me go to him. quarrel.

Ulyss. Not for the worth that hangs upon our Ajax. A paitry, insolent fellow! Nest. How he describes himself! Aside.

Ajax. Can he not be sociable? Ulyss. The raven chides blackness. Ajax. I'll let his humours blood.

Agam. He will be the physician that should be the patient.

Ajax. An all men were o' my mind,-Ulyss. Wit would be out of fashion. [Aside. Ajax 'A should not bear it so, 'a should eat swords first: shall pride carry it?

Nest. An 'twould, you'd carry half. Ulyss. 'A would have ten shares. [Aside. Ajax. I will knead him, I'll make him supple. Nest. He's not yet thorough warm; force

him with praises: pour in, pour in: his ambition is dry. Aside. Ulyss. My lord, you feed too much on this

dishke. [To AGAMEMNON. Nest. Our noble general, do not do so. Dio. You must prepare to fight without

Achilles. Uluss. Why 'tis this naming of him does him

Here is a man-but 'tis before his face; I will be silent.

Nest. Wherefore should you so? He is not emulous, as Achilles is.

Ulyss. Know the whole world, he is as valiant. Ajax. A whoreson dog, that shall palter thus

with us! Would he were a Trojan!

Nest. What a vice were it in Ajax now,-Ulyss. If he were proud,-Dio. Or covetous of praise,-Ulyss. Ay, or surly borne,

Dio. Or strange, or self-affected! Ulyss. Thank the heavens, lord, thou art of sweet composure; suck;

Praise him that got thee, she that gave thee Fam'd be thy tutor, and thy parts of nature Thrice-fam'd, beyond all erudition: But he that disciplin'd thy arms to fight, Let Mars divide eternity in twain, And give him half: and, for thy vigour, Bull-bearing Milo his addition yield To sinewy Ajax. I will not praise thy wisdom, Which, like a bourn, a pale, a shore, confines Thy spacious and dilated parts: here's Nestor,-Instructed by the antiquary times, He must, he is, he cannot but be wise:-

But pardon, father Nestor, were your days

As green as Ajax', and your brain so temper'd, You should not have the eminence of him. But be as Ajax

Aiax. Shall I call you father?

Nest. Ay, my good son.

Be rul'd by him, Lord Ajax. Dio. Uluss. There is no tarrying here; the hart Achilles

Keeps thicket. Please it our great general

To call together all his state of war;

Fresh kings are come to Troy. To-morrow We must with all our main of power stand fast: And here's a lord,—come knights from east to west.

And cull their flower, Ajax shall cope the best. Agam. Go we to council. Let Achilles sleep: Light boats sail swift, though greater hulks draw deep.

ACT III.

Scene L .- Troy. A Room in Priam's Palace.

Enter PANDARUS and a Servant.

Pan. Friend, you,-pray you, a word: do not you follow the young Lord Paris?

Serv. Ay, sir, when he goes before me. Pan. You depend upon him, I mean?

Serv. Sir, I do depend upon the lord. Pan. You depend upon a noble gentleman,

I must needs praise him.

Serv. The lord be praised! Pan. You know me, do you not?

Serv. Faith, sir, superficially. Pan. Friend, know me better; I am the Lord Pandarus.

Serv. I hope I shall know your honour better. Pan. I do desire it.

Serv. You are in the state of grace.

[Music within. Pan. Grace! not so, friend; honour as lordship are my titles.—What music is this? friend; honour and Serv. I do but partly know, sir: it is music

in parts.

Pan. Know you the musicians?

Serv. Wholly, sir.

Pan. Who play they to?

Serv. To the hearers, sir.

Pan. At whose pleasure, friend?

Serv. At mine, sir, and theirs that love music.

Pan. Command, I mean, friend.

Serv. Who shall I command, sir?

Pan. Friend, we understand not one another: I am too courtly, and thou art too cunning.

At whose request do these men play? Serv. That's to't, indeed, sir. Marry, sir, at the request of Paris my lord, who is there in person; with him, the mortal Venus, the heart-

blood of beauty, love's invisible soul .-Pan. Who, my cousin Cressida? Serv. No, sir, Helen: could you not find out that by her attributes?

Pan. It should seem, fellow, that thou hast not seen the Lady Cressida. I come to speak with Paris from the Prince Troilus: I will make a complimental assault upon him, for my business seethes.

Serv. Sodden business! there's a stewed phrase indeed!

Enter Paris and Helen, attended.

Pan. Fair be to you, my lord, and to all this fair company! fair desires, in all fair measure, fairly guide them!—especially to you, fair queen! fair thoughts be your fair pillow!

Helen. Dear lord, you are full of fair words.

Pan. You speak your fair pleasure, sweet queen.-Fair prince, here is good broken music.

Par. You have broke it, cousin: and by my life, you shall make it whole again; you shall piece it out with a piece of your performance.

—Nell, he is full of harmony.

Pan. Truly, lady, no.

Helen. O, sır,

Pan. Rude, in sooth; in good sooth, very rude.

Par. Well said, my lord! well, you say so in Pan. I have business to my lord, dear queen. -My lord, will you vouchsafe me a word?

Helen. Nay, this shall not hedge us out:

we'll hear you sing, certainly.

Pan. Well, sweet queen, you are pleasant with me.—But, marry, thus, my lord,—My dear lord, and most esteemed friend, your brother Troilus,—
Helen. My Lord Pandarus; honey-sweet

lord,-

Pan. Go to, sweet queen, go to:-commends himself most affectionately to you,-

Helen. You shall not bob us out of our melody: if you do. our melancholy upon your

Pan. Sweet queen, sweet queen; that's a sweet queen, i' faith.

Helen. And to make a sweet lady sad is a sour offence.

Pan. Nay, that shall not serve your turn; that shall it not, in truth, la. Nay, I care not for such words; no, no.—And, my lord, he desires you that, if the king call for him at supper, you will make his excuse.

Helen. My Lord Pandarus,-

Pan. What says my sweet queen,-my very very sweet queen?

Par. What exploit's in hand? where sups he to-night?

Helen. Nay, but, my lord,-

Pan. What says my sweet queen?—My cousin will fall out with you. You must not know where he sups.

Par. I'll lay my life, with my disposer

Cressida.

Pan. No, no, no such matter; you are wide:

come, your disposer is sick. Par. Well, I'll make excuse.

Pan. Ay, good my lord. Why should you say Cressida? no, your poor disposer's sick.

Par. I spy. Pan. You spy! what do you spy?-Come, give me an instrument.-Now, sweet queen.

Helen. Why, this is kindly done.

Pan. My niece is horribly in love with a thing you have, sweet queen.

Helen. She shall have it, my lord, if it be

not my Lord Paris.

Pan. He! no, sha'll none of him; they two are twain.

Helen. Falling in, after falling out, may make them three.

Pan. Come, come, I'll hear no more of this; I'll sing you a song now.

Helen. Ay, ay, pr'ythee now. By my troth sweet lord, thou hast a fine forehead.

Pan. Ay, you may, you may.

Helen. Let thy song be love: this love will
undo us all. O Cupid, Cupid, Cupid! Pan. Love! ay, that it shall, i' faith.

Par. Ay, good now, love, love, nothing but Pan. In good troth, it begins so:

Love, love, nothing but love, still more! For, oh, love's bow Shoots buck and doe: The shaft confounds, Not that it wounds, But tickles still the sore These lovers cry—Oh! oh! they die!
Yet that which seems the would to kill, Doth turn oh! oh' to ha! ha! he! So dying love lives still: Oh! oh! a while, but ha! ha! ha! Oh! oh! groans out for ha! ha! ha!

Heigh ho!

Helen. In love, i' faith, to the very tip of the

Par. He eats nothing but doves, love; and

that breeds hot blood, and hot blood begets hot thoughts, and hot thoughts beget hot deeds, and hot deeds is love.

Pan. Is this the generation of love? hot blood, hot thoughts, and hot deeds? Why, they are vipers: is love a generation of vipers?

-Sweet lord, who's a-field to-day?
Par. Hector, Deiphobus, Helenus, Antenor, and all the gallantry of Troy: I would fain have armed to-day, but my Nell would not have it so. How chance my brother Troilus went not?

Helen. He hangs the lip at something:you know all, Lord Pandarus.

Pan. Not I, honey-sweet queen.—I long to hear how they sped to-day. You'll remember your brother's excuse?

Par. To a hair.

Pan. Farewell, sweet queen. Helen. Commend me to your niece.

Pan. I will, sweet queen.

[A retreat sounded. Par. They are come from field; let us to Priam's hall woo you.

To greet the warriors. Sweet Helen, I must To help unarm our Hector: his stubborn buckles, [touch'd, With these your white enchanting fingers

Shall more obey than to the edge of steel, Or force of Greekish sinews; you shall do more Than all the island kings, -disarm great Hector.

Helen. Twill make us proud to be his servant. Paris:

Yea, what he shall receive of us in duty Gives us more palm in beauty than we have. Yea, overshines ourself.

Par. Sweet, above thought I love thee. Exeunt.

Scene. II-TROY. PANDARUS' Orchard. Enter PANDARUS and TROILUS' Boy meeting

Pan. How now! where's thy master? at my cousin Cressida's?

Boy. No, sir; he stays for you to conduct him thither.

Pan. O, here he comes.

Enter TROILUS.

How now, how now!

Tro. Sırrah, walk off. Exit Boy.

Pan. Have you seen my cousin? Tro. No, Pandarus: I stalk about her door. Like a strange soul upon the Stygian banks Staying for waftage. O, be thou my Charon And give me swift transportance to those fields

Where I may wallow in the hly beds Propos'a for the deserver! O gentle Pandarus. From Cupid's shoulder pluck his painted wings, And fly with me to Cressid!

Pan. Walk here i' the orchard, I'll bring her straight. Tro. I am giddy; expectation whirls me

round. The imaginary relish is so sweet

That it enchants my sense: what will it be, When that the wat'ry palate tastes indeed Love's thrice-repured nectar? death, I fear me; Swooning destruction; or some joy too fine, Too subtle-potent, tun'd too sharp in sweetness. For the capacity of my ruder powers: I fear it much; and I do fear besides That I shall lose distinction in my joys; As doth a battle, when they charge on heaps The enemy flying.

Re-enter PANDARUS.

Pan. She's making her ready, she'll come straight: you must be witty now. She does so blush, and fetches her wind so short, as if she were frayed with a sprite: I'll fetch her. It is the prettiest villain: she fetches her breath as short as a new-ta'en sparrow.

Tro. Even such a passion doth embrace my bosom:

My heart beats thicker than a feverous pulse; And all my powers do their bestowing lose, Like vassalage at unawares encount ring The eye of majesty.

Re-enter PANDARUS with CRESSIDA.

Pan. Come, come, what need you blush? shame's a baby.-Here she is now: swear the oaths now to her that you have sworn to me. -What, are you gone again? you must be watched ere you be made tame, must you? Come your ways, come your ways; an you draw backward, we'll put you i' the fills.— Why do you not speak to her?—Come, draw this curtain, and let's see your picture. Alas the day, how loth you are to offend daylight! an 'twere dark, you'd close sooner. So, so; rub on, and kiss the mistress. How now, a kiss in fee-farm! build there, carpenter; the air is sweet. Nay, you shall fight your hearts out ere I part you. The falcon as the tercel,

for all the ducks i' the river; go to, go to.

Tro. You have berett me of all words, lady.

Pan. Words pay no debts, give her deeds:
but she'll bereave you o' the deeds too, if she call your activity in question. What, billing again? Here's-In witness whereof the parties

interchangeably-Come in, come in: I'll go get a fire. Exit.

Cres. Will you walk in, my lord? Tro O Cressida, how often have I wished

me thus! Cres. Wished, my lord!-The gods grant,-

O my lord!

Tro. What should they grant? what makes this pretty abruption? What too curious dreg espies my sweet lady in the fountain of our love?

Cres. More dregs than water, if my fears have eyes.

Tro. Fears make devils of cherubims; they never see truly.

Cres. Blind fear, that seeing reason leads. finds safer footing than blind reason stumbling without fear: to fear the worst oft cures the worse.

Tro. O, let my lady apprehend no fear: in all Cupid's pageant there is presented no monster.

Cres. Nor nothing monstrous neither? Tro. Nothing, but our undertakings; when we vow to weep seas, live in fire, eat rocks, tame tigers; thinking it harder for our mistress to devise imposition enough than for us to undergo any difficulty imposed. This is the monstruosity in love, lady,—that the will is infinite, and the execution confined; that the

Cres. They say, all lovers swear more performance than they are able, and yet reserve an ability that they never perform; vowing more than the perfection of ten, and discharging less than the tenth part of one. They that have the voice of lions and the act of hares,

desire is boundless, and the act a slave to limit.

are they not monsters?

Tro. Are they such? such are not we: praise us as we are tasted, allow us as we prove; our head shall go bare till merit crown it: no perfection in reversion shall have a praise in present: we will not name desert before his birth; and, being born, his addmon shall be humble. Few words to fair fath: Troilus shall be such to Cressid as what envy can say worst shall be a mock for his truth; and what truth can speak truest not truer than Troilus.

Cres. Will you walk in, my lord?

Re-enter Pandarus.

Pan. What, blushing still? have you not done talking yet?

Cres. Well, uncle, what folly I commit. I dedicate to you.

Pan. I thank you for that: if my lord get a boy of you, you'll give him me. Be true to my lord: if he flinch, chide me for it.

Tro. You know now your hostages; your uncle's word and my firm faith.

Pan. Nay, I'll give my word for her too: our kindred, though they be long ere they are wooed, they are constant being won: they are burs, I can tell you; they'll stick where they are thrown.

Cres. Boldness comes to me now, and brings me heart:-

Prince Troilus, I have lov'd you night and day For many weary months.

Tro. Why was my Cressid, then, so hard to win?

Cres. Hard to seem won; but I was won, my tord

With the first glance that ever—Pardon me,— If I confess much, you will play the tyrant. I love you now; but not, till now, so much But I might master it:—in faith, I he; My thoughts were like unbrid!'d children, grown

Too headstrong for their mother: - see, we fools! Why have I blabb'd? who shall be true to us, When we are so unsecret to ourselves?-But, though I lov'd you well, I woo'd you not; And yet, good faith, I wish'd myself a man, Or that we women had men's privilege

Of speaking first. Sweet, bid me hold my tongue;

For, in this rapture, I shall surely speak The thing I shall repent. See, see, your silence, Cunning in dumbness, from my weakness draws My very soul of conscience!-Stop my mouth.

Tro. And shall, albeit sweet music issues thence.

Pan. Pretty, i' faith.

Cres. My lord, I do beseech you, pardon me; 'Twas not my purpose thus to beg a kiss: I am asham'd;—O heavens! what have I done? For this time will I take my leave, my lord.

Tro. Your leave, sweet Cressid! Pan. Leave! an you take leave till to-morrow

morning,-

Cres. Pray you, content you.

Tro. Tro.
Cres. Sir, mine own company.
You cannot shun What offends you, lady?

Yourself.

Cres. Let me go and try: I have a kind of self resides with you; But an unkind self, that itself will leave To be another's fool. I would be gone:-Where is my wit? I know not what I speak.

Tro. Well know they what they speak that

speak so wisely. Cres. Perchance, my lord. I show more craft than love;

And fell so roundly to a large confession, To angle for your thoughts: but you are wise; Or else you love not; for to be wise and love Exceeds man's might; that dwells with gods

above. Tro. Othat I thought it could be in a woman,-As if it can, I will presume in you,-To feed for aye her lamp and flames of love; To keep her constancy in plight and youth, Outliving beauty's outward, with a mind That doth renew swifter than blood decays!

Or, that persuasion could but thus convince me, That my integrity and truth to you

Might be affronted with the match and weight Of such a winnow'd purity in love; How were I then uplifted! but, alas! I am as true as truth's simplicity, And simpler than the infancy of truth.

Cres. In that I'll war with you. Tro. O virtuous fight, When right with right wars who shall be most

True swains in love shall, in the world to come, Approve their truths by Troilus: when their rhymes.

Full of protest, of oath, and big compare,

right!

Want similes, truth tir'd with iteration,-As true as steel, as plantage to the moon, As sun to day, as turtle to her mate, As iron to adamant, as earth to the centre,-Yet, after all comparisons of truth. As truth's authentic author to be cited, As true as Troilus shall crown up the verse, And sanctify the numbers.

Cres. Prophet may you be! If I be false, or swerve a hair from truth, When time is old and hath forgot itself, When waterdrops have worn the stones of Troy And blind oblivion swallow'd cities up, And mighty states characterless are grated To dusty nothing; yet let memory From false to false, among false maids in love, Upbraid my falsehood! when they have saidas false

As air, as water, wind, or sandy earth As fox to lamb, as wolf to heifer's calf, Pard to the hind, or stepdame to her son; Yea, let them say, to stick the heart of falsehood,

As false as Cressid.

Pan. Go to, a bargain made: seal it, seal it; I'll be the witness. Here I hold your hand; here my cousin's. If ever you prove false one to another, since I have taken such pains to bring you together, let all pitiful goers-between be called to the world's end after my name, call them all Pandars; let all constant men be Troiluses, all false women Cressids, and all brokers between Pandars! sav. amen.

Tro. Amen.

Cres. Amen. Pan. Amen. Whereupon I will show you a chamber and a bed; which bed, because it shall not speak of your pretty encounters, press it to death: away!

And Cupid grant all tongue-tied maidens here. Bed, chamber, Pandar to provide this gear! Exeunt.

SCENE III .- THE GRECIAN CAMP.

Enter AGAMEMNON, ULYSSES, DIOMEDES NESTOR, AJAX, MENELAUS, and CALCHAS.

Cal. Now, princes, for the service I have

done you The advantage of the time prompts me aloud To call for recompense. Appear it to your mind That, through the sight I bear in things to Jove, I have abandon'd Troy, left my possession, Incurr'd a traitor's name; expos'd myself, From certain and possess'd conveniences, To doubtful fortunes; sequest'ring from me all That time, acquaintance, custom, and condition Made tame and most familiar to my nature; And here, to do you service, am become As new into the world, strange, unacquainted: I do beseech you, as in way of taste, To give me now a little benefit. Out of those many register'd in promise, Which, you say, live to come in my behalf.

Agam. What wouldst thou of us, Trojan? make demand. [Antenor, Cal. You have a Trojan prisoner, call'd Yesterday took: Troy holds him very dear.

Oft have you,—often have you thanks there-fore,—

Desir'd my Cressid in right great exchange, Whom Troy hath still denied: but this Antenor, I know, is such a wrest in their affairs That their negotiations all must slack Wanting his manage; and they will almost Give us a prince of blood, a son of Priam, In change of him: let him be sent, great princes, And he shall buy my daughter; and her presence Shall quite strike off all service I have done In most accepted pain.

Let Dromedes bear him, Agam. And bring us Cressid hither: Calchas shall have What he requests of us. - Good Diomed, Furnish you fairly for this interchange: Withal, bring word if Hector will to-morrow Be answer'd in his challenge: Ajax is ready. Dio. This shall I undertake; and 'tis a burden

Which I am proud to bear. Exeunt DIOMEDES and CALCHAS.

Enter ACHILLES and PATROCLUS, before

then tent.

Ulyss. Achilles stands i' the entrance of his tent:-Please it our general to pass strangely by him,

As if he were forgot; and, princes all, Lay negligent and loose regard upon him: I will come last. 'Tis like he'll question me Why such unplausive eyes are bent on him: If so, I have dension med'cinable,

To use between your strangeness and his pride. Which his own will shall have desire to drink: It may do good: pride hath no other glass To show itself but pride; for supple knees

Feed arrogance, and are the proud man's fees. Agam. We'll execute your purpose, and put on A form of strangeness as we pass along;

So do each lord; and either greet him not, Or else disdainfully, which shall shake him more

Than if not look'd on. I will lead the way.

Achil. What, comes the general to speak with me?

Troy. You know my mind, I'll fight no more 'gainst Agam. What says Achilles? would he aught with us? general?

Nest. Would you, my lord, aught with the Achil. No.

Nest. Nothing, my lord.

Agam. The better.

[Exeunt AGAMEMNON and NESTOR Achil. Good day, good day.

Men. How do you? how do you? [E]
Achil. What, does the cuckold scorn me?
Ajax. How now, Patroclus?

Achil. Good-morrow, Ajax.

Ajax. Ha?

Achil. Good-morrow.

Ajax. Ay, and good next day too. [Exit. Achil. What mean these fellows? Know they not Achilles? fto bend.

Patr. They pass by strangely: they were us'd To send their smiles before them to Achilles; To come as humbly as they us'd to creep To boly altars.

Achil. What, am I poor of late? Tis certain, greatness, once fallen out with fortune.

Must fall out with men too. What the declin'd While pride is fasting in his wantonness!

He shall as soon read in the eyes of others As feel on his own fall: for men, like butterflies, Show not their mealy wings but to the summer; And not a man, for being simply man, Hath any honour; but honour for those honours

That are without him, as place, riches, and favour,

Prizes of accident as oft as merit: Which when they fall, as being slippery standers. The love that lean'd on them as slippery too, Do one pluck down another, and together Die in the fall. But 'tis not so with me: Fortune and I are friends; I do enjoy At ample point all that I did possess Save these men's looks; who do, methinks, find Something not worth in me such rich beholding As they have often given. Here is Ulysses: I'll interrupt his reading .-How now, Ulysses!

Ulyss. Now, great Achil. What are you reading? Now, great Thetis' son!

Ulyss. A strange fellow here Writes me, That man, - how dearly ever parted, How much in having, or without or in, Cannot make boast to have that which he hath. Nor feels not what he owes, but by reflection; As when his virtues shining upon others Heat them, and they retort that heat again To the first giver. Achil. This is not strange, Ulysses.

The beauty that is borne here in the face The bearer knows not, but commends itself To others' eyes: nor doth the eye itself,-That most pure spirit of sense,-behold itself Not going from itself; but eye to eye oppos'd: Salutes each other with each other's form: For speculation turns not to itself Till it hath travell'd, and is mirror'd there Where it may see itself. This is not strange

at all. Uluss. I do not strain at the position. It is familiar, -but at the author's drift; Who, in his circumstance, expressly proves That no man is the lord of anything,-Thoughin and of him there be much consisting,-Till he communicates his parts to others; Nor doth he of himself know them for aught Till he behold them form'd in the applause Where they're extended; who, like an arch, reverberates

The voice again; or, like a gate of steel Fronting the sun, receives and renders back His figure and his heat. I was much rapt in this;

And apprehended here immediately The unknown Ajax.

Heavens, what a man is there! a very horse; That has he knows not what. Nature, what

things there are Most abject in regard and dear in use! What things again most dear in the esteem And poor in worth! Now shall we see to-morrow An act that very chance doth throw upon him, Ajax renown'd. O heavens, what some men do, While some men leave to do! How some men creep in skittish fortune's hall, Whiles others play the idiots in her eyes! How one man eats into another's pride,

To see these Grecian lords!-why, even already They clap the lubber Ajax on the shoulder As if his foot were on brave Hector's breast,

And great Troy shrinking.

Achil. I do believe it; for they pass'd by me As misers do by beggars,—neither gave to me Good word nor look. What, are my deeds

back, forgot? Ulyss Time hath, my lord, a wallet at his Wherein he puts alms for oblivion,

A great-siz'd monster of ingratitudes: Those scraps are good deeds past: which are devour'd

As fast as they are made, forgot as soon As done: perseverance, dear my lord, Keeps honour bright: to have done is to hang Quite out of fashion, like a rusty mail In monumental mockery. Take the instant

For honour travels in a strait so narrow [path: Where one but goes abreast: keep, then, the For emulation hath a thousand sons That one by one pursue: if you give way

Or hedge aside from the direct forthright, Like to an enter'd tide they all rush by. And leave you hindmost;

Or, like a gallant horse fall'n in first rank, Lie there for pavement to the abject rear, O'er-run and trampl'd on: then what they do

in present, yours; Though less than yours in past, must o'ertop For time is like a fashionable host, [hand; That slightly shakes his parting guest by the And with his arms out-stretch'd, as he would

Grasps in the comer: welcome ever smiles, And farewell goes out sighing. O, let not virtue seek

Remuneration for the thing it was: For beauty, wit, High birth, vigour of bone, desert in service,

Love, friendship, charity, are subjects all To envious and calumniating time. One touch of nature makes the whole world That all, with one consent, praise new-born gawds, past:

Though they are made and moulded of things And give to dust that is a little gilt [eye More laud that gilt o'er-dusted. The present Praises the present object:

Then marvel not, thou great and complete man, That all the Greeks begin to worship Ajax; Since things in motion sooner catch the eye Than what not stirs. The cry went once on

thee, And still it might; and yet it may again,

If thou wouldst not entomb thyself alive, And case thy reputation in thy tent; Whose glorious deeds but in these fields of late Made emulous missions 'mongst the gods

themselves. And drave great Mars to faction.

Achil. Of this my privacy Acru.

I have strong reasons.

But 'gainst your privacy

read heroical:

The reasons are more potent and heroical: 'Tis known, Achilles, that you are in love With one of Priam's daughters.

Ha! known! Achil. Uluss. Is that a wonder?

The providence that's in a watchful state Knows almost every grain of Pluto's gold; Finds bottom in the uncomprehensive deeps; Keeps place with thought, and almost, like the gods.

Does thoughts unveil in their dumb cradles. There is a mystery—with whom relation Durst never meddle-in the soul of state: Which hath an operation more divine Than breath or pen can give expressure to: All the commerce that you have had with Troy As perfectly is ours as yours, my lord; And better would it fit Achilles much To throw down Hector than Polyxena: But it must grieve young Pyrrhus now at home, When fame shall in our island sound her trump; And all the Greekish girls shall tripping sing, Great Hector's sister did Achilles win; But our brave Ajax bravely beat down him. Farewell, my lord: I as your lover speak; The fool shdes o'er the ice that you should

[Exit. Patr. To this effect, Achilles, have I moved you.

A woman impudent and mannish grown Is not more loath'd than an effeminate man In time of action. I stand condemn'd for this: They think my little stomach to the war, And your great love to me, restrains you thus: Sweet, rouse yourself; and the weak wanton Cupid

Shall from your neck unloose his amorous fold, And, like a dew-drop from the hon's mane, Be shook to air.

Shall Ajax fight with Hector? Achil. Patr. Ay, and perhaps receive much honour by him.

Achil. I see my reputation is at stake; My fame is shrewdly gor'd.

Patr. O, then, beware; Those wounds heal ill that men do give themselves;

Omission to do what is necessary Seals a commission to a blank of danger; And danger, like an ague, subtly taints Even then when we sit idly in the sun.

Achil. Go call Thersites hither, sweet Patroclus:

I'll send the fool to Ajax , and desire him To invite the Trojan lords, after the combat To see us here unarm'd: I have a woman's longing,

An appetite that I am sick withal, To see great Hector in his weeds of peace; To talk with him, and to behold his visage, Even to my full of view. A labour sav'd!

Enter THERSITES.

Ther. A wonder! Achil. What?

Ther. Ajax goes up and down the field asking for himself.

Achil. How so?

Ther. He must fight singly to-morrow with Hector; and is so prophetically proud of an heroical cudgelling that he raves in saying nothing. Achil. How can that be?

Ther. Why, he stalks up and down like a peacock,-a stride and a stand: ruminates like

an hostess that hath no arithmetic but her brain to set down her reckoning: bites his lip with a politic regard, as who should say, There were wit in this head, an 'twould out; and so there is; but it lies as coldly in him as fire in a flint. which will not show without knocking. The man's undone for ever; for if Hector break not his neck i' the combat, he'll break it himself in vain-glory. He knows not me. I said Goodmorrow, Ajax; and he replies, Thanks, Agamemnon. What think you of this man, that takes me for the general? He is grown a very land fish, languageless, a monster. A plague of opinion! a man may wear it on both sides, like a leather jerkin.

Achil. Thou must be my ambassador to him. Thersites.

Ther. Who, I? why, he'll answer nobody; he professes not answering: speaking is for beggars; he wears his tongue in's arms. I will put on his presence: let Patroclus make demands to me, you shall see the pageant of Ajax.

Achil. To him, Patroclus: tell him,-I humbly desire the valiant Ajax to invite the most valorous Hector to come unarmed to my tent: and to procure safe conduct for his person of the magnanimous and most illustrious six-orseven-times-honoured captain-general of the

Grecian army, Agamemnon. Do this. Patr. Jove bless great Ajax!
Ther. Hum!

Patr. I come from the worthy Achilles .-Ther. Ha!

Patr. Who most humbly desires you to invite Hector to his tent,-

Ther. Hum!

Patr. And to procure safe conduct from Agamemnon.

Ther. Agamemnon!

Patr. Ay, my lord. Ther. Ha!

Patr. What say you to't?

Ther. God be wi' you, with all my heart. Patr. Your answer, sir.

Ther. If to-morrow be a fair day, by eleven o'clock it will go one way or other: howsoever, he shall pay for me ere he has me.

Patr. Your answer, sir.

Ther. Fare you well, with all my heart.

Achil. Why, but he is not in this tune, is he? Ther. No, but he's out o' tune thus. What music will be in him when Hector has knocked out his brains I know not: but, I am sure. none; unless the fiddler Apollo get his sinews to make catlings on.

Achil. Come, thou shalt bear a letter to him straight.

Ther. Let me bear another to his horse; for that's the more capable creature.

Achil. My mind is troubl'd, like a fountain stirr'd;

And I myself see not the bottom of it.

Exeunt ACHIL, and PATROCLUS.

Ther. Would the fountain of your mind were clear again, that I might water an ass at it! had rather be a tick in a sheep than such a valiant ignorance.

Exit.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Troy. A Street

Enter, at one side, ÆNEAS, and Servant with a torch; at the other, PARIS, DEIPHOBUS, ANTENOR, DIOMEDES, and others, with torches.

Par. See, ho! who's that there?

'Tis the Lord Æneas. Ene. Is the prince there in person?-

Had I so good occasion to lie long [business As you, Prince Paris, nothing but heavenly Should rob my bed-mate of my company.

Dio. That's my mind too .- Good-morrow, Lord Æneas. [hand,

Par. A valuant Greek, Æneas,—take his Witness the process of your speech, wherein You told how Dromed, a whole week by days, Did haunt you in the field.

Health to you, valiant sir, Æne. During all question of the gentle fruce; But when I meet you arm'd, as black defiance As heart can think or courage execute.

Dio. The one and other Diomed embraces. Our bloods are now in calm; and, so long, health:

But when contention and occasion meet, By Jove, I'll play the hunter for thy life With all my force, pursuit, and policy.

Æne. And thou shalt hunt a hon, that will

With his face backward .- In humane gentle-Welcome to Troy! now, by Anchises' life, Welcome indeed! By Venus' hand I swear No man alive can love, in such a sort,

The thing he means to kill, more excellently.

Dio. We sympathise.—Jove, let Æneas live If to my sword his fate be not the glory, A thousand complete courses of the sun! But, in mine emulous honour, let him die,

With every joint a wound, and that to-morrow!

Ene. We know each other well.

Dio. We do; and long to know each other

worse. Par. This is the most despiteful gentle greet-

ing, The noblest hateful love, that e'er I heard of .-

What business, lord, so early? Ene. I was sent for to the king; but why,

this Greek I know not. Par. His purpose meets you: 'twas to bring To Calchas' house; and there to render him, For the enfreed Antenor, the fair Cressid. Let's have your company; or, if you please, Haste there before us: I constantly do think,

Or, rather, call my thought a certain knowledge, My brother Troilus lodges there to-night: Rouse him, and give him note of our approach,

With the whole quality wherefore: I fear We shall be much unwelcome.

That I assure you: Troilus had ratner 1103 Than Cressid borne from Troy. There is no help; Troilus had rather Troy were borne to Greece

The bitter disposition of the time Will have it so. On, lord; we'll follow you.

Ene. Good-morrow, all.

[Exit, with Servant. I shall have such a life!-

Par. And tell me, noble Diomed,-faith, tell me true,

Even in the soul of sound good-fellowship,-Who, in your thoughts, merits fair Helen best. Myself or Menelaus?

Both alike: Dio.

He merits well to have her, that doth seek her,-Not making any scruple of her soilure, With such a hell of pain and world of charge; And you as well to keep her, that defend her,-Not palating the taste of her dishonour, With such a costly loss of wealth and friends: He, like a puling cuckold, would drink up The lees and dregs of a flat tamed piece; You, like a lecher, out of whorish loins Are pleas'd to breed out your inheritors: Both ments pois'd, each weighs nor less nor

more; But he as he, each heavier for a whore.

Par. You are too bitter to your countrywoman.

Dio. She's bitter to her country. Hear me, Paris. For every false drop in her bawdy veins

A Grecian's life hath sunk; for every scruple Of her contaminated carrion weight [speak, A Trojan hath been slain: since she could She hath not given so many good words breath As for her Greeks and Trojans suffer'd death.

Par. Fair Diomed, you do as chapmen do, Dispraise the thing that you desire to buy: But we in silence hold this virtue well. We'll not commend what we intend to sell. Here lies our way.

Scene II .- Troy. Court of Pandarus' House.

Enter Trollus and Cressida.

Tro. Dear, trouble not yourself: the morn is cold. [uncle down;

Cres. Then, sweet my lord, I'll call mine He shall unbolt the gates. Trouble him not; Tro.

To bed, to bed: sleep kill those pretty eyes, And give as soft attachment to thy senses As infants empty of all thought!

Good-morrow, then. Cres. Tro. I prythee now, to bed. Are you aweary of me?

Tro. O Cressida! but that the busy day, Wak'd by the lark, hath rous'd the ribald crows, And dreaming night will hide our joys no longer I would not from thee

Cres. Night hath been too brief. Tro. Beshrew the witch! with venemous wights she stays

As tediously as hell; but flies the grasps of love With wings more momentary-swift than thought. You will catch cold, and curse me.

Pr'ythee, tarry;-You men will never tarry.

O foolish Cressid!-I might have still held off, And then you would have tarried. Hark!

there's one up. [here? Pan. [Within.] What, 's all the doors open Tro. It is your uncle. [mocking: Cres. A pestilence on him! now will he be

Enter PANDARUS.

Pan. How now, how now? how go maidenheads?

-Here you maid! where's my cousin Cressid? Cres. Go hang yourself, you naughty mocking uncle!

You bring me to do, and then you flout me too. Pan. To do what? to do what?-let her say what: what have I brought you to do?

Cres. Come, come, beshrew your heart! you'll ne'er be good,

Nor suffer others.

Pan. Ha, ha! Alas, poor wretch! ah, poor capocchia! hast not slept to-night? would he not, a naughty man, let it sleep? a bugbear take him!

Cres. Did not I tell you?—would he were knock'd i' the head!— [Knocking. Who's that at door? good uncle, go and see .-My lord, come you again into my chamber: You smile, and mock me, as if I meant naughtily.

Tro. Ha! ha!

Cres. Come, you are deceiv'd, I think of no such thing .-[Knocking. How earnestly they knock!-Pray you, come in: I would not for half Troy have you seen here.

[Exeunt TROILUS and CRESSIDA Pan. [Going to the door.] Who's there? what's the matter? will you beat down the door? How now? what's the matter?

Enter ÆNEAS.

Ene. Good-morrow, lord, good-morrow. Pan. Who's there? my lord Eneas? my troth, I knew you not: what news with you so early?

Ene. Is not Prince Troilus here? Pan. Here! what should he do here?

Ene. Come, he is here, my lord; do not deny him:

It doth import him much to speak with me.

Pan. Is he here, say you? 'tis more than I know, I'll be sworn.—For my own part, I came in late. What should he do here?

Ene. Who!—nay, then:—come, come,

you'll do him wrong ere you are ware: you'll be so true to him to be false to him: do not you know of him, but yet go fetch him hither; go.

As PANDARUS is going out, re-enter TROILUS

Tro. How now! what's the matter? Ene. My lord, I scarce have leisure to salute you,

· My matter is so rash. There is at hand Paris your brother, and Desphobus, The Grecian Diomed, and our Antenor Deliver'd to us; and for him forthwith, Ere the first sacrifice, within this hour, We must give up to Diomedes' hand The Lady Cressida.

Tro. Is it so concluded? Enc. By Priam, and the general state of Troy:

They are at hand, and ready to effect it. Tro. How my achievements mock me! I will go meet them: - and, my lord Aeneas, We met by chance; you did not find me here. Aene. Good, good, my lord; the secrets of nature

Have not more gift in taciturnity.

Exeunt TROILUS and ENEAS. Pan. Is't possible? no sooner got but lost? The devil take Antenor! the young prince will go mad: a plague upon Antenor! I would they had broke's neck!

Re-enter CRESSIDA.

Cres How now! what is the matter? who was here?

Pan. Ah, ah!
Cres. Why sigh you so profoundly? where's my lord? gone! tell me, sweet uncle, what's the matter?

Pan Would I were as deep under the earth as I am above!

Cres. O the gods! what's the matter?

Pan. Pr'ythree, get thee in. Would thou hadst ne'er been born? I knew thou wouldst be his death!-O, poor gentleman!-A plague upon Antenor!

Cres. Good uncle, I beseech you, on my knees I beseech you, what's the matter?

Pan Thou must be gone, wench, thou must be gone; thou art changed for Antenor: thou must to thy father, and be gone from Troilus: 'twill be his death; 'twill be his bane; he cannot bear it.

Cres. O you immortal gods!—I will not go. Pan. Thou must.

Cres. I will not, uncle: I have forgot my father;

I know no touch of consanguinity; No kin, no love, no blood, no soul so near me As the sweet Troilus -O you gods divine! Make Cressid's name the very crown of false-

If ever she leave Troilus! Time, force, and Do to this body what extremes you can: But the strong base and building of my love Is as the very centre of the earth,

Drawing all things to it.—I'll go in and weep.—
Pan. Do, do.

Cres. Tear my bright hair, and scratch my praised cheeks;

hood

praised cneeks;
Crack my clear voice with sobs, and break my
With sounding Trollus. I will not go from
Trov. [Execunt.

Scene III .- Troy. Street before Pandarus' House.

Enter Paris, Troilus, Æneas, Deiphobus, Antenor, and Diomedes.

Par. It is great morning; and the hour prefix'd

Of her delivery to this valuant Greek Comes fast upon:-good my brother Troilus. Tell you the lady what she is to do,

And haste her to the purpose.

Tro. Walk in to her house; I'll bring her to the Grecian presently:

And to his hand when I deliver her Think it an altar; and thy brother Trolius A priest, there offering to it his own heart.

Exit.

Par. I know what 'tis to love; And would, as I shall pity, I could help!-Please you walk in, my lords. Exeunt.

Scene IV.—Troy. A Room in Pandarus' House.

Enter PANDARUS and CRESSIDA.

Pan. Be moderate, be moderate. Cres. Why tell you me of moderation? The grief is fine, full, perfect, that I taste, And violenteth in a sense as strong As that which causeth it: how can I moderate If I could temporize with my affection, Or brew it to a weak and colder palate, The like allayment could I give my grief: My love admits no qualifying dross; No more my grief, in such a precious loss. Pan. Here, here, here he comes.

Enter TROILUS.

Ah, sweet ducks!

Cres. O Troilus! Troilus! [Embracing him. Pan. What a pair of spectacles is here! Let me embrace too. O heart, as the goodly saying

> O heart, heavy heart, Why sigh'st thou without breaking?

where he answers again,

Because thou canst not ease thy smart By silence nor by speaking.

There was never a truer rhyme. Let us cast away nothing, for we may live to have need of such a verse: we see it, we see it .- How now, lambs! [purity

Tro. Cressid, I love thee in so strain'd a That the bless'd gods,—as angry with my fancy, More bright in zeal than the devotion which Cold lips blow to their deities, -take thee from

me. Cres. Have the gods envy?

Pan. Ay, ay, ay, ay; 'tis too plain a case.

Cres. And is it true that I must go from Troy?

Tro. A hateful truth.

Cres. What, and from Troilus too?
Tro. From Troy and Troilus.

Cres. Is it possible? Tro. And suddenly; where injury of chance Puts back leave-taking, justles roughly by All time of pause, rudely beguiles our lips Of all rejoindure, forcibly prevents Our lock'd embrasures, strangles our dear vows Even in the birth of our own lab'ring breath: We too, that with so many thousand sighs Did buy each other, must poorly sell ourselves With the rude brevity and discharge of one. Injurious time now, with a robber's haste, Crams his rich thievery up, he knows not how: As many farewells as be stars in heaven, With distinct breath and consign'd kisses to

them. He fumbles up into a loose adieu; And scants us with a single famish'd kiss, Distasted with the salt of broken tears.

Aene. [Within.] My lord, is the lady ready? Tro. Hark! you are call'd. Some say the Genius so

Cries. Come! to him that instantly must die. Bid them have patience; she shall come anon.

Pan. Where are my tears? rain, to lay this wind, or my heart will be blown up by the

Cres. I must, then, to the Grecians?

Tro. No remedy. Cres. A woeful Cressid 'mongst the merry Greeks!

When shall we see again?

Tro. Hear me, my love. Be thou but true of heart,-

Cres. I true! how now! what wicked deem Tro. Nay, we must use expostulation kindly, For it is parting from us:

I speak not be thou true, as fearing thee; For I will throw my glove to death himself That there's no maculation in thy heart: But be thou true, say I, to fashion in My sequent protestation; be thou true, dangers And I will see thee.

Cres. O, you shall be expos'd, my lord, to As infinite as imminent! but I'll be true

Tro. And I'll grow friend with danger. Wear this sleeve.

Cres. And you this glove. When shall I see you?

Tro. I will corrupt the Grecian sentinels, To give thee nightly visitation. But yet be true.

Cres. O heavens!-be true, again! Tro. Hear why I speak it, love:

The Grecian youths are full of quality; They're loving, well compos'd, with gifts of nature flowing,

And swelling o'er with arts and exercise: How novelty may move, and parts with person, Alas, a kind of godly jealousy,-Which, I beseech you, call a virtuous sin,-

Which, I beaver.

Makes me afeard.

O heavens! you love me not.

In this I do not call your faith in question So mainly as my merit; I cannot sing, Nor heel the high lavolt, nor sweeten talk, Nor play at subtle games; fair virtues all, To which the Grecians are most prompt and

pregnant: But I can tell, that in each grace of these There lurks a still and dumb-discoursive devil That tempts most cunningly: but be not

tempted. Cres. Do you think I will?

But something may be done that we will not: And sometimes we are devils to ourselves, When we will tempt the fraulty of our powers, Presuming on their changeful potency.

Aene. [Within.] Nay, good my lord,— Tro. Come, kiss; and let us part.

Par. [Within.] Brother Troilus!

Tro. Good brother, come you hither; And bring Aeneas and the Grecian with you.

Cres. My lord, will you be true? Tro. Who, I? alas, it is my vice, my fault: While others fish with craft for great opinion, I with great truth catch mere simplicity;

Whilst some with cunning gild their copper crowns.

With truth and plainness I do wear mine bare. Fear not my truth: the moral of my wit Is-plain and true; there's all the reach of it. Enter ÆNEAS, PARIS, ANTENOR, DEIPHOBUS Come, stretch thy chest, and let thy eyes spout and DIOMEDES.

Welcome, Sir Diomed! here is the lady Which for Antenor we deliver you: At the port, lord, I'll give her to thy hand; And by the way possess thee what she is. Entreat her fair; and, by my soul, fair Greek, If e'er thou stand at mercy of my sword, Name Cressid, and thy life shall be as safe As Priam is in Ilion.

Fair Lady Cressid, So please you, save the thanks this prince

expects: The lustre in your eye, heaven in your cheek, Pleads your fair usage; and to Diomed You shall be mistress, and command him wholly.

Tro. Grecian, thou dost not use me courteously,

To shame the zeal of my petition to thee In praising her: I tell thee, lord of Greece, She is as far high-soaring o'er thy praises As thou unworthy to be call'd her servant. I charge thee use her well, even for my charge; For, by the dreadful Pluto, if thou dost not, Though the great bulk Achilles be thy guard, I'll cut thy throat.

O, be not mov'd, Prince Troilus: Let me be privileg'd by my place and message To be a speaker free; when I am hence I'll answer to my lust: and know you, lord, I'll nothing do on charge: to her own worth She shall be priz'd; but that you say, be't so,
I'll speak it in my spirit and honour, no.
Tro. Come, to the port.—I'll tell thee,

Diomed, head .-This brave shall oft make thee to hide thy Lady, give me your hand; and, as we walk, To our own selves bend we our needful talk. Exeunt TRO., CRES., and DIOMEDES Trumpet within.

Par. Hark! Hector's trumpet. How have we spent this morning? The prince must think me tardy and remiss, That swore to ride before him to the field.

Par. 'Tis Troilus' fault. Come, come, to field with him.

Dio. Let us make ready straight.

Ene. Yea, with a bridegroom's fresh alacrity Let us address to tend on Hector's heels: The glory of our Troy doth this day lie On his fair worth and single chivalry. Exeunt.

Scene V .- The Grecian Camp. Lists set out.

Enter AJAX, armed; AGAMEMNON, ACHILLES, PATROCLUS, MENELAUS, ULYSSES, NESTOR and others.

Agam. Here art thou in appointment fresh and fair,

Anticipating time. With starting courage Give with thy trumpet a loud note to Troy, Thou dreadful Ajax; that the appalled air May pierce the head of the great combatant, And hale him hither.

Ajax. Thou, trumpet, there's my purse, Now crack thy lungs and split thy brazen pipe: Blow, villain, till thy sphered bias cheek Out-swell the colic of puff'd Aquilon:

blood;

Thou blow'st for Hector. [Trumpet sounds. Ulyss. No trumpet answers. Achil.

'Tis but early day. Agam. Is not you Diomed, with Calchas' daughter

Ulyss. 'Tis he, I ken the manner of his gait; He rises on the toe: that spirit of his In aspiration lifts him from the earth.

Enter DIOMEDES, with CRESSIDA.

Agam. Is this the lady Cressid?

Dio. Even she? Agam. Most dearly welcome to the Greeks. sweet lady.

Nest. Our general doth salute you with a kiss. Ulyss. Yet is the kindness but particular; 'Twere better she were kiss'd in general.

Nest. And very courtly counsel: I'll begin .-So much for Nestor. [fair lady. Achil. I'll take that winter from your lips.

Achilles bids you welcome. Men. I had good argument for kissing once. Patr. But that's no argument for kissing

now; For thus popp'd Paris in his hardiment, And parted thus you and your argument.

Ulyss. O deadly gall, and theme of all our scornsi

For which we lose our heads to gild his horns. Patr. The first was Menelaus' kiss:-this. mine:

Patroclus kisses you.

Men. O, this is trim!
Patr. Paris and I kiss evermore for him. Men. I'll have my kiss, sir.-Lady, by your leave.

Cres. In kissing, do you render or receive? Patr. Both take and give.

I'll make my match to live, Cres. The kiss you take is better than you give; Therefore no kiss.

Men. I'll give you boot, I'll give you three for one. none.

Cres. You're an odd man; give even or give Men. An odd man, lady? every man is odd. Cres. No, Paris is not; for, you know, 'tis true,

That you are odd, and he is even with you.

Men. You fillip me o' the head. Cres. No, I'll be sworn. Ulyss. It were no match, your nail against

his horn.

May I, sweet lady, beg a kiss of you? Cres. You may.

Ulyss. I do desire it.

Cres. Why, beg then, do. Ulyss. Why then, for Venus' sake, give me

When Helen is a maid again, and his,

Cres. I am your debtor, claim it when 'tis due.

Ulyss. Never's my day, and then a kiss of Dio. Lady, a word .- I'll bring you to your father.

[DIOMEDES leads out CRESSIDA. Nest. A woman of quick sense. Ulyss. Fie, fie upon her! SCENE V.

Nay, her foot speaks: her wanton spirits look out

At every joint and motive of her body. O, these encounterers, so glib of tongue, That give a coasting welcome ere it comes, And wide unclasp the tables of their thoughts To every ticklish reader! set them down For sluttish spoils of opportunity, And daughters of the game. [Trumpet within.

All. The Trojans' trumpet.

Agam. Yonder comes the troop.

Enter HECTOR, armed; ENEAS, TROILUS, and other Trojans, with Attendants.

Ene. Hail, all you state of Greece! what shall be done [purpose To him that victory commands? Or do you A victor shall be known? will you the knights Shall to the edge of all extremity Pursue each other: or shall be divided

By any voice or order of the field? Hector bade ask.

Agam. Which way would Hector have it? Ene. He cares not; he'll obey conditions.

Achil. 'Tis done like Hector; but securely done. A little proudly, and great deal misprizing

The knight oppos'd. If not Achilles, sir,

Æne. What is your name?

Achil. If not Achilles, nothing. Enc. Therefore Achilles. But, whate'er, know this:-

In the extremity of great and little Valour and pride excel themselves in Hector; The one almost as infinite as all The other blank as nothing. Weigh him well, And that which looks like pride is courtesy. This Ajax is half made of Hector's blood: In love whereof, half Hector stays at home; Half heart, half hand, half Hector comes to seek Greek.

This blended knight, half Trojan and half Achil. A maiden battle then?-O, I perceive

VO11.

Re-enter DIOMEDES.

Agam. Here is Sir Diomed .- Go, gentle knight,

Stand by our Ajax; as you and Lord Æneas Consent upon the order of their fight So be it: either to the uttermost, Or else a breath: the combatants being kin Half stats their stafe before their strokes

AJAX and HECTOR enter the lists. Ulyss. They are oppos'd already. Agam. What Trojan is that same that looks

so heavy? [knight: Ulyss. The youngest son of Priam, a true

Not yet mature, yet matchless: firm of word; Speaking in deeds, and deedless in his tongue; Not soon provok'd, nor, being provok'd, soon calm'd:

His heart and hand both open and both free; For what he has he gives, what thinks he shows;

There's language in her eye, her cheeks, her Yet gives he not till judgment guide his bounty, Nor dignifies an impure thought with breath: Manly as Hector, but more dangerous; For Hector, in his blaze of wrath, subscribes To tender objects; but he, in heat of action, Is more vindicative than jealous love: They call him Troilus; and on him erect A second hope, as fairly built as Hector. Thus says Aeneas; one that knows the youth Even to his inches, and, with private soul, Did in great Ilion thus translate him to me

Alarum. HECTOR and AIAX fight. Agam. They are in action. Nest. Now, Ajax, hold thine own!

Tro. Hector, thou sleep'st: Awake thee!

Agam. His blows are well dispos'd:-there. Ajax!

Dio. You must no more. [Trumpets cease. Ene. Princes, enough, so please you. Ajax. I am not warm yet, let us fight again.

Dio. As Hector pleases.

Hect. Why, then will I no more:— Thou art, great lord, my father's sister's son, A cousin-german to great Priam's seed; The obligation of our blood forbids A gory emulation 'twixt us twain; Were thy commixtion Greek and Trojan so, That thou could'st say This hand is Grecian all, And this is Trojan; the sinews of this leg All Greek, and this all Troy; my mother's blood Runs in the dexter cheek, and this smister Bounds-in my father's; by Jove multipotent, Thou shouldst not bear from me a Greekish

member Wherein my sword had not impressure made Of our rank feud: but the just gods gainsay That any drop thou borrow dst from thy mother, My sacred aunt, should by my mortal sword Be drain'd! Let me embrace thee, Ajax: By him that thunders, thou hast lusty arms; Hector would have them fall upon him thus: Cousin, all honour to thee!

I thank thee, Hector: Ajax. Thou art too gentle and too free a man: I came to kill thee, cousin, and bear hence

A great addition earned in thy death.

Hect. Not Neoptolemus so mirable,-On whose bright crest Fame with her loud'st Oyes

Cries, This is he. -could promise to himself A thought of added honour torn from Hector. Ene. There is expectance here from both the sides

What further you will do. We'll answer it; Hect. The issue is embracement:—Ajax, farewell.

Ajax. If I might in entreaties find success,-As seld' I have the chance,—I would desire My famous cousin to our Grecian tents.

Dio. 'Tis Agamemnon's wish; and great Achilles

Doth long to see unarm'd the valiant Hector. Hect. Aeneas, call my brother Troilus to me: And signify this loving interview

To the expecters of our Trojan part; [cousin; Desire them home.—Give me thy hand, my I will go eat with thee, and see your knights. Ajax. Great Agamemnon comes to meet us

here.

Hect. The worthiest of them tell me name by name;

But for Achilles, mine own searching eyes Shall find him by his large and portly size. Agam. Worthy of arms! as welcome as to one

That would be rid of such an enemy;

But that's no welcome: understand more clear, What's past and what's to come is strew'd with husks

And formless ruin of oblivion; But in this extant moment, faith and troth, Strain'd purely from all hollow bias-drawing, Bids thee, with most divine integrity, From heart of very heart, great Hector, welcome.

Hect. I thank thee, most imperious Aga-[to you. memnon. Agam. My well-fam'd lord of Troy, no less [To Troilus. Men. Let me confirm my princely brother's

greeting; You brace of warlike brothers, welcome hither.

Hect. Who must we answer?

The noble Menelaus. Æne. Hect. O you, my lord? by Mars his gauntlet, thanksl

Mock not, that I affect the untraded oath: Your quondam wife swears still by Venus' glove:

She's well, but bade me not commend her to [theme. you. Men. Name her not now, sir; she's a deadly

Hect. O, pardon; I offend. [off, Nest. I have, thou gallant Trojan, seen thee

Labouring for destiny, make cruel way Through ranks of Greekish youth; and I have seen thee,

As hot as Perseus, spur thy Phrygian steed, Despising many forfeits and subduements When thou hast hung thy advanced sword if the

Not letting it decline on the declin'd. That I have said to some my standers-by. Lo, Jupiter is yander, dealing life!

And I have seen thee pause, and take thy breath,

When that a ring of Greeks have hemm'd thee Like an Olympian wrestling: this have I seen; But this thy countenance, still lock'd in steel, I never saw till now. I knew thy grandsire And once fought with him: he was a soldier good

But, by great Mars, the captain of us all, Never like thee. Let an old man embrace thee; And, worthy warrior, welcome to our tents.

Ene. 'Tis the old Nestor.

Hect. Let me embrace thee, good old chronicle,

That hast so long walk'd hand in hand with time:

Most reverend Nestor, I am glad to clasp thee. Nest. I would my arms could match thee in contention

As they contend with thee in courtesy. Hect. I would they could. Nest. Ha!

morrow:-By this white beard, I'd fight with thee to-Well, welcome, welcome! I have seen the time. Ulyss. I wonder now how yonder city stands, When we have here her base and pillar by us.

Hect. I know your favour, Lord Ulysses, well. Ah, sir, there's many a Greek and Trojan dead. Since first I saw yourself and Diomed

In Ilion, on your Greekish embassy. [ensue: Ulyss. Sir, I foretold you then what would My prophecy is but half his journey yet;

For yonder walls, that pertly front your town. Youd towers, whose wanton tops do buss the clouds.

Must kiss their own feet.

I must not believe you: Hect. There they stand yet; and modestly I think The fall of every Phrygian stone will cost A drop of Grecian blood: the end crowns all: And that old common arbitrator, time, Will one day end it.

So to him we leave it. Ulyss. Most gentle and most valiant Hector, welcome: After the general, I beseech you next To feast with me, and see me at my tent.

Achil. I shall forestall thee, Lord Ulysses. thoul-

Now, Hector, I have fed mine eyes on thee; I have with exact view perus'd thee, Hector, And quoted joint by joint.

Hect. Is this Achilles? Achil. I am Achilles. thee. Hect. Stand fair, I pray thee: let me look on Achil. Behold thy fill.

Hect. Nay, I have done already. Achil. Thou art too brief: I will the second time,

As I would buy thee, view thee limb by limb. Hect. O, like a book of sport thou'lt read

me o'er; But there's more in me than thou understand'st Why dost thou so oppress me with thine eye? Achil. Tell me, you heavens, in which part

of his body there. Shall I destroy him? whither there, or there, or That I may give the local wound a name, And make distinct the very breach whereout

Hector's great spirit flew: answer me, heavens! Hect. It would discredit the bless'd gods, proud man.

To answer such a question: stand again: Think'st thou to catch my life so pleasantly. As to prenominate in nice conjecture Where thou wilt hit me dead?

Achil. I tell thee, yea. Hect. Wert thou an oracle to tell me so. I'd not believe thee. Henceforth guard thee well:

For Pli not kill thee there, nor there; But, by the forge that stithied Mars his helm. I'll kill thee everywhere, yea, o'er and o'er .-You wisest Grecians, pardon me this brag, His insolence draws folly from my lips:

But I'll endeavour deeds to match these words, Or may I never, Ajax. Do not chafe thee, cousin:-

And you, Achilles, let these threats alone, Till accident or purpose bring you to't: You may have every day enough of Hector If you have stomach; the general state, I fear, Can scarce entreat you to be odd with him.

Hect. I pray you, let us see you in the field: We have had pelting wars since you refus'd The Grecians' cause.

Achil. To-morrow do I meet thee, fell as death; To-night all friends.

Thy hand upon that match. Hect. Agam. First, all you peers of Greece, go to

my tent; There in the full convive we: afterwards, As Hector's leisure and your bounties shall Concur together, severally entreat him .-Beat loud the tabourines, let the trumpets blow,

That this great soldier may his welcome know.

[Exeunt all but Tro. and ULYSSES.

Tro. My Lord Ulysses, tell me, I besech

In what place of the field doth Calchas keep? Ulyss. At Menelaus' tent, most princely Troilus:

There Diomed doth feast with him to-night; Who neither looks upon the heaven nor earth. But gives all gaze and bent of amorous view On the fair Cressid.

Tro. Shall I, sweet lord, be bound to you so much,

After we part from Agamemnon's tent, To bring me thither?

You shall command me, sir. Uluss. As gentle tell me, of what honour was This Cressida in Troy? Had she no lover there

That wails her absence?

scars A mock is due. Will you walk on my lord? She was belov'd, she lov'd; she is, and doth: But, still, sweet love is food for fortune's tooth. Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I .- THE GRECIAN CAMP. Before ACHILLES' Tent.

Enter ACHILLES and PATROCLUS.

Achil. I'll heat his blood with Greekish wine to-night,

Which with my scimitar I'll cool to-morrow.-Patroclus, let us feast him to the height.

Patr. Here comes Thersites.

Enter THERSITES.

How now, thou core of cnvy! Achil. Thou crusty batch of nature, what's the news? Ther. Why, thou picture of what thou seemest, and idol of idiot worshippers, here's a letter for thee.

Achil. From whence, fragment?
Ther. Why, thou full dish of fool, from Troy.
Patr. Who keeps the tent now? [wound. Ther. The surgeon's box, or the patient's Patr. Well said Adversity! and what need these tricks?

Ther. Pr'ythee, be silent, boy; I profit not by thy talk; thou art thought to be Achilles'

male variet.

Patr. Male variet, you rogue! what's that? Ther. Why, his masculine whore. Now, the rotten diseases of the south, the guts griping, ruptures, catarrhs, loads o' gravel i' the back, lethargies, cold palsies, raw eyes, dirt-rotten livers, wheezing lungs, bladders full of imposthume, sciaticas, limekilns i' the palm,

Dost thou entreat me, Hector? incurable bone-ache, and the rivelled feesimple of the tetter, take and take again such preposterous discoveries!

Patr. Why, thou damnable box of envy. thou, what meanest thou to curse thus?

Ther. Do I curse thee?
Patr. Why, no, you ruinous butt; you whoreson indistinguishable cur, no.

Ther. No! why art thou, then, exasperate.

thou idle immaterial skein of sleave-silk, thou green sarcenet flap for a sore eye, thou tassel of a prodigal's purse, thou? Ah, how the poor world is pestered with such water-flies, diminutives of nature!

Patr. Out, gall!

Ther. Finch egg! [quite Achil. My sweet Patroclus, I am thwarted From my great purpose in to-morrow's battle. Here is a letter from Queen Hecuba; A token from her daughter, my fair love:

Both taxing me and gaging me to keep An oath that I have sworn. I will not break it: Fall, Greeks; fail, fame; honour; or go or stay; My major vow lies here, this I'll obey.-

Come, come, Thersites, help to trim my tent; This night in banqueting must all be spent.—

Away, Patroclus!

[Exeunt ACHIL. and PATR. Ther. With too much blood and too little Tro. O, sir, to such as boasting show their brain these two may run mad; but, if with too much brain and too little blood they do, I'll be a curer of madmen. Here's Agamemnon,—an honest fellow enough, and one that loves quails; but he has not so much brain as ear-wax: and the goodly transformation of Jupiter there, his brother, the bull,—the primitive statue, and oblique memorial of cuckoids; a thrifty shoeinghorn in a chain, hanging at his brother's leg, to what form, but that he is, should wit larded with malice, and malice forced with wit, turn him to? To an ass, were nothing; he is both ass and ox: to an ox, were nothing; he is both ox and ass. To be a dog, a mule, a cat, a fitchew, a toad, a lizard, an owl, a puttock, or a herring without a roe, I would not care; but a herring without a roe, I would not care; but to be Menelaus,—I would conspire against destiny. Ask me not what I would be, if I were not Thersites; for I care not to be the louse of a lazar, so I were not Menelaus.— Hoy-day! spirits and fires!

> Enter Hector, Trollus, Ajax, Agamem-non, Ulysses, Nestor, Menelaus, and DIOMEDES, with lights.

Agam. We go wrong, we go wrong. No, yonder 'tis; Ajax.

There, where we see the lights. I trouble you. Hect.

Ajax. No, not a whit. Here comes himself to guide you. Ulyss.

Re-enter ACHILLES.

Achil. Welcome, brave Hector; welcome, princes all. [good night: Agam. So now, fair prince of Troy, I bid

Ajax commands the guard to tend on you. Hect. Thanks, and good night to the Greeks' general.

Men. Good-night, my lord.

Good-night, sweet Lord Menelaus. Hect. Ther. Sweet draught: sweet, quoth 'a! sweet sink, sweet sewer.

Achil. Good-night. for tarry. And welcome, both at once, to those that go Agam. Good-night.

[Exeunt AGAM. and MEN. Achil. Old Nestor tarries; and you too, Diomed,

Keen Hector company an hour or two.

Dio. I cannot, lord; I have important Hector. business. The tide whereof is now.-Good-night, great

Hect. Give me your hand. [tent. Ulyss. Follow his torch; he goes to Calchas' Il keep you company. [Aside to TROILUS.

I'll keep you company. Sweet sir, you honour me. Tro. Hect. And so good-night.
[Exit Dro.; ULYSS. and Tro. following.

Achil. Come, come, enter my tent.

[Exeunt Achil., Hect., AJAX, and Nest. Ther. That same Diomed's a false-hearted rogue, a most unjust knave; I will no more trust him when he leers than I will a serpent when he hisses: he will spend his mouth and promise, like Brabbler the hound; but when he performs astronomers foretell it; it is prodigious, there will come some change; the sun borrows of the moon when Diomed keeps his word. I will rather leave to see Hector than not to dog him: they say he keeps a Trojan drab, and uses the traitor Calchas' tent: I'll after .- Nothing but lechery! all incontinent variets!

SCENE II .- THE GRECIAN CAMP. Before CALCHAS' Tent.

Enter DIOMEDES.

Dio. What, are you up here, ho? speak.

Cal. [Within.] Who calls?
Dio. Diomed.—Calchas, I think.—Where's your daughter?

Cal. [Within.] She comes to you.

Enter TROILUS and ULYSSES, at a distance; after them THERSITES.

Ulyss. Stand where the torch may not discover us.

Enter CRESSIDA.

Tro. Cressid comes forth to him. Dio. How now, my charge!

Cres. Now, my sweet guardian!—Hark, a word with you. [Whispers. Tro. Yea, so familiar!

Ulyss. She will sing any man at first sight. Ther. And any man may sing her, if he can Of what I feel: I am all patience. take her cliff; she's noted.

Dio. Will you remember?

Cres. Remember? yes. Nay, but do, then; And let your mind be coupled with your words. Tro. What should she remember?

Ulyss. List! Ito folly

Cres. Sweet honey Greek, tempt me no more Ther. Roguery! Dio. Nay, then,

Crec. I'll tell you what,- Dio. Pho! pho! come, tell a pin: you are have me do? forsworn. Cres. In faith, I cannot: what would you Ther. A juggling trick, to be secretly open. Dio. What did you swear you would bestow on me?

Cres. I pr'ythee, do not hold me to mine oath: Bid me do anything but that, sweet Greek.

Dio. Good-night.

Hold, patience! Tro. Uluss. How now, Trojan! Cres. Diomed,-

Dio. No, no, good-night: I'll be your fool no more.

Tro. Thy better must.

Hark! one word in your ear. Cres. Tro. O plague and madness! [I pray you, Ulyss. You are mov'd, prince; let us depart, Lest your displeasure should enlarge itself To wrathful terms: this place is dangerous;

The time right deadly; I beseech you, go. Tro. Behold, I pray you!

Ulyss. Nay, good my lord, go off: You flow to great destruction; come, my lord, Tro. I pray thee, stay.

Ulyss. You have not patience; come. Tro. I pray you, stay; by hell and all hell's torments,

I will not speak a word.

Dıo. And so, good-night.

Cres. Nay, but you part in anger. Tro. Doth that grieve thee? O wither'd truth!

Why, how now, lord? Ulyss.

Tro. By Jove. I will be patient.

Guardian!-why, Greek! Cres.

Dio. Pho, pho! adieu; you palter. Cres. In faith, I do not: come hither once

again. [will you go Ulyss. You shake, my lord, at something: You will break out. [will you go?

She strokes his cheek! Tro. Ulyss.

Come, come. Tro. Nay, stay; by Jove, I will not speak a word:

There is between my will and all offences A guard of patience:-stay a little while.

Ther. How the devil luxury, with his fat rump and potato finger, tickles these together! Fry, lechery, fry!

Dio. But will you, then?

Cres. In faith, I will, la; never trust me else. Dio. Give me some token for the surety of it. Cres. I'll fetch you one. Exit.

Ulyss. You have sworn patience.

Tro. Fear me not, sweet lord: I will not be myself, nor have cognition

Re-enter CRESSIDA.

Ther. Now the pledge; now, now, now! Cres. Here, Diomed, keep this sleeve.

Tro. O, beauty! where's thy faith? Ulyss.

My lord,-Tro. I will be patient; outwardly I will. Cres. You look upon that sleeve; behold it

well.-He lov'd me-O false wench!-Give't me again. Dio. Whose was't?

Cres. It is no matter, now I have 't again.

I will not meet with you to-morrow night:
I prythee, Diomed, visit me no more. [stone.
Ther. Now she sharpens:—Well said, Whet-

Dio. I shall have it.

What, this? Cres.

Ay, that. Dio.

all you gods?-O pretty, pretty Cres. O, all pledge! Thy master now lies thinking in his bed

Of thee and me; and sighs, and takes my glove, And gives memorial dainty kisses to it, As I kiss thee.—Nay, do not snatch it from me; He that takes that doth take my heart withal.

Dio. I had your heart before, this follows it. Tro. I did swear patience.

Cres. You shall not have it, Diomed; faith, you shall not;

I'll give you something else.

Dio. I will have this: whose was it?

Cres. It is no matter. Dio. Come, tell me whose it was.

Cres. 'Twas one's that loved me better than you will.

But, now you have it, take it.

Whose was it? Dio. Cres. By all Diana's waiting women youd, And by herself, I will not tell you whose.

Dio. To-morrow will I wear it on my helm; And grieve his spirit that dares not challenge it. Tro. Wert thou the devil, and wor'st it on

thy horn. It should be challeng'd.

Cres. Well, well, 'tis done, 'tis past; -and As Ariachne's broken woof, to enter.

yet it is not: I will not keep my word.

Why, then, farewell; Dio. Thou never shalt mock Diomed again. [word Cres. You shall not go: - one cannot speak a But it straight starts you.

I do not like this fooling. Dio. Ther. Nor I, by Pluto: but that likes not you pleases me best.

Dio. What, shall I come? the hour?

Cres. Ay, come:-O Jove!

Do come:-I shall be plagu'd. Dio. Farewell till then.

Good-night: I pr'ythee, come. Cres. Exit DIOMEDES.

Troilus, farewell! one eye yet looks on thee; But with my heart the other eye doth see. Ah, poor our sex! this fault in us I find, The error of our eye directs our mind: What error leads must err: O, then conclude, Minds swav'd by eyes are full of turpitude.

Ther. A proof of strength she could not publish more,

Unless she said. My mind is now turn'd whore. Ulyss. All's done, my lord. Tro.

Uluss. Why stay we, then? Tro. To make a recordation to my soul

Of every syllable that here was spoke. But if I tell how these two did co-act, Shall I not lie in publishing a truth? Sith yet there is a credence in my heart, An esperance so obstinately strong, That doth invert the attest of eyes and ears; As if those organs had deceptious functions Created only to calumniate.

Was Cressid here?

Ulyss.
Tro. She was not, sure.
Most sure she was. Tro. Why, my negation hath no taste of

madness. fbut now. Ulyss. Nor mine, my lord: Cressid was here Tro. Let it not be believ'd for womanhood! Think, we had mothers; do not give advantage

To stubborn critics, -apt, without a theme, For depravation,—to square the general sex By Cressid's rule: rather think this not Cressid.

Ulyss. What hath she done, prince, that can soil our mothers?

Tro. Nothing at all, unless that this were she. [eyes!

Ther. Will he swagger himself out on's own Tro. This she? no; this is Diomed's Cressida If beauty have a soul, this is not she;

If souls guide vows, if vows be sanctimonies,

If sanctimony be the gods' delight, If there be rule in unity itself, This is not she. O madness of discourse.

That cause sets up with and against itself! Bi-fold authority! where reason can revolt Without perdition, and loss assume all reason Without revolt this is, and is not, Cressid! Within my soul there doth conduce a fight Of this strange nature, that a thing inseparate Divides more wider than the sky and earth; And yet the spacious breadth of this division Admits no orifex for a point, as subtle Instance, O instance! strong as Pluto's gates;

Cressid is mine, tied with the bonds of heaven: Instance, O instance! strong as heaven itself; The bonds of heaven are slipp'd, dissolv'd, and loos'd;

And with another note, five-finger-tied, The fractions of her faith, orts of her love, The fragments, scraps, the bits, and greasy relics

Of her o'er-eaten faith, are bound to Diomed. Ulyss. May worthy Troilus be but halfattach'd

With that which here his passion doth express? Tro. Ay, Greek; and that shall be divulged

In characters as red as Mars his heart [fancy Inflam'd with Venus: never did young man With so eternal and so fix'd a soul. Hark, Greek: as much as I do Cressid love.

So much by weight hate I her Diomed: That sleeve is mine that he'll bear on his helm; Were it a casque compos'd by Vulcan's skill My sword should bite it: not the dreadful spout Which shipmen do the hurricano call, Constring'd in mass by the almighty sun.

Shall dizzy with more clamour Neptune's ear In his descent, than shall my prompted sword Falling on Diomed.

Ther. He'll tickle it for his concupy. Tro. O Cressid! O false Cressid! false, false, false!

Let all untruths stand by thy stained name, And they'll seem glorious.

Uluss. O. contain vourself: Your passion draws ears hither.

Enter ÆNEAS.

Enc. I have been seeking you this hour, my lord:

Hector, by this, is arming him in Troy;

Ajaz, your guard, stays to conduct you home. Tro. Have with you, prince.-My courteous lord, adieu.-

Farewell, revolted fair!-and, Diomed, Stand fast, and wear a castle on thy head!
Ulyss. I'll bring you to the gates.

Tro. Accept distracted thanks.

[Exeunt Tro., Ene., and ULYSS. Ther. Would I could meet that rogue Diomed! I would croak like a raven; I would bode, I would bode. Patroclus will give me anything for the intelligence of this whore: the parrot will not do more for an almond than he for a commodious drab. Lechery, lechery; still wars and lechery; nothing else holds fashion: a burning devil take them! [Exit.

Scene III .- Troy. Before Priam's Palace.

Enter HECTOR and ANDROMACHE.

And. When was my lord so much ungently temper'd

To stop his ears against admonishment? Unarm, unarm, and do not fight to-day.

Hect. You train me to offend you; get you in: By all the everlasting gods, I'll go!

And. My dreams will, sure, prove ominous to the day.

Hect. No more, I say.

Enter CASSANDRA.

Where is my brother Hector? Cas. And. Here, sister; arm'd, and bloody in intent.

Consort with me in loud and dear petition, Pursue we him on knees; for I have dream'd Of bloody turbulence, and this whole night Hath nothing been but shapes and forms of

slaughter.

Cas. O, 'tis true. Ho! bid my trumpet sound! Hect.

Cas. No notes of sally, for the heavens, sweet brother. me swear. Hect. Begone, I say: the gods have heard Cas. The gods are deaf to hot and peevish

vows: They are polluted offerings, more abhorr'd

Than spotted livers in the sacrifice. And. O, be persuaded! do not count it holy

To hurt by being just: it is as lawful, For we would give much, to use violent thefts, And rob in the behalf of charity. vows;

Cas. It is the purpose that makes strong the But vows to every purpose must not hold: Unarm, sweet Hector.

Hect. Hold you still, I say; Mine honour keeps the weather of my fate: Life every man holds dear; but the dear man Holds honour far more precious dear than life.

Enter TROILUS.

How now, young man! mean'st thou to fight Makes all these bodements. to-day?

Exit CASSANDRA

Hect. No, faith, young Troilus; doff thy harness, youth; I am to-day i'the vein of chivalry:

Let grow thy sinews till their knots be strong,

And tempt not yet the brushes of the war. Unarm thee, go; and doubt thou not, brave boy. I'll stand to-day for thee, and me, and Troy,

Tro. Brother, you have a vice of mercy in you. Which better fits a lion than a man.

Hect. What vice is that, good Troilus? chide me for it. fall. Tro. When many times the captive Grecians Even in the fan and wind of your fair sword.

You bid them rise and live.

Hect. O, 'tis fair play. Tro. Fool's play, by Heaven, Hector.

Hect. How now! how now!

For the love of all the gods, Tro. Let's leave the hermit pity with our mothers; And when we have our armours buckled on. The venom'd vengeance ride upon our swords; Spur them to ruthful work, rein them from ruth.

Hect. Fie, savage, fie!

Tro. Hector, then 'tis wars. Hect. Troilus, I would not have you fight to-day.

Tro. Who should withhold me? Not fate, obedience, nor the hand of Mars Beckoning with fiery truncheon my retire: Not Priamus and Hecuba on knees. Their eyes o'ergalled with recourse of tears; Nor you, my brother, with your true sword drawn,

Oppos'd to hinder me, should stop my way, But by my ruin.

Re-enter Cassandra, with Priam.

Cas. Lay hold upon him, Priam, hold him fast:

He is thy crutch; now if thou lose thy stay, Thou on him leaning and all Troy on thee, Fall all together.

Pri. Come, Hector, come, go back: Thy wife hath dream'd; thy mother hath had visions;

Cassandra doth foresee; and I myself Am like a prophet suddenly enrapt, To tell thee that this day is ominous: Therefore, come back.

Hect. Aeneas is a-field: And I do stand engag'd to many Greeks, Even in the faith of valour, to appear

This morning to them. Ay, but thou shalt not go.

Hect. I must not break my faith. You know me dutiful; therefore, dear sir, Let me not shame respect; but give me leave To take that course by your consent and voice Which you do here forbid me, royal Priam.

Cas. O Priam, yield not to him!

Do not, dear father. Hect. Andromache, I am offended with you: Upon the love you bear me, get you in.

Exit. ANDROMACHE. Tro. This foolish, dreaming, superstitious girl

Cas. O, farewell, dear Hector! And. Cassandra, call my father to persuade. Look, how thou diest! look, how thy eye turns palel

Look, how thy wounds do bleed at many vents! whereupon the Grecians begin to proclaim Hark, how Troy roars! how Hecuba cries out! How poor Andromache shrills her dolours Soft! here come sleeve, and t'other. forth!

Behold, destruction, frenzy, and amazement, Like witless antics, one another meet, And all cry, Hector! Hector's dead! O Hector!

Tro. Away! away! my leave: Cas. Farewell:-yet, soft!-Hector I take Thou dost thyself and all our Troy deceive.

Exit. Hect. You are amaz'd, my liege, at her exclaim: [fight; Go in, and cheer the town: we'll forth, and Do deeds worth praise, and tell you them at

night. [about thee! Pri. Farewell: the gods with safety stand [Exeunt severally PRIAM and HECTOR. Alarums.

Tro. They are at it, hark! Proud Diomed, believe.

I come to lose my arm, or win my sleeve.

As TROILUS is going out, enter from the other side PANDARUS.

Pan. Do you hear, my lord? do you hear?
Tro. What now? [girl.
Pan. Here's a letter come from yond poor

Tro. Let me read.

Pan. A whoreson phtisick, a whoreson rascally phtisick so troubles me, and the foolish fortune of this girl; and what one thing, what another, that I shall leave you one o' these days: and I have a rheum in mine eyes too; and such an ache in my bones, that unless a man were cursed I cannot tell what to think on't .- What says she there?

Tro. Words, words, mere words, no matter from the heart;

The effect doth operate another way.-

[Tearing the letter. Go, wind, to wind, there turn and change together .-

My love with words and errors still she feeds; But edifies another with her deeds. Exeunt severally.

Scene IV .- Plains between Trou and the

Grecian Camp. Algrums: excursions. Enter THERSITES.

Ther. Now they are clapper-chawing one another; I'll go look on. That dissembling abominable varlet, Diomed, has got that same scurvy doting foolish young knave's sleeve of Troy there in his helm: I would fain see them meet; that that same young Trojan ass, that loves the whore there, might send that Greekish whoremasterly villain, with the sleeve, back to the dissembling luxurious drab, of a sleeve-less errand. O' the t'other side, the policy of those crafty swearing rascals,-that stale old mouseeaten dry cheese, Nestor, and that same dogfox, Ulysses,—is not proved worth a blackberry:—they set me up, in policy, that mongrel cur, Ajax, against that dog of as bad a kind, Achilles: and now is the cur Ajax prouder than the cur Achilles, and will not arm to-day;

barbarism, and policy grows into an ill opinion.

Enter DIOMEDES, TROILUS following.

Tro. Fly not; for shouldst thou take the river Stvx I would swim after.

Dio Thou dost miscall retire: I do not fly; but advantageous care Withdrew me from the odds of multitude: Have at thee!

Ther. Hold thy whore, Grecian! now for thy whore, Trojan!—now the sleeve, now the sleeve! [Exeunt Tro. and Dio., fighting.

Enter HECTOR.

Hect. What art thou, Greek! art thou for Hector's match? Art thou of blood and honour?

Ther. No, no, -I am a rascal; a scurvy railing knave; a very filthy rogue.

Hect. I do believe thee; -live Ther. God-a-mercy, that thou wilt believe me; but a plague break thy neck for frighting me!—What's become of the wenching rogues? I think they have swallowed one another: I would laugh at that miracle. Yet, in a sort, lechery eats itself. I'll seek them.

Scene V.—Another part of the Plains.

Enter DIOMEDES and a Servant.

Dio. Go, go, my servant, take thou Troilus' horse;

Present the fair steed to my lady Cressid: Fellow, commend my service to her beauty; Tell her I have chastis'd the amorous Trojan, And am her knight by proof. Serv.

I go, my lord. Exit.

Enter AGAMEMNON.

Agan. Renew, renew! The fierce Polydamus Hath beat down Menon: bastard Margarelon Hath Doreus prisoner, And stands colossus-wise, waving his beam, Upon the pashed corses of the kings Epistrophus and Cedius: Polixenes is slain; Amphimacus and Thoas deadly hurt; Patroclus ta'en, or slain; and Palamedes Sore hurt and bruis'd: the dreadful Sagittary Appals our numbers:-haste we, Diomed, To reinforcement, or we perish all.

Enter NESTOR.

Nest. Go, bear Patroclus' body to Achilles; And bid the snail-pac'd Alax arm for shame.-There is a thousand Hectors in the field: Now here he fights on Galathe his horse, And there lacks work; anon he's there afoot, And there they fly or die, like scaled skulls Before the belching whale; then is he yonder, And there the strawy Greeks, ripe for his edge, Fall down before him like the mower's swath: Here, there, and everywhere he leaves and takes:

Dexterity so obeying appetite That what he will he does; and does so much That proof is call'd impossibility.

Enter ULYSSES.

Ulyss. O, courage, courage, princes! great Achilles

Is arming, weeping, cursing, vowing vengeance: Patroclus' wounds have rous'd his drowsy blood,

Together with his mangl'd Myrmidons, That noiseless, handless, hack'd and chipp'd, come to him,

Crying on Hector. Ajax hath lost a friend, And foams at mouth, and he is arm'd and at it, Roaring for Troilus; who hath done to-day Mad and fantastic execution;

Engaging and redeeming of himself With such a careless force and forceless care As if that luck, in very spite of cunning, Bade him win all.

Enter ATAX.

Ajax. Troilus! thou coward Troilus! [Exit. Nest. So, so, we draw together.

Enter ACHILLES.

Achil. Where is this Hector? Come, come, thou boy-queller, show thy face; Know what it is to meet Achilles angry:-Hector! where's Hector? I will none but Hector. Exeunt.

Scene VI .- Another Part of the Plains.

Enter AJAX.

Ajax. Troilus, thou coward Troilus, show thy head!

Enter DIOMEDES.

Dio. Troilus, I say! where's Troilus? What wouldst thou? Ajax. Dio. I would correct him. Ajax. Were I the general, thou shouldst

have my office [Troilus! Ere that correction.-Troilus, I say! what,

Enter Troilus.

Tro. O traitor Diomed!—turn thy false face, thou traitor. And pay thy life thou owest me for my horse!

Dio. Ha! art thou there?

Ajax. I'll fight with him alone: stand,

Diomed.

Dio. He is my prize. I will not look upon. Tro. Come, both, you cogging Greeks; have Exeunt fighting. at you both.

Enter HECTOR.

Hect. Yea, Troilus? O, well fought, my farewell, bastard.

Mar. The devil take thee, coward!

Enter ACHILLES.

Achil. Now do I see thee, hal have at thee, Hector! Hect. Pause, if thou wilt. Trojan:

Be happy that my arms are out of use:

My rest and negligence befriend thee now, But thou anon shalt hear of me again; Till when, go seek thy fortune.

Fare thei well: Hect. I would have been much more a fresher man Had I expected thee .- How now, my brother!

Re-enter TROILUS.

Tro. Ajax hath ta'en Aeneas: shall it be? No, by the flame of yonder glorious heaven, He shall not carry him; I'll be ta'en too, Or bring him off:-fate, hear me what I say! I reck not though I end my life to-day. [Exit.

Enter one in sumptuous armour.

Hect. Stand, stand, thou Greek; thou art a goodly mark:

No? wilt thou not?-I like thy armour well; I'll frush it, and unlock the rivets all. [abide? But I'll be master of it.-Wilt thou not, beast, Ay, there, there. Why then, fly on, I'll hunt thee for thy hide.

Scene VII .- Another Part of the Plains.

Enter ACHILLES, with Myrmidons,

Achil. Come here about me, you my Myrmidons:

Mark what I say .- Attend me where I wheel: Strike not a stroke, but keep yourselves in breath:

And when I have the bloody Hector found, Empale him with your weapons round about; In fellest manner execute your aims. Follow me, sirs, and my proceedings eye:-It is decreed Hector the great must die.

Exeunt.

Exit.

Enter MENELAUS and PARIS, fighting; then THERSITES

Ther. The cuckold and the cuckold-maker are at it. Now, bull! now, dog! 'Loo, Paris, 'loo! now my double-henned sparrow! 'loo, Paris, 'loo! The bull has the game:—'ware horns, ho! Exeunt PARIS and MENELAUS.

Enter MARGARELON.

Mar. Turn, slave, and fight. Ther. What art thou? Mar. A bastard son of Priam's.

Ther. I am a bastard too; I love bastards: I am a bastard begot, bastard instructed, bastard in mind, bastard in valour, in everything illegitumate. One bear will not bite another, and wherefore should one bastard? Take heed, the quarrel's most ominous to us: if the son of a whore fight for a whore he tempts judgment: Exit.

Scene VIII .- Another Part of the Plains.

Enter HECTOR.

Hect. Most putrified core, so fair without, Thy goodly armour thus hath cost thy life. Achil. I do disdain thy courtesy, proud Now is my day's work done: I'll take good breath:

Rest, sword; thou hast thy fill of blood and Frown on, you heavens, effect your rage with

shield behind him.

Enter ACHILLES and Myrmidens.

Achil. Look, Hector, how the sun begins to

How ugly night comes breathing at his heels; Even with the vail and dark'ning of the sun, To close the day up, Hector's life is done.

Hect. I am unarm'd; forego this vantage, Greek. I seek. Achil. Strike, fellows, strike; this is the man

HECTOR falls. So, Ilion, fall thou next! now, Troy, sink down! Here lies thy heart, thy sinews, and thy bone .-On, Myrmidons; and cry you all amain,

Achilles hath the mighty Hector slain. A retreat sounded. Hark! a retire upon our Grecian part. [my lord. Myr. The Trojan trumpets sound the like, Achil. The dragon wing of night o'erspreads the earth,

And, stickler-like, the armies separate. My half-supp'd sword, that frankly would have

fed, [bed.-Pleas'd with this dainty bait, thus goes to Sheathes his sword.

Come, tie his body to my horse's tail: Along the field I will the Trojan trail. [Excunt.

Scene IX.—Another Part of the Plains.

Enter AGAMEMNON, AJAX, MENELAUS, NESTOR

DIOMEDES, and others, marching. Shouts within.

Agam. Hark! hark! what shout is that? Nest. Prace, drums! [Achilles! [Within.] Achilles! Achilles! Hector's slain.

Dio. The bruit is, Hector's slain, and by Achilles.

Ajax. If it be so, yet bragless let it be; Great Hector was a man as good as he. [sent Agam. March patiently along .- Let one be see:-To pray Achilles see us at our tent .-

If in his death the gods have us befriended; Great Troy is ours, and our sharp wars are [Exeunt, marching.

Scene X.—Another Part of the Plains Enter ÆNEAS and Trojans.

Ene. Stand, ho! yet are we masters of the field:

Never go home; here starve we out the night.

Enter TROILUS.

Tro. Hector is slain. Hector!-the gods forbid! All. Tro. He's dead; and at the murderer's horse's tail,

field.-In beastly sort, dragg'd, through the shameful

speed! Trov!

[Puts off his helmet and hangs his Sit, gods, upon your thrones, and smile at I say, at once let your brief plagues be mercy. And linger not our sure destructions on!

Ene. My lord, you do discomfort all the host.
Tro. You understand me not that tell me so:

I do not speak of flight, of fear, of death; But dare all imminence that gods and men Address their dangers in. Hector is gone: Who shall tell Priam so, or Hecuba? Let him that will a screech-owl aye be call'd Go in to Troy, and say there, Hector's dead: There is a word will Priam turn to stone; Make wells and Niobes of the maids and wives, Cold statues of the youth; and, in a word, Scare Troy out of itself. But, march away: Hector is dead; there is no more to say. Stay yet .- You vile abominable tents, Thus proudly pight upon our Phrygian plains, Let Titan rise as early as he dare, I'll through and through you!-And, thou

great-siz'd coward, No space of earth shall sunder our two hates: I'll haunt thee like a wicked conscience still, That mouldeth goblins swift as frenzy's

thoughts. Strike a free march to Troy!—with comfort go: Hope of revenge shall hide our inward woe. [Exeunt ÆNEAS and Trojans.

As TROILUS is going out, enter, from the other side, PANDARUS.

Pan. But hear you, hear you!
Tro. Hence, broker lackey! ignomy and shame pursue thy life, and live aye with thy Exit. name!

Pan. A goodly medicine for my aching bones!—O world! world! world! thus is the poor agent despised! O traitors and bawds, how earnestly are you set at work, and how ill requited! Why should our endeavour be so loved, and the performance so loathed? what verse for it? what instance for it?—Let me

Full merrily the humble-bee doth sing Till he hath lost his honey and his sting; And being once subdued in armed tail, Sweet honey and sweet notes together fail-

Good traders in the flesh, set this in your painted cloths.

As many as be here of pander's hall, Your eyes, half out, weep out at Pandar's fall; Or, if you cannot weep, yet give some groans, Though not for me, yet for your aching bones. Brethren and sisters of the old-door trade, Some two months hence my will shall here be made:

It should be now, but that my fear is this,-Some galled goose of Winchester would hiss: Till then I'll sweat, and seek about for eases; And, at that time, bequeath you my diseases.

Exit.

TIMON OF ATHENS

PERSONS REPRESENTED

The Servant of ISIDORE. TIMON, a noble Athenian. LUCIUS. Two of TIMON'S Creditors. Lords and Flatterers of TIMON. LUCULLUS, SEMPRONIUS, VENTIDIUS, one of TIMON'S false Friends. Poet. ALCIBIADES, an Athenian General. APEMANTUS, a churlish Philosopher. FLAVIUS, Steward to TIMON. FLAMINIUS. TIMON'S Servants. LUCILIUS, SERVILIUS,

CAPHIS. PHILOTUS. Servants to Timon's Creditors. TITUS. Lucius.

HORTENSIUS. Two Servants of VARRO.

ACT I.

SCENE I .- ATHENS. A Hall in TIMON'S House.

Enter Poet, Painter, Jeweller, Merchant, and others, at several doors.

Poet. Good-day, sir.

Pain. I am glad you are well. Poet. I have not seen you long: how goes the world?

Pain. It wears, sir, as it grows. Poet. Poet. Ay, that's well known: But what particular rarity? what strange, Which manifold record not matches? See,

Magic of bounty! all these spirits thy power Hath conjur'd to attend. I know the merchant. Cupid and Maskers. Three Strangers Painter. Teweller. Merchant. An Old Athenian.

A Page. A Foel.

PHRYNIA, Mistresses to Alcibiades.

Other Lords, Senators, Officers, Soldiers, Thieves, and Attendants.

Scene,-Athens, and the Woods adjoining.

Pain. Iknowthem both; the other's a jeweller. Mer. O, 'tis a worthy lord!

Jew. Nay, that's most fix'd. Mer. A most incomparable man; breath'd, as it were,

To an untirable and continuate goodness:

He passes. Jew. I have a jewel here.

Mer. O, pray, let's see't: for the Lord [that-Timon, sir?

Jew. If he will touch the estimate: but, for Poet. [Reciting to himself.] When we for recompense have prais'd the vile,
It stains the glory in that happy verse

Which aptly sings the good.

Mer. Tis a good form. Looking at the jewel. Jew. And rich: here is a water, look ye. Pain. You are rapt, sir, in some work, some dedication

To the great lord.

A thing slipp'd idly from me. Our poesy is as a gum, which oozes From whence 'tis nourish'd: the fire i' the flint Shows not till it be struck; our gentle flame Provokes itself, and, like the current, flies Each bound it chafes. What have you there?

Pain. A picture, sir .- And, when comes your book forth? sir.-

Poet. Upon the heels of my presentment, Let's see your piece.

'Tis a good piece. Pain.

Poet. So 'tis: this comes off well and excellent. Pain. Indifferent.

Poet. Admirable: how this grace Speaks his own standing! what a mental power This eye shoots forth! how big imagination Moves in this lip! to the dumbness of the

gesture One might interpret.

Pain. It is a pretty mocking of the life. Here is a touch; is't good?

I will say of it Poet. It tutors nature: artificial strife Lives in these touches. livelier than life.

Enter certain Senators, and pass over.

Pain. How this lord is follow'd!
Poet. The senators of Athens:—happy man! Pain. Look, more! of visitors.

Poet. You see this confluence, this great flood I have, in this rough work, shap'd out a man, Whom this beneath world doth embrace and hug

With amplest entertainment: my free drift Halts not particularly, but moves itself In a wide sea of wax: no levell'd malice Infects one comma in the course I hold; But flies an eagle flight, bold, and forth on, Leaving no track behind.

Pain. How shall I understand you? Poet. I will unbolt to you.

You see how all conditions, how all minds,-As well of glib and slippery creatures as Of grave and austere quality,—tender down Their services to Lord Timon: his large fortune, Upon his good and gracious nature hanging, Subdues and properties to his love and tendance All sorts of hearts; yea, from the glass-fac'd

flatterer To Apemantus, that few things loves better Than to abhor himself: even he drops down The knee before him, and returns in peace Most rich in Timon's nod

Pain. I saw them speak together. Poet. Sir, I have upon a high and pleasant hill

[mount Feign'd Fortune to be thron'd: the base o' the Is rank'd with all deserts, all kinds of natures, That labour on the bosom of this sphere To propagate their states: amongst them all, Whose eyes are on this sovereign lady fix'd, One do I personate of Lord Timon's frame, Whom Fortune with her ivory hand wafts to

servants her; Whose present grace to present slaves and

Translates his rivals.

Pain. 'Tis conceiv'd to scope. This throne, this Fortune, and this hill, methinks,

With one man beckon'd from the rest below, Bowing his head against the steepy mount To climb his happiness, would be well express'd In our condition.

Nay, sir, but hear me on. Poet. All those which were his fellows but of late, Some better than his value,-on the moment Follow his strides, his lobbies fill with tendance, Rain sacrificial whisperings in his ear, Make sacred even his stirrup, and through him

Drink the free air.

Pain. Ay, marry, what of these?
Poet. When Fortune, in her shift and change of mood,

Spurns down her late belov'd, all his dependents,

Which labour'd after him to the mountain's top, Even on their knees and hands, let him slip

Not one accompanying his declining foot. Pain. 'Tis common:

A thousand moral paintings I can show That shall demonstrate these quick blows of

Fortune's More pregnantly than words. Yet you do well To show Lord Timon that mean eyes have seen The foot above the head.

Enter TIMON, attended, Trumpets sound. the Servant of VENTIDIUS talking with him.

Imprison'd is he, say you? Ven. Serv. Ay, my good lord: five talents is his debt;

His means most short, his creditors most strait: Your honourable letter he desires

To those have shut him up; which failing him, Periods his comfort.

Noble Ventidius! I am not of that feather to shake off him My friend when he most needs me. I do know A gentleman that well deserves a help,-Which he shall have: I'll pay the debt, and free him.

Ven. Serv. Your lordship ever binds him. Tim. Commend me to him: I will send his ransom:

And, being enfranchis'd, bid him come to me:-'Tis not enough to help the feeble up, But to support him after .- Fare you well.

Ven. Serv. All happiness to your honour! Exit.

Enter an Old Athenian.

Old Ath. Lord Timon, hear me speak. Freely, good father. Tim. Old Ath. Thou hast a servant nam'd Lucilius Tim. I have so: what of him? Old Ath. Most noble Timon, call the man

before thee. Tim. Attends he here, or no?-Lucilius!

LUCILIUS comes forward from among the Attendants.

Luc. Here, at your lordship's service. Old Ath. This fellow here, Lord Timon, this thy creature, By night frequents my house. I am a man

And my estate deserves an heir more rais'd Than one which holds a trencher.

Well; what further? Old Ath. One only daughter have I, no kin else.

On whom I may confer what I have got: The maid is fair, o' the youngest for a bride, And I have bred her at my dearest cost In qualities of the best. This man of thine Attempts her love: I pr'ythee, noble lord, Join with me to forbid him her resort; Myself have spoke in vain.

The man is honest. Old Ath. Therefore he will be, Timon:

His honesty rewards him in itself; It must not bear my daughter.

Tim. Does she love him? Old Ath. She is young and apt:

Our own precedent passions do instruct us

What levity's in youth. Tim. [To LUCILIUS.] Love you the maid?

Luc. Ay, my good lord; and she accepts of mussing,

Old Ath. If in her marriage my consent be I call the gods to witness, I will choose Mine heir from forth the beggars of the world,

And dispossess her all. How shall she be endow'd, Tim.If she be mated with an equal husband?

Old Ath. Three talents on the present; in llong: future all.

Tim. This gentleman of mine hath servid me To build his fortune I will strain a little, For 'tis a bond in men. Give him thy daughter: What you bestow, in him I'll counterpoise, And make him weigh with her.

Most noble lord, Old Ath. Pawn me to this your honour, she is his.

Tim. My hand to thee; mine honour on my promise.

Luc. Humbly I thank your lordship: never That state or fortune fall unto my keeping Which is not ow'd to you!

[Exeunt Lucilius and Old Athenian. Poet. Vouchsafe my labour, and long live your lordship!

Tim. I thank you; you shall hear from me Go not away.—What have you there, my friend?

Pain. A piece of painting, which I do beseech Your lordship to accept.

Painting is welcome. The painting is almost the natural man; For since dishonour traffics with man's nature, He is but outside: these pencil'd figures are Even such as they give out. I like your work; And you shall find I like it: wait attendance Till you hear further from me.

Pain. The gods preserve you! Tim. Well fare you, gentleman: give me your hand:

We must needs dine together.—Sir, your jewel

Tim. A mere satiety of commendations,

If I should pay you for't as 'tis extoll'd

It would unclew me quite.

My lord, 'tis rated As those which sell would give. But you well know.

That from my first have been inchn'd to thrift; Things of light value, differing in the owners, Are prized by their masters: believe't, dear lord. You mend the jewel by the wearing it.

Tim. Well mock'd. [common tongue. Mer. No, my good lord; he speaks the Which all men speak with him. [chid? Tim. Look, who comes here: will you be

Enter APEMANTUS.

Jew. We'll bear, with your lordship.

Мет. He'll spare none. Tim. Good-morrow to thee, gentle Ape-mantus! [good-morrow:

Apem. Till I be gentle, stay thou for thy When thou art Timon's dog, and these knaves honest. [know'st them not.

Tim. Why dost thou call them knaves? thou Apem. Are they not Athenians? Tim. Yes.

Apem. Then I repent not. Jew. You know me, Apemantus? Apem. Thou knowest I do; I call'd thee by thy name.

Tim. Thou art proud, Apemantus.

Apem. Of nothing so much as that I am not like Timon.

Tim. Whither art going? brains. Apem. To knock out an honest Athenian's Tim. That's a deed thou'lt die for. [law. Apem. Right, if doing nothing be death by the Tim. How likest thou this picture, Ape-

mantus? Apem. The best, for the innocence.

Tim. Wrought he not well that painted it? Apem. He wrought better that made the painter; and yet he's but a filthy piece of work.

Pain. You are a dog.

Apem. Thy mother's what's she, if I be a dog? of my generation:

Tim. Wilt dine with me, Apemantus?

Apem. No; I eat not lords.

Tim. An thou shouldst, thou'dst anger ladies. Apem. O, they eat lords; so they come by great bellies.

Tim. That's a lascivious apprehension.

Apem. So thou apprehendest it: take it for thy labour.

Tim. How dost thou like this jewel, Apemantus?

Apem. Not so well as plain-dealing, which will not cost a man a doit.

Tim. What dost thou think 'tis worth?

Apem. Not worth my thinking.-How now, poet!

Poet. How now, philospoher!

Apem. Thou liest. Poet. Art not one?

Apem. Yes. Poet. Then I lie not.

Apem. Art not a poet? Poet. Yes.

Hath suffer'd under praise.

Apem. Then thou liest: look in thy last wor Jew.

What, my lord! dispraise? where thou hast effected him a worthy fellow. Apem. Then thou liest: look in thy last work.

Poet. That's not feign'd,—he is so. Apem. Yes, he is worthy of thee, and to pay thee for thy labour: he that loves to be flattered is worthy o' the flatterer. Heavens, that I were a lord!

Tim. What wouldst do then, Apemantus?

Apem. Even as Apemantus does now, hate But breeds the giver a return exceeding a lord with my heart.

Tim. What, thyself?

Apem. Ay. Tim. Wherefore?

Abem. That I had no angry wit to be a lord .--

Art not thou a merchant?

Mer. Ay, Apemantus.

Apem. Traffic confound thee, if the gods will not!

Mer. If traffic do it, the gods do it.

Apem. Traffic's thy god, and thy god confound thee!

Trumpet sounds. Enter a Servant.

Tim. What trumpet's that?

Serv. 'Tis Alcibiades, and some twenty horse,

All of companionship.

Tim. Pray, entertain them; give them guide to us. -Exeunt some Attendants. You must needs dine with me:-go not you hence

Till I have thank'd you:-when dinner's done Show me this piece.- I am joyful of your sights.

Enter Alcibiades, with his company.

Most welcome, sir! They salute.

So, so, there!-Apem. Aches contract and starve your supple joints!-

That there should be small love 'mongst these sweet knaves, bred out And all this court'sv! The strain of man's

Into baboon and monkey.

Alcib. Sir, you have sav'd my longing, and I feed

Most hungerly on your sight.

Right welcome, sir! Ere we depart we'll share a bounteous time In different pleasures. Pray you, let us in.

Enter Two Lords.

Exeunt all but APEMANTUS.

I Lord. What time o' day is't, Apemantus?

Apem. Time to be honest.

Apem. That time serves still. [omitt'st it. Apem. The more accursed thou, that still 2 Lord. Thou art going to Lord Timon's feast. Apem. Ay; to see meat fill knaves, and wine heat fools.

2 Lord. Fare thee well, fare thee well. Apem. Thou art a fool to bid me farewell

2 Lord. Why, Apemantus?

Apem. Shouldst have kept one to thyself, for I mean to give thee none.

1 Lord. Hang thyself.

Apem. No, I will do nothing at thy bidding: make thy requests to thy friend.

spurn thee hence.

Apem. I will fly, like a dog, the heels o' the

shall we in And taste Lord Timon's bounty? he outgoes fgold.

The very heart of kindness. [gold 2 Lord. He pours it out; Plutus, the god of Is but his steward: no meed but he repays Sevenfold above itself; no gift to him

All use of guittance.

The noblest mind he carries 1 Lord. That ever govern'd man. [Shall we in? 2 Lord. Long may he live in fortunes! I Lord. I'll keep you company.

Scene II .- Athens. A Room of State in TIMON'S House.

Hautboys playing loud music. A great banquet served in; Flavius and others attending; then enter Timon, Alcibiades, Lucius, LUCULLUS, SEMPRONIUS, and other Athenian Senators, with VENTIDIUS, and Attendants. Then comes, dropping after all, APEMANTUS, discontentedly.

Ven. Most honour'd Timon, [father's age, It hath pleas'd the gods to remember my And call him to long peace.

He is gone happy, and has left me rich: Then, as in grateful virtue I am bound To your free heart, I do return those talents, Doubled with thanks and service, from whose help

I deriv'd liberty.

Tim. O, by no means, Honest Ventidius; you mistake my love: I gave it freely ever; and there's none Can truly say he gives if he receives: If our betters play at that game, we must not To imitate them; faults that are rich are fair.

Ven. A noble spirit!

[They all stand ceremoniously looking on TIMON.

Tim. Nay, my lords, ceremony was but devis'd at first

To set a gloss on faint deeds, hollow welcomes, Recanting goodness, sorry ere 'tis shown; But where there is true friendship there needs

Pray, sit; more welcome are ye to my fortunes Than my fortunes to me. 1 Lord. My lord, we always have confess'd it.

Apem. Ho, ho, confess'd it! hang'd it, have you not? you not?

Tim. O, Apemantus!—you are welcome.

No;

You shall not make me welcome.

I come to have thee thrust me out of doors.

Tim. Fie, thou art a churl; you have got a humour there

Does not become a man, 'tis much to blame.-They say, my lords, ira furor brevis est; But youd man is ever angry.

Go, let him have a table by himself; For he does neither affect company

Nor is he fit for't indeed.

Apem. Let me stay at thine apparel, Timon: 2 Lord. Away, unpeaceable dog, or I'll I come to observe; I give thee warning on't.

Tim. I take no heed of thee; thou art an Athenian, therefore welcome: I myself would Exit. have no power; pr'ythee, let my meat make 1 Lord. He's opposite to humanity. Come, thee silent.

Apem. I scorn thy meat; 'twould choke me, for I should ne'er flatter thee .- O you gods, what a number of men eat Timon, and he sees 'em not! it grieves me to see

So many dip their meat in one man's blood: And all the madness is, he cheers them up too. I wonder men dare trust themselves with men; Methinks they should invite them without knives:

Good for their meat and safer for their lives. There's much example for't; the fellow that sits next him now, parts bread with him, pledges the breath of him in a divided draught, is the readiest man to kill him: 't has been prov'd. If I were a huge man I should fear to drink at meals,

Lest they should spy my windpipe's dangerous notes:

Great men should drink with harness on their Tim. My lord, in heart; and let the health go round.

2 Lord. Let it flow this way, my good lord. Apem. Flow this way! A brave fellow! he keeps his tides well .- Those healths will make thee and thy state look ill, Timon.

Here's that which is too weak to be a sinner. Honest water, which ne'er left man i' the mire: This and my food are equals; there's no odds: Feasts are too proud to give thanks to the gods.

APEMANTUS' GRACE.

Immortal gods, I crave no pelf; I pray for no man but myself: Grant I may never prove so fond, To trust man on his oath or bond; Or a harlot for her weeping, Or a dog that seems a-sleeping; Or a keeper with my freedom; Or my friends, if I should need 'em. Amen. So fall to't: Rich men sin, and I eat root.

Eats and drinks. Much good dich thy good heart, Apemantus! Tim. Captain Alcibiades, your heart's in the field now.

Alcib. My heart is ever at your service, my

Tim. You had rather be at a breakfast of enemies than a dinner of friends.

Alcib. So they were bleeding-new, my lord, there's no meat like them; I could wish my best friend at such a feast.

Apem. Would all those flatterers were thine enemies, then; that then thou might'st kill em, and bid me to 'em.

I Lord. Might we but have that happiness. my lord, that you would once use our hearts, whereby we might express some part of our

zeals, we should think ourselves forever perfect.

Tim. O, no doubt, my good friends, but the gods themselves have provided that I shall have much help from you: how had you been my friends else?why have you that charitable title from thousands, did not you chiefly belong to my heart? I have told more of you to myself than you can with modesty speak in your own behalf; and thus far I confirm you. O you gods, think, I what need we have any friends if we should ne'er have need of 'em? they were the most needless creatures living, should we ne'er have use for 'em; and would most resemble sweet instruments hung up in cases, that keep their sounds to themselves. Why, I have often wished myself poorer, that I might come nearer to you. We are born to do benefits: and what better or properer can we call our own than the riches of our friends?

many, like brothers, commanding one another's fortunes! O joy, e'en made away ere it can be born! Mine eyes cannot hold out water, methinks: to forget their faults I drink to you.

Apem. Thou weepest to make them drink, Timon. 2 Lord. Joy had the like conception in our

And at that instant like a babe sprung up. Apem. Ho, ho! I laugh to think that babe

a bastard. [me much. 3 Lord. I promise you, my lord, you mov'd Tucket sounded. Apem. Much!

Tim. What means that trump?

Enter a Servant.

How now!

Serv. Please you, my lord, there are certain ladies most desirous of admittance.

Tim. Ladies' what are their wills?

Serv. There comes with them a forerunner, my lord, which bears that office, to signify their pleasures.

Tim. I pray, let them be admitted.

Enter Cupid.

Cup. Hail to thee, worthy Timon; -and to all That of his bounties taste!-The five best senses

Acknowledge thee their patron; and come freely

To gratulate thy plenteous bosom: The ear, taste, touch, smell, pleas'd from thy table rise;

They only now come but to feast thine eyes. Tim. They are welcome all; let 'em have

kind admittance. Music, make their welcome! Exit CUPID. 1 Lord. You see, my lord, how ample you're belov'd.

Music. Re-enter CUPID, with a mask of Ladies as Amazons, with lutes in their hands,

dancing and playing. Apem. Hoy-day, what a sweep of vanity

comes this way! They dance! they are mad women. Like madness is the glory of this life, As this pomp shows to a little oil and root. We make ourselves fools to disport ourselves, And spend our flatteries to drink those men Upon whose age we void it up again, With poisonous spite and envy. Who lives that's not depraved or depraves? Who dies that bears not one spurn to their graves

Of their friends' gift?

I should fear those that dance before me now Would one day stamp upon me: 't has been done;

Men shut their doors against a setting sun.

The Lords rise from table, with much adoring of TIMON; and, to show their loves, each singles out an Amazon, and all dance, men with women, a lofty strain or two to the hautboys, and cease.

Tim. You have done our pleasures much grace, fair ladies.

Set a fair fashion on our entertainment, Which was not half so beautiful and kind; O, what a precious comfort 'tis to have so You have added worth unto't and lustre,

And entertain'd me with mine own device; I am to thank you for't. íbest.

1 Lady. My lord, you take us even at the Apem. Faith, for the worst is filthy; and would not hold taking, I doubt me.

Tim. Ladies, there is an idle banquet attends

Please you to dispose yourselves.

All Ladies. Most thankfully, my lord.

Exeunt CUPID and Ladies.

Tim. Flavius, Flav. My lord?

Tim.

The little casket bring me hither. Flav. Yes, my lord.—[Aside.] More jewels yet!

There is no crossing him in his humour,

Else I should tell him,—well, i'faith, I should, When all's spent, he'd be cross'd then, an he could.

'Tis pity bounty had not eyes behind.

That man might ne'er be wretched for his mind. Exit, and returns with the casket. 1 Lord. Where be our men?

Serv. Here, my lord, in readiness.

2 Lord. Our horses!

O my friends, I have one word to say to you. Look you, my good lord.

I must entreat you, honour me so much As to advance this jewel; accept it, and wear it. Kind my lord.

1 Lord. I am so far already in your gifts,-All. So are we all.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. My lord, there are certain nobles of the senate

Newly alighted, and come to visit you.

Tim. They are fairly welcome.

I beseech your honour, Vouchsafe me a word; it does concern you near. Tim. Near; why, then, another time I'll hear thee: fentertainment. I pr'ythee, let's be provided to show 'em Flav. I scarce know how. [Aside.

Enter another Servant.

2 Serv. May it please you honour, Lord Lucius.

Out of his free love, hath presented to you Four milk-white horses, trapp'd in silver.

Tim. I shall accept them fairly: let the presents

Be worthily entertained.

Enter a third Servant.

How now! what news? 3 Serv. Please you, my lord, that honourable gentleman, Lord Lucullus, entreats your company to-morrow to hunt with him; and has sent your honour two brace of greyhounds.

Tim. I'll hunt with him; and let them be

receiv'd,

Not without fair reward

What will this come to? Flav. [Aside.] He commands us to provide, and give great gifts,

And all out of an empty coffer:

Nor will he know his purse; or yield me this, To show him what a beggar his heart is. Being of no power to make his wishes good:

His promises fly so beyond his state That what he speaks is all in debt, he owes For every word: he is so kind that he now Pays interest for't; his land's put to their books. Well, would I were gently put out of office Before I were forc'd out!

Happier is he that has no friend to feed Than such that do e'en enemies exceed.

I bleed inwardly for my lord. You do yourselves Much wrong, you bate too much of your own merits:

Here, my lord, a trifle of our love.

2 Lord. With more than common thanks I will receive it.

3 Lord. O, he is the very soul of bounty! Tim. And now I remember, my lord, you

Good words the other day of a bay courser

I rode on: it is yours because you lik'd it. 3 Lord. O, I beseech you, pardon me, my lord, in that. [know no man

Tim. You may take my word, my lord; I Can justly praise but what he does affect: I weigh my friend's affection with mine own;

I'll tell you true. I'll call to you.

All Lords. O, none so welcome. Tim. I take all and your several visitations So kind to heart, 'tis not enough to give; Methinks I could deal kingdoms to my friends And ne'er be weary.—Alcibiades,

Thou art a soldier, therefore seldom rich; It comes in charity to thee: for all thy living Is 'mongst the dead; and all the lands thou hast Lie in a pitch'd field.

Ay, defil'd land, my lord. Alcib. 1 Lord. We are so virtuously bound,-

Tim. And so

Am I to you.

2 Lord. So infinitely endear'd,

Tim. All to you.—Lights, more lights.

1 Lord. The vest of happiness Honour, and fortunes keep with you, Lord Timon!

Tim. Ready for his friends.

Exeunt Alcibiades, Lords, &c. What a coil's here! Serving of becks and jutting-out of bums!

I doubt whether their legs be worth the sums That are given for 'em. Friendship's full of dregs:

Methinks false hearts should never have sound Thus honest fools lay out their wealth on court'sies.

Tim. Now, Apemantus, if thou wert not I would be good to thee.

Apem. No, I'll nothing: for if I should be bribed too, there would be none left to rail upon thee; and then thou wouldst sin the faster. Thou givest so long, Timon, I fear me thou wilt give away thyself in paper shortly: what need these feasts, pomps, and vain glories?

Tim. Nay, an you begin to rail on society once, I am sworn not to give regard to you. Farewell, and come with better music. [Exit.

Apem. So;—thou'lt not hear me now,—thou shalt not then, I'll lock thy heaven from thee.

O, that men's ears should be To counsel deaf, but not to flattery! Exit.

ACT. II.

Scene I.—Athens. A Room in a Senator's House.

Enter a Senator, with papers in his hand.

Sen. And late, five thousand;—to Varro and to Isidore [sum, He owes nine thousand; besides my former Which makes it five-and twenty.—Still in

Of raging waste? It cannot hold; it will not. If I want gold, steal but a begar's dog. And give it Timon, why, the dog coins gold: If I would sell my horse and buy twenty more Better than he, why, give my horse to Timon, Ask nothing, give it him, it foals me, straight, And able horses: no porter at his gate; But rather one that smiles, and still invites All that pass by. It cannot hold; no reason Can found his state in safety. Caphis, ho! Caphis, I say!

Enter CAPHIS.

Caph. Here, sir; what is your pleasure? Sen. Get on your cloak and haste you to Lord Timon:

Lord Timon; Importune him for my moneys; be not ceas'd With slight denial; nor then silenc'd, when-Commend me to your master-and the cap Plays in the right hand, thus: but tell him My uses cry to me, I must serve my turn Out of mine own, his days and times are past, And my reliances on his fracted dates Have smit my credit: I love and honour him; But must not break my back to heal his finger: Immediate are my needs; and my relief Must not be toss'd and turn'd to me in words, But find supply immediate. Get you gone: Put on a most importunate aspect, A visage of demand; for, I do fear, When every feather sticks in his own wing Lord Timon will be left a naked gull, Which flashes now a phoenix. Get you gone.

Caph. I go, sir.

Sen. Take the bonds along with you,
And have the dates in compt.

Caph. I will, sir.
Sen. Go.
[Exeunt.

Scene II.—Athens. A Hall in Timon's House.

Enter FLAVIUS, with many bills in his hand.

Flav. No care, no stop! so senseless of expense
That he will neither know how to maintain it
Nor cease his flow of riot: takes no account
How things go from him; nor resumes no care
Of what is to continue: never mind
Was to be so unwise to be so kind.
What shall be done? he will not hear, till feel:
I must be round with him now he comes from
hunting.

Fie, fie, fie, fie!

Enter Caphis, and the Servants of ISIDORE and VARRO,

Caph. Good-even, Varro: what, You come for money?

Var. Serv. Is't not your business too? Caph. It is:—and yours too, Isidore? Isud. Serv. It is so. Caph. Would we were all dischare'd!

Var. Serv. I fear it.

Enter TIMON, ALCIBIADES, and Lords, &c.

Tim. So soon as dinner's done we'll forth

again,
My Alcibiades.—With me? what is your will?
Caph. My lord, here is a note of certain dues.

Tim. Dues! whence are you?

Caph. Of Athens here, my lord.

Tim. Go to my steward. [me off

Caph. Please it your lordship, he hath put To the succession of new days this month: My master is awak'd by great occasion To call upon his own; and humbly press rouse.

To call upon his own; and humbly prays you That, with your other noble parts, you'll suit In giving him his right.

Tim. Mine honest friend.

Tim. Mine honest friend, I pr'ythee but repair to me next morning.

Caph. Nay, good my lord,—
Tim. Contain thyself, good friend.
Var. Serv. One Varro's servant, my good
lord,—

Isid. Serv. From Isidore;

He humbly prays your speedy payment,—
Caph. If you did know, my lord, my master's
wants,—
[six weeks
Var. Serv. 'Twas due on forfeiture, my lord,

And past,—

Isid. Serv. Your steward puts me off, my

lord, And I am sent expressly to your lordship.

Tim. Give me breath.—
I do beseech you, good my lords, keep on;
I'll wait upon you instantly.—

[Exeunt Alcibiades and Lords. Come hither: pray you, [To Flavius.] How goes the world, that I am thus encounter'd With clamorous demands of date-broke bonds, And the detention of long-since-due debts, Against my honour?

Flav. Please you, gentlemen, The time is unagreeable to this business: Your importunacy cease till after dinner; That I may make his lordship understand Wherefore you are not paid.

Tim. Do so, my friends.—
See them well entertained. [Exit.
Flav. Pray, draw near. [Exit.

Enter APEMANTUS and Fool.

Caph. Stay, stay, here comes the fool with Apemantus: let's ha? some sport with 'em. Var. Serv. Hang him, he'll abuse us. Isid. Serv. A plague upon him, dog! Var. Serv. How dost, foo!? Apem. Dost dialogue with thy shadow? Var. Serv. I speak not to thee. Apem. No, 'its to thyself.—Come away.

[To the Fool.

Isid. Serv. [To Var. Serv.] There's the fool hangs on your back already.

Apem. No, thou stand'st single, thou art not on him yet.

Caph. Where's the fool now?

Apem. He last asked the question .- Poor rogues and usurers' men! bawds between gold

All Serv. What are we, Apemantus?

Apem. Asses.

All Serv. Why?

Apem. That you ask me what you are, and do not know yourselves .- Speak to 'em, fool. Fool. How do you, gentlemen?

All Serv. Gramercies, good fool: how does

your mistress?

Fool. She's e'en setting on water to scald such chickens as you are. Would we could see you at Corinth.

Apem. Good! gramercy.

page. Fool. Look you, here comes my mistress'

Enter Page.

Page. [To the Fool.] Why, how now, captain? what do you in this wise company? How dost thou, Apemantus?

Apem. Would I had a rod in my mouth, that I might answer thee profitably.

Page. Pr'ythee, Apemantus, read me the superscription of these letters: I know not which is which.

Apem. Canst not read?

Page. No.

Apem. There will little learning die, then that day thou art hanged. This is to Lord Go, thou wast Timon; this to Alcibiades. born a bastard, and thou'lt die a bawd.

Page. Thou wast whelped a dog, and thou shalt famish a dog's death. Answer not, I am Exit Page.

Apem. E'en so thou outrun'st grace.
Fool, I will go with you to Lord Timon's.
Fool. Will you leave me there?
Apem. If Timon stay at home.—You three

serve three usurers?

All Serv. Ay; would they served us! Apem. So would I,—as good a trick as ever hangman served thief.

Fool. Are you three usurers' men?

All Serv. Ay, fool.

Fool. I think no usurer but has a fool to his servant; my mistress is one, and I am her fool. When men come to borrow of your masters they approach sadly and go away merry; but they enter my mistress' house merrily and go away sadly: the reason of this?

Var. Serv. I could render one.

Apem. Do it, then, that we may account thee a whoremaster and a knave; which, notwithstanding, thou shalt be no less esteemed. Var. Serv. What is a whoremaster, fool?

Fool. A fool in good clothes, and something like thee. 'Tis a spirit: sometime it appears like a lord; sometime like a lawyer, sometime like a philosopher, with two stones more than's artificial one. He is very often like a knight; and, generally, in all shapes that man goes up and down in from fourscore to thirteen this spirit walks in.

Var. Serv. Thou art not altogether a fool.

Fool. Nor thou altogether a wise man as much foolery as I have, so much wit thou lackest. Apem. That answer might have become Timon Apemantus.

Re-enter Timon and Flavius.

Apem. Come with me, fool, come. Fool. I do not always follow lover, elder brother, and woman; sometime the philosopher.

Exeunt APEMANTUS and Fool. Flav. Pray you, walk near; I'll speak with you anon. [Exeunt Serv.

you anon. [Exeunt Serv. Tim. You make me marvel: wherefore, ere this time,

Had you not fully laid my state before me; That I might so have rated my expense

As I had leave of means? You would not hear me

At many leisures I propos'd. Go to: Tim.

Perchance some single vantages you took When my indisposition put you back; And that unaptness made you minister Thus to excuse yourself.

Flav.O my good lord At many times I brought in my accounts, Laid them before you; you would throw them And say you found them in mine honesty.

When, for some trifling present, you have bid wept: me

Return so much, I have shook my head and Yea, 'gainst the authority of manners, pray'd you

To hold your hand more close: I did endure Not seldom, nor no slight checks, when I have Prompted you, in the ebb of your estate. And your great flow of debts. My loved lord, Though you hear now, -too late! -yet now's a time,

The greatest of your having lacks a half To pay your present debts.

Tim. Let all my land be sold. Flav. 'Tis all engag'd, some forfeited and gone:

And what remains will hardly stop the mouth Of present dues: the future comes apace: What shall defend the interim? and at length How goes our reckoning?

Tim. To Lacedaemon did my land extend. Flav. O my good lord, the world is but a world:

Were it all yours to give it in a breath, How quickly were it gone!

Tim. You tell me true. Flav. If you suspect my husbandry of false-

hood, Call me before the exactest auditors

And set me on the proof. So the gods bless me, When all our offices have been oppress'd With motous feeders; when our vaults have

wept With drunken spilth of wine; when every room Hath blaz'd with lights and bray'd with minstrelsy;

I have retir'd me to a wasteful cock,

And set mine eyes at flow. Tim. Pr'vthee, no more. Flav. Heavens, have I said, the bounty of this lord!

How many produgal bits have slaves and peas-This night englutted! Who is not Timon's? What heart, head, sword, force, means, but is Lord Timon's?

Var. Serv. Aside, aside; here comes Lord Great Timon, noble, worthy, royal Timon!

Ah! when the means are gone that buy this Is fashion'd for the journey dull and heavy,praise

The breath is gone whereof this praise is made: Feast-won, fast-lost; one cloud of winter showers,

These flies are couch'd.

Tim. Come, sermon me no further: No villainous bounty yet hath passed my heart; Unwisely, not ignobly, have I given.

Why dost thou weep? Canst thou the conscience lack

To think I shall lack friends? Secure thy

heart: If I would broach the vessels of my love,

And try the argument of hearts by borrowing, Men and men's fortunes could I frankly use As I can bid thee speak.

Flav. Assurance bless your thoughts! Tim. And, in some sort, these wants of mine

are crown'd

That I account them blessings; for by these Shall I try friends: you shall perceive how you Mistake myfortunes; I am wealthy in myfriends. Within there! Flaminus! Servilius!

Enter FLAMINIUS, SERVILIUS, and other Servents.

Serv. My lord? my lord?-

Tim. I will despatch you severally:-you to Lord Lucius;-to Lord Lucullus you; I hunted with his honour to-day; -you to Sempromus: commend me to their loves; and I am proud, say, that my occasions have found time to use 'em toward a supply of money: let the request be fifty talents.

Flam. As you have said, my lord. Flav. Lord Lucius and Lucullus? hum!

Aside. Tim. Go you, sir, [to another Serv.] to the senators,-

Of whom, even to the state's best health, I have Deserv'd this hearing, bid 'em send o' the instant

A thousand talents to me.

I have been bold,-Flav.For that I knew it the most general way,-To them to use your signet and your name; But they do shake their heads, and I am here No richer in return.

Is't true? can't be? Tim. Flav. They answer, in a joint and corporate

That now they are at fall, want treasure, cannot Do what they would; are sorry-you are honourable,-

not-But yet they could have wish'd-they know Something hath been amiss-a noble nature May catch a wrench-would all were well-

'tis pity;-And so, intending other serious matters, After distasteful looks, and these hard fractions. With certain half-caps and cold-moving nods, They froze me into silence.

You gods, reward them? Pr'ythee, man, look cheerly. These old fellows Have their ingratitude in them hereditary: Their blood is cak'd, 'tis cold, it seldom flows; 'Tis lack of kindly warmth they are not kind; And nature, as it grows again toward earth.

Go to Ventidius [to a Serv.]; pr'ythee, [to FLAVIUS] be not sad,

Thou art true and honest; ingeniously I speak, No blame belongs to thee: [To Serv.] Ventidius lately

Buried his father; by whose death he's stepp'd Into a great estate: when he was poor,

Imprison'd, and in scarcity of friends. I clear'd him with five talents: greet him from Bid him suppose some good necessity [ber'd Touches his friend, which craves to be remem-With those five talents:-[To FLAV.]-That had,-give't these fellows

To whom 'tis instant due. Ne'er speak or think sink.

That Timon's fortunes 'mong his friends can Flav. I would I could not think it: that thought is bounty's foe;

Being free itself it thinks all others so. [Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I.—Athens. A Room in Lucullus' House.

FLAMINIUS waiting. Enter a Servant to him.

Serv. I have told my lord of you; he is coming down to you. Flam. I thank you, sir.

Enter LUCULLUS.

Serv. Here's my lord. Lucul. [Aside.] One of Lord Timon's men? gift, I warrant. Why, thus his right; I dreamt of a silver basin and ewer to-night. Flaminius, honest Flaminius; you are very respectively welcome, sir.—Fill me some wine. [Exit Servant.]-And how does that honourable, complete, free-hearted gentleman of Athens, thy very bountiful good lord and master?

Flam. His health is well, sir,

Lucul. I am right glad that his health is well, sir: and what hast thou there under thy cloak, pretty Flaminius?

Flam. Faith, nothing but an empty box, sir; which, in my lord's behalf, I come to entreat your honour to supply; who, having great and instant occasion to use fifty talents, hath sent to your lordship to furnish him, nothing doubting your present assistance therein.

Lucul. La, la, la, la,—nothing doubting, says he? Alas, good lord! a noble gentleman 'tis, if he would not keep so good a house. Many a time and often I ha'e dined with him and told him on't; and come again to supper to him of purpose to have him spend less; and yet he would embrace no counsel, take no warning by my coming. Every man has his fault, and honesty is his: I ha'e told him on't,

but I could ne'er get him from 't.

Re-enter Servant, with wine.

Serv. Please your lordship, here is the wine. Lucul. Flaminius, I have noted thee always wise. Here's to thee.

Flam. Your lordship speaks your pleasure. Lucul. I have observed thee always for a towardly prompt spirit,—give thee thy due,—and one that knows what belongs to reason; and canst use the time well, if the time use thee well: good parts in thee .- Get you gone, sirrah to the Servant, who goes out. Draw nearer, honest Flaminius. Thy lord's a bountiful gentleman: but thou art wise; and thou knowest well enough, although thou comest to me, that this is no time to lend money; especially upon bare friendship, without security. Here's three solidares for thee: good boy, wink at me, and say thou saw'st me not. Fare thee well.

Flam. Is't possible the world should so

much differ:

And we alive that liv'd! Fly, damned baseness, To him that worships thee.

Throwing the money back.

Lucul. Ha! now I see thou art a fool, and fit for thy master.

Flam. May these add to the number that may scald thee!

Let molten coin be thy damnation, Thou disease of a friend and not himself! Has friendship such a faint and milky heart, It turns in less than two nights? O you gods, I feel my master's passion! This slave Unto his honour has my lord's meat in him. Why should it thrive and turn to nutriment When he is turn'd to poison?

O, may diseases only work upon't! [of nature And when he's sick to death, let not that part Which my lord paid for, be of any power To expel sickness, but prolong his hour!

Scene II .- Athens. A public Place.

Enter Lucius, with three Strangers. Luc. Who, the Lord Timon? he is my very

good friend, and an honourable gentleman.

I Stran. We know him for no less, though
we are but strangers to him. But I can tell you one thing, my lord, and which I hear from common rumours,-now Lord Timon's happy hours are done and past, and his estate shrinks

from him. Luc. Fie, no, do not believe it; he cannot want for money.

2 Stran. But believe you this, my lord, that not long ago, one of his men was with the Lord Lucullus to borrow so many talents; nay, urged extremely for't, and showed, what necessity belonged to't, and yet was denied.

Luc. How?

2 Stran. I tell you, denied, my lord.

Luc. What a strange case was that! now, before the gods, I am ashamed on't. Denied that honourable man! there was very little honour showed in't. For my own part, I must needs confess I have received some small kindnesses from him, as money, plate, jewels, and such like trifles, nothing comparing to his; yet, had he mistook him and sent to me, I should ne'er have denied his occasion so many talents.

Enter SERVILIUS.

Ser. See, by good hap, yonder's my lord; I have sweat to see his honour.-My honoured lord,---To Lucius.

Luc. Servilius! you are kindly met, sir. Fare thee well: commend me to thy honourablevirtuous lord, my very exquisite friend.

Ser. May it please your honour, my lord

Luc. Ha! what has he sent? I am so much

endeared to that Lord; he's ever sending: how shall I thank him, thinkest thou? And what has he sent now?

Ser. Has only sent his present occasion now, my lord; requesting your lordship to supply his instant use with so many talents. [me; Luc. I know his lordship is but merry with

He cannot want fifty-five hundred talents. Ser. But in the meantime he wants less, my

lord. If his occasion were not virtuous

I should not urge it half so faithfully.

Luc. Dost thou speak seriously, Servilius?

Ser. Upon my soul, 'tis true, sir.
Luc. What a wicked beast was I to disfurnish myself against such a good time, when I might ha' shown myself honourable! how unluckily it happened that I should purchase the day before for a little part, and undo a great deal of honour! Servilius, now, before the gods, I am not able to do't,—the more beast, I say. I was sending to use Lord Timon myself, these gentlemen can witness; but I would not for the wealth of Athens I had done't now. Commend me bountifully to his good lordship; and I hope his honour will conceive the fairest of me, because I have no power to be kind: and tell him this from me, I count it one of my greatest afflictions, say, that I cannot pleasure such an honourable gentleman. Good Servilius, will you befriend me so far as to use mine own words to him?

Ser. Yes. sir. I shall.

Exit.

Luc. I'll look you out a good turn, Servilius. Exit SERVILIUS.

True, as you said, Timon is shrunk indeed: And he that's once denied will hardly speed.

1 Stran. Do you observe this, Hostilius?

2 Stran. Ay, too well. I Stran. Why, this is the world's soul; and

just of the same piece Is every flatterer's spirit. Who can call him His friend that dips in the same dish? for, in My knowing, Timon has been this lord's father, And kept his credit with his purse;

Supported his estate; nay, Timon's money Has paid his men their wages: he ne'er drinks But Timon's silver treads upon his lip; And yet,—O see the monstrousness of man When he looks out in an ungrateful shape!-He does deny him, in respect of this,

What charitable men afford to beggars. 3 Stran. Religion groans at it.

For mine own part, I Stran. I never tasted Timon in my life, Nor came any of his bounties over me To mark me for his friend; yet I protest, For his right noble mind, illustrious virtue,

And honourable carriage, Had his necessity made use of me, I would have put my wealth into donation And the best half should have return'd to him,

So much I love his heart: but, I perceive,

Men must learn now with pity to dispense: For policy sits above conscience. [Exeunt.

Scene III.—Athens. A Room in Sempronius' House.

Enter SEMPRONIUS and a Servant of Timon's. Is money.

Sem. Must he needs trouble me in't,—hum!
—'bove all others?

He might have tried Lord Lucius or Luculius; And now Ventidius is wealthy too, Whom he redeem'd from prison; all these

Owe their estates unto him.

Serv. My lord.

They have all been touch'd and found base metal: for

They have all denied him.

Sem. How! have they denied him?
Has Ventidius and Luculius denied him?
And does he send to me? Three? hum!—
It shows but little love or judgment in him:
Must I be his last refuge! His friends, like
physicians,

Thrive, give him over: must I take the cure upon me? [him,

Has much disgrac'd me in't; I am angry at That might have known my place: I see no sense for't.

But his occasions might have woo'd me first; For, in my conscience, I was the first man That e'er received gift from him: And does he think so backwardly of me now

That I'll requite it last? No:
So it may prove an argument of laughter
To the rest, and 'mongst the lords I be thought

a fool.

I had rather than the worth of thrice the sum
Had sent to me first, but for my mind's sake:

I had such a courage to do him good. But now return, And with their faint reply this answer join; Who bates mine honour shall not know my

coin. [Exil.

Serv. Excellent! Your lordship's a goodly villain. The devil knew not what he did when he made man politic,—he cross'd himself by't: and I cannot think but, in the end, the villaines of man will set him clear. How fairly this lord strives to appear foul! takes virtuous copies to be wicked, like those that under hot ardent

zeal would set whole realms on fire: Of such a nature is his politic love.

This was my lord's best hope; now all are fled, Save only the gods: now his friends are dead, Doors, that were ne'er acquainted with their wards

Many a bounteous year, must be employ'd Now to guard sure their master.

And this is all a liberal course allows;
Who cannot keep his wealth must keep his house.

[Exit.

Scene IV.—Athens. A Hall in Timon's Jou are too diligent.

Enter two Servants of Varro and the Servant of Lucius, meeting Titus, Hortensius, and other Servants of Timon's creditors, waiting his coming out.

r Var. Serv. Well met; good-morrow, Titus and Hortensius.

Tit. The like to you, kind Varro.

Hor.

What, do we meet together?

Lucius!

Luc. Serv. Ay, and I think
One business does command us all; for mine

Tit. So is theirs and ours.

Enter PHILOTUS.

Luc. Serv. And Sir Philotus too!
Phi. Good-day at once.
Luc. Serv. Welcome, good brother

Luc. Serv. Welcome, good brother. What do you think the hour?

Phi. Labouring for nine. Luc. Serv. So much?

Phi. Is not my lord seen yet?
Luc. Serv. Not yet.
Phi. I wonder on't: he was wont to shine at seven.

Lus. Serv. Ay, but the days are waxed shorter with him:

You must consider that a prodigal course Is like the sun's; but not, like his, recoverable.

'Tis deepest winter in Lord Timon's purse; That is, one may reach deep enough and yet Find little.

Phi. I am of your fear for that. [event. Tit. I'll show you how to observe a strange Your lord sends now for money.

Hor. Most true, he does. Tit. And he wears jewels now of Timon's

gift, For which I wait for money.

Hor. It is against my heart.
Luc. Serv. Mark how strange it shows.
Timon in this should pay more than he owes:
And e'en as if your lord should wear rich jewels

And send for money for 'em.

Hor. I am weary of this charge, the gods
can witness:

I know my lord hath spent of Timon's wealth, And now ingratitude makes it worse than stealth.

r Var. Serv. Yes, mine's three thousand crowns: what's yours?

Luc. Serv. Five thousand mine.

I Var. Serv. 'Tis much deep: and it should seem by the sum

Your master's confidence was above mine; Else, surely, his had equall'd.

Enter FLAMINIUS.

Tit. One of Lord Timon's men. Luc. Serv. Flaminus! sır, a word: pray, is my lord ready to come forth?

Flam. No, indeed, he is not.

Tit. We attend his lordship; pray, signify so much.

Flam. I need not tell him that; he knows as are too diligent. [Exit.

Enter Flavius, in a cloak, muffled.

Luc. Serv. Ha! is not that his steward muffled so? He goes away in a cloud: call him, call him.

Tit. Do you hear, sir?

Both Var. Serv. By your leave, sir,—

Exit.

Flav. What do you ask of me, my friends? Tit. We wait for certain money here, sir.

If money were as certain as your waiting

'Twere sure enough.

Why then preferr'd you not your sums and bills When your false masters eat of my lord's meat? Then they could smile, and fawn upon his

debts, maws. And take down th' interest into their gluttonous You do yourselves but wrong to stir me up;

Let me pass quietly: Believe't my lord and I have made an end; I have no more to reckon, he to spend.

Luc. Serv. Ay, but this answer will not serve. Flav. If 'twill not serve 'tis not so base as you,

For you serve knaves. I Var. Serv. How! What does his cashier'd

worship mutter?

2 Var. Serv. No matter what; he's poor, and that's revenge enough. Who can speak broader than he that has no house to put his head in? such may rail against great buildings.

Enter Servilius.

Tit. O, here's Servilius; now we shall know

some answer.

Ser. If I might beseech you, gentlemen, to repair some other hour, I should much derive from 't; for, take't of my soul, my lord leans wondrously to discontent: his comfortable temper has forsook him; he is much out of health, and keeps his chamber. Inot sick:

Luc. Serv. Many do keep their chambers are And, if it be so far beyond his health, Methinks he should the sooner pay his debts,

And make a clear way to the gods.

Good gods! Ser. Tit. We cannot take this for answer, sir. Elam. [Within.] Servilius, help!-my lord! my lord!

Enter Timon, in a rage; Flaminius following.

Tim. What, are my doors oppos'd against

my passage?

Have I been ever free, and must my house Be my retentive enemy, my gaol?

The place which I have feasted, does it now, Like all mankind, show me an iron heart?

Luc. Serv. Put in now, Titus.

Tit. My lord, here is my bill.

Luc. Serv. Here's mine. Hor. Serv. And mine, my lord.

Both. Var. Serv. And ours, my lord.

[to the girdle. Phi. All our bills.

Tim. Knock me down with 'em: cleave me

Luc. Serv. Alas, my lord,-

Tim. Cut my heart in sums. Tit. Mine, fifty talents.

Tim. Tell out my blood.

Luc. Serv. Five thousand crowns, my lord. Tim. Five thousand drops pays that .--

What yours?—and yours?-

1 Var. Serv. My lord,— 2 Var. Serv. My lord,—

Tim. Tear me, take me, and the gods fall His outsides,—to wear them like his raiment, upon you!

Hor. Faith, I perceive our masters may throw their caps at their money: these debts may well be called desperate ones, for a madman owes 'em.

Re-enter TIMON and FLAVIUS.

Tim. They have e'en put my breath from me, the slaves.

Creditors!-devils. Flav. My dear lord,-

Tim. What if it should be so?

Flam. My lord,-

Tim. I'll have it so.—My steward!

Flav. Here, my lord.

Tim. So fitly? Go, bid all my friends again, Lucius, Lucullus, and Sempronius; all:

I'll once more feast the rascals. Flav. O my lord,

You only speak from your distracted soul; There is not so much left to furnish out

A moderate table.

Tim. Be't not in thy care; go, I charge thee, invite them all: let in the tide Of knaves once more; my cook and I'll provide. Exeunt.

Scene V.—Athens. The Senate House. The Senate sitting.

I Sen. My lords, you have my voice to it; the fault's

Bloody; 'tis necessary he should die: Nothing emboldens sin so much as mercy. 2 Sen. Most true; the law shall bruise him.

Enter Alcibiades, attended.

Alcib. Honour, health, and compassion to the senate!

I Sen. Now, captain?

Alcib. I am an humble suitor to your virtues; For pity is the virtue of the law, And none but tyrants use it cruelly. It pleases time and fortune to lie heavy Upon a friend of mine, who, in hot blood, Hath stepp'd into the law, which is past depth To those that without heed do plunge into 't. He is a man, setting his fate aside,

Of comely virtues: Nor did he soil the fact with cowardice,-

An honour in him which buys out his fault,-But with a noble fury and fair spirit, Seeing his reputation touch'd to death,

He did oppose his foe:

And with such sober and unnoted passion He did behove his anger ere 'twas spent, As if he had but prov'd an argument.

I Sen. You undergo too strict a paradox. Striving to make an ugly deed look fair:

Your words have took such pains, as if they labour'd [quarrelling

To bring manslaughter into form, and set Upon the head of valour; which, indeed, Is valour misbegot, and came into the world When sects and factions were newly born:

He s truly valiant that can wisely suffer The worst that man can breathe; and make his wrongs carelessly:

[Exit. And ne'er prefer his injuries to his heart,

To bring it into danger. If wrongs be evils, and enforce us kill, What folly 'tis to hazard life for ill!

Alcib. My lord,— [clear: 1 Sen. You cannot make gross sins look To revenge is no valour, but to bear. lme,

Alcib. My lords, then, under favour, pardon

If I speak like a captain:-Why do fond men expose themselves to battle, And not endure all threats? sleep upon 't, And let the foes quietly cut their throats, Without repugnancy? but if there be Such valour in the bearing, what make me Abroad? why, ther women are more valiant, That stay at home, if bearing carry it; And th' ass more captain than the lion; the

fellow Loaden with irons wiser than the judge, If wisdom be in suffering. O my lords, As you are great, be pitifully good: Who cannot condemn rashness in cold blood? To kill, I grant, is sin's extremest gust; But, in defence, by mercy, 'tis most just. To be in anger is implety; But who is man that is not angry?

Weigh but the crime with this. 2 Sen. You breathe in vain.

Alcib. In vain! his service done At Lacedaemon and Byzantium Were a sufficient briber for his life.

I Sen. What's that?
Alcib. Why, I say, my lords, h'as done fair service,

And slain in fight many of your enemies: How full of valour did he bear himself In the last conflict, and made plenteous wounds! 2 Sen. He has made too much plenty with

'em, he Is a sworn rioter: he has a sin that often Drowns him, and takes his valour prisoner: If there were no foes, that were enough To overcome him: in that beastly fury

He has been known to commit outrages And cherish factions: 'tis inferr'd to us His days are foul and his drink dangerous. I Sen. He dies.

Alcib. Hard fate! he might have died in war. My lords, if not for any parts in him, Though his right arm might purchase his own

time. And be in debt to none,-yet, more to move

Take my deserts to his, and join them both: And, for I know your reverend ages love Security, I'll pawn my victories, all My honours to you, upon his good returns. If by this crime he owes the law his life, Why, let the war receiv't in valiant gore; For law is strict, and war is nothing more.

I Sen. We are for law, he dies; urge it no more.

On height of our displeasure: friend or brother, He forfeits his own blood that spills another. Alcib. Must it be so? it must not be. My lords,

I do beseech you, know me.

Alcib. Call me to your remembrances.

What!

Alcib. I cannot think but your age has forgot me:

It could not else be I should prove so base To sue, and be denied such common grace: My wounds ache at you.

ı Sen. Do you dare our anger? 'Tis in few words, but spacious in effect; We banish thee forever.

Banish me! Alcib. Banish your dotage; banish usury,

That makes the senate ugly. I Sen. If, after two days' shine, Athens contain thee.

Attend our weightier judgment. And, not to swell our spirit,

He shall be executed presently.

Exeunt Senators. Alcib. Now the gods keep you old enough; that you may live

Only in bone, that none may look on you! I am worse than mad: I have kept back their foes,

While they have told their money, and let out Their coin upon large interest; I myself Rich only in large hurts; -all those for this? Is this the balsam that the usuring senate Pours into captain's wounds? Ha! banishment? It comes not ill; I hate not to be banish'd; It is a cause worthy my spleen and fury, That I may strike at Athens. I'll cheer up My discontented troops, and lay for hearts. 'Tis honour with most lands to be at odds; Soldiers should brook as little wrongs as gods.

Scene VI.-Athens. A magnificent Room in TIMON'S House.

Music. Tables set out: Servants attending. Enter divers Lords at several doors.

I Lord. The good time of day to you, sir. 2 Lord. I also wish it to you. I think this

honourable lord did but try us this other day. 1 Lord. Upon that were my thoughts tiring when we encountered: I hope it is not so low with him as he made it seem in the trial of his several friends.

2 Lord. It should not be by the persuasion

of his new feasting.

I Lord. I should think so: he hath sent me an earnest inviting, which many my near occasions did urge me to put off; but he hath conjured me beyond them, and I must needs appear.

2 Lord. In like manner was I in debt to my importunate business, but he would not hear my excuse. I am sorry, when he sent to borrow of me, that my provision was out.

1 Lord. I am sick of that grief too, as I

understand how all things go.

2 Lord. Every man here's so. What would he have borrowed of you?

I Lord. A thousand pieces.
2 Lord. A thousand pieces!

I Lord. What of you?

3 Lord. He sent to me, sir,-Here he comes.

Enter TIMON and Attendants.

Tim. With all my heart, gentlemen both .and how fare you?

I Lord. Ever at the best, hearing well of your lordship.

2 Lord. The swallow follows not summer Is your perfection. This is Timon's last; more willingly than we your lordship.

Tim. No more willingly leaves winter: such summer-birds are men. [Aside.]-Gentlemen, our dinner will not recompense this long stay: feast your ears with the music awhile, if they will fare so harshly o' the trumpet's sound; we shall to't presently.

I Lord. I hope it remains not unkindly with your lordship that I returned you an

empty messenger.

Tim. O, sir, let it not trouble you.

2 Lord. My noble lord,—

Tim. Ah, my good friend! what cheer?

2 Lord. My most honourable lord, I am e'en sick of shame that, when your lordship this other day sent to me. I was so unfortunate a beggar.

Tim. Think not on't, sir.

2 Lord. If you had sent but two hours

before,

Tim. Let it not cumber your better remembrance.-Come, bring in all together.

The banquet brought in.

2 Lord. All covered dishes!

r Lord. Royal cheer, I warrant you. 3 Lord. Doubt not that, if money and the

season can yield it. 1 Lord. How do you? What's the news?

3 Lord. Alcibiades is banished: hear you of 1t?

1 & 2 Lord. Alcibiades banished! 3 Lord. 'Tis so, be sure of it. 1 Lord. How! how!

2 Lord. I pray you, upon what? Tim. My worthy friends, will you draw near? 3 Lord. I'll tell you more anon. Here's a noble feast toward.

2 Lord. This is the old man still. 3 Lord. Will't hold? will't hold?

2 Lord. It does: but time will—and so,— 3 Lord. I do conceive. Tim. Each man to his stool with that spur as he would to the lip of his mistress: your diet shall be in all places alike. Make not a city feast of it, to let the meat cool ere we can agree upon the first place: sit, sit. The gods require our thanks.

You great benefactors, sprinkle our society with thankfulness. For your own gifts make yourselves praised: but reverse still to give, leat your deties be despised. Lend to each man enough, that one need not lend to another; for, were your godheads to bor-row of men, men would forsake the gods. Make the meat be loved more than the man that gives it. Let no assembly of twenty be without a score of villains: if there sit twelve women at the table, let a dozen of them be—as they are. The resi of your fees, O gods,—the senators of Athens, together, with the common tag of people,—what is amiss in them, you gods, make suitable for destruction. For these my present friends,—as they are to me nothing, so in nothing bless them, and to nothing are they wel-

Uncover, dogs, and lap.

[The dishes, when uncovered, are seen to be full of warm water.

Some speak. What does his lordship mean? Some other. I know not.

Tim. May you a better feast never behold, You knot of mouth-friends! smoke and lukewarm water

Who, stuck and spangled with your flatteries,

Washes it off, and sprinkles in your faces
[Throwing the water in their faces. Your reeking villainy. Live loath'd and long, Most smiling, smooth, detested parasites, Courteous destroyers, affable wolves, meek

bears You fools of fortune, trencher-friends, time's Cap and knee slaves, vapours, and minute-jacks!

Of man and beast the infinite malady Crust you quite o'er!-What, dost you go?

Soft, take thy physic first,-thou too,-and thou;

Stay, I will lend thee money, borrow none .-Throws the dishes at them, and drives them out.

What, all in motion? Henceforth be no feast Whereat a villain's not a welcome guest. Burn, house! sink, Athens! henceforth hated be Of Timon, man, and all humanity!

Re-enter the Lords.

1 Lord. How now, my lords! 2 Lord. Know you the quality of Lord Timon's fury?

3 Lord. Pish! did you see my cap? 4 Lord. I have lost my gown.

I Lord. He's but a mad lord, and naught but humour sways him. He gave me a jewel the other day, and now he has beat it out of my hat:--did you see my jewel?

3 Lord. Did you see my cap? 2 Lord. Here 'tis. 4 Lord. Here lies my gown. 1 Lord. Let's make no stay.

2 Lord. Lord Timon's mad. 3 Lord. I feel't upon my bones.

4 Lord. One day he gives us diamonds, next day stones. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Without the Walls of Athens.

Enter TIMON.

Tim. Let me look back upon thee, O thou wall

That girdlest in those wolves, dive in the earth And fence not Athens! Matrons, turn inconunent!

Obedience fail in children! slaves and fools, Pluck the grave wrinkled senate from the bench And minister in their steads! to general filths Convert, o' the instant, green virginity,-Do't in your parent's eyes! bankrupts, hold

fast. Rather than render back, out with your knives

And cut your trusters' throats! bound servants steal!

Large-handed robbers your grave masters are, And pill by law! maid, to thy master's bed,— Thy mistress is o' the brothel! son of sixteen, Pluck the lin'd crutch from thy old limping sire, With it beat out his brains! piety and fear, Religion to the gods, peace, justice, truth, Domestic awe, night-rest, and neighbourhood, Instruction, manners, mysteries, and trades, Degrees, observances, customs, and laws,

Decline to your confounding contraries.

And let confusion live!-Plagues incident to men, Your potent and infectious fevers heap On Athens, ripe for stroke! thou cold sciatica, Cripple our senators, that their limbs may halt As lamely as their manners! lust and liberty Creep in the minds and marrows of our youth, That 'gainst the stream of virtue they may strive And drown themselves in not! itches, blains, Sow all the Athenian bosoms; and their crop Be general leprosy! breath infect breath; That their society, as their friendship, may Be merely poison! Nothing I'll bear from thee But nakedness, thou detestable town! Take thou that too, with multiplying banns! Timon will to the woods; where he shall find The unkindest beast more kinder than mankind. The gods confound,-hear me, ye good gods

all.—
The Athenians both within and out that wall!
And grant, as Timon grows, his hate may grow
To the whole race of mankind, high and low!
[Extl.

Scene II.—Athens. A Room in Timon's House.

Enter FLAVIUS, with two or Three Servants.

I Serv. Here you, master steward, where's our master?

Are we undone? cast off? nothing remaining?

Flav. Alack, my fellows, what should I say
to you?

Let me be recorded by the righteous gods, I am as poor as you

r Serv. Such a house broke!
So noble a master fall'n! All gone' and not
One friend to take his fortune by the arm
And go along with him!

2 Serv. As we do turn our backs
To our companion thrown into his grave,
So his familiars from his buried fortunes
Slink all away; leave their false vows with him,
Like empty purses pick'd; and his poor self,
A deducated begrar to the air.

A dedicated beggar to the air, With his disease of all-shunn'd poverty, Walks, like contempt, alone.—More of our fellows.

Enter other Servants.

Flav. All broken implements of a rund house. [livery, 3 Serv. Yet do our hearts wear Timon's

That see I by our faces; we are fellows still, Serving alike in sorrow: leak'd is our bark; And we, poor mates, stand on the dying deck Hearing the surges threat: we must all part Into this sea of air.

Flav.
The latest of my wealth I'll share amongst you.
Wherever we shall meet, for Timon's sake,
Let's yet be fellows; let's shake our heads,
and say.

As 'twere a knell unto our master's fortune, We have seen better days. Let each take some. [Giving them money.

Nay, put out all your hands. Not one word more:

Thus part we rich in sorrow, parting poor.

[Servants embrace, and part several ways.

O, the fierce wretchedness that glory brings us! Who would not wish to be from wealth exempt Since riches point to misery and contempt? Who would be so mock'd with glory? or to live But in a dream of friendship? [pounds, To have his pomp, and all what state com-But only painted, like his varnish'd finends? Poor honest lord, brought low by his own heart, Undone by goodness! strange, unusual blood, When man's worst sin is, he does too much good!

Who then dares to be half so kind again?
For bounty, that makes gods, does still mar
men.

My dearest lord,—bless'd to be most accurs'd, Rich only to be wretched,—thy great fortunes Are made thy chief afflictions. Alas, kind lord! He's flung in rage from this ingrateful seat Of monstrous friends; nor has he with him to Supply his life, or that which can command it. I'll follow and enquire him out:

I'll ever serve his mind with my best will; Whilst I have gold, I'll be his steward still. [Exit.

Scene III.—The Woods. Before Timon's Cave.

Enter TIMON.

Tim. O blessed breeding sun, draw from the earth

Rotten humidity; below thy sister's orb Infect the air! Twinn'd brothers of one womb,— Whose procreation, residence, and birth Scarce is dividant,—touch them with several fortunes;

The greater scorns the lesser: not nature, To whom all sores lay siege, can bear great fortune

But by contempt of nature. Raise me this beggar and deny't that lord; The senator shall bear contempt hereditary The beggar native honour. It is the pasture lards the other's sides,

The want that makes him lean. Who dares, who dares,

In purity of manhood stand upright,
And say, This man's a flatterer? if one be,
So are they all; for every grise of fortune
Is smooth'd by that below: the learned pate
Ducks to the golden fool: all is oblique;
There's nothing level in our cursed natures
But durect villainy. Therefore, be abhorr'd
All feasts, societies, and throngs of men!
His semblable, yea, himself Timon disdains:
Destruction fang mankind!—Earth, yield me
roots! [Digging.

Who seeks for better of thee, sauce his palate With thy most operant poison! What is here? Gold? yellow, glittering, precious gold? No, gods,

I am no idle votarist. Roots, you clear heavens! Thus much of this will make black, white; foul, fair; Wrong, right; base, noble; old, young; coward,

Ha, you gods! why this? what this, you gods?
why, this [sides;
Will lug your priests and servants from your

Will lug your priests and servants from your Pluck stout men's pillows from below their heads:

This yellow slave Will knit and break religions; bless the accurs'd; Make the hoar leprosy ador'd; place thieves, And give them title, knee, and approbation, With senators on the bench: this is it That makes the wappen'd widow wed again; She whom the spital-house and ulcerous sores

Would cast the gorge at, this embalms and spices

To the April day again. Come, damned earth, Thou common whore of mankind, that putt'st

Among the rout of nations, I will make thee Do thy right nature .- [March afar off.] Ha! a drum?-Thou'rt quick,

But yet I'll bury thee: thou'lt go, strong thief, When gouty keepers of thee cannot stand:-Nay, stay thou out for earnest.

Keeping some gold.

Enter ALCIBIADES, with drum and fife, in warlike manner; PHRYNIA and TIMANDRA.

What art thou there? speak. Alcib. Tim. A beast, as thou art. The canker gnaw thy heart

For showing me again the eyes of man! Alcib. What is thy name? Is man so hateful to thee,

That art thyself a man?

Tim. I am misanthropos, and hate mankind. For thy part, I do wish thou wert a dog,

That I might love thee something. Alcib. I know thee well: But in thy fortunes am unlearn'd and strange.

Tim. I know thee too; and more than that I know thee I not desire to know. Follow thy drum;

With man's blood paint the ground, gules, gules: Religious canons, civil laws are cruel; Then what should war be? This fell whore of

Hath in her more destruction than thy sword, For all her cherubin look.

Thy lips rot off! Tim. I will not kass thee; then the rot

returns To thine own lips again. [change? Alcib. How came the noble Timon to this Tim. As the moon does, by wanting light to give:

But then renew I could not, like the moon; There were no suns to borrow of.

Alcib. Noble Timon.

What friendship may I do thee? Tim. None, but to

Maintain my opinion. What is it, Timon? Alcıb.

Tim. Promise me friendship, but perform none: if thou wilt not promise, the gods plague thee, for thou art a man! if thou dost perform,

confound thee, for thou art a man! Alcib. I have heard in some sort of thy miseries.

Tim. Thou saw'st them when I had pros-Alcib. I see them now; then was a blessed harlots.

Tim. As thine is now, held with a brace of Timan. Is this the Athenian minion whom the world

Voic'd so regardfully?

Tîm. Art thou Timandra? Timan. Yes. fthat use thee: Tim. Be a whore still! they love thee not Give them diseases, leaving with thee their lust Make use of thy salt hours: season the slaves For tubs and baths; bring down rose-cheek'd youth to The tub-fast and the diet.

Timan. Hang thee, monster! Alcib. Pardon him, sweet Timandra; for his wits

Are drown'd and lost in his calamities.— I have but little gold of late, brave Timon, The want whereof doth daily make revolt In my penurious band: I have heard and

griev'd, How cursed Athens, mindless of thy worth

Forgetting thy great deeds, when neighbour states. But for thy sword and fortune, trod upon them,

Tim. I pr'ythee, beat thy drum, and get thee gone. (Timon. Alcib. I am thy friend, and pity thee, dear Tim. How dost thou pity him whom thou dost trouble?

I had rather be alone.

Why, fare thee well: Alcib. Here is some gold for thee.

Tim. Keep it, I cannot eat it. Alcib. When I have laid proud Athens on a heap,

Tim. Warr'st thou 'gainst Athens?

Alcib. Ay, Timon, and have cause. Tim. The gods confound them all in thy conquest;

And thee after, when thou hast conquer'd! Alcib. Why me, Timon?

Tim. That by killing of villains, Thou wast born to conquer my country. Put up thy gold: go on,-here's gold,-go on;

Be as a planetary plague, when Jove Will o'er some high-vic'd city hang his poison In the sick air: let not thy sword skip one: Pity not honour'd age for his white beard,

He is an usurer: strike me the counterfeit matron:

It is her habit only that is honest, Herself's a bawd: let not the virgin's cheek Make soft thy trenchant sword; for those milk

paps, That through the window-bars bore at men's Are not within the leaf of pity writ,

But set them down horrible traitors: spare not the babe, (mercy;

Whose dimpled smiles from fools exhaust their Think it a bastard, whom the oracle

Hath doubtfully pronounc'd thy throat shall cut, And mince it sans remorse: swear against objects;

Put armour on thine ears and on thine eyes; Whose proof nor yells of mothers, maids, nor

babes. Nor sight of priests in holy vestments bleeding,

Shall pierce a jot. There's gold to pay thy soldiers: Make large confusion; and, thy fury spent,

Confounded be thyself! Speak not, be gone.

Alcib. Hast thou gold yet? I'll take the gold thou giv'st me,

Not all thy counsel.

Tim. Dost thou, or dost thou not, heaven's Teems and feeds all; whose self-same mettle. curse upon thee!

& Tim. Give us some gold, good Timon: hast thou more?

Tim. Enough to make a whore forswear her trade, [sluts,

And to make whores a bawd. Hold up, you Your aprons mountant: you are not oathable,-Although I know you'll swear, terribly swear, Into strong shudders and to heavenly agues, The immortal gods that hear you,-spare your oaths,

I'll trust to your conditions: be whores still; And he whose pious breath seeks to convert

Be strong in whore, allure him, burn him up; Let your close fire predominate his smoke, And be no turncoats: yet may your pains six froofs months

Be quite contrary: and thatch your poor thin With burdens of the dead; -some that were hang'd,

No matter: wear them, betray with them: whore still;

Paint till a horse may mire upon your face:

A pox of wrinkles! Phr. & Timan. Well, more gold.-What

then?-Believe't, that we'll do anything for gold.

Tim. Consumptions sow In hollow bones of man; strike their sharp And mar men's spurring. Crack the lawyer's voice.

That he may never more false title plead, Nor sound his quillets shrilly: hoar the flamen, That scolds against the quality of flesh And not believes himself: down with the nose, Down with it flat; take the bridge quite away

Of him that, his particular to foresee, Smells from the general weal: make curl'd-pate ruffians bald;

And let the unscarr'd braggarts of the war Derive some pain from you: plague all; That your activity may defeat and quell The source of all erection.-There's more

gold:-Do you damn others and let this damn you, And ditches grave you all!

Phr. & Timan. More counsel with more money, bounteous Timon.

Tim. More whore, more muschief first; I have given you earnest.

Alcib. Strike up the drum towards Athens! Farewell, Timon:

If I thrive well I'll visit thee again.

Tim. If I hope well I'll never see thee more. Alcib. I never did thee harm.

Tim. Yes, thou spok'st well of me. Alcib. Call'st thou that harm?

Tim. Men daily find it. Get thee away, and take

Thy beagles with thee.

Alcib. We but offend him.—Strike. [Drum beats. Exeunt ALCIBIADES, PHRYNIA, and TIMANDRA.

Tim. That nature, being sick of man's unkindness,

Should yet be hungry!--Common mother, thou, Digging.

Whose womb unmeasurable and infinite breast O, thou shalt find,-

Whereof thy proud child, arrogant man, is puff'd,

Engenders the black toad and adder blue. The gilded newt and eyeless venom'd worm, With all the abhorred births below crisp heaven Whereon Hyperion's quickening fire doth

shine; Yield him, who all thy human sons doth hate. From forth thy plenteous bosom, one poor root! Ensear thy fertile and conceptious womb, Let it no more bring out ingrateful man!

Go great with tigers, dragons, wolves, and bears; face Teem with new monsters, whom thy upward Hath to the marbled mansion all above

Never presented!—O, a root,—dear thanksi Dry up thy marrows, vines, and plough-torn leas;

Whereof ingrateful man, with liquorish draughts And morsels unctuous, greases his pure mind, That from it all consideration slips!

Enter APEMANTUS.

More man? plague, plague!

Apem. I was directed hither: men report Thou dost affect my manners, and dost use them. la dog

Tim. 'Tis, then, because thou dost not keep Whom I would imitate: consumption catch thee! Apem. This is in thee a nature but affected:

A poor unmanly melancholy sprung From change of fortune. Why this spade?

this place? This slave-like habit? and these looks of care? Thy flatterers yet wear silk, drink wine, lie soft: Hug their diseas'd perfumes, and have forgot That ever Timon was. Shame not these woods By putting on the cunning of a carper.

Be thou a flatterer now, and seek to thrive By that which nas undone thee: hinge thy knee, And let his very breath whom thou'lt observe Blow off thy cap; praise his most vicious strain, And call it excellent: thou wast told thus;

Thou gav'st thine ears, like tapsters that bid welcome.

To knaves and all approachers: 'tis most just That thou turn rascal; hadst thou wealth again Rascals should have't. Do not assume my likeness.

Tim. Were I like thee, I'd throw away myself. [like thyself; Apem. Thou hast cast away thyself, being

A madman so long, now a fool. What, think'st That the bleak air, thy boisterous chamberlain, Will put thy shirt on warm? Will these moss'd trees,

That have outliv'd the eagle, page thy heels And skip when thou point'st out? Will the cold brook,

Candied with ice, caudle thy morning taste To cure thy o'ernight's surfeit? call the creatures.

Whose naked natures live in all the spite Of wreckful heaven; whose bare unhoused trunks.

To the conflicting elements expos'd, Answer mere nature,—bid them flatter thee; Tim. A fool of thee: depart. Apem. I love thee better now than e'er I did. Apem. I love thee worse.
Why?

Thou flatter'st misery. Tim. Apem. I flatter not; but say thou art a caitiff.

Tim. Why dost thou seek me out?

Abem. To vex thee. Tim. Always a villain's office or a fool's. Dost please thyself in't?

Ay.
What! a knave too? Abem. Tim. Abem. If thou didst put this sour-cold habit

To castigate thy pride, 'twere well: but thou Dost it enforcedly; thou'dst courtier be again Wert thou not beggar. Willing misery Outlives incertain pomp, is crown'd before: The one is filling still, never complete; The other, at high wish: best state, contentless, Hath a distracted and most wretched being, Worse than the worst, content. Thou should'st desire to die, being miserable.

Tim. Not by his breath that is more miserable.

Thou art a slave, whom Fortune's tender arm With favour never clasp'd; but bred a dog. Hadst thou, like us from our first swath, proceeded

The sweet degrees that this brief world affords To such as may the passive drugs of it Freely command, thou wouldst have plung'd

thyself

In general riot; melted down thy youth In different beds of lust; and never learn'd The icy precepts of respect, but follow'd The sugar'd game before thee. But myself, Who had the world as my confectionary The mouths, the tongues, the eyes, and hearts

of men At duty, more than I could frame employment;

That numberless upon me stuck, as leaves Do on the oak, have with one winter's brush Fell from their boughs, and left me open, bare For every storm that blows;—I, to bear this, That never knew but better, is some burden: Thy nature did commence in sufferance, time Hath made thee hard in't. Why shouldst thou

hate men? They never flatter'd thee: what hast thou If thou wilt curse, thy father, that poor rag, Must be thy subject; who, in spite, put stuff To some she beggar, and compounded thee Poor rogue hereditary. Hence! be gone!-

If thou hadst not been born the worst of men, Thou hadst been a knave and flatterer. Apem. Art thou proud yet?

Tim. Av. that I am not thee. Apem.I. that I was

No prodigal.

Tim. I, that I am one now: Were all the wealth I have shut up in thee, I'd give thee leave to hang it. Get thee gone. That the whole life of Athens were in this! Thus would I eat it. Eating a root.

Here: I will mend thy feast. Apem. Offering him something.

Tim. First mend my company, take away

thyself.

Apem. So I shall mend mine own by the lack of thine. botch'd; Tim. 'Tis not well mended so, it is but If not, I would it were.

Apem. What wouldst thou have to Athens? Tim. Thee thither in a whirlwind. If thou wilt,

Tell them there I have gold; look, so I have. Apem. Here is no use for gold.

The best and truest: For here it sleeps, and does no hired harm.

Apem. Where ly'st o' nights, Timon? Tim. Under that's above me.

Where feed'st thou o' days, Apemantus? Apem. Where my stomach finds meat: or. rather, where I eat it. Tim. Would poison were obedient, and knew

my mind!

Apem. Where wouldst thou send it? Tim. To sauce thy dishes.

Apem. The middle of humanity thou never knewest, but the extremity of both ends: when thou wast in thy gilt and thy perfume they mocked thee for too much curiosity; in thy rags thou knowest none, but art despised for

the contrary. There's a mediar for thee, eat it.

Tim. On what I hate I feed not.

Apem. Dost hate a medlar?

Tim. Ay, though it look like thee. Apem. An thou hadst hated medlars sooner, thou shouldst have loved thyself better now. What man didst thou ever know unthrift that

was beloved after his means? Tim. Who without those means thou talkest

of didst thou ever know beloved?

Apem. Myself.

Tim. I understand thee; thou hadst some means to keep a dog.

Apem. What things in the world canst thou

nearest compare to thy flatterers?

Tim. Women nearest; but men, men are the things themselves. What wouldst thou do with the world, Apemantus, if it lay in thy power?

Abem. Give it the beasts, to be rid of the

Tim. Wouldst thou have thyself fall in the confusion of men, and remain a beast with the beasts?

Apem. Ay, Timon.
Tim. A beastly ambition, which the gods rant thee t' attain to! If thou wert the lion, the fox would beguile thee: if thou wert the lamb, the fox would eat thee: if thou wert the fox, the lion would suspect thee, when, peradventure, thou wert accused by the ass: if thou wert the ass, thy dulness would torment thee; and still thou livedst but as a breakfast to the wolf: if thou wert the wolf, thy greediness would afflict thee, and oft thou shouldst hazard thy life for thy dinner: wert thou the unicorn, pride and wrath would confound thee, and make thine own self the conquest of thy fury: wert thou a bear, thou wouldst be killed by the horse; wert thou a horse, thou wouldst be seized by the leopard; wert thou a leopard, thou wert german to the lion, and the spots of thy kindred were jurors on thy life: all thy safety were remotion; and thy defence absence. What beast couldst thou be, that were not subject to a beast? and what a beast art thou already, that seest not thy loss in transforma-

Apem. If thou couldst please me with speak- More things like men?-Eat, Timon, and ing to me, thou migh'st have hit upon it here: the commonwealth of Athens is become a forest of beasts.

Tim. How has the ass broke the wall, that thou art out of the city?

Apem. Yonder comes a poet and a painter: the plague of company light upon thee! I will fear to catch it, and give way: when I know not what else to do, I'll see thee again.

Tim. When there is nothing living but thee, thou shalt be welcome. I had rather be a beggar's dog than Apemantus.

Apem. Thou art the cap of all the fools alive. Tim. Would thou wert clean enough to spit upon!

Apem. A plague on thee, thou art too bad to curse.

Tim. All villains that do stand by thee are

Apem. There is no leprosy but what thou speak'st.

Tim. If I name thee .-

I'll beat thee, but I should infect my hands. Apem. I would my tongue could rot them off!
Tim. Away, thou issue of a mangy dog! Choler does kill me that thou art alive;

I swoon to see thee.

Would thou wouldst burst! Apem. Tim. Away, Thou tedious rogue! I am sorry I shall lose A stone by thee. [Throws a stone at him.

Apem. Beast! Tim. Slave!

Apem. Tim. Toad!

Rogue, rogue, rogue! APEM. retreats backward, as going. I am sick of this false world; and will love naught

But even the mere necessities upon't. Then, Timon, presently prepare thy grave; Lie where the light foam of the sea may beat Thy grave-stone daily: make thine epitaph, That death in me at others' lives may laugh. O thou sweet king-killer and dear divorce

Looking on the gold. 'Twixt natural son and sire! thou bright defiler

Of Hymen's purest bed! thou valiant Mars! Thou ever young, fresh, lov'd and delicate wooer,

Whose blush doth thaw the consecrated snow That lies on Dian's lap! thou visible god,

That solder'st close impossibilities, And mak'st them kiss! that speak'st with every tongue

To every purpose! O thou touch of hearts! Think, thy slave, man, rebels; and by they VITTIE

Set them into confounding odds, that beasts

May have the world in empire! Apem.Would 'twere so!-But not till I am dead .- I'll say thou'st gold: Thou wilt be throng'd to shortly.

Tim. Throng'd to? Aþem.

Tim. Thy back, I pr'ythee.

Apem. Live, and love thy misery! Tim. Long live so, and so die! [Exit APE-MANTUS.] I am quit.

abhor them.

Enter Thieves.

I Thief. Where should he have this gold? It is some poor fragment, some slender ort of his remainder: the mere want of gold and the falling-from of his friends drove him into this melancholy.

2 Thief. It is noised he hath a mass of treasure

3 Thief. Let us make the assay upon him: if he care not for't, he will supply us easily; if he covetously reserve it, how shall's get it? 2 Thief. True; for he bears it not about him.

'tis hid. I Thief. Is not this he?

Theves. Where?
2 Thef. 'Tis his description.
3 Thef. He; I know him.
Thieves. Save thee, Timon.

Tim. Now, thieves?

Thieves. Soldiers, not thieves. Tim. Both too; and women's sons.

Thieves. We are not thieves, but men that much do want.

Tim. Your greatest want is, you want much of meat.

Why should you want? Behold, the earth hath roots;

Within this mile break forth a hundred springs: The oaks bear mast, the briars scarlet hips! The bounteous housewife, nature, on each bush Lays her full mess before you. Want! why

want? water. I Thief. We cannot live on grass, on berries,

As beasts and birds and fishes. Tim. Nor on the beasts themselves, the birds,

and fishes; You must eat men. Yet thanks I must you con, That you are thieves profess'd; that you work

not In holier shapes: for there is boundless theft In limited professions. Rascal thieves.

Here's gold. Go, suck the subtle blood o' the дтаре Till the high fever seethe your blood to froth,

And so 'scape hanging: trust not the physician; His antidotes are poison, and he slays More than you rob: take wealth and lives together;

Do villainy, do, since you protest to do't, Like workmen. I'll example you with thievery: The sun's a thief, and with his great attraction Robs the vast sea: the moon's an arrant thief, And her pale fire she snatches from the sun: The sea's a thief, whose liquid surge resolves The moon into salt tears: the earth's a thief, That feeds and breeds by a composture stolen From general excrement: each thing's a thief:

The laws, your curb and whip, in their rough power laway, Have uncheck'd theft. Love not yourselves;

Rob one another;-there's more gold;-cut throats; All that you meet are thieves. To Athens go,

Break open shops; nothing can you steal But thieves do lose it: steal not less for this I give you; and gold confound you howsoe'er! [TIMON retires to his cave. Amen.

3 Thief. Has almost charmed me from my profession by persuading me to it.

1 Thief. 'Tis in the malice of mankind that he thus advises us; not to have us thrive in our mystery

2 Thief. I'll believe him as an enemy, and

give over my trade.

r Thief. Let us first see peace in Athens: there is no time so miserable but a man may be Exeunt Thieves. true.

Enter FLAVIUS.

Flav. O you gods! Is you despis'd and ruinous man my lord? Full of decay and failing? O monument And wonder of good deeds evilly bestow'd! What an alteration of honour

Has desperate want made!

What viler thing upon the earth than friends Who can bring noblest minds to basest ends! How rarely does it meet with this time's guise, When man was wish'd to love his enemies! Grant I may ever love, and rather woo Those that would muschief me than those that do!-

Has caught me in his eve: I will present My honest grief unto him; and, as my lord, Still serve him with my life.-My dearest master!

TIMON comes forward from his cave.

Tim. Away! what art thou?

Flav. Have you forgot me, sir?
Tim. Why dost ask that? I have forgot all men:

Then, if thou grant'st thou'rt a man, I have forgot thee.

Flav. An honest poor servant of yours. Tim. Then I know thee not:

I ne'er had honest man about me, I; all

I kept were knaves, to serve in meat to villains. Flav. The gods are witness,

Ne'er did poor steward wear a truer grief For his undone lord than mine eyes for you.

Tim. What, dost thou weep?-come nearer; -then I love thee

Because thou art a woman, and disclaim'st Flinty mankind; whose eyes do never give But through lust and laughter. Pity's sleeping: Strange times, that weep with laughing, not

with weeping! Flav. I beg of you to know me, good my lord, wealth lasts,

To accept my grief, and, whilst this poor To entertain me as your steward still.

Tim. Had I a steward

So true, so just, and now so comfortable? It almost turns my dangerous nature mild. Let me behold thy face. Surely, this man Was born of woman.-

Forgive my general and exceptless rashness, You perpetual-sober gods! I do proclaim One honest man,-mistake me not,-but one; No more, I pray,—and he's a steward.— How fain would I have hated all mankind!

And thou redeem'st thyself, but all, save thee, I fell with curses.

Methinks thou art more honest now than wise: For by oppressing and betraying me

Thou might'st have sooner got another service. For many so arrive at second masters [true,-Upon their first lord's neck. But tell me For I must ever doubt, though ne'er so sure,-Is not thy kindness subtle, covetous,

If not a usuring kindness, and, as rich men

deal gifts, Expecting in return twenty for one? breast

Flav. No, my most worthy master; in whose Doubt and suspect, alas, are plac'd too late: You should have fear'd false times when you did feast:

Suspect still comes where an estate is least. That which I show, heaven knows, is merely

love, Duty, and zeal to your unmatched mind, Care of your food and hving; and, believe it,

My most honour'd lord, For any benefit that points to me.

Either in hope or present, I'd exchange

For this one wish,—that you had power and wealth

To requite me, by making rich yourself. Tim. Look thee, 'tis so!—Thou 'tis so!-Thou singly

honest man, Here, take:—the gods, out of my misery

Have sent thee treasure. Go, live rich and happy; But thus condition'd:-thou shalt build from

Hate all, curse all; show charity to none; But let the famish'd flesh slide from the bone

Ere thou relieve the beggar: give to dogs What thou deny'st to men, let prisons swallow 'em, [blasted woods,

Debts wither 'em to nothing: be men like And may diseases lick up their false bloods! And so, farewell and thrive.

O, let me stay, Flav. And comfort you, my master.

If thou hat'st curses. Tim. Stay not; but fly whilst thou'rt bless'd and free: Ne'er see thou man, and let me ne'er see thee.

[Exeunt severally.

ACT V.

Scene I .- The Woods. Before Timon's Cane.

Enter Poet and Painter: TIMON watching them from his cave.

Pain. As I took note of the place, it cannot be far where he abides.

Poet. What's to be thought of him? Does the rumour hold for true that he's so full of gold?

Pain. Certain: Alcibiades reports it; Phrynia and Timandra had gold of him: he likewise enriched poor straggling soldiers with great quantity: 'tis said he gave unto his steward a mighty sum.

Poet. Then this breaking of his has been but

a try for his friends. Pain. Nothing else: you shall see him a palm in Athens again, and flourish with the highest. Therefore, 'tis not amiss we tender our loves to him, in this supposed distress of his: it will show honestly in us; and is very likely to load our purposes with what they travail for, if it be a just and true report that goes of his having.

Poet. What have you now to present unto him?

Pain. Nothing at this time but my visitation: only I will promise him an excellent piece.

Poet. I must serve him so too, -tell him of

an intent that's coming toward him.

Pain. Good as the best. Promising is the very air o' the time: it opens the eyes of expectation: performance is ever the duller for his act; and but in the plainer and simpler kind of people the deed of saying is quite out of use To promise is most courtly and fashionable performance is a kind of will or testament which argues a great sickness in his judgment that makes it.

Tim. Excellent workman! thou canst not

paint a man so bad as is thyself.

Poet. I am thinking what I shall say I have provided for him: it must be a personating of himself: a satire against the softness of prosperity, with a discovery of the infinite flatteries that follow youth and opulency.

Tim. Must thou needs stand for a villain in

thine own work? wilt thou whip thine own faults in other men? Do so, I have gold for

thee.

Poet. Nay, let's seek him: Then do we sin against our own estate

When we may profit meet and come too late.

[night, Pain. True: When the day serves, before black-corner'd Find what thou want'st by free and offer'd light. Come. igod's gold,

What a Tim. I'll meet you at the turn. That he is worshipp'd in a baser temple Than where swine feed! [the foam: 'Tis thou that rigg'st the bark, and plough'st Settlest admired reverence in a slave:

To thee be worship! and thy saints for aye Be crown'd with plagues, that thee alone obey! Fit I meet them. [Advancing from his cave.

Poet. Hail, worthy Timon!

Pain. Our late noble master! Tim. Have I once liv'd to see two honest men?

Poet, Sir,

Having often of your open bounty tasted, Hearing you were retir'd, your friends fall'n off.

Whose thankless natures,—O abhorred spirits!-

Not all the whips of heaven are large enough: What! to you

Whose star-like nobleness gave life and influence

To their whole being! I am wrapt, and cannot But where one villain is, then him ahandon.

The monstrous bulk of this ingratitude With any size of words.

better: Tim. Let it go naked, men may see't the You that are honest, by being what you are, Make them best seen and known.

Pain. He and myself Have travail'd in the great shower of your gifts. And sweetly felt it.

Tim. Ay, you are honest men. Pain. We are hither come to offer you our service. [requite you?

Tim. Most honest men! Why, how shall I Can you eat roots, and drink cold water? no. Both. What we can do, we'll do, to do you service. have gold;

Tim. Ye're honest men: ye've heard that I I am sure you have: speak truth; ye're honest men.

Pain. So it is said, my noble lord: but therefore

Came not my friend nor I.

Tim. Good honest men!-Thou draw'st a counterfeit

Best in all Athens: those lively.

Thou counterfeit'st most lively.

So, so, my lord. Tim. E'en so, sir, as I say.--And, for thy fiction, To the Poet.

Why, thy verse swells with stuff so fine and smooth That thou art even natural in thine art.-

But for all this, my honest-natur'd friends, I must needs say you have a little fault: Marry, 'tis not monstrous in you; neither wish I You take much pains to mend.

Both. Beseech your honour

To make it known to us.

You'll take it ill. Tım.

Both. Most thankfully, my lord. Tım.

Will you indeed? Both. Doubt it not, worthy lord.

Tim. There's never a one of you but trusts a knave

That mightily deceives you.

Do we, my lord? Both. Tim. Ay, and you hear him cog, see him dissemble,

Know his gross patchery, love him, feed him, Keep in your bosom: yet remain assur'd That he's a made-up villain.

Pain. I know not such, my lord. Poet. Nor I.

Tim. Look you, I love you well; I'll give you gold,

Rid me these villains from your companies: Hang them or stab them, drown them in a

draught, Ime. Confound them by some course, and come to I'll give you gold enough.

Both. Name them, my lord; let's know them. Tim. You that way, you this,—but two

ın company: Each manapart, all single and alone,

Yet an arch-villain keeps him comapny. If where thou art two villains shall not be

To the Painter. Come not near him .- If thou wouldst not reside

To the Poet. Hence! pack! there's gold,-ye came for gold,

ye slaves: hence! You have done work for me, there's payment: You are an alchemist, make gold of that:-

Out, rascal dogs! Exit, beating and driving them out.

Enter FLAVIUS and two Senators.

Flav. It is in vain that you would speak · with Timon;

For he is set so only to himself That nothing but himself, which looks like man. Is friendly with him.

I Sen. Bring us to his cave: It is our part and promise to the Athenians To speak with Timon.

2 Sen. At all times alike Men are not still the same: 'twas time and

griefs hand, That fram'd him thus: time, with his fairer Offering the fortunes of his former days, The former man may make him. Bring us to hım,

And chance it as it may

Here is his cave.-

Peace and content be here! Lord Timon! Timon!

Look out, and speak to friends; the Athenians, By two of their most reverend senate, greet thee:

Speak to them, noble Timon.

TIMON comes from his cave.

Tim. Thou sun, that comfort'st, burn!— Speak and be hang'd:

For each true word a blister! and each false Be as a cauterizing to the root o' the tongue, Consuming it with speaking!

Worthy Timon,— Tim. Of none but such as you, and you of [Timon.

I Sen. The senators of Athens greet thee, Tim. I thank them; and would send them back the plague,

Could I but catch it for them.

O, forget What we are sorry for ourselves in thee. The senators with one consent of love Entreat thee back to Athens; who have thought On special dignities, which vacant lie

Toward thee forgetfulness too general, gross: Which now the public body,-which doth sel-

dom Play the recanter,—feeling in itself A lack of Timon's aid, hath sense withal Of its own fail, restraining and to Timon; And send forth us to make their sorrow'd

render, Together with a recompense more fruitful Than their offence can weigh down by the dram; Ay, even such heaps and sums of love and wealth As shall to thee blot out what wrongs were theirs, And write in thee the figures of their love, Even to read them thine.

Tim. You witch me in it; Surprise me to the very brink of tears: Lend me a fool's heart and a woman's eyes. And I'll beweep these comforts, worthy senators.

I Sen. Therefore so please thee to return with us.

And of our Athens,-thine and ours,-to take The captainship, thou shalt be met with thanks, Allow'd with absolute power, and thy good name Live with authority:—so soon we shall drive back Of Alcibiades the approaches wild; Who, like a boar too savage, doth root up

His country's peace.

2 Sen. And shakes his threat'ning sword Against the walls of Athens.

ı Sen. Therefore, Timon,-Tim. Well, sir, I will; therefore, I will, sir; thus,

If Alcibiades kill my countrymen,

Let Alcibiades know this of Timon, [Athens, That Timon cares not. But if he sack fair And take our goodly aged men by the beards. Giving our holy virgins to the stain

Of Contumelious, beastly, mad-brain'd war; Then let him know,—and tell him Timon speaks it.

In pity of our aged and our youth,-I cannot choose but tell him that I care not. And let him tak't at worst: for their knives care not,

While you have throats to answer; for myself, There's not a whittle in the unruly camp But I do prize it at my love, before The reverend st throat in Athens. So I leave To the protection of the prosperous gods, As thieves to keepers.

Flav. Stay not, all's in vain. Tim. Why, I was writing of my epitaph; It will be seen to-morrow my long sickness Of health and living now begins to mend, And nothing brings me all things. Go, live still:

Be Alcibiades your plague, you his,

And last so long enough! 1 Sen. We speak in vain.

Tim. But yet I love my country; and am not One that rejoices in the common wreck, As common bruit doth put it.

I Sen. That's well spoke. Tim. Commend me to my loving countrymen,-

I Sen. These words become your lips as they triumphers pass through them. 2 Sen. And enter in our ears like great

In their applauding gates.

Commend me to them: And tell them that, to ease them of their griefs, Their fears of hostile strokes, their aches, losses, Their pangs of love, with other incident throes That nature's fragile vessel doth sustain In hie's uncertain voyage, I will some kindness

do them,-I'll teach them to prevent wild Alcibiades' 1 Sen. I like this well; he will return again.

Tim. I have a tree, which grows here in my close. That mine own use invites me to cut down,

And shortly must I fell it: tell my friends, Tell Athens, in the sequence of degree, From high to low throughout, that whose please To stop affliction, let him take his halter, Come hither, ere my tree hath felt the axe, And hang himself.—I pray you, do my greeting

Flav. Trouble him no further; thus you still shall find him. Athens.

Tim. Come not to me again: but say to Timon hath made his everlasting mansion Upon the beached verge of the salt flood; Who once a day with his embossed froth The turbulent surge shall cover: thither come, And let my grave-stone be your oracle.-Lips, let sour words go by and language end: What is amiss, plague and infection mend!

Graves only be men's works and death their gain!

Sun, hide thy beams! Timon hath done his Till now you have gone on, and fill'd the time reign.

Retires to his cave. 1 Sen. His discontents are unremovably

Coupled to nature.

2 Sen. Our hope in him is dead: let us return, And strain what other means is left unto us In our dear peril.

It requires swift foot. 1 Sen. Exeunt.

Scene II .- The Walls of Athens.

Enter two Senators and a Messenger.

I Sen. Thou hast painfully discover'd: are his files

As full as thy report?

I have spoke the least: Mess. Besides, his expedition promises Present approach. [not Timon. 2 Sen. We stand much hazard if they bring Mess. I met a courier, one mine ancient

friend;

Whom, though in general part we were oppos'd, Yet our old love had a particular force, And made us speak like friends:—this man was

riding From Alcibiades to Timon's cave With letters of entreaty, which imported His fellowship i' the cause against your city, In part for his sake mov'd.

r Sen. Here come our brothers.

Enter Senators from TIMON.

3 Sen. No talk of Timon, nothing of him expect .-The enemies' drum is heard, and fearful scour-

ing Doth choke the air with dust: in, and prepare: Ours is the fall, I fear; our foes the snare. Exeunt.

Scene III .- The Woods. Timon's Cave, and a rude Tomb seen.

Enter a Soldier seeking TIMON.

Sold. By all description this should be the place. lis this? Who's here? speak, ho!-No answer?-What Timon is dead, who hath outstretch'd his span: Some beast rear'd this; there does not live a [tomb man.

Dead, sure; and this his grave, -what's on this I cannot read; the character I'll take with wax: Our captain hath in every figure skill, An ag'd interpreter, though young in days:

Before proud Athens he's set down by this, Whose fall the mark of his ambition is. [Exit.

Scene IV .- Before the Walls of Athens. Trumpets sound. Enter ALCIBIADES and Forces.

Alcib. Sound to this coward and lascivious Our terrible approach.

Enter Senators on the Walls.

With all licentious measure, making your wills The scope of justice; till now, myself, and such As slept within the shadow of your power, Have wander'd with our travers'd arms, and

breath'd

Our sufferance vainly. Now the time is flush, When crouching marrow, in the bearer strong, Cries, of itself, No more: now breathless wrong Shall sit and pant in your great chairs of ease; And pursy insolence shall break his wind With fear and horrid flight.

. I Sen. Noble and young, When thy first griefs were but a mere conceit. Ere thou hadst power or we had cause of fear, We sent to thee, to give thy rages balm, To wipe out our ingratutude with loves Above their quantity.

So did we woo 2 Sen. Transformed Timon to our city's love By humble message and by promis'd means: We were not all unkind, nor all deserve

The common stroke of war.

These walls of ours r Sen. Were not erected by their hands from whom You have receiv'd your griefs: nor are they such That these great towers, trophies, and schools should fall

For private faults in them. 2 Sen.

Nor are they living Who were the motives that you first went out; Shame, that they wanted cunning, in excess, Hath broke their hearts. March, noble lord. Into our city with thy banners spread: By decimation and a tithed death,-If thy revenges hunger for that food Which nature loathes,—take thou the destin'd And by the hazard of the spotted die Let die the spotted.

I Sen. All have not offended: For those that were, it is not square to take. On those that are, revenges: crimes, like lands, Are not inherited. Then, dear countryman, Bring in thy ranks, but leave without thy rage: Spare thy Athenian cradle, and those kin Which, in the bluster of thy wrath, must fall With those that have offended: like a shepherd Approach the fold and cull the infected forth. But kill not altogether.

What thou wilt, 2 Sen. Thou rather shalt enforce it with thy smile Than hew to't with thy sword.

1 Sen. Set but thy foot. Against our rampir'd gates and they shall ope; So thou wilt send thy gentle heart before To say thou'lt enter friendly.

Throw thy glove, 2 Sen. Or any token of thine honour else, That thou wilt use the wars as thy redress, And not as our confusion, all thy powers Shall make their harbour in our town till we Have seal'd thy full desire.

Then there's my glove; Descend, and open your uncharg'd ports; Those enemies of Timon's and mine own, Whom you yourselves shall set out for reproof, Fall, and no more: and,-to atone your fears [A parley sounded. With my more noble meaning,—not a man

Shall pass his quarter or offend the stream Of regular justice in your city's bounds, But shall be render'd to your public laws

But shall be leaded.
At heaviest answer.
Both.
Alcib. Descend, and keep your words.
[The Senators descend and open the gates.

Enter a Soldier.

Sol. My noble general, Timon is dead; Entomb'd upon the very hem o' the sea; And on his grave-stone this insculpture, which With wax I brought away, whose soft impression

Interprets for my poor ignorance.

Alcib. [Reads.] Here lies a wretched corse, of wretched soul bereft:
Seek not my name: a blaque consume you wicked

Seek not my name: a plague consume you wicked Let our drums strike.
caitiffs left!

Here lie I, Timon; who, alive, all living men did hate: Pass by, and curse thy fill; but pass, and stay

not here thy gait.

These well express in thee thy latter spirits:
Though thou abhorr dst in us our human griefs,
Scorn'dst our brain's flow, and those our

droplets which
From niggard nature fall, yet rich conceit
Taught thee to make yast Neptune weep for aye
On thy low grave, on faults forgiven. Dead
Is noble Timon: of whose memory
Hereafter more.—Bring me into your city.

Hereafter more.—Bring me into your city, And I will use the clive with my sword: Make war breed peace; make peace stunt war; make each

Prescribe to other, as each other's leech.

Exeunt.

CORIOLANUS

PERSONS REPRESENTED

CAIUS MARCIUS CORIOLANUS, a noble Roman A Citizen of Antium. TITUS LARTIUS, Generals against the Volscians. MENENIUS AGRIPPA Friend to CORIOLANUS. SICINIUS VELUTUS, Tribunes of the People. JUNIUS BRUTUS,
YOUNG MARCIUS, Son to CORIOLANUS. A Roman Herald.

TULLUS AUFIDIUS, General of the Volscians. Lieutenant to AUFIDIUS. Conspirators with AUFIDIUS.

ACT I.

Scene I .- Rome. A Street.

Enter a company of mutinous Citizens, with staves, clubs, and other weapons.

r Cit. Before we proceed any further, hear me speak.

Citizens. Speak, speak. I Cit. You are all resolved rather to die

than to famish? Citizens. Resolved, resolved.
1 Cit. First, you know Caius Marcius is chief enemy to the people.

Citizens. We know't, we know't. r Cit. Let us kill him, and we'll have corn

at our own price. Is't a verdict? Citizens. No more talking on't; let it be

done: away, away!

Two Volscian Guards.

Volumnia, Mother to Coriolanus. Virgilia, Wife to Coriolanus. Valeria, Friend to Virgilia. Gentlewoman attending on VIRGILIA.

Roman and Volscian Senators, Patricians. Ædiles, Lictors, Soldiers, Citizens, Messengers, Servants to AUFIDIUS, and other Attendants.

Scene,-Partly in Rome, and partly in the Territories of the Volscians and Antiates.

would relieve us: if they would yield us but the superfluity, while it were wholesome, we might guess they relieved us humanely; but they think we are too dear: the leanness that afflicts us, the object of our misery, is an inventory to particularize their abundance; our sufferance is a gain to them.—Let us revenge this with our pikes ere we become rakes: for the gods know I speak this in hunger for bread, not in thirst for revenge.

2 Cit. Would you proceed especially against Caius Marcius?

I Cit. Against him first: he's a very dog to the commonalty.

2 Cit. Consider you what services he has

done for his country?

I Cit. Very well; and could be content to give him good report for't, but that he pays himself with being proud.

2 Cit. One word, good citizens.

I Cit. We are accounted poor citizens; the patricians good. What authority surfeits on famously he did it to that end: though soft-

for his country, he did it to please his mother, and to be partly proud; which he is, even to the altitude of his virtue.

2 Cit. What he cannot help in his nature you account a vice in him. You must in no

way say he is covetous.

I Cit. If I must not, I need not be barren of accusations; he hath faults, with surplus, to tire in repetition. [Shouts within.] what shouts are these? The other side o' the city is risen: why stay we prating here? to the Capitol! Citizens. Come, come.

1 Cit. Soft! who comes here?
2 Cit. Worthy Menenius Agrippa; one that hath always loved the people.

r Cit. He's one honest enough; would all the rest were so!

Enter MENENIUS AGRIPPA.

Men. What work's, my countrymen, in hand? where go you With bats and clubs? the matter? speak, I

pray you.

1 Cit. Our business is not unknown to the senate; they have had inkling this fortnight what we intend to do, which now we'll show 'em in deeds. They say poor suitors have strong breaths; they shall know we have strong arms too.

Men. Why, masters, my good friends, mine honest neighbours,

Will you undo yourselves?

r Cit. We cannot, sir, we are undone already. Men. I tell you, friends, most charitable care Have the patricians of you. For your wants, Your suffering in this dearth, you may as well Strike at the heaven with your staves as lift them Against the Roman state; whose course will on The way it takes, cracking ten thousand curbs Of more strong link asunder than can ever Appear in your impediment: for the dearth, The gods, not the patricians, make it; and Your knees to them, not arms, must help. Alack.

You are transported by calamity slander Thither where more attends you; and you The helms o' the state, who care for you like fathers,

When you curse them as enemies.

r Cit. Care for us! True, indeed! They ne'er cared for us yet. Suffer us to famish, and their storehouses crammed with grain; make edicts for usury, to support usurers; repeal daily any wholesome act established against the rich; and provide more piercing statutes daily, to chain up and restrain the poor. If the wars eat us not up, they will; and there's all the love they bear us.

Men. Either you must Confess yourselves wondrous malicious, Or be accus'd of folly. I shall tell you A pretty tale: it may be you have heard it; But, since it serves my purpose, I will venture To stale't a little more.

I Cit. Well, I'll hear it, sir: yet you must not think to fob-off our disgrace with a tale: but, an't please you, deliver.

Men. There was a time when all the body's members

conscienced men can be content to say it was Rebell'd against the belly; thus accus'd it:-That only like a gulf it did remain

I' the midst o' the body, idle and unactive, Still cupboarding the viand, never bearing Like labour with the rest; where the other

instruments Did see and hear, devise, instruct, walk, feel, And, mutually participate, did minister Unto the appetite and affection common Of the whole body. The belly answered,

I Cit. Well, sir, what answer made the belly? Men. Sir, I shall tell you.-With a kind of

Which ne'er came from the lungs, but even For, look you, I may make the belly smile As well as speak,—it tauntingly replied To the discontented members, the mutinous

That envied his receipt; even so most fitly As you malign our senators for that

They are not such as you.

Your belly's answer? What! I Cit. The kingly-crowned head, the vigilant eye, The counsellor heart, the arm our soldier, Our steed the leg, the tongue our trumpeter, With other muniments and petty helps With other municipals and they,—
In this other fabric, if that they,—
What then?—

Fore me, this fellow speaks!-what then? [restrain'd what then? I Cit. Should by the cormorant belly be

Who is the sink o' the body,—
Well, what then?

I Cit. The former agents, if they did com-

What could the belly answer? I will tell you; Men. If you'll bestow a small,—of what you have

little. Patience awhile, you'll hear the belly's answer

I Cit. You are long about it.

Men. Note me this, good friend; Your most grave belly was deliberate, Not rash like his accusers, and thus answer'd: True is it, my incorporate friends, quoth he, That I receive the general food at first Which you do live upon; and fit it is, Because I am the storehouse and the shop Of the whole body: but, if you do remember, I send it through the rivers of your blood, Even to the court, the heart,-to the seat o' the

And, through the cranks and offices of man, The strongest nerves and small inferior veins From me receive that natural competency Whereby they live: and though that all at once You, my good friends,—this says the belly,—

mark me,

r Cit. Ay, sir; well, well. Though all at once cannot Men. See what I do deliver out to each,

Yet I can make my audit up, that all From me do back receive the flour of all, And leave me but the bran. What say you to't?

I Cit. It was an answer: how apply you this? Men. The senators of Rome are this good belly,

and you the mutinous members: for, examine Their counsels and their cares; digest things rightly

Touching the weal o' the common; you shall Yet are they passing cowardly. But, I beseech find

No public benefit which you receive But it proceeds or comes from them to you, Andnowayfrom yourselves. - Whatdo youthink. You, the great toe of this assembly?

I Cit. I the great toe? why the great toe?

Men. For that, being one o' the lowest, basest, poorest,

Of this most wise rebellion, thou go'st foremost: Thou rascal, that art worst in blood to run, Lead'st first to win some vantage.-

But make you ready your stiff bats and clubs: Rome and her rats are at the point of battle; The one side must have bale.-

Enter CAIUS MARCIUS.

Hail, noble Marcius! Mar. Thanks.-What's the matter, you dissentious rogues,

That, rubbing the poor itch of your opinion,

Make yourselves scabs?

I Cit. We have ever your good word. Mar. He that will give good words to ye will flatter [curs,

Beneath abhorring.—What would you have, you That like nor peace nor war? The one affrights vou

The other makes you proud. He that trusts to Where he should find you lions finds you hares; Where foxes, geese: you are no surer, no, Than is the coal of fire upon the ice, Or hallstone in the sun. Your virtue is [him,

To make him worthy whose offence subdues And curse that justice did it. Who deserves greatness

Deserves your hate; and your affections are A sick man's appetite, who desires most that Which would increase his evil. He that depends Upon your favours swims with fins of lead, And hews down oaks with rushes. Hang ye! Trust ye!

With every minute you do change a mind; And call him noble that was now your hate, Him vile that was your garland. What's the matter,

That in these several places of the city You cry against the noble senate, who, Under the gods, keep you in awe, which else Would feed on one another?—What's their seeking? [they say,

they say, Men. For corn at thir own rates; whereof, The city is well stor'd.

Mar. Hang'em! They say! They'll sit by the fire and presume to know What's done i' the Capitol; who's like to rise, Who thrives and who declines; side factions, and give out

Conjectural marriages; making parties strong, And feebling such as stand not in their liking Below their cobbled shoes. They say there's

grain enough! Would the nobility lay aside their ruth And let me use my sword, I'd make a quarry With thousands of these quarter'd slaves, as high

As I could pick my lance. Men. Nay, these are almost thoroughly persuaded:

. For though abundantly they lack discretion,

you,

What says the other troop?

They are dissolved: hang 'em! Mar. They said they were an-hungry; sigh'd forth proverbs,-

That hunger broke stone walls, that dogs must That meat was made for mouths, that the gods sent not

Corn for the rich men only:-with these shreds They vented their complainings; which being answer'd,

And a petition granted them,—a strange one.

To break the heart of generosity,

And make bold power look pale, they threw their caps moon, As they would hang them on the horns o' the

Shouting their emulation. Men.

What is granted them? Mar. Five tribunes, to defend their vulgar wisdoms,

Of their own choice: one's Junius Brutus, Sicinius Velutus, and I know not .- 'Sdeath! The rabble should have first unroof'd the city Ere so prevail'd with me: it will in time

Win upon power, and throw forth greater themes

For insurrection's arguing Men. This is strange. Mar. Go, get you home, you fragments!

Enter a Messenger, hastily.

Mess. Where's Caius Marcius? Here: what's the matter? Mar. Mess. The news is, sir, that Volsces are in

arms. [to vent Mar. I am glad on't: then we shall ha' means Our musty superfluity.—See, our best elders.

Enter Cominius, Titus Lartius, and other Senators; JUNIUS BRUIGS and SICINIUS VELUTUS.

I Sen. Marcius, 'tis true that you have lately told us,-

The Volsces are in arms.

They have a leader, Mar. Tullus Aufidius, that will put you to't.

I sin in envying his nobility; And were I anything but what I am,

I would wish me only he.

Com.

You have fought together.

Mar. Were half to half the world by the ears, and he

Upon my party, I'd revolt, to make Only my wars with him: he is a lion That I am proud to hunt.

I Sen. Then, worthy Marcius,

Attend upon Cominius to these wars. Com. It is your former promise.

Mar. Sir, it is: And I am constant.—Titus Lartius, thou Shalt see me once more strike at Tullus' face. What, art thou stiff? stand'st out?

No, Caius Marcius; Tit. I'll lean upon one crutch and fight with the other

Ere stay behind this business.

O, true bred! Men.

I Sen. Your company to the Capitol; where Whether for east or west: the dearth is great;
I know, The people mutinous: and it is rumour'd.

Our greatest friends attend us.

Tit. Lead you on: Follow, Cominius; we must follow you; Right worthy your priority.

Com. Noble Marcius!

1 Sen. Hence to your homes; be gone!

[To the Citizens.

Mar. Nay, let them follow: The Volsces have much corn; take these rats

thither
To gnaw their garners.—Worshipful mutineers.

Your valour puts well forth: pray, follow.

[Exeunt Senators, Com., Mar., Tit.,
and Menen. Citizens steal away.

Sic. Was ever man so proud as is this Marcius?

Bru. He has no equal. [people,—

Sic. When we were chosen tribunes for the

Bru. Mark'd you his hy and eyes?

Sic. Nay, but his taunts.

Bru. Being mov'd, he will ot spare to gird

the gods.

Sic. Be-mock the modest moon.

Bru. The present wars devour him: he is

grown Too proud to be so valiant.

Sic. Such a nature, Tickled with good success, disdains the shadow Which he treads on at noon: but I do wonder His insolence can brook to be commanded Under Cominius.

Bru. Fame, at the which he aims,—In whom already he is well grac'd,—cannot Better be held, nor more attain'd, than by A place below the first: for what miscarries Shall be the general's fault though he perform To the utmost of a man; and giddy censure Will then cry out of Marcius, O, if he Had borne the business!

Sic. Besides, if things go well, Opinion, that so sticks on Marcius, shall Of his demerits rob Cominius.

Bru. Come: Half all Cominius' honours are to Marcius, Though Marcius earn'd them not; and all his

Though Marcius earn'd them not; and an ms faults

To Marcius shall be honours, though, indeed,

In aught he merit not.

Sic.

Let's hence, and hear
How the despatch is made; and in what fashion,

How the despatch is made; and in what fashion More than in singularity, he goes Upon this present action.

Bru. Let's along.

SCENE II.—CORIOLI. The Senate House.

Exeunt.

Enter TULLUS AUFIDIUS and certain Senators.

1 Sen. So, your opinion is, Aufidius,

r Sen. So, your opinion is, Aufidius,
That they of Rome are enter'd in our counsels,
And know how we proceed.
Auf. Is it not yours?

What ever hath been thought on in this state, That could be brought to bodyl act ere Rome Had circumvention! 'This not four days gone Since I heard thence' these are the words: I

I have the letter here; yes here it is: [Reads. sons, each in my love alike, and none less dear They have press'd power, but it is not known than thine and my good Marcius, I had rather

Whether for east or west: the dearth is great; The people mutinous: and it is numour'd, Cominius, Marcius your old enemy,— Who is of Ron e worse hated than of you,— And Titus Lartius, a most valiant Roman, These three lead on this preparation Whither 'tis bent: most likely 'tis for you: Consider of it.

I Sen. Our army's in the field: We never yet made doubt but Rome was ready To answer us.

Auf. Nor did you think it folly
To keep your great pretences veil'd till when
They needs must show themselves; which in
the hatching,

It seem'd, appear'd to Rome. By the discovery We shall be shorten'd in our aim; which was, To take in many towns ere, almost, Rome Should know we were afoot.

2 Sen. Noble Aufidius, Take your commission; hie you to your bands: Let us alone to guard Corioli:

If they set down before's, for the remove Bring up your army; but I think you'll find They've not prepar'd for us.

Auf. O, doubt not that; I speak from certainties. Nay, more, Some parcels of their power are forth already, And only hitherward. I leave your honours. If we and Caius Marcius chance to meet, 'Tis sworn between us we shal ever strike Till one can do no more.

All. The gods assist you!
Auf. And keep your honours safe!
I Sen. Farewell.
2 Sen. Farewell.
[Exeunt.

Scene III.—Rome. An Apartment in Marcius' House.

Enter Volumnia and Virgilia: they sit down on two low stools and sew.

Vol. I pray you, daughter, sing, or express yourself in a more comfortable sort: if my son were my husband, I should freeher rejoice in that absence wherein he won honour than in the embracements of his bed where he would show most love. When yet he was but tenderbodied, and the only son of my womb; when youth with comeliness plucked all gaze his way; when, for a day of king's entreaties, a mother should not sell him an hour from her beholding; I,—considering how honour would become such a person; that it was no better than picture-like to hang by the wall if renown made it not stir,—was pleased to let him seek danger where he was like to find fame. To a cruel war I sent him; from whence he returned, his brows bound with oak. I tell thee, daughter, I sprang not more in joy at first hearing he was a man-child than now in first seeing he had proved himself a man.

Vir. But had he died in the business, madam? how then?

Vol. Then his good report should have been my son; I therein would have found issue. Hear me profess sincerely,—had I a doze sons, each in my love alike, and none less dear than thine and my zood Marcius. I had rather

had eleven die nobly for their country than one voluntuously surfeit out of action.

Enter a Gentlewoman.

Gent. Madam, the Lady Valeria is come to myself. visit you.

Vir. Beseech you, give me leave to retire

Vol. Indeed you shall not.

Methinks I hear hither your husband's drum; See him pluck Aufidius down by the hair; As children from a bear, the Volsces shunning him:

Methinks I see him stamp thus, and call thus,-Come on, you cowards! you were got in fear Though you were born in Rome: his bloody brow With his mail'd hand then wiping, forth he goes, Like to a harvest-man that's task'd to mow

Or all, or lose his hire.

Vir. His bloody brow! O Jupiter, no blood! Vol. Away, you fool! it more becomes a

man

Than gilt his trophy: the breasts of Hecuba When she did suckle Hector, look'd not lovelier Than Hector's forehead when it spit forth blood At Grecian swords contending.—Tell Valeria We are fit to bid her welcome. [Exit Gent.

Vir. Heavens bless my lord from fell Aufidius! Vol. He'll beat Aufidius' head below his knee, And tread upon his neck.

Re-enter Gentlewoman, with VALERIA and her Usher.

Val. My ladies both, good-day to you. Vol. Sweet madam.

Vir. I am glad to see your ladyship. Val. How do you both? you are manifest housekeepers. What are you sewing here? A fine spot, in good faith.-How does your little son?

Vir. I thank your ladyship; well, good madam. Vol. He had rather see the swords and hear a drum than look upon his schoolmaster.

Val. O' my word, the father's son: I'll swear 'tis a very pretty boy. O' my troth, I looked upon him o' Wednesday half an hour together: has such a confirmed countenance. I saw him run after a gilded butterfly; and when he caught it he let it go again; and after it again; and over and over he comes, and up again; catched it again; or whether his fall enraged him, or how 'twas, he did so set his teeth and tear it; O, I warrant, how he mammocked it!

Vol. One on's father's moods.

Val. Indeed, la, 'tis a noble child.

Vir. A crack, madam.

Val. Come, lay aside your stitchery; I must have you play the idle housewife with me this afternoon.

Vir. No, good madam; I will not out of doors.

Val. Not out of doors!

Vol. She shall, she shall

Vir. Indeed, no, by your patience; I'll not over the threshold till my lord return from the

Val. Fie, you confine yourself most un-reasonably; come, you must go visit the good lady that lies in.

Vir. I will wish her speedy strength, and visit her with my prayers; but I cannot go thither.

Vol. Why, I pray you? Vir. 'Tis not to save labour, nor that I want love.

Val. You would be another Penelope: vet they say all the yarn she spun in Ulysses' absence did but fill Ithaca full of moths. Come: I would your cambric were sensible as your finger, that you might leave pricking it for pity.—Come, you shall go with us.

Vir. No, good madam, pardon me; indeedI

will not forth.

Val. In truth, la, go with me; and I'll tell you excellent news of your husband.

Vir. O, good madam, there can be none yet. Val. Verily, I do not jest with you; there came news from him last night.

Vir. Indeed, madam?
Val. In earnest, it's true; I heard a senator speak it. Thus it is:-The Volsces have an army forth; against whom Cominius the general is gone, with one part of our Roman power: your lord and Titus Lartius are set down before their city Corioli, they nothing doubt prevailing, and to make it brief wars. This is true, on mine honour; and so, I pray, go with us.

Vir. Give me excuse, good madam; I will

obey you in everything hereafter.

Vol. Let her alone, lady; as she is now, she

will but disease our better mirth.

Val. In troth, I think she would .- Fare you well, then .- Come, good sweet lady .- Pr'ythee, Virgilia, turn thy solemness out o' door, and

go along with us.

Vir. No, at a word, madam; indeed I must not. I wish you much mirth.

Val. Well, then, farewell. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Before Corioli.

Enter, with drums and colours, MARCIUS, TITUS LARTIUS, Officers, and Soldiers.

Mar. Yonder comes news:-a wager they have met.

have me..

Lart. My horse to yours, no.
'Tis done.

Agreed.

Enter a Messenger.

Mar. Say, has our general met the enemy? Mess. They he in view; but have not spoke

as yet.

Lart.

Lart. So, the good horse is mine.

Mar. I'll buy him of you. Lart. No. I'll nor sell nor give him: lend you him I will

For half a hundred years.—Summon the town.

Mar. How far off he these armies? Mess. Within this mile and half.

Mar. Then shall we hear their 'larum, and they ours. Now, Mars, I pr'ythee, make us quick in work,

That we with smoking swords may march from hence blast.

To help our fielded friends!-Come, blow thy

They sound a parley. Enter, on the Walls, some Senators and others.

Tullus Aufidius, is he within your walls? [he, I Sen. No, nor a man that fears you less than That's lesser than a little. Hark, our drums [Drums afar off.

Are bringing forth our youth! we'll break our walls.

Rather than they shall pound us up: our gates, Which yet seem shut, we have but pinn'd with rushes:

They'll open of themselves. Hark you far off!
[Alarum afar off.
There is Aufidius; list what work he makes
Amongst your cloven army.

Mar. O, they are at it!

Lart. Their noise be our instruction.—

Ladders, ho!
The Volsces enter and pass over.

Mar. They fear us not, but issue forth their city. [fight Now put your shields before your hearts, and With hearts more proof than shields.—Ad-

vance, brave Titus: They do disdain us much beyond our thoughts, Which makes me sweat with wrath.—Come

on, my fellows:

He that retires I'll take him for a Volsce, And he shall feel mine edge.

Alarums, and exeunt Romans and Volsces fighting. The Romans are beaten back to their trenches. Re-enter MARCIUS.

Mar. All the contagion of the south light on you, or plagues. You shames of Rome!—you herd of—Boils and Plaster you o'er, that you may be abhorr'd Further than seen, and one infect another Against the wind a mile! You souls of geese,

That bear the shapes of men, how have you run [and hell!
From slaves that apes would beat! Pluto

All hurt behind; backs red, and faces pale
With flight and agued fear! Mend, and charge
home,
Or, by the fires of heaven, I'll leave the foe

Or, by the fires of heaven, I'll leave the foe And make my wars on you: look to't: come on; If you'll stand fast we'll beat them to their wives.

As they us to our trenches followed.

Another alarum. The Volsces and Romans re-enter, and the fight is renewed. The Volsces retire into Corioli, and MARCIUS follows them to the gates.

So, now the gates are ope:—now prove good seconds:

'Tis for the followers fortune widens them, Not for the fliers: mark me, and do the like. [He enters the gates.

r Sol. Fool-hardiness: not I. 2 Sol. Nor I.

[MARCIUS is shut in. r Sol. See, they have shut him in.

All. To the pot, I warrant him.

[Alarum continues.

Re-enter TITUS LARTIUS.

Lart. What is become of Marcius?
All. Slain, sir, doubtless.
x Sol. Following the fliers at the very heels.
Which them he enters; who, upon the sudden,
Clapp'd-to their gates: he is himself alone,

To answer all the city.

Lart. O noble fellow! Who, sensible, outdares his senseless sword, And when it bows stand up! Thou art left,

Marcius:
A carbuncle entire, as big as thou art,
Were not so rich a jewel. Thou wast a soldier

were not so rich a jewel. Thou wast a soldier
Even to Cato's wish, not fierce and termble
Only in strokes; but with thy grim looks and
The thunder-like percussion of thy sounds
Thou mad'st thine enemies shake, as if the
world

Were feverous and did tremble.

Re-enter Marcius, bleeding, assaulted by the enemy.

r Sol. Look, sir.

Lart. O, 'tis Marcius!
Let's fetch him off, or make remain alike.
[They fight, and all enter the city.

Scene V .- Within Corioli. A Street.

Enter certain Romans, with spoils.

1 Rom. This will I carry to Rome.

2 Rom. And I this.
3 Rom. A murrain on't! I took this for silver,
[Alarum continues still afar off.

plagues

Boils and Enter Marcius and Titus Lartius with a short'd trumpet.

Mar. See here these movers that do prize their hours

At a crack'd drachm! Cushions, leaden spoons Irons of a doit, doublets that hangmen would Bury with those that wore them, these base slaves, [with them!—

Ere yet the fight be done, pack up:—down And hark, what noise the general makes!—To him!—

There is the man of my soul's hate, Aufidius, Piercing our Romans: then, valiant Titus, take Convenient numbers to make good the city; Whilst I, with those that have the spirit, will haste

To help Cominius

Lart. Worthy sir, thou bleed'st; Thy exercise hath been too violent for A second course of fight.

Mar. Sir, praise me not; My work hath yet not warm'd me: fare you

well: The blood I drop is rather physical

Than dangerous to me: to Aufidius thus I will appear, and fight.

Lart. Now the fair goddess, Fortune, Fall deep in love with thee; and her great charms [man,

Misguide thy opposers' swords! Bold gentle-Prosperity be thy page!

Mar. Thy friend no less
Than those she placeth highest!—So farewell.
Lart. Thou worthiest Marcius!—

[Exit Marcius. Go, sound thy trumpet in the market-place; Call thither all the officers o' the town,

Where they shall know our mind: away!

[Execunt.

Scene VI.—Near the Camp of Cominius.

Enter Cominius and Forces, retreating.

Com. Breathe you, my friends: well fought; we are come off

Like Romans, neither foolish in our stands Nor cowardly in retire: believe me, sirs, We shall be charg'd again. Whiles we have

struck,
By interims and conveying gusts we have heard
The charges of our friends. Ye Roman gods,
Lead their successes as we wish our own,
That both our powers, with smiling fronts

encountering,
May give you thankful sacrifice!-

Enter a Messenger.

Thy news?

Mess. The citizens of Corioli have issued,
And given to Lartius and to Marcius battle:
I saw our party to their trenches driven,

And then I came away.

Com. Though thou speak'st truth,

Methinks thou speak'st not well. How long

is't since?

Mess. Above an hour, my lord. Com. 'Tis not a mile; briefly we heard their

drums:
How couldst thou in a mile confound an hour.

How couldst thou in a mile confound an hour, And bring thy news so late?

Mess. Spies of the Volsces Held me in chase, that I was forc'd to wheel Three or four mines about; else had I, sir, Half en hour since brought my report.

Half an hour since brought my report.

Com. Who's yonder,
That does appear as he were flay'd? O gods!
He has the stamp of Marcius; and I have

Before-time seen him thus.

Mar. [Within.] Come I too late?

Com. The shepherd knows not thunder from a tabor Morethan I know the sound of Marcius' tongue

Morethan I know the sound of Marcius' tongue From every meaner man.

Enter MARCIUS.

Mar. Come I too late?
Com. Ay, if you come not in the blood of others,

But mantled in your own.

Mar. O! let me clip you In arms as sound as when I woo'd; in heart As merry as when our nuptial day was done, And tapers burn'd to bedward!

Com. Flower of warriors,

How is't with Titus Lartius?

Mar. As with a man busied about decrees:

Condemning some to death and some to exile; Ransoming him or pitying, threat'ning the other;

Holding Corioli in the name of Rome, Even like a fawning greyhound in the leash, To let him slip at will.

Com. Where is that slave
Which told me they had beat you to your
trenches?

Where's he? call him hither.

Mar. Let him alone; He did inform the truth: but for our gentlemen, The common file,—a plague!—tribunes for them!— [budge
The mouse ne'er shunn'd the cat as they did

From rascals worse than they.

Com.

But how prevail'd you?

Mar. Will the time serve to tell? I do not

Where is the enemy? are you lords o' the field? If not, why cease you till you are so?

Com. Marcius, We have at disadvantage fought, and did

Retire, to win our purpose.

Mar. How lies their battle? know you on

which side
They have placed their men of trust?
Com. As I guess, Marcius,
Their bands in the vaward are the Antiates,

Of their best trust; o'er them Aufidius, Their very heart of hope.

Mar. I do beseech you,
By all the battles wherein we have fought,
By the blood we have shed together, by the
yows

We have made to endure friends, that you directly

Set me against Aufidius and his Antiates; And that you not delay the present, but, Filling the air with swords advanc'd and darts, We prove this very hour.

Com.

Though I could wish
You were conducted to a gentlo bath,
And balms applied to you, yet dare I never

Deny your asking: take your choice of those That best can aid your action.

Mar. Those are they That most are willing.—If any such be here.—As it were sin to doubt,—that love this painting Wherein you see me smear d; if any fear Lesser his person than an ill report;

If any think brave death outweighs bad life, And that his country's dearer than himself; Let him alone, or so many so minded,

Wave thus [waving his hand], to express his disposition,

And follow Marcius.

[They all shout, and wave their swords; take him up in their arms, and cast up their caps.

O, me alone! make you a sword of me?
If these shows be not outward, which of you
But is four Volsces? none of you but is
Able to bear against the great Aufidius

A shield as hard as his. A certain number, Though thanks to all, must I select from all: the rest

Shall bear the business in some other fight, As cause will be obey'd. Please you to march; And four shall quickly draw out my command, Which men are best inclin'd.

Com. March on, my fellows: Make good this ostentation, and you shall Divide in all with us. [Exeunt.

Scene VII .- The Gates of Corioli.

TITUS LARTIUS, having set a guard upon Corioli, going with drum and trumpet towards COMMIUS and CAIUS MARCIUS, enters with a Lieutenant, a party of Soldiers, and a Scout.

Lart. So, let the ports be guarded: keep your duties

As I have set them down. If I do send, despatch

Those centuries to our aid; the rest will serve For a short holding: if we lose the field We cannot keep the town.

Lieut. Fear not our care, sir. Lart. Hence, and shut your gates upon's.— Our guider, come; to the Roman camp conduct us. Exeunt.

Scene VIII .- A Field of Battle between the Roman and the Volscian Cambs.

Alarum. Enter, from opposite sides, MARCIUS and AUFIDIUS.

Mar. I'll fight with none but thee: for I do hate thee

nate thee Worse than a promise-breaker. We hate alike: Not Afric owns a serpent I abhor

More than thy fame and envy. Fix thy foot. Mar. Let the first budger die the other's slave.

And the gods doom him after!

Auf. If I fly, Marcius,

Halloo me like a hare.

Within these three hours, Tullus, Alone I fought in your Corioli walls, [blood And made what work I pleas'd: 'tis not my Wherein thou seest me mask'd; for thy revenge Wrench up thy power to the highest.

Wert thou the Hector Auf. That was the whip of your bragg'd progeny,

Thou shouldst not scape me here.

[They fight, and certain Volsces come to the aid of AUFIDIUS.

Officious, and not valiant,-you have sham'd

In your condemned seconds. Exeunt fighting, driven in by MAR.

Scene IX.—The Roman Camb.

Alarum. A retreat is sounded. Flourish. Enter, at one side, COMINIUS and Romans at the other side, MARCIUS, with his arm in a scarf, and other Romans.

Com. If I should tell thee o'er this thy day's work,

Thou'lt not believe thy deeds: but I'll report it Where senators shall mingle tears with smiles; Where great patricians shall attend, and shrug, I' the end admire; where ladies shall be frighted

And, gladly quak'd, hear more; where the dull tribunes,

That, with the fusty plebeians, hate thine

honours. Shall say, against their hearts, We thank the gods Our Rome hath such a soldier!

Yet cam'st thou to a morsel of this feast, Having fully dined before.

Enter TITUS LARTIUS, with his power, from the pursuit.

O general, Lart. Here is the steed, we the caparison: Hadst thou beheld,-

Mar. Pray now, no more; my mother, Who has a charter to extol her blood, When she does praise me grieves me. As you have done,—that's what I can; induc'd As you have been,—that's for my country: He that has but effected his good will

Hath overta'en mine act. You shall not be Com.

The grave of your deserving; Rome must know The value of her own: 'twere a concealment Worse than a theft, no less than a traducement, To hide your doings; and to silence that Which, to the spire and top of praises vouch'd, Would seem but modest: therefore, I beseech

In sign of what you are, not to reward What you have done,—before our army hear

Mar. I have some wounds upon me, and they smart

To hear themselves remember'd.

Com. Should they not, Well might they fester 'gainst ingratitude, And tent themselves with death. Of all the horses,-

Whereof we have ta'en good, and good store,-The treasure in this field achiev'd and city, We render you the tenth; to be ta'en forth Before the common distribution at

Your only choice. Мат. I thank you, general; But cannot make my heart consent to take A bribe to pay my sword: I do refuse it; And stand upon my common part with those

That have beheld the doing. [A long flourish. They all cry, "Marcius! Marcius!" cast up their caps and lances:

COMINIUS and LARTIUS stand bare. Mar. May these same instruments which [shall you profane Never sound more! When drums and trumpets

I' the field prove flatterers, let courts and cities Be made all of false-fac'd soothing! When steel grows soft as the parasite's silk, Let him be made a coverture for the wars! No more, I say! for that I have not wash'd My nose that bled, or foil'd some debile

wretch Which, without note, here's many else have done,-

You shout me forth in acclamations hyperbolical:

As if I loved my little should be dieted In praises sauc'd with hes

Too modest are you; Čom.

More cruel to your good report than grateful To us that give you truly: by your patience, If 'gainst yourself you be incens'd, we'll put

[manacles, Like one that means his proper harm, in Then reason safely with you.—Therefore be it known,

As to us, to all the world, that Caius Marcius Wears this war's garland: in token of the

which, My noble steed, known to the camp, I give him, With all his trim belonging; and from this time, For wot he did before Corioli, call him, With all the applause and clamour of the host,

CAIUS MARCIUS CORIOLANUS .--

Bear the addition nobly ever!

[Flourish. Trumpets sound, and drums. All. Caius Marcius Coriolanus!

Cor. I will go wash;

And when my face is fair you shall perceive Whether I blush or no: howbest, I thank you .-I mean to stride your steed; and at all times To undercrest your good addition

To the fairness of my power.

Com. So, to our tent; Where, ere we do repose us, we will write To Rome of our success.—You, Titus Lartius, Must to Corioli back: send us to Rome The best, with whom we may articulate, For their own good and ours.

I shall, my lord. Lart. Cor. The gods begin to mock me. I, that now Refus'd most princely gifts, am bound to beg

Of my lord general. Take't: 'tis yours .- What is't? Com.Cor, I sometime lay here in Corioli At a poor man's house; he us'd me kindly: He cried to me; I saw him prisoner; But then Aufidius was within my view, And wrath o'erwhelm'd my pity: I request you To give my poor host freedom.

O, well begg'd! Com. Were he the butcher of my son he should Be free as is the wind. Deliver him, Titus

Lart. Marcius, his name?

Cor. By Jupiter, forgot:-I am weary; yea, my memory is tir'd .-

Have we no wine here? Go we to our tent: Com. The blood upon your visage dries; 'tis time It should be look'd to: come.

Scene X .- The Camp of the Volsces.

A flourish. Cornets. Enter TULLUS AUFI-DIUS, bloody, with two or three Soldiers.

Auf. The town is ta'en! [dition. I Sol. 'Twill be deliver'd back on good con-Auf. Condition!

I would I were a Roman; for I cannot, Being a Volsce, be that I am .- Condition! What good condition can a treaty find

the part that is at mercy?-Five times, Marcius, beat me; I have fought with thee; so often hast thou And wouldst do so, I think, should we en-

counter As often as we eat.—By the elements, If e'er again I meet him beard to beard, He's mine or I am his: mine emulation Hath not that honour in't it had; for where I thought to crush him in an equal force,-

True sword to sword,—I'll potch at him some way,

Or wrath or craft may get him.

He's the devil. I Sol. Auf. Bolder, though not so subtle. My valour's poisoned

With only suffering stain by him; for him Shall fly out of itself: nor sleep nor sanctuary, Being naked, sick; nor fane nor Capitol, The prayers of priests nor times of sacrifice, Embarquements all on fury, shall lift up Their rotten privilege and custom 'gainst My hate to Marcius: where I find him, were it

At home, upon my brother's guard, even there, Against the hospitable canon, would I Wash my fierce hand in's heart. Go you to

the city; must Learn how 'tis held; and what they are that Be hostages for Rome.

Will not you go? I Sol.

Auf. I am attended at the cypress grove: I pray you, [thither

'Tis south the city mills,-bring me How the world goes, that to the pace of it I may spur on my journey.
I Sol.

I shall, sir. [Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I.—Rome. A public Place.

Enter Menenius, Sicinius, and Brutus.

Men. The augurer tells me we shall have

news tonight.

Bru. Good or bad? Men. Not according to the prayer of the people, for they love not Marcius.

Sic. Nature teaches beasts to know their friends.

Men. Pray you, who does the wolf love? Sic. The lamb.

Men. Ay, to devour him; as the hungry plebeians would the noble Marcius.

Bru. He's a lamb indeed, that baas like a

Men. He's a bear indeed, that lives like a lamb. You two are old men: tell me one thing that I shall ask you.

Both Trib. Well, sir. Men. In what enormity is Marcius poor in.

that you two have not in abundance? Bru. He's poor in no one fault, but stored with all.

Sic. Especially in pride.

Bru. And topping all others in boasting.

Men. This is strange now: do you two know how you are censured here in the city, I mean

of us o' the right-hand file? Do you?

Both Trib. Why, how are we censured?

Men. Because you talk of pride now,-will

you not be angry?

Both Trib. Well, well, sir, well.

Men. Why, 'tis no great matter; for a very little thief of occasion will rob you of a great deal of patience: give your dispositions the reins, and be angry at your pleasures; at the least, if you take it as a pleasure to you in You blame Marcius for being proud? being so.

Bru. We do it not alone, sir.

Men. I know you can do very little alone; for your helps are many, or else your actions would grow wondrous single: your abilities are too infant-like for doing much alone. You talk of pride: O that you could turn you eyes toward the napes of your necks, and make but an interior survey of your good selves! O that you could!

Bru. What then, sir?

Men. Why, then you should discover a brace of unmeriting, proud, violent, testy magistrates, alias, fools,—as any in Rome.

Sic. Menenius, you are known well enough too.

Men. I am known to be a humorous patrician, and one that loves a cup of hot wine with not a drop of allaying Tiber in't: said to be something imperfect in favouring the first complaint, hasty and tinder-like upon too trivial motion; one that converses more with the buttock of the night than with the forehead of the morning. What I think I utter, and spend my malice in my breath. Meeting two such wealsmen as you are,-I cannot call you Lycurguses,-if the drink you give me touch my palate adversely, I make a crooked face at it. I cannot say your worships have delivered the matter well when I find the ass in compound with the major part of your syllables; and though I must be content to bear with those that say you are reverend grave men, yet they lie deadly that tell you have good faces. If you see this in the map of my microcosm, follows it that I am known well enough too? What harm can your bisson conspectuties glean out of this character, if I be known well enough too? [enough.

Bru. Come, sir, come, we know you well Men. You know neither me, yourselves, nor anything. You are ambitious for poor knaves' caps and legs: you wear out a good wholesome forenoon in hearing a cause between an orangewife and a fosset-seller; and then rejourn the controversy of threepence to a second day of audience.—When you are hearing a matter between party and party, if you chance to be pinched with the colic, you make faces like mummers; set up the bloody flag against all patience; and, in roaring for a chamber-pot, dismiss the controversy bleeding, the more entangled by your hearing: all the peace you make in their cause is calling both the parties knaves. You are a pair of strange ones.

Bru. Come, come, you are well understood to be a perfecter giber for the table than a

necessary bencher in the Capitol.

Men. Our very priests must become mockers if they shall encounter such ridiculous subjects as you are. When you speak best unto the purpose it is not worth the wagging of your beards; and your beards deserve not so honourable a grave as to stuff a botcher's cushion or to be entombed in an ass's pack-saddle. you must be saying, Marcius is proud; who, in a cheap estimation, is worth all your predecessors since Deucalion; though peradventure some of the best of them were hereditary hangmen. God-den to your worships: more of your conversation would infect my brain, being the herdsmen of the beastly plebeians: I will be bold to take my leave of you.

[BRUTUS and SICINIUS retire.

Enter Volumnia, Virgilia, Valeria, &c.

How now, my as fair as noble ladies, and the moon, were she earthly, no nobler,-whither

approaches; for the love of Juno let's go.

Men. Ha! Marcius coming home!

Vol. Ay, worthy Menenius; and with most prosperous approbation.

Men. Take my cap, Jupiter, and I thank thee.

-Hoo! Marcius coming home!

Vol. Vir. Nay, 'tis true.

Vol. Look, here's a letter from him: the state hath another, his wife another; and I think there's one at home for you.

Men. I will make my very house reel to-

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night.—A letter for me? [I saw it. Vir. Yes, certain, there's a letter for you; Men. A letter for me! It gives me an estate of seven years' health; in which time I will make a lip at the physician: the most sovereign prescription in Galen is but empiricutic, and, to this preservative, of no better report than a horse-drench. Is he not wounded? he was wont to come home wounded.

Vol. O, no, no, no.
Vol. O, he is wounded, I thank the gods for't.
Men. So do I too, if it be not too much.—
The wounds Brings a victory in his pocket?—The wounds become him.

Vol. On's brows: Menenius, he comes the third time home with the oaken garland.

Men. Has he disciplined Aufidius soundly? Vol. Titus Lartius writes,—they fought together, but Aufidius got off.

Men. And twas time for him too, I'll warrant him that: an he had stayed by him, I would not have been so fidiused for all the chests in Corroli, and the gold that's in them. Is the senate possessed of this?

Vol. Good ladies, let's go .- Yes, yes, yes; the senate has letters from the general, wherein he gives my son the whole name of the war: he hath in this action outdone his former deeds doubly.

Val. In troth, there's wondrous things spoke Men. Wondrous! ay, I warrant you, and

not without his true purchasing.

Vir. The gods grant them true!
Vol. True! pow, wow.
Men. True! I'll be sworn they are true. Where is he wounded?-[To the Tribunes, who come forward. God save your good worships! Marcius is coming home: he has more cause to be proud .- Where is he wounded?

Vol. I' the shoulder and i' the left arm: there will be large cicatrices to show the people when he shall stand for his place. He received in the repulse of Tarquin seven hurts i' the body.

Men. One i' the neck and two i' the thigh,there's nine that I know.

Vol. He had, before this last expedition,

twenty-five wounds upon him. Men. Now it's twenty-seven: every gash was an enemy's grave. [A shout and flourish.]

Hark! the trumpets. Vol. These are the ushers of Marcius: before He carries noise, and behind him he leaves

Death, that dark spirit, in's nervy arm doth Which, being advanc'd, declines, and then men

do you follow your eyes so fast?

Vol. Honourable Menenius, my boy Marcius A sennet. Trumpets sound. Enter Cominius and TITUS LARTIUS; between them, CORIO-LANUS, crowned with an oaken garland; with Captains, Soldiers, and a Herald.

> Her. Know, Rome, that all alone Marcius did fight

Within Corioli gates: where he hath won, With fame, a name to Caius Marcius; these In honour follows Coriolanus:-

Welcome to Rome, renowned Coriolanus! [Flourish.

All. Welcome to Rome, renowned Cornoheart; Cor. No more of this, it does offend my

Pray now, no more.

Look, sir, your mother! Com. Cor. You have, I know, petition'd all the gods

Kneels. For my prosperity!

Vol. Nay, my good soldier, up; My gentle Marcius, worthy Caius, and By deed-achieving honour newly nam'd,— What is it?—Coriolanus must I call thee? But, O, thy wife!

My gracious silence, hail! Cor. Wouldst thou have laugh'd had I come coffin'd

home,

That weep'st to see me triumph? Ah, my dear, Such eyes the widows in Corioli wear,

And mothers that lack sons. Now the gods crown thee! Men. Cor. And live you yet?-O my sweet lady,

pardon. To VALERIA. -O, welcome Vol. I know not where to turn .-[all. home:-

And welcome, general; - and you are welcome Men. A hundred thousand welcomes .- I Welcome: could weep

And I could laugh; I am light and heavy .-A curse begin at very root on's heart That is not glad to see thee!-You are three That Rome should dote on: yet, by the faith

[will not of men. We have some old crab trees here at home that Be grafted to your relish. Yet welcome,

warriors: We call a nettle but a nettle; and The faults of fools but folly.

Com. Ever right. Cor. Menenius, ever, ever.

Her. Give way there, and go on!

Your hand, and yours: Cor. To his wife and mother. Ere in our own house I do shade my head,

The good patricians must be visited; From whom I have receiv'd not only greetings,

But with them change of honours. I have lived To see inherited my very wishes,

And the buildings of my fancy: only There's one thing wanting, which I doubt not Our Rome will cast upon thee.

Know, good mother, I had rather be their servant in my way Than sway with them in theirs.

Com. On, to the Capitol. [Flourish. Cornets. Exeunt in sibefore. The Tribunes remain. Exeunt in state, as

Bru. All tongues speak of him, and the bleared sights

Are spectacled to see him: your prattling nurse Into a rapture lets her baby cry While she chats him: the kitchen malkin pins Her richest lockram 'bout her reechy neck, Clambering the walls to eye him: stalls, bulks,

windows,

Are smother'd up, leads fill'd, and ridges hors'd With variable complexions; all agreeing In earnestness to see him: seld-shown flamens Do press among the popular throngs, and puff To win a vulgar station: our veil'd dames Commit the war of white and damask, in Their nicely gawded cheeks, to the wanton spoil Of Phoebus' burning kisses: such a pother, As if that whatsoever god who leads him Were shly crept into his human powers, And gave him graceful posture.

Sic. On the sudden. I warrant him consul.

Then our office may, Bru. During his power, go sleep.

honours Sic. He cannot temperately transport his From where he should begin and end; but will Lose those that he hath won.

Bru. In that there's comfort. Sic. Doubt not the commoners, for whom we

stand, But they, upon their ancient malice, will forget,

With the least cause, these his new honours; which

That he'll give them make as little question As he is proud to do't.

Bru. I heard him swear, Were he to stand for consul, never would he Appear i' the market-place, nor on him put The napless vesture of humility;

Nor, showing, as the manner is, his wounds To the people, beg their stinking breaths. 'Tıs right. Sic.

Bru. It was his word: O, he would miss it rather Than carry it but by the suit of the gentry to

And the desire of the nobles. Sic. I wish no better Than have him hold that purpose, and to put it

In execution. Bru. 'Tis most like he will.

Sic. It shall be to him then, as our good wills,

A sure destruction. Bru. So it must fall out

To him or our authorities. For an end, We must suggest the people in what hatred He still hath held them; that to's power he would

Have made them mules, silenc'd their pleaders, Dispropertied their freedoms: holding them, In human action and capacity, Of no more soul nor fitness for the world

Than camels in their war; who have their provand

Only for bearing burdens, and sore blows For sinking under them.

Sic. This, as you say, suggested At some time when his soaring insolence Shall touch the people, -which time shall not want.

If it be put upon't; and that's as easy As to set dogs on sheep,—will be his fire To kindle their dry stubble; and their blaze Shall darken him for ever.

Enter a Messenger.

Bru. What's the matter? Mess. You are sent for to the Capitol. thought

That Marcius shall be consul: I have seen the dumb men throng to see him, The blind to hear him speak: matrons flung gloves.

Ladies and maids their scarfs and handkerchers, Upon him as he pass'd: the nobles bended As to Jove's statue; and the commons made A shower and thunder with their caps and shouts:

I never saw the like.

Let's to the Capitol; Rrn. And carry with us ears and eyes for the time.

But hearts for the event. Have with you. [Exeunt.

Scene II .- Rome. The Capitol.

Enter two Officers, to lay cushions.

1 Off. Come, come; they are almost here, How many stand for consulships?

2 Off. Three, they say: but 'tis thought of every one Coriolanus will carry it.

I Off. That's a brave fellow; but he's vengeance proud, and loves not the common

- 2 Off. Faith, there have been many great men that have flattered the people, who ne'er loved them; and there be many that they have loved, they know not wherefore: so that, if they love they know not why, they hate upon no better a ground: therefore, for Coriolanus neither to care whether they love or hate him manifests the true knowledge he has in their disposition; and, out of his noble carelessness, lets them plainly see't.
- I Off. If he did not care whether he had their love or no, he waved indifferently 'twixt doing them neither good nor harm; but he seeks their hate with greater devotion than they can render it him; and leaves nothing undone that may fully discover him their opposite. Now, to seem to affect the malice and displeasure of the people is as bad as that which he dislikes,—to flatter them for their love.
- 2 Off. He hath deserved worthily of his country: and his ascent is not by such easy degrees as those who, having been supple and courteous to the people, bonnetted, without any further deed to have them at all into their estimation and report: but he hath so planted his honours in their eyes, and his actions in their hearts, that for their tongues to be silent, and not confess so much, were a kind of ingrateful injury; to report otherwise were a malice that, giving itself the lie, would pluck reproof and rebuke from every ear that heard it.

1 Off. No more of him; he is a worthy man: make way, they are coming.

A Sennet. Enter, with Lictors before them, COMINIUS the Consul, MENENIUS, CORIO-LANUS, Senators, Sicinius, and Brutus. The Senators take their places; the Tribunes take theirs also by themselves.

Men. Having determin'd of the Volsces, and To send for Titus Lartius, it remains, As the main point of this our after-meeting, To gratify his noble service that

Hath thus stood for his country: therefore please you,

and Most reverend and grave elders, to desire The present consul, and last general In our well-found successes, to report A little of that worthy work perform'd By Caius Marcius Coriolanus; whom We meet here, both to thank and to remember With honours like himself.

I Sen. Speak, good Cominius: Leave nothing out for length, and make us think

Rather our state's defective for requital Than we to stretch it out .- Masters o' the people,

We do request your kindest ears; and, after, Your loving motion toward the common body. To yield what passes here.

We are convented Upon a pleasing treaty; and have hearts Inclinable to honour and advance The theme of our assembly.

Bru. Which the rather We shall be bless'd to do, if he remember A kinder value of the people than He hath hereto priz'd them at.

Men. That's off, that's off; I would you rather had been silent. Please V011

To hear Cominius speak?

Bru. Most willingly: But yet my caution was more pertinent Than the rebuke you give it.

He loves your people: But tie him not to be their bedfellow .-Worthy Cominus, speak.

[CORIOLANUS rises, and offers to go away. Nay, keep your place. r Sen. Sit, Coriolanus; never shame to hear

What you have nobly done. Your honours' pardon: I had rather have my wounds to heal again Than hear say how I got them.

Bru. Sir, I hope

My words disbench'd you not.

No, sir; yet oft, Cor. When blows have made me stay, I fled from words. people, You sooth'd not, therefore hurt not: but your

I love them as they weigh. Pray now, sit down.

Cor. I had rather have one scratch my head i' the sun

When the alarum were struck, than idly sit To hear my nothings monster'd. {Exit. Men. Masters o' the people, Your multiplying spawn how can he flatter,-That's thousand to one good one,-when you

now see He had rather venture all his limbs for honour

Than one on's ears to hear it?-Proceed, Commius. lanus Com. I shall lack voice: the deeds of Corio-

Should not be utter'd feebly .- It is held That valour is the chiefest virtue, and Most dignifies the haver: if it be. The man I speak of cannot in the world Be singly counterpois'd. At sixteen years, When Tarquin made a head for Rome, he fought

Beyond the mark of others: our then dictator. Whom with all praise I point at, saw him fight,

When with his Amazonian chin he drove The bristled lips before him: he bestrid An o'erpress'd Roman, and i' the consul's view Slew three opposers: Tarquin's self he met, And struck him on his knee: in that day's feats, When he might act the woman in the scene, He prov'd best man i' the field, and for his meed Was brow-bound with the oak. His pupil age Man-enter'd thus, he waxed like a sea; And in the brunt of seventeen battles since He lurch'd all swords of the garland. For this last,

Before and in Corioli, let me say, I cannot speak him home: he stopp'd the fliers; And by his rare example made the coward Turn terror into sport: as weeds before A vessel under sail, so men obey'd, And fell below his stem: his sword,-death's stamp,

Where it did mark, it took; from face to foot He was a thing of blood, whose every motion Was timed with dying cries: alone he enter'd The mortal gate of the city, which he painted With shunless destiny; aidless came off, And with a sudden re-enforcement struck Corioli like a planet. Now all's his: When, by and by, the din of war 'gan pierce His ready sense then straight his doubled spirit Re-quicken'd what in flesh was fatigate. And to the battle came he; where he did Run reeking o'er the lives of men as if 'Twere a perpetual spoil: and till we call'd Both field and city ours he never stood To ease his breast with panting.

Worthy man! Men. 1 Sen. He cannot but with measure fit the honours

Which we devise him.

Our spoils he kick'd at; And look'd upon things precious as they were The common muck of the world: he covets less Than misery itself would give; rewards His deeds with doing them; and is content To spend the time to end it.

Men. He's right noble:

Let him be call'd for. I Sen.

Call Coriolanus. Off. He doth appear.

Re-enter CORIOLANUS.

Men. The senate, Coriolanus, are well pleas'd To make thee consul.

Cor. I do owe them still

My life and services.

It then remains Men. That you do speak to the people.

I do beseech you Let me o'erleap that custom; for I cannot Put on the gown, stand naked, and entreat

them. For my wounds' sake, to give their suffrage:

please you

That I may pass this doing

Sir, the people Must have their voices; neither will they bate One jot of ceremony.

Men. Put them not to't:-Pray you, go fit you to the custom; and

Take to you, as your predecessors have. Your honour with your form.

Cor. That I shall blush in acting, and might well Be taken from the people.

Bru. Mark you that? Cor. To brag unto them, thus I did, and thus:hide

Show them the unaching scars which I should As if I had receiv'd them for the hire

Of their breath only!-

Men. Do not stand upon't .-We recommend to you, tribunes of the people, Our purpose to them; -and to our noble consul Wish we all joy and honour.

Sen. To Coriolanus come all joy and honour! Flourish. Exeunt all but Sic.

and BRU. Bru. You see how he intends to use the people.

Sic. May they perceive's intent! He will requite them

As if he did contemn what he requested

Should be in them to give.

Bru. Come, we'll inform them Of our proceedings here: on the market-place I know they do attend us. Exeunt.

Scene III .- Rome. The Forum.

Enter several Citizens.

1 Cit. Once, if he do require our voices, we ought not to deny him.

2 Cit. We may, sir, if we will.
3 Cit. We have power in ourselves to do it. but it is a power that we have no power to do: for if he show us his wounds and tell us his deeds, we are to put our tongues into those wounds, and speak for them; so, if he tell us his noble deeds, we must also tell him our noble acceptance of them. Ingratitude is monstrous: and for the multitude to be ingrateful, were to make a monster of the multitude; of the which we, being members, should bring ourselves to be monstrous members.

1 Cit. And to make us no better thought of, a little help will serve; for once we stood up about the corn, he himself stuck not to call us

the many-headed multitude.

3 Cit. We have been called so of many; not that our heads are some brown, some black, some auburn, some bald, but that our wits are so diversely coloured; and truly I think, if all our wits were to issue out of one skull, they would fly east, west, north, south; and their consent of one direct way should be at once to all the points o' the compass.

2 Cit. Think you so? Which way do you

judge my wit would fiv?

3 Cit. Nay, your wit will not so soon out as another's man's will,—'tis strongly wedged up in a block-head; but if it were at liberty, 'twould sure, southward.

2 Cit. Why that way? 3 Cit. To lose itself in a fog; where being three parts melted away with rotten dews, the fourth would return, for conscience 'sake, to help to get thee a wife.

2 Cit. You are never without your tricks:you may, you may.

3 Cit. Are you all resolved to give your voices? But that's no matter, the greater part carries it. I say, if he would incline to the people, there was never a worthier man. Here he comes, and in the gown of humility: mark his behaviour. We are not to stay altogether, but to come by him where he stands, by ones, by twos, and by threes. He's to make his requests by particulars, wherein every one of us has a single honour, in giving him our own voices with our own tongues: therefore follow me, and I'll direct you how you shall go by him. All. Content, content. Exeunt.

Enter CORIOLANUS and MENENIUS.

Men. O sir, you are not right; have you not known

The worthiest men have done't!

What must I say?-Cor. I pray, sir,-Plague upon't! I cannot bring My tongue to such a pace.-Look, sir,-my wounds;-

I got them in my country's service, when Some certain of your brethern roar'd, and ran

From the noise of our own drums. O me, the gods! You must not speak of that: you must desire

them To think upon you.

Cor. Think upon me! hang 'em! I would they would forget me, like the virtues

Which our divines lose by 'em. You'll mar all I'll leave you. Pray you, speak to 'em, I pray

vou. In wholesome manner.

Cor. Bid them wash their faces And keep their teeth clean. [Exit MENENIUS. So, here comes a brace:

Rc-enter two Citizens.

You know the cause, sirs, of my standing here. 1 Cit. We do, sir; tell us what hath brought Here come more voices. you to't.

Cor. Mine own desert.

2 Cit. Your own desert!

Cor. Ay, not mine own desire.

1 Cit. How! not your own desire!

Cor. No, sir, 'twas never my desire yet to trouble the poor with begging.

1 Cit. You must think, if we give you any-[consulship? thing, we hope to gain by you. Cor. Well then, I pray, your price o' the 1 Cit. The price is to ask it kindly.

Cor. Kindly! sir, I pray, let me ha't: I have wounds to show you, which shall be yours in private.—Your good voice, sir; what

say you?
2 Cit. You shall ha' it, worthy sir.

Cor. A match, sir.—There is in all two worthy voices begg'd.—I have your alms: adieu.

1 Cit. But this is something odd.

2 Cit. An 'twere to give again,-but 'tis no Exeunt two Citizens. matter.

Re- enter other two Citizens.

Cor. Pray you now, if it may stand with the tune of your voices that I may be consul, I have here the customary gown.

3 Cit. You have deserved nobly of your country, and you have not deserved nobly.

Cor. Your enigma?

3 Cit. You have been a scourge to her

enemies, you have been a rod to her friends; you have not, indeed, loved the common

people.

Cor. You should account me the more virtuous, that I have not been common in my love. I will, sir, flatter my sworn brother, the people, to earn a dearer estimation of them; 'tis a condition they account gentle: and since he wisdom of their choice is rather to have my hat than my heart, I will practice the insinuating nod, and be off to them most counterfeitly: that is, sir, I will counterfeit the bewitchment of some popular man, and give it bountifully to the desirers. Therefore, beseech you, I may be consul.

4 Cit. We hope to find you our friend; and

therefore give you our voices heartily.

3 Cit. You have received many wounds for

your country.

Cor. I will not seal your knowledge with showing them. I will make much of your voices, and so trouble you no further.

Both Cit. The gods give you joy, sir, heartily! Exeunt.

Cor. Most sweet voices!-Better it is to die, better to starve, Than crave the hire which first we do deserve. Why in this wolfish toge should I stand here, To beg of Hob and Dick, that do appear, Their needless vouches? Custom calls me

to't:-What custom wills, in all things should we do't. The dust on antique time would he unswept, And mountainous error be too highly heap'd

For truth to o'erpeer. Rather than fool it so. Let the high office and the honour go To one that would do thus.—I am half through: The one part suffer'd, the other will I do.

Re-enter other three Citizens.

Your voices: for your voices I have fought; Watch'd for your voices; for your voices bear Of wounds two dozen odd: battles thrice six I have seen and heard of; for your voices have Done many things, some less, some more: your voices:

Indeed, I would be consul-

5 Cit. He has done nobly, and cannot go without any honest man's voice.

6 Cit. Therefore let him be consul: the gods give him joy, and make him good friend to the people!

All 3 Citizens. Amen, amen.—God save thee, noble consul! Exeunt.

Cor. Worthy voices!

Re-enter Menenius, with Brutus and SICINIUS.

Men. You have stood your limitation; and the tribunes

Endue you with the people's voice:-remains That, in the official marks invested, you Anon do meet the senate.

Is this done? Cor.

Sic. The custom of request you have discharg'd:

The people do admit you; and are summon'd To meet anon, upon your approbation Ccr. Where? at the senate-house?

Sic. There, Coriolanus. Cor. May I change these garments?

Sic. You may, sir.

Cor. That I'll straight do; and, knowing myself again,

[along? Repair to the senate-house. Men. I'll keep you company.—Will you Bru. We stay here for the people. Fare you well. Sic.

Exeunt. COR. and MEN. He has it now; and by his looks methinks 'Tis warm at his heart. weeds.

Bru. With a proud heart he wore his humble Will you dismiss the people?

Re-enter Citizens.

Sic. How now, my masters! have you chose this man?

1 Cit. He has our voices, sir. [loves. Bru. We pray the gods he may deserve your 2 Cit. Amen, sir:-to my poor unworthy notice,

He mocked us when he begg'd our voices. 3 Cit. Certainly.

He flouted us downright. 1 Cit. No, 'tis his kind of speech,-he did

not mock us. 2 Cit. Not one amongst us, save yourself,

but says He us'd us scornfully: he should have show'd us His marks of merit, wounds receiv'd for's

country. Sic. Why, so he did, I am sure.

No, no; no man saw 'em. Citizens. 3 Cit. He said he had wounds, which he could show in private;

And with his hat, thus waving it in scorn, I would be consul, says he; aged custom, But by your voices, will not so permit me; Your voices therefore: when we granted that, Here was, I thank you for your voices,-thank you,

Your most sweet voices:-now you have left Your voices.

I have no further with you:-was not this mockery?

Sic. Why, either were you ignorant to see't? Pre-occupied with what you rather must do Or, seeing it, of such childish friendliness To yield your voices?

Could you not have told him, As you were lesson'd, when he had no power, But was a petty servant to the state, He was your enemy; ever spake against Your liberties, and the charters that you bear I' the body of the weal: and now, arriving A place of potency and sway o' the state, If he should still malignantly remain Fast foe to the plebeii, your voices might Be curses to yourselves? You should have said, That as his worthy deeds did claim no less Than what he stood for, so his gracious nature Would think upon you for your voices, and Translate his malice towards you into love, Standing your friendly lord.

Sic. Thus to have said. As you were fore-advis'd, had touched his spirit And tried his inclination; from him pluck'd Either his gracious promise, which you might. As cause had call'd you up, have held him to; Or else it would have gall'd his surly nature,' Which easily endures not article

Tying him to aught; so, putting him to rage. You should have ta'en the advantage of his choler,

And pass'd him unelected.

Did you perceive Bru. He did solicit you in free contemp

When he did need your loves; and do you think That his contempt shall not be bruising to you When he hath power to crush? Why, had your bodies

No heart among you? Or had you tongues to Against the rectorship of judgment? Have you Sic.

Ere now denied the asker? and now again, On him that did not ask but mock, bestow Your su'd-for tongues? him yet.

3 Cit. He's not confirm'd; we may deny 2 Cit. And will deny him:

I'll have five hundred voices of that sound. 1 Cit. I twice five hundred, and their friends

to piece 'em. Bru. Get you hence instantly; and tell those They have chose a consul that will from them take

Their liberties: make them of no more voice Than dogs, that are as often beat for barking As therefore kept to do so.

Sic. Let them assemble; And, on a safer judgment, all revoke Your ignorant election: enforce his pride And his old hate unto you: besides, forget not With what contempt he wore the humble weed: How in his suit he scorn'd you: but your loves, Thinking upon his services, took from you The apprehension of his present portance, Which, most gibingly, ungravely, he did fashion After the inveterate hate he bears you.

A fault on us, your tribunes; that we labour'd,-No impediment between,-but that you must Cast your election on him.

Sic. Say you chose him More after our commandment than as guided By your own true affections; and that your minds,

Than what you should, made you against the grain

To voice him consul. Lay the fault on us. Bru. Ay, spare us not. Say we read lectures

to you, How youngly he began to serve his country How long continued: and what stock he springs

The noble house o' the Marcians; from whence That Ancus Marcius, Numa's daughter's son, Who, after great Hostilius, here was king; Of the same house Publius and Quintus were. That our best water brought by conduits

hither; And Cencorinus, darling of the people, And nobly nam'd so, twice being censor, Was his great ancestor.

That hath beside well in his person wrought To be set high in place, we did commend To your remembrances: but you have found, Scaling his present bearing with his past, That he's your fixed enemy, and revoke Your sudden approbation.

Say you ne'er had done't,-Bru. Harp on that still, -but by our putting on: And presently when you have drawn your number,

Repair to the Capitol.

We will so; almost all Repent in their election. Exeunt. Let them go on; Вrи. This mutiny were better put in hazard

Than stay, past doubt, for greater: If, as his nature is, he fall in rage With their refusal, both observe and answer The vantage of his anger.

To the Capitol, Sic. Come: we will be there before the stream o'

the people; And this shall seem, as partly 'tis, their own, Which we have goaded onward.

ACT III.

Scene I .- Rome. A Street.

Enter CORIOLANUS, MENENIUS, Cornets. COMINUS, TITUS LARTIUS, Senators, and Patricians.

Cor. Tullus Aufidius, then, had made new caus'd Lart. He had, my lord; and that it was which Our swifter composition.

Cor. So then the Volces stand but as at first; Ready, when time shall prompt them, to make road

Upon's again.

They are worn, lord consul, so Com. That we shall hardly in our ages see Their banners wave again.

Saw you Aufidius? Cor. Lart. On safeguard he came to me; and did

curse Against the Volsces, for they had so vilely

Yielded the town: he is retir'd to Antium. Cor. Spoke he of me?

He did, my lord. Lart. How? what? Cor.

Lart. How often he had met you, sword to sword; That of all things upon the earth he hated

Your person most; that he would pawn his fortunes

To hopeless restitution, so he might

Be call'd your vanquisher.

At Antium lives he? Cor. Lart. At Antium.

Cor. I wish I had a cause to seek him there, To oppose his hatred fully .-- Welcome home. To LARTIUS.

Enter SICINIUS and BRUTUS.

Behold! these are the tribunes of the people, The tongues o' the common mouth. I do despise them;

One thus descended, For they do prank them in authority, Against all noble sufferance.

Sic. Pass no further.

Cor. Ha! what is that? Bru. It will be dangerous to go on: no further.

Cor. What makes this change?

Men. The matter? Com. Hath he not pass'd the nobles and the

Bru. Cominius, no.

Cor. Have I had children's voices? I Sen. Tribunes, give way; he shall to the

market-place. Bru. The people are incens'd against him. Sic.

Or all will fall in broil.

Cor. Are these your herd?-Must these have voices, that can yield them now your offices?

And straight disclaim their tongues?-What are You being their mouths, why rule you not their teeth?

Have you not set them on?

Be calm, be calm. Cor. It is a purpos'd thing, and grows by plot,

To curb the will of the nobility: Suffer't, and live with such as cannot rule, Nor ever will be rul'd.

Call't not a plot: Bru. The people cry you mock'd them; and of late, When corn was given them gratis, you repin'd; Scandal'd the suppliants for the people,—call'd

Time-pleasers, flatterers, foes to nobleness.

Cor. Why, this was known before Вти.

Not to them all. Cor. Have you inform'd them sithence? Bru. How! I inform them!

Cor. You are like to do such business. Bru.

Each way, to better yours.

Cor. Why, then, should I be consul? By you clouds, Let me deserve so ill as you, and make me

Your fellow tribune.
You show too much of that For which the people stir: if you will pass To where you are bound, you must inquire

your way, Which you are out of, with a gentler spirit;

Or never be so noble as a consul, Nor yoke with him for tribune.

Men. Let's be calm. Com. The people are abus'd; set on. This

palt'ring Becomes not Rome; not has Coriolanus Deserv'd this so dishonour'd rub, laid falsely

I' the plain way of his merit.

Tell me of corn! Cor. This was my speech, and I will speak't again,-

Men. Not now, not now. Not in this heat, sir, now. 1 Sen.

Cor. Now, as I live, I will.- My nobler fnends.

I crave their pardons: For the mutable, rank-scented many, let them Regard me as I do not flatter, and Therein behold themselves: I say again,

In soothing them we nourish 'gainst our senate

The cockle of rebellion, insolence, sedition, Which we ourselves have plough'd for, sow'd, and scatter'd.

By mingling them with us, the honour'd num-Who lack not virtue, no, nor power but that Which they have given to beggars.

Well, no more. I Sen. No more words, we beseech you. How! no more! Cor.

As for my country I have shed my blood, Not fearing outward force, so shall my lungs Coin words till their decay against those measles Which we disdain should tetter us, yet sought The very way to catch them.

You speak o' the people Bru. As if you were a god to punish, not

We let the people know't.

Men. What, what? his choler? Cor. Choler!

Were I as patient as the midnight sleep, By Jove, 'twould be my mind!

Sic. It is a mind That shall remain a poison where it is,

Not poison any further. Shall remain!-

Cor. Hear you this Triton of the minnows? mark you His absolute shall?

'Twas from the canon. Com. Shall! Cor. O good, but most unwise patricians! why,

You grave, but reckless senators, have you thus Given Hydra leave to choose an officer, That with his peremptory shall, being but The horn and noise o' the monster, wants not spirit

To say he'll turn your current in a ditch, And make your channel his? If he have power, Then vail your ignorance: if none, awake Your dangerous lenity. If you are learn'd Be not as common fools; if you are not, Let them have cushions by you. You are plebeians

If they be senators: and they are no less When, both your voices blended, the great'st

taste [trate; Most palates theirs. They choose their magis-And such a one as he, who puts his shall, His popular shall, against a graver bench Than ever frown'd in Greece. By Jove himself, It makes the consuls base: and my soul aches To know, when two authorities are up, Neither supreme, how soon confusion May enter 'twixt the gap of both, and take The one by the other.

Well, on to the market-place. Com. Cor. Whoever gave that counsel, to give forth The corn o' the storehouse gratis, as 'twas us'd

Sometime in Greece, Well, well, no more of that. Men. Cor. Though there the people had more absolute power .-

I say, they nourish'd disobedience, fed The ruin of the state

Why, shall the people give One that speaks thus their voice?

I'll give my reasons, More worthier than their voices. They know the corn

Was not our recompense, resting well assur'd They ne'er did service for't: being press'd to the war.

Even when the navel of the state was touch'd They would not thread the gates,-this kind of service

Did not deserve corn gratis: being i' the war, Their mutimes and revolts, wherein they show'd Most valour, spoke not for them. The accusation Which they have often made against the senate, All cause unborn, could never be the motive Of our so frank donation. Well, what then? How shall this bisson multitude digest

The senate's courtesy? Let deeds express What's like to be their words: - We did request

ıt: We are the greater poll, and in true fear They gave us our demands—thus we debase

The nature of our seats, and make the rabble Call our cares fears: which will in time Break ope the locks o' the senate, and bring in

The crows to peck the eagles.-

Come, enough. Men. Bru. Enough, with over-measure.

Cor. No, take more: What may be sworn by, both divine and human,

Seal what I end withal!-This double worship, Where one part does disdain with cause, the

other Insult without all reason; where gentry, title, Cannot conclude but by the yea and no

Of general ignorance,-it must omit Real necessities, and give way the while

To unstable slightness: purpose so barr'd, it follows, you,-Nothing is done to purpose. Therefore, beseech You that will be less fearful than discreet;

That love the fundamental part of state More than you doubt the change on't, that

prefer A noble life before a long, and wish To vamp a body with a dangerous physic That's sure of death without it,-at once pluck out

The multitudinous tongue, let them not lick The sweet which is their poison: your dishonour Mangles true judgment, and bereaves the state Of that integrity which should become't: Not having the power to do the good it would, For the ill which doth control't.

Has said enough. Sic. Has spoken like a traitor, and shall answer

As traitors do.

Cor. Thou wretch despite o'erwhelm thee!-What should the people do with these bald tribunes?

On whom depending, their obedience fails To the greater bench: in a rebellion, When what's not meet, but what must be, was Then were they chosen; in a better hour Let what is meet be said it must be meet, And throw their power i' the dust.

Bru. Manifest treason.

Sic. This a consul? no. Bru. The aediles, ho!-Let him be apprehended. [whose name myself Sic. Go, call the people [Exit BRUTUS];-in

Attach thee as a traitorous innovator,

A foe to the public weal. Obey, I charge thee, Where the disease is violent.—Lay hands upon And follow to thine answer.

Hence, old goat! And bear him to the rock. Sen. and Pat. We'll surety him.

Com. Aged sir, hands off.

thy bones

Out of thy garments

Help, ye citizens! Sic.

Re-enter BRUTUS, with the Ædiles and a rabble of Citizens.

Men. On both sides more respect.

Sic. Here's he that would take from you all your power.

Bru. Seize him, aediles.

Citizens. Down with him! down with him! 2 Sen. Weapons, weapons, weapons!

They all bustle about CORIOLANUS Tribunes, patricians, citizens!-what, ho!-Sicinius, Brutus, Coriolanus, citizens!

Citizens. Peace, peace, peace; stay, hold,

peace! Men. What is about to be?-I am out of

breath: bunes Confusion's near; I cannot speak .- You tri-To the people, -- Cornolanus, patience:-

Speak, good Sicinius. Sic. Hear me, people; peace! Citizens. Let's hear our tribune: peace!-

Speak, speak, speak. Sic. You are at point to lose your liberties: Marcius would have all from you; Marcius,

Whom late you have nam'd for consul.

Fie, fie, fie! This is the way to kindle, not to quench.

I Sen. To unbuild the city, and to lay all flat. Sic. What is the city but the people? Citizens.

The people are the city.

Bru. By the consent of all, we were establish'd

The people's magistrates.

You so remain. Çıī. Men. And so are like to do. Cor. That is the way to lay the city flat;

To bring the roof to the foundation, And bury all which yet distinctly ranges, In heaps and piles of ruin.

This deserves death. Sic. Bru. Or let us stand to our authority,

Or let us lose it .- We do here pronounce, Upon the part o' the people, in whose power We were elected theirs. Marcius is worthy Of present death.

Šīc. Therefore lay hold of him; Bear him to the rock Tarpeian, and from thence

Into destruction cast him. Ædıles, seize him!

Citizens. Yield, Marcius, yield! Hear me one word; Men.

Beseech you, tribunes, hear me but a word. friends. Æd. Peace, peace!

Men. Be that you seem, truly your country's And temperately proceed to what you would Thus violently redress.

Sir, those cold ways, That seem like prudent helps, are very poisonhım,

Cor. No, I'll die here.

Draws his sword. Cor. Hence, rotten thing! or I shall shake There's some among you have beheld me fighting.

Come, try upon yourselves what you have seen me.

Men. Down with that sword!-Tribunes. withdraw awhile.

Bru. Lay hands upon him

Men. Help Marcius, help, You that be noble, help him, young and old! Citizens. Down with him, down with him! In this mutiny the Tribunes, the Ædiles,

and the People are beat in. Men. Go, get you to your house, be gone,

away! All will be naught else.

Get you gone. 2 Sen. Cor. Stand fast:

We have as many friends as enemies.

Men. Shall it be put to that? 1 Sen. The gods forbid! I pr'ythee, noble friend, home to thy house,

Leave us to cure this cause. Men. For 'tis a sore upon us, You cannot tent yourself. be gone, beseech

VOII. Com. Come, sir, along with us. Cor. I would they were barbarians,-as they Though in Rome litter'd,-not Romans,-as

they are not, Though calv'd i' the porch o' the Capitol,-Men.

Put not your worthy rage into your tongue; One time will owe another. On fair ground Cor.

I could beat forty of them.

Men. I could myself

Take up a brace o' the best of them; yea, the two tribunes.

Com. But now 'tis odds beyond arithmetic; And manhood is call'd foolery when it stands Against a falling fabric.-Will you hence, Before the tag return? whose rage doth rend Like interrupted waters, and o'erbear What they are used to bear.

Men. Pray you, be gone: I'll try whether my old wit be in request With those that have but little: this must be

patch'd With cloth of any colour.

Com. Nay, come away.

[Exeunt Cor., Com., and others.

1 Pat. This man has marr'd his fortune.

Men. His nature is too noble for the world:

He would not flatter Neptune for his trident, Or Jove for's power to thunder. His heart's his mouth:

What his breast forges, that his tongue must vent:

And, being angry, does forget that ever He heard the name of death. [A noise within. Here's goodly work!

I would they were a-bed! 2 Pat. Men. I would they were in Tiber! What, the vengeance.

Could he not speak 'em fair?

Re-enter BRUTUS and SICINIUS, with the rabble.

Where is this viper That would depopulate the city and Be every man himself?

Men. You worthy tribunes,-Sic. He shall be thrown down the Tarpeian

rock With rigorous hands: he hath resisted law.

And therefore law shall scorn him further trial Than the severity of the public power, Which he so sets at naught.

He shall well know The noble tribunes are the people's mouths, And we their hands.

Citizens. He shall, sure on't.

Men. Sir, sir, Sic. Peace!

Men. Do not cry havoc, where you should but hunt

With modest warrant

Sir, how comes't that you Have holp to make this rescue?

Hear me speak:-As I do know the consul's worthiness,

So can I name his faults, Consul!-what consul?

Men. The consul Coriolanus. He consul!

Citizens. No, no, no, no, no.

Men. If, by the tribunes' leave, and yours, good people,

I may be heard, I would crave a word or two; Or what is worst will follow. The which shall turn you to no further harm Than so much loss of time.

Sic. Speak briefly, then; For we are peremptory to despatch This viperous traitor: to eject him hence Were but one danger; and to keep him here Our certain death; therefore it is decreed

He dies to-night. Now the good gods forbid Men. That our renowned Rome, whose gratitude Towards her deserved children is enroll'd In Jove's own book, like an unnatural dam

Should now eat up her own! Sic. He's a disease that must be cut away. Men. O, he's a limb that has but a disease:

Mortal, to cut it off; to cure it, easy. What has he done to Rome that's worthy death? Killing our enemies, the blood he hath lost,-Which I dare youch is more than that he hath By many an ounce, he dropt it for his country; And what is left, to lose it by his country Were to us all, that do't and suffer it.

A brand to the end o' the world. Sic.

This is clean kam. Bru. Merely awry: when he did love his country,

It honour'd him. Men. The service of the foot, Being once gangren'd, is not then respected For what before it was.

We'll hear no more.-Pursue him to his house, and pluck him thence; Lest his infection, being of catching nature, Spread further.

Men. One word more, one word. This tiger-footed rage, when it shall find The harm of unscann'd swiftness, will, too late, Tie leaden pounds to's heels. Proceed by process;

Lest parties,-as he is belov'd,-break out, And sack great Rome with Romans. Bru.

If it were so,-Sic. What do you talk? Have we not had a taste of his obedience? Our ædiles smote? ourselves resisted? -

come, Men. Consider this:-he has been bred i' the Wars

Since he could draw a sword, and is ill school'd In bolted language; meal and bran together He throws without distinction. Give me leave, I'll go to him, and undertake to bring him Where he shall answer, by a lawful form, In peace, to his utmost pend.

I Sen. Noble tribunes, It is the humane way: the other course

Will prove too bloody; and the end of it Unknown to the beginning.

Noble Menenius. Be you then as the people's officer .-Masters, lay down your weapons

Bru. Go not home. Sic. Meet on the market-place.-We'll

attend you there: Where, if you bring not Marcius, we'll proceed In our first way.

Men. I'll bring him to you.-[To the Senators.] Let me desire your company:

he must come,

I Sen. Pray you, let's to him. Exeunt.

SCENE II.—ROME. A Room in CORIOLANUS'S House.

Enter CORIOLANUS and Patricians.

Cor. Let them pull all about mine ears; present me Death on the wheel, or at wild horses' heels;

Or pile ten hills on the Tarpeian rock, That the precipitation might down stretch Below the beam of sight; yet will I still Be thus to them.

You do the nobler. I Pat. Cor. I muse my mother.

Does not approve me further, who was wont To call them woollen vassals, things created To buy and sell with groats; to show bare heads In congregations, to yawn, be still, and wonder, When one but of my ordinance stood up To speak of peace or war.

Enter VOLUMNIA.

I talk of you: [To VOLUMNIA. Why did you wish me mulder? Would you have me

False to my nature? Rather say, I play The man I am.

Vol. O, sir, sir, sir, I would have had you put your power well on Before you had worn it out.

Cor. Let go. [you are Vol. You might have been enough the man With striving less to be so: lesser had been

The thwartings of your dispositions if You had not show'd them how ye were dispos'd Ere they lack'd power to cross you. Let them hang.

Cor.

Vol. Ay, and burn too.

Enter MENENIUS and Senators.

Men. Come, come, you have been too rough, something too rough,

You must return and mend it.

1 Sen. There's no remedy. Unless, by not so doing, our good city Cleave in the midst, and perish.

Vol. Pray, be counsell'd; I have a heart as little apt as yours, But yet a brain that leads my use of anger

To better vantage.

Men. Well said, noble woman! Before he should thus stoop to the herd, but that The violent fit o' the time craves it as physic For the whole state, I would put mine armour

Which I can scarcely bear.

Cor. What must I do?

Men. Return to the tribunes. Cor. Well, what then? what then?

Men. Repent what you have spoke. Cor. For them?-I cannot do it to the gods;

Must I then do't to them?

Vol. You are too absolute; Though therein you can never be too noble But when extremities speak. I have heard you say,

Honour and policy, like unsever'd friends, I' the war do grow together: grant that, and

tell me

In peace what each of them by th' other lose That they combine not there.

Tush, tush! Cor.

Men.

Vol. If it be honour in your wars to seem The same you are not, -which for your best ends You adopt your policy,-how is it less or worse That it shall hold companionship in peace With honour as in war; since that to both It stands in like request?

Why force you this? Cor. Vol. Because that now it lies you on to speak To the people; not by your own instruction, Nor by the matter which your heart prompts

But with such words that are but rooted in Your tongue, though but bastards, and syllables Of no allowance, to your bosom's truth, Now, this no more dishonours you at all Than to take in a town with gentle words, Which else would put you to your fortune and The hazard of much blood.

I would dissemble with my nature where My fortunes and my friends at stake requir'd I should do so in honour: I am in this Your wife, your son, these senators, the nobles; And you will rather show our general louts How you can frown, than spend a fawn upon 'em

For the inheritance of their loves and safeguard Of what that want might ruin.

Noble lady!-Come, go with us; speak fair: you may salve so,

Not what is dangerous present, but the loss Of what is past.

I pr'ythee now, my son, Go to them with this bonnet in thy hand: And thus far having stretch'd it,—here be with

them,business Thy knee bussing the stones,-for in such Action is eloquence, and the eyes of the ignorant More learned than the ears, -waving thy head, Which often, thus, correcting thy stout heart,

Now humble as the ripest mulberry That will not hold the handling: or say to them

Thou art their soldier, and, being bred in broils,

Hast not the soft way which, thou dost confess, Were fit for thee to use, as they do claim, In asking their good loves, but thou wilt frame Thyself, forsooth, hereafter theirs, so far As thou hast power and person.

This but done, Men. Even as she speaks, why, their hearts were

yours: For they have pardons, being ask'd, as free As words to little purpose.

Vol. Pr'ythee now,

Go, and be rul'd: although I know thou had'st rather

Follow thine enemy in a fiery gulf Than flatter him in a bower. Here is Cominius.

Enter COMINIUS.

Com. I have been i' the market-place; and, sır, 'tıs fit

You make strong party, or defend yourself By calmness or by absence: all's in anger. Men. Only fair speech.

I think 'twill serve, if he Com.

Can thereto frame his spirit. Vol. He must, and will .-

A good demand. Pr'ythee now, say you will, and go about it.

Wars to seem Cor. Must I go show them my unbarb'd sconce? must I. With my base tongue, give to my noble heart A lie, that it must bear? Well, I will do't:

Yet, were there but this single plot to lose, This mould of Marcius, they to dust should

grand it, [place:-And throw't against the wind .- To the market-You have put me now to such a part which

never I shall discharge to the life.

Come, come, we'll prompt you. Com. Vol. I prythee now, sweet son,-as thou hast said

My praises made thee first a soldier, so, To have my praise for this, perform a part Thou hast not done before.

Well, I must do't: Away, my disposition, and possess me Some harlot's spirit! My throat of war be turn'd.

Which quired with my drum, into a pipe Small as an eunuch, or the virgin voice That babies lulls asleep! the smiles of knaves Tent in my cheeks; and school-boys' tears take up

The glasses of my sight! a beggar's tongue Make motion through my lips; and my arm'd knees.

Who bow'd but in my stirrup, bend like his That hath receiv'd an alms!-I will not do't; Lest I surcease to honour mine own truth, And by my body's action teach my mind

A most inherent baseness.

At thy choice, then: To beg of thee, it is my more dishonour Than thou of them. Come all to ruin. let Thy mother rather feel thy pride than fear Thy dangerous stoutness; for I mock at death With as big heart as thou. Do as thou list. Thy vallantness was mine, thou suck'dst it from me;

But owe thy pride thyself.

Pray, be content: Mother, I am going to the market-place; Chide me no more. I'll mountebank their loves. [belov'd

Cog their hearts from them, and come home Of all the trades in Rome. Look, I am going Commend me to my wife. Pil return consul Or never trust to what my tongue can do I' the way of flattery further.

Vol.

Do your will. [Exit. Com Away! the tribunes do attend you

arm yourself

To answer mildly; for they are prepar'd With accusations, as I hear, more strong Than are upon you yet.

Cor. The word is, mildly.-Pray you, let us

go:

Let them accuse me by invention, I Will answer in mine honour.

Av. but mildly.

Cor. Well, mildly be it then; mildly. Exeunf.

SCENE III .- ROME. The Forum.

Enter SICINIUS and BRUTUS.

Bru. In this point charge him home, that he affects Tyrannical power: if he evade us there,

Enforce him with his envy to the people; And that the spoil got on the Antiates Was ne'er distributed.

Enter an Ædile.

What, will he come?

Æd. He's coming.

Bru. How accompanied? Æd. With old Menenius, and those senators That always favour'd him

Have you a catalogue Of all the voices that we have procur'd,

Set down by the poll?

I have; 'tis ready. Æd.

Sic. Have you collected them by tribes? Æd. I have.

Sic. Assemble presently the people hither: And when they hear me say, It shall be so I' the right and strength o' the commons, be it

For death, for fine, or banishment, then let If I say fine, cry Fine,-if death, cry Death; Insisting on the old prerogative And power i' the truth o' the cause.

I shall inform them. Bru. And when such time they have begun to cry.

Let them not cease, but with a din confus'd Enforce the present execution Of what we chance to sentence.

Æd. Very well.

Sic. Make them be strong, and ready for this hint,

When we shall hap to give't them.

Bru. Go about it .--Exit Ædile.

Put him to choler straight: he hath been us'd Ever to conquer, and to have his worth Of contradiction: being once chaf'd, he cannot

Be rein'd again to temperance; then he speaks What's in his heart; and that is there which looks

With us to break his neck. Sic. Well, here he comes.

Enter CORIOLANUS, MENENIUS, COMINIUS Senators, and Patricians.

Men. Calmly, I do beseech you.

Men. Canny, I do bessess for the poorest piece [honour'd gods Will bear the knave by the volume.-The Keep Rome in safety, and the chairs of justice Supplied with worthy men! plant love among's! Throng our large temples with the shows of

peace, And not our streets with war!

1 Sen. Amen, amen!

Men. A noble wish.

Re-enter Ædile, with Citizens,

Sic. Draw near, ye people. [I sayl AEd. List to your tribunes; audience: peace, Cor. First, hear me speak.

Both Tri. Well, say.—Peace, hol

Cor. Shall I be charg'd no further than this present?

Must all determine here?

I do demand. If you submit you to the people's voices, Allow their officers, and are content To suffer lawful censure for such faults As shall be proved upon you?

Cor. I am content. Men. Lo, citizens, he says he is content: The warlike service he has done, consider; think like

Upon the wounds his body bears, which show Graves i' the holy churchyard.

Scratches with briers, Scars to move laughter only.

Consider further. That when he speaks not like a citizen. You find him like a soldier: do not take His rougher accents for malicious sounds,

But, as I say, such as become a soldier, Rather than envy you. Com. Well, well, no more. Cor. What is the matter,

That being pass'd for consul with full voice, I am so dishonour'd that the very hour You take it off again?

Sic. Answer to us.

Cor. Say then: 'tis true, I ought so. Sic. We charge you that you have contriv'd to take

From Rome all season'd office, and to wind Yourself into a power tyrannical; For which you are a traitor to the people.

Cor. How! traitor!

Men. Nay, temperately; your promise. Cor. The fires 1' the lowest hell fold in the people!

Call me their traitor!—Thou injurious tribune! Within thine eyes sat twenty thousand deaths, In thy hands clutch'd as many millions, in Thy lying tongue both numbers, I would say, Thou liest unto thee, with a voice as free As I do pray the gods.

Mark you this, people? Citizens. To the rock, to the rock with him!

Sic. Peace!

We need not put new matter to his charge: What you have seen him do and heard him speak,

Beating your officers, cursing yourselves, Opposing laws with strokes, and here defying Those whose great power must try him; even

So criminal, and in such capital kind, Deserves the extremest death.

But since he hath Rm. Serv'd well for Rome.

What do you prate of service? Cor. Bru. I talk of that, that know it.

Cor. You? mother?

Men. Is this the promise that you made your Com. Know, I pray you, Cor.

Let them pronounce the steep Tarpeian death, Vagabond exile, flaying, pent to linger But with a grain a day, I would not buy Their mercy at the price of one fair word, Nor check my courage for what they can give, To have't with saying Good-morrow. For that he has,-

As much as in him lies,—from time to time Envied against the people, seeking means To pluck away their power; as now at last Given hostile strokes, and that not in the presence

Of dreaded justice, but on the ministers That do distribute it; -- in the name o' the people.

And in the power of us the tribunes, we, Even from this instant, banish him our city; In peril of precipitation

From off the rock Tarpeian, never more To enter our Rome gates: i' the people's name, him away:

I say it shall be so. Citizens. It shall be so, it shall be so; let He's banished, and it shall be so.

Com. Hear me, my masters, and my common friends,

Sic. He's sentenc'd; no more hearing. Com. Let me speak: I have been consul, and can show for Rome Her enemies' marks upon me. I do love My country's good with a respect more tender, More holy and profound, than mine own life, My dear wife's estimate, her womb's increase, And treasure of my loins; then if I would Speak that,

We know your drift. Speak what? Sic. Bru. There's no more to be said, but he is

banish'd.

As enemy to the people and his country: It shall be so.

Citizens. It shall be so, it shall be so. Cor. You common cry of curs! whose breath

As reek o' the rotten fens, whose loves I prize As the dead carcasses of unburied men That do corrupt my air .- I banish you: And here remain with your uncertainty! Let every feeble rumour shake your hearts! Your enemies, with nodding of their plumes, Fan you into despair! Have the power still To banish your defenders; till at length Your ignorance,—which finds not till it feels,— Making not reservation of yourselves,-Still your own foes,-deliver you, as most Abated captives, to some nation That won you without blows! Despising, For you, the city, thus I turn my back: There is a world elsewhere.

[Exeunt COR., COM., MEN., Senators. and Patricians.

Ed. The people's enemy is gone, is gone! Citizens. Our enemy is banish'd! he is gone! Hoo! hoo!

[Shouting, and throwing up their caps. Sic. Go, see him out at gates, and follow him As he hath follow'd you, with all despite;

Give him deserv'd vexation. Let a guard Attend us through the city. [gates; come. Citizens. Come, come, let us see him out at I'll know no further: The gods preserve our noble tribunes!—Come. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

SCENE I .- ROME. Before a Gate of the City.

Enter CORIOLANUS, VOLUMNIA, VIRGILIA, MENENIUS, COMINIUS, and several young Patricians.

Cor. Come, leave your tears; a brief farewell:-the beast

With many heads butts me away.—Nay, mother, Where is your ancient courage? you were us'd To say extremity was the trier of spirits That common chances common men could bear; That when the sea was calm all boats alike Show'd mastership in floating; fortune's blows, When most struck home, being gentle wounded, craves

A noble cunning: you were us'd to load me With precepts that would make invincible The heart that conn'd them.

Vir. O heavens! O heavens!

Cor. Nay, I pr'ythee, woman Vol. Now the red pestilence strike all trades in Rome,

And occupations perish!

What, what, what! I shall be lov'd when I am lack'd. Nay, mother, Resume that spirit when you were wont to say, If you had been the wife of Hercules, Six of his labours you'd have done, and sav'd Your husband so much sweat.—Cominius, Droop not; adieu.-Farewell, my wife,-my mother:

I'll do well yet .- Thou old and true Menenius, Thy tears are salter than a younger man's,

And venomous to thine eyes.-My sometime Enter Volumnia, Virgilia, and Menenius general,

I have seen thee stern, and thou hast oft beheld Heart-hard'ning spectacles; tell these sad women

'Tis fond to wail inevitable strokes,

As 'tis to laugh at 'em .- My mother, you wot well

Believe't not lightly, -though I go alone, Like to a lonely dragon, that is fen

Makes fear'd and talk'd of more than seen,your son

Will or exceed the common or be caught With cautelous baits and practice.

My first son, Vol. Whither wilt thou go? Take good Cominus With thee awhile: determine on some course More than a wild exposture to each chance That starts i' the way before thee.

O the gods! Cor. Com. I'll follow thee a month, devise with

Where thou shalt rest, that thou mayst hear of us,

And we of thee: so, if the time thrust forth A cause for thy repeal, we shall not send O'er the vast world to seek a single man; And lose advantage, which doth ever cool I' the absence of the needer.

Fare ye well: Cor. Thou hast years upon thee; and thou art too full He'd make an end of thy posterity. Of the wars' surfeits to go rove with one Vol. Bastards and all.— [Rome! That's yet unbruis'd: bring me but out at Good man, the wounds that he does bear for

gate.-Come, my sweet wife, my dearest mother, and My friends of noble touch; when I am forth, Bid me farewell, and smile. I pray you, come. While I remain above the ground, you shall Hear from me still; and never of me aught

But what is like me formerly. Men. That's worthily As any ear can hear.—Come, let's not weep.-If I could shake off but one seven years From these old arms and legs, by the good gods,

I'd with thee every foot. Give me thy hand:-Cor. Come. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Rome. A Street near the Gate.

Enter Sicinius, Brutus, and an Ædile.

Sic. Bid them all home; he's gone, and

we'll no further.-The nobility are vex'd, whom we see have sided

In his behalf. Now we have shown our power, Вти.

Let us seem humbler after it is done Than when it was a-doing.

Bid them home: Say their great enemy is gone, and they Stand in their ancient strength.

Вти. Dismiss them home. Exit Ædile.

Here comes his mother.

Sic. Let's not meet her. Bru.

Why? Sic. They say she's mad. your way. Bru. They have ta'en note of us: keep on

Vol. O, you're well met: the hoarded plague o' the gods Requite your love!

Peace, peace, be not so loud. Val. If that I could for weeping, you should

hear, My hazards still have been your solace: and Nay, and you shall hear some .- Will you be gone?

To BRUTUS.

Vir. You shall stay too [To SICINIUS]: I would I had the power

To say so to my husband.

Sic. Are you mankind?

Vol. Ay, fool; is that a shame?—Note but this fool. -

Was not a man my father? Hadst thou forship To banish him that struck more blows for Rome

Than thou hast spoken words?-

O blessed heavens! Vol. More noble blows than ever thou wise words;

And for Rome's good .- I'll tell thee what:yet go:

Nay, but thou shalt stay too :- I would my son Were in Arabia, and thy tribe before him, His good sword in his hand.

Sic. What then? Vir. What then!

Men. Come, come, peace.
Sic. I would he had continu'd to his country

As he began, and not unknit himself The noble knot he made.

Bru. I would he had. Vol. I would he had! 'Twas you incens'd the rabble:-

Cats, that can judge as fitly of his worth As I can of those mysteries which heaven Will not have earth to know.

Вти. Pray, let us go. Vol. Now, pray, sir, get you gone: You have done a brave deed. Ere you go, hear this.

As far as doth the Capitol exceed The meanest house in Rome, so far my son,-This lady's husband here; this, do you see?-Whom you have banish'd, does exceed you all.

Bru. Well, well, we'll leave you. Sic. Why stay we to be baited With one that wants her wits?

Take my prayers with you.-Vol. I would the gods had nothing else to do

[Exeunt Tribunes. But to confirm my curses! Could I meet 'em But once a day, it would unclog my heart

Of what lies heavy to't. Men. You have told them home,

And, by my troth, you have cause. You'll sup with me?

Vol. Anger's my meat; I sup upon myself, And so shall starve with feeding.-Come, let's

Leave this faint puling, and lament as I do, In anger, Juno-like. Come, come, come. Men. Fie, fie, fie! Exeunt. Scene III .- A Highway between Rome and Have I heard groan and drop; then know me Antium.

Enter a Roman and a Volsce, meeting.

Rom. I know you well, sir; and you know me; your name, I think, is Adrian.

Vols. It is so, sir: truly, I have forgot you.
Rom. I am a Roman; and my services are,

as you are, against 'em: know you me yet?

Vols. Nicanor? no.

Rom. The same, sir. Vols. You had more beard when I last saw you; but your favour is well approved by your tongue. What's the news in Rome? I have a note from the Volscian state, to find you out there: you have well saved me a day's journey.

insurrection, the people against the senators, patricians, and nobles. Rom. There hath been in Rome strange

Vols. Hath been! is it ended, then? Our state thinks not so; they are in a most warlike preparation, and hope to come upon them in the heat of their division.

Rom. The main blaze of it is past, but a small thing would make it flame again: for the nobles receive so to heart the banishment of that worthy Coriolanus that they are in a ripe aptness to take all power from the people, and to pluck from them their tribunes for ever. This lies glowing, I can tell you, and is almost mature for the violent breaking out.

Vols. Coriolanus banished!

Rom. Banished, sir.

Vols. You will be welcome with this intelli-

gence, Nicanor.

Rom. The day serves well for them now. have heard it said the fittest time to corrupt a man's wife is when she's fallen out with her husband. Your noble Tulius Aufidius will appear well in these wars, his great opposer, Coriolanus, being now in no request of his country.

Vols. He cannot choose. I am most fortunate thus accidentally to encounter you: you have ended my business, and I will merrily

accompany you home.

Rom. I shall, between this and supper, tell you most strange things from Rome; all tending to the good of their adversaries. Have you an

army ready, say you?

Vols. A most royal one; the centurions and their charges, distinctly billeted, already in the entertainment, and to be on foot at an hour's

Rom. I am joyful to hear of their readiness, and am the man, I think, that shall set them in present action. So, sir, heartly well met, and most glad of your company.

Vols. You take my part from me, sir; I have the most cause to be glad of yours.

Rom. Well, let us go together. Exeunt.

Scene IV.—Antium. Before Aufidius's House

Enter Coriolanus, in mean apparel, disguised and muffled.

Cor. A goodly city is this Antium.-City, 'Tis I that made thy widows: many an heir Of these fair edifices 'fore my wars

not, Lest that thy wives with spits and boys with In puny battle slay me.

Enter a Citizen.

Save you, sir.

Cit. And you. Cor. Direct me, if it be your will,

Where great Aufidius lies: is he in Antium? Cit. He is, and feasts the nobles of the state At his house this night.

Cor. Which is his house Cit. This, here, before you. Which is his house, beseech you?

Cor. Thank you, sir: farewell. [Exit Citizen.

O world, thy slippery turns! Friends now fast sworn.

Whose double bosoms seem to wear one heart, Whose house, whose bed, whose meal and exercise

Are still together, who twin, as 'twere, in love Unseparable, shall within this hour, On a dissension of a doit, break out

To bitterest enmity; so fellest foes, Whose passions and whose plots have broke their To take the one the other, by some chance, Some trick not worth an egg, shall grow dear

friends, And interjoin their issues. So with me:-My birthplace hate I, and my love's upon This enemy town.—I'll enter: if he slay me, He does fair justice; if he give me way, Exit.

Scene V .- Antium. A Hall in Aufidius's House.

Music within. Enter a Servant.

I Serv. Wine, wine, wine! What service is here!

Exit.

I think our fellows are asleep.

Enter a second Servant.

2 Serv. Where's Cotus? my master calls for him .- Cotus! Exit.

Enter CORIOLANUS.

Cor. A goodly house: the feast smells well; but I

Appear not like a guest.

I'll do his country service.

Re-enter the first Servant.

r Serv. What would you have, friend? whence are you? Here's no place for you: pray, go to the door.

Cor. I have deserv'd no better entertainment In being Coriolanus.

Re-enter second Servant.

2 Serv. Whence are you, sir? Has the porter his eyes in his head, that he gives entrance to such companions? Pray, get you out.

Cor. Away!

2 Serv. Away! Get you away. Cor. Now thou art troublesome.

2 Serv. Are you so brave? I'll have you My surname, Coriolanus: the painful service. talked with anon.

Enter a third Servant. The first meets him.

3 Serv. What fellow's this?

I Serv. A strange one as ever I looked on: I cannot get him out o' the house: pr'ythee, call my master to him.

3 Serv. What have you to do here, fellow? Pray you, avoid the house.

Cor. Let me but stand; I will not hurt your hearth.

3 Serv. what are you? Cor. A gentleman.

3 Serv. A marvellous poor one.

Cor. True, so I am.

3 Serv. Pray you, poor gentleman, take up some other station; here's no place for you; some other status, pray you, avoid: come.

Cor. Follow your function, go,

Pushes him away.

Partine. tell

3 Serv. What, you will not?-Pr'ythee, tell my master what a strange guest he has here.

2 Serv. And I shall.
3 Serv. Where dwellest thou?
Cor. Under the canopy.

3 Serv. Under the canopy! Cor. Ay. 3 Serv. Where's that?

Cor. I' the city of kites and crows.

3 Serv. I' the city of kites and crows!-What an ass it is!-Then thou dwellest with daws too?

Cor. No, I serve not thy master.

3 Serv. How, sir! Do you meddle with my master?

Cor. Ay; 'tis an honester service than to meddle with thy mistress:

prat'st and prat'st; serve with thy trencher, hence! Beats him in.

Enter AUFIDIUS and the second Servant.

Auf. Where is this fellow?

2 Serv. Here, sir: I'd have beaten him like

a dog, but for disturbing the lords within.

Auf. Whence comest thou? what wouldst thou? thy name? [name?

Why speak'st not? speak, man: what's thy If, Tullus, [Unmuffling. Cor. Not yet thou know'st me, and, seeing me, dost not

Think me for the man I am, necessity

Commands me name myself. Auf. What is thy name?

Servants retire. Cor. A name unmusical to the Volscians'

ears, And harsh in sound to thine.

Say, what's thy name? Auf. Thou hast a grim appearance, and thy face Bears a command in't; though thy tackle's torn, Thou show'st a noble vessel: what's thy name? Cor. Prepare thy brow to frown:-know'st thou me yet?

Auf. I know thee not:--thy name?

Cor. My name is Caius Marcius, who hath done

To thee particularly, and to all the Volsces, Great hurt and mischief; thereto witness may Into the bowels of ungrateful Rome,

The extreme dangers, and the drops of blood Shed for my thankless country, are requited But with that surname; a good memory, And witness of the malice and displeasure Which thou shouldst bear me: only that name

remains:

The cruelty and envy of the people. Permitted by our dastard nobles, who Have all forsook me, hath devour'd the rest. And suffer'd me by the voice of slaves to be Whoop'd out of Rome. Now, this extremity Hath brought me to thy hearth: not out of hope, Mistake me not, to save my life; for if I had fear'd death, of all the men i' the world I would have 'voided thee; but in mere spite, To be full quit of those my banishers.

Stand I before thee here. Then if thou hast A heart of wreak in thee, that wilt revenge Thine own particular wrongs, and stop those maims [straight,

Of shame seen through thy country, speed thee And make my misery serve thy turn: so use it That my revengeful services may prove As benefits to thee; for I will fight Against my canker'd country with the spleen

Of all the under fiends. But if so be Thou dar'st not this, and that to prove more

fortunes

Thou'rt tir'd, then, in a word, I also am Longer to live most weary, and present My throat to thee and to thy ancient malice; Which not to cut would thee show but a fool, Since I have ever follow'd thee with hate, Drawn tuns of blood out of thy country's breast. And cannot live but to thy shame, unless It be to do thee service.

O Marcius, Marcius! Auf. Each word thou hast spoke hath weeded from my heart

A root of ancient envy. If Jupiter Should from youd cloud speak divine things, And say 'Tis true, I'd not believe them more Than thee, all noble Marcius.-Let me twine Mine arms about that body, where against My grained ash an hundred times hath broke And scar'd the moon with splinters: here I clip The anvil of my sword, and do contest As hotly and as nobly with thy love As ever in ambitious strength I did Contend against thy valour. Know thou first.

I lov'd the maid I married; never man Sighed truer breath; but that I see thee here, Thou noble thing! more dances my rapt heart Than when I first my wedded mistress saw

Bestride my threshold. Why, thou Mars! I tell thee, We have a power on foot; and I had purpose

Once more to hew thy target from thy brawn, Or lose mine arm for't: thou hast beat me out Twelve several times, and I have nightly since Dreamt of encounters 'twixt thyself and me; We have been down together in my sleep, Unbuckling helms, fisting each other's throat, And wak'd half dead with nothing. Worthy

Marcius,

Had we no other quarrel else to Rome, but that Thou art thence banish'd, we would muster all From twelve to seventy; and, pouring war

Like a bold flood o'erbear. O, come, go in, And take our friendly senators by the hands: Who now are here, taking their leaves of me, Who am prepar'd against your territories, Though not for Rome itself.

Cor. You bless me, gods' Auf. Therefore, most absolute sir, if thou wilt have

The leading of thine own revenges, take The one half of my commission, and set down,-As best thou art experience'd, since thou know'st Thy country's strength and weakness,-thine own ways;

Whether to knock against the gates of Rome. Or rudely visit them in parts remote, To fright them, ere destroy. But come in: Let me commend thee first to those that shall Say yea to thy desires. A thousand welcomes!

And more a friend than e'er an enemy, Yet, Marcius, that was much. Your hand:

most welcome!

[Exeunt COR., and AUF. I Serv. [Advancing.] Here's a strange alter-

ation! 2 Serv. By my hand, I had thought to have strucken him with a cudgel, and vet my mind

gave me his clothes made a false report of him. I Serv. What an arm he has! He turned me about with his finger and his thumb, as one would set up a top.

2 Serv. Nay, I knew by his face that there was something in him: he had, sir, a kind of face, methought,-I cannot tell how to term it.

I Serv. He had so; looking as it were,—would I were hanged, but I thought there was

more in him than I could think.

2 Serv. So did I, I'll be sworn: he is simply the rarest man i' the world.

I Serv. I think he is: but a greater soldier than he you wot on.

2 Serv. Who, my master? I Serv. Nay, it's no matter for that.

2 Serv. Worth six on him. 1 Serv. Nay, not so neither: but I take him to be the greater soldier.

2 Serv. Faith, look you, one cannot tell how to say that: for the defence of a town our general is excellent.

I Serv. Ay, and for an assault too.

Re-enter third Servant.

- 3 Serv. O slaves, I can tell you news,-news,
- I and 2 Serv. What, what, what? let's par-
- 3 Serv. I would not be a Roman, of all nations; I had as heve be a condemned man.
 - I and 2 Serv. Wherefore? wherefore? 3 Serv. Why, here's he that was wont to
- thwack our general,-Casus Marcius. I Serv. Why do you say, thwack our general?
- 3 Serv. I do not say, thwack our general; but he was always good enough for him.
- 2 Serv. Come, we are fellows and friends: he was ever too hard for him; I have heard him say so himself.
- I Serv. He was too hard for him directly, to say the troth on't: before Corroli he scotched him and notched him like a carbonado.
- 2 Serv. An he had been cannibally given, he might have broiled and eaten him to.

1 Serv. But more of thy news?

3 Serv. Why, he is so made on here within as if he were son and heir to Mars, set at upper end o' the table; no question asked him by any of the senators, but they stand bald before him: our general himself makes a mistress of him. sanctifies himself with's hand, and turns up the white o' the eye to his discourse. But the bottom of the news is, our general is cut i' the middle, and but one half of what he was yesterday, for the other has half, by the entreaty and grant of the whole table. He'll go, he says, and sowl the porter of Rome gates by the ears he will mow all down before him, and leave his passage polled.

2 Serv. And he's as like to do't as any man

I can imagine.

3 Serv. Do't! he will do't; for, look you, sir, he has as many friends as enemies, which friends, sir, as it were, durst not, look you, sir, show themselves, as we term it, his friends, whilst he's in dejectitude.

1 Serv. Dejectitude' what's that? 3 Serv. But when they shall see, sir, his crest up again, and the man in blood, they will out of their burrows, like comes after rain, and revel all with him.

1 Serv. But when goes this forward? 3 Serv. To-morrow; to-day, presently, you shall have the drum struck up this afternoon: 'tis as it were a parcel of their feast, and to be executed ere they wipe their lips.

2 Serv. Why, then we shall have a stirring world again. This peace is good for nothing but to rust iron, increase tailors, and breed

ballad-makers.

1 Serv. Let me have war, say I, it exceeds peace as far as day does night, it's spritely, waking, audible, and full of vent. Peace is a very apoplexy, lethargy; mulled, deaf, sleepy, insensible, a getter of more bastard children than wars a destroyer of men.

2 Serv. 'Tis so: and as wars, in some sort, may be said to be a ravisher, so it cannot be demed but peace is a greater maker of cuckolds.

r Serv. Ay, and it makes men hate one another.

3 Serv. Reason; because they then less need one another. The wars for my money. I hope to see Romans as cheap as Volscians. They are rising, they are nsing.

All. In, in, in, in! Exeunt.

Scene VI - Rome. A public Place.

Enter SICINIUS and BRUTUS.

Sic. We hear not of him, neither need we fear him;

His remedies are tame i' the present peace And quietness of the people, which before Were in wild hurry. Here do we make his

friends Blush that the world goes well, who rather had, Though they themselves did suffer by't, behold Dissentious numbers pestering streets than see

Our tradesmen singing in their shops, and going About their functions friendly. Bru. We stood to't in good time.- Is this

Menenius?

Of late.

Enter MENENIUS.

Bru. Hail, sir!

Men. Hail to you bould:
Sic. Your Corolanus is not much miss'd But with his friends: the commonwealth doth stand,

And so would do, were he more angry at it. Men. All's well, and might have been much better if

He could have temporiz'd.

Where is he, hear you? Sic. Men. Nay, I hear nothing: his mother and his wife

Hear nothing from him.

Enter three or four Citizens.

Citizens. The gods preserve you both! Sic. God-den, our neighbours. Bru. God-den to you all, God-den to you all. I Cit. Ourselves, our wives, and children, on our knees.

Are bound to pray for you both.

Live and thrive! Bru. Farewell, kind neighbours; we wish'd Corrolanus

Had lov'd you as we did.

Citizens. Now the gods keep you! Both Tri. Farewell, farewell

[Exeunt Citizens. Sic. This is a happier and more comely time Than when these fellows ran about the streets Crying confusion.

Caius Marcius was Bru. A worthy officer i' the war; but insolent, O'ercome with pride, ambitious past all thinking,

Self-loving,-And affecting one sole throne, Sıc.

Without assistance. I think not so. Ition, Sic. We should by this, to all our lamenta-If he had gone forth consul, found it so.

Bru. The gods have well prevented it, and

Rome

Sits safe and still without him.

Enter an Ædile.

Worthy tribunes, There is a slave, whom we have put in prison, Reports,-the Volsces with two several powers Are enter'd in the Roman territories; And with the deepest malice of the war Destroy what hes before 'em. 'Tıs Aufidius, Men. Who, hearing of our Marcius' banishment Thrusts forth his horns again into the world; Which were inshell'd when Marcius stood for Rome.

And durst not once peep out.

Sic. Come, what talk you Of Marcius?

Bru. Go see this rumourer whipp'd -It cannot be

The Volsces dare break with us.

Men. Cannot be! We have record that very well it can;

Sic. 'Its he, 'tis he: O, he is grown most kind And three examples of the like have been Within my age. But reason with the fellow, Before you purush him, where he heard this; Lest you shall chance to whip your information, And beat the messenger who bids beware Of what is to be dreaded.

Sic. I know this cannot be.

Bru.

Tell not me:

Not possible.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. The nobles in great earnestness are going

All to the senate-house: some news is come That turns their countenances Sic.

'Tis this slave,-Go whip him 'fore the people's eyes:-his rais-

Nothing but his report.

Yes, worthy sir, The slave's report to More fearful, is dehver'd.

What more fearful? The slave's report is seconded; and more.

Mess. It is spoke freely out of many mouths,-How probable I do not know,—that Marcius, Join'd with Aufidius, leads a power 'gainst

Rome,

And vows revenge as spacious as between The young'st and oldest thing.

Sic. This is most likely! Bru. Rais'd only, that the weaker sort may wish

Wish God Marcius home again. The very trick on't. Men. This is unlikely:

He and Aufidius can no more atone Than violentest contrariety.

Enter a second Messenger.

2 Mess. You are sent for to the senate: A fearful army, led by Caus Marcius
Associated with Aufidius, rages
Upon our territories; and have already [took O'erborne their way, consum'd with fire, and What lay before them.

Enter COMINIUS.

Com. O, you have made good work! Men. What news? what news? Com. You have holp to ravish your own

daughters, and To melt the city leads upon your pates; To see your wives dishonour'd to your noses,-

Men. What's the news? what's the news? Com. Your-temples burned in their cement;

and Your franchises, whereon you stood, confin'd

Into an auger's bore. Pray now, your news?-Men.You have made fair work, I fear me.-Pray, your news?

If Marcius should be join'd with Volscians,-

He is their god: he leads them like a thing Made by some other deity than nature, That shapes man better; and they tollow him, Against us brats, with no less confidence Than boys pursuing summer butterflies, Or butchers killing flies.

You have made good work, Men. You and your apron men; you that stood so much

Upon the voice of occupation and The breath of garlic-eaters! He will shake Com.

Your Rome about your ears. Men.

As Hercules Did shake down mellow fruit.—You have made fair work!

Bru. But is this true, sir?

Com. Ay; and you'll look pale Before you find it other. All the regions Do smilingly revolt; and who resist Are only mock'd for valiant ignorance, And perish constant fools. Who is't can blame him?

Your enemies and his find something in him. Men. We are all undone unless

The noble man have mercy.

Who shall ask it? The tribunes cannot do't for shame; the people Deserve such pity of him as the wolf [they Does of the shepherds: for his best friends, if Should say, Be good to Rome, they charg'd him even

As those should do that had deserv'd his hate. And therein show'd like enemies.

Men. If he were putting to my house the brand That should consume it, I have not the face To say, Beseech you, cease .- You have made fair hands,

You and your crafts! you have crafted fair! You have brought A trembling upon Rome, such as was never

So incapable of help.

Both Tri. Say not, we brought it. Men. How! Was it we? we lov'd him; but, like beasts, [clusters, And cowardly nobles, gave way unto your Who did hoot him out o' the city.

But I fear Tullus Aufidius,

They'll roar him in again. The second name of men, obeys his points As if he were his officer:—desperation Is all the policy, strength, and defence, That Rome can make against them.

Enter a troop of Citizens.

Here comes the clusters. And is Aufidius with him?-You are they That made the air unwholesome, when you cast Your stinking greasy caps in hooting at Coriolanus' exile. Now he's coming; And not a hair upon a soldier's head Which will not prove a whip: as many cox-As you threw caps up will he tumble down, And pay you for your voices. 'Tis no matter; If he could burn us all into one coal, We have deserv'd it.

Citizens. Faith, we hear fearful news. For mine own part, I Cit.

When I said banish him, I said 'twas pity.

2 Cit. And so did I.
3 Cit. And so did I; and, to say the truth, so did very many of us. That we did, we did for the best; and though we willingly consented to his banishment, yet it was against our will.

Com. You are goodly things, you voices!

Men. You have made Good work, you and your cry!-Shall's to the Capitol?

Com. O, ay; what else?

Exeunt COM. and MEN. Sic. Go, masters, get you home; be not dismav'd:

These are a side that would be glad to have This true which they so seem to fear. Go home,

And show no sign of fear. I Cit. The gods be good to us!—Come, masters, let's home. I ever said we were i'

the wrong when we banished him. 2 Cit. So did we all. But come, let's home. [Exeunt Citizens.

Bru. I do not like this news. Sic. Nor I. wealth. Bru. Let's to the Capitol:-would half my Would buy this for a lie!

Sic. Pray, let us go. | Exeunt.

Scene VII .- A Camp at a small distance from Rome.

Enter AUFIDIUS and his Lieutenant.

Auf. Do they still fly to the Roman? I do not know what witchoraft's in Lieu. him, but

Your soldiers use him as the grace 'fore meat, Their talk at table, and their thanks at end; And you are darken'd in this action, sir, Even by our own.

I cannot help it now, Auf. Unless, by using means I lame the foot Of our design. He bears himself more proudlier,

Even to my person, than I thought he would When first I did embrace him: yet his nature In that's no changeling; and I must excuse What cannot be amended.

Lieu. Yet I wish, sir,-I mean for your particular,-you had not Join'd in commission with him; but either Had borne the action of yourself, or else To him had left it solely. Auf. I understand thee well; and be thou When he shall come to his account, he knows

not What I can urge against him. Although it seems, And so he thinks, and is no less apparent To the vulgar eye, that he bears all things fairly, And shows good husbandry for the Volscian

state.

Fights dragon-like, and does achieve as soon As draw his sword: yet he hath left undone That which shall break his neck or hazard mine Whene'er we come to our account. Rome?

Lieu. Sir, I beseech you, think you he'll carry Auf. All places yield to him ere he sits down; And the nobility of Rome are his:

The senators and patricians love him too: The tribunes are no soldiers; and their people Will be as rash in the repeal as hasty To expel him thence. I think he'll be to Rome As is the osprey to the fish, who takes it By sovereignty of nature. First he was A noble servant to them; but he could not

Carry his honours even: whether 'twas pride,

Which out of daily fortune ever taints

The happy man; whether defect of judgment, To fail in the disposing of those chances Which he was lord of; or whether nature, Not to be other than one thing, not moving From the casque to the cushion, but commanding peace

Even with the same austerity and garb As he controll'd the war; but one of these,-As he hath spices of them all, not all, For I dare so far free him,-made him fear'd, So hated, and so banish'd: but he has a merit To choke it in the utterance. So our virtues Lie in the interpretation of the time: And power, unto itself most commendable,

Hath not a tomb so evident as a cheer To extol what it hath done.

One fire drives out one fire; one nail, one nail;

Rights by rights, falter, strengths by strengths do fail.

Come, let's away. When, Caius, Rome is thine, Thou art poor'st of all; then shortly art thou [Exeunt

ACT V.

Scene I.—Rome. A public Place.

Enter Menenius, Cominius, Sicinius, BRUTUS, and others.

Men. No, I'll not go: you hear, what he hath said

Which was sometime his general; who lov'd

In a most dear particular. He call'd me father: But what o' that? Go, you that banish'd him; A mile before his tent fall down, and knee The way into his mercy: nay, if he coy'd To hear Cominus speak, I'll keep at home.

Com. He would not seem to know me. Do you hear? Men.

Com. Yet one time he did call me by my

I urg'd our old acquaintance, and the drops That we have bled together. Coriolanus He would not answer to: forbad all names: He was a kind of nothing, titleless, Till he had forg'd himself a name o' the fire Of burning Rome.

Men. Why, so,—you have made good work! A pair of tribunes that have rack'd for Rome, To make coals cheap,—a noble memory!

Com. I minded him how royal 'twas to pardon When it was less expected: he replied,

It was a bare petition of a state To one whom they had punish'd

Very well: Men.

Could he say less? Com. I offer'd to awaken his regard

For's private friends: his answer to me was, He could not stay to pick them in a pile Of noisome musty chaff: he said 'twas folly For one poor grain or two to leave unburnt. And still to nose the offence.

For one poor grain Or two! I am one of those; his mother, wife, His child, and this brave fellow too, we are the

grains:

You are the musty chaff; and you are smelt Above the moon: we must be burnt for you. Sic. Nay, pray, be patient: if you refuse your aid

In this so never-heeded help, yet do not Upbraid's with our distress. But, sure, if you Would be your country's pleader, your good tongue,

More than the instant army we can make, Might stop our countryman.

Мen. No, I'll not meddle.

Sic. Pray you, go to him.

What should I do? Men. Bru. Only make trial what your love can do For Rome, towards Marcius

Well, and say that Marcius Return me, as Cominius is return'd.

Unheard; what then?

But as a discontented friend, grief-shot With his unkindness? Say't be so?

Yet your good-will Must have that thanks from Rome, after the measure

As you intended well.

Men. I'll undertake't: I think he'll hear me. Yet to bite his lip And hum at good Cominius much unhearts me. He was not taken well: he had not din'd: The veins unfill'd, our blood is cold, and then We pout upon the morning, are unapt To give or to forgive; but when we have stuff'd These pipes and these conveyances of our blood With wine and feeding, we have suppler souls Than in our priest-like fasts: therefore I'll watch him

Till he be dieted to my request,

And then I'll set upon him. Bru. You know the very road into his kind-

And cannot lose your way. Men. Good faith, I'll prove him,

Speed how it will. I shall ere long have knowledge

Of my success. Exit.

Com. He'll never hear him Sic.

Com. I tell you, he does sit in gold, his eye Red as 'twould burn Rome; and his injury The gaoler to his pity. I kneel'd before him; 'Twas very faintly he said Rise; dismiss'd me Thus, with his speechless hand: what he would

He sent in writing after me; what he would Bound with an oath to yield to his conditions:

So that all hope is vain, Unless in's noble mother and his wife;

Who, as I hear, mean to solicit him For mercy to his country. Therefore, let's And with our fair entreaties haste them on.

Exeunt.

Scene II.—An advanced Post of the Volscian Camp before Rome. The Guard at their stations.

Enter to them MENENIUS.

I G. Stay: whence are you?

2 G. Stand, and go back. Men. You guard like men; 'tis well: but, by your leave,

I am an officer of state, and come To speak with Coriolanus.

тĜ. From whence? Men. From Rome. our general

Will no more hear from thence. before 2 G. You'll see your Rome embrac'd with fire

You'll speak with Coriolanus

Good my friends. If you have heard your general talk of Rome, And of his friends there, it is lots to blanks My name hath touch'd your ears: it is Menenius.

r G. Be it so; go back: the virtue of your name

Is not here passable.

I tell thee, fellow, Men. Thy general is my lover: I have been [read The book of his good acts, whence men have His fame unparallel'd, haply amplified; For I have ever verified my friends,-

Of whom he's chief,—with all the size that

verity Would without lapsing suffer: nay, sometimes, Like to a bowl upon a subtle ground, I have tumbled past the throw: and in his Have almost stamp'd the leasing: therefore,

fellow. I must have leave to pass.

I G. Faith, sir, if you had told as many lies in his behalf as you have utter'd words in your own, you should not pass here: no, though it were as virtuous to lie as to live chastely. Therefore, go back.

Men. Pr'ythee, fellow, remember my name is Menenius, always factionary on the party of

your general.

2 G. Howsoever you have been his liar,—as you say you have,-I am one that, telling true under him, must say, you cannot pass. Therefore, go back.

Men. Has he dined, canst thou tell? for I would not speak with him till after dinner.

r G. You are a Roman, are you?

Men. I am as thy general is. [does. I Gen. Then you should hate Rome, as he Can you, when you have pushed out your gates the very defender of them, and, in a violent popular ignorance, given your enemy your shield, think to front his revenges with the easy groans of old women, the virginal palms of your daughters, or with the palsied intercession of such a decayed dotant as you seem to be? Can you think to blow out the intended fire your city is ready to flame in, with such weak breath as this? No, you are deceived; therefore, back to Rome, and prepare for your execution: you are condemned; our general has sworn you out of reprieve and pardon.

Men. Sirrah, if thy captain knew I were here

he would use me with estimation.

2 G. Come, my captain knows you not.

Men. I mean thy general.

1 G. My general cares not for you. Back, I say; go, lest I let forth your half pint of blood;-back; that's the utmost of your having:-back.

Men. Nay, but, fellow, fellow,-

Enter CORIOLANUS and AUFIDIUS.

Cor. What's the matter?

Men. Now, you companion, I'll say an errand for you; you shall know now that I am in esti-

I G. You may not pass, you must return: mation; you shall perceive that a jack guardant cannot office me from my son Coriolanus: guess but by my entertainment with him if thou standest not i' to state of hanging, or of some death more long in spectatorship and crueller in suffering; behold now presently, and swoon for what's to come upon thee.—The glorious gods sit in hourly synod about thy particular prosperity, and love thee no worse than thy old father Menenius does! O my son! my son! thou art preparing fire for us; look thee, here's water to quench it. I was hardly moved to come to thee; but being assured none but myself could move thee, I have been blown out of your gates with sighs; and conjure thee to pardon Rome and thy petitionary countrymen. The good gods assuage thy wrath, and turn the dregs of it upon this yarlet here; this, who, like a block, hath denied my access to thee.

Cor. Away!

Men. How! away! [affairs Cor. Wife, mother, child, I know not. My Are servanted to others: though I owe

My revenge properly, my remission lies In Volscian breasts. That we have been familiar,

Ingrate forgetfulness shall poison, rather Than pity note how much.—Therefore, be gone. Mine ears against your suits are stronger than Your gates against my force. Yet, for I lov'd thee.

Take this along; I writ it for thy sake,

Gives a letter.

And would have sent it. Another word, Menenius. I will not hear thee speak.—This man, Aufidius, Was my beloved in Rome: yet thou behold'st!

Auf. You keep a constant temper.

Exeunt COR. and AUF. I G. Now, sir, is your name Menenius?

2 G. 'Tis a spell, you see, of much power: you know the way home again.

I G. Do you hear how we are shent for keeping your greatness back?

2 G. What cause, do you think, I have to

swoon?

Men. I neither care for the world nor your general: for such things as you, I can scarce think there's any, ye're so slight. He that hath a will to die by himself fears it not from another. Let your general do his worst. For you, be that you are, long; and your misery increase with your age! I say to you, as I was said to, away!

I G. A noble fellow, I warrant him.
2 G. The worthy fellow is our general: he is the rock, the oak not to be wind-shaken.

Exeunt.

SCENE III .- The Tent of CORIOLANUS.

Enter CORIOLANUS, AUFIDIUS, and others.

Cor. We will before the walls of Rome tomorrow

Set down our host.-My partner in this action, You must report to the Volscian lords how plainly

I have borne this business.

Auf. Only their ends You have respected; stopp'd your ears against The general suit of Rome; never admitted A private whisper, no, not with such friends That thought them sure of you.

Cor.

This last old man, Whom with a crack'd heart I have sent to Rome, Lov'd me above the measure of a father;
Nay, godded me, indeed. Their latest refuge Was to send him; for whose old love I have,—
Though I show'd sourly to him,—once more offer'd

The first conditions, which they did refuse, And cannot now accept, to grace him only, That thought he could do more, a very little I have yielded to: fresh embassies and suits, Nor from the state nor private friends, hereafter

Will I lend ear to.—Hal what shout is this?
[Shout within.
Shall I be tempted to infringe my yow

In the same time 'tis made? I will not.

Enter in mourning habits, VIRGILIA, VOLUM-

NIA, leading young MARCIUS, VALERIA, and Attendants.

My wife comes foremest; then the honour'd mould

Wherein this trunk was fram'd, and in her hand The grandchild to her blood. But, out, affec-

All bond and privilege of nature, break!
Let it be virtuous to be obstinate.— [eyes,
What is that curt'sy worth? or those doves'
Which can make gods forsworn?—I melt, and
am not [bows,

Of stronger earth than others.—My mother As if Olympus to a molehill should In supplication nod: and my young boy Hath an aspect of intercession which Great nature cries, Deny not.—Let the Volsces Plough Rome and harrow Italy: I'll never Be such a gosling to obey instinct; but stand, As if a man were author of himself, And knew no other kin.

Vir. My lord and husband!
Cor. These eyes are not the same I wore in Rome.

Vir. The sorrow that delivers us thus chang'd Makes you think so.

Cor.

Like a dull actor now,
I have forgot my part, and I am out,
Even to a full disgrace. Best of my fiesh,
Forgive my tyranny; but do not say,
For that, Forgive our Romans.—O, a kiss
Long as my exile, sweet as my revenge;
Now, by the jealous queen of heaven, that kiss
I carned from thee, dear; and my true lip
Hath virgin'd it e'er since.—You gods! I prate,
And the most noble mother of the world
Leave unsaluted: sink, my knee, i' the earth;
[Kneels.

Of thy deep duty more impression show
Than that of common sons.

Vol.

O, stand up bles:

Vol. O, stand up bless'd! Whilst, with no softer cushion than the flint, I kneel before thee; and unproperly Show duty, as mistaken all this while Between the child and parent. [Kneels. Cor.

Cor. What is this?
Your knees to me? to your corrected son?

Then let the pebbles of the hungry beach Fillip the stars; then let the mutinous winds Strike the proud cedars 'gainst the fiery sun; Murdering impossibhty, to make What cannot be, slight work.

Vol.

I holp to frame thee. Do you know this lady?
Cor. The noble sister of Publicola,
The moon of Rome; chaste as the icicle
That's curded by the frost from purest snow,
And hangs on Dian's temple—dear Valeria!
Vol. This is a poor epitome of yours,

Which, by the interpretation of full time, May show like all yourself.

Cor. The god of soldiers, With the consent of supreme Jove, inform Thy thoughts with nobleness; that thou mayst

prove
To shame unvulnerable, and stick i' the wars
Like a great sea-mark, standing every flaw,
And saving those that eye thee!

Vol. Your knee, sirrah
Cor. That's my brave boy. [self
Vol. Even he, your wife, this lady, and my

Are suitors to you.

Cor. I besech you, peace:
Or, if you'd ask, remember this before,—
The things I have forsworn to grant may never
Be held by you denials. Do not bid me
Dismiss my soldiers, or capitulate
Again with Rome's mechanics.—Tell me not
Wherein I seem unpatural; desire pot

Wherein I seem unnatural: desire not To allay my rages and revenges with Your colder reasons.

Your colder reasons.

Vol.

O, no more, no more!

You have said you will not grant us anything; For we have nothing else to ask but that Which you deny already: yet we will ask; That, if you fail in our request, the blame May hang upon your hardness; therefore hear

Cor. Aufidius, and you Volsces, mark: for Hear naught from Rome in private.—Your request? [raiment

Vol. Should we be silent and not speak, our And state of bodies would bewray what life We have led since thy exile. Think with thy self,

How more unfortunate than all living women Are we come hither: since that thy sight,

which should [comforts, Make our eyes flow with joy, hearts dance with Constrains them weep, and shake with fear and sorrow:

Making the mother, wife, and child to see The son, the husband, and the father tearing His country's bowels out. And to poor we, Thine enmity's most capital: though barr'st us Our prayers to the gods, which is a comfort That all but we enjoy; for how can we,

Alas, how can we for our country pray, Whereto we are bound,—together with thy

victory,
Whereto we are bound? alack, or we must lose
The country, our dear nurse; or else thy person,
Our comfort in the country. We must find
An evident calamity, though we had [thou
Our wish, which side should win; for either
Must, as a foreign recreant, be led

With manacles thorough our streets, or else

Triumphantly tread on thy country's ruin, And bear the palm for having bravely shed Thy wife and children's blood. For myself, son, thee I purpose not to wait on fortune till These wars determine: if I cannot persuade Rather to show a noble grace to both parts Than seek the end of one, thou shalt no sooner March to assault thy country than to tread,-Trust to't, thou shalt not,-on thy mother's womb,

That brought thee to this world.

Av. and mine. That brought you forth this boy, to keep your name

Living to time.
'A shall not tread on me; I'll run away till I am bigger; but then I'll fight.

Cor. Not of a woman's tenderness to be. Requires nor child nor woman's face to see. I have sat too long. Rising.

Vol. Nay, go not from us thus. If it were so that our request did tend To save the Romans, thereby to destroy The Volsces whom you serve, you might condemn us,

As poisonous of your honour: no; our suit Is, that you reconcile them: while the Volsces May say, This mercy we have show'd; the Romans,

This we deceiv'd; and each in either side Give thee all-hall to thee, and cry, Be bless'd For making up this peace! Thou know'st great son.

The end of war's uncertain; but this certain, That, if thou conquer Rome, the benefit Which thou shalt thereby reap is such a name, Whose repetition will be dogg'd with curses: Whose chronicle thus writ,-The man was noble,

But with his last attempt he wiped it out; Destroy'd his country; and his name remains To the ensuing age abhorr'd. Speak to me, son: Thou hast affected the fine strains of honour, To imitate the graces of the gods,

To tear with thunder the wide cheeks o' the air, And yet to charge thy sulphur with a bolt That should but rive an oak. Why dost not

speak? Think'st thou it honourable for a noble man Still to remember wrongs?-Daughter, speak

He cares not for your weeping.-Speak thou, Perhaps thy childishness will move him more Than can our reasons .- There is no man in the world

More bound to his mother; yet here he lets me Like one i' the stocks. Thou hast never in thy life

Show'd thy dear mother any courtesy;

When she,-poor hen,-fond of no second brood,

Has cluck'd thee to the wars, and safely home, Loaden with honour. Say my request's unjust, And spurn me back: but if it be not so, Thou art not honest; and the gods will plague

thee,

That thou restrain'st from me the duty which To a mother's past belongs.-He turns away: Down, ladies; let us shame him with our knees. To his surname Coriolanus 'longs more pride Than pity to our prayers. Down: an end; This is the last.—So we will home to Rome. And die among our neighbours.-Nay, behold's:

This boy, that cannot tell what he would have. But kneels and holds up hands for fellowship Does reason our petition with more strength Than thou hast to deny't.-Come, let us go: This fellow had a Volscian to his mother; His wife is in Corioli, and his child

Like him by chance.—Yet give us our de-spatch: I am hush'd until our city be afire,

And then I'll speak a little.

Cor. [After holding Volumnia by the hands in silence.] O mother, mother! What have you done? Behold, the heavens do

The gods look down, and this unnatural scene

They laugh at. O my mother, mother! O! You have won a happy victory to Rome; But for your son,—believe it, O, believe it, Most dangerously you have with him prevail'd, If not most mortal to him. But let it come. Aufidius, though I cannot make true wars,

I'll frame convenient peace. Now, good Aufidius,

If you were in my stead, would you have heard A mother less? or granted less, Aufidius?

Auf. I was mov'd withal.

I dare be sworn you were: And, sir, it is no little thing to make

Mine eyes to sweat compassion. But, good sir, What peace you'll make, advise me. for my part,

I'll not to Rome, I'll back with you; and, pray you,

Stand to me in this cause.—O mother! wife! Auf. I am glad thou hast set thy mercy and thy honour

At difference in thee: out of that I'll work Myself a former fortune. Aside.

[The ladies make signs to CORIOLANUS. Cor. Ay, by and by,

[To VOLUMNIA, VIRGILIA, &c. But we'll drink together; and you shall bear A better witness back than words, which we, On like conditions, will have counter-seal'd. Come, enter with us. Ladies, you deserve To have a temple built you: all the swords In Italy, and her confederate arms, Could not have made this peace. Exeunt.

Scene IV.—Rome. A public Place.

Enter MENENIUS and SICINIUS.

Men. See you youd coigne o' the Capitol,yond corner-stone?

Sic. Why, what of that?

Men. If it be possible for you to displace it with your little finger, there is some hope the ladies of Rome, especially his mother, may prevail with him. But I say there is no hope in't: our throats are sentenced, and stay upon execution.

Sic. Is't possible that so short a time can

alter the condition of a man?

Men. There is differency between a grub and a butterfly; yet your butterfly was a grub. This Marcius is grown from man to dragon: he has wings; he's more than a creeping thing.

Sic. He loved his mother dearly.

Men. So did he me: and he no more remembers his mother now than an eight-yearold horse. The tartness of his face sours ripe grapes: when he walks, he moves like an engine, and the ground shrinks before his treading: he is able to pierce a corslet with his eye; talks like a knell, and his hum is a battery. He sits in his state as a thing made for Alexander. What he bids be done is finished with his bidding. He wants nothing of a god but eternity, and a heaven to throne in. Sic. Yes, mercy, if you report him truly.

Men. I paint him in the character. Mark what mercy his mother shall bring from him: there is no more mercy in him than there is milk in a male tiger; that shall our poor city

find: and all this is 'long of you.

Sic. The gods be good unto us! Men. No, in such a case the gods will not be good unto us. When we banished him we respected not them: and, he returning to break our necks, they respect not us.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Sir, if you'd save your life, fly to your house:

The plebeians have got your fellow-tribune, And hale him up and down; all swearing, if The Roman ladies bring not comfort home, They'll give him death by inches.

Enter a second Messenger.

Sic. What's the news? 2 Mess. Good news, good news;-the ladies

have prevail'd, The Volscians are dislodg'd and Marcius gone: Most welcome! No, not the expulsion of the Tarquins.

Friend, Art thou certain this is true? is it most certain? 2 Mess. As certain as I know the sun is fire. Where have you lurk'd, that you make doubt of it?

Ne'er through an arch so hurried the blown As the recomforted through the gates. Why,

hark you! [Trumpets and hautboys sounded, drums

beaten, and shouting within The trumpets, sackbuts, psalteries, and fifes, Tabors and cymbals, and the shouting Romans,

Make the sun dance. Hark you! Shouting again. Men. This is good news.

This Volumnia I will go meet the ladies. Is worth of consuls, senators, patricians, A city full: of tribunes such as you, [to-day: A sea and land full. You have pray'd well This morning, for ten thousand of your throats I'd not have given a doit. Hark, how they joy!

Shouting and music. Sic. First, the gods bless you for your tidings; next,

Accept my thankfulness

2 Mess. Sir, we have all Great cause to give great thanks.

Sic. They are near the city? Mess. Almost at point to enter. Sic. We will meet tham.

And help the joy.

SCENE V .- ROME. A Street near the Gate.

Exeunt.

Enter Volumnia, Virgilia, Valeria, &c., accompanied by Senators, Patricians, and Citizens.

1 Sen. Behold our patroness, the life of Rome!

Call all your tribes together, praise the gods. And make triumphant fires; strew flowers before them:

Unshout the noise that banish'd Marcius. Repeal him with the welcome of his mother;

Cry, Welcome, ladies, welcome!-Welcome, ladies,

Welcome! [A flourish with drums and trumpets. Exeunt

Scene VI .-- Antium. A public Place.

Enter TULLUS AUFIDIUS, with Attendants.

Auf. Go tell the lords of the city I am here: Deliver them this paper; having read it, Bid them repair to the market-place: where I, Even in theirs and in the commons' ears, Will vouch the truth of it. Him I accuse The city ports by this hath enter'd, and Intends to appear before the people, hoping To purge himself with words: despatch. Exeunt Attendants.

Enter three or four Conspirators of AUFIDIUS'S faction.

1 Con. How is it with our general?

Even so Auf. As with a man by his own alms empoison'd, And with his charity slain.

2 Con. Most noble sir. If you do hold the same intent wherein You wish'd us parties, we'll deliver you

Of your great danger.

Sir, I cannot tell: We must proceed as we do find the people.
3 Con. The people will remain uncertain

whilst 'Twixt you there's difference: but the fall of Makes the survivor heir of all.

Auf. I know it: And my pretext to strike at him admits

A good construction. I rais'd him, and I pawn'd [heighten'd,

Mine honour for his truth: who being so He water'd his new plants with dews of flattery, Seducing so my friends; and to this end He bow'd his nature, never known before But to be rough, unswayable, and free.

3 Con. Sir, his stoutness, When he did stand for consul, which he lost

By lack of stooping

That I would have spoke of: Auf. Being banish'd for't, he came unto my hearth; Presented to my knife his throat: I took him; Made him joint-servant with me; gave him way Than shame to the Romans: and we here In all his own desires; nay, let him choose Out of my files, his projects to accomplish, My best and freshest men; serv'd his design-

In mine own person; holp to reap the fame Which he made all his, and took some pride To do myself this wrong: till, at the last, I seem'd his follower, not partner; and He wag'd me with his countenance as if I had been mercenary.

So he did, my lord: τ Con. The army marvell'd at it; and, in the last, When he had carried Rome, and that we look'd For no less spoil than glory,-

Auf. There was it,-For which my sinews shall be stretch'd upon At a few drops of women's rheum, which are As cheap as lies, he sold the blood and labour Of our great action: therefore shall he die, And I'll renew me in his fall. But, hark!

[Drums and trumpets sound, with great shouts of the people.

I Con. Your native town you enter'd like a

And had no welcomes home; but he returns Splitting the air with noise.

And patient fools. 2 Con. Whose children he hath slain, their base throats tear

With giving him glory.

Therefore, at your vantage, 3 Con. Ere he express himself, or move the people With what he would say, let him feel your sword, Which we will second. When he hes along, After your way his tale pronounc'd shall bury His reasons with his body.

Say no more: Auf. Here come the lords.

Enter the Lords of the City. Lords. You are most welcome home. I have not deserv'd it. Auf.

But, worthy lords, have you with heed perus'd What I have written to you?

We have. Lords. T Lord. And grieve to hear't. What faults he made before the last, I think Might have found easy fines: but there to end Where he was to begin, and give away The benefit of our levies, answering us With our own charge: making a treaty where There was a yielding. This admits no excuse. Auf. He approaches: you shall hear him.

Enter CORIOLANUS, with drums and colours; a crowd of Citizens with him.

Cor. Hail, lords! I am return'd your soldier; No more infected with my country's love Than when I parted hence, but still subsisting Under your great command. You are to know That prosperously I have attempted, and With bloody passage led your wars even to The gates of Rome. Our spoils we have brought home

Do more than counterpoise a full third part The charges of the action. We have made peace

With no less honour to the Antiates

deliver, Subscribed by the consuls and patricians

Together with the seal o' the senate, what We have compounded on.

Read it not, noble lords; Auf. But tell the traitor, in the highest degree He hath abus'd your powers.

Cor. Traitor!-How now!

Auf. Ay, traitor, Marcius. Cor. Marcius! Auf. Ay, Marcius, Caius Marcius.

thou think I'll grace thee with that robbery, thy stol'n name

Conolanus in Conoli?-

You lords and heads o' the state, perfidiously He has betray'd your business, and given up, For certain drops of salt, your city Rome,-I say your city,—to his wife and mother; Breaking his oath and resolution, like A twist of rotten silk; never admitting Counsel o' the war; but at his nurse's tears He whin'd and roar'd away your victory;

That pages blush'd at him, and men of heart Look'd wondering each at other. Cor. Hear'st thou, Mars?

Auf. Name not the god, thou boy of tears, Cor. Auf. No more. Cor. Measureless liar, thou hast made my

[slave!heart Too great for what contains it. Boy! O Pardon me, lords, 'tis the first time that ever I was forc'd to scold. Your judgments, my

grave lords. Must give this cur the lie: and his own notion,

Who wears my stripes impress'd upon him; that must bear My beating to his grave,—shall join to thrust

The lie unto him. r Lord. Peace, both, and hear me speak. Cor. Cut me to pieces, Volsces; men and lads, Stain all your edges on me.—Boy! False hound!

If you have writ your annals true, 'tis there, That, like an eagle in a dove-cote, I

Flutter'd your Volscians in Corioli: Alone I did it.—Boy!

Auf. Why, noble lords,
Will you be put in mind of his blind fortune, Which was your shame, by this unholy braggart, 'Fore your own eyes and ears?

Let him die for't. Conspirators. Citizens. Tear him to pieces, do it presently:— he killed my son,—my daughter;—he killed my cousin Marcus;—he killed my father,— 2 Lord. Peace, hol—no outrage;—peace!

The man is noble, and his fame folds in This orb o' the earth. His last offences, to us Shall have judicious hearing.-Stand, Au-

fidius, And trouble not the peace.

O that I had him, Cor. With six Aufidiuses, or more, his tribe,

To use my lawful sword! Auf. Insolent villain!

Conspirators. Kill, kill, kill, kill, kill him! AUF. and the Conspirators draw, and kill COR., who falls: AUF. stands on him. Auf. My noble masters, hear me speak.

1 Lord.

O Tullus,-

2 Lord. Thou hast done a deed whereat valour will weep. 3 Lord. Tread not upon him. - Masters all, be

That he is thus cut off. Please it your honours Hath widow'd and unchilded many a one. To call me to your senate, I'll deliver Myself your loyal servant, or endure Your heaviest censure.

I Lord. Bear from hence his body. And mourn you for him. Let him be regarded

Hold, hold, hold! As the most noble corse that ever herald Did follow to his urn.

His own impatience 2 Lord. Takes from Aufidius a great part of blame. [quiet; Let's make the best of it.

Auf. My rage is gone;

Put up your swords. [this rage, And I m struck with sorrow—Take him up:—
Auf. My lords, when you shall know,—as in Help, three o' the chiefest soliders; I'll be one.—
Provok'd by him, you cannot,—the great danger Beat thou the drum, that it speak mournfully:
Which this man's life did owe you, you'll rejoice Trail your steel pikes. Though in this city he Which to this hour bewail the injury, Yet he shall have a noble memory. Assist.

[Exeunt, bearing the body of CORIOLANUS. A dead march sounded.

JULIUS CAESAR

PERSONS REPRESENTED

JULIUS CÆSAR. OCTAVIUS CÆSAR, Triumvirs after the MARCUS ANTONIUS, death of JULIUS M. AEMIL. LEPIDUS, CÆSAR. CICERO. PUBLIUS, Senators. POPILIUS LENA. MARCUS BRUTUS, CASSIUS, CASCA. Conspirators against TREBONIUS. LIGARIUS. JULIUS CÆSAR. DECIUS BRUTUS, METELLUS CIMBER. CINNA,

FLAVIUS and MARULLUS, Tribunes. ARTEMIDORUS, a Sophist of Cnidos. A Soothsayer. CINNA, a Poet. Another Poet.

LUCILIUS, TITINIUS MESSALA, YOUNG CAIO, and VOLUMNIUS,-Friends to BRUTUS and CASSIUS.

Varro, Clitus, Claudius, Strato, Lucius, Dardanius,—Servants to Brutus. PINDARUS, Servant to CASSIUS.

CALPHURNIA, Wife to CESAR.

PORTIA, Wife to BRUTUS. Senators, Citizens, Guards, Attendants, &c.

Scene,—During a great part of the Play at ROME; afterwards at SARDIS, and near Philippi.

ACT I.

SCENE I .- ROME. A Street.

Enter FLAVIUS, MARULLUS, and a rabble of Citizens.

Flav. Hence! home, you idle creatures, get you home: Is this a holiday? What! know you not,

Being mechanical, you ought not walk Upon a labouring day without the sign Of your profession?—Speak, what trade art thou?

r Ctt. Why, sir, a carpenter. [rule? Mar. Where is thy leather apron and thy What dost thou with thy best apparel on?-You, sir, what trade are you?

2 Cit. Truly, sir, in respect of a fine workman,

I am but, as you would say, a cobbler.

Mar. But what trade art thou? answer me directly.

2 Cit. A trade, sir, that I hope I may use with a safe conscience; which is indeed, sir, a mender of bad soles.

Mar. What trade, thou knave, thou naughty knave, what trade?

2 Cit. Nay, I beseech you, sir, be not out with me: yet, if you be out, sir, I can mend

Mar. What meanest thou by that? mend me, thou saucy fellow!

2 Cit. Why, sir, cobble you.

Flav. Thou art a cobbler, art thou?

2 Cit. Truly, sir, all that I live by is with the awl: I meddle with no tradesman's matters, nor women's matters, but with awl. I am, indeed, sir, a surgeon to old shoes; when they are in great danger, I re-cover them. As proper men as ever trod upon neats-leather have gone upon my handiwork.

Flav. But wherefore art not in thy shop to-

day?

Why dost thou lead these men about the streets? 2 Cit. Truly, sir, to wear out their shoes, to get myself into more work. But, indeed, sir, we make holiday to see Cæsar, and to rejoice in his triumph.

Mar. Wherefore rejoice? What conquest

brings he home?

What tributaries follow him to Rome, To grace in captive bonds his chariot wheels? You blocks, you stones, you worse than sense-

less things!

O you hard hearts, you cruel men of Rome, Knew you not Pompey? Many a time and oft Have you climb'd up to walls and battlements, To towers and windows, yea, to chimney-tops, Your infants in your arms, and there have sat The live-long day, with patient expectation, To see great Pompey pass the streets of Rome: And when you saw his charlot but appear, Have you not made an universal shout, That Tiber trembled underneath her banks, To hear the replication of your sounds Made in her concave shores? And do you now put on your best attire? And do you now cull out a holiday?

And do you now strew flowers in his way That comes in triumph over Pompey's blood? Be gone! Run to your houses, fall upon your knees,

Pray to the gods to intermit the plague That needs must light on this ingratitude.

Flav. Go, go, good countrymen, and for this fault

Assemble all the poor men of your sort; Draw them to Tiber banks, and weep your tears Into the channel, till the lowest stream Do kiss the most exalted shores of all.

Exeunt Citizens.

See, whe'r their basest metal be not mov'd; They vanish tongue-tied in their guiltiness. Go you down that way towards the Capitol: This way will I: disrobe the images If you do find them deck'd with ceremonies. Mar. May we do so?

You know it is the feast of Lupercal.

Flav. It is no matter; let no images Be hung with Cæsar's trophies. I'll about, And drive away the vulgar from the streets: So do you too, where you perceive them thick. These growing feathers pluck'd from Cæsar's wing

Will make him fly an ordinary pitch; Who else would soar above the view of men, And keep us all in servile fearfulness.

[Exeunt

Scene II .- Rome. A public Place.

Enter, in procession, with music, Cæsar; Antony, for the course; Calphurnia, Portia, Decius, Cicero, Brutus, Cassius,

and Casca; a great crowd following: amona them a Soothsayer.

Cæs. Calphurnia,

Peace, ho! Cæsar speaks. Casca. Music ceases. Cæs. Calphurnia,-

Cal. Here, my lord.

Cæs. Stand you directly in Antonius' way When he doth run his course.-Antonius.

Ant. Cæsar, my lord.

Cæs. Forget not, in your speed, Antonius, To touch Calphurnia; for our elders say, The barren, touched in this holy chase, Shake off their sterile curse.

Ant. I shall remember: When Cæsar says, Do this, it is perform'd.

Cæs. Set on; and leave no ceremony out.

Sooth. Cæsar!

Cæs. Ha! who calls?

Casca. Bid every noise be still .- Peace yet again. Music ceases.

Cæs. Who is it in the press that calls on me? I hear a tongue, shriller than all the music. Cry, Cæsar. Speak; Cæsar is turn'd to hear. Sooth. Beware the ides of March.

Cæs. What man is that? Bru. A soothsayer bids you beware the ides

of March. Set him before me; let me see his face. Cas. Fellow, come from the throng; look

upon Cæsar. What say'st thou to me now? speak

once again. Sooth. Beware the ides of March.

Icass. Sea dreamer; let us leave him.—

[Sennet. Exeunt all but Bru. and Cas.

Cas. Will you go see the order of the course?

Bru. Not I.

Cas. I pray you do. Bru. I am not gamesome: I do lack some

Of that quick spirit that is in Antony. Let me not hinder, Cassius, your desires: I'll leave you.

Cas. Brutus, I do observe you now of late: I have not from your eyes that gentleness And show of love as I was wont to have: You bear too stubborn and too strange a hand

Over your friend that loves you.

Bru. Be not deceiv'd: if I have vail'd my look. I turn the trouble of my countenance Merely upon myself. Vexed I am Of late with passions of some difference, Conceptions only proper to myself, [haviours; Which gives some soil, perhaps, to my pe-But let not therefore my good friends be griev'd,-

Among which number, Cassius, be you one,-Nor construe any further my neglect Than that poor Brutus, with himself at war, Forgets the shows of love to other men.

Cas. Then, Brutus, I have much mistook

your passion; By means whereof this breast of mine hath buried

Thoughts of great value, worthy cogitations. Tell me, good Brutus, can you see your face? Bru. No, Cassius; for the eye sees not itself But by reflection, by some other things.

Cas. 'Tis just:

And it is very much lamented, Brutus,
That you have no such mirrors as will turn
Your hidden worthiness into your eye,
That you might see your shadow. I have heard,
Where many of the best respect in Rome,—
Except immortal Cæsar,—speaking of Brutus,
And groaning underneath this age's yoke,
Have wish'd that noble Brutus had his eyes.

Bru. Into what dangers would you lead me, Cassius,

That you would have me seek into myself For that which is not in me? [hes

Cas. Therefore, good Brutus, be prepar'd to And, since you know you cannot see yourself So well as by reflection, I, your glass, Will modestly discover to yourself That of yourself which you yet know not of. And be not jealous on me, gentle Brutus: Were I a common laugher, or did use To stale with ordinary oaths my love To every new protester; if you know That I do fawn on men, and hug them hard, And after scandal them; or if you know That I profess myself in banqueting To all the rout, then hold me dangerous. [Flourish and shout.

Bru. What means this shouting? I do fear the people

Choose Cæsar for their king.

Cas.

Ay, do you fear it?

Then must I think you would not have it so.

Bru. I would not, Cassius; yet I love him

But wherefore do you hold me here so long? What is it that you would impart to me? If it be aught toward the general good, Set honour in one eye and death? the other, And I will look on both indifferently; For, let the gods so speed me as I love The name of honour more than I fear death.

Cas. I know that virtue to be in you, Brutus, As well as I do know your outward favour. Well, honour is the subject of my story.-I cannot tell what you and other men Think of this life; but, for my single self, I had as lief not be as live to be In awe of such a thing as I myself. I was born free as Cæsar; so were you: We both have fed as well: and we can both Endure the winter's cold as well as he. For once, upon a raw and gusty day, The troubled Tiber chafing with her shores, Cæsar said to me, Dar'st thou, Cassius, now Leap in with me into this angry flood, And swim to yonder point?—Upon the word, Accoutred as I was, I plunged in, And bade him follow: so indeed he did. The torrent roar'd; and we did buffet it With lusty sinews, throwing it aside And stemming it with hearts of controversy: But ere we could arrive the point propos'd, Cæsar cried, Help me, Cassius, or I sink! I, as Æneas, our great ancestor, Did from the flames of Troy upon his shoulder The old Anchises bear, so from the waves of Tiber

Did I the tired Cæsar: and this man Is now become a god: and Cassius is A wretched creature, and must bend his body

If Cæsar carelessly but nod on him.
He had a fever when he was in Spain,
And, when the fit was on him, I did mark
How he did shake: 'tis true, this god did shake:
His coward lips did from their colour fly;
And that same eye, whose bend doth awe the
world,

Did lose his lustre: I did hear him groan: Ay, and that tongue of his, that bade the Romans

Mark him, and write his speeches in their books, Alasl it cried, Give me some drink, Titinius; As a sick girl. Ye gods, it doth amaze me, A man of such a feeble temper should So get the start of the majestic world, And bear the palm alone. [Shout: flourish. Bru. Another general shout!]

I do believe that the start of the start o

Bru. Another general shout!

I do believe that these applauses are
For some new honours that are heap'd on Cæsar.

Cas. Why, man, he doth bestride the narrow

world
Like a Colossus; and we petty men
Walk under his huge legs, and peep about
To find ourselves dishonourable graves.
Men at some time are masters of theu-fatos:
The fault, dear Brutus, is not in our stars,
But in ourselves, that we are underlings.
Brutus and Cæsar: what should be in that
Cæsar? [yours?

Why should that name be sounded more than Write them together, yours is as fair a name; sound them, it doth become the mouth as well; Weigh them, it is as heavy; conjure with 'em, Brutuswill start aspirit as soon as Cæsar. [Shout. Now, in the names of all the gods at once, Upon what meat doth this our Cæsar feed, That he has grown so great? Age, thou art

sham'd!
Rome, thou hast lost the breed of noble bloods!
When went there by an age, since the great

flood, But it was fam'd with more than with one man? When could they say, till now, that talk'd of Rome.

That her wide walls encompass'd but one man?
Now is it Rome indeed, and room enough,
When there is in it but one only man.
O! you and I have heard our fathers say,
There was a Brutus once that would have
brook'd

The eternal devil to keep his state in Rome As easily as a king.

Bru. That you do love me, I am nothing

jealous;
What you would work me to, I have some aim:
How I have thought of this, and of these times,
I shall recount hereafter; for this present,
I would not, so with love I might entreat you,
Be any further mov'd. What you have said
I will consider; what you have to say
I will with patience hear: and find a time
Both meet to hear and answer such high things.
Till then, my noble friend, chew upon this;
Brutus had rather be a villager
Than to repute himself a son of Rome
Under these hard conditions as this time
Is like to lay upon us.

Cas. I am glad that my weak words Have struck but thus much show of fire from

Brutus.

Bru. The games are done, and Cæsar is returning.

Cas. As they pass by, pluck Casca by the sleeve:

And he will, after his sour fashion, tell you What hath proceeded worthy note to-day.

Re-enter CESAR and his Train.

Bru. I will do so .- But, look you, Cassius, The angry spot doth glow on Cæsar's brow, And all the rest look like a chidden train: Calphurnia's cheek is pale; and Cicero Looks with such ferret and such fiery eyes As we have seen him in the Capitol, Being cross'd in conference by some senators.

Cas. Casca will tell us what the matter is.

Cæs. Antonius.

Ant. Cæsar?

Cas. Let me have men about me that are fat: Sleek-headed men, and such as sleep o' nights: Yond Cassius has a lean and hungry look; He thinks too much: such men are dangerous.

Ant. Fear him not, Cæsar, he's not danger-

ous;

He is a noble Roman, and well given. not:

Yet if my name were liable to fear, I do not know the man I should avoid So soon as that spare Cassius. He reads much; He is a great observer, and he looks Quite through the deeds of men: he loves no plays,

As thou dost, Antony; he hears no music: Seldom he smiles; and smiles in such a sort As if he mock'd himself, and scorn'd his spirit That could be mov'd to smile at anything Such men as he be never at heart's ease Whiles they behold a greater than themselves; And therefore are they very dangerous. I rather tell thee what is to be fear'd Than what I fear,—for always I am Cæsar. Come on my right hand, for this ear is deaf, And tell me truly what thou think'st of him.

Exeunt CESAR and his TRAIN. CASCA stays behind.

Casca. You pull'd me by the cloak; would you speak with me? Ito-day, Bru. Ay, Casca; tell us what hath chanc'd That Cæsar looks so sad? [not?

Casca. Why, you were with him, were you Bru. I should not then ask Casca what had chanc'd.

Casca. Why, there was a crown offered him: and being offered him, he put it by with the back of his hand, thus; and then the people fell a-shouting.

Bru. What was the second noise for? Casca. Why, for that too. [cry for?

Cas. They shouted thrice: what was the last

Casca. Why, for that too. Bru. Was the crown offer'd him thrice?

Casca. Ay, marry, was't, and he put it by thrice, every time gentler than other; and at everv putting by mine honest neighbours shouted

Cas. Who offered him the crown? Casca. Why, Antony.

Bru. Tell us the manner of it, gentle Casca.

Casca. I can as well be hanged as tell the manner of it: it was mere foolery; I did not mark it. I saw Mark Antony offer him a crown; yet 'twas not a crown neither, 'twas one of these coronets;—and, as I told you, he put it by once: but, for all that, to my thinking, he would fain have had it. Then he offered it to him again; then he put it by again: but, to my thinking, he was very loth to lay his fingers off it. And then he offered it the third time: he put it the third time by: and still, as he refused it, the rabblement hooted, and clapped their chapped hands, and threw up their sweaty might-caps, and uttered such a deal of stinking breath because Cæsar refused the crown, that it had almost choked Cæsar; for he swooned, and fell down at it: and for mine own part I durst not laugh, for fear of opening my lips and receiving the bad air.

Cas. But, soft, I pray you; what, did Cæsar swoon?

Casca. He fell down in the market-place, and foamed at mouth, and was speechless.

Bru. 'Tis very like,-he hath the falling sickness.

Cas. No, Cæsar hath it not; but you, and I, Cæs. Would he were fatter!-But I fear him And honest Casca, we have the falling sickness. Casca. I know not what you mean by that; but I am sure Cæsar fell down. If the tag-rag people did not clap him and hiss him, according as he pleased and displeased them, as they use to do the players in the theatre. I am no true [self? man.

Bru. What said he when he came unto him-Casca. Marry, before he fell down, when he perceived the common herd was glad he refused the crown, he plucked me ope his doublet, and offered them his throat to cut.—An I had been a man of any occupation, if I would not have taken him at a word, I would I might go to hell among the rogues. And so he fell. When he among the rogues. And so he fell. When he came to himself again, he said, If he had done or said anything amiss, he desired their worships to think it was his infirmity. Three or four wenches, where I stood, cried, Alas, good soul! and forgave him with all their hearts: but there's no heed to be taken of them; if Cæsar had stabbed their mothers they would have done no less.

Bru, And after that he came, thus sad, away?

Casca. Ay.

Cas. Did Cicero say anything?

Casca. Ay, he spoke Greek. Cas. To what effect?

Casca. Nay, an I tell you that, I'll ne'er look you i' the face again: but those that understood him smiled at one another, and shook their heads; but, for mine own part, it was Greek to me. I could tell you more news too: Marullus and Flavius, for pulling scarfs off Cæsar's images, are put to silence. Fare you well. There was more foolery yet, if I could remember it.

Cas. Will you sup with me to-night, Casca?

Casca. No, I am promised forth. Cas. Will you dine with me to-morrow?

Casca. Ay, if I be alive, and your mind hold,

and your dinner worth the eating. Cas. Good; I will expect you. Casca. Do so: farewell, both.

Exit.

Bru. What a blunt fellow is this grown to be! He was quick mettle when he went to school.

Cas. So he is now, in execution
Of any bold or noble enterprise,
However he puts on this tardy form.
This rudeness is a sauce to his good wit,
Which gives men stomach to digest his words
with better appetite. [you

Bru. And so it is. For this time I will leave To-morrow, if you please to speak with me, I will come home to you; or, if you will, Come home to me, and I will wait for you.

Cas. I will do so: till then, think of the world.

Well, Brutus thou art noble; yet, I see, Thy honourable metal may be wrought From that it is dispos'd: therefore it is meet That noble minds keep ever with their likes; For who so firm that cannot be seduc'd?

That noble minds keep ever with their likes; For who so firm that cannot be seduc'd? Cresar doth bear me hard; but he loves Brutus: If I were Brutus now, and he were Cassius, He should not humour me. I will this night, In several hands, in at his windows throw, As if they came from several citizens, Writings, all tending to the great opinion That Rome holds of his name; wherein obscurely

Cæsar's ambition shall be glanced at: And, after this, let Cæsar seat him sure; For we will shake him, or worse days endure. [Exit.

Scene III .- Rome. A Street.

Thunder and Lightning. Enter, from opposite sides, CASCA, with his sword drawn, and CICERO.

Cic. Good-even, Casca: brought you Cæsar home?

Why are you breathless? and why stare you so?

Casca. Are not you mov'd, when all the sway

of earth
Shakes like a thing unfirm? O Cicero,
I have seen tempests, when the scolding winds
Have riv'd the knotty oaks; and I have seen
The ambitious ocean swell, and rage, and foam,
To be exalted with the threat'ning clouds:
But never till to-night, never till now,
Did I go through a tempest dropping fire.
Either there is a civil strife in heaven;
Or else the world, too saucy with the gods,
Incenses them to send destruction.

Cic. Why, saw you anything more wonderful?

Casca. A common slave,—you know him well
by sight,—

Held up his left hand, which did flame and burn Like twenty torches joun'd; and yet his hand, Not sensible of fire, remain'd unscorch'd. Besides,—I ha' not since put up my sword,—Against the Capitol I met a lion, Who glar'd upon me, and went surly by, Without annoying me: and there were drawn Upon a heap a hundred ghastly women, Transformed with their fear; who swore they

Men, all in fire, walk up and down the streets. And yesterday the bird of night did sit, Even at noon-day, upon the market-place, Hooting and shricking. When these prodigies Do so conjointly meet, let not men say, These are their reasons,—they are natural; For I believe they are portentous things Unto the climate that they point upon.

Cic. Indeed, it is a strange-disposed time: But men may construe things after their fashion, Clean from the purpose of the things themselves. Comes Cæsar to the Capitol to-morrow?

Casca. He doth; for he did bid Antonius Send word to you he would be there to-morrow.

Cic. Good-night, then, Casca: this disturbed sky

Is not to walk in.

Casca. Farewell, Cicero.

Enter Cassius.

[Exit Cicero.

Cas. Who's there?

Casca. A Roman.

Cas. Casca, by your voice.
Casca. Your ear is good. Cassius, what
night is this!

Cas. A very pleasing night to honest men.
Casca. Who ever knew the heavens menace
so? [of faults.

Cas. Those that have known the earth so full Form y part, I have walk'd about the streets, Submitting me unto the penious night, And, thus unbraced, Casca, as you see, Have bar'd my bosom to the thunder-stone: And when the cross-blue lightning seem'd to

open
The breast of heaven, I did present myself
Even in the aim and very flash of it.

Casca. But wherefore did you so much tempt the heavens?

It is the part of men to fear and tremble When the most mighty gods, by tokens, send Such dreadful heralds to astonish us.

Cas. You are dull, Casca; and those sparks of life

That should be in a Roman you do want, Or else you use not. You look pale, and gaze, And put on fear, and cast yourself in wonder, To see the strange impatience of the heavens: But if you would consider the true cause Why all these fires, why all these ghding ghosts, Why birds and beasts, from quality and kind; Why old men fools, and children calculate; Why all these things change, from their ordinary.

ance,
Their natures, and pre-formed faculties,
To monstrous quality;—why, you shall find
That heaven hath infus'd them with these

spirits,
To make them instruments of fear and warning
Unto some monstruments state.

Now could I, Casca, name to thee a man Most like this dreadful night That thunders, lightens, opens graves, and roars

As doth the lion in the Capitol,—
A man no mightier than thyself or me
In personal action; yet prodigious grown,
And fearful, as these strange eruptions are.

Casca. 'Tis Cæsar that you mean; is it not, Cassius?

Cas. Let it be who it is: for Romans now Have thews and limbs like to their ancestors; But, woe the while! our fathers' minds are dead, And we are govern'd with our mothers' spirits, Our yoke and sufferance show us womanish, Casca. Indeed they say the senators tomorrow

Mean to establish Cæsar as a king; And he shall wear his crown by sea and land,

In every place, save here in Italy. Cas. I know where I will wear this dagger then;

Cassius from bondage will deliver Cassius: Therein, ye gods, you make the weak most strong;

Therein, ye gods, you tyrants do defeat: Nor stony tower, nor walls of beaten brass. Nor airless dungeon, nor strong links of iron, Can be retentive to the strength of spirit; But life, being weary of these worldly bars. Never lacks power to dismiss itself. If I know this, know all the world besides, That part of tyranny that I do bear, I can shake off at pleasure. [The state of the Thunder still. Casca. So can I:

So every bondman in his own hand bears

The power to cancel his captivity.

Cas. And why should Cæsar be a tyrant, then?

Poor man! I know he would not be a wolf, But that he sees the Romans are but sheep: He were no lion, were not Romans hinds. Those that with haste will make a mighty fire Begin it with weak straws: what trash is Rome, What rubbish, and what offal, when it serves For the base matter to illuminate So vile a thing as Cæsar! But, O grief, Where hast thou led me? I perhaps speak this Before a willing bondman; then I know My answer must be made: but I am arm'd, And dangers are to me indifferent. [man

Casca. You speak to Casca; and to such a That is no fleering tell-tale. Hold, my hand: Be factious for redress of all these gnefs; And I will set this foot of mine as far As who goes farthest.

Cas. There's a bargain made. Now know you, Casca, I have mov'd already Some certain of the noblest-minded Romans To undergo with me an enterprise Of honourable-dangerous consequence; And I do know by this they stay for me In Pompey's porch: for now, this fearful night, There is no stir or walking in the streets: And the complexion of the element In favour's like the work we have in hand, Most bloody, fiery, and most terrible.

Casca. Stand close awhile, for here comes one in haste.

Cas. 'Tis Cinna,-I do know him by his gait; He is a friend.

Enter CINNA.

Cinna, where haste you so? Cin. To find out you. Who's that? Metellus Cimber?

Cas. No, it is Casca; one incorporate To our attempts. Am I not stay'd for, Cinna? Cin. I am glad on't. What a fearful night is this! There's two or three of us have seen strange Cas. Am I not stay'd for? Tell me.

Cin. Yes, you are.

O Cassius, if you could But win the noble Brutus to our party,- Cas. Be you content: good Cinna, take this paper,

And look you lay it in the prætor's chair. Where Brutus may but find it; and throw this In at his window; set this up with wax Upon old Brutus' statue: all this done, Repair to Pompey's porch, where you shall find Is Decius Brutus and Trebonius there?

Cin. All but Metellus Cimber; and he's gone To seek you at your house. Well, I will hie, And so bestow these papers as you bade me. Cas. That done, repair to Pompey's theatre.

Exit CINNA. Come, Casca, you and I will yet, ere day, See Brutus at his house: three parts of him Is ours already; and the man entire,

Upon the next encounter, yields him ours. Casca. O, he sits high in all the people's hearts:

And that which would appear offence in us. His countenance, like richest alchemy, Will change to virtue and to worthiness.

Cas. Him, and his worth, and our great need of him,

You have right well conceited. Let us go, For it is after midnight; and ere day We will awake him, and be sure of him [Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I .- ROME. BRUTUS'S Orchard.

Enter BRUTUS.

Bru. What, Lucius, ho!-I cannot, by the progress of the stars, Give guess how near to day.-Lucius, I say!-I would it were my fault to sleep so soundly .-When, Lucius, when? awake, I say! what, Lucius!

Enter Lucius.

Luc. Call'd you, my lord?

Bru. Get me a taper in my study, Lucius: When it is lighted, come and call me here. Luc. I will, my lord. Exit.

Bru. It must be by his death: and, for my part,

I know no personal cause to spurn at him But for the general. He would be crown'd: How that might change his nature, there's the question:

It is the bright day that brings forth the adder: And that craves wary walking. Crown him?-that-

And then, I grant, we put a sting in him, That at his will he may do danger with. The abuse of greatness is, when it disjoins Remorse from power: and, to speak truth of Cæsar,

I have not known when his affections sway'd More than his reason. But 'tis a common proof That lowliness is young ambition's ladder, Whereto the climber-upward turns his face; But when he once attains the utmost round, He then unto the ladder turns his back, Looks in the clouds, scorning the base degrees By which he did ascend. So Cæsar may; Then, lest he may, prevent. And, since the

quarrel

Will bear no colour for the thing he is, Fashion it thus; that what he is, augmented, Would run to these and these extremities: And therefore think him as a serpent's egg, Which, hatch'd, would as his kind grow mischievous;

And kill him in the shell.

Re-enter Lucius.

Luc. The taper burneth in your closet, sir. Searching the window for a flint, I found [Giving him a letter.

This paper, thus seal'd up; and I am sure It did not lie there when I went to bed.

Bru. Get you to bed again, it is not day Is not to-morrow, boy, the ides of March? Luc. I know not, sir. [word.

Bru. Look in the calendar, and bring me Exit.

Luc. I will, sir. [Exit. Bru. The exhalations, whizzing in the air, Give so much light that I may read by them. [Opens the letter and reads.

Brutus, thou sleep'st: awake, and see thyself. Shall Rome, &c. Speak, strike, redress! Brutus, thou sleep'st: awake.

Such instigations have been often dropp'd Where I have took them up. Shall Rome, &c. Thus must I piece it out,-

Shall Rome stand under one man's awe? What, Rome?

My ancestors did from the streets of Rome The Tarquin drive, when he was call'd a king. Speak, strike, redress!—Am I entreated then To speak and strike! O Rome! I make thee

promise,
If the redress will follow, thou receivest Thy full petition at the hand of Brutus?

Re-enter LUCIUS.

Luc. Sir, March is wasted fourteen days. [Knocking within.

Bru. 'Tis good. Go to the gate; somebody Exit Lucius. knocks. Since Cassius first did whet me against Cæsar,

I have not slept.

Between the acting of a dreadful thing And the first motion, all the interim is Like a phantasma or a hideous dream: The genius and the mortal instruments Are then in council; and the state of man, Like to a little kingdom, suffers then The nature of an insurrection.

Re-enter Lucius.

Luc. Sir, 'tis your brother Cassius at the door Who doth desire to see you.

Is he alone? Bru. Luc. No, sir, there are more with him. Do you know them? Bru.

Luc. No, sir; their hats are pluck'd about their ears,

And half their faces buried in their cloaks, That by no means I may discover them By any mark of favour.

Let 'em enter.

[Exit Lucius. [night. They are the faction. O conspiracy, Sham'st thou to show thy dangerous brow by

When evils are most free? O, then, by day Where wilt thou find a cavern dark enough To mask thy monstrous visage? Seek none, conspiracy;

Hide it in smiles and affability: For if thou hath thy native semblance on, Not Erebus itself were dim enough To hide thee from prevention.

Enter CASSIUS, CASCA, DECIUS, CINNA. METELLUS CIMBER, and TREBONIUS.

Cas. I think we are too bold upon your rest: Good-morrow, Brutus; do we trouble you? Bru. I have been up this hour; awake all

night. Know I these men that come along with you? Cas. Yes, every man of them; and no man here

But honours you; and every one doth wish You had but that opinion of yourself Which every noble Roman bears of you. This is Trebonius.

Вти. He is welcome hither.

Cas. This, Decius Brutus. He is welcome too.

Cas. This, Casca; this, Cinna;

And this, Metellus Cimber. Bru. They are all welcome.

What watchful cares do interpose themselves Betwixt your eyes and night? Cas. Shall I entreat a word?

BRUTUS and CASSIUS whister. Dec. Here lies the east; doth not the day break here?

Casca. No. Cin. O, pardon, sir, it doth; and you grey lines

That fret the clouds are messengers of day. Casca. You shall confess that you are both deceiv'd.

Here, as I point my sword, the sun arises; Which is a great way growing on the south, Weighing the youthful season of the year. Some two months hence up higher toward the north

He first presents his fire; and the high east Stands, as the Capitol, directly here.

Bru. Give me your hands all over, one by

Cas. And let us swear our resolution. Bru. No, not an oath: if not the face of men, The sufferance of our souls, the time's abuse,-If these be motives weak, break off betimes, And every man hence to his idle bed; So let high-sighted tyranny range on, Till each man drop by lottery. But if these, As I am sure they do, bear fire enough To kindle cowards, and to steel with valour The melting spirits of women; then, countrymen.

What need we any spur, but our own cause, To prick us to redress? what other bond Than secret Romans, that have spoke the word And will not palter? and what other oath Than honesty to honesty engag'd That this shall be, or we will fall for it? Swear priests, and cowards, and men cautelous,

Old feeble carrions, and such suffering souls That welcome wrongs; unto bad causes swear Such creatures as men doubt: but do not stain The even virtue of our enterprise, Nor the insuppressive mettle of our spirits, To think that or our cause or our performance Did need an oath; when every drop of blood That every Roman bears, and nobly bears, Is guilty of a several bastardy If he do break the smallest particle Of any promise that hath pass'd from him. Cas. But what of Ciceto? shall we sound

him? I think he will stand very strong with us.

Casca. Let us not leave him out.

No, by no means. Met. O, let us have him; for his silver hairs Will purchase us a good opinion,

And buy men's voices to commend our deeds: It shall be said his judgment rul'd our hands; Our youths and wildness shall no whit appear, But all be buried in his gravity.

Bru. O, name him not: let us not break with him;

For he will never follow anything That other men begin.

Cas. Then leave him out. Casca. Indeed he is not fit.

Dec. Shall no man else be touch'd but only Cæsar?

Cas. Decius, well urg'd .- I think it is not meet

Mark Antony, so well belov'd of Cæsar, Should outlive Cæsar: we shall find of him A shrewd contriver, and, you know, his means, If he improve them, may well stretch so far As to annoy us all: which to prevent, Let Antony and Cæsar fall together.

Bru. Our course will seem too bloody, Casus Cassius.

To cut the head off and then hack the limbs,-Like wrath in death and envy afterwards; For Antony is but a limb of Cæsar: Let's be sacrificers, but not butchers, Caius. We all stand up against the spirit of Cæsar; And in the spirit of men there is no blood: O that we, then, could come by Cæsar's spirit, And not dismember Cæsar! But, alas, Cæsar must bleed for it! And, gentle friends, Let's kill him boldly, but not wrathfully; Let's carve him as a dish fit for the gods, Not hew him as a carcase fit for hounds: And let our hearts, as subtle masters do, Stir up their servants to an act of rage, And after seem to chide 'em. This shall make Our purpose necessary, and not envious: Which so appearing to the common eyes, We shall be call'd purgers, not murderers. And for Mark Antony, think not of him; For he can do no more than Cæsar's arm When Cæsar's head is off.

Cas. Yet I fear him: For in the engrafted love he bears to Cæsar,

Bru. Alas, good Cassius, do not think of him: If he love Cæsar, all that he can do Is to himself,—take thought and die for Cæsar: And that were much he should; for he is given To sports, to wildness, and much company.

Treb. There is no fear in him; let him not die

For he will live, and laugh at this hereafter. Clock strikes. Bru. Peace, count the clock. Cas

The clock hath stricken three. Treb 'Tis time to part.

But it is doubtful yet Cas. Whether Cæsar will come forth to-day or no: For he is superstitious grown of late: Oute from the main opinion he held once Of fantasy, of dreams, and ceremonies: It may be these apparent prodigies, The unaccustom'd terror of this night, And the persuasion of his augurers, May hold him from the Capitol to-day.

Dec. Never fear that: if he be so resolv'd I can o'ersway him; for he loves to hear That unicorns may be betray'd with trees, And bears with glasses, elephants with holes, Lions with toils, and men with flatterers: But when I tell him he hates flatterers He says he does, -being then most flatter'd. Let me work;

For I can give his humour the true bent, And I will bring him to the Capitol.

Cas. Nay, we will all of us be there to fetch him. most?

Bru. By the eighth hour: is that the utter-Cin. Be that the uttermost, and fail not then. Met. Caius Ligarius doth bear Cæsar hard, Who rated him for speaking well of Pompey:

I wonder none of you have thought of him. Bru. Now, good Metellus, go along by him: He loves me well, and I have given him reasons; Send him but hither, and I'll fashion him.

Cas. The morning comes upon's: we'll leave you, Brutus: And, friends, disperse yourselves: but all re-What you have said, and show yourselves true

Romans. Bru. Good gentlemen, look fresh and merrily: Let not our looks put on our purposes; But bear it as our Roman actors do, With untir'd spirits and formal constancy; And so, good-morrow to you every one.

Exeunt all but BRUTUS. Boy! Lucius!-Fast asleep? it is no matter; Enjoy the heavy honey-dew of slumber. Thou hast no figures nor no fantasies Which busy care draws in the brains of men: Therefore thou sleep'st so sound.

Enter PORTIA.

Por. Brutus, my lord! Bru. Portia, what mean you? wherefore rise you now?

It is not for your health thus to commit Your weak condition to the raw cold morning. Por. Nor for yours neither. You have un-gently, Brutus,

Stole from my bed: and yesternight, at supper, You suddenly arose, and walk'd about, Musing and sighing, with your arms across; And when I ask'd you what the matter was, You star'd upon me with ungentle looks: I urg'd you further; then you scratch'd your

head, And too impatiently stamp'd with your foot: Yet I insisted, yet you answer'd not; But with an angry wafture of your hand Gave sign for me to leave you: so I did; Fearing to strengthen that impatience

Which seem'd too much enkindled; and withal Hoping it was but an effect of humour, Which sometime hath his hour with every man. It will not let you eat, nor talk, nor sleep; And, could it work so much upon your shape As it hath much prevail'd on your condition, I should not know you, Brutus. Dear my lord. Make me acquainted with your cause of gnef.

Bru. I am not well in health, and that is all. Por. Brutus is wise, and were he not in health.

He would embrace the means to come by it. Bru. Why, so I do.—Good Portia, go to bed. Por. Is Brutus sick? and is it physical To walk unbraced, and suck up the humours Of the dank morning? What, is Brutus sick,-And will he steal out of his wholesome bed. To dare the vile contagion of the night, And tempt the rheumy and unpurg'd air To add unto his sickness? No, my Brutus; You have some sick offence within your mind, Which by the right and virtue of my place I ought to know of, and upon my knees I charm you, by my once-commended beauty, By all your vows of love, and that great vow Which did incorporate and make us one, That you unfold to me, yourself, your half, Why you are heavy; and what men to-night Have had resort to you, -for here have been Some six or seven, who did hide their faces Even from darkness.

Bru. Kneel not, gentle Portia. Por. I should not need if you were gentle Brutus,

Within the bond of marriage, tell me, Brutus, Is it excepted I should know no secrets That appertain to you? Am I yourself But as it were in sort or limitation. To keep with you at meals, comfort your bed, And talk to you sometimes? Dwell I but in the suburbs

Of your good pleasure? If it be no more, Portia is Brutus' harlot, not his wife.

Bru. You are my true and honourable wife; as dear to me as are the ruddy drops That visit my sad heart.

Por. If this were true, then should I know

this secret. I grant I am a woman; but withal A woman that Lord Brutus took to wife: I grant I am a woman; but withal A woman well-reputed, - Cato's daughter. Think you I am no stronger than my sex, Being so father'd and so husbanded? Tell me your counsels, I will not disclose 'em' I have made strong proof of my constancy, Giving myself a voluntary wound Here in the thigh: can I bear that with patience, And not my husband's secrets?

O ye gods, Render me worthy of this noble wife!

Hark, hark! one knocks: Portia, go in awhile; And by and by thy bosom shall partake The secrets of my heart: All my engagements I will construe to thee, All the charactery of my sad brows.

Exit PORTIA. Leave me with haste.

Lucius, who's that knocks?

(Knocking within.

Enter Lucius with Ligarius.

Luc. Here is a sick man that would speak with you.

Bru. Casus Ligarius, that Metellus spake of --

Boy, stand aside.—Caius Ligarius,—how!

Lig. Vouchsafe good-morrow from a feeble

tongue. Bru. O, what a time have you chose out,

brave Caius,
To wear a kerchief! Would you were not sick!

Lig I am not sick if Brutus have in hand Any exploit worthy the name of honour.

Bru. Such an exploit have I in hand, Ligarius, Had you a healthful ear to hear of it. Lig. By all the gods that Romans bow before, I here discard my sickness? Soul of Rome!

Brave son, deriv'd from honourable loins! Thou, like an exorcist, hast conjur'd up My mortified spirit. Now bid me run, And I will strive with things impossible: Yea, get the better of them. What's to do?

Bru. A piece of work that will make sick men whole.

Lig. But are not some whole that we must make sick?

Bru. That must we also. What it is, my I shall unfold to thee, as we are going To whom it must be done.

Lig. Set on your foot; And with a heart new fir'd I follow you To do I know not what: but it sufficeth That Brutus leads me on.

Bru. Follow me, then Exeunt.

Scene II .- Rome. A Room in Casar's Palace.

Thunder and lightning. Enter CESAR in his night-gown.

Cas. Nor heaven nor earth have been at peace to-night:

Thrice hath Calphurnia in her sleep cried out, Help, ho! They murder Cæsar!--Who's within?

Enter a Servant.

Serv. My lord? Cæs Go bid the priests do present sacrifice, And bring me their opinions of success. Serv. I will, my lord. Exit.

Enter Calphurnia.

Cal. What mean you, Cæsar? Think you to walk forth?

You shall not stir out of your house to-day. Cæs. Cæsar shall forth: the things that

threaten'd me see Ne'er look'd but on my back; when they shall

The face of Cæsar they are vanished. Cal. Cæsar, I never stood on ceremonies

Yet now they fright me. There is one within, Besides the things that we have heard and seen, Recounts most hornd sights seen by the watch. A honess hath whelped in the streets;

And graves have yawn'd and yielded up their dead:

Fierce fiery warriors fight upon the clouds, In ranks and squadrons and right form of war, Which drizzled blood upon the Capitol; The noise of battle hurtled in the air, Horses did neigh, and dying men did groan; And ghosts did shriek and squeal about the streets.

O Cæsar, these things are beyond all use, And I do fear them!

What can be avoided, Cæs. Whose end is purpos'd by the mighty gods? Yet Cæsar shall go forth; for these predictions Are to the world in general as to Cæsar.

Cal. When beggars die there are no comets seen: [of princes.

The heavens themselves blaze forth the death Cæs. Cowards die many times before their deaths;

The valiant never taste of death but once. Of all the wonders that I yet have heard, It seems to me most strange that men should fear;

Seeing that death, a necessary end, Will come when it will come.

Re-enter Servant.

What say the augurers? Serv. They would not have you to stir forth to-day.

Plucking the entrails of an offering forth, They could not find a heart within the beast. Cæs. The gods do this in shame of cow-

ardice: Cæsar should be a beast without a heart If he should stay at home to-day for fear. No, Cæsar shall not: danger knows full well That Cæsar is more dangerous than he: We are two lions litter'd in one day, And I the elder and more terrible:-And Cæsar shall go forth.

Cal. Alas, my lord, Your wisdom is consum'd in confidence. Do not go forth to-day: call it my fear That keeps you in the house, and not your own We'll send Mark Antony to the senate-house; And he shall say you are not well to-day: Let me, upon my knee, prevail in this. Cæs. Mark Antony shall say I am not well;

And for thy humour I will stay at home.

Enter DECIUS.

Here's Decius Brutus, he shall tell them so. Dec. Cæsar, all hail! Good-morrow, worthy Cæsar:

I come to fetch you to the senate-house. Cæs. And you are come in very happy time, To bear my greeting to the senators, And tell them that I will not come to-day: Cannot, is false; and that I dare not, falser: I will not come to-day,—tell them so, Decius.

Cal. Say he is sick. Cæs. Shall Cæsar send a he? Have I in conquest stretch'd mine arm so far, To be afeard to tell graybeards the truth?

Decius, go tell them Cæsar will not come. Dec. Most mighty Cæsar, let me know some

Lest I be laugh'd at when I tell them so.

Cæs. The cause is in my will, -I will not come;

That is enough to satisfy the senate. But for your private satisfaction, Because I love you, I will let you know, Calphurma here, my wife, stays me at home: She dreamt to-night she saw my statua, Which, like a fountain with a hundred spouts. Did run pure blood; and many lusty Romans Came smiling and did bathe their hands in it: And these does she apply for warnings and portents,

And evils imminent; and on her knee Hath begg'd that I will stay at home to-day. Dec. This dream is all amiss interpreted:

It was a vision fair and fortunate: Your statue spouting blood in many pipes, In which so many smiling Romans bath'd, Signifies that from you great Rome shall suck Reviving blood; and that great men shall press For tinctures, stains, relics, and cognizance. This by Calphurma's dream is signified. [it.

Cæs. And this way have you well expounded Dec. I have, when you have heard what I can say:

And know it now, -the senate have concluded To give this day a crown to mighty Cæsar. If you shall send them word you will not come, Their minds may change. Besides, it were a mock,

Apt to be render'd, for some one to say, Break up the senate till another time, When Casar's wife shall meet with better dreams.

If Cæsar hide himself, shall they not whisper, Lo, Cæsar is aftaid? Pardon me, Cæsar; for my dear dear love

To your proceeding bids me tell you this; And reason to my love is liable. Cæs. How foolish do your fears seem now,

Calphurnial I am ashamed I did yield to them.— Give me my robe for I will go:

Enter Publius, Brutus, Ligarius, Me-TELLUS, CASCA, TREBONIUS, and CINNA.

And look where Publius is come to fetch me. Pub. Good-morrow, Cæsar.

Cæs. Welcome, Publius. What, Brutus, are you stirred so early too?-Good-morrow, Casca.-Casus Ligarius, Cæsar was ne'er so much your enemy As that same ague which hath made you lean.-What is't o'clock?

Bru. Cæsar, 'tis strucken eight. Cæs. I thank you for your pains and courtesy.

Enter ANTONY.

See! Antony, that revels long o' nights Is notwithstanding up.-Good-morrow, Antony.

So to most noble Cæsar. Cæs. Bid them prepare within I am to blame to be thus waited for.-Now Cinna;-now Metellus:-what, bonius!

I have an hour's talk in store for you; Remember that you call on me to-day: Be near me, that I may remember you.

Treb. Cæsar, I will:-and so near will I (Aside. That your best friends shall wish I had been

further.

Cæs. Good friends, go in and taste some wine with me;

And we, like friends, will straightway go together.

Bru. That every like is not the same, O

Cæsar,

The heart of Brutus yearns to think upon!

Exeunt.

SCENE III .- ROME. A Street neat the Capitol.

Enter ARTEMIDORUS reading a baber.

Art. Cæsar, beware of Brutus; take heed of Cassius; come not near Casca; have an eye to Cinna; trust not Trebonius; mark well Metellus Cimber; Decius Brutus loves thee not; thou hast wronged Catus Ligarius. There is but one mind in all these men, and it is bent against Cæsar. If thou beest not immortal look about you: security gives way to conspiracy. The mighty gods defend thee! Thy lover. ARTEMIDORUS.

Here will I stand till Cæsar pass along, And as a suitor will I give him this. My heart laments that virtue cannot live Out of the teeth of emulation. If thou read this, O Cæsar, thou mayst live; If not, the fates with traitors do contrive.

Exit.

SCENE IV .- ROME. Another part of the same Street, before the House of BRUTUS.

Enter PORTIA and LUCIUS.

Por. I pr'ythee, boy, run to the senatehouse;

Stay not to answer me, but get thee gone: Why dost thou stay?

Luc.

To know my errand, madam. Por. I would have had thee there and here again

Ere I can tell thee what thou shouldst do there.-

O constancy, be strong upon my side!

Set a huge mountain 'tween my heart and tongue!

I have a man's mind, but a woman's might. How hard it is for women to keep counsel?-Art thou here yet?

Madam, what should I do? Luc. Run to the Capitol, and nothing else?

And so return to you, and nothing else? Por. Yes, bring me word, boy, if thy lord

look well. For he went sickly forth: and take good note What Cæsar doth, what suitors press to him.

Hark, boy! what noise is that? Luc. I hear none, madam.

Pr'vthee, listen well: I heard a bustling rumour, like a fray, And the wind brings it from the Capitol.

Luc. Sooth, madam, I hear nothing.

Enter ARTEMIDORUS.

Por. Come hither, fellow: Which way hast thou been?

At mine own house, good lady. Art. Por. What is't o'clock?

Art. About the mnth hour, lady.

Por. Is Cæsar yet gone to the Capitol?

Art. Madam, not yet: I go to take my stand,
To see him pass on to the Capitol.

Por. Thou hast some suit to Cæsar, hast thou not?

Art. That I have, lady: if it will please Cæsar

To be so good to Cæsar as to hear me, I shall beseech him to befriend himself.

Por. Why, know'st thou any harm's intended towards him?

Art. None that I know will be, much that I fear may chance.

Good-morrow to you. Here the street is narrow:

The throng that follows Cæsar at the heels Of senators, of prætors, common suitors, Will crowd a feeble man almost to death: I'll get me to a place more void, and there Speak to great Cæsar as he comes along.

Por. I must go in .- Ah me! how weak a

The heart of woman is! O Brutus, The heavens speed thee in thine enterprise!-Sure the boy heard me.—Brutus hath a suit That Cæsar will not grant .- O, I grow faint .-Run, Lucius, and commend me to my lord; Say I am merry: come to me again, And bring me word what he doth say to thee.

ACT III.

Exeunt severally.

SCENE I.—ROME. The Capitol; the Senate sitting.

A crowd of People in the street leading to the Capitol, among them ARTEMIDORUS and the Soothsayer. Flourish. Enter CESAR, BRUTUS, CASSIUS, CASCA, DECIUS, ME-TELLUS, TREBONIUS, CINNA, ANTONY, LEPIDUS, POPILIUS, PUBLIUS, and others.

Cæs. The ides of March are come. Sooth. Ay, Cæsar; but not gone. Art. Hail, Cæsar! Read this schedule.

Dec. Trebonius doth desire you to o'er read, At your best leisure, this his humble suit.

Art. O Cæsar, read mine first; for mine's Cæsar. a suit

That touches Cæsar nearer: read it, great Cæs. What touches us ourself shall be last serv'd.

Art. Delay not, Cæsar; read it instantly. Cæs. What, is the fellow mad?

Pub. Sirrah, give place.

Cas. What, urge you your petitions in the street?

Come to the Capitol.

CESAR enters the Capitol, the rest following. All the Senators rise.

Pop. I wish your enterprise to-day may thrive.

Cas. What enterprise, Popilius?

Pob. Fare you well. Advances to CASAR.

Bru. What said Popilius Lena?

Cas. He wish'd to-day our enterprise might thrive.

I fear our purpose is discovered.

Bru. Look how he makes to Cæsar: mark ftion.-

Cas. Casca, be sudden, for we fear preven-Brutus, what shall be done? If this be known. Cassius or Cæsar never shall turn back,

For I will slay myself. Cassius, be constant: Popilius Lena speaks not of our purposes;

For, look, he smiles, and Cæsar doth not change. Cas. Trebonius knows his time; for, look

you, Brutus, He draws Mark Antony out of the way.

Exeunt ANT. and TREB. CASAR and the Senators take their seats. Dec. Where is Metellus Cimber? Let him

And presently prefer his suit to Cæsar.

Bru. He is address'd: press near and second hım.

Cin. Casca, you are the first that rears your hand.

Casca. Are we all ready? Caes. What is now amiss

That Cæsar and his senate must redress? Met. Most high, most mighty, and most puissant Cæsar,

Metellus Cimber throws before thy seat

An humble heart,—

Cres. I must prevent thee, Cimber. These couchings and these lowly courtesies Might fire the blood of ordinary men, And turn pre-ordinance and first decree Into the law of children. Be not fond To think that Cæsar bears such rebel blood That will be thaw'd from the true quality With that which melteth fools; I mean, sweet words,

Low crooked curt'sies, and base spaniel fawning. Thy brother by decree is banished: If thou dost bend, and pray, and fawn for him, I spurn thee like a cur out of my way. Know, Cæsar doth not wrong; nor without cause

Will he be satisfied.

Met. Is there no voice more worthy than my

To sound more sweetly in great Cæsar's ear For the repealing of my banish'd brother? Bru. I kiss thy hand, but not in flattery,

Cæsar, Desiring thee that Publius Cimber may Have an immediate freedom of repeal.

Cæs. What, Brutus!

Pardon, Cæsar; Cæsar, pardon: Cas. As low as to thy foot doth Cassius fall To beg enfranchisement for Publius Cimber. Cæs. I could be well mov'd if I were as you; If I could pray to move, prayers would move

me: But I am constant as the northern star, Of whose true-fix'd and resting quality There is no fellow in the firmament.

The skies are painted with unnumber'd sparks,— They are all fire, and every one doth shine; But there's but one in all doth hold his place: So in the world,-'tis furnish'd well with men, And men are flesh and blood, and apprehensive; Yet in the number I do know but one

That unassailable holds on his rank Unshak'd of motion: and that I am he, Let me a little show it even in this,

That I was constant Cimber should be banish'd. And constant do remain to keep him so. Cin. O Cæsar,-

Cæs. Hence! wilt thou lift up Olympus?

Dec. Great Cæsar.

Cæs. Doth not Brutus bootless kneel? Casca. Speak, hands, for me!

[CASCA stabs CÆSAR in the neck. CÆSAR catches hold of his arm. He is then stabbed by several other Conspirators, and at last by MARCUS BRUTUS. Cæs. Et tu, Brute?—Then fall, Cæsar!

Dies. The Senators and People retire in confusion.

Cin. Liberty! Freedom! Tyranny is dead!-Run hence, proclaim, cry it about the streets. Cas. Some to the common pulpits, and cry out.

Liberty, freedom, and enfranchisement!

Bru. People and senators! be not affrighted. Fly not; stand still: ambition's debt is paid.

Casca. Go to the pulpit, Brutus. Dec.

And Cassius too. Bru. Where's Publius? mutiny. Cin. Here, quite confounded with this Met. Stand fast together, lest some friend of

Cæsar's

Should chance, [cheer; Bru. Talk not of standing.—Publius, good

There is no harm intended to your person Nor to no Roman else: so tell them. Publius. Cas. And leave us, Publius; lest that the

people, Rushing on us, should do your age some mischief.

Bru. Do so: and let no man abide this deed, But we the doers.

Re-enter TREBONIUS.

Cas. Where is Antony?

Fled to his house amaz'd: Men, wives, and children stare, cry out, and run,

As it were doomsday.

Bru. Fates! we will know your pleasures .-That we shall die, we know; 'tis but the time. And drawing days out, that men stand upon.

Cas. Why, he that cuts off twenty years of life.

Cuts off so many years of fearing death. Bru. Grant that, and then is death a benefit:

So are we Cæsar's friends, that have abridg'd His time of fearing death.-Stoop, Flomans, stoop,

And let us bathe our hands in Cæsar's blood Up to the elbows, and besmear our swords: Then walk we forth even to the market-place, And, waving our red weapons o'er our heads, Let's all cry, Peace' freedom! and liberty!
Cas. Stoop then, and wash.—How many

ages hence

Shall this our lofty scene be acted over, In states unborn and accents yet unknown! Bru. How many times shall Cæsar bleed in sport.

That now on Pompey's basis lies along No worthier than the dust!

So oft as that shall be, Cas. So often shall the knot of us be call'd The men that gave their country liberty.

Dec. What, shall we forth?

Ay, every man away: Cas. Brutus shall lead; and we will grace his heels With the most boldest and best hearts of Rome. Bru. Soft, who comes here?

Enter a Servant.

A friend of Antony's Serv. Thus, Brutus, did my master bid me kneel:

Thus did Mark Antony bid me fall down; And, being prostrate, thus he bade me say:-Brutus is noble, wise, valuant, and honest; Cæsar was mighty, bold, royal, and loving: Say I lov'd Brutus, and I honour him; Say I fear'd Cæsar, honour'd him, and lov'd If Brutus will vouchsafe that Antony May safely come to him, and be resolv'd How Cæsar hath deserv'd to he in death, Mark Antony shall not love Cæsar dead So well as Brutus hving; but will follow The fortunes and affairs of noble Brutus Through the hazards of this untrod state With all true faith. So says my master Antony.

Bru. Thy master is a wise and valiant Roman:

I never thought him worse.

Tell him, so please him come unto this place, He shall be satisfied; and, by my honour, Depart untouch'd.

Serv. I'll fetch him presently. [Exit. Bru. I know that we shall have him well to friend.

Cas. I wish we may: but yet have I a mind That fears him much; and my misgiving still Falls shrewdly to the purpose.

Bru. But here comes Antony.

Re-enter ANTONY.

Welcome, Mark Antony. Ant. O mighty Cæsar! dost thou lie so low? Are all thy conquests, glories, triumphs, spoils, Shrunk to this little measure?—Fare thee well.— I know not, gentlemen, what you intend, Who else must be let blood, who else is rank: If I myself, there is no hour so fit As Cæsar's death's hour; nor no instrument Of half that worth as those your swords, made rich With the most noble blood of all this world.

I do beseech ye, if you bear me hard, Now, whilst your purpled hands do reek and

smoke, Fufil your pleasure. Live a thousand years, I shall not find myself so apt to die: No place will please me so, no mean of death As here by Cæsar, and by you cut off, The choice and master spirits of this age.

Bru. O Antony! beg not your death of us. Though now we must appear bloody and cruel, Our reasons are so full of good regard

As by our hands and this our present act You see we do; yet see you but our hands, And this the bleeding business they have done: Our hearts you see not,—they are putful; And pity to the general wrong of Rome,— And pity to the general many pity,—
As fire drives out fire, so pity pity,—
For your part, Hath done this deed on Cæsar. To you our swords have leaden points, Mark Antony:

Our arms no strength of malice, and our hearts, Of brothers' temper, do receive you in With all kind love, good thoughts, and rever-

ence. man's Cas. Your voice shall be as strong as any In the disposing of new dignities.

Bru. Only be patient till we have appeas'd The multitude, beside themselves with fear. And then we will deliver you the cause Why I, that did love Cæsar when I struck him, Have thus proceeded.

Ant. I doubt not of your wisdom. Let each man render me his bloody hand: First, Marcus Brutus, will I shake with you;-Next, Casus Cassius, do I take your hand;-Now, Decius Brutus, yours; -now yours, Metellus:-

Yours, Cinna;—and, my valuant Casca, yours;— Though last, not least in love, yours, good Trebonius.

Gentleman all,—alas, what shall I say? My credit now stands on such slippery ground That one of two bad ways you must concert me. Either a coward or a flatterer. That I did love thee, Cæsar, O, 'tis true: If then, thy spirit look upon us now Shall it not grieve thee dearer than thy death To see thy Antony making his peace, Shaking the bloody fingers of thy foes, Most noble! in the presence of thy corse? Had I as many eyes as thou hast wounds. Weeping as fast as they stream forth thy blood, It would become me better than to close In terms of friendship with thine enemies. Pardon me, Julius!-Here wast thou bay'd, brave hart;

Here didst thou fall; and here thy hunters stand, Sign'd in thy spoil, and crimson'd in thy

Lethe. O world, thou wast the forest to this hart; And this, indeed, O world, the heart of thee.-How like a deer strucken by many princes

Dost thou here he!

Cas Mark Antony Pardon me, Caius Cassius: Ant. The enemies of Cæsar shall say this; Then in a friend it is cold modesty.

Cas. I blame you not for praising Cæsar so; But what compact mean you to have with us? Will you be prick'd in number of our friends; Or shall we on, and not depend on you?

Ant. Therefore I took your hands; but was, indeed.

Sway'd from the point by looking down on Cæsar.

Friends am I with you all, and love you all; Upon this hope, that you shall give me reasons Why and wherein Cæsar was dangerous.

Bru. Or else were this a savage spectacle:

That were you, Antony, the son of Cæsar, You should be satisfied.

That's all I seek: And am moreover suitor that I may Produce his body to the market-place; And in the pulpit, as becomes a friend, Speak in the order of his funeral. Bru. You shall, Mark Antony.

Cas. Brutus, a word with you.-You know not what you do: do not consent That Antony speak in his funeral: Know you how much the people may be mov'd By that which he will utter?

[Aside to BRUTUS. By your pardon;-

I will myself into the pulpit first, And show the reason of our Cæsar's death: What Antony shall speak, I will protest He speaks by leave and by permission; And that we are contented Cæsar shall Have all true rites and lawful ceremonies. It shall advantage more than do us wrong.

Cas. I know not what may fall; I like it not. Bru. Mark Antony, here, take you Cæsar's

You shall not in your funeral speech blame us, But speak all good you can devise of Cæsar; And say you do't by our permission; Else shall you not have any hand at all About his funeral: and you shall speak In the same pulpit whereto I am going, After my speech is ended.

Be it so; Ant.

I do desire no more.

Bru. Prepare the body then, and follow us. Exeunt all but ANTONY. Ant. O, pardon me, thou bleeding piece of

earth, That I am meek and gentle with these butchers! Thou art the runs of the noblest man That ever lived in the tide of times. Woe to the hand that shed this costly blood! Over thy wounds now do I prophesy,-Which like dumb mouths do ope their ruby lips, To beg the voice and utterance of my tongue,-A curse shall light upon the limbs of men; Domestic fury and fierce civil strife Shall cumber all the parts of Italy; Blood and destruction shall be so in use, And dreadful objects so familiar, That mothers shall but smile when they behold Their infants quarter'd with the hands of war; All pity chok'd with custom of fell deeds: And Cæsar's spirit, ranging for revenge, With Ate by his side come hot from hell. Shall in these confines with a monarch's voice Cry Havoc, and let slip the dogs of war; That this foul deed shall smell above the earth With carrion men, groaning for burial.

Enter a Servant.

You serve Octavius Cæsar, do you not? Serv. I do, Mark Antony. Ant. Cæsar did write for him to come to

Rome. Serv. He did receive his letters, and is com-And bid me say to you by word of mouth Seeing the body. O Cæsar!--

Ant. Thy heart is big, get thee apart and

weep.

Passion, I see, is catching; for mine eyes. Seeing those beads of sorrow stand in thine, Began to water. Is thy master coming? Serv. He lies to-night within seven leagues

of Rome. Ant. Post back with speed, and tell him

what hath chanc'd: Here is a mourning Rome, a dangerous Rome. No Rome of safety for Octavius yet; Hie hence and tell him so. Yet, stay awhile:

Thou shalt not back till I have borne this corse Into the market-place: there shall I try, In my oration, how the people take The cruel issue of these bloody men;

According to the which thou shalt discourse To young Octavius of the state of things. Lend me your hand.

[Exeunt with CÆSAR'S body.

SCENE II .- ROME. The Forum

Enter BRUTUS and CASSIUS, and a throng of Citizens.

Citizens. We will be satisfied; let us be satisfied. friends.-Bru. Then follow me, and give me audience.

Cassius, go you into the other street, And part the numbers.

Those that will hear me speak, let 'em stav here;

Those that will follow Cassius, go with him; And public reasons shall be rendered Of Cæsar's death.

I Cit. I will hear Brutus speak. 2 Cit. I will hear Cassius; and compare their

reasons, When severally we hear them rendered

[Exit Cassius, with some of the Citizens.

BRUTUS goes into the Rostrum 3 Cit. The noble Brutus is ascended: silence!

Bru. Be patient till the last. Romans, countrymen, and lovers! hear me for my cause; and be silent, that you may hear: believe me for mine honour; and have respect to mine honour, that you may believe: censure me in your wisdom; and awake your senses, that you may the better judge. If there be any in this assembly, any dear friend of Cæsar's, to him I say that Brutus' love to Cæsar was no less than his. If, then, that friend demand why Brutus rose against Cæsar, this is my answer,—Not that I loved Cæsar less, but that I loved Rome more. Had you rather Cæsar were living, and die all slaves, than that Cæsar were dead, to live all free men? As Cæsar loved me, I weep for him; as he was fortunate, I rejoice at it; as he was valiant, I honour him: but, as he was ambitious, I slew him: there is tears for his love; joy for his fortune; honour for his valour; and death for his ambition. Who is here so base that would be a bondman? If any, speak; for him have I offended. Who is here so rude that would not be a Roman? If any, speak; for him have I offended. Who is here so vile that will not love his country? If any, speak; for him have I offended. I pause for a reply.

Citizens. None, Brutus, none.

Bru. Then none have I offended. done no more to Cæsar than you shall do to in the Capitol; his glory not extenuated, wherein he was worthy; nor his offences enforced, for which he suffered death. Here comes his body, mourn'd by Mark Antony:

Enter ANTONY and others with CESAR'S body. who, though he had no hand in his death, shall receive the benefit of his dying, -a place in the commonwealth; as which of you shall not? With this I depart,—that, as I slew my best lover for the good of Rome, I have the same dagger for myself, when it shall please my country to need my death.

Citizens. Live, Brutus! live, live!

I Cit. Bring him with triumph home unto his house.

2 Cit. Give him a statue with his ancestors. 3 Cit. Let him be Cæsar.

4 Cit. Cæsar's better parts

Shall be crown'd in Brutus. I Cit. We'll bring him to his house with shouts and clamours.

Bru. My countrymen,-

Peace, silence! Brutus speaks. 2 Cit.

I Cit. Peace, ho?

Bru. Good countrymen, let me depart alone, And for my sake stay here with Antony: Do grace to Cæsar's corse, and grace his speech Tending to Cæsar's glories; which Mark Antony,

By our permission, is allow'd to make. I do entreat you, not a man depart,
Save I alone, till Antony have spoke. [Exit.
1 Cit. Stay, ho! and let us hear Mark

Antony.

3 Cit. Let him go up into the public chair; We'll hear him.—Noble Antony, go up. Ant. For Brutus' sake I am beholden to you.

Goes up. 4 Cit. What does he say of Brutus?

3 Cit. He says, for Brutus' sake He finds himself beholden to us all. 4 Cit. 'Twere best he speak no harm of

Brutus here.

I Cit. This Cæsar was a tyrant.

3 Cit. Nay, that's certain: We are bless'd that Rome is rid of him. [say. 2 Cit. Peace! let us hear what Antony can Ant. You gentle Romans,

Peace, ho! let us hear him. Cit. Ant. Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend

me your ears;

I come to bury Caesar, not to praise him. The evil that men do lives after them; The good is oft interred with their bones; So let it be with Cæsar. The noble Brutus Hath told you Cæsar was ambitious: If it were so, it was a grievous fault; And grievously hath Cæsar answer'd it. Here, under leave of Brutus and the rest.— For Brutus is an honourable man; So are they all, all honourable men Come I to speak in Cæsar's funeral. He was my friend, faithful and just to me: But Brutus says he was ambitious; And Brutus is an honourable man. He hath brought many captives home to Rome, Whose ransoms did the general coffers fill: Did this in Cæsar seem ambitious?

The question of his death is enrolled When that the poor have cried, Casar hath wept:

Ambition should be made of sterner stuff. Yet Brutus says he was ambitious; And Brutus is an honourable man. You all did see that on the Lupercal

I thrice presented him a kingly crown, Which he did thrice refuse: was this ambition? Yet Brutus says he was ambitious; And, sure, he is an honourable man.

I speak not to disprove what Brutus spoke, But here I am to speak what I do know. You all did love him once,—not without cause: What cause withholds you, then, to mourn for

him? O judgment, thou art fled to brutish beasts, And men have lost their reason!-Bear with me

My heart is in the coffin there with Cæsar. And I must pause till it come back to me.

I Cit. Methinks there is much reason in his sayings.

2 Cit. If thou consider rightly of the matter, Cæsar has had great wrong.

3 Cit. Has, he, masters? I fear there will a worse come in his place.

4 Cit. Mark'd ye his words? He would not take the crown; Therefore 'tis certain he was not ambitious.

I Cit. If it be found so, some will dear abide

[weeping 2 Cit. Poor soul! his eyes are red as fire with

3 Cit. There's not a nobler man in Rome than Antony. 4 Cit. Now mark him, he begins again to

Ant. But yesterday the word of Cæsar might Have stood against the world: now lies he there. And none so poor to do him reverence. O masters, if I were dispos'd to stir Your hearts and minds to mutiny and rage, I should do Brutus wrong, and Cassius wrong, Who, you all know, are honourable men: I will not do them wrong; I rather choose To wrong the dead, to wrong myself and you, Than I will wrong such honourable men. But here's a parchment with the seal of Cæsar,— I found it in his closet,—'tis his will: Let but the commons hear this testament.-Which, pardon me, I do not mean to read,-And they would go and kiss dead Cæsar's

wounds, And dip their napkins in his sacred blood; Yea, beg a hair of him for memory, And, dying, mention it within their wills, Bequeathing it as a rich legacy Unto their issue.

Antony. 4 Cit. We'll hear the will: read it, Mark Citizens. The will, the will! we will hear Cæsar's will. [not read it;

Ant. Have patience, gentle friends, I must It is not meet you know how Cæsar lov'd you. You are not wood, you are not stones, but men; And, being men, hearing the will of Cæsar, It will inflame you, -it will make you mad: 'Tis good you know not that you are his heirs; For, if you should, O, what would come of it! 4 Cit. Read the will; we'll hear it, Antony;

You shall read us the will, -Cæsar's will. Ant. Will you be patient? will you stay

awhile?

I have o'ershot myself to tell you of it: I fear I wrong the honourable men Whose daggers have stabb'd Cæsar; I do fear

4 Cit. They were traitors: honourable men! Citizens. The will! the testament!

2 Cit. They were villains, murderers: the will! read the will! (will?

Ant. You will compel me, then, to read the Then make a ring about the corse of Cæsar, And let me show you him that made the will. Shall I descend? and will you give me leave?

Citizens. Come down.

2 Cit. Descend. ANTONY comes down.

3 Cit. You shall have leave.

4 Cit. A ring; stand round.

i Cit. Stand from the hearse, stand from the body.

2 Cit. Room Antony,—most for noble Antony! off.

Ant. Nay, press not so upon me; stand far Citizens. Stand back; room; bear back! Ant. If you have tears, prepare to shed them now.

You all do know this mantle: I remember The first time ever Cæsar put it on; 'Twas on a summer's evening, in his tent, That day he overcame the Nervii:-Look! in this place ran Cassius' dagger through: See what a rent the envious Casca made: Through this the well-beloved Brutus stabb'd; And, as he pluck'd his cursed steel away, Mark how the blood of Cæsar follow'd it, As rushing out of doors, to be resolv'd If Brutus so unkindly knock'd or no; For Brutus, as you know, was Cæsar's angel: Judge, O you gods, how dearly Cæsar loved

This was the most unkindest cut of all: For when the noble Cæsar saw him stab. Ingratitude, more strong than traitors' arms. Quite vanguish'd him: then burst his mighty heart;

And, in his mantle muffling up his face, Even at the base of Pompey's statua, Which all the while ran blood, great Cæsar fell. O, what a fall was there, my countrymen! Then I, and you, and all of us fell down, Whilst bloody treason flourish'd over us. O, now you weep; and I perceive you feel The dint of pity: these are gracious drops. Kind souls, what, weep you when you but behold

Our Cæsar's vesture wounded? Lookyouhere, Here is himself, marr'd, as you see, with traitors.

I Cit. O piteous spectacle! 2 Cit. O noble Cæsar!

3 Cit. O woeful day!

4 Cit. O most bloody sight!
2 Cit. We will be revenged: revenge, about, -seek, -burn, -fire, -kill, -slay, -let Take thou what course thou wilt! not a traitor live!

Ant. Stay, countrymen.

I Cit. Peace there! hear the noble Antony. 2 Cit. We'll hear him, we'll follow him, we'll die with him.

Ant. Good friends, sweet friends, let me not stir you up

To such a sudden flood of mutiny.

They that have done this deed are honourable:— What private griefs they have, alas, I know not. That made them do it; -they are wise and honourable,

And will, no doubt, with reasons answer you. I come not, friends, to steal away your hearts:

I am no orator, as Brutus is; But, as you know me all, a plain blunt man,

That love my friend; and that they know full well

That gave me public leave to speak of him: For I have neither wit, nor words, nor worth, Action, nor utterance, nor the power of speech, To stir men's blood: I only speak right on; I tell you that which you yourselves do know; Show you sweet Cæsar's wounds, poor poor dumb mouths,

And bid them speak for me: but were I Brutus, And Brutus Antony, there were an Antony Would ruffle up your spirits, and put a tongue In every wound of Cæsar, that should move The stones of Rome to rise and mutiny.

Citizens. We'll mutiny.

z Cit. We'll burn the house of Brutus.

3 Cit. Away, then! come seek the conspirators.

Ant. Yet hear me, countrymen; yet hear me speak.

Citizens. Peace, ho! hear Antony, most

noble Antony. Ant. Why, friends, you go to do you know not what:

Wherein hath Cæsar thus deserv'd your loves? Alas, you know not,-I must tell you, then.-You have forgot the will I told you of.

Citizens. Most true;-the will:-let's stay and hear the will.

Ant. Here is the will and under Cæsar's seal To every Roman citizen he gives,

To every several man, seventy-five drachmas. 2 Cit. Most noble Cæsar!—we'll revenge his death.

3 Cit. O royal Cæsar!

Ant. Hear me with patience.

Citizens. Peace, ho!

Ant. Moreover, he hath left you all his walks. His private arbours, and new-planted orchards On this side Tiber; he hath left them you, And to your heirs for ever, —common pleasures, To walk abroad and recreate yourselves. Here was a Cæsar! when comes such another?

r Cit. Never, never.—Come away, away! We'll burn his body in the holy place, And with the brands fire the traitors' houses.

Take up the body.

2 Cit. Go, fetch fire. 3 Cit. Pluck down benches.

4 Cit. Pluck down forms, windows, anything. Exeunt Citizens with the body. Ant. Now let it work: mischief, thou art

afoot.

Enter a Servant.

How now, fellow! Serv. Sir, Octaviús is already come to Rome. Ant. Where is he? Serv. He and Lepidus are at Cæsar's house.

Ant. And thither will I straight to visit him: He comes upon a wish. Fortune is merry, And in this mood will give us anything.

Serv. I heard him say Brutus and Cassius Are rid like madmen through the gates of Rome. Ant. Belike they had some notice of the people,

How I had mov'd them. Bring me to Octavius. Exeunt.

Scene III .- Rome. A Street.

Enter CINNA the Poet.

Cin. I dreamt to-night that I did feast with Cæsar.

And things unlucky charge my fantasy: I have no will to wander forth of doors, Yet something leads me forth.

Enter Citizens.

1 Cit. What is your name?
2 Cit. Whither are you going?

3 Cit. Where do you dwell?

4 Cit. Are you a married man or a bachelor?

2 Cit. Answer every man directly. 1 Cit. Ay, and briefly. 4 Cit. Ay, and wisely.

3 Cit. Ay, and truly, you were best.

Cin. What is my name? Whither am I going? Where do I dwell? Am I a married man or a bachelor? Then to answer every man directly and briefly, wisely and truly.-Wisely, I say I am a bachelor.

2 Cit. That's as much as to say they are fools that marry: you'll bear me a bang for

that, I fear. Proceed; directly.

Cin. Directly, I am going to Cæsar's funeral.

r Cit. As a friend or an enemy?

Cin. As a friend.

2 Cit. That matter is answered directly. 4 Cit. For your dwelling,—briefly.

Cin. Briefly I dwell by the Capitol.

3 Cit. Your name, sir, truly. Cin. Truly my name is Cinna.

I Cit. Tear him to pieces; he's a conspirator. Cin. I am Cinna the poet, I am Cinna the poet.

4 Cit. Tear him for his bad verses, tear him

for his bad verses.

Cin. I am not Cinna the conspirator.

4 Cit. It is no matter, his name's Cinna; pluck but his name out of his heart, and turn him going.

3 Cit. Tear him, tear him! Come, brands, ho! fire-brands: to Brutus', to Cassius'; burn all: some to Decius' house, and some to Casca's; some to Ligarius': away, go!

Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I.—Rome. A room in Antony's House.

> ANTONY, OCTAVIUS, and LEPIDUS. seated at a table.

Ant. These many, then, shall die; their names are prick'd.

Oct. Your brother too must die; consent you, Lepidus?

Lep. I do consent.

Prick him down, Antony.

Prick him down, Antony. Lep. Upon condition Publius shall not live, Who is your sister's son, Mark Antony.

Ant. He shall not live; look, with a spot I damn him.

But, Lepidus, go you to Cæsar's house; Fetch the will hither, and we shall determine How to cut off some charge in legacies.

Lep. What, shall I find you here?

Oct. Or here or at the Capitol. Exit LEPIDUS.

Ant. This is a slight unmeritable man, Meet to be sent on errands: is it fit,

The threefold world divided, he should stand One of the three to share it?

Oct. So you thought him; And took his voice who should be prick'd to die,

In our black sentence and proscription. Ant. Octavius, I have seen more days than And though we lay these honours on this man, To ease ourselves of divers slanderous loads, He shall but bear them as the ass bears gold, To groan and sweat under the business,

Either led or driven as we point the way; And having brought our treasure where we will, Then take we down his load, and turn him off, Like to the empty ass, to shake his ears

And gaze in commons.

Oct. You may do your will: But he's a tried and valiant soldier.

Ant. So is my horse, Octavius; and for that I do appoint him store of provender: It is a creature that I teach to fight, To wind, to stop, to run directly on,-His corporal motion govern'd by my spirit. And, in some taste, is Lepidus but so;

He must be taught, and train'd, and bid go forth:~ A barren-spirited fellow; one that feeds

On abject orts and imitations, Which, out of use and stal'd by other men, Begin his fashion: do not talk of him But as a property. And now, Octavius, Listen great things .- Brutus and Cassius Are levying powers: we must straight make head:

Therefore let our alliance be combin'd, Our best friends made, our means stretch'd; And let us presently go sit in council, How covert matters may be best disclos'd,

And open perils surest answered.

Oct. Let us do so: for we are at the stake, And bay'd about with many enemies; [fear, And some that smile have in their hearts, I Millions of mischiefs. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- Before BRUTUS'S Tent, in the Camp near Sardis.

rum. Enter BRUTUS, LUCILIUS, LUCIUS, and Soldiers; TITINIUS and PINDARUS Drum. meeting them.

Bru. Stand, ho!

Lucil. Give the word, ho! and stand.

Bru. What now, Lucilius! is Cassius near? Lucil. He is at hand; and Pindarus is come To do you salutation from his master. [PIN. gives a letter to BRU. Bru. He greets me well.—Your master, Pindarus,

In his own change, or by ill officers, Hath given me some worthy cause to wish Things done undone: but if he be at hand I shall be satisfied.

Pin. I do not doubt
But that my noble master will appear
Such as he is, full of regard and honour.

Bru. He is not doubted.—A word, Lucilius; How he receiv'd you let me be resolv'd.

Lucil. With courtesy and with respect enough;

But not with such familiar instances, Nor with such free and friendly conference, As he hath us'd of old.

Bru. Thou hast describ'd A hot friend cooling: ever note, Lucilius, When love begins to sicken and decay, It useth enforced ceremony. There are no tricks in plan and simple faith: But hollow men, like horses hot at hand,

Make gallant show and promise of their mettle;
But when they should endure the bloody spur,
They fall their crests, and like deceitful jades,
Sink in the trial. Comes his army on?

Lucil. They mean this night in Sardis to be

Lucil. They mean this night in Sa quarter'd;

The greater part, the horse in general, Are come with Cassus. [March within. Bru. Hark! he is arriv'd: March gently on to meet him.

gently on to meet min.

Enter CASSIUS and Soldiers.

Cas. Stand, ho!

Bru. Stand, ho! speak the word along.

Within. Stand! Within. Stand!

Withm. Stand! [wrong. Cas. Most noble brother, you have done me Bru. Judge me, you gods! wrong I mine

enemies?

And, if not so, how should I wrong a brother?

Cas. Brutus, this sober form of yours hides

wrongs; And when you do them,—

Bru. Cassius, he content; Speak your griefs softly,—I do know you well:— Before the eyes of both our armies here, Which should perceive nothing but love from

Let us not wrangle: bid them move away; Then in my tent, Cassius, enlarge your griefs, And I will give you audience.

Cas. Pindarus,
Bid our commanders lead their charges off
A little from this ground. [ms

A little from this ground. [man Bru. Lucilius, do you the like; and let no Come to our tent till we have done our conference.

Let Lucius and Titinius guard our door.

[Exeunt.

SCENE III .- Within the Tent of BRUTUS.

Enter BRUTUS and CASSIUS.

Cas. That you hath wrong'd me doth appear in this,—

You have condemn'd and noted Lucius Pella

For taking bribes here of the Sardians; Wherein my letters, praying on his side, Because I knew the man, were slighted off.

Bru. You wrong'd yourself, to write in such a case.

Cas. In such a time as this it is not meet That every nice offence should bear his comment.

Bru. Let me tell you, Cassius, you yourself Are much condemn'd to have an itching palm; To sell and mart your offices for gold To underservers.

Cas. I an itching palm!

You know that you are Brutus that speak this, Or, by the gods, this speech were else your last. Bru. The name of Cassius honours this cor-

ruption,
And chastisement doth therefore hide his head.
Cas. Chastisement!

Cas. Chastisement! Bru. Remember March, the ides of March

remember!
Did not great Julius bleed for justice' sake?
What villain touch'd his body. that did stab,
And not for justice? What, shall one of us,
That struck the foremost man of all this world
But for supporting robbers, shall we now
Contaminate our fingers with base bribes,
And sell the mghty space of our large honours
For so much trash as may be grasped thus?—
I had rather be a dog, and bay the moon,
Than such a Roman.

Cas. Brutus, bay not me,—
I'll not endure it: you forget yourself
To hedge me in; I am a soldier, I,
Older in practice, abler than yourself
To make conditions.

Bru. Go to; you are not, Cassius.

Cas. I am. Bru. I say you are not.

Can Uses me no mere I shell

Cas. Urge me no more, I shall forget myself; Have mind upon your health, tempt me no further.

Bru. Away, slight man! Cas. Is't possible?

Bru. Hear me, for I will speak.
Must I give way and room to your rash choler?
Shall I be frighted when a madman stares?

Cas. O ye gods, ye gods! must I endure all this?

Bru, All this! av. more: fret till your proud.

Bru. All this! ay, more: fret till your proud heart break;

Go, show your slaves how cholenc you are, And make your bondmen tremble. Must I budge?

Must I observe you? Must I stand and crouch Under your testy humour? By the gods, You shall digest the venom of your spleen Though it do split you; for from this day forth I'll use you for my mirth, yea, for my laughter, When you see westien.

When you are waspish.

Cas. Is it come to this?

Bru. You say you are a better soldier:

Let it appear so; make your vaunting true,

Let it appear so; make your vaunting true, And it shall please me well: for mine own part, I shall be glad to learn of noble men.

Cas. You wrong me every way; you wrong me, Brutus;

I said an elder soldier, not a better: Did I say better?

Bru. If you did, I care not.

Cas. When Cæsar liv'd, he durst not thus have mov'd me.

Bru. Peace, peace! you durst not so have tempted him.

Cas. I durst not!

Bru. No. Cas. What, durst not tempt him!

For your life you durst not. Cas. Do not presume too much upon my love; I may do that I shall be sorry for.

Bru. You have done that you should be sorry There is no terror, Cassius, in your threats;

For I am arm'd so strong in honesty That they pass by me as the idle wind.

Which I respect not. I did send to you generals;
For certain sums of gold, which you denied There is some grudge between 'em; 'tis not me;-

For I can raise no money by vile means: By heaven, I had rather coin my heart, And drop my blood for drachmas, than to wring From the hard hands of peasants their vile trash By any indirection;—I did send To you for gold to pay my legions, [Cassius? Which you denied me: was that done like Should I have answer'd Caius Cassius so? When Marcus Brutus grows so covetous, To lock such rascal counters from his friend Be ready, gods, with all your thunderbolts,

Dash him to pieces! Cas. I denied you not.

Bru. You did.

Cas. I did not: he was but a fool that brought My answer back.—Brutus hath riv'd my heart: A friend should bear his friend's infirmities, But Brutus makes mine greater than they are.

Bru. I do not, till you practise them on me.

Cas. You love me not.

Bru. I do not like your faults. Cas. A friendly eye could never see such faults. appear

Bru. A flatterer's would not, though they do come, As huge as high Olympus.

Cas. Come, Antony, and young Octavius, Revenge yourselves alone on Cassius, For Cassius is aweary of the world;

Hated by one he loves; brav'd by his brother; Check'd like a bondman: all his faults observ'd Set in a notebook, learn'd, and conn'd by rote, To cast into my teeth. O, I could weep My spirit from mine eyes!—There is my dagger, And here my naked breast; within, a heart Dearer than Plutus' mine, richer than gold:

If that thou be'st a Roman, take it forth; I, that denied thee gold, will give my heart: Strike, as thou didst at Caesar; for I know

When thou didst hate him worst, thou lov'dst him better

Than ever thou lov'dst Cassius.

Sheathe your dagger: Be angry when you will, it shall have scope; Do what you will, dishonour shall be humour. O Cassius, you are yoked with a lamb, That carries anger as the flint bears fire; Who, much enforced, shows a hasty spark, And straight is cold again.

Cas. Hath Cassius liv'd To be but mirth and laughter to his Brutus, When grief and blood ill-temper'd vexeth him? Bru. When I spoke that I was ill-temper'd too.

Cas. Do you confess so much? Give me your hand.

Bru. And my heart too.

Cas. O Brutus, Bru.

What's the matter? Cas. Have not you love enough to bear with me

When that rash humour which my mother gave

Makes me forgetful?

Bru. Yes, Cassius; and from henceforth, When you are over-earnest with your Brutus, He'll think your mother chides, and leave you

Noise within. Poet. [Within.] Let me go in to see the

meet

They be alone.

Lucil. [Within.] You shall not come to them. Poet. [Within.] Nothing but death shall stay

Enter Poet, followed by Lucilius and TITINIUS.

Cas. How now! what's the matter?

Poet. For shame, you generals! what do you mean! be;

Love, and be friends, as two such men should For I have seen more years, I'm sure, than ye. Cas. Ha, ha! how vilely doth this cynic thyme! [hence!

Bru. Get you hence, sirrah; saucy fellow, Cas. Bear with him, Brutus; 'tis his fashion. Bru. I'll know his humour when he knows

his time: fools? What should the wars do with these jigging Companion hence!

Cas. Away, away, be gone! [Exit Poet.

Bru. Lucilius and Titinius, bid the commanders

Prepare to lodge their companies to-night. Cas. And come yourselves, and bring Messala with you

Immediately to us.

[Exeunt Lucil. and Tit. Lucius, a bowl of wine! Bru. Cas. I did not think you could have been so

Bru. O Cassius. I am sick of many griefs.

Cas. Of your philosophy you make no use

If you give place to accidental evils. Bru. No man bears sorrow better. - Portia is

dead. Cas. Ha! Portia!

Bru. She is dead.

Cas. How scap'd I killing when I cross'd you so?-

O insupportable and touching loss!-

Upon what sickness?

Bru. Impatient of my absence, And grief that young Octavius with Mark

Have made themselves so strong; for with her death

That tidings came; -with this she fell distract, And, her attendants, absent, swallow'd fire.

Cas. And died so? Bru. Even so.

Cas. O ye immortal gods.

Enter Lucius with wine and tabers.

Bru. Speak no more of her .- Give me bowl of wine .-

In this I bury all unkindness, Cassius.

[Drinks Cas. My heart is thirsty for that noble pledge.— Fill, Lucius, till the wine o'erswell the cup;

I cannot drink too much of Brutus' love Drinks.

Bru. Come in, Titinius!

Re-enter TITINIUS, with MESSALA.

Welcome, good Messala!— Now sit we close about this taper here, And call in question our necessities.

Cas. Portia, art thou gone? Bru. No more, I pray you.-Messala, I have here received letters, That young Octavius and Mark Antony Come down upon us with a mighty power, Bending their expedition toward Philippi.

Mes. Myself have letters of the self-same

tenor.

Bru. With what addition?

Mess. That, by proscription and bills of outlawry,

Octavius, Antony, and Lepidus Have put to death an hundred senators.

Bru. Therein our letters do not well agree; Mine speak of seventy senators that died By their proscriptions, Cicero being one. Cas. Cicero one!

Mes. Cicero is dead, And by that order of proscription .-

Had you your letters from your wife, my lord?

Bru. No, Messala. Mes. Nor nothing in your letters writ of her?

Bru. Nothing, Messala. Mes. That, methinks, is strange. Bru. Why ask you? hear you aught of her

in yours? Mes. No, my lord.

Bru. Now, as you are a Roman, tell me true. Mes. Then like a Roman bear the truth I tell:

For certain she is dead, and by strange manner. Bru. Why, farewell, Portia.—We must die, Messala:

With meditating that she must die once, I have the patience to endure it now.

Mes. Even so great men great losses should endure.

Cas. I have as much of this in art as you, But yet my nature could not bear it so.

Bru. Well, to our work alive. What do you think

Of marching to Philippi presently?

Cas. I do not think it good.

Bru. Your reason? Cas. This it is: 'Tis better that the enemy seek us:

So shall he waste his means, weary his soldiers, Doing himself offence, whilst we, lying still, Are full of rest, defence, and nimbleness.

Bru. Good reasons must, of force, give place to better.

The people 'twixt Philippi and this ground Do stand but in a forc'd affection; For they have grudg'd us contribution:

The enemy, marching along by them, By them shall make a fuller number up. Come on refresh'd, new-aided, and encourag'd: From which advantage shall we cut him off If at Philippi we do face him there, These people at our back.

Cas. Hear me, good brother. Bru. Under your pardon.-You must note beside,

That we have tried the utmost of our friends. Our legions are brimful, our cause is ripe: That enemy increaseth every day We, at the height, are ready to decline. There is a tide in the affairs of men

Which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune: Omitted, all the voyage of their life Is bound in shallows and in miseries. On such a full sea are we now afloat;

And we must take the current when it serve Or lose our ventures. Then, with your will, go on: Cas.

We'll along ourselves, and meet them at Philippi. Bru. The deep of night is crept upon our

And nature must obey necessity; Which we will niggard with a little rest.

There is no more to say?

No more. Good-night: Cas. Early to-morrow will we rise, and hence. Bru Lucius, my gown. [Exit Lucius.

Farewell good Messala: Good-night, Titinius; -noble, noble Cassius. Good-night, and good repose.

O my dear brother! This was an ill beginning of the night: Never some such division 'tween our souls! Let it not, Brutus.

Вти. Everything is well.

Cas. Good-night, my lord. Bru. Good-night, good brother. Tit. and Mes. Good-night, Lord Brutus.

Farewell, every one. Exeunt CAS., TIT., and MES.

Re-enter Lucius with the gown.

Give me the gown. Where is thy instrument? Luc. Here in the tent.

What, thou speak'st drowsily! Вти. Poor knave, I blame thee not; thou art o'erwatch'd.

Call Claudius and some other of my men; I'll have them sleep on cushions in my tent. Luc. Varro and Claudius!

Bru.

Enter VARRO and CLAUDIUS.

Var. Calls my lord? [sleep; Bru. I pray you, sirs, lie in my tent and It may be I shall raise you by and by On business to my brother Cassius.

Var. So please you we will stand and watch your pleasure. [sirs; Bru. I will not have it so: lie down, good

It may be I shall otherwise bethink me.-Look, Lucius, here's the book I sought for so; I put it in the pocket of my gown.

[VAR. and CLAUD. lie down. Luc. I was sure your lordship did not give it me.

Bru. Bear with me, good boy, I am much forgetful.

Canst thou hold up thy heavy eyes awhile, And touch thy instrument a strain or two? Luc. Ay, my lord, an't please you.

It does, my boy: I trouble thee too much, but thou art willing.

Luc. It is my duty, sir. [might; Bru. I should not urge thy duty past thy I know young bloods look for a time of rest.

Luc. I have slept, my lord, already. Bru. It was well done; and thou shalt sleep

again;

I will not hold thee long: if I do live I will be good to thee. Music and a Song. This is a sleepy tune. - O murderous slumber, Lay'st thou thy leaden mace upon my boy

That plays the music?-Gentle knave, goodnight: I will not do thee so much wrong to wake thee: If thou dost nod, thou break'st thy instrument;

I'll take it from thee; and, good boy, goodnight. Let me see, let me see; -is not the leaf turn'd

down Where I left reading? Here it is, I think. Sits down.

Enter the Ghost of CÆSAR.

How ill this taper burns!-Ha! who comes here? I think it is the weakness of mine eyes That shapes this monstrous apparition. It comes upon me.—Art thou anything? Art thou some god, some angel, or some devil, That mak'st my blood cold and my hair to stare?

Speak to me what thou art. Ghost. Thy evil spirit, Brutus.

Why com'st thou? Bru. To tell thee thou shalt see me at Philippi.

Bru. Well: Then I shall see thee again?

Ay, at Philippi. Ghost. Bru. Why, I will see thee at Philippi, then.

Exit Ghost. Now I have taken heart thou vanishest: Ill spirit, I would hold more talk with thee .-Boy Lucius!-Varro! Claudius!-sirs, awake!-

Luc. The strings, my lord, are false. Bru. He thinks he still is at his instrument .-Lucius, awake!

Luc. My lord?

Bru. Didst thou dream, Lucius, that thou so criedst out?

Luc. My lord, I do not know that I did cry. Bru. Yes, that thou didst: didst thou see anything?

Luc. Nothing, my lord.

Bru. Sleep again, Lucius.—Sirrah, Claudius! Fellow, thou, awake!

Var. My lord?

Clau. My lord?

Bru. Why did you cry so out, sirs, in your sleep?

Var. and Clau. Did we, my lord?

Ay: saw you anything? For you have stol'n their buzzing, Antony,

Var. No, my lord, I saw nothing. Clau.

Nor I, my lord. Bru. Go and commend me to my brother Cassius;

Bid him set on his powers betimes before, And we will follow.

Var. and Clau. It shall be done, my lord. [Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I.—The Plains of Philippi.

Enter OCTAVIUS, ANTONY, and their Army.

Oct. Now, Antony, our hopes are answered: You said the enemy would not come down, But keep the hills and upper regions; It proves not so: their battles are at hand They mean to warn us at Philippi here. Answering before we do demand of them.

Ant. Tut, I am in their bosoms, and I know Wherefore they do it: they could be content To visit other places; and come down With fearful bravery, thinking by this face To fasten in our thoughts that they have courage; But 'tis not so.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Prepare you, generals: The enemy comes on in gallant show; Their bloody sign of battle is hung out, And something to be done immediately Ant. Octavius, lead your battle softly on, Upon the left hand of the even field.

Oct. Upon the right hand I; keep thou the left.

Ant. Why do you cross me in this exigent? Oct. I do not cross you; but I will do so. March.

Drum. Enter Brutus, Cassius, and their Army; Lucilius, Titinius, Messala, and others.

Bru. They stand, and would have parley.

Cas. Stand fast, Titinius: we must out and talk. [battle?

Oct. Mark Antony, shall we give sign of Ant. No, Cæsar, we will answer on their

charge. Make forth; the generals would have some Oct. Stir not until the signal. men?

Bru. Words before blows: is it so, country-Oct. Not that we love words better, as you

do. Bru. Good words are better than bad strokes,

Octavius. Ant. In your bad strokes, Brutus, you give

good words: Witness the hole you made in Cæsar's heart,

Crying, Long live! hail, Cæsar! Antony, Cas.

The posture of your blows are yet unknown; But for your words, they rob the Hybia bees, And leave them honeyless.

Ant. Not stingless too. Bru. O yes, and soundless too;

And very wisely threat before you sting. Ant. Villains, you did not so when your vile daggers

Hack'd one another in the sides of Cæsar: You show'd your teeth like apes, and fawn'd like hounds.

And bow'd like bondmen, kissing Cæsar's feet; Whilst damned Casca, like a cur, behind, Struck Cæsar on the neck. O you flatterers!

Cas. Flatterers!—Now, Brutus, thank yourself:

This tongue had not offended so to-day If Cassius might have rul'd.

Oct. Come, come, the cause: if arguing make us sweat,

The proof of it will turn to redder drops. Look.

I draw a sword against conspirators; When think you that the sword goes up again?-Never till Cæsar's three-and-thirty wounds Be well aveng'd; or till another Cæsar Have added slaughter to the sword of traitors. Bru. Cæsar, thou canst not die by traitors'

hands. Unless thou bring'st them with thee.

So I hope: I was not born to die on Brutus' sword. Bru. O. if thou wert the noblest of thy strain, Young man, thou couldst not die more honourable.

Cas. A peevish school-boy, worthless of such honour,

Join'd with a masker and a reveller?

Ant. Old Cassius still!

Oct. Come, Antony; away!-Defiance, traitors, hurl we in your teeth: If you dare fight to-day, come to the field; If not, when you have stomachs.

[Exeunt Oct., ANT., and their Army. Cas. Why, now, blow wind, swell billow, and swim bark!

The storm is up, and all is on the hazard.

Bru. Ho, Lucilius! hark, a word with you. Lucil. My lord. [BRU. and LUCIL. converse apart.

Cas. Messala,—
What says my general?
Mac Messala, This is my birth-day; as this very day Was Cassius born. Give me thy hand Messala: Be thou my witness that, against my will, As Pompey was, am I compell'd to set Upon one battle all our liberties. You know that I held Epicurus strong, And his opinion: now I change my mind, And partly credit things that do presage. Coming from Sardis, on our former ensign Two mighty eagles fell; and there they perch'd, Gorging and feeding from our soldiers' hands; Who to Philippi here consorted us: This morning are they fled away and gone; And in their steads do ravens, crows, and kites Fly o'er our heads, and downward look on us. As we were sickly prey: their shadows seem

A canopy most fatal, under which Our army hes, ready to give up the ghost. Mes. Believe not so.

Cas. I but believe it partly; For I am fresh of spirit; and resolv'd To meet all perils very constantly.

Bru. Even so, Lucilius.

Now, most noble Brutus. Cas. The gods to-day stand friendly, that we may, Lovers of peace, lead on our days to age! But, since the affairs of men rest still incertain, Let's reason with the worst that may befall. If we do lose this battle, then is this The very last time we shall speak together:

What are you, then, determined to do? Bru. Even by the rule of that philosophy By which I did blame Cato for the death Which he did give himself .- I know not how. But I do find it cowardly and vile, For fear of what might fall, so to prevent

The time of life:-arming myself with patience To stay the providence of some high powers That govern us below. Then, if we lose this battle.

Cas. You are contented to be led in triumph Through the streets of Rome?

Bru. No, Cassius, no: think not, thou noble That ever Brutus will go bound to Rome; He bears too great a mind. But this same day Must end that work the ides of March began; And whether we shall meet again I know not. Therefore our everlasting farewell take: For ever, and for ever, farewell, Cassius! If we do meet again, why, we shall smile;

If not, why, then, this parting was well made. Cas. For ever, and for ever, farewell, Brutus! If we do meet again we'll smile indeed;

If not, 'tis true this parting was well made.

Bru. Why, then, lead on.—O that a man
might know

The end of this day's business ere it come! But it sufficeth that the day will end And then the end is known.-Come, ho! away! Exeunt.

SCENE II .- THE PLAINS OF PHILIPPI. The Field of Battle.

Alarum. Enter BRUTUS and MESSALA.

Bru. Ride, ride, Messala, ride, and give these bills

Unto the legions on the other side: Loud alarum.

Let them set on at once; for I perceive But cold demeanour in Octavius' wing, And sudden push gives them the overthrow. Ride, ride, Messala: let them all come down.

SCENE III.—THE PLAINS OF PHILIPPI. Another part of the Field.

Alarum. Enter Cassius and Titinius.

Cas. O look, Titinius, look, the villains fly! Myself have to mine own turn'd enemy; This ensign here of mine was turning back; I slew the coward, and did take it from him.

Tit. O Cassius, Brutus gave the word too early;

Who, having some advantage on Octavius, Took it too eagerly: his soldiers fell to spoil: Whilst we by Antony are all enclos'd.

Enter PINDARUS.

Pin. Fly further off, my lord, fly further off; Mark Antony is in your tents, my lord! Fly, therefore, noble Cassius! fly far off.

Cas. This hill is far enough.-Look, look, Titinius;

Are those my tents where I perceive the fire? Tit. They are, my lord.

Titinius, if thou lov'st me, Cas. Mount thou my horse, and hide thy spurs in

Till he have brought thee up to yonder troops And here again, that I may rest assur'd Whether youd troops are friend or enemy.

Tit. I will be here again even with a thought.

Cas. Go, Pindarus, get higher on that hill; My sight was ever thick; regard Titimus, And tell me what thou not'st about the field .-Exit PINDARUS.

This day I breathed first: time is come round, And where I did begin there shall I end; My life is run his compass .- Sırrah, what news? Pin. [Above] O my lord!
Cas. What news?
Pin. Titinius is enclosed round about

With horsemen, that make to him on the spur;-

Yet he spurs on .- Now they are almost on him:-

Now, Titinius!-now some light:-O, he 'lights too:-

He's ta'en; -and, hark! they shout for joy. Šhout.

Come down, behold no more. O, coward that I am, to live so long, To see my best friend ta'en before my face!

Enter PINDARUS.

Come hither, sirrah: In Parthia did I take thee prisoner; And then I swore thee, saving of thy life, That whatsoever I did bid thee do Thou shouldst attempt it. Come now, keep thine oath!

Now be a freeman; and with this good sword, That ran through Cæsar's bowels, search this bosom.

Stand not to answer: here, take thou the hills: And when my face is cover'd, as 'tis now, Guide thou the sword .- Cæsar, thou are reveng'd,

Even with the sword that kill'd thee. Dies. Pin. So, I am free; yet would not so have

been, Durst I have done my will. O Cassius! Far from this country Pindarus shall run, Where never Roman shall take note of him. Exit.

Re-enter TITINIUS, with MESSALA.

Mes. It is but change, Titinius; for Octavius Is overthrown by noble Brutus' power, As Cassius' legions are by Antony.

Tit. These tidings will well comfort Cassius. Mes. Where did you leave him?

Tit. All disconsolate, With Pindarus, his bondman, on this hill.

Mes. Is not that he that lies upon the ground? Tit. He lies not like the living. O my heart! Mes. Is not that he?

No, this was he, Messala, But Cassius is no more .- O setting sun,

As in thy red rays thou dost sink to-night, So in his red blood Cassius' day is set,-The sun of Rome is set! Our day is gone; Clouds, dews, and dangers come; our deeds are done!

Mistrust of my success hath done this deed. Mes. Mistrust of good success hath done this

deed. O hateful error, melancholy's child,

Why dost thou show to the apt thoughts of men The things that are not? O error, soon conceiv'd. Thou never com'st unto a happy birth,

But kill'st the mother that engender'd thee! Tit. What, Pindarus! where art thou, Pin-

darus? Mes. Seek him, Titinius whilst I go to meet The noble Brutus, thrusting this report

Into his ears: I may say, thrusting it; For piercing steel and darts envenomed Shall be as welcome to the ears of Brutus As tidings of this sight.

Hie you, Messala, Tit.

Exit MESSALA.

And I will seek for Pindarus the while. Why didst thou send me forth, brave Cassius? Did I not meet thy friends? and did not they Put on my brows this wreath of victory, And bid me giv't thee? Didst thou not hear their shouts?

Alas, thou hast misconstru'd everything. But, hold thee, take this garland on thy brow; Thy Brutus bid me give it thee, and I Will do his bidding .- Brutus, come apace, And see how I regarded Casus Cassius .-By your leave, gods.—This is a Roman's part: Come, Cassius' sword, and find Titinius' heart.

Alarum. Re-enter MESSALA, with BRUTUS, Young Cato, Strato, Volumnius, and

LUCILIUS. Bru. Where, where, Messala, doth his body

lie? Mes. Lo, yonder; and Titimus mourning it. Bru. Titimus' face is upward.

Cato. He is slain. Bru. O Julius Cæsar, thou art mighty yet! Thy spirit walks abroad, and turns our swords In our own proper entrails. Low alarums.

Brave Titinius! Cato. Look, whe'r he have not crown'd dead Cassius! Bru. Are yet two Romans living such as

these?-The last of all the Romans, fare thee well! It is impossible that ever Rome

Should breed thy fellow.—Friends, I owe more tears

To this dead man than you shall see me pay.-I shall find time, Cassius, I shall find time.-Come, therefore, and to Thassos send his body: His funerals shall not be in our camp, Lest it discomfort us. - Lucilius, come,

And come, young Cato; let us to the field.— Labeo and Flavius, set our battles on:— 'Tis three o'clock; and, Romans, yet ere night We shall try fortune in a second fight.

Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Another part of the Field.

Alarum. Enter, fighting, Soldiers of both Armies; then Brutus, Young Cato, Lu-CILIUS, and others.

Bru. Yet, countrymen, O, yet hold up your heads! with me? Cato. What bastard doth not? Who will go I will proclaim my name about the field:-

I am the son of Marcus Cato, ho!

A foe to tyrants, and my country's friend; I am the son of Marcus Cato, ho!

Charges the enemy. Bru. And I am Brutus, Marcus Brutus, I; Brutus, my country's friend; know me for Brutus!

[Exit, charging the enemy. Young Cato is overpowered, and falls.

Lucil. O young and noble Cato, art thou down?

Why, now thou diest as bravely as Titinius: And mayst be honour's, being Cato's son. I Sold. Yield, or thou diest.

Lucil.

Only I yield to die? There is so much that thou wilt kill me straight; Offering money.

Kill, Brutus, and be honour'd in his death. 1 Sold. We must not.—A noble prisoner! 2 Sold. Room, ho! Tell Antony Brutus is [general. ta'en. I Sold. I'll tell the news .- Here comes the

Enter ANTONY.

Brutus is ta'en, Brutus is ta'en, my lord.

Ant. Where is he? Lucil. Safe, Antony; Brutus is safe enough:

I dare assure thee that no enemy Shall ever take alive the noble Brutus: The gods defend him from so great a shame! When you do find him, or alive or dead, He will be found like Brutus, like himself.

Ant. This is not Brutus, friend; but, I assure you,

A prize no less in worth: keep this man safe, Give him all kindness: I had rather have Such men my friends than enemies. Go on, And see whe'r Brutus be alive or dead; And bring us word unto Octavius' tent How everything is chanc'd. Exeunt.

Scene V .- Another part of the Field.

Enter Brutus, Dardanius, Clitus, Strato and VOLUMNIUS.

Bru. Come, poor remains of friends, rest on this rock.

Cli. Statilius show'd the torch-light; but, I kill'd not thee with half so good a will. my lord,

He came not back: he is or ta'en or slain. Bru. Sit thee down, Chtus: slaying is the word;

It is a deed in fashion. Hark thee, Clitus. [Whispering him.

Cli. What, I, my lord? No, not for all the world. Bru. Peace, then, no words.

I'll rather kill myself. Cli. Bru. Hark thee, Dardanius!

Dar. Shall I do such a deed? Ch. O Dardanius!

Dar. O Clitus! Cli. What ill request did Brutus make to

thee? Dar. To kill him, Clitus. Look, he medi-

tates. Cli. Now is that noble vessel full of grief, That it runs over even at his eyes. word.

Bru. Come hither, good Volumnius; list a Vol. What says my lord?

Bru. Why, this, Volumnius: The ghost of Cæsar hath appear'd to me Two several times by night,—at Sardis once, And this last night here in Philippi fields:

I know my hour is come. Not so, my lord. Vol.

Bru. Nay, I am sure it is, Volumnius Thou seest the world, Volumnius, how it goes; Our enemies have beat us to the pit:

[Low alarums. It is more worthy to leap in ourselves

Than tarry till they push us. Good Volumnius, Thou know'st that we two went to school together:

Even for that our love of old, I pray thee Hold thou my sword-hilts whilst I run on it.

Vol. That's not an office for a friend, my lord. [Alarum still. Cli. Fly, fly, my lord; there is no tarrying [Volumnius. here.

Bru. Farewell to you; -and you; -and you. Strato, thou hast been all this while asleep; Farewell to thee too, Strato. - Countrymen, My heart doth joy that yet, in all my life, I found no man but he was true to me. I shall have glory by this losing day More than Octavius and Mark Antony By this vile conquest shall attain unto. So fare you well at once; for Brutus' tongue Hath almost ended his life's history: Night hangs upon mine eyes; my bones would rest,

That have but labour's to attain this hour.

[Alarum. Cry within, "Fly, fly, fly!"

Cli. Fly, my lord, fly. Bru. Hence! I will follow.

[Exeunt CLI., DAR., and Vol. I pr'ythee, Strato, stay thou by thy lord: Thou art a fellow of a good respect; Thy life hath had some smatch of honour in it: Hold, then, my sword, and turn away thy face,

While I do run upon it. Wilt thou, Strato? Stra. Give me your hand first: fare you well,

my lord. Bru. Farewell, good Strato.-Cæsar, now

be still:

He runs on his sword, and dies.

Alarum. Retreat. Enter OCTAVIUS, AN-TONY, and Army; MESSALA and LUCILIUS, prisoners.

Oct. What man is that?

Mes. My master's man.-Strato, where is thy master? Messala:

Stra. Free from the bondage you are in, The conquerors can but make a fire of him; For Brutus only overcame himself. [Whispers him. And no man else hath honour by his death.

Lucil. So Brutus should be found.—I thank thee, Brutus, thee, Brutus, That thou hast prov'd Lucilius' saying true.

That thou hast prov'd Lucilius' saying true.

That thou hast prov'd Lucilius' saying true.

Oct. All that serv'd Brutus I will entertain
them.

Fellow, wilt thou bestow thy time with me?
Stra. Ay, if Messala will prefer me to you.
Oct. Do so, good Messala.
Mes. How died my master, Strato?
Stra. I held the sword, and he did run on it.

Stra. I held the sword, and he did run on it.

Mes. Octavius, then take him to follow thee,
That did the latest service to my master.

Ant. This was the noblest Roman of them To part the glories of this happy day.

All the conspirators, save only he, Did that they did in envy of great Cæsar; He only, in a general honest thought, And common good to all, made one of them. His life was gentle; and the elements So mix'd in him that Nature might stand up And say to all the world, This was a man! Oct. According to his virtue, let us use him With all respect and rites of burial. Within my tent his bones to-night shall lie, Most like soldier, order'd honourably.—So, call the field to rest: and let's away, To part the glories of this happy day.

ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA

PERSONS REPRESENTED

MENAS.

VARRIUS,

M. ANTONY, OCTAVIUS CÆSAR Trium virs. M. ÆMIL. LEPIDUS.

SEXTUS POMPEIUS.

DOMITIUS ENGBARBUS. VENTIDIUS. EROS, SCARUS.

DERCETAS. DEMETRIUS, PHILO.

MECÆNAS. AGRIPPA,

Friends to CASAR. DOLABELLA, PROCULETUS.

THYREUS, GALLUS,

Friends to ANTONY.

Attendants on CLEOPATRA. A Soothsayer. A Clown. CLEOPATRA, Queen of Egypt.
OCTAVIA, Sister to CÆSAR and Wife to

to CÆSAR.

ANTONY. CHARMIAN and IRAS, Attendants on CLEO-

TAURUS, Lieutenant-General to CESAR.

Canidius, Lieutenant-General to Antony. SILIUS, an Officer in VENTIDIUS'S Army.

EUPHRONIUS, an Ambassador from ANTONY

ALEXAS, MARDIAN, SELEUCUS, and DIOMEDES.

PATRA. Officers, Soldiers, Messengers, and other

Attendants.

Scene,-Dispersed; in several parts of the Roman Empire.

SCENE I .- ALEXANDRIA. A Room in CLEO-PATRA'S Palace.

Enter DEMETRIUS and PHILO.

Phi. Nay, but this dotage of our general's O'erflows the measure: those his goodly eyes, That o'er the files and musters of the war Have glow'd like plated Mars, now bend, Enter ANTONY and CLEOPATRA, with their now turn

The office and devotion of their view Upon a tawny front: his captain's heart, Which in the scuffles of great fights hath burst The buckles on his breast, reneges all temper, And is become the bellows and the fan To cool a gipsy's lust. Flourish within.

Look where they come: Take but good note, and you shall see in him The triple pillar of the world transform'd

Into a strumpet's fool: behold and see!

Trains; Eunuchs fanning her.

Cleo. If it be love, indeed, tell me how much.

be reckon'd.

Cleo. I'll set a bourn how far to be belov'd. Ant. Then must thou needs find out new heaven, new earth.

Enter an Attendant.

Att. News, my good lord, from Rome. Grates me:-the sum.

Cleo. Nay, hear them, Antony: Fulvia perchance is angry; or, who knows If the scarce-bearded Cæsar have not sent His powerful mandate to you, Do this or this; Take in that kingdom and enfranchise that; Perform't, or else we damn thee.

How, my love! Cleo. Perchance! nay, and most like:-You must not stay here longer,-your dis-

mission Iscome from Cæsar; therefore hearit, Antony. Where's Fulvia's process?-Cæsar's I would

*ay?--both?-- [queen, Call in the messengers.--As I am Egypt's Thou blushest, Antony; and that blood of thine Is Cæsar's-homager: else so thy cheek pays shame [sengers!

When shrill-tongu'd Fulvia scolds .--The mes-Ant. Let Rome in Tiber melt, and the wide arch

Of the rang'd empire fall! Here is my space. Kingdoms are clay: our dungy earth alike Feeds beast as man: the nobleness of life

Is to do thus; when such a mutual pair Embracing. beloved. And such a twain can do't, in which I bind, On pain of punishment, the world to weet

We stand up peerless. Excellent falsehood! Cleo. Why did he marry Fulvia, and not love her?-

I'll seem the fool I am not; Antony Will be himself. But stirr'd by Cleopatra.

Now, for the love of Love and her soft hours, Let's not confound the time with conference harsh:

There's not a minute of our lives should stretch Without some pleasure now:-what sport tonight?

Clco. Hear the ambassadors.

Fie, wrangling queen! Whom everything becomes, -to chide, to laugh, To weep; whose every passion fully strives To make itself in thee fair and admir'd!

No messenger; but thine, and all alone, To-night we'll wander through the streets and

note The qualities of people. Come, my queen; Last night you did desire it:- speak not to us.

Exeunt ANT. and CLEO., with their Train. Dem. Is Cæsar with Antonius priz'd so slight?

Phi. Sir, sometimes, when he is not Antony, He comes too short of that great property Which still should go with Antony.

Dem I am full sorry That he approves the common liar, who Thus speaks of him at Rome: but I will hope Of better deeds to-morrow. Rest you happy! Exeunt.

Ant. There's beggary in the love that can Scene II .- ALEXANDRIA. Another Room in Cleobatra's Palace.

> Enter CHARMIAN, IRAS, ALEXAS, and a Soothsaver.

Char. Lord Alexas, sweet Alexas, most anything Alexas, almost most absolute Alexas, where's the soothsayer that you praised so to the queen? O that I knew this husband, which you say must charge his horns with garlands!

Alex. Soothsayer,-

Sooth. Your will?

Char. Is this the man?-Is't you, sir, that know things?

Sooth. In nature's infinite book of secrecy A little I can read.

Alex. Show him your hand.

Enter ENOBARBUS.

Eno. Bring in the banquet quickly; wine enough

Cleopatra's health to drink. Char. Good sir, give me good fortune.

Sooth. I make not, but foresee.

Char. Pray, then, forsee me one. [are. Sooth. You shall be yet far fairer than you Char. He means in flesh.

Iras. No, you shall paint when you are old.

Char. Wrinkles forbid!

Alex. Vex not his prescience; be attentive.

Char. Hush!

Sooth. You shall be more beloving than drinking.

Char. I had rather heat my liver with

Alex. Nay, hear him.

Char. Good now, some excellent fortune! Let me be married to three kings in a forenoon, and widow them all: let me have a child at fifty, to whom Herod of Jewry may do homage: find me to marry me with Octavius Cæsar, and companion me with my mistress.

Sooth. You shall outlive the lady whom you than figs.

Char. O excellent! I love long life better Sooth. You have seen and prov'd a fairer former fortune

Than that which is to approach.

Char. Then belike my children shall have no names:-pr'ythee, how many boys and wenches must I have?

Sooth. If every of your wishes had a womb, And fertile every wish, a million.

Char. Out, fool! I forgive thee for a witch. Alex You think none but your sheets are privy to your wishes.

Char. Nay, come, tell Iras hers. Alex. We'll know all our fortunes.

Eno. Mine, and most of our fortunes, tonight, shall be-drunk to bed. Iras. There's a palm presages chastity, if

nothing else. Char. Even as the o'erflowing Nilus pre-

sageth famine. Iras. Go, you wild bedfellow, you cannot

soothsay.

Char. Nay, if an oily palm be not a fruitful rognostication, I cannot scratch mine ear .--Pr'ythee, tell her but a worky-day fortune.

Sooth. Your fortunes are alike.

Iras. But how, but how? give me particulars Sooth. I have said.

Iras. Am I not an inch of fortune better Char. Well, if you were but an inch of for-

tune better than I, where would you choose it? Iras. Not in my husband's nose.

Char. Our worser thoughts heavens mend!-Alexas,—come, his fortune, his fortune!—O, let him marry a woman that cannot go, sweet Isis, I beseech thee! And let her die too, and give him a worse! and let worse follow worse, till the worst of all follow him laughing to his grave, fiftyfold a cuckold! Good Isis, hear me this prayer, though thou deny me a matter of more weight; good Iris, I beseech thee!

Iras. Amen. Dear goddess, hear that prayer of the people! for, as it is a heartbreaking to see a handsome man loose-wived, so it is a deadly sorrow to behold a foul knave uncuckolded: therefore, dear Isis, keep decorum, and fortune him accordingly!

Char Amen. Alex. Lo, now, if it lay in their hands to make me a cuckold, they would make themselves whores, but they'd do't!

Eno. Hush! here comes Antony. Not he; the queen. Char.

Enter CLEOPATRA.

Cleo. Saw you my lord?

No, lady. Eno.

Cleo. Was he not here? Char. No, madam. sudden Cleo. He was dispos'd to murth; but on the A Roman thought hath struck him.-Enobar-

bus,-

Eno. Madam! Cleo. Seek him, and bring him hither.— Where's Alexas? [proaches. Alex. Here, at your service.-My lord ap-Cleo. We will not look upon him: go with us. [Exeunt Cleo., Eno., Char., Iras, Alex. and Soothsayer.

Enter Antony, with a Messenger and Attendants.

Mess. Fulvia thy wife first came into the field.

Ant. Against my brother Lucius.

Mess. Ay:

Made friends of them, jointing their force they suffer our departure, death's the word. 'gainst Cæsar;

Whose better issue in the war, from Italy, Upon the first encounter, drave them.

Ant. Well, what worst? teller. Mess. The nature of bad news infects the Ant. When it concerns the fool or coward. On:--

Things that are past are done with me .- 'Tis thus;

Who tells me true, though in his tale lie death act upon her, she hath such a celerity in dying. I hear him as he flatter'd.

Labienus,

force,

Extended Asia from Euphrates; His conquering banner shook from Svria To Lydia and to Ionia;

Whilst,-Ant. Antony, thou wouldst say,-

O, my lord! Mess. Ant. Speak to me home, mince not the general tongue;

Name Cleopatra as she is call'd in Rome;

Rail thou in Fulvia's phrase; and taunt my faults With such full license as both truth and malice

Have power to utter. O, then we bring forth weeds told us When our quick minds he still; and our ills

Is as our earing. Fare thee well awhile. Mess. At your noble pleasure.

Ant. From Sicyon, ho, the news! Speak there!

1 Att. The man from Sicyon, -is there such

an one? 2 Att. He stays upon your will.

Let him appear,-These strong Egyptian fetters I must break, Or lose myself in dotage.-

Enter a second Messenger.

What are you?

2 Mess. Fulvia thy wife is dead. Where died she? Ant. 2 Mess. In Sicvon: serious

Her length of sickness, with what else more Importeth thee to know, this bears.

Gives a letter. Ant. Forbear me.

Exit second Messenger. There's a great spirit gone! Thus did I desire ıt:

What our contempts do often hurl from us, We wish it ours again; the present pleasure, By revolution lowering, does become The opposite of itself: she's good, being gone;

The hand could pluck her back that shov'd her on.

I must from this enchanting queen break off: Ten thousand harms, more than the ills I know, My idleness doth hatch .-- Ho, Enobarbus!

Re-enter ENOBARBUS.

Eno. What's your pleasure, sir?

Ant. I must with haste from hence.

Eno. Why, then, we kill all our women: we But soon that war had end, and the time's state see how mortal an unkindness is to them; if Ant. I must be gone.

Eno. Under a compelling occasion, let women die: it were pity to cast them away for nothing; though, between them and a great cause, they should be esteemed nothing. Cleopatra, catching but the least noise of this, dies instantly; I have seen her die twenty times upon far poorer moment: I do think there is mettle in death, which commits some loving

Ant. She is cunning past man's thought. Eno. Alack, sir, no; her passions are made This is stiff news, -hath, with his Parthian of nothing but the finest part of pure love: we cannot call her winds and waters, sighs and

tears; they are greater storms and tempests than almanacs can report: this cannot be cun-ning in her; if it be, she makes a shower of rain You do not hold the method to enforce as well as Jove.

Ant. Would I had never seen her!

Eno. O sir, you had then left unseen a wonderful piece of work; which not to have been blessed withal would have discredited your travel.

Ant. Fulvia is dead.

Eno. Sir!

Ant. Fulvia is dead.

Eno. Fulvia! Ant. Dead.

Eno. Why, sir, give the gods a thankful sacrifice. When it pleaseth their deities to take the wife of a man from him, it shows to man the tailors of the earth; comforting therein that when old robes are worn out there are members to make new. If there were no more women but Fulvia, then had you indeed a cut. and the case to be lamented: this grief is crowned with consolation; your old smock brings forth a new petticoat:-and, indeed, the tears live in an onion that should water this SOTTOW. state

Ant. The business she hath broached in the

Cannot endure my absence.

Eno. And the business you have broached here caunot be without you; especially that of Cleopatra's, which wholly depends on your abode.

Ant. No more light answers. Let our officers Have notice what we purpose. I shall break The cause of our expedience to the queen, And get her leave to part. For not alone The death of Fulvia, with more urgent touches, Do strongly speak to us; but the letters too Of many our contriving friends in Rome Petition us at home: Sextus Pompeius Hath given the dare to Cæsar, and commands The empire of the sea; our slippery people,— Whose love is never link'd to the deserver Till his deserts are past, -begin to throw Pompey the Great, and all his dignities, Upon his son; who, high in name and power, Higher than both in blood and life, stands up For the main soldier: whose quality, going on, The sides o' the world may danger: much is breeding,

Which, like the courser's hair, hath yet but life, And not a serpent's poison. Say, our pleasure, To such whose place is under us, requires

Our quick remove from hence. Eno. I shall do't. Exeunt.

SCENE III. - ALEXANDRIA. A Room in CLEOPATRA'S Palace.

Enter CLEOPATRA, CHARMIAN, IRAS, and ALEXAS.

Cleo. Where is he?

I did not see him since. Cleo. See where he is, who's with him, what he does:-

I did not send you:-if you find him sad, Say I am dancing; if in mirth, report That I am sudden sick: quick, and return. Exit ALEXAS. Char. Madam, methinks, if you did love him

The like from him.

What should I do, I do not?

What should I way cross him.

Char. In each thing give him way; cross him in nothing.

Cleo. Thou teachest like a fool,—the way to

lose him. forbear:

Char. Tempt him not so too far; I wish, In time we hate that which we often fear. But here comes Antony.

Cleo. I am sick and sullen.

Enter ANTONY.

Ant. I am sorry to give breathing to my purpose,-Ifall:

Cleo. Help me away, dear Charmian; I shall It cannot be thus long, the sides of nature Will not sustain it.

Ant. Now, my dearest queen,-Cleo. Pray you, stand further from me.

What's the matter? Ant. Cleo. I know, by that same eye, there's some good news.

What says the married woman? - You may go: Would she had never given you leave to come! Let her not say 'tis I that keep you here,— I have no power upon you; hers you are.

Ant. The gods best know,-

Cleo. O, never was there queen! Yet at the first So mightily betray'd! I saw the treasons planted.

Ant. Cleopatra,-Cleo. Why should I think you can be mine

and true, Though you in swearing shake the throned

gods. Who have been false to Fulvia? Riotous madness,

To be entangled with those mouth-made vows, Which break themselves in swearing!

Most sweet queen,-Cleo. Nay, pray you, seek no colour for your

going, But bid farewell, and go; when you su'd stay-

Then was the time for words: no going then:-Eternity was in our lips and eyes, Bliss in our brows' bent; none our parts so poor But was a race of heaven: they are so still,

Or thou, the greatest soldier of the world. Art turn'd the greatest har.

Ant. How now, lady! Cleo. I would I had thy inches; thou shouldst know

There were a heart in Egypt.

Hear me, queen: Ant. The strong neccessity of time commands Our services awhile; but my full heart Remains in use with you. Our Italy Shines o'er with civil swords: Sextus Pompeius Makes his approaches to the port of Rome: [strength, Equality of two domestic powers Breeds scrupulous faction: the hated, grown to Are newly grown to love: the condemn'd

Pompey, Rich in his father's honour, creeps apace Into the hearts of such as have not thriv'd Upon the present state, whose numbers threaten;

And quietness, grown sick of rest, would purge By any desperate change. My more particular, And that which most with you should safe my

going, Is Fulvia's death.

Cleo. Though age from folly could not give me freedom,

It does from childishness:—can Fulvia die?

Ant. She's dead, my queen:
Look here, and, at thy sovereign leisure, read
The garboils she awak'd; at the last, best.
See when and where she died.

Cleo.

O most false love!

With sorrowful water? Now I see, I see,
In Fulvia's death how mine receiv'd shall be.

Ant. Quarrel no more, but be prepar'd to

know

The purposes I bear; which are, or cease, As you shall give the advice. By the fire That quickens Nilus' shme, I go from hence Thy soldier, servant; making peace or war As thou affect'st.

Cleo. Cut my lace, Charmian, come;— But let it be:—I am quickly ill and well,

So Antony loves.

Ant. My precious queen, forbear; And give true evidence to his love, which stands An honourable trial.

Cleo. So Fulvia told me. I prythee, turn aside and weep for her; Then bid adieu to me, and say the tears Belong to Egypt' good now, play one scene Of excellent dissembling; and let it look Like perfect honour.

Ant. You'll heat my blood: no more.

Cleo. You can do better yet; but this is meetly.

Ant. Now, by my sword,-

Cleo. And target.—Still he mends; But this is not the best:—look, pr'ythee, Charmian,

How this Herculean Roman does become The carriage of his chafe.

Ant. Pil leave you, lady.

Cleo Courteous lord, one word.
Sir, you and I must part,—but that's not it:
Sir, you and I have lov'd,—but there's not it;
That you know well: something it is I would,—
O, my oblivion is a very Antony,
And I am all forgotten.

Ant. But that your royalty
Holds idleness your subject, I should take you

For idleness itself.

Cleo. Tis sweating labour
To bear such idleness so near the heart
As Cleopatra this. But, sir, forgive me;
Since my becomings kill me, when they do not
Eye well to you: your honour calls you hence;
Therefore be deaf to my unpitted folly,
And all the gods go with youl upon your sword
Sit laurel victory! and smooth success
Be strew'd before your feet!

Ant. Let us go. Come
Our separation so abides, and files,
That thou, residing here, go'st yet with me,
And I, hence fleeting, here remain with thee.
Away!

SCENE IV.—ROME. An Apartment in CÆSAR'S House.

Enter OCTAVIUS CÆSER, LEPIDUS, and Attendants.

Cæs. You may see, Lepidus, and henceforth know,

It is not Cæsar's natural vice to hate Our great competitor. From Alexandria This is the news:—he fishes, drinks, and

wastes
The lamps of night in revel: is not more manlike
Than Cleopatra, nor the queen of Ptolemy [or
More womanly than he: hardly gave audience,
Vouchsa?d to think he had partners: you

shall find there A man who is the abstract of all faults

That all men follow.

I must not think there are Evils enow to darken all his goodness:
His faults in him seem as the spots of heaven, More fiery by night's blackness; hereditary Rather than purchas'd; what he cannot change Than what he chooses.

Cæs. You are too indulgent. Let us grant it is not

Amiss to tumble on the bed of Ptolemy;
To give a kingdom for a mirth; to sit
And keep the turn of tippling with a slave;
To reel the streets at noon, and stand the buffet
With knaves that smell of sweat: say this
becomes him,—

As his composure must be rare indeed Whom these things cannot blemish,—yet must Antony

No way excuse his soils when we do bear So great weight in his lightness. If he fill'd His vacancy with his voluptuousness, Full surfeits and the dryness of his bones Call on him for't: but to confound such time, That drums him from his sport, and speaks as loud

As his own state and ours,—'tis to be chid As we rate boys, who, being mature in knowledge,

Pawn their experience to their present pleasure, And so rebel to judgment.

Enter a Messenger.

Lep. Here's more news.

Mess. Thy biddings have been done: and every hour,

Most noble Cæsar, shalt thou have report How 'tis abroad. Pompey is strong at sea; And it appears he is belov'd of those That only have fear'd Cæsar: to the ports The discontents repair, and men's reports Give him much wrong'd.

Czs. I should have known no less: It hath been taught us from the primal state That he which is was wish'd until he were; And the ebb'd man, ne'er lov'd till ne'er worth love, [body,

Comes dear'd by being lack'd. This common Like to a vagabound flag upon the stream, Goes to and back, lackeying the varying tide, To rot itself with motion.

th thee. Mess. Casar, I bring thee word, [Exeunt. Menecrates and Menas, famous pirates,

Make the sea serve them, which they ear and wound

With keels of every kind: many hot inroads They make in Italy; the borders maritime Lack blood to think on't, and flush youth revolt: No vessel can peep forth but 'tis as soon Taken as seen; for Pompey's name strikes more

Than could his war resisted.

Cæs. Antony. Leave thy lascivious wassails. When thou once Wast beaten from Modena, where thou slew'st Hirtius and Pansa, consuls at thy heel Did famine follow; whom thou fought'st against, Though daintaly brought up, with patience more Than savages could suffer: thou didst drink The stale of horses, and the gilded puddle Which beasts would cough at: thy palate then did deign

The roughest berry on the rudest hedge; Yea, like the stag, when snow the pasture sheets,

The barks of trees thou browsed'st; on the Alps It is reported thou didst eat strange flesh Which some did die to look on: and all this,-It wounds thine honour that I speak it now .-Was borne so like a soldier that thy cheek So much as lank'd not.

'Tis pity of him. Lep. Cæs. Let his shames quickly

Drive him to Rome: 'tis time we twain Did show ourselves 'i the field; and to that end Assemble we immediate council: Pompey Thrives in our idleness.

Lep. To-morrow, Cæsar, I shall be furnish'd to inform you rightly Both what by sea and land I can be able To front this present time.

Till which encounter Cæs. It is my business too. Farewell. [meantime Lep. Farewell, my lord: what you shall know Of stirs abroad, I shall beseech you, sir, To let me be partaker.

Doubt not, sir; Cæs.

I knew it for my bond. Exeunt. Scene V.—Alexandria. A Room in the

Palace. Enter CLEOPATRA, CHARMIAN, IRAS, and MARDIAN.

Cleo. Charmian,-Char. Madam? Cleo. Ha, ha!—

Cleo. Ha, na:—
Give me to drink mandragora.

Why, madam? Cleo. That I might sleep out this great gap

of time My Antony is away

You think of him too much. Char. Cleo. O, 'tis treason!

Char. Madam, I trust, not so.

Cleo. Thou, eunuch Mardian!

Mar. What's your highness' pleasure? Cleo. Not now to hear thee sing, I take no pleasure

In aught an eunuch has; 'tis well for thee That, being unseminar'd, thy freer thoughts May not fly forth of Egypt. Hast thou affec-

tions?

Mar. Yes, gracious madam.
Cleo. Indeed! [nothing
Mar. Not in deed, madam; for I can do [nothing But what indeed is honest to be done: Yet have I fierce affections, and think What Venus did with Mars.

Cleo. O Charmian. Where think'st thou he is now? Stands he or sits he?

Or does he walk? or is he on his horse? O happy horse to bear the weight of Antony! Do bravely, horse! for wott'st thou whom thou mov'st?

The demi-Atlas of this earth, the arm And burgonet of men.-He's speaking now, Or murmuring, Where's my serpent of old Nile? For so he calls me.—Now I feed myself With most delicious poison:—think on me. That am with Phoebus' amorous pinches black, And wrinkled deep in time? Broad-fronted

Cæsar, When thou wast here above the ground I was A morsel for a monarch: and great Pompey Would stand and make his eyes grow in my

brow; There would he anchor his aspect and die With looking on his life.

Enter ALEXAS.

Alex. Sovereign of Egypt, hail! unlike art thou Mark Cleo. How much unlike art thou Antony! hath

Yet, coming from him, that great medicine With his tinct gilded thee. How goes it with my brave Mark Antony?

Alex. Last thing he did, dear queen, He kiss'd,—the last of many doubled kisses, This orient pearl:-his speech sticks in my heart.

Cleo. Mine ear must pluck it thence. Alex. Good friend, quoth he, Say, the firm Roman to great Egypt sends This treasure of an oyster; at whose foot, To mend the petty present, I will piece Her opulent throne with kingdoms; all the east, Say thou, shall call her mistress. So he

nodded, And soberly did mount an arm-girt steed, ' Who neigh'd so high that what I would have spoke

Was beastly dumb'd by him.

Cleo. What, was he sad or merry? Alex. Like to the time o' the year between the extremes

Of hot and cold, he was nor sad nor merry. Cleo. O well-divided disposition!-Note him, Note him, good Charmian, 'tis the man; but note him:

He was not sad, -for he would shine on those That make their looks by his; he was not merry,

Which seem'd to tell them his remembrance lay In Egypt with his joy; but between both: O heavenly mingle!—Be'st thou sad or merry,

The violence of either thee becomes, So does it no man else.—Mett'st thou my posts! Alex. Ay, madam, twenty several messen-

gers:

Why do you send so thick?

When I forget to send to Antony Shall die a beggar.—Ink and paper, Char- A space for further travel.

Pom. I could ha mian.

Welcome, my good Alexas.-Did I, Charmian, Ever love Cæsar so?

O that brave Cæsar! C har. Cleo. Be chok'd with such another emphasis!

Say, the brave Antony. The valiant Cæsar! Char. Cleo. By Isis, I will give thee bloody teeth If thou with Cæsar paragon again

My man of men. By your most gracious pardon, Char.

I sing but after you.

My salad days, When I was green in judgment:—cold in blood, To say as I said then!—but, come, away; Get me ink and paper: he shall have every day A several greeting, or I'll unpeople Egypt. Exeumi.

ACT II.

SCENE I .- MESSINA. A Room in POMPEY'S House.

Enter Pompey, Menecrates, and Menas. Pom. If the great gods be just, they shall

assist The deeds of justest men.

Know, worthy Pompey, Scene II .- Rome. A Room in the House of Mene. That what they do delay they not deny. Pom. Whiles we are suitors to their throne.

The thing we sue for.

We, ignorant of ourselves, Beg often our own harms, which the wise powers

Deny us for our good; so find we profit

By losing of our prayers.

I shall do well: The people love me, and the sea is mine; My powers are crescent, and my auguring hope Says it will come to the full. Mark Antony In Egypt sits at dinner, and will make No wars without doors: Cæsar gets money

where He loses hearts: Lepidus flatters both, Of both is flatter'd; but he neither loves

Nor either cares for him. Cæsar and Lepidus Men. Are in the field, a mighty strength they carry.

Pom. Where have you this? 'tis false From Silvius, sir. Men. Pom. He dreams: I know they are in Rome

together, love, Looking for Antony. But all the charms of Salt Cleopatra, soften thy wan'd lip! Let witchcraft join with beauty, lust with both! Tie up the libertine in a field of feasts, Keep his brain fuming; Epicurean cooks Sharpen with cloyless sauce his appetite;

That sleep and feeding may prorogue his Hark, Ventidius. honour

Even till a Lethe'd dullness.

Enter VARRIUS.

Now now, Varrius!

Var. This is most certain that I shall deliver:-

Who's born that day Mark Antony is every hour in Rome Expected: since he went from Egypt 'tis

> I could have given less matter A better ear.—Menas, I did not think This amorous surfeiter would have donn'd his

helm For such a petty war; his soldiership Is twice the other twain: but let us rear The higher our opinion, that our stirring Can from the lap of Egypt's widow pluck The ne'er lust-wearied Antony.

I cannot hope Men. Cæsar and Antony shall well greet together: His wife that's dead did trespasses to Cæsar; His brother warr'd upon him; although, I think.

His brother walk and Not mov'd by Antony.

I know not, Menas, How lesser enmities may give way to greater. Were't not that we stand up against them all, 'Twere pregnant they should square between

themselves; For they have entertained cause enough To draw their swords: but how the fear of us May cement their divisions, and bind up The petty difference, we yet not know. Be't as our gods will have't! It only stands

Our lives upon to use our strongest hands. Come, Menas. Exeunt.

LEPIDIIS.

Enter Enobarbus and Lepidus.

Lep Good Enobarbus, 'tis a worthy deed, And shall become you well, to entreat your captain

To soft and gentle speech.

I shall entreat him To answer like himself: if Cæsar move him. Let Antony look over Cæsar's head, And speak as loud as Mars. By Jupiter, Were I the wearer of Antonius' beard, I would not shave't to-day.

Lep. 'Tis not a time For private stomaching.

Every time Serves for the matter that is then born in't. Lep. But small to greater matters must give

wav. Eno. Not if the small come first.

Lep. Your speech is passion: But, pray you, stir no embers up. Here comes The noble Antony.

Enter ANTONY and VENTIDIUS.

Eno. And yonder Cæsar.

Enter Cæsar, Mecænas, and Agrippa.

Ant. If we compose well here, to Parthia:

I do not know, Cæs. Mecaenas; ask Agrippa.

Lep. Noble friends. That which combin'd us was most great, and let A leaner action rend us. What's amics. May it be gently heard: when we debate Our trivial difference loud, we do commit

Murder in healing wounds: then, noble partners,-

The rather for I earnestly beseech,fterms. Touch you the sourest points with sweetest Nor curstness grow to the matter.

'Tıs spoken well. Were we before our armies, and to fight,

I should do thus.

Cæs. Welcome to Rome.

Ant. Thank you. Cæs.

Ant. Sit, sir. Cæs. Nay, then. Ant. I learn, you take things ill which are not so,

Or being, concern you not.

I must be laugh'd at If, or for nothing or a little, I

Should say myself offended, and with you Chiefly i' the world; more laugh'd at that I should

Once name you derogately, when to sound your It not concern'd me.

My being in Egypt, Cæsar, Ant. What was't to you?

Cæs. No more than my residing here at Rome Might be to you in Egypt: yet, if you there

Did practise on my state, your being in Egypt Might be my question.

How intend you, practis'd? Ánt. You may be pleas'd to catch at mine Cæs. brother

By what did here befall me. Your wife and Made wars upon me; and their contestation Was theme for you, you were the word of war.

Ant. You do mistake your business; my brother never

Did urge me in his act: I did inquire it: And have my learning from some true reports That drew their swords with you. Did he not rather

Discredit my authority with yours; And make the wars alike against my stomach, Having alike your cause? Of this my letters

Before did satisfy you. If you'll patch a quarrel As matter whole you have not to make it with, It must not be with this.

You praise yourself Cæs. By laying defects of judgment to me; but You patch'd up your excuses

Not so, not so; I know you could not lack, I am certain on't,

Very necessity of this thought, that I, Your partner in the cause 'gainst which he fought.

Could not with graceful eyes attend those wars Which 'fronted mine own peace. As for my wife, I would you had her spirit in such another:

The third o' the world is yours; which with a snaffi e

You may pace easy, but not such a wife. [men Eno. Would we had all such wives, that the Might go to wars with the women.

Ant. So much uncurbable, her garboils, Cæsar,

Made out of her impatience,—which not wanted Shrewdness of policy too,—I grieving grant Did you too much disquiet: for that you must But say I could not help it.

Cæs. When rioting in Alexandria; you Did pocket up my letters, and with taunts Did gibe my missive out of audience.

He fell upon me ere admitted: then Three kings I had newly feasted, and did want Of what I was i' the morning: but next day I told him of myself; which was as much As to have ask'd him pardon. Let this fellow Be nothing of our strife; if we contend, Out of our question wipe him.

You have broken The article of your oath; which you shall never

Have tongue to charge me with. Lep. Soft, Cæsar! Ant. No, Lepidus, let him speak:

The honour is sacred which he talks on now, Supposing that I lack'd it.—But on, Cæsar; The article of my oath.

Cæs. To lend me arms and aid when I requir'd them;

The which you both denied.

Neglected, rather; Ant. And then when poison'd hours had bound me up From mine own knowledge. As nearly as I may,

I'll play the penitent to you: but mine honesty Shall not make poor my greatness, nor my ower

Work without it. Truth is, that Fulvia, To have me out of Egypt, made wars here; For which myself, the ignorant motive, do So far ask pardon as befits mine honour So far ask parties.
To stoop in such a case.
'Tis noble spoken.

Mec. If it might please you to enforce no further

The griefs between ye: to forget them quite Were to remember that the present need Speaks to atone you.

Worthily spoken, Mecænas. Lep. Eno. Or, if you borrow one another's love for the instant, you may, when you hear no more words of Pompey, return it again: you shall have time to wrangle in when you have nothing else to do.

Ant. Thou art a soldier only: speak no more.

Eno. That truth should be silent I had almost forgot.

Ant. You wrong this presence, therefore speak no more.

Eno. Go to, then; your considerate stone. Cæs. I do not much dislike the matter, but The manner of his speech; for't cannot be We shall remain in friendship, our conditions So differing in their acts. Yet, if I knew

What hoop should hold us stanch, from edge to edge

O' the world I would pursue it.

Agr. Give me leave, Cæsar.— Cæs. Speak, Agrippa.

Agr. Thou hast a sister by the mother's side, Admir'd Octavia: great Mark Antony Is now a widower.

Cæs. Say not so, Agrippa: If Cleopatra heard you, your reproof Were well desery'd of rashness. Ant. I am not married, Cæsar: let me hear

Agrippa further speak.

Agr. To hold you in perpetual amity, To make you brothers, and to knit your hearts With an unslipping knot, take Antony Octavia to his wife; whose beauty claims No worse a husband than the best of men; Whose virtue and whose general graces speak That which none else can utter. By this marriage,

All little jealousies, which now seem great And all great fears, which now import their dangers,

Would then be nothing: truths would then be tales.

Where now half tales be truths: her love to both Would, each to other and all loves to both, Draw after her. Pardon what I have spoke; For 'tis a studied, not a present thought, By duty ruminated.

Will Cæsar speak? Ant.

Cæs. Not till he hears how Antony is touch'd With what is spoke already.

Ant. What power is in Agrippa, If I would say, Agrippa, be it so, To make this good?

The power of Cæsar, and Cæs.

His power unto Octavia. Ant. May I never To this good purpose, that so fairly shows, Dream of impediment!-Let me have thy hand: Further this act of grace; and from this hour The heart of brothers govern in our loves And sway our great designs!

There is my hand. A sister I bequeath you, whom no brother Did ever love so dearly: let her live To join our kingdoms and our hearts; and never Fly off our loves again!

Lep. Happily, amen!

Ant. I did not think to draw my sword 'gainst Pompey;

For he hath laid strange courtesies and great Of lare upon me: I must thank him only, Lest my remembrance suffer ill report; At heel of that, defy him.

Time calls upon's: Lep. Of us must Pompey presently be sought, Or else he seeks out us.

Where lies he? Ant.

Cæs. About the Mount Misenum. What's his strength Anf. By land?

Cæs. Great and increasing: but by sea He is an absolute master.

Ant. So is the fame.

Would we had spoke together! Haste we for it: Yet, ere we put ourselves in arms, despatch we The business we have talk'd of.

With most gladness; Cæs. And do invite you to my sister's view, Whither straight I'll lead you.

Ant. Let us, Lepidus, Not lack your company.

Noble Antony, Lep. Not sickness should detain me.

[Flourish. Exeunt C.Es., ANT., and LEP.

Mecænas!—my honourable friend, Agrippa!— And having lost her breath, she spoke and Agr. Good Enobarbus!

Mec. We have cause to be glad that matters are so well digested. You stay'd well by it in

Eno. Ay, sir; we did sleep day out of countenance, and made the night light with drinking Mec. Eight wild boars roasted whole at a breakfast, and but twelve persons there; is this true?

Eno. This was but as a fly by an eagle: we had much more monstrous matter of feasts, which worthily deserved noting.

Mec. She's a most triumphant lady, if

report be square to her.

Eno. When she first met Mark Antony she pursed up his heart, upon the river of Cydnus. Agr. There she appeared indeed; or my reporter devised well for her.

Eno. I will tell you.

The barge she sat in, like a burnish'd throne. Burn'd on the water: the poop was beaten gold: Purple the sails, and so perfumed that The winds were love-sick with them; the oars

were silver, Which to the tune of flutes kept stroke, and The water which they beat to follow faster, As amorous of their strokes. For her own

person. It beggar'd all description: she did lie In her pavilion,-cloth-of-gold of tissue, O'er-picturing that Venus where we see The fancy out-work nature: on each side her Stood pretty dimpled boys, like smiling Cupids With divers-colour'd fans, whose wind did seem

To glow the delicate cheeks which they did cool.

And what they undid did.

Agr. O, rare for Antony! Eno. Her gentlewomen, like the Nereids, So many mermaids, tended her i' the eves. And made their bends adornings: at the helm A seeming mermaid steers: the silken tackle Swell with the touches of those flower-soft hands

That yarely frame the office. From the barge A strange invisible perfume hits the sense Of the adjacent wharfs. The city cast Her people out upon her; and Antony, Enthron'd i' the market-place, did sit alone, Whistling to the air; which, but for vacancy, Had gone to gaze on Cleopatra too, And made a gap in nature.

Agr. Rare Egyptian:
Eno. Upon her landing, Antony sent to her, Rare Egyptian! Invited her to supper: she replied It should be better he became her guest; Which she entreated: our courteous Antony Whom ne'er the word of No woman heard

speak, Being barber'd ten times o'er, goes to the

feast. And, for his ordinary, pays his heart

For what his eyes eat only

Agr. Royal wench! She made great Cæsar lay his sword to bed: He plough'd her, and she cropp'd.

Mec. Welcome from Egypt, sir. Eno. I saw her Eno. Half the heart of Cæsar, worthy Hop forty paces through the public street; I saw her once panted.

Tnat she did make defect perfection, And, breathless, power breathe forth.

Mec. Now Antony must leave her utterly. Eno. Never; he will not:

Age cannot wither her, nor custom stale

Her infinite variety: other women cloy The appetites they feed; but she makes hungry Where most she satisfies: for vilest things Become themselves in her; that the holy priests Bless her when she is riggish.

Mec. If beauty, wisdom, modesty, can settle The heart of Antony, Octavia is

A blessed lottery to him.

Let us go .---Good Enobarbus, make yourself my guest Whilst you abide here.

Eno. Humbly, sir, I thank you. Exeunt.

SCENE III .- ROME. A Room in CÆSAR'S House.

Enter CESAR, ANTONY, OCTAVIA between them, and Attendants.

Ant. The world and my great office will sometimes

Divide me from your bosom.

Octa. All which time Before the gods my knee shall bow my prayers

To them for you.

Ant.

Good-night, sir.-My Octavia. Read not my blemishes in the world's report: I have not kept my square; but that to come Shall all be done by the rule. Good-night. dear lady.

Octa. Good-night, sir.

Cæs. Good-night. [Exeunt Cæs. and Octa. Scene V .- ALEXANDRIA. Enter Soothsayer.

An.. Now, sirrah, you do wish yourself in Enter CLEOPATRA, CHARMIAN, IRAS, ALEXAS Egypt? ner vou

Sooth. Would I had never come from thence, Thither!

Ant. If you can, your reason?

I see it in Sooth. My motion, have it not in my tongue: but yet Hie you to Egypt again.

Whose fortunes shall rise higher, Cæsar's or Sooth. Cæsar's

Say to me.

Therefore, O Antony, stay not by his side: Thy demon, that's thy spirit which keeps thee,

Noble, courageous, high, unmatchable, Where Cæsar's is not; but near him thy angel Becomes afear'd, as being o'erpower'd: therefore

Make space enough between you.

Ant. Speak this no more. Sooth. To none but thee; no more but when to thee.

If thou dost play with him at any game, Thou art sure to lose; and of that natural luck He beats thee 'gainst the odds: thy lustre thickens

When he shines by: I say again, thy spirit Is all afraid to govern thee near him; But, he away, 'tis noble.

Ant. Get thee gone: Say to Ventidius I would speak with him:-

Exit Soothsayer.

He shall to Parthia.—Be it art or hap, He hath spoken true: the very dice obey him;-And in our sports my better cunning faints Under his chance: if we draw lots he speeds; His cocks do win the battle still of mine, When it is all to naught; and his quails ever Beat mine, inhoop'd, at odds. I will to Egypt: And though I make this marriage for my peace, I' the east my pleasure lies.

Enter VENTIDIUS.

O, come, Ventidius; You must to Parthia: your commission's ready, Follow me and receive it. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Rome. A Street.

Enter LEPIDUS, MECENAS, and AGRIPPA.

Lep. Trouble yourselves no further: pray you, hasten Your generals after.

Agr. Sir. Mark Antony

Will e'en but kiss Octavia, and we'll follow. Lep. Till I shall see you in your soldier's

Which will become you both, farewell.

We shall, As I conceive the journey, be at the mount Before you, Lepidus.

Lep. Your way is shorter: My purposes do draw me much about: You'll win two days upon me.

Mec. and Agr. Sir. good success! Leb. Farewell. Exeunt.

A Room in the Palace.

and Attendants.

Cleo. Give me some music, -music, moody food

Of us that trade in love. Attend. The music, ho!

Enter MARDIAN.

Cleo. Let it alone; let's to billiards: Come, Charmian.

Char. My arm is sore; best play with Mardian. Cleo. As well a woman with an euriuch play'd As with a woman.—Come, you'll play with me, sir?

Mar. As well as I can, madam.

Cleo. And when good-will is show'd, though't come too short. The actor may plead pardon. I'll none now:-

Give me mine angle, -we'll to the river: there, My music playing far off, I will betray Tawny-finn'd fishes; my bended hook shall

pierce

Their slimy jaws; and as I draw them up I'll think them every one an Antony, And say, Ah ha! you're caught.

Twas merry when You wager'd on your angling; when your diver Did hang a salt fish on his hook, which he

Did hang a ban with fervency drew up.

That time,—O times!— I laugh'd him out of patience; and that night I laugh'd him into patience: and next morn, Ere the mnth hour, I drunk him to his bed; Then put my tires and mantles on him, whilst Smarting in ling'ring pickle. I wore his sword Philippan.

Enter a Messenger.

O! from Italv!-Ram thou thy fruitful tidings in mine ears, That long time have been barren.

Madam, madam,-Mess.

Cleo. Antony's dead!—

If thou say so, villain, thou kill'st thy mistress: But well and free, If thou so yield him, there is gold, and here

My bluest veins to kiss,-a hand that kings Have lipp'd, and trembled kissing.

Mess. First, madam, he's well. Cleo. Why, there's more gold. But, sırrah, mark, we use

To say the dead are well bring it to that, The gold I give thee will I melt and pour Down thy ill-uttering throat.

Mess. Good madam, hear me Well, go to, I will; But there's no goodness in thy face: if Antony Be free and healthful,—why so tart a favour To trumpet such good tidings! If not well Thou shouldst come like a fury crown'd with snakes,

Not like a formal man.

Will't please you hear me? Mess. Cleo. I have a mind to strike thee ere thou speak'st:

Yet, if thou say Antony lives, is well, Or friends with Cæsar, or not captive to him, I'll set thee in a shower of gold, and hail Rich pearls upon thee.

Mess. Madam, he's well.

Cleo. Well said. Mess. And friends with Cæsar.

Clea. Thou 'rt an honest man. Mess. Cæsar and he are greater friends than ever.

Cleo. Make thee a fortune from me.

Mess. But yet, madam,-Cleo. I do not like but yet, it does allay The good precedence; fie upon but yet! But yet is as a gaoler to bring forth Some monstrous malefactor. Pr'ythee, friend, Pour out the pack of matter to mine ear, The good and bad together: he's friends with

Cæsar; In state of health, thou say'st; and, thou say'st,

Mess. Free, madam! no; I made no such report:

He's bound unto Octavia.

Cleo. For what good turn? Mess. For the best turn i' the bed. Cleo. I am pale, Charmian. Mess. Madam, he's married to Octavia.

Cleo. The most infectious pestilence upon thee! Strikes him down.

Mess. Good madam, patience.

What say you?—Hence, Strikes him again.

Horrible villain! or I'll spurn thine eyes Like balls before me; I'll unhair thy head:

She hales him up and down. Lead me from hence;

Thou shalt be whipp'd with wire and stew'd in brine.

Mess.

Gracious madam, I that do bring the news made not the match. Cleo. Say 'tis not so, a province I will give

thee, hadst And make thy fortunes proud: the blow thou Shall make thy peace for moving me to rage, And I will boot thee with what gift beside

And I will book and beg.
Thy modesty can beg.
He's married, madam.

Cleo. Rogue, thou hast liv'd too long.

Draws a dagger. Mess. Nay, then I'll run.

What mean you, madam? I have made no fault. Exit. Char. Good madam, keep yourself within

yourself: The man is unnocent.

Cleo. Some innocents scape not the thunderbolt.-

Melt Egypt into Nile! and kindly creatures Turn all to serpents!—Call the slave again:-Though I am mad, I will not bite him:-call.

Char. He is afear'd to come. I will not hurt him.

[Exit CHARMIAN, These hands do lack nobility, that they strike A meaner than myself; since I myself Have given myself the cause.

Re-enter CHARMIAN and Messenger.

Come hither, sir. Though it be honest, it is never good To bring bad news: give to a gracious message An host of tongues; but let ill tidings tell Themselves when they be felt.

Mess. I have done my duty.

Cleo. Is he married?

I cannot hate thee worser than I do If thou again say Yes.

He is married, madam. Mess. Cleo. The gods confound thee! dost thou hold there still!

Mess. Should I lie, madam?

Cleo. O, I would thou didst, So half my Egypt were submerg'd, and made A cistern for scal'd snakes! Go, get thee hence: Hadst thou Narcissus in thy face, to me Thou wouldst appear most ugly. He is married?

Mess. I crave your highness' pardon.
Cleo. He is married?

Mess. Take no offence that I would not offend you:

To punish me for what you make me do

Seems much unequal: he is married to Octavia. Cleo. O that his fault should make a knave of

thee, [hence: Thou art not what thou'rt sure of!-Get thee The merchandise which thou hast brought from [hand, Rome

Are all too dear for me: lie they upon thy Exit Messenger. And be undone by 'em! Good your highness, patience. Char.

Cleo. In praising Antony I have disprais'd Cæsar.

Char. Many times, madam.

Cleo. I am paid for't now. I faint-O Iras, Charmian!--'tis no matter.-- 'To part with unhack'd edges, and bear back Go to the fellow, good Alexas; bid him Report the feature of Octavia, her years Her inclination, let him not leave out The colour of her hair:-bring me word quickly.

Exit ALEXAS. Let him for ever go:—let him not—Charmian, Though he be painted one way like a Gorgon, T' other way he's a Mars.—Bid you Alexas To MARDIAN.

Bring me word how tall she is,-Pity me, Charmian,

But do not speak to me.-Lead me to my chamber. Exeunt.

Scene VI .- Near Misenum.

Flourish. Enter POMPEY and MENAS at one side, with drum and trumpet, at the other, CÆSAR, ANTONY, LEPIDUS, ENGBARBUS, MECENAS, with Soldiers marching.

Pom. Your hostages I have, so have you mine:

And we shall talk before we fight.

Cæs. Most meet That first we come to words; and therefore have

Our written purposes before us sent; Which, if thou hast consider'd, let us know If 'twill tie up thy discontented sword, And carry back to Sicily much tall youth That else must perish here.

To you all three, Pom. The senators alone of this great world, Chief factors for the gods,-I do not know Wherefore my father should revengers want. Having a son and friends; since Julius Cæsar, Who at Philippi the good Brutus ghosted, There saw you labouring for him. What was't That mov'd pale Cassius to conspire; and what Made the all-honour'd, honest Roman, Brutus, With the arm'd rest, courtiers of beauteous freedom.

To drench the Capitol, but that they would Have one man but a man? And that is it Hath made me rig my navy; at whose burden The anger'd ocean foams; with which I meant To scourge the ingratitude that despiteful Rome Cast on my noble father.

Take your time. Cæs.

Ant. Thou canst not fear us, Pompey, with thy sails; know'st We'll speak with thee at sea: at land thou

How much we do o'er-count thee.

Pom. At land, indeed, Thou dost o'er-count me of my father's house: But, since the cuckoo builds not for himself,

Remain in't as thou mayst. Be pleas'd to tell us,-Let. For this is from the present,-how you take The offers we have sent you.

There's the point. Cæs. Ant. Which do not be entreated to, but weigh What it is worth embrac'd.

Cæs. And what may follow, To try a larger fortune.

Pom. You have made me offer Of Sicily, Sardinia; and I must Rid all the sea of pirates; then to send

Measures of wheat to Rome; this 'greed upon, known, sir.

Our targes undinted. Cæs., Ant., and Lep. That's our offer.

Pom. I came before you here a man prepar'd To take this offer: but Mark Antony Put me to some impatience:—though I lose The praise of it by telling, you must know, When Cæsar and your brother were at blows, Your mother came to Sicily, and did find Her welcome friendly.

Ant. I have heard it, Pompey; And am well studied for a liberal thanks

Which I do owe you. Pom. Let me have your hand:

I did not think, sir, to have met you here.

Ant. The beds i' the east are soft; and,

thanks to you, That call'd me, timelier than my purpose. For I have gam'd by it.

Since I saw you last Cæs. There is a change upon you.

Well, I know not What counts harsh fortune casts upon my face;

But in my bosom shall she never come To make my heart her vassal. Leb. Well met here.

Pom. I hope so, Lepidus.-Thus we are agreed:

I crave our composition may be written,

And seal'd between us. Cæs. That's the next to do. Pom. We'll feast each other ere we part;

and let's

Draw lots who shall begin. That will I, Pompey. Ant. Pom. No, Antony, take the lot: but, first

Or last, your fine Egyptian cookery Shall have the fame. I have heard that Julius Grew fat with feasting there. Ant. You have heard much.

Pom. I have fair meanings, sir.
Ant. And fair words to them.

Pom. Then so much have I heard:

And I have heard Apollodorus carried,— Eno. No more of that:-he did so.

Pom. What, I pray you? Eno. A certain queen to Cæsar in a mattress. Pom. I know thee now: how far'st thou,

soldier? Well;

Eno. And well am like to do; for I perceive Four feasts are toward.

Let me shake thy hand; I never hated thee: I have seen thee fight,

When I have envied thy behaviour. Eno.

I never lov'd you much; but I ha' prais'd ye, When you have well deserv'd ten times as much As I have said you did.

Enjoy thy plainness, It nothing ill becomes thee .-

Aboard my galley I invite you all: Will you lead, lords?

Cæs., Ant., and Lep. Show us the way, sir. Pom. Come.

Exeunt all but MEN., and ENO. Men. [Aside.] Thy father, Pompey, would ne'er have made this treaty.-You and I have Eno. At sea, I think.

Men. We have, sir. Eno. You have done well by water.

Men. And you by land.

Eno. I will praise any man that will praise me; though it cannot be denied what I have done by land.

Men. Nor what I have done by water.

Eno. Yes, something you can deny for your own safety: you have been a great thief by sea

Men. And you by land.

Eno. There I deny my land service. But give me your hand, Menas: if our eyes had authority, here they might take two thieves kissing.

Men. All men's faces are true, whatsoe'er their hands are.

Eno. But there is never a fair woman has a true face.

Men. No slander; they steal hearts. Eno. We came hither to fight with you.

Men. For my part, I am sorry it is turned to a drinking. Pompey doth this day laugh away

his fortune. Eno. If he do, sure, he cannot weep it back

Men. You have said, sir. We looked not for Mark Antony here: pray you, is he married to Cleopatra?

Eno. Cæsar's sister is called Octavia.

Men. True, sir; she was the wife of Caius Marcellus.

Eno But she is now the wife of Marcus Antomus.

Men. Pray you, sir?

Eno. 'Tis true. [gether.

Men. Thenus Cæsar and he forever knit toEno. If I were bound to divine of this unity, I would not prophesy so.

Men. I think the policy of that purpose made more in the marriage than the love of the parties.

Eno. I think so too. But you shall find the band that seems to tie their friendship together will be the very strangler of their amity: Octavia is of a holy, cold, and still conversation.

Men. Who would not have his wife so?

Eno. Not he that himself is not so; which is Mark Antony. He will to his Egyptian dish

again: then shall the sighs of Octavia blow the fire up in Cæsar; and, as I said before that which is the strength of their amity shall prove the immediate author of their variance. Antony will use his affection where it is: he married but his occasion here. Men. And thus it may be.

Come, sir, will you aboard? I have a health for you.

Eno. I shall take it, sir: we have used our throats in Egypt.

Men. Come, let's away. Exeunt.

Scene VII .- On board Pompey's Galley, lying near Misenum.

Music. Enter two or three Servants with a banquet.

I Serv. Here they'll be, man. Some o' their plants are ill-rooted already; the least wind i' the world will blow them down.

2 Serv. Lepidus is high-coloured.

I Serv. They have made him drink almsdrink.

2 Serv. As they pinch one another by the disposition, he cries out, no more, reconciles them to his entreaty and himself to the drink. I Serv. But it raises the greater war between

him and his discretion.

2 Serv. Why, this it is to have a name in great men's fellowship: I had as lief have a reed that will do me no service as a partizan I could not heave.

I Serv. To be called into a huge sphere, and not to be seen to move in't, are the holes where eyes should be, which pitifully disaster the cheeks.

A sennet sounded. Enter CESAR, ANTONY, TERRORIS POMPEY. AGRIPPA, MECENAS ENOBARBUS, MENAS, with other Captains.

Ant. [To CÆSAR.] Thus do they, sir: they take the flow o' the Nile,

By certain scales i' the pyramid; they know, By the height, the lowness, or the mean, if dearth

Or forson follow: the higher Nilus swells The more it promises: as it ebbs, the seedsman Upon the slime and ooze scatters his grain, And shortly comes the harvest.

Lep. You've strange serpents there.

Ant. Ay, Lepidus.

Lep. Your serpent of Egypt is bred now of your mud by the operation of your sun: so is your crocodile.

Ant. They are so. Pom. Sit,-and some wine!-A health to Lep. I am not so well as I should be, but I'll ne'er out.

Eno. Not till you have slept; I fear me you'll be in till then.

Lep. Nay, certainly, I have heard the Ptolemies' pyramises are very goodly things; without contradiction, I have heard that.

Men. [Aside to Pom.] Pompey, a word. Pom. [Aside to Men.] Say in mine ear: what ıs't?

Men. [Aside to Pom.] Forsake thy seat, I do beseech thee, captain,

And hear me speak a word.

Pom. [Aside to MEN.] Forbear me till anon.-

This wine for Lepidus!

Lep. What manner o' thing is your crocodile?
Ant. It is shaped, sir, like itself; and it is as broad as it hath breadth: it is just so high as it is, and moves with its own organs: it lives by that which nourisheth it; and, the elements once out of it, it transmigrates.

Lep. What colour is it of?

Ant. Of its own colour too.

Lep. 'Tis a strange serpent.
Ant. 'Tis so. And the tears of it are wet.

Cæs. Will this description satisfy him?

Ant With the health that Pompey gives him, else he is a very epicure.

Pom. [Aside to MEN.] Go, hang, sir, hang!

Tell me of that? away! Do as I bid you.-Where's this cup I call'd for?

Men. [Aside to POM.] If for the sake of merit thou wilt hear me,

Rise from thy stool.

Pom. [Aside to MEN.] I think thou'rt mad-The matter? [Rises and walks aside. Men. I have ever held my cap off to thy

Pom. Thou hast serv'd me with much faith. What's else to say?-

Be jolly, lords.

These quicksands, Lepidus, Ant.

Keep off them, for you sink.

fortunes.

Men. Wilt thou be lord of all the world? What say'st thou?

Men. Wilt thou be lord of the whole world? That's twice.

Pom. How should that be?

But entertain it, and, Men. Although thou think me poor, I am the man Will give thee all the world.

Hast thou drunk well? Men. No, Pompey, I have kept me from the cup.

Thou art, if thou dar'st be, the earthly Jove: Whate'er the ocean pales or sky inclips

Is thine, if thou wilt have't. Show me which way. Pom.

Men. These three world-sharers, these com-

petitors, Are in thy vessel: let me cut the cable; And, when we are put off, fall to their throats:

All then is thine. Ah, this thou shouldst have done, And not have spoke on't! In me 'tis villainy;

In thee't had been good service. Thou must know 'Tis not my profit that does lead mine honour;

Mine honour it. Repent that e'er thy tongue Hath so betray'd thine act: being done unknown.

I should have found it afterwards well done; But must condemn it now. Desist, and drink.

Men. [Aside] For this

I'll never follow thy pall'd fortunes more. Who seeks, and will not take when once 'tis offer'd,

Shall never find it more

Pom. This health to Lepidus! Ant. Bear him ashore. I'll pledge it for him, Pompey.

Eno. Here's to thee, Menas!

Enobarbus, welcome! Men. Pom. Fill till the cup be hid.

Eno. There's a strong fellow, Menas.

[Pointing to the Attendant who carries off Lep. Men. Why? 'A bears

Eno.The third part of the world, man; see'st not? Men. The third part, then, is drunk: would it were all,

That it might go on wheels!

Eno. Drink thou; increase the reels.

Men. Come.

Pom. This is not yet an Alexandrian feast. Ant. It ripens towards it .- Strike the vessels, ho!-Here is to Cæsar!

I could well forbear't. Cæs. It's monstrous labour when I wash my brain

And it grows fouler.

Be a child o' the time. Cæs. Possess it, I'll make answer: But I had rather fast from all four days Than drink so much in one.

Eno. Ha, my brave emperor!

[To ANTONY. Shall we dance now the Egyptian Bacchanals. And celebrate our drink?

Pom.

Let's ha't, good soldier. Ant. Come, let's all take hands. Till that the conquering wine hath steep'd our In soft and delicate Lethe.

Eno. All take hands.--Make battery to our ears with the loud music:-

The while I'll place you: then the boy shall sing; The holding every man shall beat as loud

As his strong sides can volley.
[Music plays. Eno. places them hand in hand.

SONG.

Come, thou monarch of the vine, Plumpy Bacchus with pink eyne! In thy fats our cares be drown'd. With thy grapes our hairs be crown'd: Cup us, till the world go round, Cup us, till the world go round!

Cæs. What—would you more?—Pompey, good-night. Good brother, Let me request you off: our graver business Frowns at this levity.-Gentle lords, let's part; You see we have burnt our cheeks: strong

Enobarb

Is weaker than the wine; and mine own tongue Splits what it speaks: the wild disguise hath almost night.-Antick'dus all. What needs more words. Good-Good Antony, your hand.

Pom. I'll try you on the shore. Ant. And shall, sir: give's your hand.

Pom. You have my father's house, -but, what? we are friends.

Come, down into the boat.

Eno. Take heed you fall not. Exeunt POM, CES., ANT., and Attendants. Menas, I'll not on shore.

No, to my cabin.-Men. These drums!—these trumpets, flutes! what!— Let Neptune hear we bid a loud farewell

To these great fellows: sound and be hang'd. sound out!

[A flourish of trumpets, with drums. Eno. Hoo! says 'a. - There's my cap. Men. Hoo!-noble captain, come. [Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I .- A Plain in Suria.

Enter VENTIDIUS, in triumph, with SILIUS and other Romans, Officers, and Soldiers; the dead body of PACORUS borne in front.

Ven. Now, darting Parthia, art thou struck; and now

Pleas'd fortune does of Marcus Crassus' death Make me revenger.—Bear the king's son's body Before our army.—Thy Pacorus, Orodes, Pays this for Marcus Crassus.

Noble Ventidius. Whilst yet with Parthian blood thy sword is

The fugitive Parthians follow; spur through Media.

Mesopotamia, and the shelters whither The routed fly: so thy grand captain Antony Shall set thee on triumphant chariots, and Put garlands on thy head.

Ven. O Silius, Silius, I have done enough: a lower place, note well, May make too great an act; for learn this,

Silius,

Better to leave undone, than by our deed Acquire too high a fame when him we serve's away.

Caesar and Antony have ever won More in their officer, than person: Sossius, One of my place in Syria, his lieutenant, For quick accumulation of renown,

Which he achiev'd by the minute, lost his favour.

Who does i' the wars more than his captain can Becomes his captain's captain: and ambition, The soldier's virtue, rather makes choice of loss Than gain which darkens him.

I could do more to do Antonius good, But 'twould offend him; and in his offence Should my performance perish.

Thou hast, Ventidius, that Without the which a soldier and his sword Grants scarce distinction. Thou wilt write to Antony?

Ven. I'll humbly signify what in his name, That magical word of war, we have effected; How, with his banners, and his well-paid ranks, The ne'er-yet-beaten horse of Parthia

We have jaded out o' the field.

Sil. Where is he now? Ven. He purposeth to Athens: whither, with what haste

The weight we must convey with's will permit, We shall appear before him .- On, there; pass along Exeunt.

Scene II .- Rome. An Ante-Chamber in CÆSAR'S House.

Enter AGRIPPA and ENOBARBUS, meeting.

Agr. What, are the brothers parted? Eno. They have despatch'd with Pompey, he

is gone; The other three are sealing. Octavia weeps To part from Rome: Cæsar is sad; and Lepidus, Since Pompey's feast, as Menas says, is troubled

Since Pompey sickness.
With the green sickness.
'Tis a noble Lepidus. Eno. A very fine one: O, how he loves Caesar! [Antony!

Agr. Nay, but how dearly he adores Mark Eno. Caesar? Why he's the Jupiter of men. Agr. What's Antony? The god of Jupiter. Eno. Speak you of Cæsar? How! the

nonpareili Agr. Of Antony. O thou Arabian bird! Eno. Would you praise Cæsar, say Cæsar, go no further.

Agr. Indeed, he plied them both with excellent praises. [Antony:

Eno. But he loves Cæsar best; -yet he loves Hoo! hearts, tongues, figures, scribes, bards, poets cannot [hoo!—

Think, speak, cast, write, sing, number,-His love to Antony. But as for Cæsar, Kneel down, kneel down, and wonder.

Agr. Both he loves. Eno. They are his shards, and he their beetle.
[Trumpets within.] So,—

This is to horse.-Adieu, noble Agrippa. Agr. Good fortune, worthy soldier; and

Enter Cæsar, Antony, Lepidus, and OCTAVIA.

Ant. No further, sir.

farewell.

Cass. You take from me a great part of myself: Use me well in't .- Sister, prove such a wife As my thoughts make thee, and as my furthest band

Shall pass on thy approof.--Most noble Antony, Let not the piece of virtue which is set Betwixt us as the cement of our love, To keep it builded, be the ram to batter The fortress of it; for better might we Have lov'd without this mean if on both parts This be not cherish'd.

Make me not offended Ant. In your distrust.

I have said. Čæs.

Ant. You shall not find, Though you be therein curious, the least cause For what you seem to fear: so, the gods keep you,

And make the hearts of Romans serve your ends!

We will here part. well: Cæs. Farewell, my dearest sister, fare thee

The elements be kind to thee, and make Thy spirits all of comfort! Fare thee well.

Octa. My noble brother!—
Ant. The April's in her eyes: it is love's spring, [cheerful.

And these the showers to bring it on .- Be Octa. Sir, look well to my husband's house: and-

Cæs. What.

Octavia?

Octa. I'll tell you in your ear.

Ant. Her tongue will not obey her heart, nor can

Her heart inform her tongue.—the swan's down feather,

That stands upon the swell at the full of tide. And neither way inclines.

Eno. [Aside to AGRIPPA.] Will Cæsar weep? Agr. [Aside to Eno.] He has a cloud in's face. Eno. [Aside to AGRIPPA.] He were the worse

for that, were he a horse; So is he, being a man.

Agr. [Aside to Eno.] Why, Enobarbus, When Antony found Julius Cæsar dead, He cried almost to roaring; and he wept When at Philippi he found Brutus slain.

Eno. [Aside to AGRIPPA.] That year, indeed he was troubled with a rheum;

What willingly he did confound he wail'd: Believe't till I weep too.

Cæs. No, sweet Octavia, You shall hear from me still; the time shall not Out-go my thinking on you.

Come, sir, come; Ant. I'll wrestle with you in my strength of love: Look, here I have you; thus I let you go, And give you to the gods.

Adieu, be happy! Cæs. Let. Let all the number of the stars give As low as she would wish it. light

To thy fair way!

Cæs. Farewell, farewell! [Kisses Octavia. Ant. Farewell!

Trumbets sound within, Exeunt

SCENE III .- ALEXANDRIA. A Room in the Palace.

Enter CLEOPATRA, CHARMIAN, IRAS, and ALEXAS.

Cleo. Where is the fellow?

Half afear'd to come. Alex. Cleo. Go to, go to.

Enter a Messenger.

Come hither, sir.

Good majesty, Alex.Herod of Jewry dare not look upon you But when you are well pleas'd.

Cleo. That Herod's head I'll have: but how? when Antony is gone, Through whom I might command it?-Come

thou near. Mess. Most gracious majesty,

Cleo. Didst thou behold Octavia?

Mess. Ay, dread queen.

Cleo. Where? Mess. Madam, in Rome I look'd her in the face, and saw her led

Between her brother and Mark Antony. Cleo. Is she as tall as me?

Mess. She is not, madam. Cleo. Didst hear her speak? is she shrill tongu'd or low?

Mess. Madam, I heard her speak; she is low voic'd. her long. Cleo. That's not so good —he cannot like Char. Like her! O Isis! 'tis impossible. Cleo. I think so, Charman: dull of tongue

and dwarfish!-What majesty is in her gait? Remember,

If e'er thou look'dst on majesty.

She creeps,-Her motion and her station are as one; She shows a body rather than a life,

A statue than a breather.

Cleo. Is this certain? Mess. Or I have no observance.

Char.

Cannot make better note. He's very knowing; I do perceiv't:-there's nothing in her yet:-

The fellow has good judgment. Char. Excellent.

Cleo. Guess at her years, I pr'ythee. Madam. Mess.

She was a widow.

Widow!--Charmian, hark! Mess. And I do think she's thirty. Cleo. Bear'st thou her face in mind? is't

long or round? Mess. Round even to faultiness.

that are so .-

Her hair, what colour?

Mess. Brown, madam: and her forehead

There's gold for thee. Thou must not take my former sharpness ill:-I will employ thee back again; I find thee Most fit for business: go make thee ready; Our letters are prepar'd. Exit Messenger.

Char. A proper man.

Cleo. Indeed, he is so: I repent me much That so I harried him. Why, methinks, by him That so I harned man.
This creature's no such thing.
Nothing, madam.

Cleo. The man hath seen some majesty, and

should know. Char. Hath he seen majesty? Isis else de-

fend. And serving you so long!

Cleo. I have one thing more to ask him yet, good Charmian: But 'tis no matter; thou shalt bring him to me

Where I will write. All may be well enough. Char. I warrant you, madam.

SCENE IV .- ATHENS. A Room in ANTONY'S House.

Enter ANTONY and OCTAVIA.

Ant. Nay, nay, Octavia, not only that,—
That were excusable, that and thousands more Of semblable import,-but he hath wag'd New wars 'gainst Pompey; made his will, and read it

To public ear: Spoke scantly of me: when perforce he could But pay me terms of honour, cold and sickly He vented them; most narrow measure lent me: When the best hint was given him, he not

took't, Or did it from his teeth

Octa. O my good lord, Believe not all; or, if you must believe, Stomach not all. A more unhappy lady, If this division chance, ne'er stood between, Praying for both parts: Sure the good gods will mack me presently

When I shall pray, O, bless my lord and husband!

Undo that prayer, by crying out as loud, O, bless my brother! Husband win, win brother,

Prays and destroys the prayer; no midway 'Twixt these extremes at all.

Gentle Octavia. Three in Egypt Let your best love draw to that point which

> Best to preserve it: if I lose mine honour I lose myself: better I were not yours Than yours so branchless. But, as you re-

lady, quested, Yourself shall go between's: the meantime, I'll raise the preparation of a war Shall stain your brother: make your soonest

So your desires are yours Ŏcta. Thanks to my lord.

The Jove of power make me, most weak, most weak. Your reconciler! Wars 'twixt you twain would

Cleo. For the most part, too, they are foolish As if the world should cleave, and that slain men

Should solder up the rift.

Ant. When it appears to you where this begins. Turn your displeasure that way; for our faults

Can never be so equal that your love Can equally move with them. Provide your

going: cost Choose your own company, and command what Your heart has mind to. Exeunt.

SCENE V .- ATHENS. Another Room in ANTONY'S House.

Enter Enobarbus and Eros, meeting.

Eno. How now, friend Eros!

Eros. There's strange news come, sir.
Eno. What, man? [upon Po

[upon Pompey. Eros. Cæsar and Lepidus have made wars Eno. This is old: what is the success?

Eros. Cæsar, having made use of him in the wars 'gainst Pompey, presently denied him rivality; would not let him partake in the glory of the action: and not resting here, accuses him of letters he had formerly wrote to Pom-

pey; upon his own appeal seizes him: so the poor third is up, till death enlarge his confine. Eno. Then world, thou hast a pair of chaps,

no more; And throw between them all the food thou hast.

They'll grind the one the other. Where's Antony? spurns

Eros. He's walking in the garden-thus; and The rush that lies before him; cries, Fool Lepidus!

And threats the throat of that his officer That murder'd Pompey.

Our great navy's rigg'd. Eros. For Italy and Cæsar. More, Domitius; My lord desires you presently: my news I might have told hereafter.

'Twill be naught: Eno. But let it be.-Bring me to Antony.

Eros. Come, sir. Exeunt.

Scene VI .- Rome. A Room in Cæsar's House.

Enter CESAR, AGRIPPA, and MECENAS.

Cæs. Contemning Rome, he has done all this, and more,

In Alexandria: here's the manner of't:-I' the market-place, on a tribunal silver'd. Cleopatra and himself in chairs of gold Were publicly enthron'd: at the feet sat Cæsarion, whom they call my father's son, And all the unlawful issue that their lust [her Since then hath made between them. Unto He gave the 'stablishment of Egypt; made her Of Lower Syria, Cyprus, Lydia, Absolute queen.

Mec. This in the public eye? Cæs. I' the common show-place, where they exercise.

His sons he there proclaim'd the kings of kings: Great Media, Parthia, and Armenia He gave to Alexander; to Ptolemy he assign'd Syria, Cilicia, and Phœnicia: she In the habiliments of the goddess Isis [ence, That day appear'd; and oft before gave audi-As 'tis reported, so.

Mec. Let Rome he thus Inform'd.

Agr. Who, queasy with his insolence Already, will their good thoughts call from him. Cæs. The people know it: and have now receiv'd

His accusations.

Agr. Who does he accuse? Cæs. Cæsar: and that, having in Sicily Sextus Pompeius spoil'd, we had not rated him His part o' the isle: then does he say he lent me Some shipping, unrestor'd: lastly, he frets That Lepidus of the triumvirate Should be depos'd; and, being, that we detain

All his revenue. Sir, this should be answer'd. Agr.

Cæs. 'Tis done already, and the messenger I have told him Lepidus was grown too cruel;

That he his high authority abus'd, And did deserve his change: for what I have conquer'd

I grant him part; but then, in his Armenia And other of his conquer'd kingdoms, I Demand the like.

Mec. He'll never yield to that. Cæs. Nor must not, then, be yielded to in this.

Enter OCTAVIA, with her Train.

Octa. Hail, Cæsar, and my lord! hail, most dear Cæsar!

Cæs. That ever I should call thee castaway! Octa. You have not call'd me so, nor have you cause. come not

Cæs. Whyhave you stol' nu ponusthus? Like Cæsar's sister, the wife of Antony Should have an army for an usher, and The neighs of horse to tell of her approach Long ere she did appear; the trees by the way Should have borne men; and expectation fainted,

Longing for what it had not; nay, the dust Should have ascended to the roof of heaven, Rais'd by your populous troops: but you are come

A market-maid to Rome; and have prevented The ostentation of our love, which left unshown Is often left unlov'd we should have met you By sea and land; supplying every stage With an augmented greeting.

Octa Good my lord To come thus was I not constrain'd, but did it On my free-will. My lord, Mark Antony, Hearing that you prepar'd for war, acquainted My gneved ear withal: whereon I begg'd His pardon for return.

Which soon he granted, Cæs. Being an obstruct 'tween his lust and him. Octa. Do not say so, my lord. Cæs.

I have eyes upon him, And his affairs come to me on the wind. Where is he now? Octa.

My lord, in Athens. Cæs. No, my most wronged sister; Cleopatra [empire Hath nodded him to her. He hath given his Up to a whore; who now are levying The kings o' the earth for war: he hath assem-

Bocchus, the king of Libya; Archelaus Of Cappadocia; Philadelphos, king Of Paphlagonia; the Thracian king, Adallas; King Malchus of Arabia; King of Pont; Herod of Jewry; Mithridates, king Of Comagene; Polemon and Amyntas, The kings of Mede and Lycaonia, with a More larger list of sceptres.

Ay me, most wretched, Octa. That have my heart parted betweet two friends

That do afflict each other! Welcome hither: Your letters did withhold our breaking forth Till we perceiv'd both how you were wrong led And we in negligent danger. Cheer your heart: Be you not troubled with the time, which drives O'er your content these strong necessities; But let determin'd things to destiny Hold unbewail'd their way. Welcome to Rome; Nothing more dear to me. You are abus'd Beyond the mark of thought: and the high gods, To do you justice, make their ministers Of us and those that love you. Best of comfort; And ever welcome to us.

Welcome, lady. Mec. Welcome, dear madam. Each heart in Rome does love and pity you: Only the adulterous Antony, most large In his abominations, turns you off; And gives his potent regiment to a trull That noises it against us.

Is it so, sir? Octa. Cæs. Most certain. Sister, welcome: pray Be ever known to patience: my dear'st sister! Exeunt.

SCENE VII .- ANTONY'S Camb near the Promontory of Actium.

Enter CLEOPATRA and ENOBARBUS.

Cleo. I will be even with thee, doubt it not. Eno. But why, why, why? [wars, Cleo. Thou hast forspoke my being in these

And say'st it is not fit. Well, is it, is it? Eno.

Cleo. If not denounc'd against us, why should not we

Be there in person? Well, I could reply:-Eno. [Aside.] If we should serve with horse and mares tobear gether

The horse were merely lost; the mares would A soldier and his horse

What is't you say? Cleo. Eno. Your presence needs must puzzle

Antony; tume, Take from his heart, take from his brain, from's What should not then be spar'd. He is already Traduc'd for levity: and 'tis said in Rome That Photinus an eunuch and your maids Manage this war.

Cleo. Sink Rome, and their tongues rot That speak against us! A charge we bear i' the war,

And, as the president of my kingdom, will Appear there for a man. Speak not against it: I will not stay behind.

Eno. Nay, I have done. Here comes the emperor.

Enter ANTONY and CANIDIUS.

Is it not strange, Canidius, Ant. That from Tarentum and Brundusium He could so quickly cut the Ionian sea, And take in Toryne?-You have heard on't, sweet?

Cleo. Celerity is never more admir'd

Than by the negligent.

Ant. A good rebuke, Which might have well become the best of men To taunt at slackness .- Canidius, we Will fight with him by sea.

By sea! what else? Cleo.

Can. Why will my lord do so?

For that he dares us to't. Eno. So hath my lord dar'd him to single fight.

Can. Ay, and to wage this battle at Pharsalia, Where Cæsar fought with Pompey: but these

Which serve not for his vantage, he shakes off; And so should you.

Your ships are not well mann'd; Eno. Your mariners are muleteers, reapers, people Ingross'd by swift impress; in Cæsar's fleet Are those that often have 'gainst Pompey fought:

Their ships are yare; yours heavy: no disgrace Shall fall you for refusing him at sea,

Being prepar'd for land.

Ant. By sea, by sea. Eno. Most worthy sir, you therein throw away

The absolute soldiership you have by land; Distract your army, which doth most consist Of war-mark'd footmen; leave unexecuted Your own renowned knowledge; quite forego The way which promises assurance; and Give up yourself merely to chance and hazard From firm security.

I'll fight at sea. Ant.

Cleo. I have sixty sails, Cæsar none better. Ant. Our overplus of shipping will we burn; And, with the rest full-mann'd, from the head of Actium

Beat the approaching Cæsar. But if we fail We then can do't at land.

Enter a Messenger.

Thy business?

Mess. The news is true, my lord; he is descried:

Cæsar has taken Toryne. [possible; Ant. Can he be there in person? 'tis im-Strange that his power should be.—Canidius, Our nineteen legions thou shalt hold by land, And our twelve thousand horse. - We'll to our

ship: Away, my Thetis!

Enter a Soldier.

How now, worthy soldier? Sold. O noble emperor, do not fight by sea; Trust not to rotten planks. do you misdoubt This sword and these my wounds? Let the Egyptians

And the Phœnicians go a-ducking: we Have used to conquer standing on the earth And fighting foot to foot.

ACT III.

Ant. Well, well:—away.

[Exeunt ANT., CLEO., and ENO.

Sold. By Hercules, I think I am i' the right.

Can. Soldier, thou art: but his whole action

Not in the power on't: so our leader's led, And we are women's men.

Sold. You keep by land
The legions and the horse whole, do you not?
Can. Marcus Octavius, Marcius Justeius,
Publicola, and Cæhus are for sea:
But we keep whole by land. This speed of
Cæsar's

Carries beyond belief.

Sold. While he was yet in Rome His power went out in such distractions as Beguil'd all spies.

Can. Who's his lieutenant, hear you? Sold. They say one Taurus.

Can. Well I know the man.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. The emperor calls Canidus.

Can. With news the time's with labour: and throes forth
Each minute some.

[Exeunt.

Scene VIII .-- A Plain near Actium.

Enter CESAR, TAURUS, Officers, and others.

Cæs. Taurus,-

Taur. My lord?

Cæs. Strike not by land; keep whole; provoke not battle

Till we have done at sea. Do not exceed
The prescript of this scroll: our fortune lies
U pon this jump.
[Exeunt.

SCENE IX.—Another part of the Plain.

Enter Antony and Enobarbus.

Ant. Set we our squadrons on you side o' the hill,

In eye of Cæsar's battle; from which place We may the number of the ships behold, And so proceed accordingly. [Exeunt.

Scene X .- Another part of the Plain.

Enter Canidius, marching with his land Army one way; and Taurus, the Lieutenant of Cresar, with his Army, the other way. After their going in, is heard the noise of a sea-fight.

Alarum. Enter ENOBARBUS.

Eno. Naught, naught, all naught! I can behold no longer: The Antomad, the Egyptian admiral, With all their sixty, fly and turn the rudder: To see't mine eyes are blasted.

Enter SCARUS.

Scar. Gods and goddesses, All the whole synod of them!

Eno. What's thy passion?
Scar. The greater cantle of the world is lost With very ignorance; we have kiss'd away Kingdoms and provinces.

Eno. How appears the fight?
Scar. On our side like the token'd pestilence,
Where death is sure. You ribaudred nag of
Egypt,—
fight.

Egypt,— Whom leprosy o'ertake!—i' the mids o' the When vantage like a pair of twins appear'd, Both as the same, or rather ours the elder,— The breese upon her, like a cow in June,—

Hoists sails and flies.

Eno. That I beheld: [not Mine eyes did sicken at the sight, and could

Endure a further view.

Scar. She once being loofd The noble ruin of her magic, Antony, Claps on his sea-wing, and, like a doting mallard.

Leaving the fight in height, flies after her: I never saw an action of such shame; Experience, manhood, honour, ne'er before Did violate so itself.

Eno. Alack, alack!

Enter CANIDIUS.

Can. Our fortune on the sea is out of breath, And sinks most lamentably. Had our general Been what he knew himself, it had gone well: O, he has given example for our fight Most grossly by his own!

Eno. Ay, are you thereabouts?

Why, then, good-night indeed.

Can. Towards Peloponnesus are they fled.

Scar. 'Tis easy to't; and there I will attend

What further comes.

Can.

To Cæsar will I render

My legions and my horse; six kings already
Show me the way of yielding.
Eno.
Pil vet follow

The wounded chance of Antony, though my reason

Sits in the wind against me. [Exeunt.

SCENE XI.—ALEXANDRIA. A Room in the Palace.

Enter ANTONY and Attendants.

Ant. Hark! the land bids me tread no more upon't,— [hither: It is asham'd to bear me!—Friends, come I am so lated in the world that I Have lost my way forever:—I have a ship

Laden with gold, take that, divide it; fly, And make your peace with Cæsar.

All. Fly! not we.
Ant. I have fled myself, and have instructed
cowards

cowards [gone;
To run and show their shoulders.—Friends, be
I have myself resolv'd upon a course
Which has no need of you; begone:
My treasure's in the harbour, take it.—O,
I follow'd that I blush to look upon:
My very hairs do mutiny; for the white

Reprove the brown for rashness, and they them For fear and doting.—Friends, be gone: you shall

Have letters from me to some friends that will Sweep your way for you. Pray you, look not sad,

Nor make replies of loathness: take the hint Which my despair proclaims; let that be left Which leaves itself: to the sea-side straightway: Some wine, within there, and our viands!-I will possess you of that ship and treasure. Leave me, I pray, a little: pray you now:— Nay, do so; for, indeed, I have lost command, Therefore I pray you:—I'll see you by and by. Sits down.

Enter CLEOPATRA, led by CHARMIAN and IRAS, EROS following.

Eros. Nay, gentle madam, to him,-comfort him.

Iras. Do, most dear queen.

Char. Do! why, what else? Cleo. Let me sit down. O Juno!

Ant. No, no, no, no, no.

Eros. See you here, sir?

Ant. O fie, fie, fie! Char. Madam,-

Iras. Madam, O good empress,-

Eros. Sir, sir,-

Ant. Yes, my lord, yes;-he at Philippi kept His sword e'en like a dancer; while I struck The lean and wrinkled Cassius; and 'twas I That the mad Brutus ended; he alone

Dealt on heutenantry, and no practice had In the brave squares of war: yet now-no

matter. Cleo. Ah, stand by.

Eros. The queen, my lord, the queen.

Iras. Go to him, madam, speak to him: He is unqualitied with very shame.

Cleo. Well then, -sustain me:-O!

Eros. Most noble sir, arise; the queen ap-

proaches: Her head's declin'd, and death will seize her, but

Your comfort make the rescue.

Ant. I have offended reputation,-

Ant. I nave on Annual Market M Ant. O, whither hast thou led me, Egypt? How I convey my shame out of thine eyes By looking back, what I have left behind 'Stroy'd in dishonour.

O my lord, my lord, ils! I little thought Cleo.

Forgive my fearful sails! You would have follow'd.

Egypt, thou knew'st too well Ant. My heart was to thy rudder tied by the strings And thou shouldst tow me after; o'er my spirit Thy full supremacy thou knew'st, and that Thy beck might from the bidding of the gods Command me.

Cleo. O, my pardon!

Ant. Now I must To the young man send humble treaties, dodge And palter in the shifts of lowness; who

With half the bulk o' the world play'd as I pleas'd,

Making and marring fortunes. You did know How much you were my conqueror; and that My sword, made weak by my affection, would My sword, man-Obey it on all cause. Pardon, pardon!

Ant. Fall not a tear, I say; one of them rates All that is won and lost: give me a kiss; Even this repays me.—We sent our school-

master; Is he come back?-Love, I am full of lead.- Fortune knows

We scorn her most when most she offers blows. Exeunt.

Scene XII .- CASAR'S Camb in Equbi.

Enter Cæsar, Dolabella, Thyreus, and others.

Cæs. Let him appear that's come from Antony.~

Know you him?

Dol. Cæsar, 'tis his schoolmaster: An argument that he is pluck'd, when hither He sends so poor a pinion of his wing, Which had superfluous kings for messengers Not many moons gone by.

Enter EUPHRONIUS.

Approach, and speak. Cæs. Eup. Such as I am, I come from Antony: I was of late as petty to his ends As is the morn-dew on the myrtle leaf To his grand sea.

Cæs. Be't so: declare thine office. Eup. Lord of his fortunes he salutes thee.

and

Requires to live in Egypt: which not granted. He lessens his requests; and to thee sues To let him breathe between the heavens and earth,

A private man in Athens: this for him. Next, Cleopatra does confess thy greatness; Submits her to thy might; and of thee craves The circle of the Ptolemies for her heirs. Now hazarded to thy grace.

Cæs. For Antony, I have no ears to his request. The queen Of audience nor desire shall fail; so she From Egypt drive her all-disgraced friend, Or take his life there: this if she perform She shall not sue unheard. So to them both.

Eup. Fortune pursue thee!

Cæs. Bring him through the bands. Exit EUPHRONIUS.

To try thy eloquence, now 'tis time: despatch; From Antony win Cleopatra: promise

[To THYR. And in our name, what she requires; add more, From thine invention, offers: women are not In their best fortunes strong; but want will perjure

The ne'er-touch'd vestal: try thy cunning, Thyreus;

Make thine own edict for thy pains, which we Will answer as a law.

Thyr. Cæsar, I go.

Cæs. Observe how Antony becomes his flaw, And what thou think'st his very action speaks In every power that moves.

Cæsar, I shall. Exeunt. Thur.

SCENE XIII.—ALEXANDRIA A Room in the Palace.

Enter CLEOPATRA, ENOBARBUS, CHARMIAN, and IRAS.

Cleo. What shall we do, Enobarbus? Eno. Think, and die.

Cleo. Is Antony or we in fault for this? Eno. Antony only, that would make his will Lord of his reason. What though you fied From that great face of war, whose several

ranges Frighted each other why should we follow? The itch of his affection should not then Have nick'd his captainship; at such a point, When half to half the world oppos'd, he being The mered question: 'twas a shame no less Than was his loss to course your flying flags And leave his navy gazing. Cleo.

Pr'vthee, peace.

Enter ANTONY, with EUPHRONIUS.

Ant. Is that his answer?

Eup. Ay, my lord.

Ant. The queen shall then have courtesy, so

Will yield us up. He says so.

Ant. Let her know't .-To the boy Cæsar send this grizzled head. And he will fill thy wishes to the brun With principalities.

That head, my lord? Cleo.

Ant. To him again: tell him he wears the

Of youth upon him; from which the world

should note Something particular: his coins, ships, legions

May be a coward's; whose ministers would prevail

Under the service of a child as soon As i' the command of Cæsar: I dare him there-To lay his gay comparisons apart, And answer me dechn'd, sword against sword, Ourselves alone. I'll write it: follow me.

[Exeunt ANTONY and EUPHRONIUS Eno. Yes, like enough, high-battled Cæsar will

Unstate his happiness, and be stag'd to the show

Against a sworder.—I see men's judgments are A parcel of their fortunes; and things outward Do draw the inward quality after them, To suffer all alike. That he should dream, Knowing all measures, the full Cæsar will Answer his emptiness!-Cæsar, thou hast subdu'd

His judgment too.

Enter an Attendant.

A messenger from Cæsar. Cleo. What, no more ceremony?-See, my women!-Inose Against the blown rose may they stop their

That kneel'd unto the buds.—Admit him, sir. Exit Attendant. Eno. [Aside.] Mine honesty and I begin to

square. The loyalty well held to fools does make Our faith mere folly:-yet he that can endure To follow with allegiance a fallen lord Does conquer him that did his master conquer, And earn a place i' the story.

Enter THYREUS.

Cleo.

Cæsar's will?

Thyr. Hear it apart.

None but friends: say boldly. Cleo. Thyr. So, haply, are they friends to Antony. Eno. He needs as many, sir, as Cæsar has; Or needs not us. If Cæsar please, our master Will leap to be his friend: for us, you know Whose he is we are, and that is Cæsar's.

So,-Thur. Thus then, thou most renown'd: Casar entreats

Not to consider in what case thou stand'st.

Further than he is Cæsar. Go on: right royal. Cleo.

Thyr. He knows that you embrace not Antony

As you did love, but as you fear'd him.

Cleo. Thyr. The scars upon your honour, therefore, Does pity, as constrained blemishes,

Does pity, and the Not as deserv'd.

He is a god, and knows honour was What is most right: mine honour was not yielded,

But conquer'd merely.

To be sure of that, I will ask Antony.—Sir, sır, thou art so leaky That we must leave thee to thy sinking, for Thy dearest quit thee.

Ťhyr. Shall I say to Cæsar What you require of him? for he partly begs To be desir'd to give. It much would please him That of his fortunes you should make a staff To lean upon: but it would warm his spirits To hear from me you had left Antony, And put yourself under his shroud, who is The universal landlord.

Cleo. What's your name? Thyr. My name is Thyreus.

Cleo. Most kind messenger, Say to great Cæsar this:-in deputation I kiss his conquering hand: tell him I am

prompt To lay my crown at's feet, and there to kneel:

Tell him, from his all-obeying breath I hear Ten mm, and Ten mm, and The doom of Egypt.

'Tis your noblest course.

If that the former dare but what it can, No chance may shake it. Give me grace to lay My duty on your hand.

Your Cæsar's father Cleo. Oft, when he hath mus'd of taking kingdoms

Bestow'd his lips on that unworthy place, As it rain'd kisses.

Re-enter ANTONY and ENOBARBUS.

Favours, by Jove that thunders!-Ant. What art thou, fellow?

One that but performs Thyr. The bidding of the fullest man, and worthiest

To have command obey'd. Eno. [Aside.] You will be whipp'd. Ant. Approach there!-Ay, you kite!-Now,

[Ho! gods and devils! Authority melts from me: of late, when I cried, Like boys unto a muss, kings would start forth And cry, Your will? Have you no ears? I am Antony yet.

Enter Attendants.

Take hence this Jack and whip him. Eno. 'Tis better playing with a lion's whelp Than with an old one dying. Moon and stars! Ant.

Whip him.-Were't twenty of the greatest tri-

butaries That do acknowledge Cæsar, should I find

them So saucy with the hand of she here,-what's

her name Since she was Cleopatra?-Whip him, fellows,

Till, like a boy, you see him cringe his face, And whine aloud for mercy: take him hence. Thyr. Mark Antony,-

Tug him away: being whipp'd, Ant. Bring him again .- This Jack of Cæsar's shall

Bear us an errand to him.

[Exeunt Attend. with THYR. You were half blasted ere I knew you .- Ha! Have I my pillow left unpress'd in Rome, Forborne the getting of a lawful race, And by a gem of women, to be abus'd By one that looks on feeders?

Cleo. Good my lord,-Ant. You have been a boggler ever: But when we in our viciousness grow hard,-O misery on't!-the wise gods seal our eyes; In our own filth drop our clear judgments; make us

Adore our errors; laugh at's, while we strut To our confusion.

Cleo. O, is't come to this?

Ant. I found you as a morsel cold upon Dead Cæsar's trencher; nay, you were a fragment

Of Cneius Pompey's; besides what hotter hours Unregister'd ın vulgar fame, you have Luxuriously pick'd out:--for I am sure, Though you can guess what temperance should You know not what it is.

Wherefore is this? Ant. To let a fellow that will take rewards. And say, God quit you' be familiar with My playfellow, your hand; this kingly seal And plighter of high hearts!—O that I were Upon the hill of Basan, to outroar The horned herd! for I have savage cause; And to proclaim it civilly were like A halter'd neck which does the hangman thank For being yare about him.

Re-enter Attendants with THYREUS.

Is he whipp'd?

1 Att. Soundly, my lord.

Ant. Cried he? and begg'd he pardon? He did ask favour. I Att.

Ant. If that thy father live, let him repent Thou wast not made his daughter; and be thou sorry

To follow Cæsar in his triumph, since Thou hast been whipp'd for following him: henceforth

The white hand of a lady fever thee, Shake thou to look on't.-Get thee back to Cæsar,

Tell him thy entertainment: look thou say He makes me angry with him; for he seems Proud and disdainful, harping on what I am, Not what he knew I was: he makes me angry; And at this time most easy 'tis to do't. When my good stars, that were my former

guides. Have empty left their orbs, and shot their fires Into the abysm of hell. If he mislike

My speech and what is done, tell him he has Hipparchus, my enfranchis'd bondman, whom He may at pleasure whip, or hang, or torture, As he shall like, to quit me: urge it thou: Hence with thy stripes, be gone.

Exit THYREUS.

Cleo. Have you done yet? Alack, our terrene moon Is now eclips'd; and it portends alone The fall of Antony!

Cleo. I must stay his time. Ant. To flatter Cæsar, would you mingle With one that ties his points?

Cleo. Not know me yet? Ant. Cold-hearted toward me?

Cleo.

Ah, dear, if I be so. From my cold heart let heaven engender hail, And poison it in the source; and the first stone Drop in my neck: as it determines, so Dissolve my life! The next Casarion smite! Till, by degrees, the memory of my womb, Together with my brave Egyptians all,

By the discandying of this pelleted storm, Lie graveless,—till the flies and gnats of Nile Have buried them for prey!

I am satisfied. Cæsar sits down in Alexandria; where

I will oppose his fate. Our force by land Hath nobly held: our sever'd navy too Have knit again, and fleet, threat'ning most sea-like. [hear, lady?

Where hast thou been, my heart?-Dost thou If from the field I shall return once more To kiss these lips, I will appear in blood: I and my sword will earn our chromcle: There's hope in't yet.

That's my brave lord! Cleo. Ant. I will be treble-sinew'd, hearted, breath'd,

And fight maliciously: for when mine hours Were nice and lucky, men did ransom lives Of me for jests; but now I'll set my teeth, And send to darkness all that stop me. - Come, Let's have one other gaudy night: call to me All my sad captains, fill our bowls; once more Let's mock the midnight bell

Cleo. It is my birthday. I had thought to have held it poor; but since my lord

Is Antony again I will be Cleopatra. Ant. We will yet do well.

Cleo. Call all his noble captains to my lord. Ant. Do so; we'll speak to them: and to-

mght I'll force [my queen; The wine peep through their scars.—Come on, There's sap in't yet. The next time I do fight I'll make death love me; for I will contend Even with his pestilent scythe.

Exeunt all but ENO. Eno. Now he'll outstare the lightning. To be furious

Is to be frighted out of fear; and in that mood The dove will peck the estridge; and I see still A diminution in our captain's brain

Exeunt.

Restores his heart: when valour preys on Scant not my cups; and make as much of me reason

It eats the sword it fights with. I will seek Exit. Some way to leave him.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- CESAR'S Camp at Alexandria.

Enter CESAR reading a letter; AGRIPPA, MECÆNAS, and others.

Cæs. He calls me boy; and chides as he had power

To beat me out of Egypt; my messenger He hath whipp'd with rods; dares me to personal combat,

Cæsar to Antony:-let the old ruffian know I have many other ways to die; meantime

Laugh at his challenge.

Mec. Cæsar must think, When one so great begins to rage, he's hunted Even to falling. Give him no breath, but now Make boot of his distraction:—never anger Made good guard for itself.

Let our best heads Know that to-morrow the last of many battles We mean to fight .- Within our files there are, Of those that serv'd Mark Antony but late. Enough to fetch him in. See it done: And feast the army; we have store to do't, And they have earn'd the waste. Poor Antony!

Exeunt.

SCENE II .- ALEXANDRIA. A Room in the Palace. Enter Antony, Cleopatra, Enobarbus,

CHARMIAN, IRAS, ALEXAS, and others.

Ant. He will not fight with me, Domitius. Eno.

Ant. Why should he not? fortune. Eno. He thinks, being twenty times of better

He is twenty men to one. To-morrow, soldier,

By sea and land I'll fight: or I will live, Or bathe my dying honour in the blood Shall make it live again. Woo't thou fight well?

Eno. I'll strike, and cry, Take all.
Ant. Well said; come on.-Call forth my household servants: let's to-night Be bounteous at our meal .-

Enter Servants.

Give me thy hand, Thou hast been rightly honest; -so hast thou; -

And kings have been your fellows.

Cleo. [Aside to Eno.] What means this? Eno. [Aside to CLEO.] 'Tis one of those odd tricks which sorrow shoots

Out of the mind.

And thou art honest too. I wish I could be made so many men, And all of you clapp'd up together in An Antony, that I might do you service

So good as you have done. Serv. The gods forbid! Ant. Well, my good fellows, wait on me to-

night:

As when mine empire was your fellow too. And suffer'd my command.

Cleo. [Aside to Eno.] What does he mean? Eno. [Aside to CLEO.] To make his followers

Ant. Tend me to-night: Maybe it is the period of your duty: Haply you shall not see me more; or if. A mangled shadow: perchance to-morrow You'll serve another master. I look on you As one that takes his leave. Mine honest friends.

I turn you not away; but, like a master Married to your good service, stay till death: Tend me to-night two hours, I ask no more, And the gods yield you for 't!

Eno. What mean you, sir, To give them this discomfort? Look, they weep; And I, an ass, am omon-ey'd: for shame. Transform us not to women.

Ant. Ho, ho, ho!

Now the witch take me, if I meant it thus! Grace grow where those drops fall! My hearty friends,

You take me in too dolorous a sense; you a For I spake to you for your comfort, -did desire To burn this night with torches: know, my hearts,

I hope well of to-morrow; and will lead you Where rather I'll expect victorious life Than death and honour. Let's to supper; come,

And drown consideration.

SCENE III.—ALEXANDRIA Before the Palace

Enter two Soldiers to their guard.

1 Sold. Brother, good-night: to-morrow is the day. well.

2 Sold. It will determine one way: fare you Heard you of nothing strange about the streets?

I Sold. Nothing. What news? [to you.

2 Sold. Belike 'tis but a rumour. Good-might

I Sold. Well. sir, good-night.

Enter two other Soldiers.

2 Sold. Soldiers, have careful watch.

3 Sold. And you. Good-night, good-night. [The first two place themselves at their posts. 4 Sold. Here we: [The third and fourth take their posts.] and if to-morrow

Our navy thrive, I have an absolute hope

And full of purpose. [Music as of hautboys under the stage. 4 Sold. Peace, what noise?

i Sold. 2 Sold. Hark!

I Sold. Music i' the air.

Sold. Under the earth.

4 Sold. It signs well, does it not? 3 Sold. No.

I Sold. Peace, I say! What should this mean? llov'd.

2 Sold. 'Tis the god Hercules, whom Antony Now leaves him.

I Sold. Walk; let's see if other watchmen So, so; come, give me that: this way; well Do hear what we do.

They advance to another post. 2 Sold. How now, masters!

Soldiers. [Speaking together.] How now! How now! do you hear this?

Ay; is't not strange? I Sold. 3 Sold. Do you hear, masters? do you hear? I Sold. Follow the noise so far as we have

quarter;

Let's see how't will give off.

Soldiers. [Speaking together.] Content. 'Tis strange. Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- ALEXANDRIA. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Antony and Cleopatra; Charmian IRAS, and others attending.

Ant. Eros! mine armour, Eros! Cleo. Sleep a little. Ant. No, my chuck .- Eros, come; mine armour, Eros!

Enter Eros with armour.

Come, good fellow, put mine iron on .-If fortune be not ours to-day, it is Because we brave her .- Come. Cleo. Nay, I'll help too.

What's this for? Ah, let be, let be! thou art Ant. The armourer of my heart. False, false; this.

this. Cleo. Sooth, la, I'll help: thus it must be. Well, well; We shall thrive now .- Seest thou, my good

fellow? Go put on thy defences

Briefly, sir. Eros. Cleo. Is not this buckled well?

Rarely, rarely: Ant. He that unbuckles this, till we do please

To doff't for our repose, shall hear a storm .-Thou fumblest, Eros; and my queen's a squire More tight at this than thou: despatch.—O love, knew'st

That thou couldst see my wars to-day, and The royal occupation! thou shouldst see A workman in't.—

Enter an Officer, armed.

Good-morrow to thee; welcome: Thou look'st like him that knows a warlike

charge: To business that we love we rise betime,

And go to't with delight. Off.

A thousand, sir, Early though it be, have on their riveted trim, And at the port expect you. Shout. Flourish of Trumpets within.

Enter other Officers and Soldiers.

2 Off. The morn is fair .-- Good-morrow.

general. All. Good-morrow, general. 'Tis well blown, lads: Is come into the field. Ant.

This morning, like the spirit of a youth That means to be of note, begins betimes.— Plant those that have revolted in the van,

said.

Fare thee well, dame, whate'er becomes of me: This is a soldier's kiss: rebukable, [Kisses her. And worthy shameful check it were, to stand On more mechanic compliment; I'll leave thee Now, like a man of steel .- You that will fight,

Follow me close; I'll bring you to't.—Adieu. [Exeunt Ant., Eros, Officers, and Soldiers. Char. Please you, retire to your chamber.

Cleo. Lead me. He goes forth gallantly. That he and Cæsar might

Determine this great war in single fight! Then, Antony,-but now-Well, on.

Exeunt.

Scene V .- Antony's Camp near Alexandria.

Trumpets sound within. Enter ANTONY and Eros; a Soldier meeting them.

Sold. The gods make this a happy day to Antony!

Ant. Would thou and those thy scars had once prevail'd

To make me fight at land! Hadst thou done so. The kings that have revolted, and the soldier

That has this morning left thee, would have still Follow'd thy heels. Who's gone this morning? Ant.

Sold. Ŵħα. One ever near thee: call for Enobarbus, He shall not hear thee; or from Cæsar's camp

Say, I am none of thine. Ant. What say'st thou?

Sold. Sir, He is with Cassar.

Eros. Sir, his chests and treasure He has not with him.

Ant. Is he gone? Sold. Most certain. Ant. Go, Eros, send his treasure after; do

Detain no jot, I charge thee; write to him,-I will subscribe,—gentle adieus and greetings; Say that I wish he never find more cause To change a master.—O, my fortunes have Corrupted honest men!—Eros, despatch.

Exeunt.

Scene VI.-CESAR'S Camp before Alexandria.

Flourish. Enter Cæsar, with Agrippa, Enobarbus, and others.

Cæs. Go forth, Agrippa, and begin the fight: Our will is Antony be took alive; Make it so known.

Cæsar, I shall. Agr. [Exit. Cæs. The time of universal peace is near: Prove this a prosperous day, the three-nook'd world

Shall bear the olive freely.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Antony Cæs.

Go charge Agrippa

That Antony may seem to spend his fury

Upon himself. Exeunt CÆSAR and his Train.
Eno. Alexas did revolt; and went to Jewry On affairs of Antony; there did persuade Great Herod to incline himself to Cæsar, And leave his master Antony: for this pains Cæsar hath hang'd him. Canidius, and the rest

That fell away, have entertainment, but No honourable trust. I have done ill; Of which I do accuse myself so sorely That I will joy no more.

Enter a Soldier of Cæsar's.

Sold. Enobarbus, Antony Hath after thee sent all thy treasure, with His bounty overplus: the messenger Came on my guard, and at thy tent is now Unloading of his mules.

Eno. I give it you. Sold.

Mock not, Enobarbus. I tell you true: best you saf'd the bringer Out of the host; I must attend mine office, Or would have done't myself. Your emperor Continues still a Jove.

Eno. I am alone the villain of the earth [paid And feel I am so most. O Antony, Thou mine of bounty, how would'st thou have My better service, when my turpitude Thou dost so crown with gold! This blows my heart:

If swift thought break it not, a swifter mean Shall outstrike thought: but thought will do't. I feel.

I fight against thee!-No: I will go seek Some ditch wherein to die; the foul'st best fits [Exit. My latter part of life.

Scene VII .- Field of Battle between the Camps.

Alcrum. Drums and trumpets. Enter AGRIPPA and others.

Agr. Retire, we have engag'd ourselves too far:

Cæsar himself has work, and our oppression Exceeds what we expected. Exeunt.

Alarum. Enter ANTONY, and SCARUS wounded.

Scar. O my brave emperor, this is fought indeed!

Had we done so at first, we had driven them

With clouts about their heads.

Thou bleed'st apace. Scar. I had a wound here that was like a T, But now 'tis made an H.

Ant. They do retire. Scar. We'll beat 'em into bench-holes: I have yet

Room for six scotches more.

Enter Eros.

Eros. They are beaten, sir; and our advantage serves For a fair victory.

Scar. Let us score their backs, And snatch 'em up, as we take hares, behind: We must return to the court of guard: the 'Tis sport to maul a runner.

I will reward thee Ant. Once for thy spritely comfort, and tenfold For thy good valour. Come thee on.

I'll halt after. [Excunt. Scar.

SCENE VIII.—Under the Walls of Alexandria.

Alarum. Enter ANTONY marching: SCARUS and Forces.

Ant. We have beat him to his camp. Run one before, [morrow, And let the queen know of our gests.—To-Before the sun shall see us, we'll spill the blood That has to-day escap'd. I thank you all; For doughty-handed are you, and have fought Not as you serv'd the cause, but as't had been Each man's like mine; you have shown all Hectors.

Enter the city, clip your wives, your friends, Tell them your feats; whilst they with joyful tears Wash the congealment from your wounds, and

The honour'd gashes whole.-Give me thy hand: To SCARUS.

Enter CLEOPATRA, attended.

To this great fairy I'll commend thy acts, Make her thanks bless thee. O thou day o' the world, lall.

Chain mine arm'd neck; leap thou, attire and Through proof of harness to my heart, and there Ride on the pants triumphing.

Cleo. Lord of lords! O infinite virtue, com'st thou smiling from The world's great snare uncaught?

Ant. My nightingale, We have beat them to their beds. What, girl! [yet ha' we though grey Do something mingle with our younger brown; A brain that nourishes our nerves, and can Get goal for goal of youth. Behold this man; Commend unto his lips thy favouring hand;-Kiss it, my warrior: he hath fought to-day As if a god, in hate of mankind, had Destroy'd in such a shape.

I'll give thee, friend, Cleo. An armour all of gold; it was a king's. Ant. He has deserv'd it, were it carbuncled Like holy Phoebus' car.—Give me thy hand: Through Alexandria make a jolly march; Bear our hack'd targets like the men that owe them:

Had our great palace the capacity To camp this host, we all would sup together, And drink carouses to the next day's fate, Which promises royal peril.—Trumpeters, With brazen din blast you the city's ear; Make mingle with our rattling tabourines;

That heaven and earth may strike their sounds together,

Applauding our approach. Exeunt.

Scene IX .-- Cæsar's Camb.

Sentinels at their Post.

I Sold. If we be not reliev'd within this hour. night

Is shiny; and they say we shall embattle By the second hour i' the morn. This last day was 2 Sold.

A shrewd one to's.

Enter ENOBARBUS.

O, bear me witness, night .-Eno. 3 Sold. What man is this?

2 Sold. Stand close and list to him. Eno. Be witness to me, O thou blessed moon, When men revolted shall upon record Bear hateful memory, poor Enobarbus did Before thy face repent!—

Enobarbus! I Sold.

3 Sold. Peace! Hark further.

Eno. O sovereign mistress of true melancholy,

The poisonous damp of night disponge upon

That life, a very rebel to my will, May hang no longer on me: throw my heart Against the flint and hardness of my fault; Which, being dried with grief, will break to powder,

And finish all foul thoughts. O Antony Nobler than my revolt is infamous, Forgive me in thine own particular: But let the world rank me in register A master-leaver and a fugitive: O Antony! O Antony! Dies.

2 Sold. Let's speak To him.

I Sold. Let's hear him, for the things he speaks

May concern Cæsar.

2 Sold.

3 Sold. Let's do so. But he sleeps. I Sold. Swoons rather; for so bad a prayer as his

Was never yet fore sleep.

Go we to him.

3 Sold. Awake, sir, awake; speak to us.

2 Sold. Hear you, sir? I Sold. The hand of death hath raught him. [Drums afar off.] Hark! the drums

Do merrily wake the sleepers. Let us bear him To the court of guard; he is of note: our hour

Is fully out. 3 Sold. Come on, then;

He may recover yet. Exeunt with the body.

Scene X .- Ground between the two Camps.

Enter ANTONY and SCARUS, with Forces, marching.

Ant. Their preparation is to-day by sea; We please them not by land.

For both, my lord. Scar. Ant. I would they'd fight i' the fire or i' the

We'd fight there too. But this it is; our foot Upon the hills adjoining to the city Shall stay with us:-order for sea is given; They have put forth the haven:-forward now, Where their appointment we may best discover, Exeunt. And look on their endeavour.

Scene XI.—Another part of the Ground. Enter CESAR, with his Forces, marching,

Cæs. But being charg'd, we will be still by

land,

Which, as I take't, we shall; for his best force Is forth to man his galleys. To the vales, And hold our best advantage. [Exeunt.

Scene XII.—Another part of the Ground. Enter ANTONY and SCARUS.

Ant. Yet they're not join'd: where youd pine does stand

I shall discover all: I'll bring thee word Straight how 'tis like to go. [Exeunt.

Scar. Swallows have built In Cleopatra's sails their nests: the augurers Say they knew not,—they cannot tell;—look grimly,

And dare not speak their knowledge. Antony Is valuant and dejected, and, by starts. His fretted fortunes give him hope and fear Of what he has and has not.

Alarum afar off, as at a sea-fight.

Re-enter ANTONY.

Ant. All is lost: This foul Egyptian hath betrayed me: My fleet hath yielded to the foe; and yonder They cast their caps up, and carouse together Like friends long lost.—Triple-turn'd whore! 'tis thou

Hast sold me to this novice; and my heart Makes only wars on thee.—Bid them all fly: For when I am reveng'd upon my charm, I have done all.—Bid them all fly; begone. Exit SCARUS.

O sun, thy uprise shall I see no more: Fortune and Antony part here; even here Do we shake hands .- All come to this !- The hearts

That spaniel'd me at heels, to whom I gave Their wishes, do discandy, melt their sweets On blossoming Cæsar; and this pine is bark'd That overtopp'd them all. Betray'd I am: O this false soul of Egypt! this grave charm Whose eye beck'd forth my wars and call'd them home;

Whose bosom was my crownet, my chief end, Like a right gipsy, hath, at fast and loose, Beguil'd me to the very heart of loss .-What, Eros, Eros!

Enter CLEOPATRA.

Ah, thou spell! Avaunt! Cleo. Why is my lord enrag'd against his love?

Ant. Vanish; or I shall give thee thy deserving.

And blemish Cæsar's triumph. Let him take And hoist thee up to the shouting plebeians: Follow his chariot, like the greatest spot Of all thy sex; most monster-like, be shown For poor'st diminutives, for doits, and let Patient Octavia plough thy visage up With her prepared nails. [Exit CLEO.] 'Tis well thou 'rt gone,

If it be well to live; but better 'twere Thou fell'st into my fury, for one death Might have prevented many.—Eros, ho!— The shirt of Nessus is upon me: teach me, Alcides, thou mine ancestor, thy rage: Let me lodge Lichas on the horns o' the moon; And with those hands, that grasp'd the heaviest (die:

Subdue my worthiest self. The witch shall To the young Roman boy she hath sold me, and I fall

Under this plot: she dies for't.-Eros, ho! Exit.

SCENE XIII .- ALEXANDRIA. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Cleopatra, Charmian, Iras, and Mardian.

Cleo. Help me, my woman! O, he is more mad Than Telamon for his shield; the boar of Thes-Was never so emboss'd.

To the monument! Char. There lock yourself, and send him word you

are dead. The soul and body rive not more in parting

Than greatness going off. To the monument!-Mardian, go tell him I have slain myself: Say that the last I spoke was Antony And word it, pr'ythee, piteously: hence, Mar-

dian: And bring me how he takes my death.-Exeunt. To the monument!

SCENE XIV .- ALEXANDRIA. Another Room.

Enter ANTONY and EROS.

Ant. Eros, thou yet behold'st me? Eros. Ay, noble lord.

dragonish; A vapour sometime like a bear or lion, A tower'd citadel, a pendant rock, A forked mountain, or blue promontory With trees upon't, that nod unto the world, And mock our eyes with air: thou hast seen these signs;

They are black vesper's pageants.

Eros. Ay, my lord. Ant. That which is now a horse, even with a thought

The rack dislimns; and makes it indistinct, As water is in water.

Eros. It does, my lord. Ant. My good knave Eros, now thy captain Even such a body: here I am Antony; Yet cannot hold this visible shape, my knave. I made these wars for Egypt; and the queen,— Whose heart I thought I had, for she had mine; Which, whilst it was mine, had annex'd unto't A ntillion more now lost,—she, Eros, has Pack'd cards with Cæsar, and false-play'd my

glory Unto an enemy's triumph .-Nay, weep not, gentle Eros; there is left us Ourselves to end ourselves .-

Enter MARDIAN.

O, thy vile lady!

She has robb'd me of my sword. Mar. No, Antony; My mistress lov'd thee, and her fortunes mingled

With thine entirely.

Hence, saucy eunuch; peace! Ant. She hath betray'd me, and shall die the death. Mar. Death of one person can be paid but once.

And that she has discharg'd: what thou wouldst Is done unto thy hand: the last she spake Was, Antony! most noble Antony!

Then in the midst a tearing groan did break The name of Antony; it was divided Between her heart and lips: she render'd life,

Thy name so buried in her. Ànt. Dead then?

Mar. Dead. Ant. Unarm, Eros; the long day's task is Safe And we must sleep.—That thou depart'st hence Does pay thy labour richly; go.

Exit MARDIAN. Off, pluck off;---

The sevenfold shield of Ajax cannot keep The battery from my heart. O, cleave, my sides!

Heart, once be stronger than thy continent, Crack thy frail case!—Apace, Eros, apace.— No more a soldier.—Bruised pieces, go; You have been nobly borne.—From awhile .-Exit EROS.

I will o'ertake thee, Cleopatra, and Weep for my pardon. So it must be, for now All length is torture.—Since the torch is out, Lie down, and stray no further: now all labour Mars what it does; yea, very force entangles Itself with strength: seal then, and all is done .-Eros!-I come, my queen.-Eros!-stay for me: hand.

Where souls do couch on flowers, we'll hand in Ant. Sometime we see a cloud that's And with our sprightly port make the ghosts gaze:

Dide and her Æneas shall want troops. And all the haunt be ours.—Come, Eros, Eros!

Re-enter Eros.

Eros. What would my lord? Since Cleopatra died, Ant. I have hy'd in such dishonour that the gods Detest my baseness. I, that with my sword Quarter'd the world, and o'er green Neptune's

back With ships made cities, condemn myself to lack The courage of a woman; less noble mind Than she which by her death our Cæsar tells, I am conqueror of myself. Thou art sworn,

Eros, That, when the exigent should come, -which

now Is come indeed-when I should see behind me

The inevitable prosecution of Disgrace and horror, that, on my command, Thou then wouldst kill me: do't; the time is come:

Thou strik'st not me, 'tis Cæsar thou defeat'st. Put colour in thy cheek.

Eros. The gods withhold me!
Shall I do that which all the Parthian darts,
Though enemy, lost aim, and could not?
Ant.

Wouldst thou be window'd in great Rome, and
see

Thy master thus with pleach'd arms, bending down

His corrigible neck, his face subdu'd

To penetrative shame; whilst the wheel'd seat
Offortunate Cæsar, drawn before him, branded
His baseness that ensu'd?

Eros. I would not see't.

Ant. Come, then; for with a wound I must
be cur'd.

Draw that thy honest sword, which thou hast worn

Most useful for thy country.

Eros. O, sir, pardon me!

Ant. When I did make thee free, swor'st
thou not then

To do this when I bade thee? Do it at once; Or thy precedent services are all But accidents unpurposed. Draw and come

But accidents unpurpos'd. Draw, and come.

Eros. Turn from me then that noble countenance,

Wherein the worship of the whole world lies.

Ant. Lo thee! [Turning from him.]

Eros. My sword is drawn.

Ant. Then let it do at once
The thing why thou hast drawn it.

Eros. My dear master, My dear master, My captain and my emperor, let me say, Refore I strike this bloody stroke, farewell

Before I strike this bloody stroke, farewell.

Ant. 'Tis said, man;—and farewell.

Eros. Farewell, great chief. Shall I strike
now?

Ant. Now, Eros. Eros. Why, there then [falls on his sword]:—thus do I escape the sorrow

Of Antony's death.

Ant. Thrice nobler than myself!
Thou teachest me, O valiant Eros, what [Eros I should, and thou couldst not. My queen and Have, by their brave instruction, got upon me

A nobleness on record: but I will be A bridegroom in my death, and run into't As to a lover's bed. Come, then; and, Eros, Thy master dies thy scholar: to do thus

[Falling on his sword.]
I learn'd of thee. How! not dead? not dead?—
The guard, ho!—O, despatch me!

Enter DERCETAS and Guard.

I Guard. What's the noise?

Ant. I have done my work ill, friends: O.
make an end
Of what I have begun.

2 Guard. The star is fallen.
I Guard. And time is at his period.

All. Alas, and woe!

Ant. Let him that loves me, strike me dead.

I Guard. Not I.

2 Guard. Nor I.

3 Guard. Nor any one. [Exeunt Guard. Der. Thy death and fortunes bid thy followers fly. [ings,

This sword but shown to Cæsar, with this tid-Shall enter me with him.

Enter DIOMEDES.

Dio. Where's Antony?
Der. There, Diomed, there.
Dio. Lives he?

Wilt thou not answer, man?

Ant. Art thou there, Diomed? Draw thy sword, and give me
Sufficing strokes for death.

Dio. Most absolute lord, My mistress Cleopatra sent me to thee.

Ant. When did she send thee?

Dio. Now, my lord.
Ant. When

Ant. Where is she?

Dio. Lock'd in her monument. She had a prophesying fear

Of what hath come to pass: for when she saw,— Which never shall be found,—you did suspect She had dispos'd with Cæsar, and that your rage

Would not be purg'd, she sent you word she was dead;

But, fearing since how it might work, hath sent Me to proclaim the truth; and I am come, I dread, too late.

I dread, too late.

Ant. Too late, good Diomed.—Call my guard. I prythee.

guard, I pr'ythee.

Dio. What, ho! the emperor's guard! The guard, what, ho!

Come, your lord calls?

Enter some of the Guard.

Ant. Bear me, good friends, where Cleopatra bides;

'Tis the last service that I shall command you.

I Guard. Woe, woe are we, sir, you may
not live to wear

All your true followers out.

All. Most heavy day!
Ant. Nay, good my fellows, do not please
sharp fate [come
To grace it with your sorrows: bid that wel-

Which comes to punish us, and we punish it, Seeming to bear it lightly. Take me up: I have led you oft: carry me now, good friends, And have my thanks for all.

Exeunt, bearing Antony.

Scene XV.—Alexandria. A Monument.

Enter, above Cleopatra, Charmian, and Iras.

Cleo. O Charmian, I will never go from hence.

Char. Be comforted, dear madam. Ceo. No, I will not: All strange and terrible events are welcome, But comforts we despise; our size of sorrow,

But comforts we despise; our size of sorrow, Proportion'd to our cause, must be as great As that which makes it.—

Enter, below, DIOMEDES.

How now! is he dead?

Dio. His death's upon him, but not dead. Look out o' the other side your monument; His guard have brought him thither. Enter, below, ANTONY, borne by the Guard.

O sun. Burn the great sphere thou mov'st in!-dark-

ling stand The varying shore o' the world .- O Antony, Antony, Antony!-Help, Charmian; help, Iras,

help, Help, friends below;-let's draw him hither.

Peace! Ant. Not Cæsar's valour hath o'erthrown Antony, But Antony's hath triumph'd on itself.

Cleo. So it should be, that none but Antony Should conquer Antony; but woe 'tis so! Ant. I am dying, Egypt, dying; only

I here importune death awhile, until Of many thousand kisses the poor last I lay upon thy lips.

Cleo. I dare not, dear,-Dear my lord, pardon,—I dare not, Lest I be taken: not the imperious show Of the full-fortun'd Cæsar ever shall have Be brooch'd with me; if knife, drugs, serpents Edge, sting, or operation, I am safe; Your wife Octavia, with her modest eyes And still conclusion, shall acquire no honour Demuring upon me.-But come, come, An-

tony, lup:-Help me, my women,—we must draw thee Assist, good friends.

Ant. O, quick, or I am gone.

Cleo. Here's sport indeed!—How heavy weighs my lord!

Our strength is all gone into heaviness, That makes the weight: had I great Juno's power, [up,

The strong-wing'd Mercury should fetch thee And set thee by Jove's side. Yet come a little,-[come; Wishers were ever fools,-O, come, come,

They draw ANTONY up. And welcome, welcome! die where thou hast liv'd:

Quicken with kissing: had my lips that power, Thus would I wear them out. All.

A heavy sight! Ant. I am dying, Egypt, dying: Give me some wine, and let me speak a little.

Cleo. No, let me speak; and let me rail so high wheel.

That the false housewife Fortune break her Provok'd by my offence.

Ant. One word, sweet queen: Of Cæsar seek your honour, with your safety.-01

Cleo. They do not go together.

Gentle, hear me: None about Cæsar trust but Proculeius.

Cleo. My resolution and my hands I'll trust: None about Cæsar.

Ant. The miserable change now at my end Lament nor sorrow at: but please your thoughts In feeding them with those my former fortunes Wherein I liv'd, the greatest prince o' the world,

The noblest; and do now not basely die, Not cowardly put off my helmet to My countryman, a Roman by a Roman Valiantly vanquish'd. Now my spirit is going: I can no more.

Cleo. Noblest of men, woo't die? Hast thou no care of me? shall I abide In this dull world, which in thy absence is No better than a sty?-O, see, my women,

[ANTONY dies. The crown o' the earth doth melt .- My lord!-O, wither'd is the garland of the war, The soldier's pole is fallen: young boys and Are level now with men: the odds is gone, And there is nothing left remarkable Beneath the visiting moon. Faints.

O, quietness, lady! Char.

Iras. She is dead too, our sovereign. Lady,-Char.

Madam .-Char. O madam, madam, madam,

Royal Egypt, Iras. Empress,

Char. Peace, peace, Iras! manded Cleo. No more, but e'en a woman, and com-By such poor passion as the maid that milks And does the meanest chares.—It were for me To throw my sceptre at the injurous gods; To tell them that this world did equal theirs Till they had stol'n our jewel. All's but naught Patience is sottish, and impatience does Become a dog that's mad: then is it sin To rush into the secret house of death Ere death dare come to us?-How do you

women? [Charmian! What, what! good cheer! Why, how now,

My noble girls!—Ah, women, women, look, Our lamp is spent, it's out!—Good sirs, take heart:inoble,

We'll bury him; and then, what's brave, what's Let's do it after the high Roman fashion And make death proud to take us. Come, away:

This case of that huge spirit now is cold: Ah, women, women!-Come; we have no friend

But resolution, and the briefest end. [Exeunt; those above bearing off ANTONY'S body.

ACT V.

Scene I .- CESAR'S Camb before Alexandria.

Enter Cæsar, Agrippa, Dolabella, Me-CÆNAS, GALLUS, PROCULEIUS, and others.

Cæs. Go to him, Dolabella, bid him yield; Being so frustrate, tell him that he mocks The pauses that he makes. Dol. Cæ

Cæsar, I shall. [Exit.

Enter DERCETAS with the sword of ANTONY.

Cæs. Wherefore is that? and what art thou that dar'st

Appear thus to us? I am call'd Dercetas; Mark Antony I serv'd, who best was worthy Best to be serv'd: whilst he stood up and spoke, He was my master; and I wore my life To spend upon his haters. If thou please To take me to thee, as I was to him I'll be to Cæsar; if thou pleasest not, I yield thee up my life.

Cæs. What is't thou say'st?

Der. I say, O Cæsar, Antony is dead.

Cæs. The breaking of so great a thing should

A greater crack: the round world Should have shook lions into civil streets, And citizens to their dens. The death of Antony

Is not a single doom; in the name lay A moiety of the world.

Der. He is dead, Cæsar;
Not by a public minister of justice,
Nor by a hred knife; but that self hand
Which writ his honour in the acts it did
Hath, with the courage which the heart did
lend it,

Splitted the heart.—This is his sword; I robb'd his wound of it; behold it stain'd With his most puble blood

With his most noble blood.

Cæs.

Look vou sad, friends?

The gods rebuke me, but it is tidings
To wash the eyes of kings.

Agr. And strange it is

Agr. And strange it is That nature must compel us to lament Our most persisted deeds.

Mec. His taints and honours Weigh'd equal with him.

Agr. A rarer spirit never
Did steer humanity: but you, gods, will give us
Some faults to make us men. Cæsar is touch'd.
Mec. When such a spacious mirror's set
before him,

He needs must see himself.

Cæs. O Antonyl
I have follow'd thee to this.—But we do lance
Diseases in our bodies: I must perforce
Have shown to thee such a declining day
Or look on thine; we could not stall together
In the whole world: but yet let me lament,
With tears as sovereign as the blood of hearts,
That thou, my brother, my competitor
In top of all design, my mate in empire,
Friend and companion in the front of war,
The arm of mine own body, and the heart
Where mine his thoughts did kindle,—that
our stars,

Unreconciliable, should divide
Our equalness to this.—Hear me, good
friends,—
But I will tell you at some meeter season:

Enter a Messenger.

The business of this man looks out of him; We'll hear him what he says.—Whence are you? Mess. A poor Egyptian yet. The queen my mistress,

Confin'd in all she has, her monument, Of thy intents desires instruction, That she preparedly may frame herself To the way she's forc'd to.

Cæs. Bid her have good heart: She soon shall know of us, by some of ours, How honourable and how kindly we Determine for her; for Cæsar cannot learn To be ungentle.

Mess. So the gods preserve thee! [Exit. Cæs. Come hither, Proculeius. Go, and say We purpose her ne shame: give her what

comforts

The quality of her passion shall require Lest, in her greatness, by some mortal stroke She do defeat us; for her life in Rome Would be eternal in our triumph: go, And with your specifiest bring us what she says, And how you find of her.

And with your speciment.

And how you find of her.

Pro.

Cæsar, I shall. [Exit.

Cæs. Gallus, go you along.—[Exit GALLUS.]

Where's Dolabella,

To second Proculeius?

Agr. and Mec. Dolabella!

Cæs. Let him alone, for I remember now How he's employ'd: he shall in time be ready. Go with me to my tent; where you shall see How hardly I was drawn into this war; How calm and gentle I proceeded stil nall my writings; go with me, and see What I can show in this.

[Exeunt.

Scene II.—Alexandria. A Room in the Monument.

Enter CLEOPATRA, CHARMIAN, and IRAS.

Cleo. My desolation does begin to make A better life. 'The paltry to be Cæsar; Not being Fortune, he's but Fortune's knave, A minister of her will: and it is great To do that thing that ends all other deeds; Which shackles accidents and bolts up change; Which sleeps, and never palates more the dug, The beggar's nurse and Cæsar's.

Enter, to the gates of the Monument, PRO-CULEIUS, GALLUS, and Soldiers.

Pro. Cæsar sends greeting to the Queen of Egypt;

And bids thee study on what fair demands Thou mean'st to have him grant thee.

Cleo. What's thy name?
Pro. My name is Proculeius.
Cleo. Antony

Did tell me of you, bade me trust you; but I do not greatly care to be deceiv'd. That have no use for trusting. If your master Would have a queen his beggar, you must tell him

That majesty, to keep decorum, must No less beg than a kingdom: if he please To give me conquer'd Egypt for my son, He gives me so much of mine own as I Will kneel to him with thanks.

Pro.

Be of good cheer;
You are fallen into a princely hand, fear nothing:
Linke your full reference freely to my lord,
Who is so full of grace that it flows over
On all that need: let me report to him
Your sweet dependency; and you shall find
A conqueror that will pray in aid for kindness
Where he for grace is kneel'd to.

Cleo.

I am his fortune's vassal, and I send him
The greatness he has got. I hourly learn
A doctrine of obedience; and would gladly
Look him, if the face.

A doctrine of Section 1. Look him i' the face.

Pro. This PH report, dear lady.

Have comfort, for I know your plight is pitied

Of him that caus'd it.

Gal. You see how easily she may be surpris'd:

[Here PROCULEIUS and two of the Guard ascend the Monument by a ladder placed against a window, and, having descended come behind CLEOPATRA. Some of the Guard unbar and open the gates.

Guard her till Cæsar come.

To PRO. and the Guard. Exit.

Iras. Royal queen!

Char. O Cleopatra! thou art taken, queen! Cleo. Quick, quick, good hands.

Drawing a dagger. Hold, worthy lady, hold: Seizes and disarms her.

Do not yourself such wrong, who are in this Reliev'd, but not betray'd. What, of death too, Cleo.

That rids our dogs of languish?

Pro. Cleopatra, Do not abuse my master's bounty by The undoing of yourself: let the world see His nobleness well acted, which your death Will never let come forth.

Where art thou, death? Cleo. Come hither, come! come, come, and take a

queen

Worth many babes and beggars! Pro. O, temperance, lady! Cleo. Sir, I will eat no meat, I'll not drink,

SIT; If idle talk will once be accessary,

I'll not sleep neither: this mortal house I'll ruin, Do Cæsar what he can. Know, sir, that I Will not wait pinion'd at your master's court; Nor once be chastis'd with the sober eye Of dull Octavia. Shall they hoist me up, And show me to the shouting varletry Of censuring Rome? Rather a ditch in Egypt Be gentle grave unto me! rather on Nilus' mud Lay me stark nak'd, and let the water-flies Blow me into abhorring! rather make My country's high pyramides my gibbet, And hang me up in chains!

You do extend These thoughts of horror further than you shall Find cause in Cæsar.

Enter DOLABELLA.

Dol. Proculeius. What thou hast done thy master Cæsar knows. And he hath sent for thee; as for the queen. I'll take her to my guard.

Pro. So. Dolabella It shall content me best: be gentle to her .-To Cæsar I will speak what you shall please, To CLEOPATRA.

If you'll employ me to him. Say I would die. Cleo.

Exeunt PROCULEIUS and Soldiers. Dol. Most noble empress, you have heard of me?

Cleo. I cannot tell.

Dol. Assuredly you know me. Cleo. No matter, sir, what I have heard or known. dreams: You laugh when boys or women tell their

Is't not your trick? Dol. I understand not, madam. •

Cleo. I dream'd there was an emperor

Antony:-

O, such another sleep, that I might see But such another man!

If it might please you,-Dol. Cleo. His face was as the heavens; and therein stuck

A sun and moon, which kept their course, and lighted

The little O, the earth.

Most sovereign creature. Dol. Cleo. His legs bestrid the ocean: his rear'd

Crested the world: his voice was propertied As all the tuned spheres, and that to friends: But when he meant to quail and shake the orb, He was as rattling thunder. For his bounty, There was no winter in't; an autumn 'twas That grew the more by reaping: his delights Were dolphin-like; they show'd his back above The element they hv'd in: in his livery Walk'd crowns and crownets; realms and islands were

As plates dropp'd from his pocket.

Cleopatra,-Dol. Cleo. Think you there was or might be such a man

As this I dream'd of?

Dol. Gentle madam, no. Cleo. You lie, up to the hearing of the gods. But if there be, or ever were, one such, It's past the size of dreaming: nature wants

stuff To vie strange forms with fancy: yet to imagine An Antony were nature's peace 'gainst fancy, An Antony were managed of the Condemning shadows quite.

No!

Hear me, good madam.

Your loss is, as yourself, great; and you bear it As answering to the weight: would I might never

O'ertake pursu'd success, but I do feel, By the rebound of yours, a grief that smites My very heart at root.

Cleo. I thank you, sir.

Know you what Cæsar means to do with me? Dol. I am loth to tell you what I would you knew.

Cleo. Nay, pray you, sir,-

Dol. Though he be honourable,-Cleo. He'll lead me, then, in triumph? Dol. Madam, he will, [Flourish within. I know it.

Within. Make way there, - Cæsarl

Enter CÆSAR, GALLUS, PROCULEIUS, MECENAS, SELEUCUS, and Attendants.

Cæs. Which is the Queen of Egypt?

Dol. It is the emperor, madam. [CLEOPATRA kneels.

Cæs. Arise, you shall not kneel:-I pray you rise; rise, Egypt.

Cleo. Sir, the gods Will have it thus; my master and my lord I must obey.

Cæs. Take to you no hard thoughts: The record of what injuries you did us, Though written in our flesh, we shall remember

As things but done by chance. Cleo. Sole sir o' the world.

I cannot project mine own cause so well To make it clear: but do confess I have

Been laden with like frailties which before Have often sham'd our sex.

Cleopatra, know We will extenuate rather than enforce: If you apply yourself to our intents,-Which towards you are most gentle,—you shall A benefit in this change; but if you seek To lay on me a cruelty, by taking Antony's course, you shall bereave yourself

Of my good purposes, and put your children To that destruction which I'll guard them from, If thereon you rely. I'll take my leave.

Cleo. And may, through all the world: 'tis

yours; and we, Your scutcheons and your signs of conquest,

[good lord. Here, my Hang in what place you please. Cæs. You shall advise me in all for Cleopatra. Cleo. This is the brief of money, plate, and jewels

I am possess'd of: 'tis exactly valued; [cus? Not petty things admitted.—Where's Seleu-Sel. Here, madam. [my lord, Cleo. This is my treasurer: let him speak,

Upon his peril, that I have reserv'd To myself nothing. Speak the truth, Seleucus. Sel. Madam,

I had rather seal my lips than to my peril

Speak that which is not Cleo. What have I kept back? Sel. Enough to purchase what you have made known.

Cæs. Nay, blush not, Cleopatra; I approve Your wisdom in the deed.

See, Cæsar! O, behold, Cleo. How pomp is follow'd! mine will now be yours: [mine. And, should we shift estates, yours would be The ingratitude of this Seleucus does

Even make me wild: O slave, of no more trust Than love that's hir'd-What, goest thou back? thou shalt

Go back, I warrant thee; but I'll catch thine Though they had wings; slave, soulless villain,

O rarely base! Cæs. Good queen, let us entreat you. Cleo. O Cæsar, what a wounding shame is this,-

That thou, vouchsafing here to visit me, Doing the honour of thy lordliness To one so meek, that mine own servant should Parcel the sum of my disgraces by Addition of his envy! Say, good Cæsar, That I some lady trifles have reserv'd, Immoment toys, things of such dignity As we greet modern friends withal; and say, Some nobler token I have kept apart For Livia and Octavia, to induce Their meditation: must I be unfolded With one that I have bred? The gods! It smites me

Beneath the fall I have. Pr'ythee, go hence; [To SELEUCUS.

Or I shall show the cinders of my spirits Through the ashes of my chance. - Wert thou a man,

Thou wouldst have mercy upon me. Cæs. Forbear, Seleucus,

Exit SELEUCUS.

Cleo. Be it known that we, the greatest, are misthought

For things that others do; and when we fall We answer others' ments in our name, And therefore to be pitied

Cæs. Cleopatra.

Not what you have reserv'd, nor what acknowledg'd.

Put we i' the roll of conquest: still be't yours, Bestow it at your pleasure; and beheve Cæsar's no merchant, to make prize with you Of things that merchants sold. Therefore be cheer'd:

Make not your thoughts your prisons: no, dear

queen;

For we intend so to dispose you as Yourself shall give us counsel. Feed and sleep: Our care and pity is so much upon you That we remain your friend; and so, adieu.

Cleo. My master and my lord!

Cæs. Not so. Adieu. [Flourish. Exeunt CESAR and his Train. Cleo. He words me, girls, he words me, that I should not

Be noble to myself: but hark thee, Charmian! [Whispers CHARMIAN.

Iras. Finish, good lady; the bright day is done. And we are for the dark

Cleo. Hie thee again: I have spoke already, and it is provided; Go put it to the haste. Char. Madam, I will.

Re-enter Dolabella.

Dol. Where is the queen? Char. Behold, sir. [Exit.

Cleo. Dolabella! Dol. Madam, as thereto sworn by your command,

Which my love makes religion to obey, I tell you this: Cæsar through Syna Intends his journey; and within three days You with your children will he send before: Make your best use of this: I have perform'd Your pleasure and my promise.

Cleo. Dolabella, I shall remain your debtor.

I your servant. Adieu, good queen; I must attend on Cæsar. Cleo. Farewell, and thanks.

Exit DOLABELLA.

Now, Iras, what think'st thou? Thou, an Egyptian puppet, shalt be shown In Rome as well as I: mechanic slaves, With greasy aprons, rules, and hammers, shall Uplift us to the view; in their thick breaths, Rank of gross diet, shall we be enclouded, And forc'd to drink their vapour.

The gods forbid! Iras. Cleo. Nay, 'tis most certain, Iras:-saucy rhymers Will catch at us like strumpets; and scald Ballad us out o' tune: the quick comedians Extemporally will stage us, and present Our Alexandrian revels; Antony Shall be brought drunken forth, and I shall see Some squeaking Cleopatra boy my greatness

I' the posture of a whore.

O the good gods! Tras.

Cleo. Nay, that's certain.

Iras. I'll never see't; for I am sure my nails Iras. I'll never soot,
Are stronger than mine eyes.
Why, that's the way

To fool their preparation and to conquer Their most absurd intents.

Enter CHARMIAN.

Now, Charmian!-Show me, my women, like a queen.-Go fetch My best attires; -I am again for Cydnus, To meet Mark Antony:—sırrah, Iras, go.— Now, noble Charmian, we'll despatch indeed: And when thou hast done this chare, I'll give all. thee leave To play till doomsday .- Bring our crown and

Wherefore's this noise? Exit IRAS. A noise within.

Enter one of the Guard.

Here is a rural fellow That will not be denied your higness' presence: He brings you figs.

Cleo. Let him come in. Exit Guard. What poor an instrument May do a noble deed! he brings me liberty. My resolution's plac'd, and I have nothing Of woman in me: now from head to foot I am marble-constant; now the fleeting moon No planet is of mine.

Re-enter Guard, with Clown bringing a basket.

This is the man.

Cleo. Avoid, and leave him. [Exit Guard. Hast thou the pretty worm of Nilus there That kills and pains not?

Clown. Truly, I have him: but I would not be the party that should desire you to touch him, for his biting is immortal; those that do die of it do seldom or never recover. [on't?

Cleo. Remember'st thou any that have died Clown. Very many, men and women too. I heard of one of them no longer than yesterday: a very honest woman, but something given to lie; as a woman should not do but in the way of honesty: how she died of the biting of it, what pain she felt,-truly she makes a very good report o' the worm; but he that will believe all that they say shall never be saved by half that they do: but this is most fallible, the worm's an odd worm.

Cleo. Get thee hence; farewell.
Clown. I wish you all joy of the worm.
[Sets down the basket. Cleo. Farewell.

Clown. You must think this, look you, that the worm will do his kind.

Cleo. Ay, ay; farewell. Clown. Look you, the worm is not to be trusted but in the keeping of wise people; for indeed there is no goodness in the worm.

Cleo. Take thou no care; it shall be heeded. Clown. Very good. Give it nothing, I pray you, for it is not worth the feeding. Cleo. Will it eat me?

Clown. You must not think I am so simple but I know the devil himself will not eat a woman: I know that a woman is a dish for

the gods, if the devil dress her not. But, truly, these same whoreson devils do the gods great harm in their women, for in every ten that they make the devils mar five.

Cleo. Well, get thee gone; farewell. Clown. Yes, forsooth: I wish you joy o' the

Exit.

Re-enter IRAS, with a robe, crown, &c.

Cleo. Give me my robe, put on my crown: I have

Immortal longings in me: now no more The juice of Egypt's grape shall moist this

Yare, yare, good Iris; quick.-Methinks I hear Antony call; I see him rouse himself To praise my noble act; I hear him mock The luck of Cæsar, which the gods give men To excuse their after wrath. Husband, I come: Now to that name my courage prove my title!

I am fire and air; my other elements
I give to baser life.—So,—have you done? Come then, and take the last warmth of my hps. Farewell, kind Charmian; —Iras, long farewell.

[Kisses them. IRAS falls and dies.

Have I the aspic in my hps? Dost fall? If thou and nature can so gently part. The stroke of death is as a lover's pinch, Which hurts and is desir'd. Dost thou he still? If thus thou vanishest, thou tell'st the world It is not worth leave-taking.

Char. Dissolve, thick cloud, and rain; that I may say

The gods themselves do weep!

Cleo. This proves me base: If she first meet the curled Antony, He'll make demand of her, and spend that kiss

Which is my heaven to have.-Come, thou mortal wretch, To an asp, which she applies to her breast.

With thy sharp teeth this knot intrinsicate Of life at once untie: poor venomous fool, Be angry, and despatch. O couldst thou speak. That I might hear thee call great Cæsar ass Unpolicied! Char.

O eastern star!

Cleo. Peace, peace! Dost thou not see my baby at my breast

That sucks the nurse asleep? O, break! O, break! Char. Cleo. As sweet as balm, as soft as air, as gentle:-

O Antony!-Nay, I will take thee too:-

[Applying another asp to her arm. What, should I stay,—

Falls on a bed and dies. Char. In this vile world?-So, fare thee well.-

Now boast thee, death, in thy possession lies A lass unparallel'd.—Downy windows, close; And golden Phœbus never be beheld Of eyes again so royal! Your crown's awry; I'll mend it and then play.

Enter the Guard, rushing in.

I Guard. Where is the queen? Char. Speak softly, wake her not. I Guard. Cæsar hath sent,-

Char.

Too slow a messenger. [Applies an asp. O, come apace, despatch: I partly feel thee.

I Guard. Approach, hol all's not well: Cæsar's beguil'd. [call him.

2 Guard. There's Dolabellasent from Cæsar; I Guard. What work is here!—Charmian, is

this well done? cess Char. It is well done, and fitting for a prin-Descended of so many royal kings. Dies. Ah, soldier!

Re-enter DOLABELLA.

2 Guard.

Dol. How goes it here? All dead. Dol.

Cæsar, thy thoughts Touch their effects in this: thyself art coming To see perform'd the dreaded act which thou So sought'st to hinder.

Within. A way there, a way for Cæsar!

Re-enter CÆSAR and his Train.

Dol. O, sir, you are too sure an augurer; That you did fear is done.

Bravest at the last, She levell'd at our purposes, and, being royal, Took her own way.-The manner of their deaths?

I do not see them bleed.

Who was last with them? Dol. I Guard. A simple countryman that brought her figs.

This was his basket.

Cæs. Poison'd then.

O Cæsar, x Guard. This Charmian liv'd but now; she stood and spake:

I found her trimming up the diadem On her dead mistress; tremblingly she stood,

And on the sudden dropp'd. Cæs. O noble weakness!-If they had swallow'd poison 'twould appear

By external swelling: but she looks like sleep,-As she would catch another Antony In her strong toil of grace.

Dol. Here on her breast There is a vent of blood, and something blown: The like is on her arm.

I Guard. This is an aspic's trail: and these fig-leaves

Have slime upon them, such as the aspic leaves Upon the caves of Nile.

Cæs. Most probable That so she died; for her physician tells me She hath pursu'd conclusions infinite Of easy ways to die .- Take up her bed, And bear her women from the monument:-She shall be buried by her Antony: No grave upon the earth shall clip in it A pair so famous. High events as these Strike those that make them; and their story is No less in pity than his glory which Brought them to be lamented. Our army shall In solemn show attend this funeral; And then to Rome.—Come, Dolabella, see High order in this great solemnity. Exeunt.

CYMBELINE

PERSONS REPRESENTED

Two British Captains.

Two Gaolers.

Oueen.

Attendants.

PISANIO, Servant to POSTHUMUS. CORNELIUS, a Physician. Two Lords of CYMBELINE'S Court.

Two Gentlemen of the same.

Queen, Wife to Cymbfline.

HELEN, Woman to IMOGEN.

CYMBELINE, King of Britain. CLOTEN, Son to the Queen by a former Husband. POSTHUMUS LEONATUS, a Gentleman, Husband to IMOGEN.

BELARIUS, a banished Lord, disguised under the name of MORGAN.

GUIDERIUS, Sons to CYMBELINE, disguised under the names of POLY-ARVIRAGUS, DORE and CADWAL, supposed Sons to BELARIUS.

PHILARIO, Friend to POSTHUMUS, LACHIMO, Friend to PHILARIO,

Italians

A French Gentleman, Friend to PHILARIO. CAIUS LUCIUS, General of the Roman Forces. A Roman Captain.

Scene,-Sometimes in Britain; sometimes in Italy.

ACT I.

Scene I.—Britain. The Garden behind Cymbeline's Palace.

Enter two Gentlemen.

r Gent. You do not meet a man but frowns:
our bloods
No more obey the heavens than our courtiers

No more obey the heavens than our courtiers Still seem as does the king.

2 Gent. But what's the matter?
1 Gent. His daughter, and the hear of's king-

dom, whom

He purpos'd to his wife's sole son,—a widow
That late he married,—hath referr'd herself
Unto a poor but worthy gentleman. She's
wedded;

Her husband banish'd; she imprison'd: all Is outward sorrow; though I think the king Be touch'd at very heart.

IMOGEN, Daughter to CYMBELINE by a former

Lords, Ladies, Roman Senators, Tribunes, Ap-

paritions, a Soothsayer, a Dutch Gentleman,

a Spanish Gentleman, Musicians, Officers, Captains, Soldiers, Messengers, and other

2 Gent. None but the king? I Gent. He that hath lost her too: so is the

That most desir'd the match. But not a Although they wear their faces to the bent Of the king's looks, hath a heart that is not

Glad at the thing they scowl at.

2 Gent.

And why so?

I Gent. He that hath miss'd the princess is a thing

Too bad for bad report: and he that hath her,— I mean that married her—alack, good man!— And therefore banish'd,—is a creature such As, to seek through the regions of the earth For one his like, there would be something fail-

In him that should compare. I do not think So fair an outward and such stuff within Endows a man but he.

You speak him far. 2 Gent. I Gent. I do extend him, sir, within himself; Crush him together, rather than unfold

His measure duly.

What's his name and birth? I Gent. I cannot delve him to the root: his father

Was call'd Sicilius, who did join his honour, Against the Romans, with Cassibelan, But had his titles by Tenantius, whom He serv'd with glory and admir'd success,-So gain'd the sur-addition Leonatus: And had, besides this gentleman in question, Two other sons, who, in the wars o' the time, Died with their swords in hand; for which their father.-

Then old and fond of issue,-took such sorrow That he quit being; and his gentle lady, Big of this gentleman, our theme, deceas'd As he was born. The king he takes the babe Tohis protection; calls him Posthumus Leonatus; Breeds him, and makes him of his bed-chamber: Puts to him all the learnings that his time Could make him the receiver of; which he took, As we do air, fast as 'twas minister'd; And in's spring became a harvest: liv'd in

court, Which rare it is to do,—most prais'd, most lov'd; A sample to the youngest; to the more mature

A glass that feated them; and to the graver A child that guided dotards: to his mistress, For whom he now is banish'd,-her own price Proclaims how she esteem'd him and his virtue; By her election may be truly read What kind of man he is.

2 Gent. I honour him Even out of your report. But, pray you, tell

Is she sole child to the king? His only child. r Gent. He had two sons, --- if this be worth your hearing Mark it,---the eldest of them at three years old, I' the swathing clothes the other, from their [knowledge nursery

Were stol'n; and to this hour no guess in Which way they went.

2 Gent. How long is this ago?

I Gent. Some twenty years. [convey'd! 2 Gent. That a king's children should be so So slackly guarded! And the search so slow . That could not trace them!

I Gent. Howsoe'er 'tis strange, Or that the negligence may well be laugh'd at, Yet is it true, sir.

2 Gent. I do well believe you.

I Gent. We must forbear: here comes the gentleman,

The queen, and princess.

Exeunt.

Enter the QUEEN, POSTHUMUS, and IMOGEN. Queen. No, be assur'd you shall not find me,

daughter, After the slander of most stepmothers, Evil-ey'd unto you: you're my prisoner, but Your gaoler shall deliver you the keys mus. That lock up your restraint.-For you, Posthu-So soon as I can win the offended king. I will be known your advocate: marry, yet The fire of rage is in him; and 'twere good You lean'd unto his sentence with what patience Your wisdom may inform you.

Post. Please your highness.

Post.
I will from hence to-day.
You know the peril-I'll fetch a turn about the garden, pitying The pangs of barr'd affections; though the king Hath charg'd you should not speak together.

Exit. Dissembling courtesy! How fine this tyrant Can tickle where she wounds!-My dearest husband,

I something fear my father's wrath; but noth-Always reserv'd my holy duty,-what His rage can do on me. You must be gone; And I shall here abide the hourly shot Of angry eyes; not comforted to live, But that there is this jewel in the world

That I may see again.

Post. My queen! my mistress! O lady, weep no more, lest I give cause To be suspected of more tenderness Than doth become a man! I will remain The loyal'st husband that did e'er plight troth: My residence in Rome at one Philario's, Who to my father was a friend, to me Known but by letter: thither write, my queen, And with mine eyes I'll drink the words you send.

Though ink be made of gall.

Re-enter QUEEN.

Oueen. Be brief, I pray you: If the king come I shall incur I know not How much of his displeasure.—[Aside.] I'll move him

To walk this way: I never do him wrong But he does buy my injuries to be friends Exit.

Pays dear for my offences. Post. Should Should we be taking leave As long a term as yet we have to live, The loathness to depart would grow. Adieu!

Imo. Nay, stay a little: Were you but riding forth to air yourself, Such parting were too petty. Look here, love; This diamond was my mother's: take it, heart; But keep it till you woo another wife,

When Imogen is dead. Post. How, how! another?-You gentle gods, give me but this I have, And sear up my embracements from a next

With bonds of death!-Remain, remain thou [Putting on the ring. here While sense can keep it on! And, sweetest, fairest,

As I my poor self did exchange for you, To your infinite loss, so in our trifles I still win of you: for my sake wear this;

It is a manacle of love, ____ Upon this fairest prisoner. [Putting a bracelet on her arm. O the gods! When shall we see again?

Alack, the king! Post.

Enter CYMBELINE and Lords.

Cym. Thou basest thing, avoid! hence from my sight!

If after this command thou fraught the court With thy unworthiness, thou diest: away! Thou art poison to my blood.

Post. The gods protect you! And bless the good remainders of the court! I am gone.

Imo. There cannot be a pinch in death

More sharp than this is. O disloyal thing,

That shouldst repair my youth, thou heapest A year's age on me! I beseech you, sir,

Imo. Harm not yourself with your vexation: I Am senseless of your wrath; a touch more rare Subdues all pangs, all fears.

Past grace? obedience? Cym.Imo. Past hope, and in despair; that way [my queen! past grace.

Cym. That mightst have had the sole son of Imo. O bless'd that I might not! I chose an eagle,

And did avoid a puttock.

Cym. Thou took'st a beggar; wouldst have made my throne

A seat for baseness.

No; I rather added Imo.A lustre to it.

O thou vile one! Cym.

Imo. Sir. It is your fault that I have lov'd Posthumus: You bred him as my playfellow; and he is A man worth any woman; overbuys me

Almost the sum he pays Cym. What, art thou mad? Imo. Almost, sir: heaven restore me!-Would I were

A neat-herd's daughter, and my Leonatus Our neighbour shepherd's son!

Thou foolish thing!-Cym.

Re-enter QUEEN.

They were again together: you have done [To the Queen. Not after our command. Away with her, And pen her up.

Queen. Beseech your patience.-Peace, Dear lady daughter, peace!-Sweet sovereign, Leave us to ourselves; and make yourself some comfort

Out of your best advice.

Nay, let her languish Cym. drop of blood a day; and, being aged, Die of this folly! [Exit, with Lords. Oueen. Fie! you must give way.

Enter PISANIO.

news?

Pis. My lord your son drew on my master. Queen. Hal

No harm, I trust, is done!

There might have been, But that my master rather play'd than fought, And had no help of anger: they were parted By gentlemen at hand.

Oueen. I am very glad on't. Imo. Your son's my father's friend; he takes his part .-

To draw upon an exile!—O brave sir!-I would they were in Afric both together; Myself by with a needle, that I might prick The goer back.-Why came you from your master?

Pis. On his command: he would not suffer me

To bring him to the haven: left these notes Of what commands I should be subject to. When't pleas'd you to employ me.

Oueen. This hath been Your faithful servant: I dare lay mine honour

He will remain so

Pis. I humbly thank your highness Queen. Pray, walk awhile.

Tmn. About some half hour hence

I pray you, speak with me: you shall at least Go see my lord aboard: for this time leave me. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Britain .- A Public Place.

Enter CLOTEN and two Lords.

r Lord. Sir, I would advise you to shift a shirt; the violence of action hath made you reek as a sacrifice: where air comes out air comes in: there's none abroad so wholesome as that you vent.

Clo. If my shirt were bloody, then to shift

it.—Have I hurt him?

2 Lord. [Aside.] No, faith; not so much as his patience.

I Lord. Hurt him! His body's a passable carcass if he be not hurt: it is a throughfare for steel if it be not hurt.

2 Lord. [Aside.] His steel was in debt: it went o' the back side the town.

Clo. The villain would not stand me. 2 Lord. [Aside.] No; but he fled forward still, toward your face.

I Lord. Stand you! You have land enough of your own: but he added to your having; gave you some ground.

2 Lord. [Aside.] As many inches as you have oceans.—Pupples!

Clo. I would they had not come between us, 2 Lord. [Aside.] So would I, till you had measured how long a fool you were upon the ground.

Clo. And that she should love this fellow, and refuse me!

2 Lord. [Aside.] If it be a sin to make a true election, she is damned. I Lord. Sir, as I told you always, her beauty

and her brain go not together: she's a good sign, but I have seen small reflection of her wit. Here is your servant.—How now, sir! What lest the reflection should hurt her.

Clo. Come, I'll to my chamber. Would there had been some hurt done!

2 Lord. [Aside.] I wish not so; unless it had been the fall of an ass, which is no great hurt. Clo. You'll go with us?

r Lord. I'll attend your lordship.

Clo. Nay, come, let's go together. 2 Lord. Well, my lord. [Exeunt. LINE'S Palace.

Enter IMOGEN and PISANIO.

Imo. I would thou grew'st unto the shores o' the haven.

And questioned'st every sail: if he should write, And I not have it, 'twere a paper lost,

As offer'd mercy is. What was the last That he spake to thee?

Pis. It was, His queen, his queen! Imo. Then wav'd his handkerchief? And kiss'd it, madam. Pis. Imo. Senseless linen! happier therein than I!--

And that was all?

No, madam; for so long Pis. As he could make me with this eye or ear Distinguish him from others, he did keep The deck, with glove, or hat, or handkerchief Still waving, as the fits and stirs of's mind Could best express how slow his soul sail'd on, How swift his ship.

Imo. Thou shouldst have made him

As little as a crow, or less, ere left

To after-eye him.

Pis. Madam, so I did. Imo. I would have broke mine eye-strings, crack'd them, but

To look upon him, till the diminution Of space had pointed him sharp as my needle; Nay, follow'd him till he had melted from The smallness of a gnat to air; and then Have turn'd mine eye and wept .- But, good Pisanio.

When shall we hear from him?

Pis. Be assur'd, madam,

With his next vantage.

Imo. I did not take my leave of him, but had Most pretty things to say: ere I could tell him How I would think on him, at certain hours, Such thoughts and such; or I could make him

swear The shes of Italy should not betray Mine interest and his honour; or have charg'd At the sixth hour of morn, at noon, at midnight, To encounter me with orisons, for then I am in heaven for him; or ere I could Give him that parting kiss which I had set Betwixt two charming words, comes in my father,

And like the tyrannous breathing of the north Shakes all our buds from growing.

Enter a Lady.

Lady.The queen, madam, Desires your highness' company. Imo. Those things I bid you do, get them

despatch'd.-I will attend the queen.

Madam, I shall. [Exeunt. Pis.

Scene IV.—Rome. An Apartment in PHILARIO'S House.

Enter PHILARIO, IACHIMO, a Frenchman, a Dutchman, and a Spaniard.

lach. Believe it, sir, I have seen him in Britain: he was then of a crescent note; ex- ladies in France.

Scene III .- Britain. A Room in Cymbe- pected to prove so worthy as since he hath been allowed the name of: but I could then have looked on him without the help of admiration; though the catalogue of his endowments had been tabled by his side, and I to peruse him by items.

Phi. You speak of him when he was less furnished than now he is with that which makes

him both without and within.

French. I have seen him in France: we had very many there could behold the sun with as firm eyes as he.

lach. This matter of marrying his king's daughter,—wherein he must be weighed rather by her value than his own,-words him, I doubt not, a great deal from the matter.

French. And then his banishment,

Iach. Ay, and the approbation of those that weep this lamentable divorce, under her colours, are wonderfully to extend him; be it but to fortify her judgment, which else an easy battery might lay flat, for taking a beggar without less quality. But how comes it he is to sciourn with How creeps acquaintance? you?

Phi. His father and I were soldiers together; to whom I have been often bound for no less than my life.—Here comes the Briton; let him be so entertained amongst you as suits with gentlemen of your knowing to a stranger of his quality.

Enter Posthumus.

I beseech you all, be better known to this gentleman; whom I commend to you as a noble friend of mine: how worthy he is I will leave to appear hereafter, rather than story him in his own hearing.
French. Sir, we have known together in

Orleans.

Post. Since when I have been debtor to you for courtesies, which I will be ever to pay and yet pay still.

French. Sir, you o'errate my poor kindness: I was glad I did atone my countryman and you; it had been pity you should have been put together with so mortal a purpose as then each bore, upon importance of so slight and trivial a nature.

Post. By your pardon, sir, I was then a young traveller; rather shunned to go even with what I heard than in my every action to be guided by others' experiences: but, upon my mended judgment,-if I offend not to say it is mended,—my quarrel was not altogether slight.

French. Faith, yes, to be put to the arbitre-ment of swords; and by such two that would, by all likelihood, have confounded one the other, or have fallen both.

Iach. Can we, with manners, ask what was

the difference?

French. Safely, I think: 'twas a contention in public, which may, without contradiction, suffer the report. It was much like an argument that fell out last night, where each of us fell in praise of our country mistresses; this gentleman at that time vouching,-and upon warrant of bloody affirmation,-his to be more fair, virtuous, wise, chaste, constant-qualified, and less attemptible than any the rarest of our

Iach. That lady is not now living; or this gentleman's opinion, by this, worn out.

Post. She holds her virtue still, and I my

lach. You must not so far prefer her fore ours

of Italy. Post. Being so far provoked as I was in

France, I would abate her nothing; though I profess myself her adorer, not her friend.

Iach. As fair and as good,—a kind of handin-hand comparison,-had been something too fair and too good for any lady in Brittany. she went before others I have seen, as that diamond of yours out-lustres many I have beheld, I could not but believe she excelled many: but I have not seen the most precious diamond that is, nor you the lady.

Post. I praised her as I rated her: so do I

my stone.

Iach. What do you esteem it at?

Post. More than the world enjoys.

lach. Either your unparagoned mistress is dead, or she's outprized by a trifle.

Post. You are mistaken: the one may be sold or given, if there were wealth enough for the purchase or merit for the gift: the other is not

a thing for sale, and only the gift of the gods.

Iach. Which the gods have given you?

Post. Which, by their graces, I will keep.

Iach. You may wear her in title yours: but, you know, strange fowl light upon neighbour-Your ring may be stolen too: so ing ponds. your brace of unprizeable estimations, the one is but frail and the other casual; a cunning thief or a that-way-accomplished courtier would hazard the winning both of first and last.

Post. Your Italy contains none so accomplished a courtier to convince the honour of my mistress, if in the holding or loss of that you term her frail. I do nothing doubt you have store of thieves; notwithstanding I fear not my ring.

Phi. Let us leave here, gentlemen.

Post. Sir, with all my heart. This worthy signior, I thank him, makes no stranger of me; we are familiar at first.

Iach. With five times so much conversation I should get ground of your fair mistress; make her go back even to the yielding, had I admittance and opportunity to friend.

Post. No, no.

lach. I dare thereupon pawn the molety of my estate to your ring; which, in my opinion, o'ervalues it something: but I make my wager rather against your confidence than her reputation: and, to bar your offence herein too, I durst attempt it against any lady in the world

Post. You are a great deal abused in too bold a persuasion; and I doubt not you sustain what you're worthy of by your attempt.

Iach. What's that?

Post. A repulse: though your attempt, as you call it, deserve more, -a punishment too.

Phi. Gentlemen, enough of this: it came in too suddenly; let it die as it was born, and, I

pray you, be better acquainted. lach. Would I had put my estate and my

neighbour's on the approbation of what I have spoke!

Post. What lady would you choose to assail?

Iach. Yours; whom in constancy you think stands so safe. I will lay you ten thousand ducats to your ring that, commend me to the court where your lady is, with no more advantage than the opportunity of a second conference, and I will bring from thence that honour of hers which you imagine so reserved.

Post. I will wage against your gold gold to it: my ring I hold dear as my finger; 'tis part

lach. You are afraid, and therein the wiser. If you buy ladies' flesh at a million a dram, you cannot preserve it from tainting: but I see you have some religion in you, that you fear,

Post. This is but a custom in your tongue:

you bear a graver purpose, I hope.

lach. I am the master of my speeches; and would undergo what's spoken, I swear.

Post. Will you?-I shall but lend my diamond till your return:-let there be covenants drawn between us: my mistress exceeds in goodness the hugeness of your unworthy thinking: I dare you to this match: here's my ring.

Phi. I will have it no lay.

lach. By the gods, it is one .- If I bring you no sufficient testimony that I have enjoyed the dearest bodily part of your mistress, my ten thousand ducats are yours; so is your diamond too: if I come off, and leave her in such honour as you have trust in, she your jewel, this your jewel, and my gold are yours;—provided I have your commendation for my more free entertainment.

Post. I embrace these conditions; let us have articles betwixt us .- Only, thus far you shall answer: if you make your voyage upon her, and give me directly to understand you have prevail'd, I am no further your enemy; she is not worth our debate: if she remain unseduced, —you not making it appear otherwise,—for your ill opinion and the assault you have made to her chastity you shall answer me with your sword.

Iach. Your hand,-a covenant: we will have these things set down by lawful counsel, and straight away for Britain, lest the bargain should catch cold and starve: I will fetch my gold, and have our two wagers recorded.

Post. Agreed. Exeunt Post. and LACH. French. Will this hold, think you?

Phi. Signior Iachimo will not from it. Pray, let us follow 'em. Exeunt.

SCENE V .- BRITAIN. A Room in CYM-BELINE'S Palace.

Enter QUEEN, Ladies, and CORNELIUS.

Queen. Whiles yet the dew's on ground gather those flowers;

Make haste: who has the note of them?

x Lady. I, madam. Oueen. Despatch .--Exeunt Ladies. Now, master doctor, have you brought those drugs?

Cor. Pleaseth your highness, ay: here they are, madam: [Presenting a small box. But I beseech your grace, without offence,-My conscience bids me ask, -wherefore you

have

Commanded of me these most poisonous com- And every day that comes comes to decay pounds,

Which are the movers of a languishing death; But, though slow, deadly?

I wonder, doctor, Oueen. Thou ask'st me such a question. Have I not been

Thy pupil long? Hast thou not learn'd me how To make perfumes? distil? preserve? yea, so That our great king himself doth woo me oft For my confections? Having thus far pro-

ceeded Unless thou think'st me devilish,—is't not meet That I did amplify my judgment in Other conclusions? I will try the forces Of these thy compounds on such creatures as We count not worth the hanging,-but none

human,-To try the vigour of them, and apply Allayments to their act; and by them gather Their several virtues and effects.

Cor. Your highness Shall from this practice but make hard your heart:

Besides, the seeing these effects will be Both noisome and infectious.

O. content thee .-Oueen. Here comes a flattering rascal; upon him Aside.

Will I first work: he's for his master, And enemy to my son.--

Enter PISANIO.

How now, Pisanio!-Doctor, your service for this time is ended; Take your own way.

Cor. [Aside:] I do suspect you, madam; But you shall do no harm. Oueen. Hark thee, a word.

[To PISANIO. Cor. [Aside.] I do not like her. She doth thuk she has

Strange lingering poisons: I do know her spirit And will not trust one of her malice with A drug of such damn'd nature. Those she has Will stupify and dull the sense awhile; [dogs, Which first perchance she'll prove on cats and Then afterward up higher: but there is No danger in what show of death it makes, More than the locking up the spirits a time, To be more fresh, reviving. She is fool'd With a most false effect; and I the truer So to be false with her.

Queen. No further service, doctor, Until I send for thee. I humbly take my leave. Cor.

Queen. Weeps she still, say'st thou? thou think in time

She will not quench, and let instructions enter Where folly now possesses? Do thou work; When thou shalt bring me word she loves my

Pil tell thee on the instant thou art then As great as is thy master; greater,—for His fortunes all lie speechless, and his name Is at last gasp: return he cannot, nor Continue where he is: to shift his being Is to exchange one misery with another;

A day's work in him. What shalt thou expect, To be depender on a thing that leans,—

Who cannot be new built, nor has no friends [The QUEEN drops the box: PISANIO

So much as but to prop him?—Thou tak'st up

Thou know'st not what; but take it for thy labour:

It is a thing I made, which hath the king Five times redeem'd from death: I do not know What is more cordial:—may, I pr'ythee, take it;

It is an earnest of a further good That I mean to thee. Tell thy mistress how The case stands with her; do't as from thyself. Think what a chance thou changest on; but think

Thou hast thy mistress still,—to boot, my son, Who shall take notice of thee: I'll move the king

To any shape of thy preferment, such As thou'lt desire; and then myself, I chiefly, That set thee on to this desert, am bound To load thy merit richly. Call my women:
Think on my words. [Exit PISANIO.

A sly and constant knave: Not to be shak'd: the agent for his master; And the remembrancer of her to hold

The hand-fast to her lord .- I have given him that Which, if he take, shall quite unpeople her Of liegers for her sweet; and which she after, Except she bend her humour, shall be assur'd

Re-enter PISANIO and Ladies.

To taste of too.

So, so:-well done, well done: The violets, cowslips, and the primroses, Bear to my closet.—Fare thee well, Pisanio; Think on my words.

Exeunt QUEEN and Ladies. And shall do:

But when to my good lord I prove untrue I'll choke myself: there's all I'll do for you. Exit.

Scene VI.-Britain. Another Room in the Palace.

Enter IMOGEN.

Imo. A father cruel and a step-dame false; A foolish suitor to a wedded lady, That hath her husband banish'd; O, that hus-My supreme crown of grief! and those repeated Vexations of it! Had I been thief-stolen,

As my two brothers, happy! but most miserable Is the desire that's glorious: bless'd be those,

How mean soe'er, that have their honest wills, Which seasons comfort.—Who may this be? Fie!

Enter PISANIO and IACHIMO.

Pis. Madam, a noble gentleman of Rome Comes from my lord with letters.

Iach. Change you, madam? The worthy Leonatus is in safety, And greets your highness dearly.

Presents a letter.

Imo. Thanks, good sir: [most rich! You're kindly welcome. Iach. [Aside.] All of her that is out of door If she be furnish'd with a mind so rare, She is alone the Arabian bird; and I

Have lost the wager. Boldness be my friend! Arm me, audacity, from head to foot! Or, like the Parthian, I shall flying fight;

Rather directly fly.

Imo. [Reads.] He is one of the noblest note to whose kindnesses I am most infinitely tied. Reflect upon him accordingly, as you value LEONATUS.

your truest So far I read aloud:

But even the very middle of my heart Is warm'd by the rest, and takes it thankfully.-You are as welcome, worthy sir, as I Have words to bid you; and shall find it so

In all that I can do.

Iach. Thanks, fairest lady.— What, are men mad? Hath nature given them To see this vaulted arch, and the rich cope Of sea and land, which can distinguish 'twixt The fiery orbs above and the twinn'd stones Upon th' unnumber'd beach? and can we not Partition make with spectacles so precious 'Twixt fair and foul?

What makes your admiration? lach. It cannot be i' the eye; for apes and monkeys.

'Twixt two such shes, would chatter this way

and Contemn with mows the other: nor i' the judg-For idiots in this case of favour would Be wisely definite; nor i' the appetite; Sluttery, to such neat excellence oppos'd, Should make desire vomit emptiness,

Not so allur'd to feed. Imo. What is the matter, trow? Iach. The cloyed will, [first That satiate yet unsatisfied desire,

That tub both fill'd and running,-ravening The lamb, longs after for the garbage. Imo. What, dear sir,

Thus raps you? Are you well? Iach. Thanks, madam; well.--Beseech you, sir, desire To PISANIO. My man's abode where I did leave him: he Is strange and peevish.

I was going, sir,

Exit. To give him welcome. Imo. Continues well my lord? His health, beseech you?

lach. Well, madam.

Imo. Is he dispos'd to mirth? I hope he is. Iach. Exceeding pleasant; none a stranger there

So merry and so gamesome: he is call'd The Briton reveller.

When he was here He did incline to sadness; and ofttimes Not knowing why.

I never saw him sad. There is a Frenchman his companion, one An eminent monsieur, that, it seems, much loves A Gallian girl at home: he furnaces fton. The thick sighs from him; whiles the jolly Bri-Your lord, I mean,-laughs from's free lungs, cries, O knows

Can my sides hold, to think that man, -who So fair, and fasten'd to an empery,

By history, report, or his own proof,

What woman is, yea, what she cannot choose But must be,—will his free hours languish for Assured bondage?

Imo. Will my lord say so?

Iach. Ay, madam; with his eyes in flood with laughter.

It is a recreation to be by [heavens know, And hear him mock the Frenchman. But. Some men are much to blame.

Not he, I hope. Imo. Iach. Not he: but yet heaven's bounty to-wards him might

Be us'd more thankfully. In himself 'tis much;

In you,—which I count his beyond all talents,— Whilst I am bound to wonder I am bound To pity too.

What do you pity, sir? Imo. Iach. Two creatures heartily.

Am I one, sir? Imo. You look on me: what wreck discern you in me Deserves your pity?

Iach. Lamentable! What, To hide me from the radiant sun, and solace I' the dungeon by a snuff?

Imo.I pray you, sir, Deliver with more openness your answers To my demands. Why do you pity me? Iach. That others do.

I was about to say, enjoy your—But It is an office of the gods to venge it, Not mine to speak on't.

You do seem to know Imo. Something of me, or what concerns me: pray you.-

Since doubting things go ill often hurts more Than to be sure they do; for certainties Either are past remedies, or, timely knowing, The remedy then born,-discover to me What both you spur and stop

Had I this cheek Iach. To bathe my lips upon; this hand, whose touch, Whose every touch, would force the feeler's soul

To the oath of loyalty; this object, which Takes prisoner the wild motion of mine eye, Fixing it only here; should I, damn'd then,-

Slaver with lips as common as the stairs

That mount the Capitol; join gripes with hands Made hard with hourly falsehood,—falsehood With labour,—then bo-peeping in an eye

Base and unlustrous as the smoky light That's fed with stinking tallow,—it were fit That all the plagues of hell should at one time That all the magnetic Encounter such revolt.

My lord, I fear,

Has forgot Britain.

Iach. And himself. Not I, Inclin'd to this intelligence, pronounce The beggary of his change; but 'tis your graces That from my mutest conscience to my tongue Charms this report out.

Imo. Let me hear no more. Iach. O dearest soull your cause doth strike my heart With pity that doth make me sick! A lady

Would make the great'st king double,—to be partner'd

With tomboys, hir'd with that self-exhibition Which your own coffers yield! with diseas'd ventures,

That play with all infirmities for gold [stuff Which rottenness can lend nature! such boil'd As well might poison poison! Be reveng'd; Or she that bore you was no queen, and you Recoil from your great stock.

Imo.

Reveng'd!

How should I be reveng'd?

If this be true,

As I have such a heart that both mine ears

Must not in haste abuse,—if it be true,

How should I be reveng'd?

Inch.

Live like Diana's priest betwirt cold sheets, Whiles he is vaulting variable ramps, In your despite, upon your purse? Revenge it. I dedicate myself to your sweet pleasure; More noble than that runagate to your bed; And will continue fast to your affection, Still close as sure.

Imo. What ho, Pisanio!
Iach. Let me my service tender on your lips.
Imo. Away!—I do condemn mine ears that
have [able

So long attended thee.—If thou were honour-Thou wouldst have told this tale for virtue, not For such an end thou seek'st,—as base as

strange.
Thou wrong'st a gentleman who is as far
From thy report as thou from honour; and
Solicit'st here a lady that disdains
Thee and the devil alike.—What, ho, Pisanio!—
The king my father shall be made acquainted
Of thy assault: if he shall think it fit
A saucy stranger in his court to mart
As in a Romish stew, and to expound
His beastly mind to us,—he hath a court
He little cares for, and a daughter who
He not respects at all.—What, ho, Pisanio!—
Iach. O happy Leonatus! I may say:

Iden. O happy Leonausi I may say:
The credit that thy lady hath of thee
Deserves thy trust; and thy most perfect goodHer assur'd credit!—Blessed live you long!
A lady to the worthiest sir that ever
Country call'd his! and you his mistress, only
For the most worthiest fit! Give me your
pardon.

I have spoke this to know if your affiance Were deeply rooted; and shall make your lord That which he is new o'er: and he is one The truest manner'd; such a holy witch That he enchants societies unto him; Half all men's hearts are his.

Imo. You make amends.
Iach. He sits 'mongst men like a descended god:

He hath a kind of honour sets him off More than a mortal seeming. Be not angry, Most mighty princess, that I have adventur'd To try your taking of a false report; which hath Honour'd with confirmation your great judg-

In the election of a sir so rare, [him Which you know cannot err: the love I bear Made me to fan you thus; but the gods made you.

Unlike all others, chaffless. Pray, your par-

Imo. All's well, sir: take my power i' the court for yours. [got

lach. My humble thanks. I had almost for-To entreat your grace but in a small request, And yet of moment, too for it concerns Your lord, myself, and other noble friends Are partners in the business.

Imo. Pray, what is't?

Iach. Some dozen Romans of us, and your
lord,— [sums

The best feather of our wing,—have mingled To buy a present for the emperor; Which I, the factor for the rest, have done In France: 'tis plate of rare device, and jewels of rich and exquisite form; their values great; And I am something curious, being strange To hove them in one can be stranged.

And 1 am something curious, being strange
To have them in safe stowage: may it please you
To take them in protection?

Imo. Willingly;

And pawn mine honour for their safety: since My lord hath interest in them, I will keep them In my bed-chamber.

Iach. They are in a trunk,

Attended by my men: I will make bold To send them to you only for this night; I must aboard to-morrow.

Imo. O, no, no. [word Iach. Yes, I beseech; or I shall short my By length'ning my return. From Gallia I cross'd the seas on purpose and on promise To see your grace.

Imo. I thank you for your pains: But not away to-morrow!

Iach.

O, I must, madam:
Therefore I shall beseech you, if you please
To greet your lord with writing, do't to-night:
I have outstood my time; which is material
To the tender of our present.

Imo. I will write.

Send your trunk to me; it shall safe be kept
And truly yielded you. You're very welcome.

ACT II.

Scene I.—Britain. Court before Cym-Beline's Palace.

Enter CLOTEN and two Lords.

Clo. Was there ever man had such luck! when I kissed the jack, upon an up-cast to be hit away! I had a hundred pound on't: and then a whoreson jackanapes must take me up for swearing; as if I borrowed mine oaths of him, and might not spend them at my pleasure.

and might not spend them at my pleasure.

I Lord. What got he by that? You have broke his pate with your bowl.

2 Lord. [Aside.] If his wit had been like

him that broke it, it would have run all out.

Clo. When a gentleman is disposed to swear, it is not for any standers-by to curtail his oaths,

2 Lord. No, my lord; [aside] nor crop the ears of them.

Clo. Whoreson dog!—I give him satisfaction? Would he had been one of my rank!

2 Lord. [Aside.] To have smelt like a fool.

Clo. I am not vexed more at anything in the earth,—a pox on't! I had rather not be so noble as I am; they dare not fight with me,

because of the queen my mother: every jack- To your protection I commend me, gods! slave hath his belly full of fighting, and I must From fairies and the tempters of the night go up and down like a cock that nobody can Guard me, beseech ye! match.

2 Lord. [Aside.] You are cock and capon too; and you crow, cock, with your comb on.

Clo. Sayest thou?

I Lord. It is not fit your lordship should undertake every companion that you give offence to.

Clo. No, I know that: but it is fit I should commit offence to my inferiors.

2 Lord. Ay, it is fit for your lordship only.

Clo. Why, so I say.
I Lord. Did you hear of a stranger that's come to court to-night?

Clo. A stranger, and I not know on't! 2 Lord. [Aside.] He's a strange fellow himself,

and knows it not. I Lord. There's an Italian come; and 'tis

thought, one of Leonatus' friends.

Clo. Leonatus! a banished rascal; and he's another, whatsoever he be. Who told you of this stranger?

I Lord. One of your lordship's pages.

there no derogation in't.

I Lord. You cannot derogate, my lord.

Clo. Not easily, I think.
2 Lord. [Aside.] You are a fool granted;

therefore your issues, being foolish, do not derogate. Clo. Come, I'll go see this Italian: what I

have lost to-day at bowls I'll win to-night of

him. Come, go. 2 Lord. I'll attend your lordship. Exeunt CLOTEN and first Lord. That such a crafty devil as is his mother Should yield the world this ass! a woman that Bears all down with her brain; and this her son Cannot take two from twenty, for his heart, And leave eighteen. Alas, poor princess, Thou divine Imogen, what thou endur'st,-Betwixt a father by thy stepdame govern'd: A mother hourly coining plots; a wooer More hateful than the foul expulsion is Of thy dear husband, than that horrid act Of the divorce he'd make! The heavens hold firm

The walls of thy dear honour; keep unshak'd That temple, thy fair mind; that thou mayst stand

To enjoy thy banish'd lord and this great land! Exit.

SCENE II .- BRITAIN. IMOGEN S Bedchamber; in one part of it a Trunk.

IMOGEN in bed reading; a Lady attending.

Imo. Who's there? my woman Helen? Ladu. Please you, madam.

Imo. What hour is it? Lady.

Almost midnight, madam. mo. I have read three hours, then: mine eyes are weak:

Fold down the leaf where I have left: to bed: Take not away the taper, leave it burning; And if thou canst awake by four o' the clock,

pr'ythee, call me. Sleep hath seiz'd me wholly. [Exit Ladv.

[Sleeps. IACHIMO comes from the trunk. lach. The crickets sing, and man's o'erlabour'd sense

Repairs itself by rest. Our Tarquin thus Did softly press the rushes ere he waken'd The chastity he wounded.—Cytherea, How bravely thou becom'st thy bed! fresh lily!

And whiter than the sheets! That I might touch! But kiss; one kiss!—Rubies unparagon'd, How dearly they do't!—'Tis her breathing that Perfumes the chamber thus: the flame o' the taper

Bows toward her, and would underpeen her lids,

To see the enclosed lights, now canopied Under these windows, white and azure, lac'd With blue of heaven's own tinct.—But my design

To note the chamber:- I will write all down:-Such and such pictures; - there the window: such

The adornment of her bed;-the arras, figures, Clo. Is it fit I went to look upon him? Is Why, such and such; and the contents o' the story,

Ah. but some natural notes about her body Above ten thousand meaner movables Would testify, to enrich mine inventory. O sleep, thou ape of death, lie dull upon her!

And be her sense but as a monument, Thus in a chapel lying!—Come off, come off; [Taking off her bracelet.

As slippery as the Gordian knot was hard!— 'Tis mine; and this will witness outwardly, As strongly as the conscience does within. To the madding of her lord. On her left breast A mole cinque-spotted, like the crimson drops I' the bottom of a cowslip. Here's a voucher Stronger than ever law could make: this secret Will force him think I have pick'd the lock

and ta'en [what end? The treasure of her honour. No more. To Why should I write this down, that's riveted, Screw'd to my memory?—She hath been reading late

The tale of Tereus; here the leaf's turn'd down Where Philomel gave up.—I have enough: To the trunk again, and shut the spring of it. Swift, swift, you dragons of the night, that dawning

May bare the raven's eye! I lodge in fear; Though this a heavenly angel, hell is here Clock strikes.

One, two, three,-Time, time! [Goes into the trunk. Scene closes.

Scene III .- Britain. An Ante-chamber adjoining IMOGEN'S Apartment.

Enter CLOTEN and Lords.

r Lord. Your lordship is the most patient man in loss, the most coldest that ever turned up ace.

Clo. It would make any man cold to lose.

I Lord. But not every man patient after the noble temper of your lordship. You are most Exit Lady. hot and furious when you win.

Clo. Winning will put any man into courage. We must extend our notice.—Our dear son, If I could get this foolish Imogen, I should have gold enough. It's almost morning, is't not?

I Lord. Day, my lord. Clo. I would this music would come: I am advised to give her music o' mornings; they say it will penetrate.

Enter Musicians.

Come on; tune: if you can penetrate her with your fingering, so; we'll try with tongue too: if none will do, let her remain; but I'll never give o'er. First, a very excellent good-con-ceited thing; after a wonderful sweet air, with admirable rich words to it,—and then let her consider.

SONG.

Hark, hark! the lark at heaven's gate sings, And Phoebus 'gms arise, His steeds to water at those springs On chalc'd flowers that hes; And winking Mary-buds begin To ope their golden eyes; With everything that pretty is: My lady sweet, arise; Arise, arise!

So, get you gone. If this penetrate, I will consider your music the better: if it do not, it is a vice in her ears; which horse-hairs and calves' guts, nor the voice of unpaved eunuch to boot, can never mend. Exeunt Musicians.

2 Lord. Here comes the king.

Clo. I am glad I was up so late; for that's the reason I was up so early: he cannot choose but take this service I have done fatherly .--

Enter CYMBELINE and OUEEN.

Good-morrow to your majesty and to my [daughter? gracious mother. Cym. Attend you here the door of our stern

Will she not forth?

Clo. I have assailed her with music, but she vouchsafes no notice.

Cym., The exile of her minion is too new; She hath not yet forgot him: some more time Must wear the print of his remembrance out,

And then she's yours.

You are most bound to the king, Who lets go by no vantages that may Prefer you to his daughter. Frame yourself To orderly solicits, and be friended With aptness of the season; make denials Increase your services; so seem as if You were inspir'd to do those duties which You tender to her; that you in all obey her, Save when command to your dismission tends,

And therein you are senseless. Senseless! not so. Clo.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. So like you, sir, ambassadors from Rome;

The one is Caius Lucius.

Cym.A worthy fellow. Albeit he comes on angry purpose now; But that's no fault of his: we must receive him According to the honour of his sender; lus, And towards himself, his goodness forespent on If you'll be patient I'll no more be mad;

When you have given good-morning to your mistress.

Attend the queen and us; we shall have need To employ you towards this Roman.-Come,

[Excunt CYM., QUEEN., Lords, and Mess. Clo. If she be up, I'll speak with her; if not, Let her lie still and dream.—By your leave, Knocks.

I know her women are about her: what If I do line one of their hands? 'Tis gold Which buys admittance: oft it doth: yea, and

makes Diana's rangers false themselves, yield up Their deer to the stand o' the stealer; and 'tis

gold thief: Which makes the true man kill'd and saves the Nay, sometimes hangs both thief and true man: what

Can it not do and undo? I will make One of her women lawyer to me; for I yet not understand the case myself. Knocks. By your leave.

Enter a Lady.

Lady. Who's there that knocks?

Clo. A gentleman Lady. No more?

Clo. Yes, and a gentlewoman's son. Lady. That's more

Than some, whose tailors are as dear as yours, Can justly boast of. What's your lordship's pleasure?

Clo. Your lady's person: is she ready? Lady.

To keep her chamber.

Clo. There is gold for you; sell me your good report. of you

Lady. How! my good name? or to report What I shall think is good?-The princess!

Enter IMOGEN.

Clo. Good-morrow, fairest: sister, your sweet hand. [much pains Imo. Good-morrow, sir. You lay out too

For purchasing but trouble: the thanks I give Is telling you that I am poor of thanks.

And scarce can spare them.

Still, I swear I love you. Clo. Imo. If you but said so, 'twere as deep with

If you swear still, your recompense is still

that I regard it not. This is no answer. Clo.

Imo. But that you shall not say I yield, being silent, I would not speak. I pray you, spare me: I shall unfold equal discourtesy [knowing To your best kindness: one of your great

Should learn, being taught, forbearance. Clo. To leave you in your madness 'twere

my sin: I will not.

Imo. Fools are not mad folks.

Clo. Do you call me fool? Imo. As I am mad, I do:

That cures us both. I am much sorry, sir, You put me to forget a lady's manners By being so verbal: and learn now, for all, That I, which know my heart, do here pronounce,

By the very truth of it, I care not for you; And am so near the lack of charity,— To accuse myself,-I hate you; which I had

rather You felt than make't my boast.

You sin against Clo. Obedience, which you owe your father. For The contract you pretend with that base wretch,-

One bred of alms and foster'd with cold dishes, With scraps o' the court,-it is no contract, none:

And though it be allow'd in meaner parties, Yet who than he more mean?-to knit their

souls,-On whom there is no more dependency But brats and beggary,—in self-figur'd knot; Yet you are curb'd from that enlargement by The consequence o' the crown; and must not soil

The precious note of it with a base slave, A hilding for a livery, a squire's cloth,

A pantler,—not so eminent.

Profane fellow! · Wert thou the son of Jupiter, and no more But what thou art besides, thou wert too base To be his groom: thou wert dignified enough, Even to the point of envy, if 'twere made Comparative for your virtues, to be styl'd The under-hangman of his kingdom; and hated For being preferr'd so well.

The south fog rot him! Clo. Imo. He never can meet more mischance

than come

To be but nam'd of thee. His meanest garment, That ever hath but chpp'd his body, is dearer In my respect than all the hairs above thee, Were they all made such men.

Enter PISANIO.

How now, Pisanio! Clo. His garment! Now, the devil, Imo. To Dorothy my woman hie thee presently,-

Clo. His garment!

Imo. I am sprited with a fool; Frighted, and anger'd worse .- Go, bid my

Search for a jewel that too casually Hath left mine arm: it was thy master's: shrew If I would lose it for a revenue Of any king's in Europe. I do think I saw't this morning: confident I am Last night 'twas on mine arm; I kiss'd it: I hope it be not gone to tell my lord That I kiss aught but he.

'Twill not be lost. Imo. I hope so: go and search.

Exit PISANIO. You have abus'd me.-His meanest garment?

Imo. Ay, I said so, sir: If you will make 't an action, call witness to 't. Clo. I will inform your father.

Imo. Your mother too: She's my good lady; and will conceive, I hope, But the worse of me. So I leave you, sir, To the worst of discontent. Exit. Clo.

I'll be reveng'd:-His meanest garment!-Well. Exti.

Scene IV .- Rome. An Apartment in PHILARIO'S House.

Enter Posthumus and Philario.

Post. Fear it not, sir: I would I were so sure To win the king as I am bold her honour Will remain hers.

What means do you make to him? Phı. Post. Not any; but abide the change of time; Quake in the present winter's state, and wish That warmer days would come: in these sear'd hopes

I barely gratify your love; they failing, I must die much your debtor.

Phi. Your very goodness and your company O'erpays all I can do. By this your king Hath heard of great Augustus: Casus Lucius Will do's commission throughly: and I think He'll grant the tribute, send the arrearages. Or look upon our Romans, whose remembrance Is yet fresh in their grief.

Post. I do believe,-Statist though I am none, nor like to be,-That this will prove a war; and you shall hear The legions now in Gailia sooner landed In our not-feating Britain than have tidings Of any penny tribute paid. Our countrymen Are men more ordered than when Julius Cæsar Smil'd at their lack of skill, but found their courage

Worthy his frowning at: their discipline, Now mingled with their courage,-will make known

To their approvers they are people such That mend upon the world. Phi. See! Iachimo!

Enter IACHIMO.

Post. The swiftest harts have posted you by land;

And winds of all the corners kiss'd your sails, To make your vessel nimble.

Phi. Welcome, sir. Post I hope the briefness of your answer

made The speediness of your return

[me

Iach. Your lady Is one of the fairest that I have look'd upon.

Post. And therewithal the best; or let her beauty

Look through a casement to allure false hearts, And be false with them.

Iach. Here are letters for you.

Iach.
Post. Their tenor good, I trust.
'Tis very like. Iach. Phi. Was Caius Lucius in the Britain court When you were there?

Iach. He was expected then, But not approach'd.

Post. All is well yet .-Sparkles this stone as it was wont? or is't not

Too dull for your good wearing?

Iach. I should have lost the worth of it in gold. I'll make a journey twice as far, to enjoy A second night of such sweet shortness which Was mine in Britain; for the ring is won.

Post. The stone's too hard to come by. Iach. Not a whit,

Your lady being so easy.

Make not, sir, Post. Your loss your sport: I hope you know that we Must not continue friends.

Good sir, we must, If you keep covenant. Had I not brought The knowledge of your mistress home, I grant We were to question further: but I now Profess myself the winner of her honour. Together with your ring; and not the wronger Of her or you, having proceeded but By both your wills.

Post. If you can make't apparent That you have tasted her in bed, my hand And ring is yours: if not, the foul opimon You had of her pure honour gains or loses Your sword or mine, or masterless leaves both To who shall find them.

Iach. Sir, my circumstances, Being so near the truth as I will make them, Must first induce you to believe: whose strength I will confirm with oath; which I doubt not You'll give me leave to spare when you shall find

You need it not.

Proceed. Post. Iach. First, her bedchamber,-Where, I confess, I slept not; but profess Had that was well worth watching,-it was hang'd

With tapestry of silk and silver; the story Proud Cleopatra, when she met her Roman, And Cydnus swell'd above the banks, or for The press of boats or pride: a piece of work So bravely done, so rich, that it did strive In workmanship and value; which I wonder'd Could be so rarely and exactly wrought, Since the true life on't was,-

Post. This is true; And this you might have heard of here, by me Or by some other.

More particulars Iach.

Must justify my knowledge.

So they must, Post.

Post.
Or do your honour injury.
The chimney Is south the chamber; and the chimney-piece Chaste Dian bathing: never saw I figures So likely to report themselves: the cutter Was as another nature, dumb; outwent her, Motion and breath left out.

Post. This is a thing Which you might from relation likewise reap:

Being, as it is, much spoke of. Iach. The roof o' the chamber

With golden cherubins is fretted: her andirons,-I had forgot them,—were two winking Cupids

Of silver, each on one foot standing, nicely Depending on their brands.

Post. This is her honour!-Let it be granted you have seen all this,-and praise

If I had lost it Be given to your remembrance,—the description

Of what is in her chamber nothing saves

The wager you have laid.

Then, if you can. [Pulling out the bracelet. Be pale; I beg but leave to air this jewel; see!— And now 'tis up again: it must be married

To that your diamond; I'll keep them. Post.

Once more let me behold it: is it that Which I left with her?

Iach. Sir,-I thank her,-that: She stripp'd it from her arm; I see her yet;

Her pretty action did outsell her gift. And yet enrich'd it too: she gave it me. and said

She priz'd it once.

Post. Maybe she pluck'd it off To send it me.

She writes so to you? doth she? Iach. Post. O, no, no, no! 'tis true. Here, take [Gives the ring. this too: It is a basilisk unto mine eye.

Kills me to look on't .- Let there be no honour

Where there is beauty; truth where semblance; love

Where there's another man: the vows of women Of no more bondage be to where they are made Than they are to their virtues; which is nothing.

O, above measure false!

Have patience, sir. And take your ring again; 'tis not yet won: It may be probable she lost it; or,

Who knows if one o' her women, being corrupted,

Hath stolen it from her?

Very true; Post.

And so I hope he came by't.—Back my ring: Render to me some corporal sign about her, More evident than this; for this was stolen. Iach. By Jupiter, I had it from her arm.

Post. Hark you, he swears; by Jupiter he swears.

'Tis true,-nay, keep the ring,-'tis true: I am She would not lose it: her attendants are All sworn and honourable;-they induc'd to

steal it! And by a stranger!-No, he hath enjoyed her:

The cognizance of her incontinency Is this,—she hath bought the name of whore

thus dearly.-There, take thy hire; and all the fiends of hell

Divide themselves between youl Phi. Sir, be patient:

This is not strong enough to be believ'd

Of one persuaded well of,-Post. Never talk on' t.

She hath been colted by him. If you seek Iach.

For further satisfying, under her breast,— Worthy the pressing,—lies a mole, right proud Of that most delicate lodging: by my life, I kiss'd it; and it gave me present hunger To feed again, though full. You do remember This stain upon her?

Post. Ay, and it doth confirm Another stain, as big as hell can hold,

Were there no more but it.

Will you hear more? Tach. Post. Spare your arithmetic: never count the

furns; Once, and a million!

I'll be sworn, Iach.

No swearing. Post. If you will swear you have not done't, you lie; And I will kill thee if thou dost deny

Thou'st made me cuckold.

Iach. I'll deny nothing. Post. O, that I had her here to tear her limbmeal!

I will go there and do't; i' the court; before Her father: I'll do something,-Exit.

Ouite besides Phi. The government of patience!-You have won: Let's follow him, and pervert the present wrath He hath against himself.

With all my heart. Iach.

Exeunt.

Scene V .- Rome. Another Room in PHILARIO'S House.

Enter POSTHUMUS.

Post. Is there no way for men to be, but

women Must be half-workers? We are all bastards; And that most venerable man which I Did call my father was I know not where When I was stamp'd; some comer with his tools Made me a counterfest: yet my mother seem'd The Dian of that time: so doth my wife The nonpared of this .- O, vengeance, vengeance!-

Me of my lawful pleasure she restrain'd, And pray'd me oft forbearance: did it with A pudency so rosy, the sweet view on't? Might well have warm'd old Saturn; that I

thought her As chaste as unsunn'd snow .- O, all the devils!-

This yellow Iachimo in an hour,—was't not? Or less,-at first?-Perchance he spoke not, but,

Like a full-acorn'd boar, a German one, Cried O! and mounted; found no opposition But what he look'd for should oppose, and she Should from encounter guard. Could I find out The woman's part in me! For there's no motion

That tends to vice in man but I affirm It is the woman's part: be it lying, note it,

The woman's; flattering, hers; deceiving, Lust and rank thoughts, hers, hers; revenges,

Ambitions, covetings, change of prides, disdain, Nice longing, slanders, mutability, All faults that have a name, nay, that hell knows,

Why, hers, in part or all; but rather all;

For ev'n to vice They are not constant, but are changing still One vice, but of a minute old, for one Not half so old as that. I'll write against them Detest them, curse them.—Yet 'tis greater skill In a true hate to pray they have their will: The very devils cannot plague them better.

ACT III.

SCENE L.-BRITAIN. A Room of State in CYMBELINE'S Palace.

Enter, at one side, CYMBELINE, QUEEN, CLOTEN, and Lords; at the other CAIUS LUCIUS and Attendants.

Cym. Now say, what would Augustus Cæsar with us? [brance yet Luc. When Julius Cæsar,-whose remem-

Lives in men's eyes, and will to ears and tongues Be theme and hearing ever,—was in this Britain

And conquer'd it, Cassibelan, thine uncle.-Famous in Cæsar's praises no whit less Than in his feats deserving it,-for him And his succession granted Rome a tribute Yearly three thousand pounds; which by thee lately

Is left untender'd.

Oueen. And, to kill the marvel, Shall be so ever.

There be many Cæsars Ere such another Julius. Britain is A world by itself; and we will nothing pay For wearing our own noses.

That opportunity, Queen. Which then they had to take from's, to resume We have again.—Remember, sir, my liege, The kings your ancestors; together with The natural bravery of your isle, which stands As Neptune's park, ribbed and paled in With rocks unscaleable and roaring waters; With sands that will not bear your enemies'

boats. But suck them up to the top-mast. A kind of Cæsar made here; but made not here his brag A kind of Of came, and saw, and overcame: with shame, The first that ever touch'd him. -he was carried From off our coast, twice beaten; and his shipping,-

Poor ignorant baubles! -- on our terrible seas, Like egg-shells mov'd upon their surges, crack'd

As easily 'gainst our rocks: for joy whereof The fam'd Cassibelan, who was once at point, O, giglot fortune!-to master Cæsar's sword, Made Lud's town with rejoicing fires bright And Britons strut with courage.

Clo. Come, there's no more tribute to be paid: our kingdom is stronger than it was at that time; and, as I said, there is no more such Cæsars: other of them may have crooked noses; but to owe such straight arms, none.

Cym. Son, let your mother end. Clo. We have yet many among us can gripe as hard as Cassibelan: I do not say I am one; but I have a hand.-Why tribute? why should we pay tribute? If Cæsar can hide the sun from us with a blanket, or put the moon in his pocket, we will pay him tribute for light; else, sir, no more tribute, pray you now.

Cym. You must know,

Till the injurious Romans did extort This tribute from us, we were free: Cæsar's ambition,-

Which swell'd so much that it did almost stretch The sides o' the world,—against all colour, here Did put the yoke upon's; which to shake off

Becomes a warlike people, whom we reckon Ourselves to be.

Clo. We do.

Cym. Say then to Cæsar, Our ancestor was that Mulmutius which Ordain'd our laws,-whose use the sword of

Cæsar franchise Hath too much mangled; whose repair and Shall, by the power we hold, be our good deed, Though Rome be therefore angry:-Mulmutius made our laws,

Who was the first of Britain which did but His brows within a golden crown, and call'd

Himself a king.

I am sorry, Cymbeline,

Ameristiis Cæs That I am to pronounce Augustus Cæsar. Cæsar, that hath more kings his servants than Thyself domestic officers,—thine enemy: Receive it from me, then:—War and confusion In Cæsar's name pronounce I 'gainst thee: look For fury not to be resisted .- Thus defied, I thank thee for myself.

Thou art welcome, Caius. Thy Cæsar knighted me; my youth I spent Much under him; of him I gather'd honour; Which he to seek of me again, perforce, Behoves me keep at utterance. I am perfect That the Pannonians and Dalmatians for Their liberties are now in arms,-a precedent Which not to read would show the Britons cold: So Caesar shall not find them.

Luc. Let proof speak. Clo. His majesty bids you welcome. Make

pastime with us a day or two, or longer: if you seek us afterwards in other terms, you shall find us in our salt-water girdle: if you beat us out of it, it is yours; if you fall in the adventure, our crows shall fare the better for you; and there's an end.

Luc. So, sir. mine: Cym. I know your master's pleasure, and he All the remain is, welcome. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- BRITAIN. Another Room in the Palace.

Enter PISANIO with a letter.

Pis. How! of adultery? Wherefore write you not

What monster's her accuser?—Leonatus! O master! what a strange infection Is fallen into thy ear! What false Italian,-As poisonous tongu'd as handed,-hath pre-

vail'd On thy too ready hearing?-Disloyal! No: She's punish'd for her truth; and undergoes, More goddess-like than wife-like, such assaults As would take in some virtue.—O my master! Thy mind to her is now as low as were Thy fortunes.—How! that I should murder her? Upon the love, and truth, and vows which I Have made to thy command?—I, her?—her

blood? If it be so to do good service, never Let me be counted serviceable. How look L That I should seem to lack humanity

So much as this fact comes to? Do't: the letter

That I have sent her, by her own command Shall give thee opportunity:-O damn'd paper! Black as the ink that's on thee! Senseless bauble,

Art thou a fedary for this act, and look'st So virgin-like without? Lo, here she comes. I am ignorant in what I am commanded.

Enter IMOGENE.

Imo. How now, Pisanio!

Pis. Madam, here is a letter from my lord. Imo. Who? thy lord? that is my lord,-Leonatus?

O, learn'd indeed were that astronomer That knew the stars as I his characters; He'd lay the future open .- You good gods, Let what is here contain'd relish of love, Of my lord's health, of his content,-yet not That we two are asunder,-let that greve him; Some griefs are med'cinable; that is one of them,

For it doth physic love; -- of his content All but in that!-Good wax, thy leave:-bless'd You bees that make these locks of counsel!

Lovers

And men in dangerous bonds pray not alike: Though forfeiters you cast in prison, yet You clasp young Cupid's tables.—Good news, gods! -Reads.

Justice, and your father's wrath, should he take me in his dominion, could not be so cruel to me, as you, O the dearest of creatures, would even renew me with your eyes. Take notice that I am in Cambria, at Milford-Haven: what your own love will, out of this, advise you, follow. So he wishes you all happiness that remains loyal to his vow, and your, increasing LEONATUS POSTHUMUS. in love, O for a horse with wings!—Hear'st thou, Pisamo?

He is at Milford-Haven: read, and tell me How far 'tis thither. If one of mean affairs May plod it in a week, why may not I Glide thither in a day?—then, true Pisanio, Who long'st, like me, to see thy lord; who long'st-

O, let me 'bate-but not like me; yet long'st, But in a fainter kind: O, not like me; For mine's beyond beyond,—say, and speak thick,

Love's councillor should fill the bores of hearing To the smothering of the sense,-how far it is To this same blessed Milford: and, by the

way, Tell me how Wales was made so happy as To inherit such a haven: but, first of all, How we may steal from hence; and for the gap That we shall make in time, from our hencehence: going

And our return, to excuse. But first, how get Why should excuse be born or e'er begot? We'll talk of that hereafter. Pr'ythee, speak, How many score of miles may we well ride 'Twixt hour and hour?

One core 'twixt sun and sun, Madam, 's enough for you, and too much too.

Imo. Why, one that rode to's execution, man, Could never go so slow: I have heard of riding wagers,

Where horses have been nimbler than the sands That run i' the clock's behalf:-but this is foolerv:

Go bid my woman feign a sickness; say She'll home to her father: and provide me presently

A riding suit no costlier than would fit A franklin's housewife.

Madam, you're best consider. Pıs. Imo. I see before me, man, nor here, nor here,

Nor what ensues: but have a fog in them That I cannot look through. Away, I pr'ythee; Do as I bid thee: there's no more to say Accessible is none but Milford way. [Excunt.

Scene III .- Wales. A mountainous Country with a Cave.

Enter Belarius, Guiderius, and Arviragus.

Bel. A goodly day not to keep house, with such Whose roof's as low as ours! Stoop, boys: this

Instructs you how to adore the heavens, and bows you

To a morning's holy office: the gates of monarchs

Are arch'd so high that giants may jet through, And keep their impious turbans on, without leaves,
Good-morrow to the sun.—Hail, thou fair And left me bare to weather.

Gui.

Uncertain favour?

We house i' the rock, yet use thee not so hardly As prouder livers do. Gui.

Hail, heaven!

Arv. Hail, heaven! Bel. Now for our mountain sport: up to yond hill,

Your legs are young; I'll tread these flats. Consider,

When you above perceive me like a crow, That it is place which lessens and sets off: And you may then revolve what tales I have told you

Of courts, of princes, of the tricks in war: This service is not service so being done, But being so allow'd: to apprehend thus Draws us a profit from all things we see; And often, to our comfort, shall we find The sharded beetle in a safer hold Than is the full-wing'd eagle. O, this life Is nobler than attending for a check, Richer than doing nothing for a bauble Prouder than rustling in unpaid-for silk: Such gain the cap of him that makes 'em fine, Yet keeps his book uncross'd: no life to ours. Gui. Out of your proof you speak: we, poor

unflegd'd. know not Have never wing'd from view o' the nest; nor What air's from home. Haply this life is best, If quiet life be best; sweeter to you That have a sharper known; well corresponding With your stiff age: but unto us it is A cell of ignorance; travelling abed; A prison for a debtor, that not dares To stride a limit.

What should we speak of When we are old as you? when we shall hear The rain and wind beat dark December, how, In this our pinching cave, shall we discourse The freezing hours away? We have seen nothing:

We are beastly; subtle as the fox for prey; Like warlike as the wolf for what we eat:

Our valour is to chase what flies; our cage We make a quire, as doth the prison'd bird. And sing our bondage freely.

How you speak! Did you but know the city's usuries, And felt them knowingly: the art o' the court. As hard to leave as keep; whose top to climb Is certain falling, or so slippery that

The fear's as bad as falling: the toil o' the war.

A pain that only seems to seek out danger I' the name of fame and honour; which dies i' the search.

And hath as oft a slanderous epitaph As record of fair act; nay, many times Doth ill deserve by doing well; what's worse. Must court'sy at the censure.-O, boys, this story

The world may read in me: my body's mark'd With Roman swords; and my report was once First with the best of note: Cymbeline lov'd me: And when a soldier was the theme, my name Was not far off: then was I as a tree night Whose boughs did bend with fruit: but in one A storm or robbery, call it what you will, Shook, down my mellow hangings, nay, my

Bel. My fault being nothing,—as I have told you oft,-

But that two villains, whose false oaths pre-Before my perfect honour, swore to Cymbeline I was confederate with the Romans: so

Follow'd my banishment; and this twenty years This rock and these demesnes have been my world:

Where I have liv'd at honest freedom; paid More pious debts to heaven than in all

The fore-end of my time.-But up to the mountains! This is not hunters' language.—He that strikes

The venison first shall be the lord o' the feast; To him the other two shall minister; And we will fear no poison, which attends In place of greater state. I'll meet you in the

valleys. [Exeunt Gui. and ARV. How hard it is to hide the sparks of nature! These boys know little they are sons to the

king; Nor Cymbeline dreams that they are alive. They tnink they are mine: and though train'd

up thus meanly I' the cave wherein they bow, their thoughts do The roofs of palaces; and nature prompts them, In simple and low things, to prince it much Beyond the trick of others. This Polydore,-The heir of Cymbeline and Britain, who The king his father call'd Guiderius,-Jove! When on my three-foot stool I sit, and tell

The warlike feats I have done, his spirits fly out Into my story: say, Thus mine enemy fell, And thus I set my foot on's neck; even then The princely blood flows in his cheek, he sweats, Strains his young nerves, and puts himself in

Cadwal,-That acts my words. The younger brother, Once Arviragus,—in as like a figure Strikes life into my speech, and shows much

rous'd!more His own conceiving. Hark, the game is O Cymbeline! heaven and my conscience knows To break it with a fearful dream of him Thou didst unjustly banish me: whereon At three and two years old, I stole these babes; Thinking to bar thee of succession, as Thou reft'st me of my lands. Euriphile, Thou wast their nurse; they took thee for their mother.

And every day do honour to her grave Myself, Belarius, that am Morgan call'd, They take for natural father. The game is up.

Exit. Scene IV .- Wales, near Milford-Haven.

Enter PISANIO and IMOGEN.

Imo. Thou told'st me, when we came from horse, the place

Was near at hand.—Ne'er long'd my mother so To see me first as I have now.—Pisanio! Man! Where is Posthumus? What is in thy mind That makes thee stare thus? Wherefore breaks that sigh

From the inward of thee? One but painted thus Would be interpreted a thing perplex'd Beyond self-explication: put thyself Into a 'haviour of less fear, ere wildness Vanquish my steadier senses. What's the matter?

Why tender'st thou that paper to me, with A look untender? If't be summer news. Smile to't before; if winterly, thou need'st But keep that countenance still.-My husband's hand!

That drug-damn'd Italy hath out-craftied him, And he's at some hard point.-Speak, man; thy tongue

May take off some extremity, which to read Would be even mortal to me.

Please you, read; And you shall find me, wretched man, a thing The most disdain'd of fortune.

Imo. [Reads.] Thy mistress, Pisanio, hath played the strumpet in my bed; the testimonies whereof lie bleeding in me. I speak not out of weak surmises; but from proof as strong as my grief and as certain as I expect my revenge. That apart thou, Pisanio, must act for me, if thy faith be not tainted with the breach of hers. thine own hands take away her life; I shall give thee opportunity at Milford-Haven: she hath my letter for the purpose: where, if thou fear to strike, and to make me certain it is done, thou art the pander to her dishonour, and equally to me disloyal.

Pis. What, shall I need to draw my sword? the paper

Hath cut her throat already.—No, 'tis slander; Whose edge is sharper than the sword; whose tongue

Outvenoms all the worms of Nile; whose breath Rides on the posting winds, and doth belie All corners of the world: kings, queens, and states.

Maids, matrons, nay, the secrets of the grave This viperous slander enters.-What cheer, madam? false?

Imo. False to his bed? What is it to be To lie in watch there, and to think on him? To weep 'twixt clock and clock? if sleep charge nature,

And cry myself awake? that's false to his bed. Is it?

Pis. Alas, good lady! Iachimo. Imo. I false! Thy conscience witness: Thou didst accuse him of incontinency; Thou then look'dst like a villain; now, methinks,

Thy favour's good enough.—Some jay of Italy Whose mother was her painting, hath betray'd him:

Poor I am stale, a garment out of fashion; And for I am richer than to hang by the walls I must be ripp'd: to pieces with me!-O, Men's vows are women's traitors! All good

seeming, By thy revolt, O husband, shall be thought Put on for villainy,-not born where't grows,

But worn a bast for ladies. Good madam, hear me-Pis.

Imo. True honest men being heard, like false Æneas, weeping Were, in his time, though false: and Sinon's

Did scandal many a holy tear; took pity From most true wretchedness: so thou, Posthumus,

Wilt lay the leaven on all proper men; Goodly and gallant shall be false and perjur'd From thy great fail.—Come, fellow, be thou honest:

Do thou thy master's bidding: when thou sees't A little witness my obedience: look! I draw the sword myself: take it, and hit The innocent mansion of my love, my heart: Fear not; 'tis empty of all things but grief: Thy master is not there; who was indeed The riches of it: do his bidding; strike. Thou mayst be valiant in a better cause; But now thou seem'st a coward.

Pis. Hence, vile instrument! Thou shalt not damn my hand.

Why, I must die; Imo.And if I do not by thy hand, thou art No servant of thy master's: against self-slaughter There is a prohibition so divine That cravens my weak hand. Come, here's my Something's afore 't .- Soft, soft! we'll no defence:

Obedient as the scabbard.-What is here? The scriptures of the loyal Leonatus All turn'd to heresy? Away, away, Corrupters of my faith! you shall no more Be stomachers to my heart. Thus may poor fools Believe false teachers: though those that are betrav'd

Do feel the treason sharply, yet the traitor Stands in worse case of woe. And thou, Posthumus, that didst set up My disobedience 'gainst the king my father, And make me put into contempt the suits Of princely fellows, shalt hereafter find It is no act of common passage, but A strain of rareness: and I grieve myself To think, when thou shalt be disedg'd by her That now thou tir'st on, how thy memory Will then be pang'd by me.—Pr'ythee, despatch: The lamb entreats the butcher: where's thy

Thou art too slow to do thy master's bidding, When I desire it too.

Pis. O gracious lady, Since I receiv'd command to do this business I have not slept one wink.

Do't, and to bed then. ${\it Imo.}$ Pis. I'll wake mine eyeballs blind first. Wherefore then

Didst undertake it? Why hast thou abus'd So many miles with a pretence? this place? Mine action and thine own? our horses' labour? The time inviting thee? the perturb'd court, For my being absent; whereunto I never Purpose return? Why hast thou gone so far, To be unbent when thou hast ta'en thy stand. The elected deer before thee?

Pis. But to win time To lose so bad employment; in the which I have consider'd of a course. Good lady,

Hear me with patience.

Ima. Talk thy tongue weary: speak: I have heard I am a strumpet: and mine ear, Therein false struck, can take no greater wound, Nor tent to bottom that. But speak. Then, madam,

I thought you would not back again. Most like .--Imo.

Bringing me here to kill me.

Not so neither: Pis. But if I were as wise as honest, then My purpose would prove well. It cannot be But that my master is abus'd: Some villain, ay, and singular in his art,

Hath done you both this cursed injury. Imo. Some Roman courtezan.

No, on my life: I'll give but notice you are dead, and send him Some bloody sign of it; for 'tis commanded I should do so: you shall be miss'd at court, And that will well confirm it.

Why, good fellow, Imo. What shall I do the while? where bide? how live?

Or in my life what comfort when I am Dead to my husband?

Pis. If you'll back to the court,-Imo. No court, no father; nor no more ado With that harsh, noble, simple nothing,-That Cloten, whose love-suit hath been to me

As fearful as a siege. Pis If not at court, Then not in Britain must you bide.

Where then? Hath Britain all the sun that shines? Day, night.

Are they not but in Britain? I' the world's volume

Our Britain seems as of it, but not in't; In a great pool a swan's nest: pr'ythee, think There's hvers out of Britain.

I am most glad You think of other place. The ambassador, Lucius the Roman, comes to Milford-Haven To-morrow: now, if you could wear a mind Dark as your fortune is, and but disguise That which to appear itself must not yet be. But by self-danger, you should tread a course Privy and full of view; yea, haply, near The residence of Posthumus,—so nigh at least That though his actions were not visible, yet Report should render him hourly to your ear, As truly as he moves.

Imo. O, for such means, Though peril to my modesty, not death on't.

I would adventure.

Well then, here's the point: Command into obedience; fear and niceness. The handmaids of all women, or, more truly, Woman its pretty self,—into a waggish courage; Ready in gibes, quick-answer'd, saucy, and As quarrelous as the weasel; nay, you must Forget that rarest treasure of your cheek. Exposing it,—but, O, the harder heart! Alack, no remedy!—to the greedy touch Of common-kissing Titan; and forget Your laboursome and dainty trims, wherein You made great Juno angry.

Nay, be brief; Imo. I see into thy end, and am almost

A man already.

Pis. First, make yourself but like one. Fore-thinking this, I have already fit,-'Tis in my cloak-bag,-doublet, hat, hose, all That answer to them: would you, in their serving,

And with what imitation you can borrow From youth of such a season, 'fore noble Lucius Present yourself, desire his service, tell him Wherein you are happy,—which you'll make him know

If that his head have ear in music,-doubtless With joy he will embrace you; for he's hon-

ourable And, doubling that, most holy. Your means abroad

You have me, rich; and I will never fail Beginning nor supplyment.

Īmο. Thou art all the comfort The gods will diet me with. Pr'ythee, away: There's more to be consider'd; but we'll even All that good time will give us: this attempt I am soldier to, and will abide it with A prince's courage. Away, I pr'ythee. Pis. Well, madam, we must take a short

farewell,

Lest, being miss'd, I be suspected of Your carriage from the court. My noble mis-Here is a box; I had it from the queen; What's in't is precious; if you are sick at sea Or stomach-qualm'd at land, a dram of this Will drive away distemper.—To some shade, And fit you to your manhood:—may the gods Direct you to the best! Imo.

Amen: I thank thee. [Exeunt.

SCENE V.—BRITAIN. A Room in CYM-BELINE'S Palace.

Enter CYMBELINE, QUEEN, CLOTEN, LUCIUS, and Lords.

Cym. Thus far; and so farewell. Thanks, royal sir. My emperor hath wrote; I must from hence; And am right sorry that I must report ye My master's enemy.

Cym. Our subjects, sir, Will not endure his yoke; and for ourself To show less sovereignty than they, must needs Appear unkinglike.

Luc. So, sir, I desire of you A conduct over-land to Mulford-Haven.-Madam, all joy befall his grace and you! Cum. My lords, you are appointed for that office;

The due of honour in no point omit.-So farewell, noble Lucius.

Your hand, my lord. Luc. Clo. Receive it friendly; but from this time forth

I wear it as your enemy.

Sir, the event Luc. Is yet to name the winner: fare you well.

Cym. Leave not the worthy Lucius, good my lords.

Till he have cross'd the Severn.-Happiness! Exeunt Lucius and Lords.

Oueen. He goes hence frowning: but it honours us

That we have given him cause.

Tis all the better; Your valuant Britons have their wishes in it. Cym. Lucius hath wrote already to the emperor

How it goes here. It fits us therefore ripely Our chariots and our horsemen be in readiness: The powers that he already hath in Gallia Will soon be drawn to head, from whence he moves

His war for Britain.

Oueen. 'Tis not sleepy business; But must be look'd to speedily and strongly.

Cym. Our expectation that it would be thus Hath made us forward. But, my gentle queen, Where is our daughter? She hath not appear'd Before the Roman, nor to us hath tender'd The duty of the day: she looks us like A thing more made of malice than of duty: We have noted it.—Call her before us: for We have been too slight in sufferance. Exit an Attendant.

Очееп. Royal sir. Since the exile of Posthumus, most retir'd Hath her life been; the cure whereof, my lord, 'Tis time must do. Beseech your majesty, Forbear sharp speeches to her: she's a lady So tender of rebukes that words are strokes, And strokes death to her.

Re-enter Attendant.

Cum. Where is she, sir? How Can her attempt be answer'd? Please you, sir, Atten.

Her chambers are all lock'd; and there's no answer make.

That will be given to the loud'st of noise we Queen. My lord, when last I went to visit

her, She pray'd me to excuse her keeping close; Whereto constrain'd by her infirmity She should that duty leave unpaid to you Which daily she was bound to proffer: this She wish'd me to make known; but our great

Made me to blame in memor

Her door's lock'd? Not seen of late? Grant, heavens, that which I fear

Prove false!

Queen. Son, I say, follow the king. [vant, Clo. That man of hers, Pisanio, her old ser-I have not seen these two days.

Go, look after .-Queen. Exit CLOTEN.

Pisanio, thou that stand'st so for Posthumus!-He hath a drug of mine; I pray his absence Proceed by swallowing that; for he believes It is a thing most precious. But for her, [her: Where is she gone? Haply despair hath seiz'd Or, wing'd with fervour of her love, she's flown To her desir'd Posthumus: gone she is To death or to dishonour; and my end Can make good use of either: she being down, I have the placing of the British crown.

Re-enter CLOTEN.

How now, my son!
'Tis certain she is fled. Go in and cheer the king; he rages; none

Dare come about him.

Oueen. All the better: may This night forestall him of the coming day! Exit.

Clo. I love and hate her: for she's fair and [quisite royal, And that she hath all courtly parts more ex-

Than lady, ladies, woman; from every one The best she hath, and she, of all compounded, Outsells them all.—I love her therefore: but, Disdaining me, and throwing favours on The low Posthumus, slanders so her judgment That what's else rare is chok'd and in that

point I will conclude to hate her, nay, indeed, To be reveng'dupon her. For when fools shall-

Enter PISANIO.

Who is here? What, are you packing, sirrah? Come hither: ah, you precious pander! Villain, Where is thy lady? In a word; or else Thou art straightway with the fiends.

O, good my lord! Pis. Clo. Where is thy lady? or, by Jupiter-I will not ask again. Close villain, I'll have this secret from thy heart, or rip
Thy heart to find it. Is she with Posthumus? From whose so many weights of baseness cannot A dram of worth be drawn.

Alas, my lord, m? When was she How can she be with him?

miss'd? He is in Rome.

Where is she, sir? Come nearer; Clo. No further halting: satisfy me home

What is become of her. Pis. O, my all-worthy lord!

Clo. All-worthy villain! Discover where thy mistress is at once, At the next word,—no more of worthy lord,— Speak, or thy silence on the instant is Thy condemnation and thy death.

Then, sir, Pis. This paper is the history of my knowledge Touching her flight. [Presenting a letter. Clo. Let's see't.—I will pursue her

Even to Augustus' throne.

Pis. [Aside.] Or this or perish. She's far enough; and what he learns by this May prove his travel, not her danger.

Clo. Hum! Pis. [Aside.] I'll write to my lord she's dead. O Imogen.

Safe mayst thou wander, safe return again! Clo. Sırrah, is this letter true?

Pis. Sir, as I think.

Clo. It is Posthumus' hand; I know't. Sirrah, if thou wouldst not be a villain, but do me true service, undergo those employments wherein I should have cause to use thee with a serious industry,-that is, what villainy soe'er I bid thee do, to perform it directly and truly, I would think thee an honest man: thou shouldst neither want my means for thy relief nor my voice for thy preferment.

Pis. Well, my good lord.

Clo. Wilt thou serve me?—for since patiently and constantly thou hast stuck to the bare fortune of that beggar Posthumus, thou canst not, in the course of gratitude, but be a diligent follower of mine,—wilt thou serve me?

Pis. Sir, I will.
Clo. Give me thy hand; here's my purse. Hast any of thy late master's garments in thy possession?

Pis. I have, my lord, at my lodging, the same suit he wore when he took leave of my lady and mistress.

Clo. The first service thou dost me, fetch that suit hither: let it be thy first service; go.

Exit. Pis. I shall, my lord. Clo. Meet thee at Milford-Haven!-I forgot to ask him one thing; I'll remember't anon: even there, thou villain Posthumus, will I kill thee.-I would these garments were come. She said upon a time,—the bitterness of it I now belch from my heart,—that she held the very garment of Posthumus in more respect than my noble and natural person, together with the adornment of my qualities. With that suit upon my back will I ravish her: first kill him, and in her eyes; there shall she see my valour, which will then be a torment to her contempt. He on the ground, my speech of insultment ended on his dead body,—and when my lust hath dined,—which, as I say, to vex her, I will execute in the clothes that she so praised,—to the court I'll knock her back, foot her home again. She hath despised me rejoicingly, and I'll be merry in my revenge.

Re-enter PISANIO, with the clothes.

Be those the garments?

Pis. Ay, my noble lord.

Clo. How long is't since she went to Milford-Haven?

Pis. She can scarce be there yet.

Clo. Bring this apparel to my chamber; that is the second thing that I have commanded thee; the third is, that thou wilt be a volun-tary mute to my design. Be but duteous, and true preferment shall tender itself to thee.— My revenge is now at Milford: would I had wings to follow it!-Come, and be true.

Exit. Pis. Thou bidd'st me to my loss: for true to thee

Were to prove false, which I will never be, To him that is most true. To Milford go,

And find not her whom thou pursu'st .- Flow. flow

You heavenly blessings on her!-This fool's

Be cross'd with slowness; labour be his meed! Exit.

SCENE VI.-WALES. Before the Cave of BELARIUS.

Enter IMOGEN, in bou's clothes,

Imo. I see a man's life is a tedious one: I have tir'd myself; and for two nights together Have made the ground my bed. I should be sick,

But that my resolution helps me .- Milford When from the mountain-top Pisanio show'd

thee, Thou wast within a ken: O Jove! I think

Foundations fly the wretched; such, I mean, Where they should be reliev'd. Two beggars told me

I could not miss my way: will poor folks lie, That have afflictions on them, knowing 'tis A punishment or trial? Yes; no wonder, When rich ones scarce tell true: to lapse in

fulness Is sorer than to lie for need; and falsehood Is worse in kings than beggars.—My dear lord! Thou art one o' the false ones: now I think

on thee My hunger's gone; but even before, I was At point to sink for food.—But what is this? Here is a path to't: 'tis some savage hold: I were best not call; I dare not call: yet famine, Ere clean it o'erthrow nature, makes it valiant. Plenty and peace breeds cowards; hardness

ever Of hardiness is mother.—Ho! who's here? If anything that's civil, speak; if savage, Take or lend.—Hol—No answer? then I'll enter.

Best draw my sword; and if mine enemy But fear the sword like me, he'll scarcely look on't.

Such a foe, good heavens! [Goes into the Cave.

Enter BELARIUS, GUIDERIUS, and ARVIRAGUS.

Bel. You, Polydore, have prov'd best wood-

man, and Are master of the feast: Cadwal and I Will play the cook and servant; 'tis our match: The sweat of industry would dry and die But for the end it works to. Come: our stomachs Will make what's homely savoury: weariness Can snore upon the flint, when restive sloth Finds the down pillow hard.—Now, peace be here,

Poor house, that keep'st thyself!

I am thoroughly weary. Gui. Arv. I am weak with toil, yet strong in appetite.

Gui. There is cold meat i' the cave; we'll browse on that

Whilst what we have kill'd be cook'd.

Stay; come not in. Looking into the Cave. But that it eats our victuals, I should think

Here were a fairy.

What's the matter, sir? Gui. Bel. By Jupiter, an angel! or, if not, An earthly paragon!—Behold divineness No elder than a boy!

Re-enter IMOGEN.

Imo. Good masters, harm me not: Before I enter'd here I call'd; and thought To have begg'd or bought what I have took; good troth,

I have stol'n nought; nor would not, though I had found

Gold strew'd o' the floor. Here's money for my meat:

I would have left it on the board, so soon As I had made my meal; and parted With prayers for the provider.

Gui. Money, youth? Arv. All gold and silver rather turn to dirt! And 'tis no better reckon'd, but of those Who worship dirty gods.

I see you are angry: Know, if you kill me for my fault, I should

Have died had I not made it. Whither bound? Rel.

Imo. To Milford-Haven. What's your name? Bel.

Imo. Fidele, sir. I have a kinsman who Is bound for Italy; he embark'd at Milford; To whom being going, almost spent with hunger.

I am fallen in this offence.

Bel. Pr'ythee, fair youth, Think us no churls, nor measure our good minds By this rude place we live in. Well encounter'd!

'Tis almost night: you shall have better cheer Ere you depart; and thanks to stay and eat it.— Boys, bid him welcome. Gui. Were you a woman, youth, I should woo hard but be your groom.-In

I'd bid for you as I do buy

I'll mak't my comfort He is a man; I'll love him as my brother:-And such a welcome as I'd give to him, After long absence, such as yours:-most wel-

comel Be sprightly, for you fall 'mongst friends.

'Mongst friends,

Been less; and so more equal ballasting

To thee, Posthumus. Bel. He wrings at some distress. Gui. Would I could free't!

Arv. Or I; whate'er it be, What pain it cost, what danger! gods!

Bel. Hark, boys. [Whispering. Imo. Great men,

That had a court no bigger than this cave, That did attend themselves, and had the virtue Which their own conscience seal'd them,laying by

That nothing gift of differing multitudes,-Could not out-peer these twain. Pardon me, gods!

Pd change my sex to be companion with them, Since Leonatus' false.

Bel. It shall be so. Boys, we'll go dress our hunt.-Fair youth, come in:

Discourse is heavy, fasting; when we have supp'd

We'll mannerly demand thee of thy story,

So far as thou wilt speak it. Gui. Pray, draw near.

Arv. The night to the owl and morn to the lark less welcome.

Imo. Thanks, sir. Arv.

I pray, draw near. Exeunt.

Scene VII .- Rome. A public Place.

Enter two Senators and Tribunes.

I Sen. This is the tenor of the Emperor's

That since the common men are now in action 'Gainst the Pannonians and Dalmatians. And that the legions now in Gallia are Full weak to undertake our wars against The fallen-off Britons, that we do incite The gentry to this business. He creates Lucius pro-consul: and to you, the tribunes, For this immediate levy, he commends

His absolute commission. Long live Casar! I Tri. Is Lucius general of the forces?

2 Sen. Ay.

r Tri. Remaining now in Gallia? With those legions I Sen. Which I have spoke of, whereunto your levy Must be supplyant: the words of your com-

mission Will tie you to the numbers, and the time

Of their despatch. We will discharge our duty. 1 Tri. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Wales. The Forest near the Cave of BELARIUS.

Enter CLOTEN.

Clo. I am near to the place where they should meet, if Pısanio have mapped it truly. How fit his garments serve mel Why should his mistress, who was made by him that made the If brothers.—[Aside.] Would it had been so that tailor, not be fit too? the rather,—saving reverthey ence of the word,—for 'tis said a woman's fit—Had been my father's sons! then had my prize ness comes by fits. Therein I must play the workman. I dare speak it to myself, for it is not vainglory for a man and his glass to confer in his own chamber,—I mean, the lines of my body are as well drawn as his; no less young, more strong, not beneath him in fortunes, beyond him in the advantage of the time, above him in birth, alike conversant in general services, and more remarkable in single oppositions: yet this imperceiverant thing loves him in my despite. What mortality is! Posthumus, thy head, which now is growing upon thy shoulders, shall within this hour be off, thy mistress enforced, thy garments cut to pieces before thy face; and all this done, spurn her home to her father, who may haply be a little angry for my so rough usage; but my mother, having power of his testiness, shall turn all into

my commendations. My horse is tied up safe out, sword, and to a sore purpose! Fortune, put them into my hand! This is the very description of their meetingplace: and the fellow dares not deceive me.

Scene II .- Wales. Before the Cave.

Enter, from the Cave, BELARIUS, GUIDERIUS, ARVIRAGUS, and IMOGEN.

Bel. [To IMOGEN.] You are not well: remain here in the cave;

We'll come to you after hunting.

Arv. [To IMOGEN.] Are we not brothers?

So man and man should be; But clay and clay differs in dignity,

Whose dust is both alike. I am very sick.

Gui. Go you to hunting. I'll abide with him.

Imo. So sick I am not,—yet I am not well; But not so citizen a wanton as To seem to die ere sick: so please you, leave

Stick to your journal course: the breach of custom Is breach of all. I am ill; but your being by Cannot amend me: society is no comfort

The one not sociable: I am not very sick, Since I can reason of it. Pray you, trust me here:

I'll rob none but myself; and let me die,

Stealing so poorly.

Con I love thee; I have spoke it: How much the quantity, the weight as much, How much the As I do love my father.

What? how! how!

Arv. If it he sin to say so, sir, I yoke me In my good brother's fault: I know not why I love this youth; and I have heard you say Love's reason's without reason: the bier at door, And a demand who is't shall die, I'd say

My father, not this youth. Bel. [Aside.] O noble strain! O worthiness of nature! breed of greatness! Cowards father cowards, and base things sire

base: Nature hath meal and bran, contempt and

grace. I'm not their father; yet who this should be Doth miracle itself, lov'd before me.—

'Tis the ninth hour o' the morn. Arv. Brother, farewell.

Arv. I wish ye sport.

Arv. You health,—so please you, sir.
These are kind creatures.

These heard!

Our courtiers say all's savage but at court: Experience, O, thou disprov'st report! The imperious seas breed monsters; for the

dish, Poor tributary rivers as sweet fish.

I am sick still; heart-sick .- Pisanio,

I am sick still, near. I could not stir him: He said he was gentle, but unfortunate;

Dishonestly afflicted, but yet honest. Arv. Thus did he answer me: yet said here-I might know more.

To the field, to the field! Bel. We'll leave you for this time: go in and rest.

Arv. We'll not be long away.

Bel. Pray, be not sick. For you must be our housewife.

Well, or ill, Imo.

I am bound to you.

And shalt be ever.

[Exit IMOGEN into the Cave. This youth, howe'er distress'd, appears he hath had

Good ancestors.

How angel-like he sings! Arv. Gui. But his neat cookery! He cut our roots in characters:

And sauc'd our broths as Juno had been sick. Brother, stay here: And he her dieter.

Nobly he yokes Arv. A smiling with a sigh,—as if the sigh Was that it was for not being such a smile: The smile mocking the sigh that it would fly From so divine a temple to commix With winds that sailors rail at.

I do note. That grief and patience, rooted in him both, Mingle their spurs together.

Arv. Grow, patience! And let the stinking elder, grief, untwine His perishing root with the increasing vine! Bel. It is great morning. Come, away!-

Who's there?

Enter CLOTEN.

Clo. I cannot find those runagates; that villain

Hath mock'd me .- I am faint

Bel. Those runagates! Means he not us? I partly know him; 'tis Cloten, the son o' the queen. I fear some ambush.

I saw him not these many years, and yet I know 'tis he.-We are held as outlaws: hence! Gui. He is but one: you and my brother search

What companies are near: pray you, away; Let me alone with him.

[Exeunt BELARIUS and ARVIRAGUS. Clo. Soft!-What are you That fly me thus? some villain mountaineers? I have heard of such .- What slave art thou?

Gui. A thing More slavish did I ne'er than answering

A slave without a knock. Thou art a robber,

A law-breaker, a villain: yield thee, thief.

Gui. To whom? to thee? What art thou? have not I

An arm as big as thine? a heart as big? Thy words, I grant, are bigger; for I wear not My dagger in my mouth. Why I should yield to thee? Say what thou art,

Clo. Thou villain base, Know'st me not by my clothes?

Gui. No, nor thy tailor, rascal, Who is thy grandfather: he made those clothes,

Which, as it seems, make thee. Clo. Thou precious varlet,

My tailor made them not. Gui.

Hence, then, and thank The man that gave them thee. Thou art some fool:

I am loth to beat thee.

Thou injurious thief, Hear but my name, and tremble.

What's thy name?

Clo. Cloten, thou villain.

Gui. Cloten, thou double villain, be thy name,

I cannot tremble at it; were it toad, or adder, spider,

'Twould move me sooner.

To thy further fear, Nay, to thy mere confusion, thou shalt know I'm son to the queen. I'm sorry for't: not seeming

Gui. So worthy as thy birth.

Clo. Art not afeard?

Gui. Those that I reverence, those I fear. the wise:

At fools I laugh, not fear them.

Die the death: When I have slain thee with my proper hand, I'll follow those that even now fled hence, And on the gates of Lud's town set your heads: Yield, rustic mountaineer. [Exeunt fighting.

Re-enter Belarius and Arviragus.

Bel. No company's abroad.

Arv. None in the world: you did mistake him, sure.

Bel. I cannot tell: long is it since I saw him But time hath nothing blurr'd those lines of favour

Which then he wore; the snatches in his voice, And burst of speaking, were as his: I am absolute

'Twas very Cloten.

In this place we left them: Arv. I wish my brother make good time with him, You say he is so fell.

Being scarce made up, Bel. I mean to man, he had not apprehension Of roaring terrors; for defect of judgment Is oft the cure of fear.—But, see, thy brother.

Re-enter Guiderius with Cloten's head.

Gui. This Cloten was a fool, an empty purse,-There was no money in't: not Hercules Could have knock'd out his brains, for he had none:

Yet I not doing this, the fool had borne

My head as I do his. Bel. What hast thou done? Gui. I am perfect what: cut off one Cloten's head.

Son to the queen, after his own report; Who call'd me traitor, moutaineer; and swore, With his own single hand he'd take us in, Displace our heads where, -thank the gods!-

they grow, And set them on Lud's town.

Bel. We are all undone. Gui. Why, worthy father, what have we to lose

But that he swore to take, our lives? The law Protects not us: then why should we be tender, To let an arrogant piece of flesh threat us; Play judge and executioner all himself, For we do fear the law? What company Discover you abroad?

Bel. No single soul Can we set eye on, but in all safe reason He must have some attendants. Though his humour

Was nothing but mutation,—ay, and that From one bad thing to worse; not frenzy, not Absolute madness could so far have rav'd. To bring him here alone: although perhaps

It may be heard at court that such as we Cave here, hunt here, are outlaws, and in time May make some stronger head; the which he

hearing,-As it is like him,—might break out, and swear He'd fetch us in; yet is't not probable To come alone, either he so undertaking [fear, Or they so suffering: then on good ground we If we do fear this body hath a tail

More penious than the head.

Arv. Let ordinance Come as the gods foresay it: howsoe'er,

My brother hath done well. Bel.

I had no mind To hunt this day: the boy Fidele's sickness Did make my way long forth.

Gui. With his own sword, Which he did wave against my throat, I have ta'en

His head from him: I'll throw't into the creek Behind our rock; and let it to the sea, And tell the fishes he's the queen's son, Cloten: That's all I reck. Exit.

I fear 'twill be reveng'd; Bel. Would, Polydore, thou hadst not done't! though valour

Becomes thee well enough.

Would I had done't, So the revenged alone pursu'd mei-Polydore, I love thee brotherly; but envy much Thou hast robb'd me of this deed: I would

revenges, [us through, That possible strength might meet, would seek

And put us to our answer.

Well, 'tis done:-Bel. We'll hunt no more to-day, nor seek for danger Where there's no profit. I pr'ythee, to our rock; You and Fidele play the cooks: I'll stay Till hasty Polydore return, and bring him To dinner presently.

Exit.

Poor sick Fidele! Arv. I'll willingly to him: to gain his colour I'd let a parish of such Cloten's blood, And praise myself for charity.

O thou goddess, Rel. Thou divine nature, how thyself thou blazon'st In these two princely boys! They are as gentle As zephyrs blowing below the violet, Not wagging his sweet head; and yet as rough, Their royal blood enchaf'd, as the rud'st wind That by the top doth take the mountain pine, And make him stoop to the vale. 'Tis wonder That an invisible instinct should frame them To royalty unlearn'd; honour untaught;

Civility not seen from other; valour That wildly grows in them, but yields a crop As if it had been sow'd. Yet still it's strange What Cloten's being here to us portends,

Or what his death will bring us.

Re-enter GUIDERIUS.

Gui. Where's my brother? I have sent Cloten's clotpoll down the stream, In embassy to his mother: his body's hostage Which is so serious. Let us bury him. For his return. [Solemn music. My ingenious instrument! Bel.

Hark, Polydore, it sounds! But what occasion Hath Cadwal now to give it motion? Hark! Gui. Is he at home?

Bel. He went hence even now. Gui. What does he mean? since death of my dear'st mother

It did not speak before. All solemn things Should answer solemn accidents. The matter? Triumphs for nothing and lamenting toys Is jollity for apes and grief for boys. Is Cadwal mad?

Bel. Look, here he comes, And brings the dire occasion in his arms Of what we blame him for!

Re-enter Arviragus, bearing Imogen as dead in his arms.

The bird is dead That we have made so much on. I had rather Have skipp'd from sixteen years of age to

sixty, To have turn'd my leaping time into a crutch,

Than have seen this.

Gui. O sweetest, fairest lily! My brother wears thee not the one half so well As when thou grew'st thyself.

O melancholy! Who ever yet could sound thy bottom? find The ooze to show what coast thy sluggish crare Might easiliest harbour in?-Thou blessed thing!

Jove knows what man thou might'st have made:

but I,
Thou diedst, a most rare boy, of melancholy! My father hath a reason for't.

Aro.

'Tis true. but I,

Stark, as you see: Arv. Thus smiling, as some fly had tickled slumber, Not as death's dart, being laugh'd at: his right

cheek

Reposing on a cushion.
Where? Arv.

O' the floor; His arms thus leagu'd: I thought he slept; and put frudeness My clouted brogues from off my feet, whose

Answer'd my steps too loud. Why, he but sleeps:

If he be gone he'll make his grave a bed; With female fairies will his tomb be haunted, And worms will not come to thee.

Arv. With fairest flowers,

Whilst summer lasts and I live here, Fidele, I'll sweeten thy sad grave: thou shalt not lack The flower that's like thy face, pale primrose;

nor The azure hare-bell, like thy veins; no, nor The leaf of eglantine, whom not to slander Out-sweeten'd not thy breath: the ruddock would

With charitable bill,-O bill, sore shaming Those rich-left heirs that let their fathers lie Without a monument!-bring thee all this; Yea, and furr'd moss besides, when flowers are none.

To winter-ground thy corse.

Gui. Pr'ythee, have done; And do not play in wench-like words with that

And not protract with admiration what Is now due debt .- To the grave!

Say, where shall's lay him? Arv. Gui. By good Euriphile, our mother,

Be't so: Arv. And let us, Polydore, though now our voices Have got the mannish crack, sing him to the ground.

As once our mother; use like note and words, Save that Euriphile must be Fidele.

Gui. Cadwal.

I cannot sing: I'll weep, and word it with thee; For notes of sorrow out of tune are worse Than priests and fanes that lie.

Arv. We'll speak it, then. Bel. Great griefs, I see, medicine the less: for Cloten

Is quite forgot. He was a queen's son, boys: And though he came our enemy, remember

He was paid for that: thou mean and mighty. rotting Together, have one dust, yet reverence,— That angel of the world,—doth make distinction

Of place 'tween high and low. Our foe was princely:

And though you took his life, as being our foe, Yet bury him as a prince.

Gui. Pray you, fetch him hither. Thersites' body is as good as Ajax',

When neither are alive.

If you'll go fetch him, Arn. We'll say our song the whilst.—Brother, begin. Exit BELARIUS.

Gui. Nay, Cadwal, we must lay his head to the east;

Gui. Come on, then, and remove him. Arv. So .- Begin.

SONG.

Fear no more the heat o' the sun, Nor the furious winter's rages; Gui. Thou thy worldly task hast done. Home art gone, and ta'en thy wages: Golden lads and girls all must, As chimney-sweepers, come to dust,

Fear no more the frown o' the great; Arn. Thou art past the tyrant's stroke: Care no more to clothe and eat; To thee the reed is as the oak: The sceptre, learning, physic, must All follow this, and come to dust.

Gui. Fear no more the lightning-flash, Nor the all-dreaded thunder-stine: Arv. Gui.

Fear not slander, censure rash; Thou hast finish'd joy and moan: All lovers young, all lovers must Consign to thee, and come to dust. Arv. Both.

Gui. No exerciser harm thee! Arv. Nor no withcraft charm thee! Ghost unlaid forbear thee! Aro. Nothing ill come near thee! Both. Quiet consummation gave; And renowned be thy grave!

Re-enter BELARIUS with the body of CLOTEN.

Gui. We have done our obsequies: come, lav him down.

Bel. Here's a few flowers; but 'bout midnight, more:

The herbs that have on them cold dew o' the faces. Are strewings fitt'st for graves.-Upon their You were as flowers, now wither'd: even so These herblets shall, which we upon you strew.

Come on, away: apart upon our knees. The ground that gave them first has them again:

Their pleasures here are past, so is their pain. Exeunt BEL. Gui., and ARV.

Imo. [Awakening.] Yes, sir, to Milford-Haven; which is the way?-[thither? I thank you.—By yon bush?—Pray, how far 'Ods pittikins! can it be six mile yet?—

I have gone all night. Faith, I'll lie down and sleep.

But, soft! no bedfellow:—O gods and god-desses! [Seeing the body. These flowers are like the pleasures of the Idream; world; This bloody man, the care on't .- I hope I For so I thought I was a cave-keeper,

And cook to honest creatures: but 'tis not so; 'Twas but a bolt of nothing, shot at nothing, Which the brain makes of fumes: our very eyes Are sometimes, like out judgments, blind.

Good faith.

I tremble still with fear: but if there be Yet left in heaven as small a drop of pity As a wren's eye, fear'd gods, a part of it! The dream's here still: even when I wake it is Without me, as within me; not imagin'd, felt. A headless man!-The garments of Posthumusi

I know the shape of's leg: this is his hand; His foot Mercurial; his Martial thigh; The brawns of Hercules: but his Jovial face-Murder in heaven?-How!-'Tis gone.-Pisanio,

All curses madded Hecuba gave the Greeks, And mine to boot, be darted on thee! Thou, Conspir'd with that irregulous devil, Cloten, Hast here cut off my lord.—To write and read Be henceforth treacherous!-Damu'd Pisanio Hath with his forged letters, -damn'd Pisanio, From this most bravest vessel of the world Struck the main-top!-O Posthumus! alas, Where is thy head? where's that? Ay me! where's that?

Pisanio might have kill'd thee at the heart, And left thy head on.-How should this be? Pisamo?

'Tis he and Cloten: malice and lucre in them Have laid this woe here. O 'tis pregnant, pregnant!

The drug he gave me, which he said was precious And cordial to me, have I not found it Murderous to the senses? That confirms it This is Pisanio's deed and Cloten's: Ol-Give colour to my pale cheek with thy blood, That we the horrider may seem to those Which chance to find us: O, my lord, my lord!

Enter Lucius, a Captain and other Officers, and a Soothsayer.

Cap. To them, the legions garrison'd in Gallia.

After your will, have cross'd the sea; attending You here at Milford-Haven with your ships: They are in readiness.

Luc. But what from Rome? Cap. The senate hath stirr'd up the confiners And gentlemen of Italy; most willing spirits, That promise noble service: and they come

Under the conduct of bold Iachimo,

Sienna's brother.

When expect you them? Cap. With the next benefit o' the wind. Luc. This forwardness

Makes our hopes fair. Command our present numbers Be muster'd; bid the captains look to't .-What have you dream'd of late of this war's

purpose? Sooth. Last night the very gods show'd me

a vision I fast and pray'd for their intelligence,—thus:-I saw Jove's bird, the Roman eagle, wing'd From the spongy south to this part of the west, There vanish'd in the sunbeams: which portends,

Unless my sins abuse my divination,— Success to the Roman host.

Luc. Dream often so And never false.—Soft, ho! what trunk is here Without his top?—The ruin speaks that some-

It was a worthy building.—How! a page!— Or dead or sleeping on him? But dead, rather; For nature doth abhor to make his bed With the defunct, or sleep upon the dead.— Let's see the boy's face.

Cap.

He's alive, my lord.

Luc. He'll then, instruct us of this body .-Young one,

Inform us of thy fortunes; for it seems They crave to be demanded. Who is this Thou mak'st thy bloody pillow? or who was he, That otherwise than noble nature did, [terest Hath alter'd that good picture? What's thy in-In this sad wreck? How came it? Who is it? What art thou?

Imo. I am nothing: or if not, Nothing to be were better. This was my master, A very valiant Briton and a good, That here by mountaineers lies slain: alas! There is no more such masters: I may wander From east to occident, cry out for service, Try many, all good, serve truly, never
Find such another master.

Luc. 'Lack, good youth!

Thou mov'st no less with thy complaining than Thy master in bleeding: say his name, good

[lie, and do friend. Imo. Richard du Champ.-[Aside.] If I do No harm by it, though the gods hear, I hope They'll pardon it .- Say you, sir?

Thy name? Luc. Imo. Fidele.

Luc. Thou dost approve thyself the very same: name. Thy name well fits thy faith, thy faith thy Wilt take thy chance with me? I will not say

Wilt take thy chance with me? Thou shalt be so well master'd; but, be sure, No less belov'd. The Roman emperor's letters, Sent by a consul to me, should not sooner Than thine own worth prefer thee: go with me.

[Exeunt.

Imo. I'll follow, sir. But first, an't please the gods,

I'll hide my master from the flies, as deep As these poor pickaxes can dig: and when With wild wood-leaves and weeds I ha' strew'd his grave.

And on it said a century of prayers, Such as I can, twice o'er, I'll weep and sigh; And leaving so his service, follow you, So please you entertain me.

Luc. Ay, good youth; And rather father thee than master thee.-

My friends, The boy hath taught us manly duties: let us Find out the prettiest dasied plot we can, And make him with our pikes and partisans A grave: come, arm him.-Boy, he is preferr'd By thee to us; and he shall be interr'd As soldiers can. Be cheerful; wipe thine eyes: Some falls are means the happier to arise.

SCENE III .- BRITAIN. A Room in CYM-BELINE'S Palace.

Enter CYMBELINE, Lords, PISANIA, and Attendants.

Cym. Again; and bring me word how 'tis with her.

A fever with the absence of her son:

Exit an Attendant. A madness, of which her life's in danger,-Heavens,

How deeply you at once do touch me! Imogen, The great part of my comfort, gone; my queen Upon a desperate bed, and in a time

When fearful wars point at me; her son gone, So needful for this present: it strikes me, past The hope of comfort .- But for thee, fellow, Who needs must know of her departure, and Dost seem so ignorant, we'll enforce it from thee By a sharp torture.

Sir, my life is yours, I humbly set it at your will: but, for my mis-I nothing know where she remains, why gone, Nor when she purposes return. Beseech your highness,

Hold me your loyal servant.

I Lord. Good my liege. The day that she was missing he was here: I dare be bound he's true, and shall perform All parts of his subjection loyally. For Cloten.-

There wants no diligence in seeking him. And will no doubt be found.

The time is troublesome,-Cym. We'll slip you for a season; but our jealousy [To PISANIO.

Does yet depend.

z Lord. So please your majesty, The Roman legions, all from Gallia drawn, Are landed on your coast; with a supply Of Roman gentlemen by the senate sent.

Cym. Now for the counsel of my son and queen!-

I am amaz'd with matter. I Lord.

Good my liege, Your preparation can affront no less Than what you hear of: come more, for more

you're ready:

The want is but to put those powers in motion That long to move.

I thank you. Let's withdraw. Cum. And meet the time as it seeks us. We fear not What can from Italy annoy us; but We grieve at chances here. - Away!

Exeunt all but PISANIO. Pis. I heard no letter from my master since I wrote him Imogen was slain: 'tis strange: Nor hear I from my mistress, who did promise To yield me often tidings; neither know I

What is betid to Cloten; but remain Perplex'd in all: the heavens still must work. Wherein I am false I am honest; not true to be true:

These present wars shall find I love my country. Even to the note o' the king, or I'll fall in them. All other doubts. by time let them be clear'd: Fortune brings in some boats that are not steer'd.

Exit.

Scene IV .- Wales. Before the Cave. Enter BELARIUS, GUIDERIUS, and ARVIRAGUS.

Gui. The noise is round about us. Bel. Let us from it. Arv. What pleasure, sir, find we in life, to

lock it From action and adventure?

Gui. Nay, what hope Have we in hiding us? this way the Romans Must or for Britons slay us or receive us For barbarous and unnatural revolts During their use, and slay us after. Sons, Bel.

We'll higher to the mountains; there secure us. To the king's party there's no going: newness Of Cloten's death,—we being not known, not muster'd

Among the bands,—may drive us to a render Where we have liv'd; and so extort from's That which we've done, whose answer would be death,

Drawn on with torture.

This is, sir, a doubt In such a time nothing becoming you Nor satisfying us. It is not hkely

That when they hear the Roman horses neigh, Behold their quarter'd fires, have both their

And ears so cloy'd importantly as now, That they will waste their time upon our note,

To know from whence we are. o, Bel. I am known

Of many in the army: many years, Though Cloten then but young, you see, not wore him

From my remembrance. And, besides, the king Hath not deserv'd my service nor your loves; Who find in my exile the want of breeding The certainty of this hard life; aye hopeless To have the courtesy your cradle promis'd, But to be still hot summer's tanlings and The shrinking slaves of winter.

Gui. Than be so, Better to cease to be. Pray, sir, to the army: I and my brother are not known; yourself

So out of thought, and thereto so o'ergrown, Cannot be question'd.

Arv. By this sun that shines, I'll thither: what thing is it that I never Did see man die! scarce ever look'd on blood, But that of coward hares, hot goats, and venison!

Never bestrid a horse, save one that had A rider like myself, who ne'er wore rowel Nor iron on his heel! I am asham'd To look upon the holy sun, to have The benefit of his blessed beams, remaining So long a poor unknown.

Gui. By heavens, I'll go: If you will bless me, sir, and give me leave, I'll take the better care; but if you will not, The hazard therefore due fall on me by The hands of Romans!

Arv. So say I,—Amen. Bel. No reason I, since of your lives you set So slight a valuation, should reserve My crack'd one to more care. Have with you, boys!

If in your country wars you chance to die, That is my bed too, lads, and there I'll lie: Lead, lead.—[Aside.] The time seems long; their blood thinks scorn

Till it fly out, and show them princes born.
[Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I.—Britain. A Field between the British and Roman Camps.

Enter Posthumus with a bloody handkerchief

Post. Yea, bloody cloth, I'll keep thee; for I wish'd

Thou shouldst be colour'd thus. You married ones.

If each of you should take this course, how many

Must murder wives much better than themselves

For wrying but a little! O Pisaniol Every good servant does not all commands: No bond but to do just ones.—Godsl if you Should have ta'en vengeance on my faults, I never

Had liv'd to put on this: so had you sav'd
The noble Imogen to repent; and struck
Me, wretch more worth your vengeance. But
alack.

You snatch some hence for little faults; that's love,

To have them fall no more: you some permit
To second ills with ills, each elder worse,
And make them dread it, to the doers' thrift.
But Imogen is your own: do your best wills,
And make me bless'd to obey!—I am brought
hither

Among the Italian gentry, and to fight Against my lady's kingdom: 'tis enough That, Britain, I have kill'd thy mistress; peace! I'll give no wound to thee. Therefore, good heavens.

Hear patiently my purpose:—I'll disrobe me Of these Italian weeds, and suit myself As does a Briton peasant: so I'll fight Against the part I come with; so I'll die For thee, O Imogen, even for whom my life Is every breath a death: and thus unknown, Pitted nor hated, to the face of peril Myself I'll dedicate. Let me make men know More valour in me than my habits show. Gods, put the strength o' the Leonati in me! To shame the guise o' the world, I will begin The fashion,—less without and more within. [Exti.

Scene II.—Britain. A Field between the Camps.

Enter, at one side, LUCIUS, IACHIMO, IMOGEN and the Roman Army; at the other side, the British Army; LEONATUS POSTHUMUS following it like a poor soldier. They march over and go out. Alarums. Then enter again, in skirmish, IACHIMO and POSTHUMUS: he vanquisheth and disarmeth IACHIMO, and then leaves him.

Iach. The heaviness and guilt within my bosom

Takes off my manhood: I have belied a lady,
The princess of this country, and the air on't
Revengingly enfeebles me; or could this carl,
A very drudge of nature's, have subdu'd me
In my profession? Knighthoods and honours
borne

As I wear mine are titles but of scorn.
If that thy gentry, Britain, go before
This lout as he exceeds our lords, the odds
Is that we scarce are men, and you are gods.
[Exit.

The battle continues; the Britons fly; CYMBELINE is taken: then enter to his rescue Belarius, Guiderius, and Arviragus.

Bel. Stand, stand! We have the advantage of the ground;

The lane is guarded: nothing routs us but The villainy of our fears.

Gui. and Arv. Stand, stand, and fight!

Re-enter Posthumus and seconds the Britons: they rescue Cymbeline, and exeunt. Then re-enter Lucius, Iachimo, and Imogen.

Luc. Away, boy, from the troops, and save thyself:

For friends kill friends, and the disorder's such As war were hoodwink'd.

Iach. 'Tis their fresh supplies.
Luc. It is a day turn'd strangely: or betimes
Let's re-enforce or fly. [Exeunt.

SCENE III.—BRITAIN. Another part of the Field.

Enter POSTHUMUS and a British Lord.

Lord. Cam'st thou from where they made the stand?

Post. I did:

Though you, it seems, come from the fliers.

Lord.

I did

Post. No blame be to you, sir; for all was lost,

But that the heavens fought: the king himself

Of his wings destitute, the army broken, And but the backs of Britons seen all fiving Through a straight lane; the enemy full-hearted, Lolling the tongue with slaughtering, having work

More plentiful than tools to do't, struck down Some mortally, some slightly touch'd, some falling

Merely through fear; that the strait path was damm'd

With dead men hurt behind, and cowards living, To die with lengthen'd shame.

Lord. Where was this lane? Post. Close by the battle, ditch'd, and wall'd

with turf. Which gave advantage to an ancient soldier,-An honest one, I warrant; who deserv'd

So long a breeding as his white beard came to, In doing this for's country:-athwart the lane He, with two striplings,-lads more like to run The country base than to commit such slaughter; With faces fit for masks, or rather fairer Than those for preservation cas'd, or shame,

Made good the passage; cried to those that fled, Our Britain's harts die flying, not our men: To darkness fleet, souls that fly backwards! Stand:

Or we are Romans, and will give you that Like beasts which you shun beastly, and may save,

But to look back in frown: stand, stand!-These three

Three thousand confident, in act as many, For three performers are the file when all The rest do nothing,-with this word, Stand, stand!

Accommodated by the place, more charming With their own nobleness, -which could have turn'd

A distaff to a lance,-gilded pale looks, Part shame, part spirit renew'd; that some, turn'd coward

But by example,—O, a sin in war Damn'd in the first beginners!—'gan to look The way that they did, and to grin like lions Upon the pikes o' the hunters. Then began

A stop i' the chaser, a retire; anon A rout, confusion thick: forthwith they fly, Chickens, the way which they stoop'd eagles;

slaves, cowards. The strides they victors made: and now our Like fragments in hard voyages,—became

The life o' the need; having found the backdoor open [wound! Of the unguarded hearts, heavens, how they

Some slain before; some dying; some their friends

O'erborne i' the former wave: ten chas'd by one Are now each one the slaughter-man of twenty: Those that would die or ere resist are grown

The mortal bugs o' the field.

Lord. This was strange chance,— A narrow lane, an old man, and two boys! Post. Nay, do not wonder at it: you are made

Rather to wonder at the things you hear Than to work any. Will you thyme upon't, And vent it for a mockery? Here is one: Two boys, an old man twice a boy, a lane, Preserv'd the Britons, was the Romans' bane,

Lord. Nay, be not angry, sir.

Post. Post.

'Lack, to what end?
Who dares not stand his foe I'll be his friend; For if he'll do as he is made to do

I know he'll quickly fly my friendship too. You have put me into rhyme.

Farewell; you're angry. Lord. Exit. Post. Still going?—This is a lord! O noble

misery To be i' the field and ask what news of me!

To-day how many would have given their honours

To have sav'd their carcasses! took heel to do't, And yet died too! I, in mine own woe charm'd. Could not find death where I did hear him groan, monster,

Nor feel him where he struck: being an ugly 'Tis strange he hides him in fresh cups, soft beds,

Sweet words; or hath more ministers than we That draw his knives i' the war .- Well, I will find him:

For being now a favourer to the Briton. No more a Briton, I have resum'd again The part I came in: fight I will no more, But yield me to the veriest hind that shall Once touch my shoulder. Great the slaughter Here made by the Roman; great the answer be Britons must take: for me, my ransom's death: On either side I come to spend my breath; Which neither here I'll keep nor bear again, But end it by some means for Imogen.

Enter two British Captains and Soldiers.

1 Cap. Great Jupiter be prais'd! Lucius is taken:

'Tis thought the old man and his sons were angels.

2 Cap. There was a fourth man, in a silly

That gave the affront with them.

So 'tis reported: x Cap. But none of 'em can be found.-Stand! who's there?

Post. A Roman;

Who had not now been drooping here if seconds Had answer'd him.

Lay hands on him; a dog!--2 Cab. A leg of Rome shall not return to tell What crows have peck'd them here:-he brags his service.

As if he were of note: bring him to the king.

Enter Cymbeline attended; Belarius, Guid-erius, Arviragus, Pisanio, and Roman Captives. The Captains present POSTHUMUS to CYMBELINE, who delivers him over to a Gaoler: after which all go out.

SCENE IV .- BRITAIN. A Prison.

Enter Posthumus and two Gaolers.

r Gaol. You shall not now be stolen, you have locks upon you;

So, graze as you find pasture. 2 Gaol. Ay, or a stomach.

Exeunt Gaolers. Post. Most welcome, bondage! for thou art a way,

I think, to liberty! yet am I better [rather Than one that's sick o' the gout; since he had Groan so in perpetuity than be cur'd. By the sure physician death, who is the key To unbar these locks. My conscience, thou art fetter'd [gods, give me More than my shanks and wrists: you good The penitent instrument to pick that bolt, Then free for ever! Is't enough I am sorry? So children temporal fathers do appease; Gods are more full of mercy. Must I repent? I cannot do it better than in gyves, Desir'd more than constrain'd: to satisfy, It of my freedom 'tis the main part, take

Desir'd more than constrain'd to satisfy, if of my freedom 'tis the main part, take No stricter render of me than my all. I know you are more clement than vile men, Who of their broken debtors take a third, A sixth, a tenth, letting them thrive again On their abatement: that's not my desire: For Imogen's dear life take mine; and though 'Tiween man and man they weigh not every 'Tween man and man they weigh not every

stamp; Though light, take pieces for the figure's sake: You rather mine, being yours: and so, great

powers,
If you will take this audit, take this life,
And cancel these cold bonds.—O Imogen!
I'll speak to thee in silence.

Solemn Music. Enter, as in an apparition, SICLIUS LEONATUS, father to POSTHUMUS an old man attired like a warrior, leading in his hand an ancient matron, his wife and mother to POSTHUMUS, with music before them: then, after other music, follow the two young LEONATI, brothers to POSTHUMUS with wounds, as they died in the wars. They circle POSTHUMUS round as he lies steeping.

Sici. No more, thou thunder-master, show Thy spite on mortal flies:

With Mars fall out, with Juno chide, That thy adulteries

Rates and revenges.

Hath my poor boy done aught but well,

Whose face I never saw?

I died whilst in the womb he stay'd

Attending nature's law:
Whose father then,—as men report
Thou orphans' father art,—

Thou shouldst have been, and shielded him From this earth-vexing smart.

Moth. Lucina lent not me her aid, But took me in my throes; That from me was Posthumus ripp'd, Came crying 'mongst his foes, A thing of pity!

Sici. Great nature, like his ancestry, Moulded the stuff so fair That he deserv'd the praise o' the world As great Sicilius' heir.

I Bro. When once he was mature for man,
In Britain where was he
That could stand up his parallel;
Or fruitful object be
In eye of Imogen, that best
Could deem his dignity?

Moth. With marriage wherefore was he mock'd,
To be exil'd, and thrown

From Leonati's seat, and cast
From her his dearest one,
Sweet Imogen?

Sici. Why did you suffer Iachimo, Siight thing of Italy, To taint his nobler heart and brain With needless jealousy; And to become the geck and scorn O' the other's villainy?

2 Bro. For this from stiller seats we came.
Our parents and us twain,
That, striking in our country's cause,
Fell bravely and were slain;
Our fealty and Tenentius' right
With honour to maintain.

I Bro. Like hardiment Posthumus hath
To Cymbeline perform'd:
Then, Jupiter, thou king of gods,
Why hast thou thus adjourn'd
The graces for his merits due,
Being all to dolours turn'd?

Sici. Thy crystal window ope; look out;
No longer exercise
Upon a valiant race thy harsh
And potent injuries.

Moth. Since, Jupiter, our son is good, Take off his miseries.

Sici. Peep through thy marble mansion; help;
Or we poor ghosts will cry
To the shining synod of the rest
Against thy deity.

Both Bro. Help, Jupiter; or we appeal, And from thy justice fly.

JUPITER descends in thunder and lightning, sitting upon an eagle: he throws a thunderbolt. The Ghosts fall on their knees.

Jup. No more, you petty spirits of region low, Offend our hearing; hush!—How dare you ghosts

Accuse the thunderer, whose bolt, you know, Sky-planted, batters all rebelling coasts? Poor shadows of Elysium, hence; and rest Upon your never-withering banks of flowers:

Be not with mortal accidents oppress'd; No care of yours it is; you know 'tis ours. Whom best I love I cross; to make my gift, The more delay'd, delighted. Be content;

Your low-laid son our godhead will uplift: His comforts thrive, his trials well are spent. Our Jovial star regard at his birth, and in Our temple was he married.—Rise, and fade!—

He shall be lord of Lady Imogen,
And happier much by his affliction made.
This tablet lay upon his breast, wherein
Our pleasure his full fortune doth confine:
And so away: no further with your din
Express impatience, lest you stir up mine.—
Mount, eagle, to my palace crystalline.
[Ascends.]

Sici. He came in thunder; his celestial breath book, and counters; so the acquittance follows. Was sulphurous to smell: the holy eagle Stoop'd, as to foot us: his ascension is More sweet than our bless'd fields: his royal

Prunes the immortal wing, and cloys his beak,

As when his god is pleas'd. Thanks, Jupiter! AII. Sici. Themarble pavement closes, he is enter'd

His radiant roof.—Away! and, to be blest, Let us with care perform his great behest.

[Ghosts vanish. Post. [Waking.] Sleep, thou hast been a grandsire, and begot

A father to me; and thou hast created A mother and two brothers: but, O scorn! Gone! they went hence so soon as they were

born. And so I am awake.-Poor wretches that depend

On greatness' favour dream as I have done, Wake and find nothing.—But, alas, I swerve: Many dream not to find, neither deserve, And yet are steep'd in favours; so am I, That have this golden chance, and know not

why. frare one! What fairies haunt this ground? A book? Be not, as is our fangled world, a garment Nobler than that it covers: let thy effects So follow, to be most unlike our courtiers,

As good as promise.
[Reads.] Whenas a lion's whelp shall, himself unknown, without seeking find, and be embraced by a piece of tender air; and when from a stately cedar shall be lopped branches which, being dead many years, shall after re-vive, be jointed to the old stock, and freshly grow; then shall Posthumus end his miseries Britain be fortunate, and flourish in peace and

Tis still a dream; or else such stuff as madmen Tongue, and brain not: either both or nothing: Or senseless speaking, or a speaking such As sense cannot untie. Be what it is, The action of my life is like it, which I'll keep, if but for sympathy.

Re-enter Gaoler.

Gaol. Come, sir, are you ready for death? Post. Over-roasted rather; ready long ago. Gaol. Hanging is the word, sir: if you be

ready for that, you are well cooked.

Post. So, if I prove a good repast to the

spectators, the dish pays the shot.

Gaol. A heavy reckoning for you, sir. But the comfort is, you shall be called to no more payments, fear no more tavern bills; which are often the sadness of parting, as the procuring of mirth: you come in faint for want of meat, depart reeling with too much drink, sorry that He shall be happy that can find him, if you have paid too much, and sorry that you are paid too much; purse and brain both empty,the brain the heavier for being too light, the purse too light, being drawn of heaviness: O, of this contradiction you shall now be quit .-O, the charity of a penny cord! it sums up thousands in a trice: you have no true debitor and creditor but it; of what's past, is, and to come, the discharge:-your neck, sir, is pen,

Post. I am merrier to die than thou art to

Gaol. Indeed, sir, he that sleeps feels not the toothache: but a man that were to sleep your sleep, and a hangman to help him to bed. I think he would change places with his officer: for, look you, sir, you know not which way you shall go.

Post. Yes, indeed do I, fellow.

Gaol. Your death has eyes m's head, then: I have not seen him so pictured: you must either be directed by some that take upon them to know, or take upon yourself that which I am sure you do not know; or jump the after-inquiry on your own peril: and how you shall speed in your journey's end I think you'll never return to tell one.

Post. I tell thee, fellow, there are none want eves to direct them the way I am going, but such as wink and will not use them.

Gaol. What an infinite mock is this, that a man should have the best use of eyes to see the way of blindness! I am sure hanging's the way of winking.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Knock off his manacles; bring your prisoner to the king. Post. Thou bringest good news,-I am called

to be made free.

Gaol. I'll be hanged, then.

Post. Thou shalt be then freer than a gaoler; no bolts for the dead.

[Exeunt Post. and Messenger. Gaol. Unless a man would marry a gallows and beget young gibbets I never saw one so prone. Yet, on my conscience, there are verier knaves desire to live, for all he be a Roman: and there be some of them too that die against their wills; so should I if I were one. I would we were all of one mind, and one mind good; O, there were desolation of gaolers and gal-lowses! I speak against my present profit; but my wish hath a preferment in't.

Scene V .- Britain. Cymbeline's Tent.

Enter CYMBELINE, BELARIUS, GUIDERIUS. ARVIRAGUS, PISANIO, Lords, Officers, and Attendants.

Cym. Stand by my side, you whom the gods have made

Preservers of my throne. Woe is my heart That the poor soldier that so richly fought, Whose rags sham'd gilded arms, whose naked breast

Stepp'd before targes of proof, cannot be found: Our grace can make him so. Bel.

I never saw Such noble fury in so poor a thing; Such precious deeds in one that promis'd naught But beggary and poor looks.

No tidings of him? Cym.

Pis. He hath been search'd among the dead and living, But no trace of him.

To my grief, I am The heir of his reward, which I will add To you, the liver, heart, and brain of Britain,

[To Bel., Gui., and ARV. By whom I grant she lives. 'Tis now the time To ask of whence you are:-report it.

Bel. In Cambria are we born, and gentlemen: Further to boast were neither true nor modest, Unless I add we are honest.

Bow your knees. Arise my knights o' the battle: I create you Companions to our person, and will fit you With dignities becoming your estates.

Enter CORNELIUS and Ladies.

There's business in these faces .- Why so sadly Greet you our victory? you look like Romans, And not o' the court of Britain.

Hail, great king! To sour your happiness, I must report

The queen is dead.

Who worse than a physician Cym. Would this report become? But I consider By medicine life may be prolong'd, yet death Will seize the doctor too .- How ended she?

Cor. With horror, madly dying, like her life; Which, being cruel to the world, concluded Most cruel to herself. What she confess'd I will report, so please you: these her women Can trip me if I err; who with wet cheeks Were present when she finish'd.

Pr'ythee, say. Cym. Cor. First, she confess'd she never lov'd you:

only

Affected greatness got by you, not you: Married your royalty, was wife to your place; Abhorr'd your person.

Cym. She alone knew this: And but she spoke it dying, I would not Believe her lips in opening it. Proceed.

Cor. Your daughter, whom she bore in hand to love

With such integrity, she did confess Was as a scorpion to her sight; whose life, But that her flight prevented it, she had Ta'en off by poison.

Cym.O most delicate fiend! Who is't can read a woman?—Is there more? Cor. More, sir, and worse. She did confess

she had For you a mortal mineral; which, being took, Should by the minute feed on life, and, linger-

By inches waste you: in which time she pur-

pos'd, By watching, weeping, tendance, kissing, to O'ercome you with her show; and in time, When she had fitted you with her craft, to work Her son into the adoption of the crown: But, failing of her end by his strange absence, Grew shameless-desperate; open'd, in despite Of heaven and men, her purposes; repented The evils she hatch'd were not effected; so,

Despairing, died. Cym. Heard you all this, her women? I Lady. We did, so please your highness. Mine eyes Cum.

Were not in fault, for she was beautiful;

Mine ears, that heard her flattery; nor my heart That thought her like her seeming; it had been vicious

To have mistrusted her: yet, O my daughter! That it was folly in me thou mayst say, And prove it in thy feeling. Heaven mend all!

Enter Lucius, Iachimo, the Soothsayer, and other Roman Prisoners, guarded; POSTHU-MUS behind, and IMOGEN.

Thou com'st not, Caius, now for tribute; that The Britons have raz'd out, though with the loss

Of many a bold one, whose kinsmen have made That their good souls may be appeas'd with slaughter granted:

Of you their captives, which ourself have So, think of your estate. [dav

Luc. Consider, sir, the chance of war: the Was yours by accident; had it gone with us We should not, when the blood was cool, have threaten'd

Our prisoners with the sword. But since the Will have it thus, that nothing but our lives May be call'd ransom, let it come: sufficeth A Roman with a Roman's heart can suffer: Augustus lives to think on't: and so much For my peculiar care. This one thing only I will entreat; my boy, a Briton born, Let him be ransom'd: never master had A page so kind, so duteous, diligent, So tender over his occasions, true. So feat, so nurse-like: let his virtue join With my request, which I'll make bold your

highness Cannot deny; he hath done no Briton harm Though he have serv'd a Roman: save him, sir, And spare no blood beside.

Cum. I have surely seen him: His favour is familiar to me.

Boy, thou hast look'd thyself into my grace, And art mine own.—I know not why nor wherefor

To say live, boy: ne'er thank thy master; live: And ask of Cymbeline what boon thou wilt, Fitting my bounty and thy state. I'll give it: Yea, though thou do demand a prisoner, The noblest ta'en.

Imo. I humbly thank your highness. Luc. I do not bid thee beg my life, good lad; And yet I know thou wilt.

Imo. No, no: alack, There's other work in hand: I see a thing Bitter to me as death: your life, good master, Must shuffle for itself.

The boy disdains me, Luc. He leaves me, scorns me: briefly die their joys That place them on the truth of girls and

boys.-

Why stands he so perplex'd?

Cum. What wouldst thou, boy? I love thee more and more: think more and ion? speak,

What's best to ask. Know'st him thou look'st Wilt have him live? Is he thy kin? thy friend? Imo. He is a Roman; no more kin to me Than I to your highness; who, being born your

vassal. Am something nearer.

Wherefore ey'st him so? Cym.Imo. I'll tell you, sir, in private, if you please To give me hearing.

Ay, with all my heart, Cym. And lend my best attention. What's thy name? Imo. Fidele, sir.

Cym. Thou'rt my good youth, my page; I'll be thy master: walk with me; speak freely.

CYM. and IMO. converse apart. Bel. Is not this boy reviv'd from death? One sand another

Not more resembles that sweet rosy lad

Who died, and was Fidele.—What think you? Gui. The same dead thing alive.

Bel. Peace, peacel see further; he eyes us not: forbear: Creatures may be alike: were't he, I am sure

He would have spoke to us.

But we saw him dead. Gun. Bel. Be silent: let's see further.

It is my mistress: Pis. [Aside.] Since she is living, let the time run on To good or bad.

CYM. and IMO. come forward. Come, stand thou by our side; Make thy demand aloud .- [To IACH.] Sir,

step you forth; Give answer to this boy, and do it freely; Or, by our greatness and the grace of it, Which is our honour, bitter torture shall

Winnow the truth from falsehood .- On, speak to him. Imo. My boon is that this gentleman may

Of whom he had this rung.

What's that to him?

Cym. That diamond upon your finger, say, How came it yours? [that Iach. Thou'lt torture me to leave unspoken

Which to be spoke would torture thee. Cym.How! me? lach. I am glad to be constrain'd to utter

that which Torments me to conceal. By villany I got this ring: 'twas Leonatus' jewel, Whom thou didst banish; and,-which more

may grieve thee, As it doth me,—a nobler sir ne'er liv'd 'Twixt sky and ground. Wilt thou hear more,

my lord? Cym. All that belongs to this.

Iach. That paragon, thy daughter,— For whom my heart drops blood, and my false

Quail to remember, - Give me leave; I faint. Cym. My daughter! what of her? Renew

thy strength: I had rather thou shouldst live while nature will Than die ere I hear more: strive, man, and

speak. Tach. Upon a time,—unhappy was the clock That struck the hour!-it was in Rome,-

accurs'd [would The mansion where!-'twas at a feast,-O,

Our viands had been poison'd, or at least Those which I heav'd to head!-the good Posthumus,

What should I say? he was too good to be Where ill men were; and was the best of all Amongst the rar'st of good ones,—sitting sadly, Hearing us praise our loves of Italy

For beauty that made barren the swell'd boast Of him that best could speak; for feature laming The shrine of Venus, or straight-pight Minerva. Postures beyond brief nature; for condition, A shop of all the qualities that man Loves woman for; besides that hook of wiving,

Fairness which strikes the eye, I stand on fire:

Cym.Come to the matter.

All too soon I shall, Iach. Unless thou wouldst grieve quickly.- This Posthumus.

Most like a noble lord in love, and one That had a royal lover,-took his hint; And not dispraising whom we prais'd,—therein He was as calm as virtue,—he began His mistress' picture; which by his tongue being

made, And then a mind put in't, either our brags Were crack'd of kitchen trulls, or his description

Prov'd us unspeaking sots.

Cym. Nay, nay, to the purpose.

Iach. Your daughter's chastity—there it begins.

He spake of her as Dian had hot dreams And she alone were cold: whereat I, wretch Made scruple of his praise; and wager'd with him

Pieces of gold, 'gainst this, which then he wore Upon his honour'd finger, to attain In suit the place of's bed, and win this ring By hers and mine adultery: he, true knight, No lesser of her honour confident Than I did truly find her, stakes this ring: And would so, had it been a carbuncle Of Phœbus' wheel; and might so safely, had

Been all the worth of's car. Away to Britain Post I in this design. Well may you, sir, Remember me at court, where I was taught Of your chaste daughter the wide difference Twixt amorous and villanous. Being thus quench'd

Of hope, not longing, mine Italian brain 'Gan in your duller Britain operate Most vilely,-for my vantage excellent; And, to be brief, my practice so prevail'd That I return'd with simular proof enough To make the noble Leonatus mad, By wounding his belief in her renown With tokens thus and thus; averring notes Of chamber-hanging, pictures, this her bracelet,

O cunning how I got it!-nay, some marks Of secret on her person, that he could not But think her bond of chastity quite crack'd, I having ta'en the forfeit. Whereupon,-Methinks I see him now,

Post. [Coming forward.] Ay, so thou dost, Italian fiend!-Ah me, most credulous fool, Egregious murderer, thief, anything That's due to all the villains past, in being To come!—O, give me cord, or knife, or poison, Some upright justicer! Thou, king, send out For torturers ingenious: it is I

That all the abhorr'd things o' the earth amend By being worse than they. I am Posthumus, That kill'd thy daughter:—villsin-like, I lie, That caus'd a lesser villain than myself, A sacrilegious thief, to do't:—the temple Of virtue was she: yea, and she herself. Spit, and throw stones, cast mire upon me, set The dogs o' the street to bay me: every villain Be call'd Posthumus Leonatus; and Be villainy less than 'twas!-O Imogen! My queen, my life, my wife! O Imogen, Imogen, Imogen!

Peace, my lord; hear, hear, Imo. Post. Shall's have a play of this? Thou scornful page,

[Striking her: she falls. There lie thy part. O, gentlemen, help! musi Mine and your mistress!-O, my lord Posthu-You ne'er kill'd Imogen till now.-Help, help!-

Mine honour'd lady!

Cym. Does the world go round? Post. How come these staggers on me? Pıs. Wake, my mistress!

Cym. If this be so, the gods do mean to strike me

To death with mortal joy.

How fares my mistress? Imo. O, get thee from my sight;

Thou gav'st me poison: dangerous fellow. hence!

Breathe not where princes are.

The tune of Imogen. Cym. Pis. Lady,

The gods throw stones of sulphur on me if That box I gave you was not thought by me A precious thing: I had it from the queen.

Cum. New matter still? Imo. It poison'd me.

Cor. O gods!-I left out one thing which the queen confess'd, Which must approve thee honest: If Pisanio Have, said she, given his mistress that confection Which I gave him for cordial, she is serv'd

As I would serve a rat.

What's this, Cornelius? Cor. The queen, sir, very oft importun'd me To temper poisons for her; still pretending The satisfaction of her knowledge only In killing creatures vile, as cats and dogs, Of no esteem: I, dreading that her purpose Was of more danger, did compound for her A certain stuff, which, being ta'en, would cease The present power of life; but in short time All offices of nature should again

Do their due functions.—Have you ta'en of it?

Imo. Most like I did, for I was dead. My boys,

There was our error.

This is sure Fidele. Gui. Imo. Why did you throw your wedded lady from you?

Think that you are upon a rock; and now Throw me again. [Embracing him. Hang there like fruit, my soul, Post. Till the tree die!

Cym. How now, my flesh, my child! What, mak'st thou me a dullard in this act? Wilt thou not speak to me?

Your blessing, sir. Kneeling.

Bel. Though you did love this youth, blame ye not; You had a motive for it.

To GUIDERIUS and ARVIRAGUS. Was call'd Belarius.

My tears that fall Cym. Prove hely water on thee! Imogen. Thy mother's dead.

Ĭmo. I am sorry for't, my lord. Cym. O, she was naught; and long of her it was

That we meet here so strangely: but her son Is gone, we know not how nor where.

Pis.

Now fear is from me, I'll speak troth. Cloten,

Upon my lady's missing, came to me With his sword drawn; foam'd at the mouth,

and swore, If I discover'd not which way she was gone, It was my instant death. By accident I had a feigned letter of my master's Then in my pocket; which directed him To seek her on the mountains near to Milford; Where, in a frenzy, in my master's garments, Which he enforc'd from me, away he posts With unchaste purpose, and with oath to violate My lady's honour: what became of him I further know not.

Gui. Let me end the story:

I slew him there.

Cym. Marry, the gods forfend! I would not thy good deeds should from my lips Pluck a hard sentence: prythee, valiant youth, Deny't again.

Gui. I have spoke it, and I did it.

Cym. He was a prince. [me Gui. A most incivil one: the wrongs he did Were nothing prince-like; for he did provoke me With language that would make me sourn the sea.

If it could so roar to me: I cut off's head; And am right glad he is not standing here To tell this tale of mine.

Cum. I am sorry for thee: lmn st By thine own tongue thou art condemn'd, and Endure our law: thou'rt dead.

That headless man I thought had been my lord.

Cym. Bind the offender, And take him from our presence.

Stay, sir king: Bel. This man is better than the man he slew, As well descended as thyself; and hath More of thee merited than a band of Clotens Had ever scar for .- Let his arms alone;

They were not born for bondage.

Why, old soldier, Wilt thou undo the worth thou art unpaid for By tasting of our wrath? How of descent

Arv. In that he spake too far. Cym. And thou shalt die for't.

We will die all three: Bel. But I will prove that two on's are as good As I have given out him.—My sons, I must For mine own part, unfold a dangerous speech, Though, haply, well for you.

Your danger's Ours.

Gui. And our good his.

As good as we?

Have at it, then!-Bel. By leave.--thou hadst, great king, a subject who

Cum. What of him? he is A banish'd traitor.

He it is that hath Bel. Assum'd this age: indeed, a banish'd man; I know not how a traitor.

Take him hence:

The whole world shall not save him. Bel. Not too hot:

First pay me for the nursing of thy sons: And let it be confiscate all so soon, As I have receiv'd it.

Nursing of my sons! Iknee: Bel. I am too blunt and saucy: here's my Ere I arise I will prefer my sons Then spare not the old father. Mighty sir, These two young gentlemen, that call me father,

And think they are my sons, are none of mine; They are the issue of your loins, my liege, And blood of your begetting.

How! my issue! Cum. Bel. So sure as you your father's. I, old Morgan.

Am that Belarius whom you sometime banish'd: Your pleasure was my mere offence, my punishment

Itself, and all my treason; that I suffer'd Was all the harm I did. These gentle princes, For such and so they are,—these twenty years Have I train'd up: those arts they have as I Could put into them; my breeding, was, sir, as Your highness knows. Their nurse, Euriphile, Whom for the theft I wedded stole these chil-

Upon my banishment: I mov'd her to't; Having receiv'd the punishment before For that which I did then: beaten for loyalty Excited me to treason: their dear loss, The more of you 'twas felt, the more it shap'd Unto my end of stealing them. But, gracious sir, Here are your sons again; and I must lose Two of the sweet'st companions in the world: The benediction of these covering heavens Fall on their heads like dew! for they are worthy

To inlay heaven with stars.

Cym. Thou weep'st, and speak'st. The service that you three have done is more Unlike than this thou tell'st. I lost my children: If these be they, I know not how to wish A pair of worthier sons.

Be pleas'd awhile .-Bel. This gentleman, whom I call Polydore, Most worthy prince, as yours, is true Guiderius: This gentleman, my Cadwal, Arviragus, Your younger princely son; he, sir, was lapp'd In a most curious mantle, wrought by the hand Of his queen mother, which, for more probation, I can with ease produce.

Cum. Guiderius had Upon his neck a mole, a sanguine star; It was a mark of wonder.

This is he: Who hath upon him still that natural stamp: It was wise nature's end in the donation. To be his evidence now.

Cym. O, what, am I A mother to the birth of three? Ne'er mother Rejoic'd deliverance more.—Bless'd may you be,

That, after this strange starting from your orbs. You may reign in them now!-O Imogen. Thou hast lost by this a kingdom.

Imo. No, my lord; I have got two worlds by't .- O my gentle brothers,

Have we thus met? O, never say hereafter But I am truest speaker: you call'd me brother When I was but your sister; I you brothers When you were so indeed.

Did you e'er meet? Cym.

Arv. Ay, my good lord. And at first meeting lov'd:

Continued so until we thought he died. Cor. By the queen's dram she swallow'd.

O rare instinct! When shall I hear all through? This fierce abridgment

Hath to it circumstantial branches, which Distinction should be rich in .- Where? how

hv'd you? And when came you to serve our Roman cap-

How parted with your brothers? how first met

Why fled you from the court? and whither? And your three motives to the battle, with I know not how much more, should be de-

manded; And all the other by-dependencies, From chance to chance: but nor the time nor Will serve our long inter'gatories. See, Posthumus anchors upon Imogen: And she, like harmless lightning, throws her On him, her brothers, me, her master; hitting Each object with a joy: the counterchange Is severally in all.—Let's quit this ground, And smoke the temple with our sacrifices.

Thou art my brother; so we'll hold thee ever. To BELARIUS.

Imo. You are my father too; and did reheve me. To see this gracious season.

All o'eriov'd Save these in bonds: let them be joyful too,

For they shall taste our comfort. Imo. My good master,

I will yet do you service. Luc.

Happy be you! Cym. The forlorn soldier, that so nobly fought.

He would have well becom'd this place, and

The thankings of a king.

I am, sir, The soldier that did company these three In poor beseeming; 'twas a fitment for The purpose I then follow'd .- That I was he, Speak, Iachimo: I had you down, and might Have made you finish.

lach. I am down again; [Kneeling. But now my heavy conscience sinks my knee, As then your force did. Take that life, beseech

you, Which I so often owe: but your ring first; And here the bracelet of the truest princess That ever swore her feith.

Kneel not to me: The power that I have on you is to spare you; The malice towards you to forgive you: live, And deal with others better.

Nobly doom'd! We'll learn our freeness of a son-in-law: Pardon's the word to all.

You holp us, sir, As you did mean indeed to be our brother; Joy'd are we that you are.

Post. Your servant, princes.-Good my lord of Rome,

Call forth your soothsayer: as I slept, methought

Great Jupiter, upon his eagle back Appear'd to me, with other spritely shows Of mine own kindred: when I wak'd I found This label on my bosom; whose containing Is so from sense in hardness that I can Make no collection of it: let him show His skill in the construction.

Philarmonus.--Luc.

Sooth. Here, my good lord.

Luc. Read, and declare the meaning.

Luc. Sooth. [Reads.] Whenas a lion's whelp shall to himself unknown, without seeking find, and be embraced by a piece of tender air; and when from a stately cedar shall be lopped branches, which, being dead many years, shall after re-vive, be jointed to the old stock, and freshly grow; then shall Posthumus end his miseries. Britain be fortunate, and flourish in peace and

plenty. Thou, Leonatus, art the lion's whelp; The fit and apt construction of thy name, Being Leo-natus, doth import so much: The piece of tender air, thy virtuous daughter, [To CYMBELINE.

Which we call mollis aer; and mollis aer We term it mulier: which mulier I divine Is this most constant wife; who even now, Answering the letter of the oracle, Unknown to you, unsought, were clipp'd about With this most tender air.

This hath some seeming.

Sooth. The lofty cedar, royal Cymbeline, Personates thee: and thy lopp'd branches point Thy two sons forth, who, by Belarius stol'n, For many years thought deed

Well, By peace we will begin:-and, Caius Lucius, Although the victor, we submit to Cæsar, And to the Roman empire; promising To pay our wonted tribute, from the which We were dissuaded by our wicked queen; Whom heavens, in justice both on her and hers, Have laid most heavy hand.

Sooth. The fingers of the powers above do

tune The harmony of this peace. The vision, Which I made known to Lucius ere the stroke Of this yet scarce-cold battle, at this instant, Is full accomplish'd; for the Roman eagle, From south to west on wing soaring aloft, Lessen'd herself, and in the beams o' the sun So vanish'd: which foreshow'd our princely eagle

The imperial Cæsar, should again unite His favour with the radiant Cymbeline, Which shines here in the west.

Cym. Laud we the gods; And let our crooked smokes climb to their nostrils

From our bless'd altars. Publish we this peace

To all our subjects. Set we forward: let A Roman and a British ensign wave Friendly together; so through Lud's town march:

And in the temple of great Jupiter Our peace we'll ratify; seal it with feasts.-Set on there!-Never was a war did cease, Ere bloody hands were wash'd, with such a peace. Exeunt.

TITUS ANDRONICUS

PERSONS REPRESENTED

SATURNINUS, Son to the late Emperor of Rome, and afterwards declared Emperor. BASSIANUS, Brother to SATURNINUS, in love with LAVINIA.

TITUS ANDRONICUS, a noble Roman, General against the Goths. MARCUS ANDRONICUS, Tribune of the People,

and Brother to TITUS. Lucius.

QUINTUS, Sons to Tirus Andronicus. Martius, Mutius,

Young Lucius, a Boy, Son to Lucius. PUBLIUS. Son to MARCUS the Tribune. ÆMILIUS, a noble Roman. ALARBUS.

DEMETRIUS, Sons to TAMORA. CHIRON,

AARON, a Moor, beloved by TAMORA. A Captain, Tribune, Messenger, and Clown,-Romans.

Goths and Romans.

Tamora, Queen of the Goths. Lavinia, Daughter to Titus Andronicus. A Nurse, and a black Child.

Kinsmen of Titus, Senators, Tribunes, Officers, Soldiers, and Attendants.

Scene,-Rome, and the Country near it.

ACT I.

Scene I .- Rome. Before the Capitol.

The Tomb of the Andronici appearing; the Tribunes and Senators aloft. Enter, below, SATURNINUS and his Followers on one side, and Bassianus and his Followers on the other, with drums and colours.

Sat. Noble patricians, patrons of my right, Defend the justice of my cause with arms; And, countrymen, my loving followers, Plead my successive title with your swords: I am his first-born son that was the last That wore the imperial diadem of Rome: Then let my father's honours live in me, Nor wrong mine age with this indignity.

Bas. Romans,—friends, followers, favourers

of my right,-

! If ever Bassianus, Cæsar's son, Were gracious in the eyes of royal Rome, Keep then, this passage to the Capitol; And suffer not dishonour to approach The imperial seat, to virtue consecrate, To justice, continence, and nobility: But let desert in pure election shine; And, Romans, fight for freedom in your choice.

Enter MARCUS ANDRONICUS, aloft, with the crown.

Marc. Princes .- that strive by factions and by friends Ambitiously for rule and empery,-Know that the people of Rome, for whom we A special party, have by common voice, In election for the Roman empery, Chosen Andronicus, surnamed Pius For many good and great deserts to Rome:

A nobler man, a braver warrior, Lives not this day within the city walls: He by the senate is accited home From weary wars against the barbarous Goths; That, with his sons, a terror to our foes, Hath vok'd a nation strong, train'd up in arms. Ten years are spent since first he undertook This cause of Rome, and chastised with arms Our enemies' pride: five times he hath return'd Bleeding to Rome, bearing his valiant sons In coffins from the field; And now at last, laden with honour's spoils, Returns the good Andronicus to Rome. Renowned Titus, flourishing in arms. Let us entreat,-by honour of his name Whom worthily you would have now succeed, And in the Capitol and senate's right, Whom you pretend to honour and adore,-That you withdraw you, and abate your strength;

Dismiss your followers, and, as suitors should Plead your deserts in peace and humbleness. Sat. How fair the tribune speaks to calm my thoughts!

Bas. Marcus Andronicus, so I do affy In thy uprightness and integrity, And so I love and honour thee and thine, Thy noble brother Titus and his sons, And her to whom my thoughts are humbled all, Gracious Lavinia, Rome's rich ornament, That I will here dismiss my loving friends; And to my fortunes and the people's favour Commit my cause in balance to be weigh'd.

[Exeunt the Followers of Bas.

Sat. Friends, that have been thus forward in

my right,
I thank you all, and here dismiss you all;
And to the love and favour of my country
Commit myself, my person, and the cause.

[Execut the Followers of SAT.

Rome, be as just and gracious unto me As I am confident and kind to thee.—
Open the gates, tribunes, and let me in.

Bas. Tribunes, and me, a poor competitor.

[Flourish. Exeunt; Sar. and Bas. go up into the Cabiol.

Enter a Captain.

Cap. Romans, make way. The good Andronicus,
Patron of virtue, Rome's best champion,
Successful in the battles that he fights,
With honour and with fortune is return'd
From where he circumscribed with his sword,
And brought to yoke, the enemies of Rome.

Flourish of trumpets, &c. Enter Martius and Muttus; after them two Men bearing a coffin covered with black; then Lucius and Quintus. After them Titus Andronicus; and then Tamora, with Alarbus, Dembritus, Chiron, Aaron, and other Goths, prisoners; Soldiers and People following. The bearers set down the coffin, and Titus speaks.

Tit. Hail, Rome, victorious in thy mourning weeds!

Lo, as the bark that hath discharg'd her fraught Returns with precious lading to the bay

From whence at first she weigh'd her anchorage,

Cometh Andronicus, bound with laurel boughs, To re-salute his country with his tears,—
Tears of true joy for his return to Rome.—
Thou great defender of this Capitol,
Stand gracous to the rites that we intend!—
Romans, of five-and-twenty valiant sons,
Half of the number that King Priam had,
Behold the poor remains, alive and dead!
These that survive let Rome reward with love;
These that I bring unto their latest home,
With burial amongst their ancestors:
Here Goths have given me leave to sheathe my sword.

Titus, unkind, and careless of thine own, Why suffer'st thou thy sons, unburied yet, To hover on the dreadful shore of Styz?—Make way to lay them by their brethren.—

There greet in silence, as the dead are wont,
And sleep in peace, slain in your country's wars!
O sacred receptacle of my joys,
Sweet cell of virtue and nobility,
How many sons of mine hast thou in store,
That thou wilt never render to me more!

Luc. Give us the proudest prisoner of the Goths,
That we may hew his limbs, and on a pile

Ad manes fratrum sacrifice his flesh
Before this earthly prison of their bones;
That so the shadows be not unappeas'd,
Nor we disturb'd with prodigies on earth.
Tit. I give him you,—the noblest that survives.

The eldest son of this distressed queen.

Tam. Stay, Roman brethren!—Gracious conqueror,

Victorius Titus, rue the tears I shed, A mother's tears in passion for her son: And if thy sons were ever dear to thee, O, think my son to be as dear to me! Sufficeth not that we are brought to Rome, To beautify thy triumphs and return, Captive to thee and to thy Roman yoke; But must my sons be slaughter'd in the streets For valiant doings in their country's cause?. O, if to fight for king and common weal Were piety in thine, it is in these. Andronicus, stain not thy tomb with blood: Wilt thou draw near the nature of the gods? Draw near them, then, in being merciful: Sweet mercy is nobility's true badge: Thrice-noble Titus, spare my first-born son.

Tit. Patient yourself, madam, and pardon

me.
These are their brethren, whom you Goths beheld

Alive and dead; and for their brethren slain Religiously they ask a sacrifice:
To this your son is mark'd; and die he must,
To appease their groaning shadows that are

gone.

Luc. Away with him! and make a fire straight:

And with our swords, upon a pile of wood Let's new his limbs till they be clean consum'd. [Exeunt Luc., Quin., Marc., and Mut., with Alarbus.

Tam. O cruel, irreligious pietyl

Chi. Was ever Scythia half so barbarous? Dem. Oppose not Scythia to ambitious Rome. Alarbus goes to rest; and we survive To tremble under Titus' threatening looks. Then, madam, stand resolv'd; but hope withal

Then, madam, stand resolv'd; but hope withal The self-same gods that arm'd the Queen of Troy

With opportunity of sharp revenge
Upon the Thracian tyrant in his tent,
May favour Tamora, the queen of Goths,—
When Goths were Goths and Tamora was
queen,—

To quit the bloody wrongs upon her foes.

Re-enter Lucius, Quintus, Martius, and Mutius with their swords bloody.

Luc. See, lord and father, how we have perform'd

Our Roman rites: Alarbus' limbs are lopp'd, And entrails feed the sacrificing fire, Whose smoke like incense doth perfume the

Remaineth naught but to inter our brethren, And with loud 'larums welcome them to Rome. Tit. Let it be so, and let Andronicus

Make this his latest farewell to their souls.

[Trumpets sounded and the coffin laid in the tomb.]

In peace and honour rest you here, my sons; Rome's readiest champions, repose you here in

Secure from worldly chances and mishaps! Here lurks no treason, here no envy swells, Here grow no damned grudges; here are no storms.

No noise, but silence and eternal sleep:

Enter LAVINIA.

In peace and honour rest you here, my sons!

Lav. In peace and honour live Lord Titus

long;
My noble lord and father, live in fame!
Lo, at this tomb my tributary tears
I render for my brethren's obsequies;
And at thy feet I kneel, with tears of joy
Shed on the earth for thy return to Rome:
O, bless me here with thy victorious hand,
Whose fortunes Rome's best citizens applaud!

Tit. Kind Rome, that hast thus lovingly reserved

The cordial of mine age to glad my heart!— Lavinia, live; outlive thy father's days, And fame's eternal date, for virtue's praise!

Enter, below, MARCUS ANDRONICUS and Tribunes; re-enter SATURNINUS, BASSIANUS, and Attendants.

Marc. Long live Lord Titus, my beloved brother,

Gracious triumpher in the eyes of Rome!

Tit. Thanks, gentle tribune, noble brother

Marcus. [ful wars,

Marc. And welcome, nephews, from successyou that survive and you that sleep in fame! Fair lords, your fortunes are alike in all, That in your country's service drew your swords:

But safer triumph is this funeral pomp

That hath aspir'd to Solon's happiness, And triumphs over chance in honour's bed.—
Titus Andronicus, the people of Rome,
Whose friend in justice thou hast ever been,
Send thee by me, their tribune and their trust,
This palhament of white and spotless hue;
And name thee in election for the empire
With these our late-deceased emperor's sons:
Be candidatus, then, and put it on,
And help to set a head on headless Rome.

Tit. Å better head her glorious body fits
Than his that shakes for age and feebleness:
What, should I don this robe and trouble you?
Be chosen with proclamations to-day,
To-morrow yield up rule, resign my life,
And set abroach new business for you ail?
Rome, I have been thy soldier forty years,
And led my country's strength successfully,
And burned one-and-twenty valiant sons,
Knighted in field, slain manfully in arms,
In right and service of their noble country:
Give me a staff of honour for mine age,
But not a sceptre to control the world:
Upnght he held it, lords, that held it last.

Marc. Titus, thou shalt obtain and ask the empery.

Sat. Proud and ambitious tribune, canst thou tell?

Tit. Patience, Prince Saturninus.
Sat. Romans, do me right;—
Patricians, draw your swords, and sheathe them

Till Saturninus be Rome's emperor.— Andronicus, would thou wert shipy'd to hell Rather than rob me of the people's hearts! Luc. Proud Saturnine, interrupter of the good That noble-minded Titus means to thee!

Tit. Content thee, prince; I will restore to thee [selves.
The people's hearts, and wean them from them-Bas. Andronicus, I do not flatter thee, But thonour thee, and will do till I die.
My faction if thou strengthen with thy friends,

I will most thankful be; and thanks to men Of noble minds is honourable meed. [here, Tit. People of Rome, and people's tribunes I ask your voices and your suffrages:

Will you bestow them friendly on Andronicus?

Trib. To gratify the good Andronicus,
And gratulate his safe return to Rome,

The people will accept whom he admits.

Tit. Tribunes, I thank you: and this suit I make.

That you create your emperor's eldest son, Lord Saturnine; whose virtues will, I hope, Reflect on Rome as Titan's rays on earth, And npen justice in this commonweal: Then, if you will elect by my advice, Crown him, and say, Long live our emperor!

Marc. With voices and applause of every sort.

Patricians and plebeians, we create Lord Saturninus Rome's great emperor; And say, Long live our emperor Saturnine! [A long flourish.

Sat. Titus Andronicus, for thy favours done To us in our election this day I give thee thanks in part of thy deserts, And will with deeds require thy gentleness; And for an onset, Titus, to advance

Thy name and honourable family, Lavima will I make my empress, Rome's royal mistress, mistress of my heart, And in the sacred Pantheon her espouse: Tell me, Andronicus, doth this motion please thee?

Tit. It doth, my worthy lord; and in this match

I hold me highly honour'd of your grace: And here, in sight of Rome, to Saturnine, King and commander of our commonweal The wide world's emperor,—do I consecrate My sword, my chariot, and my prisoners; Presents well worthy Rome's imperial lord: Receive them, then, the tribute that I owe. Mine honour's ensigns humbled at thy feet.
Sat. Thanks, noble Titus, father of my life!

How proud I am of thee and of thy gifts Rome shall record; and when I do forget The least of these unspeakable deserts, Romans, forget your fealty to me.

Tit. [To TAMORA.] Now, madam, are you

prisoner to an emperor;

To him that for your honour and your state Will use you nobly and your followers.

Sat. A goodly lady, trust me; of the hue That I would choose were I to choose anew. Clear up, fair queen, that cloudy countenance: Though chance of war hath wrought this change of cheer,

Thou com'st not to be made a scorn in Rome: Princely shall be thy usage every way. Rest on my word, and let not discontent Daunt all your hopes: madam, he comforts you

Can make you greater than the Oueen of Goths.

Lavima, you are not displeas'd with this?

Lav. Not I, my lord; sith true nobility Warrants these words in princely courtesy.

Sat. Thanks, sweet Lavinia.-Romans, let us go:

Ransomless here we set our prisoners free: Proclaim our honours, lords, with trump and drum.

> Flourish. SAT. courts TAMORA in dumb show.

Bas. Lord Titus, by your leave, this maid is [Seizing LAVINIA.

Tit. How, sir! are you in earnest, then, my lord?

Bas. Ay, noble Titus; and resolv'd withal To do myself this reason and this right. Marc. Suum cuique is our Roman justice:

This prince in justice seizeth but his own. Luc. And that he will and shall, if Lucius live.

[peror's guard?-Tit. Traitors, avaunt!-Where is the em-Treason, my lord,-Lavinia is surprised! Sat. Surpris'd! by whom?

By him that justly may Bear his betroth'd from all the world away. Exeunt Bas. and Mar. with Lav. Mut. Brothers, help to convey her hence

away, And with my sword I'll keep this door safe.

[Exeunt Luc., Quin., and MAR. Tit. Fellow, my lord, and I'll soon bring her back.

Mut. My lord, you pass not here.

What, villain boy! Barr'st me my way in Rome?

Stabbing Mutius. Mut. Help, Lucius, help! Dies.

Re-enter Lucius.

Luc. My lord, you are unjust; and more than so,

In wrongful quarrel you have slain your son. Tit. Nor thou nor he are any sons of mine; My sons would never so dishonour me: Traitor, restore Lavinia to the emperor.

Luc. Dead, if you will; but not to be his wife, That is another's lawful promis'd love. [Exit. Sat. No. Titus, no; the emperor needs her

not, Nor her, nor thee, nor any of thy stock: I'll trust by leisure him that mocks me once; Thee never, nor thy traitorous haughty sons, Confederates all thus to dishonour me. Was there none else in Rome to make a stale

But Saturnine? Full well, Andronicus, Agree these deeds with that proud brag of thine,

That said'st I begg'd the empire at thy hands. Tit. O monstrous! what reproachful words are these? [ing piece

Sat. But go thy ways; go, give the chang-To him that flourish'd for her with his sword: A valiant son-in-law thou shalt enjoy; One fit to bandy with thy lawless sons, To ruffle in the commonwealth of Rome.

Tit. These words are razors to my wounded heart. [Goths,-

Sat. And therefore, lovely Tamora, Queen of That, like the stately Phoebe 'mongst her nymphs

Dost overshine the gallant dames of Rome,— If thou be pleas'd with this my sudden choice, Behold, I choose thee, Tamora, for my bride, And will create thee empress of Rome. Speak, Queen of Goths, dost thou applaud my

choice? And here I swear by all the Roman gods,— Sith priest and holy water are so near, And tapers burn so bright, and everything In readiness for Hymenæus stand,-I will not re-salute the streets of Rome, Or climb my palace, till from forth this place I lead espous'd my bride along with me.

Tam. And here, in sight of heaven, to Rome I swear,

If Saturnine advance the Queen of Goths, She will a handmaid be to his desires,

A loving nurse, a mother to his youth.

Sat. Ascend, fair queen, Pantheon.—Lords, accompany

Your noble emperor and his lovely bride, Sent by the heavens for Prince Saturnine, Whose wisdom hath her fortune conquered; There shall we consummate our spousal rites. Exeunt SAT. and his Followers; TAM.

and her sons; AARON and Goths. Tit. I am not bid to wait upon this bride. Titus, when wert thou wont to walk alone,

Dishonour'd thus, and challenged of wrongs? Re-enter Marcus, Lucius, Quintus, and

MARTIUS.

Marc. O Titus, see, O see what thou hast done!

In a bad quarrel slain a virtuous son.

Tit. No, foolish tribune, no; no son of mine,—

Nor thou, nor these, confederates in the deed That hath dishonour'd all our family; Unworthy brother and unworthy sons!

Luc. But let us give him burial, as becomes; Give Mutius burial with our brethren.

Tit. Traitors, away! he rests not in this tomb:—

This monument five hundred years hath stood, Which I have sumptiously re-edified: Here none but soldiers and Rome's servitors Repose in fame; none basely slain in brawls:—Bury him where you can, he comes not here. Marc. My lord, this is impliety in you:

My nephew Mutius' deeds do plead for him; He must be buried with his brethren.

Quin. and Mart. And shall, or him we will accompany. [that word? Tit. And shall! What villain was it spake Quin. He that would vouch it in any place but here. [spite?

Tit. What, would you bury him in my de-Marc No, noble Titus; but entreat of thee To pardon Mutius, and to bury him.

Tit. Marcus, even thou hast struck upon my crest, [wounded: And with these boys mine honour thou hast My foes I do repute you every one;

So trouble me no more, but get you gone.

Marc. He is not with himself; let us with-

draw.

Quin. Not I, till Mutius' bones be buried.

[MARCUS and the Sons of TITUS kneel.

Marc. Brother, for in that name doth nature

plead. [speak, Quin. Father, and in that name doth nature Tit. Speak thou no more, if all the rest will speed.

Marc. Renowned Titus, more than half my soul,—

Luc. Dear father, soul and substance of us

Marc. Suffer thy brother Marcus to inter His noble nephew here in virtue's nest, That died in honour and Lavinia's cause: Thou art a Roman,—be not barbarous. The Greeks upon advice did bury Ajax, That slew himself; and wise Laertes' son Did gractously plead for his funerals: Let not young Mutius, then, that was thy joy, Be barr'd his entrance here.

Tit. Rise, Marcus, rise: The dismall'st day is this that e'er I saw, To be dishonour'd by my sons in Rome!— Well, bury him, and bury me the next.

[MUTIUS is put into the tomb.

Luc. There he thy bones, sweet Mutius, with thy friends,

Till we with trophies do adorn thy tomb.

All. [Kneeling.] No man shed tears for noble

Mutius;

He lives in fame that died in virtue's cause.

Marc. My lord,—to step out of these dreary dumps,—

How comes it that the subtle Queen of Goths Is of a sudden thus advanc'd in Rome?

Tit. I know not, Marcus; but I know it is,— Whether by device or no, the heavens can tell:

Is she not, then, beholden to the man
That brought her for this high good turn so far?
Marc. Yes, and will nobly him remunerate.

Flourish. Re-enter, at one side, Saturninus attended; Tamora, Demetrius, Chiron, and Aaron: at the other, Bassianus Lavinia, and others.

Sat. So, Bassianus, you have play'd your prize:

God give you joy, sir, of your gallant bride!

Bas. And you of yours, my lord! I say no

Nor wish no less; and so I take my leave.

Sat. Traitor, if Rome have law or we have

power,
Thou and thy faction shall repent this rape.

Bas. Rape, call you it, my lord, to seize my

My true-betrothed love, and now my wife? But let the laws of Rome determine all; Meanwhile I am possess'd of that is mine. [us; Sat. 'Tis good, sir: you are very short with

But if we live we'll be as sharp with you.

Bas. My lord, what I have done, as best I

may,
Answer I must, and shall do with my life.
Only this much I give your grace to know,—
By all the duties that I owe to Rome,
This noble gentleman, Lord Titus here,
Is in opinion and in honour wrong'd,
That, in the rescue of Lavinia,
With his own hand did slay his youngest son,
In zeal to you, and highly nov'd to wrath
To be controll'd in that he frankly gave:
Receive him, then, to favour, Saturnine,
That hath express'd himself, in all his deeds,
A father and a friend to thee and Rome.

The Proper Resisions legacy to pleed my

Tit. Prince Bassianus, leave to plead my deeds:

'Tis thou and those that have dishonour'd me. Rome and the righteous heavens be my judge How I have lov'd and honour'd Saturnine!

Tam. My worthy lord, if ever Tamora Were gracious in those princely eyes of thine, Then hear me speak indifferently for all; And at my suit, sweet, pardon what is past. Sat. What, madam! be dishonour'd openly,

And basely put it up without revenge?

Tam. Not so, my lord; the gods of Rome

forfend
I should be author to dishonour you!
But on mine honour dare I undertake
For good Lord Titus, innocence in all,
Whose fury not dissembled speaks his griefs:
Then at my suit look graciously on him;
Lose not so noble a friend on vain suppose,
Nor with sour looks afflict his gentle heart.—
My lord, be rul'd by me, be won at last;

Dissemble all your griefs and discontents:
You are but newly planted in your throne;
Lest, then, the people and patricians too,
Upon a just survey, take Titus' part,
And so supplant you for ingrattude,—
Which Rome reputes to be a heinous sin,—
Yield at entreats; and then let me alone:
I'll find a day to massacre them all,
And raze their faction and their family,

The cruel father and his traitorous sons, To whom I sued for my dear son's life; And make them know what 'tis to let a queen Kneel in the streets and beg for grace in vain. Come, come, sweet emperor,--come, Andronicus,

Take up this good old man, and cheer the heart That dies in tempest of thy angry frown.

Sat. Rise, Titus, rise; my empress hath prevail'd.

Tit. I thank your majesty and her, my lord: These words, these looks, infuse new life in

Tam. Titus, I am incorporate in Rome, A Roman now adopted happily, And must advise the emperor for his good. This day all quarrels die, Andronicus And let it be mine honour, good my lord, That I have reconcil'd your friends and you .-For you, Prince Bassianus, I have pass'd My word and promise to the emperor That you will be more mild and tractable.-And fear not, lords, -and you, Lavinia, -By my advice, all humbled on your knees, You shall ask pardon of his majesty.

Luc. We do; and vow to heaven and to his highness

That what we did was mildly as we might. Tendering our sister's honour and our own. Marc. That on mine honour here I do pro-

Sat. Away, and talk not; trouble us no more. Tam. Nay, nay, sweet emperor, we must all

be friends: The tribune and his nephews kneel for grace; I will not be denied: sweet heart, look back.

Sat. Marcus, for thy sake and thy brother's here, And at my lovely Tamora's entreats.

I do remit these young men's heinous faults:

Lavinia, though you left me like a churl. I found a friend; and sure as death I swore I would not part a bachelor from the priest. Come, if the emperor's court can feast two brides,

You are my guest, Lavinia, and your friends. This day shall be a love-day, Tamora.

Tit. To-morrow, an it please your majesty To hunt the panther and the hart with me, With horn and hound we'll give your grace boniour.

Sat. Be it so, Titus, and gramercy too-

ACT II.

Scene I.—Rome. Before the Palace.

Enter AARON.

Agron. Now climbeth Tamora Olympus' top. Safe out of fortune's shot; and sits aloft, Secure of thunder's crack or lightning's flash; Advanc'd above pale envy's threatening reach. As when the golden sun salutes the morn, And, having gilt the ocean with his beams, Gallops the zodiac in his glistering coach. And overlooks the highest-peering hill; So Tamora:

Upon her will doth earthly honour wait,

And virtue stoops and trembles at her frown. Then, Aaron, arm thy heart and fit thy thoughts To mount aloft with thy imperial mistress, And mount her pitch, whom thou in triumph long

Hast prisoner held, fetter'd in amorous chains, And faster bound to Aaron's charming eyes Than is Prometheus tied to Caucasus. Away with slavish weeds and servile thoughts! I will be bright, and shine in pearl and gold, To wait upon this new-made empress. To wait, said I? to wanton with this queen, This goddess, this Semiramis, this nymph, This syren, that will charm Rome's Saturnine, And see his shipwreck and his commonweal's .-

Holla! what storm is this?

Enter DEMETRIUS and CHIRON braving

Dem. Chiron, thy years want wit, thy wit wants edge

And manners, to intrude where I am grac'd; And may, for aught thou know'st, affected be. Chr. Demetrius, thou dost over-ween in all; And so in this, to bear me down with braves.

'Tis not the difference of a year or two Makes me less gracious or thee more fortunate: I am as able and as fit as thou

To serve and to deserve my mistress' grace; And that my sword upon thee shall approve, And plead my passion for Lavinia's love.

Aar. [Aside.] Clubs, clubs! these lovers will not keep the peace.

Dem. Why, boy, although our mother, unadvis'd.

Gave you a dancing-rapier by your side, Are you so desperate grown to threat your friends

Go to; have your lath glu'd within your sheath Till you know better how to handle it. Chr. Meanwhile, sir, with the little skill I Full well shalt thou perceive how much I dare, Dem. Ay, boy, grow ye so brave?

Aar. [Coming forward.] Why, how now, lordsi

So near the emperor's palace dare you draw, And maintain such a quarrel openly? Full well I wot the ground of all this grudge: I would not for a million of gold

The cause were known to them it most concerns;

Nor would your noble mother for much more Be so dishonour'd in the court of Rome. For shame, put up.

Dem Not I, till I have sheath'd My rapier in his bosom, and withal Thrust these reproachful speeches down his

throat That he hath breath'd in my dishonour here. Chu. For that I am prepar'd and full re-

solv'd,-Foul-spoken coward, that thunder'st with thy And with thy weapon nothing dar'st perform. Aar. Away, I say!-

Now, by the gods that warlike Goths adore, This petty brabble will undo us all .-Why, lords, and think you not how dangerous It is to jet upon a prince's right?

What is, Lavinia, then, become so loose, Or Bassianus so degenerate, That for her love such quarrels may be broach'd Without controlment, justice, or revenge? Young lords, beware! and should the empress know [please.

This discord's ground, the music would not Chi. I care not, I, knew she and all the world:

I love Lavinia more than all the world. Dem. Youngling, learn thou to make some meaner choice:

Lavinia is thine elder brother's hope.

Aar. Why, are you mad! or know ye not in Rome

How furious and impatient they be, And cannot brook competitors in love? I tell you, lords, you do but plot your deaths By this device.

Chi. Aaron, a thousand deaths
Would I propose to achieve her whom I love.
Aar. To achieve her!—How?

Dem. Why mak'st thou it so strange? She is a woman, therefore may be woo'd; She is a woman, therefore may be won; She is Lavinia, therefore must be lov'd. What, man! more water gildeth by the mill Than wots the miller of; and easy it is Of a cut loaf to steal a shive, we know: Though Bassianus be the emperor's brother, Better than he have worn Vulcan's badge. Aar. [Asdže]. Ay, and as good as Saturmunus

may.

Dem. Then why should he despair that

With words, fair looks, and liberality?
What, hast not thou full often struck a doe,
And borne her cleanly by the keeper's nose?
Aar. Why, then, it seems some certain
snatch or so

Would serve your turns.

Chi. Ay, so the turn were serv'd. Dem. Aaron, thou hast hit it.

Aar. Would you had hit it too!
Then should not we be tir'd with this ado.
Why, hark ye, hark ye,—and are you such fools
To square for this? Would it offend you, then,
That both should speed?

Chi. Faith, not me. Dem. Nor me, so I were one.

Aar. For shame, be friends, and join for

that you jar: 'Tis policy and stratagem must do That you affect: and so must you resolve That which you cannot as you would achieve, You must perforce accomplish as you may. Take this of me, -Lucrece was not more chaste Than this Lavinia, Bassianus' love. A speedier course than lingering languishment Must we pursue, and I have found the path. My lords, a solemn hunting is in hand; There will the lovely Roman ladies troop: The forest-walks are wide and spacious; And many unfrequented plots there are Fitted by kind for rape and villany: Single you thither, then, this dainty doe, And strike her home by force if not by words: This way, or not at all, stand you in hope. Come, come, our empress, with her sacred wit

To villany and vengeance consecrate,

Will we acquaint with all that we intend;
And she shall file our engines with advice
That will not suffer you to square yourselves,
But to your wishes' height advance you both.
The emperor's court is like the house of fame,
The palace full of tongues, of eyes, and ears:
The woods are ruthless, dreadful, deaf, and
dull;

There speak and strike, brave boys, and take your turns; [eye,

There serve your lust, shadow'd from heaven's And revel in Lavinia's treasury.

Chi. Thy counsel, lad, smells of no cowardice.

Dem. Sit fas aut nefas, till I find the stream

To cool this heat, a charm to calm these fits, Per Styga, per manes vehor. [Exeunt.

Scene II.—A Forest near Rome: a Lodge seen at a distance. Horns and cry of hounds heard.

Enter Titus Andronicus, with Hunters, &c., Marcus, Lucius, Quintus, and Martius.

Tit. The hunt is up, the morn is bright and

The fields are fragrant, and the woods are green.

Uncouple here, and let us make a bay, And wake the emperor and his lovely bride, And rouse the prince, and ring a hunter's peal, That all the court may echo with the noise. Sons, let it be your charge, as it is ours, To attend the emperor's person carefully: I have been troubled in my sleep this night, But dawning day new confort hath inspir'd.

Horns wind a peal. Enter Saturninus, Tamora, Bassianus, Lavinia, Demetrius, Chiron, and Attendants.

Many good-morrows to your majesty;— Madam, to you as many and as good:—

I promised your grace a hunter's peal.

Sat. And you have rung it lustily, my lord;

Somewhat too early for new-married ladies.

Bas. Levinia, how say you?

Lav. I say no; I have been broad awake two hour or more.

Sat. Come on, then, horse and chariots let us have.

And to our sport.—[To TAMORA.] Madam, now shall ye see

Our Roman hunting.

Marc. I have dogs, my lord, Will rouse the proudest panther in the chase, And climb the highest promontory top

Tit. And I have horse will follow where the

Makes way, and run like swallows o'er the plain.

Dem. Chiron, we hunt not, we, with horse nor hound,

But hope to pluck a dainty doe to ground.

[Exeunt.

SCENE III.—A lonely part of the Forest.

Enter AARON with a bag of gold.

Aaron. He that had wit would think that I

had none, To bury so much gold under a tree, And never after to inherit it. Let him that thinks of me so abjectly Know that this gold must coin a stratagem, Which, cunningly effected, will beget A very excellent piece of villany; And so repose, sweet gold, for their unrest

[Hides the gold. That have their alms out of the empress' chest.

Enter TAMORA.

Tam. My lovely Aaron, wherefore look'st thou sad

When everything doth make a gleeful boast? The birds chant melody on every bush; The snake lies rolled in the cheerful sun; The green leaves quiver with the cooling wind, And make a chequer'd shadow on the ground: Under their sweet shade, Aaron, let us sit, And, whilst the babbling echo mocks the hounds,

Replying shrilly to the well-tun'd horns, As if a double hunt were heard at once, Let us sit down and mark their yelping noise; And,-after conflict such as was suppos'd The wandering prince and Dido once enjoy'd, When with a happy storm they were surpnis'd, And curtain'd with a counsel-keeping cave,— We may, each wreathed in the other's arms, Our pastimes done, possess a golden slumber: Whiles hounds and horns and sweet melodious birds

Be unto us as is a nurse's song Of luliaby to bring her babe asleep.

Aar. Madam, though Venus govern your

desires. Saturn is dominator over mine: What signifies my deadly-standing eye, My silence and my cloudy melancholy. My fleece of woolly hair that now uncurls Even as an adder when she doth unroll To do some fatal execution?

No, madam, these are no venereal signs, Vengeance is in my heart, death in my hand Blood and revenge are hammering in my head. Hark, Tamora,—the empress of my soul, Which never hopes more heaven than rests in thee,

This is the day of doom for Bassianus: His Philomel must lose her tongue to-day; Thy sons make pillage of her cha And wash their hands in Bassianus' blood. Seest thou this letter? take it up, I pray thee, And give the king this fatal-plotted scroll. Now question me no more,—we are espied; Here comes a parcel of our hopeful booty, Which dreads not yet their lives' destruction. Tam. Ah, my sweet Moor, sweeter to me

than life! [comes: Aar. No more, great empress, Bassianus Be cross with him; and I'll go fetch thy sons To back thy quarrels, whatsoe'er they be. Exit.

Enter Bassianus and Lavinia.

empress, Unfurnish'd of her well-beseeming troop? Or is it Dian, habited like her, Who hath abandoned her holy groves To see the general hunting in this forest?

Tam. Saucy controller of our private steps! Had I the power that some day Dian had, Thy temples should be planted presently With horns, as was Actæon's; and the hounds Should drive upon thy new-transformed limbs, Unmannerly intruder as thou art!

Lav. Under your patience, gentle empress, 'Tis thought you have a goodly gift in horning; And to be doubted that your Moor and you Are singled forth to try experiments: Jove shield your husband from his hounds to-

Tis pity they should take him for a stag Bas. Believe me, queen, your swarth Cimтегіап

Doth make your honour of his body's hue, Spotted, detested, and abominable. Why are you sequester'd from all your train, Dismounted from your snow-white goodly steed, And wander'd hither to an obscure plot, Accompanied but with a barbarous Moor, If foul desire had not conducted you?

Lav. And, being intercepted in your sport, Great reason that my noble lord be rated For sauciness.-I pray you, let us hence, And let her joy her raven-colour's love; This valley fits the purpose passing well.

Bas. The king my brother shall have note of [noted long: this. Lav. Ay, for these slips have made him Good king, to be so mightily abus'd?

Tam. Why have I patience to endure all this?

Enter DEMETRIUS and CHIRON.

Dem. How now, dear sovereign, and our gracious mother!

Why doth your highness look so pale and wan? Tam. Have I not reason, think you, to look

These two have 'tic'd me hither to this place:-A barren detested vale you see it is; The trees, though summer, yet forlorn and lean O'ercome with moss and baleful mistletoe: Here never shines the sun; here nothing breeds, Unless the nightly owl or fatal raven: And when they show'd me this abhorred pit They told me, here at dead time of the night A thousand fiends, a thousand hissing snakes, Ten thousand swelling toads, as many urchins, Would make such fearful and confused cries As any mortal body hearing it Should straight fall mad or else die suddenly. No sooner had they told this hellish tale But straight they told me they would bind me here

Unto the body of a dismal yew, And leave me to this miserable death: And then they call'd me foul adulteress, Lascivious Goth, and all the bitterest terms That ever ear did hear to such effect: And had you not by wondrous fortune come, This yengeance on me had they executed. Revenge it, as you love your mother's life, Bas. Who have we here? Rome's royal Or be ye not henceforth call'd my children. Dem. This is a witness that I am thy son.

Stabs BASSIANUS. Chi. And this for me, struck home to show

my strength. [Also stabs BAS., who dies. Lav. Ay, come, Semiramis,—nay, barbarous Tamora,

For no name fits thy nature but thy own!

Tam. Give me thy poniard;—you shall know,
my boys, [wrong.

Your mother's hand shall right your mother's Dem. Stay, madam; here is more belongs to her; [straw:

First thrash the corn, then after burn the This minion stood upon her chastity, Upon her nuptial vow, her loyalty, [ness: And with that painted hope braves your mighti-

And shall she carry this unto her grave?

Chi. An if she do, I would I were an eunuch.

Drag hence her husband to some secret hole,

And make his dead trunk pillow to our lust.

Tam. But when ye have the honey ye desire, Let not this wasp outlive, us both to sting. Chi. I warrant you, madam, we will make

Chi. I warrant you, madam, we will make that sure.—

Come, mistress, now perforce we will enjoy That nice-preserved honesty of yours. [face,— Lav. O Tamora! thou bear'st a woman's Tam. I will not hear her speak; away with

her! [a word.
Lav. Sweet lords, entreat her hear me but

Dem. Listen, fair madam: let it be your glory
To see her tears; but be your heart to them
As unrelenting fint to drops of rain. [the dam?

Lav. When did the tiger's young ones teach O, do not learn her wrath,—she taught it thee; The milk thou suck'dst from her did turn to marble;

Even at thy teat thou hadst thy tyranny.—
Yet every mother breeds not sons alike:
Do thou entreat her show a woman pity.

[To Chiron.

Chi. What, wouldst thou have me prove myself a bastard? [lark: Lav. 'Tis true, the raven doth not hatch a Yet I have heard -\(\mathcal{Q}\); could I find it now!-

Yet I have heard -O, could I find it now!—
The hon, mov'd with pity, did endure
To have his princely paws par'd all away:
Some say that ravens foster forlorn children,
The whilst their own birds famish in their nests
O, be to me, though thy heart say no,
Nothing so kind, but something pitiful!

Tam. I know not what it means:—away with

Lav. O, let me teach thee! for my father's sake,

That gave thee life, when well he might have

That gave thee life, when well he might have slain thee,

Be not obdurate, open thy deaf ears.

Tam. F thou in person ne'er offended

me,
Even for his sake am I pitiless.—
Remember, boys, I pour'd forth tears in vain
To save your brother from the sacrifice;
But flerce Andronicus would not relent:
Therefore away with her, and use her as you

The worse to her the better lov'd of me.

Lav. O Tamara, be call'd a gentle queen,
And with thine own hands kill me in this place!
For 'tis not hie that I have begg'd so long;
Poor I was slain when Bassianus died.

Tam. What begg'st thou, then? fond woman,

let me go.

Lav. 'Tis present death I beg; and one thing more,

That womanhood denies my tongue to tell: O, keep me from their worse than killing lust, And tumble me into some loathsome pit, Where never man's eye may behold my body:

Do this, and be a chartiable murderer. [fee: Tam. So should I rob my sweet sons of their No, let them satisfy their lust on thee. [long.

Dem. Away! for thou hast stay'd us here too
Lav. No grace? no womanhood? Ah,
beastly creature!

The blot and enemy to our general name! Confusion fall,—

Chi. Nay, then I'll stop your mouth:—bring thou her husband:

This is the hole where Aaron bid us hide him.
[DEM. throws BAS.'S body into the pit; then
exit with CHL, dragging off LAV.

Tam. Farewell, my sons: see that you make her sure:—

Ne'er let my heart know merry cheer indeed Till all the Andronica be made away. Now will I hence to seek my lovely Moor, And let my spleenful sons this trull deflower.

Re-enter AARON, with QUINTUS and MARTIUS.

Aar. Come on, my lords, the better foot Kelore: Straight will I bring you to the loathsome pit

Where I esped the panther fast asleep.

Quin. My sight is very dull, whate'er it bodes.

Mart. And mine, I promise you; were't not for shame,

Well could I leave our sport to sleep awhile.

[Falls into the pit.

Quin. What, art thou fallen?—What subtle hole is this,
Whose mouth is cover'd with rude-growing
Upon whose leaves are drops of new-shed blood
As fresh as morning's dew distill'd on flowers?
A very fatal place it seems to me.— [fall!
Speak, brother, hast thou hurt thee with the

Mart. O brother, with the dismallest object hurt That ever eye with sight made heart lament!

Aar. [Aside.] Now will I fetch the king to find them here,

That he thereby may give a likely guess

How these were they that made away his
brother.

[Exit.

Mart. Why dost not comfort me, and help me out

From this unhallow'd and blood-stained hole? Quin. I am surprised with an uncouth fear; A chilling sweat o'er-runs my trembling joints; My heart suspects more than mine eye can see. Mart. To prove thou hast a true divining heart.

Aaron and thou look down into this den, And see a fearful sight of blood and death.

Quin. Aaron is gone; and my compassionate heart

Will not permit mine eyes once to behold The thing whereat it trembles by surmise: O, tell me how it is; for ne'er till now [Falls in.

Was I a child to fear I know not what. Mart. Lord Bassianus lies embrewed here, All on a heap, like to a slaughter'd lamb. In this detested, dark, blood-drinking pit. Quin. If it be dark, how dost thou know

'tis he? Mart. Upon his bloody finger he doth wear A precious ring that lightens all the hole, Which, like a taper in some monument, Doth shine upon the dead man's earthy cheeks, And shows the ragged entrails of the pit: So pale did shine the moon on Pyramus When he by night lay bath'd in maiden blood. O brother, help me with thy fainting hand,-If fear hath made thee faint, as me it hath,-Out of this fell devouring receptacle, As hateful as Cocytus' misty mouth.

Quin. Reach me thy hand, that I may help thee out;

Or, wanting strength to do thee so much good, I may be pluck'd into the swallowing womb I hay be placed a most a state of this deep pit, poor Bassianus' grave.

I have no strength to pluck thee to the brink.

Mart. Nor I no strength to climb without

thy help.

Quin. Thy hand once more; I will not lose Till thou art here aloft, or I below: Thou canst not come to me,-I come to thee.

Enter SATURNINUS with AARON.

Sat. Along with me: 1'll see what hole is here,

And what he is that now is leap'd into it.-Say, who art thou that lately didst descend

Into this gaping hollow of the earth!

Mart. The unhappy son of old Andronicus, Brought hither in a most unlucky hour, To find thy brother Bassianus dead. liest:

Sat. My brother dead? I know thou dost but He and his lady both are at the lodge Upon the north side of this pleasant chase; 'Tis not an hour since I left him there.

Mart. We know not where you left him all

But, out, alas! here have we found him dead.

Re-enter TAMORA, with Attendants; TITUS Andronicus and Lucius.

Tam. Where is my lord the king? Sat. Here, Tamora; though griev'd with killing grief.

Tam. Where is thy brother Bassianus? Sat. Now to the bottom dost thou search my wound:

Poor Bassianus here lies murdered. Tam. Then all too late I bring this fatal writ,

[Giving a letter. The complot of this timeless tragedy; And wonder greatly that man's face can fold In pleasing smiles such murderous tyranny. Sat. [Reads.] An if we miss to meet him

handsomely, Sweet huntsman, Bassianus 'tis we mean,-Do thou so much as dig the grave for him: Thou know'st our meaning. Look for thy re-

ward Among the nettles at the elder tree Which overstades the mouth of that same pit

Where we decreed to bury Bassianus. Do this, and purchase us thy lasting friends. O Tamora! was ever heard the like?-This is the pit and this the elder tree:— Look, sirs, if you can find the huntsman out That should have murder'd Bassianus here. Agr. My gracious lord, here is the bag of gold.

Showing it. Sat. [To TITUS.] Two of thy whelps, fell curs of bloody kind,

Have here bereft my brother of his life .-Sirs, drag them from the pit unto the prison: There let them bide until we have devis'd

Some never-heard-of torturing pain for them.

Tam. What, are they in this pit! O wondrous thing?

How easily murder is discovered! Tit. High emperor, upon my feeble knee I beg this boon, with tears not lightly shed. That this fell fault of my accursed sons,— Accursed if the fault be prov'd in them,-

Sat. If it be prov'd! you see it is apparent. Who found this letter! Tamora, was it you! Tam. Andronicus himself did take it up. Tit. I did, my lord: yet let me be their bail; For, by my father's reverend tomb, I vow They shall be ready at your highness' will ·To answer their suspicion with their lives.

Sat. Thou shalt not bail them: see thou follow me.murderers: Some bring the murder'd body, some the Let them not speak a word,—the guilt is plain;

For, by my soul, were there worse end than death, That end upon them should be executed.

Tam. Andronicus, I will entreat the king: Fear not thy sons; they shall do well enough. Tit. Come, Lucius, come; stay not to talk with them.

Exeunt severally. Attendants bearing the body

Scene IV .- Another part of the Forest.

Enter DEMETRIUS and CHIRON, with LAVINIA ravished; her hands cut off, and her tongue cut out.

Dem. So, now go tell, and if thy tongue can speak.

Who 'twas that cut thy tongue and ravish'd thee Chi. Write down thy mind, bewray thy meaning so,

And if thy stumps will let thee play the scribe. Dem. See, how with signs and tokens she can scrowl. [hands.

Chi. Go home, call for sweet water, wash thy Dem. She hath no tongue to call, nor hands to wash;

And so let's leave her to her silent walks. Chi. An 'twere my case I should go hang myself. [the cord.

Dem. If thou hadst hands to help thee knit Exeunt DEM. and CHI.

Enter MARCUS.

Marc. Who is this,-my niece,-that flies away so fast?-

Cousin, a word; where is your husband!-If I do dream, would all my wealth would wake me!

If I do wake, some planet strike me down, That I may slumber in eternal sleep!-Speak, gentle niece,—what stern ungentle hands bare Have lopp'd, and hew'd, and made thy body

Of her two branches,-those sweet ornaments Whose circling shadows kings have sought to

sleep in,

And might not gain so great a happiness As have thy love! Why dost not speak to me?-Alas, a crimson river of warm blood, Like to a bubbling fountain stirr'd with wind. Doth rise and fall between thy rosed lips, Coming and going with thy honeyed breath. But sure some Tereus hath deflowered thee And lest thou shouldst detect him, cut thy

tongue. Ah, now thou turn'st away thy face for shame: And notwithstanding all this loss of blood,-As from a conduit with three issuing spouts,-Yet do thy cheeks look red as Titan's face Blushing to be encounter'd with a cloud. Shall I speak for thee! shall I say 'tis so? O, that I knew thy heart, and knew the beast, That I might rail at him, to ease my mind! Sorrow concealed, like an oven stopp'd. Doth burn the heart to cinders where it is. Fair Philomela, she but lost her tongue, And in a tedius sampler sew'd her mind: But, lovely niece, that mean is cut from thee; A craftier Tereus, cousin, hast thou met, And he hath cut those pretty fingers off That could have better sew'd than Philomel. O, had the monster seen those hly hands Tremble, like aspen leaves, upon a lute, And make the silken strings delight to kiss them,

He would not then have touch'd them for his Or had he heard the heavenly harmony Which that sweet tongue hath made. He would have dropp'd his knife, and fell asleep As Cerberus at the Thracian poet's feet. Come, let us go, and make thy father blind; For such a sight will blind a father's eye. One hour's storm will drown the fragrant meads;

What will whole months of tears thy father's eyes!

Do not draw back, for we will mourn with thee; O, could our mourning ease thy misery! Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I.—Rome. A Street.

Enter Senators, Tribunes, and Officers of Justice, with Martius and Quintus bound, passing on to the place of execution; TITUS going before, pleading.

Tit. Hear me, grave fathers! noble tribunes,

For pity of mine age, whose youth was spent In dangerous wars, whilst you securely slept; For all my blood in Rome's great quarrel shed; For all the frosty nights that I have watch'd; And for these bitter tears, which now you see Filling the aged wrinkles in my cheeks; Be pitiful to my condemned sons. Whose souls are not corrupted as 'tis thought. For two-and-twenty sons I never we Because they died in honour's lofty } For these, good tribunes, in the dust I write Throwing himself on the ground. My heart's deep languor and my soul's sad

tears;

Let my tears stanch the earth's dry appetite: My sons' sweet blood will make it shame and blush.

[Exeunt Sen., Trib., &c., with the prisoners. O earth I will befriend thee more with rain, That shall distil from these two ancient ruins, Than youthful April shall with all his showers: In summer's drought I'll drop upon thee still; In winter, with warm tears I'll melt the snow, And keep eternal spring-time on thy face, So thou refuse to drink my dear sons' blood,

Enter Lucius with his sword drawn.

O reverend tribunes! O gentle aged men! Unbind my sons, reverse the doom of death; And let me say, that never wept before, My tears are now prevailing orators.

"Luc. O noble father, you lament in vain: The tribunes hear you not, no man is by:

And you recount your sorrows to a stone.

Trt. Ah, Lucius, for thy brothers let me plead.—
Grave tribunes, once more I entreat of you.

Luc. My gracious lord, no tribune hears you

speak. Tit. Why, 'tis no matter, man: if they did They would not mark me; or if they did mark They would not pity me; yet plead I must, And bootless unto them.

Therefore I tell my sorrows to the stones; Why, though they cannot answer my distress Yet in some sort they are better than the tribunes,

For that they will not intercept my tale: When I do weep they humble at my feet Receive my tears and seem to weep with me; And were they but attired in grave weeds Rome could afford no tribune like to these. A stone is soft as wax, tribunes more hard than stones:

A stone is silent, and offendeth not, And tribunes with their tongues doom men

to death. Rises. But wherefore stand'st thou with thy weapon drawn! death:

Luc. To rescue my two brothers from their For which attempt the judges have pronounc'd My everlasting doom of banishment.

Tit. O happy man! they have befriended thee.

Why, foolish Lucius, dost thou not perceive That Rome is but a wilderness of tigers! Tigers must prey; and Rome affords no prey But me and mine: how happy art thou, then, From these devourers to be banished!-But who comes with our brother Marcus here!

Enter Marcus and Lavinia.

Marc. Titus, prepare thy aged eyes to weep; Or if not so, thy noble heart to break: I bring consuming sorrow to thine age. Tit. Will it consume me! let me see it then. Marc. This was thy daughter.

Tit. Why, Marcus, so she is. Luc. Ay me! this object kills me! her. Tit. Faint-hearted boy, arise, and look upon Speak, my Lavinia, what accursed hand Hath made thee handless in thy father's sight! What fool hath added water to the sea. Or brought a fagot to bright-burning Troy! My grief was at the height before thou cam'st; And now, like Nilus, it disdaineth bounds. Give me a sword, I'll chop off my hands too; For they have fought for Rome, and all in vain; And they have nurs'd this woe in feeding life: In bootless prayer have they been held up, And they have serv'd me to effectless use: Now all the service I require of them Is that the one will help to cut the other.—
'Tis well, Lavinia, that thou hast no hands; For hands, to do Rome service, are but vain. Luc. Speak, gentle sister, who hath martyr'd thee?

Marc. O, that delightful engine of her thoughts,

That blabb'd them with such pleasing eloquence. Is torn from forth that pretty hollow cage, Where, like a sweet melodious bird, it sung Sweet varied notes, enchanting every ear!

Luc. O, say thou for her, who hath done this deed!

Marc. O, thus I found her, straying in the park,

Seeking to hide herself, as doth the deer That hath receiv'd some unrecurring wound. Tit. It was my deer; and he that wounded

Hath hurt me more than had he kill'd me dead: Sends thee this word, -that if thou love thy For now I stand as one upon a rock, Environ'd with a wilderness of sea; Who marks the waxing tide grow wave by wave. Expecting ever when some envious surge Will in his brinish bowels swallow him. This way to death my wretched sons are gone; Here stands my other son, a banish'd man; And here my brother, weeping at my woes: But that which gives my soul the greatest spurn Is dear Lavinia, dearer than my soul.-Had I but seen thy picture in this plight It would have madded me: what shall I do Now I behold thy lively body so! Thou hast no hands to wipe away thy tears, Nor tongue to tell me who hath martyr'd thee: Thy husband he is dead; and for his death Thy brothers are condemn'd, and dead by this. Look, Marcus!-ah, son Lucius, look on her! When I did name her brothers, then fresh tears Stood on her cheeks, as doth the honey dew) Upon a gather'd lily almost wither'd.

Marc. Perchance she weeps because they kill'd her husband:

Perchance because she knows them innocent. Tit. If they did kill thy husband, then be jo yful,

Because the law hath ta'en revenge on them.-No, no, they would not do so foul a deed; Witness the sorrow that their sister makes.-Gentle Lavinia, let me kiss thy lips; Or make some sign how I may do thee ease: Shall thy good uncle, and thy brother Lucius, And thou, and I, sit round about some fountain, Looking all downwards, to behold our cheeks

How they are stain'd, as meadows, yet not dry. With miry slime left on them by a flood! And in the fountain shall we gaze so long, Till the fresh taste be taken from that clearness, And made a brine-pit with our bitter tears! Or shall we cut away our hands like thine! Or shall we bite our tongues, and in dumb shows

Pass the remainder of our hateful days! What shall we do! let us, that have our tongues, Plot some device of further misery, To make us wonder'd at in time to come.

Luc. Sweet father, cease your tears, for at

your grief See how my wretched sister sobs and weeps. Marc. Patience, dear niece.-Good Titus,

dry thine eyes. Tit. Ah, Marcus, Marcus! brother, well I wot

Thy napkin cannot drink a tear of mine For thou, poor man, hast drown'd it with thine own.

Luc. Ah, my Lavinia, I will wipe thy checks. Tit. Mark, Marcus, mark! I understand her signs:

Had she a tongue to speak, now would she say

That to her brother which I said to thee: His napkin, with his true tears all bewet Can do no service on her sorrowful cheeks. O, what a sympathy of woe is this, As far from help as limbo is from bliss!

Enter AARON.

Aar. Titus Andronicus, my lord the emperor

sons, Let Marcus, Lucius, or thyself, old Titus, Or any one of you, chop off your hand And send it to the king: he for the same Will send thee hither both thy sons alive And that shall be the ransom for their fault. Tit. O gracious emperor! O gentle Aaron! Did ever raven sing so like a lark That gives sweet tidings of the sun's uprise! With all my heart I'll send the emperor My hand: My hand: Good Agron, wilt thou help to chop it off?

Luc. Stay, father! for that noble hand of thine.

That hath thrown down so many enemies, Shall not be sent: my hand will serve the turn: My youth can better spare my blood than you; And therefore mine shall save my brothers' lives.

Marc. Which of your hands hath not de-fended Rome,

And rear'd aloft the bloody battle-axe, Writing destruction on the enemy's castle! O, none of both but are of high desert: My hand hath been but idle; let it serve To ransom my two nephews from their death; Then have I kept it to a worthy end.

Aar. Nay, come, agree whose hand shall go along,

For fear they die before their pardon come. Marc. My hand shall go.

Luc. By heaven, it shall not go! Tit. Sirs. strive no more: such wither'd herbs as these

Are meet for plucking up, and therefore mine.

Luc. Sweet father, if I shall be thought thy

Let me redeem my brothers both from death. Marc. And for our father's sake and mother's Enter a Messenger, with two heads and a hand.

Now let me show a brother's love to thee. Tit. Agree between you: I will spare my hand.

Luc. Then I'll go fetch an axe.

Marc. But I will use the axe. Exeunt LUCIUS and MARCUS. Tit. Come hither, Aaron; I'll deceive them

Lend me thy hand, and I will give thee mine. Aar. [Aside] If that be call'd deceit, I will

be honest And never whilst I live deceive men so:-But I'll deceive you in another sort, And that you'll say ere half an hour pass. [He cuts off TITUS'S hand.

Re-enter Lucius and Marcus.

Tit. Now stay your strife: what shall be is

despatch'd.-Good Aaron, give his majesty my hand: Tell him it was a hand that warded him From thousand dangers; bid him bury it; More hath it merited, -that let it have. As for my sons, say I account of them As jewels purchas'd at an easy price; And yet dear too, because I bought mine own. Agr. I go, Andronicus: and for thy hand Look by and by to have thy sons with thee:-

Their heads I mean. O, how this villany Aside. Doth fat me with the very thoughts of it? Let fools do good, and fair men call for grace,

Aaron will have his soul black like his face. Tit. O, here I lift this one hand up to heaven, And bow this feeble ruin to the earth: If any power pities wretched tears,

To that I call!-[To LAVINIA.] What, wilt thou kneel with me? Do, then, dear heart; for heaven shall hear

our prayers: Or with our sighs we'll breathe the welkin dim, And stain the sun with fog, as sometime clouds When they do hug him in their melting bosoms.

Marc. O brother, speak with possibilities, And do not break into these deep extremes. Tit. Is not my sorrow deep, having no

bottom? Then be my passions bottomless with them.

Marc. But yet let reason govern thy lament. Tit. If there were reason for these miseries, Then into hmits could I bind my woes: When heaven doth weep, doth not the earth o'erflow?

If the winds rage, doth not the sea wax mad, Threatening the welkin with his big-swoln face! And wilt thou have a reason for this coil? I am the sea; hark, how her sighs do flow? She is the weeping welkin, I the earth: Then must my sea be moved with her sighs; Then must my earth with her continual tears Become a deluge, overflow'd and drown'd: For why my bowels cannot hide her woes,

But like a drunkard must I vomit them. Then give me leave; for losers will have leave To ease their stomachs with their bitter tongues.

Mess. Worthy Andronicus, ill art thou repaid For that good hand thou sent'st the emperor. Here are the heads of thy two noble sons; And here's thy hand, in scorn, to thee sent

back,-Thy griefs their sports, thy resolution meck'd: That woe is me to think upon thy woes. More than remembrance of my father's death.

Exit. Marc. Now let hot Ætna cool in Sicily, And be my heart an ever-burning hell! These miseries are more than may be borne. To weep with them that weep doth ease some

deal; But sorrow flouted at is double death.

Luc. Ah, that this sight should make so deep a wound

And yet detested life not shrink thereat? That ever death should let life bear his name. Where hie hath no more interest but to breathe! LAVINIA kisses him. .

Marc. Alas, poor heart, that kiss is comfortless

As frozen water to a starved snake. Tit. When will this fearful slumber have an Marc. Now, farewell, flattery: die, Androni-

Thou dost not slumber: see thy two sons' Thy warlike hand, thy mangled daughter here; Thy other banish'd son, with this dear sight Struck pale and bloodless; and thy brother, I, Even like a stony image, cold and numb. Ah! now no more will I control thy griefs; Rent off thy silver hair, thy other hand Gnawing with thy teeth; and be this dismal

sight The closing up of our most wretched eyes: Now is a time to storm; why art thou still?

Tit. Ha, ha, ha! [this hour. Marc. Why dost thou laugh? it fits not with Tit. Why, I have not another tear to shed: Besides, this sorrow is an enemy,

And would usurp upon my watery eyes, And make them blind with tributary tears: Then which way shall I find revenge's cave? For these two heads do seem to speak to me, And threat me I shall never come to bliss Till all these mischiefs be return'd again Even in their throats that have committed them Come, let me see what task I have to do.-You heavy people circle me about That I may turn me to each one of you, And swear unto my soul to right your wrongs.-

The vow is made.-Come, brother, take a head: And in this hand the other will I bear.

Lavinia, thou shalt be employ'd in these things; Bear thou my hand, sweet wench, between thy teeth.

As for thee, boy, go, get thee from my sight; Thou art an exile, and thou must not stay: Hie to the Goths, and raise an army there: And if you love me, as I think you do, Let's kiss and part, for we have much to do.

Luc. Farewell, Andronicus, my noble father,-

The woefull'st man that ever liv'd in Rome: Farewell, proud Rome; till Lucius come again. He leaves his pledges dearer than his life: Farewell, Lavinia, Lavinia, my noble sister; O, would thou wert as thou 'tofore hast been! But now nor Lucius nor Lavinia lives But in oblivion and hateful griefs. If Lucius live, he will requite your wrongs, And make proud Saturnine and his empress Beg at the gates, like Tarquin and his queen. Now will I to the Goths, and raise a power To be reveng'd on Rome and Saturnine.

Scene II .- Rome. A Room in Titus's House. A Banquet set out.

Enter TITUS, MARCUS, LAVINIA, and YOUNG Lucius, a boy.

Tit. So, so; now sit: and look you eat no

Than will preserve just so much strength in us As will revenge these bitter woes of ours. Marcus, unknit that sorrow-wreathen knot: Thy niece and I, poor creatures, want our hands,

And cannot passionate our tenfold grief With folded arms. This poor right hand of mine

Is left to tyrannize upon my breast: And when my heart, all mad with misery, Beats in this hollow prison of my flesh, Then thus I thump if down .-Thou map of woe, that thus dost talk in signs!

[To LAVINIA. When thy poor heart beats with outrageous heating,

Thou canst not strike it thus to make it still. Wound it with sighing, girl; kill it with groans; Or get some little knife between thy teeth, And just against thy heart make thou a hole, That all the tears that thy poor eyes let fall May run into that sink, and, soaking in, Drown the lamenting fool in sea-salt tears.

Marc. Fie, brother, fiel teach her not thus to lay

Such violent hands upon her tender life. Tit. How now! has sorrow made thee dote already?

Why, Marcus, no man should be mad but I, What violent hands can she lay on her life? Ah, wherefore dost thou urge the name of hands:-

To bid Æneas tell the tale twice o'er How Troy was burnt and he made miserable? O, handle not the theme, to talk of hands, Lest we remember still that we have none. Fie, fie, how frantically I square my talk,-As if we should forget we had no hands, If Marcus did not name the word of hands!-Come, let's fall to; and, gentle girl, eat this.— Here is no drink! Hark, Marcus, what she says;

I can interpret all her martyr'd signs;-She says she drinks no other drink but tears. Brew'd with her sorrow, mesh'd upon her cheeks:-

[Exeunt Titus, Marcus, and Lavinia. Speechless complainer, I will learn thy thought; In thy dumb action will I be as perfect

As begging hermits in their holy prayers: Thou shalt not sign, nor hold thy stumps to heaven,

Nor wink, nor nod, nor kneel, nor make a sign, But I of these will wrest an alphabet, And by still practice learn to know thy mean-Y. Luc. Good grandsire, leave these bitter

deep laments: Make my aunt merry with some pleasing tale. Marc. Alas, the tender boy, in passion mov'd, Doth weep to see his grandsire's heaviness.

Tit. Peace, tender sapling; thou art made of

tears. And tears will quickly melt thy life away.-[MARCUS strikes the dish with a knife.

What dost thou strike at, Marcus, with thy knife? Marc. At that that I have kill'd, my lord,-

a fiv.

Tit. Out on thee, murderer! thou kill'st my heart; Mine eyes are cloy'd with view of tyranny:

A deed of death done on the innocent Becomes not Titus' brother: get thee gone:

I see thou art not for my company.

Marc. Alas, my lord, I have but kill'd a fly.

Tit. But how if that fly had a father and mother?

How would he hang his slender gilded wings, And buzz lamenting doings in the air! Poor harmless fly, That with his pretty buzzing melody

Came here to make us merry! and thou hast kill'd him. [favour'd fly.

Marc. Pardon me, sir; 'twas a black ill-Like to the empress' Moor; therefore I kill'd him.

Tit. 0, 0, 0.

Then pardon me for reprehending thee. For thou hast done a charitable deed. Give me thy knife, I will insult on him Flattering myself as if it were the Moor Come hither purposely to poison me .-There's for thyself, and that's for Tamora.--Ah, sırrah! Yet I do think we are not brought so low

But that between us we can kill a fly That comes in likeness of a coal-black Moor.

Marc. Alas, poor man! grief has so wrought on him.

He takes false shadows for true substances. Tit. Come, take away .- Lavinia, go with me: I'll to thy closet; and go read with thee Sad stories chanced in the times of old. Come, boy, and go with me: thy sight is young, And thou shalt read when mine begins to dazzle. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Rome. Before Titus's House.

Enter TITUS and MARCUS. Then enter Young Lucius running, with books under his arm, and LAVINIA running after him.

Y. Luc. Help, grandsire, help! my aunt Lavinia Follows me everywhere, I know not why .--

Good Uncle Marcus, see how swift she comes! Pattern'd by that the poet here describes, Alas, sweet aunt, I know not what you mean. Marc. Stand by me, Lucius: do not fear

thine aunt. harm. Tit. She loves thee, boy, too well to do thee Y. Luc. Ay, when my father was in Rome

she did. [signs? Marc. What means my niece Lavinia by these

Tit. Fear her not, Lucius: somewhat doth she mean:-

See, Lucius, see how much she makes of thee: Somewhither would she have thee go with her. Ah, boy, Cornelia never with more care Read to her sons than she hath read to thee Sweet poetry and Tully's Orator

Marc. Canst thou not guess wherefore she guess,

plies thee thus?

Y. Luc. My lord, I know not, I, nor can I Unless some fit or frenzy do possess her: For I have heard my grandsire say full oft Extremity of griefs would make men mad; And I have read that Hecuba of Troy Ran mad through sorrow: that made me to

fear: Although, my lord, I know my noble aunt Loves me as dear as e'er my mother did,

And would not, but in fury, fright my youth: Which made me down to throw my books, and fly,

Causeless, perhaps: but pardon me, sweet aunt: And, madam, if my uncle Marcus go,

I will most willingly attend your ladyship. Marc. Lucius, I will. — [LAVINIA turns over with her stumps the

books which Lucius has let fall. Tit. How now. Lavinia!-Marcus, what Tam lentus audis scelera? tam lentus vides? means this?

Some book there is that she desires to see. Which is it, girl, of these?-Open them, boy. But thou art deeper read and better skill'd: Come, and take choice of all my library, And so begule thy sorrow, till the heavens Reveal the damn'd contriver of this deed.-Why lifts she up her arms in sequence thus?

Marc. I think she means that there was more than one

Confederate in the fact; -ay, more there was, Or else to heaven she heaves them for revenge. Tit. Lucius, what book is that she tosseth so? Y. Luc. Grandsire, 'tis Ovid's Metamorphosis;

My mother gave it me.

For love of her that's gone, Perhaps she cull'd it from among the rest. Tit. Soft! see how busily she turns the leaves!

Help her:

What would she find?-Lavinia, shall I read? This is the tragic tale of Philomel. And treats of Tereus' treason and his rape:

And rape, I fear, was root of thine annoy.

Marc. See, brother, see; note how she quotes

the leaves. Tit. Lavinia, wert thou thus surpris'd, sweet gırl,

Ravish'd, and wrong'd, as Philomela was, Forc'd in the ruthless, vast, and gloomy woods?-

See, see!-

Ay, such a place there is where we did hunt. O, had we never, never hunted there!-

By nature made for murders and for rapes. Marc. O, why should nature build so foul a den.

Unless the gods delight in tragedies?

Tit. Give signs, sweet girl,-for here are none but friends,

What Roman lord it was durst do the deed: Or slunk not Saturnine, as Tarquin erst That left the camp to sin in Lucrece' bed? Marc. Sit down, sweet niece:-brother, sit

down by me.-Apollo, Pallas, Jove, or Mercury, Inspire me, that I may this treason find!-

My lord, look here:-look here, Lavima: This sandy plot is plain; guide, if thou canst. This after me, when I have writ my name Without the help of any hand at all. He writes his name with his staff, quid-

ing it with his feet and mouth.

Curs'd be the heart that forc'd us to this shift! [last Write thou, good mece; and here display at

What God will have discover'd for revenge: Heaven guide thy pen to print thy sorrows plain,

That we may know the traitors and the truth! She takes the staff in her mouth, guides it with her stumbs, and writes.

Tit. O, do ye read, my lord, what she hath

write Stubrum—Chiron—Demetrius. Tamora Marc. What, what!—the lustful sons of Performers of this heinous, bloody deed?

Tit. Magni Dominator poli,

Marc. O, calm thee, gentle lord; although I know

There is enough written upon this earth To stir a mutiny in the mildest thoughts. And arm the minds of infants to exclaims, My lord, kneel down with me; Lavinia, kneel; And kneel, sweet boy, the Roman Hector's hope:

And swear with me,—as, with the woeful fere And father of that chaste dishonour'd dame, Lord Junius Brutus sware for Lucrece' rape,-That we will prosecute, by good advice, Mortal revenge upon these traitorous Goths And see their blood, or die with this reproach.

Tit. 'Tis sure enough, an you knew how. But if you hunt these bear-whelps, then beware: The dam will wake; and if she wind you once, She's with the lion deeply still in league, And lulls him whilst she playeth on her back, And when he sleeps will she do what she list. You are a young huntsman, Marcus: let it

alone; And, come, I will go get a leaf of brass, And with a gad of steel will write these words. And lay it by: the angry northern wind Will blow these sands, like Sybil's leaves,

abroad, And where's your lesson then?-Boy, what say Y. Luc. I say, my lord, that if I were a man, Their mother's bedchamber should not be safe For these bad-bondmen to the yoke of Rome.

Marc. Ay, that's my boy! thy father hath full oft

For his ungrateful country done the like.

Y. Luc. And, uncle, so will I, an if I live. Tit. Come, go with me into mine armoury; Lucius, I'll fit thee; and withal, my boy, Shalt carry from me to the empress' sons Presents that I intend to send them both: Come, come; thou'lt do thy message, wilt thou not? grandsire.

Y. Luc. Ay, with my dagger in their bosoms, Tit. No, boy, not so; I'll teach thee another course.~

Lavinia, come. - Marcus, look to my house: Lucius and I'll go brave it at the court: Ay, marry, will we, sir; and we'll be waited

[Exeunt Tit., LAV., and Y. Luc. Marc. O heavens, can you hear a good man groan,

And not relent, or not compassion him? Marcus, attend him in his ecstasy, That hath more scars of sorrow in his heart Than foemen's marks upon his batter'd shield; But yet so just that he will not revenge:-Revenge, ye heavens, for old Andronicus! Exit

Scene II.—Rome. A Room in the Palace.

Enter AARON, DEMETRIUS and CHIRON, at one door; at another door, Young Lucius and an Attendant, with a bundle of weapons, and verses writ upon them.

Chi. Demetrius, here's the son of Lucius; Enter a Nurse, with a blackamoor Child in her He hath some message to deliver us.

Aar. Ay, some mad message from his mad grandfather. [may, Y. Luc. My lords, with all the humbleness I

I greet your honours from Andronicus, And pray the Roman gods confound you both! Aside.

Dem. Gramercy, lovely Lucius; what's the news?

Boy [Aside.] That you are both decipher'd, that's the news,

For villains mark'd with rape .- May it please My grandsire, well-advis'd, hath sent by me The goodliest weapons of his armoury To gratify your honourable youth,

The hope of Rome; for so he bade me say; And so I do, and with his gifts present Your lordships, that whenever you have need You may be armed and appointed well: And so I leave you both,—[aside] like bloody

villains. [Exeunt Y. Luc. and Attendant.

Dem. What's here? A scroll; and written round about? Let's see:

[Reads.] Integer vitæ, scelerisque purus, Non eget Mauri jaculis, nec arcu. Chi. O, 'tis a verse in Horace; I know it well:

I read it in grammar long ago.

Aar. Ay, just,-a verse in Horace;-right, you have it.

Now, what a thing it is to be an ass! [Aside. Here's no sound jest! the old man hath found their guilt;

And sends them weapons wrapp'd about with That wound, beyond their feeling, to the quick. But were our witty empress well a-foot, She would applaud Andronicus' conceit. But let her rest in her unrest awhile. And now, young lords, was't not a happy star Led us to Rome, strangers, and more than so, Captives, to be advanced to this height? It did me good before the palace gate

To brave the tribune in his brother's hearing. Dem. But me more good to see so great a lord

Basely insinuate and send us gifts. Acr. Had he not reason, Lord Demetrius?

Did you not use his daughter very friendly? Dem. I would we had a thousand Roman dames

At such a bay, by turn to serve our lust.

Chr. A charitable wish, and full of love. Aar. Here lacks but your mother for to say amen.

Chi. And that would she for twenty thousand more.

Dem. Come, let us go; and pray to all the

For our beloved mother in her pains. Agr. [Aside.] Pray to the devils; the gods

have given us over. Flourish within.

Dem. Why do the emperor's trumpets flourish thus? Chi. Belike, for joy the emperor hath a son.

Dem. Soft! who comes here?

Nur. Good-morrow, lords: O, tell me, did you see Aaron the Moor?

Aar. Well, more or less, or ne'er a whit at all,

Here Aaron is; and what with Aaron now? Nur. O gentle Aaron, we are all undone!

Now help, or woe betide thee evermore!

Aar. Why, what a caterwauling dost thou

keep! What dost thou wrap and fumble in thine arms?

Nur. O, that which I would hide from heaven's eye,

Our empress' shame and stately Rome's disgrace!-

She is deliver'd, lords, -she is deliver'd.

Aar. To whom?

I mean, she's brought a-bed. Nur. Aar. Well, God give her good rest! What hath he sent her? Nur. A devil.

Aar. Why, then she is the devil's dam; a joyful issue. [issue:

Nur. A joyless, dismal, black, and sorrowful Here is the babe, as loathsome as a toad Amongst the fairest breeders of our clime:

The empress sends it thee, thy stamp, thy seal. And bids thee christen it with thy dagger's

Aar. Zounds, ye whore! is black so base a

Sweet blowse, you are a beauteous blossom, sure.

Dem. Villain, what hast thou done? Aar. That which thou canst not undo.
Chi. Thou hast undone our mother. Aar. Villain, I have done thy mother.

Dem. And therein, hellish dog, thou hast undone. [choice! Woe to her chance, and damn'd her loathed

Accurs'd the offspring of so foul a fiend!

Chi. It shall not live.

Aar. It shall not die.

Nur. Aaron, it must; the mother wills it so.

Aar. What, must it, nurse? then let no man
but I

Do execution on my flesh and blood.

Dem. I'll broach the tadpole on my rapier's point:—

Nurse, give it me; my sword shall soon despatch it. [up.

Aar. Sooner this sword shall plough thy bowels [Takes the Child from the Nurse, and draws. Stay, murderous villains! will you kill your brother?

Now, by the burning tapers of the sky, That shone so brightly when this boy was got, He dies upon my scimitar's sharp point That touches this my first-born son and heir! I tell you, youngelings, not Enceladus, With all this threatening band of Typhon's

prood

Nor great Alcides, nor the god of war, shall senze this prey out of his father's hands. What, what, ye sanguine shallow-hearted boys! Ye white-lim'd walls! ye alehouse-painted signs!

Coal-black is better than another hue, in that it scorns to bear another hue; For all the water in the ocean Can never turn a swan's black legs to white, although she lave them hourly in the flood. Tell the empress from me, I am of age To keep mune own,—excuse it how she can. Dem. Wilt thou betray thy noble mistress.

Dem. Wilt thou betray thy noble mistress thus? [self,—

Aar. My mistress is my mistress; this, myThe vigour and the picture of my youth:
This before all the world do I prefer;
This maugre all the world will I keep safe,
Or some of you shall smoke for it in Rome.

Dem. By this our mother is for ever sham'd, Chi. Rome will despise her for this foul escape.

Nur. The emperor, in his rage, will doom her

death.

Chi. I blush to think upon this ignomy.

Aar. Why, there's the privilege your beauty

bears:
Fie, treacherous hue, that will betray with
blushing

The close enacts and counsels of the heart! Here's a young lad fram'd of another leer: Look how the black slave smiles upon the

father,
As who should say, Old lad, I am thine own.
He is your brother, lords; sensibly fed
Of that self-blood that first gave life to you;
And from the womb where you imprison'd were
He is enfranchised and come to light:
Nay, he is your brother by the surer side,
Although my seal be stamped in his face.

Nur. Aaron, what shall I say unto the empress?

Dem. Advise thee, Aaron, what is to be done, And we will all subscribe to thy advice: Save thou the child, so we may all be safe. Aaron. Then sit we down, and let us all consult.

My son and I will have the wind of you:

Keep there: now talk at pleasure of your safety.

[They sit.

Dem. How many women saw this child of his? [league Aar. Why, so, brave lords! when we join in

I am a lamb: but if you brave the Moor, The chafed boar, the mountain lioness, The ocean swells not so as Aaron storms.— But say, again, how many saw the child? Nur. Cornelia the midwife and myself;

And no one else but the deliver'd empress.

Aar. The empress, the midwife, and yourself:

Two may keep counsel when the third's away: Go to the empress, tell her this I said:— [Stabs her, and she dies.

Weke, weke!—so cries a pig prepar'd to the spit.

Dem. What mean'st thou, Aaron? Wherefore didst thou thus?

Aar. O Lord, sir, 'tis a deed of policy:

Aar. O Lord, sir, 'its a deed of policy:
Shall she live to betray this guilt of ours, —
A long-tongu'd babbling gossip? no, lords, no:
And now be it known to you my full intent.
Not far, one Muliteus lives, my countryman;
His wife but yesternight was brought to bed;
His child is like to her, fair as you are;
Go pack with him, and give the mother gold,
And tell them both the circuinstance of all;
And how by this their child shall be advanc'd,
And be received for the emperor's heir,
And substituted in the place of mine,
To calm this tempest whiring in the court;
And let the emperor dandle him for his own.
Hark ye, lords; ye see I have given her physic.
[Pointing to the Nurse.

And you must needs bestow her funeral;
The fields are near, and you are gallant grooms:
This done, see that you take no longer days,
But send the midwife presently to me.
The midwife and the nurse well made away,
Then let the ladies tattle what they please.
Chr. Aaron, I see thou wilt not trust the air

With secrets.

Dem. For this care of Tamora,
Herself and hers are highly bound to thee.

Exeunt DEM. and CHI., bearing off the dead Nurse.

Aar. Now to the Goths, as swift as swallow flies;

There to dispose this treasure in mine arms, And secretly to greet the empress' friends — Come on, you thick-lipp'd slave, I'll bear you hence;

For it is you that puts us to our shifts: I'll make you feed on berries and on roots, And feed on curds and whey, and suck the goat, And cabin in a cave; and brung you up To be a warrior and command a camp. [Exit.,

Scene III .- Rome. A public Place.

Enter TITUS, bearing arrows, with letters at the ends of them; with him MARCUS, YOUNG LUCIUS, and other Gentlemen, with bows.

Tit. Come, Marcus, come:—kinsmen, this is the way.—

Sir boy, now let me see your archery; Look ye draw home enough, and 'tis there straight.

Terras Astræa reliquit:

Be you remember'd, Marcus, she's gone, she's fled.

Sirs, take you to your tools. You, cousins, shall.

Go sound the ocean and cast your nets; Happily you may catch her in the sea; Yet there's as little justice as at land. No; Publius and Sempronius, you must do it;
'Tis you must dig with mattock and with spade, And pierce the inmost centre of the earth: Then, when you come to Pluto's region, I pray you deliver him this petition; Tell him it is for justice and for aid, And that it comes from old Andronicus, Shaken with sorrows in ungrateful Rome. Ah, Rome!-Well, well; I made thee miserable What time I threw the people's suffrages On him that thus doth tyrannize o'er me. Go, get you gone; and pray be careful all And leave you not a man-of-war unsearch'd: This wicked emperor may have shipp'd her hence;

And, kinsmen, then we may go pipe for justice.

Marc. O Publius, is not this a heavy case, To see thy noble uncle thus distract? [cerns

Pub. Therefore, my lord, it highly us con-By day and night to attend him carefully, And feed his humour kindly as we may. Till time beget some careful remedy.

Marc. Kinsmen, his sorrows are pastremedy. Join with the Goths; and with revengeful war Take wreak on Rome for this ingratitude, And vengeance on the traitor Saturnine.

Tit. Publius, how now! how now, my masters!

What, have you met with her? [word, Pub. No, my good lord; but Pluto sends you If you will have Revenge from hell, you shall: Marry for Justice, she is so employ'd, [else, He thinks, with Jove in heaven, or somewhere So that perforce you must needs stay a time.

Tit. He doth me wrong to feed me with delays.

I'll dive into the burning lake below, And pull her out of Acheron by the heels.-Marcus, we are but shrubs, no cedars we, No big-bon'd men, fram'd of the Cyclops' size; But metal, Marcus, steel to the very back, Yet wrung with wrongs more than our backs can bear:

And, sith there is no justice in earth nor hell, We will solicit heaven, and move the gods To send down Justice for to wreck our wrongs.— Come, to this gear.—You are a good archer,

Marcus. [He gives them the arrows. Ad Jovem, that's for you:-here, ad Apolli-

nem: Ad Martem, that's for myself:-Here, boy, to Pallas:-here, to Mercury:-To Saturn, Caius, not to Saturnine; You were as good to shoot against the wind.-To it, boy.—Marcus, loose when I bid.— Of my word, I have written to effect; There's not a god left unsolicited. [court: Marc. Kinsmen, shoot all your shafts into the

We will afflict the emperor in his pride.

Tit. Now, masters, draw. [They shoot.] O, well said, Lucius!

Good boy, in Virgo's lap; give it Pallas, Marc. My lord, I aim a mile beyond the moon:

Your letter is with Jupiter by this.

Tit. Ha! ha!

Publius, Publius, what hast thou done? See, see, thou hast shot off one of Taurus' horns.

Marc. This was the sport, my ford; when

Publius shot,

The Bull, being gall'd, gave Aries such a knock That down fell both the Ram's horns in the court;

And who should find them but the empress' villain?

She laugh'd, and told the Moor he should not choose

But give them to his master for a present. Tit. Why, there it goes: God give his lord-

ship joy!

Enter a Clown, with a basket and two pigeons in it. News, news from heaven! Marcus, the post is

come. Sirrah, what tidings? have you any letters?

Shall I have justice? what says Jupiter? Clo. Ho, the gibbet-maker? he says that he hath taken them down again, for the man must not be hanged till the next week.

Tit. But what says Jupiter, I ask thee?

Clo. Alas, sir, I know not Jupiter; I never drank with him in all my life.

Tit. Why, villain, art not thou the carrier?

Clo. Ay, of my pigeons, sir; nothing else. Tit. Why, didst thou not come from heaven? Clo. From heaven! alas, sir, I never came there: God forbid I should be so bold to press to heaven in my young days. Why, I am going with my pigeons to the tribunal plebs, to take up a matter of brawl betwixt my uncle and one of the imperial's men.

Marc. Why, sir, that is as fit as can be to serve for your oration; and let him deliver the

pigeons to the emperor from you.

Tit. Tell me, can you deliver an oration to the emperor with a grace?

Clo. Nay, truly, sir, I could never say grace in all my life.

Tit. Sirrah, come hither: make no more ado, But give your pigeons to the emperor: By me thou shalt have justice at his hands.

Hold, hold; meanwhile here's money for thy

charges. Give me pen and ink .--

Sirrah, can you with a grace deliver a supplica-Clo. Ay, sir.
Tit. Then here is a supplication for you.

And when you come to him, at the first approach you must kneel; then kiss his foot; then deliver up your pigeons; and then look for your reward. I'll be at hand, sir; see you do it bravely.

Clo. I warrant you, sir, let me alone. Tit. Sirrah, hast thou a knife? Come, let

me see it.

Here, Marcus, fold it in the oration: For thou hast made it like an humble suppliAnd when thou hast given it to the emperor, Knock at my door, and tell me what he says. Clo. God be with you, sir: I will.

Clo. God be with you, sir; I will.

Tit. Come, Marcus, let us go.—Publius,
follow me.

[Exeunt.

Scene IV .- Rome. Before the Palace.

Enter Saturninus, Tamora, Demetrius, Chiron, Lords, and others; Saturninus with the arrows in his hand that Titus shot.

Sat. Why, lords, what wrongs are these? was ever seen

An emperor in Rome thus overborne,
Troubled, confronted thus; and, for the extent
Of legal justice, us'd in such contempt?
My lords, you know, as do the mightful gods,
However these disturbers of our peace
Buzz in the people's ears, there naught hath
pass'd,

But even with law, against the wilful sons Of old Andronicus. And what an if His sorrows have so overwhelm'd his wits, Shall we be thus afflicted in his freaks, His fits, his frenzy, and his bitterness? And now he writes to heaven for his redress: See, here's to Jove, and this to Mercury; This to Apollo; this to the god of war; Sweet scrolls to fly about the streets of Rome! What's this but libeling against the senate, And blazoning our injustice everywhere? A goodly humour, is it not, my lords? As who would say, in Rome no justice were. But if I live, his feigned ecstasies Shall be no shelter to these outrages: But he and his shall know that justice lives In Saturninus' health; whom, if she sleep, He'll so awake as she in fury shall Cut off the proud'st conspirator that lives.

Tam. My gracious lord, my lovely Saturnine, Lord of my life, commander of my thoughts, Calm thee, and bear the faults of Titus' age, The effects of sorrow for his valiant sons, Whose loss hath piere'd him deep, and scarr'd

his heart;
And rather comfort his distressed plight
Than prosecute the meanest or the best
For these contempts.—[Aside]. Why, thus it
shall become

High-witted Tamora to gloze with all: But, Titus, I have touch'd thee to the quick, Thy life-blood on't: if Aaron now be wise, Then is all safe, the anchor's in the port.—

Enter Clown.

How now, good fellow! wouldst thou speak with us?

Clo. Yes, forsooth, an your mistership be

imperial.

Tam. Empress I am, but yonder sits the

Clo. 'Tis he.—God and Saint Stephen give you good-den: I have brought you a letter and a couple of pigeons here.

emperor.

[SATURNINUS reads the letter.
Sat. Go, take him away, and hang him presently.

· Clo. How much money must I have? Tam. Come, sirrah, you must be hang'd. Clo. Hang'd! By'r lady, then I have brought up a neck to a fair end. [Exit guarded. Sat. Despiteful and intolerable wrongs! Shall I endure this monstrous villany? I know from whence this same device proceeds: May this be borne,—as if his traitorous sons, That died by law for murder of our brother, Have by my means been butcher'd wrongfully?—

Go, drag the villain hither by the hair; Nor age nor honour shall shape privilege.— For this proud mock I'll be thy slaughter-man; Sly frantic wretch, that holp'st to make me great,

In hope thyself should govern Rome and me.

Enter ÆMILIUS.

What news with thee, Æmilius?

Emil. Arm, my lord! Rome never had more cause!

The Goths have gather'd head; and with a power,
Of high resolved men, bent to the spoil,

of might resolved men, bent to the spoil, They hither march amain, under conduct Of Lucius, son to old Andronicus; Who threats, in course of this revenge, to do As much as ever Coriolanus did.

Sat. Is warlike Lucius general of the Goths? These tidings nip me; and I hang the head As flowers with frost, or grass beat down with

storms:
Ay, now begin our sorrows to approach:
'Tis he the common people love so much;
Myself hath often overheard them say,—
When I have walked like a private man,—
That Lucius' banishment was wrongfully,
And they have wish'd that Lucius were their

emperor.

Tam. Why should you fear? is not your city strong?

Sat. Ay, but the citizens favour Lucius, And will revolt from me to succour him. Tam. King, be thy thoughts imperious, like

thy name.

Is the sun dimm'd, that gnats do fly in it?

The eagle suffers little birds to sing,
And is not careful what they mean thereby,
Knowing that with the shadow of his wing
He can at pleasure stint their melody:
Even so mayst thou the giddy men of Rome.
Then cheer thy spirit: for know, thou emperor,
I will enchant the old Andronicus
With words more sweet, and yet more danger-

ous, Than baits to fish or honey-stalks to sheep, When as the one is wounded with the bait, The other rotted with delicious feed.

Sat. But he will not entreat his son for us.

Tam. If Tamora entreat him, then he will:

For I can smooth and fill his aged ear

With golden promises that, were his heart

Almost impregnable, his old ears deaf,

Yet should both ear and heart obey my

tongue.—

Go thou before [to EMILIUS]; be our ambassador:

Say that the emperor requests a parley Of warlike Lucius, and appoint the meeting Even at his father's house, the old Andronicus. And if he stand on hostage for his safety, hither,
Bid him demand what pledge will please him To use as you think needful of the man. [devil best.

EMIL. Your bidding shall I do effectually.

Exit. Tam. Now will I to that old Andronicus, And temper him, with all the art I have, To pluck proud Lucius from the warlike Goths. And now, sweet emperor, be blithe again, And bury all thy fear in my devices.

Sat. Then go successfully, and plead to him. Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I .- Plains near Rome.

Enter Lucius and Goths, with drum and colours.

Luc. Approved warriors and my faithful friends,

I have received letters from great Rome Which signify what hate they bear their emperor,

And how desirous of our sight they are. Therefore, great lords, be as your titles witness, Imperious and impatient of your wrongs; And wherein Rome hath done you any scath Let him make treble satisfaction.

I Goth. Brave shp, sprung from the great Andronicus, fort;

Whose name was once our terror, now our com-Whose high exploits and honourable deeds Ingrateful Rome requites with foul contempt, Be bold in us: we'll follow where thou lead'st .-Like stinging bees in hottest summer's day, Led by their master to the flowered fields,-And be aveng'd on cursed Tamora.

Goths. And as he saith, so say we all with Luc. I humbly thank him, and I thank you

But who comes here, led by a lusty Goth?

Enter a Goth, leading AARON with his Child in his arms.

2 Goth. Renowned Lucius, from our troops I strav'd

To gaze upon a ruinous monastery: And as I earnestly did fix mine eye Upon the wasted building, suddenly I heard a child cry underneath a wall. I made unto thee noise; when soon I heard The crying babe controll'd with this discourse:---

Peace, tawny slave, half me and half thy dam! Did not thy hue bewray whose brat thou art, Had nature lent thee but thy mother's look, Villain, thou mightst have been an emperor: But where the bull and cow are both milk-white They never do beget a coal-black calf. Peace, villain, peace!-even thus he rates the

babe,-For I must bear thee to a trusty Goth; Who, when he knows thou art the empress'

babe, Will hold thee dearly for thy mother's sake. With this, my weapon drawn I rush'd upon

Sat. ÆMILIUS, do this message honourably: Surpris'd him suddenly, and brought him

Luc. O worthy Goth, this is the incarnate That robb'd Andronicus of his good hand: This is the pearl that pleas'd your empress' eye; And here's the base fruit of his burning lust.— Say, wall-ey'd slave, whither wouldst thou

convey This growing image of thy flend-like face? Why dost not speak? what, deaf? No; not a

word?-

A halter, soldiers; hang him on this tree, And by his side his fruit of bastardy,

Aar. Touch not the boy,-he is of royal blood.

Luc. Too like the sire for ever being good .-First hang the child, that he may see it sprawl-A sight to vex the father's soul withal. Get me a ladder.

> [A ladder brought, which AARON is obliged to ascend.

Lucius, save the child, And bear it from me to the empress. If thou do this, I'll show thee wondrous things That highly may advantage thee to hear:

If thou wilt not, befall what may befall, I'll speak no more, -but vengeance rot you all! Luc. Say on: an if it please me which thou

speak'st, Thy child shall live, and I will see it nourish'd.

Aar. An if it please thee! why, assure thee, Lucius. 'Twill vex thy soul to hear what I shall speak; For I must talk of murders, rapes, and massa-

cres. Acts of black night, abominable deeds, Complets of mischief, treason, villames Ruthful to hear, yet piteously perform'd: And this shall all be buried by my death,

Unless thou swear to me my child shall live. Luc. Tell on thy mind; I say thy child shall

Aar. Swear that he shall, and then I will Luc. Who should I swear by? thou believ'st no god:

That granted, how canst thou beheve an oath? Aar. What if I do not? as, indeed, I do not; Yet, for I know thou art religious And hast a thing within thee called conscience, With twenty popish tricks and ceremonies Which I have seen thee careful to observe, Therefore I urge thy oath; -for that I know An idiot holds his bauble for a god,

And keeps the oath which by that god he swears;

To that I'll urge him:—therefore thou shalt yow By that same god,-what god soe'er it be That thou ador'st and hast in reverence,-To save my boy, to nourish and bring him up;

Or else I will discover naught to thee.

Luc. Even by my god I swear to thee I will. Acr. First know thou, I begot him on the empress.

Luc. O most insatiate luxurious woman! Aar. Tut, Lucius, this was but a deed of charity

To that which thou shalt hear of me anon. 'Twas her two sons that murder'd Bassianus; They cut thy sister's tongue, and ravish'd her, And cut her hands, and trimm'd her as thou saw'st. [trimming?

Luc. O detestable villain! call'st thou that Aar. Why, she was wash'd, and cut, and trimm'd; and 'twas

Trim sport for them that had the doing of it. Luc. O barbarous, beastly villains, like thythem: selfi

Aar. Indeed, I was their tutor to instruct The codding spirit had they from their mother, As sure a card as ever won the set; That bloody mind, I think, they learn'd of me, As true a dog as ever fought at head. Well, let my deeds be witness of my worth. I train'd thy brethren to that guileful hole Where the dead corpse of Bassianus lay: I wrote the letter that thy father found, And hid the gold within the letter mention'd, Confederate with the queen and her two sons: And what not done, that thou hast cause to rue, Wherein I had no stroke of mischief in't? I play'd the cheater for thy father's hand; And when I had it, drew myself apart, And almost broke my heart with extreme SCENE II.-ROME. laughter:

I pry'd me through the crevice of a wall When, for his hand, he had his two sons' heads; Beheld his tears, and laugh'd so heartly That both mine eyes were rainy like to his: And when I told the empress of this sport, She swooned almost at my pleasing tale,

And for my tidings gave me twenty kisses.

Goth. What, canst thou say all this, and never blush?

Aar. Ay, like a black dog, as the saying is.

deeds? Aar. Ay, that I had not done a thousand more.

Even now I curse the day,—and yet, I think, Few come within the compass of my curse,-Wherein I did not some notorious ill: As, kull a man, or else devise his death; Ravish a maid, or plot the way to do it; Accuse some innocent, and forswear myself; Set deadly enmity between two friends; Make poor men's cattle stray and break their necks:

Set fire on barns and hay-stacks in the night, And bid the owners quench them with their

Ofthave I digg'd'up dead men from their graves, And set them upright at their dear friends' doors.

Even when their sorrows almost were forgot; And on their skins, as on the bark of trees, Have with my knife carved in Roman letters. Let not your sorrow die, though I am dead. Tut, I have done a thousand dreadful things As willingly as one would kill a fly; And nothing grieves me hearfuly indeed But that I cannot do ten thousand more.

Luc. Bring down the devil, for he must not So sweet a death as hanging presently,

Aar. If there be devils, would I were a devil, To live and burn in everlasting fire, So I might have your company in hell, But to torment you with my bitter tongue!

Luc. Sirs, stop his mouth, and let him speak no more.

Enter a Goth.

3 Goth. My lord, there is a messenger from Rome

Desires to be admitted to your presence. Luc. Let him come near.

Enter ÆMILIUS.

Welcome, Æmilius: what's the news from Rome? (Goths. Æmil. Lord Lucius, and you princes of the The Roman emperor greets you all by me;

And, for he understands you are in arms, He craves a parley at your father's house. Willing you to demand your hostages, And they shall be immediately deliver'd.

r Goth. What says our general?

Luc. Æmilius, let the emperor give his pledges

Unto my father and my uncle Marcus, And we will come. - March away.

Before TITUS'S House. Enter TAMORA, DEMETRIUS, and CHIRON

disguised. Tam. Thus, in this strange and sad habili-

ment I will encounter with Andronicus, And say I am Revenge, sent from below To join with him and right his heinous wrongs. Knock at his study, where they say he keeps To ruminate strange plots of dire revenge; Tell him Revenge is come to join with him, Luc. Art thou not sorry for these hemous And work confusion on his enemies.

They knock.

Enter TITUS, above.

Tit. Who doth molest my contemplation? Is it your trick to make me ope the door, That so my sad decrees may fly away, And all my study be to no effect? You are deceiv'd: for what I mean to do See here in bloody lines I have set down; And what is written shall be executed.

Tam. Titus, I am come to talk with thee. Tit. No, not a word: how can I grace my talk,

Wanting a hand to give it action?

Thou hast the odds of me; therefore no more. Tam. If thou didst know me, thou wouldst talk with me.

Tit. I am not mad; I know thee well enough: Witness this wretched stump, witness these crimson lines;

Witness these trenches made by grief and care; Witness the tiring day and heavy night: Witness all sorrow, that I know thee well For our proud empress, mighty Tamora: Is not thy coming for my other hand?

Tam. Know thou, sad man, I am not Tamora; She is thy enemy and I thy friend: I am Revenge; sent from the infernal kingdom To ease the gnawing vulture of thy mind By working wreakful vengeance on thy foes.

Come down and welcome me to this world's hght;

Confer with me of murder and of death:

There's not a hollow cave or lurking-place, No vast obscurity or misty vale, Where bloody murder or detested rape Can couch for fear but I will find them out; And in their ears tell them my dreadful name, Revenge, which makes the foul offenders quake.

Tit. Art thou Revenge? and art thou sent And I will be revenged on them all. [Rome, to me

To be a torment to mine enemies? [come me. Tam. I am; therefore come down and wel-Tit. Do me some service ere I come to thee. Lo, by the side where Rape and Murder stands: Now give some 'surance that thou are Re-

venge,-Stab them, or tear them on thy chariot wheels; And then I'll come and be thy waggoner, And whirl along with thee about the globe. Provide thee two proper palfreys, black as jet, To hale thy vengeful waggon swift away, And find out murderers in their guilty caves: And when thy car is loaden with their heads I will dismount, and by the waggon-wheel Trot, like a servile footman, all day long, Even from Hyperion's rising in the east Until his very downfall in the sea: And day by day I'll do this heavy task, So thou destroy Rapine and Murder there.

Tam. These are my ministers, and come with me.

Tit. Are these thy ministers? what are they call'd?

Tam. Rapine and Murder: therefore called

'Cause they take vengeance of such kind of

men. Tit. Good lord, how like the empress sons

they are! And you the empress! But we worldly men Have miserable, mad, mistaking eyes. O sweet Revenge, now do I come to thee; And, if one arm's embracement will content

I will embrace thee in it by and by.

Exit from above. Tam. This closing with him fits his lunacy: Whate'er I forge to feed his brain-sick fits. Do you uphold and maintain in your speeches, For now he firmly takes me for Revenge; And, being credulous in this mad thought, I'll make him send for Lucius his son; And, whilst I at a banquet hold him sure, I'll find some cunning practice out of hand To scatter and disperse the giddy Goths, Or, at the least, make them his enemies. See, here he comes, and I must ply my theme.

Enter TITUS.

Tit. Long have I been forlorn, and all for

Welcome, dread fury, to my woeful house;-Rapine and Murder, you are welcome too:-How like the empress and her sons you are! Well are you fitted, had you but a Moor; Could not all hell afford you such a devil?-For well I wot the empress never wags But in her company there is a Moor; And, would you represent our queen aright, It were convenient you had such a devil: But welcome as you are. What shall we do? Tam. What wouldst thou have us do, Andronicus?

Dem. Show me a murderer, I'll deal with Chi. Show me a villain that hath done a rape, And I am sent to be reveng'd on him.

Tam. Show me a thousand that have done

thee wrong,

Tit. Look round about the wicked streets of And when thou find'st a man that's like thyself, Good Murder, stab him; he's a murderer .-Go thou with him; and when it is thy hap To find another that is like to thee, Good Rapine, stab him; he's a ravisher.-Go thou with them; and in the emperor's court There is a queen, attended by a Moor; [tion, Well mayst thou know her by thy own propor-For up and down she doth resemble thee; I pray thee, do on them some violent death; They have been violent to me and mine.

Tam. Well hast thou lesson'd us: this shall

we do.

But would it please thee, good Adronicus, To send for Lucius, thy thrace-valuant son, Who leads towards Rome a band of warlike Goths.

And bid him come and banquet at thy house; When he is here, even at thy solemn feast, I will bring in the empress and her sons, The emperor himself, and all thy foes; And at thy mercy shall they stoop and kneel, And on them shalt thou ease thy angry heart. What says Andronicus to this device? [calls. Tit. Marcus, my brother!—'tis sad Titus

Enter MARCUS.

Go, gentle Marcus, to thy nephew Lucius; Thou shalt inquire him out among the Goths: Bid him repair to me, and bring with him Some of the chiefest princes of the Goths; Bid him encamp his soldiers where they are: Tell him the emperor and the empress too Feast at my house, and he shall feast with them. This do thou for my love; and so let him As he regards his aged father's life.

Marc. This will I do, and soon return again. Exit.

Tam. Now will I hence about thy business, And take my ministers along with me.

Tit. Nay, nay, let Rape and Murder stay with me,

Or else I'll call my brother back again,

And cleave to no revenge but Lucius.

Tam. [Aside to them.] What say you, boys? will you abide with him.

Whiles I go tell my lord the emperor How I have govern'd our determin'd jest? Yield to his humour, smooth and speak him fair,

And tarry with him till I come again.

Tit. [Aside.] I know them all, though they suppose me mad, vices. And will o'er-reach them in their own de-

A pair of cursed hell-hounds and their dam. Dem. Madam, depart at pleasure; leave us

here. goes Tam. Farewell. Andronicus: Revenge now To lay a complot to betray thy foes.

Tit. I know thou dost; and, sweet Revenge, farewell! Exit TAMORA. Chr. Tell us, old man, how shall we be Let me go grind their bones to powder small, employ'd? [do.---Tit. Tut, I have work enough for you to

Publius, come hither, Caius, and Valentine!

Enter PUBLIUS and others.

Pub. What is your will?
Tit. Know you these two? Pub. The empress' sons,

I take them, Chiron and Demetrus.

Tit. Fie, Publius, fie! thou art too much deceiv'd,-

The one is Murder, Rape is the other's name; Enter Lucius, Marcus, and Goths, with And therefore bind them, gentle Publius:—

AARON prisoner. Caius and Valentine, lay hands on them:-Oft have you heard me wish for such an hour, And now I find it; therefore bind them sure; And stop their mouths, if they begin to cry. [Exit. Publius, &c., lay hold on Chiron

and DEMETRIUS. Chi. Villams, forbear! we are the empress' sons.

manded .-Pub. And therefore do we what we are com-Stop close their mouths, let them not speak a

Is he sure bound? look that you bind them fast.

Re-enter Titus Andronicus, with Lavinia; he bearing a knife and she a basin.

Tit. Come, come, Lavinia; look, thy foes are bound .me:

Sirs, stop their mouths, let them not speak to But let them hear what fearful words I utter .-O villains, Chiron and Demetrius!

Here stands the spring whom you have stain'd with mud;

This goodly summer with your winter mix'd. You kill'd her husband; and for that vile fault Two of her brothers were condemn'd to death, My hand cut off and made a merry jest; Both her sweet hands, her tongue, and that,

more dear Than hands or tongue, her spotless chastity. Inhuman traitors, you constrain'd and forc'd. What would you say, if I should let you speak? Villains, for shame you could not beg for grace. Hark, wretches! how I mean to martyr you. This one hand yet is left to cut your throats Whilst that Lavinia 'tween her stumps doth

The basin that receives your guilty blood. You know your mother means to feast with me, And calls herself Revenge, and thinks me

mad:-Hark, villains! I will grand your bones to dust, And with your blood and it I'll make a paste; And of the paste a coffin I will rear,

And make two pasties of your shameful heads; And bid that strumpet, your unhallow'd dam, Like to the earth, swallow her own increase. This is the feast that I have bid her to, And this the banquet she shall surfert on:

For worse than Philomel you us'd my daughter, And worse than Progne I will be reveng'd: And now prepare your throats. Lavinia, come.

He cuts their throats. Receive the blood; and when that they are dead,

And with this hateful liquor temper it; And in that paste let their vile heads be bak'd. Come, come, be every one officious To make this banquet; which I wish may prove More stern and bloody than the Centaurs' feast So, now bring them in, for I will play the cook, And see them ready 'gainst their mother comes. Exeunt, bearing the dead bodies.

SCENE III .- ROME. A Pavilion in TITUS'S Gardens, with tables, &c.

Luc. Uncle Marcus, since 'tis my father's mind

That I repair to Rome, I am content.

I Goth And ours with thine, befall what fortune will. Luc. Good uncle, take you in this barbarous

This ravenous tiger, this accursed devil; Let him receive no sustenance, fetter him, Till he be brought unto the empress' face For testimony of her foul proceedings: And see the ambush of our friends be strong: I fear the emperor means no good to us.

Aar. Some devil whisper curses in mine ear, And prompt me, that my tongue may utter forth The venomous malice of my swelling heart!

ınhuman dog! unhallow'd Luc. Away, slave!-

Sirs, help our uncle to convey him in.-[Exeunt Goths with AAR. Flourish within. The trumpets show the emperor is at hand.

Enter SATURNINUS and TAMORA, with ÆMILIUS, Tribunes, Senators, and others.

Sat. What, hath the firmament more suns than one?

Luc. What boots it thee to call thyself the sun?

Marc. Rome's emperor, and nephew, break the parle; These quarrels must be quietly debated.

The feast is ready, which the careful Titus Hath ordain'd to an honourable end, For peace, for love, for league, and good to

Rome: Please you, therefore, draw nigh, and take your

Sat. Marcus, we will. Hautboys sound. The company sit at table.

Enter Titus, dressed like a cook, LAVINIA, vailed, Young Lucius, and others. Titus places the dishes on the table

Tit. Welcome, my gracious lord; welcome, dread queen,

Welcome, ye warlike Goths; welcome, Lucius; And welcome all: although the cheer be poor, 'Twill fill your stomachs; please you eat of it. Sat. Why art thou thus attir'd, Andronicus?

Tit. Because I would be sure to have all well To entertain your highness and your empress. Tam. We are beholden to you, good Andronicus. [were.

Tit. And if your highness knew my heart, you My lord the emperor, resolve me this:

Was it well done of rash Virginius To slay his daughter with his own right hand. Because she was enforc'd, stain'd, and deflower'd?

Sat. It was, Andronicus.

Tit. Your reason, mighty lord. [shame, Sat. Because the girl should not survive her And by her presence still renew his sorrows.

Tit. A reason mighty, strong and effectual; A pattern, precedent, and lively warrant For me, most wretched, to perform the like:-Die, die, Lavinia, and thy shame with thee;

Kills LAVINIA. And with thy shame thy father's sorrow die! Sat. What hast thou done, unnatural and

unkind? Tit. Kill'd her for whom my tears have made me blind.

I am as woeful as Virginius was,

And have a thousand times more cause than

To do this outrage; - and it is now done. What, was she ravish'd? tell who did

the deed. Tit Will't please you eat? will't please your

highness feed? Why hast thou slain thine only

daughter thus? Tit. Not I; 'twas Chiron and Demetrius:

They ravish'd her, and cut away her tongue; And they, 'twas they that did her all this wrong. Sat. Go, fetch them hither to us presently.
Tit. Why, there they are both, baked in that

pie, Whereof their mother daintly hath fed,

Eating the flesh that she herself hath bred. 'Tis true, 'tis true, witness my knife's sharp point. Kills TAMORA.

Sat Die, frantic wretch, for this accursed deed! [Kills Titus. Luc. Can the son's eye behold his father

bleed? There's meed for meed, death for a deadly

deed. [Kills SATURNINUS. A great tumult. Lucius, MARCUS, and their partisans, ascend the steps before TITUS'S house.

Marc. You sad-fac'd men, people and sons

of Rome. By uproar sever'd, like a flight of fowl Scatter'd by winds and high tempestuous gusts, O, let me teach you how to kut again This scatter'd corn into one mutual sheaf, These broken limbs again into one body; Lest Rome herself be bane unto herself And she whom mighty kingdoms court'sy to, Like a forlorn and desperate castaway, Do shameful execution on herself. But if my frosty signs and chaps of age, Grave witnesses of true experience, Cannot induce you to attend my words,-Speak, Rome's dear friend [to Lucius]: as erst our ancestor.

When with his solemn tongue he did discourse To love-sick Dido's sad attending ear The story of that baleful burning night When subtle Greeks surpris'd King Priam's

Troy Tell us what Sinon hath bewitch'd our ears, Or who hath brought the fatal engine in

That gives our Troy, our Rome, the civil wound. My heart is not compact of flint nor steel; Nor can I utter all our bitter grief, But floods of tears will drown my oratory And break my very utterance, even in the time When it should move you to attend me most, Lending your kind commiseration. Here is a captain, let him tell the tale; Your hearts will throb and weep to hear him

speak. Luc. Then, noble auditory, be it known to VOL

That cursed Chiron and Demetrius Were they that murdered our emperor's brother; And they it were that ravished our sister: For their fell faults our brothers were be-

headed, Our father's tears despis'd, and basely cozen'd Of that true hand that fought Rome's quarrel ant

And sent her enemies unto the grave. Lastly, myself unkindly banished, The gates shut on me, and turn'd weeping out, To beg relief among Rome's enemies; Who drown'd their enmity in my true tears And on'd their arms to embrace me as a friend: And I am the turn'd-forth, be it known to you, That have preserv'd her welfare in my blood: And from her bosom took the enemy's point. Sheathing the steel in my adventurous body. Alas! you know I am no vaunter, I; My scars can witness, dumb although they are, That my report is just and full of truth. But, soft! methinks I do digress too much, Citing my worthless praise: O, pardon me; For when no friends are by, men praise them-

selves. Marc Now is my turn to speak. Behold this Pointing to the Child in an Attendant's arms. Of this was Tamora delivered;

The issue of an irreligious Moor, Chief architect and plotter of these woes: The villain is alive in Titus' house, Damn'd as he is, to witness this is true. Now judge what cause had Titus to revenge These wrongs unspeakable, past patience, Or more than any living man could bear. Now you have heard the truth, what say you, Romans?

Have we done aught amiss,—show us wherein, And, from the place where you behold us now, The poor remainder of Andronic Will, hand in hand, all headlong cast us down, And on the ragged stones beat forth our brains, And make a mutual closure of our house. Speak, Romans, speak; and if you say we shall, Lo, hand in hand, Lucius and I will fall.

Emil. Come, come, thou reverend man of Rome,

And bring our emperor gently in thy hand, Lucius our emperor; for well I know The common voice do cry it shall be so. Romans. [Several speak.] Lucius, all hail, Rome's royal emperor!

Marc. Go, go into old Titus' sorrowful house, [To Attendants, who go into the house. And hither hale that misbelieving Moor, To be adjudg'd some direful slaughtering death, As punishment for his most wicked life.

[LUCIUS, MARCUS, &c., descend.

Romans. [Several speak.] Lucius, all hail, Rome's gracious governor! [so

Luc. Thanks, gentle Romans: may I govern To heal Rome's harms and wipe away her woel But, gentle people, give me aim awhile,—For nature puts me to a heavy task:—Stand all aloof;—but, uncle, draw you near, To shed obsequious tears upon thus trunk.—O, take this warm kiss on thy pale cold lips,

[Kisses Tirus.
These sorrowful drops upon thy blood-stain'd face,

The last true duties of thy noble son!

Marc. Tear for tear and loving kiss for kiss
Thy brother Marcus tenders on thy lips:
O, were the sum of these that I should pay
Countless and infinite, yet would I pay them!

Luc. Come hither, boy; come, come, and
learn of us [well:

To melt in showers: thy grandsire lov'd thee
Many a time he danc'd thee on his knee,
Sung thee asleep, his loving breast thy pillow;
Many a matter hath he told to thee,
Meet and agreeing with thine infancy;
In that respect, then, like a loving child,
Shed yet some small drops from thy tender
spring,

Because kind nature doth require it so: [woe: Friends should associate friends in grief and Bid him farewell; commit him to the grave; Do him that kindness, and take leave of him. Y. Luc. O grandsire, grandsire! even with

all my heart
Would I were dead, so you did live again!—
O Lord, I cannot speak to him for weeping;
My tears will choke me if I one my mouth.

Re-enter Attendants with AARON.

Æmil. You sad Andronici, have done with woes:

Give sentence on this execrable wretch,
That hath been breeder of these dire events.

Luc. Set him breast-deep in earth, and
famish him;

There let him stand, and rave, and cry for food: If any one relieves or pities him, For the offence he dies. This is our doom:

Some stay to see him fasten'd in the earth.

Aar. O, why should wrath be mute and fury
dumb?

I am no baby, I, that with base prayers
I should repent the ewis I have done:
Ten thousand worse than ever yet I did
Would I perform, if I might have my will:
If one good deed in all my life I did,
I do repent if from my very soul.

Luc. Some loving friends convey the emperor hence,

And give him burial in his father's grave.
My father and Lavinia, shall forthwith
Be closed in our household's mounment.
As for that heinous tiger, Tamora,
No funeral rite, nor man in mournful weeds,
No mournful bell shall ring her burial;
But throw her forth to beasts and birds of prey:
Her life was beast-like and devoid of pity;
And, being so, shall have like want of pity.
See justice done on Aaron, that damn'd Moor,
By whom our heavy haps had their beginning:
Then, afterwards, to order well the state,
That like events may ne'er it ruinate.

[Exeunt,

PERICLES, PRINCE OF TYRE

PERSONS REPRESENTED.

Antiochus, King of Antioch.
Pericles, Prince of Tyre.
Helicanus. two Lords of Tyre.
Escanes.
Simonides, King of Pentapolis.
Cleon, Governor of Tharsus.
Lysimachus, Governor of Mitylene.
Cerimon, a Lord of Ephesus.
Thallard, a Lord of Antioch.
Philemon, Servant to Cerimon.
Heonine, Servant to Dionyza.
Marshal.

A Pander; and BOULT, his Servant. GOWER, as Chorus.

The Daughter of Antiochus.
Dionyza, Wife to Cleon.
Thaisa, Daughter to Simonides.
Marina, Daughter to Pericles and Thaisa.
Lychorida, Nurse to Marina.
Diana.
A Bawd.

Lords, Ladies, Knights, Gentlemen, Sailors, Pirates, Fishermen, and Messengers.

Scene, - Dispersedly in various Countries.

ACT I.

Enter Gower.

Before the Palace of Antioch.

To sing a song that old was sung, From ashes ancient Gower is come; Assuming man's infirmities, To glad your ear and please your eyes. It hath been sung at festivals, On ember-eves and holy-ales; And lords and ladies in their lives Have read it for restoratives:

The purchase is to make men glorious; Et bomm quo antigunus, eo melius. If you, born in these latter times, When wit's more ripe, accept my rhymes And that to hear an old man sing May to your wishes pleasure bring, I life would wish, and that I might

Waste it for you, like taper-light.-This Antioch, then, Antiochus the Great Built up, this city, for his chiefest seat; The fairest in all Syria,— I tell you what mine authors say: This king unto him took a fere. Who died and left a female heir, So buxom, blithe, and full of face, As heaven had lent her all his grace: With whom the father liking took, And her to incest did provoke:-Bad child; worse father! to entice his own To evil should be done by none: But custom what they did begin Was with long use account no sin. The beauty of this sinful dame Made many princes thither frame To seek her as a bed-fellow In marriage-pleasures play-fellow: Which to prevent he made a law,-

To keep her still, and men in awe,-That whose ask'd her for his wife, His riddle told not, lost his life: So for her many a wight did die, As you grim looks do testify. What now ensues, to the judgment of your eye I give, my cause who best can justify. [Exit. I wait the sharpest blow, Antiochus.

SCENE I .- ANTIOCH. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Antiochus, Pericles, and Attendants.

Ant. Young Prince of Tyre, you have at large receiv'd

The danger of the task you undertake. Per. I have, Antiochus, and with a soul Embolden'd with the glory of her praise, Think death no hazard in this enterprise.

Ant. Bring in our daughter, clothed like a bride,

For the embracements even of Jove himself; At whose conception, till Lucina reign'd, Nature this dowry gave, to glad her presence, The senate-house of planets all did sit, To knit in her their best perfections.

Music. Enter the Daughter of ANTIOCHUS.

Per. See where she comes, apparell'd like

the spring, Graces her subjects, and her thoughts the king Of every virtue gives renown to men! Her face the book of praises, where is read Nothing but curious pleasures, as from hence Fair glass of light, I lov'd you, and could still, Sorrow were ever raz'd and testy wrath [Takes hold of the hand of the Princess. Could never be her mild companion. Ye gods, that made me man, and sway in love, That have inflam'd desire in my breast To taste the fruit of you celestial tree, Or die in the adventure, be my helps, As I am son and servant to your will, To compass such a boundless happiness! Ant. Prince Pericles,-

Per. That would be son to great Antiochus.
Ant. Before thee stands this fair Hesperides, With golden fruit, but dangerous to be touch'd; For death-like dragons here affright thee hard: Her face, like heaven, enticeth thee to view Her countless glory, which desert must gain; And which, without desert, because thine eye Presumes to reach, all thy whole heap must die. You sometime famous princes, like thyself, Drawn by report, adventurous by desire Tell thee, with speechless tongues and sem-blance pale,

That, without covering, save you field of stars. Here they stand martyrs, slain in Cupid's wars; And with dead cheeks advise thee to desist For going on death's net, whom none resist.

Per. Antiochus, I thank thee, who hath

taught My frail mortality to know itself, And by those fearful objects to prepare This body, like to them, to what I must; For death remember'd should be like a mirror, Who tells us life's but breath, to trust it error. I'll make my will, then; and, as sick men do, Who know the world, see heaven, but feeling woe,

Gripe not at earthly joys, as erst they did; So I bequeath a happy peace to you

And all good men, as every prince should do. My riches to the earth from whence they came:-

But my unspotted fire of love to you. To the Daughter of ANTIOCHUS. Thus ready for the way of life or death,

Ant. Scorning advice, - read the conclusion,

then: Which read and not expounded, 'tis decreed. As these before thee, thou thyself shalt bleed

Daugh. In all save that, mayst thou prove prosperous! In all save that, I wish thee happiness!

Per. Like a bold champion I assume the lists, Nor ask advice of any other thought But faithfulness and courage.

Reads the Riddle.

I am no viper, yet I feed On mother's flesh which did me breed. I sought a husband, in which labour I found that kindness in a father. He's father, son, and husband mild, I mother, wife, and yet his child. How they may be, and yet in two, As you will live, resolve it you.

Sharp physic is the last: but, O you powers That give heaven countless eyes to view men's acts,

Why cloud they not their sights perpetually, If this be true, which makes me pale to read 1t?-

Were not this glorious casket stor'd with ill: But I must tell you, - now my thoughts revolt; For he's no man on whom perfections wait That, knowing sin within, will touch the gate. You're a fair viol, and your sense the strings; Who, finger'd to make man his lawful music, Would draw heaven down, and all the gods to hearken;

But, being play'd upon before your time, Hell only danceth at so harsh a chime. Good sooth, I care not for you.

Ant. Prince Pericles, touch not, upon thy life,

For that's an article within our law As dangerous as the rest. Your time's expir'd. Either expound now, or receive your sentence.

Per. Great king, Few love to hear the sins they love to act, 'Twould 'braid yourself too near for me to tell

Who has a book of all that monarchs do He's more secure to keep it shut than shown: For vice repeated is like the wandering wind, Blows dust in other's eyes, to spread itself; And yet the end of all is bought thus dear,

The breath is gone, and the sore eyes see clear: To stop the air would hurt them. The blind mole casts throng'd

Copp'd hills towards heaven, to tell the earth is By man's oppression; and the poor worm doth die for't. their will:

Kings are earth's gods: in vice their law's And if Jove stray, who dares say Jove doth ill? It is enough you know; and it is fit,

What being more known grows worse, to smother it.

All love the womb that their first being bred Then give my tongue like leave to love my head Ant. [Aside.] Heaven, that I had thy head he has found the meaning: [Tyre,

Ant. [Aside.]. Yeaven, that I had thy head he has found the meaning: [Tyre, But I will gloze with him.—Young Prince of Though by the tenor of our strict edict, Your exposition misinterpreting, We might proceed to cancel of your days; Yet hope, succeeding from so fair a tree As your fair self, doth tune us otherwise: Forty days longer we do respite you; If by which time our secret be undone, This mercy shows we'll joy in such a son: And until then your entertain shall be As doth befit our honour and your worth. [Exeunt Astr., his Daughter, and Attendants.

Per. How courtesy would seem to cover sin When what is done is like an hypocrite, The which is good in nothing but in sight! If it be true that I interpret false, Then were it certain you were not so bad As with foul incest to abuse your soul; Where now you're both a father and a son By your untimely claspings with your child,-Which pleasure fits an husband, not a father;-And she an eater of her mother's flesh. By the defiling of her parent's bed; feed And both like serpents are, who, though they On sweetest flowers, yet they poison breed. Antioch, farewell! for wisdom sees, those men Blush not in actions blacker than the night Will shun no course to keep them from the light. One sin I know another doth provoke; Murder's as near to lust as flame to smoke: Poison and treason are the hands of sin. Ay, and the targets to put off the shame: Then, lest my life be cropp'd to keep you clear, By flight I'll shun the danger which I fear. Exit.

Re-enter ANTIOCHUS.

Ant. He hath found the meaning, for the which we mean

which we mean
To have his head.
He must not live to trumpet forth my infamy,
Nor tell the world Antiochus doth sm
In such a loathed manner;
And therefore instantly this prince must die;
For by his fall my honour must keep high.
Who attends us there?

Enter THALIARD.

Thal. Doth your highness call?

Arit. Thaliard, you're of our chamber, and our mind

Partakes her private actions to your secrecy: And for your faithfulness we will advance you. Thailard, behold here's poison and here's gold; We hate the Prince of Tyre, and thou must kill him:

It fits thee not to ask the reason why,
Because we bid it. Say, is it done?
Thal.
Yis done.
Ant. Enough.

Enter a Messenger.

Let your breath cool yourself, telling your haste.

Mess. My lord, Prince Pericles is fled.

Ant.

As thou Wilt live, fly after: and as an arrow shot From a well-experienc'd archer hits the mark His eye doth level at, so thou ne'er return Unless thou say Prince Pericles is dead.

Thal. My lord,

If I can get him once within my pistol's length
I'll make him sure enough: so, farewell to your
highness.

Ant. Thaliard, adieu! [Exit Thal.] Till Pencles be dead

My heart can lend no succour to my head.

[Exit.

Scene II .- Tyre. A Room in the Palace.

Enter PERICLES.

Per. [To those without.] Let none disturb us.— Why should this change of thoughts, The sad companion, dull-ey'd melancholy, Be my so us'd a guest as not an hour In the day's glorous walk, or peaceful night,— The tomb where grief should sleep,—can breed me quet?

Here pleasures court mine eyes, and mine eyes shun them, And danger, which I fear'd, is at Antioch,

And danger, which I tear'd, is at Antioch, Whose aim seems far too short to hit me here: Yet neither pleasure's art can joy my spirits, Nor yet the other's distance comfort me. Then it is thus: the passions of the mind, That have their first conception by mis-dread, Have after-nourishment and life by care; And what was first but fear what might be done, Grows elder now, and cares it be not done. And so with me:—the great Antochus,—'Gainst whom I am too little to contend, Since he's so great, can make his will his act,—Will think me speaking, though I swear to silence;

Nor boots it me'to say I honour him, If he suspect I may dishonour him: And what may make him blush in being known, He'll stop the course by which it might be known;

With hostile forces he'll o'erspread the land, And with the ostent of war will look so huge, Amazement shall drive courage from the state; Our men be vanquish'd ere they do resist, And subjects punish'd that ne'er thought offence:

Which care of them, not pity of myself,—
Who once no more but as the tops of trees,
Which fence the roots they grow by, and
defend them,—

Make both my body pine and soul to languish, And punish that before that he would punish.

Enter Helicanus and other Lords.

i Lord. Joy and all comfort in your sacred breast! [to us, 2 Lord. And keep your mind till you return

Peaceful and comfortable!

Hel. Peace, peace, my lords, and give ex-

perience tongue.

They do abuse the king that flatter him:
For flattery is the bellows blows up sin;
The thing the which is flatter'd, but a spark,
To which that blast gives heat and stronger

glowing;

Whereas reproof, obedient, and in order, Fits kings, as they are men, for they may err. When Signior Sooth here does proclaim a peace He flatters you, makes war upon your life. Prince, pardon me, or strike me if you please; I cannot be much lower than my knees.

Per. All leave us else; but let your cares o'erlook

What shipping and what lading's in our haven, And then return to us. [Exeunt Lords.] Helicanus, thou

Hast moved us: what seest thou in our looks? Hel. An angry brow, dread lord.

Per. If there be such a dart in princes' frowns,

How durst thy tongue move anger to our face? Hel. How dare the plants look up to heaven, from whence

They have their nourishment?

Per. Thou know'st I have power To take thy life from thee. [self;

Hel. [Kneeling.] I have ground the are my-Do you but strike the blow.

Per. Rise, pr'ythee, rise. Sit down, sit down: thou art no flatterer: I thank thee for it: and heaven forbid

That kings should let their ears hear their faults chid!

Fit counsellor and servant for a prince, Who by thy wisdom mak'st a prince thy servant, What wouldst thou have me do?

To bear with patience Such griefs as you yourself do lay upon yourself. Per. Thou speak'st like a physician, Heli-

canus, That minister'st a potion unto me That thou wouldst tremble to receive thyself.

Attend me, then: I went to Antioch, Where, as thou know'st, against the face of SCENE III.—TYRE. death,

I sought the purchase of a glorious beauty, From whence an issue I might propagate, Are arms to princes, and bring joys to subjects. Her face was to mine eye beyond all wonder; The rest,-hark in thine ear,-as black as

incest: [father Which by my knowledge found, the sinful Seem'd not to strike, but smooth: but thou

know'st this. 'Tis time to fear when tyrants seem to kiss. Which fear so grew in me, I hither fled, Under the covering of a careful night,

Who seem'd my good protector; and, being here, Bethought me what was past, what might Enter Helicanus, Escanes, and other Lords. succeed.

I knew him tyrannous; and tyrants' fears Decrease not, but grow faster than their years: And should he doubt it,—as no doubt he doth.-

That I should open to the listening air How many worthy princes' bloods were shed To keep his bed of blackness unlaid ope,— To lop that doubt, he'll fill this land with arms. And make pretence of wrong that I have done him;

When all, for mine, if I may call offence, Must feel war's blow, who spares not innocence:

Which love to all, -of which thyself art one, Who now reprovist me for it,-

Hel. Alas, sir!

Per. Drew sleep out of mine eyes, blood from my cheeks,

Musings into my mind, with thousand doubts How I might stop this tempest ere it came: And, finding little comfort to relieve them. I thought it princely charity to grieve them.

Hel. Well, my lord, since you have given me leave to speak,

Freely will I speak. Antiochus you fear, And justly too, I think, you fear the tyrant, Who either by public war or private treason Will take away your life. Therefore, my lord, go travel for awhile,

Till that this rage and anger be forgot, Or till the Destinies do cut his thread of life, Your rule direct to any; if to me,

Day serves not light more faithful than I'll be. Per. I do not doubt thy faith;

But should he wrong my liberties in my absence? Hel. We'll mingle our bloods together in the earth,

From whence we had our being and our birth. Per. Tyre, I now look from thee, then, and to Tharsus

Intend my travel, where I'll hear from thee; And by whose letters I'll dispose myself. The care I had and have of subjects' good On thee I lay, whose wisdom's strength can

bear it. I'll take thy word for faith, not ask thine oath: Who shuns not to break one will sure crack

But in our orbs we'll live so round and safe, That time of both this truth shall ne'er convince, Thou show'dst a subject's shine, I a true prince, Exeunt.

An Ante-chamber in the Palace.

Enter THALIARD.

Thal. So, this is Tyre, and this the court. Here must I kill King Pericles; and if I do it not, I am sure to be hanged at home: 'tis dangerous.—Well, I perceive he was a wise fellow, and had good discretion, that, being bid to ask what he would of the king, desired Now do I he might know none of his secrets. see he had some reason for't: for if a king bid a man be a villain, he is bound by the indenture of his oath to be one.-Hush! here come the lords of Tyre.

Hel. You shall not need, my fellow peers of

Tyre, Further to question me of your king's departure: His seal'd commission, left in trust with me, Doth speak sufficiently he's gone to travel.

Thal. [Aside.] How! the king is gone! Hel. If further yet you will be satisfied, Why, as it were unlicens'd of your loves, He would depart, I'll give some light unto you. Being at Antioch,-

Thal. [Aside.] What from Antioch?

Hel. Royal Antiochus,—on what cause I know not,so:

Took some displeasure at him; at least he judg'd And doubting lest that he had err'd or sinn'd, To show his sorrow, he'd correct himself;

So puts himself unto the shipman's toil, With whom each munute threatens life or death.

Thal. [Aside.] Well, I perceive
I shall not be hang'd now although I would:
But since he's gone, the king's ears it must
please

He 'scap'd the land to perish on the seas.
I'll present myself.—Peace to the lords of
Tyre!

Hel. Lord Thaliard from Antiochus is welcome.

Thal. From him I come
With message unto princely Pericles;
But since my landing I have understood
Your lord has betook himself to unknown
travels,

My message must return from whence it came. Hel. We have no reason to desire it, Commended to our master, not to us: Yet, ere you shall depart, this we desire,— As friends to Antioch, we may feast in Tyre. [Exeunt.

Scene IV.—Tharsus. A Room in the Governor's House.

Enter CLEON, DIONYZA, and Attendants.

Cle. My Dionyza, shall we rest us here, And by relating tales of others' griefs See if 'twill teach us to forget our own? Dio. That were to blow at fire in hope to

quench it;
For who digs hills because they do aspire
Throws down one mountain to cast up a higher.
O my distressed lord, even such our gnefs are;
Here they're but felt, and seen with muschief's

But like to groves, being topp'd, they higher rise.

Cle. O Dionyza,
Who wanteth food, and will not say he wants it,
Or can conceal his hunger till he famish?
Our tongues and sorrows do sound deep
Our woes into the air; our eyes do weep,
Till tongues fetch breath that may proclaim

them louder;
That, if heaven slumber while their creatures
They may awake their helps to comfort them.
I'll then discourse our woes, felt several years,
And, wanting breath to speak, help me with
tears.

Dio. I'll do my best, sir.

Cle. This Tharsus, o'er which I have the government,

A city on whom plenty held full hand, For riches strew'd herself even in the streets; Whose towers bore heads so high they kiss'd the clouds,

And strangers ne'er' beheld but wonder'd at; Whose men and dames so jetted and adorn'd, Like one another's glass to trim them by: Their tables were stor'd full, to glad the sight, And not so much to feed on as delight; All poverty was scorn'd, and pnde so great, The name of help grew odious to repeat.

Dio. O 'tis too true.

Cle. But see what heaven can do! By this our change, [air

These mouths, whom but of late earth, sea, and Were all too little to content and please,

Although they gave their creatures in abundance,

As houses are defi'd for want of use, They are now starv'd for want of exercise: Those palates who, not us'd to savour hunger, Must have inventions to delight the taste, Would now be glad of bread, and beg for it: Those mothers who, to nousle up their babes, Thought naught too curious, are ready now To eat those little darlings whom they lov'd. So sharp are hunger's teeth, that man and wife Draw lots who first shall die to lengthen life: Here stands a lord and there a lady weeping; Here many sink, yet those which see them fall Have scarce strength left to give them burial. Is not this true?

[15.]

Cle. O, let those cities that of Plenty's cup And her prosperities so largely taste, With her superfluous nots, hear these tears! The misery of Tharsus may be theirs.

Enter a Lord.

Lord. Where's the lord governor? Cle. Here. Speak out thy sorrows which thou bring'st in For comfort is too far for us to expect.

Lord. We have descried, upon our neighbouring shore,

A portly sail of ships make hitherward.

Cle. I thought as much.
One sorrow never comes but brings an heir
That may succeed as his inheritor;
And so in ours: some neighbouring nation,
Taking advantage of our misery, power,
Hath stuff'd these hollow wessels with their
To beat us down, the which are down already;
And make a conquest of unhappy we,

Whereas no glory's got to overcome.

Lord. That's the least fear; for by the semblance [peace,

Of their white flags display'd, they bring us And come to us as favourers, not as foes. Cle. Thou speak'st like him's untutor'd to repeat:

Who makes the fairest show means most deceit. But bring they what they will, and what they

can,
What need we fear?
The ground's the lowest, and we are half way
Go tell their general we attend him here,
To know for what he comes, and whence he

comes, And what he craves.

Lord. I go, my lord. [Exit Cle. Welcome is peace, if he on peace consist:

If wars, we are unable to resist.

Enter Pericles, with Attendants.

Per. Lord governor, for so we hear you are, Let not our ships and number of our men Be, like a beacon fir'd, to amaze your eyes. We have heard your miseries as far as Tyre, And seen the desolation of your streets: Nor come we to add sorrow to your tears, But to relieve them of their heavy load; And these our ships, you happily may think Are like the Trojan horse war-stuff'd within With bloody veins, expecting overthrow,

Are stor'd with corn to make your needy bread, And give them life whom hunger starv'd half dead.

All. The gods of Greece protect you! And we'll pray for you.

Rise, I pray you, rise: Per. We do not look for reverence, but for love, And harbourage for ourself, our ships, and men.

Cle. The which when any shall not gratify, Or pay you with unthankfulness in thought, Be it our wives, our children, or ourselves, The curse of heaven and men succeed their evils! seen,

Till when,-the which I hope shall ne'er be Your grace is welcome to our town and us. Per. Which welcome we'll accept; feast here

a while. Until our stars that frown lend us a smile. Exeunt.

ACT II.

Enter GOWER. Gow. Here have you seen a mighty king His child, I wis, to incest bring; A better prince, and benign lord, That will prove awful both in deed and word. Be quiet, then, as men should be, Till he hath pass'd necessity. I'll show you those in troubles reign, Losing a mite, a mountain gain. The good in conversation,-To whom I give my benison, Is still at Tharsus, where each man Thinks all is writ he spoken can; And, to remember what he does, Gild his statue to make him glorious: But tidings to the contrary Are brought your eyes: what need speak I?

Dumb show.

Enter, at one side, PERICLES, talking with CLEON; their Trains with them. Enter, at the other, a Gentleman with a letter to Pericles, who shows it to Cleon, then gives the Messenger a reward, and knights him. Exeunt Pericles and Cleon with their Trains, severally.

Good Helicane hath stay'd at home, Not to eat honey like a drone From others' labours; for though he strive To killen bad, keep good alive; And, to fulfil his prince' desire, Sends word of all that haps in Tyre: * How Thaliard came full bent with sin And hid intent to murder him: And that in Tharsus was not best Longer for him to make his rest. He, knowing so, put forth to seas, Where when men been, there's seldom ease; For now the wind begins to blow; Thunder above and deeps below Make such unquiet that the ship Should house him safe is wreck'd and split; And he, good prince, having all lost, . By waves from coast to coast is toss'd: All perishen of man, of pelf, Ne aught escapen but himself: Till fortune, tir'd with doing bad,

Threw him ashore, to give him glad: And here he comes. What shall be next. Pardon old Gower, - this longs the text. [Exit.

SCENE I .- PENTAPOLIS. An open Place by the Sea-side.

Enter PERICLES, wet.

Per. Yet cease your ire, you angry stars of heaven! Wind, rain, and thunder, remember, earthly Is but a substance that must yield to you: And I, as fits my nature, do obey you; Alas, the sea hath cast me on the rocks. Wash'd me from shore to shore, and left me breath

Nothing to think on but ensuing death: Let it suffice the greatness of your powers To have bereft a prince of all his fortunes; And having thrown him from your watery grave, Here to have death in peace is all he'll crave.

Enter three Fishermen.

I Fish. What, ho, Pilch!

2 Fish. Ho, come and bring away the nets! I Fish. What, Patchbreech, I say! 3 Fish. What say you, master! I Fish. Look how thou stirrest now! come away, or I'll fetch thee with a wamon.

3 Fish. Faith, master, I am thinking of the poor men that were cast away before us even now.

I Fish. Alas, poor souls, it grieved my heart to hear what pitiful cries they made to us to help them, when, well-a-day, we could scarce help ourselves.

3 Fish. Nay, master, said not I as much when I saw the porpus how he bounced and tumbled? they say they're half fish half flesh: a plague on them, they ne'er come but I look to be washed. Master, I marvel how the fishes live in the sea.

I Fish. Why, as men do a-land,—the great

ones eat up the little ones: I can compare our rich misers to nothing so fitly as to a whale, 'a plays and tumbles, driving the poor fry before him, and at last devours them all at a mouthful: such whales have I heard on the land, who never leave gaping till they've swallow'd the whole parish, church, steeple, bells, and

Per. [Aside.] A pretty moral.

3 Fish. But, master, if I had been the sexton, I would have been that day in the belfry.

2 Fish. Why, man?

3 Fish. Because he should have swallowed me too: and when I had been in his belly I would have kept such a jangling of the bells that he should never have left till he cast bells, steeple, church, and panish up again. But if the good King Simonides were of my mind,— Per. [Aside.] Simonides!

3 Fish. He would purge the land of these drones that rob the bee of her honey.

Per. [Aside.] How from the finny subject of the sea

These fishers tell the infirmities of men; And from their watery empire recollect All that may men approve or men detect!-Peace be at your labour, honest fishermen. 2 Fish. Honest! good fellow, what's that? if it be not a day fits you, scratch it out of the calendar, and nobody will look after it.

Per. Nay, see the sea hath cast upon your coast.—

2 Fish. What a drunken knave was the sea to cast thee in our way. [wind

Per. A man, whom both the waters and the In that vast tennis-court hath made the ball For them to play upon, entreats you pity him; He asks of you that never used to beg.

r Fish. No, friend, cannot you beg? here's them in our country of Greece gets more with begging than we can do with working.

2 Fish. Canst thou catch any fishes, then?

Per. I never practised it.

2 Fish. Nay, then thou wilt starve, sure; for here's nothing to be got now-a-days unless thou canst fish for't.

Per. What I have been I have forgot to know; But what I am want teaches me to think on: A man throng'd up with cold; my veins are chill.

And have no more life than may suffice To give my tongue that heat to ask your help; Which if you shall refuse, when I am dead, For that I am a man, pray see me buried.

r Fish. Die quoth-a? Now gods forbid! I have a gown here; come, put it on; keep thee warm. Now, afore me, a handsome fellow! Come, thou shalt go home, and we'll have flesh for holidays, fish for fasting-days, and moreo'er puddings and flapjacks; and thou shalt be welcome.

Per. I thank you, sir.

2 Fish. Hark you, my friend, you said you could not beg.

Per. I did but crave.

2 Fish. But crave! Then I'll turn craver too, and so I shall scape whipping.

Per. Why, are all your beggars whipped,

then?
2 Fish. O, not all, my friend, not all; for if

all your beggars were whipped, I would wish no better office than to be beadle. But, master, I'll go draw up the net. [Exeunt with Third Fisherman.

Per. [Aside.] How well this honest mirth becomes their labour!

I Fish. Hark you, sir, do you know where

ye are? Per. Not well.

1 Fish. Why, I'll tell you: this is called Pentapolis, and our king the good Simonides.

Per. The good King Simonides, do you call him?

r Fish. Ay, sir; and he deserves so to be called for his peaceable reign and good govern-

Per. He is a happy king, since he gains from his subjects the name of good by his government. How far is his court distant from this shore?

T Fish. Marry, sir, half a day's journey: and Pil tell you, he hath a fair daughter, and to-morrow is her birthday; and there are princes and knights come from all parts of the world to joust and tourney for her love.

to joust and tourney for her love.

Per. Were but my fortunes equal my desires

I could wish to make one there.

r Fish. O, sir, things must be as they may; and what a man cannot get he may lawfully deal for—his wife's soul.

Re-enter Second and Third Fishermen, drawing up a net.

2 Fish. Help, master, help! here's a fish hangs in the net like a poor man's right in thr law; 'twill hardly come out. Ha! bots on't, 'tis come at last, and 'tis turned to a rusty armour.

Per. An armour, friends! I pray you, let me see it.—

Thanks, fortune, yet, that after all my crosses Thou giv'st me somewhat to repair myself; And though it was mine own, part of my heri-

Which my dead father did bequeath to me, With this strict charge, even as he left his life,

Keep it, my Pericles; it hath been a shield
'Twixt me and death;—and pointed to this
brace:—

For that it sav'd me, keep it; in like necessity,— The which gods protect thee from!—may defend thee.

It kept where I kept, I so dearly lov'd it: Till the rough seas, that spare not any man, Took it in rage, though calm'd have given't again:

I thank thee for't: my shipwreck now's no ill:

Since I have here my father's gift in's will.

I Fish. What mean you, sir?

Per. To beg of you, kind friends, this coat of worth,

For it was sometime target to a king; I know it by this mark. He lov'd me dearly, And for his sake I wish the having of it; And that you'd guide me to your sovereign's

court, Where with it I may appear a gentleman; And if that ever my low fortunes better,

I'll pay your bounties; till then rest your debtor.

I Fish. Why, wilt thou tourney for the lady?

Per. I'll show the virtue I have borne in arms. I Fish. Why, do you take it, and the gods give thee good on't!

2 Fish. Ay, but hark you, my friend; 'twas we that made up this garment through the rough seams of the waters: there are certain condolements, certain vails. I hope, sir, if you thive, you'll remember from whence you had it.

Per. Believe't, I will.
By your furtherance I am cloth'd in steel;
And spite of all the rupture of the sea
This jewel holds his building on my arm:
Unto thy value I will mount myself
Upon a courser, whose delightful steps
Shall make the gazer joy to see him tread.—
Only, my friends, I yet am unprovided
Of a pair of bases.

2 Fish. We'll sure provide: thou shalt have my best gown to make thee a pair; and I'll bring thee to the court myself.

Per. Then honour be but a goal to my will; This day I'll rise, or else add ill to ill. [Exeunt. Scene II.—Pentapolis. A public Way or Platform leading to the Lists. A Pavilion by the side of it for the reception of the King, Princess, Lords, &c.

> Enter SIMONIDES, THAISA, Lords, and Attendants.

Sim. Are the knights ready to begin the triumph?

I Lord. They are, my liege;

And stay your coming to present themselves. Sim. Return them, we are ready; and our daughter,

In honour of whose birth these triumphs are, Sits here, like beauty's child, whom nature gat For men to see, and seeing wonder at.

Exit a Lord. Thai. It pleaseth you, my royal father, to

My commendations great, whose merit's less. Sim. It's fit it should be so; for princes are A model which heaven makes like to itself: As jewels lose their glory if neglected, So princes their renown if not respected. 'Tis now your labour, daughter, to explain The honour of each knight in his device.

Thai. Which, to preserve mine honour, I'll perform.

Enter a Knight; he passeth over, and his Squire presents his shield to the Princess.

Sim. Who is the first that doth prefer himself? Thai. A knight of Sparta, my renowned father;

And the device he bears upon his shield Is a black Æthiop reaching at the sun;

The word, Lux tua vita mihi.

Sim. He loves you well that holds his life of [The Second Knight passes. VOU. Who is the second that presents himself?

Thai. A prince of Macedon, my royal father; And the device he bears upon his shield Is an arm'd knight that's conquer'd by a lady; The motto thus, in Spanish, Piu por dulzura

que por fuerza. [The Third Knight passes.

Sim. And what's the third?

The third of Antioch; Thai.

And his device a wreath of chivalry; The word, Me pompæ provexit apex.

[The Fourth Knight passes. Sim. What is the fourth?

Thai. A burning torch that's turned upside down:

The word, Quod me alit, me extinguit.

Sim. Which shows that beauty hath his power and will,

Which can as well inflame as it can kill.

The Fifth Knight basses. Thai. The fifth, an hand environed with clouds, tried:

Holding out gold that's by the touchstone The motto thus, Sic spectanda fides.

[The Sixth Knight (Pericles) passes. Sim. And what's the sixth and last, the which the knight himself

With such graceful courtesy deliver'd?

Thai. He seems to be a stranger; but his present is

A wither'd branch, that's only green at top; The motto, In hac spe vivo.

Sim. A pretty moral; From the dejected state wherein he is.

He hopes by you his fortunes yet may flourish.

I Lord. He had need mean better than his outward show

Can any way speak in his just commend: For, by his rusty outside, he appears [lance. To have practis'd more the whipstock than the 2 Lord. He well may be a stranger, for he

comes To an honour'd triumph strangely furnished.

3 Lord. And on set purpose let his armour

Until this day, to scour it in the dust.

Sim. Opinion's but a fool, that makes us scan The outward habit by the inward man. But stay, the knights are coming: we will

withdraw Into the gallery.

Exeunt. Great shouts within, all crying, "The mean knight!"

SCENE III .- PENTAPOLIS. A Hall of State: A Banquet prepared.

Enter SIMONIDES, THAISA, Lords, Knights and Attendants.

Sim. Knights,

To say you are welcome were superfluous. To place upon the volume of your deeds, As in a title-page, your worth in arms Were more than you expect, or more than's fit, Since every worth in show commends itself. Prepare for mirth, for mirth becomes a feast: You are princes and my guests.

Thai. But you my knight and guest; To whom this wreath of victory I give,

And crown you king of this day's happiness. Per. 'Tis more by fortune, lady, than by merit. yours;

Sim. Call it by what you will, the day is And here I hope is none that envies it. In framing an artist, art hath thus decreed, To make some good, but others to exceed,

And you're her labour'd scholar .- Come, queen o' the feast,place:

For, daughter, so you are,-here take your Marshal the rest, as they deserve their grace. Knights. We are honour'd much by good

Simonides. we love: Sim. Your presence glads our days: honour For who hates honour hates the gods above.

Marshal. Sir, yonder is your place. Per. Some other is more fit.

I Knight. Contend not, sir; for we are gentlemen

That neither in our hearts nor outward eyes Envy the great, nor do the low despise. Per. You are right courteous knights.

Sim. Sit, sir, sit. Per. By Jove, I wonder, that is king of

thoughts. These cates resist me, she but thought upon. Thai. By Juno, that is queen

Of marriage, all viands that I eat Do seem unsavoury, wishing him my meat. Sure he's a gallant gentleman.

Sim. He's but a country gentleman; Has done no more than other knights have done; Has broken a staff or so; so let it pass.

Thai. To me he seems like diamond to glass. Per. You king's to me like to my father's

picture.

Which tells me in that glory once he was; Had princes sit, like stars, about his throne, And he the sun, for them to reverence; None that beheld him but, like lesser lights, Did vail their crowns to his supremacy: Where now his son's like a glowworm in the

night. The which hath fire in darkness, none in light: Whereby I see that Time's the king of men, For he's their parent, and he is their grave, And gives them what he will, not what they

crave.

Sim. What, are you merry, knights? I Knight. Who can be other in this royal

presence?

Sim. Here, with a cup that's stor'd unto the brim,

As you do love, fill to your mistress' lips.-We drink this health to you.

We thank your grace.

Sim. Yet pause awhile: You knight, methinks, doth sit too melancholy, As if the entertainment in our court Had not a show might countervail his worth. Note it not you, Thaisa!

What is it Thai.

To me, my father?

O, attend, my daughter: Princes, in this, should live like gods above, Who freely give to every one that comes To honour them:

And princes not doing so are like to gnats, [at Which make a sound, but kill'd are wonder'd Therefore to make his entrance more sweet, Here, say we drink this standing-bowl of wine to him.

Thai. Alas, my father, it befits not me Unto a stranger knight to be so bold: He may my proffer take for an offence, Since men take women's gifts for impudence.

Sim. How!

Do as I bid you, or you'll move me else.

That. [Aside.] Now, by the gods, he could not please me better.

Sim. And furthermore tell him, we desire to

know of him Of whence he is, his name and parentage. Thai. The king my father, sir, has drunk

to you. Per. I thank him.

Thai. Wishing it so much blood unto your him freely. Per. I thank both him and you, and pledge

Thai. And further he desires to know of you Of whence you are, your name and parentage. Per. A gentlemen of Tyre,—my name, Pericles;

My education been in arts and arms;-Who, looking for adventures in the world, Was by the rough seas reft of ships and men,

And after shipwreck driven upon this shore Thai. He thanks your grace; names himself

Pericles A gentleman of Tyre, Who only by misfortune of the seas.

Bereft of ships and men, cast on this shore.
Sim. Now, by the gods, I pity his misfortune, And will awake him from his melancholy. Come, gentlemen, we sit too long on trifles, And waste the time which looks for other revels. Even in your armours, as you are address'd, Will very well become a soldier's dance. I will not have excuse, with saying this Loud music is too harsh for ladies' heads,

The Knights dance.

So, this was well ask'd, 'twas so well perform'd .-Come, sir Here is a lady that wants breathing too: And I have often heard you knights of Tyre

Since they love men in arms as well as beds.

Are excellent in making ladies trip; And that their measures are as excellent.-

Per. In those that practise them they are my ford. denied

Sim. O, that's as much as you would be Of your fair courtesy. [The Knights and Ladies dance.]-Unclasp, unclasp:

Thanks, gentlemen, to all; all have done well, But you the best. [To Pericles.]—Pages and lights, to conduct [yours, sir, These knights unto their several lodgings!-

We have given order to be next our own.

Per. I am at your grace's pleasure. Sim. Princes, it is too late to talk of love. And that's the mark I know you level at: Therefore each one betake him to his rest; To-morrow all for speeding do their best. Exeunt.

A Room in the Governor's SCENE IV.—TYRE. House.

Enter Helicanus and Escanes.

Hel. No, Escanes, no; know this of me,— Antiochus from incest hv'd not free: For which, the most high gods not minding

longer store. To withhold the vengeance that they had in Due to this hemous capital offence,

Even in the height and pride of all his glory, When he was seated in a chariot Of an mestimable value, and his daughter with A fire from heaven came, and shrivell'd up Their bodies, even to loathing; for they so stunk That all those eyes ador'd them ere their fall Scorn now their hand should give them burial.

Esca. 'Twas very strange. And yet but justice; for though This king were great, his greatness was no guard To bar heaven's shaft, but sin had his reward. Esca. 'Tis very true.

Enter three Lords.

I Lord. See, not a man in private conference Or council has respect with him but he. 2 Lord. It shall no longer grieve without

[second it. reproof. 3 Lord. And curs'd be he that will not r I - d. Follow me, then.—Lord Helicane,

a word. my lords. Hel. With me? and welcome: happy day, I Lord. Know that our griefs are risen to

the top. And now at length they overflow their banks. Hel. Your griefs! for what? wrong not Not minding whether I dislike or no! Helicane; your prince you love.
I Lord. Wrong not yourself,

r Lord. Wrong not yourself, then, noble But if the prince do live, let us salute him, Or know what ground's made happy by his breath.

If in the world he live, we'll seek him out; If in his grave he rest, we'll find him there; And be resolv'd he lives to govern us, Or dead, gives cause to mourn his funeral, And leaves us to our free election.

2 Lord. Whose death's indeed the strongest

in our censure: And knowing this kingdom, if without a head, Like goodly buildings, left without a roof, Will soon to ruins fall, -your noble self, That best know'st how to rule and how to reign,

We thus submit unto,-our sovereign. All. Live, noble Helicane! frages: Hel. For honour's cause, forbear your suf-If that you love Prince Pericles, forbear. Take I your wish, I leap into the seas, Where's hourly trouble for a minute's ease. A twelvemonth longer, let me entreat you To forbear the absence of your king; If in which time expir'd, he not return. I shall with aged patience bear your yoke. But if I cannot win you to this love, Go search like nobles, like noble subjects, And in your search spend your adventurous worth;

Whom if you find, and win unto return, You shall like diamonds sit about his crown.

I Lord. To wisdom he's a fool that will not

yield:

And since Lord Helicane enjoineth us, We with our travels will endeavour it.

Hel. Then you love us, we you, and we'll clasp hands: When peers thus knit, a kingdom ever stands.

Scene V.—Pentapolis. A Room in the

Palace. Enter SIMONIDES, reading a letter; the

Knights meet him. r Knight. Good-morrow to the good Simon-

[you know, Sim. Knights, from my daughter this I let That for this twelvemonth she'll not undertake

A married life. Her reason to herself is only known,

Which yet from her by no means can I get. 2 Knight. May we not get access to her, my

[tied her lord? Sim. Faith, by no means; she hath so strictly To her chamber that it is impossible. [livery;

One twelve moon's more she'll wear Diana's This by the eye of Cynthia hath she vow'd, And on her virgin honour will not break it. 3 Knight. Loth to bid farewell, we take our

leaves. [Exeunt Knights. Sim. So. letter:

They are well despatch'd; now to my daughter's She tells me here she'll wed the stranger knight. Or never more to view nor day nor light. 'Tis well, mistress; your choice agrees with

mine; I like that well: nay, how absolute she's in't,

Well, I do commend her choice: And will no longer have it be delay'd. Soft! here he comes: I must dissemble it.

Enter Pericles.

Per. All fortune to the good Simonides!
Sim. To you as much, sir! I am beholden to you

For your sweet music this last night: I do Protest my ears were never better fed With such delightful pleasing harmony.

Per. It is your grace's pleasure to commend: Not my desert.

Sim. Sir, you are music's master. Per. The worst of all her scholars, my good lord.

Sim. Let me ask you one thing: What do you think of my daughter, sir? Per. A most virtuous princess.

Sim. And she is fair too, is she not?

Per. As a fair day in summer,-wondrous

Sim. Sir, my daughter thinks very well of Ay, so well that you must be her master, [it. And she will be your scholar: therefore look to Per. I am unworthy for her schoolmaster.

Sim. She thinks not so; peruse this writing else.

Per. [Aside.] What's here? A letter, that she loves the knight of Tyre! 'Tis the king's subtilty to have my life.-O, seek not to entrap me, gracious lord, A stranger and distressed gentleman, That never aim'd so high to love your daughter.

But bent all offices to honour her. thou art Sim. Thou hast bewitch'd my daughter, and

A villain.

Exeunt.

Per. By the gods, I have not: Never did thought of mine levy offence: Nor never did my actions yet commence A deed might gain her love or your displeasure. Sim. Traitor, thou hest.

Per. Traitort

Sim. Ay, traitor. Per. Even in his throat,-unless it be the king,

That calls me traitor, I return the lie. Sim. [Aside.] Now, by the gods. I do applaud his courage.

Per. My actions are as noble as my thoughts, That never relish'd of a base descent. I came unto your court for honour's cause. And not to be a rebel to her state And he that otherwise accounts of me. This sword shall prove he's honour's enemy. Sim. No?

Here comes my daughter, she can witness it.

Enter THAISA.

Per. Then, as you are as virtuous as fair. Resolve your angry father if my tongue Did e'er solicit, or my hand subscribe

To any syllable that made love to you. Thai. Why, sir, say if you had, [glad? Who takes offence at that would make me Sim. Yea, mistress, are you so peremptory?-[Aside.] I am glad on't with all my heart. I'll tame you; I'll bring you in subjection. Will you, not having my consent.

Bestow your love and your affections
Upon a stranger?—[aside] who, for aught I

May be,—nor can I think the contrary,—
As great in blood as I myself.—
Therefore, hear you, mistress; either frame
Your will to mine,—and you, sir, hear you,
Either be rul'd by me, or I will make you—
Man and wife.

Nay, come, your hands and lips must seal it too: [stroy;— And being join'd, I'll thus your hopes de-And for further grief,—God give you joy!—

What, are you both pleas'd?

Thai. Yes, if you love me, sir.
Per. Even as my life, or blood that fosters it.
Sim. What, are you both agreed?
Both. Yes, if't please your majesty.
Sim. It pleaseth me so well that I will see
you wed;

And then, with what haste you can, get you to bed. [Exeunt.

ACT III.

Enter GOWER.

Gow. Now sleep yslaked hath the rout;

Made louder by the o'er-fed breast
Of this most pompous marriage feast.
The cat, with eyne of burning coal,
Now couches fore the mouse's hole;
And crickets sing at the oven's mouth,
Aye the blither for their drouth.
Hymen hath brought the bride to bed,
Where, by the loss of maidenhead,
A babe is moulded.—Be attent,
And time that is so briefly spent
With your fine fancies quantily eche:
What's dumb in show I'll plain with speech.

Dumb show.

Enter Pericles and Simonides at one side with Attendants; a Messenger meets them, kneels, and gives Pericles a letter: he shows it to Simonides; the Lords kneel to Pericles. Then enter Thaisa, with child, and Lychorida. Simonides shows his daughter the letter; she rejouces: she and Pericles take leave of her father, and depart with Lychorida and their Attendants. Then exeunt Simonides, &c.

By many a dern and painful perch
Of Pericles the careful search,
By the four opposing cogns
Which the world together joins,
Is made with all due diligence
That horse and sail and high expense
Can stead the quest. At last from Tyre,—
Fame answering the most strange inquire,—
To the court of King Simonides
Are letters brought, the tenor these:—
Antiochus and his daughter's dead;
The men of Tyrus on the head
Of Helicanus would set on
The crown of Tyre, but he will none:
The mutiny be there hastes t' oppress;
Says to 'em, if King Pericles

Come not home in twice six moons. He, obedient to their dooms, Will take the crown. The sum of this. Brought hither to Pentapolis, Y-ravished the regions round And every one with claps can sound, Our heir-apparent is a king! Who dream'd, who thought of such a thing? Brief, he must hence depart to Tyre: His queen with child makes her desire,-Which who shall cross?-along to go:-Omit we all their dole and woe:-Lychorida, her nurse, she takes, And so to sea. Their vessel shakes On Neptune's billow; half the flood Their vessel shakes Hath their keel cut: but fortune's mood Varies again; the grizzly north Disgorges such a tempest forth That, as a duck for life that dives, So up and down the poor ship drives: The lady shricks, and, well-a-near, Does fall in travail with her fear: And what ensues in this fell storm Shall for itself itself perform. I nill relate, action may Conveniently the rest convey; Which might not what by me is told. In your imagination hold This stage the ship, upon whose deck The sea-toss'd Pericles appears to speak. Exit.

Scene I .- Enter Pericles, on a ship at sea.

Per. Thou god of this great vast, rebuke these surges, [that hast Which wash both heaven and hell; and thou Upon the winds command, bind them in brass, Having call'd them from the deep! O, still Thy deafening, dreadful thunders; gently quench

Thy nimble, sulphurous flashes!—0, how, Lychorida, [ously; How does my queen?—Thou stormest venom-Witt thou spit all thyself?—The seaman's

ilt thou spit/ whistle

Is as a whisper in the ears of death, Unheard.—Lychorida!—Lucina, O Divinest patroness, and midwife gentle To those that cry by night, convey thy deity Aboard our dancing boat; make swift the pangs Of my queen's travail!

Enter LYCHORIDA, with an Infant.

Now, Lychorida!

Lyc. Here is a thing too young for such a place,

Who, if it had conceit, would die, as I Am like to do: take in your arms this piece Of your dead queen.

Per. How, how, Lychorida!

Lyc. Patience, good sir; do not assist the storm.

Here's all that is left living of your queen,—
A little daughter: for the sake of it,
Be manly, and take comfort.

Per. O you gods!

Per. O you gods!
Why do you make us love your goodly gifts,
And snatch them straight away? We her
below

Recall not what we give, and therein may Vie in honour with you.

Patience, good sir, Even for this charge.

Now, mild may be thy life! For a more blusterous birth had never babe: Quiet and gentle thy conditions! for Thou art the rudeliest welcom'd to this world That ever was prince's child. Happy what

follows!

Thou hast as chiding a nativity As fire, air, water, earth, and heaven can make, To herald thee from the womb: even at the first Thy loss is more than can thy portage quit, With all thou canst find here.-Now, the good

gods Throw their best eyes upon't!

Enter two Sailors.

I Sail. What courage, sir? God save you! Per. Courage enough: I do not fear the flaw: It hath done to me the worst. Yet, for the love Of this poor infant, this fresh-new seafarer.

I would it would be quiet.

I Sail. Slack the bolins there!—Thou wift not, wilt thou? Blow, and split thyself.

2 Sail. But sea-room, and the brine and cloudy billow kiss the moon, I care not.

I Sail. Sir, your queen must overboard: the sea works high, the wind is loud, and will not lie till the ship be cleared of the dead.

Per. That's your superstition.

z Sail. Pardon us, sir; with us at sea it hath been still observed; and we are strong in custom. Therefore briefly yield her; for she must overboard straight. [queen!

Per. As you think meet .- Most wretched Lyc. Here she hes, sir.

Per. A terrible childbed hast thou had, my dear;

No light, no fire: the unfriendly elements Forgot thee utterly; nor have I time To give thee hallow'd to thy grave, but straight Must cast thee, scarcely coffin'd, in the ooze; Where, for a monument upon thy bones, And aye-remaining lamps, the belching whale And humming water must o'erwhelm thy corpse,

Lying with simple shells .- O Lychorida, Bid Nestor bring me spices, ink and paper My casket and my jewels; and bid Nicander Bring me the satin coffer: lay the babe Upon the pillow: hie thee, whiles I say A priestly farewell to her: suddenly, woman.

[Exit Lychorida.

2 Sail. Sir, we have a chest beneath the hatches, caulked and bitumed ready.

Per. I thank thee.—Mariner, say what coast is this?

2 Sail. We are near Tharsus. Per. Thither, gentle mariner,

Alter thy course for Tyre. When canst thou

reach it?

2 Sail. By break of day, if the wind cease.

Per. O, make for Tharsus!— There will I visit Cleon, for the babe Cannot hold out to Tyrus: there I'll leave it At careful nursing.—Go thy ways, good mar-

iner: I'll bring the body presently.

SCENE II .- EPHESUS. A Room in CERIMON'S House.

Enter CERIMON, a Servant, and some persons who have been shipwrecked.

Cer. Philemon, ho!

Enter PHILEMON.

Phil. Doth my lord call? Cer. Get fire and meat for these poor men: It has been a turbulent and stormy night.

Serv. I have been in many; but such a night as this,

Till now, I ne'er endur'd. Cer. Your master will be dead ere you re-There's nothing can be minister'd to nature That can recover him. - Give this to the 'pothecarv.

And tell me how it works. To PHILEMON. Exeunt all but CERIMON.

Enter two Gentlemen.

r Gent. Good-morrow, sir. 2 Gent. Good-morrow to your lordship.

Cer. Gentlemen. Why do you stir so early?

1 Gent. Sir, Our lodgings, standing bleak upon the sea, Shook as the earth did quake; The very principals did seem to rend, And all to topple: pure surprise and fear

Made me to quit the house. early: 2 Gent. That is the cause we trouble you so

I Gent. But I much marvel that your lordship, having

Rich tire about you, should at these early hours Shake off the golden slumber of repose. It is most strange

Nature should be so conversant with pain, Being thereto not compell'd.

Cer. I held it ever, Virtue and cunning were endowments greater Than nobleness and riches: careless heirs May the two latter darken and expend; But immortality attends the former, Making a man a god. 'Tis known I ever Have studied physic, through which secret art, By turning o'er authorities, I have, Together with my practice,—made familiar To me and to my aid the blest infusions That dwell in vegetives, in metals, stones; And I can speak of the disturbances That nature works, and of her cures; which give me

A more content in course of true delight Than to be thirsty after tottering honour, Or tie my treasure up in silken bags, To please the fool and death. [pour'd forth 2 Gent. Your honour has through Ephesus Your charity, and hundreds call themselves Your creatures, who by you have been restor'd: And not your knowledge, your personal pain,

but even Your purse, still open, hath built Lord Cerimon [Exeunt. Such strong renown as time shall never raze.

Enter two Servants with a chest.

r Serv. So: lift there.

What is that? Cer.

I Serv. Sir, even now Did the sea toss upon our shore this chest: 'Tis of some wreck.

Cer. Set't down, let's look upon't. 2 Gent. 'Tis like a coffin, sir.

Cer. Whate'er it be, 'Tis wondrous heavy. Wrench it open straight: If the sea's stomach be o'ercharg'd with gold, It is a good constraint of fortune that

It is a good so...
It beiches upon us.
'Tis so, my lord. Cer. How close 'tis caulk'd and bitum'd!-Did the sea cast it up?

I Serv. I never saw so huge a billow, sir, As toss'd it upon shore.

Wrench it open;

Soft!-it smells most sweetly in my sense.

2 Gent. A delicate odour.

Cer. As ever hit my nostril.-So, up with

O you most potent gods! what's here? a corse! I Gent. Most strange! [entreasur'd Cer. Shrouded in cloth of state; balm'd and With bags of spices full! A passport too!-Apollo, perfect me in the characters!

[Reads from a scroll.

Here I give to understand, If e'er this coffin drives a-land,-This queen, worth all our mundane cost. Who finds her, give her buryung;
She was the daughter of a king; Besides this treasure for a fee, The gods requite his charity!

If thou liv'st, Pericles, thou hast a heart That even cracks for woe!-This chanc'd tonight.

2 Gent. Most likely, sir.

Cer. Nay, certainly to-night; For look how fresh she looks!-They were too rough

That threw her in the sea .- Make a fire within: Fetch hither all my boxes in my closet.

Death may usurp on nature many hours, And yet the fire of life kindle again The o'erpress'd spirits. I heard of an Egyptian

That had nine hours hen dead, Who was by good appliances recover'd.

Re-enter a Servant, with boxes, napkins, and fire.

Well said, well said; the fire and cloths.-The rough and woeful music that we have Cause it to sound, beseech you. [block!-The viol once more:-how thou stirr'st, thou The music there!—I pray you, give her air.-Gentlemen,

This queen will live: nature awakes; a warmth Breathes out of her: she hath not been entranc'd

Above five hours: see how she 'gins to blow Into life's flower again!

The heavens, I Gent. Through you, increase our wonder, and set up Your fame for ever.

She is alive; behold, Her eyelids, cases to those heavenly jewels Which Pericles hath lost,

Begin to part their fringes of bright gold; The diamonds of a most praised water

Do appear, to make the world twice rich.-Live, And make us weep to hear your fate, fair creature,

Rare as you seem to be. She moves. O dear Diana Thai.

Where am I? Where's my lord? What world is this?

2 Gent. Is not this strange?

I Gent. Most rare. Cer. Hush, my gentle neighbours! Lend me your hands; to the next chamber bear

her. Get linen: now this matter must be look'd to, For her relapse is mortal. Come, come;

And Æsculapius guide us! [Exeunt, carrying out THAISA.

Scene III .- Tharsus. A Room in Cleon's House.

Enter Pericles, Cleon, Dionyza, and Ly-CHORIDA with MARINA in her arms.

Per. Most honour'd Cleon, I must needs be

gone; My twelve months are expir'd, and Tyrus stands

In a litigious peace. You and your lady Take from my heart all thankfulness! The

Make up the rest upon you!

Cle. Your shafts of fortune, though they hurt you mortally,

Yet glance full wanderingly on us.

Dion. O your sweet queen! That the strict fates had pleas'd you had brought her hither, To have bless'd mine eyes!

We cannot but obey Could I rage and roar The powers above us. As doth the sea she hes in, yet the end

Must be as 'tis. My gentle babe Marina,whom,

Exit a Servant. For she was born at sea. I have nam'd so .here

I charge your charity withal, leaving her The infant of your care; beseeching you To give her princely training, that she may

he Manner'd as she is born.

Cle. Fear not, my lord, but think Your grace, that fed my country with your

corn.

For which the people's prayers still fall upon you,

Must in your child be thought on. If neglection Should therein make me vile, the common body, By you rehev'd, would force me to my duty:

But if to that my nature need a spur, The gods revenge it upon me and mine To the end of generation!

Per. I beheve you; Your honour and your goodness teach me to't Without your vows. Till she be married,

madam, By bright Diana, whom we honour, all Unscissar'd shall this hair of mine remain, Though I show ill in't. So I take my leave. Good madam, make me blessed in your care In bringing up my child.

I have one myself, Who shall not be more dear to my respect

Than yours, my lord.

Per. Madam, my thanks and prayers. Cle. We'll bring your grace e'en to the edge o' the shore.

Then give you up to the vast Neptune and The gentlest winds of heaven.

I will embrace Per. Your offer. Come, dearest madam .-- O, no

tears, Lychorida, no tears:

Look to your little mistress, on whose grace You may depend hereafter.—Come, my lord. Exeunt.

SCENE IV .-- EPHESUS. A Room in CERI-MON'S House.

Enter CERIMON and THAISA

Cer. Madam, this letter, and some certain jewels.

Lay with you in your coffer: which are now At your command. Know you the character? Thai. It is my lord's.

That I was shipp'd at sea I well remember, Even on my eaning time; but whether there Deliver'd, by the holy gods, I cannot rightly say. But since King Pericles, My wedded lord, I ne'er shall see again, A vestal livery will I take me to,

And never more have joy.

Cer. Madam, if this you purpose as you speak,

Diana's temple is not distant far, Where you may abide till your date expire. Moreover, if you please, a niece of mine Shall there attend you.

Thai. My recompense is thanks, that's all; Yet my good-will is great, though the gift small. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Enter GOWER.

Gow. Imagine Pericles arriv'd at Tyre. Welcom'd and settled to his own desire. His woeful queen we leave at Ephesus, Unto Diana there a votaress. Now to Marina bend your mind. Whom our fast growing scene must find At Tharsus, and by Cleon train'd In music, letters; who hath gain'd Of education all the grace, Which makes her both the heart and place Of general wonder. But, alack, That monster envy, oft the wrack Of earned praise, Marina's life Seeks to take off by treason's knife. And in this kind hath our Cleon One daughter, and a wench full grown, Even ripe for marriage-rite: this maid Hight Philoten: and it is said For certain in our story, she Would ever with Marina be: Be't when she weav'd the sleided silk

With fingers long, small, white as milk: Or when she would with sharp needle wound The cambric, which she made more sound By hurting it; or when to the lute She sung, and made the night-bird mute, That still records with moan; or when She would with rich and constant pen Vail to her mistress Dian; still This Philoten contends in skill With absolute Marina: so With the dove of Paphos might the crow Vie feathers white. Marina gets All praises, which are paid as debts, And not as given. This so darks In Philoten all graceful marks That Cleon's wife, with envy rare, A present murderer does prepare For good Marina, that her daughter Might stand peerless by this slaughter. The sooner her vile thoughts to stead. Lychorida, our nurse, is dead: And cursed Dionyza hath The pregnant instrument of wrath Prest for this blow. The unborn event I do commend to your content: Only I carry winged time Post on the lame feet of my rhyme; Which never could I so convey Unless your thoughts went on my way.-Dionyza does appear. With Leonine, a murderer. Exit.

Scene I .- Tharsus. An open Place near the Sea-shore.

Enter DIONYZA and LEONINE.

Dion. Thy oath remember; thou hast sworn to do't.

'Tis but a blow, which never shall be known. Thou canst not do a thing i' the world so soon To yield thee so much profit. Let not conscience, [bosom, Which is but cold, inflaming love in thy Inflame too nicely; nor let pity, which

Even women have cast off, melt thee, but be A soldier to thy purpose.

Leon. I will do't; but yet she is a goodly [her.—

Dion. The fitter, then, the gods should have

Here she comes weeping for her only mistress' death.

Thou art resolv'd?

Leon. I am resolv'd.

Enter Marina with a basket of flowers.

Mar. No, I will rob Tellus of her weed To strew thy green with flowers: the yellows, blues

The purple violets, and marigolds Shall as a carpet hang upon thy grave While summer-days do last. Ay me! poor Born in a tempest, when my mother died, This world to me is like a lasting storm, Whirring me from my friends.

Dion. How now, Marina! why do you keep alone?

How chance my daughter is not with you? Do not Consume your blood with sorrowing: you A nurse of me. Lord, how your favour's chang'd

With this unprofitable woe! Come, Give me your flowers ere the sea mar them. Walk with Leonine, the air is quick there, And it pierces and sharpens the stomach .-Come,

Leonine, take her by the arm, walk with her. Mar. No, I pray you;

I'll not bereave you of your servant.

Dion. Come, come; I love the king your father, and yourself, With more than foreign heart. We every day Expect him here: when he shall come, and find Our paragon to all reports thus blasted, He will repent the breadth of this great voyage; Blame both my lord and me that we have taken No care to your best courses. Go, I pray you, Walk, and be cheerful once again; reserve That excellent complexion, which did steal The eyes of young and old. Care not for me The eyes of June 1 I can go home alone.

Well, I will go;

But yet I have no desire to it. [you.-Dion. Come, come, I know 'tis good for Walk half an hour, Leonine, at the least: Remember what I have said.

Leon. I warrant you, madam. Dion. I'll leave you, my sweet lady, for awhile:

Pray, walk softly, do not heat your blood: What! I must have a care of you.

Mar.My thanks, sweet madam.-[Exit DIONYZA.

Is this wind westerly that blows? Leon. South-west. Mar. When I was born the wind was north. Leon. Was't so?

Mar. My father, as nurse said, did never fear, But cried, Good seamen! to the sailors, galling His kingly hands with hauling of the ropes; And, clasping to the mast, endur'd a sea

That almost burst the deck. Leon. When was this? Mar. When I was born:

Never was waves nor wind more violent; And from the ladder-tackle washes off A canvas-chmber: Ha! says one, wilt out? And with a dropping industry they skip From stem to stern: the boatswain whistles,

and The master calls, and trebles their confusion.

Leon. Come, say your prayers.

What mean you? Leon. If you require a little space for prayer, I grant it: pray; but be not tedious, For the gods are quick of ear, and I am sworn

To do my work with haste Mar. Why will you kill me?

Leon. To satisfy my lady. Mar. Why would she have me kill'd? Now, as I can remember, by my troth, I never did her hurt in all my life: I never spake bad word, nor did ill turn To any living creature: believe me, la, I never kill'd a mouse, nor hurt a fly: I trod upon a worm against my will, But I wept for it. How have I offended Wherein my death might yield her profit, Or my life imply her danger?

Leon. My commission Is not to reason of the deed, but do it. Mar. You will not do't for all the world. I You are well-favour'd, and your looks foreshow You have a gentle heart. I saw you lately When you caught hurt in parting two that

fought: Good sooth, it show'd well in you: do so now: Your lady seeks my life; come you between,

And save poor me, the weaker. Leon. I am sworn, And will despatch.

Enter Pirates whilst MARINA is struggling.

I Pirate. Hold, villain!

LEONINE runs away.

2 Pirate. A prize! a prize! 3 Pirate. Half-part, mates, half-part. Come, let's have her aboard suddenly. Exeunt Pirates with MARINA.

Re-enter LEONINE.

Leon. These roving thieves serve the great pirate Valdes

And they have seiz'd Marina. Let her go: There's no hope she will return. I'll swear she's dead

And thrown into the sea .- But I'll see further: Perhaps they will but please themselves upon her,

Not carry her aboard. If she remain. Whom they have ravish'd must by me be slain. Exit.

Scene II .- MITYLENE. A Room in a Brothel. Enter Pander, Bawd, and BOULT.

Pand. Boult,-Boult. Sir?

Pand. Search the market narrowly; Mitylene is full of gallants. We lost too much money in this mart by being too wenchless.

Bawd. We were never so much out of creatures. We have but poor three, and they can do no more than they can do; and they with continual action are even as good as rotten.

Pand. Therefore let's have fresh ones, whate'er we pay for them. If there be not a conscience to be used in every trade we shall never prosper.

Bawd. Thou sayest true; 'tis not our bringing up of poor bastards,-as, I think, I have brought up some eleven,-

Boult. Ay, to eleven; and brought them down again .- But shall I search the market? Bawd. What else, man? The stuff we have, a strong wind will blow it to pieces, they are

so pitifully sodden.

Pand. Thou sayest true; they are too unwholesome, o' conscience. The poor Transylvanian is dead, that lay with the little

baggage. Boult. Ay, she quickly pooped him; she made him roast-meat for worms.—But I'll go search the market. Exit.

Pand. Three or four thousand chequins were as pretty a proportion to live quietly, and so

give over.

Bawd. Why to give over, I pray you? is it a shame to get when we are old?

Pand. O, our credit comes not in like the the danger: therefore, if in our youths we could pick up some pretty estate, twere no amiss to keep our door hatch'd. Besides, the sore terms we stand upon with the gods will b strong with us for giving over.

Bawd. Come, other sorts offend as well as w Pand. As well as we! ay, and better too we offend worse. Neither is our profession an trade; it's no calling .- But here comes Bouli

Re-enter Boult, with MARINA and the Pirates

Boult. [To MARINA.] Come your ways .-My masters, you say she's a virgin?

I Pirate. O, sir, we doubt it not.

Boult. Master, I have gone through for thi piece, you see: if you like her, so; if not,

have lost my earnest.

Bawd. Boult, has she any qualities?

Boult. She has a good face, speaks well, and has excellent good clothes: there's no further necessity of qualities can make her b refused.

Bawd. What's her price, Boult?

Boult. It cannot be bated one dort of a

thousand pieces.

Pand. Well, follow me, my masters; you shall have your money presently. Wife, take her in; instruct her what she has to do, tha she may not be raw in her entertainment.

[Exeunt Pander and Pirates. Bawd. Boult, take you the marks of her,the colour of her hair, complexion, height, age with warrant of her virginity; and cry, He that will give most shall have her first. Such a maidenhead were no cheap thing, if men were as they have been. Get this done as I command you.

Boult. Performance shall follow. Exit. Mar. Alack, that Leonine was so slack, so

slow!-[these pirates,-He should have struck, not spoke; -or that Not enough barbarous,-had not o'erboard thrown me

For to seek my mother!

in you.

Bawd. Why lament you, pretty one? Mar. That I am pretty.

Bawd. Come, the gods have done their part. Mar. I accuse them not.

Bawd. You are lit into my hands, where you are like to live.

Mar. The more my fault

To 'scape his hands where I was like to die. Bawd. Ay, and you shall live in pleasure. Mar. No.

Bawd. Yes, indeed shall you, and taste gentlemen of all fashions. You shall fare well: you shall have the difference of all complexions. What! do you stop your ears?

Mar. Are you a woman?

Bawd. What would you have me be, an I be not a woman?

Mar. An honest woman, or not a woman. Bawd. Marry, whip thee, gosling: I think I shall have something to do with you. Come, you are a young foolish sapling, and must be bowed as I would have you.

Mar. The gods defend me!

Bawd. If it please the gods to defend you by

men, then men must comfort you, men must commodity; nor the commodity wages not with feed you, men must stir you up .- Boult's returned.

Re-enter BOULT.

Now, sir, hast thou cried her through the market?

Boult. I have cried her almost to the number of her hairs; I have drawn her picture with

my voice. Bawd. And I pr'ythee tell me, how dost thou find the inclination of the people, especi-

ally of the younger sort?

Boult. Faith, they listened to me as they would have hearkened to their father's testament. There was a Spaniard's mouth so watered that he went to bed to her very description.

Bawd. We shall have him here to-morrow

with his best ruff on.

Boult. To-night, to-night. But, mistress, do you know the French knight that cowers i' the hams?

Bawd. Who? Monsieur Veroles?

Boult. Ay: he offered to cut a caper at the proclamation; but he made a groan at it, and swore he would see her to-morrow.

Bawd. Well, well; as for him, he brought his disease hither: here he does but repair it. I know he will come in our shadow to scatter his crowns in the sun.

Boult. Well, if we had of every nation a traveller, we should lodge them with this

Bawd. [To MAR.] Pray you, come hither awhile. You have fortunes coming upon you. Mark me: you must seem to do that fearfully which you commit willingly; to despise profit where you have most gain. To weep that you ive as you do makes pity in your lovers: seldom but that pity begets you a good opinion, and that opinion a mere profit.

Mar. I understand you not.

Boult. O, take her home, mistress, take her home: these blushes of hers must be quenched with some present practice.

Bawd. Thou sayest true, i' faith, so they must; for your bride goes to that with shame which is her way to go with warrant.

Boult. Faith, some do, and some do not. But, mistress, if I had bargained for the oint.-

Bawd. Thou mayst cut a morsel off the spit.

Boult. I may so.

Bawd. Who should deny it? Come, young ne, I like the manner of your garments well. Boult. Ay, by my faith, they shall not be hanged yet.

Bawd. Boult, spend thou that in the town: eport what a sojourner we have; you'll lose othing by custom. When nature framed this nece she meant thee a good turn; therefore ay what a paragon she is, and thou hast the arvest out of thine own report.

Boult. I warrant you, mistress, thunder shall ot so awake the beds of eels as my giving out er beauty stir up the lewdly inclined. ring home some to-night.

Bawd. Come your ways; follow me.

Mar. If fires be hot, knives sharp, or water deep.

Untied I still my virgin knot will keep. Diana, aid my purpose!

Bawd. What have we to do with Diana. Pray you, will you go with us? [Exeunt

Scene III.—THARSUS. A Room in CLEON'S

Enter CLEON and DIONYZA.

Dion. Why, are you foolish? Can it be un done?

Cle. O Dionyza, such a piece of slaughter The sun and moon ne'er look'd upon!

Dion. I think
You'll turn a child again. I think
Cle. Were I chief lord of all the spacious
I'd give it to undo the deed. O lady,
Much less in blood than virtue, yet a princess
To equal any single crown o' the earth

I' the justice of compare!—O villain Leonine Whom thou hast poison'd too: [ness If thou hadst drunk to him, 't had been a kind-Becoming well thy fact: what canst thou say When noble Pericles shall demand his child?

Dion. That she is dead. Nurses are not the fates.

To foster it, nor ever to preserve. [it? She died at night; I'll say so. Who can cross Unless you play the pious innocent. And for an honest attribute cry out,

And for an analysis She died by foul play.

Cle.

O, go to. Well, well.

Of all the faults beneath the heavens the gods

Do like this worst.

Dion. Be one of those that think The petty wrens of Tharsus will fly hence, And open this to Pericles. I do shame To think of what a noble strain you are, And of how coward a spirit.

Cle. To such proceeding Who ever but his approbation added, Though not his pre-consent, he did not flow From honourable sources.

Dion. Be it so, then: Yet none does know, but you, how she came

dead,
Nor none can know, Leonine being gone.
She did distain my child, and stood between
Her and her fortunes: none would look on her,
But cast their gazes on Marini's face;
Whilst ours was blurted at, and held a malkin,
Not worth the time of day. It piere'd me
thorough;

And though you call my course unnatural, You not your child well loving, yet I find It greets me as an enterprise of kindness Perform'd to your sole daughter.

Cle.

Dion. And as for Pericles, hearse, What should he say? We wept after her And yet we mourn: her monument Is almost finish'd, and her epitaphs In glittering golden characters express A general praise to her, and care in us At whose expense 'its done.

Cle. Thou art like the harpy, Which, to betray, dost, with thine angel's face, Seize with thine eagle's talons.

Dion. You are like one that superstitiously Doth swear to the gods that winter kills the

But yet I know you'll do as I advise.

Exeunt.

Enter Gower, before the Monument of Marina at Tharsus.

Cow. Thus time we waste, and longest leagues make short;
Sail seas in cockles, have an wish but for't;
Making,—to take your imagination,—
From bourn to bourn, region to region.
By you being pardon'd, we commit no crime to use one language in each several clime.

Where our scenes seem to live. I do beseech
you
To learn of me, who stand i' the gaps to teach

To learn of me, who stand i' the gaps to teach The stages of our story. Pericles Is now again thwarting the wayward seas, Attended on by many a lord and knight, To see his daughter, all his life's delight. Old Escanes, whom Helicanus late Advanc'd in time to greet and high estate, Is left to govern. Bear you it in mind, Old Helicanus goes along behind. [brought well-sailing ships and bounteous winds have This king to Tharsus,—think his pilot thought; So with his steerage shall your thoughts grow on.—

To fetch his daughter home, who first is gone. Like motes and shadows see them move awhile; Your ears unto your eyes I'll reconcile.

Dumb show.

Enter, at one side, Pericles with his Train; CLEON and DIONYTA at the other. CLEON shows Pericles the Tomb of MARINA, whereat Pericles makes lamentation, puts on sackcloth, and na mighty passion departs. Then exeunt CLEON and DIONYZA.

See how belief may suffer by foul show! This borrow'd passion stands for true old woe; And Pericles, in sorrow all devour'd, With sighs shot through and biggest tears o'ershower'd,

Leaves Tharsus, and again embarks. He swears

Never to wash his face nor cut his hairs; He puts on sackcloth, and to sea. He bears A tempest which his mortal vessel tears, And yet he rides it out. Now please you wit The epitaph is for Marina writ By wicked Dionyza.

[Reads the inscription on MARINA'S Monument.

The fairest, sweet'st, and best lies here,
Who wither'd in her spring of year.
She was of Tyrus the king's daughter,
On whom foul death hath made this slaughter;
Marna was she call'd; and at her birth,
Thetis, being proud, swallow'd some part o' the
earth.

Therefore the earth, fearing to be ov'erflow'd, Hath Thetis' birth-child on the heavens bestow'd: Wherefore she does,—and swears she'll never

Make raging battery upon shores of fint.

No visard does become black villainy So well as soft and tender flattery. Let Pericles believe his daughter's dead, And bear his courses to be ordered By Lady Fortune; while our scene must play His daughter's woe and heavy well-a-day In her unholy service. Patience, then, And think you now are all in Mitylene. Exit.

SCENE IV .- MITYLENE. A Street before the Brothel.

Enter, from the Brothel, two Gentlemen.

I Gent. Did you ever hear the like?

2 Gent. No, nor never shall do in such a

place as this, she being once gone. I Gent. But to have divinity preached there!

did you ever dream of such a thing?

2 Gent. No, no. Come, I am for no more bawdy-houses: shall's go hear the vestals sing? I Gent. I'll do anything now that is virtuous;

but I am out of the road of rutting for ever. [Exeunt.

SCENE V .- MITYLENE. A Room in the Brothel.

Enter Pander, Bawd, and BOULT.

Pand. Well, I had rather than twice the

worth of her she had ne'er come here.

Bawd. Fie, fie upon her! she is able to freeze the god Priapus, and undo a whole generation. We must either get her ravished or be rid of her. When she should do for clients her fitment, and do me the kindness of our profession, she has me her quirks, her reasons, her master-reasons, her prayers, her knees; that she would make a puritan of the devil, if he should cheapen a kiss of her.

Boult. Faith, I must ravish her, or she'll disfurmsh us of all our cavaliers, and make all

our swearers priests. for me! Pand. Now, the pox upon her green-sickness Bawd. Faith there's no way to be rid on't

but by the way to the pox. Here comes the Lord Lysimachus disguised.

Boult. We should have both lord and lown if the peevish baggage would but give way to

customers.

Enter LYSIMACHUS.

Lys. How now! How a dozen of virginities? Bawd. Now, the gods to-bless your honour! Boult. I am glad to see your honour in good health.

Lys. You may so; 'tis the better for you that your resorters stand upon sound legs. How now, wholesome iniquity? Have you that a man may deal withal, and defy the surgeon?

Bawd. We have here one, sir, if she would -but there never came her like in Mitylene. Lys. If she'd do the deeds of darkness, thou

wouldst stay. well enough. Bawd. Your honour knows what 'tis to say Lys. Well, call forth, call forth.

Boult. For flesh and blood, sir, white and red, you shall see a rose; and she were a rose indeed, if she had but .-

Lus. What, pr'ythee?

Boult. O, sir, I can be modest.

Lus. That dignifies the renown of a bawd no less than it gives a good report to a number to be chaste. Exit BOULT.

Bawd. Here comes that which grows to the stalk,-never plucked yet, I can assure you.

Re-enter BOULT with MARINA.

Is she not a fair creature?

Lys. Faith, she would serve after a long voyage at sea. Well, there's for you:-leave us.

Bawd. I beseech your honour, give me leave: a word, and I'll have done presently.

Lys. I beseech you, do.

Bawd. First, I would have you note this is an honourable man.

[To MAR., whom she takes aside. Mar. I desire to find him so, that I may

worthily note him.

Bawd. Next, he's the governor of this country, and a man whom I am bound to.

Mar. If he govern the country you are bound

to him indeed; but how honourable he is in that I know not.

Bawd. Pray you, without any more virginal fencing, will you use him kindly? He will line your apron with gold.

Mar. What he will do graciously I will thankfully receive.

Lys. Ha' you done?

Bawd. My lord, she's not paced yet: you must take some pains to work her to your manage. Come, we will leave his honour and her together .-- Go thy ways.

[Exeunt Bawd, Pander, and BOULT. Lys. Now, pretty one, how long have you been at this trade?

Mar. What trade, sir?

Lys. What I cannot name but I shall offend. Mar. I cannot be offended with my trade. Please you to name it. [sion? Lys. How long have you been of this profes-

Mar. E'er since I can remember. Lys. Did you go to't so young? Were you

a gamester at five or at seven?

Mar. Earlier too, sir, if now I be one.
Lys. Why, the house you dwell in proclaims you to be a creature of sale.

Mar. Do you know this house to be a place of such resort, and will come into't? I hear say you are of honourable parts, and are the governor of this place.

Lys. Why, hath your principal made known unto you who I am?

Mar. Who is my principal?
Lys. Why, your herb-woman; she that sets seeds and roots of shame and iniquity. O, you have heard something of my power, and so stand aloof for more serious wooing. But I protest to thee, pretty one, my authority shall not see thee, or else look friendly upon thee. Come, bring me to some private place: come,

Mar. If you were born to honour, show it If put upon you, make the judgment good That thought you worthy of it.

Lys. How's this? how's this? - Some more;be sage

Mar. For me, That am a maid, though most ungentle fortune Hath plac'd me in this sty,

Where, since I came,

Diseases have been sold dearer than physic,-O that the good gods

Would set me free from this unhallow'd place Though they did change me to the meanest bird That flies i' the purer air!

I did not think Lys. Thou couldst have spoke so well; ne'er dream'd thou couldst.

Had I brought hither a corrupted mind, Thy speech had alter'd it. Hold, here's gold for thee:

Persever in that clear way thou goest, And the gods strengthen thee!

The good gods preserve you! Mar. Lys. For me, be you thoughten That I came with no ill intent; for to me The very doors and windows savour vilely. Fare thee well. Thou art a piece of virtue, and I doubt not but thy training hath been noble .-Hold, here's more gold for thee .-A curse upon him, die he like a thief, That robs thee of thy goodness! If thou dost hear from me

It shall be for thy good.

Re-enter BOULT as LYSIMACHUS is putting up his burse.

Boult. I beseech your honour, one piece for

Lys. Avaunt, thou damned doorkeeper! Your But for this virgin that doth prop it, Would sink and overwhelm you. Away!

Exit. Boult. How's this? We must take another course with you. If your peevish chastity, which is not worth a breakfast in the cheapest country under the cope, shall undo a whole household, let me be gelded like a spaniel. Come your ways.

Mar. Whither would you have me?

Boult. I must have your maidenhead taken off, or the common hangman shall execute it. We'll have no more gentle-Come your ways. men driven away. Come your ways, I say.

Re-enter Bawd.

Bawd. How now! What's the matter? Boult. Worse and worse, mistress; she has here spoken holy words to the Lord Lysima-

Bawd. O abominable!

Boult. She makes our profession as it were to stink afore the face of the gods.

Bawd. Marry, hang her up for ever! Boult. The nobleman would have dealt with her like a nobleman, and she sent him away as cold as a snowball; saying his prayers too. Bawd. Boult, take her away; use her at thy

pleasure: crack the glass of her virginity, and make the rest malicable. Boult. An if she were a thornier piece of

ground than she is, she shall be ploughed.

Mar. Hark, hark, you gods!

Bawd. She conjures: away with her! Would she had never come within my doors! Marry, hang you!-She's born to undo us .- Will you Nature's own shape, of bud, bird, branch, or

not go the way of womenkind? Marry, come up, my dish of chastity with rosemary and bays!

Boult. Come, mistress; come your ways with me.

Mar. Whither wilt thou have me? [so dear. Boult. To take from you the jewel you hold Mar. Pr'ythee, tell me one thing first. Boult. Come now, your one thing.

Mar. What canst thou wish thine enemy to Boult. Why, I could wish him to be my

master, or, rather, my mistress.

Mar. Neither of these are so bad as thou art. Since they do better thee in their command. Thou hold'st a place for which the pained'st fiend

Of hell would not in reputation change: Thou'rt the damn'd doorkeeper to every Coistrel that comes inquiring for his tib; To the choleric fisting of every rogue Thy ear is liable; thy very food is such

As hath been beich'd on by infected lungs.

Boult. What would you have me do? go to
the wars, would you? where a man may serve seven years for the loss of a leg, and have not money enough in the end to buy him a wooden one? [Empty

Mar. Do anything but this thou Old receptacles, or common sewers, of filth; Serve by indenture to the common hangman: Any of these ways are yet better than this; For what thou professest, a baboon, could he

speak.

Would own a name too dear .- O that the gods Would safely deliver me from this place!-Here, here's gold for thee.

If that thy master would gain by me, [dance Proclaim that I can sing, weave, sew, and With other virtues which I'll keep from boast; And I will undertake all these to teach. I doubt not but this populous city will lof?

Yield many scholars. Boult. But can you teach all this you speak Mar. Prove that I cannot, take me home

again, And prostitute me to the basest groom

That doth frequent your house.

Boult. Well, I will see what I can do for thee: if I can place thee, I will.

Mar. But amongst honest women?

Boult. Faith, my acquaintance lies little amongst them. But since my master and mis-tress have bought you, there's no going but by their consent: therefore I will make them acquainted with your purpose, and I doubt not but I shall find them tractable enough. Come, I'll do for thee what I can; come your ways. Exeunt.

ACT V.

Enter GOWER.

Gow. Marina thus the brothel scapes, and chances

Into an honest house, our story says. She sings like one immortal, and she dances As goddess-like to her admired lays; Deep clerks she dumbs; and with her needle

composes

fture?

That even her art sisters the natural roses; Her inkle, silk, twin with the rubied cherry: That pupils lacks she none of noble race, Who pour their bounty on her; and her gain She gives the cursed bawd. Here we her place; And to her father turn our thoughts again, Where we left him, on the sea. We there him lost;

Whence, driven before the winds, he is arriv'd Here where his daughter dwells; and on this coast

Suppose him now at anchor. The city striv'd God Neptune's annual feast to keep: from

whence Lysimachus our Tyrian ship espies His banners sable, trimm'd with rich expense; And to him in his barge with fervour hies. In your supposing once more put your sight Of heavy Pericles; think this his bark: Where what is done in action, more, if might, Shall be discover'd; please you, sit, and hark. Exit.

Scene I .- On board Pericles' ship, off Mitylene. A Pavilion on deck with a curtain before it; PERICLES within it, reclining on a couch. A barge lying beside the Tyrian

Enter two Sailors, one belonging to the Tyrian vessel, the other to the barge; to them HELI-

Tyr. Sail. Where is Lord Helicanus? he can resolve you.
[To the Sailor of Mitylene.

O, here he is .-Sir, there's a barge put off from Mitylene And in it is Lysimachus the governor, will? What is your Who craves to come aboard. Hel. That he have his. Call up some gentlemen.

Tyr. Sail. Ho, gentlemen! my lord calls.

Enter two or three Gentlemen.

1 Gent. Doth your lordship call? Hel. Gentlemen, [pray, There is some of worth would come aboard; I Greet them fairly.

[The Gentlemen and the two Sailors descend, and go on board the barge.

Enter, from thence, Lysimachus and Lords, with the Gentlemen and the two Sailors.

Tyr. Sail. Sir, This is the man that can, in aught you would, Resolve you. [you! Lys. Hail, reverend sir! The gods preserve

Hel. And you, sir, to outlive the age I am, And die as I would do.

Lys. You wish me well. Being on shore, honouring of Neptune's triumphs.

Seeing this goodly vessel ride before us. I made to it, to know of whence you are. Hel. First, what is your place?

I am the governor Lys.

Of this place you lie before. Hel. Sir,

Our vessel is of Tyre, in it the king; [spoken A man who for this three months hath not Be suffer'd to come near him.

To any one, nor taken sustenance, But to prorogue his grief.

Lys. Upon what ground is his distempera-Hel. 'Twould be too tedious to repeat; But the main grief springs from the loss

Of a beloved daughter and a wife.

Lys. May we not see him? Hel. You may;

But bootless is your sight;-he will not sneak To any.

Lys. Yet let me obtain my wish.

Hel. Behold him [Pericles discovered]. This was a goodly person

Till the disaster that one mortal night Drove him to this.

Lys. Sir king, all hail! the gods preserve you!

Hail, royal sir!

Hel. It is in vain; he will not speak to you. I Lord. Sir, we have a maid in Mitylene, I durst wager,

Would win some words of him.

'Tis well bethought. She, questionless, with her sweet harmony And other choice attractions, would allure, And make a battery through his deafen'd parts. Which now are midway stopp'd: She is all happy as the fairest of all, And, with her fellow maids, is now upon The leafy shelter that abuts against

The island's side. [He whispers first Lord, who goes off in the barge of LYSIMACHUS.

Hel. Sure, all's effectless; yet nothing we'll omit (kindness That bears recovery's name. But, since your We have stretch'd thus far, let us beseech you That for our gold we may provision have,

Wherein we are not destitute for want, But weary for the staleness. Lys. O, sir, a courtesy

Which if we should deny, the most just gods For every graff would send a caterpillar, And so afflict our province.—Yet once more Let me entreat to know at large the cause Of your king's sorrow.

Ĥel. Sit, sir, I will recount it to you:--But, see, I am prevented.

Re-enter, from the barge, First Lord, with MARINA and a young Lady.

O, here is The lady that I sent for.—Welcome, fair one!-Is't not a goodly presence?

Hel. She's a gallant lady. Lys. She's such a one that, were I well

assur'd Came of gentle kind and noble stock, [wed .--

I'd wish no better choice, and think me rarely Fair one, all goodness that consists in bounty Expect even here, where is a kingly patient: If that thy prosperous and artificial feat Can draw him but to answer thee in aught, Thy sacred physic shall receive such pay As thy desires can wish.

Mar. Sir, I will use My utmost skill in his recovery,

Provided

That none but I and my companion maid

And the gods make her prosperous!

Lys. Mark'd he your music? Mer. No, nor look'd on us.

Lus. See, she will speak to him.

Mar. Hail, sir! my lord, lend ear. Per. Hum, ha!

Mar. I am a maid,

My lord, that ne'er before invited eves. But hath been gaz'd on like a comet: she

speaks, My lord, that, may be, hath endur'd a grief Might equal yours, if both were justly weigh'd. Though wayward fortune did malign my state, My derivation was from ancestors Who stood equivalent with mighty kings:

But time hath rooted out my parentage, And to the world and awkward casualties Bound me in servitude. -[Aside.] I will desist;

But there is something glows upon my cheek, And whispers in mine ear, Go not till he speak. Per. My fortunes-parentage -good parentage -[vou?

To equal mine!-was it not thus? what say Mar. I said, my lord, if you did know my parentage

You would not do me violence.

Per. I do think so. I pray you, turn your eyes upon me. [woman? You are like something that-What country-Here of these shores?

Mar. No, nor of any shores: Yet I was mortally brought forth, and am

No other than I appear. [weeping. Per. I am great with woe, and shall deliver My dearest wife was like this maid, and such

a one square brows; My daughter might have been: my queen's Her stature to an inch; as wand-like straight; As silver-voic'd, her eyes as jewel-like,

And cas'd as richly; in pace another Juno; Who starves the ears she feeds, and makes

them hungry vou live? The more she gives them speech .-- Where do Mar. Where I am but a stranger: from the deck

You may discern the place.

Where were you bred? And how achiev'd you these endowments, which

You make more rich to owe? [seem Mar. If I should tell my history, it would

Like lies, disdain'd in the reporting. Per.

Falseness cannot come from thee; for thou How came you in these parts? where were you look'st

Modest as Justice, and thou seem'st a palace For the crown'd Truth to dwell in; I will believe thee,

And make my senses credit thy relation To points that seem impossible; for thou look'st Like one Hov'd indeed. What were thy friends? Didst thou not say, when I did push thee back. . . [cam'st

Which was when I perceiv'd thee, -that thou From good descending?

So indeed I did. Per. Report thy parentage. I think thou said'st Thou hadst been toss'd from wrong to injury,

Come, let us leave her; And that thou thought'st thy griefs might equal mine, [MARINA sings. If both were open'd.

Mar. Some such thing I said, and said no more but what my thoughts Did warrant me was likely.

Tell thy story; If thine consider'd prove thy thousandth part Of my endurance, thou art a man, and I Have suffer'd like a girl: yet thou dost look

Like Patience gazing on kings' graves, and smiling

Extremity out of act. What were thy friends? How lost thou them? Thy name, my most kind virgin?

Recount, I do beseech thee: come, sit by me. Mar. My name is Marina. Per.

O, I am mock'd. And thou by some incensed god sent hither To make the world to laugh at me.

Mar. Patience, good sir, Or here I'll cease.

Per. Nay, I'll be patient. Thou little know'st how thou dost startle me, To call thyself Marina.

Mar. The name Was given me by one that had some power,-

Was given me 3, My father, and a king.

How! a king's daughter?

You said you would believe me; Mar. But, not to be a troubler of your peace,

I will end here.

Per.

But are you flesh and blood?

Per.

But are you flesh and blood? Have you a working pulse? and are no fairy? Motion!—Well; speak on. Where were you

born? And wherefore call'd Marina?

Mar. Call'd Marina For I was born at sea.

Per. At sea! what mother? Mar. My mother was the daughter of a king; Who died the minute I was born, As my good nurse Lychorida hath oft

Dehver'd weeping. Per. O, stop there a little!-[Aside.] This is the rarest dream that e'er dull

sleep Didmock sad fools withal: this cannot be: [bred? My daughter's buried .- Well:-where were you I'll hear you more, to the bottom of your story, [did give o'er. And never interrupt you.

history, it would orting.

Mar. You'll scarce believe me: 'twere best I Per. I will believe you by the syllable
Prythee, speak: Of what you shall deliver. Yet give me leave,—

bred? leave me; Mar. The king my father did in Tharsus

Till cruel Cleon, with his wicked wife, Did seek to murder me: and having woo'd A villain to attempt it, who having drawn to do't, A crew of pirates came and rescu'd me;

Brought me to Mitylene. But, good sir, Whither will you have me? Why do you weep? It may be

You think me an imposter: no, good faith; I am the daughter to King Pericles,

If good King Pericles be. Per. Ho, Helicanus! Hel. Calls my lord?

Per. Thou art a grave and noble counsellor, Most wise in general: tell me, if thou canst, What this maid is, or what is like to be, That thus hath-made me weep?

I know not; but Here is the regent, sir, of Mitylene

Speaks nobly of her.

She would never tell Lys. Her parentage; being demanded that, She would sit still and weep.

Per. O Helicanus, strike me, honour'd sir; I will obey thee.—Helicanus! Give me a gash, put me to present pain; Lest this great sea of joys rushing upon me O'erbear the shores of my mortality, And drown me with their sweetness .- O, come Thou that begett'st him that did thee beget; Thou that was born at sea, buried at Tharsus, And found at sea again!-O Helicanus, Down on thy knees, thank the holy gods as loud As thunder threatens us: this is Marina. What was thy mother's name? tell me but that, For truth can never be confirm'd enough, Though doubts did ever sleep.

First, sir, I pray, Mar.

What is your title? Per. I am Pericles of Tyre: but tell me now My drown'd queen's name,—as in the rest you

said [of kingdoms, Thou'st been godlike perfect,-thou'rt the heir

And another life to Pericles thy father. Mar. Is it no more to be your daughter than To say my mother's name was Thaisa? Thaisa was my mother, who did end

The minute I began. [my child.— Per. Now, blessing on thee! rise, thou art Give me fresh garments .- Mine own Heli-

canus. She is not dead at Tharsus, as she should have By savage Cleon: she shall tell thee all: [edge When thou shalt kneel, and justify in knowl-She is thy very princess.—Who is this?

Hel. Sir, 'tis the governor of Mitylene,

Who, hearing of your melancholy state,

Did come to see you.

Per. I embrace you.—
Give me my robes.—I am wild in my behold-[music?ing. O heavens bless my girl!-But, hark, what Tell Helicanus, my Marina, tell him O'er, point by point, for yet he seems to doubt, How sure you are my daughter.—But, what music?

Hel. My lord, I hear none.

Per. None!

The music of the spheres!-List, my Marina. Lys. It is not good to cross him; give him way. Per. Rarest sounds! Do ye not hear? My lord, I hear. Music.

Per. Most heavenly music! It nips me into listening, and thick slumber Hangs upon mine eyes: let me rest. [Slee Sleeps. Lys. A pillow for his head:friends, So, leave him all .- Well, my companion-If this but answer to my just belief,

I'll well remember you.

Exeunt all but PERICLES. DIANA appears to Pericles as in a vision.

Dia. My temple stands in Ephesus: hie thee thither,

And do upon mine altar sacrifice. gether, There, when my maiden priests are met to-Before the people all, Reveal how thou at sea didst lose thy wife: To mourn thy crosses, with thy daughter's, call,

And give them repetition to the life. Or perform my bidding or thou hy'st in woe: Do it, and happy; by my silver bow!

Awake and tell thy dream. Disappears. Per. Celestial Dian, goddess argentine,

Re-enter Helicanus, Lysimachus, MARINA, &c.

Hel. Sir? strike Per. My purpose was for Tharsus, there to The inhospitable Cleon; but I am For other service first: toward Ephesus Turn our blown sails; eftsoons I'll tell thee

why.-[To HELICANUS. Shall we refresh us, sir, upon your shore,

To LYSIM ACHUS And give you gold for such provision As our intents will need?

Lys. Sir,

With all my heart; and when you come ashore I have another suit.

You shall prevail, Per. Were it to woo my daughter; for it seems You have been noble towards her.

Lys. Sir, lend me your arm. Per. Come, my Marina. Exeunt.

Enter GOWER, before the Temple of DIANA at Ephesus.

Gow. Now our sands are almost run; More a little, and then done. This, my last boon, give me, For such kindness must relieve me,-That you aptly will suppose What pageantry, what feats, what shows, What minstrelsy, and pretty din, The regent made in Mitylin, To greet the king. So he thriv'd, That he is promis'd to be wiv'd To fair Marina; but in no wise Till he had done his sacrifice, As Dian bade: whereto being bound The interim, pray you, all confound. In feather'd briefness sails are fill'd, And wishes fall out as they're will'd. At Ephesus the temple see, Our king, and all his company. That he can hither come so soon, Is by your fancy's thankful boon. Exit.

Scene II .- The Temple of Diana at Ephesus; THAISA standing near the altar as high priestess; a number of Virgins on each side; CERIMON and other Inhabitants of Ephesus attendina.

Enter PFRICLES, with his Train; LYSIMA-CHUS, HELICANUS, MARINA, and a Lady.

Per. Hail, Dian! to perform thy just command,

I here confess myself the King of Tyre; Who, frighted from my country, did wed At Pentapolis the fair Thaisa. At sea in childbed died she, but brought forth A maid-child, call'd Manna; who, O goddess, Wears yet thy silver livery. She at Tharsus Was nurs'd with Cleon; who at fourteen years He sought to murder: but her better stars Brought her to Mitylene; 'gainst whose shore Riding, her fortunes brought the maid aboard us, [she

Where, by her own most clear remembrance, Made known herself my daughter.

That. Voice and favour!—
You are, you are—O royal Pericles!— [Faints.
Per. What means the woman? she dies!

help, gentlemen!

Cer. Noble sir, If you have told Diana's altar true,

This is your wife.

Per. Reverend appearer, no;

I threw her o'erboard with these very arms.

Cer. Upon this coast, I warrant you.

Per. 'Tis most certain. Cer. Look to the lady;—O, she's but o'er-

joy'd.— Early in blustering morn this lady was Thrown upon this shore. I op'd the coffin. Found there rich jewels; recover'd her, and

plac'd her Here in Diana's temple.

Per. May we see them?
Cer. Great sir, they shall be brought you to

my house,
Whither I invite you.—Look, Thaisa is
Recover'd.

Thai. O, let me look!
If he be none of mine, my sanctity
Will to my sense bend no licentious ear,
But curb it, spire of seeing.—O, my lord,
Are you not Pericles? Like him you speak,
Like him you are: did you not name a tempest,
A birth and death?

Per. The voice of dead Thaisal
Thai. That Thaisa am I, supposed dead

And drown'd.

Per. Immortal Dian!
That.
Now I know you better.—
When we with tears parted Pentapolis,
The king my father gave you such a ring.

[Shows a ring.
Per. This, this: no more, you gods! your
present kindness [well,
Makes my past miseries sport: you shall do
That on the touching of her lips I may
Melt, and no more be seen. O, come, be buried
A second tune within these arms.
Mar. My heart

Leaps to be gone into my mother's bosom.
[Kneels to Thaisa.

Per. Look, who kneels here! Flesh of thy flesh, Thaisa;

Thy burden at the sea, and call'd Marina For she was yielded there.

Thai. Bless'd, and mine own!
Hel. Hail, madam, and my queen!
Thai. I know you not.

Per. You have heard me say, when I did fly from Tyre,

I left behind an ancient substitute:

Can you remember what I call'd the man? I have nam'd him oft.

Thai. 'Twas Helicanus then.

Per. Still confirmation:

Embrace him, dear Thaisa; this is he. Now do I long to hear how you were found; How possibly preserv'd; and who to thank, Besides the gods, for this great miracle.

Thai. Lord Cerimon, my lord; this man, through whom

The gods have shown their power; 'tis he That can from first to last resolve you.

Per. Reverend sir The gods can have no mortal officer More like a god than you. Will you deliver

How this dead queen re-lives?

Cer. I will, my lord.

Beseech you, first go with me to my house,

Beseech you, first go with me to my house, Where shall be shown you all was found with her;

How she came placed here in the temple; No needful thing omitted.

Per. Pure Dian bless thee for thy vision!
Will offer might-oblations to thee.—Thaisa,
This prince, the fair-betrothed of your daughter,
Shall marry her at Pentapolis.—And now,
This ornament

Makes me look dismal will I clip to form; And what this fourteen years no razor touch'd, To grace thy marriage-day I'll beautify.

Thai. Lord Cerimon hath letters of good credit, sir,

My father's dead.

Per. Heavens make a star of him! Yet there, my queen,

We'll celebrate their nuptials, and ourselves Will in that kingdom spend our following days: Our son and daughter shall in Tyrus reign.— Lord Cerimon, we do our longing stay

To hear the rest untold: sir, lead's the way. Exeunt.

Enter Gower.

Gow. In Antiochus and his daughter you have heard

Of monstrous lust the due and just reward: In Pericles, his queen and daughter, seen,— Although assaul'd with fortune fierce and keen,—

Virtue preserv'd from fell destruction's blast, Led on by heaven, and crown'd with joy at last: In Helicanus may you well descry A figure of truth, of faith, of loyalty: In reverend Cerimon there well appears The worth that learned charity aye wears:

For wicked Cleon and his wife, when fame Had spread their cursed deed, and honour'd name

Of Pericles, to rage the city turn,
That him and his they in his palace burn:
The gods for murder seemed so content
To punish them,—although not done, but
meant.

So, on your patience evermore attending,

New joy wait on you! Here our play has ending. [Exit.

KING LEAR

PERSONS REPRESENTED

LEAR, King of Britain. KING OF FRANCE. DUKE OF BURGUNDY. DUKE OF CORNWALL. DUKE OF ALBANY. EARL OF KENT. EARL OF GLOSTER. EDGAR, Son to GLOSTER. EDMUND, Bastard Son to GLOSTER. CURAN, a Courtier. Old Man, Tenant to GLOSTER. Physician. Root. OSWALD, Steward to GONERIL.

An Officer employed by EDMUND. Gentleman attendant on CORDELIA. A Herald. Servants to CORNWALL.

GONERIL, REGAN. Daughters to LEAR. CORDELIA,

Knights attending on the KING, Officers, Messengers, Soldiers, and Attendants.

SCENE. -- BRITAIN.

ACT I.

Scene L -- A Room of State in King Lear's Palace.

Enter KENT, GLOSTER, and EDMUND.

Kent. I thought the king had more affected

the Duke of Albany than Cornwall. Glo. It did always seem so to us: but now. in the division of the kingdom, it appears not which of the dukes he values most; for equalities are so weighed that curiosity in neither can make choice of either's moiety.

Kent. Is not this your son, my lord?

Glo. His breeding, sir, hath been at my charge: I have so often blushed to acknowledge him that now I am brazed to it.

Kent. I cannot conceive you.

Glo. Sir, this young fellow's mother could: whereupon she grew round-wombed, and had indeed, sir, a son for her cradle ere she had a husband for her bed. Do you smell a fault?

Kent. I cannot wish the fault undone, the

issue of it being so proper. Glo. But I have a son, sir, by order of law, some year elder than this, who yet is no dearer in my account: though this knave came something saucily into the world before he was sent for, yet was his mother fair; there was good sport at his making, and the whoreson must be acknowledged.—Do you know this noble gentle man, Edmund?

Edm. No, my lord. Glo. My lord of Kent: remember him hereafter as my honourable friend.

Edm. My services to your lordship.

Kent. I must love you, and sue to know you better.

Edm. Sir, I shall study deserving.

Glo. He hath been out nine years, and away he shall again.—The king is coming.

Sennet within.

Enter Lear, Cornwall, Albany, Goneril, Regan, Cordelia, and Attendants.

Lear. Attend the Lords of France and Burgundy,

Gloster.
Glo. I shall, my liege.

[Exeunt GLO. and EDM.

Lear. Meantime we shall express our darker purpose.— [divided Give me the map there.—Know that we have In three our kingdom: and 'its our fast intent

In three our kingdom: and 'its our fast intent To shake all cares and business from our age; Conferring them on younger strengths, while we Unburden'd crawl toward death.—Our son of Cornwall,

And you, our no less loving son of Albany, We have this hour a constant will to publish Our daughters' several dowers, that future strife

May be prevented now. The princes, France and Burgundy,

Great rivals in our youngest daughter's love, Long in our court have made their amorous sojourn, [daughters,—

And here are to be answer'd.—Tell me, my Since now we will divest us both of rule, Interest of territory, cares of state,—Which of you shall we say doth love us most? That we our largest bounty may extend Where nature doth with ment challenge.—

Goneni, Our eldest-born, speak first.

Gon. Sir, I love you more than words can wield the matter;

Dearer than eyesight, space and liberty, Beyond what can be valu'd, rich or rare; No less than life, with grace, health, beauty, honour;

As much as child e'er lov'd, or father found; A love that makes breath poor and speech unable:

Beyond all manner of so much I love you. Cor. [Aside.] What shall Cordelia do? Love,

and be silent. [to this,
Lear Of all these bounds, even from this line
With shadowy forests and with champains

rich'd, With plenteous rivers and wide-skirted meads, We make thee lady: to thine and Albany's issue Be this perpetual.—What says our second

daughter,
Our dearest Regan, wife to Cornwall? Speak. H
Reg. I am made of that self metal as my

sister,
And prize we at her worth. In my true heart
I find she names my very deed of love;
Only she comes too short,—that I profess
Myself an enemy to all other joys [possesses;
Which the most precious square of sense
And find I am alone felicitate

In your dear highness's love.

Cor. [Aside.] Then poor Cordelia! And yet not so; since, I am sure, my love's More ponderous than my tongue.

Lear. To thee and thine herediatry ever Remains this ample third of our fair kingdom; No less in space, validity, and pleasure Than that conferr'd on Goneril.—Now, our joy,

Although the last, not least; to whose young love

The vines of France and milk of Burgundy
Strive to be interess'd; what can you say to
draw [Speak.

A third more opulent than your sisters?

Cor. Nothing, my lord.

Lear. Nothing!

Cor. Nothing. [again. Lear. Nothing will come of nothing: speak Cor. Unhappy that I am, I cannot heave My heart into my mouth: I love your majerty According to my bond; nor more nor less.

Lear. How, how, Cordelia! mend your speech a little,

Lest you may mar your fortunes.

Cor. Good my lord,
You have begot me, bred me, lov'd me: I
Return those duties back as are right fit,
Obey you, love you, and most honour you.
Why have my sisters husbands if they say
They love you all? Haply, when I shall wed,
That lord whose hand must take my plight

That lord whose hand must take my plight shall carry Half my love with him, half my care and duty:

Hair my love with him, hair my care and dut Sure I shall never marry like my sisters, To love my father all. Lear. But goes thy heart with this?

Cor. Ay, good my lord.

Lear. So young and so untender?

Cor. So young, my lord, and true.

Lear. Let it be so,—thy truth, then, be thy
dower:

For by the sacred radiance of the sun,
The mysteries of Hecate, and the might;
By all the operation of the orbs,
From whom we do exist and cease to be;
Here I disclaim all my paternal care,
Propinquity, and property of blood,
And as a stranger to my heart and me
Hold thee, from this for ever. The barbarous
Scythian,

Or he that makes his generation messes To gorge his appetite, shall to my bosom Be as well neighbour'd, pitied, and reliev'd,

As thou my sometime daughter.

Kent. Good my liege,—

Lear. Peace, Kent!

Come not between the dragon and his wrath.
I lov'd her most, and thought to set my rest
On her kind nursery.—Hence, and avoid my
sight!—
[70 CORDELIA.

So be my grave my peace, as here I give Her father's heart from her!—Call France; who stars?

Call Burgundy.—Cornwall and Albany, With my two daughters' dowers digest the third:

Let pride, which she calls plainness, marry her. I do invest you jointly with my power, Pre-eminence, and all the large effects
That troop with majesty.—Ourself, by monthly course.

With reservation of an hundred knights, By you to be sustain'd, shall our abode Make with you by due turns. Only we still retain

The name, and all the additions to a king; The sway,

Revenue, execution of the rest,

Beloved sons, be yours: which to confirm, This coronet part between you.

[Giving the crown.

Kent.

Royal Lear,

Whom I have ever honour'd as my king,

whom I have ever honour'd as my king, Lov'd as my father, as my master follow'd, As my great patron thought on in my prayers.— Lear. The bow is bent and drawn, make

from the shaft.

Kent. Let it fall 1ather, though the fork invade

The region of my heart: be Kent unmannerly When Lear is mad. What wouldst thou do,

old man? [speak
Think'st thou that duty shall have dread to
When power to flattery bows? To plainness
honour's bound

honour's bound
When negesty falls to folly. Reserve thy state;

And in thy best consideration check This hideous rashness: answer my life my

judgment,
Thy youngest daughter does not love thee least;
Nor are those empty-hearted whose low sound
Reverbs no hollowness.

Lear. Kent, on thy life, no more.

Kent. My life I never held but as a pawn
To wage against thine enemies; nor fear to

lose it, Thy safety being the motive.

Lear. Out of my sight!
Kent. See better, Lear; and let me still

remain The true blank of thine eye.

Lear. Now, by Apollo,—

Kent. Now, by Apollo, king,
Thou swear'st thy gods in vain.

Lear. O, vassal! miscreant!
[Laying his hand on his sword.

Alb. and Corn. Dear sir, forbear. Kent. Do;

Kill thy physician, and the fee bestow Upon the foul disease. Revoke thy gift; Or, whilst I can vent clamour from my throat, I'll tell thee thou dost evil.

Lear. Hear me, recreant!
On thine allegiance, hear me!—
Since thou hast sought to make us break our

vow,— Which we durst never yet,—and with strain'd

pride
To come betwixt our sentence and our power,—
Which nor our nature nor our place can bear,—
Our potency made good, take thy reward.
Five days we do allot thee for provision
To shield thee from disasters of the world;
And on the sixth to turn thy hated back
Upon our kingdom: if, on the tenth day follow-

ing,
Thy banish'd trunk be found in our dominions,
The moment is thy death. Awayl by Jupiter,
This shall not be revok'd.

Kent. Fare thee well, king: sith thus thou wilt appear,

Freedom lives hence, and banishment is here.—
The gods to their dear shelter take thee, maid,
[To Cordelia.

That justly think'st, and hast most rightly said;
And your large speeches may your deeds
approve, [TO REGAN and GONERIL.
That would affect any proving from your deeds

That good effects may spring from words of

Thus Kent, O princes, bids you all adieu; He'll shape his old course in a country new.

Flourish. Re-enter GLOSTER, with FRANCE, BURGUNDY, and Attendants.

Glo. Here's France and Burgundy, my noble lord.

Lear. My lord of Burgundy,

We first address toward you, who with this king Hath rivall'd for our daughter: what in the least Will you require in present dower with her, Or cease your quest of love?

Bur. Most royal majesty, I crave no more than hath your highness offer'd

Nor will you tender less.

Lear. Right noble Burgundy, When she was dear to us we did hold her so; But now her price is fall'n. Sir, there she

If aught within that little seeming substance, Or all of it, with our displeasure piec'd, And nothing more, may fitly like your grace,

And nothing more, may fitly like your grace, She's there, and she is yours.

Bur. I know no answer.

Lear. Will you, with those infirmities she owes, Unfriended, new-adopted to our hate, [oath, Dower'd with our curse, and stranger'd with our

Dower'd with our curse, and stranger'd with our Take her or leave her?

Bur. Pardon me, royal sir;

Election makes not up on such conditions.

Lear. Then leave her, sir; for, by the power

that made me,
I tell you all her wealth.—For you, great king,
| To FRANCE.

I would not from your love make such a stray, To match you where I hate; therefore beseech you

To avert your liking a more worthier way Than on a wretch whom nature is asham'd Almost to acknowledge hers.

France. This is most strange,
That she, who even but now was your best
object,

The argument of your praise, balm of your age, Most best, most dearest, should in this trice of time

Commit a thing so monstrous, to dismantle So many folds of favour. Sure her offence Must be of such unnatural degree

That monsters it, or your fore-vouch'd affection Fall into taint: which to believe of her Must be a faith that reason without miracle.

Must be a faith that reason without miracle Could never plant in me.

Cor. I yet beseech your majesty,—
If for I want that glib and oily art [intend,
To speak and purpose not; since what I well
I'll do't before I speak,—that you make known
It is no vicious blot, murder, or foulness,
No unchaste action or dishonour'd step,

That hath depriv'd me of your grace and favour; fricher.-

But even for want of that for which I am A still-soliciting eye, and such a tongue lit That I am glad I have not, though not to have Hath lost me in your liking.

Lear. Better thou Hadst not been born than not to have pleas'd

me better. France. Is it but this, -a tardiness in nature, Which often leaves the history unspoke That it intends to do!—My lord of Burgundy, What say you to the lady? Love's not love When it is mingled with regards that stand Aloof from the entire point. Will you have her? She is herself a dowry.

Royal king, Bur.Give but that portion which yourself propos'd. And here I take Cordelia by the hand, Duchess of Burgundy.

Lear. Nothing: I have sworn; I am firm. Bur. I am sorry, then, you have so lost a father

That you must lose a husband.

Peace be with Burgundy! Since that respects of fortune are his love I shall not be his wife. [being poor;

France. Fairest Cordelia, that art most rich Most choice, forsaken; and most lov'd, despis'd Thee and thy virtues here I seize upon: Be it lawful, I take up what's cast away. Gods, gods! 'tis strange that from their cold'st neglect

My love should kindle to inflam'd respect .-Thy dowerless daughter, king, thrown to my chance.

Is queen of us, of ours, and our fair France: Not all the dukes of waterish Burgundy Can buy this unpriz'd precious maid of me.-Bid them farewell, Cordelia, though unkind: Thou losest here, a better where to find.

Lear. Thou hast her, France: let her be thine; for we

Have no such daughter, nor shall ever see That face of hers again .- Therefore be gone Without our grace, our love, our benison.-Come, noble Burgundy.

Flourish. Exeunt LEAR, BURGUNDY, CORN-WALL, ALBANY, GLOSTER, and Attendants. France. Bid farewell to your sisters. Cor. Ye jewels of our father, with wash'd

eyes Cordelia leaves you: I know you what you are; And, like a sister, am most loth to call Your faults as they are nam'd. Love well our

father: To your professed bosoms I commit him: But yet, alas, stood I within his grace,

I would prefer him to a better place. So, farewell to you both.

Reg. Prescribe not us our duty.

Let vour study Gon. Be to content your lord, who hath receiv'd you At fortune's alms. You have obedience scanted And well are worth the want that you have fhides:

Cor. Time shall unfold what plighted cunning Who cover faults, at last shame them derides. Well may you prosper!

Come, my fair Cordelia. France.

Exeunt FRANCE and CORDELIA. Gon. Sister, it is not little I have to say of what most nearly appertains to us both. I think our father will hence to-night.

Reg That's most certain, and with you;

next month with us.

Gon. You see how full of changes his age is; the observation we have made of it hath not been little: he always loved our sister most; and with what poor judgment he hath now cast

her off appears too grossly.

Reg. 'Tis the infirmity of his age: yet he

hath ever but slenderly known himself.

Gon. The best and soundest of his time hath been but rash; then must we look to receive from his age not alone the imperfections of long engraffed condition, but therewithal the unruly waywardness that infirm and choleric years bring with them.

Reg Such unconstant starts are we like to have from him as this of Kent's banishment.

Gon. There is further compliment of leavetaking between France and him. Pray you, let us hit together: if our father carry authority with such dispositions as he bears, this last surrender of his will but offend us.

Reg We shall further think of it. Gon. We must do something, and i'the heat.

[Exeunt.

Scene II. - A Hall in the EARL OF GLOSTER'S Castle.

Enter EDMUND with a letter.

Edm. Thou, nature, art my goddess; to thy

My services are bound. Wherefore should I Stand in the plague of custom, and permit The curiosity of nations to deprive me, For that I am some twelve or fourteen moonshines [base?

Lag of a brother? Why bastard? wherefore When my dimensions are as well compact, My mind as generous, and my shape as true As honest madam's issue? Why brand they us With base? with baseness? bastardy? base, base?

Who, in the lusty stealth of nature, take More composition and fierce quality Than doth, within a dull, stale, tired bed, Go to the creating a whole tribe of fops Gor 'tween asleep and wake?-Well, then, Legitimate Edgar, I must have your land: Our father's love is to the bastard Edmund. As to the legitimate: fine word, -legitimate! Well, my legitimate, if this letter speed And my invention thrive, Edmund the base Shall top the legitimate. I grow; I prosper.— Now, gods, stand up for bastards!

Enter GLOSTER.

Glo. Kent banish'd thus! and France in choler parted! power! And the king gone to-night! subscrib'd his Confin'd to exhibition! All this done Upon the gad!-Edmund, how now! what

news? Edm. So please your lordship, none. [Putting up the letter.

Glo. Why so earnestly seek you to put up that letter?

Edm. I know no news, my lord. Glo. What paper were you reading?

Edm. Nothing, my lord: Glo. No? What needed, then, that terrible despatch of it into your pocket? the quality of nothing hath not such need to hide itself. Let's see: come, if it be nothing, I shall not need spectacles

Edm. I beseech you, sir, pardon me: it is a letter from my brother that I have not all o'erread; and for so much as I have perused. I find it not fit for your over-looking.

Glo. Give me the letter, sir.

Edm. I shall offend either to detain or give it. The contents, as in part I understand them, are to blame.

Glo. Let's see, let's see.

Edm. I hope, for my brother's justification, he wrote this but as an essay or taste of my virtue.

Glo. [Reads.] This policy and reverence of age makes the world bitter to the best of our times; keeps our fortunes from us till our old-ness cannot relish them. I begin to find an idle and fond bondage in the oppression of aged tyranny, who sways, not as it hath power, but as it is suffered. Come to me, that of this I may speak more. If our father would sleep till I waked him, you should enjoy half his revenue for ever, and live the beloved of your brother,

Hum-Conspiracy!-Sleep till I waked him,you should enjoy half his revenue,-My son Edgar! Had he a hand to write this? a heart and a brain to breed it in? When came this to you? who brought it?

Edm. It was not brought me, my lord, there's the cunning of it; I found it thrown in [brother's? at the casement of my closet.

Glo. You know the character to be your Edm. If the matter were good, my lord, I durst swear it were his; but in respect of that, I would fain think it were not.

Glo. It is his.

Edm. It is his hand, my lord; but I hope his heart is not in the contents. [this business?

Glo. Hath he never before sounded you in Edm. Never, my lord: but I have heard him oft maintain it to be fit that sons at perfect age and fathers declined, the father should be as ward to the son, and the son manage his

Glo. O villain, villain!—His very opinion in the letter!—Abhorred villain! Unnatural, detested, brutish villain! worse than brutish! -Go, sirrah, seek him; I'll apprehend him.-Abominable villain!—Where is he?

Edm. I do not well know, my lord. If it shall please you to suspend your indignation against my brother till you can derive from him better testimony of his intent, you shall run a certain course; where, if you violently proceed against him, mistaking his purpose, it would make a great gap in your own honour, and shake in pieces the heart of his obedience. I dare pawn down my life for him that he hath writ this to feel my affection to your honour, and to no other pretence of danger.

Glo. Think you so?

Edm. If your honour judge it meet, I will place you where you shall hear us confer of this, and by an auricular assurance have your satisfaction; and that without any further delay than this very evening.

Glo. He cannot be such a monster.

Edm. Nor is not, sure.

Glo. To his father, that so tenderly and entirely loves him.—Heaven and earth!— Edmund, seek him out; wind me into him, I pray you: frame the business after your own wisdom. I would unstate my self to be in a due resolution.

Edm. I will seek him, sir, presently; convey the business as I shall find means, and acquaint

you withal.

Glo. These late eclipses in the sun and moon portend no good to us: though the wisdom of nature can reason it thus and thus, yet nature finds itself scourged by the sequent effects: love cools, friendship falls off, brothers divide: in cities, mutimes; in countries, discord; in palaces, treason; and the bond cracked 'twixt son and father. This villain of mine comes under the prediction; there's son against father: the king falls from bias of nature; there's father against child. We have seen the best of our time; machinations, hollowness, treachery, and all rumous disorders, follow us disquietly to our graves .- Find out this villain, Edmund; it shall lose thee nothing; do it carefully .- And the noble and truehearted Kent banished! his offence, honesty! Tis strange.

Edm. This is the excellent foppery of the world, that, when we are sick in fortune,often the surfeit of our own behaviour, -- we make guilty of our disasters the sun, the moon, and the stars: as if we were villains by necessity; fools by heavenly compulsion; knaves, thieves, and treachers by spherical predomin-ance; drunkards, hars, and adulterers by an enforced obedience of planetary influence; and all that we are evil in, by a divine thrusting on: an admirable evasion of whoremaster man, to lay his goatish disposition to the charge of a star! My father compounded with my mother under the dragon's tail, and my nativity was under ursa major; so that it follows I am rough and lecherous .- Tut, I should have been that I am, had the maidenhest star in the firmament twinkled on my bastardizing.

Enter EDGAR.

Pat!—he comes like the catastrophe of the old comedy: my cue is villainous melancholy, with a sigh like Tom o' Bedlam.—O, these eclipses

do protend these divisions! fa, sol, la, mi. Edg. How now, brother Edmund! what

serious contemplation are you in?

Edm. I am thinking, brother, of a prediction I read this other day, what should follow these

Edg. Do you busy yourself with that?
Edm. I promise you, the effects he writes of succeed unhappily, as of unnaturalness between the child and the parent; death, dearth, dissolutions of ancient amities; divisions in state,

menaces and maledictions against king and nobles; needless diffidences, bamshment of friends, dissipation of cohorts, nuptial breaches and I know not what.

Edg. How long have you been a sectary astronomical? father last?

Edm. Come, come; when saw you my

Edg. The night gone by. Edm. Spake you with him!

Edg. Ay, two hours together.

Edm. Parted you in good terms? Found you no displeasure in him by word nor countenance?

Edg None at all.

Edm. Bethink yourself wherein you may have offended him: and at my entreaty forbear his presence till some little time hath qualified the heat of his displeasure; which at this instant so rageth in him that with the mischief of your person it would scarcely allay.

Edg. Some villain hath done me wrong.

Edm. That's my fear. I pray you, have a continent forbearance till the speed of his rage goes slower; and, as I say, retire with me to my lodging, from whence I will fitly bring you to hear my lord speak: pray you, go; there's my key .- If you do stir abroad, go armed.

Edg. Armed, brother!

Edm. Brother, I advise you to the best; I am no honest man if there be any good meaning toward you: I have told you what I have seen and heard but faintly; nothing like the image and horror of it: pray you, away.

Edg. Shall I hear from you anon? Edm. I do serve you in this business.

[Exit EDGAR. A credulous father! and a brother noble, Whose nature is so far from doing harms That he suspects none; on whose foolish honesty

My practices ride easy!-I see the business. Let me, if not by birth, have lands by wit: All with me's meet that I can fashion fit.

Exit.

Scene III .- A Room in the Duke of ALBANY'S Palace.

Enter GONERIL and OSWALD.

Gon. Did my father strike my gentleman for chiding of his fool?

Osw. Ay, madam. [every hour Gon. By day and night, he wrongs me; He flashes into one gross crime or other,

That sets us all at odds: I'll not endure it: His knights grow riotous, and himself upbraids

115 On every trifle .- When he returns from hunt-I will not speak with him; say I am sick .-If you come slack of former services

You shall do well; the fault of it I'll answer. Osw. He's coming, madem: I hear him.

[Horns within. Gon. Put on what weary negligence you [question: please,

You and your fellows; I'd have it come to If he distaste it, let him to my sister, Whose mind and mine, I know, in that are one, Not to be overruled. Idle old man, That still would manage those authorities

That he hath given away!-Now, by my life, Old fools are babes again; and must be us'd With checks as flatteries, -when they are seen

abus'd. Remember what I have said.

Osw. Well, madam.

Gon. And let his knights have colder looks among you; What grows of it, no matter; advise your fellows

I would breed from hence occasions, and I shall, That I may speak.—I'll write straight to my To hold my course.—Prepare for dinner.

Exeunt.

Scene IV .- A Hall in Albany's Palace.

Enter Kent, disguised.

Kent. If but as well I other accents borrow That can my speech diffuse, my good intent May carry through itself to that full issue

For which I rais'd my likeness .- Now, banish'd Kent.

If thou canst serve where thou dost stand con-So may it come, thy master, whom thou lov'st, Shall find thee full of labours.

Horns within. Enter KING LEAR, Knights,

and Attendants. Lear. Let me not stay a jot for dinner; go

get it ready. [Exit an Attendant.] How now! what art thou! Kent. A man, sir.

Lear. What dost thou profess?

What wouldst thou with me? Kent. I do profess to be no less than I seem;

to serve him truly that will put me in trust; to love him that is honest; to converse with him that is wise and says little; to fear judgment: to fight when I cannot choose; and to eat no fish.

Lear. What art thou?

Kent. A very honest-hearted fellow, and as poor as the king.

Lear. If thou be'st as poor for a subject as he's for a king, thou art poor enough. wouldst thou?

Kent. Service. Lear. Who wouldst thou serve?

Kent. You.
Lear. Dost thou know me, fellow?
Kent. No, sır; but you have that in your countenance which I would fain call master.

Lear. What's that?
Kent. Authority.
Lear. What services canst thou do?
Kent. I can keep honest counsel, ride, run, mar a curious tale in telling it, and deliver a plain message bluntly: that which ordinary men are fit for, I am qualified in: and the best of me is diligence.

Lear. How old art thou?

Kent. Not so young, sir, to love a woman for singing; nor so old to dote on her for anything: I have years on my back forty-eight.

Lear. Follow me; thou shalt serve me: if I like thee no worse after dinner, I will not part from thee yet .- Dinner, ho, dinner!-Where's my knave? my fool?—Go you and call my fool Exit an Attend. hither.

Exit.

Enter OSWALD.

You, you, sirrah, where's my daughter?

Osw. So please you,-

Lear. What says the fellow there? Call the clotpoll back. [Exit a Knight.]—Where's my fool, ho?-I think the world's asleep.

Re-enter Knight.

How now! where's that mongrel?

Knight. He says, my lord, your daughter is

Lear. Why came not the slave back to me when I called him?

Knight. Sir, he answered me in the roundest manner, he would not.

Lear. He would not!

Knight. My lord, I know not what the matter is; but, to my judgment, your highness is not entertained with that ceremomous affection as you were wont; there's a great abatement of kindness appears as well in the general dependents as in the duke himself also and your daughter.

Lear. Ha! sayest thou so?

Knight. I beseech you, pardon me, my lord, if I be mistaken; for my duty cannot be silent

when I think your highness wronged.

Lear. Thou but rememberest me of mine own conception: I have perceived a most faint neglect of late; which I have rather blamed as mine own jealous curiosity than as a very pretence and purpose of unkindness: I will look further into't. - But where's my fool? I have not seen him this two days.

Knight. Since my young lady's going into France, sir, the fool hath much pined away.

Lear. No more of that; I have noted it well.-Go you and tell my daughter I would speak with her. [Exit an Attendant.]-Go you, call hither my fool.

Exit another Attendant.

Re-enter OSWALD.

O, you sir, you, come you hither, sir: who am

I, sir? Osw. My lady's father. Lear. My lady's father! my lord's knave:

you whoreson dog! you slave! you cur! Osw. I am none of these, my lord; I be-

seech your pardon.

Lear. Do you bandy looks with me, you Striking him.

Osw. I'll not be struck, my lord.

Kent. Nor tripped neither, you base football ayer. [Tripping up his heels.

Lear. I thank thee, fellow; thou servest me, and I'll love thee.

Kent. Come, sir, arise, away! I'll teach you differences: away, away! If you will measure your lubber's length again, tarry: but away! go to; have you wisdom? so.

[Pushes OSWALD out. Lear. Now, my friendly knave, I thank thee: there's earnest of thy service.

[Giving Kent money.

Enter FOOL.

Fool. Let me hire him too; here's my coxcomb.

Lear. How now, my pretty knave! how dost thou?

Fool. Sirrah, you were best take my coxcomb.

Kent. Why, fool?

Fool. Why, for taking one's part that's out of favour. Nay, an thou canst not smile as the wind sits, thou'lt catch cold shortly. there, take my coxcomb: why, this fellow has banish'd two on's daughters, and did the third a blessing against his will, if thou follow him, thou must needs wear my coxcomb.—How now. nuncle! Would I had two coxcombs and two daughters!

Lear. Why, my boy?

Fool. If I gave them all my living, I'd keep my coxcombs myself. There's mine; beg another of thy daughters.

Lear. Take heed, sirrah,-the whip.

Fool. Truth's a dog must to kennel; he must be whipped out, when the lady brach may stand by the fire and stink.

Lear. A pestilent gall to me! Fool. Sirrah, I'll teach thee a speech.

Lear. Do.

Fool. Mark it, nuncle:-

Have more than thou showest. Speak less than thou knowest, Lend less than thou owest, Ride more than thou goest, Learn more than thou trowest,

Set less than thou throwest: Leave thy drink and thy whore, And keep in-a-door.

And thou shalt have more Than two tens to a score.

Kent. This is nothing, fool.

Fool. Then 'tis like the breath of an unfee'd lawyer,-you gave me nothing for't.-Can you

make no use of nothing, nuncle? Lear. Why, no, boy; nothing can be made out of nothing.

Fool. Pr'ythee, tell him, so much the rent of his land comes to: he will not believe a fool.

Lear. A bitter fool! Fool. Dost thou know the difference, my boy, between a bitter fool and a sweet one?

Lear. No, lad, teach me.

Fool. That lord that counsell'd thee To give away thy land, Come place him here by me,— Do thou for him stand:

The sweet and bitter fool Will presently appear; The one in motley here,

The other found out there. Lear. Dost thou call me fool, boy?

Fool. All thy other titles thou hast given away; that thou wast born with.

Kent. This is not altogether fool, my lord.
Fool. No, faith, lords and great men will not let me; if I had a monopoly out, they would have part on't, and loads too: they will not let me have all fool to myself; they'll be snatching.-Nuncle, give me an egg, and I'll give thee two crowns.

Lear. What two crowns shall they be? Fool. Why, after I have cut the egg i' the [Giving Kent his cap. middle, and eat up the meat, the two crowns of the egg. When thou clovest thy crown i' the middle, and gavest away both parts, thou borest thine ass on thy back o'er the dirt: thou hadst little wit in thy bald crown when thou gavest thy golden one away. If I speak like myself in this, let him be whipped that first finds it so.

Fools had ne'er less grace in a year; [Singing. For wise men are grown foppish, And know not how their wits to wear. Their manners are so apish.

Lear. When were you wont to be so full of

songs, sirrah?
Fool. I have used it, nuncle, e'er since thou madest thy daughters thy mothers: for when thou gavest them the rod, and puttest down thine own breeches,

Then they for sudden joy did weep. [Singing. And I for sorrow sung, That such a king should play bo-peep,

And go the fools among.

Pr'ythee, nuncle, keep a schoolmaster that can teach thy fool to lie: I would fain learn to whipped.

Lear. An you he, sirrah, we'll have you Fool. I marvel what kin thou and thy daughters are: they'll have me whipped for speaking true, thou'lt have me whipped for lying; and sometimes I am whipped for holding my peace. I had rather be any kind o' thing than a fool: and yet I would not be thee, nuncle; thou hast pared thy wit o' both sides, and left nothing i' the middle:—here comes one o' the parings.

Enter GONERIL.

Lear. How now, daughter! what makes that frontlet on? Methinks you are too much of late i' the frown.

Fool. Thou wast a pretty fellow when thou hadst no need to care for her frowning; now thou art an O without a figure: I am better than thou art; I am a fool, thou art nothing .-Yes, forsooth, I will hold my tongue; so your face to GON. bids me, though you say nothing. Mum, mum.

He that keeps nor crust nor crumb, Weary of all, shall want some .-

That's a shealed peascod. [Pointing to LEAR. Make servants of their betters. Gon. Not only, sir, this your all-licens'd fool, But other of your insolent retinue

Do hourly carp and quarrel; breaking forth In rank and not-to-be-endured riots. Sir, I had thought, by making this well known unto fearful, vou.

To have found a safe redress; but now grow By what yourself too late have spoke and done, That you protect this course, and put it on By your allowance; which if you should, the fault

Would not scape censure, nor the redresses sleep,

Which, in the tender of a wholesome weal, Might in their working do you that offence, Which else were shame, that then necessity Will call discreet proceeding. Fool. For, you know, nuncle,

The hedge-sparrow fed the cuckoo so long

That it had its head bit off by its young. So, out went the candle, and we were left darkling.

Lear. Are you our daughter?

Gon. I would you would make use of your

good wisdom, Whereof I know you are fraught; and put away These dispositions, which of late transport you From what you rightly are.

Fool. May not an ass know when the cart draws the horse?—Whoop, Jug! I love thee. Lear. Does any here know me?-This is not

Lear: his eves? Does Lear walk thus? speak thus? Where are Either his notion weakens, his discernings Are lethargied.—Ha! waking? 'tis not so.—

Who is it that can tell me who I am? Fool. Lear's shadow. [of sovereignty, Lear. I would learn that; for, by the marks

Knowledge, and reason,

I should be false persuaded I had daughters. Fool. Which they will make an obedient father.

Lear. Your name, fair gentlewoman?

Gon. This admiration, sir, is much o' the favour

Of other your new pranks. I do beseech you To understand my purposes aright: As you are old and reverend, should be wise. Here do you keep a hundred knights and

squires; Men so disorder'd, so debosh'd and bold, That this our court, infected with their man-

ners Shows like a riotous inn: epicurism and lust Make it more like a tavern or a brothel Than a grac'd palace. The shame itself doth speak

For instant remedy: be, then, desir'd By her that else will take the things she begs, A little to disquantity your train; And the remainder, that shall still depend. To be such men as may be ort your age, Which know themselves and you.

Darkness and devils!-Saddle my horses; call my train together .-Degenerate bastard! I'll not trouble thee: Yet have I left a daughter.

Gon. You strike my people; and your disorder'd rabble

Enter ALBANY.

Lear. Woe, that too late repents,—[to ALB.] O, sir, are you come? [horses.-Is it your will? Speak, sir .- Prepare my Ingratitude, thou marble-hearted fiend, More hideous when thou show'st thee in a child Than the sea-monster!

Alb. Pray, sir, be patient. Lear. Detested kite! thou liest

To GONERIL. My train are men of choice and rarest parts, That all particulars of duty know; And in the most exact regard support The worships of their name.—O most small How ugly didst thou in Cordelia show! Which, like an engine, wrench'd my frame of

nature

From the fix'd place; drew from my heart all love,

And added to the gall. O Lear, Lear, Lear! Beat at this gate, that let thy folly in Striking his head.

And thy dear judgment out!-Go, go, my people. [ignorant Alb. My lord, I am guiltless, as I am fignorant

Of what hath mov'd you.

Lear. It may be so, my lord.

Hear, nature, hear; dear goddess, hear Suspend thy purpose if thou did'st intend To make this creature fruitful! Into her womb convey sterility! Dry up in her the organs of increase: And from her derogate body never spring A babe to honour her! If she must teem, Create her child of spleen, that it may live And be a thwart disnatur'd torment to her! Let it stamp wrinkles in her brow of youth; With cadent tears fret channels in her cheeks;

Turn all her mother's pains and benefits To laughter and contempt; that she may feel How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is To have a thankless child!-Away, away! Exit.

Alb. Now, gods that we adore, whereof comes this?

Gon. Never afflict yourself to know more of But let his disposition have that scope That dotage gives it.

Re-enter LEAR.

Lear. What, fifty of my followers at a clap! Within a fortnight!

What's the matter, sir? Alb. Lear. I'll tell thee,-Life and death!-I am

asham'd To GONERIL That thou hast power to shake my manhood

That these hot tears, which break from me

fogs upon thee!

The untented woundings of a father's curse, Pierce every sense about thee!-Old fond eyes, Beweep this cause again, I'll pluck you out, And cast you, with the waters that you lose,

To temper clay.-Ha!

Let it be so: I have another daughter, Who, I am sure, is kind and comfortable: When she shall hear this of thee, with her nails She'll flay thy wolfish visage. Thou shalt find That I'll resume the shape which thou dost

think I have cast off for ever.

Exeunt LEAR, KENT, and Attendants. Gon. Do you mark that?

Alb. I cannot be so partial, Goneril,

To the great love I bear you,-[ho! -What, Oswald, Gon. Pray you, content .-You, sir, more knave than fool, after your master. [To the Fool.

Fool. Nuncle Lear, nuncle Lear, tarry,-take the fool with thee. -

A fox, when one has caught her, And such a daughter.

Should sure to the slaughter, If my cap would buy a halter: So the fool follows after.

Gon. This man hath had good counsel.-A hundred knights!

'Tis politic and safe to let him keep At point a hundred knights: yes, that on every Each huzz, each fancy, each complaint, dislike, He may enguard his dotage with their powers, And hold our lives in mercy.—Oswald, I say!—

Alb. Well, you may fear too far.

Gon. Safer than trust too far: Let me still take away the harms I fear, Not fear still to be taken: I know his heart. What he hath utter'd I have writ my sister: If she sustain him and his hundred knights. When I have show'd the unfitness,-

Re-enter OSWALD.

How now, Oswald!

What, have you writ that letter to my sister? Osw. Ay, madam. fhorse:

Gon. Take you some company, and away to Inform her full of my particular fear; And thereto add such reasons of your own As may compact it more. Get you gone; And hasten your return. Exit OSWALD.

No, no, my lord, This milky gentleness and course of yours, Though I condemn it not, yet, under pardon, You are much more attask'd for want of

wisdom Than prais'd for harmful mildness. Alb. How far your eyes may pierce I cannot Striving to better, oft we mar what's well.

Gon. Nay, then,—

Alb. Well. well; the event. [Exe

Exeunt.

Scene V .- Court before the Duke of ALBANY'S Palace.

Enter LEAR, KENT, and Fool.

Lear. Go you before to Gloster with these letters: acquaint my daughter no further with perforce,
anything you know than comes from her deShould make thee worth them.—Blasts and mand out of the letter. If your diligence be not speedy, I shall be there afore you.

Kent. I will not sleep, my lord, till I have delivered your letter. Exit.

Fool. If a man's brains were in's heels, were't not in danger of kibes?

Lear. Ay, boy.
Fool. Then, I pr'ythee, be merry, thy wit shall not go shpshod.

Lear. Ha, ha, ha! Fool. Shalt see thy other daughter will use thee kindly; for though she's as like this as a crab's like an apple, yet I can tell what I can

Lear. What canst tell, boy?
Fool. She will taste as like this as a crab does to a crab. Thou canst tell why one's nose stands i' the middle on's face?

Lear. No.
Fool. Why to keep one's eyes of either side's nose, that what a man cannot smell out, he may spy into.

Lear. I did her wrong, --

Fool. Canst tell how an oyster makes his shell?

Lear. No. Fool. Nor I neither; but I can tell why a [Exit. snall has a house.

Lear. Why? Fool. Why, to put his head in; not to give it away to his daughters, and leave his horns without a case.

Lear. I will forget my nature. So kind a

father!—Be my horses ready?
Fool Thy asses are gone about 'em. reason why the seven stars are no more than seven is a pretty reason.

Lear Because they are not eight?

Fool. Yes, indeed, thou wouldst make a good fool.

Lear. To take't again perforce!-Monster ingratitude!

Fool. If thou wert my fool, nuncle, I'd have thee beaten for being old before thy time.

Lear How's that?
Fool Thou shouldst not have been old till

thou hadst been wise. [heaven!

Lear O, let me not be mad, not mad, sweet Keep me in temper. I would not be mad!-

Enter Gentlemen.

How now! are the horses ready?

Gent. Ready, my lord. Lear Come, boy. [my departure, Fool. She that's a maid now, and laughs at Shall not be a maid long, unless things be cut shorter. Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I .- A Court within the Castle of the EARL OF GLOSIER.

Enter EDMUND and CURAN, meeting.

Edm. Save thee, Curan.

Cur. And you, sir. I have been with your father, and given him notice that the Duke of Cornwall and Regan his duchess will be here with him this night.

Edm. How comes that? Cur. Nay, I know not.--You have heard of the news abroad. I mean, the whispered ones, for they are yet but ear-kissing arguments?

Edm. Not I: pray you, what are they?
Cur. Have you heard of no likely wars toward, 'twixt the Dukes of Cornwall and

Edm. Not a word. Cur. You may, then, in time. Fare you well, sir. Exit. The

Edm. The duke be here to-night? better! best!

This weaves itself perforce into my business. My father hath set guard to take my brother, And I have one thing, of a queasy question, Which I must act: briefness and fortune work!

Brother, a word; -descend:-brother, I say!

Enter EDGAR.

My father watches: O sir, fly this place; Intelligence is given where you are hid; You have now the good advantage of the [wall? | night .--

Have you not spoken 'gainst the Duke of Corn- If they not thought the profits of my death He's coming hither; now, i' the night, i' the Were very pregnant and potential spurs haste.

And Regan with him: have you nothing said Upon his party 'gainst the Duke of Albany?' Advise yourself.

Edg. I am sure on't, not a word.

Edm. I hear my father coming: -- pardon me; In cunning I must draw my sword upon you:-Draw: seem to defend yourself: now quit you well.-[here!

Yield:-come before my father.-Light, ho. Fly, brother.—Torches, torches!—So, farewell.

Exit EDGAR. Some blood drawn on me would beget opinion Wounds his arm.

Of my more fierce endeavour: I have seen drunkards Do more than this in sport.—Father, father!

Stop, stop! No help?

Enter GLOSTER, and Servants with torches.

Glo. Now, Edmund, where's the villain? Edm. Here stood he in the dark, his sharp sword out. Mumbling of wicked charms, conjuring the

Mumbling or wickes.—
To stand auspicious mistress,—
But where is he?

Edm. Look sir, I bleed. Where is the villain, Edmund?

Edm. Fled this way, sir. When by no means he could,-[Exeunt

Glo. Pursue him, ho!-Go after. Servants. |- By no means what? Edm. Persuade me to the murder of your lordship;

But that I told him the revenging gods 'Gainst particides did all their thunders bend; Spoke with how manifold and strong a bond The child was bound to the father: -sır, in fine, Seeing how loathly opposite I stood To his unnatural purpose, in fell motion, With his prepared sword, he charges home My unprovided body, lanc'd mine arm: But when he saw my best alarum'd spirits, Bold in the quarrel's right, rous'd to the encounter,

Of whether gasted by the noise I made,

Full suddenly he fled. Glo. Let him fly far:

Not in this land shall he remain uncaught; And found despatch'd .- The noble duke my master,

My worthy arch and patron, comes to-night: By his authority I will proclaim it, [thanks, That he which finds him shall deserve our Bringing the murderous coward to the stake: He that conceals him, death.

Edm. When I dissuaded him from his intent, And found him pight to do it, with curst speech I threaten'd to discover him: he replied, Thou unpossessing bastard! dost thou think, If I would stand against thee, would the reposal Of any trust, virtue or worth, in thee [deny,—Make thy words faith'd? No: what I should As this I would; ay, though thou didst produce My very character, -I'd turn it all To thy suggestion, plot, and damned practice: And thou must make a dullard of the world, To make thee seek it.

Glo. Would he deny his letter?-I never got him.

[Trumpets within. Hark, the duke's trumpets! I know not why he comes.-All ports I'll bar; the villain shall not 'scape;

The duke must grant me that: besides, his picture

I will send far and near, that all the kingdom May have due note of him; and of my land, Loyal and natural boy, I'll work the means To make thee capable.

Enter CORNWALL, REGAN, and Attendants.

Corn. How now, my noble friend! since I

came hither, Which I can call but now,-I have heard strange news.

Reg. If it be true, all vengeance comes too short

Which can pursue the offender. How dost, my lord?

Glo. O, madam, my old heart is crack'd,—
it's crack'd! [hfe-[life?

Reg. What, did my father's godson seek your He whom my father nam'd? your Edgar?

Glo. O lady, lady, shame would have it hid! Reg. Was he not companion with the riotous knights

That tend upon my father?

I know not, madam:-

It is too bad, too bad.

Edm. Yes, madam, he was of that consort. Reg. No marvel, then, though he were ill affected:

'Tis they have put him on the old man's death, To have the expense and waste of his revenues. I have this present evening from my sister Been well inform'd of them, and with such cautions,

That if they come to sojourn at my house, I'll not be there.

Nor I, assure thee, Regan .-Corn. Edmund, I hear that you have shown your father

A child-like office.

'Twas my duty, sır.

Glo. He did bewray his practice; and receiv'd This hurt you see, striving to apprehend him. Corn. Is he pursu'd?

Glo. Ay, my good lord.

Corn. If he be taken he shall never more Be fear'd of doing harm: make your own Edmund,

How in my strength you please. - For you, Whose virtue and obedience doth this instant So much commend itself, you shall be ours: Natures of such deep trust we shall much need; You we first seize on.

Edm. I shall serve you, sir,

Truly, however else.

Glo For him I thank your grace. Corn. You know not why we came to visit you,-|night:

Reg. Thus out of season, threading dark-ey'd Occasions, noble Gloster, of some poise, Wherein we must have use of your advice:-Our father he hath writ, so hath our sister, Of differences, which I best thought it fit

O strong and fasten'd villain! To answer from our home; the several messengers From hence attend despatch. Our good old

Lay comforts to your bosom, and bestow Your needful counsel to our businesses, Which crave the instant use.

I serve you, madam: Glo. Your graces are right welcome. [Exeunt.

Scene II .- Before GLOSTER'S Castle.

Enter Kent and Oswald severally.

Osw. Good dawning to thee, friend: art of this house?

Kent. Ay.
Osw. Where may we set our horses?
Kent. I' the mure.

Osw. Pr'ythee, if thou lovest me, tell me.

Kent. I love thee not.
Osw. Why, then, I care not for thee.
Kent. If I had thee in Lipsbury pinfold I would make thee care for me. [thee not. Osw. Why dost thou use me thus? I know

Kent. Fellow, I know thee.
Osw. What dost thou know me for? Kent. A knave, a rascal, an eater of broken meats; a base, proud, shallow, beggarly, threesuited, hundred-pound, filthy, worsted-stocking knave; a hly-hvered, action-taking whoreson, glass-gazing, superserviceable, finical rogue; one-trunk-inheriting slave; one that wouldst be a bawd, in way of good service, and art nothing but the composition of a knave, beggar, coward, pander, and the son and heir of a mongrel bitch: one whom I will beat into clamorous whining, if thou denyest the least syllable of thy addition.

Osw. Why, what a monstrous fellow art thou, thus to rail on one that is neither known of

thee nor knows thee?

Kent. What a brazen-faced variet art thou, to deny thou knowest me! Is it two days since I tripped up thy heels and beat thee before the king? Draw, you rogue: for, though it be night, yet the moon shines; I'll make a sop o' the moonshine of you: draw, you whoreson cullionly barber-monger, draw.

Drawing his sword. Osw. Away! I have nothing to do with thee. Kent. Draw, you rascal you come with letters against the king; and take vanity the puppet's part against the royalty of her father: draw, you rogue, or I'll so carbonado your shanks:-draw, you rascal; come your ways.

Osw. Help, ho! murder! help.

Kent. Strike, you slave; stand, rogue, stand; you neat slave, strike. Beating him. Osw. Help, ho! murder! murder!

Enter EDMUND, CORNWALL, REGAN, GLOSTER, and Servants.

Edm. How now! What's the matter? Kent. With you, goodman boy, if you please: come, I'll flesh you; come on, young master. Glo. Weapons! arms! What's the matter here?

Corn. Keep peace, upon your lives;

He dies that strikes again. What is the matter? [king.

Reg. The messengers from our sister and the

Corn. What is your difference? speak. Osw. I am scarce in breath, my lord.

Kent. No marvel, you have so bestirr'd your valour. You cowardly rascal, nature disclaims

in thee: a tailor made thee.

Corn. Thou art a strange fellow: a tailor make a man?

Kent. Ay, a tailor, sir: a stone-cutter or a painter could not have made him so ill, though they had been but two hours at the trade.

Corn. Speak yet, how grew your quarrel? Osw. This ancient ruffian, sir, whose life I

have spared at suit of his gray beard,-

Kent. Thou whoreson zed! thou unnecessary letter!-My lord, if you will give me leave, I will tread this unbolted villain into mortar, and daub the wall of a jakes with him .- Spare my gray beard, you wagtail?

Corn. Peace, sirrah!

You beastly knave, know you no reverence? Kent. Yes, sır; but anger hath a privilege.
Corn. Why art thou angry?
Kent. That such a slave as this should wear

a sword. as these, Who wears no honesty. Such smiling rogues

Like rats, oft bite the holy cords a-twain Which are too intrinset' unloose; smooth every

passion

That in the natures of their lords rebel; Bring oil to fire, snow to their colder moods; Renege, affirm, and turn their halcyon beaks With every gale and vary of their masters, Knowing naught, like dogs, but following.-A plague upon your epileptic visage! Smile you my speeches, as I were a fool? Goose, if I had you upon Sarum plain I'd drive ye cackling home to Camelot.

Corn. What, art thou mad, old fellow? How fell you out? Glo.

Say that.

Kent. No contraries hold more antipathy Than I and such a knave. [is his fault? Corn. Why dost thou call him knave? Kent. His countenance likes me not.

Corn. No more, perchance, does mine, nor

his, nor hers. Kent. Sir, 'tis my occupation to be plain: I have seen better faces in my time Than stands on any shoulder that I see Before me at this instant.

Corn. This is some fellow Who, having been prais'd for bluntness, doth

A saucy roughness, and constrains the garb Quite from his nature: he cannot flatter, he,-An honest mind and plain,—he must speak

truth! An they will take it, so; if not, he's plain. These kind of knaves I know, which in this

plainness Harbour more craft and more corrupter ends

Than twenty silly ducking observants That stretch their duties nicely, Kent. Sir, in good faith, in sincere verity,

Under the allowance of your great aspect, Whose influence, like the wreath of radiant fire On flickering Phœbus' front,-

Corn. What mean'st by this? Kent. To go out of my dialect, which you discommend so much. I know, sir, I am no

flatterer: he that beguiled you in a plain accent was a plain knave; which, for my part, I will not be, though I should win your displeasure to entreat me to't.

Corn. What was the offence you gave him? Osw. I never gave him any: It pleas'd the king his master very late

To strike at me, upon his misconstruction; When he, compact, and flattering his displeasure,

Tripp'd me behind; being down, insulted, And put upon him such a deal of man That worthied him, got praises of the king

For him attempting who was self-subdu'd; And, in the fleshment of this dread exploit, Drew on me here again.

Kent.

None of these rogues and cowards But Ajax is their fool. Fetch forth the stocks!-Corn.

You stubborn ancient knave, you reverend braggart,

We'll teach you,-

Kent. Sir, I am too old to learn: Call not your stocks for me: I serve the king; On whose employment I was sent to you: You shall do small respect, show too bold malice Against the grace and person of my master,

Stocking his messenger.

Corn. Fetch forth the stocks!-As I have life and honour, there shall he sit till noon. mght too.

Reg. Till noon! till night, my lord; and all Kent. Why, madam, if I were your father's dog

You should not use me so.

Sir, being his knave, I will. Corn. This is a fellow of the self-same colour Our sister speaks of .- Come, bring away the Stocks! Stocks brought out.

Glo. Let me beseech your grace not to do

so:

His fault is much, and the good king his master Will check him for't: your purpos'd low cor-Is such as basest and contemned'st wretches, For pilferings and most common trespasses, Are punish'd with: the king must take it ill That he, so slightly valu'd in his messenger, Should have him thus restrain'd.

I'll answer that. Corn. Reg. My sister may receive it much more

worse To have her gentleman abus'd, assaulted, For following her affairs.—Put in his legs.-

[KENT is put in the stocks. Come, my lord, away.

Exeunt all but GLOSTER and KENT. Glo. I am sorry for thee, friend; 'tis the duke's pleasure,

Whose disposition, all the world well knows, Will not be rubb'd nor stopp'd: I'll entreat for thee.

Kent. Pray, do not, sir: I have watch'd, and travell'd hard;

Some time I shall sleep out, the rest I'll

whistle. A good man's fortune may grow out at heels: Give you good-morrow!

Glo. The duke's to blame in this; 'twill be ill taken. Exit. Kent. Good king, that must approve the common saw,-

Thou out of heaven's benediction com'st To the warm sun! Approach, thou beacon to this under globe,

That by thy comfortable beams I may Peruse this letter!-Nothing almost sees muracles

But misery:-I know 'tis from Cordelia, Who hath most fortunately been inform'd Of my obscured course; and shall find time From this enormous state,—seeking to give Losses their remedies,—All weary and o'er-

watch'd. Take vantage, heavy eyes, not to behold This shameful lodging.

Fortune, good-night: smile once more; turn thy wheel! [He sleeps.

Scene III .- The open Country.

Enter EDGAR.

Edg. I heard myself proclaim'd; And by the happy hollow of a tree Escap'd the hunt. No port is free; no place, That guard and most unusual vigilance Does not attend my taking. While I may scape I will preserve myself: and am bethought To take the basest and most poorest shape That ever penury, in contempt of man, [filth; Brought near to heast: my face I'll grime with Blanket my loins; elf all my hair in knots; And with presented nakedness outface The winds and persecutions of the sky. The country gives me proof and precedent Of Bedlam beggars, who, with roaming voices, Strike in their numb'd and mortified bare arms Pins, wooden pricks, nails, sprigs of rosemary; And with this horrible object, from low farms, Poor pelting villages, sheep-cotes, and mills, Sometime with lunatic bans, sometime with Tom! prayers,

Enforce their charity.—Poor Turlygod! poor That's something yet:—Edgar I nothing am. Exit.

in the Stocks.

Scene IV .- Before Gloster's Castle. Kent Enter LEAR, Fool, and Gentleman.

Lear. 'Tis strange that they should so depart from home,

And not send back my messenger.

As I learn'd. The night before there was no purpose in them Of this remove.

Had to thee, noble master! Kent. Lear. Ha!

Mak'st thou this shame thy pastime?

No, my lord. Fool. Ha, ha! he wears cruel garters. Horses are tied by the head; dogs and bears by the neck, monkeys by the loins, and men by the legs: when a man is over-lusty at legs, then he wears wooden nether-stocks.

Lear. What's he that hath so much thy place mistook

To set thee here?

It is both he and she, Kent. Your son and daughter.

Lear. No. Kent. Yes. Lear. No, I say. Kent. I say, yea. Lear. No, no; they was.

Kent. Yes, they have.
Lear. By Junter, I swear, no.

Kent. By Juno, I swear, ay.

They durst not do't. Lear. No, no; they would not.

They could not, would not do't; 'tis worse than murder,

To do upon respect such violent outrage:

Resolve me, with all modest haste, which way Thou might'st deserve or they impose this usage,

Coming from us.

My lord, when at their home Kent. I did commend your highness' letters to them. Ere I was risen from the place that show'd My duty kneeling, came there a reeking post. Stew'd in his haste, half breathless, panting forth

From Goneril his mistress salutations; Deliver'd letters, spite of intermission, Which presently they read: on whose contents They summon'd up their meiny, straight took

horse: Commanded me to follow, and attend The leisure of their answer; gave me cold looks: And meeting here the other messenger, Whose welcome I perceiv'd had poison'd

mine,-Being the very fellow which of late

Display'd so saucily against your highness,-Having more man than wit about me, drew: He rais'd the house with loud and coward cries. Your son and daughter found this trespass worth

The shame which here it suffers.

Fool. Winter's not gone yet, if the wildgeese fly that way.

Fathers that wear rags Do make their children blind;

But fathers that bear bags Shall see their children kind.

Fortune, that arrant whore,

Ne'er turns the key to the poor .--But, for all this, thou shalt have as many dolours

For thy daughters as thou canst tell in a year. Lear. O, how this mother swells up toward my heart!

Husterica passio,—down, thou climbing sorrow. Thy element's below!-Where is this daughter?

Kent. With the earl, sir, here within. Lear. Follow me not;

Stay here. Exit. Gent. Made you no more offence but what

you speak of? Kent. None. [number? How chance the king comes with so small a

Fool. An thou hadst been set i' the stocks for that question, thou hadst well deserved it.

Kent. Why, fool? Fool. We'll set thee to school to an ant, to teach thee there's no labouring in the winter. All that follow their noses are led by their eyes but blind men; and there's not a nose among

twenty but can smell him that's stinking. Let go thy hold when a great wheel runs down a hill, lest it break thy neck with following it; 'Twas her brother that, in pure kindness to his but the great one that goes up the hill, let him horse, buttered his hay. draw thee after. When a wise man gives thee better counsel, give me mine again: I would have none but knaves follow it, since a fool gives it.

That sir which serves and seeks for gain, And follows but for form, Will pack when it begins to rain. And leave thee in the storm. But I will tarry; the fool will stay,

And let the wise man fly: The knave turns fool that runs away:

The fool no knave, perdy. Kent. Where learn'd you this, fool? Fool. Not i' the stocks, fool.

Re-enter LEAR, with GLOSTER.

Lear. Deny to speak with me? They are sick? they are weary? They have travell'd all the night? Mere fetches: The images of revolt and flying off. Fetch me a better answer.

My dear lord. You know the fiery quality of the duke; How unremovable and fix'd he is

In his own course. [fusion!-Lear. Vengeance! plague! death! con-Fiery? what quality? why, Gloster, Gloster, I'd speak with the Duke of Cornwall and his wife.

Glo. Well, my good lord, I have inform'd them so.

Lear. Inform'd them! Dost thou understand me, man?

Glo. Ay, my good lord.

Lear. The king would speak with Cornwall; the dear father [service: Would with his daughter speak, commands her Are they inform'd of this?--My breath and

thatblood!-Fiery? the fiery duke?-Tell the hot duke

No, but not yet:-may be he is not well: Infirmity doth still neglect all office

Whereto our health is bound; we are not our-Imind selves When nature, being oppress'd, commands the

To suffer with the body: I'll forbear; And am fall'n out with my more headier will To take the indispos'd and sickly fit

For the sound man.—Death on my state! wherefore Looking on KENT. Should he sit here? This act persuades me

That this remotion of the duke and her Is practice only. Give me my servant forth. Go tell the duke and's wife I'd speak with them.

Now, presently: bid them come forth and hear me.

Or at their chamber door I'll beat the drum

Till it cry Sleep to death.

Glo. I would have all well betwixt you.

(Exit. Lear. O me, my heart, my rising heart!but, down!

Foot. Cry to it, nuncle, as the cockney did to the eels when she put them i' the paste alive; she knapped 'em o' the coxcombs with a stick, and cried, Down, wantons, down!

Enter CORNWALL, REGAN, GLOSTER, and Servants.

Lear. Good-morrow to you both. Corn.

Hail to your grace! KENT is set at libertu

Reg. I am glad to see your highness. Lear. Regan, I think you are; I know what

reason I have to think so: if thou shouldst not be glad, I would divorce me from thy mother's tomb.

Sepulchring an adultress .- O, are you free? Some other time for that.-Beloved Regan,

Thy sister's naught: O Regan, she hath tied Sharp-tooth'd unkindness, like a vulture, here,— [Points to his heart.

I can scarce speak to thee; thou'lt not believe With how depray'd a quality-O Regan! [hope Reg. I pray you sir, take patience: I have You less know how to value her desert

Than she to scant her duty.

Lear. Say, how is that? Reg. I cannot think my sister in the least Would fail her obligation: if, sir, perchance She have restrain'd the riots of your followers, 'Tis on such ground, and to such wholesome end,

As clears her from all blame. Lear. My curses on her!

Reg. O, sir, you are old; Nature in you stands on the very verge Of her confine: you should be rul'd and led By some discretion, that discerns your state Better than you yourself. Therefore, I pray

you, That to our sister you do make return:

Say you have wrong'd her, sir.

Lear. Ask her forgiveness? Do you but mark how this becomes the house: Dear daughter, I confess that I am old;

Kneeling. Age is unnecessary: on my knees I beg That you'll vouchsafe me raiment, bed and food.

Reg. Good sir, no more; these are unsightly tricks:

Return you to my sister.

Lear. [Rising.] Never, Regardshe hath abated me of half my train; Never, Regan:

Look'd black upon me; struck me with her tongue, Most serpent-like, upon the very heart:-

All the stor'd vengeances of heaven fall On her ingrateful top! Strike her young bones. You taking airs, with lameness!

Corn. Fie, sır, fiel Lear. You nimble lightnings, dart your blinding flames

Into her scornful eyes! Infect her beauty You fen-suck'd fogs, drawn by the powerful sun,

To fall and blast her pride!

O the blest gods! So will you wish on me when the rash mood is

Lear. No, Regan, thou shalt never have my curse:

Thy tender-hefted nature shall not give Thee o'er to harshness: her eyes are fierce; but thine

Do comfort, and not burn. 'Tis not in thee To grudge my pleasures, to cut off my train, To bandy hasty words, to scant my sizes, And, in conclusion, to oppose the bolt Against my coming in: thou better know'st The offices of nature, bond of childhood, Effects of courtesy, dues of gratutude: Thy half o' the kingdom hast thou not forgot, Wherein I thee endow'd.

Good sir, to the purpose. Rea. Lear. Who put my man i' the stocks?

Tucket within. What trumpet's that? Reg. I know't,-my sister's: this approves her letter.

That she would soon be here.

Enter OSWALD.

Is your lady come? Lear. This is a slave whose easy-borrow'd pride Dwells in the fickle grace of her he follows .-

Out, variet, from my sight!

Corn. What means your grace? Lear. Who stock'd my servant? Regan, I O heavens, have good hope -Who comes here? Thou didst not know on't .-

Enter GONERIL.

If you do love old men, if your sweet sway Allow obedience, if yourselves are old, [part!-Make it your cause; send down, and take my Art not asham'd to look upon this beard?—

[To Goneril.
O Regan, wilt thou take her by the hand? Gon. Why not by the hand, sir? How have I offended?

All's not offence that indiscretion finds.

And dotage terms so Lear. O sides, you are too tough! Will you yet hold?--How came my man i' the

stocks? forders Corn. I set him there, sir: but his own dis-

Deserv'd much less advancement. You! did you? Reg. I pray you, father, being weak, seem so.

If, till the expiration of your mouth, You will return and sojourn with my sister, Dismissing half your train, come then to me: I am now from home, and out of that provision Which shall be needful for your entertainment. Lear. Return to her, and fifty men dismiss'd?

No, rather I abjure all roofs, and choose To wage against the enmity o' the air: To be a comrade with the wolf and owl, Necessity's sharp punch!-Return with her? Why, the hot-blooded France, that dowerless took

Our youngest born, I could as well be brought To knee his throne, and, squire-like, pension beg

To keep base life a-foot.—Return with her? Persuade me rather to be slave and sumpter To this detested groom. [Pointing to OSWALD. Gon. At your choice, sir.

Lear. I pr'ythee, daughter, do not make me mad:

I will not trouble thee, my child; farewell: We'll no more meet, no more see one another:-But yet thou art my flesh, my blood, my daughter;

Or rather a disease that's in my flesh, Which I must needs call mine: thou art a boil. A plague-sore, an embossed carbuncle In my corrupted blood. But I'll not chide thee: Let shame come when it will, I do not call it: I do not bid the thunder-bearer shoot,

Nor tell tales of thee to high-judging Jove: Mend when thou canst; be better at thy leisure: I can be patient; I can stay with Regan, I and my hundred knights.

Reg. · Not altogether so: I look'd not for you yet, nor am provided For your fit welcome. Give ear, sir, to my sister;

For those that mingle reason with your passion Must be content to think you old, and so-But she knows what she does,

Lear. Is this well spoken? Reg. I dare avouch it, sir: what, fifty followers?

Is it not well? What should you need of more? Yea, or so many, sith that both charge and danger

Speak 'gainst so great a number? How in one house

Should many people under two commands Hold amity? 'Tis hard; almost impossible. Gon. Why might not you, my lord, receive

attendance From those that she calls servants, or from Reg. Why not, my lord? If then they chanc'd to slack you,

me. We could control them. If you will come to For now I spy a danger, -I entreat you To bring but five-and-twenty: to no more

Will I give place or notice.

Lear. I gave you all,-Reg. And in good time you gave it. Lear. Made you my guardians, my deposi-

taries: But kept a reservation to be follow'd With such a number. What, must I come to With five-and-twenty, Regan? said you so?

Reg. And speak't again, my lord; no more with me. [well-favour'd Lear. Those wicked creatures yet do look When others are more wicked; not being the

Stands in some rank of praise .- I'll go with [To GONERIL.

Thy fifty yet doth double five-and-twenty, And thou art twice her love.

Hear me, my lord: What need you five-and-twenty, ten, or five. To follow in a house where twice so many Have a command to tend you?

What need one? Reg. Lear. O, reason not the need: our basest beggars

Are in the poorest thing superfluous: Allow not nature more than nature needs, Man's life is cheap as beast's: thou art a lady; If only to go warm were gorgeous, [wear'st, Why, nature needs not what thou gorgeous Which scarcely keeps thee warm.—But, for true need,— [need]

You heavens, give me that patience, patience I You see me here, you gods, a poor old man, As full of grief as age; wretched in both! If it be you that stir these daughters' hearts Against their father, fool me not so much To bear it tamely; touch me with noble anger, And let not women's weapons, water-drops, Stain my man's cheeks!—No, you unnatural

hags,

I will have such revenges on you both
That all the world shall,—I will do such
things,— [be

What they are yet I know not; but they shall The terrors of the earth. You think I'll weep; No, I'll not weep:—

I have full cause of weeping; but this heart Shall break into a hundred thousand flaws Or ere I'll weep.—O fool, I shall go mad! [Exeurt LEAR, GLOSTER, KENT, and Fool.

Storm heard at a distance.

Corn. Let us withdraw; 'twill be a storm.

Reg. This house is little: the old man and

his people
Cannot be well bestow'd. [from rest,
Gon. 'Tis his own blame; hath put himself
And must needs taste his folly. [gladly,

Reg. For his particular, I'll receive him But not one follower.

Gon. So am I purpos'd.

Where is my lord of Gloster? [turn'd.

Corn. Follow'd the old man forth:—he is re-

Re-enter GLOSTER.

Glo. The king is in high rage.

Corn. Whither is he going?
Glo. He calls to horse; but will I know not whither. [humself.
Corn. 'Tis best to give him way; he leads Gor. My lord, entreat him by no means to

stay. [winds. Glo. Alack, the night comes on, and the high Do sorely ruffle; for many miles about

There's scarce a bush.

Rea.

O. sir. to wilf

Reg. O, sir, to wilful men
The injuries that they themselves procure
Must be their schoolmasters. Shut up your
doors:

He is attended with a desperate train; And what they may incense him to, being apt To have his ear abus'd, wisdom bids fear. Corn. Shut up your doors, my lord; 'tis a wild night:

My Regan counsels well: come out o' the storm.
[Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE L .- A Heath.

A storm, with thunder and lightning. Enter Kent and a Gentleman, meeting.

Kent. Who's there, besides foul weather?

Gent. One minded like the weather, most unquietly.

Kent. I know you. Where's the king? Gent. Contending with the fretful elements; Bids the wind blow the earth into the sea, Or swell the curled waters 'bove the main, That things might change or cease; tears his white hair,

Which the impetuous blasts, with eyeless rage, Catch in their fury, and make nothing of; Strives in his little world of, man to out-scorn The to-and-fro conflicting wind and rain. This night, wherein the cub-drawn bear would

is night, wherein the ct

The lion and the belly-pinched wolf Keep their fur dry, unbonneted he runs, And bids what will take all.

Kent. But who is with him? Gent. None but the fool; who labours to

out-jest His heart-struck injuries.

Kent. Sir, I do know you;
And dare, upon the warrant of my note,
Commend a dear thing to you. There is division.

Although as yet the face of it be cover'd
With mutual cunning, 'twixt Albany and Cornwall; [stars

Who have,—as who have not, that their great Throne and set high?—servants who seem no less.

Which are to France the spies and speculations Intelligent of our state; what hath been seen, Either in snuffs and packings of the dukes; Or the hard rein which both of them have borne Against the old kind king; or something deeper, Whereof perchance these are but furnishings;—But frue it is, from France there comes a power Into this scatter'd kingdom; who already, Wise in our negligence, have secret feet

In some of our best ports, and are at point To show their open banner.—Now to you: If on my credit you dare build so far To make your speed to Dover, you shall find Some that will thank you making just report of how unnatural and bemadding sorrow

The king hath cause to plain.

I am a gentleman of blood and breeding;
And from some knowledge and assurance offer

And from some knowledge and assurance offer This office to you. Gent. I will talk further with you.

Kent. Wo, do not. For confirmation that I am much more Than my out wall, open this purse, and take What it contains. If you shall see Cordelia,—As fear not but you shall,—show her this ring; And she will tell you who your fellow is That yet you do not know. Fie on this storm!

I will go seek the king. [to say? Gent. Give me your hand: have you no more Kent. Few words, but, to effect, more than

all yet,—
[your pain
That when we have found the king,—in which
That way, I'll this,—he that first lights on him
Holla the other.
[Exeunt severally.

Scene II.—Another part of the Heath.

Storm continues.

Enter LEAR and Fool.

Lear. Blow, winds, and crack your cheeks! rage! blow!

You cataracts and hurricanoes, spout
Till you have drench'd our steeples, drown'd
the cocks!

You sulphurous and thought-executing fires, Vaunt couriers of oak-cleaving thunderbolts, Singe my white head! And thou, all-shaking

thunder. Strike flat the thick rotundity o' the world! Crack nature's moulds, all germens spill at once,

That make ingrateful man!

Fool. O nuncle, court hely water in a dry house is better than this rain-water out o' door. Good nuncle, in; ask thy daughters' blessing: here's a night pities neither wise men nor fools. Lear. Rumble thy bellyful! Spit,

spout, rain! Nor rain, wind, thunder, fire, are my daughters: I tax not you, you elements, with unkindness; I never gave you kingdom, call'd you children; You owe me no subscription: then let fall Your horrible pleasure; here I stand, your

slave,

A poor, infirm, weak, and despis'd old man:-But yet I call you servile ministers, That will with two pernicious daughters join Your high-engender'd battles 'gainst a head So old and white as this. O! O! tis foul!

Fool. He that has a house to put's head in

has a good head-piece.

The cod-piece that will house Before the head has any, The head and he shall louse; So beggars marry many. The man that makes his toe What he his heart should make Shall of a corn cry woe, And turn his sleep to wake.

-for there was never yet fair woman but she made mouths in a glass. Lear. No, I will be the pattern of all pa-

tience; I will say nothing.

Enter KENT.

Kent. Who's there?
Fool. Marry, here's grace and a cod-piece; that's a wise man and a fool. love night Kent. Alas, sir, are you here? things that

Love not such nights as these; the wrathful skies Gallow the very wanderers of the dark,

And make them keep their caves: since I was man

Such sheets of fire, such bursts of horrid thun-

Such groans of roaming wind and rain I never Remember to have heard: man's nature cannot carry

The affliction nor the fear.

Lear. Let the great gods, That keep this dreadful pother o'er our heads, Find out their enemies now. Tremble, thou wretch.

That hast within thee undivulged crimes, Unwhipp'd of justice: hide thee, thou bloody

hand; Thou perjur'd, and thou simular of virtue That art incestuous: cattiff, to pieces shake, That under covert and convenient seeming Hast practis'd on man's life: close pent-up

guilts. Rive your concealing continents, and cry These dreadful summoners grace.—I am a man More sinn'd against than sinning.

Kent. Alack, bare-headed! Gracious my lord, hard by here is a hovel:

Some friendship will it lend you 'gainst the tempest:

Repose you there, while I to this hard house.-More harder than the stones whereof 'tis rais'd: Which even but now, demanding after you, Demed me to come in,-return, and force Their scanted courtesy

My wits begin to turn .-Lear. Come on, my boy: how dost, my boy? art cold?

I am cold myself .- Where is this straw, my The art of our necessities is strange,

That can make vile things precious. Come. your hovel .heart Poor fool and knave, I have one part in my That's sorry yet for thee.

Fool. He that has and a little tiny wit,— [Singing. With heigh, ho, the wind and the rain,— Must make content with his fortunes fit, Though the rain it raineth every day.

Lear. True, boy .- Come, bring us to this Exeunt LEAR and KENT. hovel. Fool. This is a brave night to cool a courtezan.-

I'll speak a prophecy ere I go:-When priests are more in word than matter; When brewers mar their malt with water; When nobles are their tailors' tutors; No heretics burn'd, but wenches' suitors; When every case in law is right; No squire in debt, nor no poor knight: When slanders do not live in tongues; Nor cutpurses come not to throngs: When userers tell their gold i' the field; And bawds and whores do churches build:-Then shall the realm of Albion Come to great confusion:

Then comes the time, who lives to see't, That going shall be us'd with feet. This prophecy Merlin shall make; for I live before his time. Exit.

Scene III.—A Room in Gloster's Castle.

Enter GLOSTER and EDMUND.

Glo. Alack, alack, Edmund, I like not this unnatural dealing. When I desired their leave that I might pity him, they took from me the use of mine own house; charged me, on pain of perpetual displeasure, neither to speak of him, entreat for him, nor any way sustain him. Edm. Most savage and unnatural!

Glo. Go to; say you nothing. There is division between the dukes; and a worse matter than that: I have received a letter this might;-'tis dangerous to be spoken;- I have locked the letter in my closet; these injuries the king now bears will be revenged home; there is part of a power already footed; we must incline to the king. I will seek him, and privily reheve him: go you and maintain talk with the duke, that my charity be not of him perceived: if he ask for me, I am ill, and gone to bed. If I die for it, as no less is threatened me, the king my old master must be relieved. There is strange things toward, Edmund; pray you, be careful.

Edm. This courtesy, forbid thee, shall the

Instantly know; and of that letter too:-

This seems a fair deserving, and must draw me That which my father loses, -no less than all: The younger rises when the old doth fall.

Scene IV .- A part of the Heath with a Hovel. Storm continues.

Enter LEAR, KENT, and Fool.

Kent. Here is the place, my lord; good my lord, enter:

The tyranny of the open night's too rough For nature to endure.

Lear. Let me alone.

Kent. Good my lord, enter here.

Lear. Wilt break my heart? Kent. I had rather break mine own. Good my lord, enter. [tentious storm.

Lear. Thou think'st 'tis much that this con-Invades us to the skin: so 'tis to thee But where the greater malady is fix'd, The lesser is scarce felt. Thou'dst shun a But if thy flight lay toward the roaring sea, Thou'dst meet the bear i' the mouth.

the mind's free

The body's delicate: the tempest in my mind Doth from my senses take all feeling else Save what heats there.—Filial ingratitude! Is it not as this mouth should tear this hand For lifting food to't?—But I will punish home:— No, I will weep no more.—In such a night To shut me out!-Pour on; I will endure:-In such a night as this! O Regan, Goneril!-Your old kind father, whose frank heart gave all,-

O, that way madness hes; let me shun that;

No more of that.

Good my lord, enter here. Kent. Lear. Pr'ythee, go in thyself; seek thine own ease:

This tempest will not give me leave to ponder On things would hurt me more.-But I'll go in.--poverty,---

In, boy; go first to the Fool .- You houseless Nay, get thee in. I'll pray, and then I'll |Fool goes in.

Poor naked wretches, wheresoe'er you are, That bide the pelting of this priless storm,

How shall your houseless heads and unfed sides, Your loop'd and window'd raggedness, defend From seasons such as these? O, I have ta'en

Too little care of this! Take physic, pomp; Expose thyself to feel what wretches feel, That thou mayst shake the superflux to them,

And show the heavens more just. Edg. [Within.] Fathom and half, fathom

and half! Poor Tom! [The Fool runs out from the hovel. Fool. Come not in here, nuncle, here's a

spirit. Help me, help me!

Kent. Give me thy hand .-- Who's there?

Fool. A spirit, a spirit: he says his name's [i' the straw? poor Tom. Kent. What art thou that dost grumble there Come forth.

Enter EDGAR, disguised as a madman.

Edg. Away! the foul fiend follows me!-Through the sharp hawthorn blows the cold wind .-

Hum! go to thy cold bed and warm thee.

Lear. Didst thou give all to thy daughters?

And art thou come to this? Edg. Who gives anything to poor Tom? whom the foul fiend hath led through fire and

through flame, through ford and whirlpool, o'er bog and quagmire; that hath laid knives under his pillow, and halters in his pew; set ratsbane by his porridge; made him proud of heart, to ride on a bay trotting-horse over four-inched bridges, to course his own shadow for a traitor. -Bless thy five wits!-Tom's a-cold.-O, do de, do de, do de.—Bless thee from whirlwinds, star-blasting, and taking! Do poor Tom some chanty, whom the foul fiend vexes:-there could I have him now,-and there,-and there,

-and there again, and there.

Storm continues. Lear. What, have his daughters brought him to this pass?-['em all? Couldst thou save nothing? Didst thou give Fool. Nay, he reserved a blanket, else we had been all shamed.

Lcar. Now, all the plagues that in the pendulous air daughters! Hang fated o'er men's faults light on thy

Kent. He hath no daughters, sir. Lear. Death, traitor! nothing could have subdu'd nature

To such a lowness but his unkind daughters.-Is it the fashion that discarded fathers Should have thus little mercy on their flesh? Judicious punishment! 'twas this flesh begot Those pelican daughters.

Edg. Pillicock sat on Pillicock-hill:-

Halloo, halloo, loo loo!

Fool. This cold night will turn us all to fools and madmen.

Edg. Take heed o' the foul fiend: obey thy parents; keep thy word justly; swear not; commit not with man's sworn spouse; set not thy sweet heart on proud array. Tom's a-cold.

Lear. What hast thou been? Edg. A serving-man, proud in heart and mind; that curled my hair; wore gloves in my cap; served the lust of my mistress's heart, and did the act of darkness with her; swore as many oaths as I spake words, and broke them in the sweet face of heaven; one that slept in the contriving of lust, and waked to do it: wine loved I deeply, dice dearly; and in women out-paramoured the Turk: false of heart, light of ear, bloody of hand; hog in sloth, fox in stealth, wolf in greediness, dog in madness, hon in prey. Let not the creaking of shoes nor the rustling of silks betray thy poor heart to woman: keep thy foot out of brothels, thy hand out of plackets, thy pen from lenders' books, and defy the foul fiend.—Still through the hawthorn blows the cold wind: says suum, mun, nonny. Dolphin my boy, boy, sessa! [Storm still continues. let him trot by.

Lear. Why, thou wert better in thy grave than to answer with thy uncovered body this extremity of the skies .- Is man no more than this? Consider him well. Thou owest the His daughters seek his death:-ah, that good worm no silk, the beast no hide, the sheep no wool, the cat no perfume.-Ha! here's three on's are sophisticated!-Thou art the thing itself: unaccommodated man is no more but such a poor, bare, forked animal as thou art .-Off, off, you lendings!-Come, unbutton here. [Tearing off his clothes.

Fool. Prythee, nuncle, be contented; 'tis a naughty night to swim in .- Now a little fire in a wild field were like an old lecher's heart,—a small spark, all the rest on's body cold .-

Look, here comes a walking fire.

Edg. This is the foul fiend Flibbertigibbet: he begins at curfew, and walks till the first cock; he gives the web and the pin, squints the eye, and makes the hare-hp; mildews the white wheat, and hurts the poor creature of earth.

Swithold footed thrice the old:

He met the nightmare and her nine-fold; I will keep still with my philosopher.

Bid her alight, Kent. Good my lord, soothe him; let him Bid her alight,

And her troth plight,

And aroint thee, witch, aroint thee! Kent. How fares your grace?

Enter GLOSTER with a torch.

Lear. What's he?
Kent. Who's there? What is't you seek?
Glo. What are you there? Your names?

Edg. Poor Tom; that eats the swimming frog, the toad, the tad-pole, the wall-newt, and the water; that in the fury of his heart, when the foul fiend rages, eats cow-dung for sallets; swallows the old rat and the ditch-dog; drinks the green mantle of the standing pool; who is whipped from tithing to tithing, and stocked, punished, and imprisoned; who hath had three suits to his back, six shirts to his body, horse to ride, and weapon to wear;-

But mice and rats, and such small deer, Have been Tom's food for seven long year. Beware my follower.—Peace, Smulkin; peace, thou fiend! [pany?

thou fiend!

Glo. What, hath your grace no better com-Edg. The prince of darkness is a gentleman: so vile Modo he's called, and Mahu.

Glo. Our flesh and blood, my lord, is grown That it doth hate what gets it.

Edg. Poor Tom's a-cold.

Glo. Go in with me: my duty cannot suffer tector! To obey in all your daughters' hard commands: Though their injunction be to bar my doors, And let this tyrannous night take hold upon you, Yet have I ventur'd to come seek you out, And bring you where both fire and food is

ready. Lear. First let me talk with this philosooher.-

What is the cause of thunder?

Kent. Good my lord, take his offer;

Go into the house.

[Theban. Lear. I'll talk a word with this same learned What is your study? [vermin.

Edg. How to prevent the fiend and to kill Lear. Let me ask you one word in private.

Kent. Importune him once more to go, my lord:

His wits begin to unsettle.

Glo.

Kent!-

He said it would be thus, -poor, banish'd man!-

Thou say'st the king grows mad; I'll tell thee, I am almost mad myself: I had a son, Now outlaw'd from my blood; he sought my But lately, very late: I lov'd him, friend,-

No father his son dearer: true to tell thee.

[Storm continues. The grief hath craz'd my wits.-What a night's this!--

I do beseech your grace,-

Lear. O, cry you mercy, sir .-Noble philosopher, your company.

Edg. Tom's a-cold. [thee warm. Glo. In, fellow, there, into the hovel: keep Lear. Come, let's in all.

Kent. This way, my lord. With him; Lear.

take the fellow.

Glo. Take him you on.

Kent. Sirrah, come on; go along with us. Lear. Come, good Athenian.

Glo.

No words, no words: Hush.

Edg. Child Rowland to the dark tower came, His word was still, -Fie, foh, and fum, I smell the blood of a British man. Exeunt.

Scene V .- A Room in Gloster's Castle.

Enter CORNWALL and EDMUND.

Corn. I will have my revenge ere I depart his house.

Edm. How my lord, I may be censured. that nature thus gives way to loyalty, something fears me to think of.

Corn. I now perceive, it was not altogether your brother's evil disposition made him seek his death; but a provoking ment, set a-work by a reprovable badness in himself.

Edm. How malicious is my fortune, that I must repent to be just! This is the letter he spoke of, which approves him an intelligent party to the advantages of France. O heavens! that this treason were not, or not I the de-

Corn. Go with me to the duchess.

Edm. If the matter of this paper be certain, you have mighty business in hand.

Corn. True or false, it hath made thee earl of Gloster. Seek out where thy father is, that

he may be ready for our apprehension.

Edm. [Aside.] If I find him comforting the king, it will stuff his suspicion more fully.-I will persevere in my course of loyalty, though the conflict be sore between that and my blood. Corn. I will lay trust upon thee; and thou shalt find a dearer father in my love. Exeunt.

Scene VI.—A Chamber in a Farm-house adjoining the Castle.

Enter GLOSTER, LEAR, KENT, Fool, and EDGAR.

Glo. Here is better than the open air; take Canst thou blame him? it thankfully. I will piece out the comfort with what addition I can: I will not be long from vou.

Kent. All the power of his wits have given way to his impatience:-the gods reward your Exit GLOSTER. kındness!

Edq. Frateretto calls me; and tells me Nero is an angler in the lake of darkness .- Pray,

innocent, and beware the foul fiend.

Fool. Pr'ythee, nuncle, tell me whether a madman be a gentleman or a yeoman?

Lear. A king, a king!
Fool. No; he's a yeoman that has a gentleman to his son; for he's a mad yeoman that sees his son a gentleman before him. Spits Lear. To have a thousand with red burning thy horn is dry.

Come hissing in upon 'em,-

Edg. The foul fiend bites my back. Fool. He's mad that trusts in the tameness of a wolf, a horse's health, a boy's love, or a whore's oath. straight.-

Lear. It shall be done; I will arraign them Come, sit thou here, most learned justicer;—
[To EDGAR.

Thou, sapient sir, sit here [To the Fool] .- Now, you she-foxes!-

Edg. Look, where he stands and glares!-Wantest thou eyes at trial, madam?

Come o'er the bourn, Bessy, to me,-Fool. Her boat hath a leak,

And she must not speak

Why she dares not come over to thee. Edg. The foul fiend haunts poor Tom in the voice of anightingale. Hopdance cries in Tom's belly for two white herring. Croak not, black

angel; I have no food for thee. (amaz'd: Kent. How do you, sir? Stand you not so Will you he down and rest upon the cushions? Lear. I'll see their trial first.—Bring in the

evidence.

Thou robed man of justice, take thy place:-[To EDGAR.

And thou, his yoke-fellow of equity,

To the Fool. Bench by his side: -you are o' the commission, Sit you too. To KENT.

Edg. Let us deal justly.

Sleepest or wakest thou, jolly shepherd? Thy sheep be in the corn:

And for one blast of thy minikin mouth Thy sheep shall take no harm.

Pur! the cat is gray.

Lear. Arraign her first; 'tis Goneril. I here take my oath before this honourable assembly. she kicked the poor king her father.

Fool. Come hither, mistress. Is your name Goneril?

Lear. She cannot deny it. [stool. Fool. Cry you mercy, I took you for a joint-Lear. And here's another, whose warp'd looks proclaim there!

What store her heart is made on .- Stop her Arms, aims, sword, fire!-Corruption in the

place!--False justicer, why hast thou let her 'scape? Edg. Bless thy five wits!

Kent. O pity!-Sir, where is the patience That you so oft have boasted to retain? Edg. [Aside.] My tears begin to take his part so much

They'll mar my counterfeiting.

Lear. The little dogs and all, fat me. Tray, Blanch, and Sweetheart, see, they bark Edg. Tom will throw his head at them .-

Avaunt, you curs! Be thy mouth or black or white, Tooth that poisons if it bite; Mastiff, greyhound, mongrel grim, Hound or spaniel, brach or lym. Or bobtail tike or trundle-tail,-Tom will make them weep and wail: For, with throwing thus my head,

Dogs leap the hatch, and all are fled. Sessa! Do, de, de, de. Come, march to wakes and fairs and market-towns.-Poor Tom.

Lear. Then let them anatomize Regan; see what breeds about her heart. Is there any cause in nature that makes these hard hearts?-[To EDGAR.] You, sir, I entertain you for one of my hundred; only I do not like the fashion of your garments: you will say they are Persian; but let them be changed. [awhile.

Kent. Now, good my lord, lie here and rest Lear. Make no noise, make no noise; draw

the curtains:

So, so. We'll go to supper i' the morning. Fool. And I'll go to bed at noon.

Re-enter GLOSTER.

Glo. Come hither, friend: where is the king my master? [wits are gone.

Kent. Here, sir; but trouble him not,—his Glo. Good friend, I pr'ythee, take him in thy arms;

I have o'erheard a plot of death upon him: There is a litter ready; lay him in't, And drive toward Dover, friend, where thou

shalt meet [master: Both welcome and protection. Take up thy If thou shouldst dally half an hour, his life, With thine, and all that offer to defend him, Stand in assured loss: take up, take up;

And follow me, that will to some provision Give thee quick conduct.

Kent. Oppress'd nature sleeps:-

This rest might yet have balm'd thy broken sinews. Which, if convenience will not allow

Stand in hard cure.-Come, help to bear thy master; [To the Fool.

Thou must not stay behind. Come, come, away. Exeunt KENT, GLOSTER, and the Fool,

bearing off LEAR. Edg. When we our betters see bearing our

woes. We scarcely think our miseries our foes.

Who alone suffers, suffers most i' the mind, Leaving free things and happy shows behind: But then the mind much sufferance doth o'erskip

When grief hath mates and bearing fellowship. How light and portable my pain seems now When that which makes me bend makes the king bow;

He wilded as I father'd!-Tom, away! Mark the high noises; and thyself bewray, When false opinion, whose wrong thought defiles thee,

In thy just proof repeals and reconciles thee.

What will hap more to-night, safe 'scape the kingl Exit. Lurk, lurk.

Scene VII .- A Room in Gloster's Castle.

Enter CORNWELL, REGAN, GONERIL, EDMUND, and Servants.

Corn. Post speedily to my lord your husband; show him this letter:-the army of France is landed. - Seek out the traitor Gloster. Exeunt some of the Servants.

Reg. Hang him instantly. Gon. Pluck out his eyes.

Corn. Leave him to my displeasure .- Edmund, keep you our sister company: the revenges we are bound to take upon your traitorous father are not fit for your beholding. Advise the duke, where you are going, to a most festinate preparation: we are bound to the like. Our posts shall be swift and intelligent betwixt Farewell, dear sister:-Farewell, my lord of Gloster.

Enter OSWALD.

How now! where's the king? hence: Osw. My lord of Gloster hath convey'd him Some five or six and thirty of his knights, Hot questrists after him, met him at gate; Who, with some other of the lord's dependents, Are gone with him toward Dover; where they boast

To have well-armed friends. Corn. Get horses for your mistress.

Gon. Farewell, sweet lord and sister. Corn. Edmund, farewell.

[Exeunt GON., EDM., and OSW. Go seek the traitor Gloster, Pinion him like a thief, bring him before us. Exeunt other Servants.

Though well we may not pass upon his life Without the form of justice, yet our power Shall do a courtesy to our wrath, which men May blame, but not control.—Who's there? the traitor?

Re-enter Servants, with GLOSTER.

Reg. Ingrateful fox! 'tis he.

Corn. Bind fast his corky arms.

Glo. What mean your graces?-Good my friends, consider

You are my guests: do me no foul play, friends. Corn. Bind him, I say. [Servants bind him. Reg. Hard, hard.—O filthy traitor!

Glo. Unmerciful lady as you are, I'm none. Corn. To this chair bind him.—Villain, thou

shalt find, -[REGAN plucks his beard. Glo. By the kind gods, 'tis most ignobly done To pluck me by the beard.

Reg. So white, and such a traitor!

Naughty lady, These hairs which thou dost ravish from my

Will quicken, and accuse thee: I am your host: With robbers' hands my hospitable favours What will you do? You should not ruffle thus. Corn. Come, sir, what letters had you late

from France? fruth.

Reg. Be simple-answer'd, for we know the

Corn. And what confederacy have you with the traitors

Late footed in the kingdom? [lunatic king? Reg. To whose hands have you sent the

Glo. I have a letter guessingly set down, Which came from one that's of a neutral heart, And not from one oppos'd.

Corn Cunning.

Rea. And false. Corn. Where hast thou sent the king?

To Dover. Reg. Wherefore to Dover? Wast thou not charg'd at peril,-

Corn. Wherefore to Dover? Let him answer that. fthe course.

Glo. I am tied to the stake, and I must stand Reg. Wherefore to Dover?
Glo. Because I would not see thy cruel nails

Pluck out his poor old eyes; nor thy fierce sister In his anointed flesh stick boarish fangs. The sea, which such a storm as his bare head

In hell-black night endur'd, would have buoy'd

And quench'd the stelled fires: yet, poor old heart.

He holp the heavens to rain.

If wolves had at thy gate howl'd that stern time the key, Thou shouldst have said, Good porter, turn All cruels else subscrib'd:-but I shall see

The winged vengeance overtake such children. Corn. See't shalt thou never .- Fellows, hold the chair .-

Upon these eyes of thine I'll set my foot.

[GLOSTER is held down in his chair, while CORNWALL plucks out one of his eyes and sets his foot on it.

Glo. He that will think to live till he be old Give me some help!-O cruel!-O you gods! Reg. One side will mock another; the other

Corn. If you see vengeance,-

Hold your hand, my lord: T Serv. I have serv'd you ever since I was a child; But better service have I never done you

Than now to bid you hold.

How now, you dog! Reg. I Serv. If you did wear a beard upon your chin, mean?

I'd shake it on this quarrel. What do you Corn. My villain! [Draws, and runs at him. I Serv. Nay, then, come on, and take the chance of anger.

[Draws. They fight. CORN. is wounded Reg. Give me thy sword [to another Servant.] —A peasant stand up thus!

[Snatches a sword, comes behind, and stabs him. I Serv. O, I am slain! - My lord, you have one eye left

To see some mischief on them .-- O! Corn. Lest it see more, prevent it. -Out, vile jelly!

Where is thy lustre now?

Tears out GLOSTER's other eye, and throws it on the ground.

Glo. All dark and comfortless. -- Where's my son Edmund?

Edmund, enkindle all the sparks of nature. To quit this horrid act.

Out, treacherous villain! Thou call'st on him that hates thee: it was he That made the overture of thy treasons to us; Who is too good to pity thee.

O my follies!

Then Edgar was abus'd .-Kind gods, forgive me that, and prosper him! So long as we can say, This is the worst. Reg. Go thrust him out at gates, and let him [look you?

His way to Dover .- How is't, my lord? How Corn. I have receiv'd a hurt:-follow me.

lady.

Turn out that eyeless villain;—throw this slave Upon the dunghill.—Regan, I bleed apace: Untimely comes this hurt: give me your arm.

[Exit CORNWALL, led by REGAN; Servants unbind GLOSTER and lead him out. 2 Serv. I'll never care what wickedness I do

If this man come to good. If she live long,

3 Serv. And in the end meet the old course of death,

Women will all turn monsters. 2 Serv. Let's follow the old earl, and get

the Bedlam To lead him where he would: his roguish mad-

Allows itself to anything. 3 Serv. Go thou: I'll fetch some flax and whites of eggs

To apply to his bleeding face. Now, heaven. help him! Exeunt severally.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- The Heath.

Enter EDGAR.

Edg. Yet better thus, and known to be contemn'd. Than still contemn'd and flatter'd. To be

worst The lowest and most dejected thing of fortune, Stands still in esperance, lives not in fear: The lamentable change is from the best;

The worst returns to laughter. Welcome, then, Thou unsubstantial air that I embrace!

The wretch that thou hast blown unto the worst Owes nothing to thy blasts.-But who comes here?

Enter GLOSTER, led by an Old Man.

My father, poorly led?-World, world, O world! thee. But that thy strange mutations make us hate

Life would not yield to age.

Old Man. O, my good lord, I have been your tenant, and your father's tenant, these fourscore years. Glo. Away, get thee away; good friend, be

Thy comforts can do me no good at all.

Thee they may hurt.

Old Man. You cannot see your way. [eyes; Glo. I have no way, and therefore want no I stumbled when I saw: full oft 'tis seen Our means secure us, and our mere defects Prove our commodities.—O dear son Edgar, The food of thy abused father's wrath! Might I but live to see thee in my touch. I'd say I had eyes again!

Old Man.

Edg. [Aside.] O gods!

I am at the worst? Who is't can say,

I am worse than e'er I was Old Man. 'Tis poor mad Tom.

Edg. [Aside.] And worse I may be yet: the worst is not

Old Man. Fellow, where goest?

Glo. Is it a beggar-man? Old Man. Madman and beggar too.

Glo. He has some reasons, else he could not

I' the last night's storm I such a fellow saw; Which made me think a man a worm: my son Came then into my mind; and yet my mind

Was then scarce friends with him: I have heard more since.

As flies to wanton boys are we to the gods,-They kill us for their sport.

Edg. [Aside.] How should this be?-

Bad is the trade that must play fool to sorrow, Angening itself and others.—Bless thee, master! Glo. Is that the naked fellow?

Old Man.

Ay, my lord. Glo. Then, pr'ythee, get thee gone: if, for my sake,

Thou wilt o'ertake us, hence a mile or twain, I' the way toward Dover, do it for ancient love; And bring some covering for this naked soul, Which I'll entreat to lead me.

Old Man. Alack, sir, he is mad. Glo. 'Tis the times' plague when madmen

lead the blind.

Do as I bid thee, or rather do thy pleasure; Above the rest, be gone. [I ha I have, Old Man. I'll bring him the best 'parel that Come on't what will. Exit.

Glo. Sirrah, naked fellow,-Edg. Poor Tom's a-cold .- [Aside] I can-

not daub it further.

Glo. Come hither, fellow.

Edg. [Aside.] And yet I must.—Bless thy sweet eyes, they bleed.

Glo. Know'st thou the way to Dover?

Edg. Both stile and gate, horse-way and footpath. Poor Tom hath been scared out of his good wits:-bless thee, good man's son, from the foul fiend!-five fiends have been in poor Tom at once; of lust, as Obidicut, Hobbididance, prince of dumbness; Mahu, of stealing; Modo, of murder; Flibbertigibbet, of mopping and mowing,-who since possesses chambermaids and waiting-women. So, bless thee, master!

Glo. Here, take this purse, thou whom the heavens' plagues wretched Have humbled to all strokes: that I am Makes thee the happier; -heavens, deal so still! Let the superfluous and lust-dieted man,

That slaves your ordinance, that will not see Because he doth not feel, feel your power

quickly; So distribution should undo excess, [Dover? And each man have enough.-Dost thou know

Edg. Ay, master. head Glo. There is a cliff whose high and bending Looks fearfully in the confined deep:

Bring me but to the very brim of it

How now! Who's there? And I'll repair the misery thou dost bear

With something rich about me. from that place I shall no leading need.

Give me thy arm: Exeunt. Poor Tom shall lead thee.

Scene II .- Before the Duke of Albany s Palace.

Enter GONERIL and EDMUND; OSWALD meeting them.

Gon. Welcome, my lord: I marvel our mild [master? husband

Not met us on the way.-Now, where's your Osw. Madam, within; but never man so chang'd.

I told him of the army hat was landed; He smil'd at it: I told him you were coming; His answer was, The worse: of Gloster's treachery,

And of the loyal service of his son When I enform'd him, then he call'd me sot, And told me I had turn'd the wrong side out:-What most he should dislike seems pleasant to him:

What like offensive.

Gon. Then shall you go no further. To EDMUND. It is the cowish terror of his spirit.

That dares not undertake: he'll not feel wrongs, Which tie him to an answer. Our wishes on the way [brother; May prove effects. Back, Edmund, to my

Hasten his musters and conduct his powers: I must change arms at home, and give the distaff

Into my husband's hands. This trusty servant Shall pass between us: ere long you are like to hear,

If you dare venture in your own behalf, A mistress's command. Wear this; spare

speech: Giving a favour. Decline your head: this kiss, if it durst speak, Would stretch thy spirits up into the air:-

Conceive, and fare thee well.

Edm. Yours in the ranks of death. My most dear Gloster. Gon. Exit EDMUND.

O, the difference of man and man! To thee a woman's services are due:

My fool usurps my body. Osw. Madam, here comes my lord.

[Exit

Enter ALBANY.

Gon. I have been worth the whistle. O Goneril! You are not worth the dust which the rude wind Blows in your face. I fear your disposition: That nature which contemns its origin Cannot be border'd certain in itself: She that herself will silver and disbranch From her material sap, perforce must wither

And come to deadly use. Gon. No more; the text is foolish.

Alb. Wisdom and goodness to the vile seem vile: [done? Filths savour but themselves. What have you Tigers, not daughters, what have you perform'd? A father, and a gracious aged man, Whose reverence the head-lugg'd bear would

lick. madded. Most barbarous, most degenerate! have you Could my good brother suffer you to do it?

A man, a prince, by him so benefited! If that the heavens do not their visible spirits Send quickly down to tame these vile offences.

It will come,

Humanity must perforce prey on itself,

Like monsters of the deep.

Milk-liver'd man! Gon. That bear'st a cheek for blows, a head for wrongs;

Who hast not in thy brows an eye discerning Thine honour from thy suffering; that not know'st

Fools do those villains pity who are punish'd Ere they have done their mischief. Where's

thy drum? France spreads his banners in our noiseless land:

With plumed helm thy slayer begins threats; Whiles thou, a moral fool, sitt'st still, and criest, Alack, why does he so?

Alb. See thyself, devil! Proper deformity seems not in the fiend So horrid is in woman.

O vain fool! Gon.

Alb. Thou changed and self-cover'd thing, for shame, Be-monster not thy feature. Were't my fitness

To let these hands obey my blood. They are apt enough to dislocate and tear Thy flesh and bones --- howe'er thou art a fiend, A woman's shape doth shield thee.

Gon. Marry, your manhood now!

Enter a Messenger.

Alb. What new's? [wall's dead: Mess. O, my good lord, the Duke of Corn-Slain by his servant, going to put out The other eye of Gloster.

Alb. Gloster's eves! Mess. A servant that he bred, thrill'd with

remorse Oppos'd against the act, bending his sword To his great master; who, thereat enrag'd.

Flew on him, and amongst them fell'd him dead; [since But not without that harmful stroke which

Hath pluck'd him after. Alb. This shows you are above, You justicers, that these our nether crimes

So speedily can venge!—But, O poor Gloster! Lost he his other eye? Mess. Both, both, my lord .--

This letter, madam, craves a speedy answer; 'Tis from your sister.

Gon. [Aside.] One way I like this well; But being widow, and my Gloster with her, May all the building in my fancy pluck Upon my hateful life: another way The news is not so tart. -I'll read, and

answer. Exit. Alb. Where was his son when they did take

his eyes? Mess. Come with my lady hither.

Alb. He is not here. Mess. No, my good lord; I met him back

Alb. Knows he the wickedness?

Mess. Ay, my good lord, 'twas he inform'd against him: punishment And quit the house on purpose that their

Might have the freer course.

Ălb. Gloster, I hve To thank thee for the love thou show'dst the king. friend. And to revenge thine eyes .- Come hither, Tell me what more thou knowest. Exeunt.

Scene III .- The French Camp near Dover. Enter KENT and a Gentleman.

Kent. Why the King of France is so suddenly gone back know you the reason?

Gent. Something he left imperfect in the state, which since his coming forth is thought of; which imports to the kingdom so much fear and danger that his personal return was most required and necessary.

Kent. Who hath he left behind him general? Gent. The Mareschal of France, Monsieur la

Kent. Did your letters pierce the queen to any demonstration of grief? [my presence; Gent. Ay, sir; she took them, read them in And now and then an ample tear trill'd down Her delicate cheek, it seem'd she was a queen Over her passion; who, most rebel-like, Sought to be king o'er her.

Kent O, then it mov'd her. Gent. Not to a rage: patience and sorrow

Who should express her goodliest. You have Sunshine and rain at once: her smiles and tears Were like a better day: those happy smilets That play'd on her ripe lip seem'd not to know What guests were in her eyes; which parted thence

sorrow As pearls from diamonds dropp'd .-- In brief, Would be a rarity most belov'd if all

Could so become it.

Kent. Made she no verbal question? Gent. Faith, once or twice she heav'd the name of father

Pantingly forth, as if it press'd her heart Cried, Sisters! sisters! --Shame of ladies! sisters! i' the night? Kent! father! sisters! What, i' the storm? Let pity not be believ'd! - There she shook The holy water from her heavenly eyes, And clamour moisten'd: then away she started To deal with grief alone.

It is the stars. The stars above us, govern our conditions; Else one self mate and mate could not beget Such different issues. You spoke not with her since?

Gent. No.

Kent. Was this before the king return'd? No, since. Gent. Kent. Well, sir, the poor distressed Lear's

i' the town; Who sometime, in his better tune, remembers What we are come about, and by no means

Will yield to see his daughter. Gent.

Why, good sir? Kent. A sovereign shame so elbows him: his own unkindness, her That stripp'd her from his benediction, turn'd To foreign casualties, gave her dear rights To his dog-hearted daughters,-these things

His mind so venomously that burning shame Detains him from Cordelia.

Gent. Alack, poor gentleman! Kent. Of Albany's and Cornwall's powers you heard not?

Gent. Tis so they are a-foot.

Kent. Well, sir, I'll bring you to our master Lear,

And leave you to attend him, some dear cause Will in concealment wrap me up awhile; When I am known aright, you shall not grieve Lending me this acquaintance. I pray you,

Along with me. Exeunt.

Scene IV -The French Camp. A Tent.

Enter CORDELIA, Physician, and Soldiers.

Cor. Alack, 'tis he: why, he was met even

As mad as the vex'd sea, singing aloud, Crown'd with rank fumiter and furrow weeds, With harlocks, hemlock, nettles, cuckooflowers,

Darnel, and all the idle weeds that grow In our sustaining corn. - A century send forth; Search every acre in the high-grown field, And bring him to our eye. [Exit an Officer.]—
What can man's wisdom

In the restoring his bereaved sense?

He that helps him take all my outward worth. Phys There is means, madam: Our foster-nurse of nature is repose, The which he lacks, that to provoke in him

Are many simples operative, whose power Will close the eye of anguish. Cor. All bless'd secrets, All you unpublish'd virtues of the earth,

Spring with my tears! be aidant and remediate In the good man's distress!-Seek, seek for hım; Lest his ungovern'd rage dissolve the life

That wants the means to lead it.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. News, madam; The British powers are marching hitherward, Cor. 'Tis known before; our preparation

stands In expectation of them.—O dear father, It is thy business that I go about;

Therefore great France

My mourning and important tears hath pitied. No blown ambition doth our arms incite, But love, dear love, and our ag'd father's right:

Soon may I hear and see him! Exeunt.

Scene V .- A Room in GLOSTER'S Castle.

Enter REGAN and OSWALD.

Reg. But are my brother's powers set forth? Osw. Ay, madam.

Reg. Himself in person there? Madam, with much ado: Osw. [at home? Your sister is the better soldier. Reg. Lord Edmund spake not with your lord Osw. No, madam. Thim? Reg. What might import my sister's letter to Osw. I know not, lady. [matter. Reg. Faith, he is posted hence on serious

It was great ignorance, Gloster's eyes being

To let him live: where he arrives he moves All hearts against us: Edmund, I think, is gone, In pity of his misery, to despatch His nighted life; moreover, to descry The strength o' the enemy.

Osw. I must needs after him, madam, with [with us: my letter.

Reg. Our troops set forth to-morrow; stay The ways are dangerous. I may not, madam: Osw.

My lady charg'd my duty in this business. Reg. Why should she write to Edmund?

Might not you Transport her purposes by word? Belike Something, -I know not what:-I'll love thee much-

Let me unseal the letter.

Madam, I had rather,-Osw. Reg. I know your lady does not love her

husband: I am sure of that: and at her late being here She gave strange eyeliads and most speaking bosom. looks

To noble Edmund. I know you are of her know't: Osw. I, madam?

Reg. I speak in understanding; you are, I Therefore I do advise you, take this note: My lord is dead; Edmund and I have talk'd; And more convenient is he for my hand Than for your lady's .- You may gather more. If you do find him, pray you, give him this; And when your mistress hears thus much from

I pray, desire her call her wisdom to her. So, fare you well.

If you do chance to hear of that blind traitor, Preferment falls on him that cuts him off. Osw. Would I could meet him, madam! I

should show What party I do follow

Rea. Fare thee well. [Exeunt.

Scene VI.—The Country near Dover.

Enter GLOSTER and EDGAR dressed like a

peasant. Glo. When shall I come to the top of that

same hill? labour. Edg. You do climb up it now: look, how we Glo. Methinks the ground is even.

Edg. Horrible steep. Hark, do you hear the sea?

Glo. No, truly.

Edg. Why, then, your other senses grow imperfect By your eyes' anguish.

Glo. So may it be indeed: Methinks thy voice is alter'd; and thou speak'st In better phrase and matter than thou didst.

Edg. You are much deceiv'd: in nothing am I chang'd

But in my garments.

Glo. Methinks you're better spoken. And frustrate his proud will.

Edg. Come on, sir; here's the place:-stand still .--- How fearful

And dizzy 'tis to cast one's eyes so low! The crows and choughs that wing the midway Show scarce so gross as beetles: half way down Hangs one that gathers samphire,-dreadful trade!

Methinks he seems no bigger than his head: The fishermen that walk upon the beach Appear like mice; and youd tall anchoring bark Diminish'd to her cock; her cock a buoy Almost too small for sight: the murmuring

surge, That on the unnumber'd idle pebbles chafes, Cannot be heard so high.—I'll look no more; Lest my brain turn, and the deficient sight

Topple down headlong. Set me where you stand. Glo. Edg. Give me your hand:-you are now

within a foot Of the extreme verge: for all beneath the Would I not leap upright.

Let go my hand. Here, friend, 's another purse; in it a jewel Well worth a poor man's taking: fairnes and gods

Prosper it with thee! Go thou further off: Bid me farewell, and let me hear thee going.

Edg. Now, fare you well, good sir. [Seems to go. With all my heart. Glo.

Edg. Why I do trifle thus with his despair Is done to cure it. Glo.

O you mighty gods! This world I do renounce, and in your sights Shake patiently my great affliction off: If I could bear it longer, and not fall To quarrel with your great opposeless wills, My snuff and loathed part of nature should Burn itself out. If Edgar live, O bless him!-Now, fellow, fare thee well.

Edg. Gone, sir:-farewell.-[GLOSTER leaps, and falls along.

And yet I know not how conceit may rob The treasury of life, when life itself [thought, Yields to the theft: had he been where he By this had thought been past.-Alive or dead? Ho, you sir! friend!—Hear you, sir! speak! Thus might he pass indeed:—yet he revives.— What are you, sir?

Glo. Away, and let me die.

Edg. Hadst thou been aught but gossamer, feathers, air,

So many fathom down precipitating, Thou'dst shiver'd like an egg: but thou dost

breathe; art sound. Hast heavy substance; bleed'st not; speak'st;

Ten masts at each make not the altitude Which thou hast perpendicularly fell: Thy life's a miracle. - Speak yet again.

Glo. But have I fall'n, or no? Edg. From the dread summit of this chalky Look up a-height; -the shrill-gorg'd lark so far Cannot be seen or heard: do but look up.

Glo. Alack, I have no eyes. Is wretchedness depriv'd that benefit, fort, To end itself by death? 'Twas yet some com-When misery could beguile the tyrant's rage

Give me your arm: Eđg. Up:-so,-How is't? Feel you your legs?
You stand.

Glo. Too well, too well.

Edg. This is above all strangeness. Edg. Upon the crown o' the cliff what thing was that Which parted from you?

À poor unfortunate beggar. Edg. As I stood here below, methought his

eyes Were two full moons; he had a thousand noses, Horns whelk'd and wav'd like the enridged sea: It was some fiend; therefore, thou happy father, Think that the clearest gods, who make them honours

Of men's impossibilities, have preserv'd thee. Glo. I do remember now: henceforth I'll bear

Affliction till it do cry out itself, speak of. Enough, enough, and die. That thing you I took it for a man; often 'twould say,

The fiend, the fiend: he led me to that place. Edg. Bear free and patient thoughts .- But who comes here?

Enter LEAR, fantastically dressed up with flowers.

The safer sense will ne'er accommodate

His master thus. Lear. No, they cannot touch me for coin-

ing; I am the king himself. Edg. O thou side-piercing sight!

Lear. Nature's above art in that respect.-There's your press-money. That fellow handles his bow like a crow-keeper: draw me a clothier's yard.—Look, look, a mouse! Peace, peace; -this piece of toasted cheese will do't. —There's my gauntlet; I'll prove it on a giant.—Bring up the brown bills.—O, well flown, bird!—i' the clout, i' the clout: hewgh! --Give the word.

Edg. Sweet marjoram.

Lear. Pass. Glo. I know that voice.

Lear. Ha! Goneril, with a white beard!-They flattered me like a dog; and told me I had white hairs in my beard ere the black ones were there. To say ay and no to everything I said!-Ay and no, too, was no good divinity. When the rain came to wet me once, and the wind to make me chatter; when the thunder would not peace at my bidding; there I found 'em, there I smelt 'em out. Go to, they are not men o' their words: they told me I was everything; 'tis a lie,-I am not ague-proof.

Glo. The trick of that voice I do well remember:

Is't not the king?

Lear. Ay, every inch a king: When I do stare, see how the subject quakes. I pardon that man's life.—What was thy cause?-

Thou shalt not die: die for adultery! No: The wren goes to't, and the small gilded fly Does lecher in my sight.

Let copulation thrive; for Gloster's bastard son Was kinder to his father than my daughters Got 'tween the lawful sheets.

To't, luxury, pell-mell, for I lack soldiers .-

Behold youd simpering dame,

Whose face between her forks presages snow; That minces virtue, and does shake the head

To hear of pleasure's name;

The fitchew nor the soiled horse goes to't

With a more notous appetite.

Down from the waist they are centaurs.

Though women all above:

But to the girdle do the gods inherit,

Beneath is all the fiends'; there's hell, there's darkness,

There is the sulphurous pit, burning, scalding, stench, consumption;—fie, fie, fie! pah, pah! Give me an ounce of civit, good apothecary, to sweeten my imagination: there's money for thee.

Glo. O, let me kiss that hand! [tality. Lear. Let me wipe it first; it smells of mor-Glo. O ruin'd piece of nature! This great world [me?

Shall so wear out to naught .- Dost thou know Lear. I remember thine eyes well enough.
Dost thou squint at me? No, do thy worst, blind Cupid; I'll not love .- Read thou this

challenge; mark but the penning of it. Glo. Were all the letters suns, I could not see Edg. I would not take this from report;-

it is, And my heart breaks at it.

Lear. Read. Glo. What, with the case of eyes?

Lear. O, ho, are you there with me? No eyes in your head nor no money in your purse? Your eyes are in a heavy case, your purse in a light: yet you see how this world goes.

Glo. I see it feelingly. Lear. What, art mad? A man may see how this world goes with no eyes. Look with thine ears: see how yond justice rails upon yond simple thief. Hark, in thine ear: change places; and, handy-dandy, which is the justice, which is the thief?—Thou hast seen a farmer's dog bark at a beggar?

Glo. Ay, sir.

Lear. And the creature run from the cur? There thou mightest behold the great image of authority: a dog's obeyed in office.-

Thou rascal beadle, hold thy bloody hand! Why dost thou lash that whore? Strip thine

own back; Thou hotly lust'st to use her in that kind

For which thou whipp'st her. The userer hangs the cozener. Through tatter'd clothes small vices do appear;

Robes and furr'd gowns hide all. Plate sin with gold, And the strong lance of justice hurtless breaks:

Arm it in rags, a pigmy's straw doth pierce it. None does offend, none,-I say, none; I'll able 'em:

Take that of me, my friend, who have the power To seal the accuser's lips. Get thee glass eyes; And, like a scurvy politician, seem [now, now: To see the things thou dost not .- Now, now, Pull off my boots:-harder, harder:-so.

Edg. O, matter and impertinency mix'd!

Reason in madness! my eyes. Lear. If thou wilt weep my fortunes, take I know thee well enough; thy name is Gloster: Thou must be patient; we came crying hither: Thou know'st, the first time that we smell the 917

We wawl and cry.-I will preach to thee: mark. Glo. Alack, alack the day!

Lear. When we are born, we cry that we [block:arè come To this great stage of fools-This' a good It were a delicate stratagem to shoe A troop of horse with felt: I'll put't in proof;

And when I have stol'n upon these sons-in-law, Then kill, kill, kill, kill, kill, kill!

Enter a Gentleman, with Attendants.

Gent. O, here he is: lay hand upon him.-Sır,

Your most dear daughter,-[even Lear. No rescue? What, a prisoner? The natural fool of fortune.—Use me well;

You shall have ransom. Let me have surgeons;

I am cut to the brains.

Gent. You shall have anything. Lear. No seconds? all myself?

Why, this would make a man a man of salt. To use his eyes for garden water-pots,

Ay, and for laying Autumn's dust. Good sir, Gent. Lear. I will die bravely, like a smug bride-

groom. What! I will be jovial: come, come; I am a king,

My masters, know you that. Gent. You are a royal one, and we obey you. Lear. Then there's life in't. Nay, an you

get it, you shall get it by running. Sa, sa, sa, [Exit running; Attendants follow. Gent. A sight most pitiful in the meanest daughter, wretch,

Past speaking of in a king!-Thou hast one Who redeems nature from the general curse Which twain have brought her to.

Edg. Hail, gentle sir.

Gent. Sir, speed you: what's your will? Edg. Do you hear aught, sir, of a battle toward?

Gent. Most sure and vulgar: every one hears Which can distinguish sound.

Edg. But, by your favour, How near's the other army? [descry Gent. Near and on speedy foot; the main

Stands on the hourly thought. I thank you, sir: that's all. Gent. Though that the queen on special

cause is here. Her army is mov'd on.

I thank you, sir. [Exit Gent. Edg.Glo. Your ever-gentle gods, take my breath from me;

Let not my worser spirit tempt me again To die before you please!

Well pray you, father. Glo. Now, good sir, what are you?

Edg. A most poor man, made tame by

fortune's blows; Who, by the art of known and feeling sorrows,

Am pregnant to good pity. Give me your hand, I'll lead you to some biding. Hearty thanks:

The bounty and the bemson of heaven To boot, and boot!

Enter OSWALD.

A proclaim'd prize! Most happy! Osw. That eyeless head of thine was first fram'd flesh To raise my fortunes .- Thou old unhappy traitor,

Briefly thyself remember: -- the sword is out That must destroy thee.

Glo. Now let thy friendly hand Put strength enough to it. [EDGAR interposes. Osw. Wherefore, bold peasant, Dar'st thou support a publish'd traitor? Hence; Lest that the infection of his fortune take

Like hold on thee. Let go his arm. ['casion. Edg. Chill not let go, zir, without vurther Osw. Let go, slave, or thou diest!
Edg. Good gentleman, go your gait, and let

poor volk pass. And chud ha' been zwaggered out of my life, 'twould not ha' been zo long as 'tis by a vortnight. Nay, come not near the old man; keep out, che vor ye, or ise try whether your costard or my bat be the harder: chill be plain with you.

Osw. Out, dunghill! Edg. Chill pick your teeth, zir: come; no

matter vor your foins. They fight, and EDGAR knocks him down.

Osw. Slave, thou hast slain me:-villain, take my purse: If ever thou wilt thrive, bury my body;

And give the letters which thou find'st about To Edmund Earl of Gloster; seek him out Upon the British party:-O, untimely death!

Dies. Edq. I know thee well: a serviceable villain; As duteous to the vices of thy mistress As badness would desire.

Glo. What, is he dead? Edg. Sit you down, father; rest you .-

Let's see these pockets: the letters that he speaks of

May be my friends.—He's dead; I am only He had no other death's-man.-Let us see:-Leave, gentle wax; and, manners, blame us not:

To know our enemies' minds we'd rip their hearts;

Their papers is more lawful.

[Reads.] Let our reciprocal vows be remembered. You have many opportunities to cut him off: if your will want not, time and place will be fruitfully offered. There is nothing done if he return the conquerer, then am I the prisoner, and his bed my gaol; from the loathed warmth whereof deliver me, and supply the place for your labour.

Your (wife, so I would say) affectionate servant. GONERIL.

O undistinguish'd space of woman's will! A plot upon her virtuous husband's life;

And the exchange my brother!-Here, in the sands,

Thee I'll rake up, the post unsanctified Of murderous lechers: and in the mature time With this ungracious paper strike the sight Of the death-practis'd duke: for him 'tis well

That of thy death and business I can tell. [Exit EDGAR, dragging out the body. Glo. The king is mad: how stiff is my vile sense,

That It stand up, and have ingenious feeling Of my huge sorrows! Better I were distract: So should my thoughts be sever'd from my griefs,

And woes by wrong imaginations lose The knowledge of themselves.

Re-enter EDGAR.

Give me your hand: [Drum afar off.

Far off, methinks, I hear the beaten drum: Come, father, I'll bestow you with a friend.

Scene VII.—A Tent in the French Camp.

LEAR on a bed asleep, soft music playing; Physician, Gentleman, and others attending.

Enter CORDELIA and KENT.

Cor. O thou good Kent, how shall I live and work ftoo short, To match thy goodness? My life will be And every measure fail me. [paid. Kent. To be acknowledg'd, madam, is o'er-

All my reports go with the modest truth;

Nor more nor chpp'd, but so. Be better suited: Cor. These weeds are memories of those worser

hours:

I pr'ythee, put them off. Pardon, dear madam; Kent. Yet to be known shortens my made intent: My boon I make it that you know me not

Till time and I think meet. Cor. Then be't so, my good lord.—How does the king? [To the Physician.

Phys. Madam, sleeps still.

Cor. O you kind gods, Cure this great breach in his abused nature! The untun'd and jarring senses, O, wind up Of this child-changed father!

Phys. So please your majesty That we may wake the king: he hath slept

Cor. Be govern'd by your knowledge, and I' the sway of your own will. Is he array'd? Gent. Ay, madam; in the heaviness of sleep We put fresh garments on him.

Phys. Be by, good madam, when we do awake him;

I doubt not of his temperance.

Cor. Very well.

Phys. Please you, draw near .- Louder the music there!

Cor. O my dear father! Restoration hang Thy medicine on my lips; and let this kiss Repair those violent harms that my two sisters Have in thy reverence made!

Kent. Kind and dear princess! Cor. Had you not been their father, these white flakes

Had challeng'd pity of them. Was this a face Pray you now, forget and forgive: I am old To be oppos'd against the warring winds? To stand against the deep dread bolted thunder? In the most terrible and nimble stroke Of quick, cross lightning? to watch,-poor

perdu!-

With this thin helm? Mine enemy's dog. Though he had bit me, should have stood that father,

Against my fire; and wast thou fain, poor with the Earl of Kent in Germany.

To hovel thee with swine and rogues forlorn, In short and musty straw? Alack, alack!
'Tis wonder that thy life and wits at once [him. Had not concluded all .- He wakes; speak to

Phys. Madam, do you; 'tis fittest.

Cor. How does my royal lord? How fares your majesty? [the grave:—Lear. You do me wrong to take me out o' Thor art a soul in bliss, but I am bound

Upon a wheel of fire, that mine own tears

Do scald like molten lead.

Cor. Sir, do you know me? Lear. You are a spirit, I know: when did you die?

Cor. Still, still far wide! Phys. He's scarce awake: let him alone Lear. Where have I been? Where am I?— Fair daylight?-

I am mightily abus'd.—I should e'en die with To see another thus.-I know not what to

say.-I will not swear these are my hands:—let's see; I feel this pin prick. Would I were assur'd Of my condition!

Cor. O, look upon me, sir,

And hold your hands in benediction o'er me. -No, sir, you must not kneel.

Lear. Pray, do not mock me: I am a very foolish fond old man, [less; Fourscore and upward, not an hour more nor

And, to deal plainly, I fear I am not in my perfect mind. [man; Methinks I should know you, and know this Yet I am doubtful: for I am mainly ignorant

What place this is, and all the skill I have Remembers not these garments; nor I know not

Where I did lodge last night. Do not laugh at me;

For, as I am a man, I think this lady

To be my child Cordelia. And so I am, I am. Cor. Lear. Be your tears wet? yes, faith. I pray.

weep not: If you have poison for me I will drink it. I know you do not love me; for your sisters Have, as I do remember, done me wrong:

You have some cause, they have not. No cause, no cause. Cor. Lear. Am I in France?

Kent. In your own kingdom, sir. Lear. Do not abuse me.

Phys. Be comforted, good madam: the great

You see, is kill'd in him: and yet it is danger To make him even o'er the time he has lost. Desire him to go in; trouble him no more

Till further settling. Cor. Will't please your highness walk? You must bear with me: Lear.

and foolish. [Excunt LEAR., COR., Phys., and Attendants. Gent. Holds it true, sir, that the Duke of

Cornwall was so slain?

Kent. Most certain, sir. Gent. Who is conductor of his people? Kent. As 'tis said, the bastard son of Gloster. Gent. They say Edgar, his banished son, is

Kent. Report is changeable. 'Tis time to As they are going out, enter EDGAR, disguised. look about; the powers of the kingdom approach apace.

Gent. The arbitrement is like to be bloody.

Fare you well, sir. Exit.

Kent. My point and period will be thoroughly wrought,

Or well or ill, as this day's battle's fought. Exit.

ACT V.

Scene I .- The Camp of the British Forces near Dover.

Enter with drum and colours, EDMUND, REGAN, Officers, Soldiers, and others

Edm. Know of the Duke if his last purpose hold.

Or whether since he is advis'd by aught To change the course: he's full of alteration And self-reproving:-bring his constant pleas-

To an Officer who goes out. Reg. Our sister's man is certainly miscarried. Edm. 'Tis to be doubted, madam.

Reg. Now, sweet lord, You know the goodness I intend upon you: Tell me, -but truly, -but then speak the truth, Do you not love my sister?

Edm. In honour'd love. Reg. But have you never found my brother's

way To the forfended place?

Eđm. That thought abuses you. Reg. I am doubtful that you have been conjunct

And bosom'd with her, as far as we call hers. Edm. No, by mine honour, madam.

Reg. I never shall endure her: dear my lord, Be not familiar with her,

Edm. Fear me not:-She and the duke her husband!

Enter, with drum and colours, ALBANY GONERIL and Soldiers.

Gon. [Aside.] I had rather lose the battle than that sister

Should loosen him and me.

Alb. Our very loving sister, well be-met. Sir this I heard,—the king is come to his daughter,

With others whom the rigour of our state Forc'd to cry out. Where I could not be honest I never yet was valuant: for this business, It toucheth us, as France invades our land Not bolds the king, with others whom, I fear, Most just and heavy causes make oppose. Edm. Sir, you speak nobly.

Reg. Why is this reason'd? Gon. Combine together 'gainst the enemy; For these domestic and particular broils

Are not the question here. Let's then, determine With the ancient of war on our proceeding. Edm. I shall attend you presently at your

tent. Reg. Sister, you'll go with us?

Gon. No.

Reg. 'Tis most convenient; pray you, go with us. will go. Gon. [Aside.] O, ho, I know the riddle.—I

Edg. If e'er your grace had speech with man so poor, Hear me one word.

I'll overtake you.-Speak. Alb. [Exeunt EDM., REG., GON., Officers, Soldiers, and Attendants.

Edg. Before you fight the battle, ope this letter.

If you have victory, let the trumpet sound For him that brought it: wretched though I seem.

I can produce a champion that will prove What is avouched there. If you miscarry, Your business of the world hath so an end. And machination ceases. Fortune love you! Alb. Stay till I have read the letter.

Edg. I was forbid it. When time shall serve, let but the herald cry,

And I'll appear again. Alb. Why, fare thee well: I will o'erlook

Exit EDGAR.

Re-enter EDMUND.

Edm. The enemy's in view; draw up your powers.

Here is the guess of their true strength and forces

By diligent discovery; -- but your haste Is now urg'd on you.

thy paper.

We will greet the time. Alb. Exit. Edm. To both these sisters have I sworn my love;

Each jealous of the other, as the stung Are of the adder. Which of them shall 1 take?

Both? one? or neither? Neither can be enjoy'd If both remain alive: to take the widow Exasperates, makes mad her sister Goneril; And hardly shall I carry out my side. Her husband being alive Now, then, we'll 1150 [done,

His countenance for the battle; which being Let her who would be rid of him devise His speedy taking off. As for the mercy Which he intends to Lear and to Cordelia,--The battle done, and they within our power, Shall never see his pardon: for my state Stands on me to defend, not to debate. [Exit.

Scene II .- A Field between the two Camps.

Alarum within. Enter, with drum and colours, LEAR, CORDELIA. and their Forces; and Exeunt.

Enter EDGAR and GLOSTER.

Edg. Here, father, take the shadow of this fthrive: For your good host; pray that the right may It ever I return to you again I'll bring you comfort.

Glo. Grace go with you, sir! Exit EDGAR.

Alarum and Retreat within. Re-enter EDGAR.

Edg. Away, old man,—give me thy hand,-[ta'en: away King Lear hath lost, he and his daughter Give me thy hand; come on-

Glo. No further, sir; a man may rot even here. [endure

Edg. What, in ill thoughts again? Men must Their going hence, even as their coming lither: Ripeness is all;—come on.

Glo. And that's true too. [Excunt.

Scene III .- The British Camp near Dover,

Enter, in conquest, with drum and colours, EDMUND; LEAR and CORDELIA prisoners; Officers, Soldiers, &c.

Edm. Some officers take them away: good guard,

Until their greater pleasures first be known That are to censure them.

Cor. We are not the first, Who, with best meaning, have incurr'd the

For thee, oppressed king, am I cast down; Myself could else out-frown false fortune's

frown.— Sasters?
Shall we not see these daughters and these
Lear. No, no, no, nol Come, let's away
to prison:

We two alone will sing like burds?' the cage: When thou dost ask me blessing I'll kneel down And ask of thee forgiveness: so we'll live, And pray, and sing, and tell old tales, and laugh At gilded butterflies, and hear poor rogues Talk of court news; and we'll talk with them

Who loses and who wins; who's in, who's And take upon's the mystery of things As if we were God's spies: and we'll wear out In a wall'd prison packs and sects of great ones That ebb and flow by the moon.

Edm. Take them away.
Lear. Upon such sacrifices, my Cordelia,

The gods themselves throw incense. Have I caught thee?
He that parts us shall bring a brand from And fire us hence like foxes. Wipe thine eyes; The good years shall devour them, flesh and fell,

Ere they shall make us weep; we'll see 'em starve first.

Come. [Excunt Lear and Cor., guarded. Edm. Come hither, captain: hark.

Take thou this note [giving a paper]; go follow them to prison:

One step I have advanc'd thee; if thou dost As this instructs thee, thou dost make thy way To noble fortunes: know thou this,—that men Are as the time is: to be tender-mudel Does not become a sword:—thy great employ-

Does not become a sword:—thy great employment Will not bear question; either say thou'lt do't,

Or thrive by other means.

Off.

I'll do't, my lord.

Edm. About it; and write happy when thou hast done.

Mark.—I say, instantly: and carry it so

Mark,—I say, instantly: and carry it so As I have set it down.

Off. I cannot draw a cart nor eat dried oats; If it be man's work I will do't. [Exit.

Flourish Enter ALBANY, GONERIL, REGAN, Officers and Attendants.

Alb. Sir, you have shown to-day your valiant

And fortune led you well: you have the captives Who were the opposites of this day's strife: We do require them of you, so to use them As we shall find their ments and our safety May equally determine.

Edm. Sir, I thought it fit
To send the old and miserable king
To some retention and appointed guard;
Whose age has charms in it, whose title more,
To pluck the common bosom on his side,
And turn our impress'd lances in our eyes
Which do command them. With him I sent

the queen;
My reason all the same; and they are ready
To-morrow, or at further space, to appear
Where you shall hold your session. At this

time (friend; We sweat and bleed: the friend hath lost his And the best quarrels, in the heat, are curs'd By those that feel their sharpness:—

The question of Cordelia and her father Requires a fitter place.

Alb. Sir, by your patience I hold you but a subject of this war, Not as a brother.

Reg. That's as we list to grace him.

Methinks our pleasure might have been demanded

Ere you had spoke so far. He led our powers; Bore the commission of my place and person; The which immediacy may well stand up And call itself your brother.

Gon. Not so hot: In his own grace he doth exalt himself, More than in your addition.

Reg. In my rights,
By me invested, he compeers the best.
Gon. That were the most, if he should hus-

band you.

Reg. Jesters do oft prove prophets.

Gon.

Holla, holla!

That eye that told you so look'd but asquint.

Reg. Lady, I am not well; else I should answer
From a full-flowing stomach.—General,

Take thou my soldiers, prisoners, patrimony; Dispose of them, of me; the walls are thine: Witness the world that I create thee here My lord and master.

Gon. Mean you to enjoy him?

Alb. The let-alone lies not in your good-will.

Edm. Nor in thine, lord.

Half-blooded fellow, yes.

Alb. Half-blooded fellow, yes.

Reg. Let the drum strike, and prove my title
thine. [To Edmund.

Alb. Stay yet: hear reason.—Edmund, I arrest thee

On capital treason; and, in thy arrest,
This gilded serpent [pointing to GONERIL].—

thou

For your claim, fair sister,
I bar it in the interest of my wife;
'Tis she is sub-contacted to this lord,
And I, her husband, contradict your bans.
loats; If you will marry, make your loves to me,—
[Exit. My lady is bespoke.

An interlude! Gon. Alb. Thou art arm'd, Gloster:-let the trumpet sound:

If none appear to prove upon thy person The heinous, manifest, and many treasons,

There is my pledge [throwing down a glove];
I'll make it on thy heart,
Ere I taste bread, thou art in nothing less Than I have here proclaim'd thee.

Sick, O, sick! Gon. [Aside.] If not, I'll ne'er trust medicine. Edm. There's my exchange [throwing down a glove]: what in the world he is

That names me traitor, villain-like he lies: Call by thy trumpet: he that dares approach, On him, on you, who not? I will maintain My truth and honour firmly.

Alb A herald, ho!

Edm.

A herald, ho, a herald! Trust to thy single virtue; for thy Albsoldiers,

All levied in my name, have in my name

Took their discharge.

My sickness grows upon me. Reg. Alb. She is not well; convey her to my tent. Exit REGAN led

Enter a Herald.

Come hither, herald, -Let the trumpet sound, - No tearing, lady; I perceive you know it.

And read out this.

Off. Sound, trumpet! [A trumpet sounds Herald. [Reads] If any man of quality or degree within the lists of the army will maintain upon Edmund, supposed Earl of Gloster, that he is a manifold traitor, let him appear by the third sound of the trumpet: he is bold in his defence.

Edm. Sound! [z Trumpet. Herald. Again! 2 Trumpet Herald. Again! 3 Trumpet.

Trumpet answers within. Enter EDGAR, armed, and preceded by a trumpet.

Alb. Ask him his purposes, why he appears Upon this call o' the trumpet.

What are you? Herald. Your name, you quality? and why you answer

This present summons? Know, my name is lost;

By treason's tooth bare-gnawn and canker-bit. Yet am I noble as the adversary

I come to cope.

Alb. Which is that adversary? Edg. What's he that speaks for Edmund

Earl of Gloster? Edm. Himself:-what say'st thou to him?

Edg.Draw thy sword, That, if my speech offend a noble heart, Thy arm may do the justice: here is mine. Behold, it is the privilege of mine honours, My oath, and my profession: I protest,-Maugre thy strength, youth, place, and emin-

Despite thy victor sword and fire-new fortune, Thy valour and thy heart,—thou art a traitor; False to thy gods, thy brother, and thy father; Conspirant 'gainst this high illustrious prince; And, from the extremest upward of thy head To the descent and dust below thy foot, A most toad-spotted traitor. Say thou No.

This sword, this arm, and my best spirits, are bent

To prove upon thy heart, whereto I speak. Thou hest.

Edm. In wisdom I should ask thy name; But, since thy outside looks so fair and warlike. And that thy tongue some say of breeding breathes,

What safe and nicely I might well delay By rule of knighthood, I disdain and spurn. Back do I toss these treasons to thy head; With the hell-hated lie o'erwhelm thy heart.

Which,-for they yet glance by and scarcely bruise. This sword of mine shall give them instant way.

Where they shall rest for ever.—Trumpets. speak!

They Fight EDMUND falls Alarums. Alb. Save him, save him!

This is practice, Gloster. Gon. By the law of arms thou wast not bound to

An unknown opposite; thou art not vanquish'd. But cozen'd and beguil'd.

Alb. Shut your mouth, dame, Or with this paper shall I stop it:-hold, sir, Thou worse than any name, read thine own evil'-

Gives the letter to EDMUND. Gon. Say, if I do, -the laws are mine, not

thine: Who can arraign me for't?

Alb Most monstrous!

Know'st thou this paper? Ask me not what I know. Gon. Exit.

Alb. Go after her: she's desperate; govern her. [To an Officer, who goes out Edm. What you have charg'd me with, that have I done;

And more, much more; the time will bring it 'Tis past, and so am I.—But what art thou That hast this fortune on me? If thou'rt noble

I do forgive thee. Edg. Let's exchange charity

I am no less in blood than thou art, Edmund; If more, the more thou hast wrong'd me. My name is Edgar, and thy father's son. The gods are just, and of our pleasant vices

Make instruments to plague us: The dark and vicious place where thee he got

Cost him his eyes.

Edm. Thou hast spoken right, 'tis true;

The wheel is come full circle; I am here. Alb. Methought thy very gast did prophesy A royal nobleness:—I must embrace thee: Let sorrow split my heart if ever I

Did hate thee or thy father!

Edg. Worthy prince, I know't.
Alb. Where have you hid yourself?

How have you known the miseries of your father? tale; --

Edg. By nursing them, my lord. - List a brief And when 'tis told, O, that my heart would burst!-

The bloody proclamation to escape, [ness! That follow'd me so near,-O, our lives' sweet-That with the pain of death we'd hourly die Rather than die at once!-taught me to shift

Into a madman's rags; to assume a semblance That very dogs disdain'd: and in this habit Met I my father with his bleeding rings, Their precious stones new lost; became his

Led him, begg'd for him, sav'd him from despair;
Never,—O fault!—reveal'd myself unto him Until some half-hour past, when I was arm'd; Not sure, though hoping, of this good success, I ask'd his blessing, and from first to last Told him my pilgrimage: but his flaw'd heart,-Alack, too weak the conflict to support!-'Twixt two extremes of passion, joy and grief, Burst smilingly.

Edm This speech of yours hath mov'd me, And shall perchance do good but speak you on; You look as you had something more to say

Alb. If there be more, more woeful, hold it in:

For I am almost ready to dissolve,

Hearing of this. This would have seem'd a period To such as love not sorrow; but another, To amplify too much, would make much more. And top extremity. man Whilst I was big in clamour, came there a Who, having seen me in my worst estate. Shunn'd my abhorr'd society; but then, finding Who 'twas that so endur'd, with his strong arms He fasten'd on my neck, and bellow'd out As he'd burst heaven; threw him on my father; Told the most piteous tale of Lear and him That ever ear receiv'd: which in recounting His grief grew puissant, and the strings of life Began to crack twice then the trumpet sounded, And there I left him tranc'd. But who was this? Alb.

Edg. Kent, sir, the banish'd Kent, who in disguise

Follow'd his enemy king, and did him service Improper for a slave.

Enter a Gentleman hastily, with a bloody knife. Gent. Help, help, O, help!

What kind of help? Edg. Alb. Speak, man.

Edg. What means that bloody knife? 'Tis hot, it smokes; Gent.

It came even from the heart of -O, she's dead! Who dead? speak, man. Alb.

Gent. Your lady, sir, your lady: and her sister By her is poison'd; she hath confess'd it.

Edm. I was contracted to them both: all three

Now marry in an instant.

Here comes Kent. Edg. Alb. Produce the bodies, be they alive or [tremble,

This judgment of the heavens, that makes us Touches us not with pity. Exit Gentleman.

Enter KENT.

O, is this he? The time will not allow the compliment Which very manners urges. Kent. I am come

To bid my king and master aye good-night:

Is he not here?

Alb. Great thing of us forgot!-Speak, Edmund, where's the king? and where's Cordelia?

[The bodies of GON. and REG. are brought in. See'st thou this object, Kent?

Kent. Alack, why thus?

Yet Edmund was belov'd: Edm.The one the other poison'd for my sake, And after slew herself.

Alb. Even so .- Cover their faces. Edm. I pant for life:—some good I mean to Despite of mine own nature. Quickly send,-Be brief in it.—to the castle: for my writ Is on the life of Lear and on Cordelia:-

Nay, send in time.

Alb. Run, run, O, run! [send Edg To who, my lord?—Who has the office? Thy token of reprieve.

Edm. Well thought on: take my sword,

Give it the captain.

Alb. Haste thee, for thy life. Exit EDGAR.

Edm. He hath commission from thy wife and me

To hand Cordelia in the prison, and To lay the blame upon her own despair. That she forded herself.

Alb. The gods defend her!—Bear him hence awhile. [EDMUND is borne off.

Re-enter LEAR, with CORDELIA dead in his arms; EDGAR, Officer, and others following.

Lear. Howl, howl, howl!-O, you are men of stones:

Had I your tongues and eyes, I'd use them so That heaven's vault should crack .- She's gone for ever!-

I know when one is dead and when one lives; She's dead as earth.—Lend me a looking-glass; If that her breath will mist or stain the stone, Why, then she lives.

Kent. Is this the promis'd end? Edg. Or image of that horror

Alb. Fall, and cease! Lear. This feather surs; she lives! if it be so,

It is a chance which does redeem all sorrows That ever I have felt.

Kent. O my good master! [Kneeling.

Lear. Pr'ythee, away.
Eda. 'Tis noble Kent, your friend. Lear. A plague upon you, murderers, traitors all!

I might have sav'd her; now she's gone for Cordeha, Cordelia! stay a httle. Ha!

What is't thou say'st?-Her voice was ever soft. [woman.~

and low,-an excellent Gentle, and low,—an excellent thing I kill'd the slave that was a-hanging thee. thing in

Off. 'Tis true, my lords, he did. Lear. Did I not, fellow?

I have seen the day, with my good biting falchion,

I would have made them skip: I am old now, And these same crosses spoil me.-Who are you?

Mine eyes are not o' the best:-I'll tell you straight. [hated, Kent. If fortune brag of two she lov'd and

[Kent? One of them we behold. Lear. This is a dull sight. Are you not

Kent. The same, Your servant Kent.-Where is your servant Caius?

Lear. He's a good fellow, I can tell you that; He'll strike, and quickly too:—he's dead and rotten.

Kent No, my good lord; I am the very man,-Lear. I'll see that straight Kent. That from your first of duference and

decay Have follow'd your sad steps.

You are welcome hither. Lear. Kent. Nor no man else:-all's cheerless, dark, and deadly.-

Your eldest daughters have foredone themselves,

And desperately are dead.

Ay, so I think. Lear. Alb. He knows not what he says; and vain is

That we present us to him. Very bootless. Edq.

Enter an Officer.

Off. Edmund is dead, my lord. Alb. That's but a trifle here.-

You lords and noble friends, know our intent. What comfort to this great decay may come Shall be applied: for us, we will resign, During the life of this old majesty

To him our absolute power:—you to your rights; [To EDGAR and KENT.

With boot, and such addition as your honours Have more than merited .- All friends shall Shall never see so much nor live so long. taste

The wages of their virtue, and all foes The cup of their deservings.—O, see, see!

Lear. And my poor fool is hang'd! No,
no, no, life!

Why should a dog, a horse, a rat have life, And thou no breath at all? Thou'lt come no

more, Never, never, never, never, never!— Pray you, undo this button:—thank you, sir.—

Do you see this? Look on her, -look -her ups,-

Look there, look there!-He dies. Edg. He faints!—My lord, my lord!— Kent. Break, heart; I pr'ythee, break!

Edg.Look up, my lord Kent. Vex not his ghost: O, let him pass! he hates him

That would upon the rack of this rough world Stretch him out longer.

Edg.He is gone indeed.

Kent. The wonder is he hath endur'd so long:

He but usurp'd his life. business Alb. Bear them from hence.-Our present Is general woe.-Friends of my soul, you twain

To KENT and EDGAR. Rule in this realm, and the gor'd state sustain. Kent. I have a journey, sir, shortly to go:

My master calls me, -I must not say no. Edg. The weight of this sad time we must obey;

Speak what we feel, not what we ought to say. The oldest hath borne most: we that are young

[Exeunt, with a dead march.

ROMEO AND JULIET

PERSONS REPRESENTED

ESCALUS, Prince of Verona.

PARIS, a Young Nobleman, Kinsman to the Prince.

MONTAGUE, \Heads of two Houses at variance CAPULET, with each other.
An Old Man, Uncle to CAPULET.
ROMEO, Son to MONTAGUE.

MERCUTIO, Kinsman to the Prince, and Friend to ROMEO.

BENVOLIO. Naphew to MONTAGUE, and Friend to ROMEO.

TYBALT, Nephew to LADY CAPULET. FRIAR LAWRENCE, a Franciscan. FRIAR JOHN, of the same Order. BALTHASAR, Servant to ROMEO.

SAMPSON, Servants to CAPULET

GREGORI,)

PROLOGUE.

Two households, both alike in dignity, In fair Verona, where we lay our scene, From ancient grudge break to new mutiny, Where civil blood makes civil hands unclean. From forth the fatal loins of these two foes A pair of star-cross'd lovers take their life; Whose misadventur'd piteous overthrows

Do with their death bury their parents' strife. The fearful passage of their death-mark'd love, And the continuance of their parents' rage,

Which but their children's end naught could remove,
Is now the two hours' traffic of our stage:

Is now the two hours' traffic of our stage; The which, if you with patient ears attend, PETER, Servant to JULIET'S Nurse. ABRAHAM, Servant to MONTAGUE An Apothecary. Three Musicians.

Chorus.
Page to Paris; another Page.
An Officer.

LADY MONTAGUE, Wife to MONTAGUE. LADY CAPULET, Wife to CAPULET. JULIET, Daughter to CAPULET. Nurse to JULIET.

Citizens of Verona; several Men and Women, relations to both Houses; Maskers, Guards, Watchmen, and Attendants.

Scene,-During the greater part of the play in Verona; once, in the Fifth Act, at Mantua.

What here shall miss our toil shall strive to mend.

ACT I.

Scene I .- A public Place.

Enter Sampson and Gregory, armed with swords and bucklers.

Sam. Gregory, o' my word, we'll not carry coals.

Gre. No, for then we should be colliers.
Sam. I mean, an we be in choler we'll draw.
Gre. Ay, while you live, draw your neck out

o' the collar.
Sam. I strike quickly, being moved.

Gre. But thou art not quickly moved to strike. Sam. A dog of the house of Montague moves

Gre. To move is to stir; and to be valiant is to stand: therefore, if thou art moved, thou runn'st away.

Sam. A dog of that house shall move me to stand: I will take the wall of any man or maid of Montague's.

Gre. That shows thee a weak slave; for the

weakest goes to the wall.

Sam. True; and therefore women, being the weaker vessels, are ever thrust to the wall therefore I will push Montague's men from the

wall and thrust his maids to the wall. Gre. The quarrel is between our masters and

us their men.

Sam. 'Tis all one, I will show myself a tyrant: when I have fought with the men I will be cruel with the maids, and cut off their heads.

Gre. The heads of the maids?

Sam. Ay, the heads of the maids, or their maidenheads; take it in what sense thou wilt.

Gre. They must take it in sense that feel it. Sam. Me they shall feel while I am able to stand: and 'tis known I am a pretty piece of flesh.

Gre. 'Tis well thou art not fish; if thou hadst, thou hadst been poor-John .- Draw thy tool, here comes two of the house of the Montagues. Sam. My naked weapon is out: quarrel, I will back thee.

Gre. How! turn thy back and run?

Sam. Fear me not

Gre. No. marry; I fear thee! Sam. Let us take the law of our sides; let them begin.

Gre. I will frown as I pass by; and let them take it as they list.

Sam. Nay, as they dare. I will bite my thumb at them; which is a disgrace to them if they bear it.

Enter ABRAHAM and BALTHASAR.

Abr. Do you bite your thumb at us, sir? Sam. I do bite my thumb, sir.

Abr. Do you bite your thumb at us, sir? Sam. Is the law of our side if I say ay? Gre. No.

Sam. No, sir, I do not bite my thumb at you, sir; but I bite my thumb, sir.

Gre. Do you quarrel, sir? Abr. Quarrel, sir! no, sir.

Sam. If you do, sir, I am for you: I serve as good a man as you.

Abr. No better.

Sam. Well, sir.

Gre. Say better: here comes one of my master's kinsmen.

Sam. Yes, better, sir.

Abr. You he.

Sam. Draw, if you be men .- Gregory, remember thy swashing blow. They fight.

Enter BENVOLIO.

Ben. Part, fools! put up your swords; you know not what you do.

Enter TYBALT.

Tub. What, art thou drawn among these heartless hinds?

Turn thee, Benvolio, look upon thy death. Ben. I do but keep the peace put up thy

sword, Or manage it to part these men with me.

Tyb. What, drawn, and talk of peace! I hate the word

As I hate hell, all Montagues, and thee: Have at thee, coward! They fight.

Enter several of both Houses, who join the fray; then enter Citizens with clubs.

I Cit. Clubs, bills, and partisans! strike! beat them down! [tagues!

Down with the Capulets! Down with the Mon-Enter Capulet in his gown, and Lady Capulet.

Cap. What noise is this?—Give me my long sword, ho!

Lady C. A crutch, a crutch!-Why call you for a sword?

Cap. My sword, I say!-Old Montague is come,

And flourishes his blade in spite of me. Enter Montague and Lady Montague. Mon. Thou villain Capulet!-Hold me not,

let me go. Lady M. Thou shalt not stir a foot to seek a foe.

Enter PRINCE, with Attendants.

Prin. Rebellious subjects, enemies to peace, Profaners of this neighbour-stained steel,-Will they not hear?—What, ho! you men, you beasts,

That quench the fire of your pernicious rage With purple fountains issuing from your veins,-On pain of terture, from those bloody hands, Thorw your mistemper'd weapons to the ground. And hear the sentence of your moved prince.-Three civil brawls, bred of an airy word, By thee, old Capulet and Montague, Have thrice disturb'd the quiet of our streets: And made Verona's ancient citizens Cast by their grave beseeming ornaments, To wield old partisans in hands as old, Canker'd with peace, to part your canker'd hate: If ever you disturb our streets again, Your lives shall pay the forfeit of the peace. For this time, all the rest depart away.-You, Capulet, shall go along with me; --And, Montague, come you this afternoon, To know our further pleasure in this case, To old Free-town, our common judgmentplace. -

Once more, on pain of death, all men depart. [Excunt PRIN. and Attendants; CAP., LADY

C., TyB., Citizens, and Servants.

Mon. Who set this ancient quarrel new abroach?-

Speak, nephew, were you by when it began? Ben. Here were the servants of your adversary

And yours close fighting ere I did approach: I drew to part them: in the instant came [Beats down their swords. The fiery Tybalt, with his sword prepar'd;

Which, as he breath'd defiance to my ears, He swung about his head, and cut the winds. Who, nothing hurt withal, hiss'd him in scorn: While we were interchanging thrusts and blows, Came more and more, and fought on part and

Till the prince came, who parted either part.

Lady M. O, where is Romeo?—saw you

him to-day?— Right glad I am he was not at this fray. [sun Ben. Madam, an hour before the worshipp'd Peer'd forth the golden window of the east, A troubled mind drave me to walk abroad; Where,-underneath the grove of sycamore That westward rooteth from the city's side,-So early walking did I see your son: Towards him I made; but he was ware of me, And stole into the covert of the wood: I, measuring his affections by my own,-That most are busied when they're most alone,-Pursu'd my humour, not pursuing his, And gladly shunn'd who gladly fled from me. Mon. Many a morning hath he there been

With tears augmenting the fresh morning's dew, Adding to clouds more clouds with his deep

sighs: But all so soon as the all-cheering sun Should in the furthest east begin to draw The shady curtains from Aurora's bed, Away from light steals home my heavy son, And private in his chamber pens himself; Shuts up his windows, locks fair daylight out, And makes himself an artificial night: Black and portentous must this humour prove, Unless good counsel may the cause remove.

Ben. My noble uncle, do you know the cause? Mon. I neither know it nor can learn of him. Ben. Have you importun'd him by any means? Mon. Both by myself and many other friends.

But he, his own affections' counsellor. Is to himself, -I will not say how true,-But to himself so secret and so close, So far from sounding and discovery, As is the bud bit with an envious worm Ere he can spread his sweet leaves to the air, Or dedicate his beauty to the sun. Could we but learn from whence his sorrows

grow, We would as willingly give cure as know. Ben. See where he comes: so please you, step aside;

I'll know his grievance or be much denied. Mon. I would thou wert so happy by thy stay To hear true shrift. -- Come, madam, let's away. [Exeunt MONTAGUE and Lady.

Enter ROMEO.

Ben. Good-morrow, cousin.

Is the day so young? Ben. But new struck nine.

Ay me! sad hours seem long. Rom. Was that my father that went hence so fast?

Ben. It was. - What sadness lengthens Romeo's hours? ithem short. Rom. Not having that which, having, makes

Ben. In love? Rom. Out .-

Ben. Of love?

Rom. Out of her favour where I am in love. Ben. Alas, that love, so gentle in his view, Should be so tyrannous and rough in proof!

Rom. Alas, that love, whose view is muffled still.

Should, without eyes, see pathways to his Where shall we dine?—O me!—What fray was here?

Yet tell me not, for I have heard it all. Here's much to do with hate, but more with

Why, then, O brawling love! O loving hate! O anything, of nothing first create! O heavy lightness! serious vanity!

Mis-shapen chaos of well-seeming forms! Feather of lead, bright smoke, cold fire, sick health!

Still-waking sleep, that is not what it is!— This love feel I, that feel no love in this. Dost thou not laugh?

Ben. No, coz, I rather weep. Rom. Good heart, at what? Ben. At thy good heart's oppression. Rom. Why, such is love's transgression.-Gnefs of mine own lie heavy in my breast;

Which thou wilt propagate, to have it prest With more of thine: this love that thou hast shown

Doth add more grief to too much of mine own. Love is a smoke rais'd with the fume of sighs; Being purg'd, a fire sparkling in lovers' eyes; Being vex'd, a sea nourish'd with lovers' tears: What is it else? a madness most discreet, A choking gall, and a preserving sweet.-

Farewell, my coz. Going. Ben. Soft! I will go along:

An if you leave me so, you do me wrong. Rom. Tut, I have lost myself; I am not here; This is not Romeo, he's some other where. Ben. Tell me in sadness who is that you love. Rom. What, shall I groan and tell thee?

Groan! why, no; Ben. But sadly tell me who. Rom. Bid a sick man in sadness make his

Ah, word ill urg'd to one that is so ill!-In sadness, cousin, I do love a woman.

Ben. I aim'd so near when I suppos'd you lov'd. fair I love.

Rom. A right good marksman!-And she's Ben. A right fair mark, fair coz, is soonest Rom. Well, in that hit you miss: she'll not

With Cupid's arrow,—she hath Dian's wit; And in strong proof of chastity well arm'd, From love's weak childish bow she lives unharm'd.

She will not stay the siege of loving terms Nor bide the encounter of assailing eyes, Nor ope her lap to saint-seducing gold: O, she is rich in beauty; only poor,

That, when she dies, with beauty dies her store. Ben. Then she hath sworn that she will still live chaste? [huge waste; Rom. She hath, and in that sparing makes For beauty, starv'd with her severity,

Cuts beauty off from all posterity. She is too fair, too wise; wisely too fair, To merit bliss by making me despair: She hath forsworn to love; and in that vow Do I live dead that live to tell it now.

Rom. O, teach me how I should forget to

Ben. By giving liberty unto thine eyes; Ben. by givens ______. Examine other beauties. 'Tis the way

To call hers, exquisite, in question more: These happy masks that hiss fair ladies' brows; Being black, put us in mind they hide the fair; He that is strucken blind cannot forget The precious treasure of his eyesight lost: Show me a mistress that is passing fair, What doth her beauty serve but as a note Where I may read who pass'd that passing fair? Farewell: thou canst not teach me to forget.

Ben. I'll pay that doctrine or else die in debt. Exeunt.

Scene II.—A Street.

Enter Capulet, Paris, and Servant.

Cap. But Montague is bound as well as I, In penalty alike; and 'tis not hard, I think,

For men so old as we to keep the peace. Par. Of honourable reckoning are you both; And pity 'tis you hv'd at odds so long.

But now, my lord, what say you to my suit? Cap. But saying o'er what I have said before: My child is yet a stranger in the world, She hath not seen the change of fourteen years; Let two more summers wither in their pride Ere we may think her ripe to be a bride.

Par. Younger than she are happy mothers made.

Cap. And too soon marr'd are those so early Earth hath swallow'd all my hopes but she,-Sue is the hopeful lady of my earth: But woo her, gentle Paris, get her heart, My will to her consent is but a part; An she agree, within her scope of choice Lies my consent and fair according voice. This night I hold an old accustom'd feast, Whereto I have invited many a guest, Such as I love; and you, among the store, One more, most welcome, makes my number more.

At my poor house look to behold this night Earth-treading stars that make dark heaven light:

Such comfort as do lusty young men feel When well-apparell'd April on the heel Of limping winter treads, even such delight Among fresh female buds shall you this night Inherit at my house; hear all, all see, And like her most whose ment most shall be: Such, amongst view of many, mine being one, May stand in number, though in reckoning none.

Come, go with me.—Go, sirrah, trudge about Through fair Verona; find those persons out Whose names are written there [gives a paper], and to them say.

My house and welcome on their pleasure stay.

Exeunt CAPULET and PARIS. Serv. Find them out whose names are written here! It is written that the shoemaker should meddle with his yard, and the tailor with his last, the fisher with his pencil, and the painter with his nets; but I am sent to find those persons whose names are here writ, and

Ben. Be rul'd by me, forget to think of her. can never find what names the writing person hath here writ. I must to the learned:-in good time.

Enter BENVOLIO and ROMEO.

Ben. Tut, man, one fire burns out another's burning,

One pain is lessen'd by another's anguish: Turn giddy, and be holp by backward turning; One desperate grief cures with another's languish:

Take thou some new infection to thy eye, And the rank poison of the old will die.

Rom. Your plantain-leaf is excellent for that.

Ben. For what, I pray thee? Rom. For your broken shin.

Ben. Why, Romeo, art thou mad? Rom. Not mad, but bound more than a

madman is; Shut up in prison, kept without my food,

Whippid and tormented, and-God-den, good fellow.

Serv. God gi' god-den.—I pray, sir, can you Rom. Ay, mine own fortune in my misery. Serv. Perhaps you have learned it without book: but, I pray, can you read anything you

see? [language. Rom. Ay, if I know the letters and the

Serv. Ye say honestly: rest you merry! Rom. Stay, fellow; I can read. [Reads. Signior Martino and his wife and daughters; Reads. County Anselme and his beauteous sisters; the lady widow of Vitruvio; Signior Placentio and his lovely nieces; Mercutio and his brother Valentine; mine uncle Capulet, his wife and daughters; my fair niece Rosaline; Livia; Signior Valentio and his cousin Tybalt; Lucio and the lively Helena.

A fair assembly [gives back the paper]: whither should they come?

Serv. Up. Rom. Whither?

Serv. To supper; to our house.

Rom. Whose house?

Serv. My master's. before. Rom. Indeed, I should have ask'd you that Serv. Now I'll tell you without asking: my master is the great rich Capulet; and if you be not of the house of Montagues, I pray, come

and crush a cup of wine. Rest you merry! Ben. At this same ancient feast of Capulet's Sups the fair Rosaline whom thou so lov'st; With all the admired beauties of Verona: Go thither; and, with unattainted eye,

Compare her face with some that I shall show, And I will make thee think thy swan a crow. Rom. When the devout religion of mine eye

Maintains such falsehood, then turn tears to And these, -who, often drown'd, could never

Transparent heretics, be burnt for liars! One fairer than my love! the all-seeing sun Ne'er saw her match since first the world begun. by,

Ben. Tut, you saw her fair, none else being Herself pois'd with herself in either eye: But in that crystal scales let there be weigh'd Your lady's love against some other maid

That I will show you shining at this feast, And she shall scant show well that now shows best.

Rom. I'll go along, no such sight to be shown, But to rejoice in splendour of mine own. [Exeunt.

Scene III .- A Room in Capuler's House.

Enter LADY CAPULET and Nurse.

Lady C. Nurse, where's my daughter? call her forth to me.

Nurse. Now, by my maidenhead,—at twelve year old,— [bird!—I bade her come.—What lamb! what, lady-

I bade her come.—What lamb! what, lady-God forbid!—where's this girl?—what, Juliet!

Enter JULIET.

Jul. How now, who calls?

Nurse. Your mother.
Jul. Madam, I am here.

What is your will?

Lady C. This is the matter,—Nurse, give leave awhile,
We must talk in secret:—nurse, come back I have remember'd me, thou's hear our counsel. Thou know's my dampher's of a pretty ear.

Thou know'st my daughter's of a pretty age.

Nurse. Faith, I can tell her age unto an
hour.

Lady C. She's not fourteen.

Nurs. I'll lay fourteen of my teeth,—
And yet, to my teen be it spoken, I have but
four.

She is not fourteen. How long is it now To Lammas-tide?

Lady C. A fortnight and odd days.

Nurse. Even or odd, of all days in the year,

Come Lammas-eve at night shall she be

fourteen.

Susan and she, - God rest all Christian souls!-Were of an age: well, Susan is with God; She was too good for me:- but, as I said, On Lammas-eve at night shall she be fourteen; That shall she, marry; I remember it well. 'Tis since the earthquake now eleven years, And she was wean'd, -I never shall forget it,-Of all the days of the year, upon that day: For I had then laid wormwood to my dug, Sitting in the sun under the dove-house wall; My lord and you were then at Mantua: Nay, I do bear a brain: but, as I said, When it did taste the wormwood on the nipple Of my dug, and felt it bitter, pretty fool, To see it tetchy, and fall out with the dug! Shake, quoth the dovehouse: 'twas no need, I trow.

To bid me trudge. And since that time it is eleven years; For then she could stand alone; nay, by the

rood
She could have run and waddled all about;
For even the day before, she broke her brow:
And then my husband, God be with his soul!
'A was a merry man, took up the child:
'Year night he does they fell warn the face?

Yea, quoth he, dost thou fall upon thy face? Thou wilt fall backward when thou hast more wit:

Wilt thou not, Jule? and, by my holidame, The pretty wretch left crying, and said Ay: To see, now, how a jest shall come about! I warrant, an I should live a thousand years, I never should forget it: Wili thou not, Jule?
quoth he;

And, pretty fool, it stinted, and said Ay.

Lady C. Enough of this; I pray thee, hold

thy peace. [laugh, Nurse. Yes, madam;—yet I cannot choose but To think it should leave crying, and say Ay:
And yet I warrant it had upon its brown.

And yet, I warrant, it had upon its brow A bump as big as a young cockerel's stone; A parlous knock; and it cried bitterly.

Yea, quoth my husband, fall'si upon thy face? Thou wilt fall backward when thou coni'st to age; Wilt thou not, Jule? it stinted, and said Ay.

Jul. And stint thou too, I pray thee, nurse, say I. [to his grace! Nurse. Peace, I have done. God mark thee Thou wast the prettiest babe that e'er I nurs'd:

An I might live to see thee married once,
I have my wish. [theme Lady C. Marry, that marry is the very
I came to talk of.—Tell me, daughter Juliet,

I came to talk of.—Tell me, daughter Juliet. How stands your disposition to be married? Jul. It is an honour that I dream not of.

Nurse. An honour! were not I thine only nurse, [thy teat. I would say thou hadst suck'd wisdom from

I would say thou hadst suck'd wisdom from Lady C. Well, think of marriage now; younger than you,

Here in Verona, ladies of esteem,
Ale made already mothers: by my count
I was your mother much upon these years
That you are now a maid. Thus, then, in
brief;—

The valuant Paris seeks you for his love.

Nurse. A man, young lady! lady, such a

As all the world—why, he's a man of wax.

Lady C. Verona's summer hath not such a flower.

Nurse. Nay, he's a flower; in faith, a very flower. [gentleman?

Lady C. What say you? can you love the This right you shall behold him at our feast; Read o'er the volume of young Paris' face, And find delight wit there with beauty's pen; Examine every married lineament, And see how one another lends content; And what obscur'd in this fair volume les Find written in the margent of his eyes. This precious book of love, this unbound lover, To beautify him, only lacks a cover: The fish lives in the sea; and 'tis much pride For fair without the fair within to hide: That book in many's eyes doth share the glory That in gold clasps locks in the golden story; So shall you share all that he doth possess, By having him, making yourself no less.

Nurse. No less! nay, bigger; women grow by men. [love? Lady C. Speak briefly, can you like of Paris' Jul. I'll look to like, if looking liking move: But no more deep will I endart mine eye [fly. Than your consent gives strength to make it

Enter a Servant.

Serv. Madam, the guests are come, supper served up, you called, my young lady asked

for, the nurse cursed in the pantry, and every- Take our good meaning, for our judgment sits thing in extremity. I must hence to wait; I Five times in that ere once in our five wits. beseech you, follow straight.

Lady C. We follow thee. [Exit Servant.]—

Juliet, the county stays.

Nurse. Go, girl, seek happy nights to happy Exeunt.

Scene IV .- A Street.

Enter Romeo, Mercutio, Benvolio, with five or six Maskers, Torch-bearers, and others.

Rom. What, shall this speech be spoke for our excuse?

Or shall we on without apology?

Ben. The date is out of such prolixity: We'll have no Cupid hoodwink'd with a scarf, Bearing a Tartar's painted bow of lath, Scaring the ladies like a crow-keeper: Nor no without-book prologue, faintly spoke After the prompter, for our entrance: But, let them measure us by what they will, We'll measure them a measure, and be gone. Rom. Give me a torch,—I am not for this ambling;

Being but heavy, I will bear the light.

Mer. Nay, gentle Romeo, we must have you

dance.

Rom. Not I, believe me: you have dancing shoes.

With nimble soles: I have a soul of lead

So stakes me to the ground I cannot move. Mer. You are a lover; borrow Cupid's wings. And soar with them above a common bound.

Rom. I am too sore enpierced with his shaft To soar with his light feathers; and so bound, I cannot bound a pitch above dull woe:

Under love's heavy burden do I sink. Mer. And to sink in it should you burden Too great oppression for a tender thing.

Rom. Is love a tender thing? it is too rough, Too rude, too boisterous; and it pricks like thorn.

Mer. If love be rough with you, be rough with love:

Prick love for pricking, and you beat love down.

Give me a case to put my visage in:

Putting on a mask. A visard for a visard!-what care I

What curious eye doth quote deformities? Here are the beetle-brows shall blush for me. Ben. Come, knock and enter; and no sooner

But every man betake him to his legs.

Rom. A torch for me: let wantons, light of heart, Tickle the senseless rushes with their heels;

For I am proverb'd with a grandsire phrase,-I'll be a candle-holder, and look on,-

The game was ne'er so fair, and I am done. Mer. Tut, dun's the mouse, the constable's own word:

If thou art dun, we'll draw thee from the mire Of this-sur-reverence-love, wherein thou stick'st

Up to the ears .--Come, we burn daylight, ho. Rom. Nay, that's not so.

I mean, sir, in delay Wo waste our lights in vain, like lamps by day. Rom. And we mean well in going to this

mask: But 'tis no wit to go.

Why, may one ask? Mer.

Rom. I dreamt a dream to-night. Mer. And so did I. Rom. Well, what was yours?

Mer. That dreamers often lie. Rom. In bed asleep, while they do dream

things true. with you. Mer. O, then, I see Queen Mab hath been

She is the fairies' midwife; and she comes In shape no bigger than an agate-stone, On the fore-finger of an alderman, Drawn with a team of little atomies Athwart men's noses as they he asleep:

Her waggon-spokes made of long spinners' legs;

The cover, of the wings of grasshoppers; The traces, of the smallest spider's web; The collars, of the moonshine's watery beams; Her whip, of cricket's bone; the lash, of film; Her waggoner, a small gray-coated gnat, Not half so big as a round little worm Prick'd from the lazy finger of a maid: Her chariot is an empty hazel-nut Made by the joiner squirrel or old grub, Time out o' mind the fairies' coachmakers. And in this state she gallops night by night Through lovers' brains, and then they dream of love;

O'er courtiers' knees, that dream on court'sies straight;

O'er lawyers' fingers, who straight dream on fees:

O'er ladies' lips, who straight on kisses dream,-Which off the angry Mab with blisters plagues. Because their breaths with sweatmeats tainted

are: Sometime she gallops o'er a courtier's nose. And then dreams he of smelling out a suit And sometime comes she with a tithe-pig's tail, Tickling a parson's nose as 'a lies asleep, Then dreams he of another benefice: Sometime she driveth o'er a soldier's neck. And then dreams he of cutting foreign throats, Of breaches, ambuscadoes, Spanish blades, Of healths five fathom deep; and then anon Drums in his ear, at which he starts and wakes; And, being thus frighted, swears a prayer or two,

And sleeps again. This is that very Mab That plats the manes of horses in the night; And bakes the elf-locks in foul sluttish hairs, Which, once untangled, much misfortune bodes:

This is the hag, when maids lie on their backs, That presses them, and learns them fast to bear,

Making them women of good carriage: This is she,

Rom. Peace, peace, Mercutio, peace,

Rom.
Thou talk'st of nothing.

True, I talk of dreams, Which are the children of an idle brain, Begot of nothing but vain fantasy Which is as thin of substance as the air, And more inconstant than the wind, who wooes

Even now the frozen bosom of the north, And, being anger'd, puffs away from thence, Turning his face to the dew-dropping south.

Ben. This wind you talk of blows us from ourselves:

Supper is done, and we shall come too late. Rom. I fear, too early: for my mind misgives Some consequence, yet hanging in the stars, Shall bitterly begin his fearful date With this night's revels; and expire the term Of a despised life, clos'd in my breast, By some vile forfest of untimely death: But He that hath the steerage of my course

Direct my sail!-On, lusty gentlemen. Ben. Strike, drum.

SCENE V .- A Hall in CAPULET'S House.

Musicians waiting. Enter Servants.

r Serv. Where's Potpan, that he helps not to take away? he shift a trencher! he scrape a trencher!

2 Serv. When good manners shall lie all in one or two men's hands, and they unwashed

too, 'tis a foul thing.

I Serv. Away with the joint-stools, remove the court-cupboard, look to the plate:-good thou, save me a piece of marchpane; and as thou lovest me let the porter let in Susan Grindstone and Nell.—Antony! and Potpan!

2 Serv. Ay, boy, ready.
1 Serv. You are looked for and called for, asked for and sought for in the great chamber.

2 Serv. We cannot be here and there too .-Cheerly, boys; be brisk awhile, and the longer liver take all. They retire behind.

Enter Capulet, &c., with the Guests and the Maskers.

Cap. Welcome, gentlemen! ladies that have their toes Unplagu'd with corns will have a bout with Ah ha, my mistresses! which of you all Will now deny to dance? she that makes dainty, she,

I'll swear hath corns; am I come near you now? Welcome, gentlemen! I have seen the day That I have worn a visard; and could tell A whispering tale in a fair lady's ear,

Such as would please;—'tis gone, 'tis gone, 'tis gone: [cians, play.-You are welcome, gentlemen!-Come, musi-A hall,—a hall! give room, and foot it, girls.

Music plays, and they dance. More light, you knaves; and turn the tables up. And quench the fire, the room is grown too hot.

Ah, sirrah, this unlook'd-for sport comes well. Nay, sit, nay, sit, good cousin Capulet; For you and I are past our dancing days: How long is't now since last yourself and I Were in a mask?

2 Cap. By'r Lady, thirty years. Cap. What, man! 'tis not so much, 'tis not so much:

'Tis since the nuptial of Lucentio, Come Pentecost as quickly as it will,

Some five-and-twenty years; and then we Now seeming sweet, convert to bitter gall mask'd.

2 Cap. 'Tis more, 'tis more: his son is elder, sir;

His son is thirty.

Will you tell me that? His son was but a ward two years ago. Rom. What lady is that which doth enrich the hand

Of yonder knight?

Serv. I know not, sir. [bright! Rom. O, she doth teach the torches to burn It seems she hangs upon the cheek of night Like a rich jewel in an Ethiop's ear; Beauty too rich for use, for earth too dear! So shows a snowy dove trooping with crows

As yonder lady o'er her fellows shows. The measure done, I'll watch her place of stand, And, touching hers, make blessed my rude hand.

Did my heart love till now? forswear it, sight! For I ne'er saw true beauty till this night.

Tyb. This, by his voice, should be a Montague .slave Fetch me my rapier, boy:-what, dares the Come hither, cover'd with an antic face,

To fleer and scorn at our solemnity? Now, by the stock and honour of my kin. To strike him dead I hold it not a sin.

Cap. Why, how now, kinsman! wherefore

storm you so? Tyb. Uncle, this is a Montague, our foe; A villain, that is hither come in spite,

To scorn at our solemnity this night. Cap. Young Romeo, is it?

Tyb. 'Tis he, that villain, Romeo. Cap. Content thee, gentle coz, let him alone,

He bears him like a portly gentleman; And, to say truth, Verona brags of him To be a virtuous and well-govern'd youth: I would not for the wealth of all the town Here in my house do him disparagement: Therefore be patient, take no note of him.-It is my will; the which if thou respect, Show a fair presence and put off these frowns, An ill-beseeming semblance for a feast.

Tyb. It fits, when such a villain is a guest: I'll not endure him.

Cap. He shall be endur'd. What, goodman, boy!—I say he shall;—go to; Am I the master here or you? go to. Isout. You'll not endure him!-God shall mend my You'll make a mutiny among my guests!
You will set cock-a-hoop! you'll be the man! Tyb. Why, uncle, 'tis a shame.

Go to, go to; You are a saucy boy. Is't so, indeed? This trick may chance to scath you,-I know

what: You must contrary me! marry, 'tis time.— Well said, my hearts!—You are a princox; go:

Be quiet, or-More light, more light!-For shame! Pll make you quiet .- What, -cheerly, my

hearts. Tyb. Patience perforce with wilful choler

meeting Makes my flesh tremble in their different

greeting.
I will withdraw: but this intrusion shall

Exit.

Rom. If I profane ith my unworthiest hand [To JULIET. This holy shrine, the gentle fine is this,-

My lips, two blushing pilgrims, ready stand

Jul. Good pilgrim, you do wrong your hand

too much, Which mannerly devotion shows in this;

For saints have hands that pilgrims' hands do

And palm to palm is holy palmers' kiss. Rom. Have not saints lips, and holy palmers prayer.

Jul Ay, pilgrim, hps that they must use in Rom. O, then, dear saint, let lips do what hands do; despair.

They pray, grant thou, lest faith turn to Jul. Saints do not move, though grant for prayers' sake. I take.

Rom. Then move not while my prayer's effect Thus from my lips, by yours, my sin is purg'd.

Kissing her. Jul. Then have my lips the sin that they have took. [urg'd!

Rom. Sin from my lips? O trespass sweetly Give me my sin again.

You kiss by the book. Jul.with you.

Rom. What is her mother?

Nurse. Marry, bachelor, Her mother is the lady of the house, And a good lady, and a wise and virtuous: I nurs'd her daughter that you talk'd withal; I tell you, he that can lay hold of her Shall have the chinks.

Rom.Is she a Capulet? O dear account! my life is my foe's debt. Ben. Away, be gone, the sport is at the best.

Rom. Ay, so I fear; the more is my unrest. Cap. Nay, gentlemen, prepare not to be gone,

We have a trifling foolish banquet towards .-Is it e'en so? why, then I thank you all, I thank you, honest gentlemen, good-night .-More torches here!-Come on, then let's to

bed. flate: Ah, sirrah [to 2 Cap.], by my fay, it waxes I'll to my rest.

[Exeunt all but JULIET and Nurse. Jul. Come hither, nurse. What is you

gentleman?
Nurse. The son and heir of old Tiberio. Jul. What's he that now is going out of docr? ftruchio.

Nurse. Marry, that I think be young Pe-jul. What's he that follows there, that would not dance?

Nurse. I know not.

Jul. Go ask his name: if he be marned. My grave is like to be my wedding-bed. Nurse. His name is Romeo, and a Montague;

The only son of your great enemy.

Jul. My only love sprung from my only hate! Too early seen unknown, and known too late! Prodigious birth of love it is to me, That I must love a loathed enemy

Nurse. What's this? What's this?

Ju1. A rhyme I learn'd even now Of one I danc'd withal.

[One calls within, "Juliet," Nurse. Anon, anon! To smooth that rough touch with a tender Come, let's away; the strangers are all gone. Exeunt.

Enter Chorus.

Now old desire doth in his death-bed lie And young affection gapes to be his heir; That fair for which love groan'd for, and would die,

With tender Juliet match'd, is now not fair. Now Romeo is belov'd, and loves again, Alike bewitched by the charm of looks;

But to his foe suppos'd he must complain, And she steal love's sweet bast from fearful hooks:

Being held a foe, he may not have access To breathe such vows as lovers us'd to swear. And she as much in love, her means much less

To meet her new-beloved anywhere: [meet. But passion lends them power, time means to Tempering extremities with extreme sweet. Exit.

ACT II.

Nurse. Madam, your mother craves a word Scene I .- An open place adjoining Capuler's Ğarden.

Enter Romeo.

Rom. Can I go forward when my heart is here?

Turn back, dull earth, and find thy centre out. [He climbs the wall and leaps down within it.

Enter Benvolio and Mercutio.

Ben. Romeo! my cousin Romeo!

Мет. He is wise; And, on my life, hath stol'n him home to bed. Ben. He ran this way, and leap'd this orchard wall:

Call, good Mercutio.

Mer. Nay, I'll conjure too .- -Romeo! humours! madman! passion! lover! Appear thou in the likeness of a sigh: Speak but one rhyme and I am satisfied,

Cry but, Ah me! pronounce but Love and dove:

Speak to my gossip Venus one fair word, One nickname for her purblind son and heir, Young auburn Cupid, he that shot so trim When King Cophetua lov'd the beggarmaid!-

He heareth not, he stirreth not, he moveth not. The ape is dead, and I must conjure him. I conjure thee by Rosaline's bright eyes, By her high forehead and her scarlet lip, By her fine foot, straight leg, and quivering

thigh, And the demesnes that there adjacent lie, That in thy likeness thou appear to us!

Ben. An if he hear thee, thou wilt anger him. Mer. This cennot anger him: 'twould anger him

To raise a spirit in his mistress' circle, Of some strange nature, letting it there stand Till she had laid it, and conjur'd it down; That were some spite: my invocation Is fair and honest, and, in his mistress' name, I conjure only but to raise up him. Ben. Come, he hath hid himself among these To be consorted with the humorous night:

Blind is his love, and best befits the dark.

Mer. If love be blind, love cannot hit the mark.

Now will he sit under a medlar tree, And wish his mistress were that kind of fruit As maids call medlars when they laugh alone.-Romeo, good-night.—I'll to my truckle-bed; This field-bed is too cold for me to sleep: Come, shall we go?

Go, then; for 'tis in vain Ben. To seek him here that means not to be found. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Capulet's Garden.

Enter ROMEO.

Rom. He jests at scars that never felt a wound.

[JULIET appears above at a window. But, soft! what light through yonder window breaks?

It is the east, and Juliet is the sun!-Arise, fair sun, and kill the envious moon, Who is already sick and pale with grief, That thou her maid art far more fair than she: Be not her maid, since she is envious; Her vestal livery is but sick and green, And none but fools do wear it; cast it off.-It is my lady; O, it is my love! O, that she knew she were!-She speaks, yet she says nothing: what of that? Her eye discourses, I will answer it. I am too bold, 'tis not to me she speaks: Two of the fairest stars in all the heaven, Having some business do entreat her eyes To twinkle in their spheres till they return. What if her eyes were there, they in her head? The brightness of her cheek would shame those stars.

As daylight doth a lamp; her eyes in heaven Would through the airy region stream so bright That birds would sing, and think it were not

night.-See how she leans her cheek upon her hand! O, that I were a glove upon that hand, That I might touch that cheek!

Jul.Ah me! Rom. She speaks:-O, speak again, bright angel! for thou art As glorious to this night, being o'er my head, As is a winged messenger of heaven Unto the white-upturned wondering eyes Of mortals that fall back to gaze on him When he bestrides the lazy-pacing clouds And sails upon the bosom of the air.

Jul. O Romeo, Romeo! wherefore art thou Romeo?

Deny thy father and refuse thy name; Or, if thou wilt not, be but sworn my love, And I'll no longer be a Capulet.

Rom. [Aside.] Shall I hear more, or shall I speak at this?

Jul. 'Tis but thy name that is my enemy; Thou art thyself though, not a Montague.

What's Montague? It is nor hand, nor foot, Nor arm, nor face, nor any other part Belonging to a man. O, be some other name! What's in a name? that which we call a rose, By any other name would smell as sweet; So Romeo would, were he not Romeo call'd Retain the dear perfection which he owes Without that title:—Romeo, doff thy name; And for that name, which is no part of thee, Take all myself.

Rom. I take thee at thy word: Call me but love, and I'll be new baptiz'd; Henceforth I never will be Romeo.

Jul. What man art thou, that, thus bescreen'd in night,

So stumblest on my counsel?

Rom. By a name I know not how to tell thee who I am: My name, dear saint, is hateful to myself. Because it is an enemy to thee; Had I it written, I would tear the word.

Jul. My ears have not yet drunk a hundled Of that tongue's utterance, yet I know the Art thou not Romeo, and a Montague?

Rom. Neither, fair saint, if either thee dislike.

Jul. How cam'st thou hither, tell me, and wherefore?

The orchard walls are high and hard to climb; And the place death, considering who thou art, If any of my kinsmen find thee here.

Rom. With love's light wings did I o'er-

perch these walls; For stony limits cannot hold love out: And what love can do, that dares love attempt; Therefore thy kinsmen are no let to me.

Jul. If they do see thee they will murder thee. [eye Rom. Alack, there lies more peril in thine Than twenty of their swords: look thou but

sweet And I am proof against their enmity. Jul. I would not for the world they saw thee Rom. I have night's cloak to hide me from

their sight; And, but thou love me, let them find me here: My life were better ended by their hate

Than death prorogued wanting of thy love. Jul. By whose direction found'st thou out this place? inquire;

Rom. By love, who first did prompt me to He lent me counsel, and I lent him eyes. I am no pilot; yet, wert thou as far As that vast shore wash'd with the furthest sea.

I would adventure for such merchandise. Jul. Thou know'st the mask of night is on my face,

Else would a maiden blush bepaint my cheek For that which thou hast heard me speak tonight.

Fain would I dwell on form, fain, fain deny What I have spoke: but farewell compliment! Dost thou love me? I know thou wilt say Ay; And I will take thy word: yet, if thou swear'st, Thou mayst prove false; at lovers' perjuries They say Jove laughs. O gentle Romeo, If thou dost love, pronounce it faithfully: Or, if thou think'st I am too quickly won,

I'll frown, and be perverse, and say thee nay,

So thou wilt woo; but else, not for the world. In truth, fair Montague, I am too fond; And therefore thou mayst think my haviour I do beseech thee,-

But trust me, gentleman, I'll prove more true Than those that have more cunning to be strange.

I should have been more strange, I must confess,

But that thou over-heard'st, ere I was 'ware, My true love's passion: therefore pardon me; And not impute this yielding to light love, Which the dark night hath so discovered.

swear,

That tips with silver all these fruit-tree tops,-Jul. O, swear not by the moon, the inconstant moon,

That monthly changes in her circled orb, Lest that thy love prove likewise variable.

Rom. What shall I swear by?

Do not swear at all; Jul. Or, if thou wilt, swear by thy gracious self, Which is the god of my idolatry, And I'll believe thee

If my heart's dear love,-Rom. Jul. Well, do not swear: although I joy in

thee, I have no joy of this contract to-night: It is too rash, too unadvis'd, too sudden;

Too like the lightning, which doth cease to be Ere one can say, It lightens. Sweet, goodnight!

This bud of love, by summer's ripening breath, May prove a beauteous flower when next we rest

Good-night, good-night! as sweet repose and Come to thy heart as that within my breast! Rom. O, wilt thou leave me so unsatisfied? Jul. What satisfaction canst thou have tonight?

Rom. The exchange of thy love's faithful vow for mine. fauest it:

Jul. I gave thee mine before thou didst re-And yet I would it were to give again.

Rom. Wouldst thou withdraw it? for what purpose, love?

Jul. But to be frank, and give it thee again. And yet I wish but for the thing I have: My bounty is as boundless as the sea, My love as deep; the more I give to thee The more I have, for both are infinite.

Nurse calls within. I hear some noise within; dear love, adicu!-Anon, good nurse!-Sweet Montague, be true. Stay but a little, I will come again. Exit.

Rom. O blessed, blessed night! I am afeard, Being in night, all this is but a dream, Too flattering-sweet to be substantial.

Re-enter JULIET above.

Jul. Three words, dear Romeo, and goodnight indeed. If that thy bent of love be honourable,

Thy purpose marriage, send me word to-mor-By one that I'll procure to come to thee, Where and what time thou wilt perform the rite;

And all my fortunes at thy foot I'll lay, And follow thee, my lord, throughout the world. Nurse. [Within.] Madam! [well. Jul. I come anon.—But if thou mean'st not

Nurse. [Within.] Madam!

Jul. By and by, I come:--To cease thy suit, and leave me to my grief: To-morrow will I send.

So thrive my soul, Rom. Jul. A thousand times good-night! [Exit. Rom. A thousand times the worse, to want

thy light.-Love goes toward love as school-boys from their books; flooks.

Rom. Lady, by yonder blessed moon I But love from love, toward school with heavy [Retiring slowly.

Re-enter JULIET above.

Jul. Hist! Romeo, hist!—O for a falconer's voice,

To lure this tassel-gentle back again! Bondage is hoarse, and may not speak aloud; Else would I tear the cave where Echo lies,

And make her airy tongue more hoarse than mine With repetition of my Romeo's name.

Rom. It is my soul that calls upon my name: How silver-sweet sound lovers' tongues by night,

Like softest music to attending ears! Jul. Romeo!

Rom. My dear?

Jul. At what o'clock to-morrow Shall I send to thee?

At the hour of nine Rom.

Jul. I will not fail: 'tis twenty years till then. I have forgot why I did call thee back. Rom. Let me stand here till thou remember Jul. I shall forget, to have thee still stand

there, Remembering how I love thy company.

Rom. And I'll still stay, to have thee still forget,

Forgetting any other home but this.

Jul. 'Tis almost morning; I would have thee gone:

And yet no further than a wanton's bird: Who lets it hop a little from her hand, Like a poor prisoner in his twisted gyves,

And with a silk thread plucks it back again, So loving-jealous of his liberty. Rom. I would I were thy bird.

Tul. Sweet, so would I: Yet I should kill thee with much cherishing. Good-night, good-night! parting is such sweet

SOTTOW That I shall say good-night till it be morrow. Exit-

Rom. Sleep dwell upon thine eyes, peace in thy breast!-

Would I were sleep and peace, so sweet to rest! Hence will I to my ghostly father's cell, His help to crave and my dear hap to tell. [Exit.

Scene III .- Friar Lawrence's Cell.

Enter Friar Lawrence with a basket.

Fri. L. The gray-ey'd morn smiles on the frowning night, Chequering the eastern clouds with streaks of And flecked darkness like a drunkard reels From forth day's path and Titan's fiery wheels: Now, ere the sun advance his burning eye, The day to cheer and night's dank dew to dry, I must up-fill this osier cage of ours With baleful weeds and precious-juiced flowers. The earth, that's nature's mother, is her tomb, What is her burying grave, that is her womb: And from her womb children of divers kind We sucking on her natural bosom find; Many for many virtues excellent, None but for some, and yet all different. O, mickle is the powerful grace that lies In herbs, plants, stones, and their true qualities: For naught so vile that on the earth doth live But to the earth some special good doth give; Nor aught so good but, strain'd from that fair

Revolts from true birth, stumbling on abuse: Virtue itself turns vice, being misapplied; And vice sometimes by action dignified. Within the infant rind of this small flower Poison hath residence, and medicine power: For this, being smelt, with that part cheers each part;

Being tasted, slays all senses with the heart. Two such opposed kings encamp them still In man as well as herbs, - grace and rude will; And where the worser is predominant, Full soon the canker death eats up that plant.

Enter ROMEO.

Rom. Good-morrow, father! Fri. L. Benedicite! What early tongue so sweet saluteth me?-Young son, it argues a distemper'd head So soon to bid good-morrow to thy bed: Care keeps his watch in every old man's eye. And where care lodges sleep will never lie: But where unbruised youth with unstuff'd brain Doth couch his limbs, there golden sleep doth reign:

Therefore thy earliness doth me assure Thou art uprous'd by some distemperature; Or if not so, then here I hit it right, Our Romeo hath not been in bed to-night.

Rom. That last is true; the sweeter rest was mine. Rosaline?

Fri. L. God pardon sin! wast thou with Rom. With Rosaline, my ghostly father? no; I have forgot that name, and that name's woe. Fri. L. That's my good son: but where hast thou been, then?

Rom. I'll tell thee ere thou ask it me again. I have been feasting with mine enemy; Where, on a sudden, one hath wounded me That's by me wounded; both our remedies Within thy help and holy physic lies: I bear no hatred, blessed man, for, lo. My intercession likewise steads my foe.

Fri. L. Be plain, good son, and homely in thy Ridding confession finds but ridding shrift.
Rom. Then plainly know my heart's dear

love is set On the fair daughter of rich Capulet: As mine on hers, so hers is set on mine; And all combin'd, save what thou must combine By holy marriage: when, and where, and how We met, we woo'd, and made exchange of vow, passado! the punto reverso! the hay!-

I'll tell thee as we pass; but this I pray, That thou consent to marry us to-day.

Fr. L. Holy St. Francis! what a change is Is Rosaline, whom thou didst love so dear, So soon forsaken? young men's love, then, lies Not truly in their hearts, but in their eyes.

Jesu Maria, what a deal of brine

Hath wash'd thy sallow cheeks for Rosaline! How much salt water thrown away in waste, To season love, that of it doth not taste!

The sun not yet thy sighs from heaven clears, Thy old groans ring yet in my ancient ears; Lo, here upon thy cheek the stain doth sit

Of an old tear that is not wash'd off yet: If e'er thou wast thyself, and these woes thine, Thou and these woes were all for Rosaline: And art thou chang'd? pronounce this sentence,

then, Women may fall, when there's no strength in Rom. Thou chidd'stme oftforloving Rosaline. Fra. L. For doting, not for loving, pupil mine. Rom. And bad'st me bury love.

Frı. L. Not in a grave, To lay one in, another out to have. now Rom. I pray thee, chide not: she whom I love Doth grace for grace and love for love allow; The other did not so.

Fri. L. O, she knew well Thy love did read by rote, and could not spell. But come, young waverer, come, go with me, In one respect I'll thy assistant be;

For this alliance may so happy prove, To turn your households' rancour to pure love.

Rom. O, let us hence; I stand on sudden haste. Fri. L. Wisely and slow, they stumble that run fast. Exeunt.

SCENE IV .- A Street.

Enter Benvolio and Mercutio.

Mer. Where the devil should this Romeo be?-

Ben. Not to his father's; I spoke with his

Mer. Ah, that same pale hard-hearted wench, that Rosaline.

Torments him so that he will sure run mad. Ben. Tybalt, the kinsman of old Capulet. Hath sent a letter to his father's house.

Mer. A challenge, on my life.

Came he not home to-night?

Ben. Romeo will answer it. Mer. Any man that can write may answer a Ben. Nay, he will answer the letter's master,

how he dares, being dared.

Mer. Alas, poor Romeo, he is already dead! stabbed with a white wench's black eye; shot thorough the ear with a love-song; the very pin of his heart cleft with the blind bow-boy's

butt-shaft: and is he a man to encounter Tybalt? Ben. Why, what is Tybalt?

Mer. More than prince of cats, I can tell you. O, he is the courageous captain of compliments. He fights as you sing prick-song, keeps time, distance, and proportion; rests me his minim rest, one, two, and the third in your bosom; the very butcher of a silk button, a duellist, a duellist; a gentleman of the very first house, of the first and second cause: ah, the immortal Ben. The what?

Mer. The pox of such antic, lisping, affecting fantasticoes; these new tuners of accents!-By Jesu, a very good blade!—a very tall man! —a very good whore!—Why, is not this a lamentable thing, grandsire, that we should be thus afflicted with these strange flies, these fashion-mongers, these pardonnez-mois, who stand so much on the new form that they cannot sit at ease on the old bench? O, their bons, their bons!

Ben. Here comes Romeo, here comes Romeo. Mer. Without his roe, like a dried herring.

O, flesh, flesh, how art thou fishified!—Now is he for the numbers that Petrarch flowed in: Laura, to his lady, was but a kitchen-wench,-

marry, she had a better love to be-rhyme her; Dido, a dowdy; Cleopatra, a gipsy; Helen and Hero, hildings and harlots; Thisbe, a gray eye or so, but not to the purpose,-

Enter ROMEO.

Signior Romeo, bon jour! there's a French salutation to your French slop. You gave us

the counterfeit fairly last night. What Rom. Good-morrow to you both.

counterfeit did I give you? Mer. The slip, su, the slip; can you not

conceive? Rom. Pardon, good Mercutio, my business was great; and in such a case as mine a man

may strain courtesy. Mer. That's as much as to say, such a case

as yours constrains a man to bow in the hams. Rom. Meaning, to court'sy.

Mer. Thou hast most kindly hit it. Rom. A most courteous exposition.

Mer. Nay, I am the very pink of courtesy. Rom. Pink for flower.

Mer. Right.

Rom. Why, then is my pump well flowered. Mer. Well said: follow me this jest now till thou hast worn out thy pump; that when the single sole of it is worn, the jest may remain,

after the wearing, sole singular.

Rom. O single-soled jest, solely singular for the singleness

Mer. Come between us, good Benvolio; my wits faint.

Rom. Switch and spurs, switch and spurs;

or I'll cry a match. Mer. Nay, if thy wits run the wild-goose chase, I have done; for thou hast more of the wild-goose in one of thy wits than, I am sure, I have in my whole five: was I with you there

for the goose?

Rom. Thou wast never with me for anything when thou wast not there for the goose.

Mer. I will bite thee by the ear for that jest.

Rom. Nay, good goose, bite not.

Mer. Thy wit is a very bitter sweeting; it is

a most sharp sauce. Rom. And is it not well served in to a sweet

Mer. O, here's a wit of cheveril, that stretches from an inch narrow to an ell broad!

Rom. I stretch it out for that word, broad: which added to the goose, proves thee far and wide a broad goose.

Mer. Why, is not this better now than groaning for love? now art thou sociable, now art thou Romeo; not art thou what thou art, by art as well as by nature: for this drivelling love is like a great natural, that runs lolling up and down to hide his bauble in a hole.

Ben. Stop there, stop there.

Mer. Thou desirest me to stop in my tale against the hair. Ben. Thou wouldst else have made thy tale

large.

Mer. O, thou art deceived; I would have made it short: for I was come to the whole depth of my tale; and meant, indeed, to occupy the argument no longer.

Rom. Here's goodly gear!

Enter Nurse and PETER.

Mer. A sail, a sail, a sail! Ben. Two, two; a shirt and a smock. Nurse. Peter!

Peter. Anon?

Nurse. My fan, Peter.

Mer. Good Peter, to hide her face; for her fan's the fairer face.

Nurse. God ye good-morrow, gentlemen. Mer. God ye good-den, fair gentlewoman.

Nurse. Is it good-den?

Mer. 'Tis no less, I tell you; for the bawdy hand of the dial is now upon the prick of noon. Nurse. Out upon you! what a man are you!

Rom. One, gentlewoman, that God hath made himself to mar.

Nurse. By my troth, it is well said;—for humself to mar, quoth 'a?—Gentlemen, can any of you tell me where I may find the young Romeo?

Rom. I can tell you: but young Romeo will be older when you have found him than he was when you sought him: I am the youngest of

that name, for fault of a worse.

Nurse. You say well.

Mer. Yea, is the worst well? very well took, i' faith; wisely, wisely.

Nurse. If you be he, sir, I desire some confidence with you.

Ben. She will indite him to some supper. Mer. A bawd, a bawd, a bawd! So ho!

Rom. What hast thou found?

Mcr. No hare, sir; unless a hare, sir, in a lenten pie, that is something stale and hoar ere it be spent.

> An old hare hoar, And an old hare hoar, Is very good meat in Lent; But a hare that is hoar Is too much for a score, When it hoars ere it be spent.

Romeo, will you come to your father's? we'll to dinner thither.

Rom. I will follow you.

Mer. Farewell, ancient lady; farewell,— [singing] lady, lady, lady.

Exeunt MERCUTIO and BENVOLIO

Nurse. Marry, farewell!—I pray you, sir, what saucy merchant was this, that was so full of his ropery?

himself talk; and will speak more in a minute

than he will stand to in a month.

Nurse. An 'a speak anything against me, I'll take him down, an 'a were lustier than he is. and twenty such Jacks; and if I cannot, I'll find those that shall. Scurvy knave! I am none of his flirt-gills; I am none of his skainsmates .-And thou must stand by too, and suffer every knave to use me at his pleasure?

Pet. I saw no man use you at his pleasure; if I had, my weapon should quickly have been out, I warrant you: I dare draw as soon as another man, if I see occasion in a good quarrel,

and the law on my side.

Nurse. Now, afore God, I am so vexed that every part about me quivers. Scurvy knave!— Pray you, sir, a word: and as I told you, my young lady bade me inquire you out; what she bade me say I will keep to myself: but first let me tell ye, if ye should lead her into a fool's paradise, as they say, it were a very gross kind of behaviour, as they say: for the gentlewoman is young; and, therefore, if you should deal double with her, truly it were an ill thing to he offered to any gentlewoman, and very weak

Rom. Nurse, commend me to thy lady and

I protest unto thee, mistress.

Nurse. Good heart, and, i' faith, I will tell her as much: Lord, Lord, she will be a joyful

Rom. What wilt thou tell her, nurse? thou dost not mark me.

Nurse. I will tell her, sir,-that you do pro-

test; which, as I take it, is a gentlemanlike offer. Rom. Bid her devise some means to come to

shrift

This afternoon.

And there she shall at Friar Lawrence' cell Be shriv'd and married. Here is for thy pains. Nurse. No, truly, sir; not a penny.

Rom. Go to, I say you shall.

[there. Nurse. This afternoon, sir? well, she shall be Rom. And stay, good nurse, behind the abbey-wall:

Within this hour my man shall be with thee, And bring thee cords made like a tackled stair; Which to the high top-gallant of my joy Must be my convoy in the secret night.

Farewell; be trusty, and I'll quit thy pains: Farewell; commend me to thy mistress. Nurse. Now God in heaven bless thee!-

Hark you, sir.

Rom. What say'st thou, my dear nurse? Nurse. Is your man secret? Did you ne'er hear say

Two may keep counsel, putting one away? Rom. I warrant thee, my man's as true as

steel.

Nurse. Well, sir; my mistress is the sweetest lady,-Lord, Lord! when 'twas a little prating thing,—O, there's a nobleman in town, one Paris, that would fain lay knife aboard; but she, good soul, had as lief see a toad, a very toad, as see him. I anger her sometimes, and tell her that Paris is the properer man; but, I'll warrant you, when I say so, she looks as

Rom. A gentleman, nurse, that loves to hear not rosemary and Romeo begin both with a letter?

Rom. Ay, nurse; what of that? both with Nurse. Ah, mocker! that's the dog's name. R is for the dog: no; I know it begins with some other letter:—and she hath the prettiest sententious of it, of you and rosemary, that it would do you good to hear it.

Rom. Commend me to thy lady

Nurse. Ay, a thousand times. Exit ROMEO. -Peter!

Pet. Anon?

Nurse. Peter, take my fan and go before.

Scene V .- Capulet's Garden.

Enter TULIET.

Jul. The clock struck nine when I did send the nurse;

In half an hour she promis'd to return. Perchance she cannot meet him:--that's not O, she is lame! love's heralds should be thoughts, beams.

Which ten times faster glide than the sun's Driving back shadows over lowering hills: Therefore do nimble-pinion'd doves draw love,

And therefore hath the wind-swift Cupid wings. Now is the sun upon the highmost hill Of this day's journey; and from nine till twelve

Is three long hours, -yet she is not come. Had she affections and warm youthful blood, She'd be as swift in motion as a ball; My words would bandy her to my sweet love,

And his to me: But old folks, many feign as they were dead; Unwieldy, slow, heavy and pale as lead.— O God, she comes!

Enter Nurse and PETER.

O honey nurse, what news? Hast thou met with him? Send thy man away. Nurse. Peter, stay at the gate. Exit PETER.

Jul. Now, good sweet nurse,-O Lord, why look'st thou sad?

Though news be sad, yet tell them merrily; If good, thou sham'st the music of sweet news By playing it to me with so sour a face.

Nurse. I am a-weary, give me leave awhile;~

Fie, how my bones ache! what a jaunt have I Jul. I would thou hadst my bones and I thy

nurse, speak. Nay, come, I pray thee, speak;—good, good Nurse. Jesu, what haste? can you not stay awhile?

Do you not see that I am out of breath?

Jul. How art thou out of breath, when thou hast breath

To say to me that thou art out of breath? The excuse that thou dost make in this delay Is longer than the tale thou dost excuse. Is thy news good or bad? answer to that;

Say either, and I'll stay the circumstance: Let me be satisfied, 1s't good or bad?

Nurse. Well, you have made me a simple choice; you know not how to choose a man: pale as any clout in the versal world. Doth Romeo! no, not he; though his face be better

than any man's, yet his leg excels all men's; and for a hand, and a foot, and a-body,though they be not to be talked on, yet they are past compare: he is not the flower of courtesy,-but I'll warrant him as gentle as a lamb.—Go thy ways, wench; serve God.— What, have you dined at home?

Jul. No, no: but all this did I know before. What says he of our marriage? what of that? Nurse. Lord, how my head aches! what a

head have I!

It beats as it would fall in twenty pieces. My back o' t' other side,-O, my back, my back!-

Beshrew your heart for sending me about To catch my death with jaunting up and down! Jul. I' faith, I am sorry that thou art not

Sweet, sweet, sweet nurse, tell me, what says my love?

Nurse. Your love says, like an honest gentle-And a courteous, and a kind, and a handsome, And, I warrant, a virtuous,—Where is your mother?

Jul. Where is my mother! -why, she is within;

Where should she be? How oddly thou rephestl

Your love says, like an honest gentleman,-Where is your mother?

Nurse. O God's lady dear! Are you so hot! marry, come up, I trow; Is this the poultice for my aching bones?

Henceforward, do your messages yourself. Jul. Here's such a coil!-come, what says Romeo? Iday?

Nurse. Have you got leave to go to shrift to-Jul. I have. [cell;

Nurse. Then hie you hence to Friar Lawrence There stays a husband to make you a wife: Now comes the wanton blood up in your cheeks, They'll be in scarlet straight at any news. Hie you to church; I must another way, To fetch a ladder, by the which your love Must climb a bird's nest soon when it is dark: I am the drudge, and toil in your delight; But you shall bear the burden soon at night. Go; I'll to dinner; hie you to the cell.

Jul. Hie to high fortune!-honest nurse, farewell. Exeunt.

Scene VI.—Friar Lawrence's Cell.

Enter FRIAR LAWRENCE and ROMEO. Fri. L. So smile the heavens upon this holy

act That after-hours with sorrow chide us not! Rom. Amen, amen! but come what sorrow

It cannot countervail the exchange of joy That one short minute gives me in her sight: Do thou but close our hands with holy words, Then love-devouring death do what he dare,

It is enough I may but call her mine. [ends, Fri. L. These violent dol ghts have violent And in their triumph die; like fire and powder, Which, as they kiss, consume: the sweetest honey

Is loathsome in his own deliciousness. And in the taste confounds the appetite: Therefore love moderately; long love doth so; Too swift arrives as tardy as too slow. Here comes the lady .-- O, so light a foot Will ne'er wear out the everlasting flint: A lover may bestride the gossamer That idles in the wanton summer air And yet not fall; so light is vanity.

Enter TULIET.

Jul. Good-even to my ghostly confessor. Frj. L. Romeo shall thank thee, daughter. for us both. much.

Jul. As much to him, else is his thanks too Rom. Ah, Juliet, if the measure of thy joy Be heap'd like mine, and that thy skill be more To blazon it, then sweeten with thy breath This neighbour air, and let rich music's tongue Unfold the imagin'd happiness that both Receive in either by this dear encounter.

Jul. Concert, more rich in matter than in words

Brags of his substance, not of ornament: They are but beggars that can count their worth:

But my true love is grown to such excess, I cannot sum up half my sum of wealth.

Fri. L. Come, come with me, and we will make short work;

For, by your leaves, you shall not stay alone Till holy church incorporate two in one. Exeunt.

ACT III.

Scene I .- A public Place.

Enter MERCUTIO, BENVOLIO, Page, and Servants.

Ben. I pray thee, good Mercutio, let's retire: The day is hot, the Capulets abroad. And, if we meet, we shall not scape a brawl: For now, these hot days, is the mad blood stirring.

Mer. Thou art like one of those fellows that, when he enters the confines of a tavern, claps me his sword upon the table, and says, God send me no one of thee! and by the operation of the second cup draws it on the drawer, when, indeed, there is no need.

Ben. Am I like such a fellow?

Mer. Come, come, thou art as hot a Jack in thy mood as any in Italy; and as soon moved to be moody, and as soon moody to be moved.

Ben. And what to?

Mer. Nay, an there were two such, we should have none shortly, for one would kill the other. Thou! why, thou wilt quarrel with a man that hath a hair more or a hair less in his beard than thou hast. Thou wilt quarrel with a man for cracking nuts, having no other reason but because thou hast hazel eyes; what eye but such an eye would spy out such a quarrel? Thy head is as full of quarrels as an egg is full of meat; and yet thy head hath been beaten as addle as an egg for quarrelling. Thou hast quarrelled with a man for coughing in the street, because he hath wakened thy dog that hath lain asleep in the sun. Didst thou not fall out with a tailor for wearing his new

doublet before Easter? with another for tying his new shoes with old riband? and yet thou wilt tutor me from quarrelling!

Ben. An I were so apt to quarrel as thou art, any man should buy the fee-simple of my life

for an hour and a quarter.

Mer. The fee-simple! O simple! Ben. By my head, here come the Capulets. Mer. By my heel, I care not.

Enter TYBALT and others.

Tub. Follow me close, for I will speak to them.-Gentlemen, good-den: a word with one of you.

Mer. And but one word with one of us? Couple it with something; make it a word and a blow.

my man.

Tub. You shall find me apt enough to that, sir, an you will give me occasion.

Mer. Could you not take some occasion without giving?

Tub. Mercutio, thou consort'st with Romeo,-Mer. Consort! what, dost thou make us minstrels? An thou make minstrels of us, look to hear nothing but discords: here's my fiddlestick: here's that shall make you dance.

Zounds, consort!

Ben. We talk here in the public haunt of men:

Either withdraw unto some private place, And reason coldly of your grievances,

Or else depart; here all eyes gaze on us. Mer. Men's eves were made to look, and

let them gaze; I will not budge for no man's pleasure, I. Tyb. Well, peace with you, sir. Here comes

Enter Romeo.

Mer. But I'll be hanged, sir, if he wear

your livery: Marry, go before to field, he'll be your follower; Your worship in that sense may call him man. Tyb. Romeo, the hate I bear thee can afford No better term than this, -Thou art a villain.

Rom. Tybalt, the reason that I have to love thee

Doth much excuse the appertaining rage To such a greeting. Villain am I none; To such a greeting. Villain am I none; Therefore, farewell; I see thou know'st me not. Tyb. Boy, this shall not excuse the injuries That thou hast done me; therefore turn and draw.

Rom. I do protest I never injur'd thee; But love thee better than thou canst devise Till thou shalt know the reason of my love: And so, good Capulet, which name I tender As dearly as my own. be satisfied.

Mer. O calm, dishonourable, vile submission! 4 la stoccata carries it away. Draws. Tybalt, you rat-catcher, will you walk?
Tyb. What wouldst thou have with mer

Mer. Good king of cats, nothing but one of your nine lives; that I mean to make bold withal, and, as you shall use me hereafter, drybeat the rest of the eight. Will you pluck your sword out of his pilcher by the ears? make haste, lest mine be about your ears ere it be out. Tyb. I am for you. (Drawing,

Rom. Gentle Mercutio, put thy rapier up. They fight. Mer. Come, sir, your passado. Rom. Draw, Benvolio; beat down their weapons .-

Gentlemen, for shame, forbear this outrage!-Tybalt, -- Mercutio, -- the prince expressly hath Forbidden bandying in Verona streets. --Hold, Tybalt!-good Mercutio.

Exeunt TYBALT and his Partizans.

Mer. I am hurt;-

A plague o' both your houses!-1 am sped.-Is he gone, and hath nothing? Ren. What, art thou hurt?

Mer. Ay, ay, a scratch, a scratch; marry, 'tis enough.—

Where is my page?-go, villain, fetch a surgeon. Exit Page Rom. Courage, man; the hurt cannot be much.

Mer. No, 'tis not so deep as a well, nor so wide as a church-door; but 'tis enough, 'twill serve: ask for me to-morrow, and you shall find me a grave man. I am peppered, I warrant, for this world.—A plague o' both your houses!—Zounds, a dog, a rat, a mouse, a cat, to scratch a man to death! a braggart, a rogue, a villain, that fights by the book of arithmetic! Why the devil came you between us? I was hurt under your arm.

Rom. I thought all for the best. Mer. Help me into some house, Benvolio, Or I shall faint.—A plague o' both your houses!

They have made worm's meat of me: I have it, and soundly too .- Your houses!

Exeunt MERCUTIO and BENVOLIO Rom. This gentleman, the prince's near ally, My very friend hath got his mortal hurt In my behalf; my reputation stain'd With Tybalt's slander,-Tybalt, that an hour Hath been my kinsman .- O sweet Juliet. Thy beauty hath made me effeminate, And in my temper soften'd valour's steel-

Re-enter Benvolio.

Ben. O Romeo, Romeo, brave Mercutio's

That gallant spirit hath aspir'd the clouds Which too untimely here did scorn the earth.

Rom. This day's black fate on more days doth depend;

This but begins the woe others must end. Ben. Here comes the furious Tybalt back ogain.

Rom Alive, in triumph! and Mercutio slain! Away to heaven, respective lenity, And fire-ey'd fury be my conduct now!-

Re-enter TYBALT.

Now, Tybalt, take the villain back again That late thou gav'st me; for Mercutio's soul Is but a little way above our heads, Staying for thine to keep him company: Either thou or I, or both, must go with him.

Tyb. Thou, wretched boy, that didst consort

him here, Shalt with him hence.

This shall determine that. Rom. They fight; TYBALT falls.

Ben. Romeo, away, be gone! The citizens are up, and Tybalt slain.— Stand not amaz'd. The prince will doom thee death If thou art taken. Hence, be gone, away!

Rom. O, I am fortune's fool! Why dost thou stay? Ren.

Exit ROMEO.

Enter Citizens. &c.

r Cit. Which way ran he that kill'd Mercutio? Tybalt, that murderer, which way ran he? Ben. There lies that Tybalt.

Up, sir, go with me; I charge thee in the prince's name, obey. Enter PRINCE, attended; MONTAGUE, CAPU-

LET, their Wives, and others. Prin. Where are the vile beginners of this fray?

Ben. O noble prince, I can discover all The unlucky manage of this fatal brawl: There lies the man, slain by young Romeo, That slew thy kinsman, brave Mercutio.

Lady C. Tybalt, my cousin! O my brother's

child!-

O prince!-O husband!-O, the blood is spill'd Of my dear kinsman!-Prince, as thou art true, For blood of ours shed blood of Montague.-O cousin, cousin!

Prin. Benvolio, who began this bloody fray? Ben. Tybalt, here slain, whom Romeo's hand

did slay

Romeo that spoke him fair, bade him bethink How nice the quarrel was, and urg'd withal Your high displeasure.—All this,—uttered With gentle breath, calm look, knees humbly bow'd,-

Could not take truce with the unruly spicen Of Tybalt, deaf to peace, but that he tilts With piercing steel at bold Mercutio's breast; Who, all as hot, turns deadly point to point, And, with a martial scorn, with one hand beats Cold death aside, and with the other sends It back to Tybalt, whose dexterity Retorts it: Romeo he cries aloud, Hold, friends! friends, part! and, swifter than

his tongue, His agile arm beats down their fatal points, And 'twixt them rushes; underneath whose arm An envious thrust from Tybalt hit the life Of stout Mercutio, and then Tybalt fled: But by and by comes back to Romeo, Who had but newly entertain'd revenge. And to't they go like lightning; for ere I Could draw to part them was stout Tybalt slain:

And as he fell did Romeo turn and fly. This is the truth, or let Benvolio die.

Lady C. He is a kinsman to the Montague, Affection makes him false, he speaks not true: Some twenty of them fought in this black strife, And all those twenty could but kill one life. I beg for justice, which thou, prince, must give; Romeo slew Tybalt, Romeo must not live.

Prin. Romeo slew him, he slew Mercutio: Who now the price of his dear blood doth owe? Mon. Not Romeo, prince, he was Mercutio's lend.

His fault concludes but what the law should The life of Tybalt.

Prin. And for that offence. Immediately we do exile him hence: I have an interest in your hate's proceeding. My blood for your rude brawls doth lie ableeding;

But I'll amerce you with so strong a fine That you shall all repent the loss of mine: I will be deaf to pleading and excuses; Nor tears nor prayers shall purchase out abuses. Therefore use none: let Romeo hence in haste, Else when he's found, that hour is his last. Bear hence this body, and attend our will: Mercy but murders, pardoning those that kill. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- A Room in CAPULET'S House.

Enter JULIET.

Jul. Gallop apace, you fiery-footed steeds. Towards Phœbus' lodging; such a waggoner As Phaeton would whip you to the west, And bring in cloudy night immediately. Spread thy close curtain, love-performing night!

That rude day's eyes may wink, and Romeo Leap to these arms, untalk'd of and unseen .-Lovers can see to do their amorous rites By their own beauties: or if love be blind. It best agrees with night.-Come, civil night, Thou sober-suited matron, all in black, And learn me how to lose a winning match, Play'd for a pair of stainless maidenhoods: Hood my unmann'd blood, bating in my cheeks. With thy black mantle; till strange love, grown bôld.

Think true love acted simple modesty. Come, night; -- come, Romeo, -- come, thou day in night;

For thou wilt lie upon the wings of night Whiter than new snow on a raven's back. -Come, gentle night,-come, loving blackbrow'd night,

Give me my Romeo; and, when he shall die, Take him and cut him out in little stars, And he will make the face of heaven so fine That all the world will be in love with night, And pay no worship to the garish sun. --O, I have bought the mansion of a love, But not possess'd it; and, though I am sold, Not yet enjoy'd: so tedious is this day, As is the night before some festival To an impatient child that hath new robes.

And may not wear them. O, here comes my speaks And she brings news; and every tongue that But Romeo's name speaks heavenly eloquence .-

Enter Nurse with cords.

Now, nurse, what news? What hast thou there? the cords That Romeo bade thee fetch?

Ay, ay, the cords. Nurse. Throws them down.

Jul. Ah me! what news? why dost thou wring thy hands? he's dead! Nurse. Ah, well-a-day! he's dead, he's dead, We are undone, lady, we are undone? --Alack the day! he's gone, he's kill'd, he's deadl

Jul. Can heaven be so envious?

Romeo can, Nurse. Though heaven cannot.—O Romeo, Romeo!—Who ever would have thought it?—Romeo? Jul. What devil art thou, that dost torment

me thus?

This torture should be roar'd in dismal hela. Hath Romeo slain himself? say thou but I, And that bare vowel I shall poison more Than the death-darting eye of cockatrice: I am not I if there be such an I; Or those eyes shut that make thee answer I. If he be slain, say I; or if not, no;

Nurse. I saw the wound, I saw it with mine

eyes,-

God save the mark!-here on his manly breast: A piteous corse, a bloody piteous corse; Pale, pale as ashes, all bedaub'd in blood. All in gore-blood; -I swooned at the sight. Jul. O, break, my heart!—poor bankrupt, break at once!

To prison, eyes, ne'er look on liberty! Vile earth, to earth resign; end motion here; And thou and Romeo press one heavy bier! Nurse. O Tybalt, Tybalt! the best friend I had!

O courteous Tybalt! honest gentleman! That ever I should live to see thee dead!

Jul. What storm is this that blows so contrary? Is Romeo slaughter'd, and is Tybalt dead? My dear-lov'd cousin and my dearer lord?-Then, dreadful trumpet, sound the general doom!

For who is living if those two are gone? Nurse. Tybalt is gone, and Romeo banished; Romeo that kill'd him, he is banished.

Jul. OGod!--didRomeo'shandshedTybalt's

blood? Nurse. It did, it did; alas the day, it did! Jul. O serpent heart, hid with a flowering face! Did ever dragon keep so fair a cave? Beautiful tyrant! fiend angelical! Dove-feather'd raven! wolfish-ravening lamb! Despised substance of divinest show! Just opposite to what thou justly seem'st, A damned saint, an honourable villain!-O nature, what hadst thou to do in hell When thou didst bower the spirit of a fiend In mortal paradise of such sweet flesh? -Was ever book containing such vile matter So fairly bound? O, that deceit should dwell In such a gorgeous palace! Nurse. There's no trust.

No faith, no honesty in men; all are perjur'd, All forsworn, all naught, all dissemblers .-Ah, where's my man? give me some aqua nitae. fold.

These griefs, these woes, these sorrows make me Shame come to Romeo!

Blister'd be thy tongue For such a wish! he was not born to shame: Upon his brow shame is asham'd to sit; For 'tis a throne where honour may be crown'd Sole monarch of the universal earth. O, what a beast was I to chide at him!

Nurse. Will you speak well of him that kill'd (husband?

your cousin?

Jul. Shall I speak ill of him that is my Ah, poor my lord, what tongue shall smooth thy name.

When I, thy three-hours' wife, have mangled it?-

But wherefore, villain, didst thou kill my cousin? !hushand. That villain cousin would have kill'd my Back, foolish tears, back to your native spring;

Your tributary drops belong to woe,

Which you, mistaking, offer up to joy. My hushand lives, that Tybalt would have slain; [husband:

And Tybalt's dead that would have slain my All this is comfort; wherefore weep 1, then? Some word there was, worser than Tybalt's death,

That murder'd me: I would forget it fain; But, O, it presses to my memory Like damned guilty deeds to sinners' minds: Tybalt is dead, and Romeo banished. That banished, that one word banished

Hath slain ten thousand Tybalts. Tybalt's death

Was woe enough, if it had ended there: Or, if sour wee delights in fellowship, And needly will be rank'd with other griefs,-Why follow'd not, when she said Tybalt's dead, Thy father or thy mother, nay, or both, Which modern lamentation might have mov'd? But, with a rear-ward following Tybalt's death, Romeo is banished,—to speak that word Is father, mother, Tybalt, Romeo, Juliet, All slain, all dead: Romeo is banished,-There is no end, no limit, measure, bound, In that word's death; no words can that woe

Where is my father and my mother, nurse? Nurse. Weeping and wailing over Tybalt's

corse: Will you go to them? I will bring you thither. Jul. Wash they his wounds with tears: mine

shall be spent When theirs are dry, for Romeo's banishment. Take up those cords. Poor ropes, you are

beguil'd. Both you and I; for Romeo is exil'd: He made you for a highway to my bed; But I, a maid, die maiden-widowed. Come, cords; come, nurse; I'll to my wedding-

bed: And death, not Romeo, take my maidenhead! Nurse. Hie to your chamber, I'll find Romeo To comfort you: I wot well where he is.

Hark ye, your Romeo will be here at night: I'll to him; he is hid at Lawrence' cell. [knight, Jul. O, find him! give this ring to my true And hid him come to take his last farewell.

Exeunt.

SCENE III -- FRIAR LAWRENCE'S Cell.

Enter FRIAR LAWRENCE.

Fri. L. Romeo, come forth; come forth, thou fearful man: Affliction is enamour'd of thy parts, And thou art wedded to calamity.

Enter ROMEO.

That I yet know not?

Rom. Father, what news? what is the prince's doom? What sorrow craves acquaintance at my hand,

Too familiar Fri. L. Is my dear son with such sour company: I bring thee tidings of the prince's doom. Rom. What less than doomsday is the prince's doom? llips,

Fri. L. A gentler judgment vanish'd from his Not body's death, but body's banishment. Rom. Ha, banishment! be merciful, say

death;

For exile hath more terror in his look, Much more than death: do not say banishment. Fri. L. Hence from Verona art thou banish'd. Be patient, for the world is broad and wide.

Rom. There is no world without Verona walls, But purgatory, torture, hell itself.

Hence-banished is banish'd from the world. And world's exile is death,—then banished Is death mis-term'd: calling death banishment, Thou cutt'st my head off with a golden axe, And smil'st upon the stroke that murders me.

Fri. L. O deadly sin! O rude unthankfulness! Thy fault our law calls death; but the kind

prince, Taking thy part, hath brush'd aside the law, And turn'd that black word death to bamshment:

This is dear mercy, and thou see'st it not. [here Rom. 'Tis torture, and not mercy: heaven is Where Juliet lives; and every cat, and dog, And little mouse, every unworthy thing, Live here in heaven, and may look on her; But Romeo may not.-More validity, More honourable state, more courtship lives In carrion flies than Romeo: they may seize On the white wonder of dear Juliet's hand, And steal immortal blessing from her lips; Who, even in pure and vestal modesty, Still blush, as thinking their own kisses sin; But Romeo may not; he is banished,-This may flies do, when I from this must fly. And say'st thou yet that exile is not death! Hadst thou no poison mix'd, no sharp-ground Īmean, knife.

No sudden mean of death, though ne'er so But—banished—to kill me; banished? O friar, the damned use that word in hell; Howlings attend it: how hast thou the heart, Being a divine, a ghostly confessor, A sin-absolver, and my friend profess'd,

To mangle me with that word banishment? Fri. L. Thou fond mad man, hear me speak

a little,-Rom. O, thou wilt speak again of banishment. Fri. L. I'll give thee armour to keep off that word;

Adversity's sweet milk, philosophy, To comfort thee, though thou art banished.

Rom. Yet banished?-Hang up philosophy! Unless philosophy can make a Juliet, Displant a town, reverse a prince's doom, It helps not, it prevails not,—talk no more. Fri. L. O, then I see that madmen have no

[have no eyes? ears. Rom. How should they, when that wise men Fri. L. Let me dispute with thee of thy estate. Rom. Thou canst not speak of what thou

dost not feel: Wert thou as young as I, Juliet thy love, An hour but married, Tybalt murdered, Doting like me, and like me banished,

Then mightst thou speak, then mightst thou tear thy hair,

And fall upon the ground, as I do now, Taking the measure of an unmade grave.

Fri. L. Arise; one knocks; good Romeo, hide thyself. Knocking within. Rom. Not I; unless the breath of heart-sick groans

Mist-like, enfold me from the search of eyes.

Knocking. Fri. L. Hark how they there?—Romeo, arise; knock!-Who's

Thou wilt be taken .- Stay awhile; -stand up;

Run to my study.—By and by.—God's will! What simpleness is this!-I come, I come. [Knocking.

Who knocks so hard? whence come you? what's your will?

Nurse. [Within.] Let me come in and you shall know my errand; I come from Lady Juliet.

Welcome, then. Frz. L.

Enter Nurse.

Nurse. O holy friar, O, tell me, holy friar, Where is my lady's lord, where's Romeo?

Fri. L. There on the ground, with his own tears made drunk.

Nurse. O, he is even in my mistress' case,-Tust in her case!

O woeful sympathy! Fri. L.

Piteous predicament!

Nurse. Even so lies she. Blubbering and weeping, weeping and blubber-Stand up, stand up; stand, an you be a man: For Juliet's sake, for her sake, rise and stand; Why should you fall into so deep an O?

Rom. Nurse!

Nurse. Ah, sir! ah, sir!-Well, death's the end of all.

Rom. Spak'st thou of Juliet? how is it with Doth she not think me an old murderer. Now I have stain'd the childhood of our joy With blood remov'd but little from her own? Where is she? and how doth she? and what save My conceal'd lady to our cancell'd love?

Nurse. O, she says nothing, sir, but weeps and weeps;

And now falls on her bed; and then starts up, And Tybalt calls; and then on Romeo cries, And then down falls again.

As if that name, Rom. Shot from the deadly level of a gun. Did murder her; as that name's cursed hand Murder'd her kinsman .- O, tell me, friar, tell

In what vile part of this anatomy Doth my name lodge? tell me that I may sack The hateful mansion. Drawing his sword. Fri. L. Hold thy desperate hand:

Art thou a man? thy form cries out thou art: Thy tears are womanish; thy wild acts denote The unreasonable fury of a beast: Unseemly woman in a seeming man! Or ill-beseeming beast in seeming both! Thou hast amaz'd me: by my holy order,

I thought thy disposition better temper'd. Hast thou slain Tybalt? wilt thou slay thyself? And slay thy lady, too, that lives in thee, By doing damned hate upon thyself? Why rail'st thou on thy birth, the heaven, and Enter Capuler, LADY CAPULET and PARIS earth?

Since birth, and heaven and earth, all three do meet

In thee at once; which thou at once wouldst lose.

Fie, fie! thou sham'st thy shape, thy love, thy wit:

Which, like a usurer, abound'st in all, And usest none in that true use indeed wit: Which should bedeck thy shape, thy love, thy Thy noble shape is but a form of wax, Digressing from the valour of a man; Thy dear love sworn, but hollow perjury, Killing that love which thou hast vow'd to cherish;

Thy wit, that ornament to shape and love, Mis-shapen in the conduct of them both. Like powder in a skilless soldier's flask, Is set a-fire by thine own ignorance, And thou dismember'd with thine own defence. What, rouse thee, man! thy Juliet is alive, For whose dear sake thou wast but lately dead, There art thou happy: Tybalt would kill thee, But thou slew'st Tybalt; there art thou happy too:

The law, that threaten'd death, becomes thy friend,

And turns it to exile; there art thou happy: A pack of blessings lights upon thy back; Happiness courts thee in her best array But, like a misbehav'd and sullen wench, Thou pout'st upon thy fortune and thy love:-Take heed, take heed, for such die miserable. Go, get thee to thy love, as was decreed, Ascend her chamber, hence and comfort her: But, look, thou stay not till the watch be set. For then thou canst not pass to Mantua: Where thou shalt live tıll we can find a time To blaze your marriage, reconcile your friends, Beg pardon of the prince, and call thee back With twenty hundred thousand times more joy Than thou went'st forth in lamentation .-Go before, nurse: commend me to thy lady; And bid her hasten all the house to bed, Which heavy sorrow makes them apt unto: Romeo is coming. [the night Nurse. O Lord, I could have stay'd here all

To hear good counsel: O, what learning is!-My lord, I'll tell my lady you will come.

Rom. Do so, and bid my sweet prepare to chide. sir: Nurse. Here, sir, a ring she bid me give you, Hie you, make haste, for it grows very late.

Exit. Rom. How well my comfort is reviv'd by this! Fri. L. Go hence; good-night; and here stands all your state:

Either be gone before the watch be set, Or by the break of day disguis'd from hence: Sojourn in Mantua; I'll find out your man, And he shall signify from time to time Every good hap to you that chances here: Give me thy hand; 'tis late: farewell; goodnight.

Rom. But that a joy past joy calls out to me, It were a grief so brief to part with thee: Farewell. Exeunt. Scene IV .- A Room in Capulet's House.

Cap. Things have fallen out, sir, so unluckily That we have had no time to move our daughter:

Look you, she lov'd her kinsman Tybalt dearly, And so did I; well, we were born to die.
'Tis very late, she'll not come down to-night:
I promise you, but for your company,

I would have been a-bed an hour ago.

Par. These times of woe afford no time to daughter. W00. Madam, good-night: commend me to your Lady C. I will, and know her mind early

to-morrow; To-night she's mew'd up to her heaviness.

Cap. Sir Paris, I will make a desperate tender Of my child's love: I think she will be rul'd In all respects by me; nay, more, I doubt it not.-

Wife, go you to her ere you go to bed; Acquaint her here of my son Paris' love And bid her, mark you me, on Wednesday next,

But, soft! what day is this?

Par. Monday, my lord. Well, Wednesday Cap. Monday! ha, ha! is too soon,

O' Thursday let it be;-o' Thursday, tell her, She shall be married to this noble earl. Will you be ready? do you like this haste? We'll keep no great ado,—a friend or two; For, hark you, Tybalt being slain so late, It may be thought we held him carelessly, Being our kinsman, if we revel much: Therefore we'll have some half a dozen friends. And there an end. But what say you to Thursday?

[to-morrow. Par. My lord, I would that Thursday were Cap. Well, get you gone: o' Thursday be it then.

Go you to Juliet ere you go to bed, Prepare her, wife, against this wedding-day.— Farewell, my lord.—Light to my chamber, ho!—

Afore me, it is so very very late That we may call it early by and by. Good-night. Exeunt.

Scene V.—An open Gallery to Julier's Chamber, overlooking the Garden. Enter ROMEO and JULIET.

Jul. Wilt thou be gone? it is not yet near

day: It was the nightingale, and not the lark, That pierc'd the fearful hollow of thine ear; Nightly she sings on you pomegranate tree: Believe me, love, it was the nightingale.

Rom. It was the lark, the herald of the morn, No nightingale: look, love, what envious streaks Do lace the severing clouds in yonder east: Night's candles are burnt out, and jocund day Stands tiptoe on the misty mountain tops. I must be gone and live, or stay and die.

Jul. You light is not daylight, I know it, I:

t is some meteor that the sun exhales, To be to thee this night a torch-bearer, And light thee on thy way to Mantua: Therefore stay yet, thou need'st not to be gone

Rom. Let me be ta'en, let me be put to death I am content, so thou wit have it so. I'll say yon gray is not the morning's eye, 'Tis but the pale reflex of Cynthia's brow; Nor that is not the lark whose notes do beat The vaulty heaven so high above our heads: I have more care to stay than will to go.—Come, death, and welcome! Juliet wills it so.—How is't, my soul? let's talk,—it is not day.

Come, death, and welcome! Juliet wills it so.—
How is't, my sou!? let's talk,—it is not day.
Jul. It is, it is,—hie hence, be gone, away
It is the lark that sings so out of tune,
Straining harsh discords and unpleasing sharps
Some say the lark makes sweet division;
This doth not so, for she divideth us:
Some say the lark and loathed toad change eye
O, now I would they had chang'd voices too!
Since arm from arm that voice doth us affray,
Hunting thee hence with hunt's-up to the day.
O, now be gone; more light and light;—more dark and

Enter Nurse.

dark our woes!

Nurse. Madam!
Jul. Nurse?
Chamber
Nurse. Your lady mother is coming to your
The day is broke; be wary, look about.

[Evil.
Jul. Then, window, let day in and let life out.
Rom. Farewell, farewell! one kiss, and I'll
descends. [Descends.
Jul. Art thou gone so? my lord, my love,

my friend!
I must hear from thee every day i' the hour,
For in a minute there are many days:
O, by this count I shall be much in years
Ere I again behold my Romeo!

Rom. Farewell! .
I will omit no opportunity

fickle:

That may convey my greetings, love, to thee.

Jul. O, think'st thou we shall ever meet
again? [shall serve

Rom. I doubt it not; and all these woes
For sweet discourses in our time to come.
Jul. O God! I have an ill-divining soul!
Methinks I see thee, now thou art below,
As one dead in the bottom of a tomb:

Either my eyesight fails or thou look'st pale.

Rom. And trust me, love, in my eye so do
you:

Dry sorrow drinks our blood. Adieu, adieu!
[Exit below.

Jul. O fortune, fortune! all men call thee

If thou art fickle, what dost thou with him
That is renown'd for faith? Be fickle, fortune;
For then, I hope, thou wilt not keep him long,
But send him back. [up?

Lady C [Within.] Ho, daughter! are you Jul. Who is't that calls? is it my lady mother?

Is she not down so late, or up so early? What unaccustom'd cause procures her hither?

Enter LADY CAPULET.

Lady C. Why, how now, Juliet!
Jul. Madam, I am not well.

Lady C. Evermore weeping for your cousin's death? [tears?
What, wilt thou wash him from his grave with

An if thou couldst, thou couldst not make him live; [love

Therefore have done: some grief shows much of But much of grief shows still some want of wit Jul. Yet let me weep for such a feeling loss. Lady C. So shall you feel the loss, but not the friend

Which you weep for

Jul. Feeling so the loss,
I cannot choose but ever weep the friend.
Lady C. Well, girl, thou weep'st not so much

for his death
As that the villain lives which slaughter'd him.

Jul. What villain, madam?

Lady C. That same villain, Romeo.

Lady C. That same villain, Romeo. Jul. Villain and he be many miles asunder. God pardon him! I do, with all my heart; And yet no man like he doth grieve my heart.

Lady C. That is because the traitor murderer lives. [hands. Jul. Ay, madam, from the reach of these my Would none but I might venge my cousin's

death!

Lady C. We will have vengeance for it, fear

thou not:
Then weep no more. I'll send to one in

Mantua,— Where that same banish'd runagate doth live,— Shall give him such an unaccustom'd dram

Shall give him such an unaccustom'd dram
That he shall soon keep Tybalt company:
And then I hope thou wilt be satisfied.

Jul. Indeed I never shall be satisfied
With Romeo till I behold him—dead,—
Is my poor heart so for a kinsman vex'd:
Madam, if you could find out but a man
To bear a poison, I would temper it,
That Romeo should, upon receipt thereof.

To bear a poison, I would temper it,
That Romeo should, upon receipt thereof,
Soon sleep in quiet. O, how my heart abhors
To hear him nam'd,—and cannot come to
him,—
To wreak the love I bore my cousin Tybalt

Upon his body that hath slaughter'd him!

Lady C. Find thou the means, and I'll find such a man.

But now I'il tell thee joyful tidings, girl.

Jul. And joy comes well in such a needy time:

What are they, I beseech your ladyship?

Lady C. Well, well, thou hast a careful father, child;

One who, to put thee from thy heaviness, Hath sorted out a sudden day of joy That thou expect'st not, nor I look'd not for.

hat thou expect'st not, nor I look'd not for.

Jul. Madam, in happy time, what day is
that?

Lady C. Marry, my child, early next Thursday morn

The gallant, young, and noble gentleman, The County Paris, at St. Peter's Church, Shall happily make thee there a joyful bride.

Jul. Now, by St. Peter's Church, and Peter too.

He shall not make me there a joyful bride.

wonder at this haste; that I must wed

Ere he that should be husband comes to woo.

pray you, tell my lord and father, madam,

will not marry yet; and when I do, I swear

It shall be Romeo, whom you know I hate, Rather than Paris:-these are news indeed! Lady C. Here comes your father; tell him so yourself,

And see how he will take it at your hands.

Enter CAPULET and Nurse.

Cap. When the sun sets, the air doth drizzle

But for the sunset of my brother's son It rains downright .-How now! a conduit, girl? what, still in tears? Evermore showering? In one little body Thou counterfeit'st a bark, a sea, a wind: For still thy eyes, which I may call the sea, Do ebb and flow with tears; the bark thy body

Sailing in this salt flood; the winds thy sighs; Who,-raging with thy tears, and they with

them,-

Without a sudden calm, will overset Thy tempest-tossed body.-How now, wife! Have you deliver'd to her our decree?

Lady C. Ay, sir; but she will none, she gives you thanks.

I would the fool were married to her grave! Cap. Soft! take me with you, take me with [thanks? you, wife.

How! will she none? doth she not give us Is she not proud? doth she not count her bless'd Unworthy as she is, that we have wrought So worthy a gentleman to be her bridegroom?

Jul. Not proud you have; but thankful that you have:

Proud can I never be of what I hate; But thankful even for hate that is meant love. Cap. How now, how now, chop-logic! What is this?

inot,-Proud,-and, I thank you,-and, I thank you And yet not proud: - mistress minion, you, Thank me no thankings, nor proud me no prouds,

But fettle your fine joints 'gainst Thursday next, To go with Paris to St. Peter's Church, Or I will drag thee on a hurdle thither. [gage! Out, you green-sickness carrion! out, you bag-You tallow-face!

Lady C. Fie, fie! what, are you mad? Jul. Good father, I beseech you on my knees, Hear me with patience but to speak a word.

Cap. Hang thee, young baggage! disobedient wretch!

I tell thee what,—get thee to church o' Thurs-Or never after look me in the face: Speak not, reply not, do not answer me; My fingers itch .- Wife, we scarce thought us

bless'd That God had lent us but this only child; But now I see this one is one too much. And that we have a curse in having her: Out on her, hilding!

God in heaven bless her!-You are to blame, my lord, to rate her so. Cap. And why, my lady wisdom? hold your tongue,

Good prudence; smatter with your gossips, go. Nurse. I speak no treason. O, God ye good-den!

Nurse. May not one speak?

Peace, you mumbling fool! Сар. Utter your gravity o'er a gossip's bowl, For here we need it not.

Lady C. You are too hot. Cap. God's bread! it makes me mad: Day, night, hour, tide, time, work, play, Alone, in company, still my care hath been To have her match'd, and having now provided A gentleman of noble parentage, Of fair demesnes, youthful, and nobly train'd, Stuff'd, as they say, with honourable parts, Proportion'd as one's heart could wish a man,-And then to have a wretched puling fool, A whining mammet, in her fortune's tender, To answer, I'll not wed,-I cannot love, I am too young,—I pray you pardon me;— But, an you will not wed, I'll pardon you: Graze where you will, you shall not house with

me: Look to 't, think on't, I do not use to jest. Thursday is near; lay hand on heart, advise: An you be mine, I'll give you to my friend; An you be not, hang, beg, starve, die i' the

streets, For, by my soul, I'll ne'er acknowledge thee, Nor what is mine shall never do thee good: Trust to't, bethink you, I'll not be forsworn.

Jul. Is there no pity sitting in the clouds, That sees into the bottom of my grief? O, sweet my mother, cast me not away! Delay this marriage for a month, a week; Or, if you do not, make the bridal bed In that dim monument where Tybalt hes.

Lady C. Talk not to me, for I'll not speak a word:

Do as thou wilt, for I have done with thee Exit.

Jul. O God!-O nurse! how shall this be prevented?

My husband is on earth, my faith in heaven; How shall that faith return again to earth, Unless that husband send it me from heaven By leaving earth?-comfort me, counsel me.-Alack, alack, that heaven should practise stratagems

Upon so soft a subject as myself!-What say'st thou? hast thou not a word of joy?

Some comfort, nurse.

Nurse. Faith, here 'tis: Romeo Is banished; and all the world to nothing That he dares ne'er come back to challenge

Or, if he do, it needs must be by stealth. Then, since the case so stands as now it doth, I think it best you married with the county. O, he's a lovely gentleman! Romeo's a dishclout to him; an eagle, madam, Hath not so green, so quiek, so fair an eye As Paris hath. Beshrew my very heart I think you are happy in this second match, For it excels your first: or if it did not, Your first is dead; or 'twere as good he were, As living here, and you no use of him.

Jul. Speakest thou from thy heart? Nurse. From my soul too, Or else beshrew them both.

Jul. Amen! What? Nurse.

Jul. Well, thou hast comforted me marvellous much.

Go in; and tell my lady I am gone, Having displeas'd my father, to Lawrence' cell To make confession, and to be absolv'd.

Nurse. Marry, I will; and this is wisely done. [Exit.

Jul. Ancient damnation! O most wicked fiend!

Is it more sin to wish me thus forsworn,
Or to dispraise my lord with that same tongue
Which she hath prais'd him with above compare
So many thousand times?—Go, counsellor;
Thou and my bosom henceforth shall be
twain.—

I'll to the friar, to know his remedy;
If all else fail, myself have power to die.
[Exit.

ACT IV.

Scene I .- Friar Lawrence's Cell.

Enter FRIAR LAWRENCE and PARIS.

Fri. L. On Thursday, sir? the time is very short.

Par. My father Capulet will have it so; And I am nothing slow to slack his haste. Fri. L. You say you do not know the lady's mind:

Uneven is the course, I like it not. [death, Par. Immoderately she weeps for Tybalt's And therefore have I little talk'd of love; For Venus smules not in a house of tears. Now, sir, her father counts it dangerous That she doth give her sorrow so much sway; And, in his wisdom, hastes our marriage,

To stop the inundation of her tears;
Which, too much minded by herself alone,
May be put from her by society:
Now do you know the reason of this haste.

Fri. L. [Aside.] I would I knew not why it should be slow'd.—

Look, sir, here comes the lady towards my cell.

Enter JULIET.

Par. Happily met, my lady and my wife!
Jul. That may be, sır, when I may be a wife.
Par. That may be must be, love, on Thursday next.

Jul. What must be shall be.

Fri. L. That's a certain text.
Par. Come you to make confession to this

father?

Jul. To answer that, I should confess to you.

Par. Do not deny to him that you love me.

Jul. I will confess to you that I love him.

Par. So will ye, I am sure, that you love me.

Jul. If I do so at will be of more price.

Jul. If I do so, it will be of more price
Being spoke behind your back than to your face.
Par. Poor soul, thy face is much abus'd with

tears.

Jul. The tears have got small victory by that;

For it was bad enough before their spite.

Par. Thou wrong'st it more than tears with that report.

Jul. That is no slander, sir, which is a truth; And what I spake I spake it to my face. Par. Thy face is mine, and thou hast slander'd it.

Jul. It may be so, for it is not mine own.—Are you at leisure, holy father, now; Or shall I come to you at evening mass?

Fri. L. My lessure serves me, pensive daughter, now.—

My lord, we must entreat the time alone.

Par. God shield I should disturb devotion!—
Juhet, on Thursday early will I rouse you:
Till then, adieu, and keep this holy kiss.

Jul. O, shut the door! and when thou hast done so, [help!

Come weep with me; past hope, past cure, past Fr. L. Ah, Julet, I already know thy grief; It strains me past the compass of my wits: I hear thou must, and nothing may prorogue it,

On Thursday next be married to this county.

Jul. Tell me not, friar, that thou hear'st of

this,
Unless thou tell me how I may prevent it:
If, in thy wisdom, thou canst give no help,
Do thou but call my resolution wise,
And with this kinfe I'll help it presently

Do thou but call my resolution wise, And with this kinie I'll help it presently. God join'd my heart and Romeo's, thou our hands;

And ere this hand, by thee to Romeo seal'd, Shall be the label to another deed, Or my true heart with treacherous revolt Turn to another, this shall slay them both: Therefore, out of thy long-experienc'd time, Give me some present counsel; or, behold, 'Twixt my extremes and me this bloody knife Shall play the umpire; arbitrating that Which the commission of thy years and art Could to no issue of true honour bring. Be not so long to speak; I long to die, If what thou speak'st speak not of remedy.

Fri. L. Hold, daughter: I do spy a kind of hope,

Which craves as desperate an execution
As that is desperate which we would prevent.
If, rather than to marry County Pans,
Thou hast the strength of will to slay thyself,
Then is it likely thou wilt undertake
A thing like death to chide away this shame,
That cop'st with death himself to scape from it;
And, if thou dar'st, I'll give thee remedy.

Jul. O, bid me leap, rather than marry Paris,

From off the battlements of yonder tower; Or walk in thievish ways; or bid me lurk Where serpents are; chain me with roaring bears:

Or shut me nightly in a charnel-house, O'er-cover'd quite with dead men's rattling bones,

With reeky shanks, and yellow chapless skulls, Or bid me go into a new-made grave, And hide me with a dead man in his shroud; Things that, to hear them told, have made me tremble:

And I will do it without fear or doubt,
To live an unstain'd wife to my sweet love.
Fri. L. Hold, then; go home, be merry,

give consent
To marry Paris; Wednesday is to-morrow;
To-morrow night look that thou lie alone,
Let not thy nurse lie with thee in thy chamber:
Take thou this vial, being then in bed.

And this distilled liquor drink thou off: run When, presently, through all thy veins shall A cold and drowsy humour; for no pulse Shall keep his native progress, but surcease: No warmth, no breath, shall testify thou hy'st; The roses in thy lips and cheeks shall fade To paly ashes; thy eyes' windows fall, Like death, when he shuts up the day of life; Each part, depriv'd of supple government. Shall, stiff and stark and cold, appear like death: And in this borrow'd likeness of shrunk death Thou shalt continue two-and-forty hours. And then awake as from a pleasant sleep. Now, when the bridegroom in the morning

To rouse thee from thy bed, there art thou dead Then .- as the manner of our country is .-In thy best robes, uncover'd, on the bier, Thou shalt be borne to that same ancient vault Where all the kindred of the Capulets he. In the meantime, against thou shalt awake, Shall Romeo by my letters know our drift; And hither shall he come: and he and I . Will watch thy waking, and that very night Shall Romeo bear thee hence to Mantua. And this shall free thee from this present shame If no inconstant toy nor womanish fear Abate thy valour in the acting it.

Jul. Give me, give me! O, tell not me of fear! Fri. L. Hold; get you gone, be strong and prosperous

In this resolve: I'll send a friar with speed To Mantua, with my letters to thy lord.

Jul. Love give me strength! and strength shall help afford. Farewell, dear father! Exeunt.

SCENE II .- Hall in CAPULET'S House.

Enter Capulet, Lady Capulet, Nurse, and Servants.

Cap. So many guests invite as here are writ. Exit first Servant. Sirrah, go hire me twenty cunning cooks. 2 Serv. You shall have none ill, sir; for I'll

try if they can lick their fingers.

Cap. How canst thou try them so? 2 Serv. Marry, sir, 'tis an ill cook that cannot lick his own fingers: therefore he that

cannot lick his fingers goes not with me. Cap. Go, be gone .- [Exit second Servant. We shall be much unfurnish'd for this time.-What, is my daughter gone to Friar Lawrence? Nurse. Ay, forsooth. on her:

Cap. Well, he may chance to do some good

A peevish self-will'd harlotry it is.

Nurse. See where she comes from shrift with merry look.

Enter JULIET.

Cap. How now, my headstrong! where have

you been gadding? Jul. Where I have learn'd me to repent the sin Of disobedient opposition To you and your behests; and am enjoin'd By holy Lawrence to fall prostrate here, And beg your pardon: -- pardon, I beseech you!

Henseforward I am ever rul'd by you. [this: Cap. Send for the county; go tell him of I'll have this knot knit up to-morrow morning. Jul. I met the youthful lord at Lawrence cell:

And gave him what becomed love I might, Not stepping o'er the bounds of modesty. Cap. Why, I am glad on't; this is well,-

stand up This is as't should be.—Let me see the county; Ay, marry, go, I say, and fetch him hither .-Now, afore God, this reverend holy friar,

All our whole city is much bound to him. Jul. Nurse, will you go with me into my closet,

To help me sort such needful ornaments As you think fit to furnish me to-morrow?

Lady C. No, not till Thursday, there is time enough.

Cap. Go, nurse, go with her .- We'll to church to-morrow.

[Exeunt JULIET and Nurse. Lady C. We shall be short in our provision: 'Tis now near night.

Сар. Tush, I will stir about, And all things shall be well, I warrant thee,

Go thou to Juliet, help to deck her; I'll not to bed to-night; -let me alone; [ho!-I'll play the housewife for this once.-What, They are all forth: well, I will walk myself To County Paris, to prepare him up

Against to-morrow: my heart is wondrous light Since this same wayward girl is so reclaim'd. Exeunt.

Scene III .- Juliet's Chamber

Enter JULIET and Nurse.

Jul. Ay, those attires are best:-but, gentle nurse, I pray thee, leave me to myself to-night;

For I have need of many orisons To move the heavens to smile upon my state, Which, well thou know'st, is cross and full of sin.

Enter LADY CAPULET.

Lady C. What, are you busy, ho? need you my help?

Jul. No, madam; we have cull'd such neces-As are behoveful for our state to-morrow: So please you, let me now be left alone, And let the nurse this night sit up with you; For I am sure you have your hands full all In this so sudden business.

Lady C. Good-night: Get thee to bed, and rest; for thou hast need.

[Excunt LADY CAPULET and Nurse. Jul. Farewell!-God knows when we shall meet again.

I have a faint cold fear thrills through my veins. That almost freezes up the heat of life: I'll call them back again to comfort me;-Nurse!-What should she do here? My dismal scene I needs must act alone.-Come, vial .-

What if this mixture do not work at all? Shall I be married, then, to-morrow morning?— No, no; this shall forbid it:-he thou there .-[Laying down her dagger.

What if it be a poison, which the friar

Subtly hath minister'd to have me dead, Lest in this marriage he should be dishonour'd, Because he married me before to Romeo? I fear it is: and yet methinks it should not, For he hath still been tried a holy man .-I will not entertain so bad a thought.-How if, when I am laid into the tomb, I wake before the time that Romeo Come to redeem me? there's a fearful point! Shall I not then be stifled in the vault. To whose foul mouth no healthsome air breathes And there die strangled ere my Romeo comes? Or, if I live, is it not very like The horrible conceit of death and night, Together with the terror of the place. As in a vault, an ancient receptacle, **bones** Where, for these many hundred years, the Of all my buried ancestors are pack'd; Where bloody Tybalt, yet but green in earth, Lies festering in his shroud; where, as they say, At some hours in the night spirits resort;-Alack, alack, is it not like that I. So early waking,—what with loathsome smells, And shrieks like mandrakes' torn out of the

That living mortals, hearing them, run mad;—
0, if I wake, shall I not be distraught,
Environed with all these hideous fears?
And madly play with my forefathers' joints?
And pluck the mangled Tybalt from his shroud?
And, in this rage, with some great kinsman's
bone,
As with a club, dash out my desperate
0, look! methinks I see my cousni's ghost
Seeking out Romeo, that did spit his body
Upon a rapier's point:—stay, Tybalt, stay!—
Romeo, I comet this do I drink to thee.

earth.

[Throws herself on the bed.

Scene IV.—Hall in Capulet's House.

Enter Lady Capulet and Nurse.

Lady C. Hold, take these keys, and fetch more spices, nurse.

Nurse. They call for dates and quinces in the pastry.

Enter CAPULET.

Cap. Come, stir, stir, stir! the second cock hath crow'd,
The curfew bell hath rung, 'tis three o'clock'—

Look to the bak'd meats, good Angelica: Spare not for cost.

Nurse. Go, you cot-quean, go, Get you to bed, faith, you'll be sick to-morrow For this night's watching. [ere now Cap. No, not a whit: what' I have watch'd

All night for lesser cause, and ne'er been sick.

Lady C. Ay, you have been a mouse-hunt in
your time;

But I will watch you from such watching now.

|Eveunt LADY CAPULEI and Nurse.

Cap. A jealous-hood, a jealous-hood! Now,
fellow.

Enter Servants, with spits, logs, and baskets.

What's there? [not what. x Serv. Things for the cook, sir; but I know

Cap. Make haste, make haste. [Exit x Serv.]
—Sirrah, fetch drier logs:

Call Peter, he will show thee where they are.

2 Serv. I have a head, sir, that will find out

And never trouble Peter for the matter. [Exit Cap. Mass, and well said, a merry whoreson, ha! [day

Thou shalt be logger-head.—Good faith, 'tis
The county will be here with music straight,
For so he said he would.—I hear him near.

Music within

Nurse!-wife!-what, ho!-what, nurse, I say!

Re-enter Nurse.

Go waken Juliet, go and trim her up;
I'll go and chat with Paris:—hie, make haste,
Make haste; the bridegroom he is come already.
Make haste, I say.
[Exeunt.

Scene v.—Julier's Chamber; Julier on the bed.

Enter Nurse.

Nurse. Mistress!—what, mistress!—Juliet!
—fast, I warrant her, she —
Why, lamb!—why, lady!—fie, you slug-a-bed!—

Why, love, I say!—madam' sweetheart!—why,
bride!—
[now.
What, not a word?—you take your pennyworths

Sleep for a week, for the next might, I warrant, The County Pans hath set up his iest That you shalt rest but little - God forgive me, Marry, and amen, how sound is she asleep! I must needs wake her — Madam, madam,

madam;
Ay, let the county take you in your bed;
He'll fright you up, i' faith Will it not be?
What, dress'd! and in your clothes! and down
again!

I must needs wake you. - lady' lady' lady' Alas, alas! - Hclp, hclp' my lady's dead' O, well-a-day, that ever I was born' Some aqua-vitæ, ho! my lord' my lady!

Enter LADY CAPULET.

Lady C. What noise is here?
Nurse.
O lamentable day!
Lady C. What is the matter?
Nurse.
Look. look! O heavy day!

Nurse.
Look, look! O heavy day!
Lady C. O me, O me! my child, my only
life,

Revive, look up, or I will die with thee! -Help, help! - call help.

Enter CAPUITT.

Cap. For shame bring Juliet forth; her lord is come.

Nurse. She's dead, deceas'd, she's dead, alack the day!

Lady C. Alack the day, she's dead, she's dead, she's dead! [cold: Cap. Ha! let me see her: out, alas! she's Her blood is settled, and her joints are stiff;

Her blood is settled, and her joints are stiff; Life and these lips have long been separated: Death lies on her like an untimely frost upon the sweetest flower of all the field. Accursed time unfortunate old man!

Nurse. O lamentable day!

Lady C. O woeful time! Cab. Death, that hath ta'en her hence to make me wail, Ties up my tongue, and will not let me speak

Enter FRIAR LAWRENCE and PARIS, with Musicians.

Fri. L. Come, is the bride ready to go to church?

Cap. Ready to go, but never to return:-O son, the night before thy wedding-day Hath death lain with thy bride: -there she lies, Flower as she was, deflowered by him. Death is my son-in-law, death is my heir; My daughter he hath wedded. I will die, And leave him all; life, living, all is death's.

Par. Have I thought long to see this morning's face.

And doth it give me such a sight as this? [day! Lady C. Accurs'd, unhappy, wretched, hateful Most miserable hour that e'er time saw In lasting labour of his pilgrimage! But one, poor one, one poor and loving child, But one thing to rejoice and solace in, And cruel death hath catch'd it from my sight!

Nurse. O woe! O woeful, woeful, woeful day! Most lamentable day, most woeful day, That ever, ever, I did yet behold! O day! O day! O day! O hateful day!

Never was seen so black a day as this:

O woeful day, O woeful day! slain! Par. Beguil'd, divorced, wronged, spited, Most detestable death, by thee beguil'd, By cruel cruel thee quite overthrown!-O love! O life!-not life, but love in death!

Cap. Despis'd, distressed, hated, martyr'd, kill'd! -

Uncomfortable time, why cam'st thou now To murder, murder our solemnity? - [child!-O child!--my soul, and not my Dead art thou, dead!-alack, my child is dead;

And with my child my joys are buried!

Fri. L. Peace, ho, for shame! confusion's

cure lives not

In these confusions. Heaven and yourself Had part in this fair maid; now heaven hath all, And all the better is it for the maid: Your part in her you could not keep from death; But heaven keeps his part in eternal life. The most you sought was her promotion; For 'twas your heaven she should be advanc'd: And weep ye now, seeing she is advanc'd Above the clouds, as high as heaven itself? O, in this love, you love your child so ill That you run mad, seeing that she is well: She's not well married that lives married long; But she's best married that dies married young. Dry up your tears, and stick your rosemary On this fair corse; and as the custom is, In all her best array bear her to church: For though fond nature bids us all lament, Yet nature's tears are reason's merriment.

Cap. All things that we ordained festival Turn from their office to black funeral: Our instruments to melancholy bells; Our wedding cheer to a sad burial feast; Our solemn hymns to sullen dirges change; Our bridgl flowers serve for a buried corse, And all things change them to the contrary. Fri. L. Sir, go you in,-and, madam, go with him;-

And go, Sir Paris; -every one prepare To follow this fair corse unto her grave:

The heavens do lower upon you for some ill:

Move them no more by crossing their high will. Exeunt CAP., LADY CAP., PARIS, and Friar. I Mus. Faith, we may put up our pipes and be gone. put up;

Nurse. Honest good fellows, ah, put up, For, well you know, this is a pitiful case. [Exit. I Mus. Ay, by my troth, the case may be

amended.

Enter Peter.

Pet. Musicians, O, musicians, Heart's ease, Heart's ease: O, an you will have me live, play Heart's ease.

I Mus. Why Heart's ease?

Pet. O, musicians, because my heart itself plays My heart is full of woe. O, play me sone merry dump to comfort me. I Mus. Not a dump we; 'tis no time to play

Pet. You will not, then?

I Mus. No.

Pet. I will, then, give it you soundly.

I Mus. What will you give us?

Pet. No money, on my faith, but the gleek,

—I will give you the minstrel. [creature. I Mus Then will I give you the serving-

Pet. Then will I lay the serving-creature's dagger on your pate. I will carry no crotchets: I'll re you, I'll fa you; do you note me?

I Mus. An you re us and fa us, you note us.

2 Mus. Pray you, put up your dagger, and

put out your wit.

Pet. Then have at you with my wit! I will dry-beat you with an iron wit, and put up my iron dagger .- Answer me like men:

When griping grief the heart doth wound, And doelful dumps the mind oppress, Then music with her silver sound—

why silver sound? why music with her silver sound?--What say you, Simon Catling?

1 Mus. Marry, sir, because silver hath a

sweet sound.

Pet. Prettyl-What say you, Hugh Rebeck? 2 Mus. I say silver sound because musicians sound for silver. [Sound-post? Pet. Pretty too!-What say you, James

3 Mus. Faith, I know not what to say. Pet. O, I cry you mercy; you are the singer: I will say for you. It is music with her silver sound because musicians have no gold for

sounding:-

Then music with her silver sound With speedy help doth lend redress.

I Mus. What a pestilent knave is this same! 2 Mus. Hang him, Jack!-Come, we'll in here; tarry for the mourners, and stay dinner Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I .- MANTUA. A Street.

Enter Romeo.

Rom. If I may trust the flattering eye of sleep. My dreams presage some joyful news at hand: My bosom's lord sits lightly in his throne;
And all this day an unaccustom'd spirit
Lifts me above the ground with cheerful
thoughts.

I dreamt my lady came and found me dead,— Strange dream, that gives a dead man leave to think!—

And breath'd such life with kisses in my lips, That I reviv'd, and was an emperor. Ah me! how sweet is love itself possess'd, When but love's shadows are so rich in joy!

Enter BALTHASAR.

News from Veronal—How now, Balthasar! Dost thou not bring me letters from the friar? How doth my lady? Is my father well? How fares my Juliet? that I ask again; For nothing can be ill if she be well. [ill:

Bal. Then she is well, and nothing can be Her body sleeps in Capels' monument, And her immortal part with angels lives. I saw her laid low in her kindred's vault, And presently took post to tell it you: O, pardon me for bringing these ill news, Since you did leave it for my office, sir.

Rom. Is it even so? then I defy you, stars!— Thou know'st my lodging: get me ink and

paper,

And hire post-horses; I will hence to-night. Bal. I do beseech you, sir, have patience: Your looks are pale and wild, and do import Some misadventure.

Rom. Tush, thou art deceiv'd: Leave me, and do the thing I bid thee do. Hast thou no letters to me from the fnar? Bal. No, my good lord.

Rom. No matter: get thee gone,
And hire those horses; I'll be with thee
straight. [Exit Balthasar.
Well, Juliet, I will lie with thee to-night.
Let's see for means:—O mischief, thou art

To enter in the thoughts of desperate men!
I do remember an apothecary,—
And hereabouts he dwells,—which late I noted
In tatter'd weeds, with overwhelming brows,
Culling of simples; meagre were his looks,
Sharp misery had worn him to the bones:
And in his needy shop a tortoise hung,
An alligator stuff'd, and other skins
Of ill-shap'd fishes; and about his shelves
A beggarly account of empty boxes,
Green earthen pots, bladders, and musty seeds,
Remnants of packthread, and old cakes of
roses,

Were thinly scatter'd, to make up a show. Noting this penury, to myself I said, And if a man did need a poison now, Whose sale is present death in Mantua, Here lives a caitiff wretch would sell it him. O, this same thought did but forerun my need; And this same needy man must'sell it me. As I remember, this should be the house: Being holiday, the beggar's shop is shut.—What, hol apothecary!

Enter Apothecary.

Ap. . Who calls so loud?

Rom. Come hither, man.—I see that thou art poor;

Hold, there is forty ducats: let me have A dram of poison; such soon-speeding gear As will disperse itself through all the veins, That the life-weary taker may fall dead; And that the trunk may be discharg'd of breath As violently as hasty powder fir'd Doth hurry from the fatal cannon's womb.

Doth hurry from the fatal cannon's womb.

Ap. Such mortal drugs I have; but Mantua's
Law is death to any he that utters them.

Rom. Art thou so bare and full of wretchedness,

And fear'st to due? famine is in thy cheeks, Need and oppression starveth in thine eyes, Contempt and beggary hangs upon thy back, The world is not thy friend, nor the world's law:

The world affords no law to make thee rich;
Then be not poor, but break it, and take this.

Ap. My poverty, but not my will consents.

Ap. My poverty, but not my min consents.

Rom. I pay thy poverty, and not thy will.

Ap. Put this in any liquid thing you will,

And drink it off; and, if you had the strength

Of twenty men, it would despatch you straight.

Rom. There is thy gold: worse poison to men's souls,

Doing more murders in this loathsome world

Than these poor compounds that thou mayst not sell:

I sell thee poison, thou hast sold me none.
Farewell: buy food, and get thyself in flesh.—

Farewell: buy food, and get thyself in flesh.— Come, cordial, and not poison, go with me To Juliet's grave; for there must I use thee. [Exeunt.

Scene II.—Friar Lawrence's Cell.

Enter Friar John.

Fri. J. Holy Franciscan friar! brother, ho!

Enter FRIAR LAWRENCE.

Fri. L. This same should be the voice of Friar John.
Welcome from Mantua: what says Romeo?
Or, if his mind be writ, give me his letter.

Fri. J. Going to find a barefoot brother out, One of our order, to associate me, Here in this city visiting the sick, And finding him, the searchers of the town, Suspecting that we both were in a house Where the infectious pestilence did reign, Seal'd up the doors, and would not let us forth.

So that my speed to Mantua there was stay'd.

Fri. L. Who bare my letter, then, to Romeo?

Fri. J. I could not send it,—here it is
again,—

fhood.

Nor get a messenger to bring it thee, So fearful were they of infection.

Fri. L. Unhappy fortune! by my brother-The letter was not nice, but full of charge Of dear import; and the neglecting it May do much danger. Friar John, go hence; Get me an iron crow, and bring it straight Unto my cell.

Fri. J. Brother, I'll go and bring it thee.

Fri. L. Now must I to the monument alone; Within this three hours will fair Juliet wake: She will beshrew me much that Romeo Hath had no notice of these accidents; But I will write again to Mantua, And keep her at my cell till Romeo come;—
Poor living corse, clos'd in a dead man's tomb!
[Exit.

Scene III.—A Churchyard; in it a Monument belonging to the CAPULETS.

Enter Paris, and his Page bearing flowers and a torch.

Par. Give me thy torch, boy: hence, and stand aloof,—

Yet put it out, for I would not be seen.
Under yond yew trees lay thee all along,
Holding time ear close to the hollow ground;
So shall no foot upon the churchyard tread,—
Beng loose, unfirm, with digging up of graves,—
But thou shalt hear it: whistle then to me,
As signal that thou hear'st something approach.
Give me those flowers. Do as I bid thee, go.
Page. [Aside.] I am almost afraid to stand
alone

Here in the churchyard; yet will I adventure.
[Retires.

Par. Sweet flower, with flowers thy bridal

bed I strew:
O woe, thy canopy is dust and stones!
Which with sweet water nightly I will dew;
Or, wanting that, with tears distill'd by moans:
The obsequies that I for thee will keep,
Nightly shall be to strew thy grave and weep.
[The Page whistles.

The boy gives warning something doth approach. What cursed foot wanders this way to-night, To cross my obseques and true love's rite? What, with a torch!—muffle me, night, awhile.

[Retres.]

Enter ROMEO and BALTHASAR, with a torch mattock, &c.

Rom. Give me that mattock and the wrench-

ing iron.

Hold, take this letter; early in the morning
See thou deliver it to my lord and father.
Give me the light: upon thy life I charge thee,
What'e'er thou hear'st or seest, stand all aloof,
And do not interrupt me in my course.
Why I descend into this bed of death
Is partly to behold my lady's face,
But chiefly to take thence from her dead finger
A precious ring,—a ring that I must use
In dear employment: therefore hence, be
gone:— be

gone:
But if thou, jealous, dost return to pry
In what I further shall intend to do,
By heaven, I will tear thee joint by joint,
And strew this hungry churchyard with thy
limbs:

The time and my intents are savage-wild; More fierce and more inexorable far Than empty tigers or the roaning sea.

Ral. I will be gone, sir, and not trouble you.

Rom. So shalt thou show me friendship.—

Take thou that: [fellow.

Live and be prosperous: and farewell, good Bal. For all this same, I'll hide me hereabout:

His looks I fear, and his intents I doubt.

Rom. Thou detestable maw, thou womb of death.

Gorg'd with the dearest morsel of the earth, Thus I enforce thy rotten jaws to open,

Breaking open the door of the monument.
And, in despite, I'll crain thee with more food!
Par. This is that banish'd haughty Montague
That murder'd my love's cousin,—with which
grief,

grief,
It is supposed, the fair creature died,—
And here is come to do some villanous shame

To the dead bodies: I will apprehend him.—
[Advances.
Stop thy unhallow'd toil, vile Montague!
Can vengeance be pursu'd further than death?

Condemned villain, I do apprehend thee:
Obey, and go with me; for thou must die.
Rom. I must indeed; and therefore came l

Rom. I must indeed; and therefore came I hither.—

Good gentle youth, tempt not a desperate man; Fly hence, and leave me:—think upon these gone;

Let them affright thee.—I beseech thee, youth, Put not another sin upon my head By urging me to fury: 0, be gone! By heaven, I love thee better than myself; For I come hither arm'd against myself: Stay not, be gone;—Ive, and hereafter say, A madman's mercy bade thee run away.

Par. I do defy thy conjurations, And apprehend thee for a felon here.

Rom. Wilt thou provoke me? then have at thee, boy! [They fight.

Page. O lord, they fight! I will go call the watch. [Exit.

Par. O, I am slain! [Falls.]—If thou be merciful,

Open the tomb, lay me with Juliet. [Dies. Rom. In faith, I will.—Let me peruse this face:—

Mercutio's kinsman, noble County Parisl—What said my man, when my betossed soul Did not attend him as we rode? I think He told me Paris should have married Juliet: Said he not so? or did I dream it so? Or am I mad, hearing him talk of Juliet, To think it was so?—O, give me thy hand, One writ with me in sour misfortune's book! I'll bury thee in a triumphant grave;—A grave? O no, a lantern, slaughter'd youth, For here lies Juliet, and her beauty makes This vault a feasting presence full of light. Death, lie thou there, by a dead man interr'd. [Laying Paris in the monument.

How oft when men are at the point of death Have they been merry! which their keepers call A lightning before death: O, how may I Call this a lightning? —O my love! my wife! Death, that hath suck'd the honey of thy breath,

Hath had no power yet upon thy beauty:
Thou art not conquer'd; beauty's ensign yet
Is crimson in thy lips and in thy cheeks,
And death's pale flag is not advanced there.—
Tybalt, liest thou there in thy bloody sheet?
O, what more favour can I do to thee [twain
Than with that hand that cut thy youth in
To sunder his that was thine enemy?
Forgive me, cousun!—Ah, dear Juliet,
Why art thou yet so fair? Shall I believe

Why art thou yet so fair? Shall I believe That unsubstantial death is amorous; And that the lean abhorred monster keeps Thee here in dark to be his paramour? For fear of that I still will stay with thee, And never from this palace of dim night Depart again: here, here will I remain here With worms that are thy chambermaids; O, Will I set up my everlasting rest; And shake the yoke of inauspicious stars From this world-wearied flesh.-Eyes, look

your last!

Arms, take your last embrace! and, lips, O you The doors of breath, seal with a righteous kiss A dateless bargain to engrossing death!-Come, bitter conduct, come, unsavoury guide! Thou desperate pilot, now at once run on The dashing rocks thy sea-sick weary bark! my love! [Drinks.]-O true to

apothecary! Thy drugs are quick .- Thus with a kiss I die. [Dies.

Enter, at the other end of the Churchyard, FRIAR LAWRENCE, with a lantern, crow, and spade.

Fri. L. Saint Francis be my speed! how oft (there? to-night Have my old feet stumbled at graves!-Who's Who is it that consorts, so late, the dead? Bal. Here's one, a friend, and one that

my friend, knows you well. Fri. L. Bliss be upon you! Tell me, good What torch is youd that vainly lends his light To grubs and eyeless skulls? as I discern, It burneth in the Capels' monument. [master, Bal. It doth so, holy sir; and there's my

Bal. It would not be that you love.

Who is it?

Bal. Romeo.

Fri. L. How long hath he been there? Full half an hour. Bal. Fri. L. Go with me to the vault.

Bal. I dare not, sir: My master knows not but I am gone hence;

And fearfully did menace me with death If I did stay to look on his intents.

Fri. L. Stay, then; I'll go alone:-fear comes upon me;

O, much I fear some ill unlucky thing. Bal. As I did sleep under this yew tree here. I dreamt my master and another fought,

And that my master slew him. Romeo! [Advances. Fri. L. Alack, alack, what blood is this which stains The stony entrance of this sepulchre?-What mean these masterless and gory swords

To lie discolour'd by this place of peace? Enters the monument. Romeo! O, pale!—Who else? what, Paris too? And steep'd in blood?—Ah, what an unkind

hour Is guilty of this lamentable chance!-[JULIET wakes and stirs. The lady stirs. Jul. O comfortable friar! where is my lord?-I do remember well where I should be,

And there I am:-where is my Romeo? [Noise within Fri. L. I hear some noise.—Lady, come from that nest

Of death, contagion, and unnatural sleep: A greater power than we can contradict Hath thwarted our intents:--Come, come away:

Thy husband in thy bosom there lies dead; And Paris too:—come, I'll dispose of thee Among a sisterhood of holy nuns: Stay not to question, for the watch is coming: Come, go, good Juliet [noise again],-I dare

no longer stay. [away.-Jul. Go, get thee hence, for I will not [Exit FRIAR LAWRENCE.

What's here? a cup, clos'd in my true love's hand?

Poison, I see, hath been his timeless end:-O churl! drink all, and leave no friendly drop To help me after?—I will kiss thy lips; Haply some poison yet doth hang on them.

To make me die with a restorative. Kisses him.

Thy lips are warm!

i Watch. [Within.] Lead, boy:—which way? Jul. Yea, noise?—then I'll be brief.—O happy dagger! [Snatching ROMEO'S dagger.

This is thy sheath [stabs herself]; there rest. and let me die.

Falls on ROMEO'S body, and dies.

Enter Watch, with the Page of PARIS.

Page. This is the place; there, where the torch doth burn. the churchyard: x Watch. The ground is bloody; search about Go, some of you, whoe'er you find attach.

Exeunt some of the Watch. Pitiful sight! here lies the county slain;-

And Juliet bleeding; warm, and newly dead, Who here hath lain these two days buried .-Go, tell the prince,—run to the Capulets,-Raise up the Montagues,—some of search: -- Exeunt others of the Watch. We see the ground whereon these woes do he; But the true ground of all these piteous woes We cannot without circumstance descry.

Re-enter some of the Watch with BALTHASAR.

2 Watch. Here's Romeo's man, we found him in the churchyard.

I Watch. Hold him in safety till the prince come hither.

Re-enter others of the Watch with FRIAR LAWRENCE.

3 Watch. Here is a friar, that trembles, sighs. and weeps:

We took this mattock and this spade from him As he was coming from this churchyard side. I Watch. A great suspicion: stay the friar too.

Enter the PRINCE and Attendants.

Prince. What misadventure is so early up, That calls our person from our morning's rest?

Enter Capulet, Lady Capulet, and others.

Cap. What should it be, that they so shrick abroad?

Lady C. The people in the street cry Romeo, Some Juliet, and some Paris; and all run, With open outcry, toward our monument.

Prince. What fear is this which startles in Return'd my letter back. Then all alone our ears?

I Watch. Sovereign, here lies the County Paris slain;

And Romeo dead; and Juliet, dead before. Warm and new kill'd.

Prince. Search, seek, and know how this foul murder comes. [Romeo's man.

r Watch. Here is a friar, and slaughter'd With instruments upon them fit to open [daughter bleeds! These dead men's tombs.

Cap. O heaven!-O wife, look how our This dagger hath mista'en,-for, lo, his house Is empty on the back of Montague. And is mid-sheathed in my daughter's bosom!

Lady C. O me! this sight of death is as a bell That warns my old age to a sepulchre.

Enter MONTAGUE and others.

Prince. Come, Montague; for thou art early

To see thy son and heir more early down. Mon. Alas, my liege, my wife is dead to-night; Grief of my son's exile hath stopp'd her breath:

What further woe conspires against my age? Prince. Look, and thou shalt see. [thi [this. Mon. O thou untaught! what manners is in To press before thy father to a grave? [awhile, Prince. Seal up the mouth of outrage for Till we can clear these ambiguities, And know their spring, their head, their true

descent;

And then will I be general of your woes, And lead you even to death: meantime forbear, And let mischance be slave to patience.-Bring forth the parties of suspicion.

Fri. L. I am the greatest, able to do least, Yet most suspected, as the time and place Doth make against me, of this direful murder; And here I stand, both to impeach and purge Myself condemned and myself excus'd.

Prince. Then say at once what thou dost know in this. breath

Fri. L. I will be brief, for my short date of Is not so long as is a tedious tale. Romeo, there dead, was husband to that Juliet; And she, there dead, that Romeo's faithful wife: I married them; and their stol'n marriage-day Was Tybalt's doomsday, whose untimely death Banish'd a new-made bridegroom from this

city; For whom, and not for Tybalt, Juliet pin'd. You, to remove that siege of grief from her, Betroth'd, and would have married her perforce, To County Paris:--then comes she to me, And, with wild looks, bid me devise some means

To rid her from this second marriage, Or in my cell there would she kill herself. Then gave I her, so tutor'd by my art, A sleeping potion; which so took effect As I intended, for it wrought on her The form of death: meantime I writ to Romeo That he should hither come as this dire night. To help to take her from her borrow'd grave, Being the time the potion's force should cease. But he which bore my letter, Friar John, Was stay'd by accident; and yesternight

At the prefixed hour of her waking Came I to take her from her kindred's vault; Meaning to keep her closely at my cell Till I conveniently could send to Romeo: But when I came,—some minute ere the time Of her awaking,—here untimely lay The noble Paris and true Romeo dead. She wakes; and I entreated her come forth, And bear this work of heaven with patience: But then a noise did scare me from the tomb; And she, too desperate, would not go with me, But, as it seems, did violence on herself. All this I know; and to the marriage Her nurse is privy: and if ought in this Miscarried by my fault, let my old life Be sacrific'd, some hour before his time, Unto the rigour of severest law. Prince. We still have known thee for a holy

Where's Romeo's man? what can he say in this? death; Bal. I brought my master news of Juliet's

And then in post he came from Mantua To this same place, to this same monument. This letter he early bid me give his father; And threaten'd me with death, going in the vault,

If I departed not, and left him there. Prince. Give me the letter,-I will look on it.-[watch?-

Where is the county's page that rais'd the Sirrah, what made your master in this place? Page. He came with flowers to strew his

lady's grave; And bid me stand aloof, and so I did: Anon comes one with light to one the tomb: And by and by my master drew on him; And then I ran away to call the watch.

Prince. This letter doth make good the friar's words

Their course of love, the tidings of her death: And here he writes that he did buy a poison Of a poor 'pothecary, and therewithal Came to this vault to die, and lie with Juliet.— Where be these enemies?—Capulet,—and Montague,~

See what a scourge is laid upon your hate, That heaven finds means to kill your joys with love!

And I, for winking at your discords too, Have lost a brace of kinsmen:-all are punish'd.

Cap. O brother Montague, give me thy hand: This is my daughter's jointure, for no more Can I demand.

Mon.But I can give thee more: For I will raise her statue in pure gold; That while Verona by that name is known, There shall no figure at such rate be set As that of true and faithful Juliet. Cap. As rich shall Romeo by his lady lie;

Poor sacrifices of our enmity! fit brings; Prince. A glooming peace this morning with The sun for sorrow will not show his head: Go hence, to have more talk of these sad thing Some shall be pardon'd and some punish'd: For never was a story of more woe

Than this of Juliet and her Romeo. [Excunt.

MACBETH

PERSONS REPRESENTED

DUNCAN, King of Scotland. MALCOLM, DONALBAIN, his Sons. BANQUO, Generals of the King's Army. MACDUFF. LENNOX, Ross, MENTEITH, Noblemen of Scotland. ANGUS. CAITHNESS FLEANCE, Son to BANQUO. SIWARD, Earl of Northumberland, General of the English Forces.

YOUNG SIWARD, his Son.

SEYTON, an Officer attending on MACBETH. BOY, Son to MACDUFF.

An English Doctor. A Scotch Doctor. A Soldier. A Porter. An Old Man.

LADY MACBETH. LADY MACDUFF. Gentlewoman attending on LADY MACBETH. HECATE, and three Witches.

Lords, Gentlemen, Officers, Soldiers, Murderers, Attendants, and Messengers.

The Ghost of BANQUO, and several other Apparitions.

Scene,-In the end of the Fourth Act, in England; through the rest of the Play, in Scotland; and chiefly at MACBETH'S Castle.

Scene I .- An open Place. Thunder and Lightning.

Enter three Witches.

I Witch. When shall we three meet again In thunder, lightning, or in rain?
2 Witch. When the hurlyburly's done, When the battle's lost and won.

- 3 Witch. That will be ere the set of sun.
- I Witch. Where the place? Upon the heath. 2 Witch.
- 3 Witch. There to meet with Macbeth. 1 Witch. I come, Graymalkin!

All. Paddock calls: - anon.-Fair is foul, and foul is fair: Hover through the fog and filthy air. Witches vanish.

Scene II .- A Camp near Forres.

Alarum within. Enter KING DUNCAN, MAL-COLM, DONALBAIN, LENNOX, with Attendants, meeting a bleeding Soldier.

Dun. What bloody man is that? He can report, As seemeth by his plight, of the revolt

The newest state.

Mal. This is the sergeant, Who, like a good and hardy soldier, fought 'Gainst my captivity.—Hail, brave friend! Say to the king the knowledge of the broil, As thou didst leave it.

Sold. Doubtfully it stood;
As two spent swimmers that do cling together
And choke their art. The merciless Macdonwald,—

Wald,—
Worthy to be a rebel—for to that
The multiplying villames of nature
Do swarm upon him,—from the Western isles
Of kerns and gallowglasses is supplied;
And fortune, on his damned quarrel smiling,
Show'd like a rebel's whore. But all's too
weak:

[name.]

weak:
For brave Macbeth,—well he deserves that
Disdaining fortune, with his brandish'd steel,
Which smok'd with bloody execution,
Like valouv's minon,

Carv'd out his passage till he fac'd the slave; And ne'er shook hands, nor bade farewell to

him, [chaps, Till he unseam'd him from the nave to the And fix'd his head upon our battlements.

Dun. O valiant cousin! worthy gentleman!
Sold. As whence the sun 'gins his reflection
Shipwrecking storms and direful thunders
break;

So from that spring, whence comfort seem'd to

come,
Discomfort swells. Mark, King of Scotland,
mark:

No sooner justice had, with valour arm'd, Compell'd these skipping kerns to trust their heels.

But the Norweyan lord, surveying vantage, With furbish'd arms and new supplies of men, Began a fresh assault.

Dismay'd not this
Our captains, Macbeth and Banquo?
Sold. Yes:

As sparrows eagles, or the hare the hon. If I say sooth, I must report they were As cannons overcharg'd with double cracks; So they

So they
Doubly redoubled strokes upon the foe:
Except they meant to bathe in reeking wounds,
Or memorize another Golgotha,
I cannot tell:—

But I am faint; my gashes cry for help.

Dun. So well thy words become thee as thy

wounds; They smack of honour both.—Go, get him sur-

geons. [Exit Soldier, attended.

Who comes here?

Mal. The worthy Thane of Ross.

Mal. The worthy Thane of Ross.

Len. What a haste looks through his eyes!

So should he look

That seems to speak things strange.

Enter Ross.

Ross. God save the king!

Dun. Whence cam'st thou, worthy thane?

Ross. From Fife, great king;

Where the Norweyan banners flout the sky

And fan our people cold.

Norway himself, with terrible numbers,

Assisted by that most disloyal traitor

The Thane of Cawdor, began a dismal conflict;

Till that Bellona's bridegroom, lapp'd in proof, Confronted him with self-comparisons, Point against point rebellious, arm 'gainst

arm, Curbing his lavish spirit; and, to conclude, The victory fell on us.

Dun. Great happiness!

Ross. That now
Sweno, the Norway's king, craves composition;

Nor would we deign him burial of his men Till he disbursed, at Saint Colmes-inch, Ten thousand dollars to our general use.

Dun. No more that Thane of Cawdor shall deceive

Our bosom interest:—go pronounce his present death,

And with his former title greet Macbeth.

Ross. I'll see it done.

Dun. What he hath lost, noble Macbeth hath won. [Excunt.

SCENE III .- A Heath.

Thunder. Enter the three Witches.

I Witch. Where hast thou been, sister?

2 Witch. Killing swine.

3 Witch. Sister, where thou? [lap, 1 Witch. A sailor's wife had chestnuts in her And mounch'd, and mounch'd.

—Give me, quoth I:

Aroint thee, witch! the rump-fed ronyon cries.
Her husband's to Aleppo gone, master o' the
Tiger:

But in a sieve I'll thither sail, And, like a rat without a tail, I'll do, I'll do, and I'll do.

2 Witch. I'll give thee a wind. I Witch. Thou art kind.

3 Witch. And I another.

1 Witch. I myself have all the other;

And the very ports they blow, All the quarters that they know I' the shipman's card.

I will drain him dry as hay: Sleep shall neither night nor day Hang upon his pent-house lid; He shall live a man forbid: Weary seven-nights nine times nine

Shall he dwindle, peak, and pine: Though his bark cannot be lost, Yet it shall be tempest-tost.—

Look what I have.

2 Witch. Show me, show me,

r Witch. Here I have a mlot's thumb, Wreck'd as homeward he did come.

[Drum within.

3 Witch. A drum, a drum!

Macbeth doth come.

All. The weird sisters, hand in hand,

Posters of the sea and land,
Thus do go about, about:
Thrice to thine; and thrice to mine,
And thrice again, to make up nine;—

thou, worthy thane? And thrice again, to make up nine:— From Fife, great king; Peace!—the charm's wound up.

Enter MACBETH and BANQUO.

Macb. So foul and fair a day I have not seen.

Ban. How far is't call'd to Forres?—What
are these.

So wither'd, and so wild in their attire, That look not like the inhabitants o' the earth, And yet are on't?—Live you? or are you aught That man may question? You seem to understand me,

By each at once her chappy finger laying Upon her skinny lips:—you should be women, And yet your beards forbid me to interpret That you are so.

Macb. Speak, if you can;—what are you?

I Witch. All hail, Macbeth! hail to thee,

Thane of Glamis!

Thane of Glamis!

2 Witch. All hall, Macbeth! hall to thee,
Thane of Cawdor!

3 Witch. All hail, Macbeth! that shalt be king hereafter! [to fear Ban. Good sir, why do you start; and seem

Things that do sound so fair?—I' the name of truth.

Are ve fantastical, or that indeed

Which outwardly ye show? My noble partner You greet with present grace and great prediction

Of noble having and of royal hope, [not: That he seems rapt withal.—to me you speak if you can look into the seeds of time, [not, And say which grain will grow, and which will Speak then to me, who neither beg nor fear Your favours nor your hate.

I Witch. Hail!

2 Witch. Hail:

3 Witch. Hail' I Witch. Lesser than Macbeth, and greater.

2 Witch. Not so happy, yet much happier. 3 Witch Thou shalt get kings, though thou

be none:

So, all hail, Macbeth and Banquo!

1 Witch. Banquo and Macbeth, all hail!

Macb. Stay, you imperfect speakers, tell me
more:

By Sinel's death I know I am Thane of Glamis; But how of Cawdor? the Thane of Cawdor lives, A prosperous gentleman; and to be king Stands not within the prospect of belief. No more than to be Cawdor. Say from whence You owe this strange intelligence? or why Upon this blasted heath you stop our way With such prophetic greeting?—Speak, I charge you. [Witches vanish.

you. [Witches vanish.

Ban. The earth hath bubbles, as the water
has, [ish'd?

And these are of them.—whither are they van-Macb. Into the air; and what seem'd corporal melted

As breath into the wind.—Would they had stay'd! [about?

Ban. Were such things here as we do speak Or have we eaten on the insane root

That takes the reason prisoner?

Macb. Your children shall be kings.

Ban. You shall be king.
Macb. And Thane of Cawdor too; went it
not so? Who's here?

Ban. To the self-same tune and words.

Enter Ross and Angus.

Ross. The king hath happily receiv'd, Macbeth,

The news of thy success; and when he reads Thy personal venture in the rebels' fight, His wonders and his praises do contend Which should be thine or his silenc'd with that, In viewing o'er the rest o' the self-same day, He finds thee in the stout Norweyan ranks, Nothing afeard of what thyself didst make, Strange images of death. As thick as hail Came post with post; and every one did bear Thy praises in his kingdom's great defence, And pour'd them down before him

Ang. We are sent To give thee, from our royal master, thanks; Only to herald thee into his sight, Not pay thee.

Ross. And, for an earnest of a greater honour.

He bade me, from him, call thee Thane of Cawdor:

In which addition, hail, most worthy thane! For it is thine.

Ban. What, can the devil speak true?
Macb. The Thane of Cawdor lives: why do
you dress me
I have borrow'd robes?

Ang. Who was the thane lives yet; But under heavy judgment bears that life Which he deserves to lose. Whether he was combin'd

With those of Norway, or did line the rebel With hidden help and vantage, or that with both He labour'd in his country's wreck, I know not; But treasons capital, confess'd, and prov'd, Have overthrown hum.

Macb. Glamis, and Thane of Cawdor. The greatest is behind [aside].—Thanks for

your pains.—
o you not hope your childre

Do you not hope your children shall be kings, When those that gave the Thane of Cawdor to me

Promis'd no less to them?

Ban. That, trusted home, Might yet enkindle you unto the crown, Besides the Thane of Cawdor But 'ins strange: And oftentimes to win us to our harm, The instruments of darkness tell us truths; Win us with honest trifles, to betray's In deepest consequence.—
Cousins, a word, I pray you.

Macb.

Two truths are told, As happy prologues to the swelling act

Of the imperial theme [aside]—I thank you, gentlemen.—

This supernatural soluciting [Aside. Cannot be ill; cannot be good:—if ill, Why hath it given me earnest of success, Commencing in a truth? I am Thane of Cawdor:

If good, why do I yield to that suggestion Whose horrid image doth unfar my hair, And make my seated heart knock at my ribs, Against the use of nature? Present fears Are less than horrible imagnings: [cal, My thought, whose murder yet is but fantasti-Shakes so my single state of man, that function Is smother'd in surmise; and nothing is But what is not.

Ban. Look, how our partner's rapt.

Macb. [Aside.] If chance will have me king,
why, chance may crown me,

Without my stir.

Ban. New honours come upon him, Like our strange garments, cleave not to their mould

But with the aid of use.

Macb. [Aside.] Come what come may, Time and the hour runs through the roughest

day. [lessure.

Ban. Worthy Macbeth, we stay upon your

Macb. Give me your favour:—my dull brain

was wrought [pains With things forgotten. Kind gentlemen, your Are register'd where every day I turn

Are register'd where every day I turn
The leaf to read them.—Let us toward the

king.— [time, Think upon what hath chanc'd; and, at more The interim having weigh'd it, let us speak Our free hearts each to other.

Ban. Very gladly.

Macb. Till then, enough.—Come, friends.

[Exeunt.

Scene IV.—Forres. A Room in the Palace.

Flourish. Enter Duncan, Malcolm, DonAlbain, Lennox and Attendants.

Dun. Is execution done on Cawdor? Are And in his commendations I am fed,
not
It is a hanging to me. Let us after h

Those in commission yet return'd?

Mal.

My liege,
They are not yet come back. But I have spoke
With one that saw him die: who did report,
That very frankly he confess'd his treasons;
Implor'd your highness' pardon; and set forth
A deep repentance: nothing in his life
Became him like the leaving it; he died
As one that had been studied in his death,
To throw away the dearest thing he ow'd,
As 'twere a careless trifle.

Dun. There's no art
To find the mind's construction in the face:
He was a gentleman on whom I built
An absolute trust.—

Enter Macheth, Banquo, Ross, and Angus.

O worthiest cousin!
The sin of my ingratitude even now
Was heavy on me: thou art so far before,
That swiftest wing of recompense is slow
To overtake thee. Would thou hadst less

deserv'd; [ment
That the proportion both of thanks and payMight have been minel only I have left to say,
More is thy due than more than all can pay.
Macb. The service and the royalty I owe,

Macb. The service and the royalty I owe, In doing it, pays itself. Your highness? part Is to receive our duties: and our duties Are to your throne and state children and servants; [everything Which do but what they should, by doing

Safe toward your love and honour.

Dun. Welcome hither:
I have begun to plant thee, and will labour
To make thee full of growing.—Noble Banquo,
That hast no less deserv'd, nor must be known
No less to have done so, let me infold thee,

And hold thee to my heart.

Ban. There if I grow,

The harvest is your own.

Dun. My plenteous joys,

Wanton in fulness, seek to hide themselves

In drops of sorrow.—Sons, kinsmen, thanes, And you whose places are the nearest, know, We will establish our estate upon

Our eldest, Malcolm; whom we name hereafter

The Prince of Cumberland: which honour must Not unaccompanied invest him only, But signs of nobleness, like stars, shall shine On all deservers.—From hence to Inverness.

And bind us further to you. [for you: Macb. The rest is labour, which is not us'd I'll be myself the harbinger, and make joyful The hearing of my wife with your approach;

So, humbly take my leave.

Dun. My worthy Cawdor!

Macb. [Aside.] The Prince of Cumberland!

—That is a step,

On which I must fall down, or else o'er-leap

For in my way it lies. Stars, hide your fires! Let not light see my black and deep desires: The eye wink at the hand! yet let that be, Which the eye fears, when it is done, to see.

Dun. True, worthy Banquo,—he is full so valiant:

And in his commendations I am fed,—
It is a banquet to me. Let us after him,
Whose care is gone before to bid us welcome:
It is a peerless kinsman. [Flourish. Exeunt.

Scene V.—Inverness. A Room in Mac-BETH'S Castle.

Enter LADY MACBETH, reading a letter.

Lady M. They met me in the day of success; and I have learned by the perfectest report, they have more in them than mortal knowledge. When I burned in desire to question them further, they made themselves air, into which they vanished. Whiles I stood rapt in the wonder of it, came missives from the king, who all-hailed me, Thane of Cawdor; by which title, before, these weird sisters saluted me, and repered me to the coming on of time, with Hailking that shalt be! This have I thought good to deliver thee, my dearest partner of greatness that thou mights! not lose the dues of rejoicing, by being ignorant of what greatness is promised thee. Lay it to thy heart, and farewell. Glamis thou art, and Cawdor; and shalt be

Glamis thou art, and Cawdor; and shalt be What thou art promis'd: yet do I fear thy nature;

It is too full o' the milk of human kindness.

To catch the nearest way: thou wouldst be great;

Art not without ambition; but without
The illness should attend it. What thou
wouldst highly, [false,

That wouldst thou holily; wouldst not play
And yet wouldst wrongly win: thou'dst have,
great Glamis, [have it:

That which cries, Thus thou must do, if thou And that which rather thou dost fear to do Than wishest should be undone. Hie thee hither,

That I may pour my spirits in thine ear; And chastise with the valour of my tongue All that impedes thee from the golden round, Which fate and metaphysical aid doth seem To have thee crown'd withal.

Enter an Attendant.

What is your tidings?

Atten. The king comes here to-night.

Lady M. Thou'rt mad to say it:
Is not thy master with him? who, were't so,
Would have informed for representation

Would have inform'd for preparation.

Atten. So please you, it is true:—our thane

is coming:

One of my fellows had the speed of him; Who, almost dead for breath, had scarcely more Than would make up his message.

Lady M. Give him tending, He brings great news. [Exit Attendant. The raven himself is hoarse

That croaks the fatal entrance of Duncan Under my battlements. Come, you spurits That tend on mortal thoughts, unsex me here; And fill me, from the crown to the toe, top-full Of direst cruelty! make thick my blood,

Stop up the access and passage to remorse, That no compunctious visitings of nature Shake my fell purpose, nor keep peace between

The effect and it! Come to my woman's breasts, And take my milk for gall, you murdering Wherever in your sightless substances [mght, You wait on nature's mischief! Come, thick

And pall thee in the dunnest smoke of hell, That my keen kmfe see not the wound it makes, Nor heaven peep through the blanket of the dark.

To cry, Hold, hold'

Enter MACBETH.

Great Glams! worthy Cawdor!
Greater than both, by the all-hal hereafter!
Thy letters have transported me beyond
This ignorant present, and I feel now
The twitter up the instant

The future in the instant.

Macb. My dearest love,

Duncan comes here to-night.

Lady M. And when goes hence? Macb. To-morrow,—as he purposes.

Lady M. O, never Shall sun that morrow see!

Your face, my thane, is as a book where men May read strange matters:—to beguile the time.

Look like the time; bear welcome in your eye, Your hand, your tongue: look like the innocent flower,

But be the serpent under't. He that's coming Must be provided for: and you shall put This night's great business into my despatch; Which shall to all our nights and days to come Give solely sovereign sway and masterdom.

Macb, We will speak further.

Lady M. Only look up clear;

To alter favour ever is to fear:
Leave all the rest to me. | Exeunt.

Scene VI .- The same. Before the Castle.

Hautboys. Servants of Macbeth attending. Enter Duncan, Malcolm, Donalbain, Ban-Quo, Lennox, Macduff, Ross, Angus and Attendants.

Dun. This castle hath a pleasant seat: the

Nimbly and sweetly recommends itself Unto our gentle senses.

Ban. This guest of summer, The temple-haunting martlet, does approve, By his lov'd mansionry, that the heaven's

breath
Smells wooingly here: no jutty, frieze, buttress,
Nor coigne of vantage, but this bird hath made
His pendant bed and procreant cradle:

His pendant bed and procreant cradle:
Where they most breed and haunt, I have
observ'd

The air is delicate.

Enter LADY MACBETH

Dun. See, see, our honour'd hostess!—
The love that follows us sometime is our trouble,

Which still we thank as love. Herein I teach

How you shall bid God ild us for your pains, And thank us for your trouble.

Lady M. All our service
In every point twice done, and then done
double,

Were poor and single business to contend Against those honours deep and broad wherewith

Your majesty loads our house: for those of old, And the late dignities heap'd up to them, We rest your hermits.

Dun. Where's the Thane of Cawdor? We cours'd him at the heels, and had a purpose To be his purveyor: but he rides well, [him And his great love, sharp as his spur, hath holp To his home before us. Fair and noble hostess,

We are your guest to-night.

Lady M. Your servants ever
Have theirs, themselves, and what is theirs, in

compt,
To make their audit at your highness' pleasure,

Still to return your own.

Dun.

Give me your hand,
Conduct me to mine host: we love him highly,
And shall continue our graces towards him.
By your leave, hostess.

[Exeunt.

Scene VII.—The same. A Lobby in the Castle

Hautboys and torches Enter, and pass over, a Sewer, and divers Servants with dishes and service. Then enter MACBETH.

Macb. If it were done when 'tis done, then 'twere well

It were done quickly. If the assassination Could trammel up the consequence, and catch, With his surcease, success; that but this blow Might be the be-all and the end-all here, But here, upon this bank and shoal of time,—We'd jump the life to come. But in these cases We still have judgment here; that we but teach Bloody instructions, which being taught, return or plague the inventor: this even-handed

justice Commends the ingredients of our poison'd chalice

To our own hps. He's here in double trust: First, as I am his kınsman and his subject, Strong both against the deed: then, as his host. Who should against his murderer shut the door,

Hath borne his faculties so meek, hath been So clear in his great office, that his virtues Will plead like angels, trumpet-tongued, against The deep damnation of his taking-off. And pity, like a naked new-born babe, Striding the blast, or heaven's cherubin, hors'd Upon the sightless couriers of the air, Shall blow the horrid deed in every eye, That tears shall drown the wind .- I have no

To prick the sides of my intent, but only Vaulting ambition, which o'er-leaps itself, And falls on the other.

Enter LADY MACBETH.

How now! what news? Lady M. He has almost supp'd. why have you left the chamber?

Mach Hath he ask'd for me?

Lady M. Know you not he has? We will proceed no further in this Macbbusiness.

He hath honour'd me of late; and I have bought Golden opinions from all sorts of people, Which would be worn now in their newest gloss. Not cast aside so soon

Ladu M Was the hope drunk Wherein you dress'd yourself? hath it slept since?

And wakes it now, to look so green and pale At what it did so freely? From this time Such I account thy love. Art thou afeard To be the same in thine own act and valour As thou art in desire? Wouldst thou have that Which thou esteem'st the ornament of life, And live a coward in thine own esteem; Letting I dare not wait upon I would, Like the poor cat i' the adage?

Pr'ythee, peace: Мась. I dare do all that may become a man; Who dares do more is none.

What beast was't, then, Lady M That made you break this enterprise to me? When you durst do it, then you were a man; And, to be more than what you were, you would Be so much more the man. Nor time nor place Did then adhere, and yet you would make both: They have made themselves, and that their fitness now

Does unmake you. I have given suck, and know How tender 'tis to love the babe that milks me: I would, while it was smiling in my face, Have pluck'd my nipple from his boneless

And dash'd the brains out, had I so sworn as

If we should fail?

you Have done to this.

Mach. We fail! But screw your courage to the sticking place, And we'll not fail. When Duncan is asleep, Whereto the rather shall this day's hard journey Soundly invite him, his two chamberlains Will I with wine and wassail so convince That memory, the warder of the brain, Shall be a fume, and the receipt of reason A limbec only: when in swinish sleep

Their drenched natures lie as in a death

Not bear the knife myself. Besides, this What cannot you and I perform upon Duncan The unguarded Duncan? what not put upon His spongy officers; who shall bear the guilt Of our great quell?

Macb Bring forth men-children only, For thy undaunted mettle should compose Nothing but males. Will it not be receiv'd When we have mark'd with blood those sleepy two

Of his own chamber, and us'd their very dag-

gers, That they have done't?

Who dares receive it other, Lady M As we shall make our griefs and clamour roar

Upon his death?

Macb I am settled, and bend up Each corporal agent to this terrible feat. Away, and mock the time with fairest show: False face must hide what the false heart doth know. Exeunt

ACT II.

SCENE I .- INVERNESS. Court within the Castle

Enter Banquo, preceded by Fleancl with a torch.

Ban. How goes the night, boy? Fle. The moon is down, I have not heard the

clock. Ban. And she goes down at twelve.

Fle. I take't, 'tis later, sir. Ban. Hold, take my sword. -There's husbandry in heaven;

Their candles are all out.—take thee that too.— A heavy summons hes like lead upon me, And yet I would not sleep: -merciful powers, Restrain me in the cursed thoughts that nature Gives way to in repose! - Give me my sword. Who's there?

Enter MACBETH, and a Servant with a torch. Macb. A friend. [a-bed: Ban What, sir, not yet at rest? The king's

He hath been in unusual pleasure, and Sent forth great largess to your officers: This diamond he greets your wife withal, By the name of most kind hostess; and shut up In measureless content.

Macb. Being unprepar'd, Our will became the servant to defect; Which else should free have wrought

All's well. I dreamt last night of the three weird sisters.

To you they have show'd some truth. I think not of them: Macb Yet, when we can entreat an hour to serve,

We would spend it in some words upon that business,

If you would grant the time.

At your kind'st lessure. Ban. Macb. If you shall cleave to my consent, when 'tis.

It shall make honour for you.

Ban So I lose none In seeking to augment it, but still keep My bosom franchis'd, and allegiance clear, I shall be counsell'd. Macb. Good repose the while!

Ban. Thanks, sir; the like to you!

[Exeunt Banquo and Fleance.

Macb. Go bid thy mistress, when my drink

is ready, She strike upon the bell. Get thee to bed.

She strike upon the bell. Get thee to bed.

[Exit Servant.]

Is this a dagger which I see before me.

Is this a dagger which I see before me, The handle toward my hand? Come, let me clutch thee:—

I have thee not, and yet I see thee still. Art thou not, fatal vision, sensible To feeling as to sight? or art thou but A dagger of the mind, a false creation, Proceeding from the heat-oppressed brain? I see thee yet, in form as palpable

As this which now I draw.

Thou marshall'st me the way that I was going; And such an instrument I was to use.

Mine eyes are made the fools o' the other senses,

Or else worth all the rest: I see thee still; And on thy blade and dudgeon gouts of blood, Which was not so before.—There's no such thing:

It is the bloody business which informs

Thus to mine eyes.—Now o'er the one-half world

Nature seems dead, and wicked dreams abuse The curtain'd sleep; now witchcraft celebrates Pale Hecate's offerings; and wither'd murder, Alarum'd by his sentinel, the wolf,

Whose howl's his watch, thus with his stealthy pace, [design

With Tarquin's ravishing strides, towards his Moves like a ghost.—Thou sure and firm-set earth, [fear

Hear not my steps, which way they walk, for The very stones prate of my whereabout, And take the present horror from the time,

Which now suits with it.—Whiles I threat, he lives;
Words to the heat of deeds too cold breath

gives. [A bell rings. I go, and it is done; the bell invites me.

Hear it not, Duncan, for it is a knell That summons thee to heaven or to hell. [Exit.

Enter LADY MACBETH.

Lady M. That which hath made them drunk hath made me bold:

What hath quench'd them hath given me fire.— Hark!—Peace!

It was the owl that shriek'd, the fatal bellman,
Which gives the stern'st good-night. He is

about it: The doors are open; and the surfeited grooms Do mock their charge with snores: I have

drugg'd their possets, That death and nature do contend about them,

Whether they live or die.

Macb. [Within.] Who's there?—what, ho!

Lady M. Alack! I am afraid they have

Lady M. Alack! I am afraid they have awak'd,

And 'tis not done:—the attempt, and not the

And 'us not cone:—the attempt, and not the deed, [ready; Confounds us.—Hark!—I laid their daggers He could not miss 'em.—Had he not resembled My father as he slept, I had done't.—My

husband!

Re-enter MACBETH.

Macb. I have done the deed.—Didst thou not hear a noise? [crickets cry. Lady M. I heard the owl scream and the Did not you speak?

Macb. When?

Lady M. Now.

Macb. As I descended?

Lan M. Ay.

Macb. Hark!-

Who lies i' the second chamber?

Lady M. Donalbain.

Macb. This is a sorry sight.

[Looking on his hands. Lady M. A foolish thought to say a sorry sight.

Macb. There's one did laugh in's sleep, and one cried Murder!

That they did wake each other: I stood and heard them: [them

But they did say their prayers, and address'd Again to sleep.

Lady M. There are two lodg'd together.

Macb. One cried, God bless us! and, Amen,
the other; [hands.

As they had seen me with these hangman's Listening their fear, I could not say, Amen, When they did say, God bless us.

Lady M. Consider it not so deeply.

Macb. But wherefore could I not pronounce

Amen?

I had most need of blessing, and Amen Stuck in my throat.

Lady M These deeds must not be thought After these ways; so, it will make us mad.

Macb. Methought I heard a voice cry, Sleep no more! [sleep: Macbeth does murder sleep,—the innocent Sleep that knits up the ravell'd sleave of care,

The death of each day's life, sore labour's bath, Balm of hurt minds, great nature's second course.

Chief nourisher in life's feast.

Lady M. What do you mean? Macb. Still it cried, Sleep no more! to all the house: [Cawdor

Glamis hath murder'd sleep: and therefore Shall sleep no more,—Macbeth shall sleep no more' [worthy thane,

Lady. Who was it that thus cried? Why, You do unbend your noble strength to think So brainstickly of things.—Go get some water, And wash this filthy witness from your hand,—Why did you bring these daggers from the

place? They must he there: go carry them; and smear

The sleepy grooms with blood.

Macb.

I'll go no more:

I am afraid to think what I have done; Look on't again I dare not.

Lady M. Infirm of purpose! Give me the daggers: the sleeping and the dead Are but as pictures: 'tis the eye of childhood

That fears a painted devil. If he do bleed, I'll gild the faces of the grooms withal, For it must seem their guilt.

Macb. [Exit. Knocking within. Whence is that knocking? How is't with me, when every noise appals me?

What hands are here? Ha! they pluck out sleep, and, giving him the he, leaves him.

mine eyes! Macd. I believe drink gave thee the lie last

Will all great Neptune's ocean wash this blood Clean from my hand? No: this my hand will rather

The multitudinous seas incarnadine, Making the green one red.

Re-enter LADY MACBETH.

Lady M. My hands are of your colour; but Our knocking has awak'd him; here he comes. I shame

To wear a heart so white. [Knocking within.] I hear a knocking

At the south entry .- retire we to our chamber. A little water clears us of this deed:

How easy is it then! Your constancy Hath left you unattended. [Knocking within] Hark! more knocking:

Get on your nightgown, lest occasion call us, And show us to be watchers:- be not lost

So poorly in your thoughts.

Macb To know my deed, 'twere best not Knocking within. know myself. Wake Duncan with thy knocking! I would thou couldst!

Enter a Porter. Knocking within.

Porter. Here's a knocking indeed! If a man were porter of hell-gate, he should have old turning the key. [Knocking.] Knock, knock, knock. Who's there, i' the name of Beelzebub? Here's a farmer that hanged him-self on the expectation of plenty: come in time, have napkins enow about you; here sweat for't. [Knocking.] Knock. knock! Who's there, i' the other devil's name? Faith, here's an equivocator, that could swear in both the scales against either scale; who committed treason enough for God's sake, yet could not equivocate to heaven: O, come in, [Knocking.] Knock, knock, equivocator. Who's there! Faith, here's an knock! English tailor come hither, for stealing out of a French hose: come in, tailor, here you may roast your goose. [Knocking.] Knock, knock: never at quiet! What are you? But this place is too cold for hell. I'll devil-porter it no further: I had thought to have let in some of all professions, that go the primrose way to the everlasting bonfire. [Knocking.] Anon, anon! I pray you, remember the porter. Opens the gate.

Enter Macbull and Lennox.

Macd. Was it so late, friend, ere you went to bed, that you do lie so late?

Port. Faith, sir, we were carousing till the second cock: and drink, sir, is a great provoker of three things.

Macd. What three things does drink especially provoke?

Port. Marry, sir, nose-painting, sleep, and inc. Lechery, sir, it provokes and it unprovokes; it provokes the desire, but it takes away the performance: therefore, much drink may be said to be an equivocator with lechery: it makes him, and it mars him; it sets him on, and it takes him off; it persuades him, and

disheartens him; makes him stand to, and not

stand to: in conclusion, equivocates him in a

As from your graves rise up, and walk like

sprites. Alarum-bell rings.

night.

Port. That it did, sir, i' the very throat o' me: but I requited him for his he; and, I think, being too strong for him, though he took up my legs sometime, yet I made a shift to cast him.

Macd Is thy master strring?-

Enter MACBETH.

Len. Good-morrow, noble sir!

Macb. Good-morrow, both! Macd. Is the king stirring, worthy thane? Macb.

Macd. He did command me to call timely on him.

I have almost supp'd the hour.

Macb. I'll bring you to him. Macd. I know this is a joyful trouble to you; But yet 'tis one.

Macb. The labour we delight in physics pain. This is the door.

I'll make so bold to call.

For 'tis my limited service. [Exit MACDUFF. Len. Goes the king hence to-day?

Macb He does: he did appoint so. Len. The night has been unruly: where we say,

Our chimneys were blown down, and, as they Lamentings heard i' the air, strange screams of death:

And prophesying, with accents terrible,

Of dire combustion and confus'd events, New hatch'd to the woeful time: the obscure bird [earth

Clamour'd the live-long night: some say the Was feverous, and did shake.

'Twas a rough night. Len. My young remembrance cannot parallel A fellow to it.

Re-enter MACDUFF.

Macd. O horror, horror, horror! Tongue nor heart

Cannot conceive nor name thee!

Mach., Len. What's the matter?
Macd. Confusion now hath made his masterpiece

Most sacrilegious murder hath broke one The Lord's anointed temple, and stole thence

The life o' the building. What is't you say? the life? Macb

Len. Mean you his majesty? your sight Macd. Approach the chamber, and destroy With a new Gorgon: - do not bid me speak; See, and then speak yourselves.

Exeunt MACRETH and LENNOX. Awake! awake!

Ring the alarum-bell: murder and treason! Banquo and Donalbain! Malcolm! awake! Shake off this downy sleep, death's counterfeit, And look on death itself! up, up, and see The great doom's image! Malcolm! Banquo!

To countenance this horror!

Re-enter LADY MACBETH.

What's the business, That such hideous trumpet calls to parley The sleepers of the house? speak, speak! O gentle lady, Маса.

'Tis not for you to hear what I can speak: The repetition, in a woman's ear,

Would murder as it fell.

Re-enter Banquo

O Banquo, Banquo!

Our royal master's murder'd! Woe, alas! Lady M.

What, in our house?

Too cruel anywhere .--Dear Duff, pr'ythee, contradict thyself, And say it is not so.

Re-enter MACBETH and LENNOX.

Macb. Had I but died an hour before this chance,

I had liv'd a blessed time; for, from this in-There's nothing serious in mortality: All is but toys, renown and grace is dead, The wine of life is drawn, and the mere lees Is left this vault to brag of.

Enter MALCOLM and DONALBAIN

Don. What is amiss?

You are, and do not know't. The spring, the head, the fountain of your blood Is stopp'd; the very source of it is stopp'd.

Macd. Your royal father's murder'd.

O, by whom? Mal.

Len. Those of his chamber, as it seem'd, had [blood; done't:

Their hands and faces were all badg'd with So were their daggers, which, unwip'd, we found

Upon their pillows:

They star'd, and were distracted; no man's life Was to be trusted with them.

Macb O, yet I do repent me of my fury, That I did kill them.

Wherefore did you so? Macd.Macb. Who can be wise, amaz'd, temperate,

and furious. Loyal and neutral, in a moment? No man:

The expedition of my violent love Out-ran the pauser reason. Here lay Duncan, His silver skin lac'd with his golden blood; And his gash'd stabs look'd like a breach in

nature derers. For ruin's wasteful entrance: there, the mur-Steep'd in the colours of their trade, their

frain. daggers Unmannerly breech'd with gore: who could re-That had a heart to love, and in that heart

Courage to make's love known? Help me hence, ho!

Lady M. Macd. Look to the lady.

Why do we hold our tongues, That most may claim this argument for ours? Don. What should be spoken here, where

our fate. Hid in an auger-hole, may rush, and seize us? Let's away;

Our tears are not yet brew'd.

Mal. Upon the foot of motion. Ran. Look to the lady:-

[LADY MACBETH is carried out. And when we have our naked frailties hid.

That suffer in exposure, let us meet, And question this most bloody piece of work,

To know it further. Fears and scruples shake us:

In the great hand of God I stand; and thence, Against the undivulg'd pretence I fight Of treasonous malice.

Macd. And so do I.

Macb Let's brieny put on manly readiness

And meet i' the hall together. Well contented. All.

[Exeunt all but MAL. and DON. Mal. What will you do? Let's not consort with them.

To show an unfelt sorrow is an office

Which the false man does easy. I'll to England. Don To Ireland I; our separated fortune Shall keep us both the safer: where we are, There's daggers in men's smiles, the near in blood,

The nearer bloody.

Mal. This murderous shaft that's shot Hath not yet lighted, and our safest way Is to avoid the aim. Therefore to horse; And let us not be dainty of leave-taking, But shift away: there's warrant in that theft Which steals itself, when there's no mercy left.

SCENE II .- The same. Without the Castle.

Enter Ross and an old Man.

Old M. Threescore and ten I can remember well.

Within the volume of which time I have seen Hours dreadful and things strange, but this sore night

Hath trifled former knowings.

Ah, good father, Ross. Thou seest, the heavens, as troubled with man's act,

Threaten his bloody stage: by the clock, 'tis And vet dark night strangles the travelling lamp;

Is't night's predominance, or the day's shame, That darkness does the face of earth entomb. When hving light should kiss it?

Old M 'Tis unnatural, Even like the deed that's done. On Tuesday last.

A falcon, towering in her pride of place, Was by a mousing owl hawk'd at and kill'd.

Ross. And Duncan's horses. a thing most strange and certain, -

Beauteous and swift, the minions of their race, Turn'd wild in nature, broke their stalls, flung out, (make Contending 'gainst obedience, as they would

War with mankind

Old M. 'Tis said they eat each other. Ross. They did so; to the amazement of mine eyes, Macduff.

That look'd upon't. Here co Enter MacDuff. Here comes the good

Nor our strong sorrow How goes the world, sir, now? Macd. Why, see you not? Ross. Is't known who did this more than bloody deed?

Macd. Those that Macbeth hath slain. Alas, the day! Ross.

What good could they pretend? They were suborn'd:

Malcolm and Donalbain, the king's two sons, Are stol'n away and fled; which puts upon them Suspicion of the deed.

'Gainst nature still: Ross. Thriftless ambition, that wilt ravin up Thine own life's means!-Then 'tis most like, The sovereignty will fall upon Macbeth.

Macd. He is already nam'd; and gone to Scone

To be invested.

Where is Duncan's body? Ross. Macd. Carried to Colme-kill,

The sacred storehouse of his predecessors, And guardian of their bones.

Will you to Scone? Ross Macd. No, cousin, I'll to Fife. Well, I will thither.

there, -- adieu! --

Lest our old robes sit easier than our new! Ross Farewell, father. those

Old M. God's benison go with you; and with That would make good of bad, and friends of Exeunt. foes!

ACT III.

Scene I .- Forres. A Room in the Palace

Enter BANQUO. Ban. Thou hast it now,-king, Cawdor,

Glamus, all As the weird women promis'd; and, I fear, Thou play'dst most foully for't; yet it was said It should not stand in thy posterity;

But that myself should be the root and father Of many kings. If there come truth from them.

As upon thee, Macbeth, their speeches shine,-Why, by the verities on thee made good, May they not be my oracles as well, And set me up in hope? But, hush; no more.

Sennet sounded Enter MACBETH as King. LADY MACBETH as Queen; LINNOX, ROSS,

Lords, Ladies, and Attendants. Macb. Here's our chief guest.

Lady M. If he had been forgotten, It had been as a gap in our great feast, And all-thing unbecoming.

Macb. To-night we hold a solemn supper,

And I'll request your presence.

Let your highness Command upon me; to the which my duties Are with a most indissoluble tie For ever knit.

Macb. Ride you this afternoon?

Ay, my good lord. Ban. Macb. We should have else desir'd your good advice,lous,-Which still hath been both grave and prosper-

In this day's council; but we'll take to-morrow. Is't far you ride?

Ban. As far, my lord, as will fill up the time 'Twixt this and supper: go not my horse the

I must become a borrower of the night,

For a dark hour or twain. Mach Fail not our feast.

Ban. My lord, I will not. [stow'd Macb We hear our bloody cousins are be-In England and in Ireland; not confessing

Their cruel particide, filling their hearers With strange invention: but of that to-morrow; When therewithal we shall have cause of state Craving us jointly. Hie you to horse: adieu, Till you return at night. Goes Fleance with you?

[upon's. Ban. Ay, my good lord: our time does call Macb. I wish your horses swift and sure of

foot: And so I do commend you to their backs.

Farewell.-Exit BANQUO. Let every man be master of his time Till seven at night; to make society The sweeter welcome, we will keep ourself

Macd. Well, may you see things well done Till supper-time alone: while then, God be with you!

Exeunt LADY MACBETH, Lords. Ladies, &c.

Sirrah, a word with you: attend those men Our pleasure?

Aftend. They are, my lord, without the palace gate.

Macb. Bring them before us.

Exit Attendant.

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To be thus is nothing; But to be safely thus:-our fears in Banquo Stick deep; and in his royalty of nature Reigns that which would be fear'd: 'tis much

he dares; And, to that dauntless temper of his mind, He hath a wisdom that doth guide his valour To act in safety. There is none but he Whose being I do fear: and, under him, My gemus is rebuk'd; as, it is said, [sisters Mark Antony's was by Cæsar. He chid the When first they put the name of king upon me, And bade them speak to him; then, prophetlike.

They hail'd him father to a line of kings: Upon my head they plac'd a fruitless crown, And put a barren sceptre in my gripe, Thence to be wrench'd with an unlineal hand, No son of mine succeeding. If't be so, For Banquo's issue have I fil'd my mind For them the gracious Duncan have I murder'd: Put rancours in the vessel of my peace Only for them; and mine eternal jewel Given to the common enemy of man, To make them kings, the seed of Banquo kings! Rather than so, come, fate, into the list, And champion me to the utterance!-Who's there?-

Re-enter Attendant, with two Murderers.

Now go to the door, and stay there till we call. Exit Attendant.

Was it not yesterday we spoke together? I Mur. It was, so please your highness.

Well then, now Macb. Have you consider'd of my speeches? Know That it was he, in the times past, which held

So under fortune; which you thought had been Our innocent self: this I made good to you In our last conference, pass'd in probation with instruments

How you were borne in hand, how cross'd, the Who wrought with them, and all things else that might

To half a soul and to a notion craz'd Say, Thus did Banquo.

ı Mur. You made it known to us. Macb. I did so; and went further, which is now

Our point of second meeting. Do you find Your patience so predominant in your nature. That you can let this go? Are you so gospell'd, To pray for this good man and for his issue, Whose heavy hand hath bow'd you to the grave, And beggar'd yours for ever?

We are men, my hege. I Mur. Macb Ay, in the catalogue ye go for men; As hounds, and greyhounds, mongrels, spaniels,

Shoughs, water-rugs, and demi-wolves are clent All by the name of dogs: the valu'd file Distinguishes the swift, the slow, the subtle, The house-keeper, the hunter, every one According to the gift which bounteous nature Hath in him clos'd; whereby he does receive Particular addition, from the bill That writes them all alike: and so of men. Now, if you have a station in the file. And not i' the worst rank of manhood, say it; And I will put that business in your bosoms, Whose execution takes you enemy off; Grapples you to the heart and love of us. Who wear our health but sickly in his life, Which in his death were perfect.

I am one, my hege, 2 Mur. Whom the vile blows and buffets of the world Have so incens'd that I am reckless what I do to spite the world.

I Mur. And I another. So weary with disasters, tugg'd with fortune That I would set my life on any chance, To mend it, or be rid on't

Macb. Both of you

Maco. Know Banquo was your enemy. True, my lord.

Macb. So is he mine; and in such bloody distance,

That every minute of his being thrusts Against my near'st of life: and though I could With bare-fac'd power sweep him from my sight.

And bid my will avouch it, yet I must not, For certain friends that are both his and mine Whose loves I may not drop, but wail his fall Who I myself struck down: and thence it is That I to your assistance do make love;

Masking the business from the common eye For sundry weighty reasons.

2 Mur. We shall, my lord, Perform what you command us.

1 Mur. Though our lives-Macb. Your spirits shine through you. Within this hour at most,

I will advise you where to plant yourselves; Acquaint you with the perfect spy o' the time. The moment on't; for't must be done to-night. And something from the palace; always thought That I require a clearness: and with him .-To leave no rubs nor botches in the work,-Fleance his son, that keeps him company, Whose absence is no less material to me Than is his father's, must embrace the fate Of that dark hour. Resolve yourselves apart: I'll come to you anon.

We are resolv'd, my lord. Both Mur. Macb. I'll call upon you straight: abide within. [Exeunt Murderers It is concluded: Banquo, thy soul's flight.

If it find heaven, must find it out to-night.

Exit.

Scene II .- The same. Another Room in the

Enter LADY MACBETH and a Servant.

Lady M Is Banquo gone from court? Serv. Ay, madam, but returns again to-night.

Ladu M. Say to the king, I would attend his leisure For a few words.

Serv. Madam, I will. Lady M. Naught's had, all's spent, Where our desire is got without content: 'Tis safer to be that which we destroy Than, by destruction, dwell in doubtful joy.

Enter MACBETH.

How now, my lord! why do you keep alone, Of sornest fancies your companions making; Using those thoughts which should indeed have died

With them they think on? Things without all remedy

Should be without regard: what's done is done. Macb. We have scotch'd the snake, not kıll'd it: malice She'll close, and be herself; whilst our poor Remains in danger of her former tooth.

But let the frame of things disjoint, Both the worlds suffer,

Ere we will eat our meal in fear, and sleep In the affliction of these terrible dreams That shake us nightly: better be with the dead, Whom we, to gain our place, have sent to peace, Than on the torture of the mind to lie In restless ecstacy. Duncan is in his grave; After life's fitful fever he sleeps well: Treason has done his worst: nor steel, nor

poison. Malice domestic, foreign levy, nothing

Can touch him further. Lady M Come on;

Gently my lord, sleek o'er your rugged looks; Be bright and jovial 'mong your guests to-night. Macb. So shall I, love; and so, I pray, be you:

Let your remembrance apply to Banquo; Present him eminence, both with eye and tongue:

Unsafe the while, that we Must lave our honours in these flattering And make our faces vizards to our hearts, Disguising what they are.

You must leave this. Lady M.

Macb. O, full of scorpions is my mind, dear wife! lives.

Thou know'st that Banquo, and his Fleance. Lady M. But in them nature's copy's not

Macb. There's comfort yet; they are assail-Then be thou jocund: ere the bat hath flown His cloister'd flight; ere, to black Hecate's summons,

The shard-borne beetle, with his drowsy hums, Hath rung night's yawning peal, there shall be done

A deed of dreadful note.

What's to be done? Macb. Be innocent of the knowledge, dearest chuck. might.

Till thou applaud the deed. Come, seeling Scarf up the tender eye of putful day; And with thy bloody and invisible hand Cancel and tear to pieces that great bond Which keeps me pale!-Light thickens; and the crow

Makes wing to the rooky wood:

Good things of day begin to droop and drowse; Whiles night's black agents to their prey do rouse. still:

Thou marvell'st at my words: but hold thee Things bad begun make strong themselves by

So, pr'ythee, go with me.

Exeunt.

Scene III.—The same. A Park or Lawn. with a gate leading to the Palace.

Enter three Murderers.

1 Mur. But who did bid thee join with us? 3 Mur. Macbeth.

2 Mur. He needs not our mistrust; since he dehvers

Our offices, and what we have to do, To the direction just.

Then stand with us. I Mur. The west yet glummers with some streaks of

Now spurs the lated traveller apace, To gain the timely inn; and near approaches

The subject of our watch. з Миг. Hark! I hear horses. Ban. [Within.] Give us a light there, ho!

2 Mur. Then 'tis he; the rest That are within the note of expectation

Already are i' the court. I Mur. His horses go about.

3 Mur. Almost a mile; but he does usually, So all men do, from hence to the palace gate Make it their walk. 2 Mur A light, a light:

3 Mur. 'Tis he.

I Mur. Stand to't.

Enter BANQUO, and FLEANCE with a torch.

Ban. It will be rain to-night. Let it come down. I Mur.

Assaults BANQUO. Ban. O, treachery! Fly, good Fleance, fly, fly, fly!

Thou mayst revenge .- O slave!

Dies. FLEANCE escapes. 3 Mur. Who did strike out the light?

1 Mur.

3 Mur. There's but one down: the son is fled.
2 Mur. We have lost best half of our affair,
I Mur. Well, let's away, and say how much is done. Exeunt.

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Scene IV.—The same. A Room of State in the Palace. A Banquet prepared.

Enter Macbeth, Lady Macbeth, Ross. LENNOX, Lords, and Attendants.

Macb. You know your own degrees, sit down: at first

And last the hearty welcome.

Lords. Thanks to your majesty. Macb. Ourself will mangle with society. And play the humble host.

Our hostess keeps her state; but, in best time, We will require her welcome. friends; Lady M. Pronounce it for me, sir, to all our For my heart speaks they are welcome.

Macb. See, they encounter thee with their

hearts' thanks .-Both sides are even: here I'll sit i' the midst:

Enter first Murderer to the door.

Be large in mirth; anon we'll drink a measure The table round. - There's blood upon thy face. Mur. 'Tis Banquo's then. Macb. 'Tis better thee without than he Is he despatch'd?

Mur. My lord, his throat is cut; that I did for him.

Macb. Thou art the best o' the cut-throats: yet he's good

That did the like for Fleance: if thou didst it, Thou art the nonpared.

Most royal, sir. Mur. Fleance is 'scap'd. [been perfect; Macb. Then comes my fit again: I had else Whole as the marble, founded as the rock;

As broad and general as the casing air: But now I am cabin'd, cribb'd, confin'd, bound To saucy doubts and fears. But Banquo's safe? Mur. Ay, my good lord: safe in a ditch he bides,

With twenty trenched gashes on his head; The least a death to nature.

Macb. Thanks for that: There the grown serpent hes; the worm that's fied

Hath nature that in time will venom breed, No teeth for the present.-Get thee gone; to-

morrow We'll hear, ourselves, again. [Exit Murderer. Lady M. My royal lord,

You do not give the cheer: the feast is sold That is not often vouch'd, while 'tis a-making, 'Tis given with welcome: to feed were best at home:

From thence the sauce to meat is ceremony: Meeting were bare without it.

Macb. Sweet remembrancer!-Now, good digestion wait on appetite, And health on both!

May't please your highness sit? [The Ghost of Banquo rises, and sits in MACBETH'S place.

Macb. Here had we now our country's hon-

our roof'd, Was't not the way? Were the grac'd person of our Banquo present; Who may I rather challenge for unkindness Than pity for mischance!

His absence, sir. Ross. Lays blame upon his promise. Please't your highness

To grace us with your royal company.

Macb. The table's full.

Len. Here's a place reserv'd, sir.

Macb. Where? Here, my lord. What is't

that moves your highness? Mach. Which of you have done this?

What, my good lord? Lords. Macb. Thou canst not say I did it: never shake

Thy gory locks at me.

well. Ross. Gentlemen, rise; his highness is not Lady M. Sit, worthy friends:—my lord is often thus,

And hath been from his youth: pray you, keep The fit is momentary; upon a thought He will again be well: if much you note him You shall offend him, and extend his passion: Feed, and regard him not .- Are you a man?

Mocb. Ay, and a bold one, that dare look on that

Which might appal the devil.

Lady M. O proper stuff! This is the very painting of your fear: This is the air-drawn dagger which, you said, Led you to Duncan. O, these flaws, and starts,-

Imposters to true fear, -would well become A woman's story at a winter's fire, Authoriz'd by her grandam. Shame itself! Why do you make such faces? When all's done, You look but on a stool.

Macb. Pr'ythee, see there! behold! look! lo! how say you?— [too.— Why, what care I? If thou canst nod, speak

If charnel-houses and our graves must send Those that we bury back, our monuments Shall be the maws of kites. [Ghost disappears.

Lady M. What, quite unmann'd in folly? Macb. If I stand here, I saw him. Lady M. Fie, for shame!

Macb. Blood hatb been shed ere now, i' the olden time,

Ere human statute purg'd the gentle weal: Ay, and since too, murders have been perform'd Too terrible for the ear: the times have been, That, when the brains were out, the man would die,

And there an end; but now they rise again, With twenty mortal murders on their crowns, And push us from our stools: this is more strange Than such a murder is

Lady M. My worthy lord. Your noble friends do lack you.

Macb. I do forget:-Do not muse at me, my most worthy friends; I have a strange infirmity, which is nothing To those that know me. Come, love and health to all;

Then Pll sit down.-Give me some wine, fill I drink to the general joy o' the whole table, And to our dear friend Banquo, whom we miss; Would he were here! to all, and him, we thirst, And all to all.

Lords. Our duties, and the pledge.

Ghost rises again.

Macb. Avaunt! and quit my sight! let the earth hide thee!

Thy bones are marrowless, thy blood is cold: Thou hast no speculation in those eyes Which thou dost glare with!

Think of this, good peers, Lady M. But as a thing of custom: 'tis no other;

Only it spoils the pleasure of the time.

Macb. What man dare, I dare: Approach thou like the rugged Russian bear. The arm'd rhinoceros, or the Hyrcan tiger; Take any shape but that, and my firm nerves Shall never tremble: or be alive again.

And dare me to the desert with thy sword: If trembling I inhabit then, protest me

The baby of a girl. Hence, horrible shadow! Unreal mockery, hence! Ghost disappears. Why. so, -being gone,

I am a man again.—Pray you, sit still.

Lady M. You have displaced the mirth, broke the good meeting.

With most admir'd disorder.

Macb. Can such things be. And overcome us like a summer's cloud. Without our special wonder? You make me

strange Even to the disposition that I owe,

When now I think you can behold such sights. And keep the natural ruby of your cheeks, When mine are blanch'd with fear.

What sights, my lord? Ross. Lady M. I pray you, speak not; he grows worse and worse;

Question enrages him: at once, good-night: -Stand not upon the order of your going,

But go at once Len. Good-night; and better health

Attend his majesty! Lady M.

A kind good-night to all! [Excunt Lords and Attendants. Macb. It will have blood; they say, blood will have blood:

Stones have been known to move, and trees to Augurs, and understood relations, have [forth By magot-pies, and choughs, and rooks, brought The secret'st man of blood .- What is the night? Lady M. Almost at odds with morning, which

is which. [his person, Macb. How say'st thou, that Macduff denies

At our great bidding?

Lady M.Did you send to him, sir? Macb. I hear it by the way; but I will send: There's not a one of them but in his house I keep a servant fee'd. I will to-morrow

(And betimes I will) to the weird sisters: More shall they speak; for now I am bent to know.

By the worst means, the worst. For mine own All causes shall give way: I am in blood

Stept in so far that, should I wade no more, Returning were as tedious as go o'er: [hand; Strange things I have in head, that will to Which must be acted ere they may be scann'd.

Lady M. You lack the season of all natures, sleep. self-abuse Macb. Come, we'll to sleep. My strange and

Is the initiate fear, that wants hard use: We are yet but young in deed.

Scene V .- The Heath.

Thunder. Enter the three Witches, meeting HECATE.

1 Witch. Why, how now, Hecate! you look angerly.

Hec. Have I not reason, beldams as you are, Saucy and overbold? How did you dare To trade and traffic with Macbeth In riddles and affairs of death; And I, the mistiess of your charms, The close contriver of all harms, Was never call'd to bear my part, Or show the glory of our art? And, which is worse, all you have done Hath been but for a wayward son, Spiteful and wrathful; who, as others do. Loves for his own ends, not for you. But make amends now: get you gone, And at the pit of Acheron Meet me i' the morning: thither he Will come to know his destiny. Your vessels and your spells provide, Your charms, and everything beside. I am for the air; this night I'll spend Unto a dismal and a fatal end. Great business must be wrought ere noon: Upon the corner of the moon There hangs a vaporous drop profound; I'll catch it ere it come to ground: And that, distill'd by magic sleights, Shall raise such artificial sprites, As, by the strength of their illusion, Shall draw him on to his confusion: He shall spurn fate, scorn death, and bear His hopes 'bove wisdom, grace, and fear: And you all know, security Is mortal's chiefest enemy.

[Music and song within: Come away, come

away, &c.

Hark! I am call'd; my little spirit, see,
Sits in a foggy cloud, and stays for me. [Exit.
1 Witch. Come, let's make haste; she'll
soon be back again. [Exeunt.

Scene VI.—Forrfs. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Lennox and another Lord.

Len. My former speeches have but hit your thoughts.

Which can interpret further: only, I say,
Things have been strangely borne. The gracious Duncan

Was pitied of Macbeth: —marry, he was dead:—And the right-valiant Banquo walk'd too late; Whom, you may say, if't please you, Fleance kill'd.

For Fleance fied. Men must not walk too late. Who cannot want the thought, how monstrous It was for Malcolm and for Donalbain To kill their gracious father? damned fact! How it did grieve Macbeth! did he not straight, In pious rage, the two delinquents tear, That were the slaves of drink and thralls of sleep?

Was not that nobly done? Ay, and wisely too; For 'twould have anger'd any heart alive, To hear the men deny't. So that, I say, He has borne all things well: and I do think,

That had he Duncan's sons under his key,— As, an't please heaven, he shall not,—they should find

What 'twere to kill a father; so should Fleance. But, peace!—for from broad words, and 'cause he fail'd

His presence at the tyrant's feast, I hear, Macduff lives in disgrace. Sir, can you tell Where he bestows himself?

Lord. The son of Duncan, From whom this tyrant holds the due of birth, Lives in the English court; and is receiv'd Of the most pious Edward with such grace That the malevolence of fortune nothing Takes from his high respect: thither Macduff Is gone to pray the holy king, upon his aid To wake Northumberland, and warlike Siward: That, by the help of these,—with Him above To ratify the work,—we may again Give to our tables meat, sleep to our nights; Free from our feasts and banquets bloody knives:

Do faithful homage, and receive free honours,— All which we pine for now: and this report Hath so exasperate the king that he Prepares for some attempt of war.

Len. Sent he to Macduff?

Lord. He did: and with an absolute, Sir,
not I,

The cloudy messenger turns me his back, [time And hums, as who should say, You'll rue the That clogs me with this answer.

Len. And that well might Advise him to a caution, to hold what distance His wisdom can provide. Some holy angel Fly to the court of England, and unfold His message ere he come; that a swift blessing May soon return to this our suffering country Under a hand accurs'd!

Lord. I'll send my prayers with him! [Excunt.

ACT IV.

[Exeunt. Scene I.—A dark Cave. In the middle, a Caldron Boiling.

Thunder. Enter the three Witches.

- Wilch. Thrice the brinded cat hath mew'd.
 Wilch. Thrice; and once the hedge-pig whin'd.
- 3 Witch. Harpier cries:—'tis time, 'tis time.

 I Witch. Round about the caldron go;
 In the posson'd entrails throw.—

 Toad, that under the cold stone,
 Days and nights hast thuty-one
 Swelter'd venom sleeping got,
- All. Double, double toil and trouble;
 Fire, burn; and, caldron, bubble.
 2 Witch. Fillet of a fenny snake,
 In the caldron boil and bake;
 Eye of newt, and too of frog,
 Wool of bat, and tongue of dog,
 Adder's fork, and blind-worm's sting,
 Lizard's leg, and howlet's wing,—

Boil thou first i' the charmed pot!

For a charm of powerful trouble, Like a hell-broth boil and bubble. All. Double, double toil and trouble, Fire, burn; and, caldron, bubble. 3 Witch. Scale of dragon, tooth of wolf, Witches' mummy, maw and gulf Of the ravin'd salt-sea shark, Root of hemlock digg'd i' the dark, Liver of blaspheming Jew, Gall of goat, and shps of yew Sliver'd in the moon's eclipse, Nose of Turk, and Tartar's lips, Finger of birth-strangl'd babe, Ditch-dehver'd by a drab, Make the gruel thick and slab: Add thereto a tiger's chaudron, For the ingredients of our caldron.

All. Double, double toil and trouble; Fire, burn; and, caldron, bubble. 2 Witch. Cool it with a baboon's blood, Then the charm is firm and good.

Enter HECATE.

Hec. O, well done! I commend your pains, And every one shall share i' the gains. And now about the caldron sing, Like elves and fairies in a ring, Enchanting all that you put in.

SONG.
Black spirits and white, red spirits and gray; Mingle, mingle, mingle, you that mingle may.

Exit HECATE. 2 Witch. By the pricking of my thumbs, Something wicked this way comes:—

Enter MACBETH.

Open, locks, whoever knocks!

Mach. How now, you secret, black, and midnight hags! What is't you do!

All. A deed without a name.

Macb. I conjure you, by that which you profess,-

Howe'er you come to know it, -answer me: Though you untie the winds, and let them fight Against the churches; though the yesty waves Confound and swallow navigation up; [down; Though bladed corn be lodg'd, and trees blown · Though castles topple on their warders' heads; Though palaces and pyramids do slope Their heads to their foundations; though the treasure

Of nature's germins tumble altogether, Even till destruction sicken,-answer me To what I ask you.

1 Witch. Speak.

2 Witch.

Demand.

3 Witch. We'll answer. I Witch. Say, if thou'dst rather hear it from our mouths,

Or from our Masters?

Call 'em, let me see 'em. Мась. I Witch. Pour in sow's blood, that hath eaten Her nine farrow; grease that's sweaten From the murderer's gibbet throw Into the flame.

Come, high or low; Thyself and office deftly show!

Thunder. An Apparition of an armed Head nses.

Macb. Tell me, thou unknown power,-1 Witch. He knows thy thought: Hear his speech, but say thou naught.

App. Macbeth! Macbeth! beware Macduff; [enough, Beware the Thane of Fife.-Dismiss me:-

[Descends.

Macb. Whate'er thou art, for thy good caution, thanks; word more.-Thou hast harp'd my fear aright:—but one I Witch. He will not be commanded: here's another,

More potent than the first.

Thunder. An Apparition of a bloody Child

Macbeth! Macbeth! Macbeth!-Macb. Had I three ears, I'd hear thee. App. Be bloody, bold, and resolute; laugh to scorn

The power of man, for none of woman born Shall harm Macbeth. Descends.

Macb. Then live, Macduff: what need I fear of thee! But yet I'll make assurance double sure,

And take a bond of fate: thou shalt not live; That I may tell pale-hearted fear it lies, And sleep in spite of thunder. - What is this.

Thunder. An Apparition of a Child crowned. with a tree in his hand, rises.

That rises like the issue of a king, And wears upon his baby brow the round And top of sovereignty?

All. Listen, but speak not to't. App. Be lion-mettled, proud; and take no

care Who chafes, who frets, or where conspirers are: Macbeth shall never vanquish'd be, until Great Birnam wood to high Dunsinane hill

Shall come against him. Descends. That will never be: Macb. Who can impress the forest; bid the tree Unfix his earth-bound root? Sweet bode-

ments! good!

Rebellion's head, rise never, till the wood Of Birnam rise, and our high-plac'd Macbeth Shall live the lease of nature, pay his breath To time and mortal custom.--Yet my heart Throbs to know one thing, tell me,—if your art Can tell so much,—shall Banquo's issue ever Reign in this kingdom?

All. Seek to know no more. Macb. I will be satisfied: deny me this, And an eternal curse fall on you! Let me know:fthis?

Why sinks that caldron? and what noise is

Hautboys.

1 Witch. Show! 2 Witch. Show!

3 Witch. Show!

All. Show his eyes and grieve his heart; Come like shadows, so depart!

Eight Kings appear, and pass over in order, the last with a glass in his hand; BANQUO following.

Macb. Thou art too hke the spirit of Banquo; down! Thy crown does sear mine eye-balls: -- and thy Thou other gold-bound brow, is like the first: -A third is like the former. - Filthy hags!

Why do you show me this?-A fourth?-Start, eyes!

What! will the line stretch out to the crack of doom?

Another yet? - A seventh? - I'll see no more: -And yet the eighth appears, who bears a glass Which shows me many more; and some I see That twofold balls and treble sceptres carry: Hornble sight!-Now, I see, 'tis true;

For the blood-bolter'd Banquo smiles upon me, And points at them for his .- What! is this so? 1 Witch. Ay, sir, all this is so:-but why

Stands Macbeth thus amazedly? -Come, sisters, cheer we up his sprites, And show the best of our delights; I'll charm the air to give a sound, While you perform your antic round; That this great king may kindly say, Our duties did his welcome pay.

Music. The Witches dance, and then vanish. Macb. Where are they? Gone?-Let this permicious hour

Stand aye accursed in the calendar!-Come in, without there.

Enter LENNOX.

What's your grace's will? Macb. Saw you the weird sisters? No, my lord.

Macb. Came they not by you? No, indeed, my lord. Len.

Macb. Infected be the air whereon they ride; And damn'd all those that trust them!-I did hear

The galloping of horse: who was't came by? Len. 'Tis two or three, my lord, that bring

you work
Macduff is fied to England.
Fled to England! Len. Ay, my good lord. ploits:

Macb. Time, thou anticipat'st my dread ex-The flightly purpose never is o'ertook Unless the deed go with it: from this moment The very firstlings of my heart shall be The firstlings of my hand. And even now,

To crown my thoughts with acts, be it thought and done: The castle of Macduff I will surprise;

Seize upon Fife; give to the edge o' the sword His wife, his babes, and all unfortunate souls That trace him in his line. No boasting like a fool;

This deed I'll do before this purpose cool: But no more sights!-Where are these gentlemen?

Come, bring me where they are. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- FIFE. A Room in MACDUFF'S Castle.

Enter LADY MACDUFF, her Son, and Ross.

Lady Macd. What had he done, to make

him fly the land? Ross. You must have patience, madam. L. Macd.

His flight was madness: when our actions do the honest men, and hang up them. not.

Our fears do make us traitors.

Ross. You know not Whether it was his wisdom or his fear.

L. Macd. Wisdom! to leave his wife, to leave his babes,

His mansion, and his titles, in a place From whence himself does fly? He loves us not: He wants the natural touch; for the poor wren,

The most diminutive of birds, will fight, Her young ones in her nest, against the owl.

All is the fear, and nothing is the love; As little is the wisdom, where the flight So runs against all reason.

Ross. My dearest coz. I pray you, school yourself: but, for your husband,

He is noble, wise, judicious, and best knows The fits o' the season. I dare not speak much further:

But cruel are the times, when we are traitors, And do not know ourselves; when we hold

rumour From what we fear, yet know not what we fear, But ficat upon a wild and violent sea

Each way and move .- I take my leave of you-Shall not be long but I'll be here again:

Things at the worst will cease, or else climb upward

To what they were before.-My pretty cousin, Blessing upon you! L. Macb. Father'd he is, and yet he's father-

Ross. I am so much a fool, should I stay longer,

It would be my disgrace and your discomfort: I take my leave at once.

L. Macd. Sırrah, your father's dead; And what will you do now? How will you live? Son. As birds do, mother.

L. Macb. What, with worms and flies Son. With what I get, I mean; and so do they net nor lime,

L. Maca. Poor bird! thou'dst never fear the The pit-fall nor the gin.

Son. Why should I, mother? Poor birds

they are not set for. My father is not dead, for all your saying,

L. Macd. Yes, he is dead: how wilt thou do for a father?

Son. Nay, how will you do for a husband? L. Macd. Why, I can buy me twenty at any market. Son. Then you'll buy 'em to sell again.

L. Macd. Thou speak'st with all thy wit; and yet, i' faith,

With wit enough for thee. Son. Was my father a traitor, mother?

L. Macd. Ay, that he was.

Son. What is a traitor?
L. Macd. Why, one that swears and lies.
Son. And be all traitors that do so?

L. Macd. Every one that does so is a traitor, and must be hanged.

Son. And must they all be hanged that swear

L. Macd. Every one. Son. Who must hang them? L. Macd. Why, the honest men.

Son. Then the liars and swearers are fools: He had none: for there are liars and swearers enow to beat

> L. Macd. Now, God help thee, poor monkey! But how wilt thou do for a father?

Son. If he were dead, you'd weep for him if you would not, it were a good sign that I should quickly have a new father.

L. Macd. Poor prattler! how thou talk'st.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Bless you, fair dame! I am not to you known

Though in your state of honour I am perfect. I doubt some danger does approach you nearly If you will take a homely man's advice, Be not found here; hence, with your little ones. To fright you thus, methinks, I am too savage To do worse to you were fell cruelty, [you Which is too nigh your person. Heaven preserve

I dare abide no longer. Exit L. Macd. Whither should I fly? I have done no harm. But I remember now I am in this earthly world, where to do harm Is often laudable; to do good, sometime Accounted dangerous folly, why then, alas, Do I put up that womanly defence, faces? To say I have done no harm? - What are these

Enter Murderers.

1 Mur. Where is your husband? L. Macd. I hope, in no place so unsanctified Where such as thou mayst find him.

He's a traitor. 1 Mur. Son. Thou liest, thou shag-hair'd villain. What, you egg? [Stabbing him. 1 Mur

Young fry of treachery! Son. He has kill'd me, mother: Run away, I pray you! [Dies. [Exit Lady Madcuff, crying Murder, and pursued by the Murderers.

Scene III .- England. Before the King's Palace.

Enter MALCOLM and MACDUFF.

Mal. Let us seek out some desolate shade. and there

Weep our sad bosoms empty.

Macd. Let us rather Hold fast the mortal sword, and, like good men, Bestride our down-fall'n birthdom: each new morn [sorrows

New widows howl; new orphans cry; new Strike heaven on the face, that it resounds As if it felt with Scotland, and yell'd out

Like syllable of dolour. What I believe, I'll wail; Mal. What know, believe; and what I can redress, As I shall find the time to friend, I will.

What you have spoke, it may be so perchance. This tyrant, whose sole name blisters our tongues,

Was once thought honest: you have lov'd him He hath not touch'd you yet. I am young; but something

You may deserve of him through me; and wis-To offer up a weak, poor, innocent lamb To appease an angry god.

Macd. I am not treacherous.

But Macbeth is. a good and virtuous nature may recoil In an imperial charge. But I shall crave your pardon; [pose; That which you are, my thoughts cannot transAngels are bright still, though the brightest fell: Though all things foul would wear the brows of grace,

Yet grace must still look so.

Macd.

I have lost my hopes. Mal. Perchance even there where I did find my doubts.

Why in that rawness left you wife and child .-Those precious motives, those strong knots of love,-

Without leave-taking?-I pray you, Let not my jealousies be your dishonours. But mine own safeties:-you may be rightly

Whatever I shall think.

Bleed, bleed, poor country! Macd. Great tyranny, lay thou thy basis sure, For goodness dare not check thee! wear thou

thy wrongs, Thy title is afteer'd.—Fare thee well, lord: I would not be the villain that thou think'st For the whole space that's in the tyrant's grasp And the rich East to boot.

Mal Be not offended: I speak not as in absolute fear of you. I think our country sinks beneath the voke: It weeps, it bleeds; and each new day a gash Is added to her wounds. I think, withal There would be hands uplifted in my right; And here, from gracious England, have I offer Of goodly thousands: but, for all this When I shall tread upon the tyrant's head, Or wear it on my sword, yet my poor country Shall have more vices than it had before; More suffer, and more sundry ways than ever. By him that shall succeed. Macd. What should he be?

Mal. It is myself I mean: in whom I know All the particulars of vice so grafted That, when they shall be open'd, black Macbeth Will seem as pure as snow; and the poor state Esteem him as a lamb, being compar'd With my confineless harms.

Macd. Not in the legions Of horrid hell can come a devil more damn'd In evils to top Macbeth.

Mal. I grant him bloody, Luxurious, avaricious, false, deceitful, Sudden, malicious, smacking of every sin That has a name: but there's no bottom, none. In my voluptuousness: your wives, your daugh-

Your matrons, and your maids, could not fill The cistern of my lust; and my desire All continent impediments would o'erbear. That did oppose my will: better Macbeth

Than such a one to reign. Macd. Boundless intemperance

In nature is a tyranny; it hath been The untimely emptying of the happy throne, And fall of many kings. But fear not yet To take upon you what is yours: you may Convey your pleasures in a spacious plenty And yet seem cold, the time you may so hood-

wink. be We have willing dames enough; there cannot That vulture in you, to devour so many As will to greatness dedicate themselves, Finding it so inclin'd.

Mal. With this there grows, In my most ill-compos'd affection, such A stanchless avance, that, were I king, I should cut off the nobles for their lands; Desire his jewels, and this other's house: And my more-having would be as a sauce To make me hunger more; that I should forge Quarrels unjust against the good and loyal, Destroying them for wealth.

Macd.

This avarice
Sticks deeper; grows with more perincious root
Than summer-seeming lust; and it hath been
The sword of our slain kings, yet do not fear;
Scotland hath foysons to fill up your will,
Of your mere own all these are portable,
With other graces weigh'd.

Mal. But I have none: the king-becoming

graces,
As justice, venty, temperance, stableness,
Bounty, perseverance, mercy, lowliness,
Devotion, patience, courage, fortitude,
I have no relish of them; but abound
In the division of each several crime, [should
Acting it many ways. Nay, had I power, I
Pour the sweet milk of conord into hell,
Uproar the universal peace, confound
All unity on earth.

Macd. O Scotland! Scotland!
Mal. If such a one be fit to govern, speak:

I am as I have spoken.

Macd.

No, not to live!—O nation miserable,
With an untitled tyrant bloody-scepter'd,
When shalt thou see thy wholesome days again,
Since that the truest issue of thy throne
By his own interdiction stands accurs'd,
And does blaspheme his breed?—Thy royal
father [thee,

Was a most sainted king; the queen that bore Oftener upon her knees than on her feet, Dhed every day she lived. Fare-thee-well! These evils thou repeat'st upon thyself Have banish'd me from Scotland.—O my breast.

Thy hope ends here!

Mal. Macduff, this noble passion, Child of intregity, hath from my soul Wip'd the black scruples, reconciled my thoughts

To thy good truth and honour. Devilish

Macbeth By many of these trains hath sought to win me Into his power; and modest wisdom plucks me From over-credulous haste: but God above Deal between thee and me! for even now I put myself to thy direction, and Unspeak mine own detraction; here abjure The taints and blames I laid upon myself, For strangers to my nature. I am yet Unknown to woman; never was forsworn. Scarcely have coveted what was mine own; At no time broke my faith; would not betray The devil to his fellow; and delight No less in truth than life: my first false speak-Was this upon myself:-what I am truly, Is thine, and my poor country's, to command: Whither, indeed, before thy here-approach, Old Siward, with ten thousand warlike men, Already at a point, was setting forth: Now we'll together; and the chance of goodness Be like our warranted quarrel! Why are you silent? [at once Macd. Such welcome and unwelcome things 'Tis hard to reconcile.

Enter a Doctor.

Mal. Well; more anon.—Comes the king forth, I pray you? [souls Doct. Ay, sir: there are a crew of wretched That stay his cure: their malady convinces The great assay of art, but, at his touch, Such sanctity hath heaven given his hand, They presently amend.

Mal. I thank you, doctor. [Exit Doctor. Macd. What's the disease he means? Mal.

A most miraculous work in this good king;

Which often, since my here-remain in England, I have seen him do. How he solicits heaven, Himself best knows: but strangely-visited people,

All swoln and ulcerous, pittful to the eye, The mere despair of surgery, he cures; Hanging a golden stamp about their necks,

Put on with holy prayers: and 'tis spoken,
To the succeeding royalty he leaves
The healing benediction. With this strange
virtue,

He hath a heavenly gift of prophecy;

And sundry blessings hang about his throne, That speak him full of grace.

Macd See, who comes here?

Mal. My countryman; but yet I know him not.

Enter Ross.

Macd. My ever-gentle cousin, welcome hither.

Mal. I know him now. Good God, betimes

The means that makes us strangers!

Ross. Sir, amen.
Macd. Stands Scotland where it did?

Ross. Alas, poor country,—
Almost afraid to know itself! It cannot
Be call'd our mather but our grave; where

Be call'd our mother, but our grave: where nothing, But who knows nothing, is once seen to smile:

Where sighs, and groans, and shrieks, that rent the air, [seems Are made, not mark'd; where violent sorrcw

A modern ecstacy; the dead man's knell Is there scarce ask'd for who; and good men's

lives Expire before the flowers in their caps,

Dying or ere they sicken.

Macd.

O, relation

Macd. O, relation
Too nice, and yet too true!

Mal. What's the newest grief?
Ross. That of an hour's age doth hiss the speaker;

Each minute teens a new one.

Macd. How does my wife?

Ross. Why, well.

Macd. And all my children?

Ross. Well too.
Macd. The tyrant has not batter'd at their

peace?
Ross. No; they were well at peace when

Macd. Be not a niggard of your speech: how goes't? [tidings, Ross. When I came hither to transport the

Ross. When I came hither to transport the Which I have heavily borne, there ran a rumour Of many worthy fellows that were out:

Which was to my belief witness'd the rather, For that I saw the tyrant's power a-foot:
Now is the time of help; your eye in Scotland

Now is the time of help; your eye in Scotland Would create soldiers, make our women fight, To doff their dire distresses.

Mal. Be't their comfort
We are coming thither: gracious England hath
Lent us good Siward and ten thousand men;

An older and a better soldier none That Christendom gives out.

Ross. Would I could answer
Thus comfort with the like! But I have words
That would be howl'd out in the desert air,
Where hearing should not latch them.

Macd. What concern they? The general cause? or is it a fee-grief

Due to some single breast?

Ross. No mind that's honest But in it shares some woe; though the main part Pertains to you alone.

Macd. If it be mine,

Keep it not from me; quickly let me have it.

Ross. Let not your ears despise my tongue

for ever, [sound Which shall possess them with the heaviest

That ever yet they heard.

Macd. Hum! I guess at it.

Ross. Your castle is surpris'd; your wife and

babes
Savagely slaughter'd: to relate the manner,
Were on the overry of these murder'd deer

Were, on the quarry of these murder'd deer,
To add the death of you.

Mar. Mar. Marciful beaven!

Mal. Merciful heaven!—
What, man! ne'er pull your hat upon your
brows: [speak

Give sorrow words: the grief that does not Whispers the o'er-fraught heart, and bids it break.

Macd. My children too?

Ross. Wife, children, servants, all here she comes!
That could be found.

Macd. And I must be from thence! My wife kill'd too?

Ross. I have said.

Mal. Be comforted:
Let's make us medicines of our great revenge,
To cure this deadly grief.

To cure this deadly grief.

Macd. He has no children.—All my pretty
[ones?

Did you say all?—O hell-kite!—All? What, all my pretty chickens and their dam

At one fell swoop?

Mal. Dispute it like a man.

Macd. I shall do so;
But I must also feel it as a man:

I cannot but remember such things were, That were most precious to me.—Did heaven

look on, And would not take their part? Sinful Macduff, They were all struck for thee! naught that I am,

now! [let grief when none can call our power to Mal. Be this the whetstone of your sword; Yet who would have thought the Convert to anger; blunt not the heart, enrage it. have had so much blood in him?

Macd. O, I could play the woman with mine eye, [heavens,

And braggart with mystongue!—But, gentle Cut short all intermission; front to front Bring thou this fiend of Scotland and myself; Within my sword's length set him; if he'scape, Heaven forgive him too!

Mal. This tune goes manly. Come, go we to the king; our power is ready; Our lack is nothing but our leave: Macbeth Is ripe for shaking, and the powers above Put on their instruments. Receive what cheer

you may;
The night is long that never finds the day.

[Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I.—Dunsinane. A Room in the Castle.

Enter a Doctor of Physic and a Waiting-Gentlewoman.

Doct. I have two nights watched with you, but can perceive no truth in your report. When was it she last walked?

Gent. Since his majesty went into the field, I have seen her rise from her bed, throw her nightgown upon her, unlock her closet, take forth paper, fold it, write upon it, read it, afterwards seal it, and again return to bed; yet all this while in a most fast sleen.

Doct. A great perturbation in nature,—to receive at once the benefit of sleep, and do the effects of watching!—In this slumbery agitation, besides her walking and other actual performances, what, at any time, have you heard her say?

Gent. That, sir, which I will not report after her.

Doct. You may to me; and 'tis most meet you should.

Gent. Neither to you nor any one; having no witness to confirm my speech. Lo you, here she comes!

Enter LADY MACBETH, with a taper.

This is her very guise; and, upon my life, fast asleep. Observe her; stand close.

Doct. How came she by that light? Gent. Why, it stood by her: she has light

by her continually; 'us her command.

Doct. You see, her eyes are open.

Gent. Ay, but their sense is shut.

Doct What is it she does now? Look, how

she rubs her hands.

Gent. It is an accustomed action with her, to

seem thus washing her hands: I have known her continue in this a quarter of an hour.

Lady M. Yet here's a spot.

Doct. Hark! she speaks: I will set down

what comes from her, to satisfy my remembrance the more strongly.

Lady M. Out, damned spot! out, I say!— One; two: why, then 'tis time to do't:—Hell is murky!—Fte, my lord, fiel a soldier, and afeard? What need we fear who knows it, when none can call our power to account?— Yet who would have thought the old man to

Doct. Do you mark that? Lady M. The Thane of Fife had a wife; where is she now?—What, will these hands ne'er be clean?—No more o' that, my lord, no more o' that: you mar all with this starting.

Doct. Go to, go to; you have known what

you should not.

Gent. She has spoke what she should not, I am sure of that: heaven knows what she has known.

Lady M. Here's the smell of the blood still: all the perfumes of Arabia will not sweeten this little hand. Oh, oh, oh!

Doct. What a sigh is there! The heart is sorely charged.

Gent. I would not have such a heart in my bosom for the dignity of the whole body.

Doct. Well, well, well,-

Gent. Pray God it be, sir.

Doct. This disease is beyond my practice: yet I have known those which have walked in

their sleep who have died holdy in their beds.

Lady M. Wash your hands, put on your nightgown; look not so pale:—I tell you yet again, Banquo's buried; he cannot come out on's grave.

Doct. Even so?

Lady M. To bed, to bed; there's knocking at the gate: come, come, come, come, give me your hand: what's done cannot be undone: to [Exit. bed, to bed, to bed.

Doct. Will she go now to bed? Gent. Directly.

Doct. Foul whisperings are abroad: unnatural deeds Do breed unnatural troubles: infected minds

To their deaf pillows will discharge their secrets. More needs she the divine than the physi-

God. God forgive us all!-Look after her: Remove from her the means of all annoyance, And still keep eyes upon her: -so, good-might: My mind she has mated, and amaz'd my sight: I think, but dare not speak.

Gent. Good-night, good doctor. Exeunt.

Scene II .- The Country near Dunsinane.

Enter, with drum and colours, MENTERTH, CAITHNESS, ANGUS, LENNOX, and Soldiers.

Ment. The English power is near, led on by Malcolm

His uncle Siward, and the good Macduff. Revenges burn in them; for their dear causes Would to the bleeding and the grim alarm

Excite the mortified man. Ang. Near Birnam wood Shall we well meet them; that way are they

Ccith. Who knows if Donalbain be with his

brother? Len. For certain, sir, he is not: I have a file Of all the gentry: there is Siward's son,

And many unrough youths, that even now Protest their first of manhood.

What does the tyrant? Caith. Great Dunsinane he strongly fortifies: Some say he's mad; others, that lesser hate him.

Do call it valiant fury: but, for certain, He cannot buckle his distemper'd course Within the belt of rule.

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Ana. Now does he feel His secret murders sticking on his hands; Now minutely revolts upbraid his faith-breach; Those he commands move only in command, Nothing in love: now does he feel his title Hang loose about him, like a giant's robe Upon a dwarfish thief.

Ment. Who, then, shall blame His pester'd senses to recoil and start, When all that is within him does condemn

Itself for being there?

Well, march we on, Caith. To give obedience where 'tis truly ow'd: Meet we the medicine of the sickly weal; And with him pour we, in our country's purge, Each drop of us

Len. Or so much as it needs. To dew the sovereign flower, and drown the

weeds.

Make we our march towards Birnam. Exeunt, marching.

SCENE III.—DUNSINANE. A Room in the Castle.

Enter Macbeth, Doctor, and Attendants.

Macb. Bring me no more reports; let them

fly all: Till Birnam wood remove to Dunsinane

I cannot taint with fear. What's the boy Malcolm? Was he not born of woman? The spirits that

All mortal consequences have pronounc'd me thus, woman

Fear not, Macbeth; no man that's born of Shall e'er have power upon thee.—Then fly, false thanes.

And mingle with the English epicures: The mind I sway by, and the heart I bear. Shall never sag with doubt nor shake with fear.

Enter a Servant.

The devil damn thee black, thou cream-fac'd loon!

Where gott'st thou that goose look?

Serv. There is ten thousand. Macb. Geese, villain? Serv.

Soldiers, sır. Macb. Go, prick thy face, and over-red thy fear, Thou lily-liver'd boy. What soldiers, patch? Death of thy soull those linen cheeks of thine

Are counsellors to fear. What soldiers, wheyface? Serv. The English force, so please you.

Mach. Take thy face hence. [Exit Servant Sevton!-I am sick at heart, When I behold-Seyton, I say!-This push Will chair me ever, or disseat me now. I have hv'd long enough: my way of life Is fall'n into the sear, the yellow leaf; And that which should accompany old age, As honour, love, obedience, troops of friends, I must not look to have; but, in their stead,

Curses not loud but deep, mouth-honour, idare not. breath, Which the poor heart would fain deny, and

Seyton!-

Enter SEYTON.

Sey. What is your gracious pleasure?

Macb. What news more? Sey. All is confirm'd, my lord, which was reported. [be hack'd.

Macb. I'll fight till from my bones my flesh Maco. In how.

Give me my armour.

'Tis not needed yet.

Macb. I'll put it on.

Send out more horses, skirr the country round; Hang those that talk of fear.-Give me mine armour .-

How does your patient, doctor?

Not so sick, my lord, Doct. As she is troubled with thick-coming fancies; That keep her from her rest.

Cure her of that: Macb. Canst thou not minister to a mind diseas'd: Pluck from the memory a rooted sorrow: Raze out the written troubles of the brain;

And with some sweet oblivious antidote Cleanse the stuff'd bosom of that perilous stuff Which weighs upon the heart?

Therein the patient of it.-Must minister to himself. Macb. Throw physic to the dogs,-I'll none

Come, put mine armour on; give me my staff.-

Seyton, send out .- Doctor, the thanes fly from [cast me.-

Come, sir, despatch.-If thou couldst, doctor. The water of my land, find her disease And purge it to a sound and pristine health,

I would applaud thee to the very echo, That should applaud again.—Pull't off, I say.— What rhubarb, senna, or what purgative drug, Would scour these English hence? Hear'st

thou of them? **ftion** Doct. Ay, my good lord; your royal prepara-Make us hear something.

Macb. Bring it after me .-I will not be afraid of death and bane, Till Birnam forest come to Dunsinane.

[Exeunt all except Doctor. Doct. Were I from Dunsinane away and clear,

Profit again should hardly draw me here.

Exit.

SCENE IV .- Country near Dunsmane: a

Wood in view. Enter, with drum and colours, MALCOLM, old

SIWARD and his Son, MACDUFF, MENTEITH, CAITHNESS, ANGUS, LENNOX, ROSS, and Soldiers, marching.

Mal. Cousins, I hope the days are near at hand

That chambers will be safe.

We doubt it nothing. Siw. What wood is this before us?

Ment. The wood of Birnam. Mal. Let every soldier hew him down a bough, shadow

And bear't before him; thereby shall we The numbers of our host, and make discovery Err in report of us.

Sold. It shall be done. [tvrant Siw. We learn no other but the confident Keeps still in Dunsmane, and will endure Our setting down before't.

'Tis his main hope: Mal. For where there is advantage to be given. Both more and less have given him the revolt: And none serve with him but constrained things.

Whose hearts are absent too.

Macd. Let our just censures

Attend the true every.
Industrious soldiership.
The time approaches, That will with due decision make us know What we shall say we have, and what we owe. Thoughts speculative their unsure hopes relate: But certain issue strokes must arbitrate: Towards which advance the war.

[Exeunt, marching.

Within the Castle. SCENE V .- DUNSINANE. Enter. with drum and colours, MACBETH. SEYTON, and Soldiers.

Macb. Hang out our banners on the outward walls;

The cry is still, They come: our castle's strength Will laugh a siege to scorn: here let them he

Till famine and the ague eat them up Were they not forc'd with those that should be ours. [beard,

We might have met them dareful, beard to And beat them backward home.

[A cry of women within. What is that noise?

Sey. It is the cry of women, my good lord.

Exit. Macb. I have almost forgot the taste of fears: The time has been, my senses would have

cool'd To hear a night-shrick; and my fell of hair Would at a dismal treatise rouse and stir

As life were in't: I have supp'd full with horrors; Direness, familiar to my slaught'rous thoughts.

Cannot once start me.

Re-enter SEYTON.

Wherefore was that cry? Sey. The queen, my lord, is dead. Macb. She should have died hereafter; There would have been a time for such a word.~

To-morrow, and to-morrow, and to-morrow, Creeps in this petty pace from day to day To the last syllable of recorded time; And all our yesterdays have lighted fools The way to dusty death. Out, out, brief candle! Life's but a walking shadow; a poor player, That struts and frets his hour upon the stage. And then is heard no more: it is a tale Told by an idiot, full of sound and fury, Signifying nothing.

Enter a Messenger.

Thou com'st to use thy tongue; thy story quickly.

Mess. Gracious my lord.

I should report that which I say I saw, But know not how to do it. Well, say, sir. Macb.

Mess. As I did stand my watch upon the hill, I look'd toward Birnam, and anon, methought. The wood began to move.

Liar, and slave! Macb.

Striking him. Mess. Let me endure your wrath, if't be not

Within this three mile may you see it coming; I say, a moving grove.

If thou speak'st false. Macb. Upon the next tree shalt thou hang alive, Till famine cling thee: if thy speech be sooth, I care not if thou dost for me as much .-

I pull in resolution; and begin To doubt the equivocation of the fiend

That lies like truth: Fear not, till Birnam wood Do come to Dunsinane;—and now a wood Comes toward Dunsinane .- Arm, arm, and out!-

If this which he avouches does appear, There is nor flying hence nor tarrying here. I'gin to be a-weary of the sun, [done.-And wish the estate o' the world were now un-Ring the alarum-bell!-Blow, wind! come, wrack!

At least we'll die with harness on our back. Exeunt.

Scene VI .- The same. A Plain before the Castle.

Enter, with drum and colours, MALCOLM, old SIWARD, MACDUFF, &c., and their Army, with boughs.

Mal. Now near enough; your leafy screens throw down.

And show like those you are. You, worthy uncle,

Shall, with my cousin, your right-noble son, Lead our first battle: worthy Macduff and we Shall take upon's what else remains to do. According to our order.

Fare you well .-Do we but find the tyrant's power to-night, Let us be beaten, if we cannot fight.

Macd. Make all our frumpets speak; give them all breath,

Those clamorous harbingers of blood and death. [Exeunt.

Scene VII .- The same. Another part of the Plain.

Alarums. Enter MACBETH.

Macb. They have tied me to a stake: I cannot fly, [What's he But, bear-like, I must fight the course.— That was not born of woman? Such a one Am I to fear, or none.

Enter young SIWARD.

Yo. Siw. What is thy name?

Thou'lt be afraid to hear it. Yo. Siw. No: though thou call'st thyself a hotter name

Than any is in hell.

My name's Macbeth. Macb. Yo. Siw. The devil himself could not pronounce a title

More hateful to mine ear.

Macb. No, nor more fearful. Yo. Siw. Thou liest, abhorred tyrant; with my sword

I'll prove the he thou speak'st.

[They fight, and young SIWARD is slain.
b. Thou wast born of woman.— Macb. But swords I smile at, weapons laugh to scorn, Brandish'd by man that's of a woman born.

Alarums. Enter MACDUFF.

Macd. That way the noise is .- Tyrant, show thy face!

If thou be'st slain, and with no stroke of mine, My wife and children's ghosts will haunt me still.

I cannot strike at wretched kerns, whose arms Are hir'd to bear their staves; either thou, Macbeth,

Or else my sword, with an unbatter'd edge, I sheathe again undeeded. There thou should st be;

By this great clatter, one of greatest note Seems bruited. Let me find him, fortune! And more I beg not. [Exit. Alarums.

Enter MALCOLM and old SIWARD.

Siw. This way, my lord;—the castle's gently render'd:

The tyrant's people on both sides do fight: The noble thanes do bravely in the war: The day almost itself professes yours. And little is to do.

Siw.

Mal.We have met with foes That strike beside us.

Enter, sir, the castle. Exeunt. Alarums.

Scene VIII .- The same. Another bart of the Plain.

Enter MACBETH.

Macb. Why, should I play the Roman fool, and die gashes On mine own sword? whiles I see lives, the Do better upon them.

Enter MACDUFF.

Macd. Turn, hell-hound, turn Macb. Of all men else I have avoided thee. But get thee back; my soul is too much charg'd With blood of thine already.

Macd. I have no words. My voice is in my sword: thou bloodier villain Than terms can give thee out! [They fight.

Macb. Thou losest labour: As easy mayst thou the intrenchant air

With thy keen sword impress, as make me bleed: Let fall thy blade on vulnerable crests:

I bear a charmed life, which must not yield To one of woman born.

Despair thy charm; And let the angel whom thou still hast serv'd Tell thee, Macduff was from his mother's womb Untimely ripp'd. So,

Macb. Accursed be that tongue that tells me For it hath cow'd my better part of man! And be these juggling fiends no more believ'd, That palter with us in a double sense;

That keep the word of promise to our ear,
And break it to our hope!—I'll not fight with
thee.

Macd. Then yield thee, coward, And live to be the show and gaze o' the time: We'll have thee, as our rarer monsters are, Painted upon a pole, and underwrit, Here may you see the tyrant.

Macb. I will not yield,
To kiss the ground before young Malcolm's

feet,
And to be batted with the rabble's curse.
Though Birnam wood be come to Dunsinane,
And thou oppos'd, being of no woman born,
Yet I will try the last. Before my body
I throw my warlike shield: lay on, Macduff;
And damn'd be him that first cries, Hold,
enough!

[Exeunt, fighting.

Retreat. Flourish. Enter, with drum and colours, MALCOLM, old SIWARD, ROSS, LENNOX, ANGUS, CAITHNESS, MENTEITH and Soldiers.

Mal. I would the friends we miss were safe arriv'd. [see.

Siw. Some must go off; and yet, by these I So great a day as this is cheaply bought.

Mal. Macduff is missing, and your noble son.

Ross. Your son, my lord, has paid a soldier's
debt.

He only liv'd but till he was a man; The which no sooner had his prowess confirm'd In the unshrinking station where he fought, But like a man he died. Siw. Then he is dead?

Ross. Ay, and brought off the field: your cause of sorrow

Must not be measur'd by his worth, for then It hath no end.

Siw. Had he his hurts before?

Ross. Ay, on the front.

comfort.

Suv. Why, then, God's soldier be he! Had I as many sons as I have hairs,

I would not wish them to a fairer death: And, so his knell is knoll'd.

Mal. He's worth more sorrow,

And that I'll. spend for him.

Suw.

He's worth no more:
They say he parted well, and paid his score:
And so, God be with him!—Here comes newer

Re-enter MACDUFF, with MACBETH'S head.

Macd. Hail, king! for so thou art: behold, where stands

The usurper's cursed head: the time is free: I see thee compass'd with thy kingdom's pearl That speak my salutation in their minds; Whose voices I desire aloud with mine,— Hail, King of Scotland!

All. Hail, King of Scotland!

Flourish.

Mal. We shall not spend a large expense of

time
Before we reckon with your several loves,
And make us even with you. My thanes and

kinsmen,
Henceforth be earls, the first that ever Scotland
In such an honour nam'd. What's more to do,
Which would be planted newly with the time,—
As calling home our exil'd friends abroad,
That fled the snares of watchful tyranny;
Producing forth the cruel ministers

Producing form the crule immissers of this dead butcher, and his fiend-like queen, Who, as 'tis thought, by self and violent hands Took off her life;—this, and what needful else That calls upon us, by the grace of Grace, We will perform in measure, time, and place: So, thanks to all at once, and to each one,

Whom we invite to see us crown'd at Scone.

[Flourish. Exeunt.

HAMLET, PRINCE OF DENMARK

PERSONS REPRESENTED

CLAUDIUS, King of Denmark.

HAMLET, Son to the former and Nephew to the REYNALDO, Servant to POLONIUS. present King.
POLONIUS, Lord Chamberlain. HORATIO, Friend to HAMLET. LAERTES, Son to POLONIUS. VOLTIMAND. CORNELIUS, ROSENCRANTZ. GUILDENSTERN. Courtiers. OSRIC, A Gentleman. A Priest. MARCELLUS,) Officers.

BERNARDO,

Players. Two Clowns, Grave-diggers. FORTINBRAS, Prince of Norway. A Captain. English Ambassadors. Ghost of Hamler's Father.

GERTRUDE, Queen of Denmark, and Mother of Hamlet.
Ophelia, Daughter to Polonius.

Lords, Ladies, Officers, Soldiers, Sailors, Messengers, and other Attendants.

Scene,-Elsinore.

ACT I. Fran. For this relief much thanks: 'tis bitter cold. SCENE I .- ELSINORE. A Platform before the And I am sick at heart. Castle. Ber. Have you had quiet guard? Not a mouse stirring. FRANCISCO at his post. Enter to him Ber. Well, good-night. BERNARDO. If you do meet Horatio and Marcellus, The rivals of my watch, bid them make haste. Fran. I think I hear them.—Stand, hot Ber. Who's there? Fran. Nay, answer me: stand, and unfold

Yourself. Who is there? Ber. Long live the king! Enter HORATIO and MARCELLUS. Fran. Bernardo? Hor. Friends to this ground.

Mar. And liegemen to the Dane. Ber. Fran. You come most carefully upon your

hour. Fran. Give you good-night. Ber. 'Tis now struck twelve; get thee to bed, Mar. O, farewell, honest soldier: Who hath reliev'd you? Francisco.

Fran.
Give you good-night.
Mar.
Ber.
Holla! Bernardo!
Say.

What, is Horatio there?

Hor. A piece of him.

Ber. Welcome, Horatio:—welcome, good
Marcellus. [night?

Mar. What, has this thing appear'd again to-Ber. I have seen nothing: Mar. Horatio says 'tis but our fantasy, And will not let belief take hold of him Touchier this drasidal sight time seen of us.

Touching this dreaded sight, twice seen of us: Therefore I have entreated him along With us to watch the minutes of this night; That, if again this apparition come He may approve our eyes and speak to it.

Her hay approve our eyes and speak to it.

Hor. Tush, tush, 'twill not appear.

Ber. Sit down awhile,

And let us once again assail your ears,

That are so fortified against our story, What we two nights have seen.

Hor. Well, sit we down,
And let us hear Bernardo speak of this.

Ber. Last night of all, When you same star that's westward from the pole

Had made his course to illume that part of heaven

Where now it burns, Marcellus and myself,
The bell then beating one,— [comes again!
Mar. Peace, break thee off; look where it

Enter Ghost, armed.

Ber. In the same figure, like the king that's dead. [Horatio.

Mar. Thou art a scholar; speak to it,
Ber. Looks it not like the king? mark it,
Horatio. [and wonder,
Hor. Most like:—it harrows me with fear

Ber. It would be spoke to.

Mar. Question it, Horatio.

Hor. What art thou, that usurp'st this time of night,

Together with that fair and warlike form
In which the majesty of buried Denmark
Did sometimes march? by heaven I charge
thee speak!

thee, speak!
Mar. It is offended.

Ber. See, it stalks away!

Hor. Stay! speak, speak! I charge thee,
speak! [Exit Ghost.

Mar. 'Tis gone, and will not answer. [pale: Ber. How now, Horatio! you tremble and look Is not this something more than fantasy?

What think you on't?

Hor. Before my God, I might not this believe
Without the sensible and true avouch

Of mine own eyes.

Mar. Is it not like the king?

Hor. As thou art to thyself:

Such was the very armour he had on
When he the ambituous Norway combated;

So frown'd he once when, in an angry parle,
He smote the sledded Polacks on the ice.

This strange.

'The strange. [hour, Mar. Thus twice before, and just at this dead With martial stalk hath he gone by our watch. Hor. In what particular thought to work I

know not;

But, in the gross and scope of my opinion, This bodes some strange eruption to our state. Mar. Good now, sit down, and tell me, he that knows,

Why this same strict and most observant watch So nightly toils the subject of the land; And why such daily cast of brazen cannon, And foreign mart for implements of war; [task Why such impress of shipwrights, whose sore Does not divide the Sunday from the week; What might be toward, that this sweaty haste both make the night joint-labourer with the

day: Who is't that can inform me?

Hor.

At least, the whisper goes so. Our last king, Whose image even but now appear'd to us, Was, as you know, by Fortinbras of Norway, Thereto pick'd on by a most emulate pride,

Dar'd to the combat; in which our valiant
Hamlet,— [hum,—
For so this side of our known world esteem'd

For so this side of our known world esteem'd Did slay this Fortmbras; who, by a seal'd compact,

Well ratified by law and heraldry,
Did forfeit, with his life, all those his lands,
Which he stood seiz?d of, to the conqueror:
Against the which, a moiety competent
Was gagged by our king, which had return'd
To the inheritance of Fortinbras, [cov'nant,
Had he been vanquisher, as by the same
And carnage of the article design'd, [bras,
His fell to Hamlet. Now, sir, young FortinOf unimproved mettle hot and full,
Hath in the skirts of Norway, here and there.

Shark'd up a list of landless resolutes, For food and diet, to some enterprise That hath a stomach in't: which is no other,— As it doth well appear unto our state,—

But to recover of us by strong hand, And terms compulsative, those foresaid lands So by his father lost: and this, I take it, Is the main motive of our preparations,

The source of this our watch, and the chief head Of this post-haste and romage in the land.

Ber. I think it be no other, but e'en so:

Well may it sort, this portentous figure Comes armed through our watch; so like the king

That was and is the question of these wars. Hor. A mote it is to trouble the mind's eye. In the most high and palmy state of Rome A little ere the mightiest Julius fell, The graves stood tenantless, and the sheeted Did squeak and gibber in the Roman streets: As, stars with trains of fire and dews of blood, Disasters in the sun; and the moist star, Upon whose influence Neptune's empire stands Was sick almost to doomsday with eclipse: And even the like precurse of fierce events,-As harbingers preceding still the fates, And prologue to the omen coming on,-Have heaven and earth together demonstrated Unto our chmature and countrymen .-But, soft, behold! lo, where it comes again!

Re-enter Ghost.

I'll cross it, though it blast me.—Stay, illusion! If thou hast any sound or use of voice.

Speak to me:

If there be any good thing to be done, That may to thee do ease, and grace to me,

Speak to me:
If thou art privy to thy country's fate,

Which, happily, foreknowing may avoid,

O, speak! Or if thou hast uphoarded in thy life Extorted treasure in the womb of earth,

For which, they say, you spirits oft walk in death, [Cock crows. Speak of it:—stay, and speak!—Stop it, Mar-

cellus.

Mar. Shall I strike at it with my partisan?

Hor. Do, if it will not stand.

Ber. 'Tis here!

Hor. 'Tis here! Exit Ghost.
We do it wrong, being so majestical,

To offer it the show of violence; For it is, as the air, invulnerable, And our vain blows malicious mockery. [crew.

Ber. It was about to speak when the cock Hor. And then it started like a guilty thing Upon a fearful summons. I have heard, The cock, that is the trumpet to the morn, Doth with his lofty and shrill-sounding throat Awake the god of day; and at his warning, Whether in sea or fire, in earth or air. The extravagant and erring spirit hies To his confine: and of the truth herein

This present object made probation.

Mar. It faded on the crowing of the cock.
Some say that ever 'gainst that season comes
Wherein our Saviour's birth is celebrated,
The bird of dawning singeth all night long:
And then, they say, no spirit can walk abroad;
The nights are wholesome; then no planets

strike,

No fairy takes, nor witch hath power to charm; Y So hallow'd and so gracious is the time. [it. Y

Hor. So have I heard, and do in part believe But, look, the morn, in russet mantie clad, Walks o'er the dew of yon high eastern hill: Breek we our watch up: and, by my advice, Let us impart what we have seen to-night Unto young Hamlet: for, upon my life, This spirit, dumb to us, will speak to him: Do you consent we shall acquaint him with it, As needful in our loves, fitting our duty?

Mar. Let's do't, I pray; and I this morning know

Where we shall find him most conveniently. [Exeunt.

Scene II.—Elsinore. A Room of State in the Castle.

Enter the King, Queen, Hamlet, Polonius Laertes, Voltimand, Cornelius, Lords, and Attendants.

King. Though yet of Hamlet our dear brother's death The memory be green; and that it us befitted To bear our hearts in grief, and our whole king-

dom
To be contracted in one brow of wee;
Yet so far hath discretion fought with nature
That we with wisest sorrow think on him,
Together with remembrance of ourselves.

Therefore our sometime sister, now our queen, The impenal jointress of this warlike state, Have we, as 'twere with a defeated joy,— With one auspicious and one dropping eye, With mirth and funeral, and with dirge in marriage.

In equal scale weighing delight and dole,—
Taken to wife: nor have we herein barr'd
Your better wisdoms, which have freely gone
With this affair along:—for all, our thanks.
Now follows that you know, young Fortinbras,
Holding a weak supposal of our worth,
Or thinking by our late dear brother's death
Our state to be disjoint and out of frame,
Colleagued with the dream of his advantage,
He hath not fail'd to pester us with message,
Importing the surrender of those lands
Lost by his father, with all bonds of law,
To our most valant brother. So much for
him.—

Now for ourself, and for this time of meeting: Thus much the business is:—we have here writ To Norway, uncle of young Fortinbras,—Who, impotent and bed-rid, scarcely hears Of this his nephew's purpose,—to suppress His further gait herein; in that the levies, The lists, and full proportions, are all made Out of this subject:—and we here despatch You, good Cornelius, and you, Voltmand, For bearers of this greeting to old Norway; Giving to you no further personal power To business with the king more than the scope of these dilated articles allow. [duty, Farewell; and let your haste commend your

Cor. and Vol. In that and all things will we show our duty.

King. We doubt it nothing: heartily farewell.

[Exeunt Vol. and Cor.
And now, Laertes, what's the news with you?
You told us of some suit; what is't, Laertes?
You cannot speak of reason to the Dane,
And lose your voice: what wouldst thou beg,
Laertes,

That shall not be my offer, nor thy asking? The head is not more native to the heart, The hand more instrumental to the mouth, Than is the throne of Denmark to thy father. What wouldst thou have, Laertes?

Your leave and favour to return to France; From whence though willingly I came to Denmark,

To show my duty in your coronation; Yet now, I must confess, that duty done,

My thoughts and wishes bend again toward France, [pardon. And bow them to your gracious leave and

King. Have you your father's leave? What says Polonius? [slow leave Pol. He hath, my lord, wrung from me my By laboursome petition; and at last

Upon his will I seal'd my hard consent: I do beseech you, give him leave to go. King. Take thy fair hour, Laertes; time be

thine,
And thy best graces spend it at thy will!—

But now, my cousin Hamlet, and my son,—

Ham. [Aside.] A little more than kin, and
less than kind. [you?

King. How is it that the clouds still hang on

Ham. Not so, my lord; I am too much i the sun.

Oueen, Good Hamlet, cast thy nighted colour And let thine eye look like a friend on Denmark.

Do not for ever with thy vailed lids [die Seek for thy noble father in the dust: Thou know'st 'tis common,-all that live must Passing through nature to eternity.

Ham. Ay, madam, it is common.

If it be. Queen. Why seems it so particular with thee? [seems. Ham. Seems, madam! nay, it is; I know not 'Tis not alone my inky cloak, good mother, Nor customary suits of solemn black, Nor windy suspiration of forc'd breath, No, nor the fruitful river in the eye, Nor the dejected 'haviour of the visage, Together with all forms, moods, shows of grief, That can denote me truly: these, indeed, seem; For they are actions that a man might play: But I have that within which passeth show; These but the trappings and the suits of woe.

King, 'Tis sweet and commendable in your

nature, Hamlet,
To give these mourning duties to your father: But, you must know, your father lost a father; That father lost, lost his; and the survivor

bound, In filial obligation, for some term To do obsequious sorrow: but to persevere In obstinate condolement is a course Of impious stubbornness; 'tis unmanly grief: It shows a will most incorrect to heaven: A heart fortified, a mind impatient; An understanding simple and unschool'd: For what we know must be, and is as common As any the most vulgar thing to sense, Why should we, in our peevish opposition, Take it to heart? Fie! 'tis a fault to heaven, A fault against the dead, a fault to nature, To reason most absurd; whose common theme Is death of fathers, and who still hath cried, From the first corse till he that died to-day, This must be so. We pray you, throw to earth This unprevailing woe; and think of us As of a father: for let the world take note You are the most immediate to our throne; And with no less nobility of love Than that which dearest father bears his son Do I impart toward you. For your intent In going back to school in Wittenberg, It is most retrograde to our desire: And we beseech you bend you to remain Here, in the cheer and comfort of our eye, Our chiefest courtier, cousin, and our son.

Queen. Let not thy mother lose her prayers, Hamlet: I pray thee, stay with us; go not to Wittenberg.

Ham. I shall in all my best obey you, madam. King. Why, 'tis a loving and a fair reply: Be as ourself in Denmark.—Madam, come; This gentle and unforc'd accord of Hamlet Sits smiling to my heart: in grace whereof, No jocund health that Denmark drinks to-day But the great cannon to the clouds shall tell; And the king's rouse the heavens shall bruit again,

Re-speaking earthly thunder. Come away.

Ham. O, that this too too solid flesh would melt.

Thaw, and resolve itself into a dew Or that the Everlasting had not fix'd [God1 His canon 'gainst self-slaughter! O God! O How weary, stale, flat, and unprofitable Seem to me all the uses of this world! Fie on't! O fie! 'tis an unweeded garden. That grows to seed; things rank and gross in nature

Possess it merely. That it should come to this! But two months dead!-nay, not so much, not

So excellent a king; that was, to this, Hyperion to a satyr: so loving to my mother, That he might not beteem the winds of heaven Visit her face too roughly. Heaven and earth! Must I remember? why, she would hang on him As if increase of appetite had grown By what it fed on: and yet, within a month,-

Let me not think on't,-Fraulty, thy name is woman!-

A little month; or ere those shoes were old With which she follow'd my poor father's body Like Niobe, all tears; -- why she, even she,-O God! a beast, that wants discourse of reason. Would have mourn'd longer,-married with mine uncle, father

My father's brother; but no more like my Than I to Hercules within a month: Ere yet the salt of most unrighteous eyes, Had left the flushing in her galled eyes, She married:-O, most wicked speed, to post With such dextenty to incestuous sheets! It is not, nor it cannot come to good; [tongue! But break, my heart,-for I must hold my

Enter HORATIO, MARCELLUS, and BERNARDO.

Hor. Hail to your lordship! Ham.

I am glad to see you well: Horatio,-or I do forget myself. [vant ever. Hor. The same, my lord, and your poor ser-Ham. Sir, my good friend; I'll change that

name with you: tio?---And what make you from Wittenberg, Hora-Marcellus?

Mar. My good lord,-

Ham. I am very glad to see you .- Good even, sir.-

But what, in faith, make you from Wittenberg? Hor. A truant disposition, good my lord.

Ham. I would not hear your enemy say so; Nor shall you to mine ear that violence, To make it truster of your own report Against yourself: I know you are no truant. But what is your affair in Elsinore?

We'll teach you to drink deep ere you depart. Hor. My lord, I came to see your father's funeral. [student; Ham. I pray thee, do not mock me, fellow-

I think it was to see my mother's wedding. Hor. Indeed, my lord, it follow'd hard upon. Ham. Thrift, thrift, Horatio! the funeralbak'd meats

Did coldly furnish forth the marriage tables. Would I had met my dearest foe in heaven Ere I had ever seen that day, Horatio!-Exeunt all but HAMLET. My father, - methinks I see my father.

Ham.

SCENE II.] Hor. Where, my lord? In my mind's eye, Horatio. Hor. I saw him once; he was a goodly king. Ham. He was a man, take him for all in all. I shall not look upon his like again. Hor. My lord, I think I saw him yesternight. Ham. Saw who? Hor. My lord, the king your father.

Ham. The king my father! Hor. Season your admiration for awhile With an attent ear, till I may deliver, Upon the witness of these gentlemen, This marvel to you. For God's love, let me hear. Ham.Hor. Two nights together had these gentle-Marcellus and Bernardo, in their watch, In the dead vast and middle of the night, Been thus encounter'd. A figure like your father. Arm'd at all points exactly, cap-a-pe, Appears before them, and with solemn march Goes slow and stately by them: thrice he walk'd By their oppress'd and fear-surprised eyes, Within his truncheon's length; whilst they, Almost to jelly with the act of fear, distill'd Stand dumb, and speak not to him. In dreadful secrecy impart they did; And I with them the third night kept the watch: Where, as they had deliver'd, both in time. Form of the thing, each word made true and good, The apparition comes: I knew your father; These hands are not more like. But where was this? Ham. Mar. My lord, upon the platform where we watch'd. Ham. Did you not speak to it? Hor. My lord. I did: But answer made it none: yet once methought It lifted up its head, and did address Itself to motion, like as it would speak: But even then the morn cock crew loud, And at the sound it shrunk in haste away, And vanish'd from our sight. 'Tis very strange. Ham. Hor. As I do live, my honour'd lord, 'tis true; And we did think it writ down in our duty To let you know of it. Ham. Indeed, indeed, sirs, but this troubles Hold you the watch to-night? We do, my lord. Mar. and Ber. Ham. Arm'd, say you? Mar. and Ber. Arm'd, my lord. Ham. From top to toe? Mar. and Ber. My lord, from head to foot. Ham. Then saw you not his face? Hor. O yes, my lord; he wore his beaver up. Ham. What, look'd he frowningly? Hor. A countenance more in sorrow than in anger. Ham. Pale or red? Hor. Nay, very pale.

And fix'd his eyes upon you?

I would I had been there.

Ham. Very like, very like. Stay'd it long? To his unmaster'd importunity.

Hor. Most constantly.

Hor. It would have much amaz'd you.

Ham.

His beard was grizzled,-no? Hor. It was, as I have seen it in his life. A sable silver'd. I will watch to-night; Ham. Perchance 'twill walk again. Hor. I warrant it will. Ham. If it assume my noble father's person I'll speak to it, though hell itself should gape And bid me hold my peace. I pray you all, If you have hitherto conceal'd this sight, Let it be tenable in your silence still; And whatsoever else shall hap to-night, Give it an understanding, but no tongue: I will requite your loves. So, fare ye well: Upon the platform, 'twixt eleven and twelve, I'll visit you. All. Our duty to your honour. Ham. Your loves, as mine to you: farewell. [Exeunt Hor., MAR., and BER. My father's spirit in arms! all is not well; I doubt some foul play: would the night were come! Till then sit still, my soul: foul deeds will rise, Though all the earth o'erwhelm them, to men's Scene III .- A Room in Polonius's House. Enter LAERTES and OPHELIA. Laer. My necessaries are embark'd: farewell: And, sister, as the winds give benefit, And convoy is assistant, do not sleep, But let me hear from you. Oph. Do you doubt that? Laer. For Hamlet, and the trifling of his favour, Hold it a fashion and a toy in blood: A violet in the youth of primy nature Forward, not permanent, sweet, not lasting, The perfume and suppliance of a minute; No more. Oph. No more but so? Think it no more: Laer. For nature, crescent, does not grow alone In thews and bulk; but as this temple waxes, The inward service of the mind and soul Grows wide withal. Perhaps he loves you now; And now no soil nor cautel doth besmirch The virtue of his will: but you must fear. His greatness weigh'd, his will is not his own; For he himself is subject to his birth: He may not, as unvalu'd persons do, Carve for himself; for on his choice depends The safety and the health of the whole state; And therefore must his choice be circumscrib'd Unto the voice and yielding of that body Wherefore he is the head. Then if he says he loves you, It fits your wisdom so far to believe it As he in his particular act and place May give his saying deed; which is no further Than the main voice of Denmark goes withal. Then weigh what loss your honour may sustain If with too credent ear you list his songs, Of lose your heart, or your chaste treasure open

Hor. While one with moderate haste might

tell a hundred.

Hor. Not when I saw't.

Mar. and Ber. Longer, longer.

Fear it, Ophelia, fear it, my dear sister; And keep within the rear of your affection, Out of the shot and danger of desire. The charlest maid is prodigal enough If she unmask her beauty to the moon: Virtue itself scapes not calumnious strokes: The canker galls the infants of the spring Too oft before their buttons be disclos'd; And in the morn and liquid dew of youth Contagious blastments are most imminent. Be wary, then; best safety hes in fear: Youth to itself rebels, though none else near.

Oph. I shall the effect of this good lesson keep As watchman to my heart. But, good my Do not, as some ungracious pastors do, Show me the steep and thorny way to heaven; Whilst like a puff'd and reckless libertine, Himself the primrose path of dalliance treads,

And recks not his own read.

Laer. O, fear me not. I stay too long:-but here my father comes.

Enter POLONIUS.

A double blessing is a double grace; Occasion smiles upon a second leave. [shame! Pol. Yet here, Laertes! aboard, aboard, for The wind sits in the shoulder of your sail, And you are stay'd for. There, my blessing with you!

Laying his hand on LAERTES'S head. And these few precepts in thy memory See thou character. Give thy thoughts no

tongue, Nor any unproportion'd thought his act. Be thou familiar, but by no means vulgar. The friends thou hast, and their adoption tried, Grapple them to thy soul with hoops of steel; But do not dull thy palm with entertainment Of each new-hatch'd, unfledg'd comrade. Beware

Of entrance to a quarrel; but, being in, Bear't that the opposed may beware of thee. Give every man thine ear, but few thy voice: Take each man's censure, but reserve thy judg-

ment. Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy, But not express'd in fancy; rich, not gaudy: For the apparel oft proclaims the man; And they in France of the best rank and station Are most select and generous chief in that. Neither a borrower nor a lender be: For a loan oft loses both itself and friend; And borrowing dulls the edge of husbandry. This above all, -- to thine own self be true: And it must follow, as the night the day, Thou canst not then be false to any man. Farewell my blessing season this in thee! Laer. Most humbly do I take my leave, my

lord. [tend. Pol. The time invites you; go, your servants Laer. Farewell, Ophelia; and remember well What I have said to you.

'Tis in my memory lock'd, Oph. And you yourself shall keep the key of it.

Laer. Farewell. [Exit. Pol. What 13't, Ophelia, he hath said to you? Oph. So please you, something touching the Lord Hamlet.

Pol. Marry, well bethought: 'Tis told me he hath very oft of late Given private time to you; and you yourself Have of your audience been most free and bounteous:

If it be so,—as so 'tis put on me, And that in way of caution,-I must tell you. You do not understand yourself so clearly As it behoves my daughter and your honour. What is between you? give me up the truth.

Oph. He hath, my lord, of late made many tenders

Of his affection to me. girl. Pol. Affection! pooh! you speak like a green Unsifted in such perilous circumstance.

Do you believe his tenders, as you call them? Oph. I do not know, my lord, what I should think. baby;

Pol. Marry, I'll teach you: think yourself a That you have ta'en these tenders for true pay, Which are not sterling. Tender yourself more dearly;

Or,-not to crack the wind of the poor phrase, Wronging it thus,—you'll tender me a fool.

Oph. My lord, he hath importun'd me with

love

In honourable fashion.

Pol. Ay, fashion you may call it; go to, go to. Oph. And hath given countenance to his speech, my lord,

With almost all the holy vows of heaven. Pol. Ay, springes to catch woodcocks. do know,

When the blood burns, how produgal the soul Lends the tongue vows: these blazes, daughter, Giving more light than heat,- extinct in both, Even in their promise, as it is a-making,— You must not take for fire. From this time Be somewhat scanter of your maiden presence; Set your entreatments at a higher rate Than a command to parley. For Lord Hamlet, Believe so much in him, that he is young; And with a larger tether may he walk Than may be given you: in few, Ophelia. Do not believe his vows; for they are brokers, --Not of that die which their investments show, But mere implorators of unholy suits, Breathing like sanctified and pious bawds, The better to beguile. This is for all,— I would not, in plain terms, from this time forth, Have you so slander any moment lessure As to give words or talk with the Lord Hamlet. Look to't, I charge you; come your ways. Oph. I shall obey, my lord. Exeunt.

Scene IV .- The Platform.

Enter Hamlet, Horatio, and Marcellus.

Ham. The air bites shrewdly; it is very cold. Hor. It is a nipping and an eager air. Ham. What hour now?

Hor. I think it lacks of twelve. Mar. No, it is struck. Hor. Indeed? I heard it not: then it draws

near the season Wherein the spirit held his wont to walk.

[A flourish of trumpets, and ordnance shot off within.

What does this mean, my lord?

Hor.

Ham. The king doth wake to-night, and takes his rouse, freels: Keeps wassail, and the swaggering up-spring And, as he drains his draughts of Rhenish

down,

The kettle-drum and trumpet thus bray out The triumph of his pledge.

Is it a custom? Hor.

Ham. Ay, marry, is't: But to my mind,-though I am native here, And to the manner born,-it is a custom More honour'd in the breach than the observ-

This heavy-headed revel east and west Makes us traduc'd and tax'd of other nations: They clepe us drunkards, and with swinish phrase

Soil our addition; and, indeed, it takes From our achievements, though perform'd at

height. The pith and marrow of our attribute. So oft it chances in particular men That, for some victous mole of nature in them, As in their birth,—wherein they are not guilty, Since nature cannot choose his origin,-By the o'ergrowth of some complexion. Oft breaking down the pales and forts of reason; Or by some habit, that too much o'er-leavens The form of plausive manners;-that these men.

Carrying, I say, the stamp of one defect, Being nature's livery or fortune's star,-Their virtues else,-be they as pure as grace, As infinite as man may undergo,-Shall in the general censure take corruption From that particular fault: the dram of eale Doth all the noble substance of a doubt To his own scandal.

Look, my lord, it comes!

Enter Ghost.

Ham. Angels and ministers of grace defend

Be thou a spirit of health or goblin damn'd, Bring with thee airs from heaven or blasts from

hell, Be thy intents wicked or charitable, Thou com'st in such a questionable shape That I will speak to thee: I'll call thee Hamlet, King, father, royal Dane: O, answer me! Let me not burst in ignorance; but tell Why thy canoniz'd bones, hearsed in death, Have burst their cerements; why the sepulchre, Wherein we saw thee quietly in-urn'd, Hath op'd his ponderous and marble jaws To cast thee up again! What may this mean, That thou, dead corse, again in complete steel, Revisit'st thus the glimpses of the moon, Making night hideous, and we fools of nature So horridly to shake our disposition With thoughts beyond the reaches of our souls? Say, why is this? wherefore? what should we Ghose beckons HAMLET. do?

Hor. It beckons you to go away with it, As if it some impartment did desire To you alone.

Look, with what courteous action Mar. It waves you to a more removed ground: But do not go with it.

No, by no means. Ham. It will not speak, then will I follow it. Hor. Do not, my lord.

Ham. Why, what should be the fear?

I do not set my life at a pin's fee; And for my soul, what can it do to that,

Being a thing immortal as itself?

It waves me forth again;-I'll follow it. Hor. What if it tempt you toward the flood, my lord.

Or to the dreadful summit of the cliff That beetles o'er his base into the sea, And there assume some other horrible form. Which might deprive your sovereignty of reason.

And draw you into madness? think of it: The very place puts toys of desperation, Without more motive, into every brain That looks so many fathoms to the sea And hears it roar beneath.

Ham. It waves me still .--Go on; I'll follow thee.

Mar. You shall not go, my lord.

Hold off your hands. Hor. Be rul'd; you shall not go.

My fate cries out, And makes each petty artery in this body As hardy as the Nemean lion's nerve.—

Ghost beckons. Still am I call'd;-unhand me, gentlemen;-

[Breaking from them. By heaven, I'll make a ghost of him that lets

me. I say, away!-Go on: I'll follow thee.

Exeunt Ghost and HAMLET. Hor. He waxes desperate with imagination. Mar. Let's follow; 'tis not fit thus to obey

hım. [come? Hor. Have after .- To what issue will this Mar. Something is rotten in the state of

Denmark. Hor. Heaven will direct it.

Mar. Nay, let's follow him. Exeunt.

Scene V .- A more remote part of the Platform.

Enter Ghost and HAMLET.

Ham. Where wilt thou lead me? speak I'll go no farther.

Ghost. Mark me. Ham. I will.

Ghost. My hour is almost come, When I to sulphurous and tormenting flames Must render up myself.

Ham. Alas, poor ghost!
Ghost. Pity me not, but lend thy serious

hearing To what I shall unfold.

Ham. Speak; I am bound to hear. Ghost. So art thou to revenge, when thou shalt hear.

Ham. What?

Ghost. I am thy father's spirit; Doom'd for a certain term to walk the night, And, for the day, confin'd to waste in fires Till the foul crimes done in my days of nature Are burnt and purg'd away. But that I am forbid

To tell the secrets of my prison-house, I could a tale unfold whose lightest word Would harrow up thy soul; freeze thy young spheres; blood:

Make thy two eyes, like stars, start from their Thy knotted and combined locks to part, And each particular hair to stand on end, Like quills upon the fretful porcupine: But this eternal blazon must not be To ears of flesh and blood .- List, list, O, list!-If thou didst ever thy dear father love,

Ham. O God! lmurder. Ghost. Revenge his foul and most unnatural

Ham. Murder! Ghost. Murder most foul, as in the best it is; But this most foul, strange, and unnatural.

Ham. Haste me to know't that I, with wings as swift

As meditation or the thoughts of love, May sweep to my revenge.

I find thee apt; Ghost. And duller shouldst thou be than the fat weed That rots itself in ease on Lethe wharf, [hear: Wouldst thou not stir in this. Now, Hamlet, 'Tis given out that, sleeping in mine orchard, A serpent stung me; so the whole ear of Denmark

Is by a forged process of my death Rankly abus'd: but know, thou noble youth, The serpent that did sting thy father's life Now wears his crown.

Ham. O my prophetic soul! mine uncle! Ghost. Ay, that incestuous, that adulterate

With witchcraft of his wit, with traitorous O wicked wit and gifts that have the power So to seduce!—won to his shameful lust The will of my most seeming virtuous queen: O Hamlet, what a falling-off was there! From me, whose love was of that dignity That it went hand in hand even with the vow I made to her in marriage: and to decline Upon a wretch whose natural gifts were poor To those of mine! But virtue, as it never will be mov'd,

Though lewdness court it in a shape of heaven; So lust, though to a radiant angel link'd, Will sate itself in a celestial bed

And prey on garbage. But, soft! methinks I scent the morning air: Brief let me be.—Sleeping within mine orchard, My custom always in the afternoon Upon my secure hour thy uncle stole With juice of cursed hebenon in a vial, And in the porches of mine ears did pour The leperous distilment; whose effect Holds such an enmity with blood of man That, swift as quicksilver, it courses through The natural gates and alleys of the body; And with a sudden vigour it doth posset And curd, like eager droppings into milk, The thin and wholesome blood: so did it mine; And a most instant tetter bark'd about, Most lazar-like, with vile and loathsome crust,

All my smooth body. Thus was I, sleeping, by a brother's hand, Of life, of crown, of queen, at once despatch'd: Cut off even in the blossoms of my sin, Unhousel'd, unanointed, unanel'd;

No reckoning made, but sent to my account

With all my imperfections on my head: O, horrible! O, horrible! most horrible! If thou hast nature in thee, bear it not: Let not the royal bed of Denmark be A couch for luxury and damned incest. But, howsoever thou pursu'st this act, Taint not thy mind, nor let thy soul contrive Against thy mother aught: leave her to heaven. And to those thorns that in her bosom lodge. To prick and sting her. Fare thee well at once! The glowworm shows the matin to be near, And gins to pale his uneffectual fire: Adieu, adieu! Hamlet, remember me. [Ex

Ham. O all you host of heaven! O earth! what else?

And shall I couple hell?-O, fie!-Hold, my And you, my sinews, grow not instant old, But bear me stiffly up.—Remember thee! Ay, thou poor ghost, while memory holds a seat In this distracted globe. Remember thee! Yea, from the table of my memory I'll wipe away all trivial fond records, All saws of books, all forms, all pressures past, That youth and observation copied there; And thy commandment all alone shall live Within the book and volume of my brain, Unmix'd with baser matter: yes, by heaven.-O most pernicious woman! O villam, villain, smiling, damned villain! My tables,-meet it is I set it down,

That one may smile, and smile, and be a villain; At least, I am sure, it may be so in Denmark: Writing.

So, uncle, there you are. Now to my word; It is, Adieu, adieu! remember me:

I have sworn't. Hor. [Within.] My lord, my lord, Lord Hamlet. Mar. [Within.] Hor. [Within.] Heaven secure him! Mar. [Within.] So be it! Hor. [Within.] Illo, ho, ho, my lord!

Ham. Hillo, ho, ho, boy! come, bird, come. Enter Horatio and Marcellus.

Mar. How is't, my noble lord? Hor. What news, my lord? Ham. O, wonderful!

Good my lord, tell it. Ham. No; you'll reveal it.

Hor. Not I, my lord, by heaven. Mar.

Nor I, my lord. Ham. How say you, then; would heart of man once think it?-

But you'll be secret? Hor. and Mar.

Ay, by heaven, my lord. Ham. There's ne'er a villain dwelling in all Denmark

But he's an arrant knave.

Hor. There needs no ghost, my lord, come from the grave To tell us this.

Why, right; you are i' the right; Ham. And so, without more circumstance at all, I hold it fit that we shake hands and part: You, as your business and desire shall point

you,-For every man has business and desire, Such as it is: - and for mine own poor part, Look you, I'll go pray. my lord.

Hor. These are but wild and whirling words

Ham. I'm sorry they offend you, heartily: Yes, faith, heartily.

There's no offence, my lord. Hor. Ham. Yes, by Saint Patrick, but there is, Horatio, [here,

And much offence too. Touching this vision It is an honest ghost, that let me tell you: For you desire to know what is between us, O'ermaster't as you may. And now, good friends.

As you are friends, scholars, and soldiers, Give me one poor request.

Hor. What is't, my lord? we will. Ham. Never make known what you have seen to-night.

Hor. and Mar. My lord, we will not. Ham. Nay, but swear't. Hor. In faith.

My lord, not I.

Mar. Nor I, my lord, in faith.

Ham. Upon my sword.

Mar. We have sworn, my lord, already. Ham. Indeed, upon my sword, indeed.

Ghost. [Beneath.] Swear. Ham. Ha, ha, boy! say'st thou so? art thou there, truepenny?-[age,-Come on,-you hear this fellow in the cellar-

Consent to swear. Propose the oath, my lord. Hor.

Ham. Never to speak of this that you have seen,

Swear by my sword.

Ghost. [Beneath.] Swear. [ground. -Ham. Hic et ubique? then we'll shift our Come hither, gentlemen,

And lay your hands again upon my sword: Never to speak of this that you have heard, Swear by my sword.

Ghost. [Beneath.] Swear. [earth so fast? Ham. Well said, old mole! canst work i' the A worthy pioneer!-Once more remove, good

friends. [strange! Hor. O day and night, but this is wondrous Ham. And therefore as a stranger give it welcome.

There are more things in heaven and earth, Than are dreamt of in your philosophy.

But come:

Here, as before, never, so help you mercy, How strange or odd soe'er I bear myself,-As I, perchance, hereafter shall think meet

To put an antic disposition on, -That you, at such times seeing me, never shall,

With arms encumber'd thus, or this head-shake, Or by pronouncing of some doubtful phrase, As, Well, well, we know; -- or, We could, an if we would; — (they might;— Or, If we list to speak; or, There be, an if

Or such ambiguous giving out, to note That you know aught of me: this not to do. So grace and mercy at your most need help you,

Swear.

Ghost. [Beneath.] Swear.

Ham. Rest, rest, perturbed spirit!-So, gentlemen,

With all my love I do commend to you: And what so poor a man as Hamlet is May do, to express his love and friending to you, God willing, shall not lack. Let us go in to-gether;

And still your fingers on your lips, I pray. The time is out of joint:-O cursed spite, That ever I was born to set it right!-Nay, come, let's go together. Exeunt.

ACT II.

Scene I .- A Room in Polonius's House.

Enter POLONIUS and REYNALDO.

Pol. Give him this money and these notes, Reynaldo.

Rey. I will, my lord. Reynaldo, Pol. You shall do marvellous wisely, good Before you visit him, to make inquiry Of his behaviour.

Rey. My lord, I did intend it. Pol. Marry, well said; very well said. Look

you, sir, Inquire me first what Danskers are in Paris;

And how, and who, what means, and where they keep,

What company, at what expense; and finding, By this encompassment and drift of question, That they do know my son, come you more nearer

Than your particular demands will touch it: Take you, as 'twere, some distant knowledge of him; As thus, I know his father and his friends,

And in part him; -do you mark this, Reynaldo? Rey. Ay, very well, my lord. [not well: Pol. And in part him;—but, you may say, But if't be he I mean, he's very wild; Addicted so and so; and there put on him

What forgenes you please; marry, none so rank As may dishonour him; take heed of that; But, sir, such wanton, wild, and usual slips As are companions noted and most known To youth and liberty.

Rey. As gaming, my lord. Pol. Ay, or drinking, fencing, swearing, quarrelling,

Drabbing:-you may go so far.

Rey. My lord, that would dishonour him. Pol. Faith, no; as you may season it in the charge.

You must not put another scandal on him, That he is open to incontinency;

That's not my meaning: but breathe his faults so quaintly That they may seem the taints of liberty;

The flash and outbreak of a fiery mind; A savageness in unreclaimed blood, Of general assault.

Rey. But, my good lord Pol. Wherefore should you do this? But, my good lord,- -

Rey Ay, my lord, I would know that.

Marry, sir, here's my drift; And I believe it is a fetch of warrant: You laying these slight sullies on my son, As 'twere a thing a little soil'd i' the working,

Your party in converse, him you would sound, Having ever seen in the prenominate crimes The youth you breathe of guilty, be assur'd He closes with you in this consequence; Good sir, or so; or friend, or gentleman,-

According to the phrase or the addition Of man and country.

Very good, my lord. Pol. And then, sir, does he this,—he does,— What was I about to say?-By the mass, I was About to say something:—where did I leave? Rey. At closes in the consequence,

At friend or so, and gentleman. marry; Pol. At—closes in the consequence,—ay, He closes with you thus:—I know the gentleman; I saw him yesterday, or t' other day, [you say, Or then, or then; with such, or such; and, as There was he gaming; there o'ertook in's rouse; There falling out at tennis: or perchance, I saw him enter such a house of sale,— Videlicet, a brothel .- or so forth .-

See you now; Your bast of falsehood takes this carp of truth:

And thus do we of wisdom and of reach, With windlaces, and with assays of bias, By indirections find directions out: 30, by my former lecture and advice, Shall you my son. You have me, have you

Rey. My lord, I have. God b' wi' you; fare you well. Rev. Good my lord!

Pol. Observe his inclination in yourself. Rey. I shall, my lord.

Pol. And let him ply his music.

Rey. Well, my lord. Pol. Farewell! Exit REYNALDO.

Enter OPHELIA.

How now, Ophelia! what's the matter? Oph. Alas, my lord, I have been so affrighted! Pol. With what, i' the name of God? Oph. My lord, as I was sewing in my cham-

ber,

Lord Hamlet,-with his doublet all unbrac'd; No hat upon his head; his stockings foul'd, Ungarterid, and down-gyved to his ankle; Pale as his shirt; his knees knocking each

other; And with a look so piteous in purport As if he had been loosed out of hell To speak of horrors,-he comes before me.

Pol. Mad for thy love? My lord, I do not know; Oph.

But truly I do fear it.

What said he? Pol. Oph. He took me by the wrist, and held me hard;

Then goes he to the length of all his arm; And with his other hand thus o'er his brow, He falls to such perusal of my face As he would draw it. Long stay'd he so; At last,-a little shaking of mine arm And thrice his head thus waving up and down,-He rais'd a sigh so piteous and profound That it did seem to shatter all his bulk And end his being; that done, he lets me go: And, with his head over his shoulder turn'd, He seem'd to find his way without his eyes; For out o' doors he went without their help. And to the last bended their light on me.

Pol. Come, go with me: I will go seek the king.

This is the very ecstacy of love; Whose violent property fordoes itself, And leads the will to desperate undertakings, As oft as any passion under heaven That does afflict our natures. I am sorry,-

What, have you given him any hard words of late? [command. command,

Oth. No, my good lord; but, as you did I did repel his letters, and denied His access to me.

That hath made him mad. Pol. I am sorry that with better heed and judgment I had not quoted him: I fear'd he did but trifle. And meant to wreck thee; but, beshrew my jealousy!

It seems it is as proper to our age To cast beyond ourselves in our opinions As it is common for the younger sort To lack discretion. Come, go we to the king: This must be known; which, being kept close. might move

More grief to hide than hate to utter love.

Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Room in the Castle. Enter King, Queen, Rosencrantz.

GUILDENSTERN, and Attendants. King. Welcome, dear Rosencrantz

Guildenstern!

Moreover that we much did long to see you, The need we have to use you did provoke Our hasty sending. Something have you heard Of Hamlet's transformation, so I call it, Since nor the exterior nor the inward man Resembles that it was. What it should be. More than his father's death, that thus hath

put hım So much from the understanding of himself, I cannot dream of: I entreat you both, That being of so young days brought up with

him, humour. And since so neighbour'd to his youth and That you vouchsafe your rest here in our court Some little time: so by your companies To draw him on to pleasures, and to gather, So much as from occasion you may glean, Whether aught, to us unknown, afflicts him thus,

That, open'd, lies within our remedy. Queen. Good gentlemen, he hath much talk'd of you;

And sure I am two men there are not living To whom he more adheres. If it will please

To show us so much gentry and good-will As to expend your time with us awhile, For the supply and profit of our hope, Your visitation shall receive such thanks As fits a king's remembrance.

Ros. Both your majesties Might, by the sovereign power you have of us, Put your dread pleasures more into command

Put your ween.
Than to entreaty.

We both obey, And here give up ourselves, in the full bent, To lay our service freely at your feet, To be commanded.

King. Thanks, Rosencrantz and gentle Guildenstern. Rosencrantz: Oueen. Thanks, Guildenstern and gentle

And I beseech you instantly to visit

My too-much-changed son.-Go, some of you, And bring these gentlemen where Hamlet is. Guil. Heavens make our presence and our

practices Pleasant and helpful to him!

Ay, ameni Exeunt Ros., Guil., and some Attendants.

Enter POLONIUS.

Pol. The ambassadors from Norway, my good lord, Are toyfully return'd.

King. Thou still hast been the father of good news.

Pol. Have I, my lord? Assure you, my good liege,

I hold my duty, as I hold my soul, Both to my God and to my gracious king: And I do think, -or else this brain of mine Hunts not the trail of policy so sure As it hath us'd to do,—that I have found The very cause of Hamlet's lunacy. King. O, speak of that; that do I long to

hear.

Pol. Give first admittance to the ambassadors

My news shall be the fruit to that great feast. King. Thyself do grace to them, and bring Exit POLONIUS. He tells me, my sweet queen, that he hath found

The head and source of all your son's distemper. Oueen. I doubt it is no other but the main .-His father's death and our o'erhasty marriage. King. Well, we shall sift him.

Re-enter POLONIUS, with VOLTIMAND and CORNELIUS.

Welcome, my good friends! Say, Voltimand, what from our brother Norway? Volt. Most fair return of greetings and desires. Upon our first, he sent out to suppress
His nephew's levies; which to him appear'd
To be a preparation 'gainst the Polack; But, better look'd into, he truly found It was against your highness: whereat griev'd,-That so his sickness, age, and impotence Was falsely borne in hand, -sends out arrests On Fortinbras; which he, in brief, obeys; Receives rebuke from Norway; and, in fine, Makes vow before his uncle never more To give the assay of arms against your majesty. Whereon old Norway, overcome with joy, Gives him three thousand crowns in annual fee: And his commission to employ those soldiers, So levied as before, against the Polack: With an entreaty, herein further shown,

[Gives a paper. That it might please you to give quiet pass Through your dominions for this enterprise, On such regards of safety and allowance As therein are set down.

It likes us well; And at our more consider'd time we'll read, Answer, and think upon this business. Meantime we thank you for your well-took labour:

Go to your rest; at night we'll feast together: Most welcome home!

This business is well ended .--My hege, and madam,—to expostulate What majesty should be, what duty is, Why day is day, night night, and time is time, Were nothing but to waste night, day, and time. Therefore, since brevity is the soul of wit, Andtediousnessthelimbsandoutwardflourishes, I will be brief:-your noble son is mad: Mad call I it; for to define true madness. What is't but to be nothing else but mad? But let that go.

Queen. More matter with less art.
Pol. Madam, I swear I use no art at all.
That he is mad, 'tis true 'tis pity; And pity 'tis 'tis true: a foolish figure; But farewell it, for I will use no art. Mad let us grant him, then: and now remains That we find out the cause of this effect; Or rather say, the cause of this defect, For this effect defective comes by cause: Thus it remains, and the remainder thus. Perpend.

I have a daughter, have whilst she is mine, Who, in her duty and obedience, mark, Hath given me this: now gather, and surmise. Reads.

To the celestial, and my soul's idol, the most beautified Ophelia, That's an ill phrase, a vile phrase, -beautified is a vile phrase: but you shall hear. Thus: Reads.

In her excellent white bosom, these, &c. Oueen. Came this from Hamlet to her? Pol. Good madam, stay awhile; I will be faithful. Reads.

Doubt thou the stars are fire; Doubt that the sun doth move; Doubt truth to be a liar; But never doubt I love.

O dear Ophelia, I am ill at these numbers, I have not art to reckon my groans: but that I love thee best, O most best, believe it. Adieu.

Thine evermore, most dear lady, whilst this machine is to him, HAMLET. This, in obedience, hath my daughter show'd

And more above, hath his solicitings, As they fell out by time, by means, and place, All given to mine ear.

King. But how hath she

me:

Receiv'd his love?

Pol. What do you think of me? King. As of a man faithful and honourable. Pol. I would fain prove so. But what might you think,

When I had seen this hot love on the wing,-As I perceiv'd it, I must tell you that, Before my daughter told me, -what might you, Or my dear majesty you queen here, think, If I had play'd the desk or table-book; Or given my heart a winking, mute and dumb; Or look'd upon this love with idle sight;--What might you think? No, I went round to work.

And my young mistress thus I did bespeak: Lord Hamlet is a prince out of thy sphere; This must not be: and then I precepts gave her, That she should lock herself from his resort, Admit no messengers, receive no tokens. Exeunt VOLT. and COR. Which done, she took the fruits of my advice; And he, repulsed,—a short tale to make,— Fell into a sadness; then into a fast; Thence to a watch; thence into a weakness; Thence to a lightness; and, by this declension, Into the madness wherein now he raves And all we wail for.

Do you think 'tis this? Kina.

Queen. It may be, very likely.

Pol. Hath there been such a time,—I'd fain know that,

That I have positively said, 'Tis so, When it prov'd otherwise?

King. Not that I know.

Pol. Take this from this, if this be otherwise Pointing to his head and shoulder.

If circumstances lead me, I will find Where truth is hid, though it were hid indeed Within the centre.

How may we try it further King. Pol. You know, sometimes he walks for hours together

Here in the lobby.

Queen. So he does, indeed.

Pol. At such a time I'll loose my daughter to him:

Be you and I behind an arras then; Mark the encounter: if he love her not, And be not from his reason fall'n thereon, Let me be no assistant for a state, But keep a farm and carters.

We will try it. King. Queen. But look, where sadly the poor wretch comes reading.

Pol. Away, I do beseech you, both away: I'll board him presently:—O, give me leave. [Exeunt KING, QUEEN, and Attendants.

Enter HAMLET, reading.

How does my good Lord Hamlet?

Ham. Well, God-a-mercy. Pol. Do you know me, my lord?

Ham. Excellent, excellent well; you're fishmonger.

Pol. Not I, my lord.

Ham. Then I would you were so honest a Pol. Honest, my lord!

Ham. Ay, sir; to be honest, as this world most true; she is a strumpet. goes, is to be one man picked out of ten thou- news?

Pol. That's very true, my lord.

Ham. For if the sun breed maggots in a dead dog, being a god-kissing carrion,—Have you a

Pol. I have, my lord.

Ham. Let her not walk i' the sun: conception is a blessing; but not as your daughter

may conceive:-friend, look to't.

Pol. How say you by that?—[Aside.] Still harping on my daughter:—yet he knew me not at first; he said I was a fishmonger: he is far gone, far gone: and truly in my youth I suffered much extremity for love; very near this. I'll speak to him again .- What do you read, my lord?

Ham. Words, words, words.

Pol. What is the matter, my lord?

Ham. Between who?

Pol. I mean, the matter that you read, my Ham. Slanders, sir: for the satirical slave

llord.

says here that old men have gray beards; that their faces are wrinkled; their eyes purging thick amber and plum-tree gum; and that they have a plentiful lack of wit, together with most weak hams: all which, sir, though I most powerfully and potently believe, yet I hold it not honesty to have it thus set down; for you yourself, sir, should be old as I am, if, like a crab, you could go backward.

Pol. [Aside.] Though this be madness, yet there is method in't .- Will you walk out of

the air, my lord?

Ham. Into my grave?

Pol. Indeed, that is out o' the air .- [Aside.] How pregnant sometimes his replies are! a happiness that often madness hits on, which reason and sanity could not so prosperously be delivered of. I will leave him, and suddenly contrive the means of meeting between him and my daughter .- More honourable lord, I will most humbly take my leave of you.

Ham. You cannot, sir, take from me anything that I will more willingly part withal, except my life, except my life, except my life.

Pol. Fare you well, my lord.

Ham. These tedious old fools!

Enter ROSENCRANTZ and GUILDENSTERN.

Pol. You go to seek the Lord Hamlet; there he is.

Ros. [To POLONIUS.] God save you, sir! Exit Polonius.

Guil. Mine honoured lord!

Ros. My most dear lord!

Ham. My excellent good friends! How dost ou, Guildenstern? Ah, Rosencrantz! Good thou, Guildenstern? lads, how do ye both?

Ros. As the indifferent children of the earth. Guil. Happy in that we are not overhappy; On fortune's cap we are not the very button.

Ham. Nor the soles of her shoe? Ros. Neither, my lord.

Ham. Then you live about her waist, or in the middle of her favours?

Guil. Faith, her privates we.

Ham. In the secret parts of fortune? O, What's the [grown honest.

Ros. None, my lord, but that the world's Ham. Then is doomsday near: but your news is not true. Let me question more in particular: what have you, my good friends, deserved at the hands of fortune, that she sends you to prison hither?

Guil. Prison, my lord!

Ham. Denmark's a prison. Ros. Then is the world one.

Ham. A goodly one; in which there are many confines, wards, and dungeons, Denmark eing one o' the worst.

Ros. We think not so, my lord.

Ham. Why, then, 'tis none to you; for there s nothing either good or bad, but thinking makes it so: to me it is a prison.

Ros. Why, then, your ambition makes it me; 'tis too narrow for your mind.

Ham. O God, I could be bounded in a nutshell, and count myself a king of infinite space, . ere it not that I have bad dreams.

Guil. Which dreams, indeed, are ambition; way; and hither are they coming, to offer you for the very substance of the ambitious is service. merely the shadow of a dream.

Ham. A dream itself is but a shadow.

Ros. Truly, and I hold ambition of so airy and light a quality that it is but a shadow's shadow.

Ham. Then are our beggars bodies, and our monarchs and outstretched heroes the beggars' shadows. Shall we to the court? for, by my fay, I cannot reason.

Ros. and Guil. We'll wait upon you.

Ham. No such matter: I will not sort you with the rest of my servants; for, to speak to you like an honest man, I am most dreadfully attended. But, in the beaten way of friendship, what make you at Elsinore?

Ros. To visit you, my lord; no other occasion. Ham. Beggar that I am, I am even poor in thanks; but I thank you: and sure, dear friends, my thanks are too dear a halfpenny. Were you not sent for? Is it your own inclin-ing? Is it a free visitation? Come, deal justly with me: come, come; nay, speak.

Guil. What should we say, my lord?

Ham. Why, anything-but to the purpose. You were sent for; and there is a kind of confession in your looks, which your modesties have not craft enough to colour: I know the good king and queen have sent for you.

Ros. To what end, my lord?

Ham. That you must teach me. But let me conjure you, by the rights of our fellowship, by the consonancy of our youth, by the obligation of our ever-preserved love, and by what more dear a better proposer could charge you withal, be even and direct with me, whether you were sent for or no?

Ros. What say you? [To GUILDENSTERN Ham. [Aside.] Nay, then, I have an eye of vou.-If you love me, hold not off.

Guil. My lord, we were sent for.

Ham. I will tell you why; so shall my anticipation prevent your discovery, and your secrecy to the king and queen moult no feather. I have of late, -- but wherefore I know not,lost all my mirth, forgone all custom of exercises; and, indeed, it goes so heavily with my disposition that this goodly frame, the earth, seems to me a sterile promontory; this most excellent canopy, the air, look you, this brave o'erhanging firmament, this majestical roof fretted with golden fire, why, it appears no other thing to me than a foul and pestilent con-gregation of vapours. What a piece of work is man! How noble in reason! how infinite in faculties! in form and moving, how express and admirable! in action, how like an angel! in apprehension, how like a god! the beauty of the world! the paragon of animals! And yet, to me, what is this quintessence of dust? man delights not me; no, nor woman neither, though by your smiling you seem to say so.

Ros. My lord, there was no such stuff in my

Ham. Why did you laugh, then, when I said, Man delights not me?

Ros. To think, my lord, if you delight not in man, what lenten entertainment the players shall receive from you: we coted them on the handsaw.

Ham. He that plays the king shall be welcome,—his majesty shall have tribute of me; the adventurous knight shall use his foil and target; the lover shall not sigh gratis; the humorous man shall end his part in peace: the clown shall make those laugh whose lungs are tickled o' the sere; and the lady shall-say her mind freely, or the blank verse shall halt for't.-What players are they?

Ros. Even those you were wont to take

delight in,-the tragedians of the city.

Ham. How chances it they travel? their residence, both in reputation and profit, was better both ways.

Ros. I think their inhibition comes by the

means of the late innovation.

Ham. Do they hold the same estimation they did when I was in the city? Are they so followed?

Ros. No, indeed, they are not.

Ham. How comes it? do they grow rusty?
Ros. Nay, their endeavour keeps in the
wonted pace: but there is, sir, an aery of children, little eyases, that cry out on the top of question, and are most tyrannically clapped for't: these are now the fashion; and so berattle the common stages, -so they call them, -that many wearing rapiers are afraid of goosequills, and dare scarce come thither.

Ham. What, are they children? who maintains 'em? how are they escoted? Will they pursue the quality no longer than they can sing will they not say afterwards, if they should grow themselves to common players, -as it is most like, if their means are no better,-their writers do them wrong, to make them exclaim against their own succession?

Ros. Faith, there has been much to do on both sides; and the nation holds it no sin to tarre them to controversy: there was for awhile no money bid for argument, unless the poet and the player went to cuffs in the question.

Ham. Is't possible?

Guil. O, there has been much throwing about of brains.

Ham. Do the boys carry it away?

Ros. Ay, that they do, my lord; Hercules and his load too.

Ham. It is not strange; for mine uncle is king of Denmark, and those that would make mouths at him while my father lived, give twenty, forty, fifty, an hundred ducats a-piece for his picture in little. 'Sblood, there is something in this more than natural, if philosophy could find it out. [Flourish of trumpets within.

Guil. There are the players.

Ham. Gentlemen, you are welcome to Elsi-ore. Your hands, come: the appurtenance of welcome is fashion and ceremony: let me comply with you in this garb; lest my extent to the players, which, I tell you, must show fairly outward, should more appear like entertainment than yours. You are welcome: but my uncle-father and aunt-mother are deceived. Guil. In what, my dear lord?

Ham. I am but mad north-north-west: when the wind is southerly I know a hawk from a

Enter POLONIUS.

Pol. Well be with you, gentlemen!

Ham. Hark you, Guildenstern; and you too;-at each ear a hearer, that great baby you see there is not yet out of his swathingclouts.

Ros. Happily he's the second time come to them; for they say an old man is twice a child. Ham. I will prophesy he comes to tell me of the players; mark it.—You say right, sir: o'

Monday morning, 'twas so indeed.

Pol. My lord, I have news to tell you. Ham. My lord, I have news to tell you.

When Roscius was an actor in Rome, Pol. The actors are come hither, my lord.

Ham. Buzz, buzz!

Pol. Upon mine honour,— Ham. Then came each actor on his ass,-Pol. The best actors in the world, either for tragedy, comedy, history, pastoral, pastoral-comical, historical-pastoral, tragical-historical, tragical-comical-historical-pastoral, scene individable, or poem unlimited: Seneca cannot be too heavy nor Plautus too light. For the law of writ and the liberty, these are the only men.

Ham. O Jephthah, judge of Israel, what a treasure hadst thou!

Pol. What a treasure had he, my lord? Ham. Why-

One fair daughter, and no more, The which he loved passing well.

Pol. [Aside.] Still on my daughter. Ham. Am I not i' the right, old Jephthah? Pol. If you call me Jephthah, my lord, I have a daughter that I love passing well.

Ham. Nay, that follows not. Pol. What follows, then, my lord? Ham. Why-

As by lot, God wot,

and then, you know,

It came to pass, as most like it was,-

the first row of the pious chanson will show you more; for look where my abridgement comes.

Enter four or five Players.

You are welcome, masters; welcome, all:-I am glad to see thee well:—welcome, good friends.—O, my old friend! Thy face is valanced since I saw thee last; comest thou to beard me in Denmark?—What, my young lady and mistress! By'r lady, your ladyship is nearer heaven than when I saw you last, by the altitude of a chopine. Pray God, your voice, like a piece of uncurrent gold, be not cracked within the ring.-Masters, you are all welcome. We'll e'en to't like French falconers, fly at anything we see: we'll have a speech straight: come, give us a taste of your quality; come, a passionate speech.

I Play. What speech, my lord?

Ham. I heard thee speak me a speech once, -but it was never acted; or, if it was, not above once; for the play, I remember, pleased not the million; 'twas caviare to the general: but it was,—as I received it, and others whose judgments in such matters cried in the top of mine,-an excellent play, well digested in the scenes, set down with as much modesty as cunning. I remember, one said there were no sallets in the lines to make the matter savoury, nor no matter in the phrase that might indite the author of affectation; but called it an honest method, as wholesome as sweet, and by very much more handsome than fine. One speech in it I chiefly loved: 'twas Æneas' tale to Dido; and thereabout of it especially where he speaks of Priam's slaughter: if it live in your memory, begin at this line;-let me see. let me see:-

The rugged Pyrrhus, like the Hyrcanian beast. -it is not so:-it begins with Pyrrhus:-

The rugged Pyrrhus,—he whose sable arms, Black as his purpose, did the night resemble When he lay couched in the ominous horse,-Hath now this dread and black complexion smear'd

With heraldry more dismal; head to foot Now is he total gules; horndly trick'd With blood of fathers, mothers, daughters,

Bak'd and impasted with the parching streets, That lend a tyrannous and damned light To their vile murders: roasted in wrath and

And thus o'er-sized with coagulate gore. With eyes like carbuncles, the hellish Pyrrhus Old grandsire Pilam seeks .-

So proceed you.

Pol. 'Fore God, my lord, well spoken, with good accent and good discretion.

r Play. Anon he finds him sword. Striking too short at Greeks; his antique Rebellious to his arm, lies where it falls, Repugnant to command: unequal match'd Pyrrhus at Priam drives: in rage strikes wide: But with the whiff and wind of his fell sword The unnerved father falls. Then senseless Ilium.

Seeming to feel this blow, with flaming top Stoops to his base; and with a hideous crash Takes prisoner Pyrrhus' ear: for, lo! his sword,

Which was declining on the milky head Of reverend Priam, seem'd i' the air to stick: So, as a painted tyrant, Pyrrhus stood; And, like a neutral to his will and matter, Did nothing.

But as we often see, against some storm, A silence in the heavens, the rack stand still, The blood winds speechless, and the orb below As hush as death, anon the dreadful thunder Doth rend the region; so, after Pyrrhus' pause, A roused vengeance sets him new a-work; And never did the Cyclops' hammers fall On Mars his armour, forg'd for proof eterne, With less remorse than Pyrrhus' bleeding

Now falls on Priam .gods, Out, out, thou strumpet, Fortune! All you In general synod, take away her power; Break all the spokes and fellies from her

sword

wheel, heaven. And bowl the round knave down the hill of As low as to the fiends!

Pol. This is too long.

Ham. It shall to the barber's, with your beard.—Pr'ythee, say on.—He's for a jig, or a tale of bawdry, or he sleeps:—say on; come to Hecuba.

r Play. But who, O, who had seen the mobiled queen,—

Ham. The mobiled queen?

Pol. That's good; mobled queen is good.

I Play. Run barefoot up and down, threatening the flames

With bisson rheum; a clout upon that head Where late the diadem stood; and, for a robe, About her lank and all o'er-teemed loins, A blanket, in the alarm of fear caught up;—

Who this had seen, with tongue in venom steep'd, [pronounc'd:

Gainst Fortune's state would treason have But if the gods themselves did see her then, When she saw Pyrrhus make malicious sport In mincing with his sword her husband's limbs.

The instant burst of clamour that she made,— Unless things mortal move them not at all,— Would have made milch the burning eyes of heaven,

And passion in the gods.

Pol. Look, whether he has not turn'd his colour, and has tears in's eyes.—Pray you, no

more

Ham. 'Tis well; I'll have thee speak out the rest soon.—Good my lord, will you see the players well bestowed? Do you hear, let them be well used; for they are the abstracts and brief chronicles of the time; after your death you were better have a bad epitaph than their ill report while you live. [their desert.

Pol. My lord, I will use them according to Ham. Odd's bodikin, man, better: use every man after his desert, and who should scape whipping? Use them after your own honour and dignity: the less they deserve the more merit is in your bounty. Take them in.

Pol. Come, sirs.

Ham. Follow him, friends: we'll hear a play to-morrow. [Exit POLONIUS with all the Players but the First.]— Dost thou hear me, old friend; can you play the Murder of Gonzago?

r Play. Ay, my lord.

Ham. We'll ha't to-morrow night. You could, for a need, study a speech of some dozen or sixteen lines which I would set down

and insert in't? could you not? r Play. Ay, my lord.

Ham. Very well. Follow that lord; and look you mock him not. [Exit First Player.]
—My good friends, [to Ress. and Guil...] Fill leave you till night; you are welcome to Elsinore.

Ros. Good my lord!

Excunt Ros. and Guil.

Ham. Ay, so God b' wi' ye! Now I am slone.

O, what a rogue and peasant slave am Il Is it not monstrous that this player here, But in a fiction, in a dream of passion, Could force his soul so to his own conceit That from her working all his visage wan'd;

Tears in his eyes, distraction in's aspect, A broken voice, and his whole function suiting With forms to his conceit? And all for nothing! For Hecuba?

What's Hecuba to him or he to Hecuba, [do, That he should weep for her? What would he Had he the motive and the cue for passion

That I have? He would drown the stage with tears,

And cleave the general ear with horrid speech; Make mad the guilty, and appal the free; Confound the ignorant, and amaze, indeed, The very faculties of eyes and ears. Yet I.

A dull and muddy-mettled rascal, peak,
Like John-a-dreams, unpregnant of my cause,
And can say nothing; no, not for a king
Upon whose property and most dear life
A damn'd defeat was made. Am I a coward?
Who calls me villain? breaks my pate across?
Plucks off my beard and blows it in my face?
Tweaks me by the nose? gives me the lie i' the
throat,

As deep as to the lungs? who does me this, ha? 'Swounds, I should take it: for it cannot be But I am pigeon-liver'd, and lack gall To make oppression bitter; or ere this I should have fatted all the region kites With this slave's offal:—bloody, bawdy villain! Remorseless, treachery, lecherous, kindless villain!

O, vengeance!

Why, what an ass am I! This is most brave, That I, the son of a dear father murder'd, Prompted to my revenge by heaven and hell, Must, like a whore, unpack my heart with words, And fall a-cursing like a very drab, A scullion! [heard Fie upon't! foh!—About, my brain! I have That guilty creatures, sitting at a play,

Have by the very cunning of the scene
Been struck so to the soul that presently
They have proclaim'd their malefactions;
For murder, though it have no tongue, will
speak [players

With most miraculous organ. I'll have these Play something like the murder of my father Before mine uncle: I'll observe his looks; I'll tent him to the quick: if he but blench, I know my course. The spirit that I have seen May be the devil: and the devil hath power To assume a pleasing shape; yea, and perhaps Out of my weakness and my melancholy,—As he is very potent with such spirits,—Abuses me to damn me: I'll have grounds

More relative than this: -- the play's the thing Wherein I'll catch the conscience of the king.

ACT IIL

Scene I .- A Room in the Castle.

Enter King, Queen, Polonius, Ophelia Rosencrantz, and Guildenstern.

King. And can you, by no drift of circumstance,

Get from him why he puts on this confusion, Grating so harshly all his days of quiet With turbulent and dangerous lunacy? Ros. He does confess he feels himself dis-[speak. tracted;

But from what cause he will by no means Gul. Nor do we find him forward to be sounded;

But, with a crafty madness, keeps aloof When we would bring him on to some confession Of his true state.

Did he receive you well? Оиееп.

Ros. Most like a gentleman.

Guil. But with much forcing of his disposition. Ros. Niggated.
Most free in his reply.

Did you assay him Ros. Niggard of question; but, of our demands,

To any pastime?
Ros. Madam, it so fell out that certain players

We o'er-raught on the way: of these we told him

And there did seem in him a kind of joy To hear of it: they are about the court; And, as I think, they have already order This night to play before him.

'Tis most true: And he beseech'd me to entreat your majesties To hear and see the matter. content me

King. With all my heart; and it doth much To hear him so inclin'd. Good gentlemen, give him a further edge, And drive his purpose on to these delights.

Ros. We shall, my lord.

Exeunt Ros. and Guil. Sweet Gertrude, leave us too; For we have closely sent for Hamlet hither That he, as 'twere by accident, may here Affront Ophelia:

Her father and myself,-lawful espials,-Will so bestow ourselves that, seeing, unseen, We may of their encounter frankly judge; And gather by him, as he is behav'd, If't be the affliction of his love or no That thus he suffers for.

Oueen. I shall obey you:-And for your part, Ophelia, I do wish That your good beauties be the happy cause Of Hamlet's wildness: so shall I hope your virtues

Will bring him to his wonted way again, To both your honours

Oph. Madam, I wish it may.

Read on this book:

Exit QUEEN. Pol. Ophelia, walk you here.-Gracious, so

please you.

That show of such an exercise may colour Your loneliness.—We are oft to blame in this, 'Tis too much prov'd,-that with devotion's visage

And pious action we do sugar o'er

The devil himself.

King. [Aside.] O, 'tis too true! How smart a lash that speech doth give my conscience!

The harlot's cheek, beautied with plastering art, Is not more ugly to the thing that helps it Than is my deed to my most painted word: O heavy burden! lord.

Pol. I hear him coming: let's withdraw, my

Enter HAMLET.

Ham. To be, or not to be,-that is the question:-

Whether his nobler in the mind to suffer The slings and arrows of outrageous fortune. Or to take arms against a sea of troubles, And by opposing end them?—To die,—to

sleep No more; and by a sleep to say we end The heart-ache and the thousand natural

That flesh is heir to,—'tis a consummation Devoutly to be wish'd. To die,-to sleep;-To sleep! perchance to dream:-ay, there's

the rub; For in that sleep of death what dreams may

come, When we have shuffled off this mortal coil.

Must give us pause: there's the respect That makes calamity of so long life; For who would bear the whips and scorns of The oppressor's wrong, the proud man's contumely,

The pangs of despis'd love, the law's delay, The insolence of office, and the spurns That patient merit of the unworthy takes, When he himself might his quietus make With a bare bodkin? who would fardels bear, To grunt and sweat under a weary life. But that the dread of something after death .-The undiscover'd country, from whose bourn No traveller returns,—puzzles the will, And makes us rather bear those ills we have Than fly to others that we know not of? Thus conscience does make cowards of us all: And thus the native hue of resolution Is sicklied o'er with the pale cast of thought; And enterprises of great pith and moment, With this regard, their currents turn awry, And lose the name of action .-- Soft you now! The fair Ophelia.—Nymph, in thy orisons Be all my sins remember'd Oph.

Good my lord, How does your honour for this many a day? Ham. I humbly thank you; well, well, well. Oph. My lord, I have remembrances of yours,

That I have longed long to re-deliver; I pray you, now receive them.

No, not I; Ham.

I never gave you aught. [you did; Oph. My honour'd lord, you know right well We will bestow ourselves.—[To OPHELIA.] And, with them, words of so sweet breath compos'd

As made the things more rich: their perfume Take these again; for to the noble mind Rich gifts wax poor when givers prove unkind. There, my lord.

Ham. Ha, ha! are you honest?

Oph. My lord?

Ham. Are you fair?
Oph. What means your lordship?
Ham. That if you be honest and fair, your honesty should admit no discourse to your beauty.

Oph. Could beauty, my lord, have better

commerce than with honesty?

Ham. Ay, truly; for the power of beauty Exeunt King and Polonius. will sooner transform honesty from what it is to a bawd than the force of honesty can translate O'er which his melancholy sits on brood; beauty into his likeness: this was sometime a paradox, but now the time gives it proof. did love you once.

Oph. Indeed, my lord, you made me believe

Ham. You should not have believed me: for virtue cannot so inoculate our old stock but we shall relish of it: I loved you not.

Oph. I was the more deceived. Ham. Get thee to a nunnery: why wouldst thou be a breeder of sinners? I am myself indifferent honest; but yet I could accuse me of such things that it were better my mother had not born me: I am very proud, revengeful, ambitious; with more offences at my beck than I have thoughts to put them in, imagination to give them shape, or time to act them in. should such fellows as I do crawling between heaven and earth? We are arrant knaves, all: believe none of us. Go thy ways to a nunnery.

Where's your father? Oph. At home, my lord.

Ham. Let the doors be shut upon him, that he may play the fool nowhere but in's own house. Farewell.

Oph. O, help him, you sweet heavens!

Ham. If thou dost marry, I'll give thee this plague for thy dowry,—be thou as chaste as ice, as pure as snow, thou shalt not escape calumny. Get thee to a nunnery, go: farewell. Or, if thou wilt needs marry, marry a fool; for wise men know well enough what monsters you make of them. To a nunnery, go; and quickly too. Farewell.

Oph. O heavenly powers, restore him!

Ham. I have heard of your paintings too, well enough; God has given you one face and you make yourselves another: you jig, you amble, and you lisp, and nickname God's creatures, and make your wantonness your ignorance. Go to, I'll no more on't; it hath made me mad. I say, we will have no more mar-riages: those that are married already, all but one, shall live; the rest shall keep as they are. To a nunnery, go. Exit.

Oph. O, what a noble mind is here o'erthrown! The courtier's, soldier's, scholar's eve, tongue,

sword:

The expectancy and rose of the fair state. The glass of fashion and the mould of form, The observ'd of all observers,-quite, quite down!

And 1, of ladies most deject and wretched That suck'd the honey of his music vows, Now see that noble and most sovereign reason, Like sweet bells jangled, out of tune and harsh; That unmatch'd form and feature of blown youth

Blasted with ecstasy: O, woe is me, To have seen what I have seen, see what I

Re-enter KING and POLONIUS.

King. Lovel his affections do not that way little, tend; Nor what he spake, though it lack'd form a Was not like madness. There's something in his soul

And I do doubt the hatch and the disclose Will be some danger: which for to prevent, I have in quick determination Thus set it down:-he shall with speed to Eng-For the demand of our neglected tribute: Haply, the seas and countries different, With variable objects, shall expel This something-settled matter in his heart; Whereon his brains still beating puts him thus From fashion of himself. What think you on't?

Pol. It shall do well: but yet do I believe The origin and commencement of his grief Sprung from neglected love.—How now, Ophelia!

You need not tell us what Lord Hamlet said; We heard it all.—My lord, do as you please; But if you hold it fit, after the play, Let his queen mother all alone entreat him To show his grief: let her be round with him; And I'll be plac'd, so please you, in the ear Of all their conference. If she finds him not, To England send him; or confine him where Your wisdom best shall think.

King. It shall be so: Madness in great ones must not unwatch'd go. Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Hall in the Castle. Enter HAMLET and certain Players.

Ham. Speak the speech, I pray you, as I pronounced it to you, trippingly on the tongue: but if you mouth it, as many of your players do, I had as lief the town-crier spoke my lines. Nor do not saw the air too much with your hand, thus; but use all gently: for in the very torrent, tempest, and, as I may say, the whirlwind of passion, you must acquire and beget a temperance that may give it smoothness. it offends me to the soul, to hear a robustious periwig-pated fellow tear a passion to tatters, to very rags, to split the ears of the groundlings, who, for the most part, are capable of nothing but inexplicable dumb shows and noise: I could have such a fellow whipped for o'erdoing Termagant; it out-herods Herod: pray you, avoid it.

r Play. I warrant your honour.

Ham. Be not too tame neither, but let your own discretion be your tutor: suit the action to the word, the word to the action; with this special observance, that you o'erstep not the modesty of nature: for anything so overdone is from the purpose of playing, whose end, both at the first and now, was and is, to hold, as 'twere, the mirror up to nature; to show virtue her own feature, scorn her own image, and the very age and body of the time his form and pressure. Now, this overdone or come tardy off, though it make the unskilful laugh, cannot but make the judicious grieve; the censure of the which one must, in your allowance, o'er-weigh a whole theatre of others. O, there be players that I have seen play, -- and heard others praise, and that highly,-not to speak it profanely, that, neither having the accent of Christians, nor the gait of Christian, pagan, nor man, have so strutted and bellowed that I have thought some of nature's journeymen had made men, and not made them well, they imitated humanity so abominably.

r Play. I hope we have reformed that in-

differently with us, sir.

Ham. O, reform it altogether. And let those that play your clowns speak no more than is set down for them: for there be of them that will themselves laugh, to set on some quantity of barren spectators to laugh too; though, in the meantime, some necessary question of the play be then to be considered: that's villanous, and shows a most pitiful ambition in the fool that uses it. Go, make you ready.

Exeunt Players.

Enter Polonius, Rosencrantz, and GUILDENSTERN.

How now, my lord! will the king hear this piece of work?

Pol. And the queen too, and that presently. Ham. Bid the players make haste.

[Exit POLONIUS.

Will you two help to hasten them?
Ros. and Guil. We will, my lord.

Exeunt Ros. and GuiL. Ham. What, ho, Horatio!

Enter HORATIO.

Hor. Here, sweet lord, at your service. Ham. Horatio, thou art e'en as just a man As e'er my conversation cop'd withal.

Hor. O, my dear lord,-

Nay, do not think I flatter; For what advancement may I hope from thee, That no revenue hast, but thy good spirits, To feed and clothe thee? Why should the poor be flatter'd?

No, let the candied tongue lick absurd pomp; And crook the pregnant hinges of the knee Where thrift may follow fawning. Dost thou

hear? Since my dear soul was mistress of her choice, And could of men distinguish, her election Hath seal'd thee for herself: for thou hast been As one, in suffering all, that suffers nothing; A man that Fortune's buffets and rewards Hast ta'en with equal thanks: and bless'd are those

Whose blood and judgment are so well com-

mingled That they are not a pipe for Fortune's finger To sound what stop she please. Give me that

That is not passion's slave, and I will wear him In my heart's core, ay, in my heart of heart, As I do thee.—Something too much of this.-There is a play to-night before the king: One scene of it comes near the circumstance Which I have told thee of my father's death: I pr'ythee, when thou see'st that act a-foot, Even with the very comment of thy soul Observe mine uncle: if his occulted guilt Do not itself unkennel in one speech. It is a damned ghost that we have seen; And my imaginations are as foul As Vulcan's stithy. Give him heedful note: For I mine eyes will rivet to his face; And, after, we will both our judgments join In censure of his seeming.

Well, my lord: Hor. If he steal aught the whilst this play is playing, And scape detecting, I will pay the theft

Ham. They are coming to the play; I must be idle:

Get you a place.

Danish march. A flourish. Enter KING. QUEEN, POLONIUS, OPHELIA, ROSEN-CRANTZ, GUILDENSTERN, and others.

King. How fares our cousin Hamlet? Ham. Excellent, i' faith; of the chameleon's dish: I eat the air, promise-crammed: you cannot feed capons so.

King. I have nothing with this answer.

Hamlet; these words are not mine.

Ham. No, nor mine now.—My lord, you played once i' the university, you say? [To Pol. Pol. That did I, my lord, and was accounted a good actor.

Ham. And what did you enact?
Pol. I did enact Julius Cæsar: I was killed i' the Capitol; Brutus killed me.

Ham. It was a brute part of him to kill so capital a calf there.-Be the players ready?

Ros. Ay, my lord; they stay upon your patience.

Queen. Come hither, my good Hamlet, sit by me.

Ham. No, good mother, here's metal more attractive.

Pol. O, ho! do you mark that?

To the KING. Ham. Lady, shall I lie in your lap?

[Lying down at OPHELIA's feet. Oph. No, my lord.

Ham. I mean, my head upon your lap? Oph. Ay, my lord.

Ham. Do you think I meant country matters? Oph. I think nothing, my lord.

Ham. That's a fair thought to lie between maids' legs.

Oph. What is, my lord?

Ham. Nothing. Oph. You are merry, my lord.

Ham. Who, I?

Oph. Ay, my lord.

Ham. O, your only jig-maker. What should a man do but be merry? for, look you, how cheerfully my mother looks, and my father died within's two hours.

Oph. Nay, 'tis twice two months, my lord. Ham. So long? Nay, then, let the devil wear black, for I'll have a suit of sables. O heavens! die two months ago, and not forgotten yet? Then there's hope a great man's memory may outlive his life half a year: but, by'r lady, he must build churches, then; or else shall he suffer not thinking on, with the hobby-horse, whose epitaph is, For, O, for, O, the hobby-horse is forgot.

Trumpets sound. The dumb show enters.

Enter a King and a Queen, very lovingly; the Queen embracing him and he her. kneels, and makes show of protestation unto him. He takes her up, and declines his head upon her neck: lays him down upon a bank

of flowers: she, seeing him asleep, leaves him Anon comes in a fellow, takes off his crown, kisses it, and pours poison in the King's ears. and exit. The Queen returns; finds the King dead, and makes passionate action. The Poisoner, with some two or three Mutes, comes in again, seeming to lament with her. The dead body is carried away. The Poisoner wooes the Queen with gifts: she seems loth and unwilling awhile, but in the end accepts his love. Exeunt.

Oph. What means this, my lord? Ham. Marry, this is miching mallecho; it means mischief.

Oph. Belike this show imports the argument of the play.

Enter Prologue.

Ham. We shall know by this fellow: the players cannot keep counsel; they'll tell all.

Oph. Will he tell us what this show meant? Ham. Ay, or any show that you'll show him: be not you ashamed to show, he'll not shame to tell you what it means.

Oph. You are naught, you are naught: I'll

mark the play.

Pro For us, and for our tragedy, Here stooping to your clemency, We beg your hearing patiently. Ham. Is this a prologue, or the posy of a ring? Oph. 'Tis brief, my lord. Ham. As woman's love.

Enter a King and a Queen.

P. King. Full thirty times hath Phœbus' cart gone round

Neptune's salt wash and Tellus' orbed ground, And thirty dozen moons with borrow'd sheen About the world have times twelve thirties been. Since love our hearts, and Hymen did our hands Unite commutual in most sacred bands.

P. Queen. So many journeys may the sun and moon

Make us again count o'er ere love be done! But, woe is me, you are so sick of late, So far from cheer and from your former state That I distrust you. Yet, though I distrust, Discomfort you, my lord, it nothing must: For women's fear and love holds quantity; In neither aught, or in extremity. Now, what my love is, proof hath made you

know; And as my love is siz'd, my fear is so:

Where love is great, the littlest doubts are fear; Where little fears grow great, great love grows there. |shortly too:

P. King. Faith, I must leave thee, love, and My operant powers their functions leave to do: And thou shalt live in this fair world behind, Honour'd, belov'd; and haply one as kind For husband shalt thou,-

O. Oueen. O, confound the rest! Such love must needs be treason in my breast: In second husband let me be accurat! None wed the second but who kill'd the first.

Ham. [Aside.] Wormwood, wormwood. P. Queen. The instances that second mar-

riage move Are base respects of thrift, but none of love: A second time I kill my husband dead When second husband kisses me in bed.

P. King. I do believe you think what now you speak;

But what we do determine oft we break. Purpose is but the slave to memory: Of violent birth, but poor validity: [tree; Which now, like fruit unripe, sticks on the But fall unshaken when they mellow be. Most necessary 'tis that we forget To pay ourselves what to ourselves is debt: What to ourselves in passion we propose, The passion ending, doth the purpose lose. The violence of either grief or joy Their own enactures with themselves destroy: Where joy most revels gnef doth most lament: Grief joys, joy grieves, on slender accident. This world is not for aye; nor 'tis not strange That even our loves should with our fortunes change;

For 'tis a question left us yet to prove Whether love lead fortune or else fortune love. The great man down, you mark his favourite

The poor advanc'd makes friends of enemies. And hitherto doth love on fortune tend: For who not needs shall never lack a friend; And who in want a hollow friend doth try Directly seasons him his enemy. But, orderly to end where I begun, Our wills and fates do so contrary run That our devices still are overthrown; [own: Our thoughts are ours, their ends none of our So think thou wilt no second husband wed; But die thy thoughts when thy first lord is dead.

P. Queen. Nor earth to me give food, nor heaven light!

Sport and repose lock from me day and night! To desperation turn my trust and hope! An anchor's cheer in prison be my scope! Each opposite, that blanks the face of joy, Meet what I would have well, and it destroy! Both here and hence, pursue me lasting strife. If, once a widow, ever I be wife! Ham. If she should break it now!

To OPHELIA. P. King. 'Tis deeply sworn. Sweet, leave me here awhile;

My spirits grow dull, and fain I would beguile The tedious day with sleep. Sleeps.

P. Oueen. Sleep rock thy brain, And never come mischance between us twain!

Ham. Madam, how like you this play? Queen. The lady protests too much, methinks.

Ham. O, but she'll keep her word. King. Have you heard the argument? Is there no offence in't?

Ham. No, no, they do but jest, poison in jest; no offence i' the world.

King. What do you call the play?

Ham. The Mouse-trap. Marry, This play is the image of a murder Tropically. done in Vienna: Gonzago is the duke's name: his wife, Baptista: you shall see anon; 'tis a knavish piece of work: but what o' that? your majesty, and we that have free souls, it touches us not: let the galled jade wince, our withers are unwrung.

Enter LUCIANUS.

This is one Lucianus, nephew to the king. Oph. You are a good chorus, my lord.

Ham. I could interpret between you and your love, if I could see the puppets dallying.

Oph. You are keen, my lord, you are keen. Ham. It would cost you a groaning to take

off my edge. Oph. Still better, and worse.

Ham. So you must take your husbands. Begin, murderer; pox, leave thy damnable faces and begin. Come: The croaking raven doth bellow for revenge.

Luc. Thoughts black, hands apt, drugs fit,

and time agreeing;

Confederate season, else no creature seeing; Thou mixture rank, of midnight weeds collected, With Hecate's ban thrice blasted, thrice in-

fected.

Thy natural magic and dire property On wholesome life usurp immediately.

Pours the poison into the sleeper's ears. Ham. He poisons him i' the garden for's estate. His name's Gonzago: the story is extant, and writ in choice Italian: you shall see anon how the murderer gets the love of Gonzago's wife.

Oph. The king rises.

Ham. What, frighted with false fire!

Queen. How fares my lord?

Pol. Give o'er the play.

King. Give me some light:—away!

All. Lights, lights, lights!

Exeunt all but HAM. and HOR. Ham. Why, let the strucken deer go weep, The hart ungalled play; For some must watch, while some must

sleep:

So runs the world away.-

Would not this, sir, and a forest of feathers, if the rest of my fortunes turn Turk with me, with two Provencial roses on my razed sho get me a fellowship in a cry of players, sir?

Hor. Half a share.

Ham. A whole one, I.
For thou dost know, O Damon dear, This realm dismantled was

Of Jove himself; and now reigns here A very, very—pajock.

Hor. You might have rhymed

Ham. O good Horatio, I'll take the ghost's word for a thousand pound. Didst perceive? Hor. Very well, my lord.

Ham. Upon the talk of the poisoning,-

Hor. I did very well note him.

Ham. Ah, ha!-Come, some music! come. the recorders!-

For if the king like not the comedy, Why, then, belike, -he likes it not, perdy. Come, some music!

Re-enter ROSENCRANTZ and GUILDENSTERN. Guil. Good my lord, vouchsafe me a word with you.

Ham. Sir, a whole history.

Guil. The king, sir,-

Ham. Ay, sir, what of him? Itempered. Guil. Is, in his retirement, marvellous dis- utterance of harmony; I have not the skill.

Ham. With drink, sir?
Guil. No, my lord, rather with choler.
Ham. Your wisdom should show itself more

richer to signify this to his doctor; for, for me to put him to his purgation would perhaps plunge him into far more choler.

Guil. Good my lord, put your discourse into some frame, and start not so wildly from

my affair.

Ham. I am tame, sir:-pronounce. Guil. The queen, your mother, in most great

affliction of spirit, hath sent me to you.

Ham. You are welcome.

Guil. Nay, good my lord, this courtesy is not

If it shall please you to of the right breed. If it shall please you to make me a wholesome answer, I will do your mother's commandment: if not, your pardon and my return shall be the end of my business.

Ham. Sir, I cannot. Guil. What, my lord?

Ham. Make you a wholesome answer; my wit's diseas'd: but, sir, such answer as I can make, you shall command; or, rather, as you say, my mother: therefore no more, but to the matter: my mother, you say,-

Ros. Then thus she says: your behaviour hath struck her into amazement and admira-

tion.

Ham. O wonderful son, that can so astonish a mother!-But is there no sequel at the heels of this mother's admiration?

Ros. She desires to speak with you in her

closet ere you go to bed.

Ham. We shall obey, were she ten times our

mother. Have you any further trade with us? Ros. My lord, you once did love me. Ham. So I do still, by these pickers and

stealers. Ros. Good my lord, what is your cause of distemper? you do, surely, bar the door upon your own liberty if you deny your griefs to

your friend. Ham. Sir, I lack advancement.

Ros. How can that be, when you have the voice of the king himself for your succession in Denmark?

Ham. Ay, but While the grass grows,-the proverb is something musty.

Re-enter the Players, with Recorders.

O, the recorders:-let me see one .- To with draw with you:—why do you go about to recover the wind of me, as if you would drive me into a toil?

Guil. O, my lord, if my duty be too bold

my love is too unmannerly.

Ham. I do not well understand that. Will you play upon this pipe?

Guil. My lord, I cannot.

Ham. I pray you.

Guil. Believe me, I cannot. Ham. I do beseech you.

Guil. I know no touch of it, my lord.

Ham. 'Tis as easy as lying: govern these ventages with your finger and thumb, give it breath with your mouth, and it will discourse most eloquent music. Look you, these are the stops.

Guil. But these cannot I command to any

Ham. Why, look you now, how unworthy a Towhose huge spokes ten thousand lesser things thing you make of me! You would play upon Are mortis'd and adjoin'd; which, when it falls me; you would seem to know my stops; you would pluck out the heart of my mystery; you would sound me from my lowest note to the top of my compass: and there is much music, excellent voice, in this little organ; yet cannot you make it speak. 'Sblood, do you think that I am easier to be played on than a pipe? Call me what instrument you will, though you can fret me you cannot play upon me.

Enter POLONIUS.

God bless you, sir!

Pol. My lord, the queen would speak with you, and presently.

Ham. Do you see yonder cloud that's almost in shape of a camel?

Pol. By the mass, and 'tis like a camel indeed. Ham. Methinks it is like a weasel.

Pol. It is backed like a weasel.

Ham. Or like a whale? Pol. Very like a whale.

Ham. Then will I come to my mother by and by .- They fool me to the top of my bent. -I will come by and by.

Pol. I will say so.

Ham. By and by is easily said. [Exit POLONIUS.]-Leave me, friends.

[Exeunt Ros., Guil., Hor., and Players 'Tis now the very witching time of night, When churchyards yawn, and hell itself breathes blood,

Contagion to this world: now could I drink hot And do such bitter business as the day Would quake to look on. Soft! now to my mother.

O heart, lose not thy nature; let not ever The soul of Nero enter this firm bosom: Let me be cruel, not unnatural: I will speak daggers to her, but use none; My tongue and soul in this be hypocrites,-How in my words soever she be shent, To give them seals never, my soul, consent! Exit.

SCENE III .- A Room in the Castle.

Enter King, Rosencrantz, and Guilden-STERN.

King. I like him not; nor stands it safe with 115 To let his madness range. Therefore prepare I youl commission will forthwith despatch, And he to England shall along with you: The terms of our estate may not endure Hazard so dangerous as doth hourly grow

Out of his lunacies. We will ourselves provide: Guil. Most holy and religious fear it is To keep those many many bodies safe That live and feed upon your majesty.

Ros. The single and peculiar life is bound, With all the strange and armour of the mind, To keep itself from 'noyance; but much more That spirit upon whose weal depend and rest The cease of majesty The lives of many. Dies not alone; but like a gulf doth draw What's near it with it: it is a massy wheel, Fix'd on the summit of the highest mount,

Each small annexment, petty consequence Attends the boisterous ruin. Never alone

Did the king sigh, but with a general groan. King. Arm you, I pray you, to this speedy voyage;

For we will fetters put upon this fear, Which now goes too free-footed.

Ros. and Guil. We will haste us. Exeunt Ros and Guil.

Enter POLONIUS.

Pol. My lord, he's going to his mother's closet:

Behind the arras I'll convey myself To hear the process; I'll warrant she'll tax him And, as you said, and wisely was it said, 'Tismeet that some more audience than a mother, Since nature makes them partial, should o'erhear The speech, of vantage. Fare you well, my

liege: I'll call upon you ere you go to bed,

And tell you what I know. King. Thanks, dear my lord. Exit Polonius.

O, my offence is rank, it smells to heaven; It hath the primal eldest curse upon't, --A brother's murder!—Pray can I not Though inclination be as sharp as will: My stronger guilt defeats my strong intent; And, like a man to double business bound, I stand in pause where I shall first begin, And both neglect. What if this cursed hand Were thicker than itself with brother's blood,-Is there not rain enough in the sweet heavens To wash it white as snow? Whereto serves mercy

But to confront the visage of offence? And what's in prayer but this twofold force,-To be forestalled ere we come to fall. Or pardon'd being down? Then I'll look up; My fault is past. But, O, what form of prayer Can serve my turn? Forgive me my foul murder!-

That cannot be; since I am still possess'd Of those effects for which I did the murder,-My crown, mine own ambition, and my queen. May one be pardon'd and retain the offence? In the corrupted currents of this world Offence's gilded hand may shove by justice; And oft 'tis seen the wicked prize itself Buys out the law: but 'tis not so above: There is no shuffling,—there the action lies In his true nature; and we ourselves compell'd, Even to the teeth and forehead of our faults, To give in evidence. What then? what rests? Try what repentance can: what can it not? Yet what can it when one can not repent? O wretched state! O bosom black as death! O limed soul, that, struggling to be free, Art more engag'd! Help, angels! make assay: Bow, stubborn knees; and, heart, with strings of steel.

Be soft as sinews of the new-born babe! All may be well. Retires and kneels.

Enter HAMLET.

Ham. Now might I do it pat now he is praying:

And now I'll do't-and so he goes to heaven; And so am I reveng'd:—that would be scann'd: A villain kills my father; and for that, I, his sole son, do this same villain send

To heaven.

O, this is hire and salary, not revenge. He took my father grossly, full of bread; With all his crimes broad blown, as flush as

May; heaven? And how his audit stands who knows save But in our circumstance and course of thought 'Tis heavy with him: and am I, then, reveng'd, To take him in the purging of his soul,

When he is fit and season'd for his passage?

No.

Up, sword; and know thou a more horrid hent: When he is drunk, asleep, or in his rage; Or in the incestuous pleasure of his bed; At gaming, swearing; or about some act That has no relish of salvation in't;— Then trip him, that his heels may kick at

heaven;

And that his soul may be as damn'd and black As hell, whereto it goes. My mother stays: This physic but prolongs thy sickly days. [Exit. The KING rises and advances. King. My words fly up, my thoughts remain

below:

Words without thoughts never to heaven go. Exit.

Scene IV .- Another Room in the Castle. Enter QUEEN and POLONIUS.

Pol. He will come straight. Look you lay home to him: with. Tell him his pranks have been too broad to bear

And that your grace hath screen'd and stood between Much heat and him. I'll silence me e'en here.

Pray you, be round with him. Ham. [Within.] Mother, mother, mother! I'll warrant you: Fear me not:-withdraw, I hear him coming.

[POLONIUS goes behind the arras.

Enter Hamlet.

Ham. Now, mother, what's the matter? Queen. Hamlet, thou hast thy father much offended. loffended.

Ham. Mother, you have my father much Queen. Come, come, you answer with an idle tongue. tongue.

Ham. Go, go, you question with a wicked Queen. Why, how now, Hamlet! What's the matter now?

Queen. Have you forgot me?

Ham. No, by the rood, not so: You are the queen, your husband's brother's wife; mother. And,-would it were not so!-you are my Queen. Nay, then, I'll set those to you that

can speak. Ham. Come, come, and sit you down; you

shall not budge; You go not till I set you up a glass

Where you may see the inmost part of you. Queen. What wilt thou do? thou wilt not murder me?-

Help, help, ho!

Pol. [Behind.] What, ho! help, help! Ham. How now! a rat? | Draws. Dead, for a ducat, dead!

[Makes a pass through the arras. Pol. [Behind.] O, I am slain!

Falls and dies. Oueen. O me, what hast thou done?

Ĥam. Nay, I know not: Draws forth POLONIUS. Is it the king?

Queen. O, what a rash and bloody deed is this! mother, Ham. A bloody deed!-almost as bad, good

As kill a king and marry with his brother. Queen. As kill a king!

Ham. Ay, lady, 'twas my word.— Thou wretched, rash, intruding fool, farewell! [To POLONIUS.

I took thee for thy better: take thy fortune; Thou find'st to be too busy is some danger. Leave wringing of your hands: peace; sit you down,

And let me wring your heart: for so I shall, If it be made of penetrable stuff: If damned custom have not braz'd it so That it is proof and bulwark against sense.

Queen. What have I done, that thou dar'st

wag thy tongue In noise so rude against me? Such an act Ham.That blurs the grace and blush of modesty; Calls virtue hypocrite; takes off the rose From the fair forehead of an innocent love, And sets a blister there; makes marriage-yows As false as dicers' oaths: O, such a deed

As from the body of contradiction plucks The very soul, and sweet religion makes A rhapsody of words: heaven's face doth glow; Yes, this solidity and compound mass, With tristful visage, as against the doom Is thought-sick at the act.

Oueen. Ah me, what act, That roars so loud, and thunders in the index? Ham. Look here upon this picture and on this.

The counterfeit presentment of two brothers. See what a grace was seated on this brow; Hyperion's curls; the front of Jove himself; An eye like Mars, to threaten and command: A station like the herald Mercury New-lighted on a heaven-kissing hill: A combination and a form, indeed, Where every god did seem to set his seal, To give the world assurance of a man: This was your husband.-Look you now, what follows:

Here is your husband, like a mildew'd ear Blasting his wholesome brother. Have you eyes?

Could you on this fair mountain leave to feed And batten on this moor? Ha! have you eyes? You cannot call it love; for at your age The hey-day in the blood is tame, it's humble, And waits upon the judgment: and what judg-

ment Would step from this to this? Sense, sure, you

Else could you not have motion: but sure that sense

Is apoplex'd: for madness would not err Nor sense to ecstasy was ne'er so thrall'd But it reserv'd some quantity of choice

To serve in such a difference. What devil was't That thus hath cozen'd you at hoodman-blind? Eves without feeling, feeling without sight, Ears without hands or eyes, smelling sans all. Or but a sickly part of one true sense Could not so mope. O shame! where is thy blush! Rebellious hell. If thou canst mutine in a matron's bones, To flaming youth let virtue be as wax, And melt in her own fire: proclaim no shame When the compulsive ardour gives the charge, Since frost itself as actively doth burn,

And reason panders will. O Hamlet, speak no more: Thou turn'st mine eyes into my very soul; And there I see such black and grained spots

As will not leave their tinct.

Nay, but to live In the rank sweat of an enseamed bed, Stew'd in corruption, honeying and making love Over the nasty sty,

O, speak to me no more; Oueen. These words like daggers enter in mine ears;

No more, sweet Hamlet.

A murderer and a villain; A slave that is not twentieth part the tithe Of your precedent lord; a vice of kings; A cutpurse of the empire and the rule, That from a shelf the precious diadem stole, And put it in his pocket! Oueen. No more.

Ham. A king of shreds and patches .--

Enter Ghost.

Save me, and hover o'er me with your wings. You heavenly guards!-What would your gracious figure?

Queen. Alas, he's mad! [chide, Ham. Do you not come your tardy son to That, laps'd in time and passion, lets go by The important acting of your dread command?

O, say! Ghost. Do not forget: this visitation Is but to whet thy almost blunted purpose. But, look, amazement on thy mother sits: O, step between her and her fighting soul,-Conceit in weakest bodies strongest works,-Speak to her, Hamlet.

How is it with you, lady? Ham. Oueen. Alas, how is't with you,

That you do bend your eye on vacancy, And with the incorporal air do hold discourse? Forth at your eyes your spirits wildly peep; And, as the sleeping soldiers in the alarm, Your bedded hair, like life in excrements, Starts up and stands on end. O gentle son, Upon the heat and flame of thy distemper Whereon do you look? Sprinkle cool patience.

Ham. On him, on him! Look you, how pale he glares! istones.

His form and cause conjoin'd, preaching to Would make them capable. - Do nov look upon me:

Lest with this piteous action you convert My stern effects: then what I have to do Will want true colour; tears perchance for blood.

Queen. To whom do you speak this? Ham. Do you see nothing there? Ham. Nor did you nothing hear? Queen. No, nothing but ourselves
Ham. Why, look you there! look, how it
steals away!

My father, in his habit as he liv'd!

Look, where he goes, even now, out at the portal! [Exit Ghost. Oueen. This is the very coinage of your brain: This bodiless creation ecstasy

Is very cunning in. Ham. Ecstasv!

My pulse, as yours, doth temperately keep time.

And makes as healthful music: it is not madness That I have utter'd: bring me to the test. And I the matter will re-word; which madness Would gambol from. Mother, for love of grace, Lay not that flattering unction to your soul, That not your trespass, but my madness speaks: It will but skin and film the ulcerous place, Whilst rank corruption, mining all within, Infects unseen. Confess yourself to heaven; Repent what's past; avoid what is to come; And do not spread the compost on the weeds, To make them ranker. Forgive me this my virtue:

For in the fatness of these pursy times Virtue itself of vice must pardon beg, Yea, curb and woo for leave to do him good. Queen. O Hamlet, thou hast cleft my heart

in twam.

Ham. O, throw away the worser part of it, And live the purer with the other half. Good-night: but go not to mine uncle's bed; Assume a virtue, if you have it not. That monster custom, who all sense doth eat, Of habits devil, is angel yet in this,-That to the use of actions fair and good He likewise gives a frock or livery That aptly is put on. Refrain to-night; And that shall lend a kind of easiness To the next abstinence: the next more easy; For use almost can change the stamp of nature, And either curb the devil, or throw him out With wondrous potency. Once more, goodnight:

And when you are desirous to be bless'd I'll blessing beg of you .- For this same lord [Pointing to POLONIUS.

I do repent: but Heaven hath pleas'd it so, To punish me with this, and this with me, That I must be their scourge and minister. I will hestow him, and will answer well The death I gave him. So, again, good-night.— I must be cruel only to be kind: Thus bad begins and worse remains behind .-

Ham. Not this, by no means, that I bid you do:

Let the bloat king tempt you again to bed; Pinch wanton on your cheek; call you his mouse; And let him, for a pair of reechy kisses, Or paddling in your neck with his damn'd fingers, Make you to ravel all this matter out, That I essentially am not in madness, But mad in craft. 'Twere good you let him For who that's but a queen, fair, sober, wise, Would from a paddock, from a bat, a gib, Queen. Nothing at all; yet all that is I see. Such dear concernings hide? who would do so? No, in despite of sense and secrecy,
Unpeg the basket on the house's top,
Let the birds fly, and, like the famous ape,
To try conclusions, in the basket creep,
And break your own neck down. [breath
Queen. Be thou assur'd, if words be made of
And breath of life, I have no life to breathe

What thou hast said to me.

Ham. I must to England; you know that?

Queen. Alack, I had forgot: 'tis so concluded on.

Ham. There's letters seal'd: and my two schoolfellows,—
Whom I will trust as I will adders fang'd,—

Whom I will trust as I will adders fang'd,—
They bear the mandate; they must sweep my
way.

And marshal me to knavery. Let it work; For 'its the sport to have the engineer Hoist with his own petard: and't shall go hard But I will delve one yard below their mines, And blow them at the moon: O, 'its most sweet, When in one line two crafts directly meet.— This man shall set me packing:

I'll hig the guts into the neighbour room.—

Mother, good-night.—Indeed, this counsellor Is now most still, most secret, and most grave, Who was in life a foolish prating knave. Come, sir, to draw toward an end with you:—

Good-night, mother.
[Exeunt severally; HAM. dragging out Pol.

ACT IV.

Scene L .-- A Room in the Castle.

Enter King, Queen, Rosencrantz, and Guildenstern.

King. There's matter in these sighs, these profound heaves: [them. You must translate: 'tis fit we understand Where is your son?

Queen. Bestow this place on us a little while. [To Ros. and Guil..., who go out. Ah, my good lord, what have I seen to-night King. What, Gertrude? How does Hamlet? Queen. Mad as the sea and wind, when both

contend
Which is the mightier: in his lawless fit,
Behind the arras hearing something stir,
He whips his rapier out, and cries, A rat, a rat!
And, in this brainish apprehension, kills
The unseen good old man.

King.

O heavy deed!

It had been so with us had we been there:

His liberty is full of threats to all;

To you yourself, to us, to every one.

Alas, how shall this bloody deed be answer'd?

It will be laid to us, whose providence

Should have kept short, restrain'd, and out

Should have kept short, restrain'd, and out of the haunt flove, This mad young man: but so much love as our We would not understand what was most fit; But, like the owner of a foul disease, To keep it from divulging, let it feed Even on the pith of hie. Where is he gone?

Even on the pith of life. Where is he gone?

Queen. To draw apart the body he hath
kill'd:

O'er whom his very madness, like some ore Among a mineral of metals base, Shows itself pure; he weeps for what is done. King. O Gertrude, come away!
The sun no sooner shall the mountains touch
But we will ship him hence: and this vile deed
We must, with all our majesty and skill,
Both countenance and excuse.—Ho, Guildenstern!

Re-enter ROSENCRANTZ and GUILDENSTERN.
Friends both, go join you with some further

Hamlet in madness hath Polonius slain, And from his mother's closet hath he dragg'd him: [body

Go seek him out; speak fair, and bring the Into the chapel. I pray you, haste in this.

[Exeunt Ros. and Gun.]

Come, Gertrude, we'll call up our wisest friends;

And let them know both what we mean to do And what's untimely done: so haply slander,— Whose whisper o'er the world's duameter, As level as the cannon to his blank, [name, Transports his poison'd shot,—may miss our And hit the woundless air.—O, come away! My soul is full of discord and dismay.

[Exeunt.

Scene II.—Another Room in the Castle. Enter Hamlet.

Ham. Safely stowed. [Hamlet! Ros. and Guil. [Within.] Hamlet! Lord Ham. What noise? who calls on Hamlet? O, here they come.

Enter ROSENCRANTZ and GUILDENSTERN.

Ros. What have you done, my lord, with the dead body? [kin.

Ham. Compounded it with dust, whereto'tis Ros. Tell us where 'tis, that we may take it

thence, And bear it to the chapel.

Ham. Do not believe it.

Ros. Believe what?

Ham. That I can keep your counsel, and not mine own. Besides, to be demanded of a spongel—what replication should be made by

the son of a king?

Ros. Take you me for a sponge, my lord?

Ham. Ay, sir; that soaks up the king's countenance, his rewards, his authorities. But such officers do the king best service in the end: he keeps them, like an ape, in the corner of his jaw; first mouthed, to be last swallowed: when he needs what you have gleaned, it is but squeezing you, and, sponge, you shall be dry again.

Ros. I understand you not, my lord.

Ham. I am glad of it: a knavish speech sleeps in a foolish ear.

Ros. My lord, you must tell us where the body is, and go with us to the king.

Ham. The body is with the king, but the king is not with the body. The king is a thing,—

Guil. A thing, my lord!

Ham. Of nothing: bring me to him. Hide
fox, and all after.

[Execunt.

SCENE III .- Another Room in the Castle-Enter KING, attended.

King. I have sent to seek him, and to find the body.

How dangerous is it that this man goes loose! Yet must not we put the strong law on him: He's lov'd of the distracted multitude.

Who like not in their judgment, but their eyes; And where 'tis so, the offender's scourge is even.

weigh'd,

To bear all smooth and But never the offence. This sudden sending him away must seem Deliberate pause: diseases desperate grown By desperate appliance are reliev'd, Or not at all.

Enter ROSENCRANTZ.

How now! what hath befallen! flord. Ros. Where the dead body is bestow'd, my We cannot get from him.

King. But where is he? Ros. Without, my lord; guarded, to know

your pleasure. King. Bring him before us.

Ros. Ho, Guildenstern! bring in my lord.

Enter HAMLET and GUILDENSTERN.

King. Now, Hamlet, where's Polonius? Ham. At supper.

King. At support where?

Ham. Not where he eats, but where he is eaten: a certain convocation of politic worms are e'en at him. Your worm is your only emperor for diet: we fat all creatures else to fat us, and we fat ourselves for maggots: your fat king and your lean beggar is but variable service,-two dishes, but to one table: that's the end.

King. Alas, alas?

Ham. A man may fish with the worm that hath eat of a king, and eat of the fish that hath fed of that worm.

King. What dost thou mean by this? Ham. Nothing but to show you how a king

may go a progress through the guts of a beggar.
King. Where is Polonius?

Ham. In heaven; send thither to see: if

your messenger find him not there, seek him i' the other place yourself. But, indeed, if you find him not within this month, you shall nose him as you go up the stairs into the lobby.

King. Go seek him there.

To some Attendants. Ham. He will stay till ye come. Exeunt Attendants. King. Hamlet, this deed, for thine especial

safety. Which we do tender, as we dearly grieve

For that which thou hast done,-must send thee hence

With flery quickness: therefore prepare thyself; The bark is ready, and the wind at help, The associates tend, and everything is bent For England.

Ham. For England!

Kina. Ay, Hamlet. Ham. Good. King. So is it, if thou knew'st our purposes.

Ham. I see a cherub that sees them .- But, come; for England!-Farewell, dear mother. King. Thy loving father, Hamlet. Ham. My mother: father and mother is man

and wife; man and wife is one flesh; and so, my mother.—Come, for England! Exit.

King. Follow him at foot; tempt him with speed aboard;

Delay it not: I'll have him hence to-night: Away! for everything is seal'd and done

That else leans on the affair, pray you, make haste. Exeunt Ros. and Guil. And, England, if my love thou hold'st at

aught,-As my great power thereof may give thee sense,

Since yet thy cicatrice looks raw and red After the Danish sword, and thy free awe Pays homage to us,—thou mayst not coldly set Our sovereign process; which imports at full, By letters conjuring to that effect, The present death of Hamlet. Do it, England; For like the hectic in my blood he rages, And thou must cure me: till I know 'tis done, Howe'er my haps, my joys will ne'er begin.

Scene IV.—A Plain in Denmark.

Enter FORTINBRAS, and Forces marching.

For. Go, captain, from me greet the Danish king: Tell him that, by his license, Fortinbras Craves the conveyance of a promis'd march Over his kingdom. You know the rendezvous, If that his majesty would aught with us,

We shall express our duty in his eye, And let him know so. Cap. I will do't, my lord.

For. Go softly on. [Exeunt For. and Forces.

Enter Hamlet, Rosencrantz, Guilden-STERN, &c.

Ham. Good sir, whose powers are these? Cap. They are of Norway, sir. Ham. How purpos'd, sir, I pray you? Cap. Against some part of Poland. Ham. Who commands them, sir?

Cap. The nephew to old Norway, Fortinbras. Ham. Goes it against the main of Poland,

Or for some frontier? Cap. Truly to speak, and with no addition,

We go to gain a little patch of ground That hath in it no profit but the name. To pay five ducats, five, I would not farm it; Nor will it yield to Norway or the Pole

A ranker rate should it be sold in fee. [fend it. Ham. Why, then the Polack never will de-

Cap. Yes, it is already garrison'd. Ham. Two thousand souls and twenty thou-

sand ducats Will not debate the question of this straw: This is the imposthume of much wealth and

peace, fout That inward breaks, and shows no cause with-Why the man dies.—I humbly thank you, sir. Cap. God b' wi' you, sir. Ros. Will't please you go, my lord? Ham. I'll be with you straight Go a little Exeunt all but HAMLET.

How all occasions do inform against me, And spur my dull revenge! What is a man, If his chief good and market of his time Be but to sleep and feed? a beast, no more. Sure he that made us with such large discourse, Looking before and after, gave us not That capability and godhke reason To fust in us unus'd. Now, whether it be Bestial oblivion or some craven scruple Of thinking too precisely on the event,-A thought which, quarter'd, hath but one part

wisdom And ever three parts coward,—I do not know Why yet I live to say, This thing's to do; Sith I have cause, and will, and strength, and

means To do't. Examples, gross as earth, exhort me: Witness this army, of such mass and charge, Led by a delicate and tender prince: Whose spirit, with divine ambition puff'd, Makes mouths at the invisible event: Exposing what is mortal and unsure To all that fortune, death, and danger dare, Even for an egg-shell. Rightly to be great Is not to stir without great argument, But greatly to find quarrel in a straw [then, When honour's at the stake. How stand I, That have a father kill'd, a mother stain'd, Excitements of my reason and my blood, And let all sleep? while, to my shame, I see The imminent death of twenty thousand men, That, for a fantasy and trick of fame, Go to their graves like beds; fight for a plot Whereon the numbers cannot try the cause, Which is not tomb enough and continent To hide the slain?-O, from this time forth, My thoughts be bloody, or be nothing worth! Exit.

Scene V .- Elsinore. A Room in the Castle. Enter QUEEN and HORATIO.

Queen. I will not speak with her. Hor. She is importunate; indeed, distract: Her mood will needs be pitied

Oueen. What would she have? Hor. She speaks much of her father; says

she hears

There's tricks i' the world; and hems, and beats her heart; [doubt, Spurns enviously at straws; speaks things in That carry but half sense: her speech is nothing, Yet the unshaped use of it doth move The hearers to collection; they aim at it, And botch the words up fit to their own

thoughts; Which, as her winks, and nods, and gestures yield them. ithought, Indeed would make one think there might be

Though nothing sure, yet much unhappily. 'Twere good she were spoken with; for she may strew

Dangerous conjectures in ill-breeding minds. Queen. Let her come in. [Exit HORATIO.

To my sick soul, as sin's true nature is, Each toy seems prologue to some great amiss: So full of artless jealousy is guilt, It spills itself in fearing to be spilt.

Re-enter HORATIO and OPHELIA.

Oth. Where is the beauteous majesty of Denmark?

Oueen. How now, Ophelia!

Oph. How should I your true love know [Sings. From another one? By his cockle hat and staff, And his sandal shoon.

Queen. Alas, sweet lady, what imports this song?

Oph. Say you? nay, pray you, mark.

He is dead and gone, lady, [Sings. He is dead and gone; At his head a grass green turf, At his heels a stone.

Oueen, Nay, but, Ophelia,---Ŏþh. Pray you, mark.

White his shroud as the mountain [Sings.

Enter KING.

Queen. Alas, look here, my lord.

Larded with sweet flowers; |Sings. Which bewept to the grave did go With true-love showers.

King. How do you, pretty lady?

Oph. Well, God 'ild you! They say the owl was a baker's daughter. Lord, we know what we are, but know not what we may be.

God be at your table!

King. Conceit upon her father.

Oph. Pray you, let's have no words of this; but when they ask you what it means, say you this:

> To-morrow is Saint Valentine's day [Sings. All in the morning betime, And I a maid at your window, To be your Valentine.

Then up he rose, and donn'd his clothes, And dupp'd the chamber-door; Let in the maid, that out a maid Never departed more.

King. Pretty Ophelia! Oph. Indeed, la, without an oath, I'll make an end on't;

By Gis and by Saint Charity, Alack, and fie for shame! [Sings. Young men will do't, if they come to't; By cock, they are to blame.

Quoth she, before you tumbled me, You promis'd me to wed.

So would I h. ' done, by yonder sun,
An thou hadst not come to my bed.

King. How long hath she been thus? Oph. I hope all will be well. We a We must be patient: but I cannot choose but weep, to think they should lay him i' the cold ground. My brother shall know of it: and so I thank you; for your good counsel .- Come, my coach!-Good-night, ladies; good-night, sweet ladies; good-night, good-night. Exit.

King. Follow her close; give her watch, I pray you. Exit HORATIO. O, this is the poison of deep grief; it springs That treason can but peep to what it would, All from her father's death. O Gertrude, Acts little of his will.—Tell me, Laertes, Gertrude,

When sorrows come, they come not single spies, But in battalions! First, her father slain: Next, your son gone; and he most violent author Of his own just remove: the people muddied, Thick and unwholesome in their thoughts and whispers

For good Polonius' death; and we have done but greenly

In hugger-mugger to inter him: poor Ophelia Divided from herself and her fair judgment, Without the which we are pictures, or mere beasts:

Last, and as much containing as all these, Her brother is in secret come from France: Feeds on his wonder, keeps himself in clouds, And wants not buzzers to infect his ear With pestilent speeches of his father's death; Wherein necessity, of matter beggar'd, Will nothing stick our person to arraign In ear and ear. O my dear Gertrude, this, Like to a murdering piece, in many places Gives me superfluous death. [A noise within. Oueen. Alack, what noise is this?

King. Where are my Switzers? let them guard the door.

Enter a Gentleman.

What is the matter?

Save yourself, my lord: Gent. The ocean, overpeering of his list, Eats not the flats with more impetuous haste Than young Laertes, in a riotous head, O'erbears your officers. The rabble call him lord;

And, as the world were now but to begin, Antiquity forgot, custom not known, The ratifiers and props of every word, They cry, Choose we, Laertes shall be king! clouds.

Laertes shall be king, Laertes king! Oueen. How cheerfully on the false trail they

cry!

O, this is counter, you false Danish dogs! King. The doors are broke. [Noise within.

Enter LAERTES, armed; Danes following. Laer. Where is this king?-Sirs, stand you

all without.

Danes. No, let's come in.

Laer. I pray you, give me leave. Danes. We will, we will

[They retire without the door. Laer. I thank you:—keep the door.—O thou vile king,

Give me my father!

Queen. Calmly, good Laertes.
Laer. That drop of blood that's calm proclaims me bastard;

Cries cuckold to my father; brands the harlot Even here, between the chaste unsmirched brow

Of my true mother.

King. What is the cause, Laertes, That thy rebellion looks so giant-like?-Let him go, Gertrude; do not fear our person: There's such divinity doth hedge a king,

Why thou art thus incens'd .- Let him go.

Gertrude:-Speak, man.

Laer. Where is my father? King. Dead.

Oueen. But not by him. King. Let him demand his fill. Laer. How came he dead? I'll not be juggled To hell, allegiance! vows, to the blackest devil! Conscience and grace, to the profoundest pit! I dare damnation:-to this point I stand,-That both the worlds I give to negligence, Let come what comes; only I'll be reveng'd Most throughly for my father.

King. Who shall stay you? Laer. My will, not all the world: And for my means, I'll husband them so well, They shall go far with little.

King. Good Laertes. If you desire to know the certainty

Of your dear father's death, is't writ in your and foe, revenge That, sweepstake, you will draw both friend Winner and loser?

Laer. None but his enemies.

Kıng. Will you know them, then? Laer. To his good friends thus wide I'll ope

my arms; And, like the kind life-rendering pelican, And, like the kind motion.

Repast them with my blood.

Why, now you speak

Like a good child and a true gentleman. That I am guiltless of your father's death, And am most sensible in grief for it, It shall as level to your judgment pierce

As day does to your eye.

Danes. [Within.] Let her come in. Laer. How now! what noise is that?

Caps, hands, and tongues applaud it to the Re-enter OPHELIA, fantastically dressed with straws and flowers.

> O heat, dry up my brains! tears seven times salt Burn out the sense and virtue of mine eyes!-By heaven, thy madness shall be paid by weight Till our scale turn the beam. O rose of May! Dear maid, kind sister, sweet Ophelia!-O heavens! is't possible a young maid's wits Should be as mortal as an old man's life! Nature is fine in love; and where 'tis fine It sends some precious instance of itself After the thing it loves.

They bore him barefac'd on the bier [Sings. Hey no nonny, nonny, hey nonny, And on his grave rain'd many a tear,—

Fare you well, my dove!

Laer. Hadst thou thy wits, and didst persuade revenge,

It could not move thus.

Oph. You must sing. Down-a-down, an you call him a-down-a. O, how the wheel becomes it! It is the false steward, that stole his master's daughter.

Laer. This nothing's more than matter. Oph. There's rosemarry, that's for remembrance; pray, love, remember: and there is pansies that's for thoughts.

Laer. A document in madness,-thoughts and remembrance fitted.

Obh. There's fennel for you, and columbines:—there's rue for you; and here's some for me:—we may call it herb-grace o' Sundays: O, you must wear your rue with a difference. -There's a daisy:-I would give you some violets, but they withered all when my father died:-they say, he made a good end,-

For bonny sweet Robin is all my joy, - [Sings. Laer. Thoughts and affliction, passion, hell

itself, She turns to favour and to prettiness.

Oph. And will he not come again? And will he not come again? Sings. No, no, he is dead, Go to thy death-bed, He never will come again.

> His beard was as white as snow All flaxen was his poll: He is gone, he is gone, And we cast away moan: God ha' mercy on his soul!

And of all Christian souls, I pray God.—God Exit.

b' wi' ye. [Exit.

Laer. Do you see this, O God? [grief,

King. Laertes, I must commune with your Or you deny me right. Go but apart,

Make choice of whom your wisest friends you will, me:

And they shall hear and judge 'twixt you and If by direct or by collateral hand

They find us touch'd, we will our kingdom give, Our crown, our life, and all that we call ours, To you in satisfaction; but if not, Be you content to lend your patience to us, And we shall jointly labour with your soul

To give it due content.

Let this be so; His means of death, his obscure burnal, No trophy, sword, nor hatchment o'er his bones No noble rite nor formal ostentation,-Cry to be heard, as 'twere from heaven to earth,

That I must call't in question. King. So you shall;

And where the offence is, let the great axe fall. I pray you, go with me. Exeunt.

Scene VI.—Another Room in the Castle.

Enter HORATIO and a Servant.

Hor. What are they that would speak with

Serv. Sailors, sir: they say they have letters for you.

Hor. Let them come in.— [Exit Servant. I do not know from what part of the world I should be greeted, if not from Lord Hamlet.

Enter Sailors.

1 Sail. God bless you, sir. Hor. Let him bless thee too. I Sail. He shall, sir, an't please him.

There's a letter for you, sir; it comes from the ambassador that was bound for England; if your name be Horatio, as I am let to know it is.

Hor. [Reads.] Horatio, when thou shalt have overlooked this, give these fellows some means to the king: they have letters for him. Ere we were two days old at sea, a pirate of very warlike appointment gave us chase. Finding ourselves too slow of sail, we put on a compelled valour; and in the grapple I boarded them; on the instant they got clear of our ship; so I alone became their prisoner. They have dealt with me like thieves of mercy; but they knew what they did; I am to do a good turn for them. Let the king have the letters I have sent; and repair thou to me with as much haste as thou wouldst fly death. I have words to speak in thine ear will make thee dumb; yet are they much too light for the bore of the matter. These good fellows will bring thee where I am. Rosencrantz and Guildenstern hold their course for England: of them I have much to tell thee. Farewell. He that thou knowest thine. HAMLET.

Come, I will give you way for these your letters; And do't the speedier, that you may direct me To him from whom you brought them.

Scene VII .- Another Room in the Castle.

Enfer KING and LAERTES.

King. Now must your conscience my acquittance seal,

And you must put me in your heart for friend, Sith you have heard, and with a knowing ear. That he which hath your noble father slain Pursu'd my hfe.

It well appears:- but tell me Laer. Why you proceeded not against these feats, So crimeful and so capital in nature. As by your safety, wisdom, all things else, You mainly were stirr'd up.

O, for two special reasons; King.Which may to you, perhaps, seem much un-sinew'd.

But yet to me they are strong. The queen his mother

Lives almost by his looks; and for myself,--My virtue or my plague, be it either which,-She's so conjunctive to my life and soul, That, as the star moves not but in his sphere, I could not but by her. The other motive, Why to a public count I might not go, Is the great love the general gender bear him; Who, dipping all his faults in their affection, Would, like the spring that turneth wood to

Convert his gives to graces; so that my arrows, Too slightly timber'd for so loud a wind. Would have reverted to my bow again, And not where I had aim'd them.

Laer. And so have I a noble father lost: A sister driven into desperate terms, -Whose worth, if praises may go back again, Stood challenger on mount of all the age For her perfections: -but my revenge will come.

King. Break not your sleeps for that: you must not think

That we are made of stuff so flat and dull That we can let our beard be shook with danger, And think it pastime. You shortly shall hear I lov'd your father, and we love ourself; And that, I hope, will teach you to imagine,-

Enter a Messenger.

How now! what news?

Letters, my lord, from Hamlet: Mess. This to your majesty; this to the queen.

King. From Hamlet! Who brought them?

Mess. Sailors, my lord, they say; I saw them

They were given me by Claudio,-he receiv'd Of him that brought them.

Laertes, you shall hear them .-King. Leave us. Exit Messenger. [Reads.] High and mighty,—You shall know

I am set naked on your kingdom. To-morrow shall I beg leave to see your kingly eyes: when I shall, first asking your pardon thereunto, recount the occasions of my sudden and more strange return. HAMLET. What should this mean? Are all the rest come back?

Or is it some abuse, and no such thing?

Laer. Know you the hand?
King. 'Tis Hamlet's character:—Naked,— And in a postscript here, he says, alone. Can you advise me? fcome:

Laer. I am lost in it, my lord. But let him It warms the very sickness in my heart. That I shall live, and tell him to his teeth, Thus diddest thou.

King. If it be so. Laertes. as how should it be so? how otherwise?-Will you be rul'd by me?

Laer. Ay, my lord: So you will not o'errule me to a peace.

King. To thine own peace. If he be now return'd,-

As checking at his voyage, and that he means No more to undertake it,—I will work him To an exploit, now ripe in my device, Under the which he shall not choose but fall: And for his death no wind of blame shall

breathe; But even his mother shall uncharge the practice

And call it accident. Laer. The rather if you could devise it so

That I might be the organ.

It falls right. You have been talk'd of since your travel much, And that in Hamlet's hearing, for a quality Wherein they say you shine: your sum of parts Did not together pluck such envy from him As did that one; and that, in my regard, Of the unworthiest siege.

Laer. What part is that, my lord?

King. A very riband in the cap of youth, Yet needful too; for youth no less becomes The light and careless livery that it wears Than settled age his sables and his weeds, Importing health and graveness .- Two months

Here was a gentleman of Normandy.-I've seen myself, and serv'd against, the French, And they can well on horseback: but this

gallant Had witchcraft in't; he grew unto his seat; And to such wondrous doing brought his horse, As he had been incorps'd and demi-natur'd

With the brave beast: so far he topp'd my thought,

That I, in forgery of shapes and tricks, Come short of what he did.

Laeт. A Norman was't? King. A Norman.

Laer. Upon my life, Lamond.

King. The very same. Laer. I know him well: he is the brooch, indeed.

And gem of all the nation.

King. He made confession of you; And gave you such a masterly report For art and exercise in your defence, And for your rapier most especially, That he cried out, 'twould be a sight indeed If one could match you: the scrimers of their nation,

He swore, had neither motion, guard, nor eye, If you oppos'd them. Sir, this report of his Did Hamlet so envenom with his envy. That he could nothing do but wish and beg Your sudden coming o'er, to play with him. Now, out of this,-

Laer. What out of this, my lord? King. Laertes, was your father dear to you? Or are you like the painting of a sorrow,

A face without a heart?

Laer. Why ask you this? King. Not that I think you did not love your father;

But that I know love is begun by time; And that I see, in passages of proof Time qualifies the spark and fire of it. There lives within the very flame of love A kind of wick or snuff that will abate it: And nothing is at a like goodness still: For goodness, growing to a pleurisy, Dies in his own too much: that we would do We should do when we would; for this would changes,

And hath abatements and delays as many As there are tongues, are hands, are accidents; And then this should is like a spendthrift sigh That hurts by easing. But to the quick o' the ulcer:-

My lord, I will be rul'd: Hamlet comes back: what would you undertake

To show vourself your father's son in deed More than in words?

Laer. To cut his throat i' the church. King. No place, indeed, should murder sanctuarize [Laertes.

Revenge should have no bounds. But, good Will you do this, keep close within your chamber.

Hamlet return'd shall know you are come home. We'll put on those shall praise your excellence, And set a double varnish on the fame |gether, The Frenchman gave you; bring you, in fine, to-And wager on your heads: he, being remiss, Most generous, and free from all contriving, Will not peruse the foils; so that, with ease, Or with a little shuffling, you may choose A sword unbated, and, in a pass of practice, Requite him for your father.

I wiil do't: Laer. And, for that purpose, I'll anoint my sword. I bought an unction of a mountebank. So mortal that but dip a knife in it,

Where it draws blood no cataplasm so rare, Collected from all simples that have virtue Under the moon, can save the thing from death That is but scratch'd withal: I'll touch my point

With this contagion, that, if I gall him slightly,

It may be death.

Let's further think of this King. Weigh what convenience both of time and means

May fit us to our shape: if this should fail, And that our drift look through our bad performance,

'Twere better not assay'd: therefore this pro-

Should have a back or second, that might hold If this should blast in proof. Soft! let me see:-

We'll make a solemn wager on your cunnings, I ha't:

When in your motion you are hot and dry,---As make your bouts more violent to that end, And that he calls for drink, I'll have prepar'd

A chalice for the nonce; whereon but sipping. If he by chance escape your venom'd stuck Our purpose may hold there.

Enter QUEEN.

How now, sweet queen! Queen. One woe doth tread upon another's heel, Laertes. So fast they follow:—your sister's drown'd, Laer. Drown'd! O, where?

Oueen. There is a willow grows aslant a brook,

That shows his hoar leaves in the glassy stream; There with fantastic garlands did she come Of crowflowers, nettles, daisies, and long purples,

That liberal shepherds give a grosser name, But our cold maids do dead men's fingers call them.

There, on the pendant boughs her coronet Clambering to hang, an envious sliver broke; When down her weedy trophies and herself Fell in the weeping brook. Her clothes spread

wide: And, mermaid-like, awhile they bore her up: Which time she chanted snatches of old tunes; As one incapable of her own distress,

Or like a creature native and indu'd

Unto that element: but long it could not be Till that her garments, heavy with their drink, Pull'd the poor wretch from her melodious lay To muddy death.

Laer. Alas, then, she is drown'd? Queen. Drown'd, drown'd. [Ophelia,

Laer. Too much of water hast thou, poor And therefore I forbid my tears: but yet It is our trick; nature her custom holds

Let shame say what it will, when these are gone,

The woman will be out .- Adieu, my lord: I have a speech of fire, that fain would blaze, But that this folly douts it. Exit.

King. Let's follow, Gertrude; How much I had to do to calm his rage! Now fear I this will give it start again; Therefore let's follow.

ACT V.

SCENE I .- A Churchyard.

Enter two Clowns with spades, &c. 1 Clo. Is she to be buried in Christian burial that wilfully seeks her own salvation?

2 Clo. I tell thee she is; and therefore make her grave straight: the crowner hath sat on

her, and finds it Christian burial. 1 Clo. How can that be, unless she drowned

herself in her own defence?

2 Clo. Why, 'tis found so.
1 Clo. It must be se offendendo; it cannot be else. For here hes the point: if I drown myself wittingly, it argues an act: and an act hath three branches; it is to act, to do, and to perform: argal, she drowned herself wittingly.

2 Clo. Nay, but hear you, goodman delver, 1 Clo. Give me leave. Here lies the water; good: here stands the man; good: if the man go to this water and drown himself, it is, will he, nill he, he goes,—mark you that: but if the water come to him and drown him, he drowns not himself: argal, he that is not guilty of his own death shortens not his own life.

2 Clo. But 15 this law?

I Clo. Ay, marry, is't; crowner's quest law. 2 Clo. Will you ha' the truth on't? If this had not been a gentlewoman she should have been buried out of Christian burial.

1 Clo. Why, there thou say'st: and the more pity that great folk should have countenance in this world to drown or hang themselves more than their even Christian .- Come, my spade. There is no ancient gentlemen but gardeners,

ditchers, and grave-makers: they hold up

Adam's profession.
2 Clo. Was he a gentleman?

I Clo. He was the first that ever bore arms.

2 Clo. Why, he had none

I Clo. What, art a heathen? How dost thou understand the Scripture? The Scripture says, Adam digged: could he dig without arms? I'll put another question to thee: if thou answerest me not to the purpose, confess thyself,-

2 Clo. Go to.

I Clo. What is he that builds stronger than either the mason, the shipwright, or the carpenter?

2 Clo. The gallows-maker; for that frame outlives a thousand tenants.

I Clo. I like thy wit well, in good faith: the gallows does well, but how does it well? it does well to those that do ill: now thou dost ill to say the gallows is built stronger than the church: argal, the gallows may do well to thee.

To't again, come.

2 Clo. Who builds stronger than a mason, a

shipwright, or a carpenter?

I Clo. Ay, tell me that, and unyoke.

2 Clo. Marry, now I can tell. I Clo. To't.

2 Clo. Mass, I cannot tell.

Enter HAMLET and HORATIO, at a distance.

I Clo. Cudgel thy brains no more about it, for your dull ass will not mend his pace with [Exeunt. beating; and when you are asked this question next, say a grave-maker, the houses that he makes last till doomsday. Go, get thee to Yaughan, fetch me a stoup of liquor.

Exit Second Clown.

In youth, when I did love, did love, [Digs and sings Methought it was very sweet, To contract, O, the time, for, ah, my behove, O, methought there was nothing meet.

Ham. Has this fellow no feeling of his business, that he sings at grave-making? Hor Custom hath made it in him a pro-

perty of easiness.

Ham. 'Tis e'en so: the hand of little employment hath the daintier sense.

1 Clo. But age, with his stealing steps, 1Sings Hath claw'd me in his clutch And hath shipp'd me intil the land, As if I had never been such.

[Throws up a skull.

Ham. That skull had a tongue in it, and could sing once how the knave joels it to the ground, as if it were Cain's jawbone, that did the first murder! This might be the pate of a politician, which this ass now o'erreaches, one that would circumvent God, might it not?

Hor. It might, my lord.

Ham. Or of a courtier, which could say, Good-morrow, sweet lord! How dost thou, good lord? This might be my lord such-a-one, that praised my lord such-a-one's horse, when he meant to beg it, -might it not?

Hor. Ay, my lord. Ham. Why, e'en so: and now my Lady Worm's; chapless, and knocked about the mazard with a sexton's spade here's fine revolution, an we had the trick to see't. Did these bones cost no more the breeding but to play at loggats with 'em? mine ache to think on't.

1 Clo. A pick-axe and a spade, a spade, [Sings. For and a shrouding sheet. O, a pit of clay for to be made For such a guest is meet.

[Throws up another

Ham. There's another: why may not that be the skull of a lawyer? Where be his quiddits now, his quillets, his cases, his tenures, and his tricks? why does he suffer this rude knave now to knock him about the sconce with a dirty shovel, and will not tell him of his action of battery? Hum! This fellow might be in's time a great buyer of land, with his statutes, his recognizances, his fines, his double vouchers, his recoveries: is this the fine of his fines, and the recovery of his recoveries, to have his fine pate full of fine dirt? will his vouchers vouch him no more of his purchases, and double ones too, than the length and breath of a pair of indentures? The very conveyances of his lands will hardly lie in this box; and must the inheritor himself have no more, ha?

Hor. Not a jot more, my lord.

Ham. Is not parchment made of sheep-skins? Hor. Ay, my lord, and of calf-skins too.

Ham. They are sheep and calves which seek out assurance in that. I will speak to this fellow .-- Whose grave's this, sir?

I Clo. Mine, sir .-

O, a pit of clay for to be made For such a guest is meet ISings.

Ham. I think it be thine indeed; for thou hest in't.

1 Clo. You lie out on't, sir, and therefore it is not yours for my part, I do not he in't, and vet it is mine.

Ham. Thou dost lie in't, to be in't, and say it is thine 'tis for the dead, not for the quick; therefore thou hest.

I Clo 'Tis a quick lie, sir: 't will away again from me to you.

Ham. What man dost thou dig it for?

1 Clo. For no man, sir.

Ham. What woman, then?
1 Clo For none, neither.

Ham. Who is to be buried in't?

I Clo. One that was a woman, sir: but, rest her soul, she's dead.

Ham. How absolute the knave is! we must speak by the card, or equivocation will undo us. By the Lord, Horatio, these three years I have taken note of it; the age is grown so picked that the toe of the peasant comes so near the heel of the courtier, he galls his kibe .-How long hast thou been a grave-maker?

1 Clo. Of all the days i' the year, I came

to't that day that our last King Hamlet o'er

came Fortinbras.

Ham. How long is that since?

I Clo. Cannot you tell that? every fool can tell that: it was the very day that young Hamlet was born,-he that is mad, and sent into England. England?

Ham. Ay, marry, why was he sent into t Clo. Why, because he was mad: he shall recover his wits there; or, if he do not, it's no

great matter there. Ham. Why?

I Clo. 'Twill not be seen in him there; there the men are as mad as he.

Ham. How came he mad?

I Clo. Very strangely, they say. Ham. How strangely?

I Clo. Faith, e'en with losing his wits.

Ham. Upon what ground?

I Clo. Why, here in Denmark: I have been

sexton here, man and boy, thirty years. Ham. How long will a man lie i' the earth

ere he rot? I Clo. Faith, if he be not rotten before he die, as we have many pocky corses now-a-days, that will scarce hold the laying in, he

will last you some eight year or nine year: a tanner will last you nine year.

Ham. Why he more than another?

I Clo. Why, sir, his hide is so tanned with his trade that he will keep out water a great while; and your water is a sore decayer of your whoreson dead body. Here's a skull now; this skull has lain in the earth three-and-twenty

Ham. Whose was it?

1 Clo. A whoreson mad fellow's it was: whose do you think it was?

Ham. Nay, I know not.

I Clo. A pestilence on him for a mad rogue! a poured a flagon of Rhenish on my head once. This same skull, sir, was Yorick's skull, the Yet here she is allowed her virgin rites, king's jester.

Ham. This? 1 Clo. E'en that.

Ham. Let me see. [Takes the skull.]-Alas, poor Yorick!-I knew him, Horatio; a fellow of infinite jest, of most excellent fancy: he hath borne me on his back a thousand times; and now, how abhorred in my imagination it is! my gorge rises at it. Here hung those hps that I have kissed I know not how oft. Where be your gibes now? your gambols? your songs? your flashes of merriment, that were wont to set the table on a roar? Not one now, to mock your own grinning? quite chap-fallen? Now get you to my lady's chamber, and tell she must come; make her laugh at that.-Pr'ythee, Horatio, tell me one thing.

Hor. What's that, my lord?

Ham. Dost thou think Alexander looked of this fashion i' the earth?

Hor. E'en so.

Ham. And smelt so? pah!

[Throws down the skull.

Hor. E'en so, my lord.

Ham. To what base uses we may return, Horatio! Why may not imagination trace the noble dust of Alexander till he find it stopping a bung-hole?

Hor. 'Twere to consider too curiously to

consider so.

Ham. No, faith, not a jot; but to follow him thither with modesty enough, and likeli-hood to lead it: as thus; Alexander died, Alexander was buried, Alexander returneth into dust; the dust is earth; of earth we make loam; and why of that loam whereto he was converted might they not stop a beer-barrel?

Imperious Cæsar, dead and turn'd to clay, Might stop a hole to keep the wind away:

O, that that earth which kept the world in awe Should patch a wall to expel the winter's flaw!-

But soft! but soft! aside.-Here comes the king.

Enter Priests, &c., in procession; the Corpse of OPHELIA, LAERTES and Mourners following:

King, Queen.. their Trains, &c. The queen, the courtiers: who is that they

follow? And with such maimed rites? This doth betoken The corse they follow did with desperate hand Fordo its own life: 'twas of some estate. Couch we awhile and mark.

[Retiring with Hor.

Laer. What ceremony else?

Ham. That is Lacrtes, A very noble youth: mark.

Laer. What ceremony else?

1 Priest. Her obsequies have been as far ful: enlarg'd

As we have warrantise: her death was doubt-And, but that great command o'ersways the order,

She should in ground unsanctified have lodg'd Till the last trumpet; for charitable prayers, Shards, flints, and pebbles, should be thrown

on her.

Her maiden strewments, and the bringing home Of bell and burial.

Laer. Must there no more be done? I Priest. No more be done:

We should profane the service of the dead

To sing a requiem, and such rest to her As to peace-parted souls.

Laer. Lay her i' the earth;-And from her fair and unpolluted flesh May violets spring!-I tell thee, churlish priest. A ministering angel shall my sister be When thou liest howling.

Ham. What, the fair Ophelia! Queen. Sweets to the sweet: farewell!

[Scattering flowers.

her, let her paint an inch thick, to this favour I hop'd thou shouldst have been my Hamlet's wife, I thought thy bride-bed to have deck'd, sweet

And not have strew'd thy grave.

O, treble woe Fall ten times treble on that cursed head Whose wicked deed thy most ingenious sense Depriv'd thee of!-Hold off the earth awhile, Till I have caught her once more in mine arms:

[Leaps into the grave. Now pile your dust upon the quick and dead, Till of this flat a mountain you have made,

To o'er-top old Pelion or the skyish head Of blue Olympus.

Ham. [Advancing.] What is he whose grief Bears such an emphasis? whose phrase of stand

Conjures the wandering stars, and makes them Like wonder-wounded hearers? this is I, Hamlet the Dane. [Leaps into the grave. The devil take thy soul! Laer.

[Grappling with him.

Ham. Thou pray'st not well. I pr'ythee, take thy fingers from my throat: For, though I am not splenetive and rash, Yet have I in me something dangerous, Which let thy wiseness fear: away thy hand.

King. Pluck them asunder. Queen. Hamlet! Hamlet!

All. Gentlemen,-Hor. Good my lord, be quiet. [The Attendants part them, and they

come out of the grave. Ham. Why, I will fight with him upon this theme

Until my eyelids will no longer wag.

Queen. O my son, what theme? Ham. Ilov'd Ophelia; forty thousand brothers Could not, with all their quantity of love, Make up my sum. -- What wilt thou do for her?

King. O, he is mad, Laertes.

Queen. For love of God, forbear him. Ham. 'Swounds, show me what thou'lt do: Woul't weep? woul't fight? woul't fast? woul't tear thyself?

Woul't drink up eisel? eat a crocodile? I'll do't.—Dost thou come here to whine? To outface me with leaping in her grave? Be buried quick with her, and so will I: And, if thou prate of mountains, let them throw Millions of acres on us, till our ground, Singeing his pate against the burning zone, Make Ossa like a wart! Nay, an thou'it mouth,

I'll rant as well as thou.

Oneen. This is mere madness: And thus awhile the fit will work on him: Anon, as patient as the female dove When that ner golden.
His silence will sit drooping.
Hear you, sir; When that her golden couplets are disclos'd,

What is the reason that you use me thus? I lov'd you ever: but it is no matter; Let Hercules himself do what he may The cat will mew, and dog will have his day.

[Ēxit. King. I pray thee, good Horatio, wait upon Exit HORATIO. Strengthen your patience in our last night's

speech: To LAERTES. We'll put the matter to the present push .-Good Gertrude, set some watch over your son.-This grave shall have a living monument. An hour of quiet shortly shall we see: Till then, in patience our proceeding be.

Exeunt.

Scene II .- A Hall in the Castle.

Enter HAMLET and HORATIO.

Ham. So much for this, sir: now let me see the other;

You do remember all the circumstance? Hor. Remember it, my lord! fighting

Ham. Sir, in my heart there was a kind of That would not let me sleep: methought I lay Worse than the mutines in the bilboes. Rashly, And prais'd be rashness for it,—let us know, Our indiscretion sometimes serves us well, When our deep plots do fail: and that should

teach us

There's a divinity that shapes our ends. Rough-hew them how we will.

This is most certain. Hor.

Ham. Up from my cabin, My sea-gown scarf'd about me, in the dark Grop'd I to find out them: had my desire; Finger'd their packet; and, in fine, withdrew To mine own room again: making so bold, My fears forgetting manners, to unseal Their grand commission; where I found, Horatio,

O royal knavery! an exact command,-Larded with many several sorts of reasons, Importing Denmark's health and England's too, With, ho! such bugs and goblins in my life,-That, on the supervise, no leisure bated, No, not to stay the grinding of the axe. My head should be struck off.

Hor. Is't possible? Ham. Here's the commission: read it at more leisure.

But wilt thou hear me how I did proceed?

Hor. I beseech you. [villanies. Ham. Being thus benetted round with Ere I could make a prologue to my brains, They had begun the play,-I sat me down; Devis'd a new commission; wrote it fair: I once did hold it, as our statists do, A baseness to write fair, and labour'd much How to forget that learning; but, sir, now It did me yeoman's service. Wilt thou know The effect of what I wrote?

Hor.

Ham. An earnest conjugation from the king,-

As England was his faithful tributary; [flourish; As love between them like the palm might As peace should still her wheaten garland wear And stand a comma 'tween their amities: And many such like as's of great charge,-

That, on the view and know of these contents, Without debatement further, more or less, He should the bearers put to sudden death, Not shriving-time allow'd.

Hor. How was this seal'd? Ham. Why, even in that was heaven or-

dinant. I had my father's signet in my purse,

Which was the model of that Danish seal: Folded the wnt up in form of the other; Subscrib'd it; gave't the impression; plac'd it safely,

The changeling never known. Now, the next Was our sea-fight; and what to this was sequent

Thou know'st already. Hor. So Guildenstern and Rosencrantz go Ham. Why, man, they did make love to this

employment; They are not near my conscience; their defeat Does by their own insinuation grow.

'Tis dangerous when the baser nature comes Between the pass and fell incensed points

Of mighty opposites. Hor.

Why, what a king is this. Ham. Does it not, think'st thee, stand me now upon,-[mother; He that hath kill'd my king and whor'd my Popp'd in between the election and my hopes;

Thrown out his angle for my proper life, And with such cozenage,-is't not perfect

conscience damn'd. To quit him with this arm? and is't not to be To let this canker of our nature come

In further evil? Hor. It must be shortly known to him from What is the issue of the business there.

Ham. It will be short: the interim is mine; And a man's life's no more than to say One. But I am very sorry, good Horatio,

That to Laertes I forgot myself; For by the image of my cause I see The portraiture of his: I'll court his favours: But, sure, the bravery of his grief did put me Into a towering passion.

Hor. Peace; who comes here?

Enter OSRIC.

Osr. Your lordship is right welcome back to Denmark.

Ham. I humbly thank you, sir. - Dost know this water-fly?

Hor. No, my good lord.

Ham. Thy state is the more gracious; for 'tis a vice to know him. He hath much land, and fertile: let a beast be lord of beasts, and his crib shall stand at the king's mess: 'tis a chough; but, as I say, spacious in the possession of dirt. Osr. Sweet lord, if your lordship were at

I should impart a thing to you from his majesty. Ham. I will receive it with all diligence of spirit. head.

Ay, good my lord. Put your bonnet to his right use; 'tis for the

Osr. I thank your lordship, 'tis very hot. Ham. No, believe me, 'tis very cold: the

wind is northerly. or. It is indifferent cold, my lord, indeed. Ham. Methinks it is very sultry and hot for

my complexion.

Osr. Exceedingly, my lord; it is very sultry,—as't were,—I cannot tell how.—But, my lord, his majesty bade me signify to you that he has laid a great wager on your head. Sir, this is the matter,

Ham. I beseech you, remember,-

HAMLET moves him to put on his hat. Osr. Nay, in good faith; for mine ease, in good faith. Sir, here is newly come to court Laertes; believe me, an absolute gentleman, full of most excellent differences, of very soft society and great showing: indeed, to speak feelingly of him, he is the card or calendar of gentry, for you shall find in him the continent of what part a gentleman would see.

Ham. Sir, his definement suffers no perdition in you;—though, I know, to divide him inventorially would dizzy the arithmetic of memory, and it but yaw neither, in respect of his quick sail. But, in the venty of extolment, I take him to be a soul of great article; and his infusion of such dearth and rareness as, to make true diction of him, his semblable is his mirror: and who else would trace him, his

umbrage, nothing more. [him. Osr. Your lordship speaks most infallibly of

Ham. The concernancy, sir? why do we wrap the gentleman in our more rawer breath? Osr. Sir?

Hor. Is't not possible to understand in another tongue? You will do't sir, really.

Ham. What imports the nomination of this gentleman?

Osr. Of Laertes?

Hor. His purse is empty already; all's golden words are spent.

Ham. Of him, sir.

Osr. I know, you are not ignorant,-

Ham. I would you did, sir; yet, in faith, if you did, it would not much approve me.-Well, sir.

Osr. You are not ignorant of what excel-

lence Laertes is,-

Ham. I dare not confess that, lest I should compare with him in excellence; but to know a man well were to know himself.

Osr. I mean, sir, for his weapon; but in the imputation laid on him by them, in his meed he's unfellowed.

Ham. What's his weapon?

Osr. Rapier and dagger.

Ham. That's two of his weapons: but, well. Osr. The king, sir, hath wagered with him six Barbary horses: against the which he has imponed, as I take it, six French rapiers and poniards, with their assigns, as girdle, hangers, and so: three of the carriages, in faith, are very dear to fancy, very responsive to the hilts, most delicate carriages, and of very liberal conceit.

Ham. What call you the carriages?

Hor. I knew you must be edified by the margent ere you had done.

Osr. The carriages, sir, are the hangers.

Ham. The phrase would be more german to the matter if we could carry cannon by our sides: I would it might be hangers till then. But, on: six Barbary horses against six French swords, their assigns, and three liberal conceited carriages; that's the French bet against the Danish: why is this imponed, as you call it?

Osr. The king, sir, hath laid, that in a dozen passes between you and him he shall not exceed you three hits: he hath laid on twelve for nine; and it would come to immediate trial if your lordship would vouchsafe the answer.

Ham. How if I answer no?

Osr. I mean, my lord, the opposition of your person in trial.

Ham. Sir, I will walk here in the hall: if it please his majesty, it is the breathing time of day with me: let the foils be brought, the gentleman willing, and the king hold his purpose, I will win for him if I can; if not, I will gain nothing but my shame and the odd hits.

Osr. Shall I re-deliver you e'en so? Ham. To this effect, sir; after what flourish

your nature will.

Osr. I commend my duty to your lordship. [Exit OSRIC.]—He Yours, yours. does well to commend it himself; there are no tongues else for's turn. on his head.

Hor. This lapwing runs away with the shell Ham. He did comply with his dug before he sucked it. Thus has he,—and many more of the same bevy, that I know the drossy age dotes on,—only got the tune of the time, and outward habit of encounter; a kind of yesty collection, which carries them through and through the most fanned and winnowed opinions; and do but blow them to their trial, the bubbles are out.

Enter a Lord.

Lord. My lord, his majesty commended him to you by young Osric, who brings back to him that you attend him in the hall: he sends to know if your pleasure hold to play with Laertes, or that you will take longer time.

Ham. I am constant to my purposes; they follow the king's pleasure: if his fitness speaks, mine is ready; now or whensoever, provided I be so able as now. [down.

Lord. The king and queen and all are coming

Ham. In happy time.

Lord. The queen desires you to use some gentle entertainment to Laertes before you fall to play.

Ham. She well instructs me. [Exit Lord. Hor. You will lose this wager, my lord.

Ham. I do not think so; since he went into France I have been in continual practice: I shall win at the odds. But thou wouldst not think how ill all's here about my heart: but it is no matter.

Hor. Nay, good my lord,— Ham. It is but foolery; but it is such a kind of gain-giving as would perhaps trouble a woman.

Hor. If your mind dislike anything, obey it: I will forestall their repair hither, and say you are not fit.

Ham. Not a whit, we defy augury: there's a special providence in the fall of a sparrow. If it be now, 'tis not to come; if it be not to The king shall drink to Hamlet's better breath; come, it will be now; if it be not now, yet it And in the cup an union shall he throw, will come: the readiness is all: since no man has aught of what he leaves, what is't to leave In Denmark's crown have worn. Give me the betimes?

Enter King, Queen, Laertes, Lords, OSRIC, and Attendants with foils, &c.

King. Come, Hamlet, come, and take this hand from me. The KING puts LAERTES'S hand

into Hamlet's. Ham. Give me your pardon, sir: I have done

you wrong: But pardon't, as you are a gentleman.

This presence knows, and you must needs have

heard, How I am punish'd with sore distraction. What I have done,

That might your nature, honour, and exception Roughly awake, I here proclaim was madness. Was't Hamlet wrong'd Laertes?

Hamlet: If Hamlet from himself be ta'en away, And when he's not himself does wrong Lacrtes, Then Hamlet does it not, Hamlet denies it. Who does it, then? His madness: if't be so, Hamlet is of the faction that is wrong'd; His madness is poor Hamlet's enemy. Sir, in this audience.

Let my disclaiming from a purpos'd evil Free me so far in your most generous thoughts That I have shot mine arrow o'er the house And hurt my brother.

Laer. I am satisfied in nature. Whose motive, in this case, should stir me most To my revenge: but in my terms of honour I stand aloof; and will no reconcilement I'll by some elder masters of known honour I have a voice and precedent of peace To keep my name ungor'd. But till that time I do receive your offer'd love like love, And will not wrong it.

I embrace it freely; Ham.And will this brother's wager frankly play.-Give us the foils; come on.

Laer. Come, one for me. Ham. I'll be your foil, Laertes; in mine ignorance

Your skill shall, like a star in the darkest night, Stick flery off indeed.

You mock me, sir. Laer.

Ham. No, by this hand. King. Give them the foils, young Osric.

Cousin Hamlet. You know the wager?

Ham.Very well, my lord; Your grace hath laid the odds o' the weaker

side. King. I do not fear it; I have seen you both; But since he's better'd, we have therefore odds.

Laer. This is too heavy, let me see another. Ham. This likes me well. These foils have all a length? [They prepare to play.

Osr. Ay, my good lord. King. Set me the stoups of wine upon that table,

If Hamlet give the first or second hit. Or quit in answer of the third exchange Let all the battlements their ordnance fire: Richer than that which four successive kings

cups: And let the kettle to the trumpet speak. The trumpet to the cannoneer without,

The cannons to the heavens, the heavens to earth. Now the king drinks to Hamlet .- Come,

begin;-And you, the judges, bear a wary eye.

Ham. Come on, sir.

Come, my lord. Lagr. [They play. Ham.

One. Laer. No.

Ham. Judgment. Osr. A hit, a very palpable hit. Laer.

Well;—again. King. Stay, give me a drink.—Hamlet, this pearl is thine; Here's to thy health.

[Trumpets sound, and cannon shot

off within. Give him the cup. awhile .-Ham. I'll play this bout first; set it by

Come.-Another hit; what say you? They play.

Laer. A touch, a touch, I do confess. King. Our son shall win.

Queen. He's fat, and scant of breath.-

Here, Hamlet, take my napkin, rub thy brows: The queen carouses to thy fortune, Hamlet. Ham. Good madam!

Gertrude, do not drink. Queen. I will, my lord; I pray you, pardon me.

King. [Aside.] It is the poison'd cup; it is too Ham. I dare not drink yet, madam; by and

Queen. Come, let me wipe thy face. Laer. My lord, I'll hit him now.

King. I do not think't. Laer. [Aside.] And yet 'tis almost 'gainst

my conscience. Ham. Come, for the third, Laertes: you but dally;

I pray you, pass with your best violence:

I am afeard you make a wanton of me, Laer. Say you so? come on [They play.

Osr. Nothing, neither way.

Laer. Have at you now! [LAER. wounds HAM.; then, in scuffling, they change rapiers, and HAM. wounds LAER. Kina. Part them; they are incens'd. Ham. Nay, come, again. [The QUEEN falls Look to the queen there, ho! Osr.

Hor. They bleed on both sides .- How is it, my lord?

Osr. How is't, Laertes?

Laer. Why, as a woodcock to my own springe, Osric:

I am justly kill'd with mine own treachery.

Ham. How does the queen?

She swoons to see them bleed. Queen. No, no, the drink, the drink,—O my dear Hamlet,—

The drink, the drink!-I am poison'd. [Dies.

Ham. O villany!—Ho! let the door be lock'd Treachery! seek it out. [LAERTES falls Laer. It is here, Hamlet: Hamlet, thou art slain:

No medicine in the world can do thee good; In thee there is not half an hour of life; The treacherous instrument is in thy hand, Unbated and envenom'd: the foul practice Hath turn'd itself on me; lo, here I he, Never to rise again: thy mother's poison'd: I can no more:—the king, the king's to blame. Ham. The point envenom'd too!—

Then venom to thy work. [Stabs the King. Osr. and Lords. Treason! treason!

King. O, yet defend me, friends; I am but hurt.

Ham. Here, thou incestuous, murderous, damned Dane,

Drink off this potion.—Is thy union here?
Follow my mother. [King dies.

Laer. He is justly serv'd;
It is a poison temper'd by himself.—
Exchange forgiveness with me, noble Hamlet:
Mine and my father's death come not upon
thee,

Nor thine on me! [Dies. Ham. Heaven make thee free of it! I

follow thee.—
I am dead, Horatio.—Wretched queen, adieu!—
You that look pale and tremble at this chance,
That art but mutes or audience to this act,
Had I but time,—as this fell sergeant, death,
Is strict in his arrest,—O, I could tell you,—
But let it be.—Horatio, I am dead;
Thou liv'st; report me and my cause aright
To the unsatisfied.

Hor. Never believe it: I am more an antique Roman than a Dane,— Here's yet some liquor left.

Ham. As thou'rt a man, Give me the cup; let go; by heaven, I'll have't.—

O good Horatio, what a wounded name, Things standing thus unknown, shall live behind me!

If thou didst ever hold me in thy heart, Absent thee from felicity awhile, And in this harsh world draw thy breath in

pain, To tell my story.—

> [March afar off, and shot within. What warlike noise is this? Osr. Young Fortinbras, with conquest come

from Poland,
To the ambassadors of England gives

This warlike volley.

Ham.
O, I die, Horatio;
The potent poison quite o'er-crows my spirit:
I cannot live to hear the news from England;
But I do prophesy the election lights
On Fortinbras: he has my dying voice;
So tell him, with the occurrents, more and less,
Which have solicited.—The rest is silence.

[Dies.

Hor. Now cracks a noble heart.—Goodnight, sweet prince,

And flights of angels sing thee to thy rest! Why does the drum come hither?

March within.

Enter FORTINBRAS, the English Ambassadors, and others.

Fort. Where is this sight?

Hor. What is it you would see?
If aught of woe or wonder, cease your search.
Fort. This quarry cries on havoc.—O proud death.

What feast is toward in thine eternal cell, That thou so many princes at a shot

So bloodily hast struck?

r Amb. The sight is dismal; And our affairs from England come too late: The ears are senseless that should give us hearing,

To tell him his commandment is fulfill'd, That Rosencrantz and Guildenstern are dead: Where should we have our thanks?

Hor. Not from his mouth, Had it the ability of life to thank you:
He never gave commandment for their death.
But since, so jump upon this bloody question,
You from the Polack wars, and you from
England,

Are here arriv'd, give order that these bodies High on a stage be placed to the view; And let me speak to the yet unknowing world How these things came about: so shall you hear Of carnal, bloody, and unnatural acts; Of accidental judgments, casual slaughters; Of deaths put on by cunning and forc'd cause; And, in this upshot, purposes mistook Fall'n on the inventors' heads: all this can I Truly deliver.

Fort. Let us haste to hear it,
And call the noblest to the audience.
For me, with sorrow I embrace my fortune:
I have some rights of memory in this kingdom, [me.

Which now to claim my vantage doth invite Hor. Of that I shall have also cause to speak, And from his mouth whose voice will draw on more:

But let this same be presently perform'd, Even while men's minds are wild: lest more mischance

On plots and errors happen.

Fort.

Let four captains
Bear Hamlet like a soldier to the stage;
For he was likely, had he been put on,
To have prov'd most royally: and, for his
passage,

The soldier's music and the rites of war Speak loudly for him.—

Take up the bodies.—Such a sight as this Becomes the field, but here shows much amiss. o, bid the soldiers shoot. [A dead march. [Exeunt, bearing off the dead bodies: after

xeunt, bearing off the dead bodies: as which a peal of ordnance is shot off.

OTHELLO, THE MOOR OF VENICE

PERSONS REPRESENTED

DUKE OF VENICE. BRABANTIO, a Senator. Other Senators. GRATIANO, Brother to BRABANTIO. LODOVICO, Kinsman to BRABANTIO. OTHELLO, a noble Moor in the service of Venice. CASSIO, his Lieutenant. IAGO, his Ancient. RODERIGO, a Venetian Gentleman. MONTANO, OTHELLO'S predecessor in the Officers, Gentlemen, Messenger, Musicians,

Clown, Servant to OTHELLO. Herald.

DESDEMONA, Daughter to Brabantio, and Wife to OTHELLO. EMILIA, Wife to IAGO. BIANCA, Mistress to CASSIO.

government of Cyprus. Herald, Sailor, Attendants, &c.

Scene,—The First Act in Venice; during the rest of the Play at a Seaport in Cyprus.

ACT I.

SCENE I .- VENICE. A Street.

Enter RODERIGO and IAGO.

Rod. Never tell me; I take it much unkindly That thou, Iago, who hast had my purse As if the strings were thine, shouldst know of this.

Iago. 'Sblood, but you will not hear me:—
If ever I did dream of such a matter, Abhor me.

Rod. Thou told'st me thou didst hold him in

thy hate. lago. Despise me if I do not. Three great ones of the city,

In personal suit to make me his lieutenant, Off-capp'd to him:-and, by the faith of man, I know my price, I am worth no worse a place:

But he, as loving his own pride and purposes, Evades them, with a bombast circumstance

Horribly stuff'd with epithets of war: And, in conclusion, nonsuits My mediators; for, Certes, says he, I have already chose my officer. And what was he? Forsooth, a great arithmetician, One Michael Cassio, a Florentine,

A fellow almost damn'd in a fair wife; That never set a squadron in the field, Nor the division of a battle knows More than a spinster; unless the bookish

theoric, Wherein the toged consuls can propose

As masterly as he: mere prattle, without practice, Is all his soldiership. But he, sir, had the

election:

And I,-of whom his eyes had seen the proof At Rhodes, at Cyprus, and on other grounds, Christian and heathen, -must be be-lee'd and calm'd

By debitor and creditor, this counter-caster;

He, in good time, must his heutenant be, And I, God bless the mark! his Moorship's This hangman.

ancient. Rod. By heaven, I rather would have been Iago. Why, there's no remedy; 'tis the curse of service,

Preferment goes by letter and affection, And not by old gradation, where each second Stood heir to the first. Now, sir be judge vourself

Whether I in any just term am affin'd To love the Moor.

I would not follow him, then. Rod.

Iago. O, sir, content you; I follow him to serve my turn upon him: We cannot all be masters, nor all masters Cannot be truly follow'd. You shall mark Many a duteous and knee-crooking knave That, doting on his own obsequious bondage, Wears out his time, much like his master's ass For naught but provender; and when he's old, cashier'd:

Whip me such honest knaves. Others there are Who, trimm'd in forms and visages of duty, Keep yet their hearts attending on themselves; And, throwing but shows of service on their lords.

Do well thrive by them, and when they have lin'd their coats.

Do themselves homage: these fellows have some soul;

And such a one do I profess myself.

For, sir, It is as sure as you are Roderigo, Were I the Moor I would not be Iago: In following him I follow but myself; Heaven is my judge, not I for love and duty, But seeming so for my peculiar end: For when my outward action doth demonstrate The native act and figure of my heart In compliment extern, 'tis not long after But I will wear my heart upon my sleeve For daws to peck at: I am not what I am. Rod. What a full fortune does the thick lips

owe. If he can carry't thus!

Call up her father. Iago. Rouse him:-make after him, poison his delight,

Proclaim him in the streets; incense her kinsmen.

And, though he in a fertile climate dwell, Plague him with flies: though that his joy be

Yet throw such changes of vexation on't As it may lose some colour.

faloud. Rod. Here is her father's house: I'll call Iago. Do; with like timorous accent and dire yell

As when, by night and negligence, the fire Is spied in populous cities. [tio, hol

Rod. What, ho, Brabantio! Signior Brabanlago. Awake! what, ho, Brabantio! thieves! thieves! thieves!

Look to your house, your daughter, and your Thieves! thieves!

BRABANTIO appears above at a window. Bra. What is the reason of this terrible summons?

What is the matter there?

Rod. Signior, is all your family within?

Iago. Are your doors locked?

Bra. Why, wherefore ask you this? lago. Zounds, sir, you're robb'd; for shame. put on your gown;

Your heart is burst, you have lost half your Even now, now, very now, an old black ram Is tupping your white ewe. Arise, arise: Awake the snorting citizens with the bell Or else the devil will make a grandsire of you:

Arise, I say

What, have you lost your wits? Вта. Rod. Most reverend signior, do you know my voice?

Bra. Not 1; what are you? Rod. My name is Roderigo.

Вта. The worser welcome: I have charg'd thee not to haunt about my doors;

In honest planness thou hast heard me say My daughter is not for thee; and now, in mad-

Being full of supper and distempering draughts. Upon malicious bravery dost thou come To start my quiet.

Rod. Sir, sir, sir,—
Bra. But thou must needs be sure, My spirit and my place have in them power To make this bitter to thee.

Patience, good sir. Rod. Bra. What tell'st thou me of robbing? this is Venuce:

My house is not a grange

Rod. Most grave Brabantio. In simple and pure soul I come to you.

Iago. Zounds, sir, you are one of those that will not serve God if the devil bid you. Because we come to do you service, and you think we are ruffians, you'll have your daughter covered with a Barbary horse; you'll have your nephews neigh to you; you'll have cour-sers for cousins and gennets for germans.

Bra. What profane wretch art thou?

lago. I am one, sir, that comes to tell you your daughter and the Moor are now making the beast with two backs.

Bra. Thou art a villain.

Iago. You are—a senator. Bra. This thou shalt answer; I know thee, seech you. Rođerigo.

Rod. Sir, I will answer anything. But I be-If't be your pleasure and most wise consent,-As partly I find it is, -that your fair daughter, At this odd-even and dull watch o' the night. Transported with no worse nor better guard But with a knave of common hire, a gondolier, To the gross clasps of a lascivious Moor,-If this be known to you, and your allowance, We then have done you bold and saucy wrongs; But if you know not this, my manners tell me We have your wrong rebuke. Do not believe That, from the sense of all civility, I thus would play and trifle with your reverence:

Your daughter,-if you have not given her leave.

I say again, hath made a gross revolt; Tying her duty, beauty, wit, and fortunes In an extravagant and wheeling stranger [self: Of here and everywhere. Straight satisfy yourIf she be in her chamber or your house Let loose on me the justice of the state For thus deluding you.

Give me a taper!—call up all my people!— This accident is not unlike my dream: Belief of it oppresses me already.—

Light, I say! light! [Exit from above. Iago. Farewell; for I must leave you; It seems not meet nor wholesome to my place To be produc'd,—as if I stay I shall,—Against the Moor: for I do know the state,—However this may gall him with some check,—Cannot with safety cast him; for he's embark'd With such loud reason to the Cyprus wars,—Which even now stand in act,—that, for their

souls,
Another of his fathom they have none
To lead their business: in which regard,
Though I do hate him as I do hell pains,
Yet, for necessity of present life,
I must show out a flag and sign of love,
Which is indeed but sign. That you shall
surely find him,

Lead to the Sagittary the raised search; And there will I be with him. So, farewell.

Enter below, BRABANTIO, and Servants with torches

Bra. It is too true an evil: gone she is;
And what's to come of my despised time
Is naught but bitterness. -Now, Rodengo,
Where didst thou see her? --O unhappy girl!-With the Moor, say'st thou? - Who would be
a father!

How didst thou know 'twas she? --O, she de-Past thought. -What said she to you? --Get

more tapers; [you? Raise all my kindred. Are they married, think Rod. Truly, I think they are. Bra. O heaven! How got she out?—O

treason of the blood! -Fathers, from hence trust not your daughters'

minds
By what you see them act. - Are there not charms

By which the property of youth and maidhood May be abused? Have you not read, Roderigo, Of some such thing?

Rod. Yes, sir, I have indeed.

Bra. Call up my brother. O, would you had had her!

Some one way some another. Do you know Where we may apprehend her and the Moor?

Rod. I think I can discover him, if you please

To get good guard, and go along with me.

Bra. Pray you, lead on. At every house
I'll call;

I may command at most. -Get weapons, ho! And raise some special officers of night. -On, good Roderigo: -I'll deserve your pains. |Exeunt.

Scene II. - Venice. Another Street.

Enter Othello, IAGO, and Attendants with torches.

Iago. Though in the trade of war I have slain men,

ber or your house ustice of the state
To do no contriv'd murder: I lack iniquity
Sometimes to do me service: nine or ten times
Strike on the inder, he!
I had thought to have yerk'd him here under
the ribs.

Oth. 'Tis better as it is.

Iago.

Nay, but he prated,
And spoke such scurvy and provoking terms
Against your honour,
That, with the little godliness I have,

I did full hard forbear him. But, I pray you,

Are you fast marned? Be assured of this, That the magnifico is much beloved, And hath, in his effect, a voice potential As double as the duke's he will divorce you; Or put upon you what restraint and grevance The law,—with all his might to enforce it on,—Will give him cable.

Oth Let him do his spite:

My services which I have done the signiory

Shall out-tongue his complaints. 'Tis yet to

know.—

Which, when I know that boasting is an honour, I shall promulgate,—I fetch my life and being From men of royal seige; and my dements May speak unbonneted to as proud a fortune As this that I have reach'd, for know, Iago, But that I love the gentle Desdemona, I would not my unhoused free condition Put into circumscription and confine For the sea's worth. But, look! what lights come youd?

Iago. Those are the raised father and his friends.

You were best go in.

Oth. Not I; I must be found: My parts, my title, and my perfect soul Shall manifest me rightly. Is it they? Iago. By Janus, I think no.

Enter Cassio and certain Officers with torches.

Oth The servants of the duke and my lieutenant. -

The goodness of the night upon you, friends! What is the news?

Cas The duke does greet you, general; And he requires your haste-post-haste appear-

Even on the instant.

Oth What is the matter, think you?
Cas Something from Cyprus, as I may

It is a business of some heat: the galleys Have sent a dozen sequent messengers. This very night at one another's heels; And many of the consul's, rais'd and met, Are at the duke's already you have been hotly call'd for,

When, being not at your lodging to be found, The senate hath sent about three several quests

To search you out.

Oth

'Tis well I am found by you.
I will but spend a word here in the house,

And go with you. [Exit. Cas. Ancient, what makes he here? Iago. Faith, he to-night hath boarded a land carack:

If it prove lawful prize, he's made for ever.

Cas. I do not understand. He's married. Iago. To who? Cas.

Re-enter OTHELLO.

Iago. Marry, to-Come, captain, will you go? Have with you. Oth. Cas. Here comes another troop to seek for

you Iago. It is Brabantio.—General, be advis'd; He comes to bad intent.

Enter Brabantio, Roderigo, and Officers with torches and weapons.

Holla! stand there! Rod. Signior, it is the Moor.

Rra. Down with him, thief! They draw on both sides.

Iago. You, Roderigo! come, sir, I am for you. Oth. Keep up your bright swords, for the dew will rust them .-Good signior, you shall more command with Than with your weapons.

Bra. O thou foul thief, where hast thou stow'd my daughter?

Damn'd as thou art, thou hast enchanted her; For I'll refer me to all things of sense, If she in chains of magic were not bound, Whether a maid so tender, fair, and happy, So opposite to marriage that she shunn'd The wealthy curled darlings of our nation, Would ever have, to incur a general mock, Run from her guardage to the sooty bosom Of such a thing as thou, -to fear, not to delight Judge me the world, if 'tis not gross in sense That thou hast practis d on her with foul charms:

Abus'd her delicate youth with drugs or minerals

That weaken motion:-I'll have't disputed on: 'Tis probable, and palpable to thinking. I therefore apprehend and do attach thee For an abuser of the world, a practiser Of arts inhibited and out of warrant .--Lay hold upon him: if he do resist, Subdue him at his peril.

Hold your hands, Oth. Both you of my inclining and the rest: Were it my cue to fight, I should have known it Without a prompter.—Where will you that I go To answer this your charge?

To prison; till fit time Of law and course of direct session

Call thee to answer.

Oth. What if I do obey? How may the duke be therewith satisfied, Whose messengers are here about my side, Upon some present business of the state, To bring me to him.

I Off. 'Tis true, most worthy signior; The duke's in council, and your noble self,

I am sure, is sent for.

How! the duke in council! In this time of the night!-Bring him away: Mine's not an idle cause: the duke himself, Or any of my brothers of the state, Cannot but feel this wrong as 'twere their own; For if such actions may have passage free, Bond-slaves and pagans shall our statesmen be. Exeunt.

Scene III .- Venice. A Council-chamber.

The DUKE and Senators sitting at a table: Officers attending.

Duke. There is no composition in these news That gives them credit.

ı Sen. Indeed, they are disproportion'd; My letters say a hundred and seven galleys.

Duke. And mine a hundred and forty. And mine two hundred. 2 Sen.

But though they jump not on a just account .-As in these cases, where the aim reports, 'Tis oft with difference,—yet do they all confirm A Turkish fleet, and bearing up to Cyprus.

Duke. Nay, it is possible enough to judgment:

I do not so secure me in the error, But the main article I do approve

In fearful sense.

Sailor. [Within.] What, ho! what, ho! what, ho!

I Off. A messenger from the galleys.

Enter a Sailor.

Duke. Now,-what's the business? Sail. The Turkish preparation makes for Rhodes;

So was I bid report here to the state By Signior Angelo.

Duke. How say you by this change? This cannot be,

By no assay of reason: 'tis a pageant To keep us in false gaze. When we consider The importancy of Cyprus to the Turk;

And let ourselves again be understood That, as it more concerns the Turk than Rhodes,

So may he with more facile question bear it, For that it stands not in such warlike brace, But altogether lacks the abilities That Rhodes is dress'd in: if we make thought We must not think the Turk is so unskilful To leave that latest which concerns him first; Neglecting an attempt of ease and gain To wake and wage a danger profitless.

Duke. Nay, in all confidence, he's not for Rhodes.

1 Off. Here is more news.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. The Ottomites, reverend and gracious, Steering with due course toward the isle of Rhodes,

Have there injointed them with an after fleet. 1 Sen. Ay, so I thought .- How many, as

you guess? [stem Mess. Of thirty sail: and now do they re-

Their backward course, bearing with frank appearance Their purposes toward Cyprus .- Signior Mon-Your trusty and most valuant servitor,

With his free duty recommends you thus, And prays you to believe him.

Duke. 'Tis certain, then, for Cyprus.—

Marcus Luccicos, is not he in town?

r Sen. He's now in Florence. Duke. Write from us to him; post-post-haste

despatch. I Sen. Here comes Brabantio and the valiant Enter BRABANTIO, OTHELLO, IAGO, RODERIGO, and Officers.

Duke. Valiant Othello, we must straight employ you

Against the general enemy Ottoman .-I did not see you; welcome, gentle signior; To BRABANTIO.

We lack'd your counsel and your help to-night. Bra. So did I yours. Good your grace, pardon me;

Neither my place, nor aught I heard of business Hath rais'd me from my bed; nor doth the

general care Take hold on me; for my particular grief Is of so flood-gate and o'erbearing nature That it englits and swallows other sorrows, And it is still itself.

Why, what's the matter? Duke. Bra. My daughter! O, my daughter! Duke and Senators. Dead? Ay, to me; Bra.

She is abus'd, stol'n from me, and corrupted By spells and medicines bought of mountebanks:

For nature so preposterously to err,

Being not deficient, blind, or lame of sense, Sans witchcraft could not. ceeding, Duke. Whoe'er he be that, in this foul pro-

Hath thus beguil'd your daughter of herself, And you of her, the bloody book of law You shall yourself read in the bitter letter After your own sense; yea, though our proper son

Stood in your action.

Humbly I thank your grace. Here is the man, this Moor; whom now, it

seems, Your special mandate for the state aftairs Hath hither brought.

Duke and Senators. We are very sorry for't. Duke. What, in your own part, can you say To OTHELLO.

Bra. Nothing, but this is so. lors. Oth. Most potent, grave, and reverend sign-My very noble and approv'd good masters, That I have ta'en away this old man's daughter,

It is most true; true, I have married her: The very head and front of my offending Hath this extent, no more. Rude am I in my speech,

And little bless'd with the soft phrase of peace; For since these arms of mine had seven years' lus'd

Till now some nine moons wasted, they have Their dearest action in the tented field: And little of this great world can I speak, More than pertains to feats of broil and battle; And therefore little shall I grace my cause In speaking for myself. Yet, by your gracious patience.

I will a round unvarnish'd tale deliver Of my whole course of love; what drugs, what charms,

What conjuration, and what mighty magic,-For such proceeding I am charg'd withal,-I won his daughter.

A maiden never bold: Вги. Of spirit so still and quiet that her motion Blush'd at herself; and she, - in spite of nature, To fall in love with what she fear'd to look on! It is a judgment maim'd and most imperfect That will confess perfection so could err Against all rules of nature; and must be driven To find out practices of cunning hell, Why this should be. I therefore vouch again

Of years, of country, credit, everything,-

That with some mixtures powerful o'er the blood.

Or with some dram conjur'd to this effect, He wrought upon her.

Duke.To vouch this is no moof: Without more wider and more overt test Than these thin habits and poor likelihoods Of modern seeming do prefer against him. 1 Sen. But, Othello, speak,

Did you by indirect or forced courses Subdue and poison this young maid's affections?

Or came it by request, and such fair question As soul to soul affordeth?

Oth. I do beseech you, Send for the lady to the Sagittary, And let her speak of me before her father If you do find me foul in her report, The trust, the office I do hold of you, Not only take away, but let your sentence Even fall upon my life.

Duke.

Fetch Desdemona hither. Oth. Ancient, conduct them; you best know the place. --

Exeunt IAGO and Attendants. And, till she come, as truly as to heaven I do confess the vices of my blood, So justly to your grave ears I'll present

How I did thrive in this fair lady's love, And she in mine. Duke. Say it, Othello.

Oth. Her father lov'd me; oft invited me; Still question'd me the story of my life. From year to year,—the battles, sieges, for-

tunes, That I have pass'd.

I ran it through, even from my boyish days To the very moment that he bade me tell it: Wherein I spake of most disastrous chances, Of moving accidents by flood and field; Of hairbreadth scapes i' the imminent deadly breach;

Of being taken by the insolent foe, And sold to slavery; of my redemption thence, And portance in my travel's history: Wherein of antres vast and deserts idle, Rough quarries, rocks, and hills whose heads

touch heaven, It was my hint to speak, -- such was the process; And of the Cannibals that each other eat, The Anthropophagi, and men whose heads Do grow beneath their shoulders. This to hear Would Desdemona seriously incline:

But still the house affairs would draw her thence; Which ever as she could with haste despatch,

She'd come again, and with a greedy ear Devour up my discourse: which I observing, Took once a pliant hour; and found good means To draw from her a prayer of earnest heart That I would all my pilgrimage dilate, Whereof by parcels she had something heard, But not intentively: I did consent;

And often did beguile her of her tears,
When I did speak of some distressful stroke
That my youth suffer!d. My story being done,
She gave me for my pams a world of sighs:
She swore,—in faith, 'twas strange, 'twas passing strange;

'Twas pitiful, 'twas wondrous pitiful:
She wish'd she had not heard it; yet she wish'd
That heaven had made her such a man: she
thank'd me;

And bade me, if I had a friend that lov'd her, I should but teach him how to tell my story, And that would woo her. Upon this hint I spake:

She lov'd me for the dangers I had pass'd; And I lov'd her that she did pity them. This only is the witchcraft I have us'd:— Here comes the lady; let her witness it.

Enter DESDEMONA, LAGO, and Attendants.

Duke. I think this tale would win my daughter too.—

Good Brabantio, Take up this mangled matter at the best. Men do their broken weapons rather use

Than their bare hands.

Bra. I pray you, hear her speak:
If she confess that she was half the wooer,
Destruction on my head if my bad blame
Light on the man!—Come hither, gentle mis-

tress:
Do you perceive in all this noble company
Where most you owe obedience?

Des. My noble father I do perceive here a divided duty:
To you I am bound for life and education;
My life and education both do learn me
How to respect you; you are the lord of duty,—
I am hitherto your daughter: but here's my
husband;

And so much duty as my mother show'd To you, preferring you before her father, So much I challenge that I may profess Due to the Moor, my lord.

Bra. God be with you!—I have done.— Please it your grace, on to the state affairs: I had rather to adopt a child than get it.— Come hither, Moor:

I here do give thee that with all my heart, Which, but thou hast already, with all my heart I would keep from thee.—For your sake, jewel, I am glad at soul I have no other child; For thy escape would teach me tyranny, To hang clogs on them.—I have done, my lord.

Duke. Let me speak like yourself; and lay a sentence,
Which, as a guise or step, may help these lovers

Into your favour.
When remedies are past, the griefs are ended
By seeing the worst, which late on hopes depended.

To mourn a mischief that is past and gone
Is the next way to draw new mischief on.
What cannot be preserv'd when fortune takes,
Patience her injury a mockery makes.
The robb'd that smiles steals something from
the thief;

He robs himself that spends a bootless grief.

Bra. So let the Turk of Cyprus us beguile;
We lose it not so long as we can smile;

He bears the sentence well that nothing bears But the free comfort which from thence he hears:

But he bears both the sentence and the sorrow That, to pay grief, must of poor patience borrow. These sentences, to sugar or to gall, Being strong on both sides, are equivocal:

But words are words; I never yet did hear That the bruis'd heart was pierced through the ear.— state.

I humbly beseech you, proceed to the affars of Duke. The Turk with a most mighty preparation makes for Cyprus.—Othello, the forttude of the place is best known to you; and though we have there a substitute of most allowed sufficiency, yet opinion, a sovereign mistress of effects, throws a more safer voice on you; you must therefore be content to slubber the gloss of your new fortunes with this more stubborn and bosterous expedition.

Oth. The tyrant custom, most grave senators, Hath made the flinty and steel couch of war My tinnee-driven bed of down: I do agnize A natural and prompt alacrity I find in hardness; and do undertake These present wars against the Ottomites. Most humbly, therefore, bending to your state, I crave fit disposition for my wife; Due reference of place and exhibition; With such accommodation and besort As levels with her breeding.

By our please,

If you please,

Be't at her father's.

Bra. I'll not have it so.

Oth. Nor I.

Des. Nor I; I would not there reside.

To put my father in impatient thoughts, By being in his eye. Most gracious duke, To my unfolding lend a gracious ear; And let me and a charter in your voice To assist my simpleness.

Duke. What would you, Desdemona?

Des. That I did love the Moor to live with him.

My downright violence and scorn of fortunes
May trumpet to the world: my heart's subdu'd
Even to the very quality of my lord:
I saw Othello's visage in his mind,
And to his honours and his valiant parts
Did I my soul and fortunes consecrate.
So that, dear lords, if I be left behind,
A moth of peace, and he go to the war,
The rites for which I love him are bereft me,
And I a heavy interim shall support
By his dear absence. Let me go with him.

Oth, Let her have your voices.

Youch with me, heaven, I therefore beg it not
To please the palate of my appetite;
Nor to comply with heat, -the young affects
In me defunct, -and proper satisfaction;
But to be free and bounteous to her mind:
And heaven defend your good souls, that you

think
I will your serious and great business scant
For she is with me: no, when light-wing'd
toys

Of feather'd Cupid seel with wanton dullness My speculative and offic'd instruments, That my disports corrupt and taint my business, Let housewives make a skillet of my helm,

And all indign and base adversities Make head against my estimation!

Duke. Be it as you shall privately determine, Either for her stay or going: the affairs cries haste.

And speed must answer it.

1 Sen. You must away to-night.

With all my heart. Oth. Duke. At nine i' the morning here we'll meet again.-

Othello, leave some officer behind. And he shall our commission bring to you; With such things else of quality and respect

As doth import you.

Oth. So please your grace, my ancient,— A man he is of honesty and trust,

To his conveyance I assign my wife, With what else needful your good grace shall think

To be sent after me.

Let it be so.-Duke.

Good-night to every one.—And, noble signior, [To BRABANTIO.

If virtue no delighted beauty lack, Your son-in-law is far more fair than black. r Sen. Adieu, brave Moor; use Desdemona

well. Bra. Look to her, Moor, if thou hast eyes She has deceiv'd her father, and may thee.

[Exeunt DUKE, Senators, Officers, &c. Oth. My life upon her faith!—Honest Iago, My Desdemona must I leave to thee: I pr'ythee, let thy wife attend on her; And bring them after in the best advantage.--Come, Desdemona, I have but an hour Of love, of worldly matters and direction. To spend with thee: we must obey the time.

Exeunt OTHELLO and DESDEMONA.

Rod. Iago,

Iago. What say'st thou, noble heart? Rod. What will I do, thinkest thou? Iago. Why, go to bed and sleep.
Rod. I will incontinently drown myself.

Iago. If thou dost, I shall never love thee ter. Why, thou silly gentleman!

Rod. It is sillness to live when to live is torment; and then have we a prescription to

die when death is our physician.

Iago. O villanous! I have looked upon the world for four times seven years; and since I could distinguish betwixt a benefit and an injury, I never found a man that knew how to love himself. Ere I would say I would drown myself for the love of a Guinea-hen. I would change my humanity with a baboon.

Rod. What should I do? I confess it is my shame to be so fond; but it is not in my virtue to amend it.

Iago. Virtue! a fig! 'tis in ourselves that we are thus or thus. Our bodies are gardens, to the which our wills are gardeners; so that if we will plant nettles or sow lettuce, set hyssop and weed up thyme, supply it with one gender of herbs or distract it with many, either to have it sterile with idleness or manured with industry; why, the power and corrigible authority of this lies in our wills. If the balance of our lives had not one scale of reason to poise another of sensuality, the blood and baseness of our natures would conduct us to

most preposterous conclusions; but we have reason to cool our raging motions, our carnal stings, our unbitted lusts; whereof I take this, that you call love, to be a sect or scion.

Rod. It cannot be.

lago. It is merely a lust of the blood and a permission of the will. Come, be a mant drown thyself! drown cats and blind puppies. I have professed me thy friend, and I confess me knit to thy deserving with cables of perdurable toughness; I could never better stead thee than now. Put money in thy purse; follow thou the wars; defeat thy favour with an usurped beard: I say, put money in thy purse. It cannot be that Desdemona should long continue her love to the Moor,-put money in thy purse, -nor he his to her: it was a violent commencement, and thou shalt see an answerable sequestration; -put but money in thy purse. -- These Moors are changeable in their wills;—fill thy purse with money: the food that to him now is as luscious as locusts shall be to him shortly as bitter as coloquintida. She must change for youth: when she is sated with his body she will find the error of her choice: she must have change, she must: therefore put money in thy purse .- If thou wilt needs damn thyself, do it a more delicate way than drowning. Make all the money thou caust: if sanctimony and a frail yow betwirt an erring barbarian and a supersubtle Venetian be not too hard for my wits and all the tribe of hell, thou shalt enjoy her; therefore make money. A pox of drowning thyself! it is clean out of the way: seek thou rather to be hanged in compassing thy joy than to be drowned and go without her.

Rod. Wilt thou be fast to my hopes if I

depend on the issue?

lago. Thou art sure of me:-go, make money:-I have told thee often, and I re-tell thee again and again, I hate the Moor: my cause is hearted; thune hath no less reason. Let us be conjunctive in our revenge against him: if thou canst cuckold him, thou dost thyself a pleasure, me a sport. There are many events in the womb of time which will be delivered. Traverse; go; provide thy money. We will have more of this to-morrow. Adieu.

Rod. Where shall we meet i' the morning?

Iago. At my ledging.

Rod. I'll be with thee betimes. Roderigo? Iago. Go to; farewell. Do Rod. What say you? you hear,

Iago. No more of drowning, do you hear? Rod. I am changed: I'll go sell all my land. Exit.

Iago. Thus do I ever make my fool my purse For I mine own gain'd knowledge should profane

If I would time expend with such a snipe But for my sport and profit. I hate the Moor; And it is thought abroad that 'twixt my sheets He has done my office: I know not if't be true; But I, for mere suspicion in that kind, Will do as if for surety. He holds me well;

The better shall my purpose work on him. Cassio's a proper man: let me see now; To get his place, and to plume up my will In double knavery, -How, how? -Let's see: - After some time to abuse Othello's ear That he is too familiar with his wife:—
He hath a person, and a smooth dispose,
To be suspected: fram'd to make women false.
The Moor is of a free and open nature,
That thinks men honest that but seem to be so;
And will as tenderly be led by the nose
As asses are.
I have't;—it is engender'd:—hell and night

Must bring this monstrous birth to the world's light. [Exit.

ACT II.

Scene I.—A Seaport Town in Cyprus. A Platform.

Enter MONTANO and two Gentlemen.

Mon. What from the cape can you discern at sea? [flood; r Gent. Nothing at all: it is a high-wrought I cannot, 'twixt the heaven and the main, Descry a sail. [land; Mon. Methinks the wind hath spoke aloud at

A fuller blast ne'er shook our battlements: If it hath ruffian'd so upon the sea,

What ribs of oak, when mountains melt on them, [tlis? Can hold the mortise? What shall we hear of

2 Gent A segregation of the Turkish fleet: For do but stand upon the foaming shore, The childen billow seems to pelt the clouds, The wind-shak'd surge, with high and monstrous main.

Seems to cast water on the burning Bear, And quench the guards of the ever-fixed pole. I never did like molestation view On the enchafed flood.

Mon. If that the Turkish fleet Be not enshelter'd and embay'd, they are drown'd;

It is impossible to bear it out.

Enter a third Gentleman.

3 Gent. News, lads' our wars are done. The desperate tempest hath so bang'd the Turks That there designment halts: a noble ship of Venice

Hath seen a grievous wreck and sufferance On most part of their fleet.

Mon. How! is this true?

3 Gent. The ship is here put in,
A Veronessa; Michael Cassio,
Lieutenant to the warlike Moor Othello,
Is come on shore: the Moor himself's at sea,
And is in full commission here for Cyprus.

Mon. I am glad on't; 'tıs a worthy governor.

3 Gent. But this same Cassio,—though he speak of comfort

Touching the Turkish loss,—yet he looks sadly, And prays the Moor be safe; for they were parted

With foul and violent tempest.

Mon.

Pray heavens he be;

Ror I have serv'd him, and the man commands

Like a full soldier. Let's to the sea-side, hol

As well to see the vessel that's come at

As to throw out our eyes for brave Othello,

Even till we make the main and the aerial blue

An indistinct rearad.

3 Gent. Come, let's do so; For every minute is expectancy Of more arrivance.

Enter CASSIO.

Cas. Thanks you, the valuant of this warlike isle.

That so approve the Moor! O, let the heavens Give him defence against the elements, For I have lost him on a dangerous sea!

Mon Is he well shipp'd? [pilot Cas. His bark is stoutly timber'd, and his

Cas. His bark is stoutly timber'd, and his of very expert and approv'd allowance; Therefore my hopes, not surfeited to death, Stand in bold cure.

[Within.] A sail, a sail, a sail!

Enter a fourth Gentleman.

Cas. What noise?
4 Gent. The town is empty; on the brow o'
Stands ranks of people, and they cry, A sail!
Cas. My hopes do shape him for the governor.

Guns within.

2 Gent. They do discharge their shot of courtesy:

Our friends at least.

Cas. I pray you, sir, go forth.

And give us truth who 'tis that is arriv'd.

2 Gent I shall. [Exit

Mon. But, good heutenant, is your general
wiv'd' [maid
Cas. Most fortunately: he hath achiev'd a

Cas. Most nortunately: he hath achieved a That paragons description and wild fame; One that excels the quirks of blazoning pens, And in the essential vesture of creation Does tire the ingener.—

Re-enter second Gentleman.

How now! who has put in?

2 Gent. 'Tis one lago, ancient to the general.

Cas. Has had most favourable and happy
speed:
[winds,

Tempests themselves, high seas, and howling The gutter'd rocks, and congregated sands,—Trautors ensteep'd to clog the guiltiess keel,—As having sense of beauty, do omit Their mortal natures, letting go safely by The divine Desdemona.

Mon. What is she?

Cas. She that I spake of, our great captain's captain,

Left in the conduct of the bold Iago;

Whose footing here anticipates our thoughts

A se'nnight's speed. Great Jove, Othello
guard, | breath,

And swell his sail with thine own powerful That he may bless this bay with his tall ship, Make love's quick pants in Desdemona's arms, we renew'd fire to our extincted spirits, And bring all Cyprus comfort! 0, behold,

Enter DESDEMONA, EMILIA, IAGO, RODE-RIGO, and Attendants.

The riches of the ship is come on shore! Ye men of Cyprus, let her have your knees.—Hail to thee, ladyl and the grace of heaven, Before, behind thee, and on every hand, Enwheel thee round!

Des. What tidings can you tell me of my lord?

Cas. He is not yet arriv'd: nor know I aught But that he's well, and will be shortly here. Des. O, but I fear-How lost you company?

Cas. The great contention of the sea and skies

Parted our fellowship -but, hark! a sail. [Within.] A sail, a sail! [Guns within. 2 Gent. They give their greeting to the citadel:

This likewise is a friend.

See for the news .-Cas.

Exit Gentlemen. Good ancient, you are welcome.-welcome,

mistress:-To EMILIA. Let it not gall your patience, good Iago, That I extend my manners; 'tis my breeding

That gives me this bold show of courtesy. [Kissing her. lago. Sir, would she give you so much of her

lips As of her tongue she oft bestows on me.

You'd have enough. Alas, she has no speech.

lago. In faith, too much; I find it still when I have list to sleep: Marry, before your ladyship, I grant, She puts her tongue a little in her heart, And chides with thinking.

Emil. You have little cause to say so. lago. Come on, come on; you are pictures

out of doors, kitchens. Bells in your parlours, wild cats in your Saints in your injuries, devils being offended. Players in your housewifery, and housewives in

your beds. Des. O, fie upon thee, slanderer! lago. Nay, it is true, or else I am a Turk:

You rise to play and go to bed to work. Emil. You shall not write my praise.

No, let me not. Iago. Des. What wouldst thou write of me if thou shouldst praise me?

Iago. O gentle lady, do not put me to't; For I am nothing if not critical. [harbour?

Des. Comeon, assay - There's one gone to the Iago. Ay, madam.

Des. I am not merry; but I do beguile The thing I am, by seeming otherwise.

Come, how wouldst thou praise me? ftion Iago. I am about it; but, indeed, my inven-Comes from my pate as birdlime does from

flabours. frize,-It plucks out brains and all: but my muse And thus she is deliver'd.

If she be fair and wise, -fairness and wit,

The one's for use, the other useth it. [witty? Des. Well prais'd! How if she be black and lago. If she be black, and thereto have a wit, She'll find a white that shall her blackness fit.

Des. Worse and worse. Emil. How if fair and foolish?

lago. She never yet was foolish that was fair; For even her folly help'd her to an heir.

Des. These are old fond paradoxes to make fools laugh i' the alchouse. What miserable praise hast thou for her that's foul and foolish? lago. There's none so foul, and foolish there-

unto.

I thank you, valuant Cassio. But does foul pranks which fair and wise ones do.

Des O heavy ignorance!-thou praisest the worst best. But what praise couldst thou bestow on a deserving woman indeed, -one that, in the authority of her ment, did justly put on the vouch of very malice itself?

lago. She that was ever fair, and never proud; Had tongue at will, and yet was never loud; Never lack'd gold, and yet went never gay;

Fled from her wish, and yet said, Now I may; She that, being anger'd, her revenge being nigh, Bade her wrong stay and her displeasure fly; She that in wisdom never was so frail

To change the cod's head for the salmon's tail; She that could think, and ne'er disclose her mind:

See sustors following, and not look behind; She was a wight, if ever such wight were.

Des. To do what? lago. To suckle fools and chronicle small Des. O most lame and impotent conclusion! -Do not learn of him, Emilia, though he be thy husband.—How say you, Cassio? is he not

a most profane and liberal counsellor? Cas. He speaks home, madam. you may relish him more in the soldier than in the

scholar.

lago. [Aside.] He takes her by the palm: ay, well said, whisper with as little a web as this will I ensnare as great a fly as Cassio. Ay, smule upon her, do; I will give thee in thine own courtship. You say true; 'tis so, indeed: it such tricks as these strip you out of your lieutenantry, it had been better you had not kissed your three fingers so oft, which now again you are most apt to play the sir in. Very Good; well kiss'd! an excellent courtesy! 'tis so, indeed. Yet again your fingers to your hps? would they were clyster-pipes for your sake! [Trumpet within.]-The Moor! I know his trumpet.

Cas. 'Tis truly so.

Des. Let's meet him, and receive him.

Cas. Lo, where he comes!

Enter OTHELLO and Attendants.

Oth. O my fair warrior!

Des. My dear Othello! Oth. It gives me wonder great as my content To see you here before me. O my soul's joy! If after every tempest come such calms, May the winds blow till they have waken'd

death!

And let the labouring bark climb hills of seas Olympus-high, and duck again as low As hell's from heaven! If it were now to die, 'Twere now to be most happy; for, I fear, My soul hath her content so absolute

That not another comfort like to this Succeeds in unknown fate.

Des. The heavens forbid But that our loves and comforts should increase Even as our days do grow!

Amen to that, sweet powers!-I cannot speak enough of this content; It stops me here; it is too much of joy: And this, and this, the greatest discords be

[Kissing her. That e'er our hearts shall make!

Iago [Aside.] O, you are well tun'd now! foul thoughts. They met so near with their ut I'll set down the pegs that make this music, lips that their breaths embraced together. But I'll set down the pegs that make this music, As honest as I am.

Come, let us to the castle. Oth. News, friends; our wars are done, the Turks

are drown'd.

How does my old acquaintance of this isle? Honey, you shall be well desir'd in Cyprus; I have found great love amongst them. O my sweet

I prattle out of fashion, and I dote In mine own comforts.-I pr'ythee, good Iago, Go to the bay, and disembark my coffers: Bring thou the master to the citadel; He is a good one, and his worthiness mona, Does challenge much respect.—Come, Desde-Once more well met at Cyprus.

(Exeunt OTH., DES, and Attend. lago. Do thou meet me presently at the harbour. Come hither. If thou be'st valuant,as, they say, base men being in love have then a nobility in their natures more than is native to them,-list me. The heutenant to-night watches on the court of guard first, I must tell thee this-Desdemona is directly in love

with him.

Rod With him! why, 'tis not possible.

lago. Lay thy finger thus, and let thy soul be Mark me with what violence she instructed. first loved the Moor, but for bragging, and telling her fantastical lies: and will she love him still for prating? let not thy discreet heart think it. Her eye must be fed; and what delight shall she have to look on the devil? When the blood is made dull with the act of sport. there should be,-again to inflame it, and to give satiety a fresh appetite, -loveliness in favour; sympathy in years, manners, and beauties; all which the Moor is defective in: now, for want of these required conveniences, her delicate tenderness will find itself abused, begin to heave the gorge, disrelish and abhor the Moor; very nature will instruct her in it, and compel her to some second choice. Now, sir, this granted,—as it is a most pregnant and unforced position,-who stands so eminently in the degree of this fortune as Cassio does? a knave very voluble; no further conscionable than in putting on the mere form of civil and humane seeming, for the better compassing of his salt and most hidden loose affection? why, none; why, none: a slippery and subtle knave; a finder of occasions; that has an eye can stamp and counterfeit advantages, though true advantage never present itself: a devilish knave! besides, the knave is handsome, young, and hath all those requisites in him that folly and green minds look after: a pestilent complete knave; and the woman hath found him already.

Rod. I cannot believe that in her; she is full

of most blessed condition.

lago. Blessed fig's end! the wine she drinks is made of grapes: if she had been blessed, she would never have loved the Moor: blessed pudding! Didst thou not see her paddle with the palm of his hand? didst not mark that?

Rod. Yes, that I did; but that was but

courtesy

lago. Lechery, by this hand; an index and

Villanous thoughts, Roderigo! when these mutualities so marshal the way, hard at hand comes the master and main exercise, the incorporate conclusion: pish!-But, sir, be you ruled by me: I have brought you from Venice. Watch you to-night; for the command, I'll lay't upon you: Cassio knows you not:-I'll not be far from you: do you find some occasion to anger Cassio, either by speaking too loud, or tainting his discipline, or from what other course you please, which the time shall more favourably minister.

Rod. Well.

lago. Sir, he is rash, and very sudden in choler, and haply with his truncheon may strike at you: provoke him that he may, for even out of that will I cause these of Cyprus to mutiny, whose qualification shall come into no true taste again but by the displanting of Cassio. So shall you have a shorter journey to your desires by the means I shall then have to prefer them; and the impediment most profitably removed, without the which there were no expectation of our prosperity.

Rod I will do this, if I can bring it to any

opportunity.

lago. I warrant thee. Meet me by and by at the citadel: I must fetch his necessaries ashore. Farewell. Rod. Adieu.

Exit. lago. That Cassio loves her, I do well be-

lieve it: That she loves him, 'tis apt, and of great credit: The Moor, -- howbest that I endure him not .--Is of a constant, loving, noble nature; And, I dare think, he'll prove to Desdemona

A most dear husband Now, I do love her too: Not out of absolute lust, -- though, peradventure, I stand accountant for as great a sin,-But partly led to diet my revenge, For that I do suspect the lusty Moor

Hath leap'd into my seat: the thought whereof Doth, like a poisonous mineral, gnaw my inwards:

And nothing can or shall content my soul

Till I am even'd with him, wife for wife; Or, failing so, yet that I put the Moor At least into a jealousy so strong That judgment cannot cure. Which thing to

If this poor trash of Venuce, whom I trash For his quick hunting, stand the putting on, I'll have our Michael Cassio on the hip: Abuse him to the Moor in the rank garb. --For I fear Cassio with my night-cap too; Make the Moor thank me, love me, and re-

ward me For making him egregiously an ass. And practising upon his peace and quiet Even to madness. 'Tis here, but yet confus'd: Knavery's plain face is never seen till us'd.

Exit.

Scene II. - A Street.

Enter a Herald with a proclamation; People following.

Her. It is Othello's pleasure, our noble and obscure prologue to the history of lust and valiant general, that, upon certain tidings now arrived, importing the mere perdition of the Turkish fleet, every man put himself into triumph; some to dance, some to make bonfires, each man to what sport and revels his addiction leads him: for, besides these beneficial news, it is the celebration of his nuptial:so much was his pleasure should be proclaimed. All offices are open; and there is full liberty of feasting from this present hour of five till the bell have told eleven. Heaven bless the isle of Cyprus and our noble general Othello!

Scene III .- A Hall in the Castle.

Enter OTHELLO, DESDEMONA, CASSIO, and Attendants.

Oth. Good Michael, look you to the guard to-night:

Let's teach ourselves that honourable stop, Not to out-sport discretion.

Cas. Iago hath direction what to do; But, notwithstanding, with my personal eye

Will I look to't. Oth. lago is most honest.

Michael, good-night: to-morrow with your earliest

Let me have speech with you .-- Come, my dear [To DESDEMONA. love .-

The purchase made, the fruits are to ensue; That profit's yet to come 'tween me and you.-Good-night.

Exeunt OTH., DES., and Attend.

Enter IAGO.

Cas. Welcome, Iago; we must to the watch. Iago. Not this hour, heutenant; 'tis not yet ten o' the clock. Our general cast us thus early for the love of his Desdemona; who let us not therefore blame: he hath not yet made wanton the night with her; and she is sport for Jove.

Cas. She's a most exquisite lady.

Iago. And, I'll warrant her, full of game. Cas. Indeed, she is a most fresh and delicate

creature.

lago. What an eye she has! methinks it sounds a parley to provocation. Imodest.

Cas. An inviting eye; and yet methinks right lago. And when she speaks, is it not an alarm of love?

Cas. She is, indeed, perfection.

Iago. Well, happiness to their sheets!

Come, lieutenant. I have a stoup of wine; and here without are a brace of Cyprus gallants that would fain have a measure to the health of black Othello.

Cas. Not to-night, good Iago: I have very poor and unhappy brains for drinking: I could well wish courtesy would invent some other

custom of entertainment.

lago. O, they are our friends; but one cup: Some wine, ho! I'll drink for you.

Cas. I have drunk but one cup to-night, and that was craftily qualified too, and, beheld, what innovation it makes here: I am unfortunate in the infirmity, and dare not task my weakness with any more.

lago. What, man! 'tis a night of revels: the

gallants desire it.

Cas. Where are they? (them in. lago. Here at the door; I pray you, call Cas. I'll do't; but it dislikes me. [Exit. lago. If I can fasten but one cup upon him,

With that which he hath drunk to-night already,

He'll be as full of quarrel and offence

As my young mistress' dog. Now, my sick fool Roderigo, Whom love hath turn'd almost the wrong side To Desdemona hath to-night carous'd Potations pottle deep; and he's to watch;

Three lads of Cyprus,—noble swelling spirits, That hold their honours in a wary distance, The very elements of this warlike isle,-Have I to-night fluster'd with flowing cups

And they watch too. Now, 'mongst this flock of drunkards,

Am I to put our Cassio in some action That may offend the isle: -but here they come: If consequence do but approve my dream, My boat sails freely, both with wind and stream.

Re-enter Cassio, with him Montano and Gentlemen, followed by Servant with wine.

Cas. 'Fore heaven, they have given me a rouse already.

Mon. Good faith, a little one; not past a pint, as I am a soldier.

lago. Some wine, ho!

And let me the canakin clink, clink; [Sings. And let me the canakin clink:

A soldier's a man; O, man's life's but a span Why, then, let a solder drink.

Some wine, boys.

Cas. 'Fore heaven, an excellent song.

lago. I learned it in England, where, indeed, they are most potent in potting: your Dane, your German, and your swag-bellied Hollander.

-Drink, ho! -are nothing to your English. Cas. Is your Englishman so expert in his

drinking?
Iago. Why, he drinks you, with facility, your Dane dead drunk; he sweats not to overthrow your Almain; he gives your Hollander

a vomit ere the next pottle can be filled. Cas. To the health of our general!

Mon. I am for it, lieutenant; and I'll do you justice.

Iago. O sweet England!

King Stephen was and a worthy peer, His breeches cost him but a crown; [Sings.

He held them sixpence all too dear, With that he call'd the tailor lown. He was a wight of high renown.
And thou art but of low degree:

'Tis pride that pulls the country down; Then take thine auld cloak about thee.

Cas. Why, this is a more exquisite song than the other.

lago. Will you hear it again? Cas. No; for I hold him to be unworthy of

his place that does those things .- Well,heaven's above all; and there be souls must be saved, and there be souls must not be saved. lago. It's true, good lieutenant.

general, nor any man of quality,-I hope to be

lago. And so do I too, lieutenant.

Cas. Ay, but, by your leave, not before me: the lieutenant is to be saved before the ancient. Let's have no more of this; let's to our affairs. -Forgive us our sins!-Gentlemen, let's look to our business. Do not think, gentlemen, I am drunk: this is my ancient;-this is my right hand, and this is my left hand:-I am not drunk now; I can stand well enough, and speak well enough.

All. Excellent well.

Cas. Why, very well, then: you must not think, then, that I am drunk. [Exit. Exit. Mon. To the platform, masters; come, let's [before;set the watch.

Iago. You see this fellow that is gone He is a soldier fit to stand by Cæsar And give direction: and do but see his vice; 'Tis to his virtue a just equinox, The one as long as the other: 'tis pity of him. I fear the trust Othello puts him in, On some odd time of his infirmity,

Will shake this island.

Mon. But is he often thus? Iago. 'Tis evermore the prologue to his sleep: He'll watch the horologe a double set If drink rock not his cradle.

Mon. It were well The general were put in mind of it. Perhaps he sees it not; or his good nature Prizes the virtue that appears in Cassio, And looks not on his evils: is not this true?

Enter RODERIGO.

Iago. How, now, Roderigo! [Aside to him. I pray you, after the lieutenant; go.

Exit Rop. Mon. And 'tis great pity that the noble Moor Should hazard such a place as his own second With one of an ingraft infirmity: It were an honest action to say So to the Moor.

Not I, for this fair island; Iago. I do love Cassio well; and would do much To cure him of this evil .- But, hark! what noise? [Cry within,-"Help! help!"

Re-enter Cassio, driving in Roderigo.

Cas. You rogue! you rascal! Mon. What's the matter, lieutenant? Cas. A knave teach me my duty! I'll beat the knave into a twiggen bottle. Rod. Beat me!

Cas. Dost thou prate, rogue?

Striking RODERIGO. Mon. Nay, good heutenant; [Staying him.

I pray you, sir, hold your hand. Cas. Let me go, sir, Or I'll knock you o'er the mazard.

Mon. Cas. Drunk! Come, come, you're drunk. [They fight. lago. Away, I say! go out, and cry a mutiny!

[Aside to Rop., who goes out. Nay, good lieutenant, -alas, gentlemen; -

Cas. For mine own part, -no offence to the Help, ho! - Lieutenant, -sir, - Montano. sir:-

Help, masters!-Here's a goodly watch indeed! Bell rings. Who's that which rings the bell?-Diablo, ho! The town will rise: God's will, lieutenant, hold; You will be sham'd forever.

Re-enter OTHELLO and Attendants.

What is the matter here? Oth. Mon. Zounds, I bleed still: I am hurt to the death.

Oth. Hold, for your lives! [-gentlemen,lago. Hold, ho! heutenant, -sir, -Montano. Have you forgot all sense of place and duty? Hold! the general speaks to you; hold, for shame! [this?

Oth. Why, how now, ho! from whence ariseth Are we turn'd Turks, and to ourselves do that Which Heaven hath forbid the Ottomites? For Christian shame, put by this barbarous

brawl: He that stirs next to carve for his own rage Holds his soul light; he dies upon his motion .-Silence that dreadful bell! it frights the isle From her propriety.-What is the matter. masters?-

Honest Iago, that look'd dead with grieving, Speak, who began this? on thy love, I charge thee. even now.

lago. I do not know;-friends all but now, In quarter, and in terms like bride and groom Divesting them for bed; and then, but now,-As if some planet had unwitted men,-Swords out, and tilting one at other's breast In opposition bloody. I cannot speak Any beginning to this peevish odds; And would in action glorious I had lost Those legs that brought me to a part of it!

Oth. How comes it Michael, you are thus forgot?

Cas. I pray you, pardon me; I cannot speak. Oth. Worthy Montano, you were wont to be

The gravity and stillness of your youth The world hath noted, and your name is great In mouths of wisest censure; what's the matter. That you unlace your reputation thus, And spend your rich opinion for the name Of a night-brawler? give me answer to it.

Mon. Worthy Othello, I am hurt to danger: Your officer, Iago, can inform you,-While I spare speech, which something now offends me,-

Of all that I do know: nor know I aught By me that's said or done amiss this night. Unless self-charity be sometimes a vice. And to defend ourselves it be a sin When violence assails us.

Oth. Now, by heaven, My blood begins my safer guides to rule; And passion, having my best judgment collied, Assays to lead the way. If I once stir, Or do but lift this arm, the best of you Shall sink in my rebuke. Give me to know How this foul rout began, who set it on; And he that is approv'd in this offence, Though he had twinn'd with me, both at a birth, Shall lose me. - What! in a town of war

Yet wild, the people's hearts brimful of fear, To manage private and domestic quarrel, In night, and on the court and guard of safety! 'Tis monstrous.- lago, who began't?

Mon. If partially affin'd, or leagu'd in office, Thou dost deliver more or less than truth,

Thou art no soldier.

lago. Touch me not so near: I had rather have this tongue cut from my

mouth Than it should do offence to Michael Cassio; Yet, I persuade myself, to speak the truth Shall nothing wrong him.—Thus it is, general. Montano and myself being in speech, There comes a fellow crying out for help; And Cassio following him with determin'd

sword, To execute upon him. Sir, this gentleman Steps in to Cassio, and entreats his pause: Myself the crying fellow did pursue. Lest by his clamour,—as it so fell out, The town might fall in fright: he, swift of foot, Outran my purpose; and I return'd the rather For that I heard the clink and fall of swords, And Cassio high in oath; which till-to-night I ne'er might say before. When I came back, For this was brief, -I found them close together At blow and thrust; even as again they were When you yourself did part them.

More of this matter cannot I report; But men are men; the best sometimes forget:— Though Cassio did some little wrong to him,-As men in rage strike those that wish them

best,-Yet surely Cassio, I believe, receiv'd From him that fled some strange indignity Which patience could not pass.

I know, Iago, Thy honesty and love doth mince this matter, Making it light to Cassio. Cassio. I love thee: But never more be officer of mine .-

Re-enter DESDEMONA, attended.

Look, if my gentle love be not rais'd up!-I'll make thee an example.

Des.

What's the matter? Oth. All's well now, sweeting; come away to bed.

Sir, for your hurts, myself will be your surgeon: Lead him off. [To MONTANO, who is led off. Iago, look with care about the town, And silence those whom this vile brawl dis-

tracted.-Come, Desdemona: 'tis the soldier's life To have their balmy slumbers wak'd with strife. (Exeunt all but IAGO and CASSIO.

Iago. What, are you hurt, lieutenant?

Cas. Ay, past all surgery.

Iago. Marry, heaven forbid!

Cas. Reputation, reputation, reputation! O, I have lost my reputation! I have lost the immortal part of myself, and what remains is bestial.—My reputation, Iago, my reputation!

Iago. As I am an honest man, I thought you had received some bodily wound; there is more sense in that than in reputation. Reputation is an idle and most false imposition; oft got without merit, and lost without deserving: you have lost no reputation at all, unless you repute yourself such a loser. What, man! there are

ways to recover the general again: you are but now, cast in his mood, a punishment more in policy than in malice; even so as one would beat his offenceless dog to affright an imperious lion: sue to him again, and he is yours.

Cas. I will rather sue to be despised than to deceive so good a commander with so slight, so drunken, and so indiscreet an officer. Drunk? and speak parrot? and squabble? swagger? swear? and discourse fustian with one's own shadow?-O thou invisible spirit of wine, if thou hast no name to be known by, let us call thee devil!

lago. What was he that you followed with your sword? What had he done to you?

Cas. I know not.

lago. Is't possible?

Cas. I remember a mass of things, but nothing distinctly; a quarrel, but nothing wherefore.-O God, that men should put an enemy in their mouths to steal away their brains! that we should, with joy, pleasance, revel, and applause, transform ourselves into beasts!

Iago. Why, but you are now well enough:

how come you thus recovered?

Cas. It hath pleased the devil drunkenness to give place to the devil wrath: one unperfectness shows me another, to make me frankly despise myself.

lago. Come, you are too severe a moraler: as the time, the place, and the condition of this country stands, I could heartily wish this had not befallen; but, since it is as it is, mend it for your own good.

Cas. I will ask him for my place again, -he shall tell me I am a drunkard! "Had I as many

mouths as Hydra, such an answer would stop them all. To be now a sensible man, by and by a fool, and presently a beast! O strange!-Every mordinate cup is unbless'd, and the ingredient is a devil.

lago. Come, come, good wine is a good familiar creature if it be well used: exclaim no more against it. And, good lieutenant, I think

you think I love you.

Cas. I have well approved it, sir.-I drunk! Iago. You, or any man living, may be drunk at a time, man. I'll tell you what you shall do. Our general's wife is now the general;-I may say so in this respect, for that he hath devoted and given up himself to the contemplation, mark, and denotement of her parts and graces: - confess yourself freely to her; importune her help to put you in your place again: she is of so free, so kind, so apt, so blessed a disposition, she holds it a vice in her goodness not to do more than she is requested: this broken joint between you and her husband entreat her to splinter; and, my fortunes against any lay worth naming, this crack of your love shall grow stronger than it was before.

Cas. You advise me well.
Iago. I protest, in the sincerity of love and honest kindness

Cas. I think it freely; and betimes in the morning I will be eech the virtuous Desdemona to undertake for me: I am desperate of my fortunes if they check me here.

Iago. You are in the right. Good-night,

lieutenant; I must to the watch.

Cas. Good-night, honest Iago. Exit. lago. And what's he, then, that says I play the villain?

When this advice is free I give and honest, Probal to thinking, and, indeed, the course To win the Moor again? For 'tis most easy The inclining Desdemona to subdue In any honest suit: she's fram'd as fruitful As the free elements. And then for her To win the Moor, -were't to renounce his

baptism, All seals and symbols of redeemed sin,-His soul is so enfetter'd to her love That she may make, unmake, do what she list, Even as her appetite shall play the god With this weak function. How am I, then, a villain

To counsel Cassio to this parallel course, Directly to his good? Divinity of hell! When devils will their blackest sins put on, They do suggest at first with heavenly shows, As I do now: for whiles this honest fool Plies Desdemona to repair his fortunes, And she for him pleads strongly to the Moor, I'll pour this pestilence into his ear,-That she repeals him for her body's lust: And by how much she strives to do him good She shall undo her credit with the Moor. So will I turn her virtue into pitch; And out of her own goodness make the net That shall enmesh them all.

Enter Roderigo.

How now, Roderigo! Rod. I do follow here in the chase, not like a hound that hunts, but one that fills up the cry. My money is almost spent, I have been to-night exceedingly well cudgelled; and I think the issue will be-I shall have so much experience for my pains: and so, with no money at all, and a little more wit, return again to Venice.

Iago. How poor are they that have not patience!

What wound did ever heal but by degrees? Thou know'st we work by wit, and not by

witchcraft; And wit depends on dilatory time.

Does't not go well? Cassio hath beaten thee, And thou, by that small hurt, hast cashier'd Cassio;

Though other things grow fair against the sun, Yet fruits that blossom first will first be ripe: Content thyself awhile.-By the mass, 'tis morning;

Pleasure and action make the hours seem short .-

Retire thee; go where thou art billeted: Away, I say; thou shalt know more hereafter: Nay, get thee gone. [Exit Rod.]—Two things are to be done .-

My wife must move for Cassio to her mistress; I'll set her on;

Myself the while to draw the Moor apart. And bring him jump when he may Cassio find Soliciting his wife. Ay, that's the way: Dull not device by coldness and delay.

ACT III.

Scene I .- Cyprus. Before the Castle.

Enter Cassio and some Musicians.

Cas. Masters, play here,-I will content your pains, Something that's brief; and bid good-morrow, general.

Enter Clown.

Clo. Why, masters, have your instruments been in Naples, that they speak i' the nose thus?

I Mus. How, sir, how!

Clo. Are these, I pray you, wind instruments?

I Mus. Ay, marry, are they sir. Clo. O, thereby hangs a tale.

I Mus. Whereby hangs a tale, sir?

Clo. Marry, sir, by many a wind instrument that I know. But, masters, here's money for you: and the general so likes your music that he desires you, for love's sake, to make no more noise with it.

I Mus. Well, sir, we will not.
Clo. If you have any music that may not be heard, to't again: but, as they say, to hear music the general does not greatly care.

I Mus. We have none such, sir.

Clo. Then put up your pipes in your bag, for I'll away: go; vanish into air; away.

Exit Musicians.

Cas. Dost thou hear, mine honest friend? Clo. No. I hear not your honest friend; I hear you.

Cas. Pr'ythee, keep up thy quillets. There's a poor piece of gold for thee: if the gentlewoman that attends the general's wife be stirring, tell her there's one Cassio entreats her a little favour of speech: wilt thou do this?

Clo. She is stirring, sir; if she will stir hither I shall seem to notify unto her. Cas. Do, good my friend. Exit Clown.

Enter IAGO.

In happy time, Iago.

Iago. You have not been a-bed, then? Cas. Why no; the day had broke Before we parted. I have made bold, Iago, To send into your wife: my suit to her Is, that she will to virtuous Desdemona

Procure me some access. I'll send her to you presently; Iago. And I'll devise a mean to draw the Moor Out of the way, that your converse and business

May be more free. Cas. I humbly thank you for't. [Exit IAGO.

I never knew

A Florentine more kind and honest.

Enter EMILIA.

Emil. Good-morrow, good lieutenant: I am sorry

For your displeasure: but all will soon be well. The general and his wife are talking of it; And she speaks for you stoutly: the Moor re-

plies [Exit. That he you hurt is of great fame in Cyprus,

And great affinity, and that, in wholesome wisdom. [he loves you, He might not but refuse you; but he protests And needs no other suitor but his likings To take the saf'st occasion by the front

To bring you in again.

Cas. Yet, I beseech you,— If you think fit, or that it may be done, Give me advantage of some brief discourse With Desdemona alone.

Emil. Pray you, come in: I will bestow you where you shall have time To speak your bosom freely.

I am much bound to you. Exeunt.

Scene II .- Cyprus. A Room in the Castle. Enter OTHELLO, IAGO, and Gentlemen.

Oth. These letters give, Iago, to the pilot; And by him do my duties to the senate: That done, I will be walking on the works;

Repair there to me. lago. Well, my good lord, I'll do't. Oth. This fortification, gentlemen, -shall we

see't? Gent. We'll wait upon your lordship.

Exeunt.

Scene III .- CYPRUS. The Garden of the Castle.

Enter DESDEMONA, CASSIO, and EMILIA.

Des. Be thou assur'd, good Cassio, I will do All my abilities in thy behalf. my husband Emil. Good madam, do: I warrant it gneves s if the case were his. [doubt, Cassio, As if the case were his. Des. O, that's an honest fellow.-Do not But I will have my lord and you again

As friendly as you were. Bounteous madam.

Whatever shall become of Michael Cassio, He's never anything but your true servant. Des. I know't,-I thank you. You do love

my lord: [assur'd You have known him long; and be you well He shall in strangeness stand no further off Than in a politic distance.

Cas. Ay, but, lady, That policy may either last so long, Or feed upon such nice and waterish diet. Or breed itself so out of circumstance, That, I being absent, and my place supplied, My general will forget my love and service.

Des. Do not doubt that; before Emilia here I give thee warrant of thy place: assure thee, If I do vow a friendship, I'll perform it To the last article: my lord shall never rest; I'll watch him tame, and talk him out of patience;

His bed shall seem a school, his board a shrift; I'll intermingle everything he does With Cassio's suit: therefore be merry, Cassio;

For thy souther save away.

Than give thy cause away.

Madam, here comes

My lord. Cas. Madam, I'll take my leave.

Why, stay,

And hear me speak.

Cas. Madam, not now: I am very ill at ease, Unfit for mine own purposes. Des. Well, do your discretion.

[Exit Cassio.

Enter OTHELLO and IAGO.

Iago. Ha! I like not that. Oth. What dost thou say?

what. lago. Nothing, my lord: or if—I know not Oth. Was not that Cassio parted from my

wife? think it. lago. Cassio, my lord! No, sure, I cannot That he would steal away so guilty-like,

That he would be seeing you coming,

I do believe 'twas he.

Des. How now, my lord!

I have been talking with a suitor here, A man that languishes in your displeasure.

Oth. Who is't you mean?

[lord. Des. Why, your heutenant, Cassio. Good my If I have any grace or power to move you, His present reconciliation take;

For if he be not one that truly loves you, That errs in ignorance, and not in cunning, I have no judgment in an honest face:

I pr'ythee, call him back. 0th Went he hence now? Des Ay, sooth; so humbled

That he hath left part of his grief with me To suffer with him. Good love, call him back.

Oth. Not now, sweet Desdemon; some other time.

Des. But shall't be shortly? Oth. The sooner, sweet, for you.

Des. Shall't be to-night at supper? Oth. No, not to-night.

Des. To-morrow dinner, then? Oth. I shall not dine at home; I meet the captains at the citadel.

Des. Why, then, to-morrow night; or Tuesday morn; morn:-On Tuesday noon, or night; on Wednesday I pr'ythee, name the time; but let it not

Exceed three days: in faith, he's penitent; And yet his trespass, in our common reason,-Save that, they say, the wars must make examples

Out of the best,—is not almost a tault To incur a private check. When shall he come? Tell me, Othello: I wonder in my soul

What you would ask me that I should deny, Or stand so mammering on. What! Michael Cassio. That came a-wooing with you; and so many a

When I have spoke of you dispraisingly, Hath ta'en your part; to have so much to do To bring him in! Trust me, I could do

much.-Oth. Pr'ythee, no more; let him come when

he will;

I will deny thee nothing.
Why, this is not a boon;
Why, this is not a boon; Or feed on nourishing dishes, or keep you warm, Or sue to you to do a peculiar profit

To your own person: nay, when I have a suit Wherein I mean to touch your love indeed, It shall be full of poiso and difficult weight,

And fearful to be granted.

Oth. Whereon, I do beseech thee, grant me this,

To leave me but a little to myself.

Des. Shall I deny you? no: farewell, my lord. Oth. Farewell, my Desdemona: Pll come to thee straight. you,

Des. Emilia, come, -Be as your fancies teach Whate'er you be, I am obedient.

Exit with EMILIA. Oth. Excellent wretch! Perdition catch my

soul. But I do love thee! and when I love thee not Chaos is come again.

lago. My noble lord,-

What dost thou say, Iago? Oth. Iago. Did Michael Cassio, when you woo'd my lady,

Know of your love?

[thou ask? Oth. He did, from first to last: why dost Iago. But for a satisfaction of my thought; No further harm.

Why of thy thought, Jago? Oth. lago. I did not think he had been acquainted with her.

Oth. O, yes, and went between us very oft.

Iago. Indeed! Oth. Indeed! ay, indeed:—discern'st thou aught in that?

Is he not honest? lago. Honest, my lord!

Honest! ay, honest. Oth. lago. My lord, for aught I know.

Oth. What dost thou think? Think, my lord! Iaao.

Oth. Think, my lord! By heaven, he echoes me,

As if there were some monster in his thought Too hideous to be shown.-Thou dost mean something: Ithat.

I heard thee say even now,-thou lik'dst not When Cassio left my wife: what didst not like? And when I told thee he was of my counsel In my whole course of wooing, thou criedst, Indeed! gether,

And didst contract and purse thy brow to-As if thou then hadst shut up in thy brain Some horrible conceit: if thou dost love me, Show me thy thought.

lago. My lord, you know I love you.

Oth. I think thou dost: And,-for I know thou'rt full of love and honesty, [breath, -And weigh'st thy words before thou giv'st them Therefore these stops of thine fright me the more:

For such things in a false disloyal knave Are tricks of custom; but in a man that's just They're close delations, working from the heart, That passion cannot rule.

lago. For Michael Cassio. I dare be sworn I think that he is honest.

Oth. I think so too.

Iago. Men should be what they seem; Or those that be not, would they might seem

Oth. Certain, men should be what they seem. Iago. Why, then, I think Cassio's an honest man.

Oth. Nay, yet there's more in this:

I pr'ythee, speak to me as to thy thinkings,

I will deny thee nothing. As thou dost ruminate; and give thy worst of thoughts

The worst of words.

Good my lord, pardon me: Iago. Though I am bound to every act of duty. I am not bound to that all slaves are free to. Utter my thoughts? Why, say they are vile and false,

As where's that palace whereunto foul things Sometimes intrude not? who has a breast so pure

But some uncleanly apprehensions

Keep leets and law-days, and in session sit With meditations lawful? Iago.

Oth. Thou dost conspire against thy friend, If thou but thinkest him wrong'd, and mak'st his ear

A stranger to thy thoughts.

lago. I do beseech you,-Though I perchance am vicious in my guess. As, I confess, it is my nature's plague To spy into abuses, and of my jealousy Shape faults that are not, -that your wisdom

From one that so imperfectly conceits. Would take no notice; nor build yourself a trouble

Out of his scattering and unsure observance:-It were not for your quiet nor your good, Nor for my manhood, honesty, or wisdom, To let you know my thoughts.

Oth. What dost thou mean? lago. Good name in man and woman, dear

my lord

Is the immediate jewel of their souls:

Who steals my purse steals trash; 'tis something, nothing; [thousands; une, 'tis his, and has been slave to Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slave But he that filches from me my good name

Robs me of that which not enriches him. And makes me poor indeed.

Oth. By heaven, I'll know thy thoughts. lago. You cannot, if my heart were in your hand:

Nor shall not, whilst 'tis in my custody.

Oth. Ha!

O, beware, my lord, of jealousy; Iago. It is the green-ey'd monster which doth mock The meat it feeds on: that cuckold lives in bliss Who, certain of his fate, loves not his wronger; But, O, what damned munutes tells he o'er Who dotes, yet doubts, suspects, yet strongly loves!

Oth. O misery! enough; lago. Poor and content is rich, and rich But riches fineless is as poor as winter To him that ever fears he shall be poor:-

Good heaven, the souls of all my tribe defend From jealousy!

Why, why is this? Oth. Think'st thou I'd make a life of jealousy.

To follow still the changes of the moon With fresh suspicions? No; to be once in doubt

Is once to be resolved: exchange me for a goat When I shall turn the business of my soul To such exsufflicate and blown surmises, Matching thy inference. 'Tis not to make me

jealous, To say my wife is fair, feeds well, loves company,

Is free of speech, sings, plays, and dances well. Where virtue is, these are more virtuous: Nor from mine own weak merits will I draw The smallest fear or doubt of her revolt; For she had eyes, and chose me. No, Iago; I'll see before I doubt; when I doubt, prove; And, on the proof, there is no more but this,— Away at once with love or jealousy! [reason Iago. I am glad of it; for now I shall have

To show the love and duty that I bear you With franker spirit: therefore, as I am bound, Receive it from me:-I speak not yet of proof. Look to your wife; observe her well with Cassio;

Wear your eye thus, not jealous nor secure: I would not have your free and noble nature. Out of self-bounty, be abus'd; look to't: I know our country disposition well; In Venuce they do let heaven see the pranks They dare not show their husbands; their best

conscience Is not to leave undone, but keep unknown.

Oth. Dost thou say so? Iago. She did deceive her father, marrying And when she seemed to shake and fear your looks,

She lov'd them most.

Oth. And so she did.

Why, go to, then; lago. She that, so young, could give out such a seeming,

To seal her father's eyes up close as oak,-He thought 'twas witchcraft,-But I am much to blame;

I humbly do beseech you of your pardon For too much loving you.

I am bound to thee for ever. Oth. Iago. I see this hath a little dash'd your spirits.

Oth. Not a jot, not a jot.

Trust me, I fear it has. Iago. I hope you will consider what is spoke Comes from my love; but I do see you're mov'd: -

I am to pray you not to strain my speech To grosser issues nor to larger reach Than to suspicion.

Oth. I will not

Iago. Should you do so, my lord, My speech should fall into such vile success Which my thoughts aim'd not. Cassio's my worthy friend:-

My lord, I see you're mov'd.

No, not much mov'd: Are you not well? Oth. I do not think but Desdemona's honest. lago. Long live she sol and long live you

[self,to think so! Oth. And yet, how nature erring from itthere's the point:-as,-to be It will be well. Iago. Ay,

bold with you,-Not to affect many proposed matches Of her own clime, complexion, and degree, Whereto we see in all things nature tends,-Foh! one may smell in such a will most rank, Foul disproportion, thoughts unnatural:— But pardon me: I do not in position Distinctly speak of her; though I may fear Her will, recoiling to her better judgment, May fall to match you with her country forms, And happily repent.

Oth. Farewell, farewell! If more thou dost perceive, let me know more; Set on thy wife to observe: leave me, Iago.

Iago. My lord, I take my leave. Going. Oth. Why did I marry?-This honest creature doubtless [unfolds.

Sees and knows more, much more, than he Iago. [Returning.] My lord, I would I might entreat your honour

To scan this thing no further; leave it to time: Although 'tis fit that Cassio have his place,--For, sure, he fills it up with great ability,-Yet, if you please to hold him off awhile, You shall by that perceive him and his means: Note if your lady strain his entertainment With any strong or vehement importunity; Much will be seen in that. In the meantime Let me be thought too busy in my fears,-As worthy cause I have to fear I am,-And hold her free, I do beseech your honour.

Oth. Fear not my government.

Iago. I once more take my leave. [E Oth. This fellow's of exceeding honesty, Exit. And knows all qualities, with a learned spirit, Of human dealings. If I do prove her haggard, Through that her jesses were my dear heartstrings,

I'd whistle her off, and let her down the wind To prey at fortune. Haply, for I am black, And have not those soft parts of conversation That chamberers have; or, for I am dechn'd Into the vale of years,—yet that's not much,— She's gone; I am abus'd; and my relief Must be to loathe her. O curse of marriage, That we can call these delicate creatures ours. And not their appetites! I had rather be a toad, And live upon the vapour of a dungeon, Than keep a corner in the thing I love For others' uses. Yet 'tis the plague of great ones:

Prerogativ'd are they less than the base; 'Tis destiny unshunnable, like death: Even then this forked plague is fated to us When we do quicken. Desdemona comes; If she we false, O, then heaven mocks itself!-I'll not believe't.

Re-enter DESDEMONA and EMILIA.

Des. How now, my dear Othello! Your dinner, and the generous islanders By you invited, do attend your presence. Oth. I am to blame.

Des. Why do you speak so faintly?

Oth. I have a pain upon my forehead here. Des. Faith, that's with watching; 'twill away again:

Let me but bind it hard, within this hour

Oth. Your napkin is too little: [He puts the handkerchief from him, and she drops it.

Let it alone. Come, I'll go in with you. Des. I am very sorry that you are not well. Exeunt OTH. and DES.

Emil. I am glad I have found this nakpin: This was her first remembrance from the Moor: My wayward husband hath a hundred times Woo'd me to steal it; but she so loves the token,-

For he conjur'd her she should ever keep it,- So I had nothing known. O, now, for ever That she reserves it evermore about her To kiss and talk to. I'll have the work ta'en

out, And give't Iago:

What he'll do with it heaven knows, not I; I nothing but to please his fantasy.

Re-enter IAGO.

lago. How now! what do you here alone? Emil. Do not you chide; I have a thing for

Iago. A thing for me!-it is a common thing. Emil. Ha!

Iago. To have a foolish wife. [now Emil. O, is that all? What will you give me

For that same handkerchief? What handkerchief?

Emil. What handkerchief!

Why, that the Moor first gave to Desdemona; That which so often you did bid me steal.

lago. Hast stol'n it from her?

Emil. No, faith; she let it drop by negligence, And, to the advantage, I, being here, took't up. Look, here it is.

Iago. A good wench; give it me. Emil. What will you do with't, that you have been so earnest

To have me filch it?

Why, what's that to you? lago. [Snatching at.

Emil. If it be not for some purpose of import, Give't me again: poor lady, she'll run mad

When she shall lack it. lago. Be it acknown on't; I have use for Erit EMILIA.

Go, leave me. I will in Cassio's lodging lose this napkin, And let him find it. Trifles light as air Are to the jealous confirmations strong

As proofs of holy writ: this may do something. The Moor already changes with my poison: Dangerous conceits are in their natures poisons, Which at the first are scarce found to distaste, But, with a little act upon the blood,

Burn like the mines of sulphur,-I did say so:dragora, Look, where he comes! Not poppy, nor man-

Nor all the drowsy syrups of the world, Shall ever medicine thee to that sweet sleep Which thou ow'dst yesterday.

Re-enter OTHELLO.

Oth. Ha! ha! false to me? lago. Why, how now, general! no more of that. fthe rack:-Oth. Avaunt! be gone! thou hast set me on

I swear 'tis better to be much abus'd

Than but to know't a little.

Iago. How now, my lord! Oth. What sense had I of her stol'n hours of lust?

I saw it not, thought it not, it harm!d not me: I slept the next night well, was free and merry; I found not Cassio's kisses on her lips: He that is robb'd, not wanting what is stol'n. Let him not know't, and he's not robb'd at all.

lago. I am sorry to hear this.

Oth. I had been happy if the general camp, Pioneers and all, had tasted her sweet body,

Farewell the tranquil mind! farewell content! Farewell the plumed troop and the big wars That make ambition virtue! O, farewell! Farewell the neighing steed and the shrill

trump, The spirit-stirring drum, the ear-piercing fife. The royal banner, and all quality,

Pride, pomp, and circumstance of glorious war! And, O you mortal engines, whose rude throats The immortal Jove's dread clamours counter-

Farewell! Othello's occupation 's gone!

Iago. Is't possible, my lord?-

Oth. Villain, be sure thou prove my love a whore,- [Taking him by the throat. Be sure of it; give me the ocular proof;

Or, by the worth of mine eternal soul,

Thou hadst been better have been born a deg Than answer my wak'd wrath! Iago. Is't come to this?

Oth. Make me to see't; or, at the least, so prove it

That the probation bear no hinge nor loop To hang a doubt on; or woe upon thy life! lago. My noble lord,-

Oth. If thou dost slander her and torture me, Never pray more: abandon all remorse:

On horror's head horrors accumulate; Do deeds to make heaven weep, all earth amaz'd;

For nothing canst thou to damnation add Greater than that.

O grace! O heaven forgive me! Are you a man? have you a soul or sense?-God b' wi' you; take mine office.-O wretched fool,

That hv'st to make thine honesty a vice!-O monstrous world! Take note, take note, O world,

To be direct and honest is not safe .-I thank you for this profit; and from hence I'll love no friend, sith love breeds such offence.

Oth. Nay, stay:-thou shouldst be honest. lago. I should be wise; for honesty's a fool, And loses that it works for.

Oth. By the world. I think my wife be honest, and think she is not;

I think that thou art just, and think thou art I'll have some proof: her name, that was as

As Dian's visage, is now begrim'd and black As mine own face. - If there be cords or knives, Poison, or fire, or suffocating streams I'll not endure't .- Would I were satisfied!

lago. I see, sir, you are eaten up with passion:

I do repent me that I put it to you.

You would be satisfied? Would! nay, I will. Oth. Iago. And may: but how? how satisfied,

my lord?

Would you, the supervisor, grossly gape on,--Behold her tupp'd?

Death and damnation! O! Iago. It were a tedious difficulty, I think, To bring them to that prospect: damn them, then,

If ever mortal eyes do see them bolster More than their own! What then? how then? What shall I say? Where's satisfaction? It is impossible you should see this, Were they as prime as goats, as hot as monkeys. As salt as wolves in pride, and fools as gross As ignorance made drunk. But yet, I say, If imputation and strong circumstances,-Which lead directly to the door of truth. Will give you satisfaction, you may have't.

Oth. Give me a living reason she's disloyal. Iggo. I do not like the office:

But, sith I am enter'd in this cause so far,-Prick'd to it by foolish honesty and love,— I will go on. I lay with Cassio lately; And, being troubled with a raging tooth, I could not sleep.

There are a kind of men so loose of soul That in their sleeps will mutter their affairs:

One of this kind is Cassio: In sleep I heard him say, Sweet Desdemona, Let us be wary, let us hide our loves,

And then sir, would he gripe and wring my hand.

Cry. O sweet creature' and then kiss me hard. As if he pluck'd up kisses by the roots, That grew upon my lips: then laid his leg Over my thigh, and sigh'd, and kiss'd; and then Cried, Cursed fate that gave thee to the Moor!

Oth. O monstrous! monstrous! Iago. Nay, this was but a dream.

Oth. But this denoted a foregone conclusion: 'Tis a shrewd doubt, though it be but a dream. lago. And this may help to thicken other proofs

That do demonstrate thinly.

Oth. I'll tear her all to pieces. Iago. Nay, but be wise: yet we see nothing done,

She may be honest yet. Tell me but this, Have you not sometimes seen a handkerchief Spotted with strawbernes in your wife's hand? Oth. I gave her such a one; 'twas my first

gift. chief,lago. I know not that: but such a handker-I am sure it was your wife's, -did I to-day

See Cassio wipe his beard with. Oth. If it be that,-

lago. If it be that, or any that was hers, It speaks against her with the other proofs. Oth. O, that the slave had forty thousand lives, -

One is too poor, too weak for my revenge! Now do I see 'tis true.-Look here, Iago; All my fond love thus do I blow to heaven:

Tis gone .-Arise, black vengeance, from the hollow hell! Yield up, O love, thy crown and hearted throne To tyrannous hate! swell, bosom, with thy

fraught, For 'tis aspics' tongues!

Iago. Yet be content.

O, blood, Iago, blood! Oth. Iago. Patience, I say; your mind perhaps may change.

Oth. Never, Iago. Like to the Pontic sea, Whose icy current and compulsive course Ne'er feels retiring ebb, but keeps due on To the Propontic and the Hellespont; Even so my bloody thoughts, with violent pace, Shall ne'er look back, ne'er ebb to humble love, Till that a capable and wide revenge

Swallow them up.-Now, by youd marble heaven,

In the due reverence of a sacred vow [Kneels. I here engage my words.

Do not rise yet .- [Kneels. Witness, you ever-burning lights above, You elements that clip us round about,-Witness that here Iago doth give up

The execution of his wit, hands, heart, To wrong'd Othello's service! Let him command,

And to obey shall be in me remorse, What bloody business ever.

Oth. I greet thy love. Not with vain thanks, but with acceptance bounteous,

And will upon the instant put thee to't: Within these three days let me hear thee say

That Cassio's not alive. request: lago. My friend is dead; 'tis done at your But let her live.

Oth. Damn her, lewd minx! O, damn her! Come, go with me apart; I will withdraw To furnish me with some swift means of death For the fair devil. Now art thou my heutenant.

Scene IV .- Cyprus. Before the Castle.

Enter DESDEMONA, EMILIA, and Clown.

Des. Do you know, sirrah, where Lieutenant Cassio hes?

Clo. I dare not say he lies anywhere.

Des. Why, man? Clo. He's a soldier; and for one to say a soldier hes is stabbing

lago. I am your own forever.

Des. Go to where lodges he? Clo. To tell you where he lodges is to tell you where I lie.

Des. Can anything be made of this? Clo. I know not where he lodges; and for

me to devise a lodging, and say he hes here or he lies there were to he in mine own throat. Des. Can you inquire him out, and be edified

by report?

Clo I will catechize the world for him; that is, make questions, and by them answer. Des. Seek him, bid him come hither: tell

him I have moved my lord on his behalf, and hope all will be well Clo To do this is within the compass of

man's wit; and therefore I will attempt the doing it. Exit.

Des. Where should I lose that handkerchief, Emiha? Emil. I know not, madam.

Des. Believe me, I had rather have lost my Full of crusadoes: and, but my noble Moor Is true of mind, and made of no such baseness As jealous creatures are, it were enough As jealous of call thinking.

To put him to ill thinking.

Is he not jealous?

Des. Who, he? I think the sun where he was born

Drew all such humours from him.

Emil. Look, where he comes. Des. I will not leave him now till Cassio Be call'd to him.

Enter OTHELLO.

How is't with you, my lord? Oth. Well, my good lady.—[Aside.] O, hardness to dissemble!—

How do you, Desdemona? Des. Well, my good lord.

Oth. Give me your hand: this hand is moist, my lady. Des. It yet hath felt no age nor known no

Oth. This argues fruitfulness and liberal quires

Hot, hot, and moist: this hand of yours re-A sequester from liberty, fasting and prayer, Much castigation, exercise devout;

For here's a young and sweating devil here That commonly rebels. 'Tis a good hand, A frank one.

Des. You may indeed say so:

For 'twas that hand that gave away my heart. Oth. A liberal hand: the hearts of old gave hands.

But our new heraldry is hands, not hearts.

Des. I cannot speak of this. Come now, your promise.

Oth. What promise, chuck?

Des. I have sent to bid Cassio come speak me; with you.

Oth. I have a salt and sorry rheum offends Lend me thy handkerchief.

Here, my lord. Oth. That which I gave you.

Des. I have it not about me. Oth. Not?

Des No, indeed, my lord.

Oth. That is a fault.

That handkerchief Did an Egyptian to my mother give; She was a charmer, and could almost read The thoughts of people: she told her, while

she kept it, [father 'Twould make her amiable, and subdue my Entirely to her love; but if she lost it, Or made a gift of it, my father's eye

Should hold her loathed, and his spirits should

hunt

After new fancies: she, dying, gave it me; And bid me, when my fate would have me wive, To give it her. I did so: and take heed on't; Make it a darling like your precious eye; To lose't or give't away were such perdition As nothing else could match.

Des. Is't possible? Oth. 'Tis true: there's magic in the web of it: A sibyl, that had number'd in the world The sun to course two hundred compasses, In her prophetic fury sew'd the work; (silk; The worms were hallow'd that did breed the And it was dy'd in mummy which the skulful

Conserv'd of maidens hearts. Indeed! is't true? Oth. Most veritable; therefore look to't well. Des. Then would to God that I had never

seen't!

Oth. Ha! wherefore? Des. Why do you speak so startingly and rash? [the way?

Oth. Say you?

Oth. Is't lost? is't gone? speak, is it out of Des. Heaven bless us!

Des. It is not lost, but what an if it were? Oth. How!

Des. I say, it is not lost Oth.

Fetch't, let me see't. Des. Why, so I can, sir, but I will not now. This is a trick to put me from my suit: Pray you, let Cassio be receiv'd again.

Oth. Fetch me the handkerchief: my mind

misgives. Des Come, come;

You'll never meet a more sufficient man.

Oth. The handkerchief!

Des. I pray, talk me of Cassio. Oth. The handkerchief!

Des. A man that all his time Hath founded his good fortunes on your love. Shar'd dangers with you, -

Oth. The handkerchief!

Des. In sooth, you are to blame. Oth. Away! Exit.

Emil. Is not this man jealous? Des I ne'er saw this before.

Sure there's some wonder in this handkerchief: I am most unhappy in the loss of it.

Emil. 'Tis not a year or two shows us a man: They are all but stomachs, and we all but food: They eat us hungerly, and when they are full. They belch us.-Look you,- Cassio and my

husband.

Enter Cassio and Lago.

lago. There is no other way, 'tis she must do't.

And, lo, the happiness! go and importune her. Des. How now, good Cassio! what's the news with you?

Cas. Madam, my former suit I do beseech you

That by your virtuous means I may again Exist, and be a member of his love, Whom I, with all the office of my heart, Entirely honour. I would not be delay'd. If my offence be of such mortal kind That nor my service past, nor present sorrows, Nor purpos'd merit in futurity, Can ransom me into his love again But to know so must be my benefit; So shall I clothe me in a forc'd content. And shut myself up in some other course, To fortune's alms.

Des. Alas, thrice-gentle Cassio! My advocation is not now in tune; My lord is not my lord; nor should I know him, Were he in favour as in humour alter'd. So help me every spirit sanctified, As I have spoken for you all my best, And stood within the blank of his displeasure For my free speech! You must awhile be

patient: What I can do I will; and more I will

Than for myself I dare: let that suffice you. Iago. Is my lord angry?

Emil. He went hence but now, And certainly is strange unquietness.

Iago. Can he be angry? I have seen the cannon,

When it hath blown his ranks into the air, And, like the devil, from his very arm Puff'd his own brother; - and can he be angry? Something of moment, then: I will go meet him:

There's matter in't indeed if he be angry. Des. I pr'ythee, do so. [Exit IAGO.] Some-

thing, sure, of state,-

Either from Venice, or some unhatch'd practice Made demonstrable here in Cyprus to him. Hath puddled his clear spirit, and in such cases Men's natures wrangle with inferior things, Though great ones are their object. 'Tis even

so: For let our finger ache, and it endues Our other healthful members even to that sense Of pain: nay, we must think men are not gods, Nor of them look for such observancy As fits the bridal.—Beshrew me much, Emilia, I was, -unhandsome warrior as I am,-

Arraigning his unkindness with my soul; But now I find I had suborn'd the witness And he's indicted falsely. [you think,

Emil. Pray heaven it be state matters, as And no conception nor no jealous toy Concerning you.

Des. Alas the day, I never gave him cause! Emil. But jealous souls will not be answer'd

They are not ever jealous for the cause, But jealous for they are jealous: 'tis a monster Begot upon itself, born on itself. [mind!

Des. HeavenkeepthatmonsterfromOthello's Emil. Lady, amen.

Des. I will go seek him. - Cassio, walk here-If I do find him fit, I'll move your suit, And seek to effect it to my uttermost.

Cas. I humbly thank your ladyship. Exeunt DESDEMONA and EMILIA.

Enter BIANCA.

Bian. Save you, friend Cassion Cas. What make you from home? How is it with you, my most fair Bianca? I' faith, sweet love, I was coming to your house. Bian. And I was going to your lodging,

Cassio. What, keep a week away? seven days and

nights? Eight score eight hours? and lovers' absent

hours, More tedious than the dial eight score times?

O weary reckoning! Pardon me, Bianca: Cas. I have this while with leaden thoughts been

press'd: But I shall in a more continuate time Strike off this score of absence. Sweet Bianca.

Giving her DESDEMONA'S handkerchief. Take me this work out.

Bıan. O Cassio, whence came thus? This is some token from a newer friend: To the felt absence now I feel a cause: Is't come to this? Well, well.

Go to, woman! Throw your vile guesses in the devil's teeth, From whence you have them. You are jealous No more than he'll unswear. now

That this is from some mistress, some remembrance:

No, in good troth, Bianca.

Bıan. Why, whose is it? Cas. I know not neither: I found it in my chamber.

I like the work well: ere it be demanded,-As like enough it will, -I'd have it copied: Take it, and do't; and leave me for this time.

Bian. Leave you! wherefore? Cas. I do attend here on the general;

And think it no addition, nor my wish, To have him see me woman'd.

Bian. Why, I pray you? Cas. Not that I love you not.

Bran. But that you do not love me.

I pray you, bring me on the way a little; And say if I shall see you soon at night. Cas. 'Tis but a little way that I can bring

For I attend here: but I'll see you soon.

Bian. 'Tis very good; I must be circumstanc'd. Exeunt.

ACT IV.

Scene I.—Cyprus. Before the Castle.

Enter OTHELLO and IAGO.

Iago. Will you think so?

Think so, Iago? Oth. What. Iago.

To kiss in private?

Oth. An unauthoriz'd kiss.

lago. Or to be naked with her friend in bed An hour or more, not meaning any harm? Oth. Naked in bed, lago, and not mean

It is hypocrisy against the devil:

They that mean virtuously, and yet do so, The devil their virtue tempts, and they tempt heaven.

Iago. So they do nothing, 'tis a venial slip: But if I give my wife a handkerchief,— Oth. What then? [bei

[being hers, lago. Why, then, 'tis hers, my lord; and, She may, I think, bestow't on any man.

Oth. She is protectress of her honour too:

May she give that? seen: lago. Her honour is an essence that's not

They have it very oft that have it not:

But, for the handkerchief,-[forgot it:-Oth By heaven, I would most gladly have Thou said'st,—O, it comes o'er my memory As doth the raven o'er the infected house,

Boding to all, -- he had my handkerchief. lago Ay, what of that?

Oth. That's not so good now. Iago.

If I had said I had seen him do you wrong? Or heard him say, - as knaves be such abroad, Who having, by their own importunate suit.

Or voluntary dotage of some mistress, Convinced or supplied them, cannot choose

But they must blab,-

Hath he said anything? Oth. lago. He hath, my lord; but be you well assur'd.

Oth. What hath he said? lago. Faith, that he did .- I know not what he did.

Oth. What? what?

Iago. Lie, -

Oth. With her?

With her, on her; what you will. lago. Oth. Lie with her! lie on her!-We say lie on her when they belie her .- Lie with her! that's fulsome.—Handkerchief,—confessions,—handkerchief!—To confess, and be hanged for his labour-first to be hanged, and then to confess .- I tremble at it. Nature would not invest herself in such shadowing passion without some instruction. It is not words that shake me thus:—pish!—noses, ears, and lips.—Is't possible?—Confess,—handkerchief!—O devil!-[Falls in a trance.

lago. Work on, [caught; My medicine, work! Thus credulous fools are And many worthy and chaste dames even thus All guiltless, meet reproach.-What, ho! my

lord! My lord, I say! Othello!

Enter Cassio.

Cas. What's the matter?

lago. My lord is fallen into an epilepsy: This is his second fit; he had one yesterday.

Cas. Rub him about the temples. Iago. No, forbear; The lethargy must have his quiet course: If not, he foams at mouth, and by and by Breaks out to savage madness. Look, he stirs: Do you withdraw yourself a little while, He will recover straight; when he is gone. I would on great occasion speak with you. Exit CASSIO.

How is it, general? have you not hurt your head?

Oth. Dost thou mock me?

Tago. I mock you! no, by heaven. Would you would bear your fortune like a man! Oth. A horned man's monster and a beast. lago. There's many a beast, then, in a populous city.

And many a civil monster.

Oth. Did he confess it?

lago. Good sir, be a man;
Think every bearded fellow that's but yok'd
May draw with you: there's millions now alive That nightly lie in those unproper beds Which they dare swear peculiar: your case is

better.

O, 'tis the spite of hell, the fiend's arch-mock, To lip a wanton in a secure couch, And to suppose her chaste! No, let me know; And knowing what I am, I know what she shall be.

Oth. O, thou art wise; 'tis certain. Iago. Stand you awhile apart; Confine yourself but in a patient list. [grief,-Whilst you were here o'erwhelmed with your A passion most unsuiting such a man,-Cassio came hither: I shifted him away, And laid good 'scuse upon your ecstasy; Bade him anon return, and here speak with me;

The which he promis'd. Do but encave yourself. scorns.

And mark the fleers, the gibes, and notable That dwell in every region of his face; For I will make him tell the tale anew, Where, how, now oft, how long ago, and when were: his gesture imports it.

He hath, and is again to cope your wife: I say, but mark his gesture. Marry, patience; Or I shall say you are all in all in spleen, And nothing of a man.

Oth. Dost thou hear, Iago? I will be found most cunning in my patience; But,-dost thou hear?-most bloody.

lago. That's not amiss: Will you withdraw? But yet keep time in all. OTHELLO withdraws.

Now will I question Cassio of Bianca, A housewife that, by selling her desires, Buys herself bread and clothes: it is a creature

That dotes on Cassio, -as 'tis the strumpet's plague

To beguile many and be beguil'd by one:-He, when he hears of her, cannot refrain From the excess of laughter:-here he comes:-As he shall smile Othello shall go mad; And his unbookish jealousy must construe Poor Cassio's smiles, gestures, and light behaviour

How now, Cassio! Quite in the wrong.

Re-enter Cassio.

How do you now, lieutenant? Cas. The worser that you give me the addition

Whose want even kills me. [on't. Iago. Ply Desdemona well, and you are sure Now, if this suit lay in Bianca's power,

Speaking lower. How quickly should you speed!

Cas. Alas, poor caitiff! Oth. [Aside.] Look, how he laughs already! Iago. I never knew woman love man so. Cas. Alas, poor rogue! I think, i' faith, she loves me.

Oth. [Aside.] Now he denies it, faintly and laughs it out.

Iago. Do you hear, Cassio?

Oth. [Aside.] Now he importunes him To tell it o'er:-go to; well said, well said. lago. She gives it out that you shall marry

her: Do you intend it?

Cas. Ha, ha, ha!

Oth. [Aside.] Do you triumph, Roman? do you trumph?

Cas. I marry her!-what, a customer! I pr'ythee, bear some charity to my wit; do not think it so unwholesome:-ha, ha, ha!

Oth. [Aside.] So, so, so, so: they laugh that win. marry her.

lago. Faith, the cry goes that you shall Cas. Pr'ythee, say true.

I am a very villain else.

Oth. [Aside.] Have you scored me? Well. Cas. This is the monkey's own giving out: she is persuaded I will marry her, out of her own love and flattery, not out of my promise.

Oth. [Aside.] Iago beckons me; now he

begins his story.

Cas. She was here even now; she haunts me in every place. I was the other day talking on the sea-bank with certain Venetians, and thither comes the bauble, and falls thus about my neck,

Oth. [Aside.] Crying, O dear Cassio! as it

Cas. So hangs, and lolls, and weeps upon me; so hales, and pulls me:—ha, ha, ha!

Oth. [Aside.] Now he tells how she plucked him to my chamber. O, I see that nose of yours, but not that dog I shall throw it to.

Cas. Well, I must leave her company. Iago. Before me! look where she comes. Cas. 'Tis such another fitchew! marry, a perfumed one.

Enter BIANCA.

What do you mean by this haunting of me? Bian Let the devil and his dam haunt you! What did you mean by that same handkerchief you gave me even now? I was a fine fool to take it. I must take out the work?—A likely piece of work that you should find it in your chamber, and not know who left it there! This is some minx's token, and I must take out the work? There,—give it your hobby-horse: wheresoever you had it, I'll take out no work how now!

Cas. How now, my sweet Bianca! how now! Oth. [Aside.] By heaven, that should be my

handkerchief!

Bian. An you'll come to supper to-night, you may; an you will not, come when you are next prepared for. Exit.

lago. After her, after her. lelse. Cas. Faith, I must; she'll rail in the street

Lago. Will you sup there?
Cas. Faith, I intend so.
Lago. Well, I may chance to see you; for I would very fain speak with you.

Cas. Pr'ythee, come; will you?

[Exit CASSIO. lago. Go to; say no more. Oth. [Coming forward] How shall I murder him, Iago? [vice?

lago. Did you perceive how he laughed at his Oth. O Iago!

Iago. And did you see the handkerchief? Oth. Was that mine?

lago. Yours, by this hand: and to see how he prizes the foolish woman your wife! she gave it him, and he hath given it his whore

Oth. I would have him nine years a-killing. -A fine woman! a fair woman! a sweet woman!

Iago. Nay, you must forget that.

Oth. Ay, let her rot, and perish, and be damned to-night; for she shall not live: no, my heart is turned to stone; I strike it, and it hurts my hand.—O, the world hath not a sweeter creature: she might lie by an emperor's side, and command him tasks.

lago. Nay, that's not your way.
Oth. Hang her! I do but say what she is:—
so delicate with her needle!—an admirable
musician! O, she will sing the savageness out of a bear! -- Of so high and plenteous wit and invention!-

Iago. She's the worse for all this.

Oth. O, a thousand thousand times:—and Make her amends; she weeps. then of so gentle a condition!

Iago. Ay, too gentle.

Oth. Nay, that's certain:—but yet the pity of it, Iago! O Iago, the pity of it, Iago!

lago. If you are so fond over her iniquity give her patent to offend; for, if it touch not you, it comes near nobody.

Oth. I will chop her into messes. - Cuckold me!

lago. O, 'tas foul in her. Oth. With mine officer!

lago. That's fouler.

Oth. Get me some poison, Iago; this night. I'll not expostulate with her, lest her body and beauty unprovide my mind again:-this night, Iago.

lago. Do it not with poison; strangle her in her bed, even the bed she hath contaminated. Oth. Good, good: the justice of it pleases:

very good.

lago. And for Cassio,—let me be his undertaker: you shall hear more by midnight.

Oth. Excellent good. A trumpet within. What trumpet is that same?

lago. Something from Venice, sure. 'Tis Lodovico

Come from the duke: and, see, your wife is with him.

> Enter Lodovico, Desdemona, and Attendants.

Lod. Save you, worthy general!
Oth With all my heart, sir. Lod. The duke and senators of Venice greet

[Gives him a packet. Oth. I kiss the instrument of their pleasures.

[Opens the packet and reads. Des. And what's the news, good cousin Lodovico?

lago. I am very glad to see you, signior;

Welcome to Cyprus. [Cassio? Lod. I thank you. How does Lieutenant Iago. Lives, sir. [my lord Des. Cousin, there's fall'n between him and my lord

An unkind breach: but you shall make all well.

Oth. Are you sure of that? Des. My lord?

[will,— Oth. [Reads.] This fail you not to do as you Lod. He did not call; he's busy in the paper. Is there division 'twixt my lord and Cassio?

Des. A most unhappy one: I would do much To atone them, for the love I bear to Cassio.

Oth. Fire and brimstone! My lord?

Des. Oth. Are you wise? Des. What, is he angry?

May be the letter mov'd him; For, as I think, they do command him home, Deputing Cassio in his government.

Des. Trust me, I am glad on't.

Oth. Des. My lord?

Oth. I am glad to see you mad. Why, sweet Othello, Des. Striking her. Oth. Devil!

I have not deserv'd this. Des. Lod. My lord, this would not be believ'd in

Venice.

Though I should swear I saw't: 'tis very much:

O devil, devill Oth. If that the earth could teem with woman's tears, Each drop she falls would prove a crocodile.-Out of my sight!

Des. I will not stay to offend you. [Going.

Lod. Truly, an obedient lady; I do beseech your lordship, call her back. Oth. Mistress!

Des. My lord?

Oth. What would you with her, sir? Lod Who, I my lord?

Oth. Ay; you did wish that I would make her turn:

Sir, she can turn, and turn, and yet go on, And turn again; and she can weep, sir, weep; And she's obedient, as you say,-obedient,-Very obedient.-Proceed you in your tears .-Concerning this, sir, -O well-painted passion! I am commanded home. -- Get you away; I'll send for you anon .- Sir, I obey the man-

date, And will return to Venice.—Hence, avaunt! [Exit DESDFMONA.

Cassio shall have my place. And, sir, to-night, I do entreat that we may sup together: You are welcome, sir, to Cyprus.-Goats and monkeys! (Exit.

Lod. Is this the noble Moor whom our full senate

Call all-in-all sufficient?-Is this the nature Whom passion could not shake? whose solid virtue

The shot of accident nor dart of chance Could neither graze nor pierce?

Iago. He is much chang'd. Lod. Are his wits safe? is he not light of

brain? lago. He is that he is: I may not breathe my [not,censure.

What he might be .- if what he might he is I would to heaven he were!

Lod. What, strike his wife!

lago. Faith, that was not so well, yet would I knew

That stroke would prove the worst! Is it his use? Lod. Or did the letters work upon his blood, And new-create his fault?

Iago. Alas, alas! It is not honesty in me to speak

What I have seen and known. You shall observe him;

And his own courses will denote him so That I may save my speech: do but go after, And mark how he continues.

Lod. I am sorry that I am deceiv'd in him. Exeunt

Scene II.—Cyprus. A Room in the Castle. Enter OTHELLO and EMILIA.

Oth. You have seen nothing, then? Emil. Nor ever heard, nor ever did suspect. Oth. Yes, you have seen Cassio and she to-

gether.
Emil. But then I saw no harm, and then I heard them.

Each syllable that breath made up between Oth. What, did they never whisper? Emil. Never, my lord. Oth. Nor send you out o' the way?

Emil. Never. |nor nothing? Oth. To fetch her fan, her gloves, her mask, Emil. Never, my lord. Oth. That's strange. [honest,

Emil. I durst, my lord, to wager she is

Remove your thought,-it doth abuse your bosom.

If any wretch hath put this into your head, Let heaven requite it with the serpent's curse! For, if she be not honest, chaste, and true. There's no man happy; the purest of their wives

Is foul as slander.

Oth.

Bid her come hithei .- Go.

Exit EMILIA. She says enough; -yet she's a simple bawd That cannot say as much. This is a subtle whore,

A closet-lock-and-key of villanous secrets. And yet she'll kneel and pray, I have seen her do't.

Re-enter EMILIA with DESDEMONA.

Des My lord, what is your will? Oth.

Pray, chuck, come hither. Des. What is your pleasure? Let me see your eyes; Oth

Look in my face.

What horrible fancy's this? Des. Oth. Some of your function, mistress;

TO EMIL. Leave procreants alone, and shut the door; Cough, or cry hem, if any body come: Your mystery, your mystery, -- nay, despatch.

Exit EMILIA. Des. Upon my knees, what doth your speech import:

I understand a fury in your words,

Butmot the words.

Oth. Why, what art thou?

Your wife, my lord; your true Des. And loyal wife. Come, swear it, damn thyself; Oth.

Lest, being like one of heaven, the devils themselves damn'd. -Should fear to seive thee: therefore be double-

Swear thou art honest. Heaven doth truly know it. Des.

Oth. Heaven truly knows that thou art false as hell. am I false? Des. To whom, my lord? with whom? How Oth. Ah, Desdemona'- away! away! away!

Des. Alas the heavy day! - Why do you weep? Am I the motive of these tears, my lord?

If haply you my father do suspect An instrument of this your calling back, [him, Lay not your blame on me if you have lost Why, I have lost him too

Oth Had it pleas'd heaven To try me with affliction; had they rain'd All kinds of sores and shames on my hare head; Steep'd me in poverty to the very lips; Given to captivity me and my utmost hopes; I should have found in some place of my soul A drop of patience: but, alas, to make me The fixed figure of the time, for scorn

To point his slow and moving finger at!... Yet could I hear that too; well, very well: But there, where I have garner'd up my heart; Where either I must live, or bear no hie,-

The fountain from the which my current runs, Or else dries up; to be aiscarded thence! Or keep it as a cistern for foul toads Lay down my soul at stake: if you think other, To knot and gender in! -- turn thy complexion Patience, thou young and rose-hpp'd cheru-bin,—

Ay, there, look grim as hell!

Des. I hope my noble lord esteems me honest. Oth. O, ay; as summer flies are in the

shambles, That quicken even with blowing. O thou

weed.

Who art so lovely fair, and smell'st so sweet, That the sense aches at thee, -would thou had'st ne'er been born!

Des. Alas, what ignorant sin have I committed?

Oth. Was this fair paper, this most goodly book.

Made to write whore upon? What committed! Committed!-O thou public commoner! I should make very forges of my cheeks, That would to cinders burn up modesty, Did I but speak thy deeds.—What commutted! Heaven stops the nose at it, and the moon winks;

The bawdy wind, that kisses all it meets Is hush'd within the hollow mine of earth, And will not hear it .- What committed!-Impudent strumpet!

Des. By heaven, you do me wrong, Oth. Are not you a strumpet? No, as I am a Christian:

If to preserve this vessel for my lord From any other foul unlawful touch Be not to be a strumpet, I am none.

Oth What, not a whore?

Des. Oth. Is't possible?

Des. O, heaven forgive us!

Oth. I cry you mercy, then: I took you for that cunning whore of Venuce That married with Othello .- You, mistress, That have the office opposite to Saint Peter. And keep the gate of hell!

Re-enter EMILIA.

You, you, ay you! We have done our course; there's money for your pains:

I pray you, turn the key, and keep our counsel.

Exit. Emil. Alas, what does this gentleman con-

ceive?-How do you, madam? how do you, my good lady?

Des. Faith, half asleep. Imy lord? Emil. Good madam, what's the matter with Des. With who?

Emil. Why, with my lord, madam. Des. Who is thy lord?

Emil. He that is yours, sweet lady. Des. I have none: do not talk to me, Emilia; I cannot weep; nor answer have I none, But what should go by water. Pr'ythee, to-

ber;-Lay on my bed my wedding sheets,--remem-And call thy husband hither.

Here's a change indeed! Des. 'Tis meet I should be us'd so, very meet. How have I been behav'd, that he might stick The small'st opinion on my least misuse?

Re-enter Emilia with Iago.

lago. What is your pleasure, madam? How is't with you? [young babes Des. I cannot tell. Those that do teach Do it with gentle means and easy tasks:

He might have chide me so; for, in good faith,

He might have leaved in a child to childing.

What's the matter, lady? Emil. Alas, Iago, my lord hath so bewhor'd

her, Thrown such despite and heavy terms upon her As true hearts cannot bear.

Des. Am 1 that name, Iago?
Iago. What name, fair lady? Des Such as she says my lord did say I was. Emil. He call'd her whore: a beggar in his drink

Could not have laid such terms upon his callat. Iago. Why did he so?

Des. I do not know, I am sure I am none lago. Do not weep, do not weep:-alas, the day! matches.

Emil. Hath she forsook so many noble Her father, and her country, and her friends, To be call'd whore? would it not make one weep?

Des It is my wretched fortune.

Beshrew him for't! Iago. How comes this trick upon him?

Nay, heaven doth know. Des. Emil. I will be hang'd if some eternal villain, Some busy and insimiating rogue,

Some cogging, cozening slave, to get some office No, as I shall be sav'd. Have not devis'd this slander; I'll be hang'd

else. [possible. lago Fie, there is no such man; it is im-Des. If any such there be, heaven pardon him! [his bones!

Emil. A halter pardon him! and hell gnaw Why should he call her whore? who keeps her

company? What place? what time? what form? what likelihood?

The Moor's abus'd by some most villanous knave.

Some base notorious knave, some scurvy fellow:-

O heaven, that such companions thou'dst unfold.

An put in every honest hand a whip

To lash the rascals naked through the world Even from the east to the west!

Speak within door. Iago. Emil O, fie upon him! some such squire he was

That turn'd your wit the seamy side without, And made you to suspect me with the Moor.

lago. You are a fool; go to. Des. Alas, Iago,

What shall I do to win my lord again? Good friend, go to him; for, by this light of heaven,

I know not how I lost him. Here I kneel:-If e'er my will did trespass 'gainst his love, Either in discourse of thought or actual deed; Or that mine eyes, mine ears, or any sense, Delighted them in any other form; Or that I do not yet, and ever did

And ever will, - though he do shake me off

To beggarly divorcement,-love him dearly, much

And his unkindness may defeat my life, But never taint my love. I cannot say whore .-It does abhor me now I speak the word; To do the act that might the addition earn,

Not the world's mass of vanity could make me. lago. I pray you, be content; 'tis but his

humour:

The business of the state does him offence, The business of the Carlo you,
And he does chide with you,
If 'twere no other,—

Iago. It is but so, I warrant. [Trumpets within.

Hark, how these instruments summon to supper!

The messengers of Venice stay the meat: Go in, and weep not; all things shall be well. Exeunt DESDEMONA and EMILIA

Enter RODERIGO.

How now, Roderigo!

Rod. I do not find that thou dealest justly with me.

Iago. What in the contrary?

Rod. Every day thou daffest me with some device, Iago; and rather, as it seems to me now, keepest from me all conveniency than suppliest me with the least advantage of hope. I will, indeed, no longer endure it; nor am I yet persuaded to put up in peace what already I have foolishly suffered.

lago. Will you hear me, Roderigo?

Rod. Faith, I have heard too much; for your words and performances are no kin together.

Iago. You change me most unjustly.

Rod. With naught but truth. I have wasted myself out of my means. The jewels you have had from me to deliver to Desdemona would half have corrupted a votarist: you have told me she hath received them, and returned me expectations and comforts of sudden respect and acquaintance; but I find none.

Iago. Well; go to; very well.
Rod. Very well! go to! I cannot go to, man; nor 'tis not very well: nay, I think it is scurvy, and begin to find myself fobbed in it.

Iago. Very well.

Rod. I tell you 'tis not very well. I will make myself known to Desdemona: if she will return me my jowels, I will give over my suit, and repent my unlawful solicitation; if not, assure yourself I will seek satisfaction of you.

Iago. You have said now.

Rod. Ay, and said nothing but what I protest

intendment of doing.

Iago. Why, now I see there's mettle in thee; and even from this instant do build on thee a better opinion than ever before. Give me thy hand, Roderigo: thou hast taken against me a most just exception; but yet, I protest, I have dealt most directly in thy affair.

Rod. It hath not appeared.

lago. I grant, indeed, it hath not appeared; and your suspicion is not without wit and judgment. But, Roderigo, if thou hast that in thee indeed, which I have greater reason to believe now than ever,-I mean purpose, courage, and valour,-this night show it: if thou the next

night following enjoy not Desdemona, take me Comfort forswear me! Unkindness may do from this world with treachery, and devise engines for my life.

Rod. Well, what is it? is it within reason and compass?

Iago. Sir, there is a special commission come from Venuce to depute Cassio in Othello's place. Rod. Is that true? why, then Othello and Desdemona return again to Venuce.

Iago. O, no; he goes into Mauritania, and takes away with him the fair Desdemona. unless his abode be lingered here by some accident: wherein none can be so determinate

as the removing of Cassio.

Rod. How do you mean removing of him? lago. Why, by making him uncapable of Othello's place, -knocking out his brains. Rod. And that you would have me to do?

lago. Ay, if you dare do yourself a profit and a right. He sups to-night with a harlotry. and thither will I go to him:-he knows not yet of his honourable fortune. If you will watch his going thence,—which I will fashion to fall out between twelve and one,—you may take him at your pleasure: I will be near to second your attempt, and he shall fall between us. Come, stand not amazed at it, but go along with me; I will show you such a neces sity in his death that you shall think yourself bound to put it on him. It is now high suppertime, and the night grows to waste: about it.

Rod. I will hear further reason for this. Iago. And you shall be satisfied.

Scene III .- Cyprus. Another Room in the Castle.

Enter Othello, Lodovico, Desdemona, EMILIA, and Attendants.

Lod. I do beseech you, sir, trouble yourself

no further. Oth. O, pardon me; 'twill do me good to Lod. Madam, good-night; I humbly thank your ladyship.

Des. Your honour is most welcome. Oth. Will you walk, sir?-

O,-Desdemona,-Des. My lord?

Oth. Get you to bed on the instant; I will be returned forthwith: dismiss your attendant there: look't be done.

Des. I will, my lord.

[Exeunt OTH., Lod., and Attendants. Emil. How goes it now? he looks gentler than he did.

Des. He says he will return incontinent: He hath commanded me to go to bed,

And bade me to dismiss you. Dismiss me! Emil.

Des. It was his bidding; therefore, good Emilia, Give me my nightly wearing, and adieu:

We must not now displease him.

Emil. I would you had never seen him! Des. So would not I: my love doth so ap-

prove him, That even his stubbornness, his cheeks, his Pr'ythee, unpin me, -have grace and favour in

on the bed. Emil. I have laid those sheets you bade me Des. All's one.-Good faith, how foolish are our minds!--

If I do die before thee, pr'ythee, shroud me In one of those same sheets.

Emil. Come, come, you talk. Des. My mother hath a maid call'd Barbara: She was in love; and he she lov'd prov'd mad, And did forsake her: she had a song of willow; An old thing 'twas, but it express'd her fortune, And she died singing it: that song to-night Will not go from my mind; I have much to do,

But to hang my head all at one side,

And sing it like poor Barbara .- Pr'ythee, despatch.

Emil. Shall I go fetch your nightgown? No, unpin me here .-Des. This Lodovico is a proper man.

Emil. A very handsome man.

He speaks well. Emil. I know a lady in Venice would have walked barefoot to Palestine for a touch of his nether up.

Des. The poor soul sat sighing by a sycamore Sing all a green willow;
Her hand on her bosom, her head on her knee,

Sing willow, willow, willow:
The fresh streams ran by her, and murmur'd her

moans: Sing willow, willow, willow; Her salt tears fell from her and soften'd the

stones :-

Lay by these:-

Sing willow, willow, willow:-ISinus.

Pr'ythee, hie thee; he'll come anon:-

Sing all a green willow must be my garland. ISings. Let nobody blame him; his scorn I approve,-

Nay, that's not next.-Hark! who is't that knocks?

Emil. It's the wind.

I call'd my love false love; but what said he then? Sing willow, willow, willow:

If I court mo women, you'll couch with mo men.—

So, get thee gone; good-night. Mine eyes do itch;

Doth that bode weeping?

Emil. 'Tis neither here nor there. Des. I have heard it said so.—O, these men. these men! -

Dost thou in conscience think,-tell me, Emilia .--

That there be women do abuse their husbands In such gross kind?

Emil. There be some such, no question. Des. Wouldst thou do such a deed for all the world?

Emil. Why, would not you?

No, by this heavenly light! Emil. Nor I neither by this heavenly light; I might do't as well i' the dark. [world? Des.. Wouldst thou do such a deed for all the

Emil. The world's a huge thing; it is a great price

For a small vice.

Des.

Emil. In troth, I think I should; and undo't when I had done. Marry, I would not do such a thing for a joint-ring, nor for measures of lawn, nor for gowns, petticoats, nor caps, nor any petty exhibition; but for the whole world, -why, who would not make her husband a cuckold to make him a monarch? I should venture purgatory for't.

Des. Beshrew me, if I would do such a

wrong for the whole world.

Emil. Why, the wrong is but a wrong i' the world; and having the world for your labour, 'tis a wrong in your own world, and you might quickly make it right.

Des. I do not think there is any such woman. Emil. Yes, a dozen; and as many to the vantage as would store the world they play'd

for.

But I do think it is their husbands' faults If wives do fall: say that they slack their duties, And pour our treasures into foreign laps; Or else break out in peevish jealousies, Throwing restraint upon us; or say they strike

Or scant our former having in despite; Why, we have gails; and though we have some grace,

Yet have we some revenge. Let husbands know

Their wives have sense like them: they see and smell,

And have their palates both for sweet and sour, As husbands have. What is it that they do When they change us for others? Is it sport? I think it is: and doth affection breed it? I think it doth: is't frailty that thus errs? It is so too. And have not we affections, Desires for sport, and frailty, as men have? Then let them use us well: else let them know

Des. Good-night, good-night: heaven me such usage send.

The ills we do their ills instruct us to.

Not to pick bad from bad, but by bad mend! Exeunt.

ACT V.

Scene I-Cyprus. A Street.

Enter IAGO and RODERIGO.

lago. Here, stand behind this bulk; straight will he come:

Wear thy good rapier bare, and put it home: Quick, quick; fear nothing; I'll be at thy elbow:

It makes us or it mars us; think on that,

And fix most firm thy resolution. Rod. Be near at hand; I may miscarry in't. lago. Here, at thy hand: be bold, and take

thy stand. [Retires to a little distance. Rod. I have no great devotion to the deed; And yet he hath given me satisfying reasons:-'Tis but a man gone. - Forth, my sword; he

dies. . [Goes to his stand. Iago. I have rubb'd this young quat almost

to the sense, Now, whether he kill And he grows angry. Or Cassio him, or each do kill the other. Every way makes my gain: live Roderigo, He calls me to a restitution large In troth, I think thou wouldst not. Of gold and jewels that I bobb'd from him

As gifts to Desdemona:

It must not be: if Cassio do remain.

He hath a daily beauty in his life

That makes me ugly; and, besides, the Moor May unfold me to him; there stand I in much peril:

No, he must die.-But, so, I hear him coming.

Enter CASSIO.

Rod. I know his gait, 'tis he .- Villain, thou diest!

Rushes out, and makes a pass at CASSIO. Cas. That thrust had been mine enemy indeed.

But that my coat is better than thou know'st: I will make proof of thine.

Draws, and wounds RODERIGO.

O, I am slain! [IAGO rushes from his post, cuts Cassio behind in the leg, and exit.

Cas. I am maim'd for ever .- Help, ho! murder! murder! Falls.

Enter OTHELLO at a distance.

Oth. The voice of Cassio:- Iago keeps his word.

Rod. O, villain that I am!

Oth. It is even so.

Cas. O, help, ho! light! a surgeon!

Oth. 'Tis he:-O brave lago, honest and iust.

That hath such noble sense of thy friend's wrong! Thou teachest me, -minion, your dear lies O Cassio, Cassio!

dead,

And your unbless'd fate hies.-Strumpet, I blotted; come! Forth of my heart those charms, thine eyes, are Thy bed, lust-stain'd, shall with lust's blood be

Exit. spotted. Enter LODOVICO and GRATIANO at a distance

Cas. What, ho! no watch? no passage? direful.

murder! murder! Gra. 'Tis some mischance; the voice is very

Cas. O, help! Lod. Hark!

Rod. O wretched villain! [night: Lod. Two or three groan:-it is a heavy These may be counterfeits: let's think't unsafe To come in to the cry without more help.

Rod. Nobody come? then shall I bleed to death.

Lod. Hark!

Gra. Here's one comes in his shirt, with light and weapons.

Re-enter LAGO with a light.

lago. Who's there? whose noise is this that cries on murder?

Lod. We do not know.

Iago. Did not you hear a cry? Cas. Here, here! for heaven's sake, help me!

Iago. What's the matter?
Gra. This is Othello's ancient, as I take it.
Lod. The same indeed; a very valiant fellow. lago. What are you here that cry so griev-

ously?

Cas. Iago? O, I am spoil'd, undone by villains!

Give me some help. [done this? Iago. O me, heutenant! what villains have Cas. I think that one of them is hereabout.

And cannot make away. O treacherous villains!-Iago.

What are you there? come in, and give some help. [To Lodovico and Gratiano.

Rod. O, help me here! Cas. That's one of them.

Iago. O murderous slave! O villain! Stabs RODERIGO

Rod. O damn'd Iago! O inhuman dog! Iago. Kill men i' the dark!-Where be these bloody thieves?-

How silent is this town!-Ho! murder! murder!-

What may you be? are you of good or evil? Lod. As you shall prove us, praise us.

Iago. Signior Lodovico?

Lod. He, sir.

Iago I cry you mercy. Here's Cassio hurt by villains.

Gra. Cassio!

lago. How is't, brother?

Cas. My leg is cut into. Iago. Marry, heaven forbid!— Light, gentlemen:—I'll bind it with my shirt.

Enter BIANCA.

Bian. What is the matter, ho? who is't that cried?

Iago. Who is't that cried!

Bian. O my dear Cassio! my sweet Cassio!

lago. O notable strumpet!—Cassio, may you suspect Who they should be that have thus mangled

Cas. No. Gra. I am sorry to find you thus: I have

been to seek you. Iago. Lend me a garter: -so. -O, for a chair,

To bear him easily hence! [Cassio! Bian, Alas, he faints!-O Cassio, Cassio, Iago. Gentlemen all, I do suspect this trash To be a party in this injury.-

Patience awhile, good Cassio.—Come, come; Lend me a light.—Know we this face or no? Alas, my friend and my dear countryman

Roderigo? no:-yes, sure; O heaven! Roderigo. Gra. What, of Venice?
Iago. Even he, sir: did you know him?

Gra. Know him! ay.

Iago. Signior Gratiano? I cry you gentle pardon: These bloody accidents must excuse my man-

That so neglected you. Gra. I am glad to see you.

Iago. How do you, Cassio?-O, a chair, a chair!

Gra. Roderigo lago. He, he, 'tis he.-O, that's well said;

-the chair: - A chair brought in. Some good man bear him carefully from hence;

I'll fetch the general's surgeon. - For you, To BIANCA. mistress. Save you your labour.—He that lies slain here, Cassio, [you? Was my dear friend: what malice was between Cas. None in the world; nor do I know the And love thee after .- One more, and that's man.

Stay you, good gentlemen .- Look you pale, mistress?-

Do you perceive the gastness of her eye?-Nay, if you stare, we shall hear more anon.— Behold her well; I pray you, look upon her: Do you see, gentlemen? nay, guiltiness will speak

Though tongues were out of use.

Enter EMILIA.

Emil. 'Las, what's the matter? what's the matter, husband?

Iago. Cassio hath here been set on in the dark

By Roderigo, and fellows that are 'scap'd: He's almost slain, and Roderigo dead.

Emil. Alas, good gentlemen! alas, Cassio! [thee. I

[thee, Emilia, lago. This is the fruit of whoring .- Pr'y-Go know of Cassio where he supp'd to-night .-What, do you shake at that?

Bian. He supp'd at my house; but I therefore shake not.

Iago. O, did he so? I charge you, go with me. Emil. Fie, fie upon thee, strumpet!

Bian. I am no strumpet; but of life as honest As you that thus abuse me.

Ēmil. As I! foh! fie upon thee! lago. Kind gentlemen, let's go see poor

Cassio dress'd.-Come, mistress, you must tell's another tale.—

Emilia, run you to the citadel, And tell my lord and lady what hath happ'd.— Will you go on afore?-[Aside.] This is the night

That either makes me or fordoes me quite. Exeunt.

SCENE II .- CYPRUS. A Bedchamber in the Castle: Desdemona in bed asleep; a light burning.

Enter OTHELLO.

Oth. It is the cause, it is the cause, my soul,-Let me not name it to you, you chaste stars!— It is the cause.—Yet I'll not shed her blood; Nor scar that whiter skin of hers than snow, And smooth as monumental alabaster. [Takes off his sword.

Yet she must die, else she'll betray more men. Put out the light, and then put out the light: If I quench thee, thou flaming minister, I can again thy former light restore, Should I repent me:-but once put out thy Thou cunning'st pattern of excelling nature,

I know not where is that Promethean heat That can thy light relume. When I have pluck'd thy rose,

I cannot give it vital growth again It needs must wither:-I'll smell it on the tree .-[Kissing her. O balmy breath, that dost almost persuade Justice to break her sword!-One more, one

Be thus when thou art dead, and I will kill

the last:

Iago. [TO BIAN.] What, look you pale?—

O, bear him out o' the air.—

So sweet was ne'er so fatal. I must weep,
But they are cruel tears: this sorrow's heave But they are cruel tears: this sorrow's heavenly; Cas. and Rop. are borne off. It strikes where it doth love. - She wakes.

Des. Who's there? Othello?

Oth. Ay, Desdemona. Des. Will you come to bed, my lord?

Oth. Have you pray'd to-night, Desdemona? Des.

Ay, my lord. Oth. If you bethink yourself of any crime Unreconcil'd as yet to heaven and grace, Solicit for 1t straight.

Des. 'Alack, my lord, what may you mean by Oth. Well, do it, and be brief; I will walk

bv: I would not kill thy unprepared spirit; No,-heaven forfend!-I would not kill thy

Des. Talk you of killing?

Oth. Des. Then heaven

good Have mercy on me!

Oth. Amen, with all my heart! Des. If you say so, I hope you will not kill

Oth. Hum! Des. And yet I fear you; for you are fatal

When your eyes roll so: why I should fear I know not, fear.

Since guiltiness I know not; but yet I feel I Oth. Think on thy sins. Des. They are loves I bear to you. Oth. Ay, and for that thou diest. [loving .-

Des. That death's unnatural that kills for Alas, why gnaw you so your nether lip? Some bloody passion shakes your very frame: These are portents; but yet I hope, I hope,

They do not point on me. Oth. Peace, and be still! Des. I will so. What's the matter?

Oth. That handkerchief which I so lov'd and gave thee.

Thou gav'st to Cassio. No, by my life and soul! Des. Send for the man and ask him.

Oth. Sweet soul, take heed, Take heed of perjury; thou'rt on thy death-bed.

Des. Ay, but not yet to die. Oth. Yes, presently: Therefore confess thee freely of thy sin;

For to deny each article with oath Cannot remove nor choke the strong conception That I do groan withal. Thou art to die.

Des. Then, Lord have mercy on me! Oth. I say, amen.

Des. And have you mercy tool—I never did Offend you in my life; never lov'd Cassio But with such general warranty of heaven As I might love: I never gave him token.

Oth. By heaven, I saw my handkerchief in's hand.

O perjur'd woman! thou dost stone my heart, And mak'st me call what I intend to do A murder, which I thought a sacrifice: I saw the handkerchief.

He found it, then; Des. I never gave it him:—send for him hither; Let him confess a truth

Oth. He hath confess'd.

Des. What, my lord?

Oth. That he hath us'd thee. How? unlawfully? Des. Oth. Des. He will not say so. No, his mouth is stopp'd: Oth. Honest Iago hath ta'en order for't. [dead? Des. O, my fear interprets?-What, is he Oth. Had all his hairs been lives, my great Commend me to my kind lord: O, farewell! revenge Had stomach for them all. Des. Alas, he is betray'd, and I undone!
Oth. Out, strumpet! Weep'st thou for him to my face? Des. O, banish me, my lord, but kill me not! Oth. Down, strumpet! Des. Kill me to-morrow; let me live to-night! 'Twas I that kill'd her. Oth. Nay, if you strive,-Oth. Being done, there is no pause.

Des. But half an hour!

Oth. Being done, there is no pause.

Des. But while I say one prayer! Smothers her. Oth. It is too late. Emil. [Within.] My lord, my lord! what, ho! my lord, my lord! Oth. What noise is this?--Not dead? not yet quite dead? I that am cruel am vet merciful: I would not have thee linger in thy pain:-[lord! So, so. Emil. [Within.] What, ho! my lord, my Who's there? Oth. Emil. [Within.] O, good my lord, I would speak a word with you! [dead.-Oth. Yes:-'tis Emilia:-by and by.-She's 'Tis like she comes to speak of Cassio's death; The noise was high .- Ha! no more moving? Still as the grave. - Shall she come in? - Were't good?--(do? I think she stirs again: no. - What's best to If she come in she'll sure speak to my wife: My wife! my wife! what wife? I have no wife. O, insupportable! O heavy hour! Methinks it should be now a huge eclipse Of sun and moon, and that the affrighted globe Should yawn at alteration. Emil. [Within.] I do beseech you That I may speak with you, O, good my lord! Oth. I had forgot thee: O, come in, Emilia:-Soft,-by and by:-let me the curtains draw. Where art thou? Unlocks the door. Enter EMILIA. What's the matter with thee now?

Emil. O, my good lord, yonder's foul murders done!

Oth. What, now?

Emil. But now, my lord.

Oth. It is the very error of the moon;

She comes more nearer earth than she was wont, And makes men mad. Venetian

Emil. Cassio, my lord, hath kill'd a young Call'd Roderigo.

Roderigo kill'd! Oth.

And Cassio kill'd! Emil. No, Cassio is not kill'd.

Oth. Not Cassio kill'd! then murder's out of tune.

And sweet revenge grows harsh.

Des. O, falsely falsely murder'd!

Emil. Alas, what cry is that?

Oth. That! what? voice.-Emil. Out and alas! that was my lady's Help! help, ho! help!—O lady, speak again! Sweet Desdemona! O sweet mistress, speak!

Des. A guiltless death I die.

Emil. O, who hath done this deed? Des. Nobody; I myself. Farewell:

Dies

Oth. Why, how should she be murder'd?

Emil.
Oth. You heard her say herself it was not I. Emil. She said so: I must needs report the truth.

Oth. She's, like a liar, gone to burning hell:

Emil. O, the more angel she, And you the blacker devil!

Oth. She turn'd to folly, and she was a whore. Emil. Thou dost belie her, and thou art a devil.

Oth. She was false as water.

Thou art rash as fire, to say Emil. That she was false: O, she was heavenly true! Oth. Cassio did tup her; ask thy husband else.

O, I were damn'd beneath all depth in hell, But that I did proceed upon just grounds

To this extremity. Thy husband knew it all. Emil. My husband!

Oth. Thy husband. Emil. That she was false to wedlock?

Oth. Ay, with Cassio. Nay, had she been

If heaven would make me such another world Of one entire and perfect chrysolite, I'd not have sold her for it.

Emil. My husband!

Oth. Ay, 'twas he that told me first An honest man he is, and hates the slime That sticks to filthy deeds.

Emil. My husband!

Oth. What needs this iterance, woman? I say thy husband. with love!-Emil. O mistress, villany hath made mocks My husband say that she was false!

Oth. He, woman; I say thy husband: dost understand the word? My friend, thy husband, honest, honest Iago.

Emil. If he say so, may his pernicious soul Rot half a grain a day! he lies to the heart:

She was to fond of her most filthy bargain.

Oth. Ha!

Emil. Do thy worst:

This deed of thine is no more worthy heaven Than thou wast worthy her.

Oth. Peace, you were best. Emil. Thou hast not half that power to do

me harm As I have to be hurt. O gull! O dolt!

As ignorant as dirt! thou hast done a deed,-I care not for thy sword; I'll make thee known, Though I lost twenty lives .- Help! help, ho! help! murder!

The Moor hath kill'd my mistress! murder!

Enter MONTANO, GRATIANO, and IAGO.

Mon. What is the matter?-How now, general!

Emil. O, are you come, Iago? you have done Let heaven and men and devils, let them all, well.

That men must lay their murders on your neck. Gra. What is the matter?

Emil. Disprove this villain, if thou be'st a He says thou told'st him that his wife was false. I know thou did'st not, thou'rt not such a villain: Speak, for my heart is full. [no more Iago. I told him what I thought; and told

Than what he found himself was apt and true. Emil. But did you ever tell him she was

false? Iago. I did.

Emil. You told a lie; an odious, damned

Upon my soul, a lie; a wicked lie:-

She false with Cassio!—Did you say with Cassio?

Iago. With Cassio, mistress. Go to, charm your tongue.

Emil. I will not charm my tongue; I am bound to speak:

My mistress here lies murder'd in her bed,-All. O heavens forfend!

Emil. And your reports have set the murder findeed.

Oth. Nay, stare not, masters: it is true, Gra. 'Tis a strange truth. Mon. O monstrous act!

Emil. Villany, villany, villany! think upon't,-I think,-I smell't;-O [grief:villany!-

I thought so then:-I'll kill myself for O villany, villany!

Iago. What, are you mad? I charge you,

get you home. [speak: Emil. Good gentlemen, let me have leave to

'Tis proper I obey him, but not now.— Perchance, Iago, I will ne'er go home. Oth. O! O! O! [Hanging over I

[Hanging over his wife. Emil. Nay, lay thee down and roar; For thou hast kill'd the sweetest innocent That e'er did lift up eye.

Oth. O, she was foul!-Rising.

I scarce did know you, uncle: there lies your niece,

Whose breath, indeed, these hands have newly stopp'd:

I know this act shows horrible and grim. Gra. Poor Desdemona! I am glad thy

father's dead: Thy match was mortal to him, and pure grief Shore his old thread in twain: did he live now. This sight would make him do a desperate turn, Yea, curse his better angel from his side,

And fall to reprobance. Oth. 'Tis pitiful; but yet Iago knows That she with Cassio hath the act of shame

A thousand times committed; Cassio confess'd And she did gratify his amorous works

With that recognizance and pledge of love Which I first gave her; I saw it in his hand: It was a handkerchief, an antique token My father gave my mother.

Emil. O heaven! O heavenly powers!

No, I will speak as liberal as the north:

All, all, cry shame against me, yet I'll speak.

Iago. Be wise, and get you home.

Emil. I will not.

[IAGO offers to stab his wife. Fie! Gra.

Your sword upon a woman?

Emil. O thou dull Moor! that handkerchief thou speak'st of

I found by fortune, and did give my husband; For often, with a solemn earnestness,-More than, indeed, belong'd to such a trifle,-

He begg'd of me to steal it. Villanous whore! Iago. Emil. She give it Cassio! no, alas, I found it

And I did give't my husband. Iago. Filth, thou liest! Emil. By heaven, I do not, I do not, gentle-

men.-

O murderous coxcomb! what should such a fool Do with so good a wife?

[IAGO stabs EMILIA, and then runs out. Oth. Are there no stones in heaven But what serve for the thunder?-Precious

villain! Gra. The woman falls; sure he hath kill'd his Emil. Ay, ay:—O, lay me by my mistress' side.

Gra. He's gone, but his wife's kill'd.

Mon. 'Tis a notorious villain. Take you this weapon,

Which I have here recover'd from the Moor: Come, guard the door without; let him not pass, But kill him rather. I'll after that same villain For 'tis a damned slave.

Exeunt Mon. and GRA. I am not valiant neither. But every puny whipster gets my sword:-But why should honour outlive honesty?

Let it go all.

Emil. What did thy song bode, lady? Hark, canst thou hear me? I will play the

swan, And die in music:-Willow, willow, willow.-

Moor, she was chaste; she lov'd thee, cruel " Moor;

So come my soul to bliss, as I speak true; So speaking as I think, I die,—I die.

Oth. I have another weapon in this chamber; It is a sword of Spain, the ice-brook's temper:-O, here it is.—Uncle, I must come forth.

Gra. [Within.] If thou attempt it, it will

cost thee dear:

Thou hast no weapon, and perforce must suffer. Oth. Look in upon me, then, and speak with

Or, naked as I am, I will assault thee.

Re-enter GRATIANO.

Gra. What is the matter? Behold, I have a weapon; Oth. A better never did itself sustain

Upon a soldier's thigh: I have seen the day That, with this little arm and this good sword, I have made my way through more impedi-

Iggo. Come, hold your peace.

Emil. 'Twill out, 'twill out:—I peace! Than twenty times your stop:—but, O vain boasti

Who can control his fate? 'tis not so now .--Be not afraid though you do see me weapon'd; Here is my journey's end, here is my butt, And very sea-mark of my utmost sail. Do you go back dismay'd? 'tis a lost fear; Man but a rush against Othello's breast, And he retires: -where should Othello go?-Now, how dost thou look now? O ill-starr'd (compt, wench!

Pale as thy smock! when we shall meet at This look of thine will hurl my soul from heaven And fiends will snatch at it. Cold, cold, my girl!

Even like thy chastity.-

O cursed, cursed slave!—Whip me, ye devils, From the possession of this heavenly sight! Blow me about in winds! roast me in sulphur! Wash me in steep-down gulfs of liquid fire!-O Desdemon! dead, Desdemon! dead! O!

Enter Lodovico, Montano, Cassio, carried in a chair, and Officers, with IAGO prisoner.

Lod. Where is this rash and most unfortun-

ate man? Oth. That's he that was Othello; -here I am. Lod. Where is that viper? bring the villain

forth. Oth. O look down towards his feet,-but

that's a fable .--If that thou be'st a devil, I cannot kill thee.

[Wounds IAGO. Lod. Wrench his sword from him.

I bleed, sir; but not kill'd. Iago. Oth. I am not sorry neither: I'd have thee live:

For, in my sense, 'tis happiness to die. Lod. O thou Othello, that wert once so good, Fall'n in the practice of a damned slave, What shall be said to thee?

Why, anything: Oth. An honourable murderer, if you will; For naught I did in hate, but all in honour. Lod. This wretch hath part confess'd his

villany: Did you and he consent in Cassio's death?

Oth. Ay. Cas. Dear general, I never gave you cause. Oth. I do believe it, and I ask your pardon. Will you, I pray, demand that demi-devil

Why he hath thus ensnar'd my soul and body? lago. Demand me nothing: what you know,

you know: From this time forth I never will speak word.

Lod. What, not to pray? Torments will ope your lips. Oth. Well, thou dost best. fall'n.

Lod. Sir, you shall understand what hath be-Which, as I think, you know not. Here is a letter

Found in the pocket of the slain Roderigo: And here another: the one of them imports The death of Cassio to be undertook By Roderigo.

Oth. O villain!

Most heathenish and most gross! Lod. Now here's another discontented paper, Found in his pocket too; and this, it seems, Roderigo meant to have sent this damned villain:

But that, belike, Iago in the interim Came in and satisfied him.

Oth. O the pernicious caitiff!-How came you, Cassio, by that handkerchief That was my wife's?

I found it in my chamber: Cas. And he himself confess'd but even now That there he dropp'd it for a special purpose

Which wrought to his desire. O fool! fool! fool! Cas. There is besides in Roderigo's letter,-How he upbraids Iago that he made him

Brave me upon the watch; whereon it came That I was cast: and even but now he spake. After long seeming dead, - Iago hurt him. lago set him on.

Lod. You must forsake this room, and go with us:

Your power and your command is taken off. And Cassio rules in Cyprus. For this slave,-If there be any cunning cruelty That can torment him much and hold him long. It shall be his. You shall close prisoner rest Till that the nature of your fault be known To the Venetian state.—Come, bring away.

Oth. Soft you, a word or two before you go. I have done the state some service, and they

know't,-

No more of that .- I pray you, in your letters, When you shall these unlucky deeds relate. Speak of me as I am; nothing extenuate, Nor set down aught in malice: then must you

speak

Of one that lov'd not wisely, but too well; Of one not easily jealous, but, being wrought, Perplex'd in the extreme; of one whose hand, Like the base Judean, threw a pearl away Richer than all his tribe; of one whose subdu'd eves

Albeit unused to the melting mood, Drop tears as fast as the Arabian trees Their medicinal gum. Set you down this; And say, besides,—that in Aleppo once, Where a malignant and a turban'd Turk Beat a Venetian and traduc'd the state, I took by the throat the circumcised dog, And smote him-thus. Stabs himself.

Lod. O bloody period!

All that's spoke is marr'd. Gra. Oth. I kiss'd thee ere I kill'd thee: - no way but this, [Falling upon DESDEMONA.

Killing myself, to die upon a kiss. Cas. This did I fear, but thought he had no

weapon; For he was great of heart.

Lod. [To IAGO.] O Spartan dog, More fell than anguish, hunger, or the seal Look on the tragic loading of this bed; This is thy work:-the object poisons sight; Let it be hid .- Gratiano, keep the house, And seize upon the fortunes of the Moor. For they succeed on you.-To you, lord governor,

Remains the censure of this hellish villain: The time, the place, the torture, -O, enforce

Myself will straight aboard; and to the state This heavy act with heavy heart relate.

[Exeunt.

VENUS AND ADONIS

'Vilia miretur vulgus, mihi flavus Apollo Pocula Castalia plena ministret aqua.'--OVID.

TO THE

RIGHT HONOURABLE HENRY WRIOTHESLY, EARL OF SOUTHAMPTON, AND BARON OF TITCHFIELD.

RIGHT HONOURABLE.

I KNOW not how I shall offend in dedicating my unpolished lines to your lordship, nor how the I know now I shall oriend in dedicating my unpoissed lines to your consint, nor now the world will censure me for choosing so strong a prop to support so weak a burthen: only if your honour seem but pleased, I account myself highly praised, and vow to take advantage of all idle hours till I have honoured you with some graver labour. But if the first heir of my invention prove deformed, I shall be sorry it had so noble a godfather, and never after ear so barren a land, for fear it yield me still so bad a harvest. I leave it to your honourable survey, and your honour to your heart's content; which I wish may always answer your own wish, and the world's hopeful expectation.

Your Honour's in all duty, WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

EVEN as the sun with purple-colour'd face Had ta'en his last leave of the weeping morn. Rose-cheek'd Adons hied him to the chase; Hunting he lov'd, but love he laugh'd to scorn; Sick-thoughted Venus makes amain unto him, And like a bold-fac'd suitor 'gins to woo him.

'Thrice fairer than myself,' thus she began, 'The field's chief flower, sweet above compare, Stain to all nymphs, more lovely than a man, More white and red than doves or roses are; Nature that made thee, with herself at strife, Saith that the world hath ending with thy life.

'Vouchsafe, thou wonder, to alight thy steed, And rein his proud head to the saddle-bow; If thou wilt deign this favour, for thy meed

A thousand honey-secrets shalt thou know: Here come and sit, where never serpent hisses, And being set I'll smother thee with kisses;

'And yet not cloy thy lips with loath'd satiety, But rather famish them amid their plenty, Making them red and pale with fresh variety, Ten kisses short as one, one long as twenty: A summer's day will seem an hour but short, Being wasted in such time-beguiling sport.'

With this she seizeth on his sweating palm, The precedent of pith and livelihood And, trembling in her passion, calls it balm, Earth's sovereign salve to do a goddess good: Being so enrag'd, desire doth lend her force, Courageously to pluck him from his horse.

Over one arm the lusty courser's rein, Under her other was the tender boy, Who blush'd and pouted in a full disdain, With leaden appente, unapt to toy; She red and hot as coals of glowing fire, He red for shame, but frosty in desire.

The studded bridle on a ragged bough Nimbly she fastens; (O how quick is love!) The steed is stalled up, and even now To tie the rider she begins to prove: Backward she push'd him. as she would be

Backward she push'd him, as she would be thrust,

And govern'd him in strength, though not in lust.

So soon was she along, as he was down, Each leaning on their elbows and their hips: Now doth she stroke his cheek, now doth he frown,

And 'gins to chide, but soon she stops his lips;

And kissing speaks, with lustful language broken,

'If thou wilt chide, thy lips shall never open.'

He burns with bashful shame; she with her tears Doth quench the maiden burning of his cheeks: Then with her windy sighs, and golden hairs, To fan and blow them dry again she seeks:

He saith she is immodest, blames her 'miss; What follows more she murders with a kiss.

Even as an empty eagle, sharp by fast, Tires with her beak on feathers, flesh, and bone Shaking her wings, devouring all in haste, Till either gorge be stuff'd, or prey be gone;

Even so she kiss'd his brow, his cheek, his chin, And where she ends she doth anew begin.

Forc'd to content, but never to obey, Panting he lies, and breatheth in her face; She feedeth on the steam, as on a prey, And calls it heavenly moisture, air of grace,

Wishing her cheeks were gardens full of flowers, [showers. So they were dew'd with such distilling

Look how a bird lies tangled in a net, So fastened in her arms Adoms lies; Pure shame and aw'd resistance made him fret, Which bred more beauty in his angry eyes; Rain added to a river that is rank, Perforce will force it overflow the bank.

Still she entreats, and prettily entreats,
For to a pretty ear she tunes her tale;
Still is he sullen, still he low'rs and frets,
'Twixt crimson shame, and anger ashy pale;
Beingred, she loves him best, and being white,
Her best is better'd with a more delight.

Look how he can, she cannot choose but love; And by her far immortal hand she swears From his soft bosom never to remove, Till he take truce with her contending tears. Which long have rain'd, making her cheeks

all wet; [debt.
And one sweet kiss shall pay this countless

Upon this promise did he raise his chin, Like a dive-dapper peering through a wave, Who, being look'd on, ducks as quickly in; So offers he to give what she did crave;

But when her hips were ready for his pay, He winks, and turns his hips another way.

Never did passenger in summer's heat [turn: More thirst for drink, than she for this good Her help she sees, but help she cannot get; She bathes in water, yet her fire must burn:

She bathes in water, yet her fire must burn:
'O, pity,' 'gan she cry, 'fiint-hearted boy!
'Tis but a kiss I beg; why art thou coy?

'I have been woo'd, as I entreat thee now, Even by the stern and direful god of war, Whose sinewy neck in battle ne'er did bow, Who conquers where he comes, in every jar;

Yet hath he been my captive and my slave, And begg'd for that which thou unask'd shalt have.

'Over my altars hath he hung his lance, His batter'd shield, his uncontrolled crest, And for my sake hath learn'd to sport and dance, To toy, to wanton, dally, smile, and jest; Scorning his churlish drum and ensign red, Making my arms his field, his tent my bed.

'Thus he that overrul'd I oversway'd, Leading him prisoner in a red-rose chain: Strong-temper'd steel his stronger strength obey'd,

Yet was he servile to my coy disdain.

O, be not proud, nor brag not of thy might
For mastering her that foil'd the god of fight!

'Touch but my lips with those fair lips of thine, (Though mine be not so fair, yet are they red.)
The kiss shall be thine own as well as mine:
What seest thou in the ground? hold up thy head.

Look in mine eyeballs, there thy beauty hes: Then why not hps on hips, since eyes in eyes?

'Art thou asham'd to kiss? then wink again, And I will wink, so shall the day seem night: Love keeps his revels where there are but twain; Be bold to play, our sport is not in sight.

These blue-vein'd violets whereon we lean Never can blab, nor know not what we mean.

'The tender spring upon thy tempting lip Shows thee unripe; yet mayst thou well be tasted;

Make use of time, let not advantage slip; Beauty within itself should not be wasted: Fairflowers that are not gather'd in their prime Bot and consume themselves in little time

Rot and consume themselves in little time.

'Were I hard-favour'd, foul, or wrinkled-old,
Ill-nurtur'd, crooked, churlish, harsh in voice,

O'er-worn, despised, rheumatic, and cold, Thick-sighted, barren, lean, and lacking juice, Then mightst thou pause, for then I were not for thee;

But having no defects, why dost abhor me?

'Thou canst not see one wrinkle in my brow; Mine eyes are grey, and bright, and quick in turning; My beauty as the spring doth yearly grow,
My flesh is soft and plump, my marrow burning;
My smooth moist hand, were it with thy hand
felt.

Would in thy palm dissolve, or seem to melt.

'Bid me discourse, I will enchant thine ear, Or, like a fairy, trip upon the green, Or, like a nymph, with long dishevell'd hair, Dance on the sands, and yet no footing seen: Love is a spirit all compact of fire,

Not gross to sink, but light, and will aspire.

'Witness this primrose bank whereon I lie! These forceless flowers like sturdy trees support me;

Two strengthless doves will draw me through the sky,

From morn to night, even where I list to sport

Is love so light, sweet boy, and may it be That thou shouldst think it heavy unto thee?

'Is thine own heart to thine own face affected? Can thy right hand seize love upon thy left? Then woo thyself, be of thyself rejected, Steal thine own freedom, and complain on theft.

Narcissus so himself himself forsook, And died to kiss'his shadow in the brook.

'Torches are made to light, jewels to wear, Daintnes to taste, fresh beauty for the use, Herbs for their smell, and sappy plants to bear; Things growing to themselves are growth's abuse:

Seeds spring from seeds, and beauty breedeth beauty,

Thou wast begot,—to get it is thy duty.

'Upon the earth's increase why shouldst thou feed,

Unless the earth with thy increase be fed? By law of Nature thou art bound to breed, That thine may live, when thou thyself art dead; And so in spite of death thou dost survive, In that thy likeness still is left alive.

By this the love-sick queen began to sweat, For, where they lay, the shadow had forsook them,

And Titan, 'tired in the mid-day heat,
With burning eye did hotly overlook them;
Wishing Adonis had his team to guide,
So he were like him, and by Venus' side.

And now Adonis, with a lazy spright, And with a heavy, dark, disliking oye, His lowering brows o'erwhelming his fair sight, Like misty vapours when they blot the sky, Souring his cheeks, cries, 'Fie, no more of

The sun doth burn my face; I must remove.'

'Ah me,' quoth Venus, 'young, and so unkind! What bare excuses mak'st thou to begone! I'll sigh celestial breath, whose gentle wind Shall cool the heat of this descending sun; I'll make a shadow for thee of my hairs;

If they burn too, I'll quench them with my

tears.

'The sun that shines from heaven shines but warm,

And lo. I lie between that sun and thee: The heat I have from hence doth little harm, Thine eye darts forth the fire that burneth me: And were I not immortal, life were done, Between this heavenly, and earthly sun.

'Art thou obdurate, flinty, hard as steel, Nay, more than flint, for stone at rain relenteth? Art thou a woman's son, and canst not feel What 'its to love? how want of love tormenteth? O had thy mother borne so hard a mind,

She had not brought forth thee, but died unkind.

'What am I, that thou shouldst contemn me this? Or what great danger dwells upon my suit? What were thy lips the worse for one poor kiss; Speak, fair; but speak fair words, or else be mute: Give me one kiss, I'll give it thee again, And one for interest, if thou wilt have twain.

'Rie, lifeless picture, cold and senseless stone, Well-painted idol, image dull and dead, Statue contenting but the eye alone, Thing like a man, but of no woman bred;

Thou art no man, though of a man's complexion,

For men will kiss even by their own direction.'

This said, impatience chokes her pleading tongue,

And swelling passion doth provoke a pause; Red cheeks and fiery eyes blaze forth her wrong; Being judge in love, she cannot right her cause: And now she weeps, and now she fain would sneak.

And now her sobs do her intendments break.

Sometimes she shakes her head, and then his hand,

Now gazeth she on him, now on the ground; Sometimes her arms unfold him lake a band; She would, he will not in her arms be bound; And when from thence he struggles to be gone, She locks her lily fingers one in one.

'Fondling,' she saith, 'since I have hemm'd thee here,

Within the circuit of this ivory pale, I'll be a park, and thou shalt be my deer; Feed where thou wilt, on mountain or in dale: Graze on my lips; and if those hills be dry, Stray lower, where the pleasant fountains lie.

'Within this limit is relief enough,
Sweet bottom-grass, and high delightful plain,
Round rising hillocks, brakes obscure and rough,
To shelter thee from tempest and from rain;
Then be my deer, since I am such a park;
No dog shall rouse thee, tho' a thousand bark.

At this Adonis smiles as in disdain, That in each cheek appears a pretty dimple: Love made those hollows, if himself were slain, He might be buried in a tomb so simple;

Foreknowing well if there he came to lie, Why there Love liv'd an there he could not

die.

These levely caves, these round enchanting Thin mane, thick tail, broad buttock, tender

Open'd their mouths to swallow Venus' liking: Being mad before, how doth she now for wits? Struck dead at first, what needs a second striking?

Poor queen of love, in thine own law forlorn, To love a cheek that smiles at thee in scorn!

Now which way shall she turn? what shall she say?

Her words are done, her woes the more increas-

The time is spent, her object will away, And from her twining arms doth urge releasing: 'Pity'--she cries,--'some favour--some remorse-

Away he springs, and hasteth to his house.

But lo, from forth a copse that neighbours by, A breeding jennet, lusty, young, and proud, Adonis' trampling courser doth espy,

And forth she rushes, snorts, and neighs aloud. The strong-neck'd steed, being ned unto a

Breaketh his rein, and to her straight goes he.

Imperiously he leaps, he neighs, he bounds, And now his woven girth he breaks asunder; The bearing earth with his hard hoof he wounds, Whose hollow womb resounds like heaven's thunder.

The iron bit he crushes 'tween his teeth, Controlling what he was controlled with.

His ears up-prick'd, his braided hanging mane Upon his compass'd crest now stand on end; His nostrils drink the air, and forth again, As from a furnace, vapours doth he send

His eye, which scornfully glisters like fire, Shows his hot courage and his high desire.

Sometimes he trots, as if he told the steps, With gentle majesty, and modest pride; Anon he rears upright, curvets, and leaps, As who should say, lo! thus my strength is tried,

And this I do to captivate the eye Of the fair breeder that is standing by.

What recketh he his rider's angry stir, His flattering 'holla,' or his 'Stand, I say'? What cares he now for curb, or pricking spur? For rich caparisons, or trapping gay?

He sees his love, and nothing else he sees, Nor nothing else with his proud sight agrees.

Look, when a painter would surpass the life, In himning out a well-proportion'd steed, His art with nature's workmanship at strife, As if the dead the living should exceed; So did this horse excel a common one, In shape, in courage, colour, pace, and bone.

Round-hoof'd, short-jointed, fetlocks shag and

wide, Broad breast, full eye, small head, and nostril High crest, short ears, straight legs, and passing strong.

hide:

Look what a horse should have, he did not lack,

Save a proud rider on so proud a back.

Sometime ne scuds far off, and there he stares: Anon he starts at stirring of a feather; To bid the wind a base he now prepares. And whe'r he run or fly, they knew not whether:

For thre' his mane and tail the high wind sings, Fanning the hairs, who wave like featner'd

wings.

He looks upon his love and neighs unto her; She answers him as if she knew his mind: Being proud, as females are, to see him woo her. She puts on outward strangeness, seem unkind: Spurns at his love, and scorns the heat he feels. Beating his kind embracements with her heels.

Then, like a melancholy malecontent. He vails his tail, that, like a falling plume, Cool-shadow to his melting buttock lent; He stamps, and bites the poor flies in his fume: His love, perceiving how he is enrag'd, Grew kinder, and his fury was assuag'd.

His testy master goeth about to take him; When lo, the unback'd breeder, full of fear, Jealous of catching, swiftly doth forsake him, With her the horse, and left Adonis there: As they were mad unto the wood they hie them. Out-stripping crows that strive to over-flythem,

All swoln with chasing, down Adonis sits, Banning his boisterous and unruly beast; And now the happy season once more fits, That love-sick Love by pleading may be blest; For lovers say the heart hath treble wrong, When it is barr'd the aidance of the tongue.

An oven that is stopp'd, or river stay'd, Burneth more hotly, swelleth with more rage: So of concealed sorrow may be said; Free vent of words love's fire doth assuage; But when the heart's attorney once is mute, The client breaks, as desperate in his suit.

He sees her coming, and begins to glow, Even as a dying coal revives with wind, And with his bonnet hides his angry brow; Looks on the dull earth with disturbed mind, Taking no notice that she is so nigh, For all askaunce he holds her in his eye.

O what a sight it was, wistly to view How she came stealing to the wayward boy! To note the fighting conflict of her hue! How white and red each other did destroy! But now her cheek was pale, and by and by It flash'd forth fire, as lightning from the sky.

Now was she just before him as he sat, And like a lowly lover down she kneels; With one fair hand she heaveth up his hat, Her other tender hand his fair cheek feels: His tenderer cheek receives her soft hand's print

As apt as new-fallen snow takes any dint.

O what a war of looks was then between them! 'I know not love,' quoth he, 'nor will not know Her eyes, petitioners, to his eyes suing: His eyes saw her eyes as they had not seen them; Her eyes woo'd still, his eyes disdain'd the wooing:

And all this dumb play had his acts made plain With tears, which, chorus-like, her eyes did

Full gently now she takes him by the hand, A hly prison'd in a gaol of snow, Or ivory in an alabaster band; So white a friend engirts so white a foe:

This beauteous combat, wilful and unwilling, Show'd like two silver doves that sit a-billing.

Once more the engine of her thoughts began: O fairest mover on this mortal round, Would thou wert as I am, and I a man, My heart all whole as thine, thy heart my wound; For one sweet look thy help I would assure

thee. Though nothing but my body's bane would

cure thee.'

feel it?' 'Give me my heart,' saith she, 'and thou shalt O would thou hadst not, or I had no hearing! have it;

O give it me lest thy hard heart do steel it, And being steel'd, soft sighs can never grave it; Then love's deep groans I never shall regard, Because Adonis' heart hath made mine hard.'

'For shame,' he cries, 'let go, and let me go; My day's delight is past, my horse is gone, And 't is your fault I am bereft him so; I pray you hence, and leave me here alone:

For all my mind, my thought, my busy care, Is how to get my palfrey from the mare.'

Thus she replies: 'Thy palfrey, as he should, Welcomes the warm approach of sweet desire. Affection is a coal that must be cool'd; Else, suffer'd, it will set the heart on fire:

The sea hath bounds, but deep desire hath none,

Therefore no marvel though thy horse be gone.

How like a jade he stood, tied to the tree, Servilely master'd with a leathern rein! But when he saw his love, his youth's fair fee, He held such petty bondage in disdain;

Throwing the base thong from his bending crest. Enfranchising his mouth, his back, his breast.

'Who sees his true love in her naked bed, Teaching the sheets a whiter hue than white, But, when his glutton eye so full hath fed, His other agents aim at like delight?

Who is so faint that dare not be so bold To touch the fire, the weather being cold?

'Let me excuse thy courser, gentle boy; And learn of him, I heartily beseech thee. To take advantage on presented joy; [thee. Though I were dumb, yet his proceedings teach O learn to love; the lesson is but plain, And, once made perfect, never lost again.

Unless it be a boar, and then I chase it: 'Tis much to borrow, and I will not owe it; My love to love is love but to disgrace it; For I have heard it is a life in death.

That laughs, and weeps, and all but with a breath.

'Who wears a garment shapeless and unfinish'd? Who plucks the bud before one leaf put forth? If springing things be any jot diminish'd,

They wither in their prime, prove nothing worth: The cold that's back'd and burthen'd being

young Loseth his pride, and never waxeth strong.

'You hurt my hand with wringing, let us part, And leave this idle theme, this bootless chat Remove your siege from my unyielding heart, To love's alarm it will not ope the gate.

Dismiss your vows, your feigned tears, your flattery,

For where a heart is hard, they make no battery.'

'Give me my hand,' saith he, 'why dost thou 'What! canst thou talk,' quoth she, 'hast thou a tongue?

Thy mermaid's voice hath done me double wrong

I had my load before, now press'd with bearing Melodious discord, heavenly tune harsh sounding, [wounding.

Ear's deep-sweet music and heart's deep-sore

'Had I no eyes, but ears, my ears would love That inward beauty and invisible: Or, were I deaf, thy outward parts would move

Each part in me that were but sensible: Though neither eyes nor ears, to hear nor see, Yet should I be in love, by touching thee.

'Say that the sense of feeling were bereft me, And that I could not see, nor hear, nor touch, And nothing but the very smell were left me, Yet would my love to thee be still as much;

For from the still'tory of thy face excelling Comes breath perfum'd, that breedeth love by smelling.

'But O, what banquet wert thou to the taste, Being nurse and feeder of the other four! Would they not wish the feast might ever last, And bid Suspicion double-lock the door? Lest Jealousy, that sour unwelcome guest,

Should, by his stealing in, disturb the feast'

Once more the ruby-colour'd portal open'd, Which to his speech did honey passage yield; Like a red morn, that ever yet betoken'd Wreck to the seaman, tempest to the field, Sorrow to shepherds, woe unto the birds, Gusts and foul flaws to herdmen and to herds.

This ill presage advisedly she marketh: Even as the wind is hush'd before it raineth, Or as the wolf doth grin before it barketh, Or as the berry breaks before it staineth. or like the deadly bullet of a gun,

His meaning struck her ere his words begun.

And at his look she fiatly falleth down,
For looks kill love, and love by looks reviveth:
A smile recures the wounding of a frown,
But blessed bankrupt, that by love so thriveth!
The silly boy, beheving she is dead, [red;
Claps her pale cheek, till clapping makes it

And all-amaz'd brake off his late intent, For sharply he did think to reprehend her, Which cunning love did withly prevent: Fair fall the wit that can so well defend her! For on the grass she lies as she were slain, Till his breath breatheth life in her again.

He wrings her nose, he strikes her on the cheeks, He bends her fingers, holds her pulses hard, He chafes her lips, a thousand ways he seeks To mend the hurt that his unkindness marr'd, He kisses her, and she, by her good will, Will never rise so he will kiss her still.

The night of sorrow now is turn'd to day:
Her two blue windows faintly she upheaveth,
Like the fair sun, when in his fresh array
He cheers the morn, and all the world relieveth:
And as the bright sun glorifies the sky,
So is her face illumin'd with her eye:

Whose beams upon his harless face are fix'd, As if from thence they borrow'd all their shine. Were never four such lamps together mix'd, Had not his clouded with his brows' repine; But hers, which thro' the crystal tears gave light,

Shone like the moon in water seen by night.

'O, where am I?' quoth she, 'in earth or heaven.

Or in the ocean drench'd, or in the fire?
What hour is this? or morn, or weary even?
Do I delight to die, or life desire?
But now I liv'd, and life was death's annoy;

But now I died, and death was lively joy.

40 thou didst kill me;—kill me once again: Thy eyes' shrewd tutor, that hard heart of thine, Hath taught them scornful tricks, and such disdain [mine;

That they have murder'd this poor heart of And these mine eyes, true leaders to their queen.

But for thy piteous lips no more had seen.

'Long may they kiss each other, for this cure! O never let their crimson liveries wear! And as they last, their verdure still endure, To drive infection from the dangerous year! That the star-gazers, having writ on death, May say the plague is banished by thy breath.

'Pure lips, sweet seals in my soft lip imprinted, What bargains may I make, still to be sealing? To sell myself I can be well contented, So thou wilt buy, and pay, and use good deal-

Which purchase if thou make, for fear of slips, Set thy seal-manual on my wax-red lips.

'A thousand kisses buys my heart from me; And pay them at thy lessure, one by one. What is ten hundred touches unto thee? Are they not quickly told, and quickly gone? Say, for non-payment that the debt should double,

Is twenty hundred kisses such a trouble?"

'Fair queen,' quoth he, 'if any love you owe me.

Measure my strangeness with my unripe years, Before I know myself seek not to know me; No fisher but the ungrown fry forbears:

The mellow plum doth fall, the green sticks fast,

Or being early pluck'd is sour to taste.

'Look, the world's comforter, with weary gait, His day's hot task hath ended in the west: The owl, night's herald, shrieks,—'tis very late, The sheep are gone to fold, birds to their nest; And coal-black clouds that shadow heaven's

Do summon us to part, and bid good night.

'Now let me say "good night," and so say you;
If you will say so, you shall have a kiss.'
'Good night,' quoth she, and, ere he says
'adieu.'

'adjeu,'
The honey fee of parting tender'd is:
Her arms do lend his neck a sweet embrace;
Incorporate then they seem, face grows to face.

Till, breathless, he disjoin'd, and backward drew

The heavenly moisture, that sweet coral mouth, Whose precious taste her thirsty lips well knew, Whereon they surfeit, yet complain on drouth: He with her plenty press'd, she faint with dearth,

(Their lips together glued,) fall to the earth.

Now quick Desire hath caught the yielding prey, And glutton-like she feeds, yet never filleth; Her lips are conquerors, his lips obey, Paying what ransom the insulter willeth;

Whose vulture thought doth pitch the price so high.

That she will draw his lips' rich treasure dry.

And having felt the sweetness of the spoil,
With blindfold fury she begins to forage;
Her face doth reek and smoke, her blood doth
boil.

And careless lust stirs up a desperate courage; Planting oblivion, beating reason back, Forgetting shame's pure blush, and honour's wrack.

Hot, faint, and weary, with her hard embracing, Like a wild bird being tam'd with too much handling,

Or as the fleet-foot roe that's tir'd with chasing, Or like the froward infant still'd with dandling, He now obeys, and now no more resisteth, While she takes all she can, not all she listeth.

What wax so frozen but dissolves with tempering,

And yields at last to every light impression? Things out of hope are compass'd oft with venturing, Chieflyinlove, whose leave exceeds commission: His eyes like glowworms shine when he doth Affection faints not like a pale-fac'd coward, But then wooes best when most his choice is froward.

When he did frown, O, had she then gave over, Such nectar from his lips she had not suck'd. Foul words and frowns must not repel a lover: What though the rose have prickles, yet 'tis pluck'd:

Were beauty under twenty locks kept fast, Yet love breaks through, and picks them all at last.

For pity now she can no more detain him; The poor fool prays her that he may depart: She is resolv'd no longer to restrain him; Bids him farewell, and look well to her heart, The which, by Cupid's bow she doth protest. He carries thence incaged in his breast.

'Sweet boy,' she says, 'this night I'll waste in

For my sick heart commands mine eyes to watch. Tell me, love's master, shall we meet to-morrow? Say, shall we? shall we? wilt thou make the match?

He tells her, no; to-morrow he intends To hunt the boar with certain of his friends.

'The boar!' quoth she, whereat a sudden pale, Like lawn being spread upon the blushing rose, Usurps her cheeks; she trembles at his tale, And on his neck her yoking arms she throws:

She sinketh down, still hanging by his neck, He on her belly falls, she on her back.

Now is she in the very lists of love, Her champion mounted for the hot encounter: All is imaginary she doth prove, He will not manage her, although he mount her;

That worse than Tantalus' is her annoy, To clip Elysium, and to lack her joy.

Even as poor birds, deceiv'd with painted grapes, Do surfeit by the eye, and pine the maw, Even so she languisheth in her mishaps, As those poor birds that helpless berries saw: The warm effects which she in him finds

missing She seeks to kindle with continual kissing.

But all in vain; good queen, it will not be: She hath assay'd as much as may be prov'd; Her pleading hath deserv'd a greater fee; She's Love, she loves, and yet she is not lov'd.

'Fie, fie,' he says, 'you crush me; let me go; You have no reason to withhold me so.

'Thou hadst been gone,' quoth she, 'sweet boy, boar. ere this.

But that thou told'st me thou wouldst hunt the O be advis'd! thou know'st not what it is With javelin's point a churlish swine to gore Whose tushes never sheath'd he whetteth still, Like to a mortal butcher, bent to kill.

On his bow-back he hath a battle set Of bristly pikes, that ever threat his foes; fret:

His snout digs sepulchres where'er he goes; Being mov'd, he strikes whate'er is in his way. And whom he strikes his cruel tushes slay.

'His brawny sides, with hairy bristles arm'd, Are better proof than thy spear's point can enter:

His short thick neck cannot be easily harm'd; Being ireful on the lion he will venture: The thorny brambles and embracing bushes,

As fearful of him, part; through whom he

'Alas, he nought esteems that face of thine, To which Love's eyes pay tributary gazes; Nor thy soft hands, sweet lips, and crystal eyne, Whose full perfection all the world amazes; But having thee at vantage, (wondrous dread!) Would root these beauties as he roots the

mead.

'O, let him keep his loathsome cabin still! Beauty hath nought to do with such foul fiends: Come not within his danger by thy will: They that thrive well take counsel of their friends.

When thou didst name the boar, not to dissemble. ble. I fear'd thy fortune, and my joints did trem-

'Didst thou not mark my face? Was it not white?

Saw'st thou not signs of fear lurk in mine eye? Grew I not faint? And fell I not downright? Within my bosom, whereon thou dost lie,

My boding heart pants, beats, and takes no rest

But, like an earthquake, shakes thee on my breast.

'For where Love reigns, disturbing Jealousy Doth call himself Affection's sentinel; Gives false alarms, suggesteth mutiny, And in a peaceful hour doth cry, "kill, kill;" Distempering gentle Love in his desire, As air and water do abate the fire.

'This sour informer, this bate-breeding spy, This canker that eats up love's tender spring, This carry-tale, dissentious Jealousy, That sometime true news, sometime false doth bring,

Knocks at my heart, and whispers in mine ear, That if I love thee I thy death should fear:

'And, more than so, presenteth to mine eye The picture of an angry-chafing boar, Under whose sharp fangs on his back doth lie

An image like thyself, all stain'd with gore; Whose blood upon the fresh flowers being

Doth make them droop with grief, and hang the head.

'What should I do, seeing thee so indeed, That tremble at the imagination? The thought of it doth make my faint heart bleed,

And fear doth teach it divination:

VENUS AND ADONIS

I prophesy thy death, my living sorrow, If thou encounter with the boar to-morrow.

'But if thou needs will hunt, be rul'd by me; Uncouple at the timorous flying hare, Or at the fox, which lives by subtilty, Or at the roe, which no encounter dare: Pursue these fearful creatures o'er the downs

And on thy well-breath'd horse keep with

thy hounds.

'And when thou hast on foot the purblind hare, Mark the poor wretch, to overshoot his troubles, How he outruns the wind, and with what care He cranks and crosses, with a thousand doubles: The many musits through the which he goes Are like a labyrinth to amaze his foes.

'Sometime he runs among a flock of sheep, To make the cunning hounds mistake their smell.

And sometime where earth-delving conies keep, To stop the loud pursuers in their vell: And sometime sorteth with a herd of deer;

Danger deviseth shifts; wit waits on fear:

'For there his smell with others being mingled, The hot scent-snuffing hounds are driven to doubt,

Ceasing their clamorous cry till they have singled With much ado the cold fault cleanly out; Then do they spend their mouths: Echo

rephes, As if another chase were in the skies.

'By this, poor Wat, far off upon a hill, Stands on his hinder legs with listening ear, To hearken if his foes pursue him still; Anon their loud alarums he doth hear;

And now his grief may be compared well To one sore sick that hears the passing bell.

'Then shalt thou see the dew-bedabbled wretch Turn, and return, indenting with the way; Each envious briar his weary legs doth scratch, Each shadow makes him stop, each murmur stay: For misery is trodden on by many, And being low never rehev'd by any.

'Lie quietly, and hear a little more; Nay, do not struggle, for thou shalt not rise: To make thee hate the hunting of the boar, Unlike myself thou hear'st me moralize, Applying this to that, and so to so:

For love can comment upon every woe.

'Where did I leave?'-'No matter where,' quoth he;

'Leave me, and then the story aptly ends: The night is spent.'—'Why, what of that?' quoth she.

'I am,' quoth he, 'expected of my friends; And now 'tis dark, and going I shall fall.' 'In night,' quoth she, 'desire sees best of all.

But if thou fall, O then imagine this, The earth in love with thee thy footing trips, And all is but to rob thee of a kiss. [lips Rich preys make true men thieves: so do thy Make modest Dian cloudy and forlorn, Lest she should steal a kiss, and die forsworn.

'Now of this dark night I perceive the reason: Cynthia for shame obscures her silver shine. Till forging nature be condemn'd of treason. For stealing moulds from heaven that were divine, despite,

Wherein she fram'd thee in high heaven's To shame the sun by day, and her by night.

'And therefore hath she brib'd the Destinies. To cross the curious workmanship of nature, To mingle beauty with infirmities,

And pure perfection with impure defeature; Making it subject to the tyranny Of mad mischances and much misery;

'As burning fevers, agues pale and faint, Life-poisoning pestilence, and frenzies wood, The marrow-eating sickness, whose attaint Disorder breeds by heating of the blood:

Surfeits, imposthumes, grief, and damn'd despair,

Swear Nature's death for framing thee so fair.

'And not the least of all these maladies, But in one minute's fight brings beauty under: Both favour, savour, hue, and qualities, Whereat the impartial gazer late did wonder,

Are on the sudden wasted, thaw'd and done, As mountain-snow melts with the midday sun.

'Therefore despite of fruitless chastity, Love-lacking vestals, and self-loving nuns. That on the earth would breed a scarcity And barren dearth of daughters and of sons, Be produgal: the lamp that burns by night Dries up his oil to lend the world his light.

What is thy body but a swallowing grave Seeming to bury that posterity [have, Which by the rights of time thou needs must If thou destroy them not in dark obscurity? If so, the world will hold thee in disdain, Sith in thy pride so fair a hope is slain.

'So in thyself thyself art made away; A mischief worse than civil home-bred strife, Or theirs whose desperate hands themselves do slay

Or butcher-sire, that reaves his son of life. Foul cankering rust the hidden treasure frets. But gold that's put to use more gold begets.'

'Nay, then,' quoth Adon, 'you will fall again Into your idle over-handled theme; The kiss I gave you is bestow'd in vain, And all in vain you strive against the stream;

For by this black-fac'd night, desire's foul nurse.

Your treatise makes me like you worse and

'If love have lent you twenty thousand tongues, And every tongue more moving than your own, Bewitching like the wanton mermaid's songs, Yet from mine ear the tempting tune is blown; For know, my heart stands armed in mine ear, And will not let a false sound enter there;

'Lest the deceiving harmony should run Into the quiet closure of my breast; And then my little heart were quite undone,

VENUS AND ADONIS

In his bedchamber to be barr'd of rest.

No, lady, no; my heart longs not to groan,
But soundly sleeps, while now it sleeps alone.

What have you urg'd that I cannot reprove? The path is smooth that leadeth on to danger; I hate not love, but your device in love, That lends embracements unto every stranger.

You do it for increase; O strange excuse! When reason is the bawd to lust's abuse.

'Call it not love, for love to heaven is fied, Since sweating lust on earth usurp'd his name; Under whose simple semblance he hath fed Upon fresh beauty, blotting it with blame;

Joon fresh beauty, blotting it with blame; Which the hot tyrant stains, and soon bereaves, As caterpillars do the tender leaves.

'Love comforteth like sunshine after rain, But lust's effect is tempest after sun; Love's gentie spring doth always fresh remain, Lust's winter comes ere summer half be done. Love surfeits not; lust like a glutton dies: Love is all truth; lust full of forged lies.

'More I could tell, but more I dare not say; The text is old, the orator too green. Therefore, in sadness, now I will away; My face is full of shame, my heart of teen, Mine ears that to your wanton talk attended, Do burn themselves for having so offended.'

With this he breaketh from the sweet embrace Of those fair arms which bound him to her breast, [apace;

And homeward through the dark laund runs Leaves Love upon her back deeply distress'd. Look how a bright star shooteth from the sky, So glides he in the night from Venus' eye;

Which after him she darts, as one on shore Gazing upon a late-embarked friend, Till the wild waves will have him seen no more, Whose ridges with the meeting clouds contend; So did the merciless and pitchy night Fold in the object that did feed her sight.

Whereat amaz'd, as one that unaware
Hath dropp'd a precious jewel in the flood,
Or 'stonish'd as night-wanderers often are,
Their light blown out in some mistrustful wood;
Even so confounded in the dark she lay,
Having lost the fair discovery of her way.

And now she beats her heart, whereat it groans, That all the neighbour-caves, as seeming troubled,

Make verbal repetition of her moans; Passion on passion deeply is redoubled: [woe!' 'Ah me!' she cries, and twenty times, 'woe, And twenty echoes twenty times cry so.

She, marking them, begins a wailing note, And sings extemp'rally a woeful ditty; [dote; How love makes young men thrall, and old men How love is wise in folly, foolish-witty:

Her heavy anthem still concludes in woe,

Her heavy anthem still concludes in wee, And still the choir of echoes answer so. Her song was tedious, and outwore the night, For lovers' hours are long, though seeming short: If pleas'd themselves, others, they think, delight In such like curcumstance, with such like sport:

Their copious stories, oftentimes begun, End without audience, and are never done.

For who hath she to spend the night withal, But idle sounds resembling parasites, Like shrill-tongued tapsters answering every call.

Soothing the humour of fantastic wits? She says, 'tis so:' they answer all, 'tis so;' And would say after her, if she said 'no.'

Lo! here the gentle lark, weary of rest, From his moist cabinet mounts up on high, And wakes the morning, from whose silver breast

The sun ariseth in his majesty;
Who doth the world so gloriously behold,
The cedar-tops and hills seem burnish'd gold.

Venus salutes him with this fair good-morrow: 'O thou clear god, and patron of all light, From whom each lamp and shining star doth

borrow
The beauteous influence that makes him bright,
There lives a son, that suck'd an earthly
mother.

Maylend thee light, as thou dost lend to other.'

This said, she hasteth to a myrtle grove, Musing the morning is so much o'erworn, And yet she hears no tidings of her love: She hearkens for his hounds, and for his horn: Anon she hears them chant it lustily, And all in haste she coasteth to the cry.

And as she runs, the bushes in the way Some catch her by the neck, some kiss her face.

Some twine about her thigh to make her stay; She wildly breaketh from their strict embrace, Like a milch doe, whose swelling dugs do ache, Hasting to feed her fawn, hid in some brake.

By this she hears the hounds are at a bay, Whereat she starts, like one that spies an adder Wreath'd up in fatal folds, just in his way, The fear whereof doth make him shake and shudder:

Even so the timorous yelping of the hounds Appals her senses, and her spright confounds.

For now she knows it is no gentle chase, But the blunt boar, rough bear, or lion proud, Because the cry remaineth in one place, Where fearfully the dogs exclaim aloud:

Finding their enemy to be so curst, [first, They all strain court'sy who shall cope bim

This dismal cry rings sadly in her ear, Through which it enters to surprise her heart, Who, overcome by doubt and bloodless fear, With cold-pale weakness numbs each feeling part:

Like soldiers, when their captain once doth yield,

They basely fly, and dare not stay the field.

VENUS AND ADONIS

Thus stands she in a trembling ecstasy: Till, cheering up her senses sore-dismay'd. She tells them 'tis a causeless fantasy, And childish error that they are afraid:

Bids them leave quaking, bids them fear no more;— [boar; And with that word she spied the hunted

Whose frothy mouth, bepainted all with red, Like milk and blood being mingled both together, A second fear through all her sinews spread, Which madly hurries her she knows not whither:

This way she runs, and now she will no further, But back retires, to rate the boar for murther.

A thousand spleens bear her a thousand ways; She treads the path that she untreads again; Her more than haste is mated with delays, Like the proceedings of a drunken brain,

Full of respect, yet nought at all respecting, In hand with all things, nought at all effecting.

Here kennell'd in a brake she finds a hound. And asks the weary cartiff for his master; And, there another licking of his wound, 'Gainst venom'd sores the only sovereign plaster;

And here she meets another sadly scowling To whom she speaks, and he replies with howling.

When he hath ceas'd his ill-resounding noise, Another flap-mouth'd mourner, black and grim, Against the welkin volleys out his voice: Another and another answer him,

Clapping their proud tails to the ground below.

Shaking their scratch'd ears, bleeding as they

Look, how the world's poor people are amaz'd At apparitions, signs, and prodigies, Whereon with fearful eyes they long have gaz'd, Infusing them with dreadful prophecies:

So she at these sad signs draws up her breath, And, sighing it again, exclaims on Death.

'Hard-favour'd tyrant, ugly, meagre, lean, Hateful divorce of love,' (thus chides she Death,) 'Grim-grinning ghost, earth's worm, what dost thou mean

To stifle beauty, and to steal his breath, Who when he liv'd, his breath and beauty set Gloss on the rose, smell to the violet?

'If he be dead,-O no, it cannot be, Seeing his beauty, thou shouldst strike at it-O yes, it may; thou hast no eyes to see, But hatefully at random dost thou hit.

Thy mark is feeble age; but thy false dart Mistakes that aim, and cleaves an infant's

'Hadst thou but bid beware, then he had-spoke, And hearing him thy power had lost his power. The Destinies will curse thee for this stroke: They bid thee crop a weed, thou pluck'st a flower:

Love's golden arrow at him should have fled, And not Death's ebon dart, to strike him dead.

'Dost thou drink tears, that thou provok'st such weeping?

What may a heavy groan advantage thee? Why hast thou cast into eternal sleeping Those eyes that taught all other eyes to see? Now Nature cares not for thy mortal vigour, Since her best work is ruin'd with thy rigour.

Here overcome, as one full of despair, She vail'd her eyelids, who, like sluices, stopp'd The crystal tide that from her two cheeks fair In the sweet channel of her bosom dropp'd:

But through the floodgates breaks the silver TRIT

And with his strong course opens them again.

O how her eyes and tears did lend and borrow! Her eyes seen in the tears, tears in her eye; Both crystals, where they view'd each other's sorrow.

Sorrow, that friendly sighs sought still to dry; But like a stormy day, now wind, now rain, Sighs dry her cheeks, tears make them wet again.

Variable passions throng her constant woe, As striving who should best become her grief: All entertain'd, each passion labours so That every present sorrow seemeth chief

But none is best; then join they all together. Like many clouds consulting for foul weather.

By this, far off she hears some huntsmen hollo: A nurse's song ne'er pleas'd her babe so well: The dire imagination she did follow This sound of hope doth labour to expel; For now reviving joy bids her rejoice, And flatters her it is Adonis' voice.

Whereat her tears began to turn their tide. Being prison'd in her eye, like pearls in glass; Yet sometimes falls an orient drop beside. Which her cheek melts, as scorning it should

pass, To wash the foul face of the sluttish ground. Who is but drunken when she seemeth drown'd.

O hard-believing love, how strange it seems Not to believe, and yet too credulous! Thy weal and woe are both of them extremes, Despair and hope make thee ridiculous:

The one doth flatter thee in thoughts unlikely, In likely thoughts the other kills thee quickly.

Now she unweaves the web that she hath wrought:

Adonis lives, and Death is not to blame; It was not she that called him all-to naught: Now she adds honours to his hateful name:

She clepes him king of graves, and grave for kings,

Imperious supreme of all mortal things.

'No, no,' quoth she, 'sweet Death, I did but

Yet pardon me, I felt a kind of fear, When as I met the boar, that bloody beast, Which knows no pity, but is still severe;

Then, gentle shadow (truth I must confess), I rail'd on thee, fearing my love's decease.

"Tis not my fault: the boar provok'd my tongue;

Be wreak'd of him, invisible commander; 'Tis he, foul creature, that hath done thee wrong;

I did but act, he's author of thy slander: Grief hath two tongues, and never woman yet Could rule them both, without ten women's wit.'

Thus, hoping that Adonis is alive, Her rash suspect she doth extenuate: And that his beauty may the better thrive, With Death she humbly doth insinuate; [stories Tells him of trophies, statues, tombs; and His victories, his triumphs, and his glories.

'O Jove,' quoth she, 'how much a fool was I, To be of such a weak and silly mind, To wail his death who lives, and must not die, Till mutual overthrow of mortal kind! For he being dead, with him is beauty slain, And, beauty dead, black chaos comes again.

'Fie, fie, fond love, thou art so full of fear As one with treasure laden, hemm'd with thieves,

Trifles, unwitnessed with eye or ear, Thy coward heart with false bethinking grieves.' Even at this word she hears a merry horn, Whereat she leaps that was but late forlorn.

As falcon to the lure away she flies; The grass stoops not, she treads on it so light; And in her haste unfortunately spies The foul boar's conquest on her fair delight: Which seen, her eyes, as murder'd with the Like stars asham'd of day, themselves with-

Or, as the snail, whose tender horns being hit, Shrinks backward in his shelly cave with pain, And there, all smother'd up, in shade doth sit, Long after fearing to creep forth again; So, at his bloody view, her eyes are fied Into the deep dark cabins of her head;

Where they resign their office and their light To the disposing of her troubled brain; Who bids them still consort with ugly night And never wound the heart with looks again; Who, like a king perplexed in his throne, By their suggestion gives a deadly groan.

Whereat each tributary subject quakes: As when the wind, imprison'd in the ground, Struggling for passage, earth's foundation shakes. found, Which with cold terror doth men's minds con-The mutiny each part doth so surprise, That from their dark beds once more leap her eyes;

And, being open'd, threw unwilling light Upon the wide wound that the boar had trench'd

In his soft flank; whose wonted lily white With purple tears, that his wound wept, was drench'd:

No flower was nigh, no grass, herb, leaf, or weed. bleed.

But stole his blood, and seem'd with him to

This solemn sympathy poor Venus noteth; Over one shoulder doth she hang her head: Dumbly she passions, franticly she doteth; She thinks he could not die, he is not dead.

Her voice is stopp'd, her joints forget to bow; Hereyes are made that they have wept till now.

Upon his hurt she looks so steadfastly, That her sight dazzling makes the wound seem three;

And then she reprehends her mangling eye That makes more gashes where no breach should be:

His face seems twain, each several limb is doubled: troubled.

For oft the eve mistakes, the brain being

'My tongue cannot express my grief for one, And yet,' quoth she, 'behold two Adons dead! My sighs are blown away, my salt tears gone, Mine eyes are turn'd to fire, my heart to lead; Heavy heart's lead melt at mine eyes' red fire!

So shall I die by drops of hot desire.

'Alas, poor world, what treasure hast thou lost! What face remains alive that's worth the viewing? Whose tongue is music now? what canst thou

Of things long since, or anything ensuing? The flowers are sweet, their colours fresh and

trim; But true-sweet beauty hy'd and died with

him. 'Bonnet nor veil henceforth no creature wear!

Nor sun nor wind will ever strive to kiss you: Having no fair to lose, you need not fear; The sun doth scorn you, and the wind doth hiss you:

But when Adonis liv'd, sun and sharp air Lurk'd like two thieves to rob him of his fair;

'And therefore would he put his bonnet on, Under whose brim the gaudy sun would peep; The wind would blow it off, and, being gone, Play with his locks; then would Adoms weep:

And straight, in pity of his tender years, They both would strive who first should dry his tears.

'To see his face the lion walk'd along Behind some hedge, because he would not fear To recreate himself, when he hath sung, The tiger would be tame and gently hear him:

If he had spoke the wolf would leave his prey, And never fright the silly lamb that day.

When he beheld his shadow in the brook, The fishes spread on it their golden gills; When he was by, the birds such pleasure took That some would sing, some other in their bills Would bring him mulberries, and ripe-red

cherries; He fed them with his sight, they him with berries.

'But this foul, grim, and urchin-snouted boar, Whose downward eye still looketh for a grave, Ne'er saw the beauteous livery that he wore; Witness the entertainment that he gave;

If he did see his face, why then I know He thought to kiss him, and hath kill'd him so.

"Tis true, 'tis true; thus was Adonis slain; He ran upon the boar with his sharp spear, Who did not whet his teeth at him again, But by a kiss thought to persuade him there;

And nuzzling in his flank the loving swine Sheath'd, unaware, the tusk in his soft groin.

'Had I been tooth'd like him, I must confess, With kissing him I should have kill'd him first, But he is dead, and never did he bless My youth with his; the more am I accurst.'

With this she falleth in the place she stood, And stains her face with his congealed blood.

She looks upon his lips, and they are pale; She takes him by the hand, and that is cold, She whispers in his ears a heavy tale, As if they heard the woeful words she told:

She lifts the coffer-lids that close his eyes,
Where, lo! two lamps, burnt out, in darkness lies:

Two glasses where herself herself beheld A thousand times, and now no more reflect; Their virtue lost, wherein they late excell'd, And every beauty robb'd of his effect:

'Wonder of time,' quoth she, 'this is my spite, That you being dead the day should yet be light.

'Since thou art dead, lo' here I prophesy, Sorrow on love hereafter shall attend; It shall be waited on with jealousy, Find sweet beginning but unsavoury end;

Ne'er settled equally, but high or low; [woe. That all love's pleasure shall not match his

'It shall be fickle, false, and full of fraud; Bud and be blasted in a breathing while; The bottom poison, and the top o'erstraw'd With sweets that shall the truest sight beguile:

The strongest body shall it make most weak, Strike the wise dumb, and teach the fool to speak.

'It shall be sparing, and too full of riot, Teaching decrept age to tread the measures; The staring ruffian shall it keep in quiet, Pluck down the rich, enrich the poor with treasures:

It shall be raging mad, and silly mild, Make the young old, the old become a child. 'It shall suspect where is no cause of fear; It shall not fear where it should most mistrust; It shall be merciful, and too severe,

And most deceiving when it seems most just; Perverse it shall be where it shows most toward,

Put fear to valour, courage to the coward.

'It shall be cause of war and dire events, And set dissension 'twixt the son and sire; Subject and servile to all discontents, As dry combustious matter is to fire:

Sith in his prime death doth my love destroy, They that love best their love shall not enjoy.

By this, the boy that by her side lay kill'd Was melted like a vapour from her sight, And in his blood that on the ground lay spill'd, A purple flower sprung up, chequer'd with white, Resembling well his pale cheeks, and the blood

Which in round drops upon their whiteness stood.

She bows her head, the new-sprung flower to smell.

Comparing it to her Adonis' breath; And says, within her bosom it shall dwell, Since he himself is reft from her by death: She crops the stalk, and in the breach appears

She crops the stalk, and in the breach appears Green dropping sap, which she compares to tears.

'Poor flower,' quoth she, 'this was thy father's guise,

(Sweet issue of a more sweet-smelling sire,)
For every little gnef to wet his eyes:
To grow unto himself was his desire,

And so 'tis thine; but know, it is as good To wither in my breast as in his blood.

'Here was thy father's bed, here in my breast; Thou art the next of blood, and 'tis thy right: Lo! in this hollow cradle take thy rest, My throbbing heart shall rock thee day and

night:
There shall not be one minute in an hour
Wherein I will not kiss my sweet love's
flower.'

Thus weary of the world, away she hies, And yokes her silver doves; by whose swift and Their mistress, mounted, through the empty

Iner mistress, mounted, through the empty skies

In her light chariot quickly is convey'd,

Holding their course to Paphos, where their

queen Means to immure herself, and not be seen.

THE RAPE OF LUCRECE

TO THE

RIGHT HONOURABLE HENRY WRIOTHESLY, EARL OF SOUTHAMPTON. AND BARON OF TITCHFIELD.

THE love I dedicate to your Lordship is without end; whereof this pamphlet, without beginning, is but a superfluous moiety. The warrant I have of your honourable disposition, not the worth of my untutored lines, makes it assured of acceptance. What I have done is yours, what I have to do is yours; being part in all I have, devoted yours. Were my worth greater my duty would show greater: meantime, as it is, it is bound to your Lordship, to whom I wish long life, still lengthened with all happiness.

Your Lordship's in all duty,

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

THE ARGUMENT

LUCIUS TARQUINIUS (for his excessive pride surnamed Superbus), after he had caused his own father-in-law, Servius Tullius, to be cruelly murdered, and, contrary to the Roman laws and customs, not requiring or staying for the people's suffrages, had possessed himself of the kingdom, went, accompanied with his sons and other noblemen of Rome, to besiege Ardea. During which siege, the principal men of the army meeting one evening at the tent of Sextus Tarquinius, the king's son, in their discourses after supper, every one commended the virtues of his own wife; among whom, Collatinus extolled the incomparable chasty of his wife Lucretia. In that pleasant humour they all posted to Rome; and intending by their secret and sudden arrival to make trial of that which every one had before avouched, only Collatinus finds his wife (though it were late in the night) spinning amongst her maids: the other ladies were all found dancing and reveiling, or in several disports. Whereupon the noblemen yielded Collatinus the victory, and his wife the fame. At that time Sextus Tarquinius, being inflamed with Lucrece's beauty, yet smothering his passions for the present, departed with the rest back to the camp; from whence he shortly after privily withdrew misself, and was (according to his estate) royally entertained and lodged by Lucrece at Collatinu. The same night he treacherously steateth into her chamber, volently ravished her, and early in the morning speedeth away. Lucrece, in this lamentable plight, hastily despatcheth messengers, one to Rome for her father, another to the camp for Collatine. They came, the one accompanied with Junius Brutus, the other with Publius Valerius; and, finding Lucrece attired in mourning habit, demanded the cause of her sorrow. She, first taking an oath of them for her revenge, revealed the actor and whole manner of his dealing, and withal suddenly stabbed

herself. Which done, with one consent they all vowed to root out the whole hated family of the Tarquins; and, bearing the dead body to Rome, Brutus acquainted the people with the doer and manner of the vile deed, with a bitter invective against the tyranny of the king; wherewith the people were so moved, that with one consent and a general acclamation the Tarquins were all exiled, and the state government changed from kings to consuls.

From the besieged Ardea all in post, Borne by the trustless wings of false desire, Lust-breathed Tarquin leaves the Roman host,

And to Collatium bears the lightless fire Which, in pale embers hid, lurks to aspire, And girdle with embracing flames the waist Of Collatine's fair love, Lucrece the chaste.

Haply that name of chaste unhapp'ly set This bateless edge on his keen appetite; When Collatine unwisely did not let To praise the clear unmatched red and white Which triumph'd in that sky of his delight, Where mortal stars, as bright as heaven's

beauties, With pure aspects did him peculiar duties.

For he the night before, in Tarquin's tent, Unlock'd the treasure of his happy state, What priceless wealth the heavens had him lent In the possession of his beauteous mate; Reckoning his fortune at such high-proud rate,

That kings might be espoused to more fame, But king nor peer to such a peerless dame.

O happiness enjoy'd but of a few! And, if possessed, as soon decay'd and done As is the morning's silver-melting dew Against the golden splendour of the sun! An expir'd date, cancell'd ere well begun:

Honour and beauty, in the owner's arms, Are weakly fortress'd from a world of harms.

Beauty itself doth of itself persuade The eyes of men without an orator; What needeth then apologies be made To set forth that which is so singular? Or why is Collatine the publisher

Of that rich jewel he should keep unknown From thievish ears, because it is his own?

Perchance his boast of Lucrece' sovereignty Suggested this proud issue of a king; For by our ears our hearts oft tainted be: Perchance that envy of so rich a thing, Braving compare, disdainfully did sting His high-pitch'd thoughts, that meaner men

should vaunt,

That golden hap which their superiors want.

But some untimely thought did instigate His all-too-timeless speed, if none of those: His honour, his affairs, his friends, his state. Neglected all, with swift intent he goes To quench the coal which in his liver glows.

O rash false heat, wrapp'd in repentant cold, Thy hasty spring still blasts, and ne'er grows oldf

When at Collatium this false lord arriv'd. Well was he welcom'd by the Roman dame Within whose face beauty and virtue striv'd Which of them both should underprop her fame: When virtue bragg'd, beauty would blush for shame;

When beauty boasted blushes, in despite Virtue would stain that or with silver white.

But beauty, in that white intituled, From Venus' doves doth challenge that fair field: Then virtue claims from beauty beauty's red, Which virtue gave the golden age, to gild Their silver cheeks, and call'dit then their shield:

Teaching them thus to use it in the fight,-When shame assail'd, the red should fence the white.

This heraldry in Lucrece' face was seen. Argued by beauty's red, and virtue's white: Of either's colour was the other queen, Proving from world's minority their right: Yet their ambition makes them still to fight: The sovereignty of either being so great,

That oft they interchange each other's seat. .

This silent war of blies and of roses Which Tarquin view'd in her fair face's field, In their pure ranks his traitor eye encloses: Where, lest between them both it should be kıll'd.

The coward captive vanquished doth yield To those two armies that would let him go. Rather than triumph in so false a foe.

Now thinks he that her husband's shallow tongue (The niggard prodigal that prais'd her so) In that high task hath done her beauty wrong, Which far exceeds his barren skill to show: Therefore that praise which Collatine doth owe. Enchanted Tarquin answers with surmise. In silent wonder of still-gazing eyes.

This earthly saint, adored by this devil, Little suspecteth the false worshipper; For unstain'd thoughts do seldom dream on evil:

Birds never lim'd no secret bushes fear: So guiltless she securely gives good cheer And reverend welcome to her princely guest, Whose inward ill no outward harm express'd:

For that he colour'd with his high estate, Hiding base sin in plaits of majesty; That nothing in him seem'd inordinate, Save sometime too much wonder of his eye, Which, having all, all could not satisfy;

But, poorly rich, so wanteth in his store That cloy'd with much he pineth still for more.

But she, that never cop'd with stranger eyes, Could pick no meaning from their parling looks, Nor read the subtle-shining secrecies Writ in the glassy margents of such books; She touch'd no unknown baits, nor fear'd no hooks;

Nor could she moralize his wanton sight, More than his eyes were open'd to the light. He stories to her ears her husband's fame, Won in the fields of fruitful Italy; And decks with praises Collatine's high name, Made glorious by his manly chivalry, With bruised arms and wreaths of victory; Her joy with heav'd-up hand she doth express.

Her joy with heav'd-up hand she doth express, And, wordless, so greets heaven for his success.

Far from the purpose of his coming thither He makes excuses for his being there. No cloudy show of stormy blustering weather Doth yet in his fair welkin once appear; Till sable Night, mother of Dread and Fear,

Upon the world dim darkness doth display, And in her vaulty prison stows the day.

For then is Tarquin brought unto his bed, Intending weariness with heavy spright; For, after supper, long he questioned With modest Lucrece, and wore out the night: Now leaden slumber with life's strength doth fight;

And every one to rest themselves betake, Save thieves, and cares, and troubled minds, that wake.

As one of which both Tarquin he revolving The sundry dangers of his will's obtaining; Yet ever to obtain his will resolving, [staining: Though weak-built hopes persuade him to ab-Despair to gain doth traffic oft for gaining,

And when great treasure is the meed propos'd, Though death be adjunct, there's no death suppos'd.

Those that much covet are with gain so fond That what they have not, that which they possess They scatter and unloose it from their bond, And so, by hoping more, they have but less; Or, gaining more, the profit of excess

Is but to surfeit, and such griefs sustain,
That they prove bankrupt in this poor-rich
gain.

The aim of all is but to nurse the life
With honour, wealth, and ease, in waning age;
And in this aim there is such thwarting strife,
That one for all, or all for one we gage;
As life for honour in fell battles' rage; [cost

Honour for wealth; and oft that wealth doth The death of all, and all together lost.

So that in vent'ring ill we leave to be The things we are, for that which we expect; And this ambitious foul infirmity, In having much, torments us with defert Of that we have: so then we do neglect

The thing we have, and, all for want of wit, Make something nothing, by augmenting it.

Such hazard now must doting Tarquin make, Pawning his honour to obtain his lust; And for himself himself he must forsake: Then where is truth if there be no self-trust? When shall we think to find a stranger just,

When he himself himself confounds, betrays To slanderous tongues, and wretched hateful days?

Now stole upon the time the dead of night, When heavy sleep had clos'd up mortal eyes;

No comfortable star did lend his light, [cries; No noise but owls' and wolves' death-boding Now serves the season that they may surprise The silly lambs; pure thoughts are dead and

still, While lust and murder wake to stain and kill.

And now this lustful lord leap'd from his bed, Throwing his mantle rudely o'er his arm; Is madly toss'd between desire and dread; Th' one sweetly flatters, th' other feareth harm; Buthonest Fear, bewitch'd with lust's foulcharm,

Doth too too oft betake him to retire, Beaten away by brain-sick rude Desire.

His falchion on a flint he softly smiteth, That from the cold stone sparks of fire do fly, Whereat a waxen torch forthwith he lighteth, Which must be lode-star to his lustful eye; And to the flame thus speaks advisedly.

'As from this cold flint I enforc'd this fire, So Lucrece must I force to my desire.'

Here pale with fear he doth premeditate The dangers of his loathsome enterprise, And in his inward mind he doth debate What following sorrow may on this arise; Then looking scornfully, he doth despise

His naked armour of still-slaughter'd lust, And justly thus controls his thoughts unjust.

'Fair torch, burn out thy light, and lend it not To darken her whose light excelleth thine! And die, unhallow'd thoughts, before you blot With your uncleanness that which is divine! Offer pure incense to so pure a shrine:

Let fair humanity abhor the deed [weed. That spots and stains love's modest snow-white

O shame to knighthood and to shining arms! O foul dishonour to my household's grave! O impious act, including all foul harms! A martial man to be soft fancy's slave; True valour still a true respect should have;

Then my digression is so vile, so base, That it will live engraven in my face.

'Yea, though I die, the scandal will survive, And be an eyesore in my golden coat; Some loathsome dash the herald will contrive, To cipher me how fondly I did dote; That my posterity, sham'd with the note,

That my posterity, sham'd with the note, Shall curse my bones, and hold it for no sin To wish that I their father had not been.

'What win I if I gain the thing I seek? A dream, a breath, a froth of fleeting joy: Who buys a minute's mirth to wail a week? Or sells eternity to get a toy? For one sweet grape who will the vine destroy?

Or what fond beggar, but to touch the crown,
Would with the sceptre straight be strucken
down?

'If Collatinus dream of my intent
Will he not wake, and in a desperate rage
Post hither, this vile purpose to prevent?
This siege that hath engirt his marriage,
This blur to youth, this sorrow to the sage,

This dying virtue, this surviving shame, Whose crime will bear an ever-during blame? 'O what excuse can my invention make
When thou shalt charge me with so black a deed?
Will not my tongue be mute, my frail joints
shake?

Mine eyes forego their light, my false heart bleed? The guin being great, the fear doth still exceed; And extreme fear can neither fight nor fly, But, coward-like, with trembling terror die.

'Had Collatinus kill'd my son or sire, Or lain in ambush to betray my life, Or were he not my dear friend, this desire Might have excuse to work upon his wife; As in revenge or quittal of such strife:

But as he is my kinsman, my dear friend. The shame and fault finds no excuse nor end.

'Shameful it is;—ay, if the fact be known: Hateful it is;—there is no hate in loving; I'll beg her love;—but she is not her own; The worst is but denial, and reproving: My will is strong, past reason's weak removing.

My will is strong, past reason's weak removing. Who fears a sentence or an old man's saw Shall by a painted cloth be kept in awe.'

Thus, graceless, holds he disputation
'Tween frozen conscience and hot-burning will,
And with good thoughts makes dispensation,
Urging the worser sense for vantage still;
Which in a moment doth confound and kill

All pure effects and doth so far proceed, That what is vile shows like a virtuous deed.

Quoth he, 'She took me kindly by the hand, And gaz'd for tidings in my eager eyes, Fearing some hard news from the warlike band Where her beloved Collatinus lies. O how her fear did make her colour rise!

First red as roses that on lawn we lay, Then white as lawn, the roses took away.

'And how her hand, in my hand being lock'd, Forc'd it to tremble with her loyal fear; Which struck her sad, and then it faster rock'd, Until her husband's welfare she did hear; Whereat she smiled with so sweet a cheer,

That had Narcissus seen her as she stood, Self-love had never drown'd him in the flood.

'Why hunt I then for colour or excuses? All orators are dumb when beauty pleadeth; Poor wretches have remorse in poor abuses; Love thrives not in the heart that shadows dreadeth:

Affection is my captain, and he leadeth;
And when his gaudy banner is display'd,
The coward fights, and will not be dismay'd.

'Then, childish fear, avaunt! debating, die!
Respect and reason wait on wrinkled age!
My heart shall never countermand mine eye;
Sad pause and deep regard beseem the sage;
My part is youth, and beats these from the
stage:

Desire my pilot is, beauty my prize; Then who fears sinking where such treasure lies?

As corn o'ergrown by weeds, so heedful fear Is almost chok'd by unresisted lust. Away he steals with opening, listening ear, Full of foul hope, and full of fond mistrust; Both which, as servitors to the unjust,

So cross him with their opposite persuasion, That now he vows a league, and now invasion.

Within his thought her heavenly image sits, And in the selfsame seat sits Collatine: That eye which looks on her confounds his wits: That eye with him beholds, as more divine, Unto a view so false will not incline;

But with a pure appeal seeks to the heart, Which once corrupted takes the worser part:

And therein heartens up his servile powers, Who, flatter'd by their leader's jocund show, Stuff up his lust, as minutes fill up hours; And as their captain, so their pride doth grow, Paying more slavish tribute than they owe.

By reprobate desire thus madly led, The Roman lord marcheth to Lucrece' bed.

The locks between her chamber and his will, Each one by him enfore'd retires his ward; But as they open they all rate his ill, Which drives the creeping thef to some regard, The threshold grates the door to have him heard; Night-wand'ring weasels shriek to see him.

there; They fright him, yet he still pursues his fear.

As each unwilling portal yields him way, Through little vents and crannies of the place The wind wars with his torch, to make him stay,

And blows the smoke of it into his face, Extinguishing his conduct in this case; But his hot heart, which fond desire doth

scorch,
Puffs forth another wind that fires the torch:

And being lighted, by the light he spies Lucretia's glove, wherein her needle sticks; He takes it from the rushes where it hes, And griping it, the neeld his finger pricks: As who should say this glove to wanton tricks

Is not inur'd; return again in haste; Thou seest our mistress' ornaments are chaste

But all these poor forbiddings could not stay

He in the worst sense construes their denial: The doors, the wind, the glove that did delay him,

He takes for accidental things of trial; Or as those bars which stop the hourly dial, Who with a lingering stay his course doth let, Till every minute pays the hour his debt.

'So, so,' quoth he, 'these lets attend the time, Like little frosts that sometime threat the spring To add a more rejoicing to the prime, And give the sneaped birds more cause to sing. Pan pays the income of each precious thing; Huge rocks, high winds, strong pirates,

shelves and sands, The merchantfears, ere rich at home he lands.

Now is he come under the chamber door That shuts him from the heaven of his thought, Which with a yielding latch, and with no more, Her eyes, like mangolds, had sheath'd their Hath barr'd him from the blessed thing he sought. So from himself implety hath wrought,

That for his prey to pray he doth begin, As if the heaven should countenance his sin.

But in the midst of his unfruitful prayer, Having solicited the eternal power, That his foul thoughts might compass his fair

fair, That they would stand auspicious to the hour, Even there he starts:- quoth he, 'I must deflower:

The powers to whom I pray abhor this fact, How can they then assist me in the act?

'Then Love and Fortune be my gods, my guide! My will is back'd with resolution: (tried, Thoughts are but dreams till their effects be The blackest sin is clear'd with absolution; Against love's fire fear's frost hath dissolution The eye of heaven is out, and misty night

Covers the shame that follows sweet delight.' This said, his guilty hand pluck'd up the latch

And with his knee the door he opens wide: The dove sleeps fast that this night-owl will catch; Thus treason works ere traitors be espied. Who sees the lurking serpent steps aside;

But she, sound sleeping, fearing no such thing Lies at the mercy of his mortal sting.

Into the chamber wickedly he stalks. And gazeth on her yet unstained bed. The curtains being close, about he walks, Rolling his greedy eyeballs in his head: By their high treason is his heart misled;

Which gives the watchword to his handfull soon, To draw the cloud that hides the silver moon.

Look, as the fair and fiery-pointed sun, Rushing from forth a cloud, bereaves our sight; Even so, the curtain drawn, his eyes begun To wink, being blinded with a greater light:

Whether it is that she reflects so bright, That dazzleth them, or else some shame supposed; closed.

But blind they are, and keep themselves en-

O, had they in that darksome prison died, Then had they seen the period of their ill! Then Collatine again by Lucrece' side In his clear bed might have reposed still: But they must ope, this blessed league to kill; And holy-thoughted Lucrece to their sight Must sell her joy, her life, her world's delight.

Her lily hand her rosy cheek lies under, Cozening the pillow of a lawful kiss, Who therefore angry, seems to part in sunder, Swelling on either side to want his bliss; Between whose hills her head entombed is:

Where, like a virtuous monument, she hes, To be admir'd of lewd unhallow'd eyes.

Without the bed her other fair hand was, On the green coverlet; whose perfect white Show'd like an April daisy on the grass, With pearly sweat, resembling dew of night. light,

And canopied in darkness sweetly lay, Till they might open to adorn the day.

Her hair, like golden threads, play'd with her breath:

O modest wantons! wanton modesty! Showing life's triumph in the map of death, And death's dim look in life's mortality:

Each in her sleep themselves so beautify, As if between them twain there were no strife. But that life liv'd in death, and death in life.

Her breasts, like ivory globes circled with blue, A pair of maiden worlds unconquered, Save of their lord no bearing yoke they knew, And him by oath they truly honoured.

These worlds in Tarquin new ambition bred. Who like a foul usurper went about From this fair throne to heave the owner

What could he see but mightily he noted? What did he note but strongly he desir'd? What he beheld on that he firmly doted, And in his will his wilful eye he tir'd. With more than admiration he admir'd Her azure veins, her alabaster skin, Her coral hps, her snow-white dimpled chin.

As the grim lion fawneth o'er his prev. Sharp hunger by the conquest satisfied So o'er this sleeping soul doth Tarquin stay, His rage of lust by gazing qualified; Slack'd, not suppress'd; for standing by her side,

His eye, which late this mutiny restrains, Unto a greater uproar tempts his veins

And they, like struggling slaves for pillage fighting,

Obdurate vassals, fell exploits effecting, In bloody death and ravishment delighting, Nor children's tears, nor mother's groans respecting.

Swell in their pride, the onset still expecting: Anon his beating heart, alarum striking, Gives the hot charge, and bids them do their liking.

His drumming heart cheers up his burning eye, His eye commends the leading to his hand; His hand, as proud of such a dignity, stand Smoking with pride, march'd on to make his On her bare breast, the heart of all her land;

Whose ranks of blue veins, as his hand did scale.

Left their round turrets destitute and pale.

They, mustering to the quiet cabinet Where their dear governess and lady hes, Do tell her she is dreadfully beset, And fright her with confusion of their cries: She, much amaz'd, breaks ope her lock'd-up eyes,

Who, peeping forth this tumult to behold, Are by his flaming torch dimm'd and controll'd.

Imagine her as one in dead of night From forth dull sleep by dreadful fancy waking, That thinks she hath beheld some ghastly sprite, Whose grim aspect sets every joint a shaking; What terror 'tisl but she, in worser taking,

From sleep disturbed, heedfully doth view The sight which makes supposed terror true.

Wrapp'd and confounded in a thousand fears, Like to a new-kull'd bird she trembling hes; She dares not look; yet, winking, there appears Quick-shifting antics, ugly in her eyes; Such shadows are the weak brain's forgeries:

Who, angry that the eyes fly from their lights, In darkness daunts them with more dreadful sights.

His hand, that yet remains upon her breast, (Rude ram, to batter such an vory wall!) May feel her heart, poor citizen, distress'd, Wounding itself to death, use up and fall, Beating her bulk, that his hand shakes withal.

This moves in him more rage, and lesser pity, To make the breach, and enter this sweet city.

First, like a trumpet, doth his tongue begin To sound a parley to his heartless foe, Who o'er the white sheet peers her whiter chin, The reason of this rash alarm to know, Which he by dumb demeanour seeks to show; But she with vehement prayers urgeth still Under what colour he commits this ill.

Thus he replies: 'The colour in thy face (That even for anger makes the lily pale, And the red rose blush at her own disgrace) Shall plead for me, and tell my loving tale: Under that colour am I come to scale

Thy never-conquer'd fort: the fault is thine, For those thine eyes betray thee unto mine.

'Thus I forestall thee, if thou mean to chide:
Thy beauty hath ensnar'd thee to this might,
Where thou with patience must my will abide,
My will that marks thee for my earth's delight,
Which I to conquer sought with all my might;
But as reproof and reason beat it dead,
By the bright beauty was it newly bred.

'I see what crosses my attempt will bring; I know what thorns the growing rose defends; I think the honey guarded with a sting:
All this, beforehand, counsel comprehends:
But will is deaf, and hears no heedful friends;

Only he hath an eye to gaze on beauty, And dotes on what he looks, 'gainst law or duty.

'I have debated, even in my soul, What wrong, what shame, what sorrow I shall breed;

But nothing can Affection's course control, Or stop the headlong fury of his speed. I know repentant tears ensue the deed, Reproach, disdain, and deadly enmity; Yet strive I to embrace mune infamy?

This said, he shakes aloft his Roman blade, Which, like a falcon towering in the skies, Coucheth the fowl below with his wing's shade,

Whose crooked beak threats if he mount he dies:

So under his insulting falchion lies

Harmless Lucretia, marking what he tells

With trembling fear, as fowl hear falcon's
bells.

'Lucrece,' quoth he, 'this night I must enjoy thee:

If thou deny, then force must work my way,
For in thy bed I purpose to destroy thee;
That done, some worthless slave of thine I'll
slay,

To kill thine honour with thy life's decay;
And in thy dead arms do I mean to place
him,

Swearing I slew him, seeing thee embrace him.

So thy surviving husband shall remain
The scornful mark of every open eye;
Thy kinsmen hang their heads at this disdain,
Thy issue blurr'd with nameless bastardy:
And thou, the author of their obloquy,

Shalt have thy trespass cited up in rhymes, And sung by children in succeeding times.

But if thou yield I rest thy secret friend:
The fault unknown is as a thought unacted;
A little harm, done to a great good end,
For lawful policy remains enacted,
The poisonous simple sometimes is compacted

In a pure compound; being so applied,

His venom in effect is purified.

'Then, for thy husband and thy children's sake Tender my suit: bequeath not to their lot The shame that from them no device can take The blemish that will never be forgot;

Worse than a slavish wipe, or birth-hour's blot-For marks descried in men's nativity Are nature's faults, not their own infamy.

Here with a cockatrice' dead-killing eye He rouseth up himself, and makes a pause; While she, the picture of pure piety, Like a white hind under the grype's sharp claws, Pleads in a wilderness, where are no laws, To the rough beast that knows no gentle

right, Nor aught obeys but his foul appetite:

But when a black-fac'd cloud the world doth threat.

In his dim mist the aspring mountains hiding, From earth's dark womb some gentle gust doth

Which blows these pitchy vapours from their biding,

Hindering their present fall by this dividing; So his unhallow'd haste her words delays, And moody Pluto winks while Orpheus plays.

Yet, foul night-waking cat, he doth but daily,
While in his holdfast foot the weak mouse
panteth;

Her sad behaviour feeds his vulture folly, A swallowing gulf that even in plenty wanteth: His ear her prayers admits, but his heart granteth

No penetrable entrance to her plaining:

Tears harden lust, though marble wear with raining.

Her pity-pleading eyes are sadly fix'd In the remorseless wrinkles of his face; Her modest eloquence with sighs is mix'd, Which to her oratory adds more grace. She puts the period often from his place, And 'midst the sentence so her accent breaks, That twice she doth begin ere once she speaks.

She conjures him by high almighty Jove, By knighthood, gentry, and sweet friendship's oath.

By her untimely tears, her husband's love, By holy human law, and common troth, By heaven and earth, and all the power of both, That to his borrow'd bed he make retire, And stoop to honour, not to foul desire.

Quoth she, 'Reward not hospitality [tended; With such black payment as thou hast pre-Mud not the fountain that gave drink to thee; Mar not the thing that cannot be amended;

End thy ill aim, before thy shoot be ended: He is no woodman that doth bend his bow To strike a poor unseasonable doe.

'My husband is thy friend, for his sake spare

Thyself art mighty, for thine own sake leave me Myself a weaking, do not then ensuare me; Thou look'st not like deceit; do not deceive me; My sighs, like whirlwinds, labour hence to heave thee.

If ever man were mov'd with woman's moan Be moved with my tears, my sighs, my groans:

'All which together, like a troubled ocean, Be at at thy rocky and wreck-threatening heart; To soften it with their continual motion; For stones dissolv'd to water do convert. O, if no harder than a stone thou art,

Melt at my tears, and be compassionate! Soft pity enters at an iron gate.

'In Tarquin's likeness I did entertain thee; Hast thou put on his shape to do him shame? To all the host of heaven I complain me, Thou wrong'st his honour, wound'st his princely name.

Thou art not what thou seem'st; and if the same, Thou see m'st not what thou art, a god, a king; For kings like gods should govern everything.

'How will thy shame be seeded in thine age, When thus thy vices bud before thy spring! If in thy hope thou dar'st do such outrage, What dar'st thou not when once thou art a king! O be remember'd, no outrageous thing

From vassal actors can be wip'd away; Then kings' misdeeds cannot be hid in clay.

'This deed will make thee only lov'd for fear, But happy monarchs still are fear'd for love: With foul offenders thou perforce must bear, When they in thee the like offences prove: If but for fear of this thy will remove; For princes are the glass, the school, the book, [look.

Where subjects' eyes do learn, do read, do

'And wilt thou be the school where Lust shall learn?

Must he in thee read lectures of such shame: Witt thou be glass, wherein it shall discern Authority for sin, warrant for blame, To privilege dishonour in thy name?

Thou back'st reproach against long-lived laud, And mak'st fair reputation but a bawd.

'Hast thou command? by him that give it thee, From a pure heart command thy rebel will: Draw not thy sword to guard inquity, For it was leut thee all that brood to kill.

Thy princely office how canst thou fulfil, When, pattern'd by thy fault, foul Sin may say, [way?

He learn'd to sin, and thou didst teach the

'Think but how vile a spectacle it were
To view thy present trespass in another.
Men's faults do seldom to themselves appear;
Therrown transgressions partially they smother:
This guilt would seem death-worthy in thy
brother,

O how are they wrapp'd in with infamies, That from their own misdeeds askaunce their eyes!

'To thee, to thee, my heav'd-up hands appeal, Not to seducing lust, thy rash relier; I sue for exil'd majesty's repeal; Let him return and flattering thoughts retire: His true respect will 'prison false desire,

And wipe the dim mist from thy doting eyne, That thou shalt see thy state, and pity mine.

'Have done,' quoth he; 'my uncontrolled tide Turns not, but swells the higher by this let. Small lights are soon blown out, huge fires abide.

And with the wind in greater fury fret:
The petty streams that pay a daily debt
To their salt sovereign, with their fresh falls'
haste.

Add to this flow, but alter not his taste.'

'Thou art,' quoth she, 'a sea, a sovereign king; And lo, there falls into thy boundless flood Black lust, dishonour, shame, misgoverning, Who seek to stain the ocean of thy blood. If all these petty ills shall change thy good,

Thy sea within a puddle's womb is hears'd, And not the puddle in thy sea dispers'd.

'So shall these slaves be king, and thou their slave:

Thou nobly base, they basely dignified; Thou their fair life, and they their fouler grave; Thou loathed in their shame, they in thy pride: The lesser thing should not the greater hide; . The cedar stoops not to the base shrub's foot,

But low shrubs wither at the cedar's root.

'So let thy thoughts, low vassals to thy state'—
'No more,' quoth he; 'by heaven, I will not
hear thee:

Yield to my love; if not, enforced hate, Instead of love's coy touch, shall rudely tear thee:

That done, despitefully I mean to bear thee Unto the base bed of some rascal groom, To be thy partner in this shameful doom.'

This said, he sets the foot upon the light, For light and lust are deadly enemies: Shame folded up in blind concealing night, When most unseen, then most doth tyranmze. The wolf hath seiz'd his prey, the poor lamb

Till with her own white fleece her voice controll'd

Entombs her outery in her lips' sweet fold:

For with the nightly linen that she wears He pens her piteous clamours in her head; Cooling his hot face in the chastest tears That ever modest eyes with sorrow shed. O, that prone lust should stain so pure a bed! The spots whereof could weeping purify, Her tears should drop on them perpetually.

But she hath lost a dearer thing than life, And he hath won what he would lose again. This forced league doth force a further strife, This momentary joy breeds months of pain, This hot desire converts to cold disdain: Pure Chastity is rifled of her store,

And Lust, the thief, far poorer than before,

Look, as the full-fed hound or gorged hawk, Unapt for tender smell or speedy flight, Make slow pursuit, or altogether balk The prey wherein by nature they delight; So surfest-taking Tarquin fares this night:

His taste delicious, in digestion souring, Devours his will that liv'd by foul devouring.

O deeper sin than bottomless conceit Can comprehend in still imagination! Drunken desire must vomit his receipt, Ere he can see his own abomination. While lust is in his pride no exclamation

Can curb his heat, or rem his rash desire, Till, like a jade, self-will himself doth tire.

And then with lank and lean discolour'd cheek, With heavy eye, knit brow, and strengthless pace,

Feeble desire, all recreant, poor, and meek, Like to a bankrupt beggar wails his case: The flesh being proud, desire doth fight with

For there it revels; and when that decays, The guilty rebel for remission prays.

So fares it with this faultful lord of Rome. Who this accomplishment so hotly chas'd; For now against himself he sounds this doom. That through the length of times he stands disgrac'd:

Besides, his soul's fair temple is defac'd; To whose weak ruins muster troops of cares, To ask the spotted princess how she fares.

She says, her subjects with foul insurrection Have batter'd down her consecrated wall,

And by their mortal fault brought in subjection Her immortality, and make her thrall To living death, and pain perpetual;

Which in her prescience she controlled still, But her foresight could not forestall their will.

Even in this thought through the dark night he stealeth,

A captive victor that hath lost in gain; Bearing away the wound that nothing healeth, The scar that will, despite of cure, remain, Leaving this spoil perplex'd in greater pain. She bears the load of lust he left behind.

And he the burthen of a guilty mind.

He like a thievish dog creeps sadly thence; She like a wearied lamb lies panting there; He scowls, and hates himself for his offence: She, desperate, with her nails her flesh doth tear: He faintly flies, sweating with guilty fear;

She stays, exclaiming on the direful night; He runs, and chides his vanish'd, loath'd delight.

He thence departs a heavy convertite; She there remains a hopeless castaway: He in his speed looks for the morning light: She prays she may never behold the day; 'For day,' quoth she, 'might's scapes doth open lay;

And my true eyes have never practis'd how To cloak offences with a cunning brow.

'They think not but that every eye can see The same disgrace which they themselves behold:

And therefore would they still in darkness be. To have their unseen sin remain untold; For they their guilt with weeping will unfold, And grave, like water, that doth eat in steel. Upon my cheeks what helpless shame I feel.

Here she exclaims against repose and rest, And bids her eyes hereafter still be blind. She wakes her heart by beating on her breast And bids it leap from thence, where it may find Some purer chest, to close so pure a mind. Frantic with grief thus breathes she forth her

spite Against the unseen secrecy of night:

O comfort-killing night, image of hell! Dim register and notary of shame! Black stage for tragedies and murders fel! Vast sin-concealing chaos! nurse of blame! Blind muffled bawd! dark harbour for defame! Grim cave of death, whispering conspirator, With close-tongued treason and the ravisher!

O hateful, vaporous, and foggy night, Since thou art guilty of my cureless crime, Muster thy mists to meet the eastern light, Make war against proportion'd course of time! Or if thou wilt permit the sun to climb His wonted height, yet ere he go to bed,

Knit poisonous clouds about his golden head.

'With rotten damps ravish the morning air; Let their exhal'd unwholesome breaths make sick The life of purity, the supreme fair,

Ere he arrive his weary noontide prick; And let thy misty vapours march so thick, That in their smoky ranks his smother'd light May set at noon, and make perpetual night.

'Were Tarquin night (as he is but night's child), The silver-shining queen he would distain; Her twinkling handmaids too, by him defil'd, Through night's black bosom should not peep again;

So should I have copartners in my pain: And fellowship in woe doth woe assuage, As palmers' chat makes short their pilgrimage.

'Where now I have no one to blush with me, To cross their arms, and hang their heads with mine,

To mask their brows, and hide their infamy; But I alone alone must sit and pine, Seasoning the earth with showers of silver brine Minghing my talk with tears, my grief with

groans,
Poor wasting monuments of lasting moans.

'O night, thou furnace of foul-reeking smoke, Let not the jealous day behold that face Which underneath thy black all-hiding cloak Immodestly hes martyr'd with disgrace!' Keep still possession of thy gloomy place,

That all thy faults which in thy reign are made, May likewise be sepulchred in thy shade!

'Make me not object to the tell-tale day! The light will show, character'd in my brow, The story of sweet chastity's decay, The impious breach of holy wedlock vow: Yea, the illiterate, that know not how

To 'cipher what is writ in learned books, Will quote my loathsome trespass in my looks.

'The nurse, to still her child, will tell my story, And fright her crying babe with Tarquin's name, The orator, to deck his oratory, Will couple my reproach to Tarquin's shame: Feast-finding ministrels, tuning my defame,

Will tie the hearers to attend each line, How Tarquin wronged me, I Collatine.

'Let my good name, that senseless reputation, For Collatine's dear love be kept unspotted: If that be made a theme for disputation, The branches of another root are rotted, And undeserv'd reproach to him allotted,

That is as clear from this attaint of mine, As I, ere this, was pure to Collatine.

'O unseen shame! invisible disgrace!
O unfelt sore! crest-wounding, private scar!
Reproach is stamp'd in Collatinus' face,
And Tarquin's eye may read the mot afar,
How he in peace is wounded, not in war.

Alas, how many bear such shameful blows, Which not themselves but he that gives them knows!

'If, Collatine, thine honour lay in me, From me by strong assault it is bereft. My honey lost, and I, a drone-like bee, Have no perfection of my summer left, But robb'd and ransach'd by injurious theft: In thy weak hive a wandering wasp hath crept, [kept. And suck'd the honey which thy chaste bee

'Yet am I guilty of thy honour's wrack,—
Yet for thy honour did I entertain him;
Coming from thee, I could not put him back,
For it had been dishonour to disdain him;
Besides of wearness he did complain him,
And talk'd of virtue:—O, unlook'd for evil,
When virtue is profan'd in such a devil!

'Why should the worm intrude the maiden bud? Or hateful cuckoos hatch in sparrows? nests? Or toads infect fair founts with venom mud? Or tyrant folly lurk in gentle breasts? Or kings be breakers of their own behests? But no perfection is so absolute, That some impurity doth not pollute.

'The aged man that coffers up his gold [fits, Is plagued with cramps, and gouts, and painful And scarce hath eyes his treasure to behold, But like still-pining Tantalus he sits,

And useless barns the harvest of his wits; Having no other pleasure of his gain But torment that it cannot cure his pain.

'So then he hath it, when he cannot use it, And leaves it to be master'd by his young; Who in their pride do presently abuse it: Their father was too weak, and they too strong, To hold their cursed-blessed fortune long, The sweets we wish for turn to loathed sours, Even in the moment that we call them ours.

'Unruly blasts wait on the tender spring; Unwholesome weeds take root with precious flowers;

The adder hisses where the sweet birds sing; What virtue breeds iniquity devours: We have no good that we can say is ours, But ill-annexed Opportunity Or kills his life, or else his quality.

'O Opportunity! thy guilt is great:
'This thou that execut'st the traitor's treason;
Thou sett'st the wolf where he the lamb may get;
Whoever plots the sin, thou 'point'st the season;
'Tis thou that spurn'st at right, at law, at reason;
And in thy shady cell, where none may spy
him.

Sits Sin, to seize the souls that wander by him.

'Thou mak'st the vestal violate her oath; Thou blow'st the fire when temperance is thaw'd; Thou smother'st honesty, thou murther'st troth, Thou foul abettor! thou notorious bawd! Thou plantest scandal, and displacest laud:

Thou ravisher, thou traitor, thou false thief, Thy honey turns to gall, thy joy to grief!

'Thy secret pleasure turns to open shame,
Thy private feasting to a public fast;
Thy smoothing titles to a ragged name;
Thy sugar'd tongue to bitter wormwood taste:
Thy violent vanities can never last.
How comes it then, vile Opportunity,
Being so bad, such numbers seek for thee?

'When wilt thou be the humble suppliant's 'To show the beldame daughters of her daughter, friend, To make the child a man, the man a child.

And bring him where his suit may be obtain'd? When wit thou sort an hour great strifes to end? Or free that soul which wretchedness hath chain'd?

Give physic to the sick, ease to the pain'd? The poor, lame, blind, halt, creep, cry out for thee;

But they ne'er meet with Opportunity.

'The patient dies while the physician sleeps; The orphan pines while the oppressor feeds; Justice is feasting while the widow weeps; Advice is sporting while infection breeds; Thou grant'st not time for chantable deeds:

Wrath, envy, treason, rape, and murder's rages,

Thy hemous hours wait on them as their pages.

'When truth and virtue have to do with thee, A thousand crosses keep them from thy aid; They buy thy help: but Sin ne'er gives a fee, He gratis comes; and thou art well appay'd As well to hear as grant what he hath said.

My Collatine would else have come to me When Tarquin did, but he was stay'd be thee.

'Guilty thou art of murder and of theft; Guilty of perjury and subornation; Guilty of treason, forgery, and shift; Guilty of incest, that abomination: An accessary by thine inclination

To all sins past, and all that are to come, From the creation to the general doom.

'Mis-shapen Time, copesmate of ugly night, Swift subtle post, carrier of grisly care, Eater of youth, false slave to false delight, Base watch of woes, sin's packhorse, virtue's snare:

Thou nursest all, and murtherest all that are.
O hear me then, injurious, shifting Timel
Be guilty of my death, since of my crime.

'Why hath thy servant, Opportunity,
Betray'd the hours thou gar'st me to repose?
Cancell'd my fortunes and enchained me
To endless date of never-ending woes?
Time's office is too fine the hate of foes;
To eat up errors by opinion bred,
Not spend the dowry of a lawful bed.

'Time's glory is to calm contending kings,
To unmask falsehood, and bring truth to light,
To stamp the seal of time in aged things,
To wake the morn, and sentinel the night,
To wrong the wronger till he render right;
To ruinate proud buildings with thy hours,
And smear with dust their glittering golden
towers:

'To fill with worm-holes stately monuments,
To feed oblivion with decay of things,
To blot old books, and alter their contents,
To pluck the quills from ancient ravens' wings,
To dry the old oak's sap, and cherish springs;
To spoil antiquities of hammer'd steel,
And turn the giddy round of Fortune's wheel;

'To show the beldame daughters of her daughter, To make the child a man, the man a child, To slay the tiger that doth live by slaughter, To tame the uncorn and lion wild,

To mock the subtle, in themselves beguil'd; Tocheertheploughman withincreaseful crops, And waste huge stones with little water-drops.

'Why work'st thou mischief in thy pilgrimage, Unless thou couldst return to make amends? One poor retiring minute in an age

Would purchase thee a thousand thousand friends,

Lending him wit that to bad debtors lends:

O, this dread night, wouldst thou one hour come back,

I could prevent this storm, and shun thy wrack!

'Thou ceaseless lackey to eternity,
With some mischance cross Tarquu in his flight:
Devise extremes beyond extremity,
To make him curse this cursed crimeful night:
Let ghastly shadows his lewd eyes affright,
And the dire thought of his committed evil
Shape every bush a hideous shapeless devil,

'Disturb his hours of rest with restless trances,
Afflict him in his bed with bedrid groans;
Let there bechance him putiful muschances,
To make him moan, but pity not his moans:
Stone him with harden'd hearts, harder than
stones:

And let mild women to him lose their mildness, Wilder to him than tigers in their wildness.

'Let him have time to tear his curled hair, Let him have time against himself to rave, Let him have time of Time's help to despair, Let him have time to live a loathed slave, Let him have time a beggar's orts to crave; And time to see one that by alms doth live Disdain to him disdained scraps to give.

'Let him have time to see his friends his foes, And merry fools to mock at him resort; Let him have time to mark how slow time goes In time of sorrow, and how swift and short His time of folly and his time of sport:

And ever let his unrecalling crime Have time to wail the abusing of his time.

O Time, thou tutor both to good and bad, Teach me to curse him that thou taught'st this ill!

At his own shadow let the thief run mad! Himself himself seek every hour to kill! Such wretched hands such wretched blood should soill:

For who so base would such an office have As slanderous death's-man to so base a slave?

'The baser is he, coming from a king,
To shame his hope with deeds degenerate.
The mightier man, the mightier is the thing
That makes him honour'd, or begets him hate;
For greatest scandal waits on greatest state.
The moon being clouded presently is miss'd,
But little stars may hide them when they list

'The crow may bathe his coal-black wings in Forme, I am the mistress of my fate,

And with my trespass never will di

And unperceiv'd fly with the filth away, But if the like the snow-white swan desire, The stain upon his silver down will stay. Poor grooms are sightless night, kings glorious day.

Gnats are unnoted wheresoe'er they fly, But eagles gaz'd upon with every eye.

'Out, idle words, servants to shallow fools!
Unprofitable sounds, weak arbitrators!
Busy yourselves in skill-contending schools,
Debate where leisure serves with dull debaters;
To trembling clients be you mediators:
For me I force not strument a straw

For me, I force not argument a straw, Since that my case is past the help of law.

'In vain I rail at Opportunity,
At Time, at Tarquin, and uncheerful night;
In vain I cavil with my infamy,
In vain I spurn at my confirm'd despite:
This helpless smoke of words doth me no right.
The remedy indeed to do me good,
Is to let forth my foul, defiled blood.

'Poor hand, why quiver'st thou at this decree?
Honour thyself to rid me of this shame;
For if I die my honour lives in thee,
But if I live thou liv'st in my defame:
Since thou could'st not defend thy loyal dame,
And was afear'd to scratch her wicked foe,
Kill both thyself and her for yielding so.'

This said, from her betumbled couch she starteth, To find some desperate instrument of death: But this no-staupiter-house no tool imparteth, To make more vent for passage of her breath, Which thronging through her lips so vanisheth As smoke from Ætna, that in air consumes, Or that which from discharged cannon fumes.

'In vain,' quoth she, 'I live, and seek in vain Some happy mean to end a hapless life. I fear'd by Tarquni's falchon to be slain, Yet for the self-same purpose seek a kmfe: But when I fear'd I was a loyal wife;

So am I now:—O no, that cannot be; Of that true type hath Tarquin rifled me.

'O! that is gone for which I sought to live, And therefore now I need not fear to die. To clear this spot by death, at least I give A badge of fame to slander's livery; A dying life to living infamy;

Poor helpless help, the treasure stolen away, To burn the guiltless casket where it lay!

Well, well, dear Collatine, thou shalt not know The stained taste of violated troth; I will not wrong thy true affection so To flatter thee with an infinged oath; This bastard graff shall never come to growth: He shall not boast who did thy stock pollute That thou art doting father of his fruit.

'Nor shall he smile at thee in secret thought,
Nor laugh with his companions at thy state;
But thou shalt know thy interest was not bought
Basely with gold, but stolen from forth thy gate.

For me, I am the mistress of my fate, And with my trespass never will dispense, Till life to death acquit my forc'd offence.

'I will not poison thee with my attaint,
Nor fold my fault in cleanly-coin'd excuses;
My sable ground of sin I will not paint,
To hide the truth of this false night's abuses:
My tongue shall utter all; mine eyes like sluces,
As from a mountain-spring that feeds a dale,
Shall gush pure streams to purge my impure

By this, lamenting Philomel had ended
The well-tun'd warble of her nightly sorrow,
And solemn night with slow-sad gat descended
To ugly hell; when io, the blushing morrow
Lends light to all fair eyes that light will borrow:
But cloudy Lucrece shames herself to see,
And therefore still in night would cloister'd
be.

Revealing day through every cranny spies, And seems to point her out where she sits weeping,

To whom she sobbing speaks: 'O eye of eyes, Why pryest thou through my window? leave thy peeping;

thy peeping;
Mock with thy tickling beams eyes that are sleeping:

Brand not my forehead with thy piercing light, For day hath naught to do what's done by night.'

Thus cavils she with everything she sees: True grief is fond and testy as a child, Who wayward once, his mood with nought agrees.

Old woes, not infant sorrows, bear them mild; Continuance tames the one; the other wild, Like an unpractis'd swimmer plunging still With too much labour drowns for want of

So she, deep-drenched in a sea of care, Holds disputation with each thing she views, And to herself all sorrow doth compare; No object but her passion's strength renews; And as one shifts, another straight ensues: Sometime her griefis dumb and hathno words;

Sometime its mad, and too much talk affords.

The little birds that tune their morning's joy Make her moans mad with their sweet melody. For mirth doth search the bottom of annoy; Sad souls are slain in merry company: Grief best is pleas'd with grief's society: True sorrow then is feelingly suffic'd

True sorrow then is feelingly suffic'd When with like semblance it is sympathiz'd.

'Tis double death to drown in ken of shore; He ten times pines that pines beholding food; To see the slave doth make the wound ache more;

Great grief grieves most at that would do it good; Deep woes roll forward like a gentle flood, Who, being stopp'd, the bounding banks o'erflows;

Grief dallied with nor law nor limit knows.

'You mocking birds,' quoth she, 'your tune 'Yet die I will not till my Collatine entomb

Within your hollow-swelling feather'd breasts, And in my hearing be you mute and dumb! My restless discord loves no stops nor rests; A woeful hostess brooks not merry guests:) Relish your nimble notes to pleasing ears;

Distress like dumps when time is kept with tears.

'Come, Philomel, that sing'st of ravishment, Make thy sad grove in my dishevell'd hair. As the dank earth weeps at thy languishment, So I at each sad strain will strain a tear, And with deep groans the diapason bear:

For burthen-wise I'll hum on Tarquin still, While thou on Tereus descant'st better skill.

'And whiles against a thorn thou bear'st thy part, To keep thy sharp woes waking, wretched I, To imitate thee well, against my heart Will fix a sharp knife, to affright mine eye; Who, if it wink, shall thereon fall and die.

These means, as frets upon an instrument, Shall tune our heartstrings to true languishment.

'And for, poor bird, thou sing'st not in the day, As shaming any eye should thee behold, Some dark deep desert, seated from the way That knows no parching heat nor freezing cold, We will find out; and there we will unfold

To creatures stern sad tunes, to change their minds.'

Since men prove beasts, let beasts bear gentle

As the poor frighted deer, that stands at gaze, Wildly determining which way to fly, Or one encompass'd with a winding maze, That cannot tread the way out readily; So with herself is she in mutiny, To live or die which of the twain were better,

When life is sham'd, and Death reproach's debtor.

'To kill myself,' quoth she, 'alack! what were it, But with my body my poor soul's pollution? They that lose half with greater patience bear it Than they whose whole is swallow'd in confusion. That mother tries a merciless conclusion

Who, having two sweet babes, when death takes one,

Will slay the other, and be nurse to none.

'My body or my soul, which was the dearer? When the one pure, the other made divine. Whose love of either to myself was nearer? When both were kept for heaven and Collatine. Ah, me! the bark peel'd from the lofty pine,

His leaves will wither, and his sap decay; So must my soul, her bark being peel'd away.

'Her house is sack'd, her quiet interrupted, Her mansion batter'd by the enemy; Her sacred temple spotted, spoil'd, corrupted, Grossly engirt with daring infamy: Then let it not be callid impiety

If in this blemish'd fort I make some hole Through which I may convey this troubled soul.

Have heard the cause of my untimely death: That he may vow, in that sad hour of mine. Revenge on him that made me stop my breath. My stained blood to Tarquin I'll bequeath.

Which by him tainted shall for him be spent. And as his due writ in my testament.

'My honour I'll bequeath unto the knife That wounds my body so dishonoured. 'Tis honour to deprive dishonour'd life; The one will live, the other being dead: So of shame's ashes shall my fame be bred; For in my death I murther shameful scorn:

My shame so dead, mine honour is new-born.

'Dear lord of that dear jewel I have lost, What legacy shall I bequeath to thee? My resolution, Love, shall be thy boast, By whose example thou reveng'd mayst be. How Tarquin must be used, read it in me: Myself, thy friend, will kill myself, thy foe; And, for my sake, serve thou false Tarquin so.

'This brief abridgement of my will I make: My soul and body to the skies and ground; My resolution, husband, do thou take; Mine honour be the knife's that makes my wound:

My shame be his that did my fame confound; And all my fame that lives disbursed be To those that live, and think no shame of me.

'Thou, Collatine, shalt oversee this will; How was I overseen that thou shalt see it! My blood shall wash the slander of mine ill; My life's foul deed my life's fair end shall free it. Faint not, faint heart, but stoutly say, "so be it."

Yield to my hand; my hand shall conquer thee; Thou dead, both die, and both shall victors be.

This plot of death when sadly she had laid, And wip'd the brinish pearl from her bright eyes, Withuntun'd tongue she hoarsely call'd her maid, Whose swift obedience to her mistress hies; For fleet-wing'd duty with thought's feathers flies.

Poor Lucrece' cheeks unto her maid seem so As winter meads when sun doth melt their

Hermistress she doth give demure good-morrow, With soft-slow tongue, true mark of modesty, And sorts a sad look to her lady's sorrow, (For why? her face wore sorrow's livery,) But durst not ask of her audaciously

Why her two suns were cloud-eclipsed so. Nor why her fair cheeks over-wash'd with woe.

But as the earth doth weep, the sun being set, Each flower moisten'd like a melting eye; Even so the maid with swelling drops 'gan wet Her circled eyne, enforc'd by sympathy Of those fair suns, set in her mistress' sky

Who in a salt-wav'd ocean quench their light, Which makes the maid weep like the dewy

A pretty while these pretty creatures stand, Like ivory conduits coral cisterns filling:

One justly weeps; the other takes in hand.
No cause, but company, of her drops spilling:
Their gentle sex to weep are often willing;
Grievingthemselves to guess at others' smarts,
And then they drown their eyes, or break
their hearts.

For men have marble, women waxen minds, And therefore are they form'd as marble will; The weak oppress'd, the impression of strange kinds

Is form'd in them by force, by fraud, or skill: Then call them not the authors of their ill, No more than wax shall be accounted evil, Wherein is stamp'd the semblance of a devil.

Their smoothness, like a goodly champaign

Lays open all the little worms that creep; In men, as in a rough-grown grove, remain Caye-keeping evils that obscurely sleep: Through crystal walls each little mote will peep;

Though men can cover crimes with bold stern looks.

Poor women's faces are their own faults' books.

No man inveigh against the wither'd flower, But chide rough winter that the flower hath kill'd!

Not that devour'd, but that which doth devour Is worthy blame. O, let it not be hild Poor women's faults that they are so fulfill'd

With men's abuses! those proud lords, to blame,

Make weak-made women tenants to their shame.

The precedent whereof in Lucrece view, Assail'd by night with circumstances strong Of present death, and shame that might ensue By that her death, to do her husband wrong: Such danger to resistance did belong,

That dying fear through all her body spread; And who cannot abuse a body dead?

By this, mild Patience bid fair Lucrece speak To the poor counterfeit of her complaining: 'My girl,' quoth she, 'on what occasion break Those tears from thee, that down thy cheeks are raining?

If thou dost weep for grief of my sustaining, Know, gentle wench, it small avails my mood:

If tears could help, mine own would do me good.

'But tell me, girl, when went'-(and there she stav'd

Till after a deep groan) 'Tarquin from hence?'
'Madam, ere I was up,' replied the maid,
'The more to blame my sluggard negligence:
Yet with the fault I thus far can dispense;

Myself was stirring ere the break of day, And, ere I rose, was Tarquin gone away.

'But, lady, if your maid may be so bold, She would request to know your heaviness.'
'O peace!' quoth Lucrece; 'if it should be told, The repetition cannot make it less;
For more it is than I can well express:
And that deep torture may be call'd a hell.
When more is felt than one hath power to tell.

'Go, get me hither paper, ink, and pen— Yet save that labour, for I have them here. What should I say?—One of my husband's men Bid thou be ready, by and by, to bear A letter to my lord, my love, my dear;

Bid him with speed prepare to carry it; The cause craves haste, and it will soon bewrit.

Her maid is gone, and she prepares to write, First hovering o'er the paper with her quill: Conceit and grief an eager combat fight; What wit sets down is blotted straight with will; This is too curous-good, this blunt and ill: Much like a press of people at a door,

Throng her inventions, which shall be before.

At last she thus begins:—'Thou worthy lord
Of that unworthy wife that greeteth thee,
Health to thy person! next vouchsafe to afford
(If ever, love, thy Lucrece thou wilt see)
Some present speed to come and visit me:
So I commend me from our house in grief;
My woes are tedious, though my words are
bnef.'

Here folds she up the tenor of her woe, Her certain sorrow writ uncertainly. By this short schedule Collatine may know Her grief, but not her grief's true quality; She dares not thereof make discovery, Lest he should hold it her own gross abuse,

Lest he should hold it her own gross abuse. Ere she with blood had stain'd her stain'd

Besides, the life and feeling of her passion She hoards, to spend when he is by to hear her; When sighs, and groans, and tears may grace the fashion

Of her disgrace, the better so to clear her From that suspicion which the world might bear her.

To shun this blot, she would not blot the letter [better. With words, till action might become them

To see sad sights moves more than hear them told:

For then the eye interprets to the ear The heavy motion that it doth behold, When every part a part of woe doth bear. Tis but a part of sorrow that we hear:

Deep sounds make lesser noise than shallow fords, [words. And sorrow ebbs, being blown with wind of

Her letter now is seal'd, and on it writ,
'At Ardea to my lord with more than haste;'
The post attends, and she delivers it,
Charging the sour-fac'd groom to hie as fast
Ag lagging fowls before the northern blast.
Speed more than speed but dull and slow

she deems: Extremity still urgeth such extremes. The homely villain court'sies to her low; And blushing on her, with a steadfast eye Receives the scroll, without or yea or no, And forth with bashful innocence doth hie. But they whose guilt within their bosoms he Imagine every eye beholds their blame;

For Lucrece thought he blush'd to see her

shame;

When, silly groom! God wot, it was defect Of spirit, life, and bold audacity. Such harmless creatures have a truer respect To talk in deeds, while others saucily Promise more speed, but do it leisurely:

Even so, this pattern of the worn-out age Pawn'd honest looks, but laid no words to gage.

His kindled duty kindled her mistrust, That two red fires in both their faces blaz'd; She thought he blush'd as knowing Tarquin's lust,

And, blushing with him, wistly on him gaz'd; Her earnest eye did make him more amaz'd: The more she saw the blood his cheeks replenish, [blemish.

The more she thought he spied in her some

But long she thinks till he return again, And yet the duteous vassal scarce is gone. The weary time she cannot entertain, For now 'tis stale to sigh, to weep, and groan: So wee hath wearned woe, moan tired moan, That she her plaints a little while doth stay,

Pausing for means to mourn some newer way.

At last she calls to mind where hangs a piece Of skilful painting, made for Priam's Troy; Before the which is drawn the power of Greece, For Helen's rape the city to destroy, Threat'ning cloud-kissing Ilion with annoy;

Which the conceited painter drew so proud, Asheaven (it seem'd) to kiss the turrets bow'd.

A thousand lamentable objects there, In scorn of Nature, Art gave lifeless life: Many a dry drop seem'd a weeping tear, Shed for the slaughter'd husband by the wife: Thered blood reek'd to show the painter's stnfe; And dying eyes gleam'd forth their ashy lights, Like dying coals burnt out in tedious nights.

There might you see the labouring pioneer Begrim'd with sweat, and smeared all with dust; And from the towers of Troy there would appear The very eyes of men through loopholes thrust, Gazing upon the Greeks with little lust:

Such sweet observance in this work was had, That one might see those far-off eyes look sad.

In great commanders grace and majesty
You might behold, triumphing in their faces;
In youth, quick bearing and dexterity;
And here and there the painter interlaces
Pale cowards, marching on with trembling
paces:

Which heartless peasants did so well resemble, That one would swear he saw them quake and tremble. In Ajax and Ulysses, O what art
Of physiognomy might one behold!
The face of either 'cipher'd either's heart;
Their face their manners most expressly told;
In Ajax' eyes blunt rage and rigour roll'd;
But the mild glance that sly Illysses last

But the mild glance that sly Ulysses lent Show'd deep regard and smiling government.

There pleading might you see grave Nestor stand.

As't were encouraging the Greeks to fight; Making such sober action with his hand That it beguil'd attention, charm'd the sight: In speech, it seem'd, his beard all silver white

Wagg'd up and down, and from his hips did

Thin winding breath, which purl'd up to the sky.

About him were a press of gaping faces, Which seem'd to swallow up his sound advice; All jointly listening, but with several graces, As if some mermaid did their ears entice; Some high, some low, the painter was so nice;

The scalps of many, almost hid behind, To jump up higher seem'd to mock the mind.

Here one man's hand lean'd on another's head, His nose being shadow'd by his neighbour's ear;

Here one being throng'd bears back, all boll'n and red;

Another smother'd seems to pelt and swear; And in their rage such signs of rage they bear, As, but for loss of Nestor's golden words, It seem'd they would debate with angry swords.

For much imaginary work was there; Concert deceifful, so compact, so kind, That for Achilles' image stood his spear, Grip'd in an armed hand; himself, behind, Was left unseen, save to the eye of mind: A hand, a foot, a face, a leg, a head, Stood for the whole to be imagined.

And from the walls of strong-besieged Troy
When their brave hope, bold Hector, march'd
to field,

Stood many Trojan mothers, sharing joy To see their youthful sons bright weapons wield And to their hope they such odd action yield, That through their light joy seemed to appear

That through their light joy seemed to appear (Like bright things stain'd) a kind of heavy fear.

And, from the strond of Dardan where they fought,

To Simois' reedy banks, the red blood ran, Whose waves to imitate the battle scught With swelling ridges; and their ranks began To break upon the galled shore, and than

Retire again, till meeting greater ranks
They join, and shoot their foam at Simois'
banks.

To this well-painted piece is Lucrece come, To find a face where all distress is stell'd. Many she sees where cares have carved some, But none where all distress and dolour dwell'd She throws her eyes about the painting round, Till she despairing Hecuba beheld,

Staring on Priam's wounds with her old eyes, Which bleeding under Pyrrhus' proud foot

In her the painter had anatomiz'd Time's ruin, beauty's wrack, and grim care's reign;

Her cheeks with chaps and wrinkles were disguis'd;

Of what she was no semblance did remain: Her blue blood, chang'd to black in every vein, Wanting the spring that those shrunk pipes had fed.

Show'd life imprison'd in a body dead.

On this sad shadow Lucrece spends her eyes, And shapes her sorrow to the beldame's woes, Who nothing wants to answer her but cries, And bitter words to ban her cruel foes: The painter was no god to lend her those

And therefore Lucrece swears he did her wrong,

To give her so much grief, and not a tongue.

'Poor instrument,' quoth she, 'without a sound, I'll tune my woes with my lamenting tongue: And drop sweet balm in Priam's painted wound, And rail on Pyrrhus that hath done him wrong, And with my tears quench Troy that burns so long;

And with my knufe scratch out the angry eyes Of all the Greeks that are thine enemies.

Show me the strumpet that began this stir, That with my nails her beauty I may tear. Thy heat of lust, fond Paris, did incur This load of wrath that burning Troy doth bear;

The eye kindled the fire that burneth here: And here in Troy, for trespass of thine eye, To sire, the son, the dame, and daughter, die.

'Why should the private pleasure of some one Become the public plague of many mo? Let sin, alone committed, light alone Upon his head that hath transgressed so. Let guiltless souls be freed from guilty woe:

For one's offence why should so many fall, To plague a private sin in general?

'Lo, here weeps Hecuba, here Priam dies, Here manly Hector faints, here Troilus swounds:

Here friend by friend in bloody channel lies, And friend to friend gives unadvised wounds, And one man's lust these many lives confounds: Had doting Priam check'd his son's desire, Troy had been bright with fame, and not with fire.

Here feelingly she weeps Troy's painted woes: For sorrow, like a heavy-hanging bell, Once set on ringing, with his own weight goes; Then little strength rings out the doleful knell: So Lucrece set a-work sad tales doth tell

To pencill'd pensiveness and colour'd sorrow; She lends them words, and she their looks

doth borrow.

And whom she finds forlorn she doth lament: At last she sees a wretched image bound, That piteous looks to Phrygian shepherds lent;

His face, though full of cares, yet show'd content: Onward to Troy with the blunt swains he goes So mild that Patience seem'd to scorn his woes.

In him the painter labour'd with his skill To hide deceit, and give the harmless show An humble gait, calm looks, eyes wailing still, A brow unbent, that seem'd to welcome woe; Cheeks neither red nor pale, but mingled so

That blushing red no guilty instance gave, Nor ashy pale the fear that false hearts have.

But, like a constant and confirmed devil, He entertain'd a show so seeming just, And therein so ensconc'd his secret evil, That jealousy itself could not mistrust False-creeping craft and perjury should thrust

Into so bright a day such black-fac'd storms, Or blot with hell-born sin such saint-like forms.

The well-skill'd workman this mild image drew For perjur'd Sinin, whose enchanting story The credulous old Priam after slew; glory Whose words, like wildfire, burnt the shining Of rich-built Ilion, that the skies were sorry And little stars shot from their fixed places

When their glass fell wherein they view'd their faces.

This picture she advisedly perus'd, And chid the painter for his wondrous skill: Saying, some shape in Sinon's was abus'd, So fair a form lodg'd not a mind so ill; And still on him she gaz'd, and gazing still, Such signs of truth in his plain face she spied,

That she concludes the picture was belied.

'It cannot be,' quoth she, 'that so much guile' (She would have said) 'can lurk in such a look;' But Tarquin's shape came in her mind the while,

And from her tongue 'can lurk' from 'cannot' took;

'It cannot be' she in that sense forsook, And turn'd it thus: 'It cannot be, I find, But such a face should bear a wicked mind:

'For even as subtle Sinon here is painted, So sober-sad, so weary, and so mild,

o me came Tarquin armed; so beguil'd With outward honesty, but yet defil'd With inward vice: as Priam him did cherish, So did I Tarquin; so my Troy did perish.

'Look, look, how listening Priam wets his eyes, To see those borrow'd tears that Sinon sheds, Priam, why art thou old, and yet not wise? For every tear he falls a Trojan bleeds;

His eye drops fire, no water thence proceeds; Those round clear pearls of his that move thy pity

Are balls of quenchless fire to burn thy city.

'Such devils steal effects from lightless hell; For Sinon in his fire doth quake with cold,

And in that cold hot-burning fire doth dwell; These contraries such unity do hold Only to flatter fools, and make them bold:

So Priam's trust false Sinon's tears doth flatter,

That he finds means to burn his Troy with water.'

Here, all enrag'd, such passion her assails,
That patience is quite beaten from her breast.
She tears the senseless Sinon with her nails,
Comparing him to that unhappy guest
Whose deed hath made herself herself detest;

At last she smilingly with this gives o'er;
'Fool! fool!' quoth she, 'his wounds will not be sore.'

Thus ebbs and flows the current of her sorrow, And time doth weary time with her complaining.

She looks for night and then she longs for morrow.

And both she thinks too long with her remaining:

Short time seems long in sorrow's sharp sustaining.

Though woe be heavy, yet it seldom sleeps; And they that watch see time how slow it creeps.

Which all this time hath overslipp'd her thought, That she with painted images hath spent; Being from the feeling of her own grief brought By deep surmise of others' detriment; Losing her woes in shows of discontent.

It easeth some, though none it ever cur'd, To think their dolour others have endur'd.

But now the mindful messenger, come back, Brings home his lord and other company; Who finds his Lucrece clad in mourning black; And round about her tear-distained eye Blue circles stream'd like rainbows in the sky,

These water-galls in her dim element Foretell new storms to those already spent.

Which when her sad-beholding husband saw, Amazedly in her sad face he stares: Her eyes, though sod in tears, look'd red and

raw,
Her lively colour kill'd with deadly cares.
He hath no power to ask her how she fares,
But stood like old acquaintance in a trance,
Met far from home, wondering each other's
chance.

At last he takes her by the bloodless hand, And thus begins: 'What uncouth ill event Hath thee befallen, that thou dost trembling stand?

Sweet love, what spite hath thy fair colour spent?

Why art thou thus attir'd in discontent?
Unmask, dear dear, this moody heaviness,
And tell thy grief, that we may give redress.'

Three times with sighs she gives her sorrow fire.

Ere once she can discharge one word of woe: At length address'd to answer his desire, She modestly prepares to let them know Her honour is ta'en prisoner by the foe; While Collatine and his consorted lords With sad attention long to hear her words.

And now this pale swan in her watery nest Begins the sad dirge of her certain ending: 'Few words' quoth she, 'shall fit the trespass best,

Where no excuse can give the fault amending: In me more woes than words are now depending; [long,

And my laments would be drawn out too To tell them all with one poor tired tongue.

'Then be this all the task it hath to say:— Dear husband, in the interest of thy bed A stranger came, and on that pillow lay Where thou wast wont to rest thy weary head, And what wrong else may be imagined

By foul enforcement might be done to me, From that, alas! thy Lucrece is not free.

'For in the dreadful dead of dark midnight, With shming falchion in my chamber came A creeping creature, with a flaming light, And softly cried, Awake, thou Roman dame, And entertain my love, else lasting shame On thee and thine this night I will inflict, If thou my love's desure do contradict.

'Forsomehard-favour'd groom of thine, quothhe, Unless thou yoke thy liking to my will, I'll murder straight, and then I'll slaughter thee, And swear I found you where you did fulfil The loathsome act of lust, and so did kill

The lechers in their deed: this act will be My fame, and thy perpetual infamy.

'With this I did begin to start and cry,
And then against my heart he set his sword,
Swearing, unless I took all patiently,
I should not live to speak another word:
So should my shame still rest upon record,
And never be forgot in mighty Rome
The adulterate death of Lucrece and her

'Mine enemy was strong, my poor self weak, And far the weaker with so strong a fear: My bloody judge forbade my tongue to speak; No rightful plea might plead for justice there: His scarlet lust came evidence to swear

That my pure beauty had purloin'd his eyes, And when the judge is robb'd, the prisoner dies.

'O teach me how to make mine own excuse! Or, at least, this refuge let me find; Though my gross blood be stain'd with the abuse,

Immaculate and spotless is my mind; That was not fore'd; that never was inclin'd To accessary yieldings, but still pure Doth in her poison'd closet yet endure.'

Lo here, the hopeless merchant of this loss, With head declin'd, and voice damn'd up with woe,

With sad-set eyes, and wretched arms across, . From lips new-waxen pale begins to blow The grief away that stops his answer so:
But wretched as he is he strives in vain;
What he breathes out his breath drinks up
again.

As through an arch the violent roaring tide Outruns the eye that doth behold his haste; Yet in the eddy boundeth in his pride Back to the strait that forc'd him on so fast; In rage sent out, recall'd in rage, being past:

Even so he sighs, his sorrows make a saw, To push grief on, and back the same grief draw.

Which speechless woe of his poor she attendeth, And his untimely frenzy thus awaketh:
'Dear lord, thy sorrow to my sorrow lendeth Another power; no flood by ranning slaketh.
My woe too sensible thy passion maketh
More feeling-painful: let it then suffice

To drown one woe, one pair of weeping eyes.

'And for my sake, when I might charm thee so, For she that was thy Lucrece,—now attend me; Be suddenly revenged on my foe, [fend me Thine, mine, his own; suppose thou dost de-From what is past: the help that thou shalt lend me

Comes all too late, yet let the traitor die; For sparing justice feeds imquity.

'But ere I name him, you, fair lords,' quoth

(Speaking to those that came with Collatine)
"Shall plight your honourable faiths to me,
With swift pursuit to venge this wrong of mine;
For 'tis a meritorious fair design

To chase injustice with revengeful arms: Knights, by their oaths, should right poor ladies' harms.'

At this request, with noble disposition
Each present lord began to promise aid,
As bound in knighthood to her imposition,
Longing to hear the hateful foe bewray'd.
But.she, that yet her sad task hath not said,
The protestation stops. 'O speak,' quoth

she, [me? 'How may this forced stain be wip'd from

'What is the quality of mine offence, Being constrain'd with dreadful circumstance? May my pure mind with the foul act dispense, My low-declined honour to advance? May any terms acquit me from this chance?

The poison'd fountain clears itself again; And why not I from this compelled stain?'

With this, they all at once began to say, Her body's stain her mind untainted clears; While with a joyless smile she turns away The face, that map which deep impression bears Of hard misfortune, carv'd in it with tears. 'No, no,' quoth she, 'no dame, hereafter

living,

By my excuse shall claim excuse's giving.

Here with a sigh, as if her heart would break. She throws forth Tarquin's name: 'He, he,' she says. But more than 'he' her poor tongue could not speak;

Till after many accents anddelays, Untimely breathings, sick and short assays, She utters this: 'He, he, fair lords,' his he, That guides this hand to give this wound to me.'

Even here she sheathed in her harmless breast A harmful knife, that thence her soul unsheath'd:

That blow did bail it from the deep unrest of that polluted prison where it breath'd: Her contrite sighs unto the clouds bequeath'd Her winged sprite, and through her wounds doth fiv

Life's lasting date from cancell'd destiny.

Stone-still, astonish'd with this deadly deed, Stood Collatine and all his lordly crew; Till Lucrece' father that beholds her bleed, Himself on her self-slaughter's body threw; And from the purple fountain Brutus drew

The murderous knife, and as it left the place, Her blood, in poor revenge, held it in chase;

And bubbling from her breast, it doth divide
In two slow invers, that the crimson blood
Circles her body in on every side,
Who like a late-sack'd island vasily stood
Bare and unpeopled, in this fearful flood.
Some of her blood still pure and red remain'd,
And some look'd black, and that false Tarquin stain'd.

About the mourning and congealed face
Of that black blood a watery rigol goes,
Which seems to weep upon the tainted place:
And ever since, as pitying Lucrece' woes,
Corrupted blood some watery token shows;
And blood untainted still doth red abide,
Blushing at that which is so putrefied.

'Daughter, dear daughter,' old Lucretius cries,
'That life was mine which thou hast here depriv'd.

If in the child the father's image lies, Where shall I live now Lucrece is unliv'd? Thou wast not to this end from me deriv'd. If children predecease progenitors, We are their offspring, and they none of ours.

'Poor broken glass, I often did behold In thy sweet semblance my old age new born; But now that fair fresh mirror, dim and old, Shows me a barebon'd death by time outworn; O, from thy cheeks my image thou hast torn! And shiver'd all the beauty of my glass,

That I no more can see what once I was.

'O time, cease thou thy course, and last no longer,

If they succease to be that should survive. Shall rotten death make conquest of the stronger, And leave the faltering feeble souls alive? The old bees die, the young possess their hive: Then live, sweet Lucrece, live again, and see Thy father die, and not thy father thee! By this starts Collatine as from a dream, And bids Lucretius give his sorrow place; And then in key-cold Lucrece' bleeding stream He falls, and bathes the pale fear in his face, And counterfeits to die with her a space;

nd counterfeits to die with her a space;
Till manly shame bids him possess his breath,
And live, to be revenged on her death.

The deep vexation of his inward soul Hath serv'd a dumb arrest upon his tongue; Who, mad that sorrow should his use control, Or keep him from heart-easing words so long, Begins to talk, but through his hips do throng Weak words, so thick come, in his poor

heart's aid, That no man could distinguish what he said.

Yet sometime Tarquin was pronounced plain, But through his teeth, as if the name he tore. This windy tempest, till it blow up rain, Held back his sorrow's tide, to make it more; At last it rains, and busy winds give o'er:

Then son and father weep with equal strife, Who should weep most for daughter or for wife.

The one doth call her his, the other his, Yet neither may possess the claim they lay, The father says, 'She's mine,' 'O, mine she is,'

Replies her husband: 'do not take away My sorrow's interest; let no mourner say He weeps for her, for she was only mine, And only must be wail'd by Collatine.'

'O,' quoth Lucretius, 'I did give that life Which she too early and too late hath spill'd.' 'Woe, woe,' quoth Collatine, 'she was my wife,

I ow'd her, and 'tis mine that she hath kill'd'
'My daughter!' and 'My wife!' with clamours
fill'd

The dispers'd air, who, holding Lucrece' life, Answer'd their cries, 'My daughter!' and 'My wife!'

Brutus, who pluck'd the knife from Lucrece' side,

Seeing such emulation in their woe, Began to clothe his wit in state and pride, Buryung in Lucrece' wound his folly's show. He with the Romans was esteemed so

As silly jeering idiots are with kings,
For sportive words, and uttering foolish
things.

But now he throws that shallow habit by, Wherein deep policy did him disguise; And arm'd his long-hid wits advisedly, To check the tears in Collatinus' eyes. 'Thou wronged lord of Rome,' quoth he, 'arnse;

Let my unsounded self, suppos'd a fool, Now set thy long-experienc'd wit to school.

'Why, Collatine, is woe the cure for woe? Do wounds help wounds, or grief help grievous deeds?

Is it revenge to give thyself a blow,
For his foul act by whom thy fair wife bleeds?
Such childish humour from weak minds proceeds:

Thy wretched wife mistook the matter so, To slay herself, that should have slain her foe.

'Courageous Roman, do not steep thy heart In such relenting dew of lamentations, But kneel with me, and help to bear thy part, To rouse our Roman gods with invocations, That they will suffer these abominations,

(Since Rome herself in them doth stand disgrac'd,)

By our strong arms from forth her fair streets chas'd.

'Now by the Capitol that we adore,
And by this chaste blood so unjustly stain'd,
By heaven's fair sun that breeds the fat earth's
store.

By all our country rights in Rome maintain'd, And by chaste Lucrece' soul that late complain'd Her wrongs to us, and by this bloody kinfe, We will revenge the death of this true wife.'

This said, he struck his hand upon his breast, And kiss'd the fatal kinfe to end his vow; And to his protestation urg'd the rest, Who, wondering at him, did his words allow; Then jointly to the ground their knees they bow, And that deep yow which Brutus made before, He doth again repeat, and that they swore.

When they had sworn to this advised doom, They did conclude to bear dead Lucrece thence; To show her bleeding body thorough Rome, And so to publish Tarquin's foul offence: Which being done with speedy diligence,

The Romans plausibly did give consent To Tarquin's everlasting banishment.

TO . THE . ONLIE . BEGETTER . OF . THESE . INSUING . SONNETS . MR. W. H. ALL . HAPPINESSE . AND . THAT . ETERNITIE .

PROMISED . BY .

OUR . EVER-LIVING . POET . WISHETH .
THE . WELL-WISHING . ADVENTURER .
IN . SETTING . FORTH .

T. T.

These verses collected by "Mr. W. H." from Shakespeare's private friends are numbered consecutively

to a "dark lady" the former is probably the correct meaning of the phrase. It is also a subject for controversy among students as to whether any or the whole of the Sonnets can be a description of the poet's own feelings, or not. Some members certainly favor the theory that he reveals himself. But in none of his other works does he do so; they are purely objective.

FROM fairest creatures we desire increase, That thereby beauty's rose might never die, But as the riper should by time decrease, His tender heir might bear his memory: But thou, contracted to thine own bright eyes, Feed'st thy light's flame with self-substantial fuel.

Making a famine where abundance lies,
Thyself thy foe, to thy sweet self too cruel.
Thou that art now the world's fresh ornament,
And only herald to the gaudy spring,
Within thine own bud buriest thy content,
And, tender churl, mak'st waste in niggarding.
Pity the world's due, by the grave and thee.

7

When forty winters shall besiege thy brow, And dig deep trenches in thy beauty's field, Thy youth's proud livery, so gaz'd on now, Will be a tatter'd weed, of small worth held: Then being ask'd where all thy beauty lies, Where all the treasure of thy lusty days; To say, within thine own deep sunken eyes, Were an all-eating shame and thriftless praise. How much more praise deserv'd thy beauty's use,

If thou couldst answer—'This fair child of mine Shall sum my count, and make my old excuse—'

Proving his beauty by succession thine!
This were to be new-made when thou art old,
And see thy blood warm when thou feel'st it

III.

Look in thy glass, and tell the face thou viewest, Now is the time that face should form another; Whose fresh repair if now thou not renewest, Thou dost beguile the world, unbless some mother.

For where is she so fair whose unear'd womb Disdains the tillage of thy husbandry? Or who is he so fond will be the tomb Ot his self-love, to stop posterity? Thou art thy mother's glass, and she in thee Calls back the lovely April of her prime: So thou through windows of thine age shalt see.

Despite of wrinkles, this thy golden time. But if thou live, remember'd not to be, Die single, and thine image dies with thee.

IV.

Unthrifty loveliness, why dost thou spend Upon thyself thy beauty's legacy? Nature's bequest gives nothing, but doth lend, And, being frank, she lends to those are free. Then, beauteous niggard, why dost thou abuse The bounteous largess given thee to give? Profiless usurer, why dost thou uses So great a sum of sums, yet canst not live? For having traffic with thyself alone, Thou of thyself thy sweet self dost deceive. Then how, when nature calls thee to be gone, What acceptable audit canst thou leave? Theunus'd beauty must be entomb'd with thee, Which, used, lives it's executor to be.

w.

Those hours that with gentle work did frame The lovely gaze where every eye doth dwell Will play the tyrants to the very same, And that unfair which fairly doth excel; For never-resting time leads summer on To hideous winter, and confounds him there; Sap check'd with frost, and lusty leaves quite

gone,
Beauty o'ersnow'd, and bareness everywhere:
Then, were not summer's distillation left,
A liquid prisoner pent in walls of glass,
Beauty's effect with beauty were bereft,
Nor it, nor no remembrance what it was.
But flowers distill'd, though they with winter

meet, [sweet. Leese but their show; their substance still lives

Then let not winter's ragged hand deface In thee thy summer, ere thou be distill'd: Make sweet some phial; treasure thou some place

with beauty's treasure, ere it be self-kill'd.
That use it not forbidden usury,
Which happies those that pay the willing loan;
That's for thyself to breed another thee,

Or ten times happier, be it ten for one; Ten times thyself were happier than thou art, If ten of thine ten times refigur'd thee: Then what could Death do if thou shouldst depart,

Leaving thee living in posterity? Be not self-will'd, for thou art much too fair To be Death's conquest and make worms

thine heir.

Lo, in the orient when the gracious light Lifts up his burning head, each under eye Doth homage to his new-appearing sight, Serving with looks his sacred majesty, And having climb'd the steep-up heavenly hill, Resembling strong youth in his middle age, Yet mortal looks adore his beauty still, Attending on his golden pilgrimage, But when from high-most pitch, with weary car, Like feeble age, he reeleth from the day, The eyes, 'fore duteous, now converted are From his low tract, and look another way: So thou, thyself outgoing in thy noon. Unlook'd on diest, unless thou get a son.

VIII.

Music to hear, why hear'st thou music sadly? Sweets with sweets war not, joy delights in joy, Why lov'st thou that which thou receiv'st not

gladly? Or else receiv'st with pleasure thine annoy? If the true concord of well-tuned sounds By unions married, do offend thine ear, They do but sweetly chide thee, who confounds In singleness the parts that thou shouldst bear. Mark how one string, sweet husband to another, Strikes each in each by mutual ordering; Resembling sire and child and happy mother, Who, all in one, one pleasing note do sing: Whose speechless song, being many, seeming

Sings this to thee, 'thou single wilt prove none.'

IX. Is it for fear to wet a widow's eve That thou consum'st thyself in single life? Ah! if thou issueless shalt hap to die, The world will wail thee, like a makeless wife: The world will be thy widow, and still weep That thou no form of thee hast left behind, When every private widow well may keep, By children's eyes, her husband's shape in mind. Look, what an unthrift in the world doth spend Shifts but his place, for still the world enjoys it: But beauty's waste hath in the world an end, And kept unus'd, the user so destroys it. No love toward others in that bosom sits.

That on himself such murderous shame commits.

For shame! deny that thou bear'st love to any, Who for thyself art so unprovident. Grant if thou wilt thou art belov'd of many, But that thou none lov'st is most evident; For thou art so possess'd with murderous hate, That 'gainst thyself thou stick'st not to conspire, Seeking that beauteous roof to ruinate. Which to repair should be thy chief desire. O change thy thought, that I may change my mind!

Shall hate be fairer lodg'd than gentle love? Be, as thy presence is, gracious and kind; Or to thyself, at least, kind-hearted prove, Make thee another self, for love of me. That beauty still may live in thine or thee.

As fast as thou shalt wane, so fast thou grow'st In one of thine, from that which thou departest: And that fresh blood which youngly thou bestow'st, convertest.

Thou mayst call thine, when thou from youth Herein lives wisdom, beauty, and increase: Without this folly, age, and cold decay. If all were minded so the times should cease, And threescore years would make the world

away. Let those whom Nature hath not made for store. Harsh, featureless, and rude, barrenly perish: Look whom she best endow'd, she gave the

cherish: Which bountcous gift thou shouldst in bounty She carv'd theo for her seal, and meant thereby Thou shouldst print more, nor let that copy die.

When I do count the clock that tells the time. And see the brave day sunk in hideous night; When I behold the violet past prime, And sable curls, all silver'd o'er with white; When lofty trees I see barren of leaves, Which erst from heat did canopy the herd, And summer's green all girdled up in sheaves. Borne on the bier with white and bristly beard: Then of thy beauty do I question make, That thou among the wastes of time must go, Since sweets and beauties do themselves forsake,

And die as fast as they see others grow: And nothing 'gainst Time's scythe can make defence

Save breed, to brave him when he takes thee XIII.

O that you were yourself: but, love, you are No longer yours than you yourself here live: Against this coming end you should prepare, And your sweet semblance to some other give. So should that beauty which you hold in lease Find no determination: then you were Yourself again, after yourself's decease, When your sweet issue your sweet form should bear.

Who lets so fair a house fall to decay, Which husbandry in honour might uphold Against the stormy gusts of winter's day, And barren rage of death's eternal cold? Of none but unthrifts: - Dear my love, you know

You had a father; let your son say so.

Not from the stars do I my judgment pluck; And yet methinks I have astronomy, But not to tell of good or evil luck, Of plagues, of dearths, or season's quality: Nor can I fortune to brief minutes tell, Pointing to each his thunder, rain, and wind, Or say with princes if it shall go well, By oft predict that I in heaven find: But from thine eyes my knowledge I derive.

And (constant stars) in them I read such art, As truth and beauty shall together thrive, If from thyself to store thou wouldst convert: Or else of thee this I prognosticate,

Thy end is truth's and beauty's doom and date.

χV

When I consider every thing that grows
Holds in perfection but a little moment,
That this huge state presenteth nought but shows
Whereon the stars in secret influence comment;
When I perceive that men as plants increase,
Cheered and check'd even by the self-same
sky;

Vaunt in their youthful sap, at height decrease, And wear their brave state out of memory; Then the conceit of this inconstant stay Sets you most rich in youth before my sight, Where wasteful time debateth with decay, To change your day of youth to sulhed night; And, all in war with Time, for love of you, As he takes from you, I engraft you new.

WVY.

But wherefore do not you a mighter way Make war upon this bloody tyrant, Time? And fortify yourself in your decay With means more blessed than my barren rhyme?

Now stand you on the top of happy hours; And many maiden gardens, yet unset, With virtuous wish would bear your living

flowers,

Much liker than your painted counterfeit:
So should the lines of life that lifo repair,
Which this, Time's pencil, or my pupil pen,
Neither in inward worth, nor outward fair,
Can make you live yourself in eyes of men.
To give away yourself keeps yourself still;
And you must live, drawn by your own sweet
skill.

XVII.

Who will believe my verse in time to come, If it were fill'd with your most high deserts? Though yet, Heaven knows, it is but as a tomb Which hides your life, and shows not half your parts.

If I could write the beauty of your eyes, And in fresh numbers number all your graces, The age to come would say, this poet lies, Such heavenly touches ne'er touch'd earthly faces.

So should my papers, yellow'd with their age, Be scorn'd, like old men of less truth than tongue;

And your true rights be term'd a poet's rage,
And stretched metre of an antique song:
But were some child of yours alive that time,
You should live twice;—in it, and in myrhyme.

XVIII.

Shall I compare thee to a summer's day?
Thou art more lovely and more temperate:
Rough winds do shake the darling buds of May,
And summer's lease hath all too shorts date:
Sometime too hot the eye of heaven shines,
And often is his gold complexion dimm'd;
And every fair from fair sometime declines,
By chance, or nature's changing course, untimm'd;

But thy eternal summer shall not fade,

Nor lose possession of that fair thou owest; Nor shall Death brag thou wander'st in his shade.

When in eternal lines to time thou growest; So long as men can breathe, or eyes can see, So long lives this, and this gives life to thee.

Devouring Time, blunt thou the lion's paws, And make the earth devour her own sweet brood;

Pluck the keen teeth from the fierce tiget's jaws, And burn the long-lw'd phœnix in her blood; Make glad and sorry seasons, as thou fleets; And do whate'er thou wilt, swift-footed Time, To the wide world, and all her fading sweets; But I forbid thee one most heinous crime: O carve not with thy hours my love's fair brow, Nor draw no lines there with thine antique pen; Him in thy course untainted do allow, For beauty's pattern to succeeding men.

Yet, do thy worst, old Time: despite thy wrong, My love shall in my verse ever live young.

XX.

A woman's face, with nature's own hand painted, Hast thou, the master-mistress of my passion; A woman's gentle heart, but not acquainted With shifting change, as is false woman's

fashion; [rolling,
An eye more bright than theirs, less false in
Gilding the object whereupon it gazeth;
A man in hue, all hues in his controlling,
Which steals men's eyes, and women's souls
amazeth.

And for a woman wert thou first created; Till Nature, as she wrought thee, fell a-doting, And by addition me of thee defeated, By adding one thing to my purpose nothing. But since she prick'd thee out for women's

pleasure, [treasure.]
Mine be thy love, and thy love's use their

XXI.

So is it not with me as with that muse, Stirr'd by a painted beauty to his verse; Who heaven itself for ornament doth use, And every fair with his fair doth rehearse; Making a couplement of proud compare, With sun and moon, with earth and sea's rich gems,

With Apnl's first-born flowers, and all things That heaven's air in this huge rondure hems. O let me, true in love, but truly write, And then believe me, my love is as fair As any mother's child, though not so bright As those gold candles fix'd in heaven's air: Let them say more than like of heaveny well; I will not praise, that purpose not to sell.

XXII.

My glass shall not persuade me I am old, So long as youth and thou are of one date; But when in thee time's furrows I behold, Then look I death my days should expiate. For all that beauty that doth cover thee Is but the seemly raiment of my heart, Which in thy breast doth live, as thine in me; How can I then be elder than thou art? O therefore, love, be of thyself so, wary, As I not for myself but for thee will; Bearing thy heart, which I will keep so chary

As tender nurse her babe from faring ill.

Presume not on thy heart when mine is slain;
Thou gav'st me thine, not to give back again.

YYIII.

As an unperfect actor on the stage, Who with his fear is put besides his part, Or some fierce thing replete with too much rage, Whose strength's abundance weakens his own heart;

So I, for fear of trust, forget to say The perfect ceremony of love's rite, And in mine own love's strength seem to decay O'ercharg'd with burden of mine own love's might.

O let my books be, then, the eloquence
And dumb presagers of my speaking breast;
Who plead for love, and look for recompense
More than that tongue that more hath more
express'd

O learn to read what silent love hath writ: To hear with eyes belongs to love's fine wit.

XXIV.

Mine eye hath play'd the painter, and hath

stell'd
Thy beauty's form in table of my heart:
My body is the frame wherein 'tis held,
And perspective it is best painter's art.
For through the painter must you see his skill,
To find where your true image pictur'd lies,
Which in my bosom's shop is hanging still,
That hath his windows glazed with thine eyes.
Now see what good turns eyes for eyes have
done:

Mine eyes have drawn thy shape, and thine for me [sun

Are windows to my breast, where-through the Delights to peep, to gaze therein on thee; Yet eyes this cunning want to grace their art, They draw but what they see, know not the heart.

XXV.

Let those who are in favour with their stars, Of public honour and proud titles boast, Whilst I, whom fortune of such triumph bars, Unlook'd for joy in that I honour most. Great princes' favourites their fair leaves spread But as the marigold at the sun's eye; And in themselves their pride lies buried, For at a frown they in their glory die. The painful warrior famoused for fight, After a thousand victories once foil'd, Is from the book of honour razed quite, And all the rest forgot for which he toil'd:

Then happy I, that love and am belov'd Where I may not remove, nor be remov'd.

XXVI.

Lord of my love, to whom in vassalage
Thy ment hath my duty strongly knit,
To thee I send this written embassage,
To witness duty, not to show my wit.
Duty so great, which wit so poor as mine
May make seem bare, in wanting words to
show it;

But that I hope some good conceit of thine In thy soul's thought, all naked, will bestow it: Till whatsoever star that guides by moving, Points on me graciously with fair aspect, And puts apparel on my tatter'd loving, To show me worthy of thy sweet respect:
Then may I dare to boast how I do love thee,
Till then, not show my head where thou mayst
prove me.

XXVII.

Weary with toil, I haste me to my bed,
The dear repose for limbs with travel tir'd;
But then begins a journey in my head,
To work my mind, when body's work 's expir'd:
For then my thoughts (from far where I abide)
Intend a zealous pilgrimage to thee,
And keep my drooping eyelids open wide,
Looking on darkness which the blind do see:
Save that my soul's imaginary sight
Presents thy shadow to my sightless view,
Which, like a jewel hung in ghastly night,
Makes black night beauteous, and her old face
new.

Lo, thus, by day my limbs, by night my mind For thee, and for myself, no quiet find.

XXVIII

How can I then return in happy plight,
That am debarr'd the benefit of rest?
When day's oppression is not eas'd by night,
But day by night and night by day oppress'd?
And each, though enemies to either's reign,
Do in consent shake hands to torture me,
The one by toil, the other to complain
How far I toil, still farther off from thee.
I tell the day, to please him, thou art bright,
And dost him grace when clouds do blot the
heaven:

So flatter I the swart-complexion'd night; When sparkling stars twire not, thou gild'st the even.

But day doth daily draw my sorrows longer, And night doth nightly make grief's strength seem stronger.

XXIX.

When in disgrace with fortune and men's eyes, I all alone beweep my outcast state, [cries, And trouble deaf Heaven with my bootless And look upon myself, and curse my fate, Wishing me like to one more rich in hope, Featur'd like him, like him with friends possess'd,

Desiring this man's art, and that man's scope, With what I most enjoy contented least; Yet in these thoughts myself almost despising. Haply I think on thee,— and then my state (Like to the lark at break of day arising From sullen earth) sings hymns at heaven's

gate; [brings,
For thy sweet love remember'd such wealth
That then I scorn to change my state with
kings.

XXX.

When to the sessions of sweet silent thought I summon up remembrance of things past, I sigh the lack of many a thing I sought, And with old woes new wail my dear times' waste:

Then can I drown an eye, unus'd to flow, For precious friends hid in death's dateless night,

And weep afresh love's long-since cancell'd wee, And mean the expense of many a vanish'd sight.

Then can I grieve at grievances foregone, And heavily from woe to woe tell o'er. The sad account of fore-bemoaned moan, Which I new pay as if not paid before. But if the while I think on thee, dear friend, All losses are restor'd, and sorrows end.

XXXI.

Thy bosom is endeared with all hearts, Which I by lacking have supposed dead; And their reigns love and all love's loving parts, And all those friends which I thought buried. How many a holy and obsequious tear Hath dear religious love stolen from mine eye, As interest of the dead, which now appear But things remov'd, that hidden in thee lie! Thou art the grave where buried love doth live, Hung with the trophies of my lovers gone, Who all their parts of me to thee did give; That due of many now is thine alone:

Their images I lov'd, I view in thee, And thou (all they) hast all the all of me.

XXXII.

If thou survive my well-contented day, When that churl Death my bones with dust shall cover,

And shalt by fortune once more re-survey
These poor rude lines of thy deceased lover,
Compare them with the bettering of the time;
And though they be outstripp'd by every pen,
Reserve them for my love, not for their rhyme,
Exceeded by the height of happier men.
O then vouchsafe me but this loving thought!
'Had my friend's muse grown with this growing age,

A dearer birth than this his love had brought, To march in ranks of better equipage: But since he died, and poets better prove, Theirs for their style I'll read, his for his love.'

XXXIII.

Full many a glorious morning have I seen Flatter the mountain-tops with sovereign eye, Kissing with golden face the meadows green, Gilding pale streams with heavenly alchymy; Anon permit the basest clouds to ride With ugly rack on his celestial face, And from the forlorn world his visage hide, Stealing unseen to west with this disgrace: Even so my sun one early morn did shine With all triumphant splendour on my brow; But out! alack! he was but one hour mine, The region cloud hath mask'd him from me now. Yet him for this my love no whit disdaineth Suns of the world may stain, when heaven's sun staineth.

XXXIV.

Why didst thou promise such a beauteous day, And make me travel forth without my cloak, To let base clouds o'ertake me in my way, Hiding thy bravery in their rotten smoke? 'Tis not enough that through the cloud thou

To dry the rain on my storm-beaten face, For no man well of such a salve can speak, That heals the wound, and cures not the disgrace:

Nor can thy shame give physic to my grief; Though thou repent, yet I have still the loss: The offender's sorrow lends but weak relief To him that bears the strong offence's cross, Ah! but those tears are pearl which thy love sheds,

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And they are rich, and ransom all ill deeds.

XXXV.

No more be griev'd at that which thou hast done:

Roses have thorns, and silver fountains mud; Clouds and eclipses stain both moon and sun, And loathsome canker lives in sweetest bud. All men make faults, and even I in this, Authorising thy trespass with compare, Myself corrupting, salving thy amiss, Excusing thy sins more than thy sins are: For to thy sensual fault I bring in sense, (Thy adverse party is thy advocate,) And 'gainst myself a lawful plea commence: Such civil war is in my love and hate, That I an accessary needs must be To that sweet thief which sourly robs from me.

XXXVI.

Let me confess that we two must be twain,
Although our undivided loves are one:
So shall those blots that do with me remain,
Without thy help, by me be borne alone.
In our two loves there is but one respect,
Though in our lives a separable spite,
Which though it alter not love's sole effect,
Yet doth it steal sweet hours from love's
delight.

I may not evermore acknowledge thee, Lest my bewailed guilt should do thee shame; Nor thou with public kindness honour me, Unless thou take that honour from thy name: But do not so; I love thee in such sort, As, thou being mine, mine is thy good report.

XXXVII

As a decrepit father takes delight
To see his active child do deeds of youth,
So I, made lame by fortune's dearest spite,
Take all my comfort of thy worth and truth;
For whether beauty, birth, or wealth, or wit,
Or any of these all, or all, or more,
Entitled in thy parts do crowned sit,
I make my love engrated to this store:
So then I am not lame, poor, nor despis'd,
Whilst that this shadow dost such substance give,
That I in thy abundance am suffic'd,
And by a part of all thy glory live.
Look what is best, that best I wish in thee;
This wish I have; then ten times happy me!

XXXVIII.

How can my muse want subject to invent. Whilst thou dost breathe, that pour'st into my verse

Thine own sweet argument, too excellent For every vulgar paper to rehearse? O, give thyself the thanks, if aught in me Worthy perusal stand against thy sight; For who's so dumb that cannot write to thee, When thou thyself dost give invention light? Be thou the tenth muse, ten times more in worth

Than those old nine which rhymers invocate; And he that calls on thee, let him bring forth Eternal numbers to outlive long date. [days, If my slight muse do please these curious

The pain be mine, but thine shall be the praise.

XXXIX.

O, how thy worth with manners may I sing, When thou art all the better part of me? What can mine own praise to mine own self bring?

bring?
And what is't but mine own, when I praise thee?
Even for this let us divided live,
And our dear love lose name of single one,
That by this separation I may give
That due to thee, which thou deserv'st alone.
O absence, what a torment wouldst thou prove,
Were it not thy sour leisure gave sweet leave

were it not thy sour leisure gave sweet leave To entertain the time with thoughts of love, (Which time and thoughts so sweetly doth deceive,)

And that thou teachest how to make one twain, By praising him here, who doth hence remain!

Χī

Take all my loves, my love, yea, take them all; What hast thou then more than thou hadst before?

No love, my love, that thou mayst true love call; All mine was thine, before thou hadst this more. Then if for my love thou my love receivest, I cannot blame thee for my love thou usest; But yet be blam'd, if thou thyself deceivest By wilful taste of what thyself refusest. I do forgive thy robbery, gentle thief, Although thou steal thee all my poverty; And yet, love knows, it is a greater grief To bear love's wrong, than hate's known injury.

Lascivious grace, in whom all ill well shows, Kill me with spites; yet we must not be foes.

XLI

Those pretty wrongs that liberty commits When I am sometime absent from thy heart, Thy beauty and thy years full well befits, For still temptation follows where thou art. Gentle thou art, and therefore to be won, Beauteous thou art, therefore to be assail'd; And when a woman wooes, what woman's son Will sourly leave her till she have prevail'd? Ah mel but yet thou mightst my seat forbear, And chide thy beauty and thy straying youth, Who lead thee in their not even there Where thou art forc'd to break a twofold truth; Hers, by thy beauty tempting her to thee, Thine, by thy beauty being false to me.

XLII.

That thou hast her, it is not all my grief,
And yet it may be said I lov'd her dearly;
That she hath thee, is of my wailing chief,
A loss in love that touches me more nearly.
Loving offenders, thus I will excuse yet:—
Thou dost love her, because thou knew'st I
love her:

And for my sake even so doth she abuse me, Suficing my friend for my sake to approve her. If I lose thee, my loss is my love's gain, And, losing her, my friend hath found that loss; Both find each other, and I lose both twain, And both for my sake lay on me this cross:
But here's the joy; my friend and I are one;
Sweet flattery! then she loves but me alone.

When most I wink, then do mine eyes best see.
For all the day they view things unrespected;
But when I sleep, in dreams they look on thee,
And, darkly bright, are bright in dark directed;
Then thou whose shadow shadows doth make
bright,

How would thy shadow's form form happy show To the clear day with thy much clearer light, When to unseeing eyes thy shade shines so! How would (I say) mine eyes be blessed made By looking on thee in the living day, When in dead of night thy fair imperfect shade Through heavy sleep on sightless eyes doth stay?

All days are nights to see, till I see thee,
And nights, bright days, when dreams do
show thee me.

If the dull substance of my flesh were thought, Injurious distance should not stop my way; For then, despite of space, I would be brought From limits far remote, where thou dost stay. No matter then, although my foot did stand Upon the farthest earth remov'd from thee, For nimble thought can jump both sea and land, as soon as think the place where he would be. But ah! thought kills me, that I am not thought, To leap large lengths of miles when thou art gone,

But that, so much of earth and water wrought, I must attend time's lessure with my moan; Receiving nought by elements so slow But heavy tears, badges of either's woe:

WT 17

The other two, slight air and purging fire, Are both with thee, wherever I abide; The first my thought, the other my desire, These present-absent with swift motion slide. For when these quicker elements are gone In tender embassy of love to thee, My life, being made of four, with two alone Sinks down to death, oppress'd with melancholy;

Until life's composition be recur'd By those swift messengers return'd from thee, Who even but now come back again, assur'd Of thy fair health, recounting it to me: This told, I joy; but then no longer glad,

This told, I joy; but then no longer glad, I send them back again, and straight grow sad.

Mine eye and heart are at a mortal war, How to divide the conquest of thy sight; Mine eye my heart thy picture's sight would bar.

My heart mine eye the freedom of that right.
My heart doth plead that thou in him dost lie,
(A closet never pierc'd with crystal eyes,)
But the defendant doth that plea deny,
And says in him thy fair appearance less.
To 'cide this title is impannelled
A quest of thoughts, all tenants to the heart;
And by their verdict is determined [part:
The clear eye's moiety, and the dear heart'
As thus, mine eye's due is thine outward part,
And my heart's right thine inward love of heart.

Betwixt mine eye and heart a league is took, And each doth good turns now unto the other: When that mine eye is famish'd for a look, Or heart in love with sighs himself doth smother, With my love's picture then my eye doth feast, And to the painted banquet bids my heart: Another time mine eye is my heart's guest, And in his thoughts of love doth share a part: So, either by thy picture or my love, Thyself away art present still with me; [move, For thou not farther than my thoughts canst And I am still with them, and they with thee; Or if they sleep, thy picture in my sight Awakes my heart to heart's and eye's delight.

XI.VIII.

How careful was I when I took my way, Each trifle under truest bars to thrust, That, to my use, it might unused stay From hands of falsehood, in sure wards of trust! But thou, to whom my jewels trifles are, Most worthy comfort, now my greatest grief, Thou, best of dearest, and mine only care, Art left the prey of every vulgar thief. Thee have I not lock'd up in any chest. Save where thou art not, though I feel thou art, Within the gentle closure of my breast, [part; From whence at pleasure thou mayst come and And even thence thou wilt be stolen I fear. For truth proves thievish for a prize so dear.

Against that time, if ever that time come, When I shall see thee frown on my defects, Whenas thy love hath east his utmost sum, Call'd to that audit by advis'd respects; [pass. Against that time, when thou shalt strangely And scarcely greet me with that sun, thine eye, When love, converted from the thing it was. Shall reasons find of settled gravity; Against that time do I ensconce me here Within the knowledge of mine own desert, And this my hand against myself uprear, To guard the lawful reasons on thy part: To leave poor me thou hast the strength of laws, Since, why to love, I can allege no cause.

How heavy do I journey on the way, When what I seek-my weary travel's end-Doth teach that ease and that repose to say 'Thus far the miles are measur'd from thy friend!

The beast that bears me, tired with my woe, Plods dully on, to bear that weight in me, As if by some instinct the wretch did know His rider lov'd not speed, being made from thee:

The bloody spur cannot provoke him on That sometimes anger thrusts into his hide, Which heavily he answers with a groan, More sharp to me than spurring to his side; For that same groan doth put this in my mind, My grief lies onward, and my joy behind.

Thus can my love excuse the slow offence Of my dull bearer, when from thee I speed:. From where thou art why should I haste me thence?

Till I return, of posting is no need. O what excuse will my poor beast then find, When swift extremity can seem but slow? Then should I spur, though mounted on the

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In winged speed no motion shall I know: Then can no horse with my desire keep pace; Therefore desire, of perfect'st love being made, Shall neigh (no dull flesh) in his fiery race; But love, for love, thus shall excuse my jade; Since from thee going he went wilful slow, Towards thee I'll run, and give him leave to

So am I as the rich, whose blessed key Can bring him to his sweet up-locked treasure, The which he will not every hour survey, For blunting the fine point of seldom pleasure. Therefore are feasts so solemn and so rare, Since seldom coming, in the long year set, Like stones of worth they thinly placed are, Or captain jewels in the carcanet. So is the time that keeps you, as my chest Or as the wardrobe which the robe doth hide, To make some special instant special-blest, By new unfolding his imprison'd pride. Blessed are you, whose worthiness gives scope, Being had, to triumph, being lack'd, to hope.

What is your substance, whereof are you made, That millions of strange shadows on you tend? Since every one hath, every one, one's shade, And you, but one, can every shadow lend. Describe Adonis, and the counterfeit Is poorly imitated after you; On Helen's cheek all art of beauty set, And you in Grecian tires are painted new: Speak of the spring, and forson of the year; The one doth shadow of your beauty show, The other as your bounty doth appear, And you in every blessed shape we know. In all external grace you have some part. But you like none, none you, for constant heart.

O how much more doth beauty beauteous seem, By that sweet ornament which truth doth give! The rose looks fair, but fairer we it deem For that sweet odour which doth in it live. The canker-blooms have full as deep a dye As the perfumed tincture of the roses, Hang on such thorns, and play as wantonly When summer's breath their masked buds discloses:

But, for their virtue only is their show, They live unwoo'd, and unrespected fade; Die to themselves. Sweet roses do not so Of their sweet deaths are sweetest odours made And so of you, beauteous and lovely youth, When that shall fade, by verse distils your truth.

Not marble, nor the gilded monuments Of princes, shall outlive this powerful rhyme; But you shall shine more bright in these contents Than unswept stone, besmear'd with sluttish time.

When wasteful war shall statues overturn,

And broils root out the work of masonry, Nor Mars his sword nor war's quick fire shall burn

The living record of your memory. 'Gainst death and all-oblivious enmity Shall you pace forth; your praise shall still find

Even in the eyes of all posterity That wear this world out to the ending doom. So, till the judgment that yourself anse, You live in this, and dwell in lovers' eyes.

Sweet love, renew thy force; be it not said, Thy edge should blunter be than appetite, Which but to-day by feeding is allay'd, To-morrow sharpen'd in his former might: So, love, be thou; although to-day thou fill Thy hungry eyes, even till they wink with fulness,

To-morrow see again, and do not kill The spirit of love with perpetual dulness. Let this sad interim like the ocean be Which parts the shore, where two contracted-new Come daily to the banks, that, when they see Return of love, more blest may be the view; Or call it winter, which, being full of care, Makes summer's welcome thrice more wish'd, more rare.

Being your slave, what should I do but tend Upon the hours and times of your desire? I have no precious time at all to spend, Nor services to do, till you require. Nor dare I chide the world-without-end hour, Whilst I, my sovereign, watch the clock for you, Nor think the bitterness of absence sour. When you have bid your servant once adieu; Nor dare I question with my jealous thought Where you may be, or your affairs suppose, But, like a sad slave, stay and think of nought, Save, where you are now happy you make those:

So true a fool is love, that in your will (Though you do anything) he thinks no ill.

T.VIII.

That God forbid, that made me first your slave, I should in thought control your times of pleasure

Or at your hand the account of hours to crave, Being your vassal, bound to stay your leisure! O, let me suffer (being at your beck) The imprison'd absence of your liberty, And patience, tame to sufferance, bide each check Without accusing you of injury. Be where you list; your charter is so strong, That you yourself may privilege your time: Do what you will, to you it doth belong Yourself to pardon of self-doing crime. I am to wait, though waiting so be hell;

Not blame your pleasure, be it ill or well.

LIX.

If there be nothing new, but that which is Hath been before, how are our brains beguil'd, Which labouring for invention bear amiss The second burthen of a former child! O. that record could with a backward look. Even of five hundred courses of the sun, Show me your image in some antique book,

Since mind at first in character was done! That I might see what the old world could say To this composed wonder of your frame; Whether we are mended, or whe'r better they. Or whether revolution be the same. O! sure I am, the wits of former days To subjects worse have given admiring praise.

Like as the waves make towards the pebbled shore. So do our minutes hasten to their end;

Each changing place with that which goes before. In sequent toil all forwards do contend. Nativity, once in the main of light, Crawls to maturity, wherewith being crown'd, Crooked eclipses 'gainst his glory fight. And Time, that gave, doth now his gift confound. Time doth transfix the flourish set on youth, And delves the parallels in beauty's brow: Feeds on the rarities of nature's truth, And nothing stands but for his scythe to mow. And yet, to times in hope, my verse shall stand, Praising thy worth, despite his cruel hand.

Is it thy will thy image should keep open My heavy eyelids to the weary night? Dost thou desire my slumbers should be broken. While shadows, like to thee, do mock my sight? Is it thy spirit that thou send'st from thee So far from home, into my deeds to pry: To find out shames and idle hours in me, The scope and tenor of thy jealousy? O no! thy love, though much, is not so great; It is my love that keeps mine eye awake; Mine own true love that doth my rest defeat, To play the watchman ever for thy sake: For thee watch I, whilst thou dost wake elsewhere,

From me far off, with others all-too-near.

LXII.

Sin of self-love possesseth all mine eve. And all my soul, and all my every part; And for this sin there is no remedy It is so grounded inward in my heart. Methinks no face so gracious is as mine, No shape so true, no truth of such account. And for myself mine own worth to define, As I all other in all worths surmount. But when my glass shows me myself indeed, Beated and chopp'd with tann'd antiquity, Mine own self-love quite contrary I read, Self so self-loving were iniquity. 'Tis thee (myself) that for myself I praise,

Painting my age with beauty of thy days.

LXIII.

Against my love shall be, as I am now, With Time'sinjurioushandcrush'dando'erworn; When hours have drain'd his blood, and fill'd his brow

With lines and wrinkles; when his youthful morn Hath travell'd on to age's steepy night; And all those beauties, whereof now he's king. Are vanishing or vanish'd out of sight, Stealing away the treasure of his spring; For such a time do I now fortify Against confounding age's cruel knife, That he shall never cut from memory My sweet love's beauty, though my lover's life.

His beauty shall in these black lines be seen, And they shall live, and he in them, still green.

LXIV.

When I have seen by Time's fell hand defac'd The rich-proud cost of outworn buried age; When sometime lofty towers I see down-ras'd, And brass eternal, slave to mortal rage; When I have seen the hungry ocean gain Advantage on the kingdom of the shore, And the firm soil win of the wat'ry main, Increasing store with loss, and loss with store; When I have seen such interchange of state, Or state itself confounded to decay, Ruin hath taught me thus to ruminate—That Time will come and take my love away. This thought is as a death, which cannot choose But weep to have that which it fears to lose.

LXV.

Since brass, nor stone, nor earth, nor boundless sea,
But sad mortality o'ersways their power,

But sad mortality o'ersways their power, How with this rage shall beauty hold a plea, Whose action is no stronger than a flower? O, how shall summer's honey breath hold out Against the wreckful siege of battering days, When rocks impregnable are not so stout, Nor gates of steel so strong, but time decays? O fearful meditation! where, alack! Shall Time's best jewelfrom Time's chest he hid? Or what strong hand can hold his swift foot back? Or who his spoil of beauty can forbid?

O none, unless this miracle have might,
That in black ink my love may still shine bright.

LXVI.

Tir'd with all these, for restful death I cry,—As, to behold desert a beggar born,
And needy nothing trum'd in Jolity,
And purest faith unhappily forsworn,
And gilded honour shamefully misplac'd,
And maden virtue rudely strumpeted,
And right perfection wrongfully disgrac'd,
And strength by limping sway disabled,
And art made tongue-tied by authority,
And folly (doctor-like) controlling skill,
And simple truth miscall'd simplicity,
And captive good attending captain ill:]gone,
Tir'd with all these, from these would I be
Save that, to die, I leave my love alone.

LXVII.

Ahl wherefore with infection should he live,
And with his presence grace impiety,
That sin by him advantage should achieve,
And lace itself with his society?
Why should false painting imitate his cheek,
And steal dead seeing of his living hie?
Why should poor beauty indirectly seek
Roses of shadow, since his rose is true?
Why should he live now Nature bankrupt is,
Beggar'd of blood to blush through lively veins?
For she hath no exchequer now but his,
And, proud of many, lives upon his gains.
O, him she stores, to show what wealth she
had

In days long since, before these last so bad.

Thus is his cheek the map of days outworn, When beauty liv'd and died as flowers do now.

Before these bastard signs of fair were born, Or durst inhabit on a living brow; Before the golden tresses of the dead, The right of sepulchres, were shorn away, To hve a second life on second head, Ere beauty's dead fleece made another gay: In him those holy antique hours are seen, Without all ornament, itself, and true, Making no summer of another's green, Robbing no old to dress his beauty new; And him as for a map doth Nature store, To show false Art what beauty was of yore.

LXIX.

Those parts of thee that the world's eye doth view Want nothing that the thought of hearts can mend:

All tongues (the voice of souls) give the ethat due, Uttering bare truth, even so as foes commend. Thine outward thus with outward praise is crown'd:

But those same tongues that give thee so thine

In other accents do this praise confound, By seeing farther than the eye hath shown. They look into the beauty of thy mind, And that, in guess, they measure by thy deeds; Then (churls) their thoughts, although their eyes were kind.

To thy fair flower add the rank smell of weeds: But why thy odour matcheth not thy show, The solve is this,—that thou dost common grow.

LXX.

That thou art blam'd shall not be thy defect. For slander's mark was ever yet the four. The ornament of beauty is suspect, A crow that flies in heaven's sweetest air. So thou be good, slander doth but approve Thy worth the greater, being wou'd of time; For canker vice the sweetest buds doth love, And thou present'st a pure unstained prine. Thou hast pass'd by the ambush of young days, Either not assail'd, or victor, being charg'd; Yet this thy praise cannot be so thy praise, To the up envy, evermore enlarged:
If some suspect of ill mask'd not thy show,

Then thou alone kingdoms of hearts shouldst owe.

LXXI.

No longer mourn for me when I am dead Than you shall hear the surly sullen bell Give warning to the world that I am fled From this vile world, with vilest worms to dwell:

Nay, if you read this line, remember not The hand that with it, for I love you so, That I in your sweet thoughts would be forgot, If thinking on me then should make you woe. O, if (I say) you look upon this verse, When I perhaps compounded am with clay, Do not so much as my poor name rehease; But let your love even with my life decay: Lest the wise world should look into your moan, And mock you with me after I am gone.

LXXII.

O, lest the world should task you to recite What merit lav'd in me, that you should love After my death, dear love, forget me quite, For you in me can nothing worthy prove;

Unless you would devise some virtuous lie,
To do more for me than mine own desert,
And hang more praise upon deceased I
Than niggardly truth would willingly impart:
O, lest your true love may seem false in this,
That you for love speak well of me untrue,
My name be burred where my body is,
And live no more to shame nor me nor you.
For I am sham'd by that which I bring forth,
And so should you, to love things nothing
worth.

LXXIII.

That time of year thou mayst in me behold When yellow leaves, or none, or few, do hang Upon those boughs which shake against the cold, Bare ruin'd choirs, where late the sweet birds sang

In me thou seest the twilight of such day
As after sunset fadeth in the west,
Which, by and by black night doth take away,
Death's second self, that seals up all in rest.
In me thou seest the glowing of such fire,
That on the ashes of his youth doth lie,
As the death-bed whereon it must expire,
Consum'd with that which it was nounsh'd by.
This thou perceiv'st which makes thy love
more strong,

To love that well which thou must leave ere

LXXIV.

But be contented: when that fell arrest Without all bail shall carry me away, My life hath in this line some interest, Which for memorial still with thee shall stay. When thou reviewest this, thou dost review The very part was consecrate to thee. The earth can have but earth, which is his due; My spirit is thune, the better part of me. So then thou hast but lost the dregs of life, The prey of worms, my body being dead; The coward conquest of a wretch's knife, Too base of thee to be remembered.

The worth of that, is that which it contains, And that is this, and this with thee remains.

T.XXV

So are you to my thoughts, as food to life,
Or as sweet-season'd showers are to the ground,
And for the peace of you I hold such strife
As 'twixt a muser and his wealth is found:
Now proud as an enjoyer, and anon
Doubting the filching age will steal his treasure;
Now counting best to be with you alone,
Then better'd that the world may see my
pleasure:

Sometime all full with feasting on your sight, And by and by clean starved for a look; Possessing or pursuing no delight, Save what is had or must from you be took. Thus do I pine and surfeit day by day. Or gluttoning on all, or all away.

LXXVI.

Why is my verse so barren of new pride? So far from variation or quick change? Why, with the time, do I not glance aside To new-found methods and to compounds strange?

Why write I still all one, ever the same, And keep invention in a noted weed. That every word doth almost tell my name, Showing their birth, and where they did proceed?

O know, sweet love, I always write of you, And you and love are still my argument; So all my best is dressing old words new, Spending again what is already spent; For as the sun is daily new and old, So is my love still telling what is told.

LXXVII.

Thy glass will show thee how thy beauties wear, Thy dial how thy precious minutes waste; The vacant leaves thy mind's imprint will bear, And of this book this learning mayst thou taste. The wrinkles which thy glass will truly show, Of mouthed graves will give thee memory; Thou by thy dial's shady stealth mayst know Time's theirsh progress to eternity. Look what thy memory cannot contain, Committo these waste blanks, and thou shaltfind Those children nurs'd, deliver'd from thy brain, To take a new acquaintance of thy mind. These offices, so oft as thou wilt look, Shall profit thee, and much enrich thy book.

LXXVIII.

So oft have I invok'd thee for my muse,
And found such fair assistance in my verse,
As every alten pen hath got my use,
And under thee their poesy disperse.
Thine eyes, that taught the dumb on high to
sing,

And heavy ignorance aloft to fly,
Have added feathers to the learned's wing,
And given grace a double majesty.
Yet be most proud of that which I compile,
Whose influence is thine, and born of thee:
In others' works thou dost but mend the style,
And arts with thy sweet graces graced be,
But thou art all my art, and dost advance
As high as learning my rude ignorance.

XXIX.

Whilst I alone did call upon thy aid,
My verse alone had all thy gentle grace;
But now my gracious numbers are decay'd,
And my sick muse doth give another place.
I grant, sweet love, thy lovely argument
Deserves the travail of a worther pen;
Yet what of thee thy poet doth invent,
He robs thee of, and pays it thee again.
He lends thee virtue, and he stole that word
From thy behaviour; beauty doth he give,
And found it in thy cheek; he can afford
No praise to thee but what in thee doth live.
Then thank him not for that which he doth say,
Since what he owes thee thou thyself dost

pay.

O, how I faint when I of you do write, Knowing a better spirit doth use your name, And in the praise thereof spends all his might, To make me tongue-tied, speaking of your fame! But since your worth (wide as the ocean is) The humble as the proudest sail doth bear, My saucy bark, inferior far to his, On your broad main doth wilfully appear. Your shallowest help will hold me up afleat, Whilst he upon your soundless deep doth ride; Or, being wreck'd, I am a worthless boat,

He of tall building, and of goodly pride: Then if he thrive, and I be cast away, The worst was this;—my love was my decay.

TYYYI

Or I shall live your epitaph to make,
Or you survive when I in earth am rotten;
From hence your memory death cannot take,
Although in me each part will be forgotten.
Your name from hence immortal life shall have.
Though I, once gone, to all the world must die
The earth can yield me but a common grave,
When you entombed in men's eyes shall lee.
Your monument shall be my gentle verse,
Which eyes not yet created shall o'er-read;
And tongues to be, your being shall rehearse
When all the breathers of this world are dead
You still shall live (such virtue hath my pen,
Whore breath most breathes,—even in the
mouths of men.

I grant thou wert not married to my muse, And therefore mayst without attaint o'erlook The dedicated words which writers use Of their fair subject, blessing every book. Thou art as fair in knowledge as in hue, Flinding thy worth a limit past my praise And therefore art enforc'd to seek anew Some fresher stamp of the time-bettering days. And do so, love; yet when they have devis'd What strained touches rhetoric can lend, Thou truly fair wert truly sympathz'd In true plain words, by thy true-telling friend, And their gross painting might be better us'd Where cheeks need blood; in thee it is abus'd.

LXXXIII.

I never saw that you did painting need, And therefore to your fair no painting set. I found, or thought I found, you did exceed The barren tender of a poet's debt: And therefore have I slept in your report That you yourself, being extant, well might show How far a modern quill doth come too short, Speaking of worth, what worth in you doth grow. This silence of my sin you did impute, Which shall be most my glory, being dumb; For I impair not beauty being mute, When others would give life, and bring a tomb, There lives more life in one of your fair eyes Than both your poets can in praise devise.

LXXXIV.

Who is it that says most? which can say more Than this rich praise,—that you alone are you? In whose confine immured is the store Which should example where your equal grew? Lean penury within that pen doth dwell, That to his subject lends not some small glory; But he that writes of you, if he can tell That you are you, so dignifies his story, Let him but copy what in you is writ, Not making worse what nature made so clear, And such a counterpart shall fame his wit, Making his style admired everywhere.

You to your beauteous blessings add a curse, Being fond on praise, which makes your praises worse.

My tongue-tied muse in manners holds her still, While comments of your praise, richly compil'd, Reserve their character with golden quill, And precious phrase by all the muses fil'd. I think good thoughts, while others write good words.

And, like unlettered clerk, still cry 'Amen'
To every hymn that able spirit affords,
In polish'd form of well-refined pen.
Hearing you prais'd, I say, ''Tis so, 'tis true,'
And to the most of praise add something more;
But that is in my thought, whose love to you,
Though words come hindmost, holds his rank
before.

Then others for the breath of words respect, Me for my dumb thoughts, speaking in effect.

LXXXVI. Was it the proud full sail of his great verse,

Bound for the prize of all-too-precious you,
That did my ripe thoughts in my brain inhearse,
Making their tomb the womb wherein they
Was it his sprift, by sprifts taught to write
Above a mortal pitch, that struck me dead?
No, neither he, nor his compeers by night
Giving him aid, my verse astonished.
He, nor that affable familiar ghost
Which nightly gulls him with intelligence,
As victors, of my silence cannot boast;
I was not sick of any fear from thence.
But when your countenance fil'd up his line,

Then lack'd I matter; that enfeebled mine.

Farewell! thou art too dear for my possessing,
And like enough thou know'st thy estimate:
The charter of thy worth gives thee releasing;
My bonds in thee are all determinate.
For how do I hold thee but by thy granting?
And for that riches where is my deserving?
The cause of this fair gift in me is wanting,
And so my patent back again is swerving.
Thyself thou gav'st, thy own worth then not
knowing,

Or me, to whom thou gav'st it, else mistaking; So thy great gift, upon misprision growing, Comes home again, on better judgment making. Thus have I had thee, as a dream doth flatter, In sleep a king, but, waking, no such matter.

LXXXVIII.

When thou shalt be dispos'd to set me light, And place my merit in the eye of scorn, Upon thy side against myself I'll fight, [sworn: And prove thee virtuous, though thou art for-With mine own weakness being best ac quainted, Upon thy part I can set down a story Of faults conceal'd, wherein I am attainted; That thou, in losing me, shall win much glory: And I by this will be a gainer too; For bending all my loving thoughts on thee, The injuries that to myself I do, Doing thee vantage, double-vantage me. Such is my love, to thee I so belong, That for thy right myself will bear all wrong.

LXXXIX.

y that thou didst forsake me for some fault, and I will comment upon that offence:

Speak of my lameness, and I straight will halt; Against thy reasons making no defence. Thou canst not, love, disgrace me half so ill, To set a form upon desired change, As I'll myself disgrace: knowing thy will, I will acquaintance strangle, and look strange; Be absent from thy walks; and in my tongue Thy sweet-beloved name no more shall dwell; Lest I (too much profane) should do it wrong, And haply of our old acquaintance tell. For thee, against myself I'll vow debate,

For I must ne'er love him whom thou dost hate.

Then hate me when thou wilt; if ever, now; Now while the world is bent my deeds to cross, Join with the spite of fortune, make me bow, And do not drop in for an after-loss: Ah! do not, when my heart hath scap'd this sorrow,

Come in the rearward of a conquer'd woe: Give not a windy night a rainy morrow, To linger out a purpos'd overthrow. If thou wilt leave me, do not leave me last, When other petty griefs have done their spite, But in the onset come, so shall I taste At first the very worst of fortune's might; And other strains of woe, which now seem

woe. Compar'd with loss of thee will not seem so.

Some glory in their birth, some in their skill, Some in their wealth, some in their body's

force, Some in their garments, though new-fangled

Some in their hawks and hounds, some in their And every humour hath his adjunct pleasure, Wherein it finds a joy above the rest; But these particulars are not my measure. All these I better in one general best. Thy love is better than high birth to me, Richer than wealth, prouder than garments'

Of more delight than hawks and horses be; And, having thee, of all men's pride I boast. Wretched in this alone, that thou mayst take All this away, and me most wretched make.

XCII.

But do thy worst to steal thyself away, For term of life thou art assured mine: And life no longer than thy love will stay. For it depends upon that love of thine. Then need I not to fear the worst of wrongs, When in the least of them my life hath end. I see a better state to me belongs Than that which on thy humour doth depend: Thou canst not vex me with inconstant mind, Since that my life on thy revolt doth lie. O what a happy title do I find, Happy to have thy love, happy to die! But what's so blessed-fair that fears no blot?-

Thou mayst be false, and yet I know it not:

XCIII.

So shall I live, supposing thou art true, Like a deceived husband; so love's face May still seem love to me, thou alter'd new; Thy looks with me, thy heart in other place:

For there can live no hatred in thine eye. Therefore in that I cannot know thy change. In many's looks the false heart's history Is writ, in moods and frowns and wrinkles strange;

But heaven in thy creation did decree That in thy face sweet love should ever dwell: Whate'er thy thoughts or thy heart's workings be, [tell.

Thy lips should nothing thence but sweetness How like Eve's apple doth thy beauty grow, If thy sweet virtue answer not thy show?

XCIV.

They that have power to hurt and will do none. That do not do the thing they most do show, Who, moving others, are themselves as stone, Unmoved, cold, and to temptation slow; They rightly do inherit Heaven's graces, And husband nature's riches from expense: They are the lords and owners of their faces. Others but stewards of their excellence. The summer's flower is to the summer sweet Though to itself it only live and die, But if that flower with base infection meet. The basest weed outbraves his dignity:

For sweetest things turn sourcest by their deeds.

Lilies that fester smell far worse than weeds.

How sweet and lovely dost thou make the shame, Which, like a canker in the fragrant rose, Doth spot the beauty of thy budding name! O, in what sweets don't thou thy sins enclose! That tongue that tells the story of thy days, Making lascivious comments on thy sport, Cannot dispraise but in a kind of praise: Naming thy name blesses an ill report. O, what a mansion have those vices got Which for their habitation chose out thee! Where beauty's veil doth cover every blot, And all things turn to fair, that eyes can see! Take heed, dear heart, of this large privilege; The hardest knife ill-used doth lose his edge.

Some say thy fault is youth, some wantonness, Some say thy grace is youth and gentle sport. Both grace and faults are lov'd of more and less:

Thou mak'st faults graces that to thee resort. As on the finger of a throned queen The basest jewel will be well esteem'd; So are those errors that in thee are seen To truths translated, and for true things deem'd. How many lambs might the stern wolf betray, If like a lamb he could his looks translate! How many gazers mightst thou lead away, If thou wouldst use the strength of all thy state! But do not so; I love thee in such sort, As, thou being mine, mine is thy good report.

XLVII.

How like a winter hath my absence been From thee, the pleasure of the fleeting year! What freezings have I felt, what dark days seen!

What old December's bareness everywhere! And yet this time remov'd was summer's time, The teeming autumn, big with rich increase, Bearing the wanton burden of the prime,

Like widow'd wombs after their lords' decease: Yet this abundant issue seem'd to me But hope of orphans, and unfather'd fruit; For summer and his pleasures wait on thee, And, thou away, the very birds are mute; Or, if they sing, 'tis with so dull a cheer, That leaves look pale, dreading the winter's near.

From you have I been absent in the spring When proud-pied April, dress'd in all his trim, Hath put a spirit of youth in everything, That heavy Saturn laugh'd and leap'd with him. Yet nor the lays of birds, nor the sweet smell Of different flowers in odour and in hue. Could make me any summer's story tell, Or from their proud lap pluck them where they

grew: Nor did I wonder at the lilies white, Nor praise the deep vermilion in the rose: They were but sweet, but figures of delight, Drawn after you, you pattern of all those. Yet seem'd it winter still, and you, away, As with your shadow I with these did play:

XCIX.

The forward violet thus did I chide;-Sweet thief, whence didst thou steal thy sweet

that smells, If not from my love's breath? The purple pride Which on thy soft cheek for complexion dwells, In my love's veins thou hast too grossly dy'd. The lily I condemned for thy hand And buds of marjoram had stolen thy hair: The roses fearfully on thorns did stand, One blushing shame, another white despair; A third, nor red nor white, had stolen of both. And to his robbery had annex'd thy breath; But for his theft, in pride of all his growth A vengeful canker eat him up to death. More flowers I noted, yet I none could see, But sweet or colour it had stolen from thee.

Where art thou, Muse, that thou forgett'st so long To speak of that which gives thee all thy might?

Spend'st thou thy fury on some worthless song, Darkening thy power, to lend base subjects light?

Return, forgetful Muse, and straight redeem In gentle numbers time so idly spent; Sing to the ear that doth thy lays esteem, And gives thy pen both skill and argument. Rise, resty Muse, my love's sweet face survey, If Time have any wrinkle graven there; If any, be a satire to decay, And make Time's spoils despised everywhere. Give my love fame faster than Time wastes life; So thou prevent'st his scythe and crooked knife.

O truant Muse, what shall be thy amends For thy neglect of truth in beauty dy'd? Both truth and beauty on my love depends; So dost thou too, and therein dignified. Make answer, Muse: wilt thou not haply say, 'Truth needs no colour with his colour fix'd, Beauty no pencil, beauty's truth to lay; But best is best, if never intermix'd?'— Because he needs no praise, wilt thou be dumb? And in this change is my invention spent,

Excuse not silence so; for it lies in thee To make him much outlive a gilded tomb, And to be prais'd of ages yet to be. Then do thy office, Muse; I teach thee how

To make him seem long hence as he shows now.

My love is strengthen'd, though more weak in seeming;

I love not less, thou less the show appear; That love is merchandiz'd whose rich esteeming The owner's tongue doth publish everywhere. Our love was new, and then but in the spring, When I was won't to greet it with my lays; As Philomel in summer's front doth sing, And stops her pipe in growth of riper days: Not that the summer is less pleasant now Than when her mournful hymns did hush the night,

But that wild music burthens every bough And sweets grown common lose their dear delight. tongue. Therefore, like her, I sometime hold my

Because I would not dull you with my song.

Alack! what poverty my Muse brings forth, That having such a scope to show her pride, The argument, all bare, is of more worth, Than when it hath my added praise beside O blame me not if I no more can write! Look in your glass, and there appears a face That over-goes my blunt invention quite, Dulling my lines, and doing me disgrace. Were it not sinful, then, striving to mend, To mar the subject that before was well? For to no other pass my verses tend, Than of your graces and your gifts to tell; And more, much more, than in my verse can sit. Your own glass shows you, when you look in it.

To me, fair friend, you never can be old, For as you were when first your eye I eyed, Such seems your beauty still. Three winters' cold Have from the forests shook three summers Three beauteous springs to yellow autumn turn'd

In process of the seasons have I seen; Three April perfumes in three hot Tunes burn'd. Since first I saw you fresh, which yet are green. Ah! yet doth beauty, like a dial-hand, Steal from his figure, and no pace perceiv'd; So your sweet hue, which methinks still doth stand.

Hath motion, and mine eye may be deceiv'd. For fear of which, hear this, thou age unbred, Ere you were born, was beauty's summer dead.

Let not my love be call'd idolatry. Nor my beloved as an idol show, Since all alike my songs and praises be, To one, of one, still such, and ever so. Kind is my love to-day, to-morrow kind, Still constant in a wondrous excellence; Therefore my verse, to constancy confin'd, One thing expressing, leaves out difference. Fair, kind, and true, is all my argument, Fair, kind, and true, varying to other words;

Three themes in one, which wondrous scope affords.

Fair, kind, and true, have often hv'd alone, Which three, till now, never kept seat in one.

When in the chronicle of wasted time
I see descriptions of the fairest wights,
And beauty making beautiful old rhyme,
In praise of ladies dead and lovely knights,
Then in the blazon of sweet beauty's best,
Of hand, of foot, of lip, of eye, of brow.
I see their antique pen would have express'd
Even such a beauty as you master now.
So all their praises are but prophecies
Of this our time, all you prefiguring;
And, for they look'd but with divining eyes,
They had not skill enough your worth to sing.
For we, which now behold these present days,
Have eyes to wonder, but lack tongues to
praise.

CVII.

Not mine own fears, nor the prophetic soul Of the wide world dreaming on things to come, Can yet the lease of my true love control, Suppos'd as forfeit to a confin'd doom. The mortal moon hath her eclipse endur'd, And the sad augers mock their own presage; Incertainties now crown themselves assur'd, And peace proclaims olives of endless age. Now with the drops of this most balmy time Mylovelocksfresh, and Death to me subscribes, Since spite of him I'll live in this poor rhyme, While he insults o'er dull and speechless tribes. And thou in this shalt find thy monument, When tyrants' crests and tombs of brass are spent.

CVIII.

What's in the brain that ink may character, Which hath not figur'd to thee my true spint? What's new to speak, what new to register, That may express my love, or thy dear merit? Nothing, sweet boy; but yet, like prayers divine, I must each day say o'er the very same, Counting no old thing old, thou mine, I thine, Even as when first I hallow'd thy fair name. So that eternal love in love's fresh case Weighs not the dust and injury of age, Nor gives to necessary wrinkles place, But makes antiquity for aye his page; Finding the first concert of love there bred, Where time and outward form would show it dead.

CIX.

O, never say that I was false of heart, Though absence seem'd my flame to qualify! As easy might I from myself depart. As from my soul, which in thy breast doth he: That is my home of love: if I have rang'd, Like him that travels, I return again; Just to the time, not with the time exchang'd,—So that myself bring water for my stain. Never believe, though in my nature reign'd All frailities that besiege all kinds of blood, That it could so preposterously be stain'd, To leave for nothing all thy sum of good; For nothing this wide universe I call, Save thou, my rose; in it thou art my all.

Alas, 'tis true, I have gone here and there, And made myself a motley to the view, Gor'd mine own thoughts, sold cheap what is most dear,

Made old offenses of affections new.
Most true it is, that I have look'd on truth
Askance and strangely, but, by all above,
These blenches gave my heart another youth,
And worst essays prov'd thee my best of love.
Now all is done, have what shall have no end:
Mine appetite I never more will grind
On newer proof, to try an older friend,
A God in love, to whom I am confin'd. [best,
Then give me welcome, next my heaven the
Even to thy pure and most most loving breast.

O, for my sake do you with Fortune chide, The guilty goddess of my harmful deeds, That did not better for my life provide, Than public means, which public manners breeds.

Thence comes it that my name receives a brand, And almost thence my nature is subdued To what it works in, like the dyer's hand: Pity me then, and wish I were renew'd; Whilst, like a willing patient, I will drink Potions of eysell, 'gainst my strong infection; No bitterness that I will bitter think, Nor double penance, to correct correction. Pity me then, dear friend, and I assure ye, Even that your pity is enough to cure me.

CXII

Your love and pity doth the impression fill Which vulgar scandal stamp'd upon my brow; For what care I who calls me well or ill, So you o'ergreen my bad, my good allow? You are my all-the-world, and I must strive To know my shames and praises from your tongue:

None else to me, nor I to none alive,
That my steel'd sense or changes, right or wrong.
In so profound abysm I throw all care
Of other's voices, that my adder's sense
To critic and to flatterer stopped are.
Mark how with my neglect I do dispense;—
You are so strongly in my purpose bred,
That all the world besides methinks are dead.

CXIII.

Since I left you, mine eye is in my mind;
And that which governs me to go about
Doth part his function, and is partly blind,
Seems seeing, but effectually is out;
For it no form delivers to the heart
Of bird, of flower, or shape, which it doth latch;
Of his quick objects hath the mind no part,
Nor his own vision holds what it doth catch;
For if it see the rud'st or gentlest sight.
The most sweet favour, or deform'dst creature,
The mountain or the sea, the day or night,
The crow, or dove, it shapes them to your
feature,

Incapable of more, replete with you,
My most true mind thus maketh mine untrue.

Or whether doth my mind being crown'd with you,

Drink up the monarch's plague, this flattery, Or whether shall I say mine eye saith true, And that your love taught it this alchymy, To make of monsters and things indigest Such cherubins as your sweet self resemble, Creating every bad a perfect best, As fast as objects to his beams assemble? O, 'tist the first, 'tis flattery in my seeing, And my great mind most kingly drinks it up: Mine eye well knows what with his gust i 'greeing,

And to his palate doth prepare the cup: If it be poison'd, 'tis the lesser sin That mine eye loves it, and doth first begin.

CYV

Those lines that I before have writ, do lie; Even those that said I could not love you dearer, Yet then my judgment knew no reason why My most full flame should afterwards burn clearer.

But reckoning time, whose million'd accidents, Creep in 'twixt vows, and change decrees of kings,

Tan sacred beauty, blunt the sharp'st intents, Divert strong minds to the course of altering things.

Alas! why, fearing of Time's tyranny,
Might I not then say, 'Now I love you best,'
When I was certain o'er incertainty,
Crowning the present, doubting of the rest?
Love is a babe, then might I not say so,
To give full growth to that which still doth
grow?

CXVI.

Let me not to the marriage of true minds
Admit impediments. Love is not love
Which alters when it alteration finds,
Or bends with the remover to remove:
O no; it is an ever-fixed mark,
That looks on tempests, and is never shaken,
It is the star to every wandering bark,
Whose worth's unknown, although his height
be taken.

Love's not Time's fool, though rosy lips and cheeks

Within his bending sickle's compass come; Love alters not with his brief hours and weeks, But bears it out even to the edge of doom. If this be error, and upon me prov'd, I never wit, nor no man ever lov'd.

CXVII.

Accuse me thus; that I have scanted all Wherein I should your great deserts repay; Forgot upon your dearest love to call, Whereto all bonds do tie me day by day; That I have frequent been with unknown minds, And given to time your own dear-purchas'd right;

That I have hoisted sail to all the winds
Which should transport me farthest from your
sight.

Book both my wilfulness and errors down, And on just proof surmise accumulate, Bring me within the level of your frown, But shoot not at me in your waken'd hate: Since my appeal says, I did strive to prove The constancy and virtue of your love.

CXVIII.

Like as, to make our appetites more keen, With eager compounds we our palate urge; As, to prevent our maladies unseen, We sicken to shun sickness, when we purge; Even so, being full of your ne'er-cloying sweetness.

To bitter sauces did I frame my feeding, And, sick of welfare, found a kind of meetness To be diseas'd, ere that there was true needing.

Thus policy in love, to anticipate
The ills that were not, grew to faults assured,
And brought to medicine a healthful state,
Which, rank of goodness, would by ill be cured.
But thence I learn, and find the lesson true,
Drugs poison him that so fell sick of you.

CXIX

What potions have I drunk of Siren tears,
Distill'd from limbees foul as hell within,
Applying fears to hopes, and hopes to fears,
Still losing when I saw myself to win'
What wretched errors hath my heart committed,
Whilst it hath thought itself so blessed never!
How have mine eyes out of their spheres been
fitted.

In the distraction of this madding fever!

O benefit of ill! now I find true
That better is by evil made better,
And ruin'd love, when it is built anew,
Grows fairer than at first, more strong, far
greater.

So I return rebuk'd to my content,
And gain by ill thrice more than I have spent.

cxx.

That you were once unkind, befriend me now, And for that sorrow, which I then did feel, Needs must I under my transgression bow, Unless my nerves were brass or hammer'd steel. For if you were by my unkindness shaken, As I by yours, you have pass'd a hell of time; And I, a tyrant, have no leisure taken To weigh how once I suffer'd in your crime. O that our night of woe might have remember'd My deepest sense, how hard true sorrow hits, And soon to you, as you to me, then tender'd The humble salve which wounded bosom fits! But that your trespass now becomes a fee; Mine ransoms yours, and yours must ransom

CXXI.

'Its better to be vile than vile esteem'd,
When not to be receives reproach of being,
And the just pleasure lost, which is so deem'd
Not by our feeling, but by others' seeing.
For why should others' false adulterate eyes
Give salutation to my sportive blood?
Or on my frailties why are frailer spies,
Which in their wills count bad what I think
good?

No. I am that I am; and they that level At my abuses, reckon up their own: [bevel; I may be straight, though they themselves be By their rank thoughts my deeds must not be shown,

Unless this general evil they maintain, All men are bad, and in their badness reign 1058 SONNETS

CXXII.

Thy gift, thy tables, are within my brain Full character'd with lasting memory Which shall above that idle rank remain, Beyond all date, even to eternity: Or at the least so long as brain and heart Have faculty by nature to subsist; Till each to raz'd oblivion yield his part of thee, thy record never can be miss'd. That poor retention could not so much hold, Nor need I tallies thy dear love to score; Therefore to give them from me was I bold, To trust those tables that receive thee more: To keep an adjunct to remember thee, Were to import foreetfulness in me.

CXXIII.

No! Time, thou shalt not boast that I do change:

Thy pyramids built up with newer might
To me are nothing novel, nothing strange;
They are but dressings of a former sight.
Our dates are brief, and therefore we admire
What thou dost foist upon us that is old;
And rather make them born to our desire,
Than think that we before have heard them
told.

Thy registers and thee I both defy,
Not wondering at the present nor the past;
For thy records and what we see do he,
Made more or less by thy continual haste:
This I do vow, and this shall ever be,
I will be true, despite thy scythe and thee:

CXXIV.

If my dear love were but the child of state, It might for Fortune's bastard be unfather'd, As subject to Time's love or to Time's hate, Weeds among weeds, or flowers with flowers

gather'd.
No, it was builded far from accident;
It suffers not in smiling pomp, nor falls
Under the blow of thralled discontent,
Whereto the inviting time our fashion calls:
It fears not policy, that heretic,
Which works on leases of short-number'd hours,
But all alone stands hugely politic, [showers.
That it nor grows with heat, nor drowns with
To this I witness call the fools of time,
Which die for goodness, who have liv'd for
crime.

CXXV.

Were it aught to me I bore the canopy,
With my extern the outward honouring,
Or laid great bases for eternity,
Which prove more short than waste or ruining?
Have I not seen dwellers on form and favour
Lose all, and more, by paying too much rent,
For compound sweet foregoing simple savour,
Pitful thrivers, in their gazing spent?
No:—let me be obsequious in thy heart,
And take thou my oblation, poor but free,
Which is not mix'd with seconds, knows no art,
But mutual render, only me for thee.
Hence, thou suborn'd informer! a true soul,
When most impeach'd, stands least in thy
control.

CXXVI.

O thou, my lovely boy, who in thy power

But no such roses see I in her cheeks;

Dost hold Time's fickle glass, his sickle, hour;

And in some perfumes is there more delight

Who-hast by waning grown, and therein show'st Thy lovers withering, as thy sweet self grow'st! If Nature, sovereign mistress over wrack, As thou goest onwards, still will pluck thee back.

She keeps thee to this purpose, that her skill May time disgrace, and wretched minutes kill. Yet fear her, O thou minion of her pleasure; She may detain, but not still keep her treasure: Her audit, though delay'd, answer'd must be, And her ouietus is to render thee.

CXXVII

In the old age black was not counted fair, Or if it were, it bore not beauty's successive heir, But now is black beauty's successive heir, And beauty slander'd with a bastard shame: For since each hand hath put on nature's power, Fairing the foul with art's false borrow'd face, Sweet beauty hath no name, no holy hour, But is profan'd, if not lives in disgrace. Therefore my mistress' eyes are raven black, Her eyes so suited; and they mourners seem At such, who, not born fair, no beauty lack, Slandering creation with a false esteem:

Yet so they mourn, becoming of their woe, That every tongue says, beauty should look

CXXVIII.

How oft, when thou, my music, music play'st, Upon that blessed wood whose motion sounds With thy sweet fingers, when thou gently sway'st

The wiry concord that mine ear confounds, Do I envy those jacks, that nimble leap To kiss the tender inward of thy hand, Whilst my poor lips, which should that harvest

reap,
At the wood's boldness by thee blushing stand!
To be so tickled, they would change their state
And situation with those dancing chips,
O'er whom thy fingers walk with gentle gait,
Making dead wood more bless'd than living lips.
Since saucy jacks so happy are in this,
Give them thy fingers, me thy hips to kiss.

CXXIX.

The expense of spirit in a waste of shame
Is lust in action; and till action, lust
Is perjur'd, murderous, bloody, full of blame,
Savage, extreme, rude, cruel, not to trust;
Enjoy'd no sconer, but despised straight;
Past reason hunted; and no sconer had,
Past reason hated, as a swallow'd bait,
On purpose laid to make the taker mad:
Mad in pursuit, and in possession so;
Had, having, and in quest to have, extreme;
A bliss in proof,—and proo'd, a very woe;
Before, a joy propos'd; behind, a dream:
All this the world well knows; yet none knows
well

To shun the heaven that leads men to this hell.

My mistress' eyes are nothing like the sun; Coral is far more red than her lips' red: If snow be white, why then her breasts are dun; If hairs be wires, black wires grow on her head. I have seen roses damask'd, red and white, But no such roses see I in her cheeks:

cxxx.

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Than in the breath that from my mistress reeks.
I love to hear her speak,—yet well I know
That music hath a far more pleasung sound;
I grant I never saw a goddess go,—
My mistress when she walks, treads on the
ground;

And yet, by heaven, I think my love as rare As any she belied with false compare.

CXXXI.

Thou art as tyrannous, so as thou art,
As those whose beauties proudly make them
cruel;

For well thou know'st to my dear doting heart. Thou art the fairest and most precious jewel, Yet, m good faith, some say that thee behold, Thy face hath not the power to make love groan:

To say they err, I dare not be so bold, Although I swear it to myself alone, And, to be sure that is not false I swear, A thousand groans, but thinking on thy face, One on another's neck, do witness bear Thy black is fairest in my judgment's place. In nothing art thou black, save in thy deeds, And thence this slander, as I think, proceeds.

CXXXII.

Thine eyes I love, and they, as pitying me, Knowing thy heart torments me with disdain, Have put on black, and loving mourners be, Looking with pretty ruth upon my pain. And truly not the morning sun of heaven Better becomes the grey cheeks of the east, Nor that full star that ushers in the even Doth half that glory to the sober west, As those two mourning eyes become thy face: O, let it then as well beseem thy heart To mourn for me, since mourning doth thee grace,

And suit thy pity like in every part. Then will I swear beauty herself is black, And all they foul that thy complexion lack.

CXXXIII.

Beshrew that heart that makes my heart to groan [me!
For that deep wound it gives my friend and Is't not enough to torture me alone,
But slave to slavery my sweet's friend must be?
Me from myself thy cruel eye hath taken,

Me from myself thy cruel eye hath taken,
And my next self thou harder hast engross'd;
Of him, myself, and thee, I am forsaken;
A torment thrice three-fold thus to be cross'd.
Prison my heart in thy steel bosom's ward,
But then my friend's heart let my poor heart
bail:

Who e'er keeps me, let my heart be his guard; Thou canst not then use ngour in my gaol: And yet thou wilt; for I, being pent in thee Perforce am thine, and all that is in me.

CXXXIV.

So now I have confess'd that he is thine, And I myself am mortgag'd to thy will; Myself Pll forfeit, so that other mine Thou wilt restore, to be my comfort still: But thou wilt not, nor he will not be free, For thou art covetous, and he is kind; He learn'd but, surety-like, to write for me, Under that bond that him as fast doth bind. The statue of thy beauty thou wilt take,

Thou usurer, that putt'st forth all to use, And sue a friend, came debtor for my sake; So him I lose through my unkind abuse. Him have I lost; thou hast both him and me; He pays the whole, and yet am I not free.

CXXXV.

Whoever hath her wish, thou hast thy will, And will to boot, and will in over-plus; More than enough am I that vex thee still, To thy sweet will making addition thus. Wilt thou, whose will is large and spacious, Not once vouchsafe to hide my will in thine? Shall will in others seem right gracious, And in my will no fair acceptance shine? The sea, all water, yet receives rain still, And in abundance addeth to his store; So thou, being nich in will, add to thy will One will of mine, to make thy large will more. Let no unknd, no fair beseechers kill; Think all but one, and me in that one Will.

CXXXVI.

If thy soul check thee that I come so near, Swear to thy blind soul that I was thy Will, And will, thy soul knows, is admitted there; Thus far for love, my love-suit, sweet, fulfil. Will will fulfil the treasure of thy love, Axy, fill if full with wills, and my will one, In things of great receipt with ease we prove; Among a number one is reckon'd none. Then in the number let me pass untold, Though in thy stores' account I one must be; For nothing hold me, so it please thee hold That nothing me, a something sweet to thee, Make but my name thy love, and love that still. [Will.]

And then thou lov'st me,-for my name is

CXXXVII. Thou blind fool, Love, what dost thou to mine

eyes,
That they behold, and see not what they see?
They know what beauty is, see where it hes,
Yet what the best is, take the worst to be.
If eyes, corrupt by over-partial looks,
Be anchor'd in the bay where all men ride,
Why of eyes' falsehood hast thou forged hooks,
Whereto the judgment of my heart is tied?
Why should my heart think that a several plot,
Which my heart knows the wide world's com-

mon place? Or mine eyes, seeing this, say this is not,

To put fair truth upon so foul a face?
In things right true my heart and eyes have err'd,
And to this false plague are they now trans-

CXXXVIII.

When my love swears that she is made of truth, I do beheve her, though I know she lies; That she might think me some untutor'd youth, Unlearned in the world's false subtleties. Thus vamily thinking that she thinks me young, Although she knows my days are past the best, Simply I credit her false-speaking tongue; On both sides thus is simple truth supprest, But wherefore says she not she is unjust? And wherefore say not I that I am old? O, love's best habit is in seeming trust, And age in love loves not to have years told:

SONNETS 1000

Therefore I lie with her, and she with me, And in our faults by hes we flatter'd be.

O, call not me to justify the wrong That my unkindness lays upon my heart; Wound me not with thine eye, but with thy tongue;

Use power with power, and stay me not by art. Tell me thou lov'st elsewhere; but in my sight, Dear heart, forbear to glance thine eye aside. What need'st thou wound with cunning, when

thy might Is more than my o'erpress'd defence can 'bide! Let me excuse thee: ah! my love well knows Her pretty looks have been mine enemies And therefore from my face she turns my foes, That they elsewhere might dart their injuries:

Yet do not so: but since I am near slain, Kill me outright with looks, and rid my pain.

Be wise as thou art cruel; do not press My tongue-tied patience with too much disdain; Lest sorrow lend me words, and words express The manner of my pity-wanting pain. If I might teach thee wit, better it were, Though not to love, yet, love, to tell me so, (As testy sick men, when their deaths be near, No news but health from their physicians know.) For, if I should despair, I should grow mad, And in my madness might speak ill of thee: Now this ill-wresting world is grown so bad, Mad slanderers by mad ears believed be. That I may not be so, nor thou belied, Bear thine eyes straight, though thy proud heart go wide.

In faith I do not love thee with mine eyes, For they in thee a thousand errors note; But 'tis my heart that loves what they despise. Who in despite of view is pleased to dote. Nor are mine ears with thy tongue's tune delighted;

Nor tender feeling, to base touches prone, Nor taste nor smell, desire to be invited To any sensual feast with thee alone: But my five wits, nor my five senses can Dissuade one foolish heart from serving thee. Who leaves unsway'd the likeness of a man, Thy proud heart's slave and vassal wretch to be:

Only my plague thus far I count my gain, That she that makes me sin, awards me pain.

Love is my sin, and thy dear virtue hate, Hate of my sin, grounded on sinful loving: O, but with mine compare thou thine own state, And thou shalt find it merits not reproving: Or, if it do, not from those lips of thine, That have profan'd their scarlet ornaments, And seal'd false bonds of love as oft as mine; Robb'd other's beds' revenues of their rents. Be it lawful I love thee, as thou lov'st those Whom thine eyes woo as mine importune thee: Root pity in thy heart, that, when it grows, Thy pity may deserve to pitied be. If thou dost seek to have what thou dost hide.

By self-example mayst thou be denied!

Lo, as a careful housewife runs to catch One of her feather'd creatures broke away, Sets down her babe, and makes all swift despatch

In pursuit of the thing she would have stay; Whilst her neglected child holds her in chace, Cries to catch her whose busy care is bent To follow that which flies before her face, Not prizing her poor infant's discontent; So runn'st thou after that which flies from thee. Whilst I thy babe chase thee afar behind: But if thou catch thy hope, turn back to me, And play the mother's part, kiss me, be kind: So will I pray that thou mayst have thy Will. If thou turn back, and my loud crying still.

Two loves I have of comfort and despair. Which like two spirits do suggest me still; The better angel is a man right fair The worser spirit a woman, colour'd ill. To win me soon to hell, my female evil Tempteth my better angel from my side, And would corrupt my saint to be a devil, Wooing his purity with her foul pride. And whether that my angel be turn'd flend, Suspect I may, yet not directly tell; But, being both from me, both to each friend, I guess one angel in another's hell.
Yet this shall I ne'er know, but live in doubt,

Till my bad angel fire my good one out.

Those lips that Love's own hand did make Breath'd forth the sound that said, 'I hate,' To me that languish'd for her sake: But when she saw my woeful state, Straight in her heart did mercy come, Chiding that tongue, that ever sweet Was used in giving gentle doom; And taught it thus anew to greet: 'I hate' she alter'd with an end. That follow'd it as gentle day Doth follow night, who like a fiend From heaven to hell is flown away. 'I hate' from hate away she threw. And sav'd my life, saying-'not you.'

CXLVI.

Poor soul, the centre of my sinful earth, Fool'd by these rebel powers that thee array Why dost thou pine within, and suffer dearth, Painting thy outward walls so costly gay? Why so large cost, having so short a lease, Dost thou upon thy fading mansion spend? Shall worms, inhentors of this excess. Eat up thy charge? Is this thy body's end? Then, soul, live thou upon thy servant's loss, And let that pine to aggravate thy store; Buy terms divine in selling hours of dross; Within be fed, without be rich no more: So shalt thou feed on Death, that feeds on

And, Death once dead, there's no more dying

CKLVII.

My love is as a fever, longing still For that which longer nurseth the disease: Feeding on that which doth preserve the ill, The uncertain sickly appetite to please.

My reason, the physician to my love,
Angry that his prescriptions are not kept,
Hath left me, and I desperate now approve
Desire is death, which physic did except.
Past cure I am, now reason is past care,
And frantic mad with evermore unrest;
My thoughts and my discourse as mad men's

are,
At random from the truth vainly express'd,
For I have sworn thee fair, and thought thee

Who art as black as hell, as dark as night

O me! what eyes hath love put in my head,
Which have no correspondence with true sight!
Or, if they have, where in my judgment fled,
That censures falsely what they see anght?
If that be fair whereon my false eyes dote,
What means the world to say it is not so?
If it be not, then love doth well denote
Love's eye is not so true as all men's. no,
How can it? O how can Love's eye be true,
That is so vex'd with watching and with tears?
No marvel then though I mistake my view;
The sun itself sees not till heaven clears.
O cunning Love! with tears thou keep'st me
blind,

Lest eyes well-seeing thy foul faults should find.

CXLIX.

Canst thou, O cruel' say I love thee not, When I, against myself, with thee partake? Do I not think on thee, when I forgot Am of myself, all tyrant, for thy sake? Who hateth thee that I do call my friend? On whom frown'st thou that I do fawn upon? Nay if thou low'rst on me, do I not spend Revenge upon myself with present moan? What merit do I in myself respect, That is so proud thy service to despise, When all my best doth worship thy defect, Commanded by the motion of thine eyes? But, love, hate on, for now I know thy mind; Those that can see thou lov'st, and I am blind.

CL.

O, from what power hast thou this powerful might,

With insufficiency my heart to sway?

To make me give the lie to my true sight,

And swear that brightness doth not grace the
day?

Whence hast thou this becoming of things ill,
That in the very refuse of thy deeds
There is such strength and warrantise of skill,
That in my mind, thy worst all best exceeds?
Who taught thee how to make me love thee
more,

The more I hear and see just cause of hate?
O, though I love what others do abhor,
With others thou shouldst not abhor my state;
If thy unworthiness rais'd love in me,
More worthy I to be belov'd of thee.

CL

Love is too young to know what conscience is: Yet who knows not, conscience is born of love? Then, gentle cheater, urge not my amiss, Lest guilty of my faults thy sweet self prove. For thou betraying me, I do betray My nobler part to my gross body's treason; My soul doth tell my body that he may Triumph in love; flesh stays no farther reason; But, raising at thy name, doth point out thee As his triumphant prize. Proud of this pride, He is contented thy poor drudge to be, To stand in thy affairs, fall by thy side, No want of conscience hold it that I call Her—love, for whose dear love I rise and fall.

CLII.

In loving thee thou know'st I am forsworn, But thou art twice forsworn, to me love swearing, [torn,

In act thy bed-vow broke, and new faith In vowing new hate after new love bearing. But why of two oaths' breach do I accuse thee, When I break twenty? I am perjur'd most; For all my vows are oaths but to misuse thee, And all my honest faith in thee is lost. [ness, For I have sworn deep oaths of thy deep kind-oaths of thy love, thy truth, thy constancy; And, to enlighten thee, gave eyes to blindness, Or made them swear against the thing they see:

For I have sworn thee fair: more perjur'd I, To swear, against the truth, so foul a lie!

CLIII.

Cupid lay by his brand, and fell asleep:
A maid of Dian's this advantage found,
And his love-kindling fire did quickly steep
In a cold valley-fountain of that ground,
Which borrow'd from this holy fire of love
A dateless lively heat, still to endure,
And grew a seething bath, which yet men prove
Against strange maladies a sovereign cure.
But at my mistress' eye Love's brand new-fir'd,
The boy for trial needs would touch my breast;
I, sick withal, the help of bath desir'd,
And thither hied, a sad distemper'd guest,
But found no cure: the bath for my help lies
Where Cupid got new fire,—my mistress' eyes.

CLIV

The little love-god, lying once asleep Laid by his side his heart-inflaming brand, Whilst many nymphs that vow'd chaste life to keep

Came tripping by; but in her maiden hand The fairest votary took up that fire Which many legions of true hearts had warm'd: And so the general of hot desire Was sleeping by a virgin hand disarm'd. This brand she quenched in a cool well by, Which from Love's fire took heat perpetual, Growing a bath and healthful remedy For men diseas'd; but I, my mistress' thrall, Came there for cure, and this by that I prove, Love's fire heats water, water cools not love.

A LOVER'S COMPLAINT

FROM off a hill whose concave womb re-worded A plaintful story from a sistering vale, My spirits to attend this double voice accorded, And down I laid to list the sad-tun'd tale, Ere long espied a fickle maid full pale, Tearing of papers, breaking rings a-twain, Storming her world with sorrow's wind and rain.

Upon her head a platted hive of straw, Which fortified her visage from the sun, Whereon the thought might think sometime it

The carcase of a beauty spent and done.
Time had not scythed all that youth begun,
Nor youth all quit; but, spite of Heaven's fell
rage,
[age.

Some beauty peep'd through lattice of sear'd

Oft did she heave her napkin to her eyne, Which on it had conceited characters, Laund'ring the silken figures in the brine That season'd woo had pelleted in tears, And often reading what contents it bears; As often shrieking undistinguish'd woe, In clamours of all size, both high and low.

Sometimes her levell'd eyes their carriage ride;
As they did battery to the spheres intend;
Sometimes diverted their poor balls are tied
To th' orbed earth: sometimes they do extend
Their view right on; anon their gazes lend
To every place at once, and nowhere fix'd,
The every place at once, and nowhere fix'd,
The mind and sight distractedly commix'd.

"But woe is me! too early I attended
A youthful suit (it was to gain my grace)

Her hair, nor loose, nor tied in formal plat, Proclaim'd in her a careless hand of pride, For some, untuck'd, descended her sheav'd hat, Hanging her pale and pined cheek beside; Some in her threaden fillet still did bide, And, true to bondage, would not break from thence,

Though slackly braided in loose negligence.

A thousand favours from a maund she drew Of amber, crystal, and of bedded jet, Which one by one she in a river threw, Upon whose weeping margent she was set; Like usury, applying wet to wet, Or monarch's hands, that let not bounty fall Where want cries 'some,' but where excess begs all.

Of folded schedules had she many a one, Which she perus'd, sigh'd, tore, and gave the flood.

Crack'd many a ring of posied gold and bone, Bidding them find their sepulchres in mud; Found yet mo letters sadly penn'd in blood, With sleided silk feat and affectedly Enswath'd, and seal'd to curious secresy.

These often bath'd she in her fluxive eyes, And often kiss'd, and often gave to tear; Cried, 'O false blood, thou register of lies. What unapproved witness dost thou bear!
Ink would have seem'd more black and damned
here!'

This said, in top of rage the lines she rents, Big discontent so breaking their contents.

A reverend man that graz'd his cattle mgh, Sometime a blusterer, that the ruffle knew Of court, of city, and had let go by The swiftest hours, observed as they flew, Towards this afflicted fancy fastly drew; And, privileg'd by age, desires to know In brief, the grounds and motives of her

So slides he down upon his grained bat, And comely-distant sits he by her side; When he again desires her, being sat, Her grievance with his hearing to divide: If that from him there may be aught applied Which may her suffering ecstasy assuage, 'Tis promis'd in the charity of age.

'Father,' she says, 'though in me you behold The injury of many a blasting hour, Let it not tell your judgment I am old; Not age, but sorrow, over me hath power: I might as yet have been a spreading flower, Fresh to myself, if I had self-applied Love to myself, and to no love beside.

'But woe is me! too early I attended A youthful suit (it was to gain my grace) Of one by nature's outwards so commended, That maiden's eyes stuck over all his face: Love lack'd a dwelling, and made him her place;

And when in his fair parts she did abide, She was new lodg'd, and newly deified.

'His browny locks did hang in crooked curls; And every light occasion of the wind Upon his lips their silken parcels hurls. What's sweet to do, to do will aptly find: Each eye that saw him did enchant the mind; For on his visage was in little drawn, What largeness thinks in paradise was sawn.

'Small show of man was yet upon his chin; His phœnix down began but to appear, Like unshorn velvet, on that termless skin, Whose bare out-bragg'd the web it seem'd to wear;

Yet show'd his visage by that cost more dear; And nice affections wavering stood in doubt If best 'twere as it was, or best without.

'His qualities were beauteous as his form, For maiden-tongued he was, and thereof free; Yet, if men mov'd him, was he such a storm As oft 'twixt May and April is to see, [be. When winds breathe sweet, unruly though they His rudeness so with his authoriz'd youth Did livery falseness in a pride of truth.

Well could he nde, and often men would say That horse his mettle from his rider takes: Proud of subjection, noble by the sway, What rounds, what bounds, what course, what stop he makes!

And controversy hence a question takes, Whether the horse by him became his deed, Or he his manage by the well-doing steed.

'But quickly on thus side the verdict went; His real habitude gave life and grace To appertainings and to ornament, Accomplish'd in himself, not in his case: All aids, themselves made fairer by their place, Can for additions; yet their purpos'd trim Piec'd not his grace, but were all grac'd by him.

'So on the tip of his subduing tongue All kind of arguments and question deep, All replication prompt, and reason strong, For his advantage still did wake and sleep: To make the weeper laugh, the laugher weep, He had the dialect and different skill, Catching all passions in his craft of will;

'That he did in the general bosom reign Of young, of old, and sexes both enchanted, To dwell with him in thoughts, or to remain In personal duty, following where he haunted: Consents bewitch'd, ere he desire, have granted, And dialogued for him what he would say, Ask'd their own wills, and made their wills obey.

'Many there were that did his picture get, To serve their eyes, and in it put their mind; Like fools that in the imagination set The goodly objects which abroad they find Of lands and mansions, theirs in thought assign'd:

And labouring in mo pleasures to bestow them, Than the true gouty landlord which doth owe them:

'So many have, that never touch'd his hand, Sweetly suppos'd them mistress of his heart. My woeful self, that did in freedom stand, And was my own fee-simple, (not in part,) What with his heart in youth, and youth in art, Threw my affections in his charmed power, Reserv'd the stalk, and gave him all my flower.

'Yet did I not, as some my equals did, Demand of him, nor being desired yielded; Finding myself in honour so forbid, With safest distance I mine honour shielded: Experience for me many bulwarks builded Of proofs new-bleeding, which remain'd the foil Of this false jewel, and his amorous spoil.

'But ah! who ever shunn'd by precedent
The destin'd ill she must herself assay?
Or forc'd examples, 'gainst her own content,
To put the by-pass'd perils in her way?
Counsel may stop a while what will not stay
For when we rage, advice is often seen
By blunting us to make our wits more keen.

'Nor gives it satisfaction to our blood, That we must curb it upon others' proof, To be forbid the sweets that seem so good, For fear of harms that preach in our behoof. O appetite, from judgment stand aloof! The one a palate hath that needs will taste, Though reason weep, and cry It is thy last.

'For further I could say, This man's untrue, And knew the patterns of his foul beguiling; Heard where his plants in others' orchards grew, Saw how deceits were gilded in his smiling; Knew vows were ever brokers to defling; Thought characters and words, merely but art, And bastards of his foul adulterate heart.

'And long upon these terms I held my city, Till thus he 'gan besiege me: Gentle maid, Have of my suffering youth some feeling pity, And be not of my holy vows afraid: That's to you sworn, to none was ever said; For feasts of love I have been call'd unto, Till now did ne'er invite, nor never vow.

'All my offences that abroad you see
Are errors of the blood, none of the mind;
Love made them not; with acture they may

Where neither party is nor true nor kind: They sought their shame that so their shame did find;

And so much less of shame in me remains, By how much of me their reproach contains.

'Among the many that mine eyes have seen, Not one whose flame my heart so much as warm'd,

On my affection put to the smallest teen, Or any of my leisures ever charm'd: Harm have I done to them, but ne'er was harm'd;

Kept hearts in liveries, but mine own was free, And reign'd, commanding in his monarchy.

'Look here what tributes wounded fancies sent

Of paled pearls, and rubies red as blood; Figuring that they their passions likewise lent

Of grief and blushes, aptly understood In bloodless white and the encrimson'd mood, Effects of terror and dear modesty, Encamp'd in hearts, but fighting outwardly.

'And lo! behold the talents of their hair, With twisted metal amorously impleach'd, I have receiv'd from many a several fair, (Their kind acceptance weepingly beseech'd,) With the annexions of fair gems enrich'd, And deep-brain'd sonnets that did amplify Each stone's dear nature, worth, and quality.

'The diamond, why 'twas beautiful and hard, Whereto his invis'd properties did tend; The deep-green emerald, in whose fresh regard Weak sights their sickly radiance do amend; The heaven-hued sapphire and the opal blend With objects manifold; each several stone, With wit well blazon'd, smil'd or made some moan.

'Lo! all the trophies of affections hot, Of pensiv'd and subdued desires the tender, Nature hath charg'd me that I hoard them not But yield them up where I myself must render, That is, to you, my origin and ender: Ror these, of force, must your oblations be, Since I their altar, you enpatron me.

'O then advance of yours that phraseless hand, Whose white bears down the airy scale of praise; Take all these similes to your own command, Hallow'd with sighs that burning lungs did raise; What me your minister, for you obeys, Works under you; and to your audit comes Their distract parcels in combined sums.

'Lo! this device was sent me from a nun,
Or sister sanctified of holiest note;
Which late her noble suit in court did shun,
Whose rarest havings made the blossoms dote;
For she was sought by spirits of richest coat,
But kept cold distance, and did thence remove.

To spend her hving in eternal love.

'But O, my sweet, what labour is't to leave The thing we have not, mastering what not strives?

Palng the place which did no form receive, Playing patient sports in unconstrained gyves: She that her fame so to herself contrives, The scars of battle 'scapeth by the flight, And makes her absence valant, not her might.

'O pardon me, in that my boast is true;
The accident which brought me to her eye,
Upon the moment did her force subdue,
And now she would the caged cloister fly:
Religious love put out religion's eye:
Not to be tempted, would she be immur'd,
And now, to tempt all, liberty procur'd.

How mighty then you are, O hear me tell!
The broken bosoms that to me belong
Have emptied all their fountains in my well,
And mine I pour your ocean all among:
I strong o'er them, and you o'er me being
strong,

Must for your victory us all congest, As compound love to physic your cold breast.

'My parts had power to charm a sacred sun, Who, disciplin'd and dieted in grace, Believ'd her eyes when they to assail begun, All vows and consecrations giving place.
O most potential love! vow, bond, nor space, In thee hath neither sting, knot, nor confine, For thou art all, and all things else are thine.

'When thou impressest, what are precepts worth Of stale example? When thou wilt inflame, How coldly those impediments stand forth, Of wealth, of filial fear, law, kindred, fame! Love's arms are peace, 'gainst rule, 'gainst sense, 'gainst shame,

And sweetens, in the suffering pangs it hears, The aloes of all forces, shocks, and fears.

'Now all these hearts that do on mine depend, Feeling it break, with bleeding groans they pine. And supplicant their sighs to you extend, To leave the battery that you make 'gainst mine,

Lending soft audience to my sweet design, And credent soul to that strong-bonded oath, That shall prefer and undertake my troth.

'This said, his watery eyes he did dismount, Whose sights till then were levell'd on my face, Each cheek a river running from a fount With brinish current downward flow'd space: O how the channel to the stream gave grace! Who, glaz'd with crystal, gate the glowing roses That flame through water which their hue encloses.

O father, what a hell of witchcraft lies
In the small orb of one particular tear!
But with the inundation of the eyes
What rocky heart to water will not wear?
What breast so cold that is not warmed here?
O cleft effect! cold modesty, hot wrath,
Both fire from hence and chill extincture hath!

'For lo! his passion, but an art of craft, Even there resolv'd my reason into tears; There my white stole of chastity I daff'd, Shook off my sober guards, and civil fears; Appear to him, as he to me appears, [bore, All melting; though our drops this difference His poison'd me, and mine did him restore.

'In him a plentitude of subtle matter, Applied to cautels, all strange forms receives, Of burning blushes or of weeping water, Or swooning paleness; and he takes and leaves, In either's aptness, as it best deceives, To blush at speeches rank, to weep at woes, Or to turn white and swoon at tragic shows;

'That not a heart which in his level came Could scape the hail of his all-hurting aim, Showing fair nature in both kind and tame; And, veil'd in them, did win whom he would maim:

Against the thing he sought he would exclaim; When he most burn'd in heart-wish'd luxury, He preach'd pure maid, and prais'd cold chastity.

'Thus merely with the garment of a Grace
The naked and concealed flend he cover'd,
That the unexperienced gave the tempter place,
Which, like a cherubin, above them hover'd.
Who, young and simple, would not be so
lover'd?

Ah me! I fell; and yet do question make What I should do again for such a sake.

'O, that infected moisture of his eye,
O, that false fire which in his cheek so glow'd,
O, that forc'd thunder from his heart did fly,
O, that sad breath his spongy lungs bestow'd,
O, all that borrow'd motion, seeming ow'd,
Would yet again betray the fore-betray'd,

And new pervert a reconciled maid!'

THE PASSIONATE PILGRIM

When my love swears that she is made of truth, I do believe her, though I know she hes, That she might think me some untutor'd youth. Unskilful in the world's false forgenes. Thus vainly thinking that she thinks me young, Although I know my years be past the best, I smiling credit her false-speaking tongue, Outfacing faults in love with love's ill rest. But wherefore says my love that she is young? And wherefore say not I that I am old? O, love's best habit is a soothing tongue. And age, in love, loves not to have years told. Therefore I'll he with love, and love with me,

Since that our faults in love thus smother'd be.

Two loves I have, of comfort and despair, That like two spirits do suggest me still; My better angel is a man right fair, My worser spirit a woman colour'd ill. To win me soon to hell, my female evil Tempteth my better angel from my side, And would corrupt my saint to be a devil, Wooing his purity with her fair pride. And whether that my angel be turn'd fiend, Suspect I may, yet not directly tell: For being both to me, both to each friend, I guess one angel in another's hell; The truth I shall not know, but live in doubt.

Till my bad angel fire my good one out.

Did not the heavenly rhetoric of thine eye. 'Gainst whom the world could not hold argu- If love make me forsworn, how shall I swear ment,

Persuade my heart to this false perjury? Vows for thee broke deserve not punishment A woman I forswore; but I will prove, Thou being a goddess, I forswore not thee: My vow was earthly, thou a heavenly love; Thy grace being gain'd cures all disgrace in me. My vow was breath, and breath a vapour is; Then, thou fair sun, that on this earth doth shine,

Exhale this vapour vow: in thee it is: If broken, then it is no fault of mine. If by me broke, what fool is not so wise To lose an oath, to win a paradise?

Sweet Cytherea, sitting by a brook With young Adonis, lovely, fresh and green, Did court the lad with many a lovely look, Such looks as none could look but beauty's queen.

She told him stories to delight his ear; She show'd him favours to allure his eye; To win his heart, she touch'd him here and there:

Touches so soft still conquer chastity. But whether unripe years did want conceit, Or he refus'd to take her figur'd proffer, The tender nibbler would not touch the bait, But smile and jest at every gentle offer:

Then fell she on her back, fair queen, and

He rose and ran away; ah, fool too froward!

to love?

O never faith could hold, if not to beauty vow'd: | Because thou lov'st the one, and I the other.

Though to myself forsworn, to thee I'll constant prove;

Upon the lute doth ravish human sense;

Those thoughts, to me like oaks, to thee like osiers bow'd.

Study his bias leaves, and makes his book thine eyes, [prehend.

Where all those pleasures live that art can com-If knowledge be the mark, to know thee shall suffice; [commend; Well learned is that tongue that well can thee

All ignorant that soul that sees thee without
wonder; [admire:
Which is to me some praise that I thy parts

Which is to me some praise, that I thy parts Thine eye Jove's lightning seems, thy voice his dreadful thunder, [fire.

Which (not to anger bent) is music and sweet Celestial as thou art, O do not love that wrong, To sing the heavens' praise with such an earthly tongue.

VI.

Scarce had the sun dried up the dewy morn, And scarce the herd gone to the hedge for shade,

When Cytherea, all in love forlorn,
A longing tarriance for Adoms made,
Under an osier growing by a brook,
A brook where Adon used to cool his spleen.
Hot was the day; she hotter that did look
For his approach, that often there had been.
Anon he comes, and throws his mantle by,
And stood stark naked on the brook's green
brim:

The sun look'd on the world with glorious eye, Yet not so wistly as this queen on hum: He, spying her, bounc'd in, whereas he stood; O Jove, quoth she, why was not I a flood?

VII.

Fair is my love, but not so fair as fickle; Mild as a dove, but neither true nor trusty; Brighter than glass, and yet, as glass is, brittle; Softer than wax, and yet, as iron, rusty: A lily pale, with damask die to grace her, None fairer, nor none falser to deface her.

Her lips to mine how often hath she join'd, Between each kiss her oaths of true love swearing!

How many tales to please me hath she coin'd, Dreading my love, the loss thereof still fearing! Yet in the midst of all her pure protestings, Her fatth, her oaths, her tears, and all were jestings.

She burn'd with love, as straw with fire flameth, She burn'd out love, as soon as straw out burneth; framing, She fram'd the love, and yet she foil'd the She bade love last, and yet she fell a turning.

Was this a lover, or a lecher whether? Bad in the best, though excellent in neither.

VIII.

If music and sweet poetry agree,
As they must needs, the sister and the brother,
Then must the love be great 'twixt thee and
me,

Because thou lov'st the one, and I the other. Dowland to thee is dear, whose heavenly touch Upon the lute doth ravish human sense; Spencer to me, whose deep concert is such, As, passing all concert, needs no defence. Thou lov'st to hear the sweet melodious sound That Phoebus' lute, the queen of music, makes; And I in deep delight am chiefly drown'd, When as himself to singing he betakes.

One god is god of both, as poets feign; One knight loves both, and both in thee remain.

IX.

Fair was the morn, when the fair queen of love

Paler for sorrow than her milk-white dove,
For Adon's sake, a youngster proud and wild;
Her stand she takes upon a steep-up hill:
Anon Adoms comes with horn and hounds,
She, silly queen, with more than love's good will
Forbade the boy he should not pass those
grounds;

Once, quoth she, did I see a fair sweet youth Here in these brakes deep-wounded with a boar,

Deep in the thigh, a spectacle of ruth!
See in my thigh, quoth she, here was the sore:
She showed hers, he saw more wounds than
one,

And blushing fled, and left her all alone.

X.

Sweet rose, fair flower, untimely pluck'd, soon vaded,

Pluck'd in the bud, and vaded in the spring! Bright orient pearl, alack! too timely shaded! Fair creature, kill'd too soon by death's sharp sting!

Like a green plum that hangs upon a tree, And falls, through wind, before the fall should be.

I weep for thee, and yet no cause I have; For why? thou left'st me nothing in thy will. And yet thou left'st me more than I did crave; For why? I craved nothing of thee still:

O yes, dear friend, I pardon crave of thee; Thy discontent thou didst bequeath to me.

XI.

Venus, with Adonis sitting by her, Under a myrtle shade, began to woo him: She told the youngling how god Mars did try her,

And as he fell to her, she fell to him, [me; Even thus, quoth she, the warlike god embrac'd And then she clipp'd Adonis in her arms: Even thus, quoth she, the warlike gcd unlac'd me;

As if the boy should use like loving charms.
Even thus, quoth she, he seized on my lps,
And with her lps on his did act the seizure;
And as she fetched breath, away he skips,
And would not take her meaning nor her
pleasure.

Ahl that I had my lady at this bay, To kiss and clip me till I run away!

XII.

Crabbed age and youth Cannot live together: Youth is full of pleasance, Age is full of care: Youth like summer morn. Age like winter weather; Youth like summer brave, Age like winter bare. Youth is full of sport. Age's breath is short, Youth is nimble, age is lame: Youth is hot and bold, Age is weak and cold; Youth is wild, and age is tame, Age, I do abhor thee, Youth, I do adore thee;
O, my love, my love is young!
Age, I do defy thee; A sweet shepherd, hie thee, For methinks thou stay'st too long.

TIIT

Beauty is but a vain and doubtful good, A shining gloss, that vadeth suddenly; A flower that dies, when first it 'gins to bud; A brittle glass, that's broken presently: A doubtful good, a gloss, a glass, a flower, Lost, vaded, broken, dead within an hour.

And as goods lost are seld or never found, As vaded gloss no rubbing will refresh, As flowers dead lie wither'd on the ground, As broken glass no cement can redress, So beauty, blemish'd once, for ever's lost, In spite of physic, painting, pain, and cost.

XIV.

Good night, good rest. Ah! neither be my share:

She bade good night, that kept my rest away;

And daff'd me to a cabin hang'd with care, To descant on the doubts of my decay. Farewell, quoth she, and come again tomorrow;

Farewell I could not, for I supp'd with sorrow.

Yet at my parting sweetly did she smile, In scorn or friendship, nill I construe whether: 'T may be, she joy' dt to jest at my exile, 'T may be, again to make me wander thither: Wander, a word for shadows like myself, As take the pain, but cannot pluck the pelf.

XV.

Lord, how mine eyes throw gazes to the east! My heart doth charge the watch; the morning rise

Doth cite each moving sense from idle rest.

Not daring trust the office of mine eyes,

While Philomela sits and sings, I sit and mark

And wish her lays were tuned like the lark,

For she doth welcome daylight with her ditty,
And drives away dark dismal-dreaming night:
The night so pack'd, I post unto my pretty;
Heart hath his hope, and eyes their wished
sight [sorrow;

Sorrow chang'd to solace, solace mix'd with For why? she sigh'd, and bade me come to-morrow.

Were I with her, the night would post too soon; But now are minutes added to the hours; To spite me now, each minute seems a moon; Yet not for me, shine sun to succour flowers! Packs night, peep day; good day, of night now borrow; Short, night, to-night, and length thyself to-

SONNETS TO SUNDRY NOTES OF MUSIC

IT was a lordling's daughter, the fairest one of That liked of her master as well as well might Till looking on an Englishman, the fairest that

eye could see,

Her fancy fell a turning. Long was the combat doubtful, that love with love did fight, knight.

To leave the master loveless, or kill the gallant To put in practice either, alas it was a spite

Unto the silly damsel.

pain, But one must be refused, more mickle was the That nothing could be used, to turn them both to gain, [with disdain:

For of the two the trusty knight was wounded Alas, she could not help it! Thus art, with arms contending, was victor of Which by a gift of learning did bear the maid

away; Then lullaby, the learned man hath got the lady

gay; For now my song is ended.

On a day (alack the dayl), Love, whose month was ever May, Spied a blossom passing fair, Playing in the wanton air: Through the velvet leaves the wind, All unseen, 'gan passage find; That the lover, sick to death, Wish'd himself the heaven's breath. Air, quoth he, thy cheeks may blow: Air, would I might triumph so! But, alas, my hand hath sworn Ne'er to pluck thee from thy thorn: Vow, alack, for youth unmeet, Youth, so apt to pluck a sweet, Thou for whom Jove would swear Juno but an Ethiope were; And deny himself for Jove, Turning mortal for thy love.

My flocks feed not, My ewes breed not, My rams speed not, All is amiss: Love is dying, Faith's defying. Heart's denying, Causer of this.

All my merry jigs are quite forgot, All my lady's love is lost, God wot: Where her faith was firmly fix'd in love, There a nay is plac'd without remove. One silly cross Wrought all my loss;

· O frowning Fortune, cursed, fickle dame! For now I see, Inconstancy

More in women than in men remain.

In black mourn I, All fears scorn I, Love hath forlorn me. Living in thrall: Heart is bleeding, All help needing, (O cruel speeding!)

Fraughted with gall. My shepherd's pipe can sound no deal, My wether's bell rings doleful knell; My curtail dog, that wont to have play'd, Plays not at all, but seems afraid;

With sighs so deep, Procures to weep,

In howling-wise, to see my doleful plight. How sighs resound

Through heartless ground, [fight! Like a thousand vanquish'd men in bloody

Clear wells spring not, Sweet birds sing not, Green plants bring not Forth; they die: Herds stand weeping, Flocks all sleeping, Nymphs back peeping Fearfully.

All our pleasure known to us poor swains, All our merry meetings on the plains, All our evening sport from us is fled, All our love is lost, for Love is dead. Farewell, sweet lass, Thy like ne'er was,

For a sweet content, the cause of all my moan Poor Coridon

Must live alone, Other help for him I see that there is none.

Whenas thine eye hath chose the dame, And stall'd the deer that thou shouldst strike.

Let reason rule things worthy blame, As well as fancy, partial might: Take counsel of some wiser head, Neither too young, nor yet unwed.

And when thou com'st thy tale to tell, Smooth not thy tongue with filed talk, Lest she some subtle practice smell; (A cripple soon can find a halt:)

But plainly say thou lov'st her well, And set her person forth to sell.

What though her frowning brows be bent, Her cloudy looks will calm ere night; And then too late she will repent, That thus dissembled her delight: And twice desire, ere it be day, That which with scorn she put away.

What though she strive to try her strength, And ban and brawl, and say thee nay, Her feeble force will yield at length, When craft hath taught her thus to say:

'Had women been so strong as men, In faith you had not had it then.'

And to her will frame all thy ways; Spare not to spend,-and chiefly there Where thy desert may merit praise. By ringing in thy lady's ear: The strongest castle, tower, and town, The golden bullet beats it down.

Serve always with assured trust, And in thy suit be humble, true; Unless thy lady prove unjust, Press never thou to choose anew: When time shall serve, be thou not slack To proffer, though she put thee back.

The wiles and guiles that women work, Dissembled with an outward show, The tricks and toys that in them lurk, The cock that treads them shall not know. Have you not heard it said full oft, A woman's nay doth stand for nought?

Think women still to strive with men. To sin, and never for to saint: There is no heaven, by holy then, When time with age shall them attaint. Were kisses all the love in bed. One woman would another wed.

But soft; enough,—too much I fear, Lest that my mistress hear my song; She'll not stick to round me i' th' ear, To teach my tongue to be so long: Yet will she blush, here be it said, To hear her secrets so bewray'd.

Live with me, and be my love, And we will all the pleasures prove That hills and valleys, dales and fields, And all the craggy mountains yields.

There will we sit upon the rocks, And see the shepherds feed their flocks, By shallow rivers, by whose falls Melodious birds sing madrigals.

There will I make thee a bed of roses, With a thousand fragrant posies, A cap of flowers and a kirtle Embroider'd all with leaves of myrtle.

A belt of straw and ivy buds, With coral clasps and amber studs: And if these pleasures may thee move Then live with me, and be my love.

LOVE'S ANSWER. If that the world and love were young, And truth in every shepherd's tongue.

These pretty pleasures might me move To live with thee and be thy love.

As it fell upon a day, In the merry month of May, Sitting in the pleasant shade Which a grove of myrtles made, Beasts did leap, and birds did sing, Trees did grow, and plants did spring: Everything did banish moan, Save the nightingale alone: She, poor bird, as all forlorn, Lean'd her breast up-till a thorn, And there sung the dolefull'st ditty That to hear it was great pity: Fie, fie, fie, now would she cry, Teru, Teru, by and by: That to hear her so complain. Scarce I could from tears refrain; For her griefs so lively shown. Made me think upon mine own. Ah thought I, thou mourn'st in vain; None take pity on thy pain: Senseless trees, they cannot hear thee; Ruthless bears, they will not cheer thee. King Pandion, he is dead; All thy friends are lapp'd in lead; All thy fellow-birds do sing, Careless of thy sorrowing. Even so, poor bird, like thee, None alive will pity me. Whilst as fickle fortune smil'd, Thou and I were both beguil'd. Every one that flatters thee Is no friend in misery. Words are easy like the wind; Faithful friends are hard to find. Every man will be thy friend, Whilst thou hast wherewith to spend; But if store of crowns be scant, No man will supply thy want. If that one be prodigal, Bountiful they will him call: And with such-like flattering Pity but he were a king. If he be addict to vice. Quickly him they will entice; If to women he be bent, They have him at commandement; But if fortune once do frown, Then farewell his great renown: They that fawn'd on him before, Use his company no more. He that is thy friend indeed, He will help thee in thy need; If thou sorrow, he will weep; If thou wake, he cannot sleep: Thus of every grief in heart He with thee doth bear a part. These are certain signs to know Faithful friend from flattering foe.

THE PHOENIX AND THE TURTLE

LET the bird of loudest lay, On the sole Arabian tree, Herald sad and trumpet be, To whose sound chaste wings obey.

But thou, shricking harbinger, Foul pre-currer of the flend, Augur of the fever's end, To this troop come thou not near.

From this session interdict Every fowl of tyrant wing, Save the eagle, feather'd king: Keep the obsequy so strict.

Let the priest in surplice white, That defunctive music can, Be the death-divining swan, Lest the requiem lack his right.

And thou, treble-dated crow, That thy sable gender mak'st With the breath thou giv'st and tak'st, 'Mongst our mourners shalt thou go.

Here the anthem doth commence: Love and constancy is dead; Phœnix and the turtle fled In a mutual flame from hence.

So they lov'd, as love in twain Had the essence but in one; Two distincts, division none: Number there in love was slain.

Hearts remote, yet not asunder; Distance, and no space was seen 'Twixt the turtle and his queen; But in them it were a wonder.

So between them love did shine, That the turtle saw his right Flaming in the phœnix's sight: Either was the other's mine.

Property was thus appall'd, That the self was not the same; Single nature's double name Neither two nor one was call'd.

Reason, in itself confounded, Saw division grow together; To themselves yet either-neither, Simple were so well compounded

That it cried how true a twain Seemeth this concordant one! Love hath reason, reason none If what parts can so remain.

Whereupon it made this threne To the phænix and the dove, Co-supremes and stars of love; As chorus to their tragic scene.

THRENOS.

Beauty, truth, and rarity. Grace in all simplicity, Here enclos'd in cinders lie.

Death is now the phoenix' nest; And the turtle's loyal breast To eternity doth rest,

Leaving no posterity:—
'Twas not their infirmity,
It was married chastity.

Truth may seem, but cannot be: Beauty brag, but 'tis not she; Truth and beauty buried be.

To this urn let those repair That are either true or fair; For these dead birds sigh a prayer.

ABATE, vb. to shorten, blunt, except ABC-BOOK, sub. a primer ABHOR, vb. to horrify, reject ABJECT, adj. despised ABODE, vb. to forbode ABRAM, adj. auburn ABRIDGMENT, sub. pastime ABROOK, vb. to endure ABSOLUTE, adj. perfect, positive, resolved ABY, vb to pay for ACCITE, vb. to summon, excite ACCOMPLISH, vb. to arm completely, gain ACONITUM, sub. poison from wolf's-bane ACTION-TAKING, adj. seeking satisfaction at law ACTURE, sub. action ADDITION, sub. title ADDRESS, vb. to prepare ADMIRAL, sub. flagship ADVERTISEMENT, sub information, counsel AERY, sub nest, or young of a bird of prey AFFECT, vb. love, aim at AFFEER, vb. confirm AFFY, vb to trust, betroth AGGRAVATE, vb to increase, worsen AGLET-BABY, sub, small figure cut on a lace-tag AGNIZE, vb. to acknowledge A-HOLD, adv. directly into the wind AIM, sub. guess, mark ALDER-LIEFEST, adj. dearest of all A-LIFE, adv. dearly ALLICHOLLY, sub. melancholy ALLOW, vb. to approve ALMS-DRINK, sub. liquor drunk on another's behalf AMERCE, vb. punish AME-ACE, sub lowest throw with dice AMORT, adj. dejected ANCHOR, sub. hermit ANCIENT, sub. ensign ANSWER, sub. retaliation ANTICK, sub. buffoon ANTRE, sub. cave APPEAL, vb. to accuse APPLE-JOHN, sub. a kind of apple APPOINTMENT, sub. preparation APPREHEND, vb. to arrest, understand, imagine ARCH, sub. chief, patron ARGENTINE, adj. silver ARGIERS, sub. Algiers ARGUMENT, sub. subject of debate, proof AROINT THEE! int. away! begone! ARTICULATE, vb. to specify, to come to terms ARTIFICIAL, adj. ingenious ARTIST, sub. scholar, physician ASPERSION, sub. sprinkling ASSINEGO, sub. ass ASSURANCES, sub. deed of assurance ASSURE, vb. betroth ASTRINGER, sub. a falconer ATONE, vb. to reconcile ATTACH, vb. to seize ATTAINT, vb. to stain, disgrace ATTASKED, p. p. reprehended ATTENDED p. p. guarded, waited for

AURICULAR, adj perceived by the ear AUDACIOUS, adj daring AUTHENTIC, adj. authoritative AVAUNT! int. away! begone! AVER, vb. confirm AWELESS, adj inspiring no fear AY, int alas! BACCARE, int go back! BACK-FRIEND, sub. officer arresting from behind BACKWARD, sub. past BAFFLE, vb. to shame, disgrace BALDRICK, sub. belt BALE, sub. injury, calamity BALKED, p. p. piled up BALLOW, sub. cudgel BAN, vb. to curse, prohibit BANE, vb. to murder BAND, sub. bond BANDY, vb exchange blows
BARBED, p. p. caparisoned in a warlike manner
BARFUL, adj. full of obstruction BARN, or BAIRN, sub. child BARNACLE, sub. goose BASE, sub. a game BASES, sub mantle worn by knights on horseback BASILISK, sub cockatrice, species of cannon BASIMECU, sub. = "bassez ma queue" BASTA, int. enough! BASTARD, sub. sweet raisin wine BAT, sub a club BATE, vb. to flutter, blunt BATLET, sub wooden instrument used by washers of clothes BATTEN, vb grow fat BATTLE, sub army BAVIN, sub. brushwood BAWCOCK, sub. stout fellow BAY, sub. space between the mam beams of a roof BAY, vb. to pursue with barking BEADSMAN, sub. one paid to pray for others BEAK, sub. ornamented projection at the prow of a vessel BEAR, vb. to obtain, dislike BEARD, vb. to defy, oppose in a hostile manner BEARING-CLOTH, sub. christening robe BEAST, sub. ox BEAT, vb. to flutter BEAVER, sub. face-guard of a helmet BEDLAM, sub. asylum, lunatic BEETLE, vb. to overhang the base BEING, sub abode BELDAM, sub, grandmother, an old woman BE-LEED, p. p. cut off from the wind BE-METE, vb. be-measure, thrash BE-MOIL, vb. to befoul with mire BEND, vb. to glance BERAY, vb to befoul BERGOMASK, sub. a rustic dance BEST, adi. bravest BESTROUGHT, p. p. distracted BESTRIDE, vb to stand over a fallen man and to defend him

BETERM, vb. to allow, pour out

ATTORNEY, sub. deputy, advocate

BEWRAY, vb. to betray, reveal BUXOM, ad . lively, brisk BEZONIAN, sub. rascal, needy beggar BUZZARD, sub. hawk BIAS, sub. an oblique course BIGGIN, sub. nightcap CACODEMON, sub. evil spirit BILBO, sub. sword (from Bilbao) CADDIS, sub. a garter-tape BILBO, sub trons, fetters
BILL, sub. halberd
BIRD-BOLT, sub a blunt-headed arrow CADE, sub. barrel CADENT, ady. falling CADUCEUS, sub. Mercury's wand BISSON adj. blinding BLACK MONDAY, sub. Easter Monday CAGE, sub. prison CAIN-COLOURED, adj. red CALIVER, sub musket BLANK, sub. white spot in the centre of a target BLEAR, vb. to hoodwink BLENCH, vb. to start, flinch CALL, sub decoy CALLET, sub. a lewd woman BLENT, p. p. mixed BLOCK, sub wooden mold for a hat BLOOD-BOLTERED, adj. matted with blood CALM, sub qualm CANARY, sub. sweet wine, lively dance CANKER, sub. ulcer-like evil, worm destroying buds, dog-rose CANSTICK, sub. candlestick BLOW, vb to puff up BLOWSE, sub. a coarse beauty BLUE-BOTTLE, sub beadle CANTLE, sub part, slice CANTON, sub song BLUE-CAP, sub. Scotsman BLUNT, adj stupid, insensible BLURTED AT, p p sneered at BOARD, vb. to address, accost CAP, sub. the top, the principal, vb. to salute by taking the cap off CAP-A-PE, adv. from head to foot CAPITULATE, vb to make an agreement BOB, vb to trick, make a fool of BODGED, p p. boggled BODKIN, sub dagger CAPOCCHIA, sub simpleton CAPON, sub. love-letter BOLT, vb. to sift BOMBARD or BUMBARD, sub leather bottle for CAPRICIOUS, adj. fantastic CARACK, sub galleon CARKANET, sub necklace drink BOMBAST, sub. cotton-wool stuffing BONA-ROBA, sub. a showy strumpet CAREIRES, sub motion of a horse CARL, sub clown, peasant CARLOT, sub. peasant CARRIAGE, sub. import BOSKY, ad . woody BOSOM, sub. wish BOTCH, vb. to patch BOTTOM, sub ball of thread, vb. to wind thread on CARRY, vb to win, menage CASE, vb. to strip off the skin BOTS, sub. disease of horses caused by worms BOURN, sub. boundary, brook BOW, sub. yoke BOW HAND, sub. left hand CATAIAN, sub. Chinaman, (hence) scoundrel CATAPLASM, sub. poultice, plaster CATASTROPHE, sub. end, conclusion CATCH, sub. musical composition for several BRABBLE, sub. quarrel Voices BRACE, sub. armour for the arm, state of defence BRACH, sub. a kind of hound, a bitch-hound CATLING, sub. a lute-string made of catgut CAUTEL, sub. deceit, stratagem CENSURE, vb. to judge CEREMONIOUS, adj superstitious CESS, sub. calculation BRAID, adj. deceitful BRAVERY, sub. showy dress, bravado BRAWL, sub. a kind of dance BREACH, sub surf CHACE, sub. a term at tennis BREAST, sub voice in singing BREECHED, p. p. covered as with breeches, CHAPLESS, adj. without the lower jaw CHARACTER, vb. write CHARE, sub job sheathed BREECHING SCHOLAR, a schoolboy liable to CHARGE-HOUSE, sub. a school-house be whipped CHARNECO, sub a kind of wine CHAUDRON, sub entrails BRIAREUS, sub. giant with hundred hands BRIZE, sub. gad
BROACH, p. p to pierce, open a discussion
BROCK, sub. badger CHEER, sub. countenance CHEVERIL, sub soft flexible leather CHEWET, sub. jackdaw CHILDING, pt. p. fruitful BROKE, vb. to deal with a pandar BROKEN, adj instrumental; p. p. toothless BROW, sub. height CHIPS, sub. keys of a virginal CHOPINE, sub. shoe with a high sole CHRYSTALS, sub. eyes BROWNIST, sub. an adherent of a Puritan sect BRUITH, sub rumour, vb to report with noise CHUCK, sub. a chicken - a term of endearment CHUD, I would CHUFF, sub. an avaricious person BRUSH, sub. hostile encounter BUKUKLE, sub. pimple BUCK, vb. to wash linen BUCKLE, vb. to bend BUCKRAM, sub coarse linen CICATRICE, sub. scar CIPHER, sub. zero CIRCUMMUR'D, p. p. walled round BUG, sub. terror CIVIL, adj. grave, solemn CLACK-DISH, sub. a beggar's dish BUGLE, sub. a black bead of glass BULK, sub. body, hull of a ship, framework before CLAPPER-CLAW, vb. to maul shop CLEF, sub. key (in music) BUNG, sub. pickpocket CLEPE, vb. to call BURGONET, sub. a kind of helmet CLINQUANT, adj. glittering BUSH, sub. a vintner's sign CLIP, vb. to embrace BUSS, sub. and vb. kiss CLOSET, sub, private room

CLOUT, sub. mark at archery CLOYLESS, adj. that does not satiate COASTING, pt. p. inviting COBLOAF, sub little loaf with a round head COCK, sub. a small ship's boat COCKLE, sub. darnel
COCKLE, sub. darnel
COCKLED, p. p. having a shell
CODLING, sub. an unripe apple COFFIN, sub pie-crust COG, vb to falsify, cheat COHERE, vb. to agree COIGNE, sub. corner COIL, sub noises, fuss COLLATERAL, adj. indirect COLLECTION, sub. deduction COLLIED, p. p. blackened, smutted with coal COLLOP, sub. a slice of meat COLT, by to fool CO-MART, sub. a joint bargain COMBAT, sub duel COMBINATION, sub. agreement COMFORTABLE, ady affording consolation COMMONTY, sub comedy COMPARATIVE, sub. one "full of comparisons" COMPASSED, p. p. round COMPASSED, p. p. round COMPETENT, adp. sufficient COMPETITOR, sub. partner COMPLEXION, sub. character COMPT, sub. reckoning CON, vb. to learn by heart
CONCEIT, sub idea
CONCERNANCY, sub meaning
CONCLUSION, sub problem, experiment
CONDOLEMENT, sub. sorrowing CONEY, sub. rabbit CONEY-CATCHED, p. p. cheated CONFINER, sub. inhabitant CONFOUND, vb. to destroy, waste, mingle CONSIGNED, p. p. sealed by way of ratification CONSIST, vb. insist
CONSORT, sub. company of musicians
CONSTRUE, vb. to interpret
CONSUMMATION, sub. death CONTINENT, sub. something that contains, earth CONTRACT, ub. to betroth CONTRIVE, vb to devise, to spend CONTROLMENT, sub restraint CONVEY, vb. to steal CONVEYANCE, sub. escort, trickery, means of transport CONVINCE, vb. to overcome CONVINCE, vb. to overcome CONVINCE, vb. to feast COPATAIN, sub high sugar-loaf head COPE, sub. firmament COPPED, adj. peaked COPY, sub. pattern, original, theme CORANTO, sub. a quick dance CORINTHIAN, sub. wencher CORKY, adj withered CORNEY, and whitered
CORNET, sub. company of cavalry
CORNUTO, sub. cuckold
COROLLARY, sub. surplus
COSTARD, sub. head
COTE, sb. to pass, overtake
COUNTENANCE, sub. appearance, hypocrisy COUNTERFEIT, sub. likeness, portrait COUNTERGATE, sub. likeness, portrait COUNTERGATE, sub. debtors' prison COUNTERPOINTS, sub. counterpanes COUNTY, sub. count COWL-STAFF, sub. a pole for carrying a basket COY, adj. distant; vb. to sooth, to disdain COZEN, vb. to cheat

COZIER, sub. cobbler CRACK, sub. a pert little boy CRANTS, sub garlands CRARE, sub a small trading vessel CRAZE, vb. to break CREATE, p. p created CRINGE, vb. to disport CRIPS, adj. curling, bent CROSS-ROW, sub. alphabet CROW-KEEPER, sub scarecrow CROWNER, sub. coroner CROWN-IMPERIAL, sub. a kind of lily CRY, sub pack
CUISSES, sub. armour for the thighs
CULLION, sub a low fellow CULVERIN, sub. a kind of cannon CUNNING, sub knowledge, skill CUPID'S FLOWER, sub. pansy CURB, vb to restrain CURIOSITY, sub. delicacy, fastidiousness CURST, adj. shrewish, ill-tempered CURTAL, sub a docked horse CUSTOMER, sub a loose woman CUSTALORUM, sub. corr. "Custos Rotulo-rum" - Keeper of the Scrolls CUT, sub. horse CYPRUS, sub. crepe-like fabric DAFF, vb. to put off DANGER, sub reach of a weapon DARDAN, adj Trojan DARE, vb. to dazzle and so catch DARRAIGN, vb. to put in order DAUBERY, sub. false show, pretence DAY-WOMAN, sub dairy-maid DEAR, adj important, rare, dire DEARTH, sub. high value DEATH-TOKEN, sub. spot caused by plague DEBILE, adj. weak, poor DEBONAIRE, adj. meek, gentle DEBOSHED, p. p. corrupted, debauched DECAY, sub. destruction
DECLENSION, sub. deterioration DECOCT, vb. to warm up DEEM, sub. thought, surmise DEFUNCTIVE, sub. funeral DEFER, vb. to waste DEFEND, vb. forbid DEMISE, vb. to grant DENAY, sub. denial DENIER, sub. twelfth part of a French sou DEPLORE, vb. to tell with grief DEPOSE, vb. assert or examine on oath DEPUTATION, sub. office of deputy DERACINATE, vb. uproot DERN, adj. dark DEROGATION, sub. disparagement DESCANT, vb. to sing the "upper voice" or melody DESIGNMENT, sub. enterprise DEXTER, adj. right DIAPASON, sub. a bass part DICH, do it DIFFERENCE, sub. alteration in a coat-of-arms, characteristics DIFFUSE, vb. to pour, confuse DIGRESS vb. to depart, transgress DINT, sub. force
DIRENESS, sub horror
DISAPPOINTED, p. p. unprepared DISASTER, sub unfavourable influence of a star DISCANDY, vb. to melt DISCLOSE, vb. to be hatched DISCOURED, p. p. pale

ESIL, sub. vinegar

DISCOURSE, sub reasoning ESSENTIAL, adj. real EXCREMENT, sub. beard DISCOVER, vb to reveal DISCAVER, who to desguise
DISGASES, sub. sayings
DISGACE, sub. disfigurement
DISGUISE, sub. drunkenness
DISLIKEN, vb to disguise EXECUTION, sub. exercise of powers EXEQUIES, sub. funeral rites EXHALATION, sub. meteor EXHIBITION, sub. allowance DISLIMN, vb. to blur DISME, sub. a tenth man EXIGENT, sub. emergency EXPRESS, vb. to reveal EXPRESSURE, sub. picture DISMOUNT, vb. to draw a sword DISPITEOUS, adj pitiless DISTEMPER, sub. drunkenness EXSUFFLICATE, adj inflated EXTEND, vb. to seize upon EXTRAVAGANT, adj. wandering DISTEMPERATURE, sub. perturbation DISTINCT, sub. a separate thing
DISTRAIN, vb. confiscate
DISTRESSFUL, adj. gained by hard work EYAS, sub young hawk EYE, sub. tinge, shade of colour EYLIADS, sub looks DIVINE, sub. priest DIVISION, sub melody, variation, disposition of FABLE, sub. falsehood FACE, vb to show a false face, to trum a garment forces FACINEROUS, adj infamous, wicked DOCTRINE, sub lesson, learning DOLE, sub share, destiny, sorrow DOMINEER, vb to feast DORMOUSE, attr sleepy DOTANT, sub. dotard FACT, sub. crime FACTION, sub. party FACULTIES, sub powers FADGE, vb. to fit
FADING, sub refrain of a song
FAIRING, sub present DOUT, vb. to extinguish DOWLAS, sub coarse kind of linen DOWLE, sub a fine feather FAITOR, sub impostor, rascal FALCON, sub a female hawk DOXY, sub beggar's mistress DRABBING, sub. whoring FANCY, sub. love DRAWN, p. p. disembowelled DRIBBLING, pr. p. falling short or wide of the FANE, sub. temple FANE, sub. temple
FAP, adj drunk
FARCED, p. p. stuffed
FARDEL, sub. bundle, pack
FARROW, sub. a litter of pigs
FASHIONS, sub. a disease of horses
FAT, adj. dull, hot
FAVOUR, sub leave, lenity, charm, appearance
FEALTY, sub. vassal's obligation, fidelity
FEAT, adj dexterous
FEATURE, adj. shape of body
FEDFRARY, sub. accomplice mark DRIFT, sub intention, purpose DROLLER, sub puppet-show DROPSIED, p. p inflated DROVIER, sub. cattle-driver DRUMBLE, vb to move slowly DUDGEON, sub hilt of a dagger DUE, sub debt, vb. to endue DUELLO, sub. rules of duelling FEDERARY, sub. accomplice DUMP, sub mournful melody DUP, vb. to open DURANCE, sub duration, imprisonment FEEDER, sub. servant FEE-SIMPLE, sub. an absolute inheritable possession
FENNY, adj. of the marshland EAGER, ad; sour, cutting EALE, sub. evil (?) FEERE, sub. spouse FELL, sub skin, adj cruel FESTINATELY, adv. speedily EANLING, sub. young lamb EAR, vb. to plough EASY, adj. insignificant ECHE, vb. to eke out FETCH, sub trick FETTLE, vb. to prepare FICO, sub. fig - a contemptuous expression ECSTASY, sub. frenzy, swoon, delight EFFECT, sub purpose, appearance, realization EFTEST, adj. most convenient EGREGIOUS, adj. very great FIGHTS, sub protective screen round a ship FILLS, sub. shafts FILM, sub gossamer FINELESS, adj. without end FIRE-DRAKE, sub. meteor EGYPTIAN, sub gypsy EKE, vb. to increase ELD, sub. old age ELEMENTS, sub. earth, water, air, fire FIRK, vb. to beat FIT, sub. a division of a poem ELF, vb. to tangle FITCHEW, sub. polecat FIVES, sub. disease in young horses EMBARQUEMENT, sub. hindrance EMBOSSED, p. p. swollen, foaming at the mouth EMPERY, sub. dominion, empire FLAKE, sub. a lock of hair FLAMBN, sub. a priest in ancient Rome FLAPJACK, sub. pancake FLAW, sub. squall of wind; outburst of passion EMULOUS, ad1. ambitious ENACTURE, sub. performance ENFEOFF, vb surrender ENMEW, vb to drive into water ENSCONCE, vb. to shelter behind a fortification FLEWED, adj. with large chaps FLIRT-GILL, sub. a loose woman FLOTE, sub. sea FLOURISH, sub. ornament FLUSH, adj. lusty ENSEAMED, p. p greasy
ENTERTAIN, vb. to take into one's service EPHESIAN, sub companion FLUX, sub. discharge ERINGO, sub. candied root of sea holly FOB, vb. to cheat ERRING, pt p. wandering ESCOT, vb. to maintain FOIN, vb. to thrust with rapier FOISON, sub. plentiful crop

FONDLY, adv. foolishly

FOOT-CLOTH, sub a long saddle-cloth HABIT, sub costume FORAGE, sub. raging HACKNEY, sub prostitute FORESLOW, vb. to loster FORGETIVE, adj. inventive HAGGARD, sub. wild female hawk HALCYON, sub kingfisher
HAND-FAST, sub. marriage contract FORKED, adj. horned HARLOCKS, sub wild mustard HATCHMENT, sub. a tablet showing the coat of FORSPEAK, vb. to speak against FOX, sub. sword FRAMPOLD, adj. disagreable, unpleasant arms FRANK, sub. sty FRANKLIN, sub. freeholder HAVOC, sub slaughter HAY, sub. a home-thrust (in fencing) FRET, vb. to stop a string by a fret HEAD, sub. armed force FRIPPERY, sub an old clothes' shop HEAT, p. p. heated HEBENON, sub. some kind of poison (henbane?) FRIZE, sub. a coarse cloth HEFTED, p p heaved HELL, sub. a part of a prison HELMED, p p steered through FRONTLET, sub. band on forehead FRUSH, vb. to batter FULLAM, sub. a loaded dice HENT, p. p. grasped HERMIT, sub. beadsman HEST, sub command FUSTIAN, sub. a coarse cloth GABARDINE, sub a loose cloak GAD, sub. a sharp spike GAIN-GIVING, pt. p. misgiving HIGHT, p p. named HILDING, sub. a good-for-nothing fellow GALLIAN, adv French
GALLIARD, sub a lively dance in triple time
GALLIASS, sub. a heavy ship, larger than the HIPPED, ady lame HIT, vb. to agree HOLD, vb to esteem HOLDING, sub. consistency galley GALLOW, vb. to frighten HOLLA, inter . stop! GALLOWGLASS, sub a heavy-armed soldier GALLYMAWFRY, sub. medley HOME, adv. to the point aimed at HOMELY, adj. plain HONEY-STALKS, sub. clover flowers HOODMAN BLIND, sub a blind-man's-buff GAMUT, sub. musical scale GARBOIL, sub. brawl, disturbance GASKINS, sub. breeches HORN-BOOK, sub. a sheet with an alphabet etc. GASTED, p. p. frightened GAWD, sub. toy, trifle for children, protected by transparent horn HOROLOGE, sub clock HOX, vb. to hamstring
HULL, vb. to drift with the tide
HUMOROUS, adj. humid, changeable
HUMOUS, sub a fluid in man's body determining GECK, sub. fool GEMINI, sub. pair GENEROSITY, sub. noble burth GENNET, sub. a small horse GENTLE, vb. to ennoble
GERMAN, sub. relative; adj. akin
GEST, sub deed, time allotted for a halt his character (black bile, blood, bile, phlegm) HUNGRY, adj. sterile HUNT-COUNTER, sub. a worthless dog GIB, sub. a male cat
GIG, sub. whipping-top
GIGLOT, sub. a wanton woman HURRICANO, sub. a water-spout HURTLING, pt. p. din HUSBANDRY, sub. thrift HUSWIFE, sub. a light woman GIMMAL, sub. joint GING, sub. gang GIRD, sub. biting remark GLANCE, sub. satirical observation IDES of March, 15th March IGNOMY, sub. disgrace GLEEK, vb. to joke ILLNESS, sub. wickedness IMAGINARY, adj. imaginative GLOZE, vb. to explain, beguile GOOD-DEN, good evening IMBAR, vb. to bar, defend IMBRUE, vb to cover with blood IMMANITY, sub. inhumanity IMMEDIACY, sub. next rank in authority GOOSE, sub. tailor's iron GORBELLIED, adj. fat GORGET, sub. armour for throat GOSSIP, sub. godfather or godmother GOURD, sub. false dice IMP, vb. to restore the powers to fly

IMPAIR, adj. unfit

IMPETICOS, vb. to hide in a pocket (a burlesque GOUT, sub. drop GOVERNMENT, sub. self-control, management word) GRANGE, sub. farm-house IMPORTANCE, sub. importunancy IMPORTUNE, vb. to trouble GRATE, vb. to fret IMPRESS, sub device, family crest INCAPABLE, adj. unintelligent INCARNADINE, vb to dye red GREASILY, adj. indecently GREEK, sub. a pandar or light wench GREET, vb. to please GRISE, sub. step INCENSED, p p. incited GROSSLY, adj. palpably INCH, sub. a small island GUARD, sub. trimming of a garment, vb. to orna-INCLIP, vb. to embrace INCOMPREHENSIBLE, adj. boundless GUDGEON, sub. a credulous person INCONY, adj. fine, delicate GUERDON, sub. reward INCORRECT, adj unchastened INDENT, vb. to zigzag, to make a pact with GUINEA-HEN, sub. prostitute GULF, sub voracious belly GUN-STONES, sub. cannon-balls GUST, sub. taste GYVES, sub. fetters INDEX, sub. preface INDIGN, adj. unworthy INDIRECT, adj. wrong, treacherous

INDUCTION, sub. the first step in an undertaking

LASS-LORN, adj. forsaken by one's sweetheart INFECTION, sub. of a man, unfinished specimen LAYOH, vb to catch
LAUND, nub. glade
LAYOHT, sub a kind of lively dance
LAW-DAY, sub. a day for the sitting of a court
LAZAR, sub. leper INFER, vb to cause, allege, prove INFORM, vb. to assume a shape; inspire INGAGED, p. p. not engaged INHABITABLE, adj. uninhabitable INKLE, sub. tape; yarn LEAGURE, sub camp LEAPING-TIME, sub. youth LEATHER-COAT, sub. a kind of apple INLAND, adj. civilized INSANE, adj. causing madness INSCONCE, vb. to fortify INSINUATE vb. to wheedle into somebody's LEAVEN, sub taint LEER, sub complexion favour INSTANCE, sub mouve, presence, proof INTERESS'D, p p. entitled LEET, sub. a special court held by lords of manors LEGERITY, sub numbleness LEIGER, sub. a permanent representative INTITULED, p. p. designated
INTRENCHANT, adj. which cannot be cut LEMAN, sub. sweetheart L'ENVOY sub. a conclusion of a poem INTRINSE, adj. intricate LET, vb. to hinder LETHE'D, oblivious INVESTMENTS, sub. attire I WIS, assuredly LIBBARD, sub leopard JACK, sub. a term of contempt; key of the virginal LIBERAL, adj. licentious LIBERTY, sub. licence JACK-AN-APES, sub. monkey; coxcomb JADE, sub. a worthless horse LEAF, adj. dear LIFTER, sub weight-lifter, thief LIGHT O'LOVE, name of a dance-tune LIMBECK, sub alembic JAKES, sub. privy JAUNT, vb to run to and fro JEALOUS, adj. suspictous JESSES, sub. straps of leather fastened on hawk's LIMBER, adj. flexible LIMN, vb. to paint LION-SICK, adj sick with pride legs JEST, vb to act in a mask or play LITHER, adv yielding LITIGOUS, adj. questionable LIVELIHOOD, sub life JET, vb. to strut JOINT-RING, sub. a gimmal-ring JOUNNAL, adj daily JOVIAL, adj. belonging to Jove JUMP, vb. to risk, adv precisely LOB, sub. jester LOCKRAM, sub. a kind of linen JUTTY, sub. projecting part of a building LOFFE, vb to laugh LOGGATS, sub. a game played with little logs of KAM, adv. contrary KEECH, sub. fat rolled into a lump KEEL, vb. to cool wood LONG PURPLES, sub a kind of orchis LOOF, vb. to bring a hip nearer to the wind LOON, sub. a stupid fellow KEISAR, sub. Caesar KEN, sub. a range of vision; sight KENNEL, sub. gutter LOOP, sub. part of a hinge LOP, sub. smaller branches LOSEL, sub. rascal KERN, sub. a light-armed soldier KERNEL, sub. pip, seed KICKSHAWS, sub. a fancy dish; trifle LOT, sub prize
LOUT, vb. to insult
LOVE-IN-IDLENESS, sub. pansy KILN-HOLE, sub. a place for coals KIND, sub. nature, race, family LOYAL, adj. legitimate LUBBER, sub. lout KINDLESS, adj. unnatural KINDLY, adj. proper; adv. naturally LUCE, sub. pike KINGED, p. p. ruled by LUCRE, sub. acquisition KIRTLE, sub. skirt KISSING-COMFIT, sub. sweetmeat for perfum-LUNES, sub. fits of lunacy LURCH, vb to lurk, to cheat LUXURY, sub. lasciviousness LIM, sub. bloodhound ing the breath KNAP, vb. to bite noisily; knock KNAVE, sub. servant KNOT, sub. folded arms; garden plot; lump; MACULATE, adj. not pure company MADE-UP, adj. accomplished MAILED-UP, p. p. enveloped KNOWINGLY, adv. from experience MAIN, sub. a number called before the dice are LABEL, sub. slip of paper, tag LABRAS, sub. lips LACED MUTTON, sub. strumpet LACKEY, vb. to follow closely thrown MAIN COURSE, sub. mainsail MAINLY, adv. violently MAKE, sub. mate MALICIOUS, adj. violent MALKIN, sub. slut LADE, vb. to empty as by bailing LADY-SMOCK, sub. cuckoo-flower MALMSEY, sub. a sweet wine MALT-WORM, sub. topper LAG, adj. late LAMMAS-TIDE, sub. 1st August LAMPAS, sub. disease of horses MAMMET, sub. puppet LANK, ob. to shrink MAMMOCK, vb. to tear into pieces LANTERN, sub. a window-turret MAN, vb. to tame a hawk LAP, vb. to wrap MANAKIN, sub. little man LARD, vb. to fatten MANNER, sub. stolen articles found on the thief LARGE, adj. licentious, MAN-QUELLER, sub. killer, murderer LARGESS, sub. free gift MANY, sub. multitude

MARE, sub. nightmare MARGENT, sub margin MARTLEMAS, ub Martinmas, 11th November MARTLET, sub. swallow MARY-BUD, sub. a bud of the marigold MASK, vb. to act in a mask MAST, sub. fruit of some trees, serving as food for swine MATCH, sub opponent; agreement MATE, vb. to confound MATIN, sub. morning MAUGRE, prep. in spite of MAUND, sub. basket MAZARD, sub. head MAZED, p. p. confused MEACOCK, adj. cowardly MEAL'D, p. p. stained MEAN, sub. one of the middle voices in a four-part composition MEANLY, adj. poorly MECHANIC, sub a manual worker MEDICINE, sub. physician MEED, sub reward MEETLY, adv. fairly good MEINY, sub. attendants, train MERCATANTE, sub. merchant MERCURIAL, adj. nimble MERE, adj. absolute MERED, p. p. mere MERMAID, sub. siren MESS, sub dish, set of four METAPHYSICAL, adj. supernatural METHEGLIN, sub a kind of spiced drink MEW, vb. to shut up MICHER, sub. truant MICHING MALLECHO, skulking mischief MICKLE, ad; great MILCH, adj. giving milk MINX, sub. drab MIRABLE, adj. marvellous MISCREATE, adj. illegitimate MISPRISION, sub. mistake; contempt MISSIVE, sub. messenger MOBLED; adj. muffled MODERN, adj. commonplace MODEST, adj. moderate MOME, sub. dolt MONTH'S MIND, inclination MOP, sub. grimace MORISGO, sub. a morris-dancer MORT, sub. a horn-signal announcing the death of a deer MOTHER, sub. hysteria MOTION, sub. a puppet-show MOULD, sub. earth MOW, sub. grimace MOY, sub. imaginary name of a coin MURDERING PIECE, sub. a small cannon MURE, sub. wall MURK, sub. darkness MURRAIN, sub. plague

NAIL, sub. measure of length for cloth NAPKIN, sub. handkerchief NATURE, sub. living nature, life NAY-WORD, sub. password, by-word NE, com, and not NEAT, sub. ox, calf, cow; adj, elegant

MUSIT, sub. a gap in a hedge MUSS, sub. a kind of a game MUTTON, sub. a light wench MUTUALITY, sub. intimacy

MYSTERY, sub. craft

NEB, sub mouth NEELD, sub. needle NEIF, sub fist NETHER-STOCKS, sub stockings NICELY, adv. scrupulously NICENESS, sub reserve, shyness NICK, vb to brand with folly NIGHTGOWN, sub. dressing-gown NIGHT-RULE, sub frolic of the night NILL, will not NIMBLE-PINION'D, ads. with swift wings NOBLE, sub. a gold coin NOISE, sub music NONFAREIL, sub. one without equal NOOK-SHOTTEN adj. running out into corners and capes NOSE-HERB, sub. plant frown for perfume NOVUM, sub. a game with dice NOWL, sub. head NUNCIO, sub messenger NUNCLE, sub. uncle NUTHOOK, sub. constable

OB., halfpenny
OBIDICUT, sub. name of a fiend
OBJECTION, sub accusation OBLOQUY, sub. shame, disgrace OBSCENE, adj disgusting OBSEQUIOUS, adj dutiful OCCULTED, p. p. hidden ODDLY, adv. unequally OEILIAD, sub. an inviting, amorous glance OF, prep. during, in, on OFFER, vb. to attack, do dare OLD, adj. plentiful ONEYERS, sub bankers (?) OPPOSITION, sub. combat OR, conj. before ORB, sub. circle, fairy ring ORDER, vb. to govern ORDINANCE, sub. destiny, rank ORDINARY, sub. public meal ORGULOUS, adj. proud ORISON, sub. prayer ORT, sub. scrap, fragment OSTENT, sub. show, display OUNCE, sub. lynx OUPH, sub. elf, goblin
OUSEL-COCK, sub. blackbird
OUTLOOK, vb. to stare down
OVERSCUTCHED, p. p. "over-beaten" OVERTURE, sub. disclosure OUCH, sub. in pl.: jewelry

PACK, sub. plot
PANDDOCK, sub. toad
PAIN, sub. punishment
PAIOK, sub. peacock (?)
PALE, sub. enclosure, pallisade
PALFREY, sub. horse
PALFREY, sub. horse
PALLET, sub. bed
PALLIAMENT, sub. robe
PALM TREE, sub. willow
PAIMY, adj. trumphant
PALTER, ch. to shuffle
PANTALOON, sub. old man
PARCEL, sub. part, company
PARCD, sub. part, company
PARCD, sub part, company
PARCD, sub part, company
PARCD, sub. summoning officer of the bishop's
court

PARLOUS, adj. perilous, shrewd PASII, sub. head; vb. to strike PASS, sub. reputation, thrust in fencing

PASSADO, sub. a thrust with a sword PRESENTATION, sub. show PASSANT, adj. walking PASSY, sub. a kind of slow dance PATCH, sub. fool PRESENTMENT, sub. dedication PRESS, sub warrant to impress recruits PRESSURE, sub impression PREST, adj. ready PRETENCE, sub. purpose PATCHERY, sub roguery PATIN, sub. a circular metal plate PAUNCH, vb. to stab in the belly PRETTY, adj. little PREVENT, vb. to anticipate PAVIN, sub. a kind of dance PEACH, vb. to inform, to denounce PRICKET, sub. buck in its second year PRIDE, sub pomp PEAT, sub darling PECULIAR, adj personal PRIG, sub. thief PEDANT, sub. schoolmaster PRIMERO, sub. a card-game PRINCIPAL, sub. a cardigative PRINCIPAL, sub a pert, spoiled boy PRISTING, adj former PEIZE, vb. to balance PELF, sub. property
PELTING, ad. paltry
PENTHESILEA, sub. Queen of the Amazons PRIZE, sub. privilege, contest PRODITOR, sub. traitor PENSIONERS, sub. body-guard of a king PERDURABLE, adj. lasting PROFACE, may it do you good! PROFESS, vb. to acknowledge PROFESS, vb. to acknowledge PROGENY, sub race PROJECT, sub. idea PROLIXIOUS, adj. tedious PROMULGATE, vb. to announce PEREMPTORY, adj. final, determined, overbearing PERFECTION, sub. accomplishment PERIAPT, sub. amulet PERJURE, sub perjuier PERNICIOUS, adj. wicked PROMULGATE, vb. to announce
PRONE, ad_eager
PROPEND, vb. to incline
PROPERTY, sub. tool
PROPUGNATION, sub. defence
PROROGUE, vb to prolong
PROTEST, vb. to proclaim, to promise
PRUNE, vb. to precl, to dress up
PUGGING, ad; thievish
PUISSANT, ad;, powerful
PIIN. vb. to nound PERPEND, vb. to consider PETTINESS, sub. insignificance PHANTASMA, sub. nightmare PHEEZE, vb to castigate PHILIP, sub a name for the sparrow PHILIP, sub a name for the sparrow PHRASELESS, adj. beyond description PHYSICAL, adj. medicinal PIA MATER, sub brain PICK, vb. to pitch PICKING, adj. insignificant PICK-THANK, sub flatterer PUN, vb. to pound PUNK, sub, harlot PIGHT, p p pitched PILCHER, sub. scabbard PURCHASE, sub. spoil, vb. to acquire PURL, vb. to flow PURLIEU, sub. a piece of land bordering a forest PURSUIVANT, sub. a herald's officer PILL, vb. plunder PINFOLD, sub. pound for stray cattle PISMIRE, sub. ant PUSH, sub. attack PUTTOCK, sub a bird of prey PITCH, sub. height
PLACKET, sub. petticoat, woman
PLANCHED, p. p. made of boards
PLANT, sub. foot QUAIL, sub. harlot QUAINT, ad, clever, fine, intricate QUALIFICATION, sub. condition PLANTAGE, sub. plants QUALIFICATION, sub. condition QUALIFY, vb. to moderate, to dilute QUARRY, sub. a pile of killed game QUELL, vb. to murder QUESTION, vb. to talk QUESTIONS, vb. to talk PLASH, sub. pool PLATE, vb. to cover in armour PLATFORM, sub. plan PLURISY, sub. excess POINT-DEVICE, adv precisely QUESTION, we come to the QUESTION, sub. searcher QUICK, adj. hving QUICKEN, vb. to become living QUIDDITS, sub. subtleties POIZE, sub. weight, moment POLITICIAN, sub. a politic intriguer POMANDER, sub. a ball of perfume POMEWATER, sub. a kind of apple PORPENTINE, sub. porcupine QUIETUS, sub. discharge PORT, sub. gate; demeanour, state QUILLETS, sub. legal subtleties QUINTAIN, sub. a post for tilting at PORTAGE, sub. port-holes PORTANGE, sub. behaviour QUIP, sub. a sharp remark POSITION, sub. affirmation QUITTAL, sub. requital QUITTANCE, sub. return, vb. requite POSSET, sub. a kind of drink POSTERN, sub. aide-door POTCH, sub. to thrust QUIVER, ad1, nimble QUOIF, sub. a close-fitting cap QUOIT, vb. to throw POTENTIAL, adj. powerful
POUNCET-BOX, sub. small box for perfumes QUOTIDIAN, adj. returning daily (as fever) POWDER, ob to salt PRACTISE, vb to use stratagem PRECEDENT, sub. original BABATO, sub. a kind of stiff collar RACK, sub clouds driven before wind; ub. to PRECEPT, sub. instruction, warrant PREGNANT, adj. ready stretch RAMPALLIAN, sub. scoundrel RANK, sub. movement in line PREMISED, adj. sent before the time PRENOMINATE, adj. aforesaid PREROGATIVE, sub. precedence RANKLE, vb. to inflict a festering wound RAPTURE, sub. fit PRESAGE, sub. prophecy, foreboding PRESENTLY, adv. unmediately RASCAL, sub. a lean, worthless deer RASH, adj. with immediate result

RAUGHT, p. p. reached RAVELL'D, p. p. entangled RAVIN, vb. to devour RAYED, adj. dirtied RAZED, adj. with ornamental cuttings REAR-MOUSE, sub. bat REASON, vb. to discuss REBECK, sub. an old stringed instrument RECHEATE, sub. a horn-signal for calling dogs back RECK, vb. to heed RECLAIM, vb. to subdue RECLUSIVE, adj. retired RECOIL, vb. to degenerate RECOMMEND, vb. to inform RECORD, vb. to sing RECORDER, sub a flute RECURE, vb. to recover REDE, sub. advice RED-LATTICE, sub. a window of an alehouse REDUCE, vb. to bring back REECHY, ad1. smoky, filthy REECLTY, adj. SMOKY, many REFELL, pb. to refute REGIMENT, sub government REGION, sub heaven REGUERDON, sub. reward REJOURN, ob. to adjourn, to put off RELATION, sub. application RELISH, vb. to sing REMISSION, sub. inclination, pardon RENDER, sub. confession, account RENEGE, vb. to deny REPEAL, vb. to call back from exile REPROBANCE, sub. rejection, damnation REPROOF, sub shame, regulation REPUGN, vb. to resist RESEMBLANCE, sub probability RESOLVE, vb. to dissolve RESPECTIVE, adı. deliberate RESPECTIVELY, adv. with due respect RESPITE, sub delay RESTING, adj. not moving RETIRE, vb. to withdraw RETROGRADE, ads. contrary REVERSE, sub back-handed stroke in fencing REVOLVE, vb. to consider REWORD, vb. to re-echo RIB, vb. to enclose RIGGISH adi wanton RIGOL, sub. circle RIM, sub. peritoneum RIVAGE, sub. shore RIVAL, sub. partner ROBUSTIOUS, adj. violent ROMAGE, sub. bustle RONDURE, sub circle RONYON, sub. hog ROOK, vb. to squat ROPERY, sub. knavery ROUND, vb. to whisper ROUNDEL, tub. a kind of dance ROUSE, sub. bumper; drinking-bour ROYNISH, adv. scurvy RUDDOCK, sub. robin RUDESBY, sub. rude fellow RUFFLE, vb. to swagger RUSSET, sub. a homespun cloth of grey colour RUTH, sub. pity

SABLE, adj. black SACK, sub. a white wine from Spain or Canaries SACKBUT, sub. a musical instrument

SACRED, adj. accursed SAD, adj. serious SAG, vb. to decline SALLET, sub. light helmet SALTIERS, sub satyrs SAMPLE, sub example SARGENET, adj. filmsy SAUCY, adj. lascivious SAY, adj a kind of fine cloth SCAFFOLDAGE, sub stage SCALD, adj. scurvy SCALE, vb. to weigh SCAMELS, sub meaning not certaim (sea-birds?) SCATHE, vb. to injure SCHEDULE, sub. scroll SCONCE, sub. head SCOTCH, vb. to cut slightly SCRIMER, sub. fencer SCRIP, sub. shepherd's pouch SCROYLE, sub. scoundrel SCULL, sub. a shoal of fish SCUT, sub. tail of a deer SEA-COAL, sub. ordinary coal (not charcoal) SEAM, sub. fat SECOND, sub. supporter SECOT, sub. cutting, party SECURE, ady free from care SECURITY, sub. lack of caution SEEL, vb to blind SE'NNIGHT, sub. week SENTENTIOUS, adv moralizing SEPTENTRION, sub. North SEQUESTER, sub. separation SERGEANT, sub bailiff SERPIGO, sub. skin disease, tetter SETTER, sub a thieve's decoy SEVERALS, sub particulars SEWER, sub. servant SHALE, sub shell SHARD, sub. sherd SHARD-BORNE, adj. borne by scaly wings SHARK UP, vb. to gather haphazard SHEER, adj transpurent SHENT, p. p. blamed, rebuked SHIFT, sub. trick SHIP-TIRE, sub. extravagant woman's head-dress SHIVE, sub. slice SHOON, sub. shoes SHOT, sub. tavern-reckoning; marksman SHOUGH, sub. a shaggy king of dog SHRIFT, sub. contession SHROUD, vb. to conceal SIEGE, sub. seat, ancestry SIMPLE, sub. medicinal herb SIMPLICITY, sub foolishness SINEW, vb. to join together SINGLE, vb. to select SINGLENESS, sub folly SINK-A-PACE, sub a kind of dance, cinquepace SIR-REVERENCE, save your reverence SISTERING, ad., neighbouring SIZES, sub. allowances SKAINS-MATES, sub unexplained (term of reproach) SKILLET, sub. saucepan SKIRR, vb. to scour SKEY, adr. cosmic SLEAVE, sub skein SLEDDED, adj. on sledges SLEEVE-HAND, sub cuff SLIP, sub. a counterfest coin SLIVER, sub. small branch; vb. to tear off SLOP, sub. wide breeches

TARRE, vb to provoke TARTAR, sub. hell

TENT, vb. to lodge, to probe

TAX, vb. to censure TEEN, sub. grief

TAURUS, sub. Bull (zodiacal constellation)

SLOWER, adj. more serious TERCEL, sub. male hawk SMOKE, vb. to compel to appear TERMINATION, sub. expression SMOOTH, vb. to flatter TERTIAN, sub. a fever which occurs every other SNEAP, sub. rebuke SNEAPING, pt. p. nipping SNECK UP' go hang day TESTER, sub a sixpence THICK ads. heavy, dim, quick SNIPE, sup fool SNIPT-TAFFETA, sub. adj. overdressed THOUGHT, sub melancholy THRASONICAL, adj. boastful THRENE, sub. funeral song SNUFFS, sub resentment SOBER, adj. calm, serious, modest SOLICITATION, sub improper courtship THROE, vb to pain THRUMMED, adj. made of coarse yarn SOLIDARE, sub a small coin THWART, adj perverse TICKLE, adj. insecure TIGHTLY, adv safely TINCT, sub colour, elixir TIRE, vb to devour SOOTH, sub truth, flattery SORT, sub manner, lot SORTANCE, sub suit SOT, sub. fool SOWL, vb. to pull by the ears SPAVINS, sub a horse disease SPERR, vb to shut up TIRING-HOUSE, sub dressing-room TISIK, sub. cough TITHE, adj. tenth TOD, sub 28 pounds (of wool) SPHERICAL, adj. planetary, cosmic SPHERY, adj. star-like TOKEN, sub. plague-spot TOMBOY, sub harlot SPITAL, sub hospital SPIN, vb. to gush
SPLAY, vb. to castrate
SPRAG, adv corr spackt, quick TORTIVE, adj distorted TOVEH, ab. to test; to wound
TOUCH, bb. to test; to wound
TOURNEY, vb. to fight in a tournament
TOWER, vb. to rise (of a falcon)
TOY, vib trifle, whim, vb. to dally
TOZE, vb. to tear SPRIGHTED, ad haunted SPRIGHTLY, ad brisk, cheerful SQUARE, vb to quarrel SQUASH, sub unripe peascod TRAIN, vb to lure, entice TRAMMEL UP, vb. to catch as in a net TRANECT, sub. ferry SQUIRE, sub. rule STALE, sub bate, laughing-stock, urine STANNYEL, sud an inferior kind of hawk TRASH, vb. to check by adding weight STARK, adv completely STARVE, vb. to die of cold STATIS'T, sub. statesman STERNAGE, sub to s. of astern of TRAY-TRAP, sub a kind of game with dice TREBLE-DATED, adj. living three times as long as man TRICK, sub. skill, fashion, characteristic TRICK, sub to smeat TRICK, sub to smeat TRICKING, sub dress, adornment TRIGON, sub triangle, conjunction of planets STICKLER-LIKE, ads. like an umpire STIGMATIC, sub marked by deformity STILL, adv. always, ads. constant STITHY, sub smithy STOMACH, sub. appetite, ambition, angry temper TROJAN, sub, cant word for a thief or dissolute fellow TROPHY, sub. token, tomb, monument STOVER, sub fodder STRAPPADO, sub a kind of a punishment by TROPICALLY, adv. metaphorically torture -TUCK, sub. rapter STRIKE, vb to blast SUBSCRIBE, vb. to surrender SUBSCRIPTION, sub. submission TUG, vb. to buffet TUITION, sub. protection TUN-DISH, sub. funnel TURLEYGOOD, sub a "bedlam-beggar" SUGGEST, vb to prompt, seduce SUGGESTION, sub. temptation TUSHES, sub. tusks TWIGGING, adj. wickered SUR-REINED, ad1. over-ridden SUSPIRE, vb. to breathe SWABBER, sub. a sailor who sweeps deck TWIRE, ub to twinkle SWASHING, pt. p. bullying, dashing UMBERED, adj. shadowed SWAY, sub direction, rule SWEETING, sub. a kind of apple UMBRAGE, sub. shadow UNANEL'D, adj. without receiving Extreme SWILL, vb to swallow Unction UNATTAINTED, adj. without prejudice UNBOLT vb. to explain unbout prejudice UNBOLT vb. to explain UNBOLTED, adv. coarse UNCLEW, vb. to ruin UNDERCERST, vb to support by crest UNDER-GENERATION, sub. antipodes TABLE(S), sub palm, note-book, backgammon, picture TABOR, sub. drum TABOURINE, sub. small military drum
TAG, sub. rabble
TAKE, vb. to cast a spell
TAKE OUT, vb. to copy
TAKE-UP, vb to levy
TALL, adj. proper
TALLOW KEECH, lump of ox fat UNDER-SKINNER, sub. tapster UNDERTAKER, sub. medler, venturer UNDERWROUGHT, adj. underinined UNEART), adj. not tilled

UNEATH, adv. scarcely UNEXPRESSIVE, udj inexpressible

Sacrament

UNFELLOWED, adj. without equal

UNHOUSEL'D, adj. without cares, unmarried UNHOUSEL'D, adj. without receiving Holy

UNHAPPILY, adv. unfavourably

UNION, sub. pearl
UNKIND, ad; unnatural
UNKIND, ad; not accustomed to men
UNMAND, ad; licentious
UNPAVED, ad; licentious
UNPAVED, ad; castrated
UNPROPER ad; common
UNRESPECTIVE, ad; heedless
UNRAUGH, ad; beardless
UNSEMINAR'D, ad; castrated
UNSIFTED, ad; untried
UNSOUARED, ad; inapt
UNSCHACHED, ad; leaky
UNSURE, ad; not secure
UNTENTED, ad; incrable, because unsearch-

able
UNWEIGHING, ads. thoughtless
UPCAST, sub a throw at bowls
UPSHOOT, sub. best shot
URCHIN, sub. hedgehog, elf
UTIS, sub festival, merrymaking

VADE, vb. to fade
VAIL, sub going down
VALANCED, ads. fringed with a beard
VANTBRACE, sub armour for the forearm
VASTIDITY, sub what is vast
VAUNT, sub beginning
VELURE, sub. velvet
VENTRICLE, sub. part of a brain
VENEW, sub. thrust, fencing-bout
VERGE, sub. circle
VIRTUCUE, sub valour
VIRTUOUS, ads powerful
VISTIATION, sub. affiction, visit
VOIDING-LOBBY, sub waiting-room

WAFT, vb. to convey by water; to beckon, to avert WAFTURE, sub. gesture WAN, vb to turn pale WANNION, sub vengeance WARREN, sub. a game preserve WASSAIL, sub carousal WAT, sub. hare WATER sub. lustre of a diamond WATER-GALL, sub secondary rainbow WEAD, sub. garment

WEET, vb. to know WELKIN, sub. sky WEZAND, sub. windpipe WHELK, sub pimple WHIFFLER, sub officer who clears the way for a procession WHIPSTER, sub an insignificant fellow WHIPPING-CHEER, sub. flogging WHIST, adj hushed WHITING-TIME, sub. bleaching time WHISTLER, sub bleacher WHOOBUB, sub. clamour WIDE-CHAPPED adj with open mouth WIGHT, sub. man WIMPLED, adj. blindfolded WINK, vb to shut one's eyes WINTER-GROUND, vb. to cover and so protect from winter's frost WISH, vb. to invite, to recommend WIT, sub. five wits. common wit, imagination, fantasy, estimation, memory WITTOL, sub. a contented cuckold WOOD adj. mad, frantic WOODCOCK, sub. 1 e a fool
WOODMAN, sub. hunter
WOOLWARD, ad; with woollen garment next to skin WORLD, to go to the world, to marry WORM, sub. a snake WRANGLER, sub adversary WREST, sub. a key for turning the harp WRITHLED, adj wrinkled WROTH, sub. misfortune

YARELY, adv quickly YEST, sub foam YCLAD, p. p. clad YCLEPED, p. p. called YELLOWNESS, sub. realousy YERK, vb. to jerk, to stab YIELD, vb. to bear, to reward YRAVISH, vb. to ravish YSLARED, p. p. silenced

ZANY, sub. fool ZONE, sub path of the sun